

Algorithm

```
#define N          5                /* number of philosophers */
#define LEFT      (i+N-1)%N        /* number of i's left neighbor */
#define RIGHT     (i+1)%N          /* number of i's right neighbor */
#define THINKING  0                /* philosopher is thinking */
#define HUNGRY    1                /* philosopher is trying to get forks */
#define EATING    2                /* philosopher is eating */
typedef int semaphore;             /* semaphores are a special kind of int */
int state[N];                     /* array to keep track of everyone's state */
semaphore mutex = 1;              /* mutual exclusion for critical regions */
semaphore s[N];                   /* one semaphore per philosopher */

void philosopher(int i)            /* i: philosopher number, from 0 to N-1 */
{
    while (TRUE) {                 /* repeat forever */
        think();                   /* philosopher is thinking */
        take_forks(i);             /* acquire two forks or block */
        eat();                     /* yum-yum, spaghetti */
        put_forks(i);              /* put both forks back on table */
    }
}

void take_forks(int i)             /* i: philosopher number, from 0 to N-1 */
{
    down(&mutex);                   /* enter critical region */
    state[i] = HUNGRY;              /* record fact that philosopher i is hungry */
    test(i);                       /* try to acquire 2 forks */
    up(&mutex);                     /* exit critical region */
    down(&s[i]);                     /* block if forks were not acquired */
}

void put_forks(i)                  /* i: philosopher number, from 0 to N-1 */
{
    down(&mutex);                   /* enter critical region */
    state[i] = THINKING;           /* philosopher has finished eating */
    test(LEFT);                    /* see if left neighbor can now eat */
    test(RIGHT);                   /* see if right neighbor can now eat */
    up(&mutex);                     /* exit critical region */
}

void test(i)                       /* i: philosopher number, from 0 to N-1 */
{
    if (state[i] == HUNGRY && state[LEFT] != EATING && state[RIGHT] != EATING) {
        state[i] = EATING;
        up(&s[i]);
    }
}
```

Program

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <pthread.h>

#define N 5
#define LEFT (i+N-1)%N
#define RIGHT (i+1)% N
#define THINKING 0
#define HUNGRY 1
#define EATING 2

int i=1;
int state[N];
sem_t mutex;
sem_t s[N];
void test(int);
void take_forks(int);
void put_forks(int);

void * philosopher(void *i)
{
    int *p = (int *) i;
    while(1)
    {
        printf("\n philosopher %d is thinking", *p);
        sleep(5);
        take_forks(*p);
        printf("\n philosopher %d is eating", *p);
        sleep(5);
        put_forks(*p);
    }
}

void take_forks(int i)
{
    sem_wait(&mutex);
    state[i] = HUNGRY;
    printf("\n philosopher %d is in hungry state", i);
    test(i);
    sem_post(&mutex);
    sem_wait(&s[i]);
```

```

}

void put_forks(int i)
{
    sem_wait(&mutex);
    state[i] = THINKING;
    test(LEFT);
    test(RIGHT);
    sem_post(&mutex);
}

void test(int i)
{
    if(state[i]== HUNGRY && state[LEFT] != EATING && state[RIGHT] != EATING)
    {
        state[i]= EATING;
        sem_post(&s[i]);
    }
}

int main()
{
    pthread_attr_t *attr= NULL;
    pthread_t p_tid1,p_tid2,p_tid3,p_tid4,p_tid5;
    sem_init(&mutex,0,1);
    int p[5]={0,1,2,3,4};
    pthread_create(&p_tid1,attr,philosopher,(void *) &p[0]);
    pthread_create(&p_tid2,attr,philosopher,(void *) &p[1]);
    pthread_create(&p_tid3,attr,philosopher,(void *) &p[2]);
    pthread_create(&p_tid4,attr,philosopher,(void *) &p[3]);
    pthread_create(&p_tid5,attr,philosopher,(void *) &p[4]);
    pthread_join(p_tid1,NULL);
    pthread_join(p_tid2,NULL);
    pthread_join(p_tid3,NULL);
    pthread_join(p_tid4,NULL);
    pthread_join(p_tid5,NULL);
    return 0;
}

```