

# OpenVAS on Debian 10

Installation guide with pictures



# OpenVAS

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Open Vulnerability Assessment Scanner

By Sanil Almeida (CPTE | CEH)

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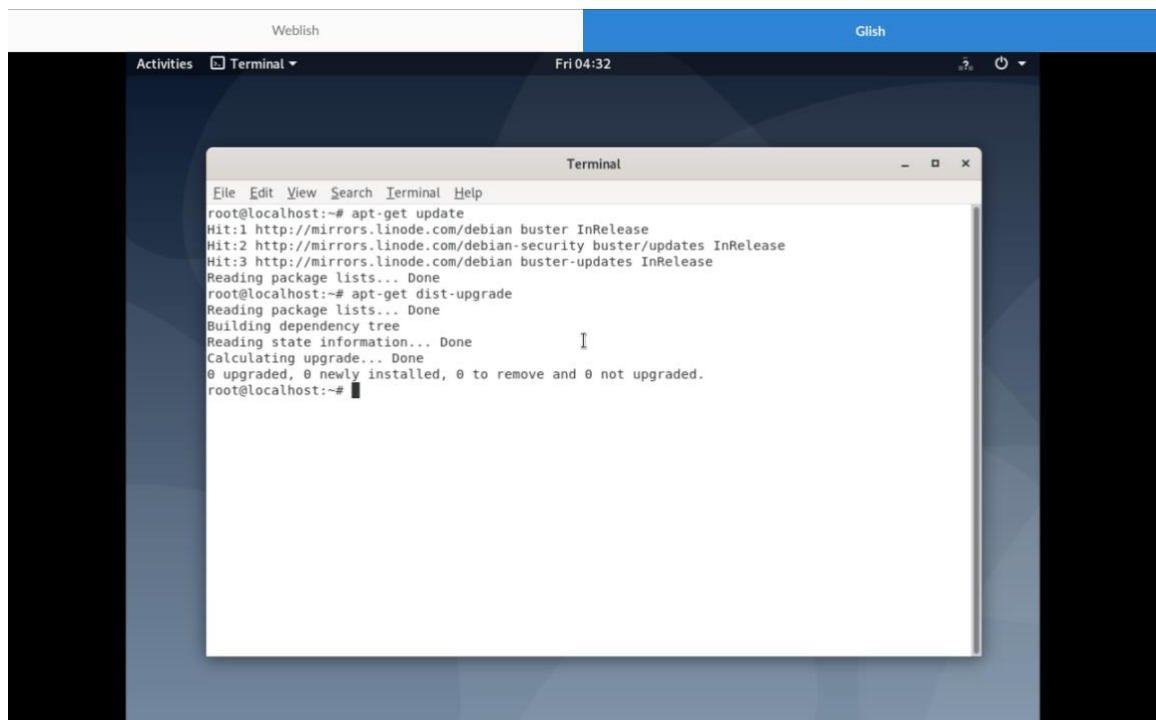
# STEPS TO FOLLOW:

## Step 1

On your Debian 10 machine open terminal window and type in the following commands to update and upgrade existing packages.

```
# sudo apt-get update
```

```
# sudo apt-get dist-upgrade
```

A screenshot of a Linux desktop environment. At the top, there's a taskbar with 'Activities', 'Terminal', and 'Fri 04:32'. Below it, a terminal window is open, displaying the output of two commands. The first command, 'apt-get update', shows three hits from mirrors.linode.com for debian buster, debian-security buster/updates, and debian buster-updates, all in 'InRelease' state. The second command, 'apt-get dist-upgrade', shows that the package lists are read, the dependency tree is built, state information is read, and the upgrade is calculated. The final output indicates that 0 packages were upgraded, 0 were newly installed, 0 were to be removed, and 0 were not upgraded.

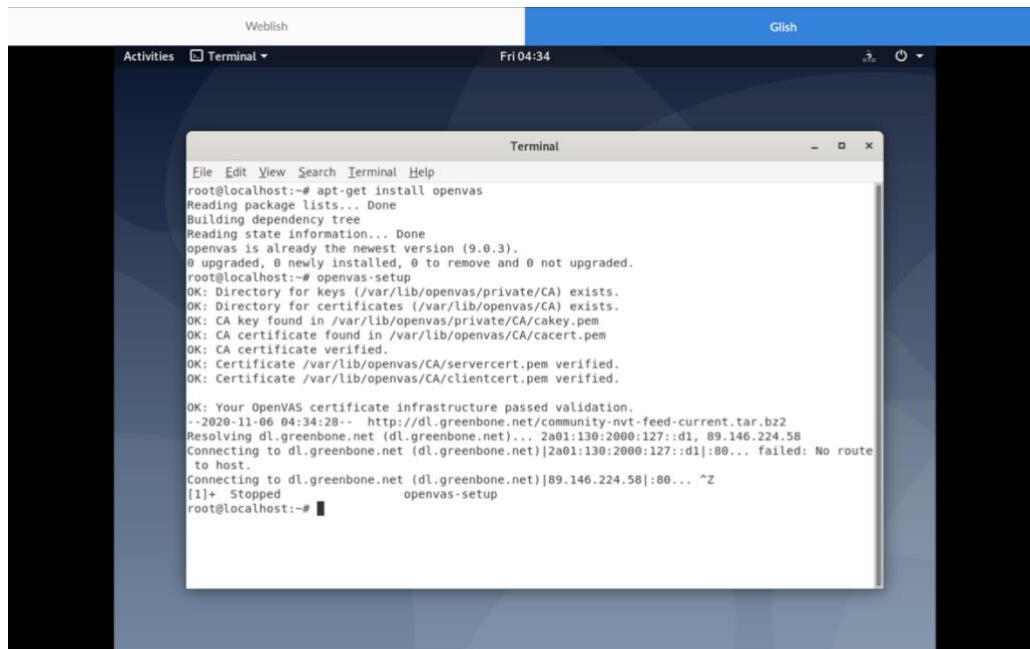
```
root@localhost:~# apt-get update
Hit:1 http://mirrors.linode.com/debian buster InRelease
Hit:2 http://mirrors.linode.com/debian-security buster/updates InRelease
Hit:3 http://mirrors.linode.com/debian buster-updates InRelease
Reading package lists... Done
root@localhost:~# apt-get dist-upgrade
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
Calculating upgrade... Done
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
root@localhost:~#
```

## Step 2

After installing the packages it is time to **install** and **setup** OpenVAS. Run the following commands in the terminal.

```
# sudo apt-get install openvas
```

```
# sudo openvas-setup
```



```
root@localhost:~# apt-get install openvas
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
openvas is already the newest version (9.0.3).
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
root@localhost:~# openvas-setup
OK: Directory for keys (/var/lib/openvas/private/CA) exists.
OK: Directory for certificates (/var/lib/openvas/CA) exists.
OK: CA key found in /var/lib/openvas/private/CA/cakey.pem
OK: CA certificate found in /var/lib/openvas/CA/cacert.pem
OK: CA certificate verified.
OK: Certificate /var/lib/openvas/CA/servercert.pem verified.
OK: Certificate /var/lib/openvas/CA/clientcert.pem verified.

OK: Your OpenVAS certificate infrastructure passed validation.
--2020-11-06 04:34:28-- http://dl.greenbone.net/community-nvt-feed-current.tar.bz2
Resolving dl.greenbone.net (dl.greenbone.net)... 2a01:130:2000:127::d1, 89.146.224.58
Connecting to dl.greenbone.net (dl.greenbone.net)[2a01:130:2000:127::d1]:80... failed: No route
to host.
Connecting to dl.greenbone.net (dl.greenbone.net)[89.146.224.58]:80... ^Z
[1]+  Stopped                  openvas-setup
root@localhost:~#
```

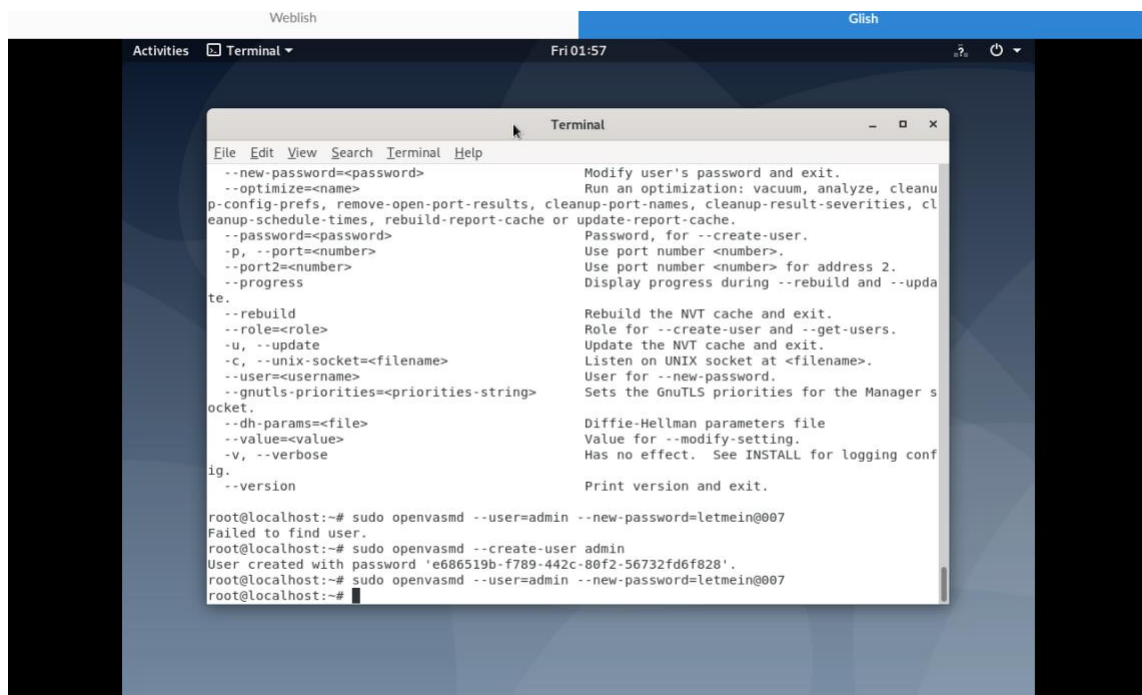
## Step 3

Now, to **configure** OpenVAS and to **create** an initial **user** to access it's services, execute followings commands in the terminal.

```
# sudo openvasmd --create-user admin
```

Now, assign a **password** to the created user.

```
# sudo openvasmd --user=admin --new-password=letmein@007
```



```
root@localhost:~# sudo openvasmd --user=admin --new-password=letmein@007
Failed to find user.
root@localhost:~# sudo openvasmd --create-user admin
User created with password 'e686519b-f789-442c-80f2-56732fd6f828'.
root@localhost:~# sudo openvasmd --user=admin --new-password=letmein@007
root@localhost:~#
```

Terminal Help

--new-password=<password>	Modify user's password and exit.
--optimize=<name>	Run an optimization: vacuum, analyze, cleanup-config-prefs, remove-open-port-results, cleanup-port-names, cleanup-result-severities, cleanup-schedule-times, rebuild-report-cache or update-report-cache.
--password=<password>	Password, for --create-user.
-p, --port=<number>	Use port number <number>.
--port2=<number>	Use port number <number> for address 2.
--progress	Display progress during --rebuild and --update.
--rebuild	Rebuild the NVT cache and exit.
--role=<role>	Role for --create-user and --get-users.
-u, --update	Update the NVT cache and exit.
-c, --unix-socket=<filename>	Listen on UNIX socket at <filename>.
--user=<username>	User for --new-password.
--gnutls-priorities=<priorities-string>	Sets the GnuTLS priorities for the Manager socket.
--dh-params=<file>	Diffie-Hellman parameters file
--value=<value>	Value for --modify-setting.
-v, --verbose	Has no effect. See INSTALL for logging config.
--version	Print version and exit.

## Step 4

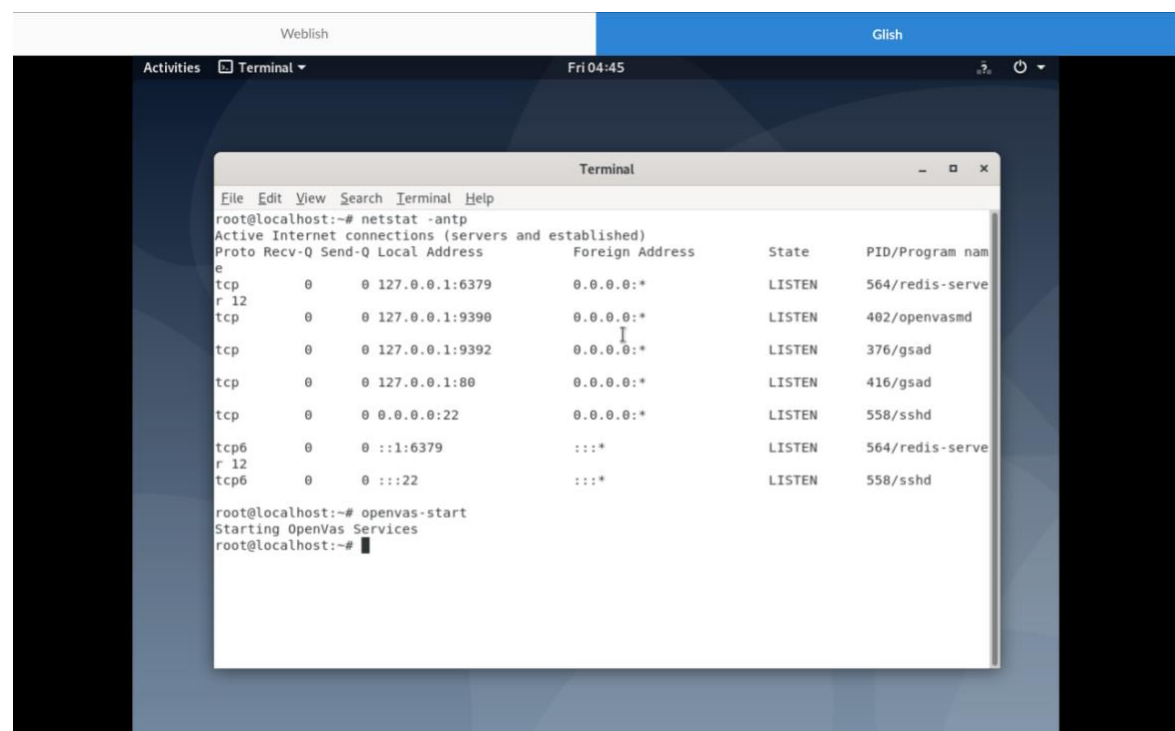
Once the user is created OpenVAS is ready to be **launched**. In order to launch OpenVAS service, we first need to check the **interface** it's running on. For that we execute the following commands.

```
# netstat -antp
```

In this command '**a**' will display all active **ports**, '**n**' will give the numerical display of **address** and **port** numbers, '**t**' shows us the **download status** of active connections and '**p**' displays the connection **protocols**.

We can then start the service by executing the following command.

```
# openvas-start
```



The screenshot shows a terminal window with the following output:

```
root@localhost:~# netstat -antp
Active Internet connections (servers and established)
Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address           Foreign Address         State       PID/Program nam
tcp        0      0 127.0.0.1:6379          0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      564/redis-serve
tcp        0      0 127.0.0.1:9390          0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      402/openvasmd
tcp        0      0 127.0.0.1:9392          0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      376/gsad
tcp        0      0 127.0.0.1:80            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      416/gsad
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:22              0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      558/sshd
tcp6       0      0 :::6379                 :::*                   LISTEN      564/redis-serve
tcp6       0      0 :::22                   :::*                   LISTEN      558/sshd

root@localhost:~# openvas-start
Starting OpenVas Services
root@localhost:~#
```

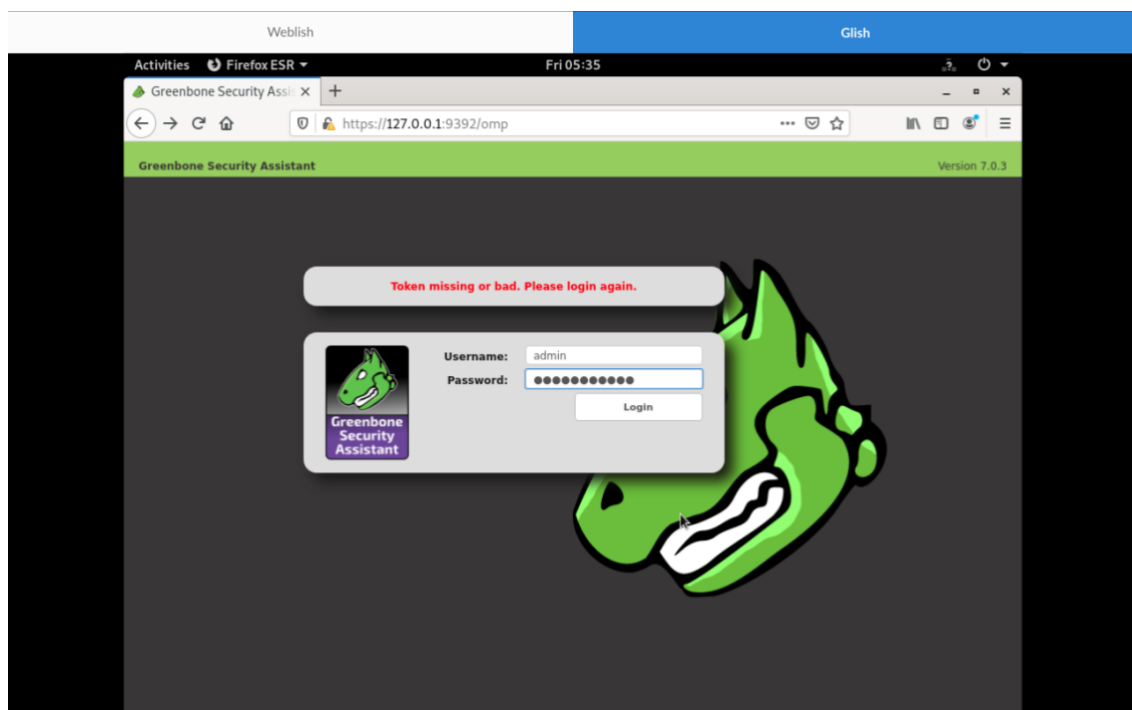
## Step 5

Once the OpenVAS service has started, navigate to **web browser** and enter the URL with **localhost IP** and **port number**. i.e.

<https://127.0.0.1:9392>

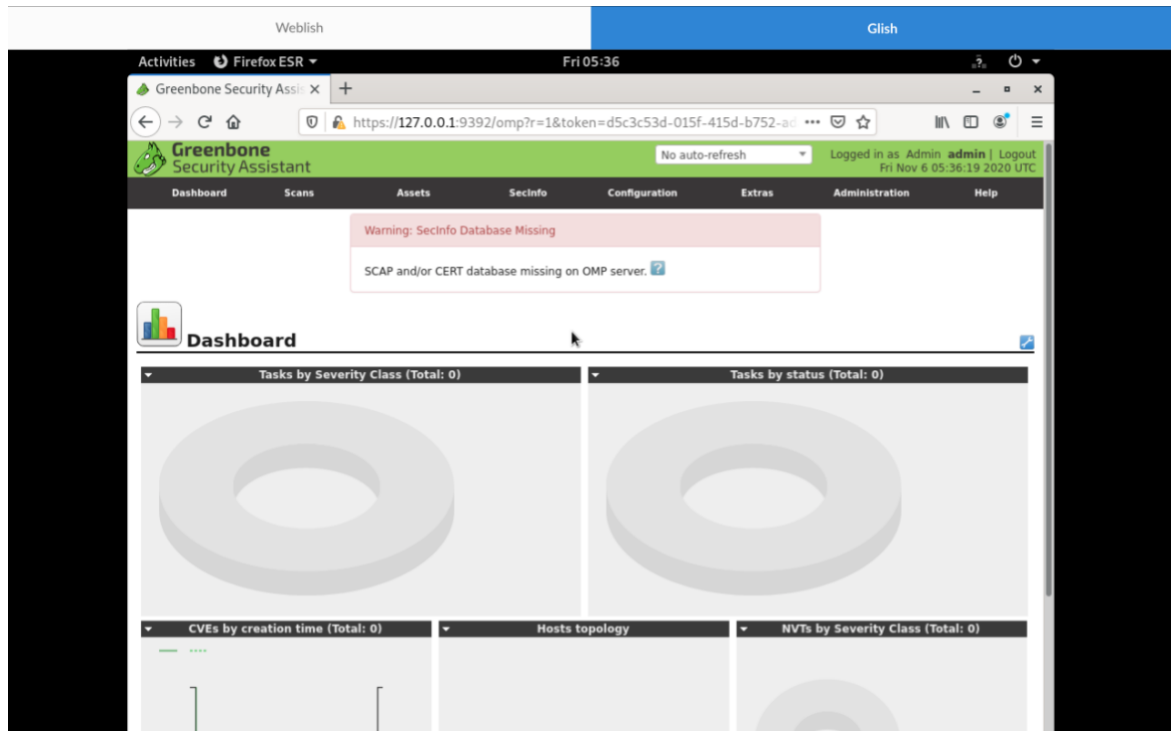
Note: We get this **IP** and **port** number by looking at the **netstat output**. We select the one with '**gsad**' program name. (Greenbone Security Assistant Daemon)

We can then login using the credentials (admin:letmein@007) created earlier.



## Step 6

After logging into the dashboard. We can navigate and use the services needed.



## REFERENCES & USEFUL LINKS:

- *Ubuntu Manpage Repository -*  
<http://manpages.ubuntu.com/manpages/bionic/man8/gsad.8.html>
- *Greenbone Community -*  
<https://community.greenbone.net/t/about-the-greenbone-source-edition-gse-category/176>
- *Live Greenbone Demo -*  
<https://www.greenbone.net/en/live-demo/>
- *Installation Steps on Kali Org -*  
<https://www.kali.org/penetration-testing/openvas-vulnerability-scanning/>