Git Commands

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Stakeholders	

Fundamentals

<files> is a stand-in for any file glob pattern, ex: filename.md or *.md or lib/*
<name> is a stand-in for any label/value you want to use.
<commit id> is a stand-in for a commit identifier.

<ref> is a stand-in for anything that references a commit

Stage & Commit

- git add <files>
 - Stage changes
- git commit
 - Lock in changes as a new commit
- git commit -m "Some message"
 - Commit with a message
- git show <ref>
 - Inspect a commit

Undoing / Cleanup

- git restore --staged <files>
 - Clear staging / Un-stage
- git restore <files>
 - Clear working directory
- git clean -i Or -f
 - Throw out untracked files (interactive / forced)
- git reset HEAD^

- git log --oneline
 - View the log

- Undo the last commit on this branch
- git reset HEAD~
 - Undo the last commit on this branch
- git commit --amend
 - Redo the last commit on this branch

Branching

- git branch
 - List branches
- git branch -a
 - List branches + remote refs
- git branch <name>
 - Create a branch
- git branch -m <new name>
 - Rename a branch
- git branch -D <name>
 - Delete a branch
- git branch <name> <commit id>
 - Create a branch from a specific commit

Merging

- git merge <ref>
 - Merge into current branch
 - o --no-ff
 - No fast-forward merges
 - o --ff-only
 - Only fast-forward
 - o -X ours **Or** -X theirs
 - Conflict resolution option
- git merge --abort
 - Cancel the merge in progress
- git merge --continue
 - Finalize the merge in progress
- git reset ORIG_HEAD --hard
 - Undo the merge I just did

Remotes

- git remote add <remote name>
 - Add a remote bookmark
- git push origin <ref>
 - Push a ref to the remote
 - Merges local branch into the remote branch
- git pull origin <ref>
 - Merge down updates from a ref on the remote
- git fetch origin
 - Download the latest refs and objects from the remote

Log & Compare

- git log
 - View the log
- git log -S <search string>
 - Search diffs for a string
- git log -G <search regex>
 - Regex search through diffs
- git log -- <files>
 - Limit log by file pattern
- git log --grep <search string>
 - Search commit messages

- git diff <A>..
 - Changes to apply to make A look like B
- git diff <A>...
 - Compare merge base with B
 - Changes to apply to make the merge base between A and B, look like B
- git log <A>..
 - History of B, excluding history of A
- git log <A>...
 - History of A and B, excluding history of their merge base

Cherry Pick & Revert

- git cherry-pick <ref>
 - Copy changes from a commit into a new commit
 - o --no-commit
 - Don't auto-commit
- git cherry-pick <ref>..<ref>
- git revert <ref>
 - Undo changes from a commit, using a new commit
 - o --no-commit
- git revert <ref>..<ref>

Bisect

- git bisect start
 - Start a bisect
- git bisect good <commit id>
 - Indicate a commit is good
- git bisect bad <commit id>
 - Indicate a commit is bad
- git bisect reset
 - Stop the bisect

Rebase & Squash

- git rebase <base>
 - Re-set the merge base commit
- git rebase --onto <base> <exclude>
 - Rebase and exclude a portion of history
- git rebase --keep-base <base>
 - Rebase without bringing in updates
- git rebase -i <base>
 - Interactive rebase

Reset & Reflog

- git reset <commit id>
 - o --soft
 - Only affect the branch
 - o --mixed
 - Affect the branch
 - Clear staging
 - o --hard
 - Affects the branch
 - Clear staging

- Clear working directory
- git reflog
 - History of your actions
- git reflog <branch name>
- git reflog HEAD
- git fsck --lost-found
 - Dig through the trash for lost objects
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 Created by Ryan Morris as part of **Two Bit Solution's** "Git Good" training series