# Day 1

**Basics:**

* Like window, there is global object in node called ‘global’.
* \_\_dirname: it give the absolute path of current file without a file name
* \_\_filename: it give the absolute path of current file with the file name at the end.

**Module and require**

* To export something to be used in another file we need to export which furthur get attached to the variable in which that was imported to
  + module.exports = { name, ages };
* we can import the module using
  + const varname=require(path)
* Or for importing ant module we can make use of destructuring functionality of the javascript.

**The File system**

* node provide a inbuilt module for file system called “fs”.
* Const fs=require(“fs”) #importing fs module
* For reading file:
  + Use readFile(path,callback(err,data))

//readFile method is async function

fs.readFile("blogs/blog1.txt", (err, data) => {

  if (err) {

    console.log(err);

  }

  //toString method is used to extract actual data from the buffer

  console.log(data.toString());

});

* For writing a file we make use of writeFile method:
  + writeFile(path,dataToWrite,callback(err))

//if we are writing into the file which does not exist then it will crate a new file and write the data into automatically.

fs.writeFile("blogs/blog1.txt", "hello everyone", (err) => {

  if (err) console.log(err);

  console.log("written succesfully");

});

* **delete a file**

//to delete the file we can use unlink method

if (fs.existsSync("./blogs/deleteme.txt")) {

    fs.unlink("./blogs/deleteme.txt", (err) => {

      if (err) console.log(err);

      else console.log("file deleted");

    });

  }

* **create and delete directory**

//Before creating any folder we check whether that concern folder already exists or not

if (!fs.existsSync("./assets")) {

  //we can create any folder using mkdir method

  //if that directory already exists then it will throw some error

  fs.mkdir("./assets", (err) => {

    if (err) console.log(err);

    else console.log("folder created");

  });

} else {

  //To delete any directory, we can use rmdir method

  fs.rmdir("./assets", (err) => {

    if (err) console.log(err);

    else console.log("Folder deleted");

  });

}

* **Streams**
  + **Using streams we can pass the data like a small buffers.**

//creating a readstream

const readstream = fs.createReadStream("./blogs/blog2.txt", {

  encoding: "utf8",

});

//creating a write stream

//this will create new file if that file does not exist.

const writestream = fs.createWriteStream("./blogs/blogs3.txt");

//reading data using read stream

//on is event listener which get triggered everytime new cgunks of data will arrived

readstream.on("data", (chunk) => {

  console.log("------New Chunks---------");

  console.log(chunk);

  //write file using write stream

  writestream.write(chunk);

});

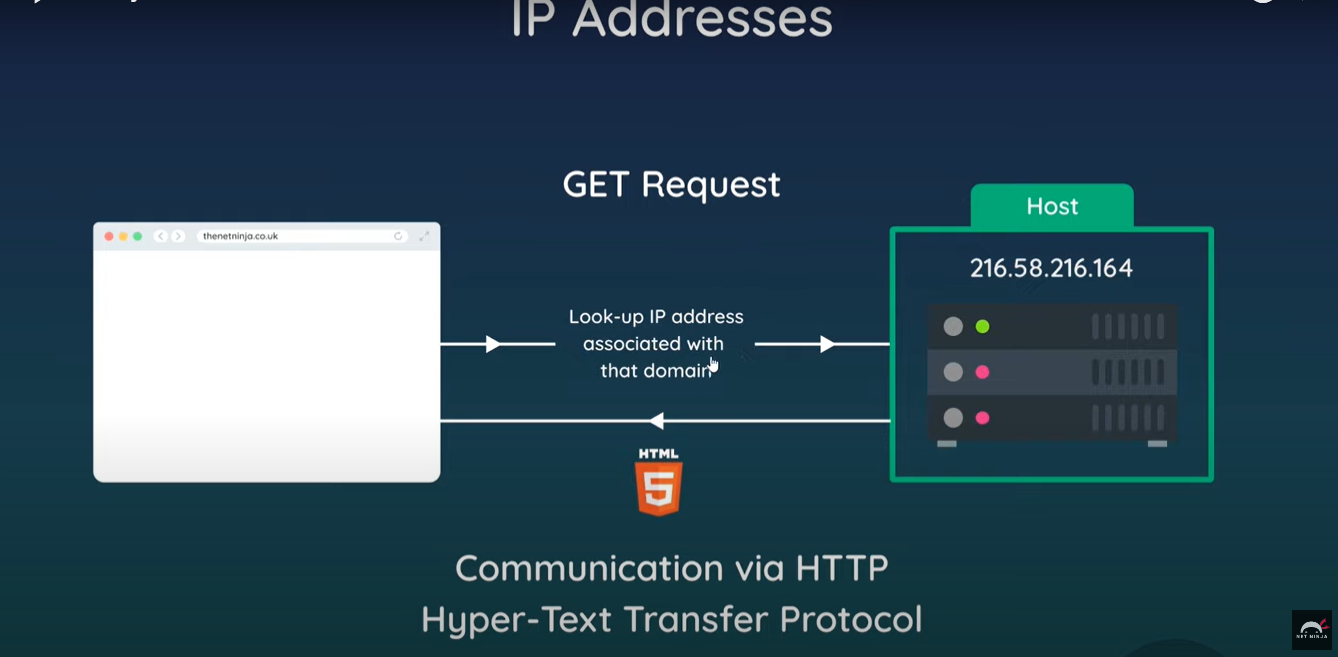
//Piping

//we can copy data from readstream to write stream using pipe method

readstream.pipe(writestream);

**HTTP module**

* How website works?



* **Creating and starting a server**

const http = require("http");

//Creating Server

//createServer method is used create server and takes two arguments reques and response

//request: gives the information about the URL from where the request has been made

//respose: what reponse to give back to that URL

const server = http.createServer((req, res) => {

  console.log("request made");

});

//To start the server we have to start listening to the request,

//we can do that by using listen method come with the server object

//listen method takes in 3 arguments portnumber,hostname,callbackfunction

//callback function get fired when we first stred listening to the request

server.listen(3000, "localhost", () => {

  console.log("litening to the localhost on port 3000");

});

* **Sending response back to front end**

const server = http.createServer((req, res) => {

  //sending back the res

  //1. set the header of the reposnse which tell the browser which type of data is being sent

  res.setHeader("Content-Type", "text/plain");

  //2.write the reposne object with our content

  res.write("Hello from server");

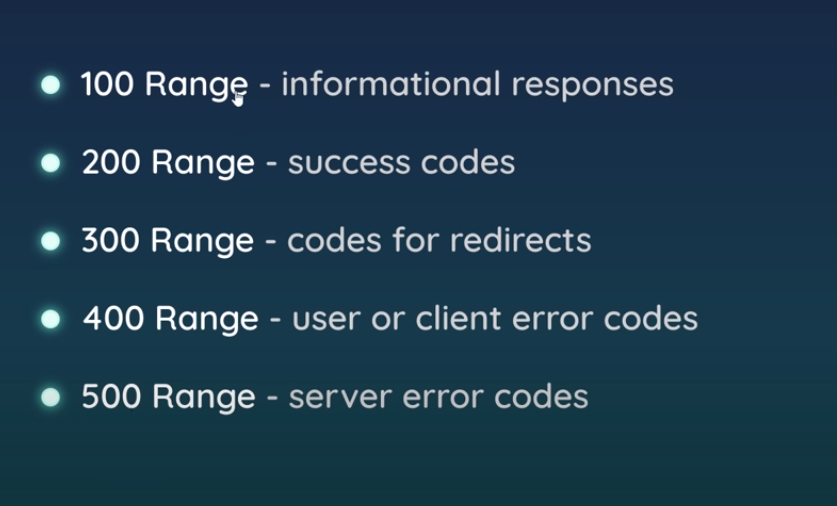
  //3. ending the message to send the data

  res.end();

});

# **Day 2**

* **Status codes**



* + We can set the status code to the response object by using
    - res.statusCode=statuscode
* Routing and redirecting using Nodejs

//For routing

  let path = "./views/";

  switch (req.url) {

    case "/":

      path += "index.html";

      //setting status codes to let brwoser know about the status of the request

      res.statusCode = 200;

      break;

    case "/about":

      path += "about.html";

      res.statusCode = 200;

      break;

    //this case is used to redirect the user to the new location

    case "/about-me":

      res.statusCode = 301; //status code is to let browser know that content has shifted to another location

      res.setHeader("Location", "/about"); //redirecting the user

      res.end();

      break;

    default:

      path += "404.html";

      res.statusCode = 400;

  }

  fs.readFile(path, (err, data) => {

    if (err) {

      console.log(err);

      res.end();

    }

    res.write(data);

    res.end();

  });

**Expressjs**

* Express is nodejs framework that helps us to manage routes, response and different types of requests like post and get request.
* Starting code

const express = require("express");

//initialize the express app

//using this variable we can use different methods of express

const app = express();

//listening to the server

const server = app.listen(3000, "localhost");

//listening to the get request

app.get("/", (req, res) => {

  //send method is used to send the response to the frontend

  //this method automatically set the socntent type and also

  //we dont have to set the status code most of the time

  res.send("hello");

});

* Sending file and doing redirect using express

//listening to the get request

app.get("/", (req, res) => {

  //send method is used to send the response to the frontend

  //this method automatically set the socntent type and also

  //we dont have to set the status code most of the time

  //res.send("hello");

  res.sendFile("./views/index.html", { root: \_\_dirname });

});

app.get("/about", (req, res) => {

  res.sendFile("./views/about.html", { root: \_\_dirname });

});

//redirecting

app.get("/about-us", (req, res) => {

  res.redirect("/about");

});

//404 page

//use method is used to create a middleware

//it will get fired for every routes if control reaches at this point

//this should be the very last in the file

app.use((req, res) => {

  res.status(404);

  res.sendFile("./views/404.html", { root: \_\_dirname });

});

# Day 3

* View engine