ASSIGNMENT NO:-1

1)Create a 4X2 float array and Prints its attributes

```
import numpy as np
a= np.array([[1.5, 2.3], [3.1, 4.2], [5.7, 6.8], [7.9, 8.0]])
print("Specific Array:\n",a)
print("Shape:",a.shape)
print("Size:",a.size)
print("Datatype:",a.dtype)
```

OUTPUT:-

Specific Array:

[[1.5 2.3]

[3.1 4.2]

[5.7 6.8]

[7.9 8.]]

Shape: (4, 2)

Size: 8

Datatype: float64

2)Create a 5X2 integer array from a range between 100 to 200 such that the difference between each element is 200

```
import numpy as np
a=np.arange(100,1000,200)
r=a.reshape(5,2)
print(r)
```

ValueError

Traceback (most recent call last)

Cell **In[157], line 3**

1 import numpy as np

2 a=np.arange(100,1000,200)

----> **3** r=a.reshape(5,2)

4 print(r)

ValueError: cannot reshape array of size 5 into shape (5,2)

3) Print max from axis 0 and min from axis 1 from the following 3-D array.

```
import numpy as np
a=np.array([[[1, 2, 3], [13, 14, 15], [16, 17, 18]],
[[20, 21, 22], [23, 24, 25], [26, 27, 28]],
[[30, 31, 32], [33, 34, 35], [36, 37, 38]]])
print("Original 3D Array:")
print(a)
```

```
print("max from axis-0:\n", np.max(a, axis=0))
print("min from axis-1:\n", np.min(a, axis=1))
```

OUTPUT:-Original 3D Array: [[[1 2 3] [13 14 15] [16 17 18]] [[20 21 22] [23 24 25] [26 27 28]] [[30 31 32] [33 34 35] [36 37 38]]] max from axis-0: [[30 31 32] [33 34 35] [36 37 38]] min from axis-1: [[123] [20 21 22]

[30 31 32]]

4) Create an 8X3 integer array from a range between 10 to 34 such that the difference between each element is 1 and then Split the array into four equal-sized sub-arrays.

```
import numpy as np
a = np.arange(10, 34).reshape(8, 3)
sub_arrays = np.split(a, 4)
print("Original Array:")
print(a)
for s in sub_arrays:
    print("\nSub-array:")
    print(s)
```

OUTPUT:-

Original Array:

[[10 11 12]

[13 14 15]

[16 17 18]

[19 20 21]

[22 23 24]

[25 26 27]

[28 29 30]

[31 32 33]]

Sub-array:

```
[[10 11 12]
[13 14 15]]
Sub-array:
[[16 17 18]
[19 20 21]]
Sub-array:
[[22 23 24]
[25 26 27]]
Sub-array:
[[28 29 30]
[31 32 33]]
```

5) Return array of odd rows and even columns from 2D numpy array

Odd Row & Even Column of 2-D Array:

[[24]

[10 12]]

6) Create a Numpy array filled with all zeros and ones

```
import numpy as np
a=np.zeros((3, 3),dtype='int')
b=np.ones((3, 3),dtype='int')
print("All Zeros Array:\n",a)
print("All Ones Array:\n",b)
```

OUTPUT:-

All Zeros Array:

[[0 0 0]]

 $[0 \ 0 \ 0]$

[0 0 0]]

All Ones Array:

 $[[1 \ 1 \ 1]]$

[1 1 1]

[1 1 1]]

7) Remove rows and columns in Numpy array that contains nonnumeric values.

```
import numpy as np
a=np.array([[1, 2, 'nan'], [3, 4, 5]])
a=np.where(a=='nan',np.nan,a)
a=a.astype(float)
a=a[~np.isnan(a).any(axis=1)]
print("\nFiltered array:\n",a)
```

OUTPUT:-

Filtered array:

[[3. 4. 5.]]

8) Write a program to compare two NumPy arrays and return common items between two numpy arrays?

```
import numpy as np
a1 = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
a2 = np.array([4, 5, 6, 7, 8])
c=np.intersect1d(a1,a2)
print("Common items:",c)
```



Common items: [45]

9) To get all 2D diagonals of a 3D NumPy array

OUTPUT:-

2D Diagonals of 3D array:

[[159]

[10 14 18]

[19 23 27]]

10) To sort and reverse a numpy array

```
import numpy as np
a=np.array([3, 1, 4, 1, 5, 9, 2])
sort_a=np.sort(a)
rev_a=sort_a[::-1]
print("Sorted Array:\n",sort_a)
print("Reversed Array:\n",rev_a)
```

```
Sorted Array:
```

[1123459]

Reversed Array:

[9543211]

11) Write a program to add row/columns in numpy array

```
new_c=np.hstack((new_r,c))
print("\nArray after adding a new row:")
print(new_r)
print("\nArray after adding a new column:")
print(new_c)
```

Original array:

[[1 2 3]

[4 5 6]]

Array after adding a new row:

[[1 2 3]

[4 5 6]

[789]]

Array after adding a new column:

[[1 2 3 10]

[4 5 6 11]

[78912]]

12) Find the unique and the count of unique values.

```
import numpy as np
a=np.array([1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 4, 4, 5, 6])
```

```
uni_val, cnt= np.unique(a, return_counts=True)
print("Unique values:", uni_val)
print("Counts of unique values:", cnt)
```

Unique values: [1 2 3 4 5 6]

Counts of unique values: [1 2 1 3 1 1]

13) Replace all elements of array by 'Nan' which are less than 10.

```
import numpy as np
a=np.array([5, 15, 3, 20, 8, 12, 7], dtype='float')
a[a<10]=np.nan
print("Array after replacing elements less than 10 with NaN:")
print(a)</pre>
```

OUTPUT:-

Array after replacing elements less than 10 with NaN:

[nan 15. nan 20. nan 12. nan]

14) Extract the first four columns of this 2-D array

```
import numpy as np
a=np.array([[1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
```

```
[6, 7, 8, 9, 10],

[11, 12, 13, 14, 15]])

four_col=a[:, :4]

print("First four columns:")

print(four_col)
```

First four columns:

[[1234]

[6789]

[11 12 13 14]]

15)To compute the mean, median, standard deviation of a numpy array

```
import numpy as np
a=np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10])
print("Mean Of Array:",np.mean(a))
print("Median Of Array:",np.median(a))
print("Standard Deviation Of Array:",np.std(a))
```

OUTPUT:-

Mean Of Array: 5.5

Median Of Array: 5.5

16) Finding the k smallest values of a NumPy array

```
import numpy as np
a=np.array([7, 2, 3, 1, 6, 5, 8, 4])
k=3
s=np.partition(a,k)[:k]
print("The k smallest values:",s)
```

OUTPUT:-

The k smallest values: [2 1 3]

17) To get the n-largest values of an array using NumPy.

```
import numpy as np
a=np.array([7, 2, 3, 1, 6, 5, 8, 4])
n=3
large= np.partition(a,-n)[-n:]
print("The n largest values:",large)
```

OUTPUT:-

18)To normalize an 2D array and the values range exactly between 0 and 1

OUTPUT:-

Normalized array:

[[0. 0.125 0.25] [0.375 0.5 0.625] [0.75 0.875 1.]]

19) Create a Numpy array with random values

```
import numpy as np
rarr = np.random.rand(3, 4)
```

print("Random array:\n",rarr)

OUTPUT:-

Random array:

[[0.87361892 0.09185488 0.92153211 0.85057793] [0.404072 0.20578642 0.62580829 0.51940987]

 $[0.67310765\ 0.30238585\ 0.45038569\ 0.50686667]]$

20)Insert a space between characters of all the elements of a given NumPy array.

```
import numpy as np
a=np.array(['hello', 'world', 'numpy'])
sarr=np.char.join(' ', a)
print("Array with spaces between characters:\n",sarr)
```

OUTPUT:-

Array with spaces between characters:

['hello' 'world' 'numpy']

21) Find the length of each string element in the Numpy array

import numpy as np

```
a=np.array(['hello', 'world', 'numpy'])
l=np.char.str_len(a)
print("Lengths of each string element:\n",I)
```

Lengths of each string element:

[5 5 5]

22) Change the case to uppercase or lowercase of elements of an array

```
import numpy as np
a=np.array(['Hello', 'World', 'NUMpy'])
u=np.char.upper(a)
l=np.char.lower(a)
print("Array in uppercase:",u)
print("Array in lowercase:",l)
```

OUTPUT:-

Array in uppercase: ['HELLO' 'WORLD' 'NUMPY']

Array in lowercase: ['hello' 'world' 'numpy']