

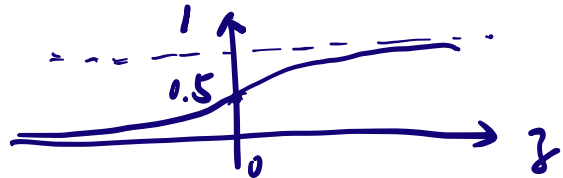
Sep 26, 2022 Mon

$p(y|x) \sim \text{Bernoulli}(\theta)$

$$\theta = \text{sigmoid}(w^T x)$$

Sigmoid function

$$\sigma(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$



$p(y|x) \sim \text{Ber}(\theta)$

$$= \text{Ber}(\sigma(z))$$

$$= \text{Ber}\left(\frac{1}{1 + \exp(-w^T x)}\right)$$

Training of Logistic Regression

Goal: estimate w , Given $\{x_i, y_i\}$

Testing of LR

Given a new x^* ,

$$\theta = \sigma(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}} = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-\hat{w}^T x^*)}$$

if $\theta > 0.5$, then $y^* = 1$

else $y^* = 0$

$$P(y^* = 1) = \theta_i = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-w^T x_i^*)}$$

$$P(y^* = 0) = 1 - \theta_i$$

Learning Parameters

MLE approach.

Likelihood $P(D|\theta) = \prod_{i=1}^N \theta_i^{y_i} (1-\theta_i)^{1-y_i}$

$$NLL = -\log P(D|\theta)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^N -y_i \log \theta_i - (1-y_i) \log (1-\theta_i)$$

Cross-entropy loss $H(p,q) = -\sum_k p \log(q)$
log loss

$$MLE = \min NLL$$

Gradient Descent

$$w_{k+1} = w_k - \eta \frac{dNLL}{dw}$$

$$\theta_i = \sigma(z) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-w^T x)}$$
$$\frac{d \log \theta_i}{dw} = \frac{1}{\theta_i} \cdot \frac{d\theta_i}{dw} = \frac{1}{\theta_i} \cdot \frac{d\sigma}{dw}$$

$$\frac{dNLL}{dw}$$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dw} = \cancel{\frac{1}{(1 + \exp(-w^T x))^2}} \cdot \exp(-w^T x) \cdot \cancel{(-x)}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^N -y_i \frac{1}{\cancel{\theta_i}} \cancel{\theta_i} (1-\theta_i) \cdot x_i$$

$$= \frac{\exp(-w^T x)}{(1 + \exp(-w^T x))^2} \cdot x$$

$$+ (1-y_i) \frac{1}{\cancel{1-\theta_i}} \cancel{(1-\theta_i)} \theta_i x_i$$

$$= \sigma(1-\sigma) \cdot x$$

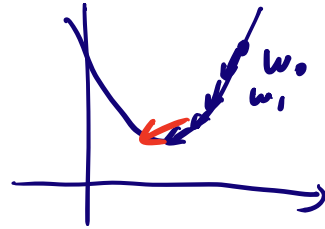
$$= \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i \cancel{\theta_i} x_i - y_i x_i + \theta_i x_i - \cancel{y_i \theta_i} x_i)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^N (\theta_i - y_i) x_i$$

$$w_{k+1} = w_k - \eta \frac{dNLL}{dw}$$

η learning rate

$$\frac{dNLL}{dw} = \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \hat{y}_i) x_i$$



Newton's method

$$w_{k+1} = w_k - H_k^{-1} \frac{dNLL}{dw_k}$$

H : Hessian matrix

Second order derivative of a function.

$$f(x) \quad f'(x) = \frac{df(x)}{dx} \quad f''(x) = \frac{d^2 f(x)}{dx^2}$$

$$f(x) = x^3 + 2x^2$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 + 4x$$

$$f''(x) = 6x + 4$$

$$f(w)$$

$$\frac{df(w)}{dw} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{df(w)}{dw_1} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{df(w)}{dw_d} \end{bmatrix} dx$$

$$w = \begin{bmatrix} w_1 \\ \vdots \\ w_d \end{bmatrix} dx$$

$$H = \frac{d^2 f(w)}{dw^2} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{d^2 f(w)}{dw_1^2} & \dots & \frac{d^2 f(w)}{dw_1 dw_d} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ \frac{d^2 f(w)}{dw_d dw_1} & \dots & \frac{d^2 f(w)}{dw_d^2} \end{bmatrix} dx dx$$

$$f(w) = w_1 w_2 + 2w_1^2 + 3w_1^2 w_2 + 4$$

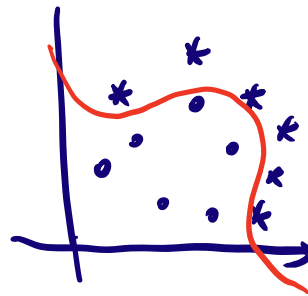
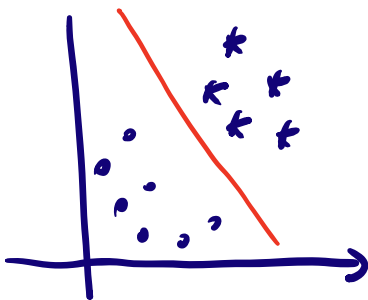
$$w = \begin{bmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 1}$$

$$\frac{df(w)}{dw} = \begin{bmatrix} w_2 + 4w_1 + 6w_1^2 \\ w_1 + 3w_1^2 \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 1}$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 4 + 6w_2 & 1 + 6w_1 \\ 1 + 6w_1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 2}$$

For Logistic Regression.

$$H = - \sum_{i=1}^N \theta_i (1 - \theta_i) x_i x_i^T$$



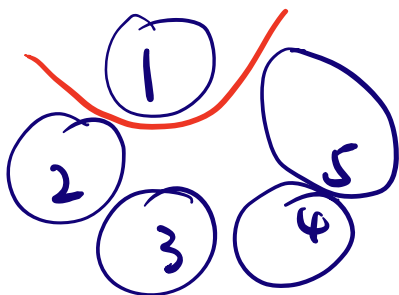
$$\phi = [1, x, x^2 \dots x^d]$$

$$\theta_i = \sigma(z) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-w^T \phi(x))}$$

$$L(w) = NLL(w) + \frac{1}{2} \lambda w^T w$$

$$\frac{dL(w)}{dw} = \frac{dNLL}{dw} + \lambda w$$

$$\hat{H} = H + \lambda I$$



Multiple classes, multi class / multi label

$$P(y|x) \sim \text{Multinomial}(\theta) \quad \theta = [\theta_1, \dots, \theta_C]$$

$$\theta_j = \frac{\exp(w_j^T x)}{\sum_{k=1}^C \exp(w_k^T x)} \quad \text{Softmax function}$$

$$C=2$$

$$\theta_1 = \frac{\exp(w_1^T x)}{\exp(w_1^T x) + \exp(w_2^T x)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + \exp((w_2 - w_1)^T x)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-\hat{w}^T x)} \quad \hat{w} = -(w_2 - w_1)$$

Sigmoid function