

# NeuroML update

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Ankur Sinha  
21/09/2022

2024-02-21

NeuroML update

NeuroML update

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21/09/2022

# What we've been up to on the NeuroML front

- Google summer of code (GSoC)
- Paper and general improvements

2024-02-21

## NeuroML update

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- Google summer of code (GSoC)
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## Google Summer of Code

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NeuroML update

└ Google Summer of Code

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- Under the INCF organisation
  - 40 accepted this year, in total
  - No longer limited to students

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NeuroML update

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└ GSoC

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  - 3 working on NeuroML/modelling
  - 1 on NWB
  - 175 hours each, over 3 months (medium projects)

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  - Automate conversion to NeuroML
  - Plot comparison graphs to validate conversions ([LIF models, Detailed](#))
  - Document comparison, usage, update OMV tests for CI

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# GSoC: Anuja: example figure I

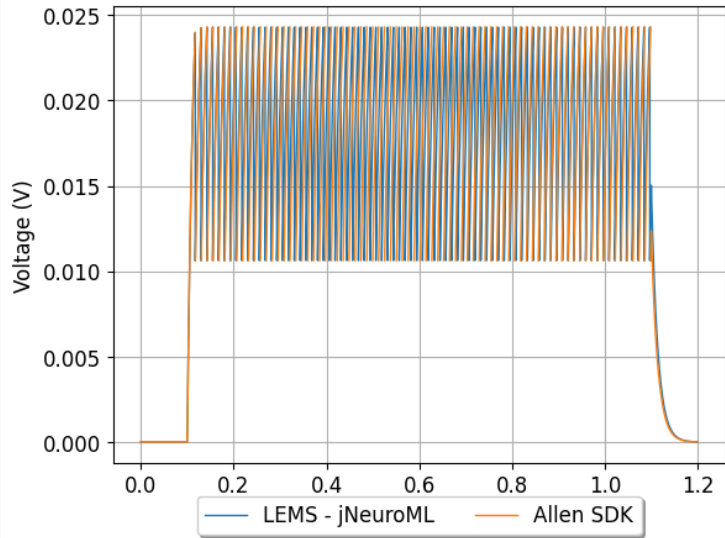


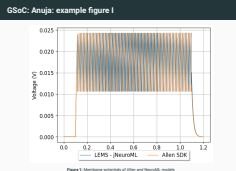
Figure 1: Membrane potentials of Allen and NeuroML models

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└ GSoC: Anuja: example figure I



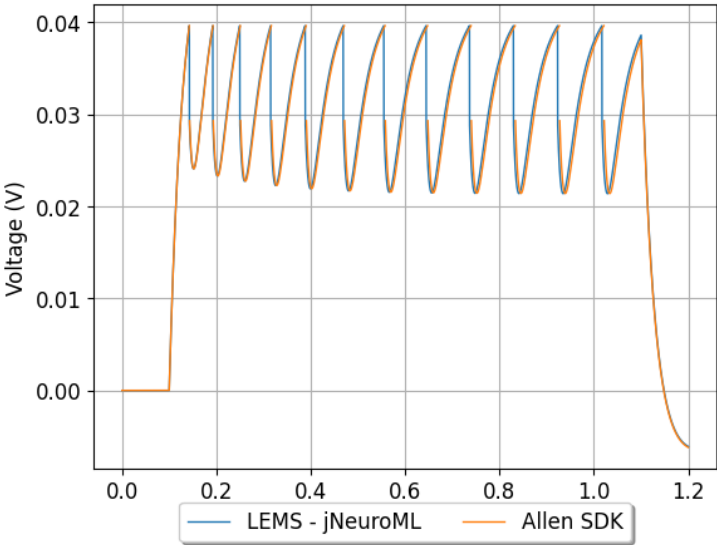
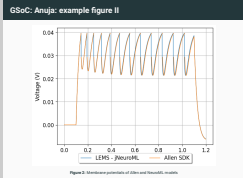


Figure 2: Membrane potentials of Allen and NeuroML models

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└ GSoC: Anuja: example figure II



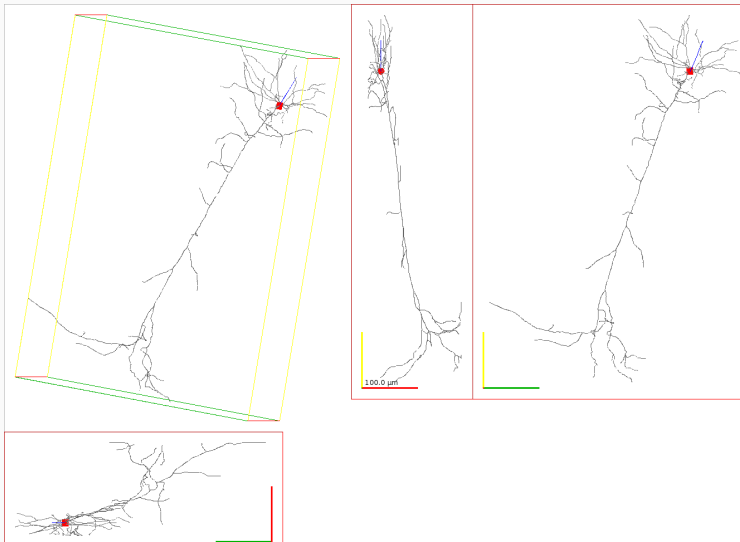
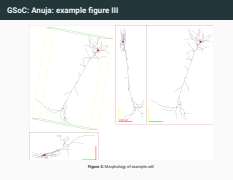


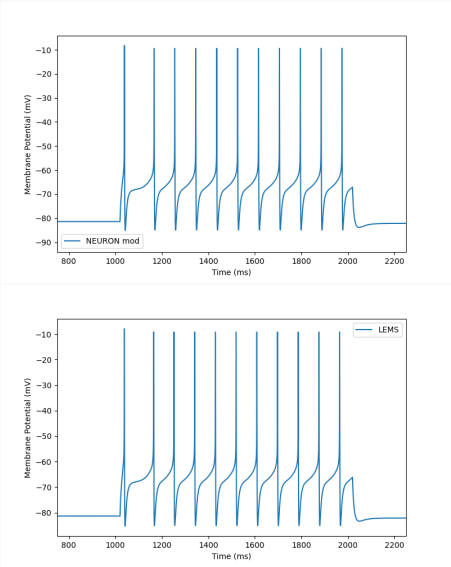
Figure 3: Morphology of example cell

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└ GSoC: Anuja: example figure III





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└ GSoC: Anuja: example figure IV

GSoC: Anuja: example figure IV

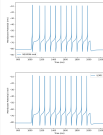


Figure 4: NEURON vs NeuroML output

# GSoC: Shayan: convert BahlEtAl2012 (Reduced L5 Pyr Cell) to NeuroML

- MSc/BSc from IIT Kharagpur (Maths and Computing)

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- Steps:
  - Convert ion channels to NeuroML, validate, [compare with NEURON mod files](#)
  - Implement single compartment cell model with passive channels
    - incrementally add ion channels
    - compare with NEURON model
  - Implement multi-compartmental cell, repeat
  - [Document comparison, usage](#), update OMV tests for CI
  - [Interactive notebook](#) to reproduce figures from paper using NeuroML models

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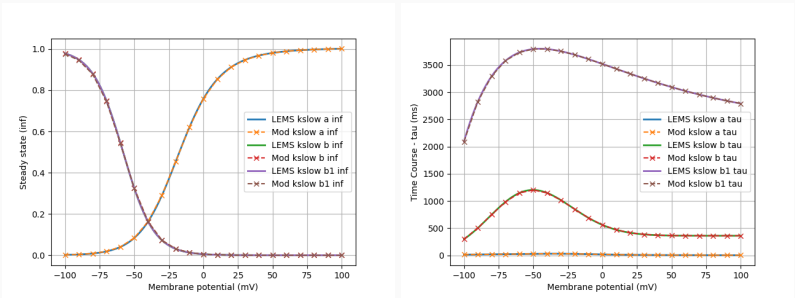
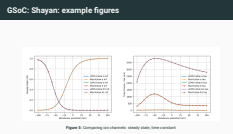


Figure 5: Comparing ion channels: steady state,time constant

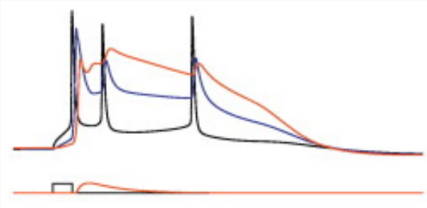
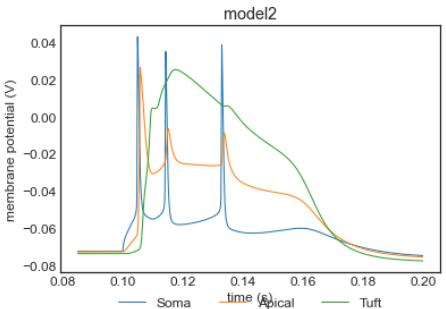
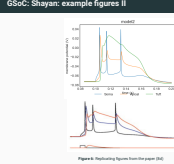


Figure 6: Replicating figures from the paper (8d)

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└ GSoC: Shayan: example figures II



- Aerospace engineer (MTech, IIT Kharagpur), working in South Korea

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└ GSoC: Rahul: convert HH tutorial to Jupyter notebook

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- Steps:
  - Investigate Jupyter widgets
  - Convert pure Python HH tutorial to use Jupyter widgets
  - Investigate NeuroML based tutorial
  - Investigate conversion of NeuroML to Jupyter widgets
  - Update sphinx documentation for [ReadTheDocs site](#)
  - [Document usage](#).

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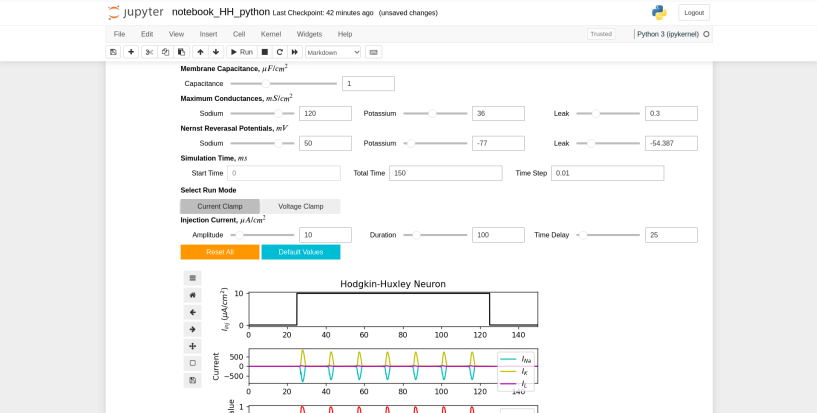


Figure 7: Pure python tutorial converted to use Jupyter Widgets

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└ GSoC: Rahul: example I



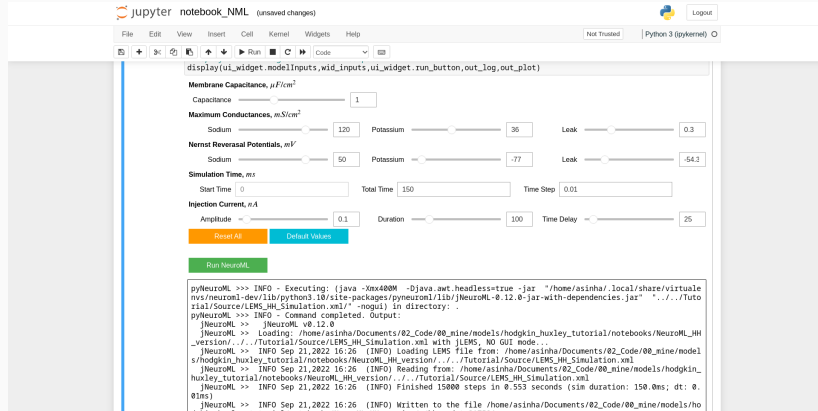


Figure 8: NeuroML tutorial converted to use Jupyter Widgets

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NeuroML update  
└ Google Summer of Code

└ GSoC: Rahul: example II





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NeuroML update

└ Paper and general updates

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## Paper and general updates

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# Paper: NeuroML is the best thing since sliced bread

Convince readers (research community) to use NeuroML for their modelling work\*.

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  - not as an afterthought for standardisation—once the paper has been published no one has time to re-write model (or re-process data!) to standardise

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    - the carrot, “standardisation is good for science”, isn’t enough in a mostly resource limited academic/research system
    - requires stick: “for this grant, you must ...”; “for this journal, you must ...”

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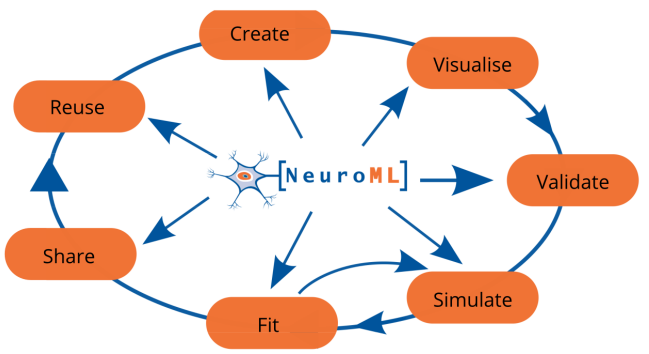
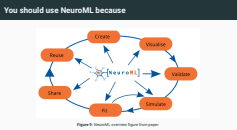


Figure 9: NeuroML overview figure from paper

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NeuroML update  
└ Paper and general updates

└ You should use NeuroML because



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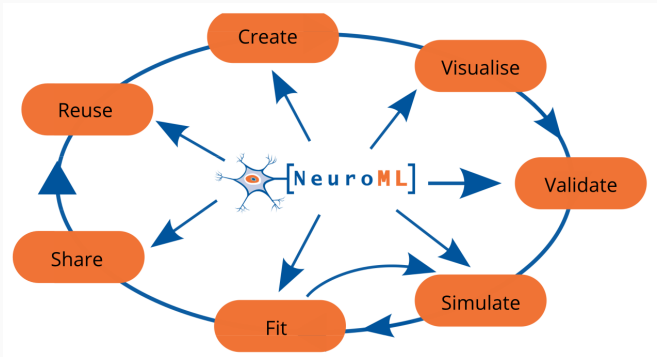


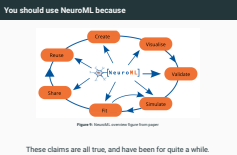
Figure 9: NeuroML overview figure from paper

These claims are all true, and have been for quite a while.

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NeuroML update  
└ Paper and general updates

└ You should use NeuroML because



So many advantages: why isn't everyone using it?

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NeuroML update

└ Paper and general updates

└ So many advantages: why isn't everyone using it?



# So many advantages: why isn't everyone using it?

Irrespective of all its features, NeuroML **needs to be easier to use than other tools.**

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Irrespective of all its features, NeuroML **needs to be easier to use than other tools.**

- information on NeuroML needs to be easy to find:
  - website
    - point of entry for completely new users: first impression
    - replaced with modern looking static page that redirects to individual pages in docs
    - all information migrated to docs

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    - re-organised, modernised
    - include tutorials, interactive tutorials via Jupyter note books, how-tos
    - complete searchable schema docs
    - still not yet fully complete

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- usability: so much can be done, but can it be done **easily**?
  - has not been clearly easier to use than other tools
  - Python API exists, but we haven't taken advantage of it enough to **make life easier for users** yet

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# Example: create: single neuron Izhikevich network (from docs)

```
1 nml_doc = NeuroMLDocument(id="IzhSingleNeuron")
2
3 izh0 = Izhikevich2007Cell(
4     id="izh2007RS0", v0="-60mV", C="100pF", k="0.7nS_per_mV", vr="-60mV",
5     vt="-40mV", vpeak="35mV", a="0.03per_ms", b="-2nS", c="-50.0mV", d="100pA")
6 nml_doc.izhikevich2007_cells.append(izh0)
7
8 net = Network(id="IzhNet")
9 nml_doc.networks.append(net)
10
11 size0 = 1
12 pop0 = Population(id="IzhPop0", component=izh0.id, size=size0)
13 net.populations.append(pop0)
14
15 pg = PulseGenerator(
16     id="pulseGen_%i" % 0, delay="0ms", duration="1000ms",
17     amplitude="0.07 nA"
18 )
19 nml_doc.pulse_generators.append(pg)
20 exp_input = ExplicitInput(target="%s[%i]" % (pop0.id, 0), input=pg.id)
21 net.explicit_inputs.append(exp_input)
22
23 nml_file = 'izhikevich2007_single_cell_network.nml'
24 writers.NeuroMLWriter.write(nml_doc, nml_file)
25 print("Written network file to: " + nml_file)
26
27 validate_neuroml2(nml_file)
```

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# Inspect/visualise network

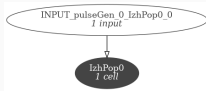


Figure 10: Generated network graph

```
>>> nml_doc.summary()
*****
* NeuroMLDocument: IzhSingleNeuron
*
* Izhikevich2007Cell: ['izh2007RS0']
* PulseGenerator: ['pulseGen_0']
*
* Network: IzNet
*
* 1 cells in 1 populations
*   Population: IzhPop0 with 1 components of type izh2007RS0
*
* 0 connections in 0 projections
*
* 0 inputs in 0 input lists
*
* 1 explicit inputs (outside of input lists)
*   Explicit Input of type pulseGen_0 to IzhPop0(cell 0), destination: unspecified
*
*****
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### Paper and general updates

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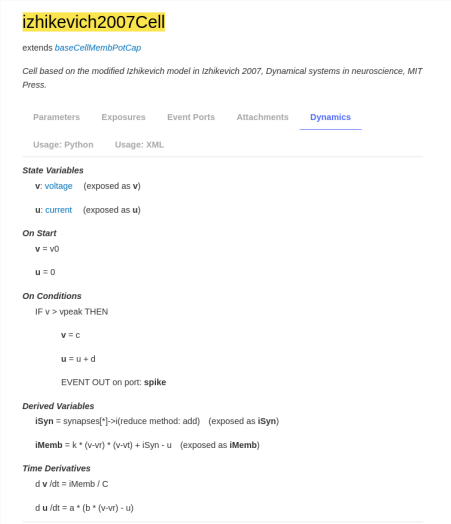


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- extremely **declarative**
  - components (Izhikevich2007Cell, Network, Population, PulseGenerator, ExplicitInput) clearly visible
  - components and dynamics fully, formally documented in schema docs
  - component parameters clearly visible
  - units/dimensions explicitly mentioned

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  - components (Izhikevich2007Cell, Network, Population, PulseGenerator, ExplicitInput) clearly visible
  - components and dynamics fully, formally documented in schema docs
  - component parameters clearly visible
  - units/dimensions explicitly mentioned





- **validation** without simulation (no simulator has this)
  - Level 1 validation: units/dimensions, structure of model checked against schema
  - Level 2 validation: extra “logical” checks

2024-02-21

NeuroML update

└ Paper and general updates

└ Strengths

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## NeuroML update

### └ Paper and general updates

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  - Not too bad: required for most simulators/programming languages

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- Too many “under the hood” bits that users are expected to know:
  - `nml_doc.izhikevich2007_cells.append(izh0)`
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  - using `jnm1`, so requires Java
  - better than errors on run, but still quite late

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  - because hand-written mod files can be optimised, while we rely on a template to generate them
  - TODO: optimisation of template

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# Example: create: single neuron Izhikevich network (devel)

```
1 nml_doc = component_factory("NeuroMLDocument", id="IzhSingleNeuron")
2 nml_doc.info(show_contents=True)
3
4 izh0 = nml_doc.add(
5     "Izhikevich2007Cell",
6     id="izh2007RS0", v0="-60mV", C="100pF", k="0.7nS_per_mV", vr="-60mV",
7     vt="-40mV", vpeak="35mV", a="0.03per_ms", b="-2nS", c="-50.0mV", d="100pA")
8 izh0.info(show_contents=True)
9
10 net = nml_doc.add("Network", id="IzNet", validate=False)
11
12 size0 = 1
13 pop0 = net.add("Population", id="IzhPop0", component=izh0.id, size=size0)
14
15 pg = nml_doc.add(
16     "PulseGenerator",
17     id="pulseGen_%i" % 0, delay="0ms", duration="1000ms",
18     amplitude="0.07 nA"
19 )
20 exp_input = net.add("ExplicitInput", target="%s[%i]" % (pop0.id, 0), input=pg.id)
21
22 nml_doc.validate(recursive=True)
23
24 nml_file = 'izhikevich2007_single_cell_network.nml'
25 writers.NeuroMLWriter.write(nml_doc, nml_file)
26 print("Written network file to: " + nml_file)
```

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NeuroML update

└ Paper and general updates

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```



# The component factory

- single factory function to create new components
- runs extra checks
  - are all arguments (parameters) correct?
  - is the component valid (level 1 validation for each component at build-time)?

```
>>> izh0 = component_factory("Izhikevich2007Cell")
ValueError: Validation failed:
- Izhikevich2007Cell (None): Required value v0 is missing
- Izhikevich2007Cell (None): Required value k is missing
- Izhikevich2007Cell (None): Required value vr is missing
- Izhikevich2007Cell (None): Required value vt is missing
- Izhikevich2007Cell (None): Required value vpeak is missing
- Izhikevich2007Cell (None): Required value a is missing
- Izhikevich2007Cell (None): Required value b is missing
- Izhikevich2007Cell (None): Required value c is missing
- Izhikevich2007Cell (None): Required value d is missing
- Izhikevich2007Cell (None): Required value C is missing
- Izhikevich2007Cell (None): Required value id is missing
```

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## NeuroML update

### └ Paper and general updates

### └ The component factory

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  - are all arguments (parameters) correct?
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```

# The component factory

```
>>> izh0 = component_factory(  
    "Izhikevich2007Cell",  
    id="izh2007RS0", v0="-60mV", C="100pF", k="0.7nS_per_mV", vr="-60mV",  
    vt="-40ms", vpeak="35mV", a="0.03per_ms", b="-2nS", c="-50.0mV", d="100pA")
```

ValueError: Validation failed:

- Izhikevich2007Cell (izh2007RS0): Value "-40mS" does not match xsd pattern restrictions:

↪ `[['^(-?([0-9]*\\.([0-9]+)?)([eE]-?[0-9]+)?[\\s]*(V|mV))$']]]`

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## NeuroML update

### └ Paper and general updates

### └ The component factory

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    id="izh2007RS0", v0="-60mV", C="100pF", k="0.7nS_per_mV", vr="-60mV",  
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Validation failed:  
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```

# New add method

- uses component factory to create a new component and run checks
- smart enough to know where the new element needs to go in the parent

```
1 izh0 = Izhikevich2007Cell(  
2     id="izh2007RS0", v0="-60mV", C="100pF", k="0.7nS_per_mV", vr="-60mV",  
3     vt="-40mV", vpeak="35mV", a="0.03per_ms", b="-2nS", c="-50.0mV", d="100pA")  
4 nml_doc.izhikevich2007_cells.append(izh0)
```

VS

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1 izh0 = nml_doc.add(  
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### Paper and general updates

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```

# Inspect each component individually

```
izh0.info(show_contents=True)
Izhikevich2007Cell -- Cell based on the modified Izhikevich model in Izhikevich 2007, Dynamical
↳ systems in neuroscience, MIT Press
Please see the NeuroML standard schema documentation at
↳ https://docs.neuroml.org/Userdocs/NeuroMLv2.html for more information.
```

```
Valid members for Izhikevich2007Cell are:
* b (class: Nml2Quantity_conductance, Required)
  * Contents ('ids'/'<objects>'): -2nS

* C (class: Nml2Quantity_capacitance, Required)
  * Contents ('ids'/'<objects>'): 100pF

* c (class: Nml2Quantity_voltage, Required)
  * Contents ('ids'/'<objects>'): -50.0mV

* d (class: Nml2Quantity_current, Required)
  * Contents ('ids'/'<objects>'): 100pA

* neuro_lex_id (class: NeuroLexId, Optional)
* metaid (class: MetaId, Optional)
* v0 (class: Nml2Quantity_voltage, Required)
  * Contents ('ids'/'<objects>'): -60mV

* id (class: NmlId, Required)
  * Contents ('ids'/'<objects>'): izh2007RS0

...
```

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## NeuroML update └ Paper and general updates

## └ Inspect each component individually

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1488, available, comments/1488

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# Component Type info without creating a new component: ctinfo

```
>>> ctinfo("ExpOneSynapse")
```

```
ExpOneSynapse -- Ohmic synapse model whose conductance rises instantaneously by ( **gbase** *  
↳ **weight** ) on receiving an event, and which decays exponentially to zero with time course  
↳ **tauDecay**
```

Please see the NeuroML standard schema documentation at

↳ <https://docs.neuroml.org/Userdocs/NeuroMLv2.html> for more information.

Valid members for ExpOneSynapse are:

```
* neuro_lex_id (class: NeuroLexId, Optional)  
* gbase (class: Nml2Quantity_conductance, Required)  
* metaid (class: MetaId, Optional)  
* erev (class: Nml2Quantity_voltage, Required)  
* notes (class: xs:string, Optional)  
* id (class: NmlId, Required)  
* properties (class: Property, Optional)  
* annotation (class: Annotation, Optional)  
* tau_decay (class: Nml2Quantity_time, Required)
```

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NeuroML update

└ Paper and general updates

└ Component Type info without creating a new component: ctinfo

```
Component Type info without creating a new component: ctinfo  
  
(see also: "ExpOneSynapse")  
ExpOneSynapse -- Ohmic synapse model whose conductance rises instantaneously by ( **gbase** *  
↳ **weight** ) on receiving an event, and which decays exponentially to zero with time course  
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```

# Where does this component type fit?

```
>>> ctparentinfo("HHRate")
```

Please see the NeuroML standard schema documentation at

↪ <https://docs.neuroml.org/Userdocs/NeuroMLv2.html> for more information.

Valid parents for HHRate are:

\* GateHHRates

- \* forward\_rate (class: HHRate, Required)

- \* reverse\_rate (class: HHRate, Required)

\* GateHHRatesInf

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## NeuroML update

### └ Paper and general updates

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for component of HHRate")
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```

# Additions to make multi-compartment cell building easier

- `set_init_memb_potential()` instead of  
`cell.biophysical_properties.membrane_properties.init_memb_potential`
- `add_channel_density()`...
- `add_segment, add_unbranched_segment_list...`
  - also takes care of **NeuroLex** (now InterLex) ids, used by NEURON to create “sections”.
  - another hidden feature of NeuroML

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## On-going/future work: not all to be done before paper

- more utils for other common, repeated tasks (model factory/templates?)
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  - Jupyter widgets based model inspection/modification/creation
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    - Will absorb all neuroConstruct functionality

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