## Exp-4 Depth and breadth first search

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Depth first search and Breath first search

AIM- To find the shortest path using BFS(Breadth First Search) uses Queue data structure and depth first search using stack data structure

## **ALGORITHM-**

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Defth First Search: Algorithm—;

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Of the Wall Start by Putting any one of graph's Viction on Top of the Stark.

Defth that take the top item of Stark and Add it to the Visited I sit of Victor

The Visited I sit of Victor

When ones Which aren't in Visited I sit of Victors to lift of Stark.

Depth First Search: Algorithm—;

The Wall Stark and Add it to the Victor of Victor

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Breadth first Search Algorithm -:

Destart by Putting any one of graph's Vertices at back of grown

Now Take the front item of queue & Add it to visited hist.

The create last of Verten Adjacent's Modes. Add those Which are

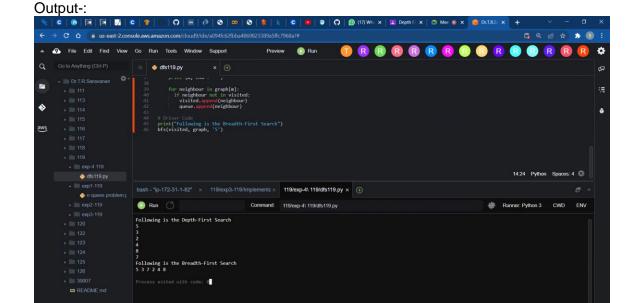
Not Within Visited Lest to the hear of queue.

Deep Repeat Steps 2 & Stendiel queue is imply
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```
Code-:
graph = {
  '5': set(['3','7']),
  '3' : set(['2', '4']),
  '7': set(['8']),
  '2' : set([]),
  '4': set(['8']),
  '8' : set([])
def dfs(graph, start, visited=None):
    if visited is None:
         visited = set()
    visited.add(start)
    print(start)
    for next in graph[start] - visited:
         dfs(graph, next, visited)
    return visited
```

print("Following is the Depth-First Search")
dfs(graph, '5')

```
visited = [] # List for visited nodes.
queue = []
              #Initialize a queue
def bfs(visited, graph, node): #function for BFS
  visited.append(node)
  queue.append(node)
  while queue:
                        # Creating loop to visit each node
    m = queue.pop(0)
    print (m, end = " ")
   for neighbour in graph[m]:
      if neighbour not in visited:
        visited.append(neighbour)
        queue.append(neighbour)
# Driver Code
print("Following is the Breadth-First Search")
bfs(visited, graph, '5')
```



RESULT-Hence we successfully found the shortest path using dfs and bfs