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''' Import Libraries'''
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

class Classifier:
    ''' This is a class prototype for any classifier. It contains two empty methods:
    predict, fit'''
    def __init__(self, data):
        self.model_params = {'data': None}
        self.model_params['data'] = data

    def predict(self, x):
        '''This method takes in x (numpy array) and returns a prediction y'''
        raise NotImplementedError

    def fit(self, dataframe):
        '''This method is used for fitting a model to data: x, y'''
        raise NotImplementedError

class KMeans_custom(Classifier):
    '''No init function, as we inherit it from the base class'''
    def __init__(self, data):
        super().__init__(data)

    def fit(self, k=2, tol = 0.01):
        '''k is the number of clusters, tol is our tolerance level'''
        '''Randomly choose k vectors from our data'''
        '''Your code here'''
        data = self.model_params['data']

        centroids = []

        min_x, max_x = np.min(data[:, 0]), np.max(data[:, 0])
        min_y, max_y = np.min(data[:, 1]), np.max(data[:, 1])

        # print(min_x, min_y)
        # print(max_x, max_y)

        for i in range(k):
            random_centroid = np.array([np.random.uniform(min_x, max_x),
np.random.uniform(min_y, max_y)])
            centroids.append(random_centroid)

        i = 0
        run = True
        list_of_centroids = []

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list_of_centroids.append(centroids)

while(run):
    clusters = self.cluster_assign(data, k, centroids)
    new_centroids_val = self.new_cluster(data, k, clusters)

    sse_old = self.sse_binary(data, centroids, clusters)
    sse_new = self.sse_binary(data, new_centroids_val, clusters)

    if i > 1:
        if np.absolute(sse_new - sse_old)/sse_old <= tol:
            run = False
        else:
            centroids = new_centroids_val
            list_of_centroids.append(centroids)

    i = i + 1
self.centroids = centroids
return list_of_centroids

def sse_binary(self, data, centroids, clusters):
    errors = []
    for i in range(data.shape[0]):
        if(clusters[i] == 0):
            errors.append(np.linalg.norm(data[i] - centroids[0]))
        else:
            errors.append(np.linalg.norm(data[i] - centroids[1]))

    sse = sum(errors)
    return sse

def sse(self, data, k, centroids, square=True):
    data_dists = []
    for centroid in centroids:
        data_dists.append(data - centroid)

    min_dists = []
    for data_dist in data_dists:
        min_dist = np.sum(np.square(data_dist), axis = 1)
        if square:
            min_dist = np.sqrt(min_dist)
        min_dists.append(min_dist)
    # print(min_dists)

    return min_dists

def cluster_assign(self, data, k, centroids):
    min_dists = self.sse(data, k, centroids)

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stacked_min_dists = min_dists[0]
for min_dist in min_dists[1:]:
    stacked_min_dists = np.column_stack((stacked_min_dists, min_dist))

clusters = np.argmin(stacked_min_dists, axis=1)

return clusters

def new_cluster(self, data, k, clusters):
    new_centroids = []
    for i in range(k):
        pt_cluster = []
        for x in range(len(data)):
            if clusters[x] == i:
                pt_cluster.append(data[x])
        # mean_c = np.mean(pt_cluster, axis=0)
        # new_centroids.append(mean_c)
        stacked_pt_cluster = np.stack(pt_cluster)
        # 0 element for x and 1 element for y
        mean_x = np.mean(stacked_pt_cluster[:, 0])
        mean_y = np.mean(stacked_pt_cluster[:, 1])
        new_centroids.append(np.array([mean_x, mean_y]))

    return new_centroids

def predict(self, x):
    '''Input: a vector (x) to classify
    Output: an integer (classification) corresponding to the closest cluster
    Idea: you measure the distance (calc_distance) of the input to
    each cluster centroid and return the closest cluster index'''
    '''Your code here'''
    euclidian = []
    for centroid in self.centroids:
        euclidian.append(self.calc_distance(x, centroid))

    predicted_cluster = np.argmin(np.array(euclidian))

    return predicted_cluster

def calc_distance(self, point1, point2):
    '''Your code here'''
    '''Input: two vectors (point1 and point2)
    Output: a single value corresponding to the euclidan distance betwee the
    two vectors'''
    '''Your code here'''

    return np.linalg.norm(point1 - point2)

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