```
for i = 1 to n
     w_{i}^{(1)} = 1
                                                 // trust each expert equally
    for t = 1 to T
         each expert E_i \in E makes a prediction q_i^{(t)}
         U = \{E_i : q_i^{(t)} = 1\} // experts who predicted 1
        upweight^{(t)} = \sum_{i:E_i \in U} w_i^{(t)} // sum of weights of who predicted 1
        D = \{E_i : q_i^{(t)} = 0\} // experts who predicted 0 
downweight<sup>(t)</sup> = \sum_{i:E_i \in D} w_i^{(t)} // sum of weights of who predicted 0
         if upweight^{(t)} > downweight^{(t)}
              p^{(t)} = 1
10
                                                 // algorithm predicts 1
         else p^{(t)} = 0
                                                 // algorithm predicts 0
11
         outcome o^{(t)} is revealed
12
         // If p^{(t)} \neq o^{(t)}, the algorithm made a mistake.
13
```

WEIGHTED-MAJORITY  $(E, T, n, \gamma)$ 

17

return  $p^{(t)}$ 

13 // If 
$$p^{(t)} \neq o^{(t)}$$
, the algorithm made a mistake.  
14 for  $i = 1$  to  $n$   
15 if  $q_i^{(t)} \neq o^{(t)}$  // if expert  $E^{(i)}$  made a mistake ...  
16  $w_i^{(t+1)} = (1-\gamma)w_i^{(t)}$  // ... then decrease that expert's weight  
17 else  $w_i^{(t+1)} = w_i^{(t)}$