

Configuration Manual

MSc Research Project
MSc in Data Analytics

Sankalp Saoji
Student ID: x17154171

School of Computing
National College of Ireland

Supervisor: Dr. Catherine Mulwa

National College of Ireland
MSc Project Submission Sheet
School of Computing



Student Name: Sankalp Saoji

Student ID: X17154171

Programme: MSc in Data analytics

Year: 1st year

Module: MSc Research project

Supervisor: Dr. Catherine Mulwa

Submission

Due Date: 18th April 2019

Project Title: Air pollutant concentration prediction using deep learning techniques for smart city: Beijing

Word Count: 1070 **Page Count** 12

I hereby certify that the information contained in this (my submission) is information pertaining to research I conducted for this project. All information other than my own contribution will be fully referenced and listed in the relevant bibliography section at the rear of the project.

ALL internet material must be referenced in the bibliography section. Students are required to use the Referencing Standard specified in the report template. To use other author's written or electronic work is illegal (plagiarism) and may result in disciplinary action.

Signature:

Date: 18th April 2019

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS AND CHECKLIST

| | |
|---|--------------------------|
| Attach a completed copy of this sheet to each project (including multiple copies) | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Attach a Moodle submission receipt of the online project submission, to each project (including multiple copies). | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| You must ensure that you retain a HARD COPY of the project, both for your own reference and in case a project is lost or mislaid. It is not sufficient to keep a copy on computer. | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Assignments that are submitted to the Programme Coordinator Office must be placed into the assignment box located outside the office.

| Office Use Only | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Signature: | |
| Date: | |
| Penalty Applied (if applicable): | |

Configuration Manual

Sankalp Saoji

X17154171

1 Windows Configuration

1.1 System Information

The table 1 below shows the system information of the device used. The system information consists data of the hardware and operating system configurations used for this research project.

Table 1: System information

| Item | Value |
|------------------------------------|--|
| OS Name | Microsoft Windows 8.1 Single Language |
| Version | 6.3.9600 Build 9600 |
| Other OS Description | Not Available |
| OS Manufacturer | Microsoft Corporation |
| System Name | HP |
| System Manufacturer | Hewlett-Packard |
| System Model | HP Pavilion Notebook |
| System Type | x64-based PC |
| System SKU | M2W75PA#ACJ |
| Processor | Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-5200U CPU @ 2.20GHz, 2200 Mhz, 2 Core(s), 4 Logical Processor(s) |
| BIOS Version/Date | Insyde F.52, 03-09-2015 |
| SMBIOS Version | 2.8 |
| Embedded Controller Version | 89.37 |
| BIOS Mode | UEFI |
| BaseBoard Manufacturer | Hewlett-Packard |
| BaseBoard Model | Not Available |
| BaseBoard Name | Base Board |
| Platform Role | Mobile |

| | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Secure Boot State | Off |
| PCR7 Configuration | Binding Not Possible |
| Windows Directory | C:\Windows |
| System Directory | C:\Windows\system32 |
| Boot Device | \Device\HarddiskVolume2 |
| Locale | India |
| Hardware Abstraction Layer | Version = "6.3.9600.17196" |
| User Name | HP\HP-PC |
| Time Zone | India Standard Time |
| Installed Physical Memory (RAM) | 16.0 GB |
| Total Physical Memory | 15.9 GB |
| Available Physical Memory | 11.9 GB |
| Total Virtual Memory | 18.8 GB |
| Available Virtual Memory | 14.4 GB |
| Page File Space | 2.88 GB |
| Page File | C:\pagefile.sys |
| Hyper-V - VM Monitor Mode Extensions | Yes |
| Hyper-V - Second Level Address Translation Extensions | Yes |
| Hyper-V - Virtualization Enabled in Firmware | No |
| Hyper-V - Data Execution Protection | Yes |

The figure 1 below depicts the system configuration mentioned in the above table 1.

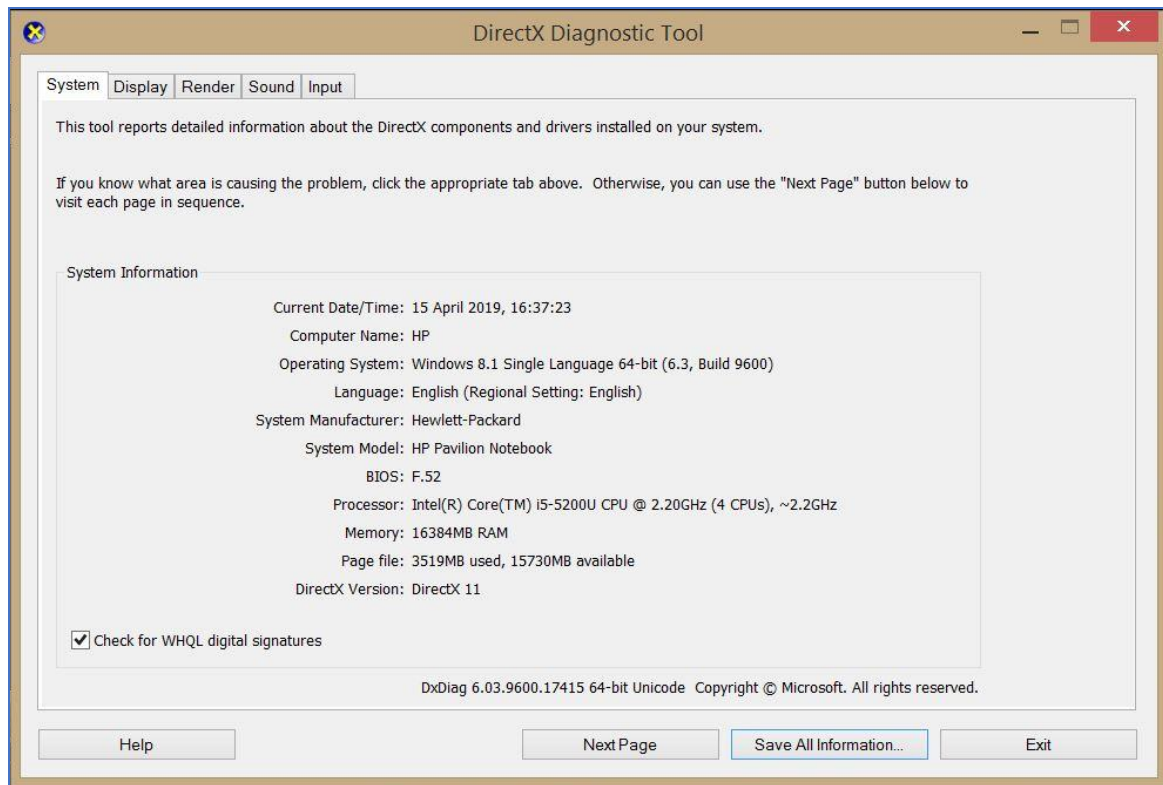


Figure 1: System configuration

1.2 Graphics and Display System Information

The table 2 below shows the Graphical and display information of the device used. This consists data of the high processing graphical hardware and display configurations used for this research project.

Table 2: Graphic and display system information

| Item | Value |
|------------------|---|
| Card name | NVIDIA GeForce 940M |
| Manufacturer | NVIDIA |
| Chip type | GeForce 940M |
| DAC type | Integrated RAMDAC |
| Device Type | Render-Only Device |
| Device Key | Enum\PCI\VEN_10DE&DEV_1347&SUBSYS_8096103C&REV_A2 |
| Display Memory | 4020 MB |
| Dedicated Memory | 1972 MB |
| Shared Memory | 2048 MB |
| Current Mode | n/a |

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Driver Name | nvd3dumx,nvwgf2umx,nvwgf2umx,nvd3dum,nvwgf2um,nvwgf2um |
| Driver File Version | 9.18.0013.4726 (English) |
| Driver Version | 9.18.13.4726 |
| DDI Version | 11 |
| Feature Levels | 11.0,10.1,10.0,9.3,9.2,9.1 |
| Driver Model | WDDM 1.3 |
| Graphics Preemption | DMA |
| Compute Preemption | DMA |
| Miracast | Not Supported by Graphics driver |
| Hybrid Graphics GPU | Discrete |
| Power P-states | Not Supported |
| Driver Attributes | Final Retail |
| Driver Date/Size | 2/9/2015 10: 22: 09, 17251976 bytes |
| WHQL Logo'd | Yes |
| Vendor ID | 0x10DE |
| Device ID | 0x1347 |
| SubSys ID | 0x8096103C |
| Revision ID | 0x00A2 |
| Driver Strong Name | oem8.inf |
| 0f066de38b100cee | Section037 |
| 9.18.13.4726 | pci\ven_10de&dev_1347&subsys_8096103c |
| Rank Of Driver | 00DA0001 |
| DDraw Status | Enabled |
| D3D Status | Enabled |
| AGP Status | Enabled |

The figure 2 below depicts the graphical and display system configuration mentioned in the above table 2.

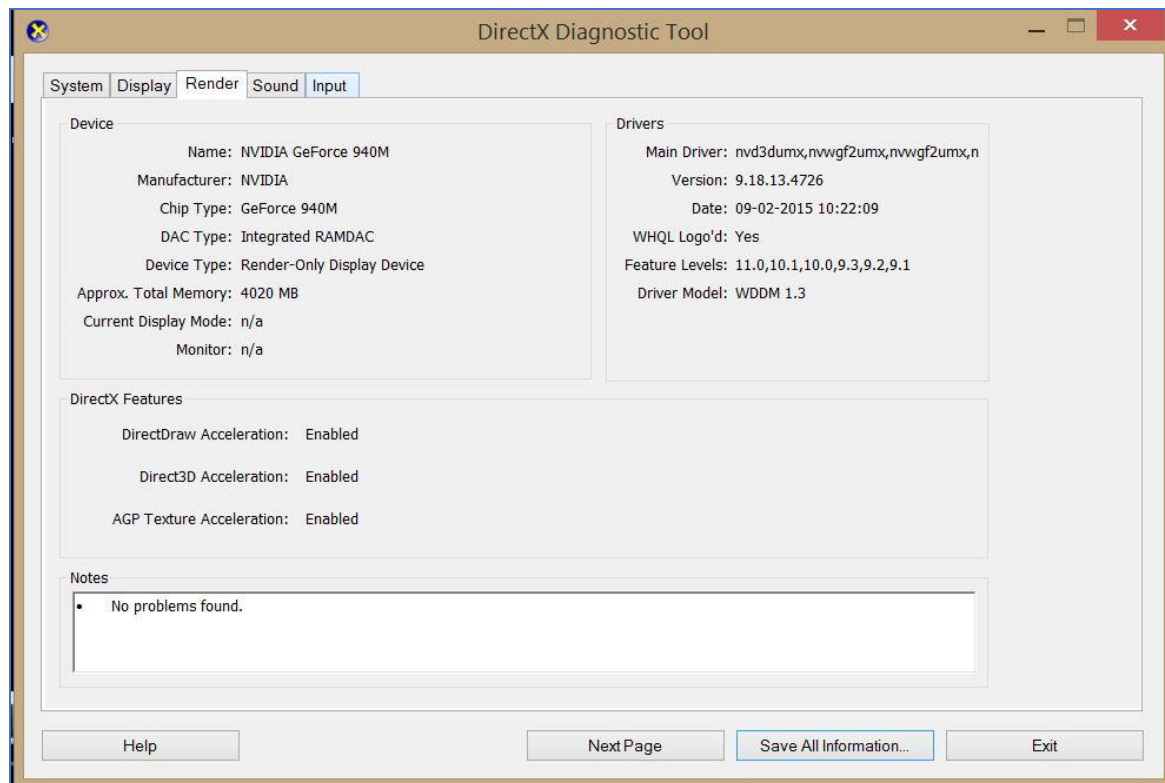


Figure 2: Display and graphic system information

2 Environment Setup

This section consists of the details of environment used for implementation of this research project. The figure 3 below shows from where we started our project, first we downloaded anaconda navigator for setting up the environment.

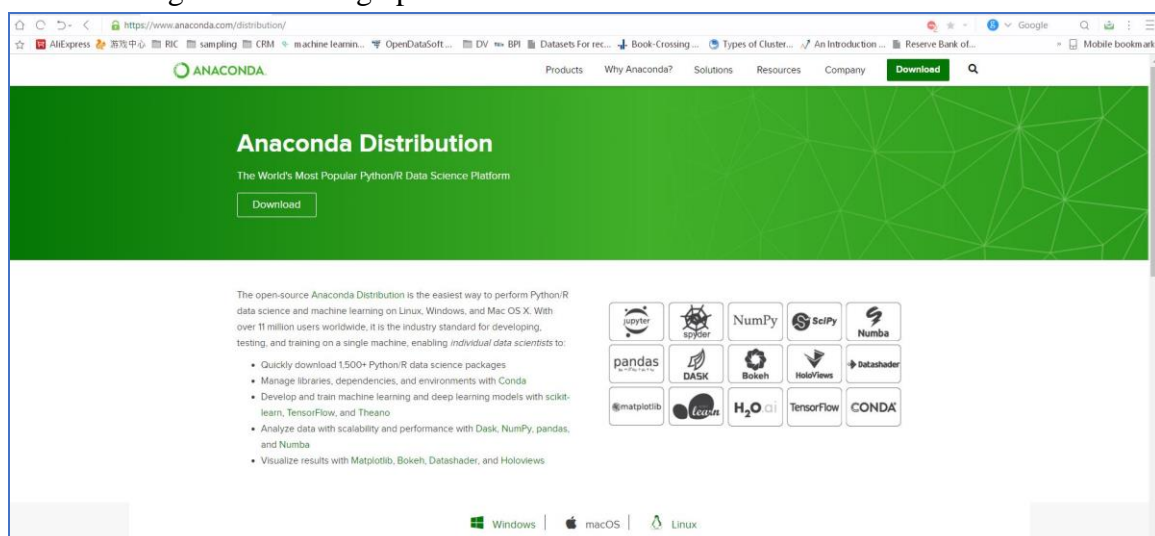


Figure 3: Anaconda setup download page

The figure 4 elaborates that Jupyter notebook from anaconda navigator was used throughout the research project.

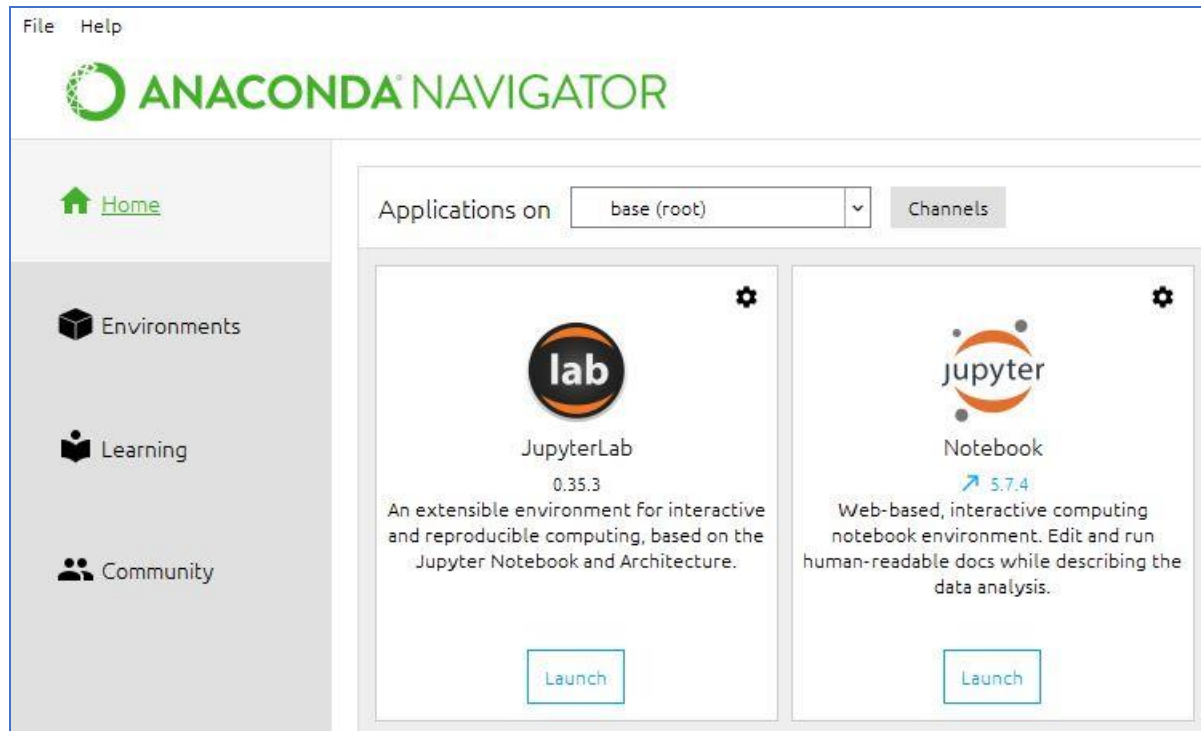


Figure 4: Jupyter notebook used from Anaconda

Figure 5 shows the code snippet used in Jupyter notebooks for this project.

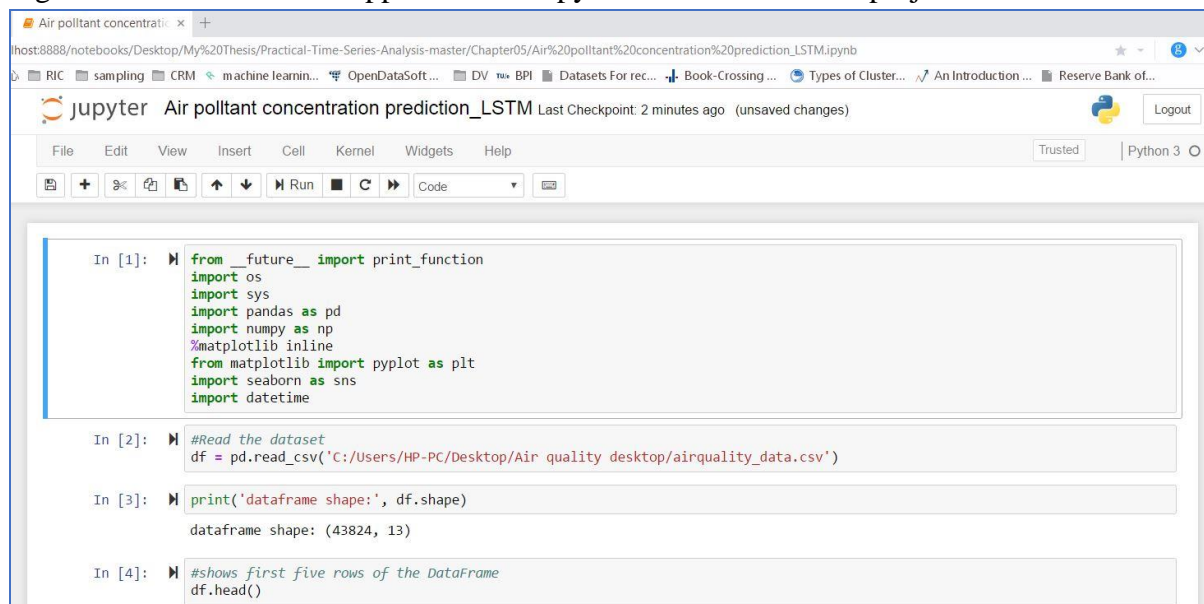


Figure 5: Example of code in Jupyter notebook

3 Python Packages and Libraries Used

This section lists all the libraries used in python for the implementation of this research project in brief. Table 3 lists all the python libraries used in detail.

Table 3: Python libraries in detail

| Python Libraries | Description | Version |
|---------------------|---|---------------|
| Pandas | Data analysis and high performance data structures | 0.24.1 |
| NumPy | Used for processing arrays for number, objects, strings | 1.15.4 |
| Matplotlib | Used for publishing quality plots and graphs | 3.0.2 |
| Scikit-learn | Used for data mining and machine learning models | 0.20.2 |
| Seaborn | Library for statistical data visualization | 0.9.0 |
| Keras | Deep learning library for tensorflow | 2.2.4 |
| statsmodels | Library used for statistical computations and model | 0.9.0 |

The figure 6 below shows how we access, install and updates libraries for python in anaconda environment.

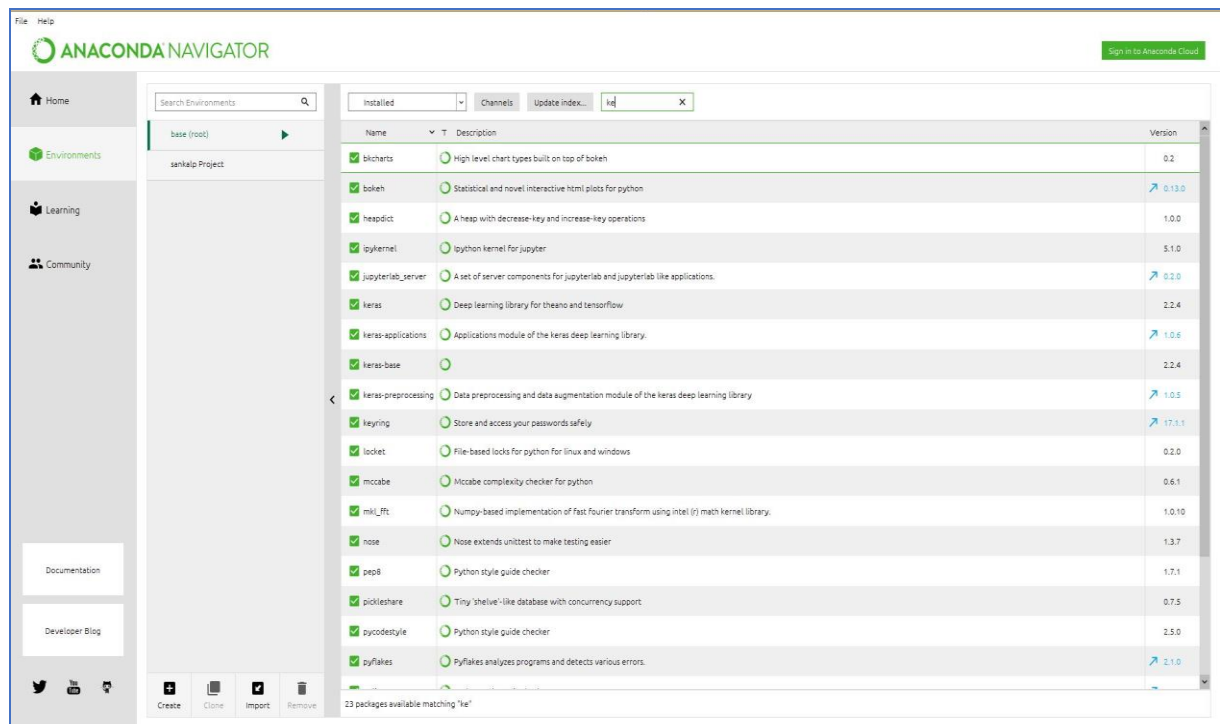
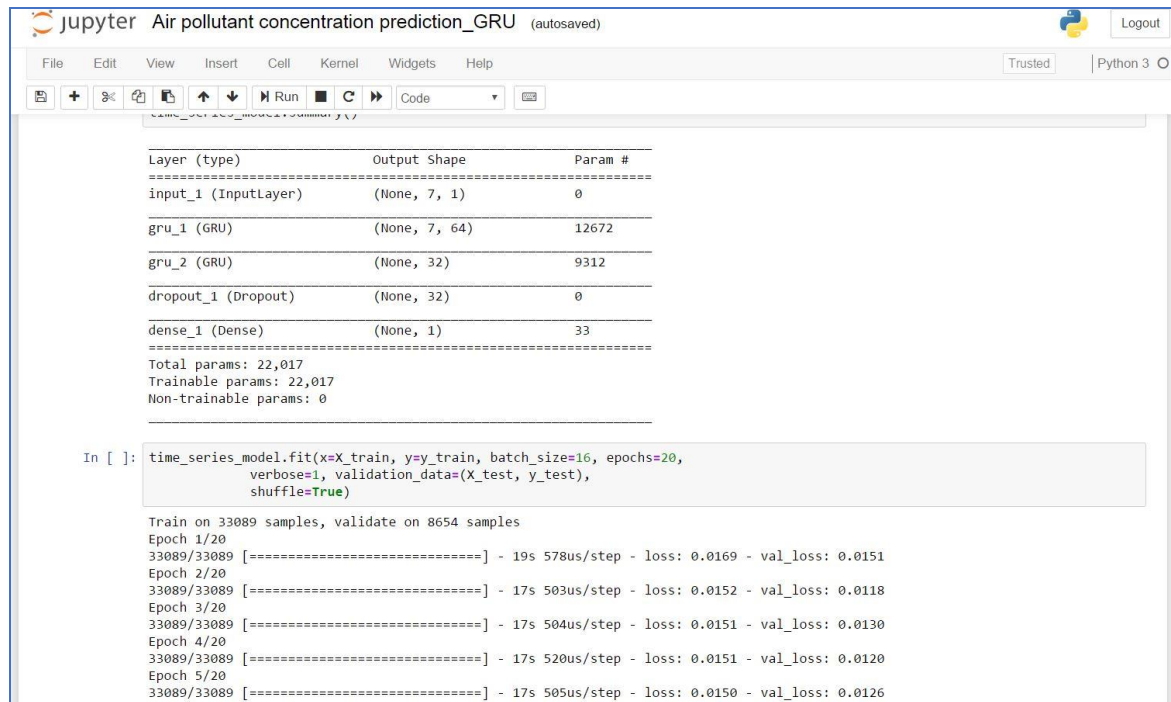


Figure 6: Python libraries in anaconda navigator

3.1 Python Code Execution with Anaconda Jupyter Notebook

The figure 7(a), 7(b) and 7(c) shows the example of code which has been implemented for this research project using Jupyter notebook.



The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook interface with the title "Air pollutant concentration prediction_GRU (autosaved)". The notebook contains a summary of a GRU model's architecture and the output of a training session.

| Layer (type) | Output Shape | Param # |
|----------------------|---------------|---------|
| input_1 (InputLayer) | (None, 7, 1) | 0 |
| gru_1 (GRU) | (None, 7, 64) | 12672 |
| gru_2 (GRU) | (None, 32) | 9312 |
| dropout_1 (Dropout) | (None, 32) | 0 |
| dense_1 (Dense) | (None, 1) | 33 |

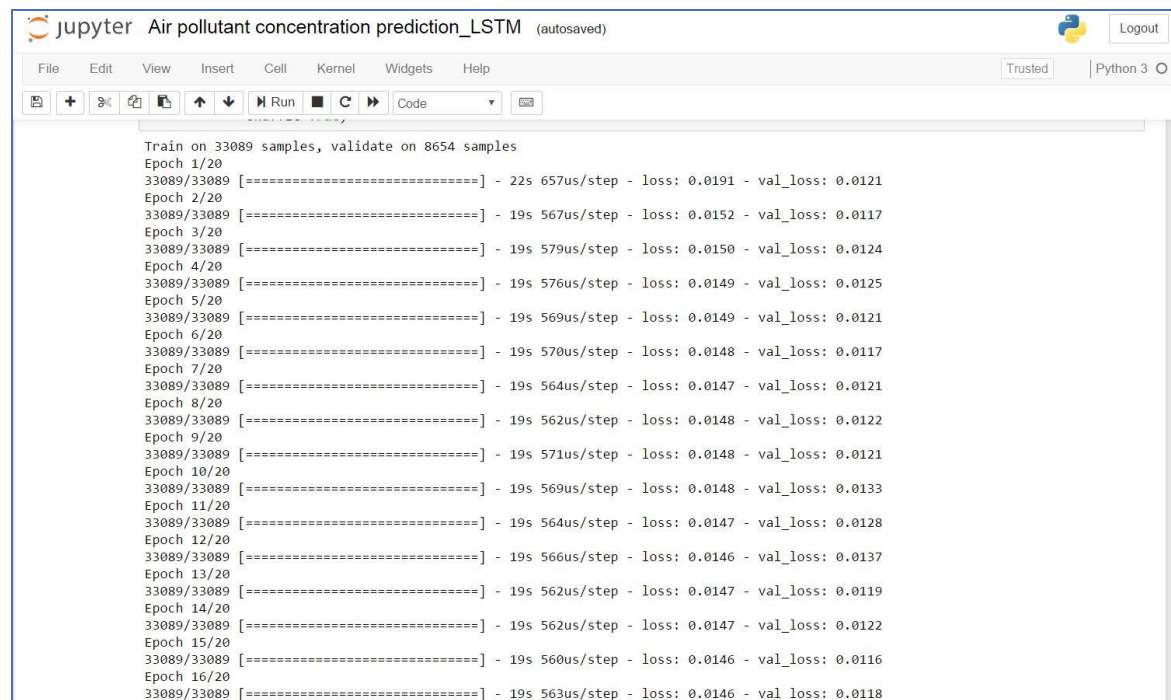
Total params: 22,017
Trainable params: 22,017
Non-trainable params: 0

```
In [ ]: time_series_model.fit(x=X_train, y=y_train, batch_size=16, epochs=20,
                             verbose=1, validation_data=(X_test, y_test),
                             shuffle=True)
```

Train on 33089 samples, validate on 8654 samples

| Epoch | 33089/33089 | Time | Loss | Val Loss |
|-------|-------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|
| 1/20 | ===== | 19s 578us/step | loss: 0.0169 | val_loss: 0.0151 |
| 2/20 | ===== | 17s 503us/step | loss: 0.0152 | val_loss: 0.0118 |
| 3/20 | ===== | 17s 504us/step | loss: 0.0151 | val_loss: 0.0130 |
| 4/20 | ===== | 17s 520us/step | loss: 0.0151 | val_loss: 0.0120 |
| 5/20 | ===== | 17s 505us/step | loss: 0.0150 | val_loss: 0.0126 |

Figure 7(a): Implementation of code in Jupyter notebook



The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook interface with the title "Air pollutant concentration prediction_LSTM (autosaved)". The notebook displays the output of a training session for an LSTM model.

Train on 33089 samples, validate on 8654 samples

| Epoch | 33089/33089 | Time | Loss | Val Loss |
|-------|-------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|
| 1/20 | ===== | 22s 657us/step | loss: 0.0191 | val_loss: 0.0121 |
| 2/20 | ===== | 19s 567us/step | loss: 0.0152 | val_loss: 0.0117 |
| 3/20 | ===== | 19s 579us/step | loss: 0.0150 | val_loss: 0.0124 |
| 4/20 | ===== | 19s 576us/step | loss: 0.0149 | val_loss: 0.0125 |
| 5/20 | ===== | 19s 569us/step | loss: 0.0149 | val_loss: 0.0121 |
| 6/20 | ===== | 19s 570us/step | loss: 0.0148 | val_loss: 0.0117 |
| 7/20 | ===== | 19s 564us/step | loss: 0.0147 | val_loss: 0.0121 |
| 8/20 | ===== | 19s 562us/step | loss: 0.0148 | val_loss: 0.0122 |
| 9/20 | ===== | 19s 571us/step | loss: 0.0148 | val_loss: 0.0121 |
| 10/20 | ===== | 19s 569us/step | loss: 0.0148 | val_loss: 0.0133 |
| 11/20 | ===== | 19s 564us/step | loss: 0.0147 | val_loss: 0.0128 |
| 12/20 | ===== | 19s 566us/step | loss: 0.0146 | val_loss: 0.0137 |
| 13/20 | ===== | 19s 562us/step | loss: 0.0147 | val_loss: 0.0119 |
| 14/20 | ===== | 19s 562us/step | loss: 0.0147 | val_loss: 0.0122 |
| 15/20 | ===== | 19s 560us/step | loss: 0.0146 | val_loss: 0.0116 |
| 16/20 | ===== | 19s 563us/step | loss: 0.0146 | val_loss: 0.0118 |

Figure 7(b): Implementation of code in Jupyter notebook

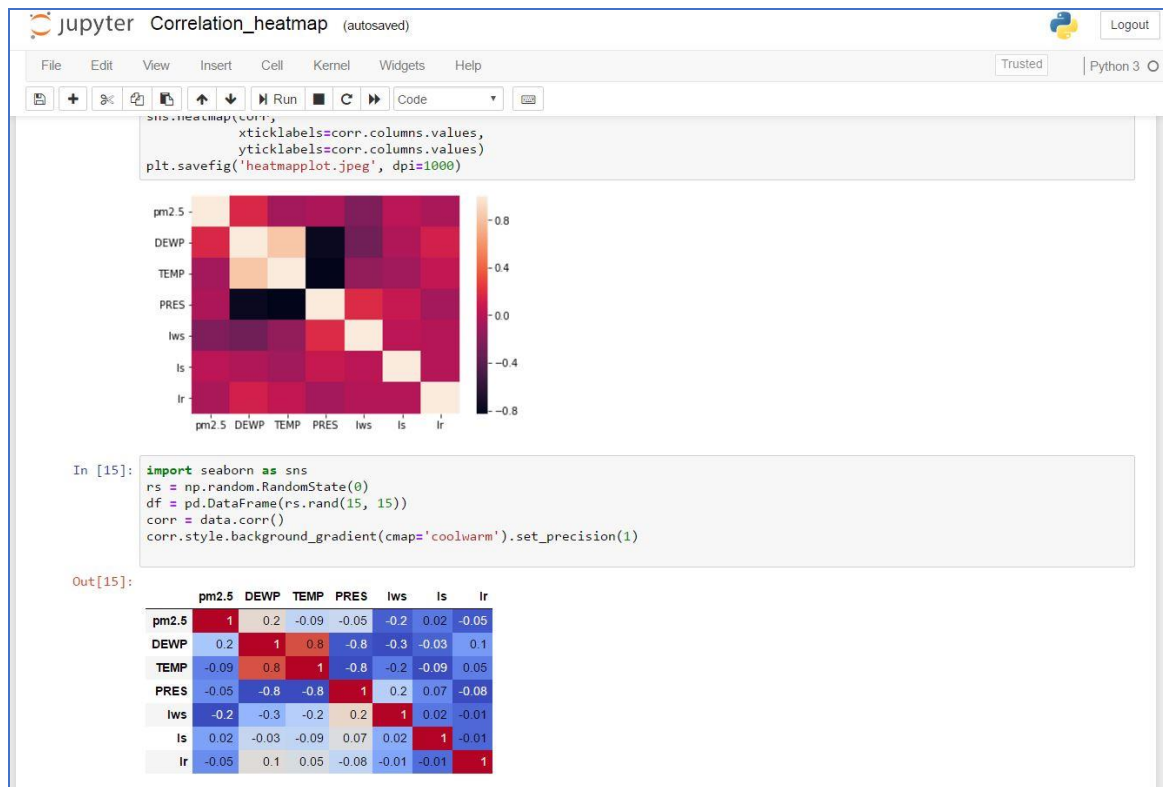


Figure 7(c): Implementation of code in Jupyter notebook

4 Software Used

4.1 Tableau and Excel Used for Data Visualization

Tableau and excel were used for visualizing the air pollution data for this research project. Figure 8 shows how tableau is used for finding the hidden patterns in PM2.5 concentrations for this project.

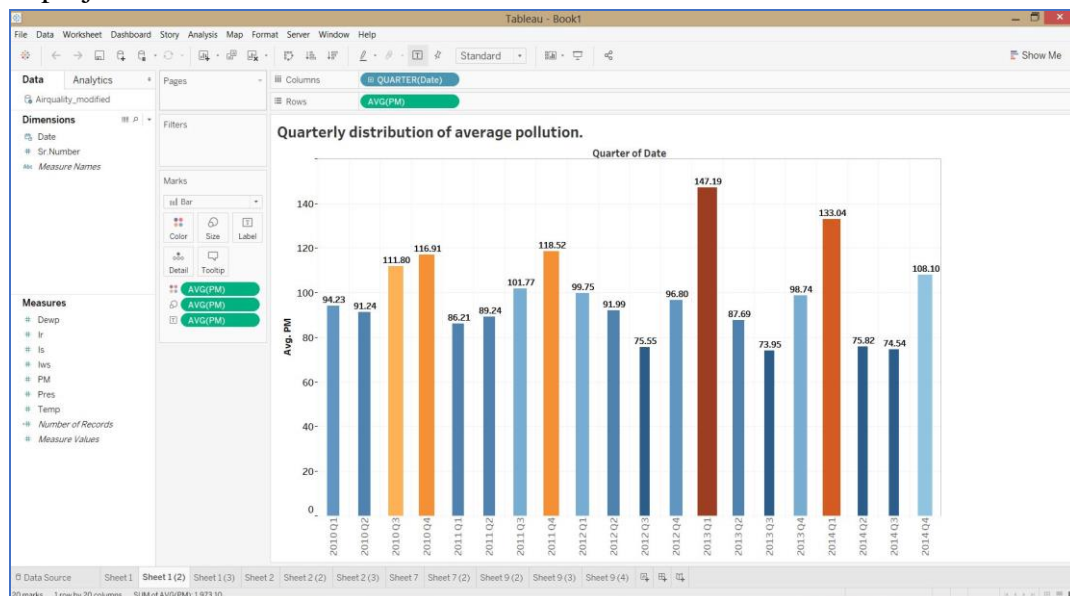


Figure 8: Tableau used for visualization of PM2.5 concentration

The figure 9 shows how Excel was used for comparing the mean absolute error of the implemented models for this research.

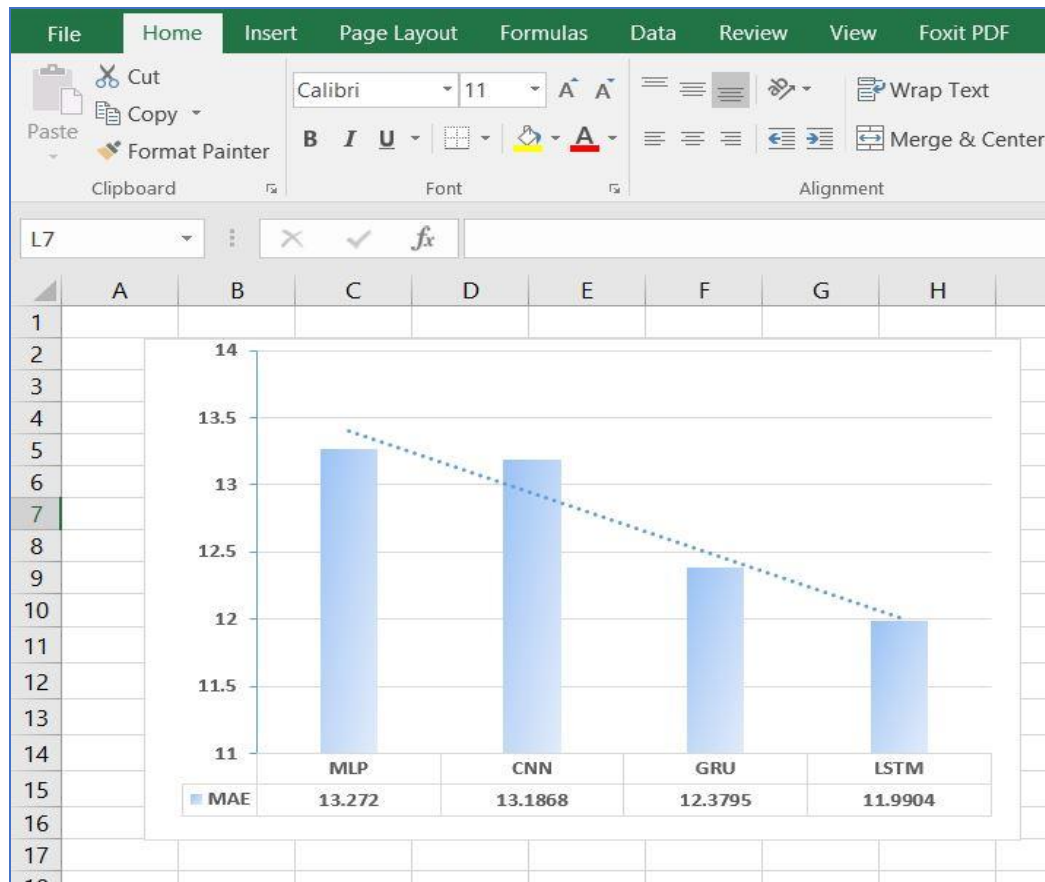


Figure 9: Excel used for comparing MAE