```
Assignment
//*
//**
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int i=1,j;
  while(i<=5){
   j=1;
   while(j<=i){
     printf("* ");
     j++;
   }
    printf("\n");
   i++;
  }
  return 0;
}
Output:
2.
//#
//#
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
  int i=1,j;
  while(i <= 5){
    j=1;
    while(j<=5-i){
       printf(" ");
      j++;
    }
    j=1;
    while(j \le i){
       printf("* ");
      j++;
    }
    printf("\n");
    i++;
  }
  return 0;
}
Output:
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
 int i=1,j;
  do{
   j=1;
   do{
     printf("%d\t * %d\t= %d\n",i,j,i*j);
     j++;
   }while(j<=10);
   printf("\n");
   i++;
  }while(i<=10);
  return 0;
}
Output:
  * 1
1
              = 1
             = 2
1
       * 2
1
       * 3
              = 3
1
       * 4
              = 4
1
       * 5
              = 5
       * 6
1
              = 6
1
       * 7
              = 7
1
       * 8
              = 8
1
       * 9
              = 9
       * 10 = 10
1
       * 1
2
              = 2
2
       * 2
              = 4
2
       * 3
              = 6
```

```
2 * 4 = 8
```

```
5 * 2 = 10
```

```
8 * 1 = 8
```

```
10
      * 9
               = 90
10
        * 10 = 100
//wap to reverse a number using for loop
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
  int n,rev=0,rem;
  printf("Enter the number:");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  for(int i=0;i<=n;i++){
    rem=n%10;
    rev=rev*10+rem;
    n=n/10;
  }
  printf("\n");
  printf("Reverse number is=%d \n",rev);
  return 0;
}
Output:
Enter the number:234
Reverse number is=432
//wap to print fibonacci series upto n terms
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
  int n,a=0,b=1,next;
  printf("Enter the number:");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
    printf("%d n",a);
    next=a+b;
```

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a=b;
    b=next;
  }
  return 0;
}
Output:
Enter the number:10
1
1
2
3
5
8
13
21
34
55
// Requirements
// •In this challenge, you are going to create a "Guess the Number" C program
// • Your program will generate a random number from 0 to 20
// You will then ask the user to guess it
// •User should only be able to enter numbers from 0-20
// •The program will indicate to the user if each guess is too high or too low
```

// The player wins the game if they can guess the number within five tries
// Sample Output
// This is a guessing game.
// I have chosen a number between 0 and 20 which you must guess.
// You have 5 tries left.
// Enter a guess: 12
// Sorry, 12 is wrong. My number is less than that.
// You have 4 tries left.
// Enter a guess: 8
// Sorry, 8 is wrong. My number is less than that.
// You have 3 tries left.
// Enter a guess: 4
// Sorry, 4 is wrong. My number is less than that.
// You have 2 tries left.
// Enter a guess: 2
// Congratulations. You guessed it!

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<time.h>
int main()
{
  int num,guess,tries=5;
  srand(time(0));
  num=rand()%21;
  printf("This is a guessing game.\n");
  printf("I have chosen a number between 0 and 20 which you must guess.\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < tries; i++){
    printf("You have %d tries left.\n", tries);
    printf("Enter a guess: ");
    scanf("%d", &guess);
    if(guess<0 | | guess>20){
       printf("Please enter a number between 0 and 20.\n");
       continue;
    }
    if(guess==num){
       printf("Congratulations. You guessed it!.\n");
       break;
    }
    else if (guess < num) {
       printf("Sorry, %d is wrong. My number is greater than that.\n", guess);
    }
    else {
       printf("Sorry, %d is wrong. My number is less than that.\n", guess);
    }
    if(i==tries-1){
       printf("Sorry, you've used all your tries. The number was %d.\n", num);
    }
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}
  return 0;
}
Output:
This is a guessing game.
I have chosen a number between 0 and 20 which you must guess.
You have 5 tries left.
Enter a guess: 5
Sorry, 5 is wrong. My number is greater than that.
You have 5 tries left.
Enter a guess: 7
Sorry, 7 is wrong. My number is greater than that.
You have 5 tries left.
Enter a guess: 18
Sorry, 18 is wrong. My number is less than that.
You have 5 tries left.
Enter a guess: 20
Sorry, 20 is wrong. My number is less than that.
You have 5 tries left.
Enter a guess: 5
Sorry, 5 is wrong. My number is greater than that.
Sorry, you've used all your tries. The number was 9.
// Problem Statement: Filter Even Numbers with Continue
// Description: Write a c program that prompts the user to enter a series of integers (up to a 4
maximum of 20). The program should calculate and display the sum of all even numbers entered
// while skipping any negative numbers. Use the continue statement to skip processing for negative
numbers.
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// Requirements:
// 1.Prompt the user for up to 20 integers.
// 2.Use a loop to read each integer.
// 3.If an integer is negative, use continue to skip adding it to the sum.
// 4.If an integer is even, add it to a running total sum.
// 5. After all inputs, display the total sum of even numbers.
// Example Input/Output:
// Enter up to 20 integers (enter 1 to stop):
// 4
//7
// -3
// 2
// 8
// 5
// 10
// -1
// Sum of even numbers: 24
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int num,i,sum=0;
  printf("Enter up to 20 integers (enter 1 to stop):\n");
  for(i=0;i<20;i++){
    printf("Enter number %d:",i+1);
    scanf("%d",&num);
```

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if(num==1){
      break;
    }
    if(num<0){
      continue;
    }
    if(num%2==0){
      sum=sum+num;
    }
  }
  printf("Sum of even numbers:%d \n",sum);
  return 0;
}
Output:
Enter up to 20 integers (enter 1 to stop):
Enter number 1:4
Enter number 2:7
Enter number 3:-3
Enter number 4:2
Enter number 5:8
Enter number 6:5
Enter number 7:10
Enter number 8:-1
Enter number 9:1
Sum of even numbers:24
// Problem Statement 1: Banking System Simulation
// Description: Create a simple banking system simulation that allows users to create an
// account, deposit money, withdraw money, and check their balance. The program should handle
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// multiple accounts and provide a menu-driven interface.
// Requirements:
// 1. Use appropriate data types for account balance (e.g., float for monetary values)
// and user input (e.g., int for account numbers).
// 2. Implement a structure to hold account details (account number, account holder name,
balance).//dont give structure make it as inputs
// 3. Use control statements to navigate through the menu options:
//
                  Create Account
//
               Deposit Money
//
               Withdraw Money
       iii.
//
                  Check Balance
       iv.
// 4. Ensure that the withdrawal does not exceed the available balance and handle invalid inputs
gracefully.
// Example Input/Output:
// Welcome to the Banking System
// 1. Create Account
// 2. Deposit Money
// 3. Withdraw Money
// 4. Check Balance
// 5. Exit
// Choose an option: 1
// Enter account holder name: John Doe
// Account created successfully! Account Number: 1001
// Choose an option: 2
// Enter account number: 1001
// Enter amount to deposit: 500
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// Deposit successful! New Balance: 500.0
// Choose an option: 3
// Enter account number: 1001
// Enter amount to withdraw: 200
// Withdrawal successful! New Balance: 300.0
// Choose an option: 4
// Enter account number: 1001
// Current Balance: 300.0
// Choose an option: 5
// Exiting the system.
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int choice;
  int acc_num=0,entered_acc_num;
  char acc_holder_name[20];
  float balance=0.0,deposit_amount,withdraw_amount;
  while(1){
    printf("Welcome to the Banking System \n");
    printf("1. Create Account \n");
    printf("2. Deposit Money \n");
    printf("3. Withdraw Money \n");
    printf("4. Check Balance \n");
    printf("5. Exit \n");
    printf("Choose an option: \n");
    scanf("%d",&choice);
    switch (choice){
      case 1:
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printf("Enter the account holder name:");
    scanf("%s",acc_holder_name);
    printf("Enter a new account number: ");
    scanf("%d", &acc_num);
    printf("Account created successfully! Account Number: %d \n",acc_num);
    break;
  case 2:
  printf("Enter account number:");
  scanf("%d",&entered_acc_num);
  if(entered_acc_num==acc_num){
    printf("Enter amount to deposit:");
    scanf("%f",&deposit_amount);
    if(deposit_amount<=0){</pre>
      printf("Deposit must be positive \n");
    }else{
      balance+=deposit_amount;
      printf("Deposit successful! New Balance: %f\n",balance);
    }
  }else{
    printf("Invalid account number.\n");
 }
  break;
case 3:
  if (entered_acc_num == acc_num) {
      printf("Enter amount to withdraw: ");
      scanf("%f", &withdraw_amount);
      if (withdraw_amount <= 0) {</pre>
        printf("Withdrawal amount must be positive.\n");
      } else if (withdraw_amount > balance) {
        printf("Insufficient balance.\n");
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} else {
             balance -= withdraw_amount;
             printf("Withdrawal successful! New Balance: %f\n", balance);
           }
        } else {
           printf("Invalid account number.\n");
        }
        break;
    case 4:
        printf("Enter account number: ");
         scanf("%d", &entered_acc_num);
        if (entered_acc_num == acc_num) {
           printf("Current Balance: %f\n", balance);
        } else {
           printf("Invalid account number.\n");
        }
        break;
    case 5:
      printf("Exiting the system.\n");
      return 0;
    default:
      printf("Invalid option. Please choose again.\n");
    }
  return 0;
Output:
Welcome to the Banking System
1. Create Account
```

}

}

2. Deposit Money 3. Withdraw Money 4. Check Balance 5. Exit Choose an option: 1 Enter the account holder name:John Enter a new account number: 100 Account created successfully! Account Number: 100 Welcome to the Banking System 1. Create Account 2. Deposit Money 3. Withdraw Money 4. Check Balance 5. Exit Choose an option: Enter account number:100 Enter amount to deposit:500 Deposit successful! New Balance: 500.000000 Welcome to the Banking System 1. Create Account 2. Deposit Money 3. Withdraw Money 4. Check Balance 5. Exit Choose an option: 3 Enter amount to withdraw: 200

Withdrawal successful! New Balance: 300.000000

Welcome to the Banking System

1. Create Account
2. Deposit Money
3. Withdraw Money
4. Check Balance
5. Exit
Choose an option:
4
Enter account number: 100
Current Balance: 300.000000
Welcome to the Banking System
1. Create Account
2. Deposit Money
3. Withdraw Money
4. Check Balance
5. Exit
Choose an option:
5
Exiting the system.
// Problem Statement 4: Weather Data Analysis
// Description: Write a program that collects daily temperature data for a month and analyzes it to
find the average temperature, the highest temperature, the lowest temperature, and how many days were above average.
// Requirements:
// 1. Use appropriate data types (float for temperatures and int for days).
// 2. Store temperature data in an array.
// 3. Use control statements to calculate:
// i. Average Temperature of the month.
// ii. Highest Temperature recorded.

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//
       iii. Lowest Temperature recorded.
//
        iv. Count of days with temperatures above average.
// 4. Handle cases where no data is entered.
// Example Input/Output:
// Enter temperatures for each day of the month (30 days):
// Day 1 temperature: 72.5
// Day 2 temperature: 68.0
// ...
// Day 30 temperature: 75.0
// Average Temperature of Month: XX.X
// Highest Temperature Recorded: YY.Y
// Lowest Temperature Recorded: ZZ.Z
// Number of Days Above Average Temperature: N
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int i,days;
  float sum=0,avg=0;
  float highest,lowest,above_avg_temp=0;
  printf("Enter the number of days in the month:");
  scanf("%d",&days);
  float temp[days];
  for (i=0;i<days;i++){
    printf("Day %d temperature:",i+1);
    scanf("%f",&temp[i]);
    sum=sum+temp[i];
  }
  avg=sum/days;
```

```
highest=lowest=temp[0];
  for(i=0;i<days;i++){
    if(temp[i]>highest){
      highest=temp[i];
    }
    if(temp[i]<lowest){</pre>
      lowest=temp[i];
    }
    if(temp[i]>avg){
      above_avg_temp++;
    }
  }
  printf("Average Temperature of Month:%f\n",avg);
  printf("Highest Temperature Recorded:%f\n",highest);
  printf("Lowest Temperature Recorded:%f\n",lowest);
  printf("Number of Days Above Average Temperature:%f\n",above_avg_temp);
  return 0;
}
Output:
Enter the number of days in the month:30
Day 1 temperature:77
Day 2 temperature:34
Day 3 temperature:67
Day 4 temperature:88
Day 5 temperature:36
Day 6 temperature:97
Day 7 temperature:36
Day 8 temperature:65
Day 9 temperature:92
Day 10 temperature:20
Day 11 temperature:35
```



// 1. Use appropriate data types for product details (e.g., char arrays for product names, int for quantities, float for prices).
// 2. Implement a structure to hold product information.
// 3. Use control statements for menu-driven operations:
// i. Add Product
// ii. Update Product Quantity
// iii. Delete Product
// iv. View All Products in Inventory
// 4. Ensure that the program handles invalid inputs and displays appropriate error messages.
// Example Input/Output:
// Inventory Management System
// 1. Add Product
// 2. Update Product Quantity
// 3. Delete Product
// 4. View All Products in Inventory
// 5. Exit
// Choose an option: 1
// Enter product name: Widget A
// Enter product quantity: 50
// Enter product price: 19.99
// Choose an option: 4
// Product Name: Widget A, Quantity: 50, Price: \$19.99
// Choose an option: 5

```
// Exiting the system.
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int choice,quantity,new_quantity,product_exists=0;
  char name[20];
  float price;
  while(1){
    printf("\n Inventory Management System\n");
    printf("1.Add Product\n");
    printf("2.Update Product Quantity\n");
    printf("3.Delete Product\n");
    printf("4.View Product in Inventory\n");
    printf("5.Exit\n");
    printf("Choose an option:");
    scanf("%d",&choice);
    if(choice==1){
      printf("Enter product name:");
      scanf("%s",name);
      printf("Enter product quantity:");
      scanf("%d",&quantity);
      printf("Enter product price:");
      scanf("%f",&price);
      product_exists=1;
      printf("Product added successfully!\n");
    }
    else if(choice==2){
      if(!product_exists){
         printf("No product in Inventory.Please add a product first.\n");
      }
```

```
else{
    printf("Enter new quantity for %s:",name);
    scanf("%d",&new_quantity);
    quantity=new_quantity;
    printf("Product quantity updated successfully!\n");
  }
}
else if(choice==3){
  if(!product_exists){
    printf("No product found in inventory to delete.\n");
  }
  else
  {
    product_exists=0;
    printf("Product deleted successfully!\n");
  }
}
else if(choice==4){
  if(!product_exists){
    printf("No product found in inventory.\n");
  }
  else
  {
    printf("Product Name:%s, Quantity:%d, Price:%f\n",name,quantity,price);
  }
}
else if(choice==5)
  printf("Exiting the system.\n");
  break;
}
```

```
else
    {
      printf("Invalid\n");
    }
  }
  return 0;
}
Output:
Inventory Management System
1.Add Product
2.Update Product Quantity
3.Delete Product
4.View Product in Inventory
5.Exit
Choose an option:
1
Enter product name:
widget
Enter product quantity:
10
Enter product price:
500
Product added successfully!
Inventory Management System
1.Add Product
2.Update Product Quantity
3.Delete Product
4.View Product in Inventory
5.Exit
```

Choose an option:
2
Enter new quantity for widget:
20
Product quantity updated successfully!
Inventory Management System
1.Add Product
2.Update Product Quantity
3.Delete Product
4.View Product in Inventory
5.Exit
Choose an option:
3
Product deleted successfully!
Inventory Management System
1.Add Product
2.Update Product Quantity
3.Delete Product
4.View Product in Inventory
5.Exit
Choose an option:
1
Enter product name:
gadget
gadget Enter product quantity:
Enter product quantity:
Enter product quantity: 20

## 1.Add Product 2.Update Product Quantity 3.Delete Product 4. View Product in Inventory 5.Exit Choose an option: 2 Enter new quantity for gadget: 30 Product quantity updated successfully! **Inventory Management System** 1.Add Product 2.Update Product Quantity 3.Delete Product 4.View Product in Inventory 5.Exit Choose an option: Product Name:gadget, Quantity:30, Price:1000.000000 **Inventory Management System** 1.Add Product 2.Update Product Quantity 3.Delete Product 4. View Product in Inventory 5.Exit Choose an option:

**Inventory Management System** 

Exiting the system.