Hritika Aganwal set- A BAI-19-013

Page No.

Explain what transition u had in mind and what actu you saw when u moved from a school to a universit Ans, Following transitions were there in my mind before entening the Universitycollège courses ane generally significantly harden than high school courses and they will be building our future, so any carelessness can be harmful for 1 long way Even living in hosted with a meal plan estrongy recommended for at least the first year), you ha learn to manage your time and be places like class when you need to while still getting other necessary things done and having some fun as well We have to learn to get along with one (sometimes sevenal) roommates that you meet when you arnive ( campus sometimes there are incompatibilities that require cane-ful management As we suddenly gets so preedom, so there are mor chances of us getting attnacted to bad habits such drugs, drinking and many more our life is less structured than it was in school and, in fact, less structured than it will be when graduate and get a regular job. That's often hard cope with. Too many choices, time management issue. such can lead to a lot of stress besides the stand academic stress le vels

200	
	Hritika Aganwal
	Transitions which i actually faced-
	college courses are generally significantly harden to
1	high school courses and they will be building our
1	future, so any carelessness can be harmful for
1	long way.
	our lige actually become structured.
	was the five lockdowns beneficial in India to cight
	against the spreading cononavinus?
	on 24 march, when indid went into a strict lockdown
	nesponse to the pandemic of covid-19, there were o
1	319 confirmed cases across the country on 16 May, 53
1	days after the nationwide lockdown was imposed mai
	had 185,950 confirmed cases. In this period, the

country has gone through lockdown to 125 march to

Aprillo 16CK down 20 05 March to 3 Mays, lock down 30

(4 May to 17 May, and is in lockdown 400 from 18 May

and 5.5 lockdown. So far, India has seen a

5.56

increase in cases despite the extended periods of lockdown.

The confirmed cases in India are growing at a ration percent and doubling roughly every 12.8 days. In comparison to other countries, India has had a low doubling period because of the early enforcement of lockdown, which helped reduce the nationwide doubling mate from the initial every give days to every and a has also managed to keep the number of case below the capacity of the healthcare in crastructure

Page No...

Hritika Aganwal almost all districts. Less than 1.5 percent of the 130,000 hospital beds earmanked for positive cases in the covid-19 wands are being utilised. Mumbai is the exception, with news reports saying that a majority the covid-19 hospital be as ane cilling up. Estimates on the number of people that would have been infect there been no lockdown, with cases consistently doubling every three on seven days, show that the number of cases in India would have been to percent 18200 percent higher, with a staggering 169,000 to 119,000,000 CASes If the rate of growth in the number of cases is the indication, then the lockdown has worked, and the cur has been dattened to an extent. This has helped e the burden on the healthcare system and in turn prevented thousands of potential deaths.

The So-day nationwide lockdown has so gar slowed the growth in covid-19 case numbers in most districts across india. However, it has been unable to pause

revense the trend. The previously unban phenomeno now spnead to a langer geography India is also cacin the consequences of a lockdown that did not give of

thought to the realities of the country. The ne the healthcare system, inhumane and congested living

conditions for the urban poor, and the lack of facilities for mignant workers in the cities have only

made the control, containment and tracing of the disease more dissicult. The essects of poor planning
Page No...

and implementation are showing, and it could be mo pronounced in the coming weeks. Fifty days after the lockdown, india is in an even more precarious condit than become (based on the coun parameters outlined this report). While the number of cases has stabilise in some districts, there are several others that previously had no cases but which have started to repont some. To be sunce, the situation could have far worse. By menely dowing and not stopping the growth, however, ndia has reached a state like what was on 24 March, albeit with mone hotspots and a more cases More data on testing, degree of conta tracing, healthcare capacity at the local level, and morbidity are needed to understand the true an pictures This has led the country to a catch-22 situation wh it is conced to consider the trade-off between lives an livelihoods, health and economy. However, India can still learn from its missteps and nevamp its strateg