SANGOLA COLLEGE, SANGOLA Class-B.Sc(ECS)-II, SEM-IV 2024-25 Practical Assignments Sub- Core Java

Assignment No-2

1. Write a program which handles multiple exceptions(Single try and multiple catch blocks)

```
class Mul_Catch
{
    public static void main(String arg[])
    {
        try
        {
            int a[] = new int[3];
            System.out.print("Element at index 5 is: " + a[5]);
        int c = 7 / 0;
      }
      catch(ArithmeticException e)
      {
            System.out.print("Catch: " + e);
      }
      catch(ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e)
      {
            System.out.print("Catch: " + e);
      }
      catch(Exception e)
      {
            System.out.print("Catch: " + e);
      }
    }
}

o/p=>
Catch: java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException: 5.
```

2. Write a program which handles user defined exceptions.

```
class MyExcep extends Exception
{
    MyExcep()
    {
        super("Age must be 18 or above");
    }
}
```

```
class User_Excep
  public static void main(String arg[])
    int age = 16;
    try
      if(age < 18)
        throw new MyExcep();
      else
        System.out.print("You are eligible to vote.");
    catch(MyExcep e)
      System.out.print("Catch: " + e.getMessage());
o/p=>
Catch: Age must be 18 or above
3. Write a program to create thread by extending thread class and by
implementing runnable interface.
//Thread creating by extending thread class
class Multi_Thred extends Thread
  public void run()
    System.out.println("Thread" + Thread.currentThread().getId() + " is running");
class Thr_Ext
  public static void main(String arg[])
    Multi Thred obj1 = new Multi Thred();
    Multi_Thred obj2 = new Multi_Thred();
    Multi_Thred obj3 = new Multi_Thred();
    objl.start();
    obj2.start();
    obj3.start();
```

```
o/p=>
Thread 8 is running.
Thread 10 is running.
Thread 9 is running.
//Thread class creating by implementing runnable interface
class Multi_Thred implements Runnable
  public void run()
    System.out.println("Thread" + Thread.currentThread().getId() + " is running.");
class Thr_Imp
  public static void main(String arg[])
    Multi_Thred objl = new Multi_Thred();
    Multi_Thred obj2 = new Multi_Thred();
    Multi_Thred obj3 = new Multi_Thred();
    Thread a = new Thread(obj1);
    Thread b = new Thread(obj2);
    Thread c = new Thread(obj3);
    a.start();
    b.start();
    c.start();
o/p=>
Thread 10 is running.
Thread 9 is running.
Thread 8 is running.
4. Write a program to implement thread priority.
class Multi_Thred extends Thread
  public void run()
    System.out.println("Thread in running ID is: " + Thread.currentThread().getId() + ",
Name is: " + Thread.currentThread().getName() + ", Priority is: " +
Thread.currentThread().getPriority());
```

```
class Thr_Priority
{
    public static void main(String arg[])
    {
        Multi_Thred obj1 = new Multi_Thred();
        Multi_Thred obj2 = new Multi_Thred();
        Multi_Thred obj3 = new Multi_Thred();
        Obj1.setPriority(Thread.MIN_PRIORITY);
        obj2.setPriority(Thread.NORM_PRIORITY);
        obj3.setPriority(Thread.MAX_PRIORITY);
        obj1.start();
        obj2.start();
        obj2.start();
        obj3.start();
    }
}

o/p=>
Thread in running ID is: 10, Name is: Thread-2, Priority is: 10
Thread in running ID is: 9, Name is: Thread-1, Priority is: 5
Thread in running ID is: 8, Name is: Thread-0, Priority is: 1
```

5. Write a program of thread synchronization.

```
class Table
{
    synchronized void printTable(int n)
    {
        for(int i = 1; i <= 5; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(n * i);
        }
    }
}
class MyThread1 extends Thread
{
    Table t;
    MyThread1(Table t)
    {
        this.t = t;
    }
    public void run()
    {
        t.printTable(5);
    }
}</pre>
```

```
class MyThread2 extends Thread
  Table t;
  MyThread2(Table t)
    this.t = t;
  public void run()
    t.printTable(100);
class Thr_Synch
  public static void main(String arg[])
    Table obj = new Table();
    MyThreadl objl = new MyThreadl(obj);
    MyThread2 obj2 = new MyThread2(obj);
    objl.start();
    obj2.start();
o/p=>
10
15
20
25
100
200
300
400
500
```

6. Write a program which writes data into text file.

```
import java.io.*;
class Text_File
{
   public static void main(String arg[])
   {
     String s = "Hello World...!";
```

```
try
{
    FileWriter fw = new FileWriter("D:/Java/Text.txt");
    fw.write(s);
    fw.close();
    System.out.println("Successfully Data written in text file.");
}
catch(Exception e)
{
    System.out.print("Catch: " + e);
}
}
o/p=>
Successfully Data written in text file.
```

7. Write a program to copy one file into another file.

```
import java.io.*;

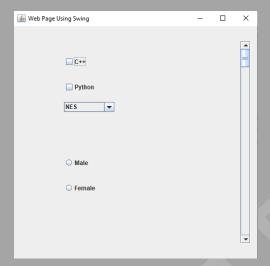
class Copy_File
{
    public static void main(String arg[])
    {
        String s = "Hello World...!";
        int ch;
        try
        {
            FileReader fr = new FileReader("D:/Java/Text.txt");
            while((ch = fr.read()) != -1)
            {
                 System.out.print((char)ch);
            }
            fr.close();
        }
        catch(Exception e)
        {
                 System.out.print("Catch: " + e);
        }
    }
}

o/p=>
Hello World...!
```

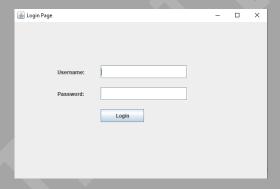
8. Write a swing program to create, a) [ScrollBar b) [CheckBox c) [ComboBox d) [Radio

import javax.swing.*; class Hybrid public static void main(String arg[]) JFrame frame = new JFrame("Web Page Using Swing"); frame.setSize(500, 500); JScrollBar scroll = new JScrollBar(); scroll.setBounds(450, 30, 20, 400); frame.add(scroll); // Adding Checkboxes [CheckBox box1 = new [CheckBox("C++"); box1.setBounds(100, 50, 100, 40); frame.add(box1); [CheckBox box2 = new [CheckBox("Python"); box2.setBounds(100, 100, 100, 40); frame.add(box2); // ComboBox for college selection String clg[] = {"NES", "SMS", "FBT", "SPT"}; [ComboBox box = new]ComboBox(clg); box.setBounds(100, 150, 100, 20); frame.add(box); // Radio buttons for gender selection JRadioButton button1 = new JRadioButton("Male"); button1.setBounds(100, 250, 100, 40); JRadioButton button2 = new JRadioButton("Female"); button2.setBounds(100, 300, 100, 40); ButtonGroup group = new ButtonGroup(); group.add(button1); group.add(button2); frame.add(button1); frame.add(button2); frame.setLayout(null); frame.setVisible(true);

o/p=>



9. Write a swing program to create following GUI



```
import javax.swing.*;

class Login_Page extends JFrame
{
    Login_Page()
    {
        setTitle("Login Page");

        setSize(600, 400);

        // Username label
        JLabel userlabel = new JLabel("Username: ");
        userlabel.setBounds(100, 100, 100, 30);
        add(userlabel);

        // Username text field
        JTextField text = new JTextField();
        text.setBounds(200, 100, 200, 30);
        add(text);
```

```
// Password label
  [Label passlabel = new [Label("Password: ");
  passlabel.setBounds(100, 150, 100, 30);
  add(passlabel);
  // Password field
  [PasswordField password = new [PasswordField();
  password.setBounds(200, 150, 200, 30);
  add(password);
  // Login button
  [Button button = new [Button("Login");
  button.setBounds(200, 200, 100, 30);
  add(button);
  setLayout(null);
  setVisible(true);
public static void main(String arg[])
  new Login_Page();
```

10. Write a java program which implement Arraylist class which use list interface.

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
class Arraylist_Inter
  public static void main(String arg[])
    ArrayList<String> ar = new ArrayList<String>();
    ar.add("Java");
    ar.add("Python");
    ar.add("C++");
    ar.add(0, "JavaScript");
    System.out.println("\nInitial Elements in ArrayList: " + ar);
    ar.remove("Java");
    ar.set(2, "C#");
    System.out.println("\nCurrent Elements in ArrayList:");
    for (String a : ar)
```

```
System.out.println("- " + a);
    System.out.println("\nList contains 'Python': " + ar.contains("Python"));
    System.out.println("Index of 'C#': " + ar.indexOf("C#"));
    System.out.println("List size: " + ar.size());
    ar.clear();
    System.out.println("\nList is empty: " + ar.isEmpty());
o/p=>
Initial Elements in ArrayList: [JavaScript, Java, Python, C++]
Current Elements in ArrayList:
- JavaScript
- Python
- C#
List contains 'Python': true
Index of 'C#': 2
List size: 3
List is empty: true
```

11. Write a java program which implement Stack class which use list interface.

```
import java.util.Stack;

class Stack_Inter
{
   public static void main(String arg[])
   {
      Stack st = new Stack();

      st.push(10);
      st.push(20);
      st.push(30);

      System.out.println("\nInitial Elements in Stack: " + st);
      st.add(1, 15);
      st.set(2, 25);
}
```

```
System.out.println("\nCurrent Elements in Stack:");
    for (Object a : st)
      System.out.println("- " + a);
    System.out.println("\nPopped Element: " + st.pop());
    System.out.println("\nStack contains 20: " + st.contains(20));
    System.out.println("Index of 25: " + st.indexOf(25));
    System.out.println("Stack size: " + st.size());
    st.clear();
    System.out.println("\nStack is empty: " + st.isEmpty());
o/p=>
Initial Elements in Stack: [10, 20, 30]
Current Elements in Stack:
- 10
- 15
- 25
- 30
Popped Element: 30
Stack contains 20: false
Index of 25: 2
Stack size: 3
Stack is empty: true
```

12. Write a java program which implement HashSet class which use Set interface

```
import java.util.HashSet;
import java.util.Iterator;

class Hashset_Inter
{
    public static void main(String arg[])
    {
        HashSet<Integer> set = new HashSet<>();
        set.add(10);
        set.add(20);
}
```

```
set.add(30);
    System.out.println("\nInitial Elements in HashSet: " + set);
    set.remove(10);
    System.out.println("\nCurrent Elements in HashSet:");
    Iterator<Integer> i = set.iterator();
    while (i.hasNext())
      System.out.println("- " + i.next());
    System.out.println("\nSet contains 20: " + set.contains(20));
    System.out.println("Set size: " + set.size());
    set.clear();
    System.out.println("Set is empty: " + set.isEmpty());
o/p=>
Initial Elements in HashSet: [20, 10, 30]
Current Elements in HashSet:
- 20
- 30
Set contains 20: true
Set size: 2
Set is empty: true
```

13. Write a java program which implement LinkedHashSet class which use Set interface

```
import java.util.LinkedHashSet;

class LinkedHashSet_Inter
{
   public static void main(String arg[])
   {
      LinkedHashSet<Integer> set = new LinkedHashSet();
      set.add(10);
      set.add(20);
      set.add(30);
      System.out.println("\nOriginal LinkedHashSet: " + set);
```

```
LinkedHashSet<Integer> cloneset = (LinkedHashSet<Integer>) set.clone();
    System.out.println("Cloned LinkedHashSet: " + cloneset);
    set.remove(10);
    System.out.println("\nCurrent Elements in Array:");
    Object arr[] = set.toArray();
    for (Object a : arr)
      System.out.println("- " + a);
    System.out.println("\nSet contains 20: " + set.contains(20));
    System.out.println("Set size: " + set.size());
    set.clear();
    System.out.println("Set is empty: " + set.isEmpty());
o/p=>
Original LinkedHashSet: [10, 20, 30]
Cloned LinkedHashSet: [10, 20, 30]
Current Elements in Array:
- 20
- 30
Set contains 20: true
Set size: 2
Set is empty: true
```

14. Write a java program which implement HashMap class which use Map interface

```
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;

class HashMap_Inter
{
    public static void main(String arg[])
    {
        HashMap<Integer, String> map = new HashMap<>();
        map.put(1, "Java");
        map.put(2, "Python");
        map.put(3, "C++");
    }
}
```

```
System.out.println("\nInitial Elements in HashMap: " + map);
    map.put(2, "JavaScript");
    map.remove(1);
    System.out.println("\nCurrent Elements in HashMap:");
    for (Map.Entry a : map.entrySet())
      System.out.println("- Key: " + a.getKey() + ", Value: " + a.getValue());
    System.out.println("\nValue for key 3: " + map.get(3));
    System.out.println("\nContains key 3: " + map.containsKey(3));
    System.out.println("Contains value 'C++': " + map.containsValue("C++"));
    System.out.println("\nAll Keys: " + map.keySet());
    System.out.println("All Values: " + map.values());
    System.out.println("All Key-Value Pairs: " + map.entrySet());
    System.out.println("\nSize of HashMap: " + map.size());
    map.clear();
    System.out.println("\nMap is empty: " + map.isEmpty());
o/p=>
Initial Elements in HashMap: {1=Java, 2=Python, 3=C++}
Current Elements in HashMap:
- Key: 2, Value: JavaScript
- Key: 3, Value: C++
Value for key 3: C++
Contains key 3: true
Contains value 'C++': true
All Keys: [2, 3]
All Values: [JavaScript, C++]
All Key-Value Pairs: [2=JavaScript, 3=C++]
Size of HashMap: 2
Map is empty: true
```

15. Write a java program which implement TreeMap class which use Map interface

```
import java.util.TreeMap;
class TreeMap_Inter
  public static void main(String arg[])
    TreeMap<Integer, String> map = new TreeMap<>();
    map.put(3, "C++");
    map.put(1, "Java");
    map.put(2, "Python");
    System.out.println("TreeMap: " + map);
    System.out.println("First key: " + map.firstKey());
    System.out.println("Last key: " + map.lastKey());
    System.out.println("Higher than 2: " + map.higherKey(2));
    System.out.println("Keys: " + map.keySet());
    System.out.println("Values: " + map.values());
    System.out.println("Entry Set: " + map.entrySet()); }
o/p=>
TreeMap: {1=Java, 2=Python, 3=C++}
First key: 1
Last key: 3
Higher than 2: 3
Keys: [1, 2, 3]
Values: [Java, Python, C++]
Entry Set: [1=]ava, 2=Python, 3=C++]
```
