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Experiment-1:

1.1) Recursive and non-recursive functions to perform Linear search for a Key value in a given list.

```
Non-recursive Program:
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int linearsearch(int n,int k)
{
       if(n==k)
              return 1;
       return 0;
int main()
       int n,c=0,f=0;
       scanf("%d",&n);
       int i,arr[n],k;
       for(i=0;i<n;i++)
              scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
       scanf("%d",&k);
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
              if(linearsearch(arr[i],k))
                      printf("Element found at index %d",i);
                      f=1;
                      break;
       if(f==0)
              printf("Element not found");
Sample Input:
1234567
Sample Output:
```

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Element found at index 2



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Recursive Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int linearsearch(int *arr,int n,int i,int k)
       if(i < n)
       {
               if(arr[i]==k)
                      return i;
               else
                      return linearsearch(arr,n,i+1,k);
       return -1;
int main()
       int n,c=0,f;
       scanf("%d",&n);
       int i,arr[n],k;
       for(i=0;i<n;i++)
               scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
       scanf("%d",&k);
       f=linearsearch(arr,n,0,k);
       if(f==-1)
           printf("Element not found");
       else
               printf("Element found at index %d",f);
Sample Input:
1234567
Sample Output:
```

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Element not found



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1.2) Recursive and non recursive functions to perform Binary search for a Key value in a given list

```
Non-recursive Program:
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int binarysearch(int *arr,int e,int l,int r)
       int m;
       while(l<=r)
              m=(1+r)/2;
              if(arr[m]==e)
                      return m;
              if(arr[m]<e)
                      l=m+1;
              if(arr[m]>e)
                      r=m-1;
       }
       return -1;
int main()
       int n,e,i,j,k,t;
       scanf("%d",&n);
       int l=0,r=n-1,arr[n];
       for(i=0;i<n;i++)
              scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
       scanf("%d",&e);
       k= binarysearch(arr,e,l,r);
       if(k!=-1)
              printf("Element found at index %d",k);
       else
              printf("Element not found");
Sample Input:
1234567
Sample Output:
Element not found
```

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Recursive Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int binarysearch(int *arr,int e,int l,int r)
       int m;
       if(1>r)
              return -1;
       else
              m=(1+r)/2;
              if(arr[m]==e)
                      return m;
               if(arr[m]<e)
                      l=m+1;
              if(arr[m]>e)
                      r=m-1;
       }
       return binarysearch(arr,e,l,r);
int main()
       int n,e,i,j,k,t;
       scanf("%d",&n);
       int l=0,r=n-1,arr[n];
       for(i=0;i<n;i++)
               scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
       scanf("%d",&e);
       k= binarysearch(arr,e,l,r);
       if(k!=-1)
               printf("Element found at index %d",k);
       else
               printf("Element not found");
Sample Input:
1234567
Sample Output:
```

Element found at index 6



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Experiment-2:

```
2.1) Bubble sort, to sort a given list of integers.
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
void bubblesort(int *arr,int n)
       int i,j,temp,flag;
       for(i=0;i< n-1;i++)
               flag=0;
               for(j=0;j< n-i-1;j++)
                       if(arr[j]>arr[j+1])
                              temp=arr[j];
                              arr[j]=arr[j+1];
                              arr[j+1]=temp;
                              flag=1;
               if(flag==0)
                       break;
        }
int main(){
       int n;
       scanf("%d",&n);
       int i,arr[n];
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
               scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
       bubblesort(arr,n);
       for(i=0;i<n;i++)
               printf("%d ",arr[i]);
Sample Input:
10
```

85 20 66 33 54 35 22 11 9 67

Sample Output:

9 11 20 22 33 35 54 66 67 85

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2.2) Insertion sort, to sort a given list of integers.

```
Program:
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int *insertsort(int *arr,int n)
{
       int i,temp,j;
       for(i=1;i<n;i++)
       {
              temp=arr[i];
              j=i-1;
              while(j>=0&&arr[j]>temp)
                     arr[j+1]=arr[j];
                     j--;
              arr[j+1]=temp;
       return arr;
int main()
       int n;
       scanf("%d",&n);
       int arr[n],i,*array;
       for(i=0;i<n;i++)
              scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
       array=insertsort(arr,n);
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
              printf("%d ",array[i]);
Sample Input:
98765432110
Sample Output:
12345678910
```



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2.3) Selection sort, to sort a given list of integers.

```
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
int max(int *arr,int i)
{
       int j,maxx=0,k;
       for(j=i;j>=0;j--)
               if(arr[j]>maxx)
                       maxx=arr[j];
                       k=j;
       return k;
void selection_sort(int *arr,int n)
       int i,l,k;
       for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--)
               l=max(arr,i);
               k=arr[1];
               arr[l]=arr[i];
               arr[i]=k;
        }
int main()
{
       int n,i,j,k,l;
       scanf("%d",&n);
       int arr[n];
       for(i=0;i<n;i++)
               scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
       selection_sort(arr,n);
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
               printf("%d ",arr[i]);
Sample Input:
85 20 66 33 54 35 22 11 9 67
```

Sample Output:

9 11 20 22 33 35 54 66 67 85

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Experiment-3:

3) Quick sort, to sort a given list of integers.

```
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
int fun(int *a,int lb,int ub)
       int pivot=a[lb],start=lb,end=ub,temp;
       while(start<end)
               while(a[start]<=pivot)</pre>
                       start++;
               while(a[end]>pivot)
                       end---;
               if(start<end)
                       temp=a[start];
                       a[start]=a[end];
                       a[end]=temp;
               }
       temp=a[lb];
       a[lb]=a[end];
       a[end]=temp;
       return end;
void quicksort(int *arr,int lb,int ub,int n)
       int loc,i;
       if(lb<ub)
               loc=fun(arr,lb,ub);
               quicksort(arr,lb,loc-1,n);
               quicksort(arr,loc+1,ub,n);
       }
int main()
       int i,n,arr[10000];
       scanf("%d",&n);
       for(i=0;i<n;i++)
               scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
       quicksort(arr,0,n-1,n);
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
               printf("%d ",arr[i]);
Sample Input:
88 66 22 11 33 55 77 44
Sample Output:
11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88
```

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Experiment-4:

4.1) Merge sort, to sort a given list of integers

```
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
void merge(int *arr,int l,int m,int h)
       int i,a[100],b[100],n1=m-l+1,n2=h-m,k=l,newarr[1000],j;
       for(i=0;i< n1;i++)
               a[i]=arr[k++];
       k=m+1;
       for(i=0;i< n2;i++)
               b[i]=arr[k++];
       i=j=k=0;
       while (i < n1 \&\& j < n2)
               if(a[i] \le b[j])
                      newarr[k]=a[i++];
               else
                              newarr[k]=b[j++];
               k++;
       while(i<n1)
               newarr[k++]=a[i++];
       while(j<n2)
               newarr[k++]=b[j++];
  k=1;
  for(i=0;i< n1+n2;i++)
       arr[k++]=newarr[i];
void mergesort(int *arr,int l,int h)
       int m;
       if(l < h)
       {
               m=(1+h)/2;
               mergesort(arr,l,m);
               mergesort(arr,m+1,h);
               merge(arr,l,m,h);
       }
int main()
       int n;
       scanf("%d",&n);
       int i,arr[n];
       for(i=0;i<n;i++)
               scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
       mergesort(arr,n);
```

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for(i=0;i<n;i++)

printf("%d ",arr[i]);

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```
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Sample Input:
81726354
Sample Output:
12345678
4.2) Radix sort, to sort a given list of integers.
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
void countsort(int *arr,int n,int pos)
       int count[10] = \{0\}, b[n], i;
       for(i=0;i<n;i++)
               ++count[(arr[i]/pos)%10];
       for(i=1;i<10;i++)
              count[i]+=count[i-1];
       for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--)
               b[--count[(arr[i]/pos)%10]]=arr[i];
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
               arr[i]=b[i];
void radixsort(int *arr,int n)
       int max=-100,pos;
       for(pos=0;pos<n;pos++)</pre>
               if(max<arr[pos])</pre>
                      max=arr[pos];
       for(pos=1;(max/pos)>0;pos*=10)
              countsort(arr,n,pos);
int main()
       int n;
       scanf("%d",&n);
       int arr[n],i;
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
               scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
       radixsort(arr,n);
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
              printf("%d ",arr[i]);
Sample Input:
22 10 999 8765 12345 7
Sample Output:
7 10 22 999 8765 12345
```

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Experiment-5:

5) Stack operations using arrays.

```
Program: #include<s
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int Top=-1;
int n
int *stack;
void push(int val)
       if(Top==n-1)
               printf("Stack is full\n");
       else
               stack[++Top]=val;
int pop()
       int val;
       if(Top==-1)
               return -1;
       else
               val=stack[Top];
               stack[Top--]=0;
               return val;
        }
void display()
{
       int i;
       if(Top==-1)
               printf("Stack is empty\n");
       else
        {
               for(i=Top;i>=0;i--)
                       printf("%d ",stack[i]);
               printf("\n");
        }
int main()
       int i,ch,val;
       scanf("%d",&n);
       stack=(int *)calloc(n,sizeof(int));
       while(1)
               printf("1.Push\t2.Pop\t3.Display\t4.Exit\n");
               scanf("%d",&ch);
               if(ch==1)
               {
```

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```
scanf("%d",&val);
                     push(val);
              }
              else if(ch==2)
                     val=pop();
                     if(val = -1)
                            printf("Stack is empty\n");
                     else
                            printf("%d\n",val);
              else if(ch==3)
                     display();
              else
                     break;
       }
Sample Input and Sample Output:
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display
                            4.Exit
Stack is empty
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display
                            4.Exit
Stack is empty
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display
                            4.Exit
1
10
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display
                            4.Exit
10
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display
                            4.Exit
20
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display
                            4.Exit
1
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display
                            4.Exit
1
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display
                            4.Exit
1
50
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display
                            4.Exit
50 40 30 20 10
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display
                            4.Exit
1
60
Stack is full
```

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1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit 50 40 30 20 10 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit 50 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit 3 40 30 20 10 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit 100 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit 100 40 30 20 10 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit

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Experiment-6:

6) Stack operations to evaluate the postfix expression.

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
char pe[10000];
int stack[10000],top=-1;
int is_op(char ch){
       if(ch==42||ch==43||ch==45||ch==47||ch==37)
               return 1;
       return 0;
void postevaluation(char *s){
       int i,k=0,val=0,op1,op2;
       char temp[100];
       for(i=0;s[i]!='\0';i++){
               if(is_op(s[i])){
                      op1=stack[top--];
                      op2=stack[top--];
                      if(s[i]=='+')
                              stack[++top]=op2+op1;
                      else if(s[i]=='-')
                              stack[++top]=op2-op1;
                      else if(s[i]=='*')
                              stack[++top]=op2*op1;
                       else if(s[i]=='/')
                              stack[++top]=op2/op1;
                      else
                              stack[++top]=op2%op1;
               }
               else{
                      if(s[i]!=' ')
                              temp[k++]=s[i];
                      else if(s[i] == ' ' &  !is_op(s[i-1])){
                              temp[k]='\0';
                              stack[++top]=atoi(temp);
                              k=0;
                       }
               }
       }
int main(){
       scanf("%[^\n]s",pe);
       postevaluation(pe);
       printf("%d",stack[0]);
Sample Input: 2 3 2 * + 1 2 / 3 * +
Sample Output: 8
```

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Experiment-7:

7) Queue operations using arrays.

```
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
int f=-1,r=-1,n,*queue;
void enqueue(int val)
       if(r==n-1)
               printf("Overflow\n");
       else if(f==-1\&\&r==-1)
               queue[++r]=val;
               f=0;
       else
               queue[++r]=val;
int dequeue()
       int val;
       if(f==-1\&\&r==-1)
               return -1;
       else if(f==r)
               val=queue[f];
               f=-1;
               r=-1;
               return val;
       else
               val=queue[f];
               f++;
               return val;
        }
void display()
       int i;
       if(f==-1\&\&r==-1)
               printf("Queue is empty\n");
       else
        {
               for(i=f;i<=r;i++)
                       printf("%d ",queue[i]);
               printf("\n");
```

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}

}

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```
Date:
int main()
       int i,ch,val;
       scanf("%d",&n);
       queue=(int *)calloc(n,sizeof(int));
       while(1)
       {
              printf("1.Enqueue \ \ t2.Dequeue \ \ t3.Display \ \ t4.Exit \ ");
              scanf("%d",&ch);
              if(ch==1)
              {
                      scanf("%d",&val);
                      enqueue(val);
              else if(ch==2)
              {
                      val=dequeue();
                      if(val==-1)
                             printf("Underflow\n");
                      else
                             printf("%d\n",val);
              else if(ch==3)
                      display();
              else
                      break;
Sample Input and Sample Output:
1.Enqueue
              2.Dequeue
                             3.Display
                                           4.Exit
1
10
1.Enqueue
              2.Dequeue
                             3.Display
                                           4.Exit
20
1.Enqueue
              2.Dequeue
                             3.Display
                                           4.Exit
1
30
1.Enqueue
              2.Dequeue
                             3.Display
                                           4.Exit
40
1.Enqueue
              2.Dequeue
                             3.Display
                                           4.Exit
10 20 30 40
1.Enqueue
              2.Dequeue
                             3.Display
                                           4.Exit
2
10
1.Enqueue
              2.Dequeue
                             3.Display
                                           4.Exit
3
```

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Date:			
20 30 40			
1.Enqueue	2.Dequeue	3.Display	4.Exit
1	•		
50			
1.Enqueue	2.Dequeue	3.Display	4.Exit
1			
60			
Overflow			
1.Enqueue	2.Dequeue	3.Display	4.Exit
3	_		
20 30 40 50			
1.Enqueue	2.Dequeue	3.Display	4.Exit
2			
20			
1.Enqueue	2.Dequeue	3.Display	4.Exit
4	•		



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8) Singly linked list and its operations

```
Program:
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node
       int data;
       struct node *next;
};
typedef struct node node;
node *head=NULL;
void insert_at_end(int val)
{
       node *nn,*temp=head;
       nn=(node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
       nn->data=val;
       nn->next=NULL;
       if(head==NULL)
              head=nn;
       else{
              while(temp->next!=NULL)
                     temp=temp->next;
              temp->next=nn;}
int delete_at_end()
       int val;
       node *temp;
       if(head==NULL)
              return -1;
       else if(head->next==NULL)
       {
              val=head->data;
              head=NULL;
              return val;
       }
       else
              temp=head;
              while(temp->next->next!=NULL)
                     temp=temp->next;
              val=temp->next->data;
              temp->next=NULL;
              return val;
       }
}
void display()
       node *temp=head;
       if(head==NULL)
```



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```
printf("NO NODES\n");
       else
       {
              while(temp!=NULL){
                     printf("%d %d %d\n",temp,temp->data,temp->next);
                     temp=temp->next;
              }
       }
void insert_at_head(int val)
       node *nn;
       nn=(node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
       nn->data=val;
       nn->next=NULL;
       if(head==NULL)
              head=nn;
       else
       {
              nn->next=head;
              head=nn;
int delete_at_head()
       int val;
       node *temp;
       if(head==NULL)
              return -1;
       else if(head->next==NULL)
              val=head->data;
              head=NULL;
              return val;
       else
              temp=head;
              temp=temp->next;
              head->next=NULL;
              val=head->data;
              head=temp;
              return val;
void insert_at_pos(int pos,int val)
       node *temp,*nn;
       int c=1,i;
       nn=(node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
```

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```
nn->data=val;
       nn->next=NULL;
       temp=head;
       while(temp!=NULL)
              temp=temp->next;
              c++;
       if(head==NULL)
              head=nn;
       else if(pos==1)
              insert_at_head(val);
       else if(c<=pos)
              insert_at_end(val);
       else
       {
              temp=head;
              for(i=1;i<pos-1;i++)
                     temp=temp->next;
              nn->next=temp->next;
              temp->next=nn;
int delete_at_pos(int pos)
       node *temp=head;
       int c=1,val,i;
       if(head==NULL)
              return -1;
       else if(pos==1)
              return delete_at_head();
       while(temp!=NULL)
              temp=temp->next;
              c++;
       if(c<=pos)
              return delete_at_end();
       else{
              temp=head;
              for(i=1;i<pos-1;i++)
                     temp=temp->next;
              val=temp->next->data;
              temp->next=temp->next->next;
              return val;
       }
int main(){
       int ch,val,pos;
       while(1){
```

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```
printf("1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete
at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit\n");
              scanf("%d",&ch);
              if(ch==1){
                      scanf("%d",&val);
                     insert_at_end(val);
              else if(ch==2){
                     val=delete_at_end();
                     if(val==-1)
                             printf("NO NODES TO DELETE\n");
                     else
                             printf("%d\n",val);
              else if(ch==3)
                     display();
              else if(ch==4){
                     scanf("%d",&val);
                     insert_at_head(val);
              else if(ch==5){
                     val=delete_at_head();
                     if(val==-1)
                             printf("NO NODES TO DELETE\n");
                     else
                             printf("%d\n",val);
              else if(ch==6){
                      scanf("%d%d",&pos,&val);
                     insert_at_pos(pos,val);
              else if(ch==7){
                     scanf("%d",&pos);
                     val=delete_at_pos(pos);
                     if(val==-1)
                             printf("NO NODES TO DELETE AT THAT
POSITION\n");
                     else
                             printf("%d\n",val);
              else
                     break;
       }
}
```

Sample Input and Sample Output:

1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit 1



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1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit

3

7607392 10 0

1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit

4 20

1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit

3

7607424 20 7607392

7607392 10 0

1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit

2 10

1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit

3

7607424 20 0

1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit

6

1 10

1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit

3

7607488 10 7607424

7607424 20 0

1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit

1

1

10

1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit

3

7607424 20 0

1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit

5

20

1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit

3

NO NODES

1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit

8



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Experiment-9:

9) Doubly linked list and its operations

```
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node
       struct node *prev;
      int data;
      struct node *next;
};
typedef struct node node;
node *head=NULL;
void insert_at_end(int val){
      node *nn,*temp=head;
       nn=(node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
       nn->prev=NULL;
       nn->data=val;
      nn->next=NULL;
      if(head==NULL)
             head=nn;
      else{
              while(temp->next!=NULL)
                    temp=temp->next;
              temp->next=nn;
              nn->prev=temp;
int delete_at_end(){
      int val;
       node *temp=head,*temp1;
      if(head==NULL)
              return -1;
      else if(head->next==NULL){
              val=head->data;
              head=NULL;
              return val;
       }
      else{
              while(temp->next->next!=NULL)
                    temp=temp->next;
              temp1=temp->next;
              temp->next=NULL;
              temp1->prev=NULL;
              return temp1->data;
       }
void display(){
       node *temp=head;
```

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if(temp==NULL)



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```
printf("NO NODES\n");
      else{
             while(temp!=NULL){
                    printf("(%d) %d %d %d\n",temp,temp->prev,temp->data,temp-
>next);
                    temp=temp->next;
             }
       }
void insert_at_head(int val){
       node *nn;
       nn=(node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
       nn->prev=NULL;
       nn->data=val;
       nn->next=NULL;
      if(head==NULL)
             head=nn;
      else{
             nn->next=head;
             head->prev=nn;
             head=nn;
       }
int delete_at_head(){
      int val;
       node *temp;
      if(head==NULL)
             return -1;
      else if(head->next==NULL){
             val=head->data;
             head=NULL;
             return val;
      else{
             temp=head->next;
             val=head->data;
             temp->prev=NULL;
             head->next=NULL;
             head=temp;
             return val;
       }
void insert_at_pos(int pos,int val){
       node *temp,*nn,*temp1;
      int nc=1,i;
       nn=(node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
       nn->prev=NULL;
       nn->data=val;
       nn->next=NULL;
       temp=head;
```

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```
while(temp!=NULL){
              temp=temp->next;
              nc++;
      if(head==NULL)
              head=nn;
      else if(pos==1)
              insert_at_head(val);
      else if(nc<=pos)
              insert_at_end(val);
      else{
              temp=head;
              for(i=1;i<pos-1;i++){}
                    temp=temp->next;
              temp1=temp->next;
              temp->next=nn;
              nn->prev=temp;
              temp1->prev=nn;
              nn->next=temp1;
       }
int delete_at_pos(int pos){
      int val,nc=0,i;
       node *temp=head,*temp1;
       while(temp!=NULL){
              temp=temp->next;
             nc++;
      if(head==NULL||pos>nc)
             return -1;
      if(head->next==NULL){
              val=head->data;
             head=NULL;
             return val;
      if(pos==1)
              return delete_at_head();
      if(pos==nc)
              return delete_at_end();
       temp=head;
       for(i=1;i<pos-1;i++)
              temp=temp->next;
       temp1=temp->next;
       temp->next=temp1->next;
       temp->next->prev=temp;
       temp1->next=NULL;
       temp1->prev=NULL;
       return temp1->data;
int main(){
```

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```
int ch, val, pos;
       while(1){
              printf("1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete
at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit\n");
              scanf("%d",&ch);
              if(ch==1)
                      scanf("%d",&val);
                     insert_at_end(val);
              else if(ch==2){
                      val=delete_at_end();
                      if(val==-1)
                             printf("NO NODES TO DELETE\n");
                      else
                             printf("%d\n",val);
              else if(ch==3)
                      display();
              else if(ch==4){
                      scanf("%d",&val);
                     insert_at_head(val);
              else if(ch==5){
                      val=delete_at_head();
                      if(val==-1)
                             printf("NO NODES TO DELETE\n");
                      else
                             printf("%d\n",val);
              else if(ch==6){
                      scanf("%d%d",&pos,&val);
                      insert_at_pos(pos,val);
              else if(ch==7){
                      scanf("%d",&pos);
                      val=delete_at_pos(pos);
                      if(val==-1)
                             printf("NO NODES TO DELETE AT THAT
POSITION\n");
                      else
                             printf("%d\n",val);
              else
                      break;
Sample Input and Sample Output:
1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at
```

position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit 1

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Expt. No.: Page No.: 27 Date: 10 1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit 20 1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit 1 30 1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit 1 40 1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit (2036768) 0 10 2036800 (2036800) 2036768 20 2036832 (2036832) 2036800 30 2036864 (2036864) 2036832 40 0 1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit 2 40 1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit 4 50 1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit 5 50 1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit 6 2 60 1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit 3 (2036768) 0 10 2036928 (2036928) 2036768 60 2036800 (2036800) 2036928 20 2036832 (2036832) 2036800 30 0

1)Insert at end 2)Delete at end 3)Display 4)Insert at head 5)Delete at head 6)Insert at

position 7)Delete at position 8)Exit

7 2 60



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Experiment-10:

```
10.1) Stack operations using Linked List #include<stdio.h>
```

```
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node{
      int data;
       struct node *next;
};
typedef struct node node;
node *head=NULL;
void insert(int val){
      node *nn,*temp;
       nn=(node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
      nn->data=val;
      nn->next=NULL;
      if(head==NULL)
              head=nn;
      else{
              temp=head;
              while(temp->next!=NULL)
                     temp=temp->next;
              temp->next=nn;
       }
int deletee(){
      int val;
       node *temp;
      if(head==NULL)
              return -1;
      else if(head->next==NULL){
              val=head->data;
             head=NULL;
              return val;
       }
      else{
              temp=head;
              while(temp->next->next!=NULL)
                    temp=temp->next;
              val=temp->next->data;
              temp->next=NULL;
              return val;
       }
}
void display(){
      node *temp;
      if(head==NULL)
              printf("NO NODES\n");
      else{
              temp=head;
              while(temp!=NULL){
```

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```
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                     printf("%d %d %d\n",temp,temp->data,temp->next);
                     temp=temp->next;
              }
       }
int main(){
       int ch, val;
       while(1){
              printf("1)Insert\t2)Delete\t3)Display\t4)Exit\n");
              scanf("%d",&ch);
              if(ch==1){
                     scanf("%d",&val);
                     insert(val);
              else if(ch==2){
                     val=deletee();
                     if(val==-1)
                             printf("NO NODES TO DELETE\n");
                     else
                             printf("%d\n",val);
              else if(ch==3)
                     display();
              else
                     break;
       }
Sample Input and Sample Output:
1)Insert
            2)Delete
                         3)Display
                                       4)Exit
1
10
1)Insert
            2)Delete
                         3)Display
                                       4)Exit
1
20
1)Insert
            2)Delete
                         3)Display
                                       4)Exit
1
30
1)Insert
                         3)Display
                                       4)Exit
            2)Delete
3
10818624 10 10818656
10818656 20 10818688
10818688 30 0
1)Insert
            2)Delete
                         3)Display
                                       4)Exit
2
30
1)Insert
            2)Delete
                         3)Display
                                       4)Exit
3
10818624 10 10818656
```

10818656 20 0



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10.2) Queue operations using Linked List

```
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node{
      int data;
       struct node *next;
};
typedef struct node node;
node *head=NULL;
void insert_at_end(int val){
      node *nn,*temp;
       nn=(node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
      nn->data=val;
      nn->next=NULL;
      if(head==NULL)
              head=nn;
      else{
              temp=head;
              while(temp->next!=NULL)
                     temp=temp->next;
              temp->next=nn;
int delete_at_head(){
      int val;
       node *temp;
      if(head==NULL)
              return -1;
      else if(head->next==NULL){
              val=head->data;
             head=NULL;
              return val;
       }
      else{
              temp=head;
              temp=temp->next;
              head->next=NULL;
              val=head->data;
             head=temp;
             return val;
       }
}
void display(){
      node *temp;
      if(head==NULL)
              printf("NO NODES\n");
      else{
              temp=head;
              while(temp!=NULL){
```

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```
Date:
                      printf("%d %d %d\n",temp,temp->data,temp->next);
                      temp=temp->next;
               }
       }
int main(){
       int ch, val;
       while(1){
               printf("1)Insert at rear\t2)Delete at front\t3)Display\t4)Exit\n");
               scanf("%d",&ch);
               if(ch==1){
                      scanf("%d",&val);
                      insert_at_end(val);}
               else if(ch==2){
                      val=delete_at_head();
                      if(val==-1)
                             printf("NO NODES TO DELETE\n");
                      else
                             printf("%d\n",val);
               else if(ch==3)
                      display();
               else
                      break;
       }
Sample Input and Sample Output:
1)Insert at rear
                   2)Delete at front
                                        3)Display
                                                      4)Exit
1
10
1)Insert at rear
                   2)Delete at front
                                        3)Display
                                                      4)Exit
1
20
1)Insert at rear
                   2)Delete at front
                                        3)Display
                                                      4)Exit
1
30
1)Insert at rear
                   2)Delete at front
                                        3)Display
                                                      4)Exit
12850208 10 12850240
12850240 20 12850272
12850272 30 0
                   2)Delete at front
1)Insert at rear
                                        3)Display
                                                      4)Exit
2
10
1)Insert at rear
                   2)Delete at front
                                        3)Display
                                                      4)Exit
12850240 20 12850272
12850272 30 0
                   2)Delete at front
                                        3)Display
1)Insert at rear
                                                      4)Exit
4
```

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Experiment-11:

11) Binary tree traversals: inorder, preorder and postorder.

```
Program:
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct Node{
       struct Node *left;
       int data;
       struct Node *right;
};
typedef struct Node node;
node *root=NULL,*adrs[100];
void preorder(node *root){
       if(root!=NULL){
              printf("%d ",root->data);
              preorder(root->left);
              preorder(root->right);
}
void postorder(node *root){
       if(root!=NULL){
              postorder(root->left);
              postorder(root->right);
              printf("%d ",root->data);
       }
void inorder(node *root){
       if(root!=NULL){
              inorder(root->left);
              printf("%d ",root->data);
              inorder(root->right);
void create_tree(int *arr,int n)
       int i,val=arr[0];
       node *nn=(node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
       node *nn1,*nn2;
       nn->data=val:
       nn->left=NULL;
       nn->right=NULL;
       adrs[0]=nn;
       root=nn;
       for(i=0;2*i+1< n;i++){
              nn1=(node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
              nn1->data=arr[2*i+1];
              nn1->left=NULL;
              nn1->right=NULL;
              nn2=(node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
              nn2->data=arr[2*i+2];
```

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```
nn2->left=NULL;
               nn2->right=NULL;
               adrs[2*i+1]=nn1;
               adrs[2*i+2]=nn2;
               adrs[i]->left=nn1;
               adrs[i]->right=nn2;
       }
int main(){
       int n;
       scanf("%d",&n);
       int i,arr[n];
       for(i=0;i<n;i++)
               scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
       create_tree(arr,n);
       printf("Inorder Travesal: ");
       inorder(root);
       printf("\nPostorder Traversal: ");
       postorder(root);
       printf("\nPreorder Traversal: ");
       preorder(root);
Sample Input:
```

10 20 30 40 50 60 70

Sample Output:

Inorder Travesal: 40 20 50 10 60 30 70 Postorder Traversal: 40 50 20 60 70 30 10 Preorder Traversal: 10 20 40 50 30 60 70

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12) Binary Search Tree and its operations.

```
Date:
Experiment-12:
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct Node{
       struct Node *left;
       int data;
       struct Node *right;
};
typedef struct Node node;
node *root=NULL;
int search(int key){
       if(root==NULL)
              return 0;
       node *temp=root;
```

while(temp!=NULL){

else

return 0;

nn->data=val; nn->left=NULL; nn->right=NULL; if(root==NULL)

root=nn;

while(temp!=NULL){

else

if(temp1->data>val)

void delete_case1(node *temp,node *temp1,int key){

temp1->left=nn;

temp1->right=nn;

temp1=temp;

if(temp->data==val) return; else if(temp->data>val)

void insert(int val){

else{

if(temp->data==key) return 1; else if(temp->data>key)

temp=temp->left;

temp=temp->right;

node *nn=(node *)malloc(sizeof(node)),*temp=root,*temp1;

temp=temp->left;

temp=temp->right;

else



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```
if(temp==root){
             root=NULL;
             return;}
      if(temp1->left!=NULL && temp1->left->data==key)
             temp1->left=NULL;
      else
              temp1->right=NULL;
void delete_case2(node *temp,node *temp1,int key){
      if(temp1==NULL){
             if(temp->left!=NULL){
                    temp=temp->left;
                    root=temp;}
             else{
                    temp=temp->right;
                    root=temp;
              }
             return;
      if(temp->right!=NULL){
             if(temp1->right->data==key)
                    temp1->right=temp->right;
             else if(temp1->left->data==key)
                    temp1->left=temp->right;
       }
      else{
             if(temp1->right!=NULL && temp1->right->data==key)
                    temp1->right=temp->left;
             else if(temp1->left->data==key)
                    temp1->left=temp->left;
       }
int deletee(int key){
      if(root==NULL)
             return 0;
      node *temp=root,*temp1=NULL,*t1,*t2=NULL;
       while(temp!=NULL){
             if(temp->data==key){
                    if(temp->left==NULL && temp->right==NULL)
                           delete_case1(temp,temp1,key);
                    else if(temp->left==NULL || temp->right==NULL)
                           delete_case2(temp,temp1,key);
                    else{
                           t1=temp->right;
                           while(t1->left!=NULL){
                                  t2=t1;
                                  t1=t1->left;
                           int val=t1->data;
                           t1->data=temp->data;
```

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```
temp->data=val;
                             if(t2==NULL)
                                     t2=temp;
                             if(t1->left==NULL && t1->right==NULL)
                                     delete_case1(t1,t2,key);
                             else
                                     delete_case2(t1,t2,key);
                      return 1;
               temp1=temp;
               else if(temp->data>key)
                      temp=temp->left;
               else
                      temp=temp->right;
       }
}
void inorder(node *root){
       if(root!=NULL){
               inorder(root->left);
               printf("%d ",root->data);
               inorder(root->right);
       }
void preorder(node *root){
       if(root!=NULL){
               printf("%d ",root->data);
               preorder(root->left);
               preorder(root->right);
void postorder(node *root){
       if(root!=NULL){
               postorder(root->left);
               postorder(root->right);
               printf("%d ",root->data);
       }
int main(){
       int val,ch,key;
       while(1){
       printf("1)Search\t2)Insert\t3)Delete\t4)Inorder\t5)Preorder\t6)Postorder\t7)Exit\n"
);
               scanf("%d",&ch);
               if(ch==1){
                      scanf("%d",&key);
                      if(search(key))
                             printf("Element found\n");
                      else
                             printf("Element not found\n");}
```

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```
else if(ch==2){
                      scanf("%d",&val);
                      insert(val);
               else if(ch==3){
                      scanf("%d",&key);
                      if(deletee(key))
                              printf("%d is deleted\n",key);
                      else
                              printf("Element not found\n");
               else if(ch==4){
                      inorder(root);
                      printf("\n");
               else if(ch==5){
                      preorder(root);
                      printf("\n");
               else if(ch==6){
                      postorder(root);
                      printf("\n");
               else
                      break;
       }
Sample Input and Sample Output:
1)Search
             2)Insert
                          3)Delete
                                                                    6)Postorder
                                                                                   7)Exit
                                        4)Inorder
                                                      5)Preorder
2 50
1)Search
             2)Insert
                          3)Delete
                                        4)Inorder
                                                      5)Preorder
                                                                    6)Postorder
                                                                                   7)Exit
2 40
1)Search
             2)Insert
                          3)Delete
                                        4)Inorder
                                                      5)Preorder
                                                                    6)Postorder
                                                                                   7)Exit
2 30
1)Search
             2)Insert
                                        4)Inorder
                                                      5)Preorder
                                                                    6)Postorder
                          3)Delete
                                                                                   7)Exit
2 4 5
1)Search
             2)Insert
                          3)Delete
                                        4)Inorder
                                                      5)Preorder
                                                                    6)Postorder
                                                                                   7)Exit
2 35
1)Search
             2)Insert
                          3)Delete
                                        4)Inorder
                                                      5)Preorder
                                                                    6)Postorder
                                                                                   7)Exit
50 40 30 35 45
1)Search
             2)Insert
                          3)Delete
                                        4)Inorder
                                                      5)Preorder
                                                                    6)Postorder
                                                                                   7)Exit
35 30 45 40 50
1)Search
                                                      5)Preorder
                                                                    6)Postorder
             2)Insert
                          3)Delete
                                        4)Inorder
                                                                                   7)Exit
3 40
40 is deleted
1)Search
             2)Insert
                          3)Delete
                                        4)Inorder
                                                      5)Preorder
                                                                    6)Postorder
                                                                                   7)Exit
```

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4

30 35 45 50



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List of Augmented Experiments:

(Any 2 of the following experiments can be performed)

Experiment-13:

13) Balanced brackets problem using stack. A bracket is considered to be any one of the following characters: (,), {, }, [, or]. Two brackets are considered to be a matched pair if the an opening bracket (i.e., (, [, or {) occurs to the left of a closing bracket (i.e.,),], or }) of the exact same type.

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int top=-1;
int *stack;
void push(char val)
       stack[++top]=val;
void pop()
        stack[top--]=0;
int balanced(char *str){
       int i;
       for(i=0;str[i];i++){
               if(str[i]=='('||str[i]=='{'||str[i]=='[')
                       push(str[i]);
               else{
                       if(top==-1)
                               return 0;
                       else{
                               if((str[i-1]=='('&&str[i]==')')||
                                  (str[i-1]=='{'&&str[i]=='}')||
                                  (str[i-1]=='['&&str[i]==']'))
                                       pop();
                               else
                                       push(str[i]);
                       }
                }
       if(top!=-1)
               return 0;
       return 1;
int main(){
       char str[10000];
        stack=(int *)calloc(10000,sizeof(int));
        scanf("\%[^\n]s",str);
       if(balanced(str))
               printf("String is balanced");
       else
               printf("Not a balanced string");
Sample Input: ([]){}
Sample Output: String is balanced
```

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Experiment-15:

15) Represent Sparse Matrices using Linked Lists

```
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node
{
       int row;
       int col;
       int data;
       struct node *next;
};
typedef struct node node;
node *head=NULL;
void insert(int r,int c,int val)
{
       node *nn,*temp;
       nn=(node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
       nn->row=r;
       nn->col=c;
       nn->data=val;
       nn->next=NULL;
       if(head==NULL)
              head=nn;
       else
              temp=head;
              while(temp->next!=NULL)
                     temp=temp->next;
              temp->next=nn;
void display()
       node *temp=head;
       if(head==NULL)
              printf("No nodes to display\n");
       else
              while(temp!=NULL)
                     printf("%d %d %d %d %d\n",temp,temp->row,temp->col,temp-
>data,temp->next);
                     temp=temp->next;
       }
int main()
       int r,c,arr[100][100],i,j;
```

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```
scanf("%d%d",&r,&c);
       for(i=0;i<r;i++)
        {
               for(j=0;j< c;j++)
                       scanf("%d",&arr[i][j]);
       for(i=0;i< r;i++)
               for(j=0;j< c;j++)
                       if(arr[i][j]!=0)
                              insert(i,j,arr[i][j]);
       display();
Sample Input:
```

Sample Output:

10163264 0 2 9 10163296 10163296 1 0 1 10163328 10163328 1 1 5 10163360 10163360 2 0 2 10163392 10163392 2 2 7 0