01. 프로젝트

- src/main/java
- src/main/resource
- src/main/webapp : 웹 어플리케이션을 구현할 때 필요한 코드가 위치하는 곳
- src/main/webapp/WEB-INF : web.xml이 위치하는 곳
- · src/main/webapp/WEB-INF/view
- sp4-chap15폴더를 생성한다.
- 8장의 pom.xml과 src폴더를 그대로 sp4-chap15폴더에 복사한다.
- sp4-chap15폴더의 pom.xml에서 <artifactId>태그의 값을 sp4-chap14로 변경한다.
- 이클립스에서 sp4-chap15 메이븐 프로젝트를 임포트한다.

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javamail-1-4-1-141959.html http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javasebusiness/downloads/java-archive-do wnloads-java-plat-419418.html#jaf-1.1-fr-oth-JPR 각각 파일을 다운로드 받아 압축을 푼 후 톰켓의 bin디렉터리에 복사한다.

예제 1) sp4-chap15 폴더에 pom.xml 파일을 작성한다.

<dependencies>

<dependency>

<groupId>javax.servlet.jsp</groupId>
<artifactId>jsp-api</artifactId>

```
<version>2.2</version>
      <scope>provided</scope>
</dependency>
<dependency>
      <groupId>javax.servlet
      <artifactId>javax.servlet-api</artifactId>
      <version>3.0.1
      <scope>provided</scope>
</dependency>
<dependency>
      <groupId>javax.servlet
      <artifactId>istl</artifactId>
      <version>1.2
</dependency>
<dependency>
      <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
      <artifactId>spring-webmvc</artifactId>
      <version>4.1.0.RELEASE
</dependency>
<dependency>
      <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
      <artifactId>spring-jdbc</artifactId>
      <version>4.1.0.RELEASE
</dependency>
<dependency>
      <groupId>com.mchange/groupId>
      <artifactId>c3p0</artifactId>
      <version>0.9.2.1
</dependency>
<dependency>
      <groupId>mysql</groupId>
      <artifactId>mysql-connector-java</artifactId>
      <version>5.1.30
</dependency>
<dependency>
      <groupId>log4j
      <artifactId>log4j</artifactId>
      <version>1.2.17
</dependency>
```

```
<groupId>javax.mail
                  <artifactId>mail</artifactId>
                  <version>1.4.3
              </dependency>
              <dependency>
                  <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
                  <artifactId>spring-context-support</artifactId>
                  <version>3.0.5.RELEASE
              </dependency>
       </dependencies>
       <build>
              <plugins>
                      <plugin>
                             <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
                             <version>3.1</version>
                             <configuration>
                                    <source>1.7</source>
                                    <target>1.7</target>
                                    <encoding>utf-8</encoding>
                             </configuration>
                      </plugin>
              </plugins>
       </build>
</project>
예제 2) 서비스 클래스를 위한 스프링 설정 클래스를 작성한다.
src\main\resources\spring-controller.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</pre>
       xmlns:context="http://www.springframework.org/schema/context"
       xmlns:tx="http://www.springframework.org/schema/tx"
       xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
       xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
```

<dependency>

```
http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans-3.1.xsd
               http://www.springframework.org/schema/tx
               http://www.springframework.org/schema/tx/spring-tx.xsd
               http://www.springframework.org/schema/context
       http://www.springframework.org/schema/context/spring-context-3.1.xsd">
       <tx:annotation-driven transaction-manager="transactionManager"/>
       <bean id="dataSource" class="com.mchange.v2.c3p0.ComboPooledDataSource"</p>
               destroy-method="close">
               property name="driverClass" value="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"
/>
               cproperty name="jdbcUrl" value="jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:XE"
/>
               property name="user" value="smrit" />
               property name="password" value="oracle" />
       </bean>
       <bean id="transactionManager"</pre>
class="org.springframework.jdbc.datasource.DataSourceTransactionManager">
               property name="dataSource" ref="dataSource" />
       </bean>
                                     id="mailSender"
       <bean
                                                                            class
="org.springframework.mail.javamail.JavaMailSenderImpl" >
           property name="host" value="smtp.gmail.com" /> // 74.125.129.109
           property name="port" value="587" />
           cproperty name="defaultEncoding" value="utf-8"/>
           property name="username" value="" />
           property name="password" value="" />
           property name="javaMailProperties">
                      prop key="mail.smtp.starttls.enable" >true</prop>
                      prop key="mail.smtp.auth" >true>
                       prop key="mail.smtps.ssl.checkserveridentity">true</prop>
                      prop key="mail.smtps.debug" >true>
                      prop key="mail.smtps.ssl.trust">*
           </property>
       </bean>
                         b
                                                             а
```

class="org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.AutowiredAnnotationBeanPostPr

```
ocessor" />
   <bean id="email" class="spring.Email">
   <bean id="emailSender" class="spring.EmailSender">
   </bean>
    <bean id="emailcontroller" class="Controller.EmailController">
</beans>
예제 3) 스프링 MVC를 위한 기본 설정 파일 작성
src\main\resources\spring-mvc.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</p>
       xmlns:mvc="http://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc"
       xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
       xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
               http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
               http://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc
               http://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc/spring-mvc.xsd">
       <mvc:annotation-driven />
       <mvc:default-servlet-handler />
       <mvc:view-resolvers>
               <mvc:jsp prefix="/WEB-INF/view/" />
       </mvc:view-resolvers>
</beans>
예제 4) web.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<web-app xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"</pre>
       xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee"
       xsi:schemaLocation="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee
               http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee/web-app_3_0.xsd"
```

```
version="3.0">
<servlet>
       <servlet-name>dispatcher</servlet-name>
       <servlet-class>
               org.springframework.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet
       </servlet-class>
       <init-param>
               <param-name>contextConfigLocation</param-name>
               <param-value>
                       classpath:spring-controller.xml
                       classpath:spring-mvc.xml
               </param-value>
       </init-param>
       <load-on-startup>1</load-on-startup>
</servlet>
<servlet-mapping>
       <servlet-name>dispatcher</servlet-name>
       <url-pattern>/</url-pattern>
</servlet-mapping>
<filter>
       <filter-name>encodingFilter</filter-name>
       <filter-class>
               org.springframework.web.filter.CharacterEncodingFilter
       </filter-class>
       <init-param>
               <param-name>encoding</param-name>
               <param-value>UTF-8</param-value>
       </init-param>
</filter>
<filter-mapping>
       <filter-name>encodingFilter</filter-name>
       <url-pattern>/*</url-pattern>
</filter-mapping>
       <servlet-mapping>
   <servlet-name>dispatcher</servlet-name>
   <url-pattern>*.do</url-pattern>
</servlet-mapping>
```

```
</web-app>
예제 5)메일정보를 저장하기 위한 Email클래스를 생성한다.
package spring;
public class Email{
   private String subject;
   private String content;
   private String regdate;
   private String reciver;
   private String fromName;
   public String getReciver() {
        return reciver;
   }
   public void setReciver(String reciver) {
        this.reciver = reciver;
   }
   public String getSubject() {
        return subject;
   }
   public void setSubject(String subject) {
        this.subject = subject;
   public String getContent() {
        return content;
   public void setContent(String content) {
        this.content = content;
   public String getRegdate() {
        return regdate;
   public void setRegdate(String regdate) {
        this.regdate = regdate;
   public String getFromName() {
        return fromName;
   }
```

```
public void setFromName(String fromName) {
        this.fromName = fromName;
   }
}
예제 6) EmailSender 클래스 생성
package spring;
import javax.mail.MessagingException;
import javax.mail.internet.InternetAddress;
import javax.mail.internet.MimeMessage;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.mail.MailException;
import org.springframework.mail.javamail.JavaMailSender;
public class EmailSender {
        @Autowired
    protected JavaMailSender mailSender;
    public void SendEmail(Email email) throws Exception {
        MimeMessage msg = mailSender.createMimeMessage();
        //System.out.println(email.getReciver());
        //System.out.println(email.getSubject());
        //System.out.println(email.getContent());
        try {
               msg.setSubject(email.getSubject());
               msg.setText(email.getContent());
                msg.setFrom(new InternetAddress(email.getFromName()));
                msg.setRecipient(MimeMessage.RecipientType.TO
                                                                               new
InternetAddress(email.getReciver()));
               msg.setText(text,"UTF-8", "html");
        }catch(MessagingException e) {
               System.out.println("MessagingException");
               e.printStackTrace();
```

```
}
           try {
               mailSender.send(msg);
           }catch(MailException e) {
               System.out.println("MailException발생");
               e.printStackTrace();
           }
   }
}
예제 7) EmailController 를 생성한다.
package Controller;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.servlet.ModelAndView;
import spring.Email;
import spring.EmailSender;
@Controller
@RequestMapping("/email")
public class EmailController {
    @Autowired
    private EmailSender emailSender;
    @Autowired
    private Email email;
    @RequestMapping("/send")
    public ModelAndView sendEmailAction () throws Exception {
        String reciver = "highland0@nate.com"; //받을사람의 이메일입니다.
        String subject = "이메일 제목";
        String content = "이메일 내용입니다.";
        String fromName ="test@aaaa.com";
        email.setReciver(reciver);
        email.setSubject(subject);
        email.setContent(content);
        email.setFromName(fromName);
```

```
emailSender.SendEmail(email);
return new ModelAndView("redirect:/success");
}

setFrom(String from): 발신자 설정
setReplyTo(String replyTo): 응답 주소 설정
setTo(String to): 수신자 설정
setTo(String[] to): 수신자 목록 설정
setCc(String cc): 참조자 설정
setCc(String[] cc): 참조자 목록 설정
setBcc(String bcc): 숨은 참조자 설정
setBcc(String l) bcc): 숨은 참조자 목록 설정
setBcc(String l) bcc): 숨은 참조자 목록 설정
setSentDate(Date sentDate): 메일 발송일 설정
setSubject(String subject): 메일 제목 설정
setText(String text): 메일 내용 설정
```