MACHINE LEARNING

- 1.a) 2 Only
- 2.d) 1, 2 and 4
- 3.a) True
- 4.a) 1 only
- 5.b) 1
- 6.b) No
- 7.a) Yes
- 8.d) All of the above
- 9.a) K-means clustering algorithm
- 10.d) All of the above
- 11.d) All of the above

12.

- Outliners are patterns that are dissimilar with respect to pattern of datasets.
- K- means algorithm finds mean of cluster with respect to nearest centroid.
- Outliners can drag the centroids or form thier own clusters influencing the outcome.
- Therefore, yes, K is sensitive to outliners.

14. K- means is better because:

- 1. Simplest algorithm
- 2. Unsupervised learning
- 3. Guarantee convergence
- 4. High performance
- 5. Deals with dataset of all sizes and shapes

15. K-means involves random selection of data points as initial centroids. So, running the algorithm several times on same set of data can give different results each time. Therefore, K-means is not a deterministic algorithm.