In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

In [4]: df = pd.read_csv("mymoviedb.csv", lineterminator = "\n")

In [5]: df.head()

Original_Language	Vote_Average	Vote_Count	Popularity	Overview	Title	Release_Date]:
en	8.3	8940	5083.954	Peter Parker is unmasked and no longer able to	Spider- Man: No Way Home	2021-12-15	0
en	8.1	1151	3827.658	In his second year of fighting crime, Batman u	The Batman	2022-03-01	1
en	6.3	122	2618.087	Stranded at a rest stop in the mountains durin	No Exit	2022-02-25	2
en	7.7	5076	2402.201	The tale of an extraordinary family, the Madri	Encanto	2021-11-24	3
en	7.0	1793	1895.511	As a collection of history's worst tyrants and	The King's Man	2021-12-22	4

```
In [6]: # viewing dataset info
         df.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 9827 entries, 0 to 9826
         Data columns (total 9 columns):
              Column
                                Non-Null Count Dtype
              ----
                                                ----
                                 _____
          0
              Release_Date
                                9827 non-null
                                                object
          1
             Title
                                9827 non-null
                                                object
          2
              Overview
                                9827 non-null
                                                object
          3
              Popularity
                               9827 non-null
                                                float64
          4
                                                int64
             Vote_Count
                               9827 non-null
          5
             Vote Average
                                9827 non-null
                                                float64
          6
             Original_Language 9827 non-null
                                                object
          7
              Genre
                                9827 non-null
                                                object
              Poster Url
                                9827 non-null
                                                object
         dtypes: float64(2), int64(1), object(6)
         memory usage: 691.1+ KB
 In [8]: |#Check for duplicate rows
         df.duplicated().sum()
Out[8]: 0
 In [9]: |df['Genre'].head()
Out[9]: 0
              Action, Adventure, Science Fiction
         1
                        Crime, Mystery, Thriller
         2
                                       Thriller
         3
              Animation, Comedy, Family, Fantasy
                Action, Adventure, Thriller, War
         4
         Name: Genre, dtype: object
In [10]: # Exploring summary statistics
         df.describe()
                 Popularity Voto Count Voto Average
Out[10]:
```

	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average
count	9827.000000	9827.000000	9827.000000
mean	40.326088	1392.805536	6.439534
std	108.873998	2611.206907	1.129759
min	13.354000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	16.128500	146.000000	5.900000
50%	21.199000	444.000000	6.500000
75%	35.191500	1376.000000	7.100000
max	5083.954000	31077.000000	10.000000

Exploration Summary

- 1. We have 9827 rows and 9 columns
- 2. Our database looks a bit tidy with no NaNs nor duplicates
- 3. Release_Date column needs to be casted into date time and to extract only the year
- 4. Overview, Original_Languege and Poster-Url wouldnt be so useful during analysis, so we will drop them
- 5. there is noticable outliers in Popularity column
- 6. Vote Average bettter be categorised for proper analysis.
- 7. Genre column has comma saperated values and white spaces that needs to be handle and casted into category

```
In [11]: # Data Cleaning
In [13]: # casting column
         df['Release_Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Release_Date'])
In [15]: print(df['Release_Date'].dtypes)
         datetime64[ns]
In [16]: # Fetching only the year from release date
         df['Release_Date'] = df['Release_Date'].dt.year
         df['Release_Date'].dtypes
Out[16]: dtype('int32')
In [17]: # Listing down unwanted columns
         cols = ['Overview', 'Original_Language', 'Poster_Url']
         # Removing them from dataset
         df.drop(cols, axis = 1, inplace = True)
         df.columns
Out[17]: Index(['Release_Date', 'Title', 'Popularity', 'Vote_Count', 'Vote_Average',
                 'Genre'],
               dtype='object')
```

Out[18]:	Release_Date		Title	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average	Genre
	0	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	8.3	Action, Adventure, Science Fiction
	1	2022	The Batman	3827.658	1151	8.1	Crime, Mystery, Thriller
	2	2022	No Exit	2618.087	122	6.3	Thriller
	3	2021	Encanto	2402.201	5076	7.7	Animation, Comedy, Family, Fantasy
	4	2021	The King's Man	1895.511	1793	7.0	Action, Adventure, Thriller, War

categorizing Vote Average column

We would cut the Vote_Average values and make 4 categories: popular average below_avg not popular to describe it more using catigorize col() function provided above

In [21]: | df.head() Out[21]: Release_Date Popularity Vote_Count Vote_Average Title Genre Spider-Man: No Action, Adventure, 0 2021 5083.954 8940 popular Science Fiction Way Home 2022 The Batman 1 3827.658 1151 popular Crime, Mystery, Thriller 2 2022 No Exit 2618.087 122 below_avg Thriller Animation, Comedy, 3 2021 Encanto 2402.201 5076 popular Family, Fantasy Action, Adventure, 2021 4 The King's Man 1895.511 1793 average Thriller, War In [22]: # Exploring Columnn df['Vote Average'].value counts() Out[22]: Vote_Average not_popular 2467 popular 2450 average 2412 2398 below avg Name: count, dtype: int64 In [23]: # dropping NaNs df.dropna(inplace = True) # confirming df.isna().sum() Out[23]: Release_Date 0 Title 0

we'd split genres into a list and then explode our dataframe to have only one genre per row for each movie

Popularity

Vote_Count

Genre

Vote_Average

dtype: int64

0

0

0

0

```
In [24]: # split the strings into lists
         df['Genre'] = df['Genre'].str.split(', ')
         # explode the lists
         df = df.explode('Genre').reset_index(drop=True)
         df.head()
Out[24]:
             Release_Date
                                              Popularity Vote_Count Vote_Average
                                                                                     Genre
                             Spider-Man: No Way
          0
                    2021
                                                5083.954
                                                             8940
                                                                                      Action
                                                                        popular
                                        Home
                              Spider-Man: No Way
          1
                    2021
                                                5083.954
                                                             8940
                                                                        popular
                                                                                   Adventure
                             Spider-Man: No Way
                                                                                    Science
          2
                    2021
                                                5083.954
                                                             8940
                                                                        popular
                                        Home
                                                                                     Fiction
          3
                    2022
                                    The Batman
                                                3827.658
                                                              1151
                                                                        popular
                                                                                      Crime
                    2022
                                    The Batman
                                                3827.658
                                                              1151
                                                                        popular
                                                                                    Mystery
In [25]: | df.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 25552 entries, 0 to 25551
         Data columns (total 6 columns):
          #
               Column
                             Non-Null Count Dtvpe
                             -----
          ---
               Release_Date 25552 non-null int32
           0
                             25552 non-null object
           1
              Title
           2
               Popularity
                             25552 non-null float64
           3
               Vote_Count
                             25552 non-null int64
           4
               Vote Average 25552 non-null category
           5
                             25552 non-null object
         dtypes: category(1), float64(1), int32(1), int64(1), object(2)
         memory usage: 923.6+ KB
In [26]: # casting column into category
         df['Genre'] = df['Genre'].astype('category')
         # confirming changes
         df['Genre'].dtypes
Out[26]: CategoricalDtype(categories=['Action', 'Adventure', 'Animation', 'Comedy', 'C
         rime',
                             'Documentary', 'Drama', 'Family', 'Fantasy', 'History',
                             'Horror', 'Music', 'Mystery', 'Romance', 'Science Fiction',
                             'TV Movie', 'Thriller', 'War', 'Western'],
```

, ordered=False)

Now that our dataset is clean and tidy, we are left with a total of 6 columns and 25551 rows to dig into during our analysis

Data Visualizations

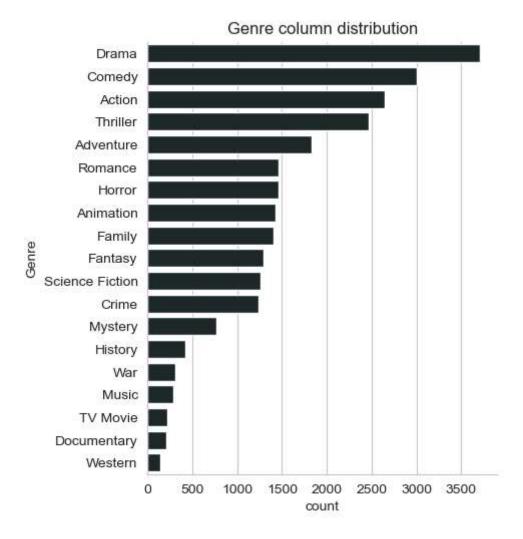
here, we'd use Matplotlib and seaborn for making some informative visuals to gain insights abut our data.

```
In [28]: #setting up the seaborn configurations
sns.set_style("whitegrid")
```

Q1: What is the most frequent genre in the dataset?

```
In [29]: df['Genre'].describe()
Out[29]: count    25552
    unique    19
    top    Drama
    freq    3715
    Name: Genre, dtype: object
```


C:\Users\Sanket\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\seaborn\axisgrid.py:118: UserWarn
ing: The figure layout has changed to tight
 self._figure.tight_layout(*args, **kwargs)



we can notice from the above visual that Drama genre is the most frequent genre in our dataset and has appeared more than 14% of the times among 19 other genres.

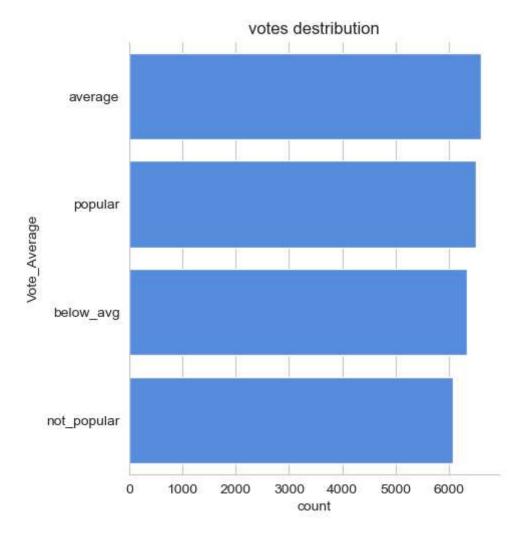
Q2: What genres has highest votes?

```
In [31]: # Visualizing the vote avg column

sns.catplot(y = 'Vote_Average', data = df, kind = 'count',
    order = df['Vote_Average'].value_counts().index,
    color = '#4287f5')

plt.title('votes destribution')
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\Sanket\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\seaborn\axisgrid.py:118: UserWarn
ing: The figure layout has changed to tight
 self._figure.tight_layout(*args, **kwargs)



we have 25.5% of our dataset with popular vote (6520 rows). Drama again gets the highest popularity among fans by being having more than 18.5% of movies popularities.

Q3: Which movie got the highest popularity? what's its genre?

```
In [32]: # checking max popularity in dataset

df[df['Popularity'] == df['Popularity'].max()]
```

Out[32]:	R	telease_Date	Title	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average	Genre
	0	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Action
	1	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Adventure
	2	2021	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5083.954	8940	popular	Science Fiction

Spider-Man: No Way Home has the highest popularity rate in our dataset and it has genres of Action , Adventure and Scinece Fiction .

Q4: What movie got the lowest popularity? what's its genre?

```
In [33]: # checking min popularity in dataset

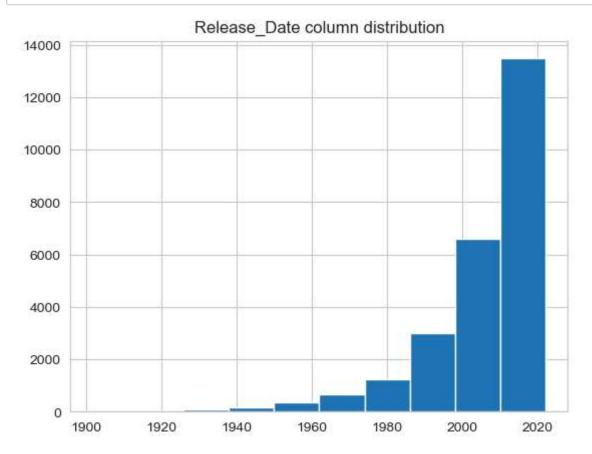
df[df['Popularity'] == df['Popularity'].min()]
```

Out[33]:		Release_Date	Title	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average	Genre
	25546	2021	The United States vs. Billie Holiday	13.354	152	average	Music
	25547	2021	The United States vs. Billie Holiday	13.354	152	average	Drama
	25548	2021	The United States vs. Billie Holiday	13.354	152	average	History
	25549	1984	Threads	13.354	186	popular	War
	25550	1984	Threads	13.354	186	popular	Drama
	25551	1984	Threads	13.354	186	popular	Science Fiction

The united states, thread' has the highest lowest rate in our dataset and it has genres of music , drama , 'war', 'sci-fi' and history`.

Q5: Which year has the most filmmed movies?

```
In [34]: df['Release_Date'].hist()
    plt.title('Release_Date column distribution')
    plt.show()
```



year 2020 has the highest filmming rate in our dataset.