```
In [1]:
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
from sklearn.datasets import load boston
from random import seed
from random import randrange
from numpy import random
from csv import reader
from math import sqrt
from sklearn import preprocessing
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from prettytable import PrettyTable
from sklearn.linear model import SGDRegressor
from sklearn import preprocessing
from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
In [2]:
X = load boston().data
y = load boston().target
In [3]:
scaler = preprocessing.StandardScaler()
X = scaler.fit transform(X)
In [4]:
# Train and Test split of data
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.20, random_state = 42)
In [571]:
scaler = preprocessing.StandardScaler()
X train = scaler.fit transform(X train)
X test = scaler.transform (X test)
#print(X.shape)
```

Implementing SGD on LINEAR REGRESSION

In [19]:

```
# IMPLEMENTING STOCHASTIC GRADIENT DESCENT ALGORITHM
def SGD(X, y, n iter, r=0.01, k=10):
   w \text{ new} = \text{np.random.normal}(0, 1, X. \text{shape}[1])
   b new = np.random.normal(0,1)
   iteration = 1
   m = X.shape[0]
   while(iteration<=n_iter):</pre>
      w_old = w_new
       b old = b new
       w_temp = np.zeros(X.shape[1])
       b temp = 0
       random ids = random.choice(m,m,replace=False)
       X shuffled = X[random ids,:]
       y shuffled = y[random ids]
       for i in range(k):
           b_temp += (y_shuffled[i] - (np.dot(X_shuffled[i],w_old) + b_old))
       w \text{ temp} = w \text{ temp*}(-2/k)
       b_{temp} = b_{temp} * (-2/k)
```

In [20]:

```
iterations = [50,100,150,200,250,300,350,400,450,500,550,600,650,700,750,800,850,900,950,1000]
MSE = []
predictions = np.zeros(X_test.shape[0])
for i in range(0,20):
    w,b = SGD(X_train,y_train,n_iter = iterations[i])
    for j in range(0,X_test.shape[0]):
        predictions[j] = np.dot(w,X_test[j])+b
    print('Iterations : ',iterations[i],' MSE : ',mean_squared_error(y_test,predictions))
    MSE.append(mean_squared_error(y_test, predictions))
```

```
Iterations : 50 MSE : 100.34019645774639
Iterations: 100 MSE: 40.49070490913116
Iterations: 150 MSE: 30.96207278505235
Iterations : 200 MSE : 25.91001432269464
Iterations :
Iterations: 350 MSE: 25.547366217531604
Iterations: 400 MSE: 26.680307221342442
Iterations : 450 MSE : 26.39429679785423
Iterations : 500 MSE : 24.722723974402385
Iterations : 550 MSE : 25.153033476114928
Iterations : 600 MSE : 24.710052056778814
Iterations: 650 MSE: 25.809674938644623
Iterations: 700 MSE: 25.286909531556756
Iterations: 750 MSE: 25.031769608638292
Iterations: 800 MSE: 25.61971117188206
Iterations: 850 MSE: 25.090794763845125
Iterations: 900 MSE: 27.114364180568902
Iterations: 950 MSE: 25.71815247117574
Iterations: 1000 MSE: 26.130545219256273
```

In [21]:

```
# Plot MSE vs Iterations
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
#%matplotlib inline
#plt.grid(b=None)
sns.set_style("whitegrid", {'axes.grid' : False})
plt.plot(iterations, MSE)
plt.xlabel("Iterations")
plt.ylabel("Mean Squared Error")
plt.title("Iterations vs MSE")
plt.show()
```



```
200 400 600 800 1000 Iterations
```

In [22]:

```
iteration = iterations[MSE.index(min(MSE))]
print(iteration)
```

600

In [23]:

```
w,b = SGD(X_train,y_train,n_iter=iteration)
```

In [24]:

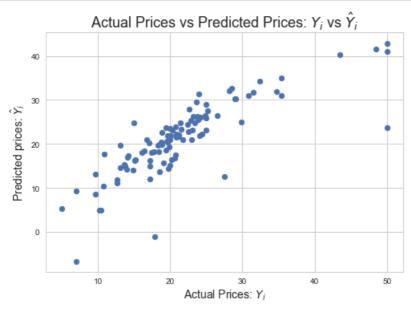
```
# Now predicting the house prices on X_train data
manual_sgd_predictions_train = np.zeros(X_train.shape[0])
for i in range(0,X_train.shape[0]):
    manual_sgd_predictions_train[i] = np.dot(w,X_train[i])+b
```

In [25]:

```
# Now predicting the house prices on X_test data
manual_sgd_predictions_test = np.zeros(X_test.shape[0])
for i in range(0,X_test.shape[0]):
    manual_sgd_predictions_test[i] = np.dot(w,X_test[i])+b
```

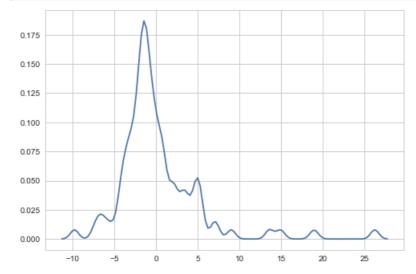
In [26]:

```
# Plotting the Scatter plot of Actual Price VS Predicted Price
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
#%matplotlib inline
plt.grid(b=None)
plt.scatter(y_test, manual_sgd_predictions_test)
plt.xlabel("Actual Prices: $Y_i$",size=14)
plt.ylabel("Predicted prices: $\hat{Y}_i$",size=14)
plt.title("Actual Prices vs Predicted Prices: $Y_i$ vs $\hat{Y}_i$",size=18)
plt.show()
```



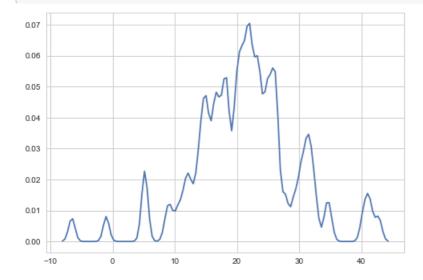
In [27]:

```
delta_y = y_test - manual_sgd_predictions_test;
import seaborn as sns;
import numpy as np;
sns.set_style('whitegrid')
sns.kdeplot(np.array(delta_y), bw=0.5)
plt.show()
```



In [28]:

```
sns.set_style('whitegrid')
sns.kdeplot(np.array(manual_sgd_predictions_test), bw=0.5)
plt.show()
```



In [29]:

```
sns.set_style('whitegrid')
sns.kdeplot(np.array(y_test), bw=0.5)
plt.show()
```



```
0.00
```

In [30]:

```
# Calculating accuracy for Implementation of SGD from Scratch
from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error,mean_squared_error
# calculate Mean Absolute Error (MAE), Mean Squared Error (MSE), Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE)
MSE_Manual_SGD_Train = mean_squared_error(y_train,manual_sgd_predictions_train)
MSE_Manual_SGD_Test = mean_squared_error(y_test,manual_sgd_predictions_test)
MAE_Manual_SGD_Train = mean_absolute_error(y_train,manual_sgd_predictions_train)
MAE_Manual_SGD_Test = mean_absolute_error(y_test,manual_sgd_predictions_test)
RMSE_Manual_SGD_Test = mean_absolute_error(y_test,manual_sgd_predictions_train))
RMSE_Manual_SGD_Test = np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_test,manual_sgd_predictions_test))

print("Mean Absolute Error for Implementation of SGD from Scratch is : ",mean_absolute_error(y_test,manual_sgd_predictions_test))

print("Mean Squared Error for Implementation of SGD from Scratch is : ",mean_squared_error(y_test,manual_sgd_predictions_test))

print("Root Mean Squared Error for Implementation of SGD from Scratch is : ",mean_squared_error(y_test,manual_sgd_predictions_test)))
```

Mean Absolute Error for Implementation of SGD from Scratch is : 3.207541960228099

Mean Squared Error for Implementation of SGD from Scratch is : 24.70657162438156

Root Mean Squared Error for Implementation of SGD from Scratch is : 4.970570553204285

Implementing sklearn's SGD

```
In [40]:
```

```
X = scaler.fit_transform(X)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.20, random_state = 42)
```

In [41]:

```
sgd = SGDRegressor(penalty='none', max_iter=1000, learning_rate='constant', eta0=0.001)
sgd.fit(X_train,y_train)
sklearn_sgd_predictions_train = sgd.predict(X_train)
sklearn_sgd_predictions_test = sgd.predict(X_test)
w_sgd = sgd.coef_
```

In [42]:

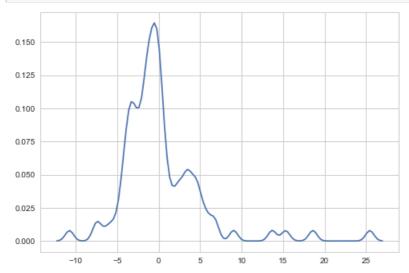
```
plt.grid(b=None)
plt.scatter(y_test, sklearn_sgd_predictions_test)
plt.xlabel("Actual Prices: $Y_i$",size=14)
plt.ylabel("Predicted prices: $\hat{Y}_i$",size=14)
plt.title("Actual Prices vs Predicted Prices: $Y_i$ vs $\hat{Y}_i$",size=18)
plt.show()
```





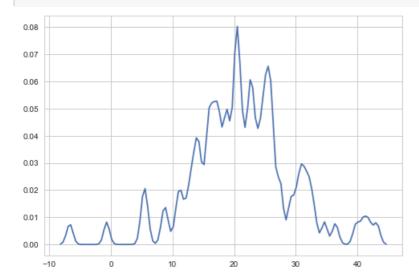
In [43]:

```
delta_y = y_test - sklearn_sgd_predictions_test;
sns.set_style('whitegrid')
sns.kdeplot(np.array(delta_y), bw=0.5)
plt.show()
```



In [44]:

```
sns.set_style('whitegrid')
sns.kdeplot(np.array(sklearn_sgd_predictions_test), bw=0.5)
plt.show()
```



In [45]:

```
# Calculating accuracy for Implementation of SGD using SKLEARN
from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error

# calculate Mean Absolute Error (MAE), Mean Squared Error (MSE), Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE)
MSE_sklearn_Test = mean_squared_error(y_test, sklearn_sgd_predictions_test)
MSE_sklearn_Train = mean_squared_error(y_train, sklearn_sgd_predictions_train)
MAE_sklearn_Test = mean_absolute_error(y_test, sklearn_sgd_predictions_train)
MAE_sklearn_Test = mean_absolute_error(y_test, sklearn_sgd_predictions_test)
```

```
RMSE sklearn Train = np.sqrt(mean squared error(y train,sklearn sgd predictions train))
RMSE_sklearn_Test = np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_test,sklearn_sgd_predictions_test))
print ("Mean Absolute Error for Implementation of SGD using SKLEARN is: ", mean absolute error (y te
st, sklearn sgd predictions test))
print ("Mean Squared Error for Implementation of SGD using SKLEARN is: ",mean_squared_error(y_test
, sklearn sgd predictions test))
print("Root Mean Squared Error for Implementation of SGD using SKLEARN is:
",np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_test,sklearn_sgd_predictions_test)))
```

```
Mean Absolute Error for Implementation of SGD using SKLEARN is: 3.191095896866129
Mean Squared Error for Implementation of SGD using SKLEARN is : 24.59154872819201
Root Mean Squared Error for Implementation of SGD using SKLEARN is : 4.958986663441636
```

Comparing Weights

```
In [46]:
```

```
# Creating the table using PrettyTable library
from prettytable import PrettyTable
numbering = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13]
# Initializing prettytable
ptable = PrettyTable()
# Adding columns
ptable.add column("S.NO.", numbering)
ptable.add_column("Weights of Manual SGD",w)
ptable.add column ("Weights of Sklearn's SGD", w sqd)
# Printing the Table
print(ptable)
```

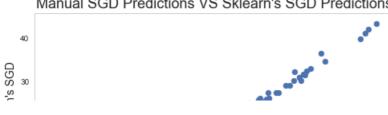
```
| S.NO. | Weights of Manual SGD | Weights of Sklearn's SGD |
  1 | -0.9486173366013014 | -0.9854261444408638
2 | 0.6337727328857912 | 0.7275637867580182
      0.053059301077179995
                               0.24472416150714904
     | 0.22586512840095874 |
                                0.7439188694574566
     | -1.5754314356959793 | -2.0166159096032046
  6 | 2.944078356124292 | 3.151684800102143
         -0.0787592487110848
                               -0.20407489194700984
      -3.020152998817232
          -2.653545926495107
                            1.4994651684282034 |
      - 1
                                 2.2782164652466
  10 | -1.4995928519767847 |
                                -1.82387572749531
  11 | -2.163579234271619 | -2.009309865720529
   12 | 1.0680725753550613 |
                                 1.1429494536678835
   13 | -3.7708777894939893 | -3.6809583827970225
```

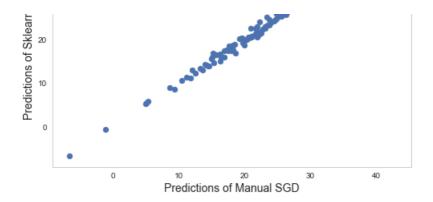
Plot the predictions Manual vs sklearn

```
In [47]:
```

```
# Scatter Plot of the predictions of both manual SGD Regression and Sklearn's SGD Regression
plt.grid(b=None)
plt.scatter(manual_sgd_predictions_test, sklearn_sgd_predictions_test)
plt.xlabel("Predictions of Manual SGD",size=14)
plt.ylabel("Predictions of Sklearn's SGD", size=14)
plt.title("Manual SGD Predictions VS Sklearn's SGD Predictions", size=18)
plt.show()
```

Manual SGD Predictions VS Sklearn's SGD Predictions





Comparing Errors

```
In [49]:
```

```
table_manual_sgd = PrettyTable()
table_manual_sgd.field_names = ["Data","Error","Result"]
table_manual_sgd.add_row(["Train","MSE",round(MSE_Manual_SGD_Train,2)])
table_manual_sgd.add_row(["Train","MMSE",round(MMSE_Manual_SGD_Train,2)])
table_manual_sgd.add_row(["Train","RMSE",round(RMSE_Manual_SGD_Train,2)])
table_manual_sgd.add_row(["Test","MSE",round(MSE_Manual_SGD_Test,2)])
table_manual_sgd.add_row(["Test","MMSE",round(MMSE_Manual_SGD_Test,2)])
table_manual_sgd.add_row(["Test","RMSE",round(RMSE_Manual_SGD_Test,2)])
print(table_manual_sgd.get_string(title="Manual_SGD_Test,2)])
table_sklearn_sgd.add_row(["Train","MSE",round(MSE_sklearn_Train,2)])
table_sklearn_sgd.add_row(["Train","MSE",round(MSE_sklearn_Train,2)])
table_sklearn_sgd.add_row(["Train","RMSE",round(RMSE_sklearn_Train,2)])
table_sklearn_sgd.add_row(["Train","RMSE",round(MSE_sklearn_Train,2)])
table_sklearn_sgd.add_row(["Test","MSE",round(MSE_sklearn_Test,2)])
table_sklearn_sgd.add_row(["Test","MSE",round(MSE_sklearn_Test,2)])
table_sklearn_sgd.add_row(["Test","RMSE",round(RMSE_sklearn_Test,2)])
table_sklearn_sgd.add_row(["Test","RMSE",round(RMSE_sklearn_Test,2)])
print(table_sklearn_sgd.get_string(title="Sklearn_SGD"))
```

+		+
Manual SGD		
++		
Data	Error	Result
++		++
Train	MSE	22.42
Train	MAE	3.35
Train	RMSE	4.73
Test	MSE	24.71
Test	MAE	3.21
Test	RMSE	4.97
++		++
++		
Sklearn SGD		
++		++
Data	Error	Result
++		++
Train	MSE	21.7
Train	MAE	3.33
Train	RMSE	4.66
Test	MSE	24.59
Test	MAE	3.19
Test	RMSE	4.96
+		++

Conclusion

By observing the above results sklearn's SGD and manual SGD is producing similar kind of results for MAE, MSE and RMSE.