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# Collecting Data for Troubleshooting

## **CPD** platform related problems:

	Data Needs to Capture
Diagnostic job	Gather diagnostics information from CPD UI

# **Connectivity related issues:**

	Data Needs to Capture
Diagnostic job	Gather diagnostics information from CPD UI (CCS)
Application	oc cp <wdp-connect-connection pod="">/logs ./<wdp-connect-connection< td=""></wdp-connect-connection<></wdp-connect-connection>
logs from pod	pod>-logs
	oc cp <wdp-connect-connector pod="">/logs ./<wdp-connect-connector pod="">-</wdp-connect-connector></wdp-connect-connector>
	logs

#### **CPD** UI related issues:

	Data Needs to Capture
Diagnostic job	Gather diagnostics information from CPD UI
HAR files	Chrome: More Tools > Developer Tools > Network > Export HAR

#### **Data Class related issues:**

	Data Needs to Capture
Diagnostic job	Gather diagnostics information from CPD UI (CCS, WKC, AE)
Application	https:// <cpd_url>/v2/data_profiles/api/explorer/#/Hummingbird%20task</cpd_url>
logs from	s/getHbTaskLogs
swagger	

## **Global Search related issues:**

	Data Needs to Capture
Diagnostic job	Gather diagnostics information from CPD UI (CCS, WKC)
Pod logs	catalog-api
Application	https:// <cpd_url>/v2/cams/explorer/#/Assets/retrieveAssets</cpd_url>
logs from	
swagger	

## **Metadata Enrichment related issues:**

	Data Needs to Capture
Diagnostic job	Gather diagnostics information from CPD UI (CCS, WKC, AE)
Application	oc cp <wdp-profiling pod="">/logs ./<wdp-profiling pod="">-logs</wdp-profiling></wdp-profiling>
logs from pod	oc cp <spark-hb-control-plane pod="">/logs ./&lt; spark-hb-control-plane pod&gt;-</spark-hb-control-plane>
	logs
Job log from UI	Job log for MDE job & Screenshot of the job start time
Application	https:// <cpd_url>/v2/data_profiles/api/explorer/#/Hummingbird%20task</cpd_url>
logs from	s/getHbTaskLogs
swagger	

#### **Metadata Enrichment related issues:**

	Data Needs to Capture
Diagnostic job	Gather diagnostics information from CPD UI (CCS, WKC)

# WKC Reporting related issues:

	Data Needs to Capture
Diagnostic job	Gather diagnostics information from CPD UI (CCS, WKC)
Reporting status	curl -i -k -H "content-type: application/json" -H "Authorization: bearer
from API	\$Bearer_TOKEN" -X GET "https://\$HOSTNAME/v3/reporting/heartbeat"
	curl -i -k -H "content-type: application/json" -H "Authorization: bearer
	\$Bearer_TOKEN" -X GET
	"https://\$HOSTNAME/v3/reporting/999/register"
	curl -i -k -H "content-type: application/json" -H "Authorization: bearer
	\$Bearer_TOKEN" -X GET
	"https://\$HOSTNAME/v3/reporting/bistatus?tenant_id=999&table_name=a
	11"

# **OpenShift related issues:**

	Data Needs to Capture
Diagnostic job	Gather diagnostics information from CPD UI (CCS)
Must-gather	cc adm must-gather
from CLI	
Collect data for	oc adm inspect/namespace <cpd namespace=""></cpd>
projects from	oc adm inspect/namespace <ibm cpd="" namespace="" operator=""></ibm>
CLI	

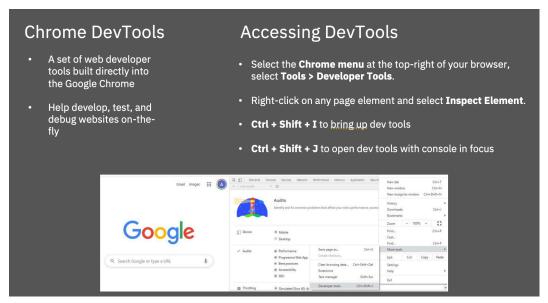
# **OpenShift Data Fusion related issues:**

	Data Needs to Capture
Diagnostic job	Gather diagnostics information from CPD UI (CCS)
ODF must-	oc adm must-gatherimage=registry.redhat.io/odf4/ocs-must-gather-
gather from CLI	rhel8:v4.12dest-dir=/tmp/odf-must-gather
	or
	oc adm must-gatherimage=docker-
	virtual.oneartifactoryci.verizon.com/odf4/ocs-must-gather-rhel8:v4.12

# **IBM Storage Fusion related issues:**

	Data Needs to Capture
Diagnostic job	Gather diagnostics information from CPD UI (CCS)
Collect logs	Fusion Web Console > "Help icon" > Support logs > Collect logs.
from Fusion	
console	

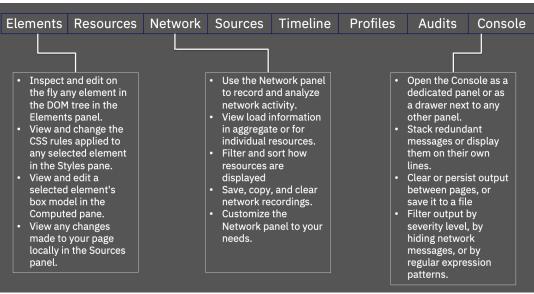
## Troubleshooting with Browser Developer Tools



Mainly any CPD UI related problem can be investigate using the browser developer tool.

Each browser has their own way to use their developer tool. In this example we use Chrome as a browser.

A set of web developer tools built directly into the Google Chrome, that you can use for test, and debug issues on-the-fly.



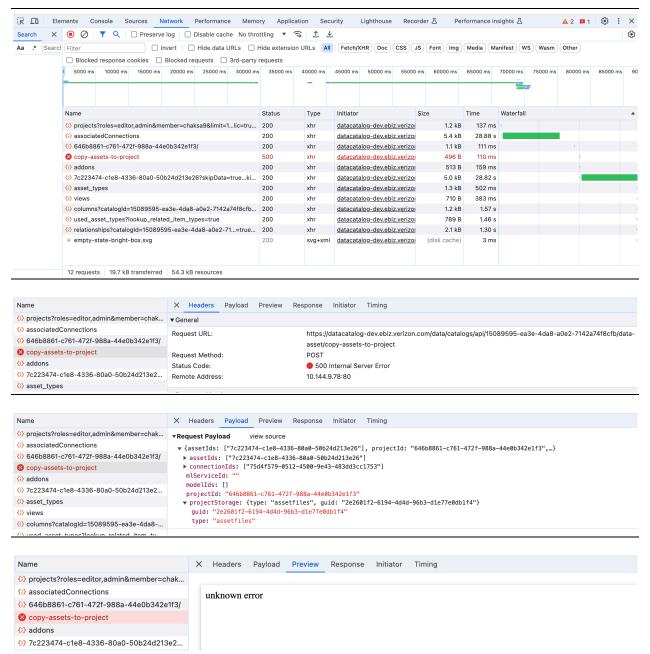
There are different dev tools options to investigate different kind of problems.

Mainly the "Network" panels are commonly used for investigating network activities, API call failure and error message retuned by a URL.

#### CPD/IKC - Knowledge Sharing

Use the Network panels from developer tool to find out:

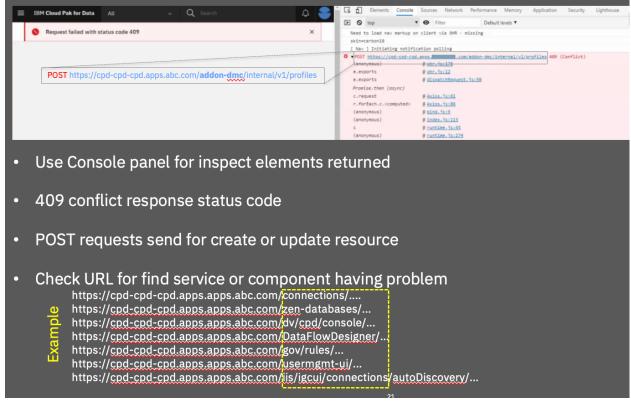
- · API call executed
- HTTP status code
- Call execution time
- Error message



In this case Network panel recorded and analyze network activity. It shows there is one error. The individual API call returns more details about failure. The "Headers", "Payload" and "Preview" tabs help with the troubleshooting.

Reference: https://developer.chrome.com/docs/devtools/network/reference

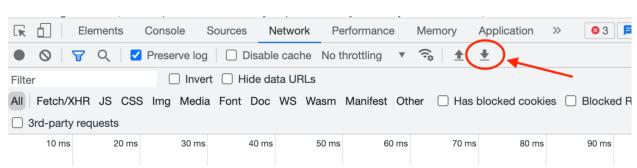




#### Find Details using DevTools

- Use Network panel for inspect elements returned
- POST requests send for create or update resource
- Check URL for find service or component having problem. It is not always true you can find out service or component from URL. But in some cased it might help. Check <u>pod</u> reference table to find pods relation with service.

In this example, the issue is something to do with Data Management Console (DMC).



A HAR (HTTP ARchive) file is a way to preserve the interactions between a web browser and a web page. The captured performance data and other factors can be a great help during troubleshooting. It contains information like HTTP status codes for all transactions that go on behind the scenes to load a web page.

## CPD/IKC – Knowledge Sharing

Use HAR Files to troubleshoot web pages that are failing to fully load.

- Track web browser requests
- Include response headers
- The body content
- Page load time.

Depending on the nature of the request, a HAR file can include sensitive details such as passwords, payment information, and private keys. There are open tools available to sanitize HAR file.

If you look at a .har file in a text editor, you will see that it's just a JSON document, containing your request and the associated response. Search through the entire archive for any and all data that may be sensitive.

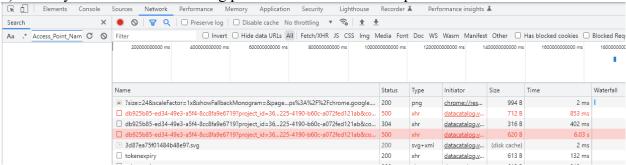
#### CPD/IKC - Knowledge Sharing

# Accessing MDE column data taking time

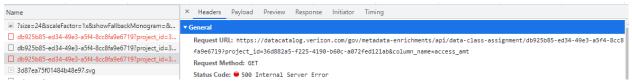


#### Troubleshooting:

1) For any CPD UI issue a starting point is the browser developer tool.



- o Mainly the "Network" and "Console" panels are commonly used for investigating network activities, API call failure and error message retuned by a URL.
- Focused on the HTTP return/status code and elapsed time to find the problematic API. Compare elapsed time with previous successful run.



 The URL in the "Network > Headers" tab can help to identify the CPD service or component having problem.

#### Request URL: /gov/metadata-enrichments/api/data-class-assignment/

- o Service: gov/WKC/IKC
- o Component: metadata-enrichments/data-class-assignment
- 2) Check pod reference table [46] to find pods associated to the Service/Component.
  - O Are all pods healthy? [A1]
  - O Any recent warning/fail event associated to the pod? [AZ]
  - O Has pod restarted recently? [A3]
  - O Any error in the pod log during the problem? [44]
  - O What is memory, CPU consumption of pod? [A5]

# MDE Publish job appearing hang

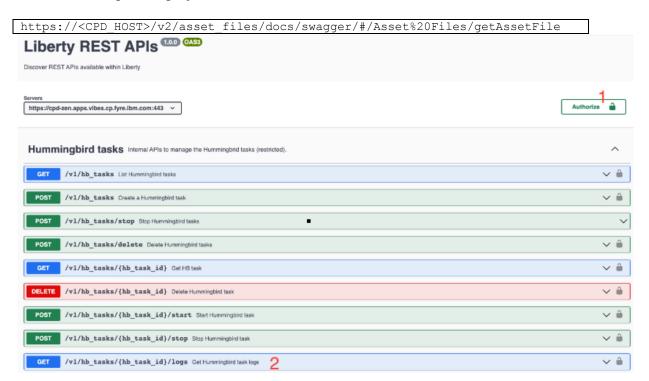
- 1. Check the job log for any error.
- 2. Monitor the job log for any progress in statistical values.
- 3. Check pod reference table to find pods associated to publishing
  - a. Are all pods healthy? [A1]
  - b. Any recent warning/fail event associated to the pod? [A2]
  - c. Has pod restarted recently? [A3]
  - d. Any error in the pod log during the problem? [44]
  - e. What is memory, CPU consumption of pod? [A5]

## Find the SQL that causing problem or failing in the MDE job

For example, an MDE job log reported profiling on the table "TLE\_OUTBOUND" taking longer than 300 seconds and it skipped. You like to know the SQL used in this MDE job.



- 1. Find out the Hummingbird task ID from the MDE job log where the asset enrichment attempted. In this case it is "5433a37-a42f-4731-870f-e2c6b9ef82f7". If there are multiple Hummingbird tasks, you need to consider the asset enriched time and the Hummingbird tasks start time to find the correct one.
- 2. Go to Hummingbird tasks explorer (Swagger) from web browser and capture the HB task log. You need to authenticate yourself on the Swagger. Secondly, make sure you have access to the respective project where MDE executed.



3. Download the HB task log and search the table to find out the SQL. For example: 
% grep -i TEL OUTBOUND hb task log.txt

## CPD/IKC – Knowledge Sharing

```
INFO: CDICO0004I: Interaction properties: {query_timeout=300, row_limit=10001, schema_name=EDIMON, table_name=TEL_OUTBOUND}.

INFO: CDICO2019I: The specified table name is: TEL_OUTBOUND

INFO: CDICO2020I: The connector will run the statement: SELECT

"FILE_NAME", "HEADER", "CONTENT" FROM "EDIMON"."TEL_OUTBOUND" FETCH FIRST 10001 ROWS ONLY
```

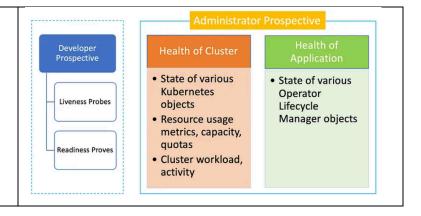
## Check Health of the Cluster

Why should you run the health check?

- Administrator needs to maintain a sense of the CPD cluster's health in order to ensure they're offering application availability and timely technical solution to end users.
- It provides a snapshot of the current status and helps to identify any risk factor. If a CPD component does not work as expected that can cause larger problems down the line.
- Health check provides valuable information that allows the administrator to make decisions about what solution is needed for a potential problem.

#### What to check?

- OpenShift cluster health
- Health of application



What are you currently checking?

- The health check tool (https://github.com/IBM-ICP4D/cpd-health-checkv4)
- Running it as a cron job.

Validation	Details
Nodes status	Validate nodes in ready state
Nodes CPU utilization	Flag nodes where CPU usage higher than 80%
Nodes memory utilization	Flag nodes where memory usage higher than 80%
Nodes memory status	Identify nodes with memory pressure
Nodes disk status	Identify nodes with disk pressure
Nodes pid status	Identify nodes with PID pressure
Deployments status	Validate deployments are healthy
Statefulset status	Validate statefulsts are healthy
Replicasets status	Validate all replicasets available
Daemonsets status	Validate all daemonsets available
Routes status	CPD and Openshift console routes accessible
Openshift certificates signing status	Validate certificate signing requests in approve state
Openshift ETCD status	All ETCD members are available
Persistent volume status	Validate PVs in bound state
Persistent volume claims status	Validate PVCs in bound state
Pods status	Validate PODs in running state
High CPU consuming pods	List top 15 CPU consumed pods
High memory consuming pods	List top 15 memory consumed pods
High numner of restarted pods	List top 15 pods that restarted
External TLS Certificate	Verify TLS Certificate active
Internal TLS Certificate	Verify TLS Certificate active

New Health check tool to check health of your Red Hat OpenShift cluster and the Cloud Pak for Data platform.

- Introduced with CPD 4.8
- cpd-cli 13.1.5 command-line utility
- cpd-cli health
  - o cluster, nodes, operators, and operands.
  - o storage-validation, storage-performance

When should you use health command?

- Before you install CPD
- After CPD installed
- Before upgrade
- After upgrade

#### Example:

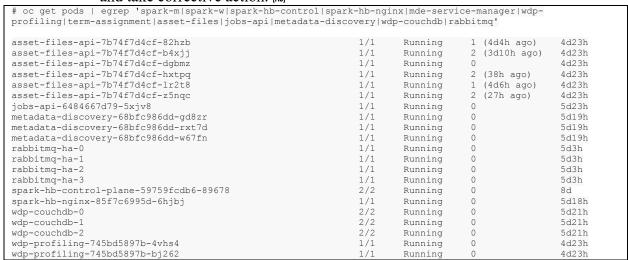
- cpd-cli health cluster
- cpd-cli health cluster --verbose
- cpd-cli health cluster --verbose -save
- cpd-cli health cluster --verbose --save --log-level=trace

```
# cpd-cli health cluster
CLUSTER RESOURCES
Health Check Report
Cluster Version Check
[SUCCESS...]
Connectivity Test
[SUCCESS...]
Machine Config Pools Healthcheck
[SUCCESS...]
Certificate Signing Request Healthcheck
[SUCCESS...]
Cluster Operator Healthcheck
[SUCCESS...]
ETCD Healthcheck
[SUCCESS...]
Cluster healthcheck info gathered successfully!
```

## End-of-day CPD health check

Process of identifying potential issue:

- 1) What are you going to run over night?
  - a. MDI/MDE/Publishing jobs
- 2) What are pods associated to these operations?
  - a. Check pod reference table[A6] to find pods associated to the Service/Component.
- 3) Find status of pods using command line or CPD monitor console.
  - a. Are all pods healthy? [A1]
  - b. Any pods restarted recently within last 24 hours? If yes, investigate why in restart and take corrective action. [A3]



c. What is memory, CPU consumption of pod over last 24 hours? Measure the pods resource usage from OpenShift console using metrics query. Current resource usage below 40% will be ideal.



# CPD/IKC - Knowledge Sharing



#### CPD/IKC – Knowledge Sharing

#### Action

#### A1. Are all pods healthy? If not:

- Investigate pod issues
- Try restart the pod

#### A2. Any recent warning/fail event associated to the pod? If yes:

- Get an understanding of the event and take corrective action.

#### A3. Has pod restarted recently? If yes:

- Need to investigate if pod restarted multiple times.
- Check pod description to find the reason of restart.
- Capture the previous pod log. Look for any error message at the end of log to figure out the cause of restart.
- Search exiting Jira for similar error message.
- If need help open support ticket with IBM along with all necessary diagnostics data.

### A4. Any error in the pod log during the problem? If yes:

- Search exiting Jira for similar error message.
- If need help open support ticket with IBM along with all necessary diagnostics data.

#### A5. What is memory, CPU consumption of pod?

- Check the pod description for current resource configured.
- Check the pod description for restart due to lack of resource.
- Using OpenShift console monitor pod resource usage for a period.
- Check with IBM support if pod restarted due to lack of resource.

#### A6. Pod reference table

- https://github.com/sanjitc/Cloud-Pak-for-

Data/blob/main/wkc/troubleshooting/Pods\_Making\_CPD.md