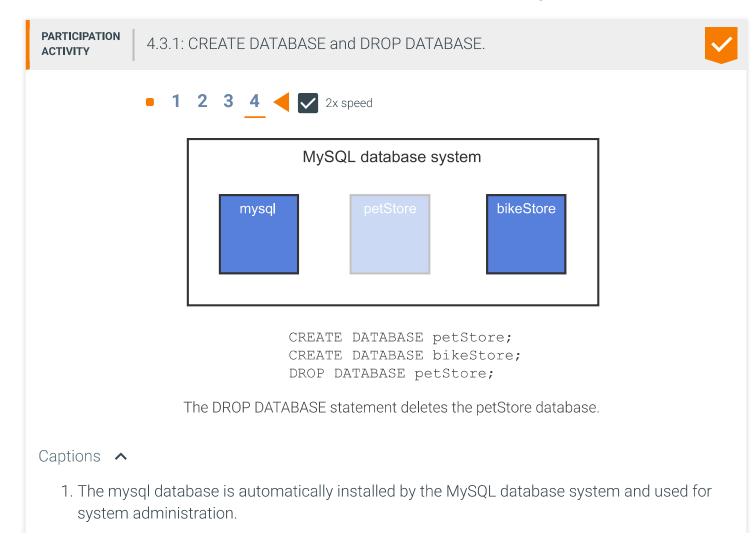
# 4.3 Creating and dropping databases

## **CREATE DATABASE and DROP DATABASE statements**

The **CREATE DATABASE** statement creates a new database. Once a database is created, tables can be added to the database. The **DROP DATABASE** statement deletes the database, including all tables in the database.



- 2. The CREATE DATABASE statement creates a new database called petStore.
- 3. Additional databases can be created.
- 4. The DROP DATABASE statement deletes the petStore database.

Feedback?

## PARTICIPATION ACTIVITY

4.3.2: CREATE DATABASE and DROP DATABASE statements.



Assume the database system currently contains only one user database, called 'university', in addition to system databases such as 'mySQL'.

1) The statement **CREATE DATABASE** auto; creates a database called 'auto'.



- C False
- 2) The statement CREATE

  DATABASE university;

  creates a second university database.

O True

- False
- 3) The statement **DROP DATABASE** university; deletes the university database and all associated tables.

True

O False

#### Correct

CREATE DATABASE creates a new database.



#### Correct

The university database already exists. Each database is uniquely named, so two databases named 'university' cannot exist.

#### Correct

The university database includes all the tables in the university database, so the tables are deleted when the database is deleted.



Feedback?

4) The statement DROP DATABASE nonprofit; deletes the nonprofit database.
 O True
 False

Correct
No database called 'nonprofit' exists in the database system. Only databases that exist can be deleted.

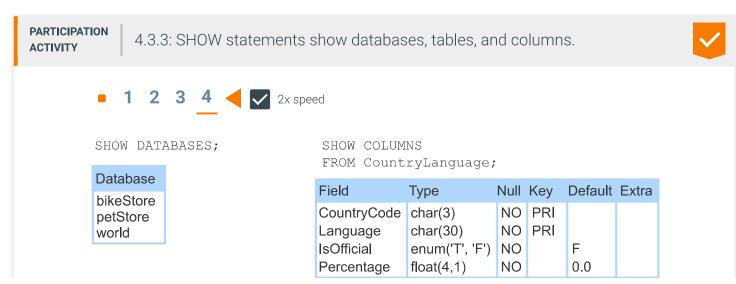
#### **SHOW statement**

The **SHOW** statement provides database users and administrators with information about databases, the database contents (tables, columns, etc.), and server status information.

Commonly used SHOW statements include:

- **SHOW DATABASES** lists databases available in the database system.
- SHOW TABLES lists tables available in the currently selected database.
- **SHOW COLUMNS** lists columns available in a specific table named by a FROM clause.
- SHOW CREATE TABLE shows the CREATE TABLE statement for a given table.

The **USE** statement selects a database and is required to show information about tables within a specific database.



USE world; SHOW TABLES;

## Tables\_in\_world

City Country CountryLanguage

SHOW COLUMNS lists the 4 columns in table CountryLanguage. The column name, data type, and other column characteristics are listed.

## Captions ^

- 1. SHOW DATABASES lists 3 databases in a database system: bikeStore, petStore, and world.
- 2. USE world selects the database called world.
- 3. SHOW TABLES lists the 3 tables in database world: City, Country, and CountryLanguage.
- 4. SHOW COLUMNS lists the 4 columns in table CountryLanguage. The column name, data type, and other column characteristics are listed.

Feedback?

The world database is from MySQL.com



4.3.4: SHOW statements.



Refer to the animation above.

- Which statement shows all databases in a database system?
  - O SHOW TABLES;
  - SHOW DATABASES;
  - O SHOW COLUMNS;



Correct

system.

SHOW DATABASES lists all databases in a database

2) Which statement shows all Correct tables in the database petStore? SHOW TABLES lists the tables in the currently selected database. SHOW TABLES; O SHOW TABLES FROM petStore; O SHOW DATABASES; 3) Which statement must precede Correct a SHOW TABLES statement to see the tables from the bikeStore The USE statement selects the bikeStore database. database? O SHOW DATABASES; USE bikeStore; O SHOW COLUMNS FROM bikeStore; 4) Which statement shows all the Correct columns in the Country table? SHOW COLUMNS lists the columns of a table named O SHOW COLUMNS; with the FROM clause. O SHOW COLUMNS Country; SHOW COLUMNS FROM Country;

## Exploring further:

- SHOW statements from MySQL.com
- Creating and Using a Database from MySQL.com

Feedback?

How was this section?





**Provide feedback**