Practical - 1

Statistical Quality Control-I (Control Chart on Variables)

Q.1) Draw \overline{x} , R and S charts for the diameter in the dataset pistonrings for the first 25 samples. Explain your findings.

- > library(qcc)
- > data(package="qcc")
- > data("pistonrings")
- > head(pistonrings)

diameter sample trial

- 1 74.030 1 TRUE
- 2 74.002 1 TRUE
- 3 74.019 1 TRUE
- 4 73.992 1 TRUE
- 5 74.008 1 TRUE
- 6 73.995 2 TRUE

> pistonrings

diameter sample trial

- 1 74.030 1 TRUE
- 2 74.002 1 TRUE
- 3 74.019 1 TRUE
- 4 73.992 1 TRUE
- 5 74.008 1 TRUE
- 6 73.995 2 TRUE
- 7 73.992 2 TRUE
- 8 74.001 2 TRUE
- 9 74.011 2 TRUE
- 10 74.004 2 TRUE
- 11 73.988 3 TRUE
- 12 74.024 3 TRUE

- 13 74.021 3 TRUE
- 14 74.005 3 TRUE
- 15 74.002 3 TRUE
- 16 74.002 4 TRUE
- 17 73.996 4 TRUE
- 18 73.993 4 TRUE
- 19 74.015 4 TRUE
- 20 74.009 4 TRUE
- 21 73.992 5 TRUE
- 22 74.007 5 TRUE
- 23 74.015 5 TRUE
- 24 73.989 5 TRUE
- 25 74.014 5 TRUE
- 26 74.009 6 TRUE
- 27 73.994 6 TRUE
- 28 73.997 6 TRUE
- 29 73.985 6 TRUE
- 30 73.993 6 TRUE
- 31 73.995 7 TRUE
- 32 74.006 7 TRUE
- 33 73.994 7 TRUE
- 34 74.000 7 TRUE
- 35 74.005 7 TRUE
- 36 73.985 8 TRUE
- 37 74.003 8 TRUE
- 38 73.993 8 TRUE
- 39 74.015 8 TRUE
- 40 73.988 8 TRUE
- 41 74.008 9 TRUE
- 42 73.995 9 TRUE
- 43 74.009 9 TRUE

- 44 74.005 9 TRUE
- 45 74.004 9 TRUE
- 46 73.998 10 TRUE
- 47 74.000 10 TRUE
- 48 73.990 10 TRUE
- 49 74.007 10 TRUE
- 50 73.995 10 TRUE
- 51 73.994 11 TRUE
- 52 73.998 11 TRUE
- 53 73.994 11 TRUE
- 54 73.995 11 TRUE
- 55 73.990 11 TRUE
- 56 74.004 12 TRUE
- 57 74.000 12 TRUE
- 58 74.007 12 TRUE
- 59 74.000 12 TRUE
- 60 73.996 12 TRUE
- 61 73.983 13 TRUE
- 62 74.002 13 TRUE
- 63 73.998 13 TRUE
- 64 73.997 13 TRUE
- 65 74.012 13 TRUE
- 66 74.006 14 TRUE
- 67 73.967 14 TRUE
- 68 73.994 14 TRUE
- 69 74.000 14 TRUE
- 70 73.984 14 TRUE
- 71 74.012 15 TRUE
- 72 74.014 15 TRUE
- 73 73.998 15 TRUE
- 74 73.999 15 TRUE

- 75 74.007 15 TRUE
- 76 74.000 16 TRUE
- 77 73.984 16 TRUE
- 78 74.005 16 TRUE
- 79 73.998 16 TRUE
- 80 73.996 16 TRUE
- 81 73.994 17 TRUE
- 82 74.012 17 TRUE
- 83 73.986 17 TRUE
- 84 74.005 17 TRUE
- 85 74.007 17 TRUE
- 86 74.006 18 TRUE
- 87 74.010 18 TRUE
- 88 74.018 18 TRUE
- 89 74.003 18 TRUE
- 90 74.000 18 TRUE
- 91 73.984 19 TRUE
- 92 74.002 19 TRUE
- 93 74.003 19 TRUE
- 94 74.005 19 TRUE
- 95 73.997 19 TRUE
- 96 74.000 20 TRUE
- 97 74.010 20 TRUE
- 98 74.013 20 TRUE
- 99 74.020 20 TRUE
- 100 74.003 20 TRUE
- 101 73.988 21 TRUE
- 102 74.001 21 TRUE
- 103 74.009 21 TRUE
- 104 74.005 21 TRUE
- 105 73.996 21 TRUE

- 106 74.004 22 TRUE
- 107 73.999 22 TRUE
- 108 73.990 22 TRUE
- 109 74.006 22 TRUE
- 110 74.009 22 TRUE
- 111 74.010 23 TRUE
- 112 73.989 23 TRUE
- 113 73.990 23 TRUE
- 114 74.009 23 TRUE
- 115 74.014 23 TRUE
- 116 74.015 24 TRUE
- 117 74.008 24 TRUE
- 118 73.993 24 TRUE
- 119 74.000 24 TRUE
- 120 74.010 24 TRUE
- 121 73.982 25 TRUE
- 122 73.984 25 TRUE
- 123 73.995 25 TRUE
- 124 74.017 25 TRUE
- 125 74.013 25 TRUE
- 126 74.012 26 FALSE
- 127 74.015 26 FALSE
- 128 74.030 26 FALSE
- 129 73.986 26 FALSE
- 130 74.000 26 FALSE
- 131 73.995 27 FALSE
- 132 74.010 27 FALSE
- 133 73.990 27 FALSE
- 134 74.015 27 FALSE
- 135 74.001 27 FALSE
- 136 73.987 28 FALSE

- 137 73.999 28 FALSE
- 138 73.985 28 FALSE
- 139 74.000 28 FALSE
- 140 73.990 28 FALSE
- 141 74.008 29 FALSE
- 142 74.010 29 FALSE
- 143 74.003 29 FALSE
- 144 73.991 29 FALSE
- 145 74.006 29 FALSE
- 146 74.003 30 FALSE
- 147 74.000 30 FALSE
- 148 74.001 30 FALSE
- 149 73.986 30 FALSE
- 150 73.997 30 FALSE
- 151 73.994 31 FALSE
- 152 74.003 31 FALSE
- 153 74.015 31 FALSE
- 154 74.020 31 FALSE
- 131 71.020 31171232

155 74.004

156 74.008

157 74.002

163 73.990

31 FALSE

32 FALSE

32 FALSE

33 FALSE

- 158 74.018 32 FALSE
- 159 73.995 32 FALSE
- 160 74.005 32 FALSE
- 161 74.001 33 FALSE
- 162 74.004 33 FALSE
- 164 73.996 33 FALSE
- 165 73.998 33 FALSE
- 166 74.015 34 FALSE
- 167 74.000 34 FALSE

- 168 74.016 34 FALSE
- 169 74.025 34 FALSE
- 170 74.000 34 FALSE
- 171 74.030 35 FALSE
- 172 74.005 35 FALSE
- 173 74.000 35 FALSE
- 174 74.016 35 FALSE
- 175 74.012 35 FALSE
- 176 74.001 36 FALSE
- 177 73.990 36 FALSE
- 178 73.995 36 FALSE
- 179 74.010 36 FALSE
- 180 74.024 36 FALSE
- 181 74.015 37 FALSE
- 182 74.020 37 FALSE
- 183 74.024 37 FALSE
- 184 74.005 37 FALSE
- 185 74.019 37 FALSE
- 186 74.035 38 FALSE
- 187 74.010 38 FALSE
- 188 74.012 38 FALSE
- 189 74.015 38 FALSE
- 190 74.026 38 FALSE
- 191 74.017 39 FALSE
- 192 74.013 39 FALSE
- 193 74.036 39 FALSE
- 194 74.025 39 FALSE
- 195 74.026 39 FALSE
- 196 74.010 40 FALSE
- 197 74.005 40 FALSE
- 198 74.029 40 FALSE

199 74.000 40 FALSE

200 74.020 40 FALSE

> attach(pistonrings)

> diameter

[1] 74.030 74.002 74.019 73.992 74.008 73.995 73.992 74.001 74.011 74.004 73.988 [12] 74.024 74.021 74.005 74.002 74.002 73.996 73.993 74.015 74.009 73.992 74.007 [23] 74.015 73.989 74.014 74.009 73.994 73.997 73.985 73.993 73.995 74.006 73.994 [34] 74.000 74.005 73.985 74.003 73.993 74.015 73.988 74.008 73.995 74.009 74.005 [45] 74.004 73.998 74.000 73.990 74.007 73.995 73.994 73.998 73.994 73.995 73.990 [56] 74.004 74.000 74.007 74.000 73.996 73.983 74.002 73.998 73.997 74.012 74.006 [67] 73.967 73.994 74.000 73.984 74.012 74.014 73.998 73.999 74.007 74.000 73.984 [78] 74.005 73.998 73.996 73.994 74.012 73.986 74.005 74.007 74.006 74.010 74.018 [89] 74.003 74.000 73.984 74.002 74.003 74.005 73.997 74.000 74.010 74.013 74.020 [100] 74.003 73.988 74.001 74.009 74.005 73.996 74.004 73.999 73.990 74.006 74.009 [111] 74.010 73.989 73.990 74.009 74.014 74.015 74.008 73.993 74.000 74.010 73.982 [122] 73.984 73.995 74.017 74.013 74.012 74.015 74.030 73.986 74.000 73.995 74.010 [133] 73.990 74.015 74.001 73.987 73.999 73.985 74.000 73.990 74.008 74.010 74.003 [144] 73.991 74.006 74.003 74.000 74.001 73.986 73.997 73.994 74.003 74.015 74.020 [155] 74.004 74.008 74.002 74.018 73.995 74.005 74.001 74.004 73.990 73.996 73.998 [166] 74.015 74.000 74.016 74.025 74.000 74.030 74.005 74.000 74.016 74.012 74.001 [177] 73.990 73.995 74.010 74.024 74.015 74.020 74.024 74.005 74.019 74.035 74.010 $[188] \ 74.012 \ 74.015 \ 74.026 \ 74.017 \ 74.013 \ 74.036 \ 74.025 \ 74.026 \ 74.010 \ 74.005 \ 74.029$ [199] 74.000 74.020

> piston<-qcc.groups(diameter,sample)

> piston

[,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5]

- 1 74.030 74.002 74.019 73.992 74.008
- 2 73.995 73.992 74.001 74.011 74.004
- 3 73.988 74.024 74.021 74.005 74.002
- 4 74.002 73.996 73.993 74.015 74.009
- 5 73.992 74.007 74.015 73.989 74.014

- 6 74.009 73.994 73.997 73.985 73.993
- 7 73.995 74.006 73.994 74.000 74.005
- 8 73.985 74.003 73.993 74.015 73.988
- 9 74.008 73.995 74.009 74.005 74.004
- 10 73.998 74.000 73.990 74.007 73.995
- 11 73.994 73.998 73.994 73.995 73.990
- 12 74.004 74.000 74.007 74.000 73.996
- 13 73.983 74.002 73.998 73.997 74.012
- 14 74.006 73.967 73.994 74.000 73.984
- 15 74.012 74.014 73.998 73.999 74.007
- 16 74.000 73.984 74.005 73.998 73.996
- 17 73.994 74.012 73.986 74.005 74.007
- 18 74.006 74.010 74.018 74.003 74.000
- 19 73.984 74.002 74.003 74.005 73.997
- 20 74.000 74.010 74.013 74.020 74.003
- 21 73.988 74.001 74.009 74.005 73.996
- 22 74.004 73.999 73.990 74.006 74.009
- 23 74.010 73.989 73.990 74.009 74.014
- 24 74.015 74.008 73.993 74.000 74.010
- 25 73.982 73.984 73.995 74.017 74.013
- 26 74.012 74.015 74.030 73.986 74.000
- 27 73.995 74.010 73.990 74.015 74.001
- 28 73.987 73.999 73.985 74.000 73.990
- 29 74.008 74.010 74.003 73.991 74.006
- 30 74.003 74.000 74.001 73.986 73.997
- 31 73.994 74.003 74.015 74.020 74.004
- 32 74.008 74.002 74.018 73.995 74.005
- 33 74.001 74.004 73.990 73.996 73.998
- 34 74.015 74.000 74.016 74.025 74.000
- 35 74.030 74.005 74.000 74.016 74.012
- 36 74.001 73.990 73.995 74.010 74.024

37 74.015 74.020 74.024 74.005 74.019

38 74.035 74.010 74.012 74.015 74.026

39 74.017 74.013 74.036 74.025 74.026

40 74.010 74.005 74.029 74.000 74.020

> qcc(piston[1:25,],type="xbar")

List of 11

\$ call : language qcc(data = piston[1:25,], type = "xbar")

\$ type : chr "xbar"

\$ data.name : chr "piston[1:25,]"

\$ data : num [1:25, 1:5] 74 74 74 74 74 ...

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ statistics: Named num [1:25] 74 74 74 74 74 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:25] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ sizes : Named int [1:25] 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:25] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ center : num 74

\$ std.dev : num 0.00979

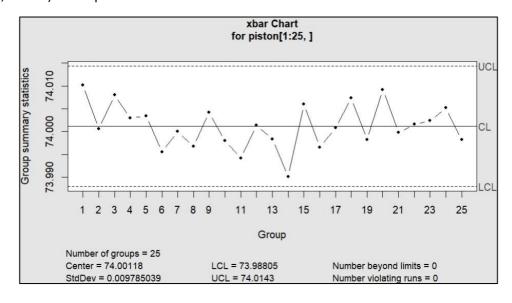
\$ nsigmas : num 3

\$ limits : num [1, 1:2] 74 74

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ violations:List of 2

- attr(*, "class")= chr "qcc"



> qcc(piston[1:25,],type="R")

List of 11

\$ call : language qcc(data = piston[1:25,], type = "R")

\$ type : chr "R"

\$ data.name : chr "piston[1:25,]"

\$ data : num [1:25, 1:5] 74 74 74 74 74 ...

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ statistics: Named num [1:25] 0.038 0.019 0.036 0.022 0.026 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:25] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ sizes : Named int [1:25] 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:25] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ center : num 0.0228

\$ std.dev : num 0.00979

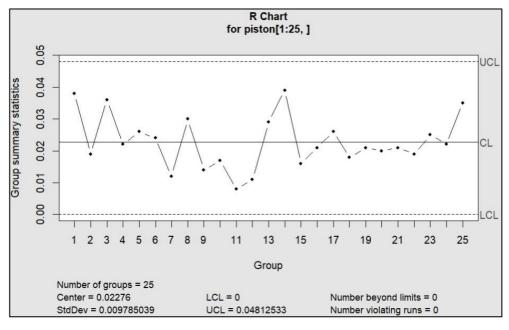
\$ nsigmas : num 3

\$ limits : num [1, 1:2] 0 0.0481

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ violations:List of 2

- attr(*, "class")= chr "qcc"



> qcc(piston[1:25,],type="S")

List of 11

\$ call : language qcc(data = piston[1:25,], type = "S")

\$ type : chr "S" \$ data name : chr

\$ data.name : chr "piston[1:25,]"

\$ data : num [1:25, 1:5] 74 74 74 74 74 ...

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ statistics: Named num [1:25] 0.01477 0.0075 0.01475 0.00908 0.01222 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:25] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ sizes : Named int [1:25] 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:25] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ center : num 0.00924

\$ std.dev : num 0.00983

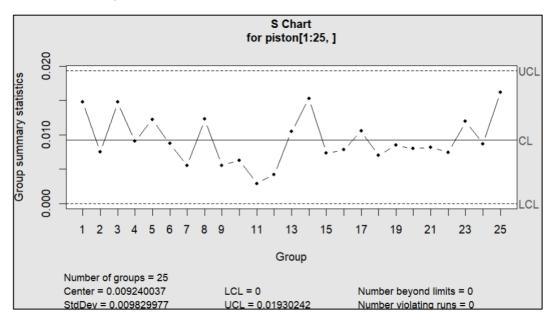
\$ nsigmas : num 3

\$ limits : num [1, 1:2] 0 0.0193

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ violations:List of 2

- attr(*, "class")= chr "qcc"



Q.2) Draw \bar{x} , R and S charts for the diameter in the dataset pistonrings for the last 15 samples after establishing control limits for the first 25 samples. Explain your findings.

> qcc(piston[1:25,],type="R",newdata = piston[26:40,])

List of 15

\$ call : language qcc(data = piston[1:25,], type = "R", newdata = piston[26:40,])

\$ type : chr "R"

\$ data.name : chr "piston[1:25,]"

\$ data : num [1:25, 1:5] 74 74 74 74 74 ...

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ statistics: Named num [1:25] 0.038 0.019 0.036 0.022 0.026 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:25] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ sizes : Named int [1:25] 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:25] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ center : num 0.0228

\$ std.dev : num 0.00979

\$ newstats : Named num [1:15] 0.044 0.025 0.015 0.019 0.017 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:15] "26" "27" "28" "29" ...

\$ newdata : num [1:15, 1:5] 74 74 74 74 74 ...

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ newsizes : Named int [1:15] 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:15] "26" "27" "28" "29" ...

\$ newdata.name: chr "piston[26:40,]"

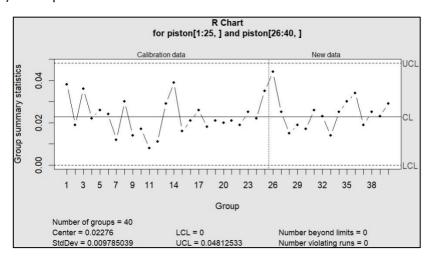
\$ nsigmas : num 3

\$ limits : num [1, 1:2] 0 0.0481

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

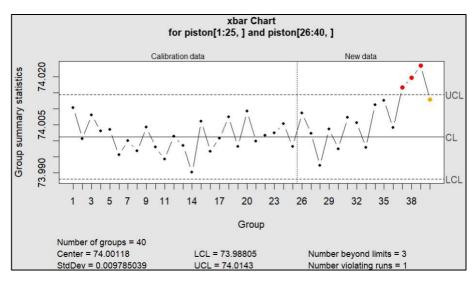
\$ violations: List of 2

- attr(*, "class")= chr "qcc"



> qcc(piston[1:25,],type="xbar",newdata = piston[26:40,]) #Assignable cost in the points not in control

```
List of 15
$ call
          : language qcc(data = piston[1:25, ], type = "xbar", newdata = piston[26:40, ])
$ type
           : chr "xbar"
$ data.name : chr "piston[1:25, ]"
           : num [1:25, 1:5] 74 74 74 74 74 ...
$ data
..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
$ statistics: Named num [1:25] 74 74 74 74 74 ...
 ..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:25] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...
$ sizes
          : Named int [1:25] 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...
 ..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:25] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...
$ center : num 74
$ std.dev : num 0.00979
$ newstats : Named num [1:15] 74 74 74 74 74 ...
 ..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:15] "26" "27" "28" "29" ...
$ newdata : num [1:15, 1:5] 74 74 74 74 74 ...
 ..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
$ newsizes : Named int [1:15] 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...
 ..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:15] "26" "27" "28" "29" ...
$ newdata.name: chr "piston[26:40, ]"
$ nsigmas : num 3
$ limits : num [1, 1:2] 74 74
 ..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
$ violations :List of 2
- attr(*, "class")= chr "qcc"
```



> qcc(piston[1:25,],type="S",newdata = piston[26:40,])

List of 15

\$ call : language qcc(data = piston[1:25,], type = "S", newdata = piston[26:40,])

\$ type : chr "S"

\$ data.name : chr "piston[1:25,]"

\$ data : num [1:25, 1:5] 74 74 74 74 74 ...

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ statistics: Named num [1:25] 0.01477 0.0075 0.01475 0.00908 0.01222 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:25] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ sizes : Named int [1:25] 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:25] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ center : num 0.00924

\$ std.dev : num 0.00983

\$ newstats : Named num [1:15] 0.01655 0.01033 0.00691 0.0075 0.00673 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:15] "26" "27" "28" "29" ...

\$ newdata : num [1:15, 1:5] 74 74 74 74 74 ...

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ newsizes : Named int [1:15] 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:15] "26" "27" "28" "29" ...

\$ newdata.name: chr "piston[26:40,]"

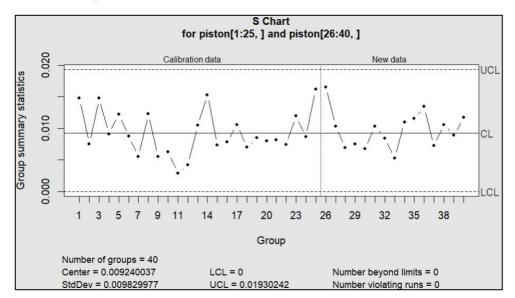
\$ nsigmas : num 3

\$ limits : num [1, 1:2] 0 0.0193

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ violations :List of 2

- attr(*, "class")= chr "qcc"



Sample no 37,38,39 is out of control limits sample 40 is expected to violate the run. While the R chart and S chart is in control.

Q.3)

Construct a control chart for mean and range for the following data, samples of 5 beingtaken every hour:

Sample No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	42	42	19	36	42	51	60	18	15	69	64	61
	65	45	24	54	51	74	60	20	30	109	90	78
Observations	75	68	80	69	57	75	72	27	39	113	93	94
	78	72	81	77	59	78	95	42	62	118	109	109
	87	90	81	84	80	132	138	60	84	153	112	136

Check if the process is in control. If not, revise the limits for the future.

> data1<-que_2

> data1

Observation Sample

1 42 1

2 65 1

- 3 75 1
- 4 78 1
- 5 87 1
- 6 42 2
- 7 45 2
- 8 68 2
- 9 72 2
- 10 90 2
- 11 19 3
- 12 24 3
- 13 80 3
- 14 81 3
- 15 81 3
- 16 36 4
- 17 54 4
- 18 69 4
- 19 77 4
- 20 84 4
- 21 42 5
- 22 51 5
- 23 57 5
- 24 59 5
- 25 80 5
- 26 51 6
- 27 74 6
- 28 75 6
- 29 78 6
- 30 132 6
- 31 60 7
- 32 60 7
- 33 72 7

```
95
34
         7
35
      138
          7
      18
          8
36
      20
           8
37
      27
           8
38
      42
           8
39
      60
           8
40
          9
      15
41
42
      30
           9
      39
           9
43
      62
          9
44
      84
          9
45
      69
          10
46
      109
          10
47
48
      113
           10
      118
49
           10
50
      153
          10
51
      64
          11
52
      90
          11
53
      93
          11
54
      109
          11
      112
          11
55
      61
          12
56
```

> qc3<-qcc.groups(data1\$Observation, data1\$Sample)

> qc3

[,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5]

1 42 65 75 78 87

```
2 42 45 68 72 90
```

> qcc(qc3, type="xbar")

List of 11

```
$ call : language qcc(data = qc3, type = "xbar")
```

\$ statistics: Named num [1:12] 69.4 63.4 57 64 57.8 ...

\$ sizes : Named int [1:12] 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...

\$ center : num 71.6

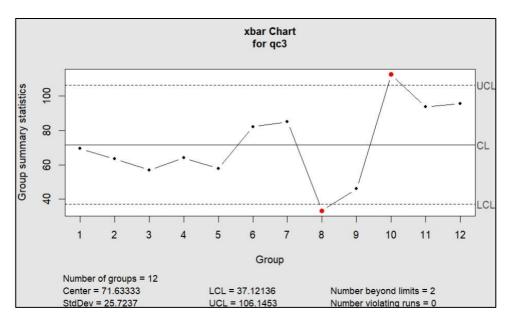
\$ std.dev : num 25.7

\$ nsigmas : num 3

\$ limits : num [1, 1:2] 37.1 106.1

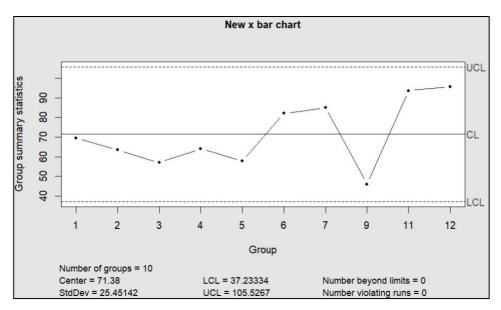
..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ violations:List of 2



The x-bar chart shows two points (Groups 8 and 10) beyond the control limits, indicating potential issues. The next step is to remove these points and create the x-bar chart again to check for stability.

```
> #new x_bar
> qcc(qc3[-c(8,10),],type="xbar", title="New x bar chart")
List of 11
$ call
         : language qcc(data = qc3[-c(8, 10), ], type = "xbar", title = "New x bar chart")
$ type
          : chr "xbar"
$ data.name : chr "qc3[-c(8, 10), ]"
$ data
          : int [1:10, 1:5] 42 42 19 36 42 51 60 15 64 61 ...
 ..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
$ statistics: Named num [1:10] 69.4 63.4 57 64 57.8 82 85 46 93.6 95.6
 ..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:10] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...
$ sizes : Named int [1:10] 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
 ..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:10] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...
$ center : num 71.4
$ std.dev : num 25.5
$ nsigmas : num 3
$ limits : num [1, 1:2] 37.2 105.5
 ..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
$ violations:List of 2
- attr(*, "class")= chr "qcc"
```



> qcc(qc3, type="R")

List of 11

\$ call : language qcc(data = qc3, type = "R")

\$ type : chr "R"

\$ data.name : chr "qc3"

\$ data : int [1:12, 1:5] 42 42 19 36 42 51 60 18 15 69 ...

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ statistics: Named int [1:12] 45 48 62 48 38 81 78 42 69 84 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:12] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ sizes : Named int [1:12] 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:12] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ center : num 59.8

\$ std.dev : num 25.7

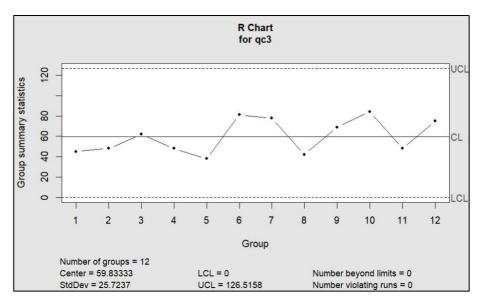
\$ nsigmas : num 3

\$ limits : num [1, 1:2] 0 127

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ violations:List of 2

- attr(*, "class")= chr "qcc"



> qcc(qc3, type="S")

List of 11

\$ call : language qcc(data = qc3, type = "S")

\$ type : chr "S"

\$ data.name : chr "qc3"

\$ data : int [1:12, 1:5] 42 42 19 36 42 51 60 18 15 69 ...

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ statistics: Named num [1:12] 17.2 20 32.5 19.2 14.1 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:12] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ sizes : Named int [1:12] 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:12] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ center : num 24

\$ std.dev : num 25.6

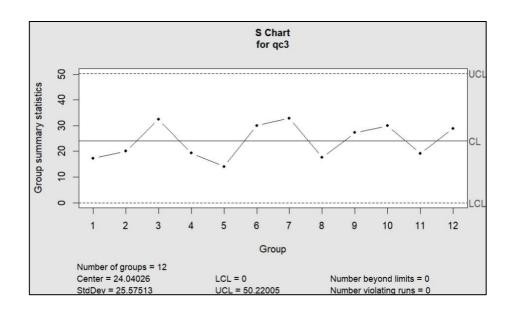
\$ nsigmas : num 3

\$ limits : num [1, 1:2] 0 50.2

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ violations:List of 2

- attr(*, "class")= chr "qcc"



Q.4)

PH-parts, a plastic injection company, produces high-precision vaccination syringes. The inner barrel diameter, a critical quality metric, need to be monitored using SPC tools like X-bar and R-charts. Operators record six samples hourly, and data from six hours of production as follows. State your findings.

	Sample1	Sample2	Sample3	Sample4	Sample5	Sample6
Hourl	5.3314	5.3399	5.3244	5.3363	5.3228	5.3181
Hour2	5.3240	5.3214	5.3142	5.3237	5.342	5.3392
Hour3	5.3263	5.3404	5.3136	5.3565	5.3387	5.357
Hour4	5.3553	5.3600	5.3171	5.3319	5.3446	5.3474
Hour5	5.3379	5.3264	5.3150	5.3134	5.3375	5.3407
Hour6	5.3432	5.3352	5.3238	5.3463	5.334	5.3205

> data2<-que_4

> data2

V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6

1 5.3314 5.3399 5.3244 5.3363 5.3228 5.3181

2 5.3240 5.3214 5.3142 5.3237 5.3420 5.3392

3 5.3263 5.3404 5.3136 5.3565 5.3387 5.3570

4 5.3553 5.3600 5.3171 5.3319 5.3446 5.3474

5 5.3379 5.3264 5.3150 5.3134 5.3375 5.3407

 $6\,5.3432\,5.3352\,5.3238\,5.3463\,5.3340\,5.3205$

> qcc(data2, type="xbar")

List of 11

\$ call : language qcc(data = data2, type = "xbar")

\$ type : chr "xbar"

\$ data.name : chr "data2"

\$ data : num [1:6, 1:6] 5.33 5.32 5.33 5.36 5.34 ...

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ statistics: Named num [1:6] 5.33 5.33 5.34 5.34 5.33 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:6] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ sizes : int [1:6] 6 6 6 6 6 6

\$ center : num 5.33

\$ std.dev : num 0.0124

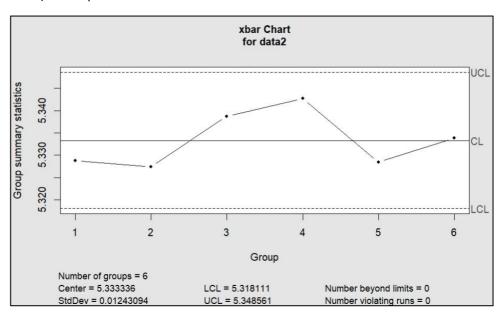
\$ nsigmas : num 3

\$ limits : num [1, 1:2] 5.32 5.35

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ violations:List of 2

- attr(*, "class")= chr "qcc"



> qcc(data2, type="R")

List of 11

\$ call : language qcc(data = data2, type = "R")

\$ type : chr "R"

\$ data.name : chr "data2"

\$ data : num [1:6, 1:6] 5.33 5.32 5.33 5.36 5.34 ...

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ statistics: Named num [1:6] 0.0218 0.0278 0.0434 0.0429 0.0273 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:6] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ sizes : int [1:6] 6 6 6 6 6 6

\$ center : num 0.0315

\$ std.dev : num 0.0124

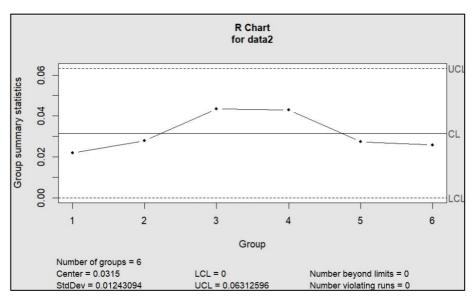
\$ nsigmas : num 3

\$ limits : num [1, 1:2] 0 0.0631

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ violations:List of 2

- attr(*, "class")= chr "qcc"



> qcc(data2, type="S")

List of 11

\$ call : language qcc(data = data2, type = "S")

\$ type : chr "S"

\$ data.name : chr "data2"

\$ data : num [1:6, 1:6] 5.33 5.32 5.33 5.36 5.34 ...

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ statistics: Named num [1:6] 0.00844 0.01084 0.01696 0.01585 0.01211 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:6] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ sizes : int [1:6] 6 6 6 6 6 6

\$ center : num 0.0124

\$ std.dev : num 0.013

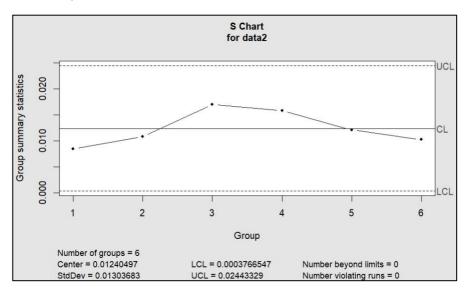
\$ nsigmas : num 3

\$ limits : num [1, 1:2] 0.000377 0.024433

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ violations:List of 2

- attr(*, "class")= chr "qcc"



Q.5)

The following are mean and ranges of 20 samples of size 5 each. The data pertain to the overall length of a fragmentation bomb base manufactured during the war by the American store camp.

Group	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Mean	0.8372	0.8324	0.8308	0.8344	0.8346	0.8332	0.834	0.8344	0.8308	0.835
Range	0.01	0.009	0.008	0.004	0.005	0.011	0.009	0.003	0.002	0.006
Group	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Mean	0.838	0.8322	0.8356	0.8322	0.8404	0.8372	0.8282	0.8346	0.836	0.8374
Range	0.006	0.002	0.013	0.005	0.008	0.011	0.006	0.006	0.004	0.006

From these data, obtain control limits for X and R charts to control the length of bomb bases to be produced in future.

> tdata<-Q5.SQC1

> head(tdata)

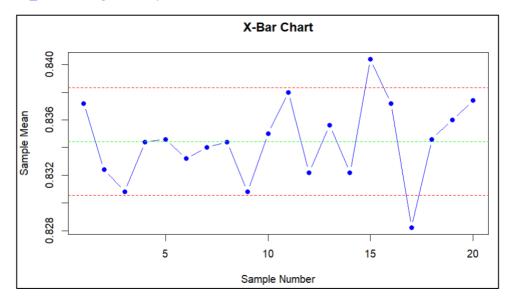
```
Group Mean Range
1 1 0.8372 0.010
2 2 0.8324 0.009
3 0.8308 0.008
4 4 0.8344 0.004
5 5 0.8346 0.005
6 6 0.8332 0.011
> #Mean of sample means and range
> mean_xbar<-mean(tdata$Mean)
> mean_r<-mean(tdata$Range)
> #control limits for x bar chart
> a2<-0.58 #for n=5
> ucl_xbar<-mean_xbar+a2*mean_r
> lcl_xbar<-mean_xbar-a2*mean_r
> cl_xbar<-mean_xbar
> #control limits for r chart
> d3 < -0
> d4<-2.114
> ucl_r<-mean_r*d4
> lcl_r<-mean_r*d3
> cl_r<-mean_r
> mean_s<-mean(tdata$Range)
> #control limits for s chart
> b3<-0.0
> b4<-2.089
> ucl_s<-mean_s*b4
> lcl_s<-mean_s*b3
> cl_s<-mean_s
> new_tdata<-tdata[-c(15,17)]</pre>
```

> plot(tdata\$Group, tdata\$Mean, type="b", pch=16, col="blue",

+ ylim=c(min(lcl_xbar, min(tdata\$Mean)), max(ucl_xbar, max(tdata\$Mean))),

```
+ xlab="Sample Number", ylab="Sample Mean", main="X-Bar Chart")
```

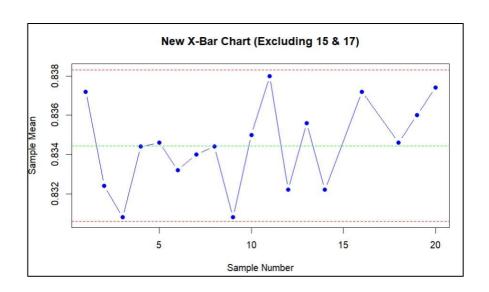
- > abline(h=ucl_xbar, col="red", lty=2)
- > abline(h=lcl_xbar, col="red", lty=2)
- > abline(h=cl_xbar, col="green", lty=2)



The x-bar chart shows two points (Groups 15 and 17) beyond the control limits, indicating potential issues. The next step is to remove these points and create the x-bar chart again to check for stability.

```
> # New x bar chart
```

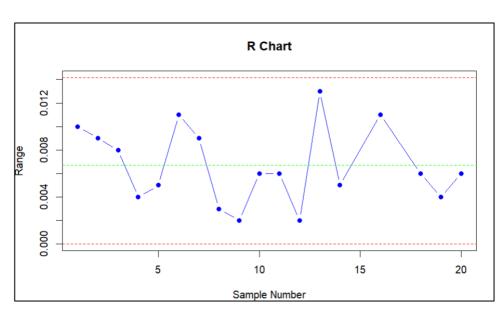
- > mean_xbar<-mean(new_tdata\$Mean)
- > mean_r<-mean(new_tdata\$Range)
- > a2<-0.58 #for n=5
- > ucl_xbar<-mean_xbar+a2*mean_r
- > lcl_xbar<-mean_xbar-a2*mean_r
- > cl_xbar<-mean_xbar
- > # Plot the new X-bar chart
- > plot(new_tdata\$Group, new_tdata\$Mean, type = "b", pch = 16, col = "blue",
- + ylim = c(min(lcl_xbar, min(new_tdata\$Mean)), max(ucl_xbar, max(new_tdata\$Mean))),
- + xlab = "Sample Number", ylab = "Sample Mean", main = "New X-Bar Chart (Excluding 15 & 17)")
- > abline(h = ucl_xbar, col = "red", lty = 2)
- > abline(h = lcl_xbar, col = "red", lty = 2)
- > abline(h = cl_xbar, col = "green", lty = 2)



> # Plot the R chart

> plot(new_tdata\$Group, new_tdata\$Range, type = "b", pch = 16, col = "blue",

- + ylim = c(0, max(ucl_r, max(new_tdata\$Range))),
- + xlab = "Sample Number", ylab = "Range", main = "R Chart")
- > abline(h = ucl_r, col = "red", lty = 2)
- > abline(h = lcl_r, col = "red", lty = 2)
- > abline(h = cl_r, col = "green", lty = 2)

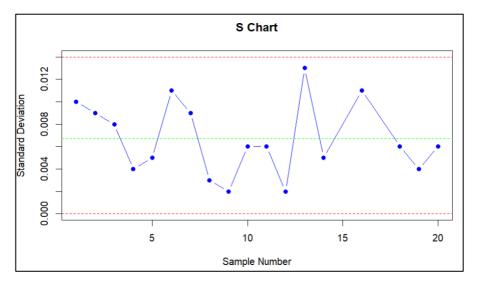


> # Plot the S chart

> plot(new_tdata\$Group, new_tdata\$Range, type = "b", pch = 16, col = "blue",

+ ylim = c(0, max(ucl_s, max(new_tdata\$Range))),

```
+ xlab = "Sample Number", ylab = "Standard Deviation", main = "S Chart")
> abline(h = ucl_s, col = "red", lty = 2)
> abline(h = lcl_s, col = "red", lty = 2)
> abline(h = cl_s, col = "green", lty = 2)
```



Q.6)

From the following data showing values of sample mean and range for 10 samples each of 6, calculate the values for central line and the control limits for mean and range chart. Comment on the state of control of the mean chart. Can the process be said to be in a state of control regarding the variations inequality of the manufactured products?

Sample No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Mean	43	49	37	44	45	37	51	46	43	47
Range	5	6	5	7	7	4	8	6	4	6

```
> sample_no <- 1:10
> mean_values <- c(43, 49, 37, 44,
```

> mean_values <- c(43, 49, 37, 44, 45, 37, 51, 46, 43, 47)

> range_values <- c(5, 6, 5, 7, 7, 4, 8, 6, 4, 6)

> sample_size <- 6

> # Mean of sample means and ranges

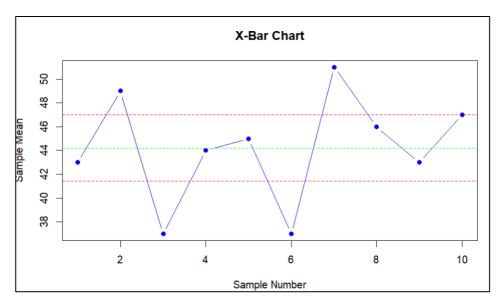
> mean_xbar <- mean(mean_values)

> mean_r <- mean(range_values)

> # Constants for n = 6

```
> a2 <- 0.48
> d3 <- 0.076
> d4 <- 1.924
> b3 <- 0.0
> b4 <- 2.089
> # Control limits for X-bar chart
> ucl_xbar <- mean_xbar + a2 * mean_r
> lcl_xbar <- mean_xbar - a2 * mean_r
> cl_xbar <- mean_xbar
> # Control limits for R chart
> ucl_r <- mean_r * d4
> lcl r <- mean r * d3
> cl_r <- mean_r
> # Control limits for S chart
> ucl_s<-mean_s*b4
> lcl_s<-mean_s*b3
> cl_s<-mean_s
> # Plot X-bar Chart
> plot(sample_no, mean_values, type = "b", pch = 16, col = "blue",
+ ylim = c(min(lcl_xbar, min(mean_values))), max(ucl_xbar, max(mean_values))),
    xlab = "Sample Number", ylab = "Sample Mean", main = "X-Bar Chart")
> abline(h = ucl_xbar, col = "red", lty = 2)
> abline(h = lcl_xbar, col = "red", lty = 2)
```

> abline(h = cl_xbar, col = "green", lty = 2)



The x-bar chart shows four points 2,3,6,7 beyond the control limits, indicating potential issues. The next step is to remove these points and create the x-bar chart again to check for stability.

```
> # Plot New X_bar Chart
```

```
> # Remove samples 2, 3, 6, and 7
```

> # Recalculate Mean of sample means and range

```
> mean_xbar <- mean(cleaned_data$mean)
```

> mean_r <- mean(cleaned_data\$range)

> # Control limits for X-bar chart (recalculated)

```
> ucl_xbar <- mean_xbar + a2 * mean_r
```

> cl_xbar <- mean_xbar

> # Plot New X-bar Chart

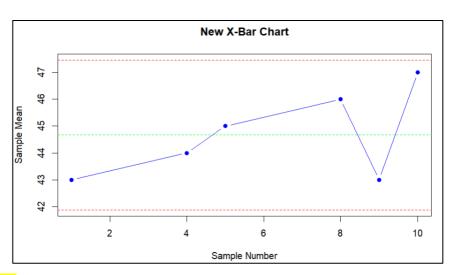
> plot(cleaned_data\$`sample no.`, cleaned_data\$mean, type = "b", pch = 16, col = "blue",

```
+ ylim = c(min(lcl_xbar, min(cleaned_data$mean)), max(ucl_xbar, max(cleaned_data$mean))),
```

+ xlab = "Sample Number", ylab = "Sample Mean", main = "New X-Bar Chart")

```
> abline(h = ucl_xbar, col = "red", lty = 2)
```

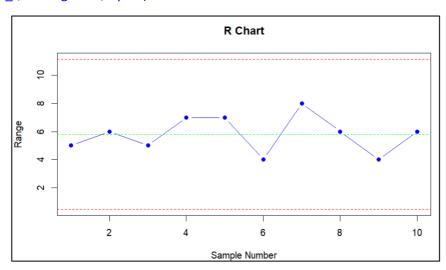
> abline(h = cl_xbar, col = "green", lty = 2)



> # Plot R Chart

> plot(sample_no, range_values, type = "b", pch = 16, col = "blue",

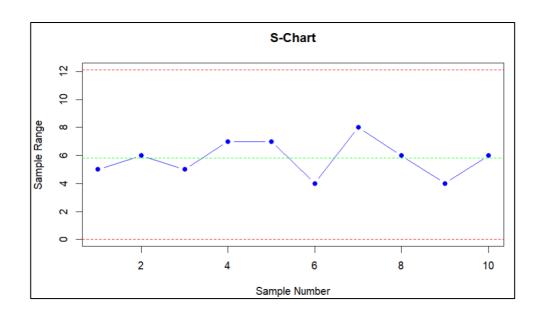
- + ylim = c(min(lcl_r, min(range_values)), max(ucl_r, max(range_values))),
- + xlab = "Sample Number", ylab = "Range", main = "R Chart")
- > abline(h = ucl_r, col = "red", lty = 2)
- > abline(h = lcl_r, col = "red", lty = 2)
- > abline(h = cl_r, col = "green", lty = 2)



> # Plot S-Chart

> plot(sample_no, range_values, type = "b", pch = 16, col = "blue",

- + ylim = c(min(lcl_s, min(range_values)), max(ucl_s, max(range_values))),
- + xlab = "Sample Number", ylab = "Sample Range", main = "S-Chart")
- > abline(h = ucl_s, col = "red", lty = 2)
- > abline(h = lcl_s, col = "red", lty = 2)
- > abline(h = cl_s, col = "green", lty = 2)



Q.7)
Construct a control chart for mean and range of the following data on the basis of fuses, sample of 4 being taken every hour:

Sample No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	27	30	21	40	51	33	30	35	20	22	34	32	34	28	44
Observation	23	17	44	21	34	30	22	48	34	50	22	48	32	30	32
	36	27	22	29	17	28	18	20	15	45	36	32	28	17	22
	24	32	28	24	10	12	22	47	42	41	44	33	48	23	41

Sample	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
No.										
Observation	26	38	26	42	30	23	28	25	30	38
	42	40	28	38	32	44	34	29	38	27
	35	51	34	52	39	48	39	40	44	39
	28	32	39	36	45	33	44	33	32	22

Comment on the state of control.

> data7<-que_7

> head(data7)

A tibble: 6 × 2

observation sample

<dbl> <dbl>

1 27 1

2 23 1

3 36 1

4 24 1

```
5 30 2
```

> qc7<-qcc.groups(data7\$observation, data7\$sample)

> qc7

[,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]

- 1 27 23 36 24
- 2 30 17 27 32
- 3 21 44 22 28
- 4 40 21 29 24
- 5 51 34 17 10
- 6 33 30 28 12
- 7 30 22 18 22
- 8 35 48 20 47
- 9 20 34 15 42
- 10 22 50 45 41
- 11 34 22 36 44
- 12 32 48 32 33
- 13 34 32 28 48
- 14 28 30 17 23
- 15 44 32 22 41
- 16 26 42 35 28
- 17 38 40 51 32
- 18 26 28 34 39
- 19 42 38 52 36
- 20 30 32 39 45
- 21 23 44 48 33
- 22 28 34 39 44
- 23 25 29 40 33
- 24 30 38 44 32
- 25 38 27 39 22

> qcc(qc7, type="xbar")

List of 11

\$ call : language qcc(data = qc7, type = "xbar")

\$ type : chr "xbar"

\$ data.name : chr "qc7"

\$ data : num [1:25, 1:4] 27 30 21 40 51 33 30 35 20 22 ...

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ statistics: Named num [1:25] 27.5 26.5 28.8 28.5 28 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:25] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ sizes : Named int [1:25] 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:25] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ center : num 32.5

\$ std.dev : num 9.44

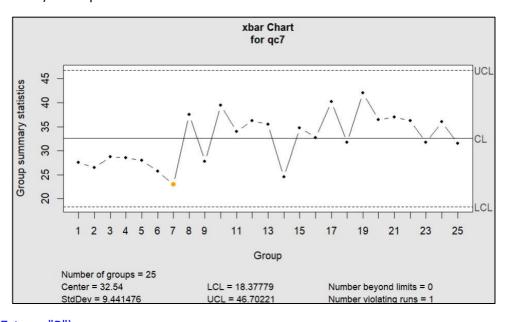
\$ nsigmas : num 3

\$ limits : num [1, 1:2] 18.4 46.7

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ violations:List of 2

- attr(*, "class")= chr "qcc"



> qcc(qc7, type="R")

List of 11

\$ call : language qcc(data = qc7, type = "R")

\$ type : chr "R"

\$ data.name : chr "qc7"

\$ data : num [1:25, 1:4] 27 30 21 40 51 33 30 35 20 22 ...

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ statistics: Named num [1:25] 13 15 23 19 41 21 12 28 27 28 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:25] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ sizes : Named int [1:25] 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:25] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ center : num 19.4

\$ std.dev : num 9.44

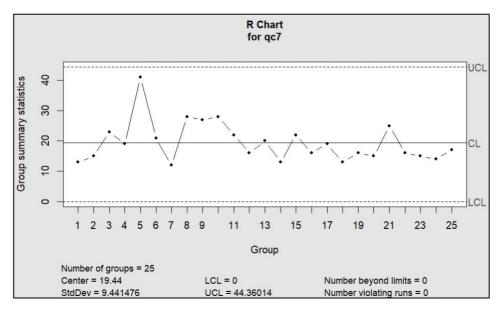
\$ nsigmas : num 3

\$ limits : num [1, 1:2] 0 44.4

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ violations:List of 2

- attr(*, "class")= chr "qcc"



> qcc(qc7, type="S")

List of 11

\$ call : language qcc(data = qc7, type = "S")

\$ type : chr "S"

\$ data.name : chr "qc7"

\$ data : num [1:25, 1:4] 27 30 21 40 51 33 30 35 20 22 ...

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ statistics: Named num [1:25] 5.92 6.66 10.63 8.35 18.35 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:25] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ sizes : Named int [1:25] 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 ...

..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:25] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

\$ center : num 8.71

\$ std.dev : num 9.45

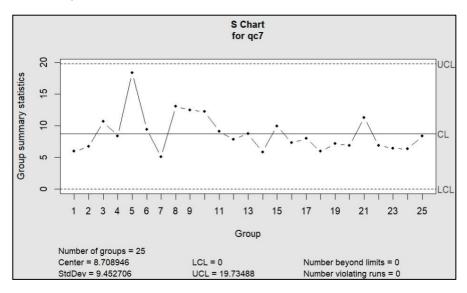
\$ nsigmas : num 3

\$ limits : num [1, 1:2] 0 19.7

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ violations:List of 2

- attr(*, "class")= chr "qcc"



Q.8) A machine is set to deliver packets of a given weight. 10 samples of size 5 each were recorded as follows: 15, 17, 15, 18, 17, 14, 18, 15, 17 and 16. The mean range in these samples is 7.4. Construct a mean chart. Are all the sample points lying within the control limits?

```
> sample_means <- c(15, 17, 15, 18, 17, 14, 18, 15, 17, 16)
```

> mean_range <- 7.4

> sample_size <- 5

> d2 <- 2.326

> #Calculate process standard deviation

```
> sigma <- mean_range / d2
> #Calculate control limits
> A2 <- 3 / (d2 * sqrt(sample_size))
> center <- mean(sample_means)
> UCL <- center + A2 * mean_range
> LCL <- center - A2 * mean_range
> #Display calculated control limits
> cat("Center Line (CL):", center, "\n")
Center Line (CL): 16.2
> cat("Upper Control Limit (UCL):", UCL, "\n")
Upper Control Limit (UCL): 20.46833
> cat("Lower Control Limit (LCL):", LCL, "\n")
Lower Control Limit (LCL): 11.93167
> #Construct and display the mean chart
> mean_chart <- qcc(data = sample_means,
           type = "xbar",
           sizes = sample_size,
           center = center,
           std.dev = sigma)
> print(mean_chart)
List of 11
$ call : language qcc(data = sample_means, type = "xbar", sizes = sample_size, center = center,
std.dev = sigma)
$ type
        : chr "xbar"
$ data.name : chr "sample means"
$ data
          : num [1:10, 1] 15 17 15 18 17 14 18 15 17 16
 ..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
$ statistics: Named num [1:10] 15 17 15 18 17 14 18 15 17 16
 ..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:10] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...
$ sizes : num [1:10] 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
$ center : num 16.2
```

\$ std.dev : num 3.18

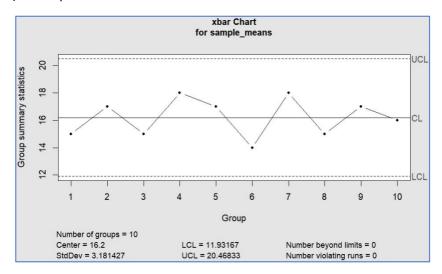
\$ nsigmas : num 3

\$ limits : num [1, 1:2] 11.9 20.5

..- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2

\$ violations:List of 2

- attr(*, "class")= chr "qcc"



 $\underline{Q.9}$) A drilling machine bores holes with a mean diameter of 0.523 cm and a standard deviation of 0.0032 cm. Calculate 2 – sigma and 3 – sigma upper and lower control limits for means of samples 4 and prepare a control chart.

```
> #Parameters
```

> mu <- 0.523

> sigma <- 0.0032

> n <- 4

> #Calculate control limits

> sigma_sample <- sigma / sqrt(n)

> ucl_2 <- mu + 2 * sigma_sample

> lcl_2 <- mu - 2 * sigma_sample

> ucl_3 <- mu + 3 * sigma_sample

> lcl_3 <- mu - 3 * sigma_sample

> #Simulate sample means

> set.seed(123)

```
> sample_means <- rnorm(100, mean = mu, sd = sigma_sample)
```

> #Create control chart

> plot(sample_means, type = "o", col = "blue", pch = 16,

- + ylim = c(min(lcl_3, min(sample_means)) 0.001, max(ucl_3, max(sample_means)) + 0.001),
- + xlab = "Sample Index", ylab = "Sample Mean",
- + main = "Control Chart")
- > abline(h = mu, col = "black", lwd = 2, lty = 2) # Mean line
- > abline(h = c(ucl_2, lcl_2), col = "orange", lwd = 2, lty = 2) # 2-sigma limits
- > abline(h = c(ucl_3, lcl_3), col = "red", lwd = 2, lty = 2) # 3-sigma limits
- > legend("topright", legend = c("Mean", "2-sigma Limits", "3-sigma Limits"),
- + col = c("black", "orange", "red"), lty = 2, lwd = 2)

