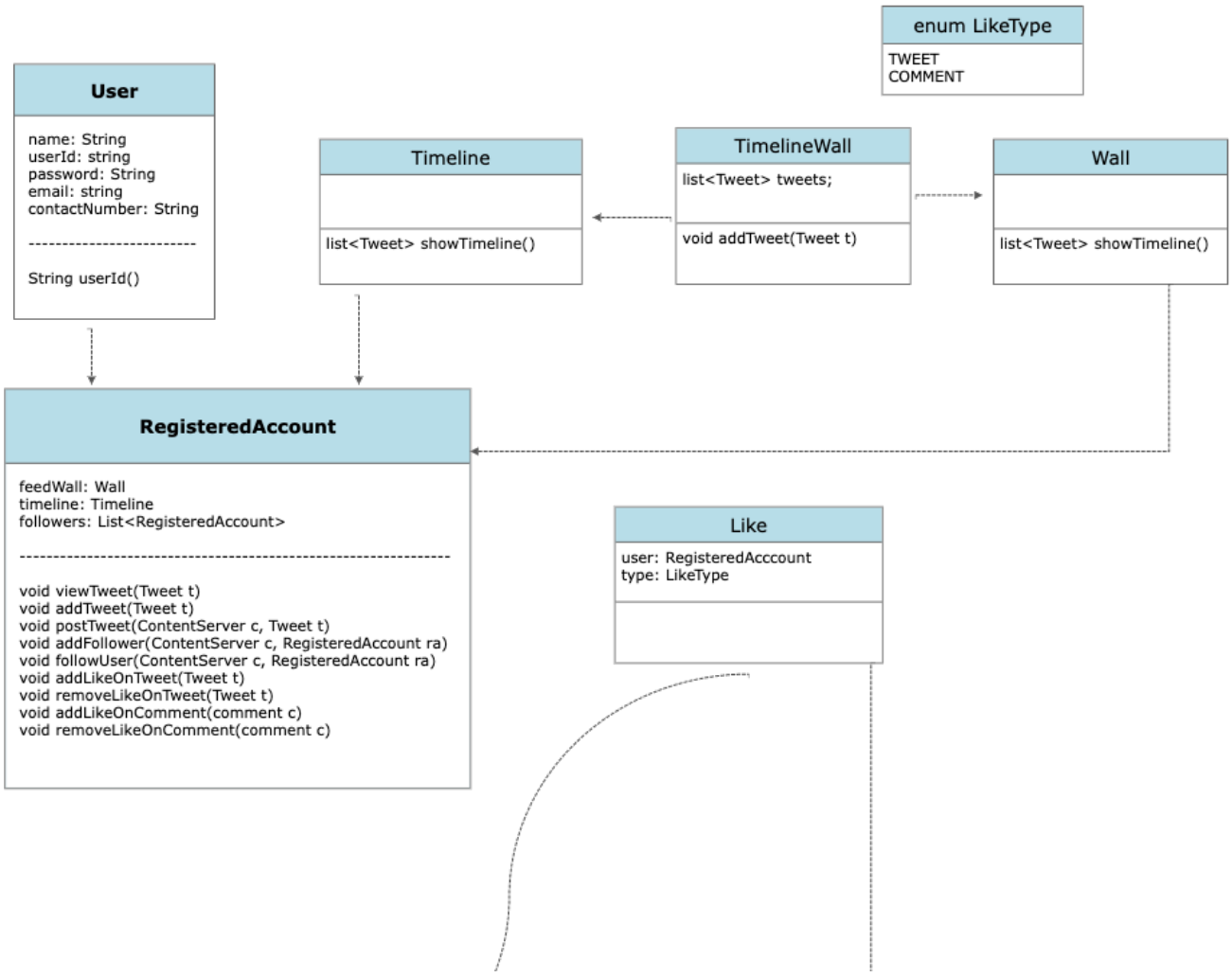
Summary

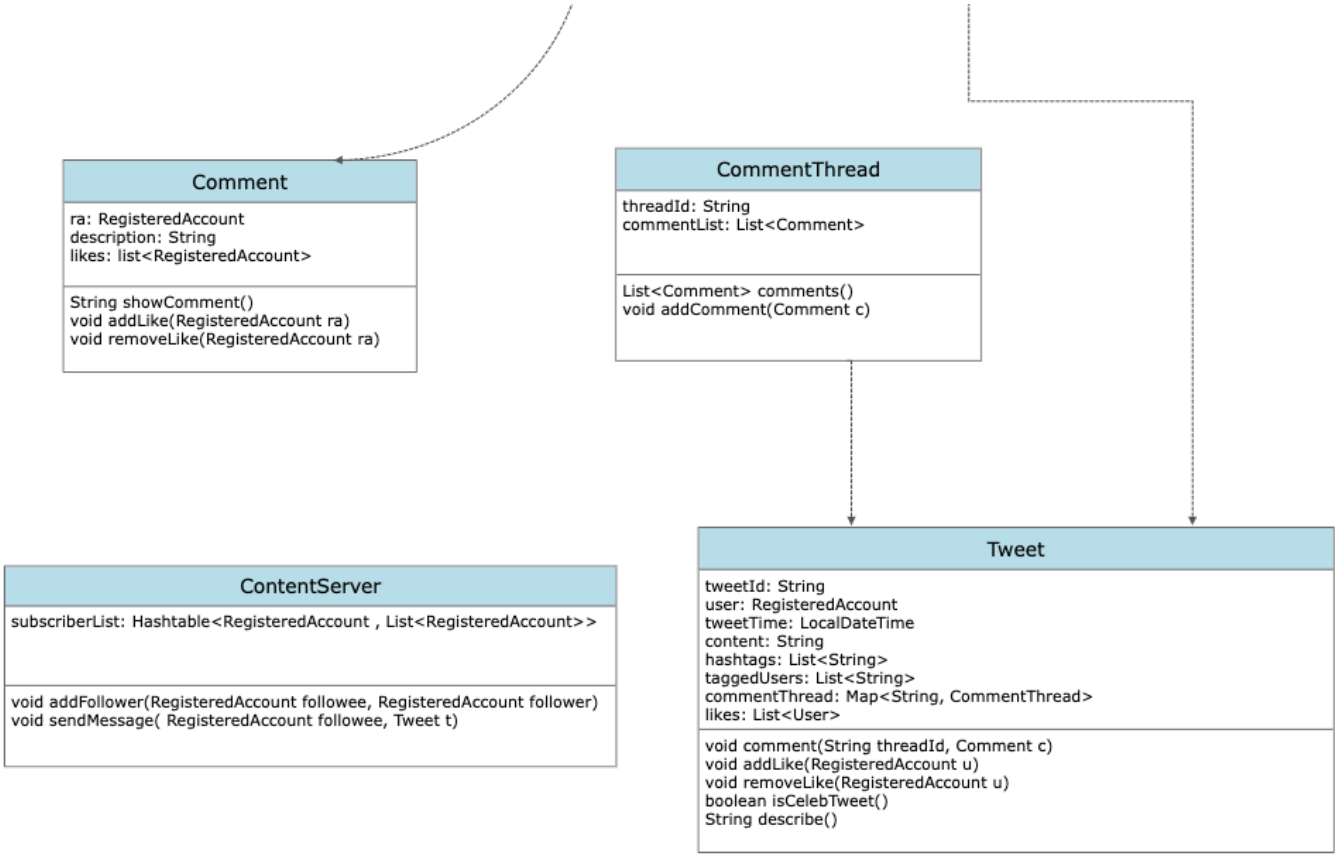
INTRODUCTION

This social media design is very much similar to

1. TWITTER
2. FACEBOOK
3. INSTAGRAM
4. TIC-TOC
5. YOUTUBE
6. LINKEDIN

CLASS DIAGRAM





ENUMS

1. A User can like a Comment and can also like a Post. So below we have a PostType

```
public enum PostType{
  TWEET,COMMENT
}

public enum LikeType{
  HEART,THUMBS_UP,AWESOME,SAD
}
```

CLASSES

USER

These are the basic entities of a user which can be extended wherever we want to.

```
public class User {
        private String name;
        private String userId;
        private String password;
        private String email;
        private String contactNumber;
}
```

LIKE

A like is an object that belongs to a registeredAccount and can be given to any type: TWEET or Comment

```
public class Like{
  private RegisteredAccount user;
  private PostType type;
  private LikeType likeType;

  public Like(RegisteredAccount u, PostType type, LikeType likeType)
  {
    this.user=u;
    this.type=type;
    this.likeType=likeType;
  }
}
```

COMMENT

This is a comment object that a registeredAccount can post.

```
public class Comment {
  private RegisteredAccount ra;
  private String description;
  private List<Like> likes= new List<Like>;

  public Comment(RegisteredAccount ra, String description){
    this.ra= ra;
    this.description= description;
  }

  public String showComment(){
    return description;
  }

  public void addLike(RegisteredAccount u, LikeType likeType){
                likes.add( new Like(u,COMMENT,likeType) );
        }
        public void removeLike(RegisteredAccount u){
                likes.remove(  ); // remove like where user of like is
u;
        }
}
```

COMMENT THREAD

This is a class because we can have comments on comments. So that is why we have a list of comments.

```
public class CommentThread{
  private String threadId;
  ArrayList<Comment> commentList;


  public CommentThread(String threadId){
    this.threadId= threadId;
    commentList= new ArrayList<Comment>;
  }
  public List<Comment> comments(){
    return this.commentList;
  }

  public void addComment(Comment c){
    commentList.add(c);
  }
}
```

TWEET

This tweet class can be tweaked to any type of post, be it an image-type of post on Facebook, or a video-type post on Instagram. But here we are considering a text-type post on Twitter.

```
public class Tweet{
    private String tweetId;
        private RegisteredAccount user;
        private LocalDateTime tweetTime;
        private String content;
        private List<String> hashtags;
        private List<String> taggedUsers;
        private Map<String, CommentThread> commentThreads = new
HashMap<String, CommentThread>();
        private List<RegisteredAccount> likes= new
List<RegisteredAccount>;

        public Tweet(String content,List<String> hashtags,List<String>
taggedUsers){
                this.content= content;
                this.hashtags=hashtags;
                this.taggedUsers=taggedUsers;
        }

        public void comment(String threadId, description d,
RegisteredUser ra) {
                commentThreads.putIfAbsent(threadId, new CommentThread
(threadId));
                commentThreads.get(threadId).addComment( new Comment(
ra, d ) );
        }

        public void addLike(RegisteredAccount u, LikeType likeType){
                likes.add( new Like(u,TWEET, likeType) );
        }
        public void removeLike(RegisteredAccount u){
                likes.remove(  ); // remove like where user of like is
u;
        }

        public boolean isCelebTweet() {
                return this.user.isCelebrity();
        }

        public String describe() {
                StringBuilder br = new StringBuilder();
                br.append(user.userId() + Constants.LINE_BREAK);
                br.append("Tweeted At : " + tweetTime + Constants.
LINE_BREAK);
                br.append(content + Constants.LINE_BREAK);
                br.append(hashtags + Constants.LINE_BREAK);
```

```
                br.append(taggedUsers + Constants.LINE_BREAK);
                br.append(commentThreads.values());
                return br.toString();
        }
}
```

TIMELINEWALL

This is a common class that a timeline and wall can extend. So later on we need not to re-declare them again.

```
public class TimelineWall{
  list<Tweet> tweets;
  public timelineWall(){
    tweets= new List<Tweet>;
  }
  void addTweet(Tweet t){
    tweets.add(t);
  }
}
```

TIMELINE

This is a timeline that we see when we open an app. This contains tweets that I will be able to see. These tweets will be the tweets that the people whom I follow have posted.

```
public class Timeline extends TimelineWall {
  public list<Tweet> showTimeline()
  {
    return tweets;
  }
  public addCelebTweets( list<Tweet> celebTweets ){
    tweets.addAll(celebTweets)
  }
}
```

WALL

This is the personal wall that has all the tweets which I posted.

```
public class Wall extends TimelineWall {
  public list<Tweet> showWall()
  {
    return tweets;
  }
}
```

CONTENT SERVER

This is the contentServer class

```
public class ContentServer{
  private Hashtable<RegisteredAccount , List<RegisteredAccount> >
subscriberList;
  private Hashtable<RegisteredAccount, List<Tweet>  > celebritiesPost

  public void addFollower(RegisteredAccount followee, RegisteredAccount
follower  ){
    subscriberList.get(followee).add(follower);
  }

  public void sendMessage( RegisteredAccount followee, Tweet t){
    if(!followee.isCelebrity()){
      subscriberList.get(followee).stream().forEach( follower->
follower.getTimeline().addTweet(t) );
    }
    else {
      celebritiesPost[followee].push(t);
    }
  }
}
```

REGISTERED ACCOUNT

This is the registeredAccount that extends the User. They can post a tweet. Then can comment on a tweet and can like a comment and a tweet.

```
public class RegisteredAccount extends User{
    private Wall feedWall;
        private TimeLine timeline;
        private List<RegisteredAccount> followers;
        private List<RegisteredAccount> followings;
        private Boolean isCelebrity;

        public checkCelebrity(){
                return followers.size()> 1000? true : false;
```

```
        }
        public void viewTweet(Tweet tweet)
        {
                tweet.describe();
        }
        public void addTweet(Tweet t){
                Timeline.addTweet(t);
        }

        public void postTweet(ContentServer c, Tweet t){
                feedWall.addTweet(t);
                c.sendMessage(this,t);
        }

        public void showTimeline(ContentServer c){
                var nonCelebTweets = timeline.getTweets();
                var celebTweets = [];
                for(var i=0;i<followings.size();i++)
                {
                        if(followings[i].getIsCelebrity){  // getter
function for isCelebrity
                                celebTweets.addAll( c.celebPosts[i]);
                        }
                }
                return nonCelebTweets.addAll(celebTweets);
        }

        public void addFollower(ContentServer c,  RegisteredAccount ra)
        {
                c.addFollower(this,ra);
                followers.add(ra);
        }

        public void followUser(ContentServer c,RegisteredAccount ra){
                c.addFollower(ra, this);
                followings.add(ra);
        }

        // same functions with different LikeTypes
        public addLikeOnTweet(Tweet t , LikeType type ){
                t.addLike(this,TWEET,type);
        }
        public removeLikeOnTweet(Tweet t){
                t.removeLike(this,TWEET);
        }

        // same functions with different LikeTypes
        public addLikeOnComment(comment c, LikeType type){
                c.addLike(this,COMMENT,type);
        }
```

```
        public removeLikeOnComment(comment c){
                c.removeLike(this,COMMENT);
        }
}
```