Ultimate Nmap Cheat Sheet

Introduction to Nmap

⊕ Nmap (Network Mapper) is a free and open-source tool for network discovery and security auditing. This cheat sheet is designed to provide a comprehensive guide to mastering Nmap.

1. Basic Scanning



Command

Description

Description

nmap	<target></target>	Default scan, detects open ports.
nmap	-sn <target></target>	Ping scan (checks if the host is online).
nmap	<target1> <target2></target2></target1>	Scan multiple targets.
nmap	<start-ip-range>-<end-ip-range></end-ip-range></start-ip-range>	Scan a range of IPs.
nmap	<target-subnet>/24</target-subnet>	Scan a subnet.

2. Service and OS Detection



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Description

nmap -sV <target> Detects services and their versions.
nmap -0 <target> OS detection.
nmap -sV -0 <target> Combined service and OS detection.
nmap -A <target> Aggressive scan (includes -sV, -O, and traceroute).

3. Port Scanning



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nmap -sS <target></target>	TCP SYN scan (default).
nmap -sT <target></target>	TCP Connect scan.
nmap -sU <target></target>	UDP scan.
<pre>nmap -p <port-number> <target></target></port-number></pre>	Scan a specific port.

Command

Command

Description

nmap -p <start-port>-<end-port> <target> Scan a range of ports.
nmap -p- <target> Scan all 65,535 ports.

4. Timing and Performance



Command

Description

nmap -T0 <target> Paranoid timing template (slowest, stealthiest).

nmap -T5 <target> Insane timing template (fastest, least stealthy).

nmap --min-rate <rate> Set minimum packet transmission rate.

nmap --max-rate <rate> Set maximum packet transmission rate.

5. Output Options



Command

Description

6. Advanced Scanning Techniques



Command

Description

nmap -sC <target></target>	Run default NSE scripts.
<pre>nmapscript <script-name> <target></target></script-name></pre>	Run a specific NSE script.
nmapscript vuln <target></target>	Run vulnerability detection scripts.
<pre>nmaptop-ports <number> <target></target></number></pre>	Scan top N most common ports.
nmap -Pn <target></target>	Skip host discovery and scan directly.

7. Firewall/IDS Evasion







Command Description

nmap -f <target> Fragment packets to bypass firewalls. nmap --mtu <value> <target> Set custom MTU size for packets. nmap -D RND:10 <target> Decoy scan using 10 random IPs. nmap --badsum <target> Send packets with bad checksums. nmap -S <spoofed-IP> <target> Spoof source IP address.

8. NSE (Nmap Scripting Engine)





Script Type

Command Example

Vulnerability Scanning nmap --script vuln <target>

nmap --script ftp-brute <target> Brute Forcing

nmap --script http-shellshock <target> Exploitation

nmap --script malware <target> Malware Detection

9. Practical Use Cases







Scan for Live Hosts in a Subnet

nmap -sn 192.168.1.0/24

Scan for Open Ports on a Target

nmap -p 22,80,443 <target>

Detect Vulnerabilities

nmap --script vuln <target>

Scan a Website

nmap -p 80,443 -A <website>

Scan All Devices in a Network

nmap -sP 192.168.1.0/24

10. Common NSE Scripts



Script Name Description

vuln Detect vulnerabilities.

ftp-anon Check for anonymous FTP access.

http-enum Enumerate web server directories.

ssh-brute Perform SSH brute force attack.

ssl-cert Display SSL certificate information.

11. Best Practices



- Always use the -OA option to save output in all formats for future reference.
- Combine -T4 with --top-ports to quickly scan the most critical ports.
- Use -Pn for scanning hosts that block ICMP ping requests.
- Validate findings with manual tests or additional tools like Metasploit.

12. Troubleshooting Tips



- If scans are slow, use -T4 or --min-rate to speed them up.
- If scans return no results, try using -Pn to bypass host discovery.
- For blocked scans, try fragmentation (-f) or decoys (-D).

This cheat sheet is designed to be your ultimate reference for using Nmap effectively. Let me know if you need further guidance or a downloadable PDF version!