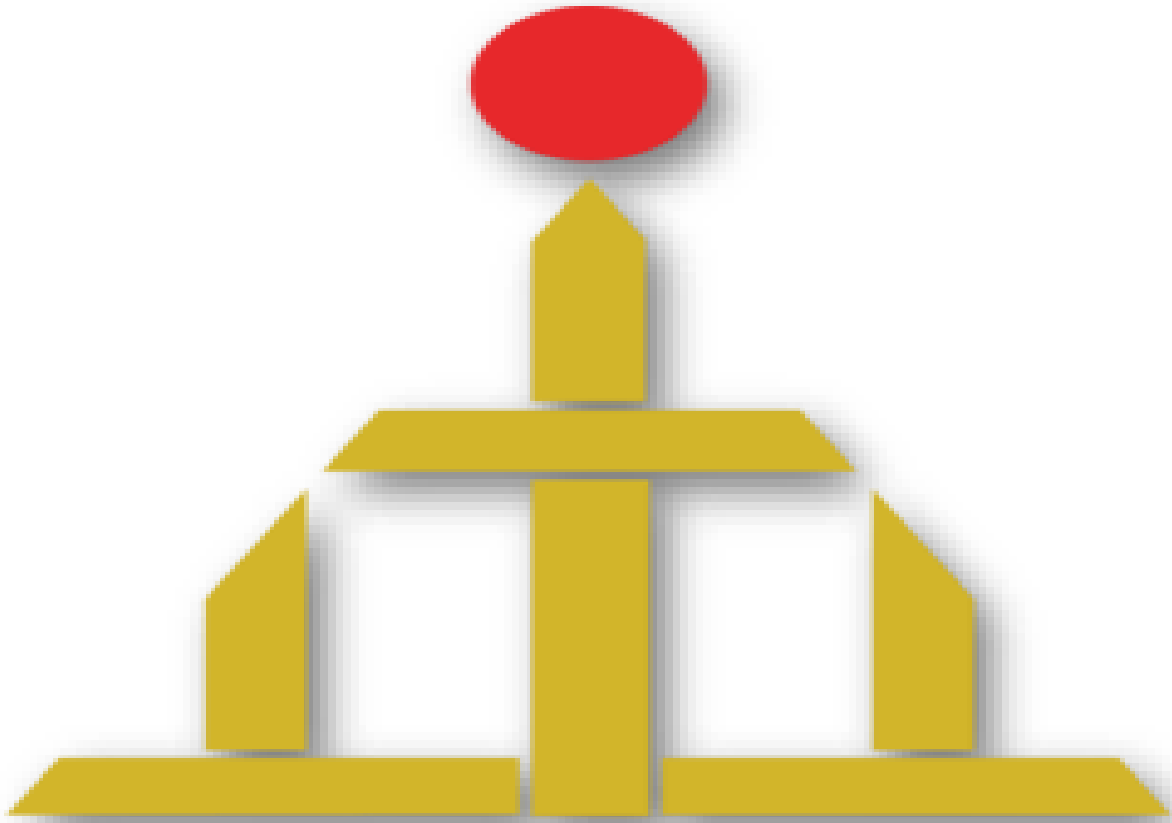


INDIAN INSTITUTE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY BHAGALPUR



भारतीय सूचना प्रौद्योगिकी संस्थान भागलपुर
**Indian Institute of Information Technology
Bhagalpur**

DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING LABORATORY REPORT (EC311)

EXPERIMENT 1

Aim: Write MATLAB Code to solve/plot:

a) $Y = (a+b-c) (a-b-c)^2 (a+b+c)^3$, where $a=1$, $b=2$, $c=4$

```
>> a=1;
b=2;
c=4;
x="sagar soni";
f=(a+b+c);
f3=(a+b+c)^3;
f2=(a-b-c)^2;
f4=f*f2*f3;
display(x);
display(f4)

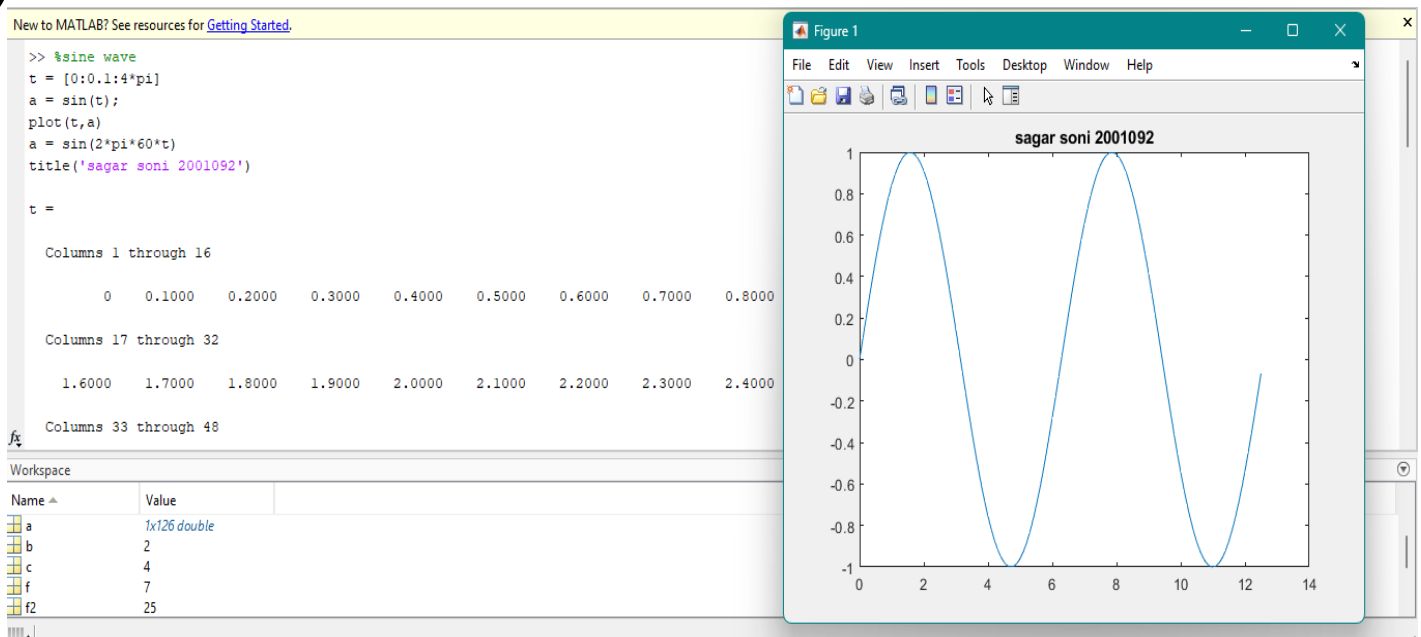
x =

    "sagar soni"

f4 =

    60025
```

b) Sine Wave



c) Cosine Wave

New to MATLAB? See resources for [Getting Started](#).

```
>> %cosine wave
t = [0:0.1:4*pi]
a = cos(t);
plot(t,a)
a = cos(2*pi*60*t)
title('sagar soni 2001092')

t =

Columns 1 through 16

    0    0.1000    0.2000    0.3000    0.4000    0.5000    0.6000    0.7000    0.8000

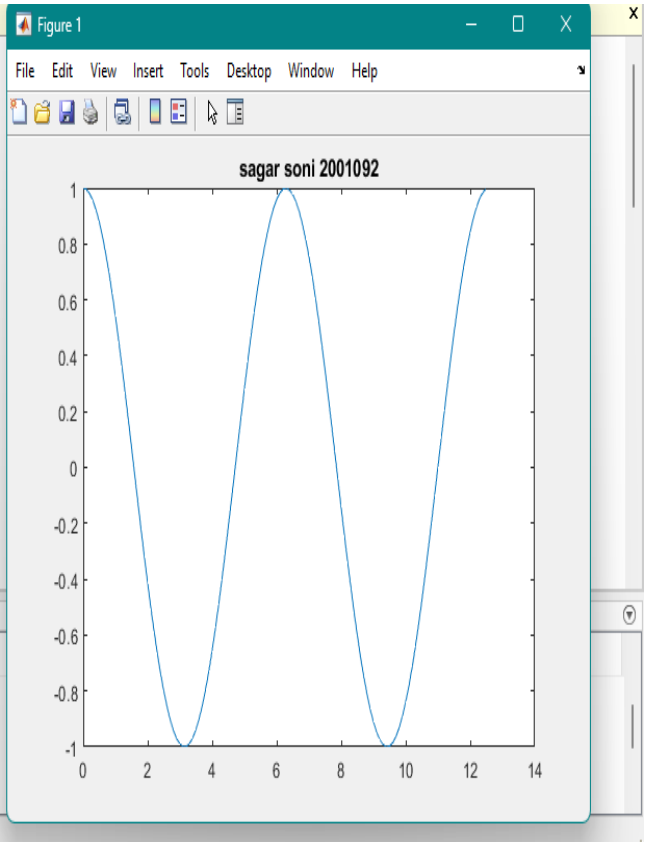
Columns 17 through 32

    1.6000    1.7000    1.8000    1.9000    2.0000    2.1000    2.2000    2.3000    2.4000

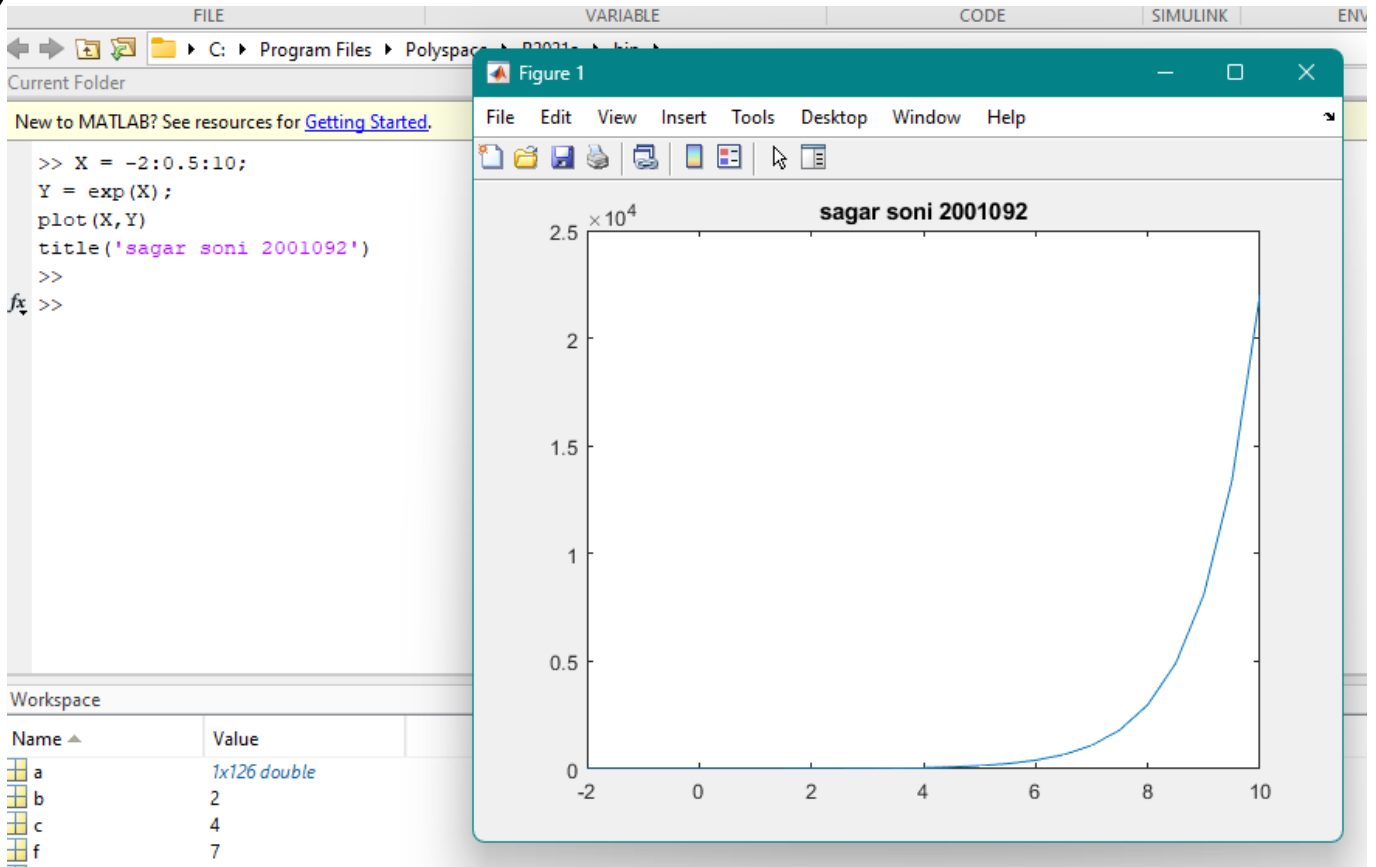
Columns 33 through 48
```

Workspace

Name	Value
a	1x126 double
b	2
c	4
f	7
f2	25



d) e^x



e)Unit Step, Unit Impulse, Ramp function

Current folder

Command window

New to MATLAB? See resources for [Getting Started](#).

```
>> t = (-1:0.01:1)';  
impulse = t==0;  
unitstep = t>=0;  
ramp = t.*unitstep;  
quad = t.^2.*unitstep;  
plot(t,[impulse unitstep ramp quad])  
title('impulse unitstep ramp ')  
set(gcf, 'Color', [1 1 1], 'Position', [1 1 1280 1024])  
annotation(gcf,'textbox', 'Position',[0.38 0.96 0.45 0.026]'EdgeColor',[1 1 1],...  
    'String','\bf sagar soni 2001092', 'FitBoxToText','on');  
annotation(gcf,'textbox', 'Position',[0.38 0.96 0.45 0.026]'EdgeColor',[1 1 1],...  
    ↑  
Invalid expression. Check for missing multiplication operator, missing or unbalanced delimiters or parentheses.
```

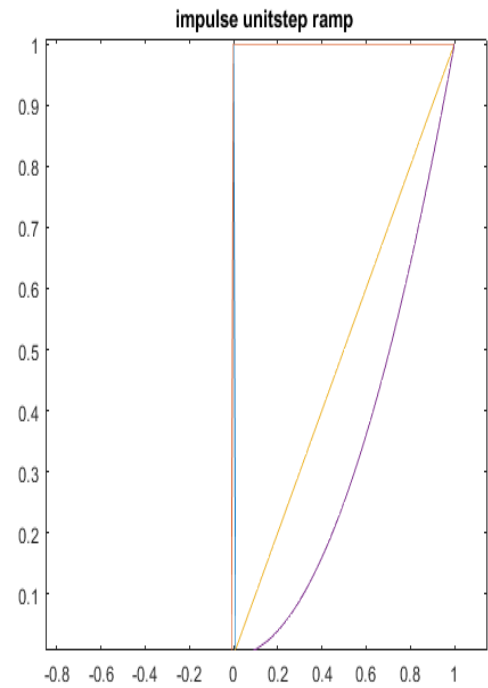
f1 >>

Workspace

Name ▲	Value
a	1x126 double
b	2
c	4
f	7
f2	25

Figure 1

File Edit View Insert Tools Desktop Window Help

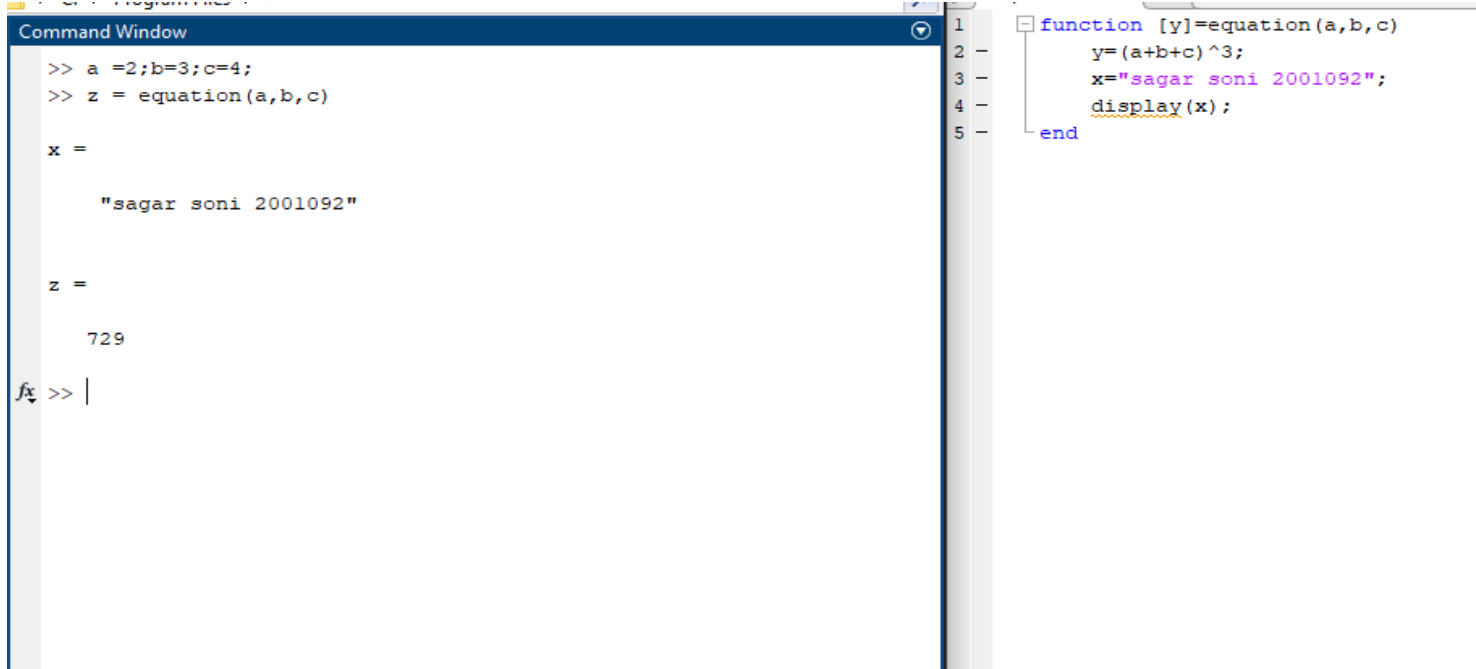


s in

EXPERIMENT 2

Aim: Write MATLAB Function to solve/plot:

a) $Y = (a-b-c)^3$, where $a=2$, $b=3$, $c=4$



The image shows a MATLAB Command Window and Editor. The Command Window displays the following commands and outputs:

```
>> a =2;b=3;c=4;
>> z = equation(a,b,c)

x =

    "sagar soni 2001092"

z =

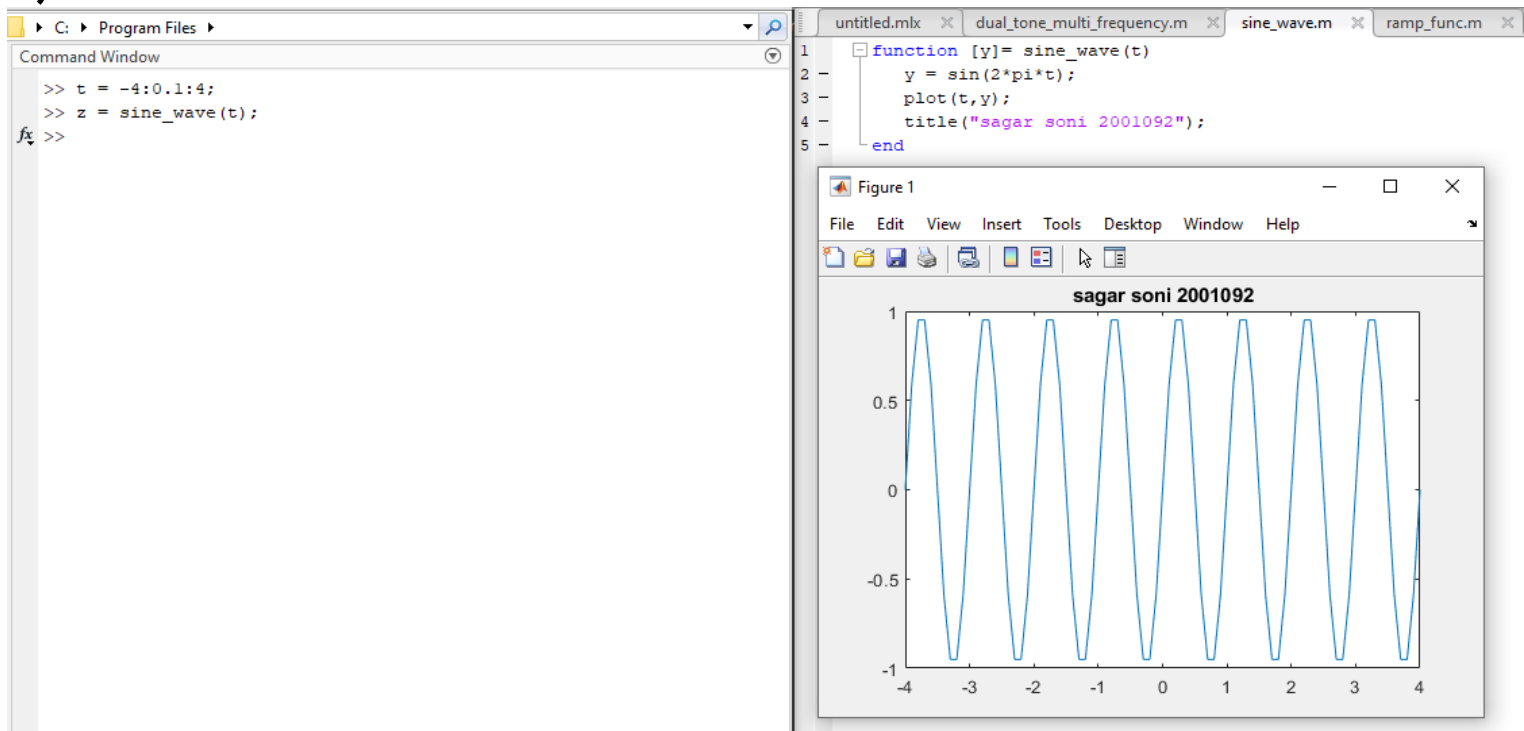
    729

fx >> |
```

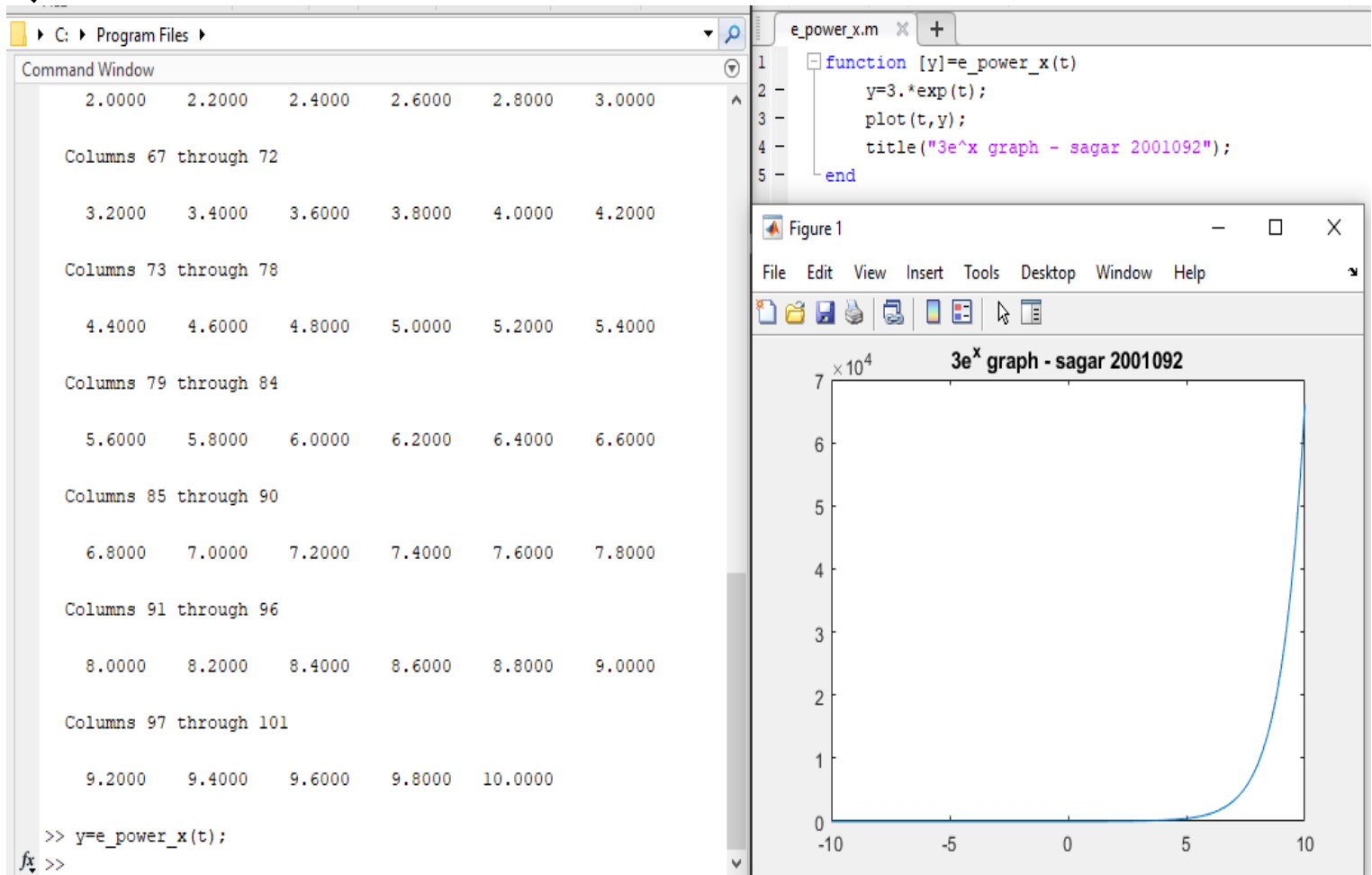
The Editor shows the following code:

```
1 function [y]=equation(a,b,c)
2     y=(a+b+c)^3;
3     x="sagar soni 2001092";
4     display(x);
5 end
```

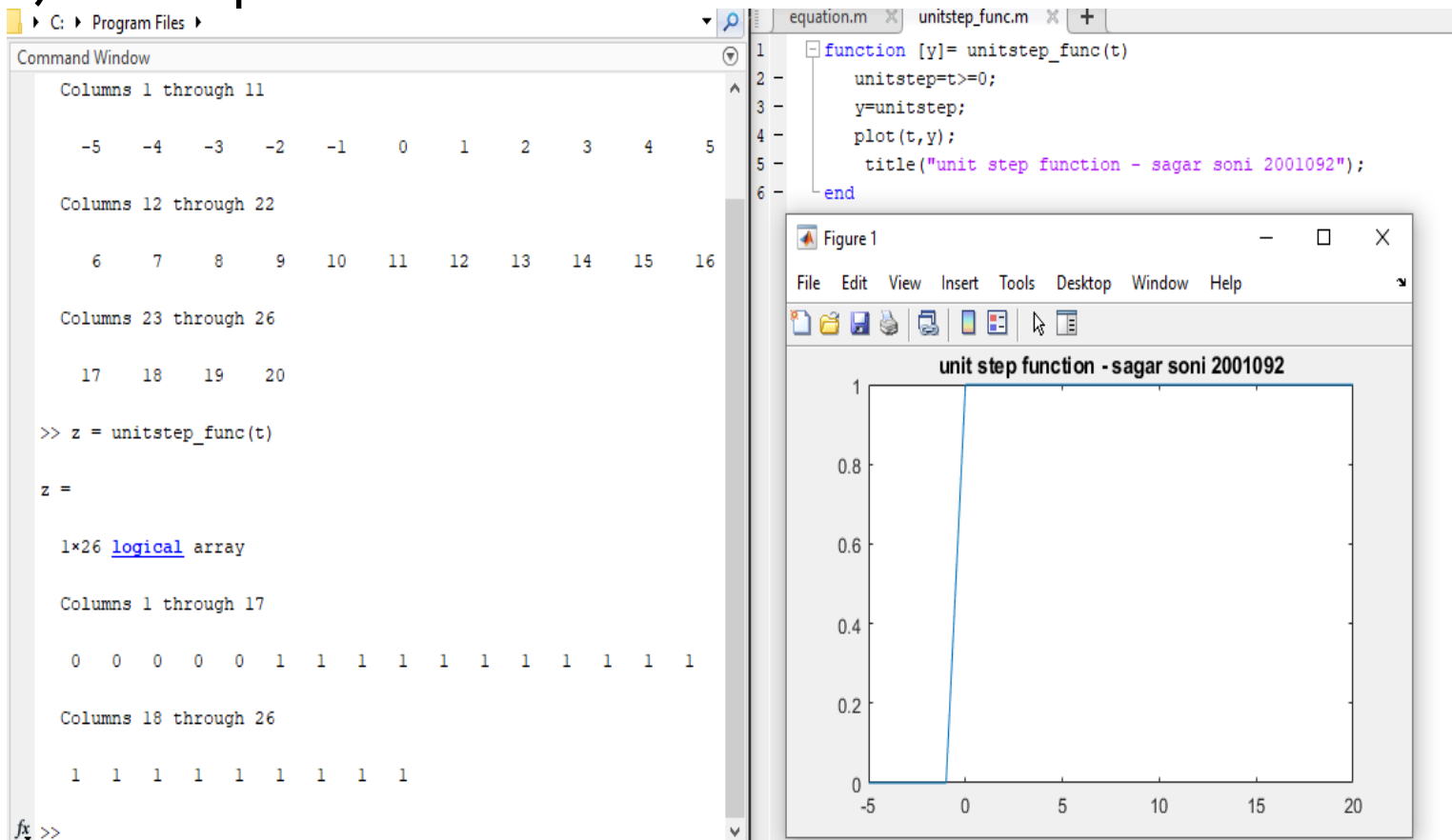
b) Sine Wave



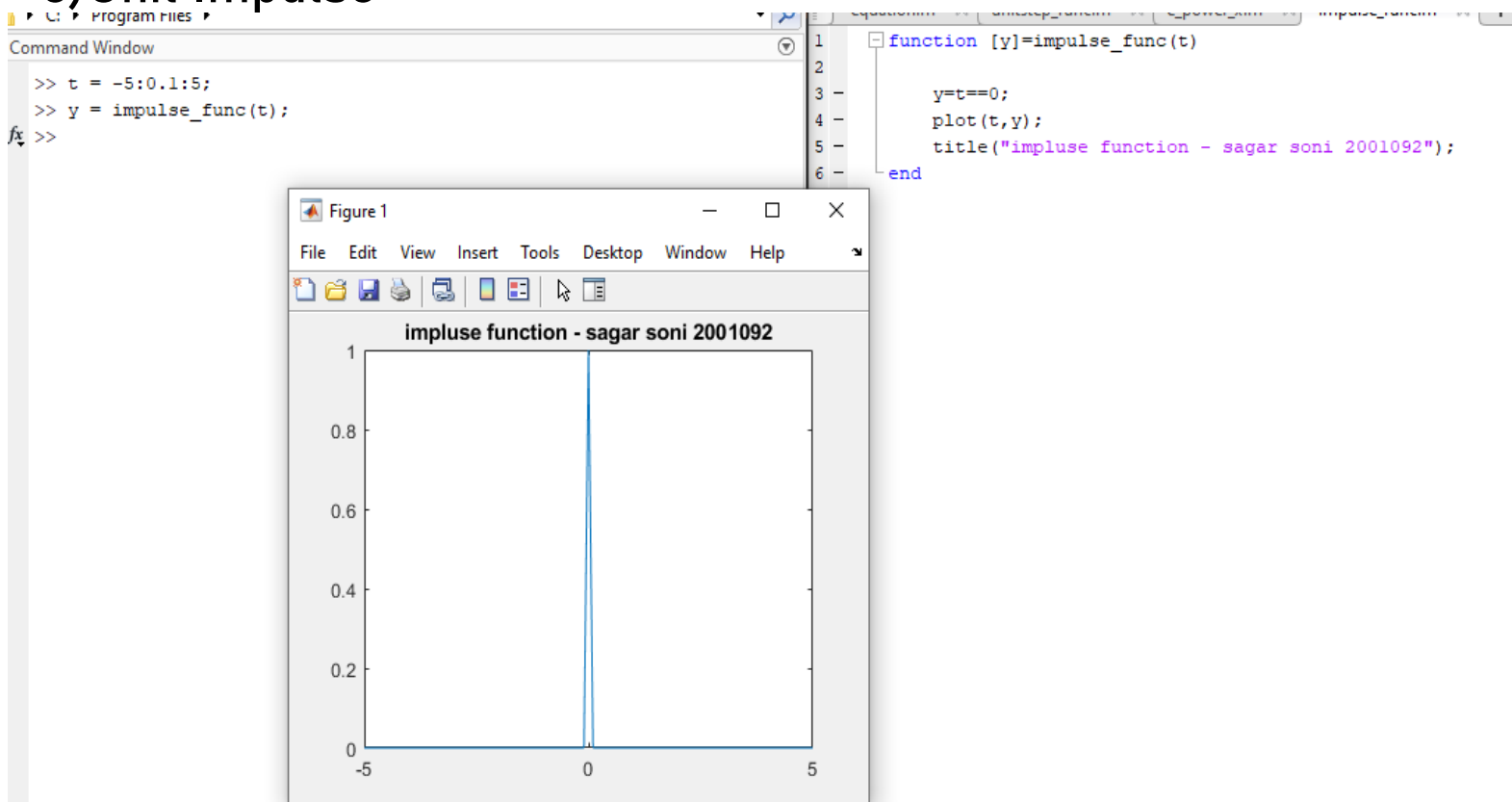
c) $3e^x$



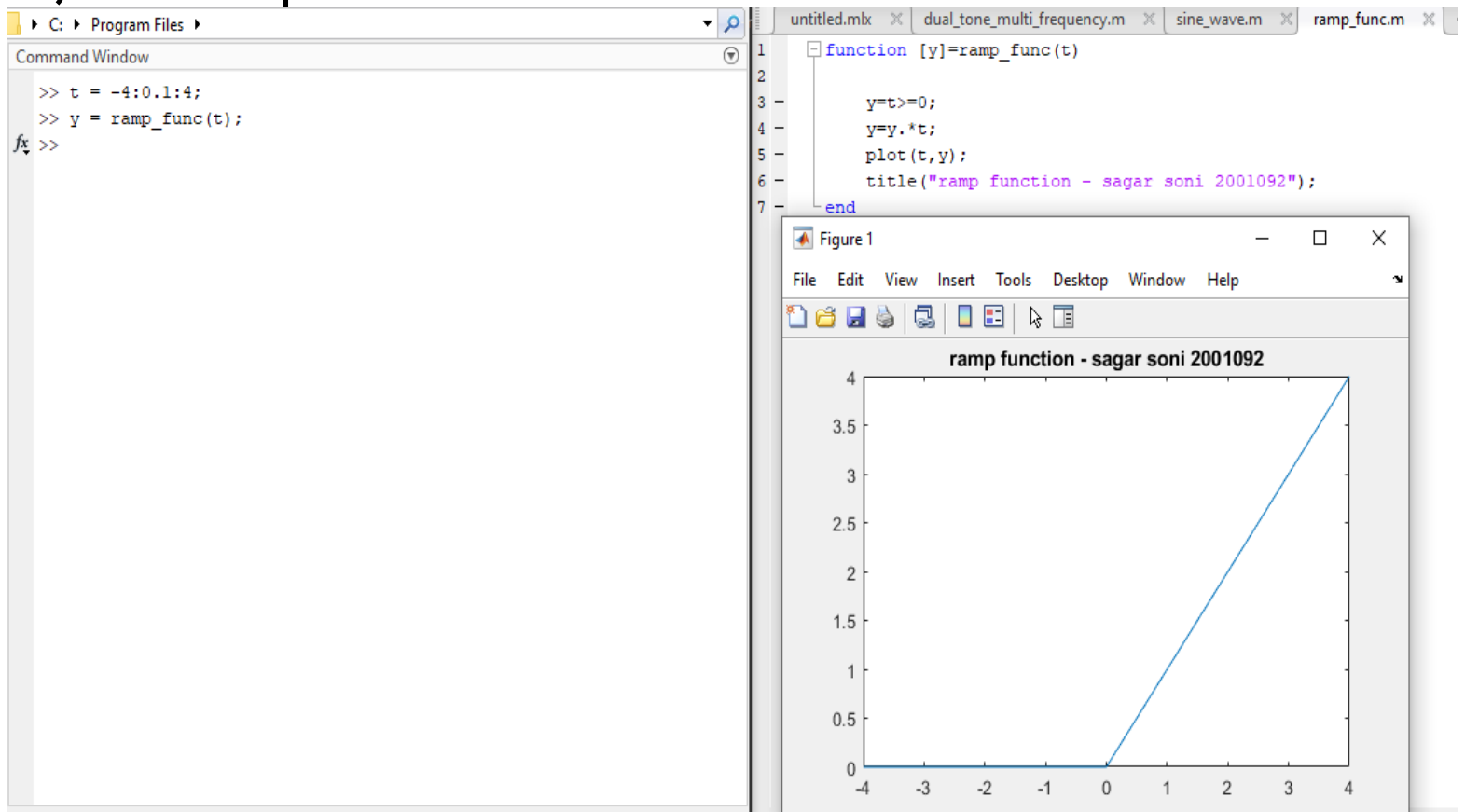
d) Unit Step



e) Unit Impulse



f) Ramp function



EXPERIMENT 3

Aim: Verify Sampling theorem through MATLAB coding.

Sampling Theorem: *The sampling theorem specifies the minimum sampling rate at which a continuous-time signal needs to be uniformly sampled so that the original signal can be completely recovered or reconstructed by these samples alone. This is usually referred to as Shannon's sampling theorem in the literature.*

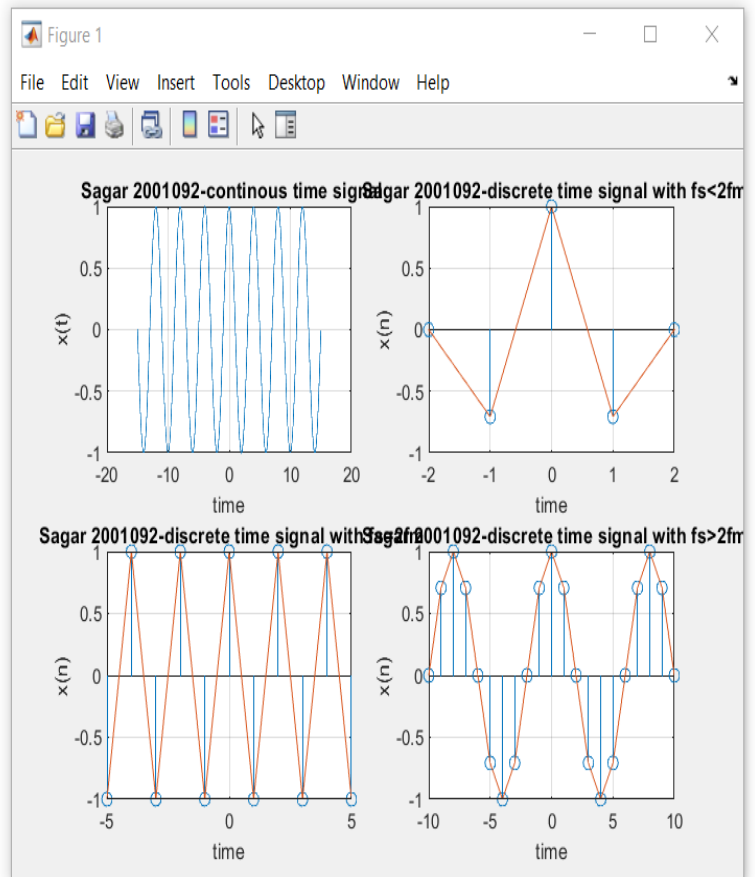
Command Window

New to MATLAB? See resources for [Getting Started](#).

```
title(' Sagar 2001092-discrete time signal with fs<2fm')
hold on
subplot(2,2,2);
plot(n1,x1)
grid;
n2=-5:1:5;
x2=cos(2*pi*fm/fs2*n2);
subplot(2,2,3);
stem(n2,x2);
xlabel('time');ylabel('x(n)')
title(' Sagar 2001092-discrete time signal with fs=2fm')
hold on
subplot(2,2,4);
plot(n2,x2)
grid;
n3=-10:1:10;
x3=cos(2*pi*fm/fs3*n3);
subplot(2,2,4);
stem(n3,x3);
xlabel('time');ylabel('x(n)')
title(' Sagar 2001092-discrete time signal with fs>2fm')
hold on
subplot(2,2,4);
plot(n3,x3)
grid;
```

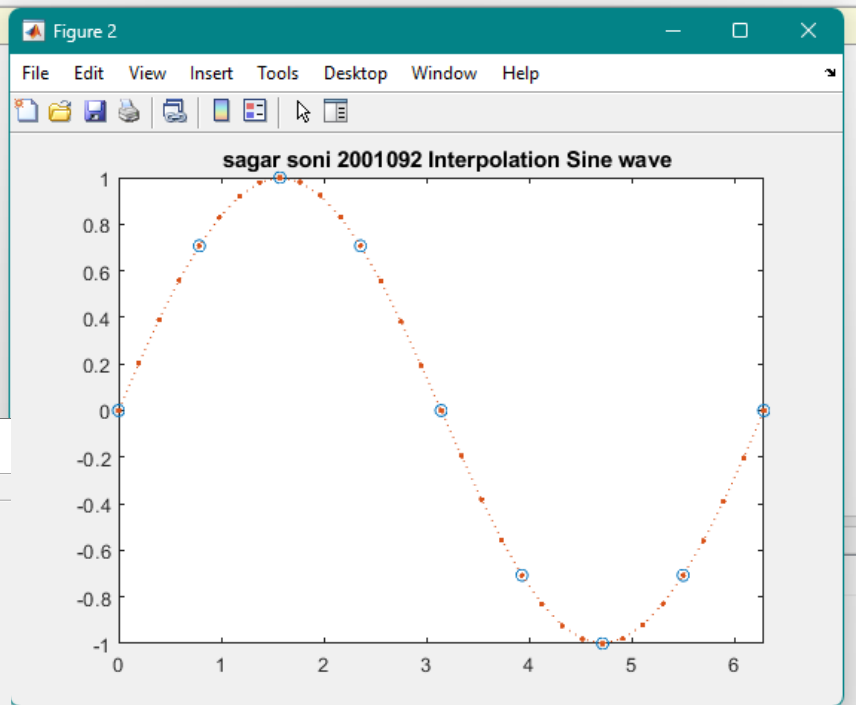
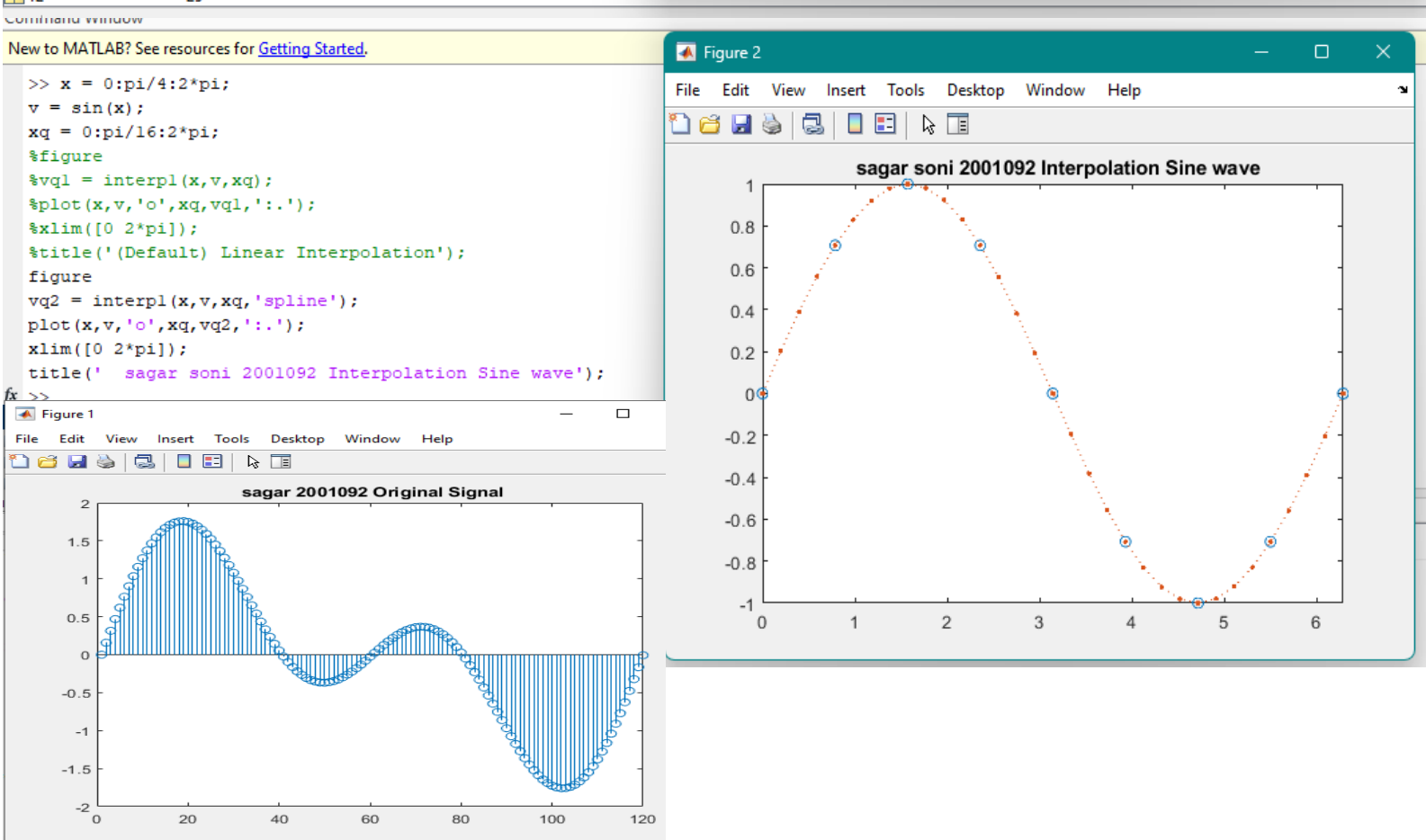
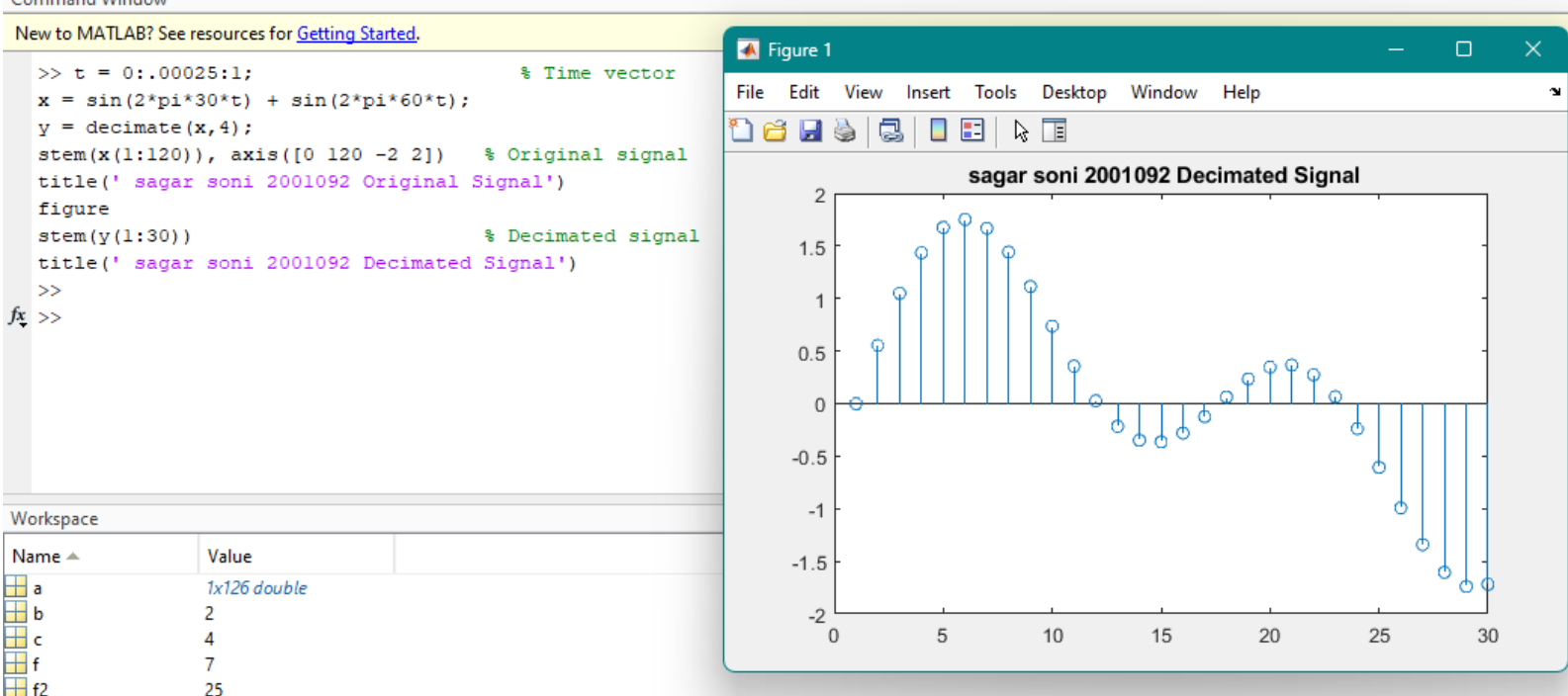
n1 =

-2 -1 0 1 2



EXPERIMENT 4

Aim: Perform Interpolation and Decimation of any wave and verify any deformation in wave after performing both actions by same factor by using MATLAB.



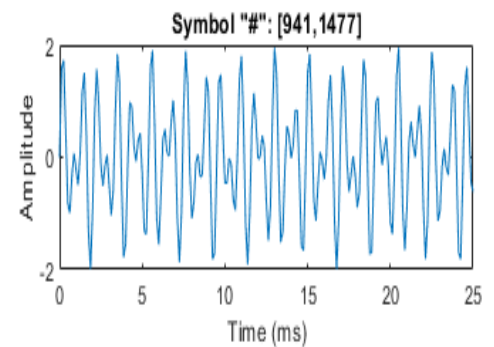
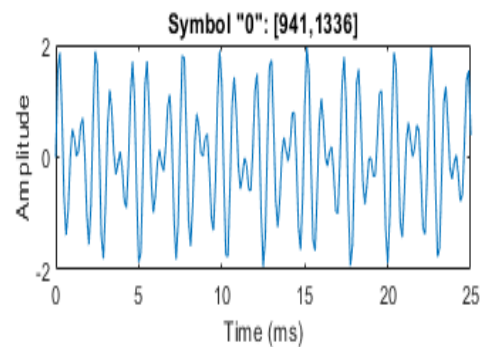
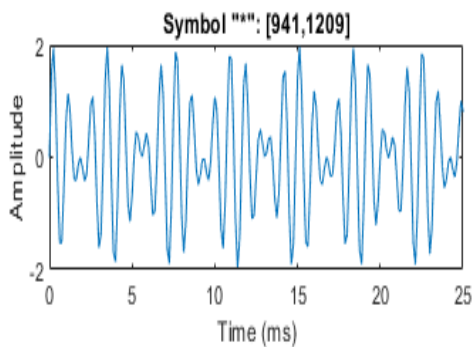
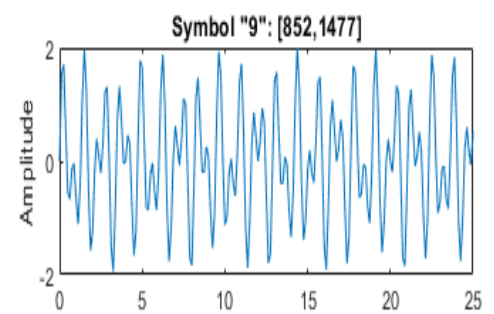
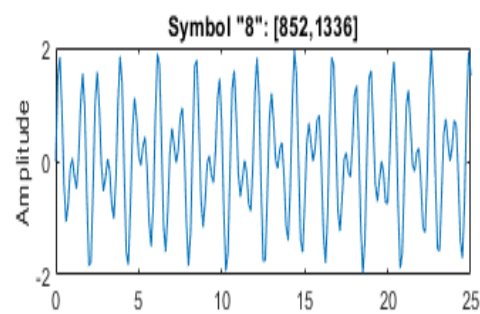
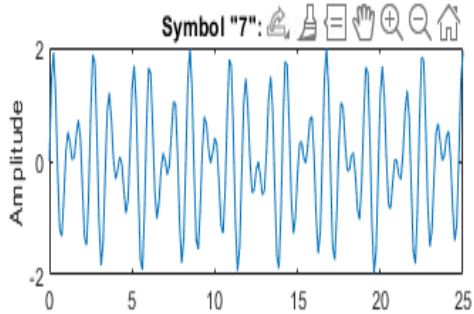
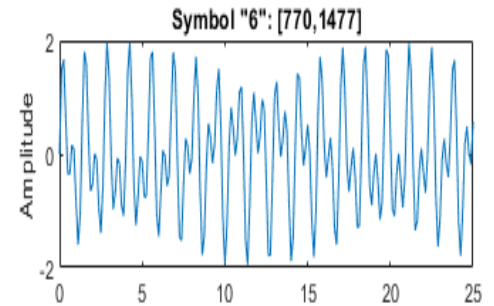
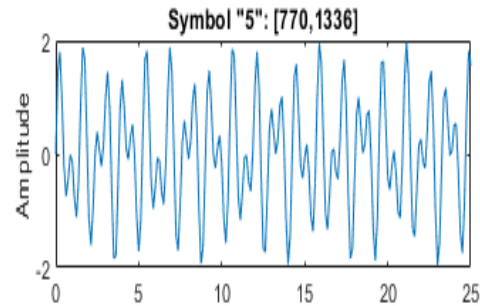
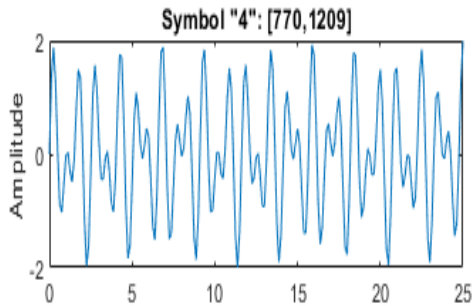
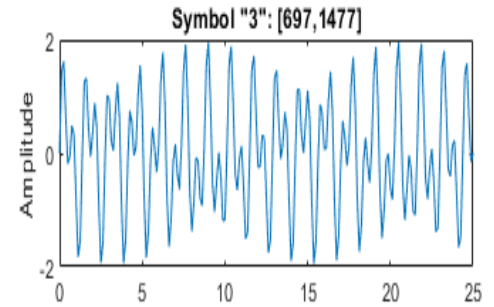
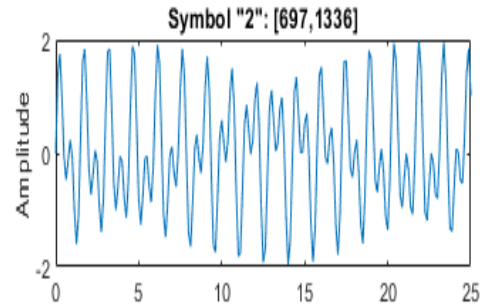
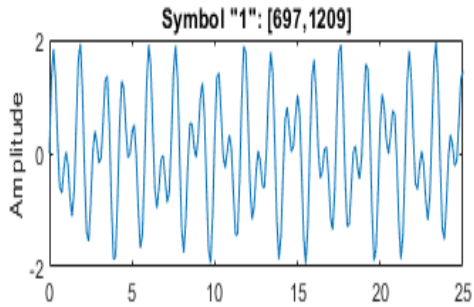
EXPERIMENT 5

Aim: Write MATLAB code to plot graph for Dual Tone Multi Frequency for: 1, 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0, *, #

```
1 - symbol = {'1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9','*','0','#'};
2 - lfg = [697 770 852 941]; % Low frequency group
3 - hfg = [1209 1336 1477]; % High frequency group
4 - f = [];
5 - for c=1:4
6 -     for r=1:3
7 -         f = [ f [lfg(c);hfg(r)] ];
8 -     end
9 - end
10 - Fs = 8000; % Sampling frequency 8 kHz
11 - N = 800; % Tones of 100 ms
12 - t = (0:N-1)/Fs; % 800 samples at Fs
13 - pit = 2*pi*t;
14 - tones = zeros(N,size(f,2));
15 - for toneChoice=1:12
16 -     % Generate tone
17 -     tones(:,toneChoice) = sum(sin(f(:,toneChoice)*pit));
18 -     % Plot tone
19 -     subplot(4,3,toneChoice),plot(t*1e3,tones(:,toneChoice));
20 -     title(['Symbol ', symbol{toneChoice}, ': [' ,num2str(f(1,toneChoice)), ', ',num2str(f(2,toneChoice)), ']'])
21 -     set(gca, 'Xlim', [0 25]);
22 -     ylabel('Amplitude');
23 -     if toneChoice>9, xlabel('Time (ms)'); end
24 - end
25 - set(gcf, 'Color', [1 1 1], 'Position', [1 1 1280 1024])
26 - annotation(gcf,'textbox', 'Position',[0.38 0.96 0.45 0.026],...
27 - 'EdgeColor',[1 1 1],...
```

```
27 - 'EdgeColor',[1 1 1],...
28 - 'String', '\bf sagar 2001092 Time response of each tone of the telephone pad', ...
29 - 'FitBoxToText','on');
30 - symbol = {'1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9','*','0','#'};
31 - lfg = [697 770 852 941]; % Low frequency group
32 - hfg = [1209 1336 1477]; % High frequency group
33 - f = [];
34 - for c=1:4
35 -     for r=1:3
36 -         f = [ f [lfg(c);hfg(r)] ];
37 -     end
38 - end
39 - Fs = 8000; % Sampling frequency 8 kHz
40 - N = 800; % Tones of 100 ms
41 - t = (0:N-1)/Fs; % 800 samples at Fs
42 - pit = 2*pi*t;
43 - tones = zeros(N,size(f,2));
44 - for toneChoice=1:12
45 -     % Generate tone
46 -     tones(:,toneChoice) = sum(sin(f(:,toneChoice)*pit));
47 -     % Plot tone
48 -     subplot(4,3,toneChoice),plot(t*1e3,tones(:,toneChoice));
49 -     title(['Symbol ', symbol{toneChoice}, ': [' ,num2str(f(1,toneChoice)), ', ',num2str(f(2,toneChoice)), ']'])
50 -     set(gca, 'Xlim', [0 25]);
51 -     ylabel('Amplitude');
52 -     if toneChoice>9, xlabel('Time (ms)'); end
53 - end
```

sagar 2001092 Time response of each tone of the telephone pad



EXPERIMENT 6

(a) Write MATLAB codes to find convolution, auto and cross-correlation of a given sequence and analyze output

A= [1 2 5 7]

B= [3 1 2 4]

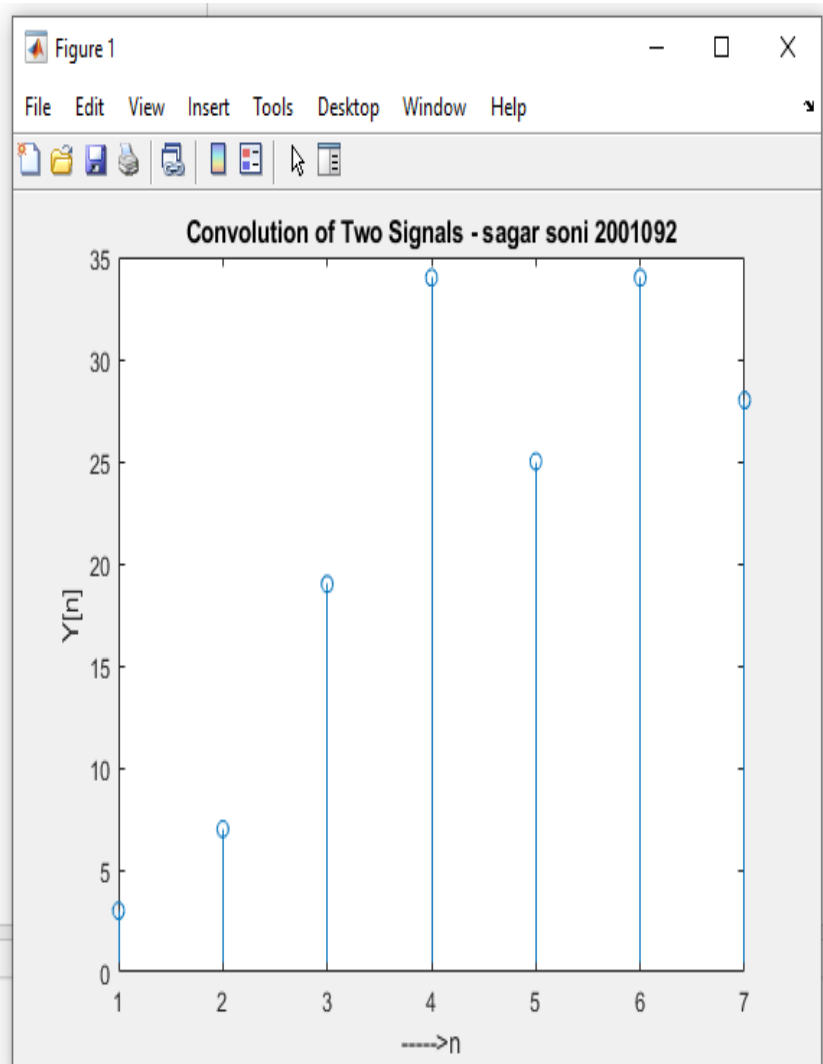
For Convolution-

```
1  % linear convolution
2  close all
3  x=input('Enter x: ');
4  h=input('Enter h: ');
5  m=length(x);
6  n=length(h);
7  X=[x,zeros(1,n)];
8  H=[h,zeros(1,m)];
9  for i=1:n+m-1
10     Y(i)=0;
11     for j=1:i
12         Y(i)=Y(i)+X(j)*H(i-j+1);
13     end
14     Y
15 end
16 stem(Y);
17 ylabel('Y[n]');
18 xlabel('----->n');
19 title('Convolution of Two Signals - sagar soni 2001092')
20
```

Command Window

```
>> q6_a
Enter x: [1 2 5 7]
Enter h: [3 1 2 4]
```

Y =

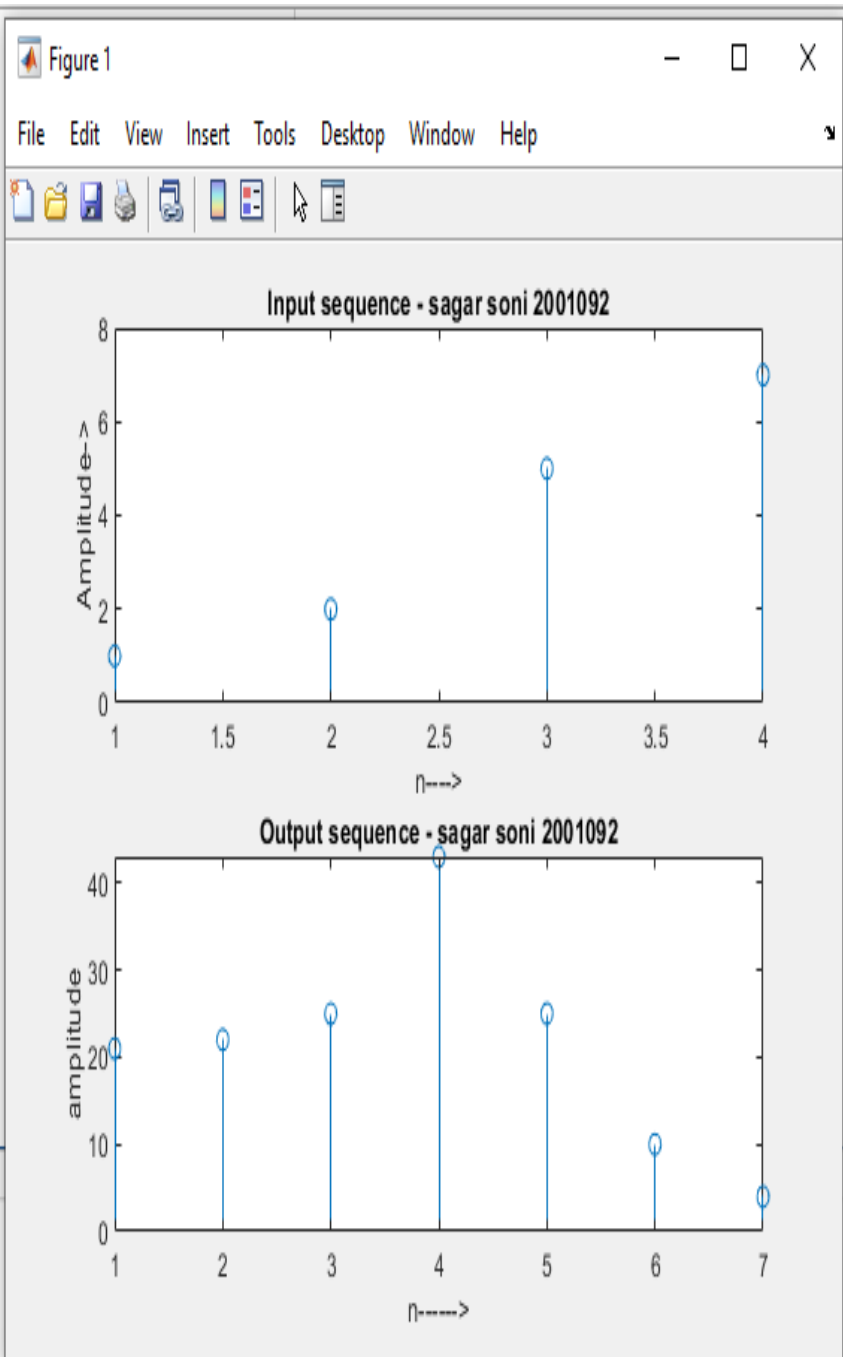


For Auto Correlation-

```
1 - clc;
2 - close all;
3 - x=input('Enter the sequence 1: ');
4 - y=input('Enter the sequence 2: ');
5 - y=xcorr(x,y);
6 - figure;
7 - subplot(2,1,1);
8 - stem(x);
9 - title('the resultant is ');
10 - ylabel('Amplitude->');
11 - xlabel('n---->');
12 - title('Input sequence - sagar soni 2001092');
13 - subplot(2,1,2);
14 - stem(fliplr(y));
15 - ylabel('amplitude');
16 - xlabel('n----->');
17 - title('Output sequence - sagar soni 2001092');
18
19 - fliplr(y);
20
21
```

Command Window

Enter the sequence 1: [1 2 5 7]
Enter the sequence 2: [3 1 2 4]
fx >>



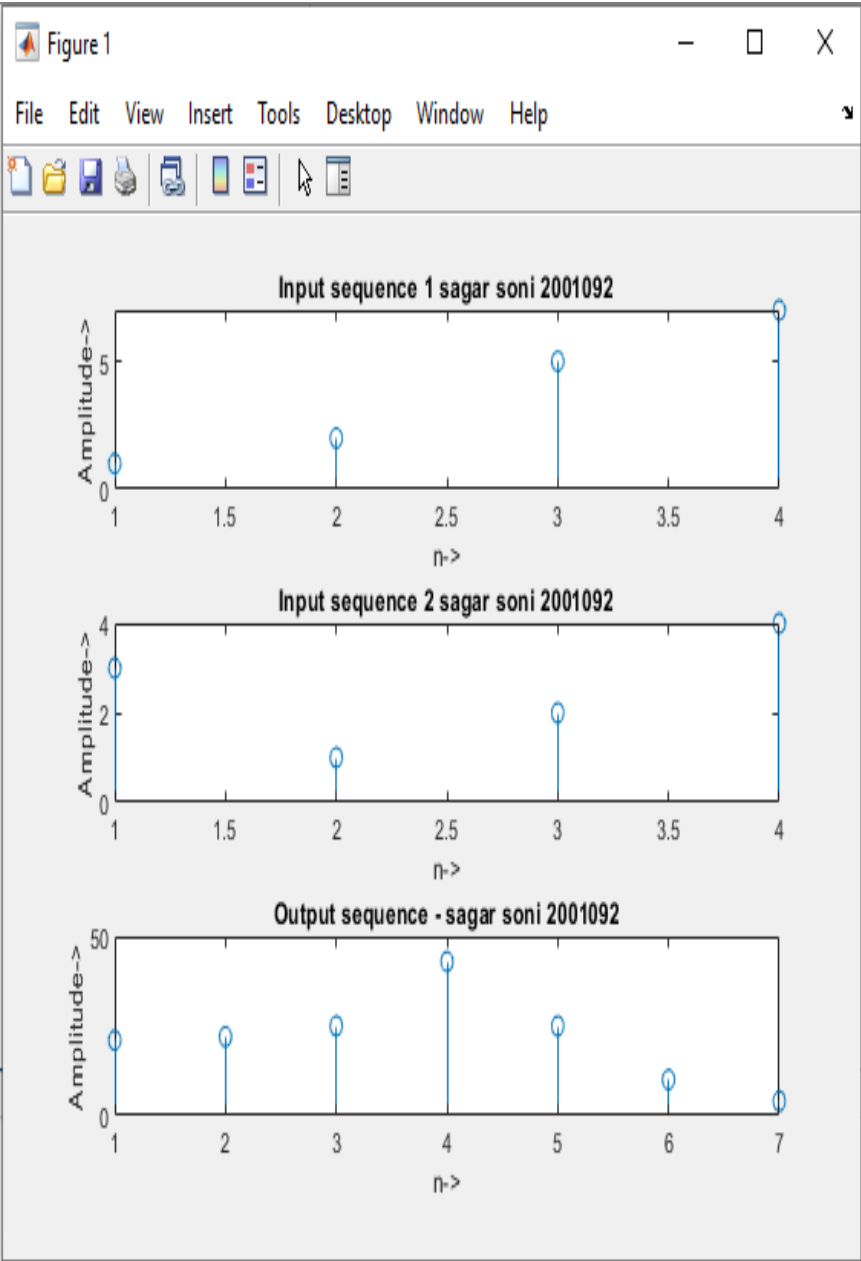
For cross-correlation-

```
1 - x=input('Enter the sequence 1: ');
2 - h=input('Enter the sequence 2: ');
3 - y=xcorr(x,h);
4 - figure;
5 - subplot(3,1,1);
6 - stem(x);
7 - xlabel('n->');
8 - ylabel('Amplitude->');
9 - title('Input sequence 1 sagar soni 2001092');
10 - subplot(3,1,2);
11 - stem(fliplr(y));
12 - stem(h);
13 - xlabel('n->');
14 - ylabel('Amplitude->');
15 - title('Input sequence 2 sagar soni 2001092');
16 - subplot(3,1,3);
17 - stem(fliplr(y));
18 - xlabel('n->');
19 - ylabel('Amplitude->');
20 - title('Output sequence - sagar soni 2001092');
21 - disp('The resultant is');
22 - fliplr(y);
23
24
```

Command Window

```
>> q6_c
Enter the sequence 1: [1 2 5 7]
Enter the sequence 2: [3 1 2 4]
The resultant is
```

f_x >>



(b) Write Matlab codes to find either convolution or auto correlation or cross-correlation without using inbuilt codes.

```

1 - clc;
2 - close;
3 - disp('enter the length of the first sequence m=');
4 - m=input('');
5 - disp('enter the first sequence x[m]=');
6 - for i=1:m
7 -     x(i)=input('');
8 - end
9 - disp('enter the length of the second sequence n=');
10 - n=input('');
11 - disp('enter the second sequence h[n]=');
12 - for j=1:n
13 -     h(j)=input('');
14 - end
15 - y=conv(x,h);
16 - figure;
17 - subplot(3,1,1);
18 - stem(x);
19 - ylabel('amplitude---->');
20 - xlabel('n---->');
21 - title('x(n) Vs n');
22 - subplot(3,1,2);
23 - stem(h);
24 - ylabel('amplitude---->');
25 - xlabel('n---->');
26 - title('h(n) Vs n');
27 - subplot(3,1,3);
28 - stem(y);
29 - ylabel('amplitude---->');
30 - xlabel('n---->');
31 - title('y(n) Vs n    sagar 2001092');disp('linear convolution of x[m] and h[n] is y');

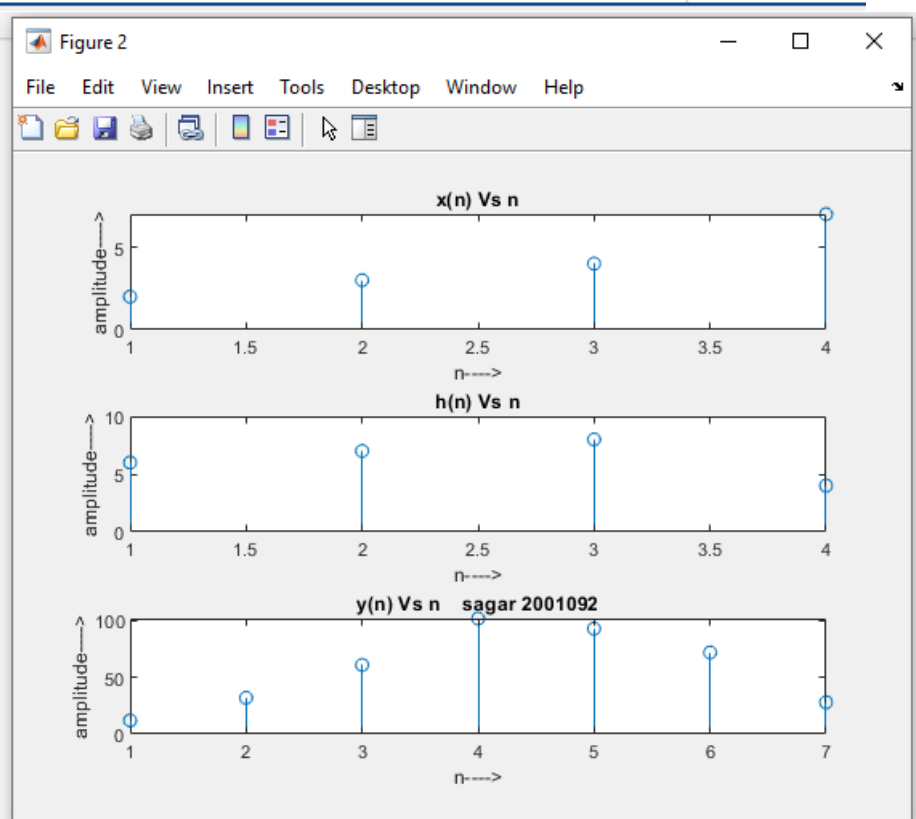
```

Command Window

```

enter the length of the first sequence m=
3
enter the first sequence x[m]=
2
3
4
enter the length of the second sequence n=
3
enter the second sequence h[n]=
6
7
8
linear convolution of x[m] and h[n] is y
fx >>

```



EXPERIMENT 7

Write a MATLAB code to design IIR Butterworth lowpass, highpass, bandpass and bandstop filter and verify its characteristics for given cutoff frequency:

lowpass- 1200 Hz , highpass-1200 Hz

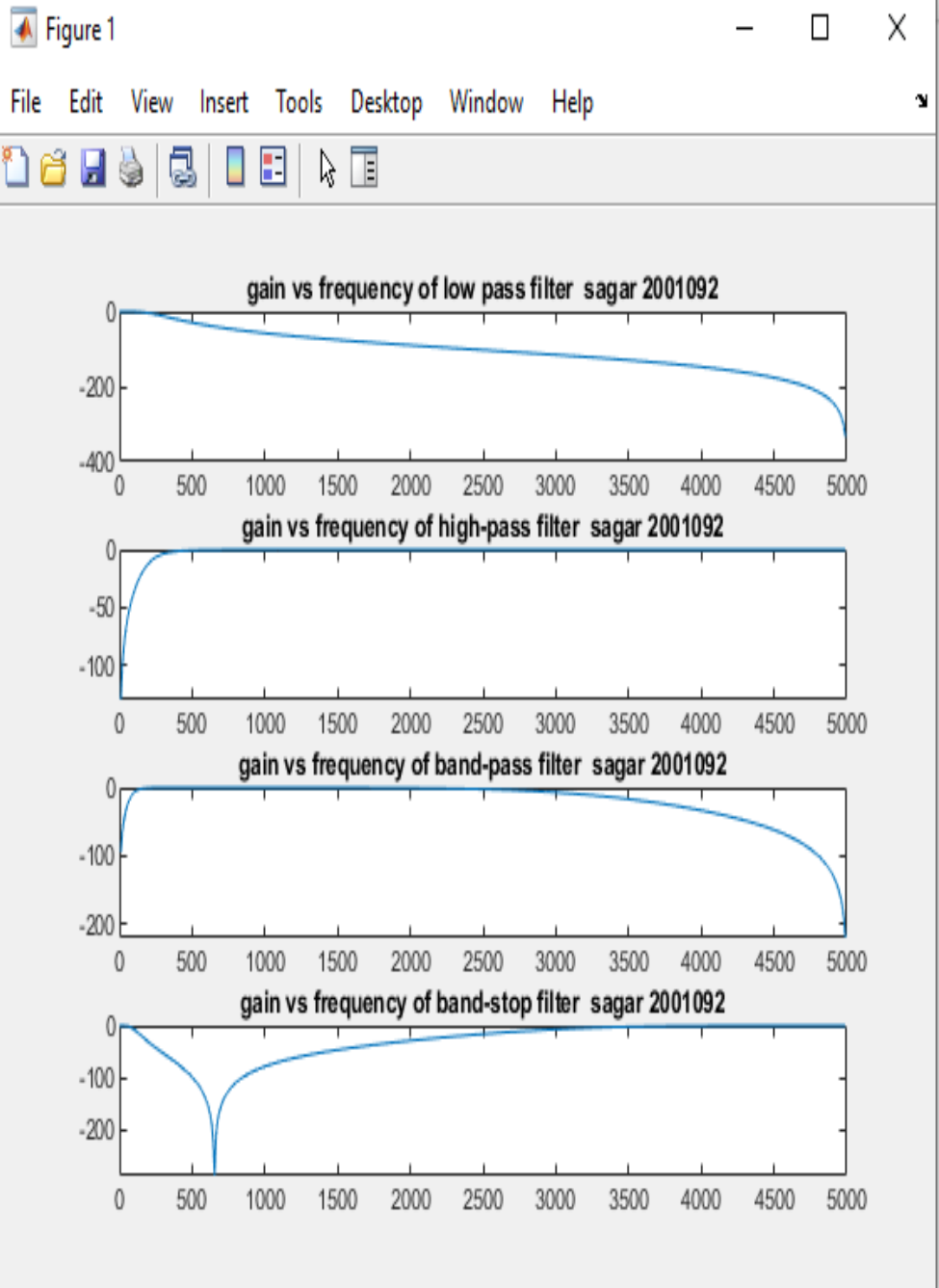
bandpass- 1200 Hz to 1800Hz ,bandstop- 1200 Hz to 1800Hz

```
1 - rp=input('enter passband ripple value');
2 - rs=input('enter stopband ripple value');
3 - fp=input('enter passband freq value');
4 - fs=input('enter stopband freq value');
5 - fsp=input('enter sampling freq value');
6 - w1=2*fp/fsp;
7 - w2=2*fs/fsp;
8 - [n,wn]=buttord(w1,w2,rp,rs);
9 - [b,a]=butter(n,wn,'low');
10 - [h,w]=freqz(b,a,512,fsp);
11 - mag=20*log(abs(h));
12 - subplot(4,1,1);
13 - plot(w,mag);
14 - title('gain vs frequency of low pass filter  sagar 2001092');
15 - %high pass
16 - [b,a]=butter(n,wn,'high');
17 - [h,w]=freqz(b,a,512,fsp);
18 - mag=20*log(abs(h));
19 - subplot(4,1,2);
20 - plot(w,mag);
21 - title('gain vs frequency of high-pass filter  sagar 2001092');
22 - %band pass
23 - [n]=buttord(w1,w2,rp,rs);
24 - wn=[w1,w2];
25 - [b,a]=butter(n,wn,'bandpass');
26 - [h,w]=freqz(b,a,512,fsp);
27 - mag=20*log(abs(h));
28 - subplot(4,1,3);
29 - plot(w,mag);
30 - title('gain vs frequency of band-pass filter  sagar 2001092');
31 - %band stop
32 - [n]=buttord(w1,w2,rp,rs);
33 - [b,a]=butter(n,wn,'stop');
34 - [h,w]=freqz(b,a,512,fsp);
35 - mag=20*log(abs(h));
36 - subplot(4,1,4);
37 - plot(w,mag);
38 - title('gain vs frequency of band-stop filter  sagar 2001092');
```


Command Window

```
>> q7  
enter passband ripple value 3  
enter stopband ripple value 50  
enter passband freq value 100  
enter stopband freq value 3000  
enter sampling freq value 10000
```

f_x >>



EXPERIMENT 8

Write a MATLAB code to design FIR lowpass, high pass, bandpass and band stop filters and verify its characteristics for given cutoff frequency:

lowpass- 1500 Hz , highpass-1500 Hz

bandpass- 1000 Hz to 2800Hz , band stop- 1000 Hz to 2800Hz

```
1 - fp=input('enter the passing freq:');
2 - fstop=input('enter the stopping freq:');
3 - fsp=input('enter the sampling freq value:');
4 - n=input('enter the order of the filter:');
5 - w1=2*fp/fsp;
6 - w2=2*fstop/fsp;
7 - %low pass filter
8 - A=firl(n,w1,'Low');
9 - %freqz(A,1,512,fsp);
10 - [h,w]=freqz(A,1,512,fsp);
11 - mag=20*log10(abs(h));
12 - subplot(4,1,1);
13 - plot(w,mag);
14 - title('Gain vs Frequency of Low-pass Filter - sagar 2001092');
15 - %high pass filter
16 - A=firl(n,w2,'high');
17 - %freqz(A,1,512,fsp);
18 - [h,w]=freqz(A,1,512,fsp);
19 - mag=20*log10(abs(h));
20 - subplot(4,1,2);
21 - plot(w,mag);
22 - title('Gain vs Frequency of High-pass Filter - sagar 2001092');
23 - %band pass filter
24 - wn=[w1,w2];
25 - A=firl(n,wn,'bandpass');
26 - %freqz(A,1,512,fsp);
27 - [h,w]=freqz(A,1,512,fsp);
28 - mag=20*log10(abs(h));
29 - subplot(4,1,3);
30 - plot(w,mag);
31 - title('Gain vs Frequency of Band-pass Filter - sagar 2001092');
32 - %band stop filter
33 - A=firl(n,wn,'stop');
34 - %freqz(A,1,512,fsp);
35 - [h,w]=freqz(A,1,512,fsp);
36 - mag=20*log10(abs(h));
37 - subplot(4,1,4);
38 - plot(w,mag);
39 - title('Gain vs Frequency of Band-stop Filter - sagar 2001092');
```

Command Window

```
>> q8
enter the passing freq: 500
enter the stopping freq: 1000
enter the sampling freq value: 2800
enter the order of the filter: 50
```

f_x >>

