```
/**
* @\file uart.h
 * @\author Sanju Prakash Kannioth
* @\brief This files contains the declarations and header files for
uart transmit and receive on BBG
 * @\date 04/29/2019
 * References : https://github.com/sijpesteijn/BBCLib,
     https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/Serial Programming/termios
 */
#ifndef UART H
#define UART H
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <termios.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include "logger.h"
#include "heartbeat.h"
/* Structure to store sensor data and mode of operation to send to remote
request task */
typedef struct {
     float lux;
     float distance;
     float waterLevel;
     int8 t mode;
     int8_t dg mode;
} communication;
communication comm rec;
typedef enum {
     uart00 = 0, uart01 = 1, uart02 = 2, uart03 = 3, uart04 = 4, uart05
= 5
} uart;
/* Structure to initialize particular UART on BBG */
typedef struct {
     int fd;
     uart uart no;
     int baudrate;
}uart properties;
uart properties *uart2;
```

```
uart config
   This function will configure the specific UART on BBG
 @\param uart properties specifies UART number
 @\return
                                      success
                        -1
                                                failure
*/
int8 t uart config(uart properties *uart);
/**
uart close
______
   This function will close the specific UART on BBG
 @\param uart properties specifies UART number
* @\return
                                      success
int8 t uart close(uart properties *uart);
/**
uart send
   This function will send specified length of bytes over the UART on
BBG
   @\param
               uart properties specifies UART number
                                                byte to be sent
                        tx
                        length
                                                number of bytes
to be sent
 @\return -1
                                      Failure
                                                Number of bytes
                        count
sent
* /
int8 t uart_send(uart_properties *uart, void *tx, int length);
```

```
/**
uart receive
______
   This function will receive tiva sensor data over the UART on BBG
  @\param
               uart properties specifies UART number
                                         byte received
                      rx r
                      length
                                             number of bytes
to be received
 @\return -1
                                    Failure
                      count
                                             Number of bytes
sent
*/
int8 t uart receive (uart properties *uart, void *rx r, int length);
/**
_____
uart receive task
_____
   This function will receive tiva log data over the UART on BBG
 @\param
               uart properties
                               specifies UART number
                      rx r
                                         byte received
                      length
                                             number of bytes
to be received
 @\return
              -1
                                   Failure
                                             Number of bytes
                       count
sent
* /
int8 t uart receive_task(uart_properties *uart, void *rx_r, int length);
#endif
/**
* @\file logger.h
* @\author Sanju Prakash Kannioth
* @\brief This files contains the declarations and header files for the
logger
* @\date 04/29/2019
*/
#ifndef LOGGER H
#define LOGGER H
```

```
#include "uart.h"
#include <pthread.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/stat.h> // mkdir
#include <mqueue.h>
#define QUEUE NAME "/msg queue" // Message queue name
#define MAX BUFFER_SIZE 200 // Message queue max buffer size
/* Sensor structure that is sent from Tiva */
typedef struct sensor struct
   char task name[5];
   uint32 t timeStamp;
   float distance;
   float lux;
   uint32 t water;
   int8 t mode;
   int8 t dg mode;
}sensor struct;
/* Logger structure that is sent from Tiva */
typedef struct logger struct
     char task name[5];
     uint32 t timeStamp;
     char log[100];
}logger struct;
pthread t logger thread;
FILE *file ptr;
mqd t msg queue; // Message queue descriptor
extern pthread mutex t lock res; // Mutex
/**
time stamp
_____
   This function will format the timestamp
  @\param
  @\return timestamp as a string
```

```
*/
char *time stamp();
______
logger thread callback
   This function is the thread callback function for the logger
 @\param
             void
 @\return
             void
* /
void *logger_thread_callback();
______
______
logger init
______
  This function will initialize the logger
 @\param
             void
 @\return void
*/
void logger init();
#endif
/**
* @\file communication.h
* @\author Sanju Prakash Kannioth
* @\brief This files contains the declarations and header files for the
communication interface for tiva and BBG
* @\date 04/29/2019
*/
#ifndef COMMUNICATION H
#define COMMUNICATION H
#include <pthread.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include "uart.h"
#include "logger.h"
#include "POSIX_timer.h"
```

```
#include "heartbeat.h"
/*
     GLOBALS
char lux[10];
char distance[10];
char waterLevel[10];
char mode[10];
char dg mode[10];
char tiva opstatus[10];
char distance opstatus[10];
char lux opstatus[10];
char water opstatus[10];
char valve_status[10];
pthread_t communication_thread;
uint8 t already open;
uint8 t already closed;
uint8 t water outOfRange;
extern pthread_mutex_t lock_res;
/*
communication thread callback
* This is the thread creation callback function for the communication
thread
    @\param
                        void
     @\return void
void *communication_thread_callback();
_____
     This function returns the most updated lux value in string format
     @\param
                         void
     @\return
                string containing most recent lux value
```

```
*/
char *get lux();
/*
get distance
______
   This function returns the most updated distance value in string
format
  @\param
                 void
              string containing most recent distance value
   @\return
char *get distance();
_____
get waterLevel
____
   This function returns the most updated water level value in string
format
   @\param
                 void
   @\return string containing most recent water level value
*/
char *get waterLevel();
  ______
get mode
 _____
   This function returns the most updated operating mode in string
format
   @\param
                 void
   @\return string containing most updated operating mode
value
*/
```

```
char *get mode();
/*
get dgMode
    This function returns if the system is in degraded mode in string
format
   @\param
                   void
           string containing degraded mode value
   @\return
* /
char *get_dgMode();
______
get_opStatus_tiva
 ______
   This function returns the most updated operation status of the
remote node
                   void
   @\param
               string containing the most updated operation
    @\return
status of the remote node
char *get opStatus tiva();
______
_____
get_opStatus_distance
_____
   This function returns the most updated operation status of the
distance sensor
   @\param
                   void
               string containing the most updated operation
    @\return
status of the distance sensor
*/
char *get_opStatus_distance();
```

```
-----
get opStatus lux
 ______
  This function returns the most updated operation status of the lux
sensor
   @\param
                 void
   @\return
             string containing the most updated operation
status of the lux sensor
* /
char *get_opStatus_lux();
______
get_opStatus_water
 ______
  This function returns the most updated operation status of the
water level sensor
   @\param
                 void
             string containing the most updated operation
   @\return
status of the water level sensor
char *get opStatus water();
______
get_valveStatus
____
   This function returns the most updated status of the valve
   @\param
                 void
   @\return string containing the most updated status of the
valve
* /
char *get valveStatus();
#endif
```

```
/**
* @\file server.h
* @\author Sanju Prakash Kannioth and Steve Antony X
* @\brief This files contains the declarations and header files for
server socket
* @\date 04/29/2019
*/
#ifndef SERVER H
#define SERVER H
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "communication.h"
#define PORT NO 8005
extern pthread mutex t lock res;
pthread t remote request thread;
Function for server socket creation
     Parameters : Port number
****************
int socket creation server(int port);
/*************
      Function for remote request thread creation
      Parameters :
*******************************
void *remote request callback();
#endif
/**
* @\file heartbeat.h
* @\author Sanju Prakash Kannioth
* @\brief This files contains the declarations and header files for the
heartbeat
* @\date 04/29/2019
*/
```

```
#ifndef HEARTBEAT H
#define HEARTBEAT H
#include <pthread.h>
#include "POSIX_timer.h"
#include "communication.h"
#include "uart.h"
#include "logger.h"
#define TIVA HEART BEAT CHECK PERIOD (5) //5 seconds
/* Global variables for dead/alive status detection of Tiva and sensors
int tiva active, tiva active prev;
int distance active, distance active prev, lux active, lux active prev,
water_active, water_active_prev;
int tiva dead, distance dead, lux dead, water dead;
timer t timer id heartbeat;
pthread_t heartbeat_thread;
extern pthread mutex t lock res; // Mutex
heartbeat thread callback
______
    This is the thread creation callback function for the heartbeat
thread
    @\param
                        void
    @\return void
*/
void *heartbeat thread callback();
beat timer handler
_____
    This function is the timer handler for tiva heart beat timer
```

```
@\param
             signal value ( dummy)
    @\return none
* /
void beat timer handler(union sigval val);
#endif
/**
* @\file log_receiver.h
* @\author Sanju Prakash Kannioth and Steve Antony X
* @\brief This files contains the declarations and header files for
tiva log receiver module
* @\date 03/30/2019
*/
#ifndef LOG RECEIVER H
#define LOG RECEIVER H
#include "uart.h"
#include "logger.h"
pthread t log receiver thread;
______
______
revecive thread callback
______
   This function is the thread callback function for logger messages
coming from Tiva
 @\param
               void
  @\return
              void
*/
void *revecive_thread_callback();
#endif/**
* @\file POSIX timer.h
* @\author Sanju Prakash Kannioth and Steve Antony X
* @\brief This files contains the declarations and header files for
POSIX timer modules
* @\date 04/29/2019
*/
#ifndef POSIX_Timer_H_
#define POSIX_Timer_H_
```

```
/***********************
                      Includes
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <errno.h>
enum Status\{SUCCESS = 0, ERROR = -1, LUX ERROR = -2, REMOTE SOCKET ERROR
= -3, LOGGER ERROR = -4, TEMP ERROR = -\overline{1000}, BRIGHT = 1000, DARK = -
1000};
/**********************
                      Function Protypes
______
______
kick timer
   This helps in restarting the timer after expiration
*
   @\param
                  timer descriptor, timer expiration time in
ns
   @\return error status
int kick timer(timer t, int);
_____
setup timer POSIX
______
   This helps in creating the timer
                  timer descriptor, timer handler function
  @\param
   @\return
           error status
```

```
int setup timer POSIX(timer t *,void (*handler)(union sigval));
______
stop timer
_____
   This helps in deleting the timer
  @\param
               timer descriptor
   @\return error status
*/
int stop_timer(timer_t);
/*
temp timer handler
______
   This is the timer handler for temperature timer
   @\param
               dummy
   @\return error status
void temp timer handler(union sigval);
______
lux timer handler
_____
  This is the timer handler for lux timer
  @\param
               dummy
   @\return error status
*/
void lux timer handler(union sigval);
/*
______
log timer handler
______
```

This is the timer handler for log timer

```
@\param
                     dummy
    @\return error status
*/
void log timer handler(union sigval);
/*********************
                         MACROS
#define Delay NS (200000000)//2000ms
#endif /* POSIX Timer H */
/**
* @\file POSIX timer.h
* @\author Sanju Prakash Kannioth and Steve Antony X
* @\brief This files contains the function definitions for POSIX timer
* @\date 04/29/2019
*/
/*********************
                         Includes
#include "POSIX timer.h"
/**********************
                     POSIX Timer configuration
*************************
int setup_timer_POSIX(timer_t *timer_id,void (*handler)(union sigval))
    struct sigevent sev;
    sev.sigev notify = SIGEV THREAD; //Upon timer expiration, invoke
sigev notify function
    sev.sigev_notify_function = handler; //this function will be called
when timer expires
    sev.sigev_notify_attributes = NULL;
    sev.sigev value.sival ptr = &timer id;
    if(timer create(CLOCK REALTIME, &sev, timer id) != 0) //on success,
timer id is placed in timer id
        return ERROR;
```

```
}
/************************
                      Start configuration
             Parameter : delay in nano secs
************************
int kick timer(timer t timer id, int interval s)
  struct itimerspec in;
   in.it value.tv sec = interval s; //sets initial time period
   in.it_value.tv nsec = 0;
   in.it interval.tv sec = interval s; //sets interval
   in.it interval.tv nsec =0;
   //issue the periodic timer request here.
   if( (timer settime(timer id, 0, &in, NULL)) != SUCCESS)
    return ERROR;
   return SUCCESS;
/**********************
                      Destroy Timer
**************************************
int stop timer(timer t timer id)
    if( (timer delete(timer id)) != SUCCESS)
    printf("Error on delete timer function\n");
    return ERROR;
   }
   return SUCCESS;
}
/**
* @\file server.c
* @\author Sanju Prakash Kannioth and Steve Antony X
* @\brief This files contains the function definitions for server
socket
* @\date 04/29/2019
*/
#include "server.h"
/**********************
                   Globals
********************
socklen t clilen;
struct sockaddr in to address;
int new socket, server socket;
/*************
```

```
Function for server socket creation
      Parameters : Port number
******************
int socket creation server(int port)
       //creating the socket for client
       server socket = socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0);// setting the
client socket
       if(server socket < 0 ) // enters this loop if port number is not
given as command line argument
               //printing error message when opening client socket
         perror("Error opening server socket\n");
         return -1;
        }
       struct sockaddr in server address;
       memset(&server address, 0, sizeof(server address));
       //assigning values for the server address structure
       server address.sin family = AF INET;
       server address.sin port = htons(port); // converting to network
byte order
       server address.sin addr.s addr = INADDR ANY;
       if (bind (server socket, (struct
sockaddr*)&server address,sizeof(server address))<0)</pre>
         perror("Binding failed in the server");
         return -1;
       /*Listening for clients*/
       if(listen(server socket,10) < 0)</pre>
         perror("Error on Listening ");
         return -1;
       }
       else
         printf("\nlistening to remote requests....\n");
        }
     return 0;
}
/***************
```

```
Function for remote request thread creation
       Parameters: Structure typecasted to void *
*****************
void *remote request callback()
   char buffer[10];
   char manual = 'm';
   char automatic = 'a';
   char up = 'u';
   char down = 'b';
   char left = 'l';
   char right = 'r';
   char stop = 's';
   char clean = 'o';
   char mode_send[10];
   char waterLevel send[10];
   char distance send[10];
   char lux send[10];
   char dgMode send[10];
   char tiva opstatus send[10];
   char distance_opstatus_send[10];
   char lux opstatus send[10];
    char water opstatus send[10];
    char valve status send[10];
//creating socket for server
    if(socket creation server(PORT NO) == -1)
     perror("Error on socket creation - killed remote request socket");
    }
   while (1)
     new socket = 0;
     memset(&to address, 0, sizeof(to address));
     clilen = sizeof(to address);
    /*accepting client requests*/
     new socket = accept(server socket,(struct sockaddr*) &to address,
&clilen);
     if(new_socket<0)</pre>
       perror("Error on accepting client");
     }
     else
       printf("established connection\n");
```

```
}
    /*Forked the request received so as to accept multiple clients*/
      int child id = 0;
    /*Creating child processes*/
    /*Returns zero to child process if there is successful child
creation*/
      child id = fork();
    // error on child process
      if(child id < 0)</pre>
        perror("error on creating child\n");
        exit(1);
    //closing the parent
      if (child id > 0)
        close(new socket);
        waitpid(0, NULL, WNOHANG); //Wait for state change of the child
process
      if(child\ id == 0)
        memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
        while (recv (new socket, buffer ,10,0) > 0)
        {
         // printf("Received request %s - %ld\n", buffer, strlen(buffer));
         if(strcmp(buffer, "display") == 0)
          //printf("Received request for display\n");
          strcpy(lux send, get lux());
          send(new socket, lux, 10 , 0);
          strcpy(distance_send, get_distance());
          send(new socket, distance send, 10 , 0);
          strcpy(waterLevel send, get waterLevel());
          send(new socket, waterLevel send, 10, 0);
              strcpy(mode send, get mode());
              send(new socket, mode send, 10, 0);
              strcpy(dgMode send, get dgMode());
              send(new socket, dgMode send, 10, 0);
          strcpy(tiva_opstatus_send, get_opStatus_tiva());
```

```
send(new socket, tiva opstatus send, 10, 0);
  strcpy(distance opstatus send, get opStatus distance());
  send(new socket, distance opstatus send, 10, 0);
  strcpy(lux opstatus send, get opStatus lux());
  send(new socket, lux opstatus send, 10, 0);
  strcpy(water opstatus send, get opStatus water());
  send(new socket, water opstatus send, 10, 0);
  strcpy(valve status send, get valveStatus());
 send(new socket, valve status send, 10, 0);
 }
else if(strcmp(buffer, "manual") ==0)
  //send m to tiva
 pthread mutex lock(&lock res);
 uart send(uart2, &manual, sizeof(char));
 pthread mutex unlock(&lock res);
}
else if(strcmp(buffer, "auto") ==0)
     printf("AUTO\n");
       //send a to tiva
 pthread mutex lock(&lock res);
 uart send(uart2, &automatic, sizeof(char));
 pthread mutex unlock(&lock res);
}
else if(strcmp(buffer, "up") == 0)
        //send u to tiva
 pthread mutex lock(&lock res);
 uart send(uart2, &up, sizeof(char));
 pthread_mutex unlock(&lock res);
}
else if(strcmp(buffer, "down") ==0)
        //send b to tiva
 pthread mutex lock(&lock res);
 uart send(uart2, &down, sizeof(char));
 pthread mutex unlock(&lock res);
}
else if(strcmp(buffer, "left") ==0)
        //send l to tiva
 pthread mutex lock(&lock res);
 uart send(uart2, &left, sizeof(char));
```

```
pthread mutex unlock(&lock res);
        else if(strcmp(buffer, "right") == 0)
                //send r to tiva
          pthread mutex lock(&lock res);
          uart send(uart2, &right, sizeof(char));
          pthread mutex unlock(&lock res);
        else if(strcmp(buffer, "stop") ==0)
                //send s to tiva
          pthread mutex lock(&lock res);
          uart_send(uart2, &stop, sizeof(char));
          pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock_res);
        }
        if(strcmp(buffer, "on") == 0)
          printf("ON RECEIVED\n");
          //send o to tiva
          pthread_mutex_lock(&lock_res);
          uart send(uart2, &clean, sizeof(char));
          pthread mutex unlock(&lock res);
        }
      close(new socket);
      exit(0);
    }
  }
}
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include "server.h"
#include "communication.h"
#include "logger.h"
#include "heartbeat.h"
#include "log_receiver.h"
pthread_mutex_t lock_res; // Mutex
int main()
      char buffer[MAX BUFFER SIZE];
      pthread_attr_t attr;
```

```
pthread attr init(&attr);
     logger init();
     /* Create logger thread */
     if(pthread create(&logger thread, &attr, logger thread callback,
NULL) != 0)
           memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
          sprintf(buffer, "ERROR CN [%s] Logger thread creation
failed\n",time stamp());
         mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
           perror ("Logger thread creation failed");
     if (pthread mutex init(&lock res, NULL) != 0)
        perror("Mutex init failed\n");
        memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
         sprintf(buffer, "ERROR CN [%s] Mutex init
failed\n", time stamp());
         mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
        return -1;
    }
     if(pthread create(&remote_request_thread, &attr,
remote request callback, NULL) != 0)
           memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
          sprintf(buffer, "ERROR CN [%s] Remote request thread creation
failed\n",time stamp());
          mg send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
           perror("Remote socket thread creation failed");
     if (pthread create (&communication thread, &attr,
communication thread callback, NULL) != 0)
           memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
          sprintf(buffer, "ERROR CN [%s] Communication thread creation
failed\n",time stamp());
          mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
           perror("Communication thread creation failed");
      }
      if (pthread create (&log receiver thread, &attr,
revecive thread callback, NULL) != 0)
           memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
          sprintf(buffer, "ERROR CN [%s] Logger receive thread creation
failed\n", time stamp());
         mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
           perror("Receiver logger thread creation failed");
```

```
if (pthread create (&heartbeat thread, &attr,
heartbeat thread callback, NULL) != 0)
          memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
        sprintf(buffer, "ERROR CN [%s] Heartbeat thread creation
failed\n",time stamp());
        mg send (msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
          perror("Heartbeat thread creation failed");
     memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
   sprintf(buffer, "DEBUG CN [%s] Threads creation
success\n", time stamp());
   mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
     printf("Threads created successfully\n");
     pthread join(communication thread, NULL);
     pthread join(logger thread, NULL);
     pthread join(log receiver thread, NULL);
     pthread join(heartbeat thread, NULL);
     pthread join(remote request thread, NULL);
     return 0;
}
/**
 * @\file heartbeat.c
 * @\author Sanju Prakash Kannioth
* @\brief This files contains the definitions for the heartbeat
functions
 * @\date 04/29/2019
 */
#include "heartbeat.h"
______
______
beat_timer_handler
_____
     This function is the timer handler for tiva heart beat timer
     @\param
                         signal value (dummy)
     @\return none
void beat timer handler(union sigval val)
     char buffer[MAX BUFFER SIZE];
```

```
if (tiva active <= tiva active prev)
      tiva dead = 1;
     printf("ERROR Tiva dead\n");
     memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
sprintf(buffer,"ERROR CN [%s] Tiva Dead\n", time stamp());
mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
else
{
     tiva dead = 0;
     printf("INFO Tiva alive\n");
     memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
sprintf(buffer, "DEBUG CN [%s] Tiva Alive\n", time stamp());
mq_send(msg_queue, buffer, MAX_BUFFER_SIZE, 0);
if(distance active <= distance active prev)</pre>
     distance dead = 1;
     printf("ERROR Ultrasonic dead\n");
     memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
sprintf(buffer,"ERROR CN [%s] Ultrasonic Dead\n", time stamp());
mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
else
     distance dead = 0;
     printf("INFO Ultrasonic alive\n");
     memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
sprintf(buffer, "DEBUG CN [%s] Ultrasonic Alive\n", time stamp());
mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
}
if(lux active <= lux active prev)</pre>
     lux dead = 1;
     printf("ERROR Lux dead\n");
     memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
sprintf(buffer, "ERROR CN [%s] Lux Dead\n", time stamp());
mq_send(msg_queue, buffer, MAX_BUFFER_SIZE, 0);
}
else
      lux dead = 0;
     printf("INFO Lux alive\n");
```

```
memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
     sprintf(buffer, "DEBUG CN [%s] Lux Alive\n", time stamp());
     mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
     if((water active <= water active prev) || water outOfRange)</pre>
           water dead = 1;
           printf("ERROR Water dead\n");
           memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
     sprintf(buffer, "ERROR CN [%s] Water level Dead\n", time stamp());
     mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
     else
           water dead = 0;
           printf("INFO Water alive\n");
           memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
     sprintf(buffer,"DEBUG CN [%s] Water level Alive\n", time stamp());
     mq_send(msg_queue, buffer, MAX_BUFFER SIZE, 0);
      }
     tiva active prev = tiva active;
     distance active prev = distance active;
     lux active prev = lux active;
     water active prev = water active;
     //restarting the heartbeat timer
     if((kick timer(timer id heartbeat, TIVA HEART BEAT CHECK PERIOD))
== -1)
           memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
          sprintf(buffer, "ERROR CN [%s] Kicking timer for heartbeat
failed\n", time_stamp());
         mq_send(msg_queue, buffer, MAX_BUFFER_SIZE, 0);
           perror("Error on kicking timer for heartbeat\n");
      }
}
heartbeat thread callback
_____
```

```
This is the thread creation callback function for the heartbeat
thread
*
                            void
     @\param
                 void
     @\return
*/
void *heartbeat thread callback()
{
     char buffer[MAX BUFFER SIZE];
     memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
    sprintf(buffer, "DEBUG CN [%s] Heartbeat thread activen",
time stamp());
   mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
     printf("Inside heartbeat thread\n");
     if((setup timer POSIX(&timer id heartbeat, beat timer handler)) == -
1)
           memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
         sprintf(buffer, "ERROR CN [%s] Creating timer for heartbeat
failed\n", time stamp());
         mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
           perror ("Error on creating timer for heartbeat\n");
     if((kick timer(timer id heartbeat, TIVA HEART BEAT CHECK PERIOD))
== -1)
     {
           memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
         sprintf(buffer,"ERROR CN [%s] Kicking timer for heartbeat
failed\n", time stamp());
         mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
           perror("Error on kicking timer for heartbeat\n");
     /* Configure UART2 on BBG */
     uart2 = malloc(sizeof(uart properties));
     uart2->uart no = 2;
     uart2->baudrate = B115200;
     uint8 t isOpen2 = uart config(uart2);
     printf("IS OPEN 2: %d\n", isOpen2);
     char hb = 'h';
     if(isOpen2 == 0)
           memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
         sprintf(buffer, "DEBUG CN [%s] UART2 Opened successfully n",
time stamp());
```

```
mg send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
           while (1)
           {
                 usleep(1000000); // Sending heartbeat every 1 second
                 pthread mutex lock(&lock res);
                 uart send(uart2,&hb,sizeof(char));
                 pthread mutex unlock(&lock res);
           }
     uart close(uart2); // Close UART2
     pthread cancel(heartbeat thread);
     return \overline{0};
/**
 * @\file
          logger.c
 * @\author Sanju Prakash Kannioth
 \star @\brief This files contains the function definitions for the logger
 * @\date 04/29/2019
 */
#include "logger.h"
pthread mutex t lock; // Mutex
char time stam[30];
time stamp
______
    This function will format the timestamp
   @\param
    @\return
                   timestamp as a string
char *time stamp()
{
    memset(time_stam,'\0',30);
     time t timer;
     timer = time(NULL);
     strftime(time stam, 26, "%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S", localtime(&timer));
     return time stam;
}
```

```
/**
logger init
______
   This function will initialize the logger
   @\param
            void
   @\return void
*/
void logger init()
    mq unlink (QUEUE NAME);
    file_ptr = fopen("test.log", "w");
    fprintf(file_ptr,"Queue Init\n\n");
    fclose(file ptr);
   if (pthread mutex init(&lock, NULL) != 0)
      perror("Mutex init failed\n");
   }
   struct mq attr mq attributes;
   /* Setting the message queue attributes */
   mq attributes.mq flags = 0;
   mq attributes.mq maxmsg = 5;
   mq attributes.mq msgsize = MAX BUFFER SIZE;
   mq attributes.mq curmsgs = 0;
   msg queue = mq open(QUEUE NAME, O CREAT | O RDWR | O NONBLOCK, 0666,
&mq attributes);
   perror("MQ FAILED");
   printf("Return value of queue open = %d\n", msg queue);
}
/**
logger thread callback
______
   This function is the thread callback function for the logger
  @\param
               void
  @\return
               void
```

```
*/
void *logger thread callback()
     char buffer[MAX BUFFER SIZE];
     printf("Inside logger thread\n");
     memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
   sprintf(buffer,"DEBUG CN [%s] Logger thread active\n", time stamp());
   mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
     file ptr = fopen("test.log", "a");
     while (1)
     {
          if(mq_receive(msg_queue, buffer,MAX BUFFER SIZE,0) > 0)
               pthread_mutex_lock(&lock);
               fprintf(file ptr, "%s", buffer);
               fflush(file ptr);
               pthread mutex unlock(&lock);
          }
     fclose(file ptr);
     mq close(msg queue);
   mq unlink (QUEUE NAME);
   pthread cancel (logger thread);
}
/**
 * @\file communication.c
* @\author Sanju Prakash Kannioth
* @\brief This files contains the definitions for the communication
interface for tiva and BBG
 * @\date 04/29/2019
*/
#include "communication.h"
/*
______
get lux
This function returns the most updated lux value in string format
     @\param
                          void
     @\return string containing most recent lux value
char *get lux()
```

```
{
     memset(lux,'\0',sizeof(lux));
     sprintf(lux,"%f",comm rec.lux);
     return lux;
}
get distance
     This function returns the most updated distance value in string
format
     @\param
                         void
     @\return string containing most recent distance value
*/
char *get distance()
{
     memset(distance,'\0',sizeof(distance));
     sprintf(distance, "%f", comm_rec.distance);
     return distance;
}
get waterLevel
______
     This function returns the most updated water level value in string
format
     @\param
                         void
     @\return string containing most recent water level value
*/
char *get waterLevel()
     memset(waterLevel,'\0', sizeof(waterLevel));
     sprintf(waterLevel,"%f", comm rec.waterLevel);
     return waterLevel;
}
```

```
get mode
   This function returns the most updated operating mode in string
format
                    void
    @\param
   @\return string containing most updated operating mode
value
*/
char *get mode()
   memset(mode,'\0', sizeof(mode));
    if(!comm rec.mode)
        sprintf(mode, "Auto");
    else if(comm_rec.mode)
        sprintf(mode, "Manual");
   return mode;
}
_____
get_dgMode
____
   This function returns if the system is in degraded mode in string
format
                    void
    @\param
    @\return string containing degraded mode value
*/
char *get dgMode()
    memset(dg mode,'\0', sizeof(dg mode));
    if(!comm rec.dg mode)
        sprintf(dg_mode,"Normal");
    else if(comm rec.dg mode)
        sprintf(dg mode, "Degraded");
    return dg mode;
}
______
get opStatus tiva
______
```

\_\_\_\_\_\_

```
This function returns the most updated operation status of the
remote node
     @\param
                           void
                     string containing the most updated operation
     @\return
status of the remote node
* /
char *get_opStatus_tiva()
     memset(tiva_opstatus,'\0', sizeof(tiva_opstatus));
     if(!tiva dead)
          sprintf(tiva opstatus, "Alive");
     if(tiva dead)
           sprintf(tiva opstatus, "Dead");
     return tiva_opstatus;
}
get opStatus distance
     This function returns the most updated operation status of the
distance sensor
     @\param
                           void
     @\return string containing the most updated operation
status of the distance sensor
*/
char *get opStatus distance()
     memset(distance opstatus,'\0', sizeof(distance opstatus));
     if(!distance dead)
           sprintf(distance opstatus, "Alive");
     if(distance dead)
           sprintf(distance opstatus, "Dead");
     return distance opstatus;
}
get opStatus lux
 ·-<del>-</del>-----
```

```
This function returns the most updated operation status of the lux
sensor
     @\param
                        void
                   string containing the most updated operation
     @\return
status of the lux sensor
* /
char *get_opStatus_lux()
     memset(lux opstatus,'\0', sizeof(lux opstatus));
     if(!lux dead)
          sprintf(lux opstatus, "Alive");
     if(lux dead)
          sprintf(lux opstatus, "Dead");
     return lux opstatus;
}
______
get opStatus water
______
    This function returns the most updated operation status of the
water level sensor
    @\param
                        void
     @\return
                   string containing the most updated operation
status of the water level sensor
*/
char *get opStatus water()
{
     memset(water_opstatus,'\0', sizeof(water_opstatus));
     if(water_dead || water_outOfRange)
          sprintf(water_opstatus,"Dead");
     else
          sprintf(water opstatus, "Alive");
     return water_opstatus;
}
______
get_valveStatus
```

```
This function returns the most updated status of the valve
     @\param
                          void
     @\return string containing the most updated status of the
valve
*/
char *get valveStatus()
     memset(water opstatus,'\0', sizeof(water opstatus));
     if(already open)
          sprintf(valve status, "Open");
     else if(already closed)
          sprintf(valve status, "Closed");
     return valve status;
}
/*
communication thread callback
______
     This is the thread creation callback function for the communication
thread
     @\param
                        void
     @\return
               void
*/
void *communication thread callback()
     char buffer[MAX BUFFER SIZE];
     /* Flags to check tiva and sensor heartbeats */
     tiva active = 0;
     tiva active prev = 0;
     distance active prev = 0;
     distance active = 0;
     lux active prev = 0;
     lux active = 0;
```

```
water active prev = 0;
   water active = 0;
   memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
    sprintf(buffer, "DEBUG CN [%s] Communication thread active\n",
time stamp());
   mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
     printf("Inside communication thread\n");
     struct sensor struct sensor;
     /* Configure UART4 on BBG */
     uart properties *uart4 = malloc(sizeof(uart properties));
     uart4->uart no = 4;
     uart4->baudrate = B115200;
     uint8_t isOpen4 = uart_config(uart4);
     printf("Open success? %d\n", isOpen4);
     /* Messages to be sent to Tiva for closed loop control */
     char obj detect = '1';
     char valve close = '2';
     char valve_open = '3';
     char lux auto = '4';
     int recv = 0;
     if (isOpen4 == 0) \{
           memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
          sprintf(buffer, "DEBUG CN [%s] UART4 Opened successfully \n",
time stamp());
         mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
           while (1)
                 recv = uart receive(uart4, &sensor,
sizeof(sensor struct)); // Receive sensor data from Tiva on BBG UART4
                 if(recv > 0)
                       /* Send object detected message to Tiva if object
is detected */
                       if((strcmp(sensor.task name,"DIST") == 0) &&
comm rec.distance< 30)</pre>
                             pthread mutex lock(&lock res);
                             uart send(uart2, &obj detect, sizeof(char));
                             pthread mutex unlock(&lock res);
                             memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
```

```
sprintf(buffer, "WARN CN [%s] Object detected
sent from CN\n", time stamp());
                             mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE,
0);
                        }
                       /* Send lux auto mode on to Tiva if lux is below
threshold */
                       else if((strcmp(sensor.task name, "LUX") == 0) &&
comm rec.lux < 10)
                        {
                             pthread mutex lock(&lock res);
                             uart send(uart2, &lux auto, sizeof(char));
                             pthread mutex unlock(&lock res);
                             memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
                             sprintf(buffer, "DEBUG CN [%s] Lux auto mode
sent from CN\n", time stamp());
                             mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE,
0);
                       /* If water level sensor is inactive, or falls out
of range */
                       else if((strcmp(sensor.task name, "WAT") == 0) &&
comm rec.waterLevel > 3000)
                        {
                             water outOfRange = 1;
                             memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
                             sprintf(buffer, "ERROR CN [%s] Water level
out of range\n", time stamp());
                             mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE,
0);
                       }
                       /* Send valve closed to Tiva if water level is
below threshold */
                       else if((strcmp(sensor.task name,"WAT") == 0) &&
comm rec.waterLevel < 300 && already closed == 0)</pre>
                             pthread mutex lock(&lock res);
                             uart send(uart2, &valve close,
sizeof(char));
                             pthread mutex unlock(&lock res);
                             memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
                             sprintf(buffer, "DEBUG CN [%s] Valve close
sent from CN\n", time stamp());
                             mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE,
0);
                             already closed = 1;
```

```
already open = 0;
                             water outOfRange = 0;
                       }
                       /* Send valve open to Tiva if water level is above
threshold */
                       else if((strcmp(sensor.task name,"WAT") == 0) &&
comm rec.waterLevel >= 300 && already open == 0)
                             pthread_mutex_lock(&lock_res);
                             uart send(uart2, &valve open, sizeof(char));
                             pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock_res);
                             memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
                             sprintf(buffer, "DEBUG CN [%s] Valve open
sent from CN\n", time stamp());
                             mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE,
0);
                             already open = 1;
                             already closed = 0;
                            water outOfRange = 0;
                       }
                 }
           uart close(uart4); // Close UART4 file descriptor
           pthread cancel(communication thread);
     return 0;
}
* @\file log receiver.c
* @\author Sanju Prakash Kannioth and Steve Antony X
* @\brief This files contains the function definitions for tiva log
receiver module
 * @\date 03/30/2019
 */
#include "log_receiver.h"
/**
revecive thread callback
   This function is the thread callback function for logger messages
coming from Tiva
   @\param
                  void
```

```
@\return
                  void
*/
void *revecive thread callback()
     char buffer[MAX BUFFER SIZE];
     memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
    sprintf(buffer, "DEBUG CN [%s] Tiva receive logger thread active \n",
time stamp());
    mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
     printf("Inside receiver thread\n");
     /* Configure UART1 on BBG */
     uart properties *uart1 = malloc(sizeof(uart properties));
     uart1->uart no = 1;
     uart1->baudrate = B115200;
     uint8 t isOpen1 = uart config(uart1);
     char log[50];
     if(isOpen1 == 0)
           memset(buffer,'\0',sizeof(buffer));
          sprintf(buffer, "DEBUG CN [%s] UART1 Opened successfully\n",
time stamp());
         mq send(msg queue, buffer, MAX BUFFER SIZE, 0);
           while (1)
           {
                 memset(log,'\0', sizeof(log));
                 uart receive task(uart1, &log, sizeof(log));
           }
     uart close(uart1); // Close UART1
     return 0;
/*Reference : https://github.com/sijpesteijn/BBCLib */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <termios.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdint.h>
```

```
typedef enum {
     uart0 = 0, uart1 = 1, uart2 = 2, uart3 = 3, uart4 = 4, uart5 = 5
} uart;
typedef struct {
     int fd;
     uart uart no;
     int baudrate;
}uart properties;
uint8 t uart config(uart properties *uart)
     char path[15] = "/dev/tty0";
     char uart no[2];
     sprintf(uart no,"%d",uart->uart no);
     strcat(path,uart no);
     struct termios uart port;
     uart->fd = open(path, O RDWR | O NOCTTY | O SYNC | O NONBLOCK);
     if(uart->fd < 0) printf("port failed to open\n");</pre>
     uart port.c cflag = uart->baudrate | CS8 | CLOCAL | CREAD;
     uart port.c iflag&= ~(IGNBRK | ICRNL | INLCR | PARMRK | ISTRIP |
IXON); //= IGNPAR | ICRNL;
     uart port.c oflag = 0;
     uart port.c lflag = 0;
     uart port.c cc[VTIME] = 0;
     uart port.c cc[VMIN] = 1;
     cfsetispeed(&uart_port, B115200);
     cfsetospeed(&uart port, B115200);
     tcsetattr(uart->fd, TCSAFLUSH, &uart port);
     printf("Opened\n");
     return 0;
}
int8 t uart send(uart properties *uart, char *tx, int length) {
     if (write (uart->fd, tx, length) == -1) {
           printf("Error in write\n");
           return -1;
     printf("Wrote %s to uart %i\n", tx, uart->uart no);
     return 0;
}
int8_t uart_receive(uart_properties *uart, char *rx, int length) {
     if (read(uart->fd, rx, length) == -1) {
           printf("Error in write\n");
```

```
return -1;
     printf("Read %s from uart %i\n", rx, uart->uart no);
     return 0;
}
int8 t uart close(uart properties *uart) {
     close(uart->fd);
     return 0;
}
int main()
     uart properties *uart = malloc(sizeof(uart properties));
     uart->uart no = uart1;
     uart->baudrate = B115200;
     uart properties *uart4 = malloc(sizeof(uart properties));
     uart4->uart no = 4;
     uart4->baudrate = B115200;
     uint8_t isOpen = uart_config(uart);
     uint8 t isOpen4 = uart config(uart4);
     int i = 0;
     printf("Open success? %d\n", isOpen);
     if (isOpen == 0) {
           unsigned char receive[30];
           while(1)
           //
                 printf("Entered while\n");
                 char buf[30];
                 sprintf(buf, "foo %d", ++i);
                 // Send data to uart1
                 if (uart send(uart4, buf, strlen(buf) + 1) < 0) {
                       printf("Could not send data to uart port");
                       return -1;
                 }
                 usleep(100000);
                 uart receive(uart4, receive, 30);
                        sprintf(buf,"test uart 1");
                 uart send(uart, buf, strlen(buf) + 1);
                 usleep(100000);
                 // Read data from uart1
                 if (uart receive(uart, receive, 30) < 0) {
                       printf("Could not read data from uart port");
                       return -1;
                 }
           }
```

```
uart close(uart);
           uart close(uart4);
     printf("EOF\n");
     return 0;
}
/**
* @\file uart.c
 * @\author Sanju Prakash Kannioth
\star @\brief This files contains the function definitions for uart
transmit and receive on BBG
 * @\date 04/29/2019
 * References : https://github.com/sijpesteijn/BBCLib,
     https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/Serial Programming/termios
 */
#include "uart.h"
char temp[MAX BUFFER SIZE];
struct sensor struct *rx;
/**
uart config
   This function will configure the specific UART on BBG
   @\param
              uart properties specifies UART number
   @\return
                   0
                                              success
                             -1
                                                          failure
*/
int8 t uart config(uart properties *uart)
     char path [15] = "/dev/tty0";
     char uart no[2];
     sprintf(uart no,"%d",uart->uart no);
     strcat(path,uart no);
     struct termios uart port;
     uart->fd = open(path, O RDWR | O NOCTTY | O NDELAY);
     if(uart->fd < 0) printf("port failed to open\n");</pre>
     if(!isatty(uart->fd)) perror("Not a tty port\n");
```

```
if(tcgetattr(uart->fd, &uart port) < 0)</pre>
           perror("Error getting attributes\n");
           return -1;
     }
     uart port.c cflag &= ~(CSIZE | PARENB);
     uart port.c cflag |= CLOCAL | CS8;
     uart port.c iflag&= ~(IGNBRK | ICRNL | INLCR | PARMRK | ISTRIP |
IXON);
     uart_port.c oflag = 0;
     uart port.c lflag &= ~(ECHO | ECHONL | ICANON | IEXTEN | ISIG);
     fcntl(uart->fd, F_SETFL, 0);
     if(cfsetispeed(&uart port, B115200) < 0) // Set input baud rate
          perror("Input baud rate invalid\n");
           return -1;
     if(cfsetospeed(&uart port, B115200) < 0) // Set output baud rate
          perror("Output baud rate invalid\n");
           return -1;
     }
     if(tcsetattr(uart->fd,TCSANOW, &uart port) < 0) // Change
configurations immediately
     {
          perror("Attribute setting invalid\n");
          return -1;
     printf("Opened\n");
     return 0;
}
  ._____
uart send
* This function will send specified length of bytes over the UART on
BBG
                  uart properties specifies UART number
                                                      byte to be sent
                           t.x
                           length
                                                      number of bytes
to be sent
```

```
@\return
            -1
                                          Failure
                                                     Number of bytes
                           count
sent
*/
int8 t uart send(uart properties *uart, void *tx, int length) {
     int count = write(uart->fd, tx, length);
     if (count == -1) {
          printf("Error in write\n");
          return -1;
     return count;
}
/**
uart receive
_____
   This function will receive tiva sensor data over the UART on BBG
                                     specifies UART number
   @\param
                  uart properties
                                                byte received
                          rx r
                          length
                                                     number of bytes
to be received
   @\return
                  -1
                                          Failure
                                                     Number of bytes
                           count
sent
*/
int8 t uart receive(uart properties *uart, void *rx r, int length) {
     int count = 0;
     count = read(uart->fd, rx r, length);
     if (count == -1) {
          return -1;
     rx = rx r;
     if(strcmp(rx->task name, "DIST") == 0)
     {
          distance active++;
          comm rec.distance = rx->distance;
          comm rec.mode = rx->mode;
     }
```

```
else if(strcmp(rx->task name, "LUX") == 0)
          lux_active++;
          comm rec.lux = rx->lux;
          comm rec.mode = rx->mode;
     }
     else if((strcmp(rx->task name,"WAT") == 0) && rx->water < 3000)
          water active++;
          water outOfRange = 0;
          comm rec.waterLevel = rx->water;
          comm rec.mode = rx->mode;
     else if(strcmp(rx->task name, "BEA") == 0)
           tiva active++;
          comm rec.dg mode = rx->dg mode;
     return count;
}
uart receive task
                 _____
   This function will receive tiva log data over the UART on BBG
   @\param
                   uart_properties
                                      specifies UART number
                           rx_r
                                                 byte received
                           length
                                                      number of bytes
to be received
                  -1
   @\return
                                           Failure
                                                      Number of bytes
                            count
sent
*/
int8 t uart receive task(uart properties *uart, void *rx r, int length) {
     int count = 0;
     count = read(uart->fd, rx_r, length);
```

```
if(count == -1)
         return -1;
    memset(temp,'\0', sizeof(temp));
    strcpy(temp,rx r);
    printf("%s", temp);
    if(count > 1)
         mq_send(msg_queue, temp, MAX_BUFFER_SIZE, 0);
    return count;
}
uart close
_____
  This function will close the specific UART on BBG
* @\param uart_properties specifies UART number
* @\return
               0
                                     success
*/
int8 t uart close(uart properties *uart) {
    close (uart->fd);
    return 0;
}
```

```
* loa.c
* Created on: Apr 8, 2019
      Author: Steve Antony
*/
/***********
        Includes
****************
#include "log.h"
/***********
       Global definitions
*************
//receive log data from other tasks on remote node
char log_data_recv[100];
//structure to be transmitted from remote node to control node
typedef struct
   char task[5];
   uint32 t time stamp;
   float distance;
   float lux;
   uint32 t water;
   int8 t mode RN;
   int8 t Deg mode;
}send sensor data;
send sensor data tx data;
//to receive sensor values from various tasks to logger tasks
float lux recv, distance recv;
uint32 t Water level recv;
int8 t beat recv;
//initiating the queues
void queue init()
   myQueue light = xQueueCreate(QueueLength, sizeof(float));
   if(myQueue light == NULL)
       UARTprintf("error on queue creation myQueue light\n");
   myQueue ultra = xQueueCreate(QueueLength, sizeof(float));
   if(myQueue ultra == NULL)
       UARTprintf("error on queue creation myQueue ultra\n");
```

```
}
   myQueue water = xQueueCreate(QueueLength, sizeof(uint32 t));
   if(myQueue water == NULL)
       UARTprintf("error on queue creation myQueue water\n");
   }
   myQueue log = xQueueCreate(QueueLength, 100);
   if (myQueue log == NULL)
       UARTprintf("error on queue creation myQueue_ultra\n");
   myQueue heartbeat = xQueueCreate(QueueLength, sizeof(int8 t));
   if(myQueue heartbeat == NULL)
       UARTprintf("error on queue creation myQueue heartbeat\n");
   }
/************
         Logger thread
******************************
void LogTask(void *pvParameters)
   char buffer[50];
   unsigned char *ptr;
   ptr = (uint8 t *) (&tx data);
   unsigned char *ptrl;
       ptr1 = (uint8 t *) (log data recv);
   for(;;)
       //receive lux sensor value lux task
       if(xQueueReceive(myQueue light, &lux recv, 0 ) == pdTRUE )
           strcpy(tx data.task,"LUX");
           tx data.lux = lux recv;
           tx data.time stamp = xTaskGetTickCount();
           tx data.mode RN = mode;
           tx data.Deg mode = DEGRADED MODE MANUAL;
           UART send(ptr, sizeof(tx data));
       }
       //receive ultrasonic sensor value ultrasonic task
       if(xQueueReceive(myQueue ultra, &distance recv, 0 ) == pdTRUE )
```

```
{
            strcpy(tx_data.task,"DIST");
            tx data.distance = distance recv;
            tx data.time stamp = xTaskGetTickCount();
            tx data.mode RN = mode;
            tx data.Deg mode = DEGRADED MODE MANUAL;
            UART send(ptr, sizeof(tx data));
        }
        //receive water level sensor value water level task
        if(xQueueReceive(myQueue_water, &Water_level_recv, 0 ) == pdTRUE
)
        {
            strcpy(tx data.task,"WAT");
            tx data.water = Water level recv;
            tx_data.time_stamp = xTaskGetTickCount();
            tx_data.mode_RN = mode;
            tx data.Deg mode = DEGRADED MODE MANUAL;
            UART send(ptr, sizeof(tx data));
        }
        //receive heartbeat from heartbeat task
        if(xQueueReceive(myQueue heartbeat, &beat recv, 0 ) == pdTRUE )
            strcpy(tx data.task,"BEA");
            tx data.mode RN = mode;
            tx data.Deg mode = DEGRADED MODE MANUAL;
            tx data.time stamp = xTaskGetTickCount();
            UART send(ptr, sizeof(tx data));
        }
        //receive log data from various tasks
        memset(log data recv,'\0',sizeof(log data recv));
        if(xQueueReceive(myQueue log, log data recv, 0 ) == pdTRUE )
//
              UARTprintf("--> Log %s\n",log_data recv);
            if(CN_ACTIVE == pdTRUE)
                UART send log(ptr1, strlen(log data recv));
        }
    }
}
/*Uart function to sensor data to the control node*/
void UART_send(char* ptr, int len)
```

```
while(len != 0)
        UARTCharPut(UART2 BASE, *ptr);
        len--;
    }
}
/*Uart function to logger data to the control node*/
void UART_send_log(char* ptr, int len)
{
    while (len != 0)
        UARTCharPut(UART3 BASE, *ptr);
        ptr++;
        len--;
}
/* FreeRTOS 8.2 Tiva Demo
* main.c
* Steve Antony
 * This is a simple demonstration project of FreeRTOS 8.2 on the Tiva
Launchpad
 * EK-TM4C1294XL. TivaWare driverlib sourcecode is included.
 * /
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "main.h"
#include "drivers/pinout.h"
#include "utils/uartstdio.h"
// TivaWare includes
#include "driverlib/sysctl.h"
#include "driverlib/debug.h"
#include "driverlib/rom.h"
#include "driverlib/rom map.h"
// FreeRTOS includes
#include "FreeRTOSConfig.h"
#include "FreeRTOS.h"
#include "task.h"
#include "queue.h"
#include "timers.h"
#include "driverlib/gpio.h"
#include "driverlib/inc/hw_memmap.h"
#include "log.h"
```

```
#include "object detection.h"
#include "uart.h"
#include "interrupt.h"
#include "rom.h"
#include "driverlib/fpu.h"
#include "motor driver.h"
#include "heartbeat.h"
#include "waterlevel.h"
#include "semphr.h"
/*************
              Tasks
 ******************************
/**********
        Actuator task
 ^{\star} Description : Controls the autonomous movement
               of the robot in auto mode
 ****************
void Actuator motor(void *pvParameters);
/**********
        ReadUart task
 * Description : This tasks reads the control
              data which the Control node sends
 ****************
void ReadUartTask(void *pvParameters);
/************
        Globals
***************
// for queues that sends data from different tasks to the logger tasks
QueueHandle t myQueue ultra, myQueue_light, myQueue_log, myQueue_water,
myQueue heartbeat;
//output clock
uint32 t output clock rate hz;
//For object detection notification and heartbeat notification to get
pulses from control node
TaskHandle t handle motor, handle heartbeat;
// flag to start only once based when lux is very low
static uint8 t start again = 1;
//Flag set when the threads are not created properly
uint8 t STARTUP FAILED = 0;
/*Sets application mode
 * mode 0 - Auto mode
 * mode 1 - Manual mode
int8 t mode=0; //auto mode on default
```

```
//temporary buffer for logger
char temp buffer[100];
/*mutex to avoid race condition when many tasks use
* the same queue for logging
SemaphoreHandle t xSemaphore;
/************
        Main Function
****************
int main(void)
   // Initialize system clock to 120 MHz
   output clock rate hz = ROM SysCtlClockFreqSet(
                              (SYSCTL_XTAL_25MHZ | SYSCTL_OSC_MAIN |
                              SYSCTL USE PLL | SYSCTL CFG VCO 480),
                             SYSTEM CLOCK);
   ASSERT (output clock rate hz == SYSTEM CLOCK);
   // Initialize the GPIO pins for the Launchpad
   PinoutSet(false, false);
   FPUEnable();
   // Set up the UART which is connected to the virtual COM port
   UARTStdioConfig(0, 115200, SYSTEM CLOCK);
   //initiating message queues for communication between various tasks
and logger
   queue init();
   //initiating the semaphore
   xSemaphore = xSemaphoreCreateMutex();
   //configures the uarts UART1, UART2, UART3
   ConfigureUART1();
   ConfigureUART2();
   ConfigureUART3();
   //initiating the motor pins
   init motor();
   // Create logger task
   if(pdPASS != xTaskCreate(LogTask, (const portCHAR *)"Log",
                  configMINIMAL STACK SIZE, NULL, 1, NULL))
  {
      STARTUP FAILED = pdTRUE;
      LOG ERROR("Thread creation failed for LogTask\n")
  }
   // Create light task
```

```
if(pdPASS != xTaskCreate(LightTask, (const portCHAR *)"Light",
              configMINIMAL STACK SIZE, NULL, 1, NULL))
       STARTUP FAILED = pdTRUE;
       LOG ERROR("Thread creation failed for LightTask\n")
    // Create ultrasonic task
    if(pdPASS != xTaskCreate(UtrasonicTask, (const portCHAR
*) "ultrasonic",
                       configMINIMAL STACK SIZE, NULL, 1, NULL))
    {
        STARTUP FAILED = pdTRUE;
        DEGRADED MODE MANUAL = 1;
        LOG ERROR ("Thread creation failed for UtrasonicTask\n")
    // Create uart task for reading control data from control node
    if(pdPASS != xTaskCreate(ReadUartTask, (const portCHAR *)"UART",
                          configMINIMAL STACK SIZE, NULL, 1, NULL))
    {
        STARTUP FAILED = pdTRUE;
        LOG ERROR("Thread creation failed for ReadUartTask\n")
    }
    // Create motor actuator task
    if(pdPASS != xTaskCreate(Actuator motor, (const portCHAR *)"motion",
                                configMINIMAL STACK SIZE, NULL, 1,
&handle motor))
        STARTUP FAILED = pdTRUE;
        LOG ERROR ("Thread creation failed for Actuator motor\n")
    }
    // Create heartbeat task
    if(pdPASS != xTaskCreate(Control Node heartbeat, (const portCHAR
*) "heartbeat",
                                        configMINIMAL STACK SIZE, NULL, 1,
&handle heartbeat))
    {
        STARTUP FAILED = pdTRUE;
        LOG ERROR ("Thread creation failed for Control Node heartbeat\n")
    }
    // Create water level task
    if(pdPASS != xTaskCreate(Water level, (const portCHAR *)"waterlevel",
                                               configMINIMAL STACK SIZE,
NULL, 1, NULL))
    {
        STARTUP FAILED = pdTRUE;
       LOG ERROR ("Thread creation failed for Water level\n")
    }
```

```
//Checks if the threads were created successfully
    if(STARTUP FAILED == pdTRUE)
        LOG ERROR ("Startup test failed in creating tasks\n")
    }
    /*start the schedule*/
    vTaskStartScheduler();
   return 0;
}
/*Task to receive control data from control node*/
void ReadUartTask(void *pvParameters)
{
    for(;;)
        {
            while(UARTCharsAvail(UART1 BASE))
                char c = ROM UARTCharGet(UART1 BASE);
                UARTprintf("-> %c\n",c);
                if(c == 'h') //heartbeat
                    xTaskNotifyGive(handle heartbeat);
                else if((c == '1') && (mode == 0) &&
(DEGRADED MODE MANUAL == 0))//object detected in auto mode
                    xTaskNotifyGive(handle motor);
                }
                else if(c == '2')//Water level low
                    close value();
                else if(c == '3')//Water level high
                    open value();
                else if(c == '4')//auto start - lux
                    if((start again == 1) && (mode == 0) &&
(DEGRADED MODE MANUAL == 0))
                        UARTprintf("CN: Auto on of robot\n");
                        LOG INFO ("Auto on of robot\n")
                        forward();
                        start again = 0;
                    }
```

```
}
else if(c == 'm') //manual mode
    UARTprintf("CN: Manual mode\n");
    LOG INFO("Switched to Manual mode\n")
    mode = 1 ;
    stop();
else if(c == 'a') //auto mode
    if((DEGRADED MODE MANUAL == 0))
        UARTprintf("CN: Auto mode\n");
        LOG INFO("Switched to Auto mode\n")
        mode = 0 ;
    }
}
else if(c == 'u') //forward
    if(mode == 1)
        UARTprintf("CN: forward\n");
        forward();
else if(c == 's') //stop
{
   stop();
   start again = 1;
   UARTprintf("CN: stop\n");
else if(c == 'l') //left
    if(mode == 1)
        left();
        UARTprintf("CN: left\n");
        vTaskDelay(300/portTICK PERIOD MS);
        stop();
    }
else if(c == 'r') //right
    if(mode == 1)
        right();
```

```
UARTprintf("CN: right\n");
                        vTaskDelay(300/portTICK PERIOD MS);
                        stop();
                    }
                else if(c == 'b') //back
                    if(mode == 1)
                       backward();
                       UARTprintf("CN: back\n");
                    }
                else if(c == 'o') //force start from phone
                    if((DEGRADED MODE MANUAL == 0))
                        mode = 0 ;
                        forward();
                        UARTprintf("CN: force turn on\n");
                        LOG INFO("force turn on from phone\n")
                    }
                }
            }
    }
}
/*Actuator task to control motors when an object is detected*/
void Actuator motor(void *pvParameters)
{
        for(;;)
        {
            uint32_t ulNotifiedValue = 0;
            ulNotifiedValue = ulTaskNotifyTake( pdTRUE, 0 );
            if(ulNotifiedValue > 0)
            {
                UARTprintf("Object detected notified\n");
                LOG INFO("Object detected\n")
                backward();
                 vTaskDelay(1000/portTICK_PERIOD_MS);
```

```
//normal run of motors
                right();
                vTaskDelay(500/portTICK PERIOD MS);
                forward();
            }
        }
}
/* ASSERT() Error function
 * failed ASSERTS() from driverlib/debug.h are executed in this function
* /
void error (char *pcFilename, uint32 t ui32Line)
   // Place a breakpoint here to capture errors until logging routine is
finished
   while (1)
    {
   }
}
/*Uart to transmit sensor data to the control node*/
//Transmit data on PA7
void ConfigureUART2(void)
        ROM SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH GPIOA); //Enable GPIO
       ROM SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH UART2); //Enable
UART0
        ROM GPIOPinConfigure (GPIO PA6 U2RX);
                                                            //Configure
UART pins
        ROM GPIOPinConfigure(GPIO PA7 U2TX);
        ROM GPIOPinTypeUART(GPIO PORTA_BASE, GPIO_PIN_6 | GPIO_PIN_7);
        ROM UARTConfigSetExpClk(UART2 BASE, output clock rate hz, 115200,
                                    (UART CONFIG WLEN 8 |
UART_CONFIG_STOP ONE |
                                                UART CONFIG PAR NONE));
        UARTprintf("configured 2\n");
}
```

```
/*Uart to receive control data from the control node*/
//UART1 recv on PB0
void ConfigureUART1()
       ROM SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH GPIOB); //Enable GPIO
       UARTO
       ROM GPIOPinConfigure(GPIO PB0 U1RX);
                                                     //Configure
UART pins
       ROM GPIOPinConfigure(GPIO PB1 U1TX);
       ROM GPIOPinTypeUART(GPIO PORTB BASE, GPIO PIN 0 | GPIO PIN 1);
       ROM UARTConfigSetExpClk(UART1 BASE, output clock rate hz, 115200,
                                (UART CONFIG WLEN 8 |
UART CONFIG STOP ONE |
                                           UART CONFIG PAR NONE));
       UARTprintf("configured 1\n");
}
//logger send/*Uart to transmit log data to the control node*/
//UART3 tx on PA5
void ConfigureUART3()
{
       ROM SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH GPIOA); //Enable GPIO
       UART3
       ROM GPIOPinConfigure (GPIO PA5 U3TX);
                                                     //Configure
UART pins
       ROM GPIOPinConfigure (GPIO PA4 U3RX);
       ROM GPIOPinTypeUART (GPIO PORTA BASE, GPIO PIN 5 | GPIO PIN 4);
       ROM UARTConfigSetExpClk(UART3 BASE, output clock rate hz, 115200,
                                (UART CONFIG WLEN 8 |
UART_CONFIG STOP ONE |
                                           UART CONFIG PAR NONE));
       UARTprintf("configured 3\n");
```

```
}
 * motor driver.c
 * Created on: Apr 14, 2019
       Author: Steve Antony
#include "motor driver.h"
void init motor()
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH GPIOE);
    GPIOPinTypeGPIOOutput (GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 0);
GPIOPadConfigSet(GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 0, GPIO STRENGTH 2MA, GPIO PIN TY
PE STD WPU);
    GPIOPinTypeGPIOOutput (GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 1);
GPIOPadConfigSet(GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 1, GPIO STRENGTH 2MA, GPIO PIN TY
PE STD WPU);
    GPIOPinTypeGPIOOutput (GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 2);
GPIOPadConfigSet(GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 2, GPIO STRENGTH 2MA, GPIO PIN TY
PE STD WPU);
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH GPIOC);
    GPIOPinTypeGPIOOutput (GPIO PORTC BASE, GPIO PIN 7);
GPIOPadConfigSet(GPIO PORTC BASE, GPIO PIN 7, GPIO STRENGTH 2MA, GPIO PIN TY
PE STD WPU);
}
void stop()
    GPIOPinWrite (GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 0, 0);
    GPIOPinWrite(GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 1, 0);
    GPIOPinWrite(GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 2, 0);
    GPIOPinWrite(GPIO PORTC BASE, GPIO PIN 7, 0);
}
void forward()
    GPIOPinWrite(GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 0, GPIO PIN 0);
```

```
GPIOPinWrite (GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 1, 0);
   GPIOPinWrite (GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 2, GPIO PIN 2);
   GPIOPinWrite (GPIO PORTC BASE, GPIO PIN 7, 0);
}
void backward()
   GPIOPinWrite (GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 0, 0);
   GPIOPinWrite (GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 1, GPIO PIN 1);
   GPIOPinWrite(GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 2, 0);
   GPIOPinWrite (GPIO PORTC BASE, GPIO PIN 7, GPIO PIN 7);
}
void right()
   GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTE_BASE, GPIO_PIN_0, GPIO_PIN_0);
   GPIOPinWrite(GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 1, 0);
   GPIOPinWrite (GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 2, 0);
   GPIOPinWrite(GPIO PORTC BASE, GPIO PIN 7, 0);
}
void left()
   GPIOPinWrite(GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 0, 0);
   GPIOPinWrite (GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 1, 0);
   GPIOPinWrite(GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 2, GPIO PIN 2);
   GPIOPinWrite(GPIO PORTC BASE, GPIO PIN 7, 0);
/************
               Includes
 *******************************
#include "heartbeat.h"
/***********
               Globals
 ****************
//timer flag to check the heartbeat after regular intervals
int FLAG HB = 0;
//flag is set if the control node is active
int CN ACTIVE = 0;
//for sending heartbeat from Remote node to control node
int8 t BEAT = 1;
//storing pulses to find heartbeat
static uint32 t Pulse = 0, Prev pulse = 0;
//temporary buffer for logger
char temp buffer[100];
```

```
/*
             Control Node heartbeat task
______
* This Task sends heartbeat continuosly from remote node to control
node and
   Checks if the control node is active
* /
void Control Node heartbeat(void *pvParameters)
   UARTprintf("Created heartbeat task\n");
   long x heartbeat id = 1019;
  xTimerHandle xTimer HB;
  xTimer HB = xTimerCreate("Heart beat",
                                          // Just a text
name, not used by the kernel.
                          pdMS TO TICKS( 1000 ),
                                                  // 100ms
                                                 // The timers will
                          pdTRUE,
auto-reload themselves when they expire.
                          each timer a unique id equal to its array index.
                          vTimerCallback HB handler// Each timer calls
the same callback when it expires.
   if( xTimer HB == NULL )
      // The timer was not created.
      UARTprintf("Error on HB timer creation\n");
   xTimerStart( xTimer HB, 0 );
   for(;;)
       uint32 t ulNotifiedValue = 0;
       //notified when heartbeat is received from control node
       ulNotifiedValue = ulTaskNotifyTake( pdTRUE, 0 );
       if(ulNotifiedValue > 0)
          Pulse++;
       if (FLAG HB)
          FLAG HB = pdFALSE;
          //checks if there was a pulse received
          if(Pulse <= Prev_pulse)</pre>
```

```
// UARTprintf("Control node dead Pr %d P %d\n", Prev pulse,
Pulse);
               CN ACTIVE = pdFALSE;
            else
               // UARTprintf("Control node active Pr %d P
%d\n", Prev pulse, Pulse);
                CN ACTIVE = pdTRUE;
            Prev pulse = Pulse;
            //send pulse from remote node to control node
            xQueueSendToBack( myQueue heartbeat, ( void * ) &BEAT,
QUEUE TIMEOUT TICKS ) ;
            //turn off the remote node leds when the control node is
active
            if (CN ACTIVE)
                GPIOPinWrite(CLP D1 PORT, CLP D1 PIN, 0);
                GPIOPinWrite(CLP D2 PORT, CLP D2 PIN, 0);
                GPIOPinWrite(CLP D3 PORT, CLP D3 PIN, 0);
                GPIOPinWrite(CLP D4 PORT, CLP D4 PIN, 0);
            //turn on the remote node leds when the control node is
active
            else
                GPIOPinWrite (CLP D1 PORT, CLP D1 PIN, CLP D1 PIN);
                GPIOPinWrite (CLP D2 PORT, CLP D2 PIN, CLP D2 PIN);
                GPIOPinWrite (CLP D3 PORT, CLP D3 PIN, CLP D3 PIN);
                GPIOPinWrite(CLP D4 PORT, CLP D4 PIN, CLP D4 PIN);
                //move to fail safe mode from degraded mode when the
ultrasonic sensor is dead and control node inactive
                if((DEGRADED MODE MANUAL == 1))
                    stop();
                    UARTprintf("System shutdown as no ultrasonic sensor
and no control node - Fail safe\n");
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
/*Heartbeat Timer handler*/
void vTimerCallback HB handler( TimerHandle t *pxTimer )
   FLAG HB = pdTRUE;
}
* water_level.c
 * Created on: Apr 24, 2019
     Author: Steve
/************
        Includes
***************
#include "waterlevel.h"
/************
****************
int FLAG WL = 0;
static char buffer log[BUFFER];
char temp buffer[100];
/*water level task*/
void Water level(void *pvParameters)
   vTaskDelay(1000/portTICK PERIOD MS);
   UARTprintf("Water level task\n");
   uint32 t Water level data;
   init valve();
   SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH ADC0);
   SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH GPIOE);
   GPIOPinTypeADC (GPIO PORTE BASE, GPIO PIN 3);
   ADCSequenceConfigure(ADC0 BASE, 3, ADC TRIGGER PROCESSOR, 0);
   ADCSequenceStepConfigure(ADC0 BASE, 3, 0, ADC CTL CH0 | ADC CTL IE |
                            ADC CTL END);
   ADCSequenceEnable (ADC0 BASE, 3);
   ADCIntClear(ADC0 BASE, 3);
   long x WaterL id = 1009;
   xTimerHandle xTimer WL;
   xTimer_WL = xTimerCreate("Waterlevel timer",
                                                       // Just a
text name, not used by the kernel.
                            pdMS TO TICKS( 2000 ), // 1000ms
```

```
// The timers
                                pdTRUE,
will auto-reload themselves when they expire.
                                ( void * ) x WaterL id, // Assign
each timer a unique id equal to its array index.
                               vTimerCallback WaterLevel handler// Each
timer calls the same callback when it expires.
                               );
        if( (xTimer WL == NULL ) )
            // The timer was not created.
            UARTprintf("Error on timer creation - xTimer WL\n");
    /*start the timer*/
    xTimerStart( xTimer_WL, 0 );
    /*start up test*/
    ADCProcessorTrigger(ADC0 BASE, 3);
    while(!ADCIntStatus(ADCO BASE, 3, false))
    ADCIntClear(ADC0 BASE, 3);
   ADCSequenceDataGet(ADC0 BASE, 3, &Water level data);
    //kill if the startup fails
    if(Water level data > 3000)
       UARTprintf("Startup test failed for water level sensor WL %d\n",
Water level data);
         LOG ERROR("Killed water level sensor task - Startup failed\n")
         vTaskDelete( NULL );
    }
    while (1)
        if (FLAG WL)
            ADCProcessorTrigger(ADC0 BASE, 3);
            while(!ADCIntStatus(ADCO BASE, 3, false))
            ADCIntClear(ADC0 BASE, 3);
```

```
ADCSequenceDataGet(ADCO BASE, 3, &Water level data);
            if (CN ACTIVE)
                 xQueueSendToBack( myQueue water, ( void * )
&Water level data, QUEUE TIMEOUT TICKS ) ;
                 memset(buffer log, '\0', BUFFER);
                 sprintf(buffer log,"W %d\n",Water level data);
                 LOG INFO (buffer log)
             }
           FLAG WL = pdFALSE;
        }
    }
}
void vTimerCallback WaterLevel handler( TimerHandle t *pxTimer )
   FLAG WL = pdTRUE;
void init valve()
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH GPIOK);
   GPIOPinTypeGPIOOutput (GPIO PORTK BASE, GPIO PIN 7);
GPIOPadConfigSet (GPIO PORTK BASE, GPIO PIN 7, GPIO STRENGTH 2MA, GPIO PIN TY
PE STD WPU);
}
void open value()
   GPIOPinWrite (GPIO PORTK BASE, GPIO PIN 7, GPIO PIN 7);
   UARTprintf("CN: Valve opened\n");
   LOG INFO("Valve opened")
}
void close value()
   GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTK_BASE, GPIO_PIN_7, 0);
   UARTprintf("CN: Valve closed\n");
   LOG INFO("Valve closed")
}
/*
 * object_detection.c
   Created on: Apr 15, 2019
       Author: Steve Antony
/************
         Includes
```

```
*****************************
#include "object detection.h"
/**************
         GLOBALS
**********************************
//to find the pulse duration
uint32_t start, end;
//conversion complete flag
uint32 t FLAG UL, conv complete = 0;
//find the duration of echo on pulse
float time pulse = 0;
//get the distance
float distance send;
//for local logger
static char buffer log[BUFFER];
//flag to indicate if the sensor is dead
uint32 t ULT DEAD = 0;
//indicate degraded mode
uint32 t DEGRADED MODE MANUAL = 0;
//mutex for log
SemaphoreHandle t xSemaphore;
//local logger buffer
char temp buffer[100];
void init ultrasonic sensor()
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH TIMER2);
   TimerConfigure (TIMER2 BASE, TIMER CFG PERIODIC UP);
    //echo pin
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH GPIOF);
   GPIOPinTypeGPIOInput(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO PIN 3);
//GPIOPadConfigSet(GPIO_PORTF_BASE,GPIO_PIN_3,GPIO_STRENGTH_2MA,GPIO_PIN_
TYPE_STD_WPU);
   GPIOIntEnable (GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO INT PIN 3);
   GPIOIntTypeSet(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO PIN 3, GPIO BOTH EDGES );
   GPIOIntRegister(GPIO PORTF BASE, PortFIntHandler);
```

```
GPIOIntClear(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO INT PIN 3);
    //trigger pin
    GPIOPinTypeGPIOOutput (GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO PIN 1);
GPIOPadConfigSet(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO PIN 1, GPIO STRENGTH 2MA, GPIO PIN TY
PE STD WPU);
    UARTprintf("configured ultrasonic\n");
}
void find object()
{
    GPIOPinWrite(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO PIN 1, 0);
    vTaskDelay(pdMS TO TICKS(1));
    GPIOPinWrite(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO PIN 1, GPIO PIN 1);
   vTaskDelay(pdMS TO TICKS( 10 ));
   GPIOPinWrite (GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO PIN 1, 0);
}
void PortFIntHandler()
    taskENTER CRITICAL();
    GPIOIntClear(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO INT PIN 3);
        if(GPIOPinRead(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO INT PIN 3) ==
GPIO INT PIN 3)
            HWREG (TIMER2 BASE + TIMER O TAV) = 0;
            TimerEnable(TIMER2 BASE, TIMER A);
            start = TimerValueGet(TIMER2 BASE, TIMER A);
        }
        else
        {
            end = TimerValueGet(TIMER2 BASE, TIMER A);
            TimerDisable(TIMER2 BASE, TIMER A);
            time pulse = end - start;
            conv complete = 1;
        }
    taskEXIT_CRITICAL();
```

```
}
void UtrasonicTask(void *pvParameters)
    vTaskDelay(1000/portTICK PERIOD MS);
    UARTprintf("Created ultrasonic thread\n");
    long x ultra id = 1003;
    xTimerHandle xTimer ult;
                                                                 // Just a
    xTimer ult = xTimerCreate("Timer ultrasonic",
text name, not used by the kernel.
                                pdMS TO TICKS ( PERIOD ULTRASONIC ),
                                                           // The timers
                                pdTRUE,
will auto-reload themselves when they expire.
                                ( void * ) x ultra id, // Assign
each timer a unique id equal to its array index.
                                vTimerCallback Ultra handler// Each timer
calls the same callback when it expires.
                               );
    if( (xTimer ult == NULL ) )
        // The timer was not created.
        UARTprintf("Error on timer creation - xTimer Temp\n");
    }
    else
        /*start the timer*/
         xTimerStart( xTimer ult, 0 );
         init ultrasonic sensor();
         //startup test
         find object();
         vTaskDelay(500/portTICK PERIOD MS);
         if(time_pulse == 0)
             UARTprintf("Startup test failed for ultrasonic sensor\n");
             LOG ERROR ("Startup failed for ULTRASONIC\n")
             DEGRADED MODE MANUAL = 1;
             mode = 1;
             vTaskDelete( NULL );
         for(;;)
```

```
if(FLAG UL == pdTRUE)
             {
                 find object();
                 if((conv_complete == 1))
                     distance send =
(((float)(1.0/(output_clock_rate_hz/1000000))*time_pulse)/58);
                     if (CN ACTIVE)
                      {
                         xQueueSendToBack( myQueue_ultra,( void * )
&distance_send, QUEUE_TIMEOUT_TICKS ) ;
                         memset(buffer_log,'\0',BUFFER);
                         sprintf(buffer log,"D %f\n",distance send);
                         LOG INFO (buffer log)
                      }
                     else
                         if (distance send < 30)
                              //when object detected
                              xTaskNotifyGive(handle motor);
                         }
                     conv complete = 0;
                 }
                 else
                     ULT DEAD++;
                 FLAG UL = pdFALSE;
             if(ULT DEAD > 5) //switch to degraded mode
                DEGRADED MODE MANUAL = 1;
                mode = 1;
                stop();
                UARTprintf("Killed Utrasonic sensor task\n");
                LOG ERROR("Killed Utrasonic sensor task\n")
                vTaskDelete( NULL );
             }
         }
   }
}
```

```
/*************
         Temp timer handler
************************************
void vTimerCallback Ultra handler( TimerHandle t *pxTimer )
   FLAG UL = pdTRUE;
}
/*
* lux.c
* Created on: Apr 9, 2019
     Author: Steve Antony
/*************
        Includes
 *******************************
#include <lux.h>
/************
       Globals
*******************************
int FLAG Light = 0;
struct log struct temp log temp;
static char buffer log[BUFFER];
char temp buffer[100];
/*for writing and reading as byte from the registers*/
uint8 t register data;
/*for storing MSB and LSB of CHO of lux*/
uint16 t MSB 0;
uint16 t LSB 0;
/*for storing MSB and LSB of CH1 of lux*/
uint16 t MSB 1;
uint16 t LSB 1;
/*16 bit value of CHO and CH1*/
uint16 t CHO;
uint16 t CH1;
float lux send;
static uint8 t start again = 1;
/************
         Temperature thread
******************************
void LightTask(void *pvParameters)
```

```
vTaskDelay(3000/portTICK PERIOD MS);
    UARTprintf("Created Light Task\n");
        long x light id = 10005;
        xTimerHandle xTimer light;
        xTimer light = xTimerCreate("Timer Light",
                                                                // Just a
text name, not used by the kernel.
                                  pdMS TO TICKS ( TEMP TIME PERIOD MS ),
// 100ms
                                                             // The timers
                                  pdTRUE,
will auto-reload themselves when they expire.
                                  ( void * ) x light id,
                                                             // Assign
each timer a unique id equal to its array index.
                                  vTimerCallback Light handler// Each
timer calls the same callback when it expires.
         if( xTimer light == NULL )
            // The timer was not created.
            UARTprintf("Error on timer creation\n");
         else
            /*Start led timer*/
            xTimerStart( xTimer light, 0 );
            i2c setup();
            vTaskDelay(1000/portTICK PERIOD MS);
            //Start up tests for lux sensor
            int8 t ret = lux sensor setup();
            if(ret == -1)
                UARTprintf("Startup failed for lux\n");
                LOG ERROR ("Killed lux sensor task - Startup failed\n")
                vTaskDelete( NULL );
            }
            for (;;)
                if(FLAG Light == pdTRUE)
                    FLAG Light = pdFALSE;
                    read lux CHO();
                    read lux CH1();
                    lux_send = lux_measurement(CH0,CH1);
                    if(CN ACTIVE)
                        xQueueSendToBack( myQueue light, ( void * )
&lux send, QUEUE TIMEOUT TICKS ) ;
                        memset(buffer log,'\0',BUFFER);
                        sprintf(buffer log,"L %f\n",lux send);
```

```
LOG INFO (buffer log)
                    if((CN ACTIVE == 0) && (lux send < 1.0)&&(start again
== 1))
                        UARTprintf("CN INACTIVE, lux < 1, start\n");</pre>
                        forward();
                        start again = 0;
                    }
                }
            }
}
void vTimerCallback Light handler( TimerHandle t *pxTimer )
    FLAG Light = pdTRUE;
void i2c_setup()
    /*Enabling i2c pheripheral*/
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH I2C2);
    /*Enabling GPIO*/
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH GPION);
    /*Configuring I2C SDA GPIO*/
    GPIOPinConfigure (GPIO PN4 I2C2SDA);
    /*Configuring I2C SCL GPIO*/
    GPIOPinConfigure(GPIO PN5 I2C2SCL);
    /*Configuring ic2 SCL*/
    GPIOPinTypeI2CSCL(GPIO_PORTN_BASE, GPIO_PIN_5);
    /*Configuring ic2 SDA*/
    GPIOPinTypeI2C(GPIO_PORTN_BASE, GPIO_PIN_4);
    /*wait till specified peripheral is ready
    * returns true if ready*/
    while(!SysCtlPeripheralReady(SYSCTL PERIPH I2C2));
    /*initiating i2c master*/
    I2CMasterInitExpClk(I2C2 BASE, output clock rate hz, false);
}
/*Configuring lux sensor*/
int8 t lux sensor setup()
```

```
int flag = 0;
    /*command to write on control register*/
    register data = 0x03;
    write byte i2c2(LIGHT SENSOR, CONTROL REGISTER, register data);
    register data = 0 \times 00;
    read byte i2c2(LIGHT SENSOR, CONTROL REGISTER, &register data);
    //UARTprintf("0x03 --> %x", register data);
    if((register data == 0x00))
        return -1;
    /*command to write on TIMING REGISTER*/
    register data = 0x12;
    write byte i2c2(LIGHT SENSOR, TIMING REGISTER, register data);
   return 0;
}
void read lux CHO()
    /*command to write on control register*/
    register data = 0x00;
    read byte i2c2(LIGHT SENSOR, DATAOLOW REGISTER, &register data);
    LSB 0 = 0;
    LSB 0 = register data;
    /*command to write on TIMING REGISTER*/
    register data = 0x00;
    read byte i2c2(LIGHT SENSOR, DATAOHIGH REGISTER, &register data);
   MSB 0 = 0;
   MSB 0 = register data;
    /*forming the full 16 bit from MSB and LSB*/
    CHO = (MSB \ 0 << 8);
    CH0 \mid = LSB 0;
}
void read lux CH1()
    /*command to write on control register*/
    register data = 0 \times 00;
    read byte i2c2(LIGHT SENSOR, DATA1LOW REGISTER, &register data);
    LSB 0 = 0;
    LSB 0 = register data;
```

```
/*command to write on TIMING REGISTER*/
    register data = 0 \times 00;
    read byte i2c2(LIGHT SENSOR, DATA1HIGH REGISTER, &register data);
   MSB 1 = 0;
   MSB 1 = register data;
    /*forming the full 16 bit from MSB and LSB*/
    CH1 = (MSB 1 << 8);
    CH1 |= LSB 1;
}
void read byte i2c2(uint8 t slave, uint8 t register addr, uint8 t * data)
    /*select the register to read on slave*/
    I2CMasterSlaveAddrSet(I2C2 BASE, slave, false);
    //command to write to control register
    I2CMasterDataPut(I2C2 BASE, register addr | WRITE COMMAND );
    //Controls the state of the I2C Master , command
    I2CMasterControl(I2C2 BASE, I2C MASTER CMD SINGLE SEND);
    //Wait until master says it is busy
    while(!I2CMasterBusy(I2C2 BASE));
    //Indicates whether I2C Master is busy
    while(I2CMasterBusy(I2C2 BASE));
    /* reads the data*/
    /*Sets the address that the I2C Master places on the bus*/
    I2CMasterSlaveAddrSet(I2C2 BASE, slave, true);
     I2CMasterControl(I2C2 BASE, I2C MASTER CMD SINGLE RECEIVE);
     //Wait until master says it is busy
     while(!I2CMasterBusy(I2C2 BASE));
     //Indicates whether I2C Master is busy
     while(I2CMasterBusy(I2C2 BASE));
     *data = I2CMasterDataGet(I2C2 BASE);
}
void write byte i2c2(uint8 t slave, uint8 t register addr, uint8 t data)
    /*select the register to read on slave*/
```

```
I2CMasterSlaveAddrSet(I2C2 BASE, slave, false);
   //command to write to control register
   I2CMasterDataPut(I2C2 BASE, register addr | WRITE COMMAND );
   //Controls the state of the I2C Master , command
   I2CMasterControl(I2C2 BASE, I2C MASTER CMD SINGLE SEND);
   //Wait until master says it is busy
   while(!I2CMasterBusy(I2C2 BASE));
   //Indicates whether I2C Master is busy
   while(I2CMasterBusy(I2C2 BASE));
   I2CMasterDataPut(I2C2 BASE, data);
    I2CMasterControl(I2C2_BASE, I2C_MASTER_CMD_SINGLE_SEND);
    //Wait until master says it is busy
    while(!I2CMasterBusy(I2C2 BASE));
    //Indicates whether I2C Master is busy
    while(I2CMasterBusy(I2C2 BASE));
}
/**********************
                   Getting lux value
*******************
float lux measurement(float CH0, float CH1)
{
   float ratio = (CH1 / CH0);
   //0 < CH1/CH0 â%¤ 0.50 Sensor Lux = (0.0304 x CH0) â€" (0.062 x CH0 x
((CH1/CH0)1.4))
   if((ratio <=0.5)&& (ratio > 0))
       return ((0.0304 * CH0) - (0.062 * CH0 * (powf(ratio, 1.4))));
   //0.50 < CH1/CH0 ≤ 0.61 Sensor Lux = (0.0224 x CH0) â€" (0.031 x
CH1)
   else if((ratio > 0.5)&& (ratio <= 0.61))
       return ((0.0224 * CH0) - (0.031 * CH1));
   //0.61 < CH1/CH0 â%¤ 0.80 Sensor Lux = (0.0128 x CH0) â€" (0.0153 x
CH1)
   else if((ratio > 0.61)&& (ratio <= 0.8))
```

```
return (0.0128 * CH0) - (0.0153 * CH1);

//0.80 < CH1/CH0 ≤ 1.30 Sensor Lux = (0.00146 x CH0) ' (0.00112 x CH1)

else if((ratio > 0.80)&& (ratio <= 1.30))
    return (0.00146 * CH0) - (0.00112 * CH1);

//CH1/CH0>1.30 Sensor Lux = 0
else
    return 0;
}
```

```
* lux.h
* Created on: Apr 9, 2019
      Author: Steve Antony
*/
#ifndef LUX H
#define LUX H
/***********
        Includes
******************
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include "FreeRTOSConfig.h"
#include "FreeRTOS.h"
#include "task.h"
#include "queue.h"
#include "timers.h"
#include "utils/uartstdio.h"
#include "uart.h"
#include "driverlib/gpio.h"
#include "driverlib/inc/hw memmap.h"
#include "driverlib/pin map.h"
#include "driverlib/sysctl.h"
#include "log.h"
#include "i2c.h"
/************
        MACRO
****************
#define CONTROL REGISTER (0X00)
#define TIMING REGISTER (0X01)
#define THRESHLOWLOW (0x02)
#define THRESHLOWHIGH (0x03)
#define THRESHHIGHLOW (0x04)
#define THRESHHIGHHIGH (0x05)
#define INTERRUPT (0x06)
#define INDICATION REGISTER (0x0A)
#define DATAOLOW REGISTER (0X0C)
#define DATAOHIGH REGISTER (0X0D)
#define DATA1LOW REGISTER (0X0E)
#define DATA1HIGH REGISTER (0X0F)
#define WRITE COMMAND (0x80)
#define QUEUE TIMEOUT TICKS (10)
```

```
#define NOTIFY TAKE TIMEOUT (500)
#define TEMP_TIME_PERIOD MS (1000)
#define TEMP SENSOR ADDR (0x48)
#define TEMP REG OFFSET ADDR (0x00)
#define LIGHT SENSOR (0x39)
#define BUFFER (50)
/************
       GLOBALS
**************
struct log_struct_temp
   char time stamp[30];
   char temp[40];
};
struct log struct led
   char time stamp[30];
   long count;
   char name[10];
};
extern TaskHandle t handle;
extern uint32 t output clock rate hz;
extern QueueHandle t myQueue light;
/************
       Function Prototypes
 *************************************
/**********
* Func name : TempTask
 * Parameters:
             none
* Description : Thread for temperature task
 ***************
void LightTask(void *pvParameters);
/***********
* Func name :
            vTimerCallback Temp handler
* Parameters: none
* Description : handler for temperature timer
****************
void vTimerCallback Light handler( TimerHandle t *);
/**********
* Func name : i2c setup
* Parameters:
            none
 * Description : Configuration of i2c bus
```

```
****************
void i2c setup();
/***********
* Func name : read_lux_CHO
* Parameters:
            none
* Description : Reads CHO value of the lux sensor
***********************************
void read lux CHO();
/***********
* Func name : read lux CH1
* Parameters: none
* Description : Reads CH1 value of the lux sensor
 *****************************
void read lux CH1();
/***********
* Func name : lux sensor_setup
* Parameters: none
* Description : Wrapper for configuring lux sensor registers
*****************************
int8 t lux sensor setup();
/***********
* Func name : read byte i2c2
* Parameters: slave address, register address, address of data
* Description : Read a byte to any register
****************
void read byte i2c2(uint8 t slave, uint8 t register addr, uint8 t *data);
/***********
* Func name : write_byte_i2c2
            slave address, register address, data
* Parameters:
* Description : Write a byte to any register
****************
void write byte i2c2(uint8 t slave, uint8 t register addr, uint8 t data);
/***********
 * Func name : lux measurement
            CHO value, CH1 value
* Parameters:
 * Description : Calculate lux value based on the channel values
******************************
float lux measurement(float , float );
#endif /* LUX H */
* main.h
 * Created on: Mar 28, 2015
    Author: steve
#ifndef OBJECT DETECTION H
```

```
#define OBJECT DETECTION H
/*************
******************
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "FreeRTOSConfig.h"
#include "FreeRTOS.h"
#include "task.h"
#include "queue.h"
#include "timers.h"
#include "timer.h"
#include "driverlib/gpio.h"
#include "driverlib/inc/hw memmap.h"
#include "driverlib/inc/hw timer.h"
#include "driverlib/inc/hw types.h"
#include "driverlib/sysctl.h"
#include "driverlib/rom.h"
#include "utils/uartstdio.h"
#include "driverlib/inc/hw ints.h"
#include "driverlib/fpu.h"
#include "log.h"
#include "motor driver.h"
#include "semphr.h"
/************
       Macros
*****************
#define DETECT TIME PERIOD MS (1000)
#define PERIOD ULTRASONIC (530)
/************
* Function prototypes
******************
/**********
* Func name : init ultrasonic sensor
* Parameters: none
* Description : Initiates the trigger and echo pins of ultrasonic
***************
void init ultrasonic sensor();
/**********
* Func name : PortFIntHandler
* Parameters: none
* Description : Interrupt handler
```

```
****************
void PortFIntHandler();
/***********
* Func name : findobject
* Parameters:
           none
* Description : makes trigger pin high for 10ms
****************
void find object();
/***********
* Func name : vTimerCallback_Temp_handler
* Parameters: none
* Description : handler for temperature timer
*****************************
void vTimerCallback Ultra handler( TimerHandle t *);
/*Ultrasonic task*/
void UtrasonicTask(void *);
/************
      Global declaration
****************
extern uint32_t output_clock_rate_hz;
extern QueueHandle t myQueue ultra, myQueue light, myQueue log;
extern TaskHandle t handle motor;
#endif
* log.h
* Created on: Apr 8, 2019
    Author: Steve Antony
*/
#ifndef LOG H
#define LOG H
/*************
       Includes
****************
#include <lux.h>
#include "FreeRTOS.h"
#include "queue.h"
#include "portmacro.h"
#include "utils/uartstdio.h"
#include "portmacro.h"
#include "time.h"
#include "semphr.h"
/************
*****************
```

```
#define QueueLength (110)
#define TIMEOUT TICKS (10)
#define BUFFER (100)
#define LOG INFO(str) {\
xSemaphoreTake(xSemaphore, 0);\
memset(temp buffer,'\0',100);\
sprintf(temp buffer,"INFO RN: [%d] %s",xTaskGetTickCount(),str);\
xQueueSendToBack( myQueue_log,( void * ) temp_buffer, QUEUE_TIMEOUT_TICKS
);\
xSemaphoreGive(xSemaphore); \
#define LOG ERROR(str) {\
xSemaphoreTake(xSemaphore, 0); \
memset(temp buffer, '\0', 100); \
sprintf(temp_buffer,"ERROR RN: [%d] %s",xTaskGetTickCount(),str);\
xQueueSendToBack( myQueue log,( void * ) temp buffer, QUEUE TIMEOUT TICKS
);\
xSemaphoreGive(xSemaphore); \
#define LOG WARN(str) {\
xSemaphoreTake(xSemaphore, 0);\
memset(temp buffer, '\0',100);\
sprintf(temp buffer,"WARN RN: [%d] %s",xTaskGetTickCount(),str);\
xQueueSendToBack( myQueue log,( void * ) temp buffer, QUEUE TIMEOUT TICKS
xSemaphoreGive(xSemaphore); \
/************
        Global declarations
 ******************
extern QueueHandle t myQueue light, myQueue ultra, myQueue log,
myQueue water, myQueue heartbeat;
extern int CN ACTIVE ;
extern int8 t mode;
extern uint32 t DEGRADED MODE MANUAL;
extern SemaphoreHandle t xSemaphore;
/***********
        Function Prototypes
 ******************************
/**********
 * Func name : queue init
 * Parameters: none
 * Description : initiates the queues for logger
void queue init();
/************
 * Func name : LogTask
 * Parameters: none
```

```
* Description : Thread for logger task
 ****************
void LogTask(void *pvParameters);
/***********
 * Func name : UART send
 * Parameters: Address, length
 ^{\star} Description : Uart function to send sensor values to the control node
 ***************
void UART send(char* ptr, int len);
/***********
 * Func name : UART send log
* Parameters: Address, length
* Description : Uart function to send log data to the control node
 ****************
void UART_send_log(char* ptr, int len);
#endif /* LOG H */
/*
* heartbeat.h
 * Created on: Apr 23, 2019
      Author: Steve
 * /
#ifndef INC HEARTBEAT H
#define INC HEARTBEAT H
/**************
              Includes
**********************************
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "FreeRTOSConfig.h"
#include "FreeRTOS.h"
#include "task.h"
#include "queue.h"
#include "timers.h"
#include "timer.h"
#include "driverlib/gpio.h"
#include "driverlib/inc/hw memmap.h"
#include "driverlib/inc/hw timer.h"
#include "driverlib/inc/hw types.h"
#include "driverlib/sysctl.h"
#include "driverlib/rom.h"
#include "utils/uartstdio.h"
#include "driverlib/inc/hw ints.h"
#include "driverlib/fpu.h"
```

```
#include "driverlib/gpio.h"
#include "drivers/pinout.h"
#include "motor driver.h"
/************
              Function Prototypes
 ***********************************
/*Heartbeat task*/
void Control Node heartbeat(void *pvParameters);
/*Heartbeat Timer handler*/
void vTimerCallback HB handler( TimerHandle t *pxTimer );
/************
              Global declarations
 *****************
extern QueueHandle_t myQueue_heartbeat;
extern uint32 t DEGRADED MODE MANUAL;
#endif /* INC HEARTBEAT H */
#ifndef MOTOR DRIVER H
#define MOTOR DRIVER H
/*
* motor driver.h
 * Created on: Apr 14, 2019
     Author: Steve Antony
 * /
/**************
        Includes
 ********************************
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "FreeRTOSConfig.h"
#include "FreeRTOS.h"
#include "task.h"
#include "queue.h"
#include "timers.h"
#include "timer.h"
#include "driverlib/gpio.h"
#include "driverlib/inc/hw memmap.h"
#include "driverlib/inc/hw timer.h"
#include "driverlib/inc/hw_types.h"
```

```
#include "driverlib/sysctl.h"
#include "driverlib/rom.h"
#include "utils/uartstdio.h"
#include "driverlib/inc/hw ints.h"
#include "driverlib/fpu.h"
/************
      Function Prototypes
*****************
_____
init motor
_____
  This functions is used to initiate the motor output pins
 @\param
           void
 @\return
           void
*/
void init motor();
/*
stop
  This functions stops the motion of robot
 @\param
           void
  @\return void
*/
void stop();
______
forward
  This functions moves the robot forward
  @\param
        void
  @\return
           void
```

```
void forward();
______
left
______
 This functions turns the robot left
* @\param void
* @\return void
*/
void left();
/*
right
_____
 This functions turns the robot right
* @\param void
* @\return void
void right();
backward
_____
 This functions moves the robot backward
* @\param void
* @\return void
*/
void backward();
#endif
* main.h
```

```
* Created on: Apr 20, 2019
    Author: Steve
#ifndef MAIN H
#define MAIN H
/************
         MACROS
*****************
// System clock rate, 120 MHz
#define SYSTEM CLOCK (12000000U)
#define QUEUE TIMEOUT TICKS (10)
/************
          GLOBAL DECLARATION
*******************************
extern uint32 t DEGRADED MODE MANUAL;
/************
         Function Prototypes
*****************
ConfigureUART2
  This configures UART2
 @\param none
* @\return none
*/
void ConfigureUART2();
______
ConfigureUART1
______
  This configures UART1
 @\param none
* @\return none
void ConfigureUART1();
/*
```

```
ConfigureUART3
______
   This configures UART3
  @\param
                none
* @\return none
* /
void ConfigureUART3();
#endif /* MAIN H */
* waterlevel.h
* Created on: Apr 24, 2019
     Author: Steve
*/
#ifndef INC WATERLEVEL H
#define INC WATERLEVEL H
/*************
* Includes
*******************************
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "FreeRTOSConfig.h"
#include "FreeRTOS.h"
#include "task.h"
#include "queue.h"
#include "timers.h"
#include "timer.h"
#include "driverlib/gpio.h"
#include "driverlib/inc/hw memmap.h"
#include "driverlib/inc/hw timer.h"
#include "driverlib/inc/hw types.h"
#include "driverlib/sysctl.h"
#include "driverlib/rom.h"
#include "utils/uartstdio.h"
#include "driverlib/inc/hw ints.h"
#include "driverlib/fpu.h"
#include "driverlib/qpio.h"
#include "drivers/pinout.h"
#include "driverlib/adc.h"
#include "log.h"
```

```
/***********
      Global declaration
******************
extern QueueHandle t myQueue water;
/************
      Function prototypes
*****************
/**********
      Water level task
****************
void Water level(void *pvParameters);
/**********
    Timer callback for water level task
******************************
void vTimerCallback WaterLevel handler( TimerHandle t *pxTimer );
/**********
* Func name : init valve
* Parameters: none
* Description : initiates the valve control pin
***************
void init valve();
/***********
* Func name : close value
* Parameters: none
* Description : close the water valve
*****************************
void close value();
/***********
* Func name : open value
* Parameters: none
* Description : open the water valve
**************
void open value();
#endif /* INC WATERLEVEL H */
```