

B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
Basavanagudi, Bengaluru- 560019
DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



LAB REPORT
On
Object Oriented Java Programming

Submitted By :
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1BM22CS238

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A decorative banner featuring five large, stylized letters: 'I', 'N', 'D', 'E', and 'X'. Each letter is rendered in a bold, red font and is partially obscured by overlapping white squares, giving it a three-dimensional effect.

NAME: Sanjana Shetty STD.: 3 E SEC.: _____ ROLL NO.: _____ SUB.: 001

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Lab Program 1

- Java program for printing all real solutions to QE $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$. a, b, c & use the quadratic formula i.e. If Δ discriminant is -ve, display a message saying no real solutions

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class Quadratic {
```

```
    int a, b, c;
```

```
    double r1, r2, d;
```

```
    void getd()
```

```
{
```

```
    Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);  
    System.out.println("Enter the coefficients  
    a, b, c ");
```

~~```
a = s.nextInt();
```~~~~```
b = s.nextInt();
```~~~~```
c = s.nextInt();
```~~

```
}
```

1232,  
while  
int n

rem = n % 10  
n = n / 10

7

```
void compute()
```

```
{
```

```
 while (a == 0)
```

```
{
```

```
 System.out.println ("Not a quadratic
equation");
```

```
 System.out.println ("Enter non-zero a:");
```

```
 Scanner S = new Scanner (System.in);
```

```
 a = S.nextInt();
```

$$d = b^2 - 4ac$$

```
if (d == 0)
```

$$r1 = (-b) / (2a);$$

```
System.out.println ("Roots are real and
equal");
```

```
System.out.println ("Root 1 = Root 2 = " + r1);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
else if (d > 0)
```

~~$$r1 = ((-b) + \sqrt{d}) / (2a);$$~~

~~$$r2 = ((-b) - \sqrt{d}) / (2a);$$~~

```
System.out.println ("Roots are real &
distinct");
```

```
System.out.println ("Root 1 = " + r1 + "Root 2 = " + r2);
```

```
else if (d < 0)
```

```
{
```

```
 System.out.println("Roots are imaginary");
```

$$r1 = (-b) / (2 * a);$$

$$r2 = Math.sqrt(-d) / (2 * a);$$

```
System.out.println("Root1 = " + r1 + " + i" + r2);
```

```
System.out.println("Root2 = " + r1 + " - i" + r2);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
{
```

```
public static void main(String args[])
```

```
Quadratic q = new Quadratic();
```

```
q.getd();
```

```
q.compute();
```

```
{}
```

```
}
```

OUTPUT : ① Enter the coefficients : 3 4 5

Roots are imaginary

$$\text{Root 1} = 0.0 + i.1055415967851332$$

~~$$\text{Root 2} = 0.0 - i.1055415967851332$$~~

② Enter the Coefficients : 1 2 1

Roots are real and equal

$$\text{Root 1} = \text{Root 2} = -1.0$$

③ Enter the coefficients: 0 1 2

Not a quadratic equation two roots  
enter a different value of  $a(b) = 16$

$$((0 \times 8) / (b)) + 8^2. \text{disc} = 8$$

④ Enter the coefficients: 1 5 6

Roots are real & equal

$$\text{Root 1} = 2.0$$

$$\text{Root 2} = -3.0$$

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$$\frac{-b}{2a} \pm \sqrt{\frac{b^2 - 4ac}{4a}}$$

Develop a Java program to create a class Student with members user, name, an array credits and an array marks. Include methods to accept & display details & a method to calculate SGPA of a student.

$$\text{SGPA} = \frac{\sum (\text{Grade points})(\text{Course credits})}{\sum (\text{Course credits})}$$

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class Subject {
```

```
 int SubjectMarks;
```

```
 int credits;
```

```
 int grade;
```

```
}
```

```
class Student {
```

```
 Subject subject[] = new Subject[9];
```

```
 String name; String user; double SGPA;
```

```
 Scanner s;
```

```
 Student() {
```

```
 int i;
```

```
 subject = new Subject[9];
```

```
 for (i=0; i<9; i++)
```

```
 subject[i] = new Subject();
```

```
 s = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
void getStudentDetails()
```

```
{
```

```
System.out.print("Enter your name:");
name = s.next();
```

```
System.out.print("Enter your USN:");
usn = s.next();
```

```
}
```

```
void getMarks()
```

```
{
```

~~int i;~~~~for (i=0; i<9; i++)~~

```
{
```

```
System.out.println("Enter the marks for
```

```
subject " + (i+1) + ":");
```

```
Subject[i].SubjectMarks = s.nextInt();
```

```
System.out.print("Enter credits for
Subject " + (i+1) + ":");
```

```
Subject[i].credits = s.nextInt();
```

```
if (Subject[i].grade == 11)
```

```
Subject[i].grade = 10;
```

~~if (Subject[i].grade <= 4)~~~~Subject[i].grade = 0;~~

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
void ComputeSGPA() {
 int effectiveScore = 0;
 int Total Credits = 0;
 effectiveScore += (subject[i].grade * subject[i].
 credits);
 int Total Credits += subject[i].credits;
}
```

$$SGPA = (\text{double}) \text{effectiveScore} / (\text{double}) \text{total Credits};$$

```
}
```

```
class Main()
```

```
{
 public static void main(String args[])
```

```
{
 Student sl = new Student();
```

```
 sl.getStudentDetails();
```

```
 sl.getMarks();
```

```
 sl.computeSGPA();
```

```
 System.out.println("Name: " + sl.name);
```

```
 System.out.println("USN: " + sl.usn);
```

```
 System.out.println("SGPA: " + sl.SGPA);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

## OUTPUT

Enter the name: Sanjana

Enter your usn: 238

Enter marks of subject 1:

82  
Credits

Enter marks of subject 1:

4

Enter marks of subject 2:

87

Enter credits of subject 2:

4

Enter marks of subject 3:

67

Enter credits of subject 3:

4

Enter marks of subject 4:

91

Enter credits of subject 4:

3

Enter the marks of subject 5:

95

Enter the credits

3

Enter the marks of subject 6:

98

Enter the credits:

1

Enter the marks of subject 7:

94

Enter the credits:

1

Enter the marks of subject 8:

88

Enter the credits:

1

Name: Sanjana Shetty

USN: 238

SGPA: 9.75

OK

11/12<sup>th</sup>

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## Q) LAB 3

F: To solve p. about class

Libs with strg

import java.util.Scanner;

class Books {

String name;

String author;

int price;

int num - pages;

Books (String name, String author, int price,  
int num - pages) {

this.name = name;

this.author = author;

this.price = price;

this.num - pages = num - pages;

}

public void setName (String name) {

this.name = name;

}

public String getName () {

return "Book name: " + this.name + "\n";

}

public String getAuthor () {

return "Author: " + this.author + "\n";

}

```
public void setPrice(int price){
 this.price = price;
}
```

```
public int getPrice(){
 return this.price;
}
```

```
public void setPages(int numPages){
 this.numPages = numPages;
}
```

```
public int getPages(){
 return this.numPages;
}
```

```
class Main{
```

```
 public static void main(String args[]){
```

```
 Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
 int n;
```

```
 String name;
```

```
 String author;
```

```
 int price;
```

```
 int numPages;
```

```
 int i;
```

```
 System.out.println("Enter the book entries");
```

```
 n = s.nextInt();
```

```
 Books b[] = new Books[n];
```

System.out.println("Enter the name of the book, author name, price, book pages:");

for (i=0; i<n; i++) {

    name = s.next();

    author = s.next();

    price = s.nextInt();

    num\_pages = s.nextInt();

    b[i] = new Books(name, author, price,  
                  num\_pages);

}

for (i=0; i<n; i++) {

    System.out.println("Book details are:");

    System.out.println(b[i].getName() + b[i].getAu-  
                  + "Book price: " + b[i].getPrice() + "

    "\nNumber pages: " + b[i].getPages());

}

}

}

System.out.println("Enter the name of the book, author name, price, book pages: ");

```
for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
 name = s.next();
 author = s.next();
 price = s.nextInt();
 numPages = s.nextInt();
 b[i] = new Books(name, author, price,
 numPages);
}
```

for(i=0; i<n; i++) {

System.out.println("Book details are: ");  
 System.out.println(b[i].getName() + b[i].getAuthor()  
 + " Book price: " + b[i].getPrice() + "

+ " Number pages: " + b[i].getPages());  
}

}

}

}

## OUTPUT

Enter the number of book entries:

2  
Enter the name of the book, author name, price & book pages:

ABC

EFG

300

20

SGD

JSS

345

39

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Book details are:

Book name: ABC

Author: EFG

Book price: 300

Number of pages: 20

Book details are:

Book name: SGD

Author: JSS

Book price: 345

Number of pages: 39

Q) Develop a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains 2 integers & an empty method named printArea(). Provide 3 classes named Rectangle, Triangle, & Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contain only the method print Area() that prints area of the given Shape.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class InputScanner {
```

```
 Scanner s;
```

```
 InputScanner()
```

```
{
```

```
 s = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
abstract class Shape extends InputScanner {
```

~~double a;~~~~double b;~~~~abstract void printArea();~~~~abstract void ~~print~~ getInput();~~

```
}
```

```
class Triangle extends Shape {
 void getInput() {
 System.out.println("Enter Dimensions of the
triangle: ");
 a = s.nextDouble();
 b = s.nextDouble();
 }
}
```

```
void printArea() {
 System.out.println("Area of Enter the
dimensions of the triangle: ");
 a = s.nextDouble();
 b = s.nextDouble();
 + (double)(a*b)/2);
 a = s.nextDouble();
 b = s.nextDouble();
}
```

```
{
class Rectangle extends Shape {
 void getInput() {
 System.out.println("Enter the
Dimensions of the rectangle: ");
 a = s.nextDouble();
 b = s.nextDouble();
 }
}
```

```
void printArea() {
 System.out.println("Area of Rectangle
= " + (double)(a*b));
}
```

class Circle extends Shape {

void getinput() {

System.out.println ("Enter the Dimensions  
of the circle : ");  
a = s.nextDouble(); }

Void printArea() {

System.out.println ("Area of Circle = "+  
(double) (3.14 \* a \* a));

class AreaMain{

public static void main (String args []) {

Triangle t = new Triangle();

Circle c = new Circle();

Rectangle r = new Rectangle();

t.getinput();

r.getinput();

c.getinput();

t.printArea();

r.printArea();

c.printArea();

## OUTPUT

Enter the dimensions of the rectangle: 2 3

2  
3

Enter the dimensions of the triangle: 2

4

Enter the dimensions of the circle: 3

Area of Rectangle = 6.0

Area of Triangle = 4.0

Area of Circle = 28.2599

~~WAP~~  
~~2 3 4~~

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## Lecture 5

Q) Bank Account with Current Account & Savings Account

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
abstract class Account {
```

```
 String name;
```

```
 String accno; String type;
```

```
 Account (String name, int accno, String type) {
```

```
 this.name = name; this.accno = accno; this.type = type;
```

```
 final int min_balance = 300;
```

```
}
```

```
class Savings extends Account {
```

```
 int balance;
```

```
 Saving (String name, int accno, String type, int balance) {
```

```
 Super (name, accno, type);
```

```
 this.balance = balance;
```

```
}
```

```
void deposit (int amount) { balance += amount; }
```

```
void interest () {
```

```
 double interest; final double rate = 0.2;
```

```
 System.out.println ("Complaint Interest: ");
```

~~```
    interest = (balance * rate) / 100;
```~~~~```
 System.out.println (interest);
```~~

```
}
```

```
void withdraw (int amount) { balance -= amount; }
void display() {
 System.out.println ("Customer name: " + this.name);
 System.out.println ("Account number: " + this.acno);
 System.out.println ("Type of Account: " + this.type);
 System.out.println ("Balance: " + this.balance);
}

class Current extends Account {
 int balance;
 Current (String name, int acno, String type, int balance) {
 super (name, acno, type);
 this.balance = balance;
 }
 void deposit (int amount) { balance += amount; }
 void withdraw (int amount) { balance -= amount; }
 void penaltyCheck () {
 if (balance < min_balance) {
 int penalty = 300; balance -= penalty;
 System.out.println ("You have 0 balance or
negative balance due to penalty of
300: " + this.balance); } else {
 System.out.println ("No penalty");
 }
 }
}
```

```
void display() {
```

```
 System.out.println("Customer name : " + this.name);
```

```
 System.out.println("Account number : " + this.accno);
```

```
 System.out.println("Type of Account : " + this.type);
```

```
 System.out.println("Balance : " + balance);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
public static void main (String args[])
```

```
{
```

```
 Scanner s = new Scanner (System.in);
```

```
 System.out.println("Enter customer name : ");
```

```
 String name = s.next();
```

```
 System.out.println("Enter account no : ");
```

~~```
    int accno = s.nextInt();
```~~~~```
 int balance = 0;
```~~

```
 Current c = new Current (name, accno, "current",
```

~~```
    balance);
```~~~~```
 Savings s1 = new Savings (name, accno, "savings", balance);
```~~~~```
    while (true) {
```~~~~```
 System.out.println(" -- MENU -- ");
```~~~~```
        System.out.println(" 1. Deposit 2. Withdraw
```~~~~```
 3. Compute interest 4. Display 5. Exit");
```~~

```
System.out.println("Enter your choice");
int choice = s.nextInt();

switch(choice) {
 case 1: System.out.println("Enter account type:");
 String type = s.next();
 System.out.println("Enter deposit amount");
 int amount = s.nextInt();
 if(type.equals("current")){
 c.deposit(amount);
 }
 else {
 si.deposit(amount);
 }
 break;
}
```

```
Case 2: System.out.println("Enter account type:");
String type1 = s.next();
System.out.print("Enter withdraw amount");
int amount1 = s.nextInt();
if(type1.equals("current")){
 c.withdraw(amount1);
 c.penaltyCheck();
}
else {
 si.withdraw(amount1);
}
break;
```

case 3: System.out.println("Enter the type of account:");
String type2 = s.next();
if(type2.equals("current")){
 System.out.println("No interest provided");
 break;
}

```
i ("starts with withdraw - two step2
else { sl. interest (); }
break;
```

Case 4: System.out.println("Enter Account type: ");

```
String type3 = s.next();
if (type3.equals("current")){
 penaltyCheck();
 c.display();
}
else { sl.display(); }
break;
```

Case 5: System.out.println("Invalid choice");  
System.exit(0);

OUTPUT: // Current Account      ~~trans period~~

Enter customer name: Sanjana

Enter account number: 1

--MENU-- 1. Deposit 2. Withdraw 3. Interest 4. Display 5. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter account type: current

Enter the deposit amount: 3000

--MENU--

Enter choice: 3

Enter type of account: current

No interest provided

--MENU--

Enter choice: 2

Enter account type: current

Enter withdraw amount: 2800

You have 0 or negative penalty due to  
penalty: -100

--MENU--

Enter choice: 4

Enter account type: current

Customer name: Sanjana

Account number: 1

Type of Account: current

Balance: -100

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# 11 Savings account

-- MENU --

Enter your choice : 1

Enter type of account: Savings

Enter the deposit amount: 4000

-- MENU --

Enter your choice: 3

Enter the type of account: Savings

Compound interest: 8.0

-- MENU --

Enter your choice: 4

Enter your choice: type of account: savings

Customer name: Sanjana

Account number: 1

Type of account: Savings

Balance: 4000

*(Signature) Sayana Shetty  
23/1/24  
IBM22CS238*

Lab 6  
16/01/24

Demonstrate various string constructors w/  
1. java pgm

Java

ad

Java

ad

ABCDEF

pd

CDE

of

cde

IF

2. Stringlength(), string literal, string concat

3

6

He is 19 years old + (3) days. (F.i)

fone: 4 int → String // always same

char[] ← split always same

3. toString()

101 Sanjana TA Bangalore same

102 Smitha Bangalore portative

4,5) Using, getchar(), extract Bmsece from "Welcome to Bmsece College" — get bytes  
— to char array

After delete: This is

not

After delete Char:

is big

After replace: for

is big

Bmsec

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

// getchars()

// getbytes()

0

ABCD

2345

ABCDEF

345

567

ABCDEFG // tochararray()

6,7) .equals() & .regionMatches()

Bmsec equals Bmsec → true

Bmsec equals College → false

Bmsec equals BMSEC → false

Bmsec equals ignore CASE of BMSEC → true

substring matched Bmsec College

8,9,10) .startsWith() & .endsWith() & .equals()

true

true

false

false

Hello equals Hello → true  
Hello == Hello → false

ii) Perform sorting using compareTo()

apple  
ball  
cat

dog  
free  
watch

### String buffer functions

o/p      buffer before = Hello //charAt

          charAt(1) before = e

          buffer after = H:

          charAt(1) after = i

          f //getchar

Hello from Bms College

a = 42!

I like Java!

!avaT ekib I

After delete : This is a test.

After delete CharAt : his a test

After replace : his ~~awatst~~ awatst

## 2i) Genetics

Enter elements into the integer stack

10 20 30 40 50

Enter elements in double stack

60.00 70.03 81.23 10.2 23.76

Elements of stack 1

50  
40  
30  
20  
10

Elements of stack 2

23.76

10.2

81.23

70.03

60.00

✓ output and now off

out  
23.76

left = 0

last add P

Ends here!

task a is first : takes up

task a is last : takes up

between them and : takes up

Lab 6 23/01/24 8 what's about static methods

// Student.java  
package CIE;  
import java.util.Scanner;  
public class Student {  
 protected String usn = new String();  
 protected String name = new String();  
 protected int sem;  
 void inputStudentDetails() {  
 Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);  
 usn = s.next(); name = s.next(); sem = s.nextInt();  
 }  
}

Student() {  
 }  
}

Student (String usn, String name, int sem) {  
 this.usn = usn; this.name = name; this.sem = sem;  
}

// Internals.java

import java.util.Scanner;  
package CIE;

{()} static Student[] stds; biov

public class Internals extends Student { ↑ done

protected int[] marks = new int[5]; ↳ student

String name; String usn; int sem;

void inputCIEDetails() { ↳ stack (31) speaking

Scanner s = new Scanner (System.in); ↳ error 2 - lib - no { diagini

System.out.println ("Enter Internals marks in"); ↳ gilding

5 Subjects); print8 wsn = new print8 betw0f0rg ↳ error print8 betw0f0rg

for (int i=0; i<5; i++) { ↳ error print8 betw0f0rg

System.out.println ("Subject " + (i+1)); ↳ error print8 betw0f0rg

marks[i] = s.nextInt(); ↳ error print8 betw0f0rg

}

Internals() { ↳ treebut2

}

Internals (String usn, String name, int sem, ↳ part3  
int marks[]) { ↳ (maz - tri, singh - tri, new - print8) treebut2

super (usn, name, usn); ↳ error - print8 - intt

for (int i=0; i<5; i++) { ↳ error - print8 - intt

this.marks[i] = marks[i]; ↳ error - print8 - intt

}

void displayStudentDetails() { ↳ (11) CIE speaking

```
System.out.println ("Name " + this.name +
" USN: " + this.usn + " Sem: " + this.sem);
System.out.println ("Marks: ");
for (int i=0; i<5; i++) {
 System.out.println ("Subject " + (i+1) + ": " +
marks[i]);
}
```

```
package SEE;
import CIE.Internals;
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class External extends Internals {
```

```
protected int[] marks1 = new int[5];
protected final int[] finalMarks = new int[5];
```

```
External() {
```

```
}
```

```
public void inputSETmark() {
```

```
 System.out.println("Enter SET marks for 5
subjects");
```

```
 for (int i=0; i<5; i++) {
```

```
 System.out.println("Subject " + (i+1) +
 " marks : ");
```

```
 marks1[i] = s.nextInt();
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
public void calcFinalMarks() {
```

```
 for (int i=0; i<5; i++) {
```

```
 finalMarks = marks1[i]/2 + Super_marks[i];
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
public void displayFinalmarks() {
```

```
 displayStudentDetails();
```

```
 for (int i=0; i<5; i++) {
```

```
 System.out.println("Subject " +
```

```
 (i+1) + " : " + finalMarks[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
 }
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
// main.java
import SEE.Externals;
import java.util.Scanner;

class main {
 public static void main (String args[]) {
 Scanner s = new Scanner (System.in);
 int n;
 System.out.println ("enter number of students :");
 n = s.nextInt();
 External finalMarks[] = new External[n];
 for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
 finalMarks[i] = new External();
 finalMarks[i].inputStudentDetails();
 finalMarks[i].inputCIEDetails();
 finalMarks[i].inputSEEMarks();
 }
 System.out.println ("final details");
 for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
 finalMarks[i].calFinalMarks();
 finalMarks[i].displayFinalMarks();
 }
 }
}
```

"/ Output

Number of students : 2

Enter usn: 238

Enter name: Sarjana

Semester: 3

Enter CIE marks:

Subject 1: 22

Subject 2: 27

Subject 3: 34

Subject 4: 37

Subject 5: 36

Enter SEE marks:

Subject 1: 90

Subject 2: 92

Subject 3: 86

Subject 4: 95

Subject 5: 93

(c) student's file [ ] teacher's file

(d) student's file [ ] teacher's file

## Displaying data -

classmate

Name : Sanjana

17

USN : 238

6

Semester : 3

Subject 1: 78

Subject 2: 82 <sup>missed</sup> whisks apparently

Subject 3: 71<sup>2</sup> print2) spA.print 6/6

Subject 4 = 84

Subject 5: 83

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Sanjana Shetty

1B M22 CSQ 38 without seals

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## Lab 7

Q)

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class WrongAge extends Exception {
 public WrongAge(String s) {
 super(s);
 }
}
```

```
class Father {
```

```
 int fatherAge;
 Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in)
 Father() {
 System.out.println("Enter Father's age");
 fatherAge = s.nextInt();
 }
```

```
 void check1() throws WrongAge {
 if (fatherAge < 0) {
```

```
 throw new WrongAge("Age cannot be
negative");
```

```
}
```

```
else {
```

```
 System.out.println("Father's age " + fatherAge);
 }
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

class Son extends Father {  
 int sonAge;  
 Scanner S = new Scanner(System.in);  
 Son() {  
 Super();  
 System.out.println("Enter son's age");  
 sonAge = S.nextInt();  
 }  
 void check2() throws WrongAge {  
 if (sonAge >= fatherAge) {  
 throw new WrongAge("Son's age cannot  
 be greater than father's age");  
 } else if (sonAge < 0) {  
 throw new WrongAge("age can't be  
 negative");  
 } else {  
 System.out.println("Son's age: " + sonAge);  
 }  
 }  
}

## Class Main E

```
public static void main(String args[]) {
 Son s = new Son(); } }
```

try {

S. check 2();

Catch (Wrong Age e) {

```
System.out.println(e.getMessage());
```

$\{ \text{app}, \text{other} \} = \{ \text{opA}, \text{opB} \}$

577  
firms esp } 2102") profit was worth  
} (esp 2102) most reas of  
chanc } (2102) fees

OUTPUT : `ps -ef | grep Sarjana` Sarjana Shetty

i) Enter Father's age

1BM22CS238

Enter Son's age

45 21.02") J. nitroseq. test. motor 2

Son's age cannot be greater than father's age

2) Enter Father's age

45

~~Enter Son's age:~~

15

Son's age: 15

Wu  
3°-1-m

## Lab 8

```
class DisplayMessageThread extends Thread {
 private final String message;
 private final long interval; // in ms

 DisplayMessageThread (String message, long interval) {
 this.message = message;
 this.interval = interval;
 }

 public void run() {
 try {
 while(true) {
 System.out.println(message);
 Thread.sleep(interval);
 }
 } catch (InterruptedException e) {
 System.out.println(Thread.currentThread()
 .getName() + " interrupted");
 }
 }
}
```

8 Dec

```
public class TwoThreeDemo {
 public static void main (String [] args) {
 DisplayMessage Thread thread1 = new DisplayMessage
 Thread ("BMS College of Engineering, 10000);
 DisplayMessage Thread thread1 = new DisplayMessage
 Thread ("CSE, 2000);
 thread1.setName ("Thread 1");
 thread2.setName ("Thread 2");
 thread1.start();
 thread2.start();
 try {
 Thread.sleep(3000);
 } catch (InterruptedException e) {
 System.out.println ("Main thread exception.");
 }
 thread1.interrupt();
 thread2.interrupt();
 System.out.println ("Main thread exiting");
 }
}
```

OUTPUT

BMS college of Engineering

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

BMS college of engineering

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

BMS college of Engineering

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

Sajana Shetty

1Bm22cs238

Main thread exiting

Thread 2 interrupted

Thread 1 interrupted.

~~HW~~  
G-2-m

13/2/24

classmate

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Page \_\_\_\_\_

## Lab 10

Class & {

int n;

boolean valueSet = false;

Synchronized int get() {

while (!valueSet)

{

try {

System.out.println("\nConsumer waiting\n");

wait();

}

catch (InterruptedException e) {

System.out.println("InterruptedException  
caught");

}

System.out.println("Got : " + n);

valueSet = true;

System.out.println("\nIntimate Producer\n");

notify();

return n;

}

Synchronized void put(int n) {

while (valueSet)

try {

System.out.println("\nProducer Waiting\n");

wait();

}

M/

```
 catch (InterruptedException e)
```

{

```
 System.out.println ("Interrupted Exception
Caught");
```

}

}

```
 this.n = n;
```

```
 valueSet = true;
```

```
 System.out.println ("Put: " + n);
```

```
 System.out.println ("n Intimate Consumer");
```

```
 notify();
```

}

}

```
class Producer implements Runnable {
```

```
 Queue q;
```

```
 Producer (Queue q) {
```

```
 this.q = q;
```

```
 new Thread (this, "Consumer").start();
```

```
 public void run() {
```

```
 int i = 0;
```

```
 while (i < 15) {
```

```
 int r = q.get();
```

```
 i++;
```

{

?

?

```
class PC.Fixed {
```

```
 public static void main(String args[]) {
 Q q = new Q();
 new Producer(q);
 new Consumer(q);
 new Gor
 System.out.println("Press Control-c
 to stop.");
 }
```

Output:

Put : 1

Got: 1

Put : 2

Got : 2

Put : 3

Got : 3

Put : 4

Got : 4

Put : 5

Got : 5

Sanjana Shetty

1BM22CS238

W6-24  
13/2

## Deadlock

```
class A {
```

```
 synchronized void foo(B b) {
```

```
 String name = Thread.currentThread().getName();
 System.out.println(name + " entered A.foo");
```

```
 try {
```

```
 Thread.sleep(1000);
```

```
}
```

```
 catch (Exception e) {
```

```
 System.out.println("A interrupted");
```

```
 }
```

```
 System.out.println(name + " trying to
call B.last()");
```

```
 b.last();
```

```
}
```

```
 void last() {
```

```
 System.out.println("Inside A.last");
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
class B {
```

```
 synchronized void bar(A a) {
```

```
 String name = Thread.currentThread().getName();
 System.out.println(name + " entered B.bar");
```

```
 try {
```

```
 Thread.sleep(1000);
```

```
}
```

```
 catch (Exception e) {
```

```
 System.out.println("B interrupted");
```

```
 System.out.println(name + " trying to");
```

```
 call A.last());
```

```
 a.last();
```

```
}
```

```
 void last() {
```

```
 System.out.println("Inside A.last");
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
class Deadlock implements Runnable
```

```
{
```

```
 A a = new A();
```

```
 B b = new B();
```

```
 Deadlock() {
```

```
 Thread.currentThread().setName("Main Thread");
```

```
 Thread t = new Thread(this, "Racing Thread");
 t.start();
```

a. `foo(b);`

`System.out.println("Back in main  
thread");`

}

`public void run(){`

b. `bar(a);`

`System.out.println("Back in other  
thread");`

}

`public static void main(String args[]){  
 new Deadlock();  
}`

}

}

Output:

Sanjana Shetty

18M22CS238

Main Thread entered A. foo

Racing Thread entered B. bar

Main Thread trying to call B. last()

Inside A. last

Back in main thread

Racing Thread trying to call A. last()

Inside A. last

Back in other thread

11/2/24

## Lab 9

Write a program that creates a user interface to perform integer divisions.

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;

public class DivisionMain1 extends Frame implements
ActionListener {

 TextField num1, num2;
 Button dResult;
 Label outResult;
 String out = " ";
 double resultNum;
 int flag = 0;

 public DivisionMain1()
 {
 setLayout(new FlowLayout());

 dResult = new Button("RESULT");
 Label number1 = new Label("Number 1:",
 Label.RIGHT);

 Label number2 = new Label("Number 2:",
 Label.RIGHT);

 num1 = new TextField(5);
 num2 = new TextField(5);

 outResult = new Label("Result: ", Label.RIGHT);
 add(number1); add(num1);
 add(number2); add(num2);
 }
}
```

```
add(dResult); add(outResult);
num1.addActionListener(this);
num2.addActionListener(this);
dResult.addActionListener(this);
addWindowListener(new WindowAdapter()
 {
 public void windowClosing(WindowEvent we)
 }
```

```
{ System.exit(0);
}); }
```

```
}

public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ae)
{
 int n1, n2;
 try
 {
 if(ae.getSource() == dResult)
 {
 n1 = Integer.parseInt(num1.getText());
 n2 = Integer.parseInt(num2.getText());
 if(n2 == 0)
 throw new ArithmeticException();
 out = n1 + num2 + n2;
 resultNum = n1 / n2;
 out += String.valueOf(resultNum);
 repaint();
 }
 }
```

Catch (NumberFormatException e1)

{

flag = 1; out = "Number Format Exception! " + e1;  
repaint();

}

Catch (ArithmaticException e2)

{

flag = 1; out = "Divide by 0 exception! " + e2;  
repaint();

}

public void paint(Graphics g)

{

if (flag == 0)

g.drawString(out, outResult.getResultWidth(), outResult.getResultHeight() - 8);

else

g.drawString("0", 100, 200);

flag = 0;

}

public static void main(String[] args)

DivisionMain1 dm = new DivisionMain1();

Catch (NumberFormatException e1)

{

flag = 1;  
out = "Number Format Exception! " + e1;  
repaint();

}

Catch (ArithmetcException e2)

{

flag = 1;  
out = "Divide by 0 exception! " + e2;  
repaint();

}

public void paint(Graphics g)

{

if (flag == 0)

g.drawString(out, outResult.getX() + outResult.getWidth() / outResult.getHeight() - 8);

else

g.drawString(out, 100, 200);

flag = 0;

}

public static void main(String[] args)

DivisionMain1 dm = new DivisionMain1();

dm.setSize(new Dimension(800, 400));  
dm.setTitle("Division Of Integers");  
dm.setVisible(true);

}

}

Output :

Number 1:

Number 2:

Result: 6 / 2 = 3.0

Sanjana Shetty  
13M22CS238

(1) Best Dip E

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210 | 2 | 2024 with many thanks

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Helps for better answers types no -  
seal

# 1) add ActionListener (Object-name)

- callback mechanism when any action is perform
- method of ActionListener interface

# 2) add WindowListener()

- it used to process window events
- it adds the specified window listener to receive window events

# 3) getText()

- function to get text input from the user

# 4) repaint()

- an asynchronous method of applet class.

5) drawString()

- takes instance of String class as parameter containing the text to be drawn & two integer values specifying the coordinates where text should start.

6) ~~getHeight()~~, ~~getWidth()~~, ~~setSize()~~

- sets the size of the current Dimension object to the specified width & height.

7) setLayout()

- method that allows to set the layout of the container

8) JFrame

JFrame is a class in Java that consists of methods for setting size or visibility

9) JLabel

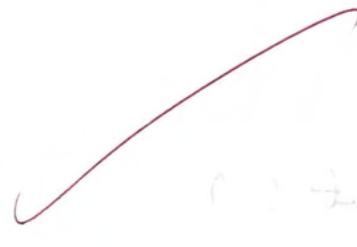
- provides print & repaint methods  
- creates JLabel instance with the specified  
text, image, and horizontal alignment.

10) setVisible()

- method makes the frame appear  
on the screen.

input of other

55



C) Components

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~~poly~~

## **LABS SOURCE CODE**

### **Lab 1 (12/2/24)**

Develop a Java program that prints all real solutions to the quadratic equation  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ . Read in a, b, c and use the quadratic formula. If the discriminant  $b^2 - 4ac$  is negative, display a message stating that there are no real solutions

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Quadratic
{
 int a,b,c;
 double r1,r2,d;
 void getd(){
 Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
 System.out.println("Enter the coefficients of a,b,c");
 a=s.nextInt();
 b=s.nextInt();
 c=s.nextInt();
 }
 void compute()
 {
 System.out.println("Sanjana Shetty, 1BM22CS238");
 while(a==0){
 System.out.println("not a quadratic equation");
 System.out.println("enter a non-zero value of a");
 Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
 a=s.nextInt();
 }
 d=b*b-4*a*c;
 if(d==0){
 r1=(-b)/(2*a);
 System.out.println("Roots are real and equal");
 System.out.println("Root1=root2="+r1);
 }
 else if(d>0){
```

```

 r1=(-b)+(Math.sqrt(d))/(2*a);
 r1=(-b)-(Math.sqrt(d))/(2*a);
 System.out.println("Roots are real and distinct");
 System.out.println("Root1="+r1+"Root2="+r2);
 }
 else if(d<0){
 System.out.println("Roots are imaginary");
 r1=(-b)/(2*a);
 r2=Math.sqrt(-d)/(2*a);
 System.out.println("Root1="+r1+" +i"+r2);
 System.out.println("Root1="+r1+" -i"+r2);
 }
}
class QuadraticMain
{
 public static void main(String args[])
 {
 Quadratic q=new Quadratic();
 q.getd();
 q.compute();
 }
}

```

## Lab 2 (19/12/23)

Develop a Java program to create a class Student with members usn, name, an array credits and an array marks. Include methods to accept and display details and a method to calculate SGPA of a student.

```

import java.util.*;
class Subject
{
 int subjectMarks;
 int credits;
 int grade;
}
class Student
{
 Subject subject[];
 String name;
 String usn;
 double sgpa;

```

```

Scanner s;
Student()
{
 int i;
 subject =new Subject[9];
 for(i=0;i<9;i++)
 subject[i]=new Subject();
 s=new Scanner(System.in);
}
void getStudentDetails()
{
 System.out.println("Enter student name");
 name=s.next();
 System.out.println("Enter student USN");
 usn=s.next();
}
void getMarks()
{
 for(int i=0;i<9;i++)
 {
 System.out.println("Enter marks");
 subject[i].subjectMarks=s.nextInt();
 System.out.println("Enter number of +credits");
 subject[i].credits=s.nextInt();
 subject[i].grade=(subject[i].subjectMarks/10)+1;
 if(subject[i].grade==11)
 subject[i].grade=10;
 if(subject[i].grade<=4)
 subject[i].grade=0;
 }
}
void computeSGPA()
{
 int effectiveScores=0;
 int totalCredits=0;
 for(int i=0;i<9;i++)
 {
 effectiveScores+=subject[i].grade*subject[i].credits;
 totalCredits+=subject[i].credits;
 }
 sgpa=(double)effectiveScores/(double)totalCredits;
}
}

```

```

class Main
{
 public static void main(String args[])
 {
 Student s1=new Student();
 s1.getStudentDetails();
 s1.getMarks();
 s1.computeSGPA();
 System.out.println("Student name:"+s1.name);
 System.out.println("Student usn:"+s1.usn);
 System.out.println("Student SGPA:"+s1.sgpa);
 }
}

```

### **Lab 3 (26/12/24)**

Create a class Book which contains four members: name,author, price, num\_pages. Include a constructor to set the values for the members. Include methods to set and get the details of the objects. Include a `toString()` method that could display the complete details of the book. Develop a Java program to create n book objects.

```

import java.util.Scanner;

class Books {
 String name;
 String author;
 int price;
 int num_pages;

 Books(String name, String author, int price, int num_pages) {
 this.name = name;
 this.author = author;
 this.price = price;
 this.num_pages = num_pages;
 }
}

```

```
}

public void setName(String name) {
 this.name = name;
}

public String getName() {
 return "Book name: " + this.name + "\n";
}

public void setAuthor(String author) {
 this.author = author;
}

public String getAuthor() {
 return "Author: " + this.author + "\n";
}

public void setPrice(int price) {
 this.price = price;
}

public int getPrice() {
 return this.price;
}

public void setPages(int num_pages) {
 this.num_pages = num_pages;
}

public int getPages() {
 return this.num_pages;
}

}

class Main {
 public static void main(String args[]) {
 Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
 int n;
 String name;
 String author;
 int price;
 int num_pages;
 int i;
```

```

System.out.println("Enter the number of book entries");
n = s.nextInt();
Books b[] = new Books[n];

System.out.println("Enter the name of the book, author name, price and book pages:");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
 name = s.next();
 author = s.next();
 price = s.nextInt();
 num_pages = s.nextInt();
 b[i] = new Books(name, author, price, num_pages);
}

for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
 System.out.println("Book details are:");
 System.out.println(b[i].getName() + b[i].getAuthor() + "Book price: " + b[i].getPrice() +
"\nNumber of pages: " + b[i].getPages());
}
}
}

```

#### **Lab 4 (2/01/24)**

Develop a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers and an empty method named printArea( ).Provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle and Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contain only the method printArea( ) that prints the area of the given shape.

```

class Figure{
 int a; int b;
 Figure(int a, int b){
 this.a=a;
 this.b=b;
 }
 double area(){
 return 0;
 }
}
class Rectangle extends Figure{
 Rectangle(int a, int b){

```

```

 super(a,b);
 }
 double area(){
 return a*b;
 }
}
class Triangle extends Figure{
 Triangle(int a, int b){
 super(a,b);
 }
 double area(){
 return (0.5)*a*b;
 }
}
class Main{
 public static void main(String args[]){
 Rectangle r=new Rectangle(2,3);
 Triangle t=new Triangle(1,2);
 Figure f=new Rectangle(2,2);
 System.out.println("Area of Rectangle:"+r.area());
 System.out.println("Area of Triangle:"+t.area()+"\n");
 System.out.println(f.area());
 }
}

```

### **Lab 5 (16/01/24)**

Develop a Java program to create a class Bank that maintains two kinds of account for its customers, one called savings account and the other current account. The savings account provides compound interest and withdrawal facilities but no cheque book facility. The current account provides cheque book facility but no interest. Current account holders should also maintain a minimum balance and if the balance falls below this level, a service charge is imposed.

Create a class Account that stores customer name, account number and type of account. From this derive the classes Cur-acct and Sav-acct to make them more specific to their requirements. Include the necessary methods in order to achieve the following tasks:

a)Accept deposit from customer and update the balance.

b)Display the balance.

c)Compute and deposit interest

d)Permit withdrawal and update the balance

Check for the minimum balance, impose penalty if necessary and update the balance.

```
import java.util.Scanner;

abstract class Account {
 String name;
 int accno;
 String type;
 Account(String name, int accno, String type) {
 this.name = name;
 this.accno = accno;
 this.type = type;
 }
 final int min_balance = 300;
}
class Savings extends Account {
 int balance;
 Savings(String name, int accno, String type, int balance) {
 super(name, accno, type);
 this.balance = balance;
 }
 void deposit(int amount) {
 balance += amount;
 }
 void interest() {
 double interest;
 final double rate = 0.2;
 System.out.println("Compound interest:");
 interest = balance * rate / 100;
 System.out.println(interest);
 }
 void withdraw(int amount) {
 balance -= amount;
 }
 void display() {
 System.out.println("Customer name: " + this.name);
```

```

 System.out.println("Account number: " + this.accno);
 System.out.println("Type of Account: " + this.type);
 System.out.println("Balance: " + this.balance);
 }
}

class Current extends Account {
 int balance;
 Current(String name, int accno, String type, int balance) {
 super(name, accno, type);
 this.balance = balance;
 }
 void deposit(int amount) {
 balance += amount;
 }
 void withdraw(int amount) {
 balance -= amount;
 }
 void penaltyCheck() {
 if (balance < min_balance) {
 int penalty = 300;
 balance -= penalty;
 System.out.println("You have 0 or negative balance due to penalty: " + this.balance);
 } else {
 System.out.println("No penalty");
 }
 }
 void display() {
 System.out.println("Customer name: " + this.name);
 System.out.println("Account number: " + this.accno);
 System.out.println("Type of Account: " + this.type);
 System.out.println("Balance: " + balance);
 }
}

class Bank {
 public static void main(String args[]) {
 Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
 System.out.println("Enter customer name:");
 String name = s.next();
 System.out.println("Enter account number:");
 int accno = s.nextInt();
 int balance = 0;
 Current c=new Current(name,accno,"current",balance);

```

```

Savings s1=new Savings(name,accno,"savings",balance);
while (true) {
 System.out.println("--MENU--");
 System.out.println("1. Deposit 2. Withdraw 3. Compute interest for Savings account 4.
Display account details 5. Exit");
 System.out.println("Enter your choice:");
 int choice = s.nextInt();

 switch (choice) {
 case 1:
 System.out.println("Enter the type of account:");
 String type = s.next();
 System.out.println("Enter the deposit amount:");
 int amount = s.nextInt();
 if (type.equals("current")) {
 c.deposit(amount);
 } else {
 s1.deposit(amount);
 }
 break;
 case 2:
 System.out.println("Enter the type of account:");
 String type1 = s.next();
 System.out.println("Enter the withdraw amount:");
 int amount1 = s.nextInt();
 if (type1.equals("current")) {
 c.withdraw(amount1);
 c.penaltyCheck();
 } else {
 s1.withdraw(amount1);
 }
 break;
 case 3:
 System.out.println("Enter the type of account:");
 String type2 = s.next();
 if (type2.equals("current")) {
 System.out.println("No interest provided");
 break;
 } else {
 s1.interest();
 }
 break;
 case 4:
 System.out.println("Enter the type of account:");

```

```
String type3 = s.next();
if (type3.equals("current")) {
 c.display();
} else {
 s1.display();
}
break;
case 5:
 System.out.println("Invalid choice");
 System.exit(0);
}
}
}
}
```

Lab 6 (23/01/24)

Create a package CIE which has two classes- Student and Internals. The class Student has members like usn, name, sem. The class Internals derived from Student has an array that stores the internal marks scored in five courses of the current semester of the student. Create another package SEE which has the class External which is a derived class of Student. This class has an array that stores the SEE marks scored in five courses of the current semester of the student. Import the two packages in a file that declares the final marks of n students in all five courses.

```
//Student.java
package CIE;

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Student {

 protected String usn = new String();
 protected String name = new String();
 protected int sem;

 public void inputStudentDetails()
 {
 Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
System.out.println("Enter student usn");
usn=sc.next();
System.out.println("Enter student name");
name=sc.next();
System.out.println("Enter student semester");
sem=sc.nextInt();
}
```

```
public void displayStudentDetails() {
System.out.println("student usn:"+ usn);
System.out.println("student name:"+name);
System.out.println(" student sem:"+ sem);
}
}
```

```
//Internals.java
package CIE;
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class Internals extends Student {

protected int marks[] = new int[5];

public void inputCIEmarks()
{
Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
for (int i=0;i<5;i++)
{
System.out.println("Enter 5 subject marks");
marks[i]=sc.nextInt();
}
}
}
```

```
//Externals.java
package SEE;

import CIE.Internals;
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Externals extends Internals {

protected int marks[];

protected int finalMarks[];

public Externals() {

marks = new int[5];
finalMarks = new int[5];
}

public void inputSEEmarks()

{

Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

for(int i=0;i<5;i++)

{

System.out.print("Subject "+(i+1)+" marks: ");

marks[i] = sc.nextInt();

}

}

public void calculateFinalMarks() {

for(int i=0;i<5;i++)

finalMarks[i] = marks[i]/2 + super.marks[i];

}

public void displayFinalMarks() {
```

```
displayStudentDetails();

for(int i=0;i<5;i++)

System.out.println("Subject " + (i+1) + ": " + finalMarks[i]);

}

}

//Main1.java
import SEE.Externals;

class Main1 {

public static void main(String args[])

{

int numOfStudents = 2;

Externals finalMarks[] = new

Externals[numOfStudents];

for(int i=0;i<numOfStudents;i++)

{

finalMarks[i] = new Externals();
finalMarks[i].inputStudentDetails();

System.out.println("Enter CIE marks");

finalMarks[i].inputCIEmarks();

System.out.println("Enter SEE marks");
```

```

finalMarks[i].inputSEEmarks();

}

System.out.println("Displaying data:\n");

for(int i=0;i<numOfStudents;i++)

{

finalMarks[i].calculateFinalMarks();

finalMarks[i].displayFinalMarks();

}//end of for loop

}// end of public main

}//end of class main

```

## **Lab 7 (30/01/2024)**

Write a program that demonstrates handling of exceptions in inheritance tree. Create a base class called “Father” and derived class called “Son” which extends the base class. In Father class, implement a constructor which takes the age and throws the exception WrongAge( ) when the input age<0. In Son class, implement a constructor that cases both father and son’s age and throws an exception if son’s age is >=father’s age.

```

import java.util.Scanner;

class WrongAge extends Exception{
public WrongAge(String s){
super(s);
}
}

class Father{
int fatherAge;
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);

```

```
Father(){
 System.out.println("Enter Father's age");
 fatherAge=s.nextInt();
}
void check1() throws WrongAge{
 if(fatherAge<0){
 throw new WrongAge("Age cannot be negative");
 }
 else{
 System.out.println("Father's age"+fatherAge);
 }
}
class Son extends Father{

 int sonAge;
 Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
 Son(){
 super();
 System.out.println("Enter son's age");
 sonAge=s.nextInt();
 }
 void check2() throws WrongAge{
 if(sonAge>=fatherAge){
 throw new WrongAge("Son's age cannot be greater than father's age");
 }
 else if(sonAge<0){
 throw new WrongAge(" age cannot be negative");
 }
 else{
 System.out.println("Son's age: "+sonAge);
 }
 }
}
class Main{
 public static void main(String args[]){
 Son s=new Son();
 try{
 s.check2();
 }
 catch(WrongAge e){
 System.out.println(e.getMessage());
 }
 }
}
```

```
}
```

## Lab 8 (6/02/24)

Write a program which creates two threads, one thread displaying “BMS College of Engineering” once every ten seconds and another displaying “CSE” once every two seconds.

```
class DisplayMessageThread extends Thread {
 private final String message;
 private final long interval; // in milliseconds

 DisplayMessageThread(String message, long interval) {
 this.message = message;
 this.interval = interval;
 }

 public void run() {
 try {
 while (true) {
 System.out.println(message);
 Thread.sleep(interval);
 }
 } catch (InterruptedException e) {
 System.out.println(Thread.currentThread().getName() + " interrupted.");
 }
 }
}

public class TwoThreadDemo {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
 DisplayMessageThread thread1 = new DisplayMessageThread("BMS College of
Engineering", 10000); // 10 seconds
 DisplayMessageThread thread2 = new DisplayMessageThread("CSE", 2000); // 2 seconds

 thread1.setName("Thread 1");
 thread2.setName("Thread 2");
 }
}
```

```

thread1.start();
thread2.start();

try {
 // Let the threads run for a while
 Thread.sleep(30000); // Let the program run for 30 seconds
} catch (InterruptedException e) {
 System.out.println("Main thread interrupted.");
}

// Interrupt both threads to stop them
thread1.interrupt();
thread2.interrupt();

System.out.println("Main thread exiting.");
}
}

```

## **Lab 9 (20/02/24)**

Write a program that creates a user interface to perform integer divisions.

The user enters two numbers in the text fields, Num1 and Num2. The division of Num1 and Num2 is displayed in the Result field when the Divide button is clicked.

If Num1 or Num2 were not an integer, the program would throw a NumberFormatException. If Num2 were Zero, the program would throw an Arithmetic Exception Display the exception in a message dialog box.

```

import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;

public class DivisionMain1 extends Frame implements ActionListener
{
 TextField num1,num2;
 Button dResult;
 Label outResult;

```

```

String out="";
double resultNum;
int flag=0;

public DivisionMain1()
{
 setLayout(new FlowLayout());

 dResult = new Button("RESULT");
 Label number1 = new Label("Number 1:",Label.RIGHT);
 Label number2 = new Label("Number 2:",Label.RIGHT);
 num1=new TextField(5);
 num2=new TextField(5);
 outResult = new Label("Result:",Label.RIGHT);

 add(number1);
 add(num1);
 add(number2);
 add(num2);
 add(dResult);
 add(outResult);

 num1.addActionListener(this);
 num2.addActionListener(this);
 dResult.addActionListener(this);
 addWindowListener(new WindowAdapter()
 {
 public void windowClosing(WindowEvent we)
 {
 System.exit(0);
 }
 });
}

public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ae)
{
 int n1,n2;
 try
 {
 if (ae.getSource() == dResult)
 {
 n1=Integer.parseInt(num1.getText());
 n2=Integer.parseInt(num2.getText());

```

```

 /*if(n2==0)
 throw new ArithmeticException();*/
 out=n1+" "+n2;
 resultNum=n1/n2;
 out+=String.valueOf(resultNum);
 repaint();

 }
}
catch(NumberFormatException e1)
{
 flag=1;
 out="Number Format Exception! "+e1;
 repaint();
}
catch(ArithmeticException e2)
{
 flag=1;
 out="Divide by 0 Exception! "+e2;
 repaint();
}

}

public void paint(Graphics g)
{
 if(flag==0)

g.drawString(out,outResult.getX()+outResult.getWidth(),outResult.getY()+outResult.getHeight()-8);
 else
g.drawString(out,100,200);
 flag=0;
}

public static void main(String[] args)
{
 DivisionMain1 dm=new DivisionMain1();
 dm.setSize(new Dimension(800,400));
 dm.setTitle("DivionOfIntegers");
 dm.setVisible(true);
}

}

```

## Lab 10 (13/02/24)

10.A) Demonstrate Inter process Communication and deadlock

```
class Q {
 int n;
 boolean valueSet = false;
 synchronized int get() {
 while(!valueSet){
 try {
 System.out.println("Consumer waiting");
 wait();
 } catch(InterruptedException e) {
 System.out.println("InterruptedException caught");
 }
 }
 System.out.println("Got: " + n);
 valueSet = false;
 System.out.println("Intimate Producer\n");
 notify();
 return n;
 }
 synchronized void put(int n) {
 while(valueSet){
 try {
 System.out.println("Producer waiting");
 wait();
 } catch(InterruptedException e) {
 System.out.println("InterruptedException caught");
 }
 }
 this.n = n;
 valueSet = true;
 System.out.println("Put: " + n);
 }
}
```

```

 System.out.println("Intimate Consumer\n");
 notify();
 }

}

class Producer implements Runnable {
 Q q;
 Producer(Q q) {
 this.q = q;
 new Thread(this, "Producer").start();
 }
 public void run() {
 int i = 0;
 while(i<5) {
 q.put(i++);
 }
 }
}

class Consumer implements Runnable {
 Q q;
 Consumer(Q q) {
 this.q = q;
 new Thread(this, "Consumer").start();
 }
 public void run() {
 int i=0;
 while(i<5) {
 int r=q.get();
 System.out.println("consumed:"+r);
 i++;
 }
 }
}
class PCFixed {
 public static void main(String args[]) {
 Q q = new Q();
 new Producer(q);
 new Consumer(q);
 System.out.println("Press Control-C to stop.");
 }
}

```

10B)

DEADLOCK

```
class A {
 synchronized void foo(B b) {
 String name = Thread.currentThread().getName();
 System.out.println(name + " entered A.foo");
 try {
 Thread.sleep(1000);
 } catch(Exception e) {
 System.out.println("A Interrupted");
 }
 System.out.println(name + " trying to call B.last()");
 b.last();
 }
 void last() {
 System.out.println("Inside A.last");
 }
}

class B {
```

```
synchronized void bar(A a) {

 String name = Thread.currentThread().getName();

 System.out.println(name + " entered B.bar");

 try {

 Thread.sleep(1000);

 } catch(Exception e) {
 System.out.println("B Interrupted");
 }
 System.out.println(name + " trying to call A.last()");
 a.last();
}
void last() {
 System.out.println("Inside A.last");
}
}
}
class Deadlock implements Runnable
{
A a = new A();
B b = new B();

Deadlock() {
 Thread.currentThread().setName("MainThread");
 Thread t = new Thread(this,"RacingThread");
 t.start();
 a.foo(b); // get lock on a in this thread.
 System.out.println("Back in main thread");
}
public void run() {
 b.bar(a); // get lock on b in other thread.
 System.out.println("Back in other thread");
}
public static void main(String args[]) {
 new Deadlock();
}
}
```