

# Shodan — Professional Cheat Sheet

**One-page professional reference** for **Shodan** — the search engine for Internet-connected devices. Quick commands, filters, API examples, scanning notes, and OPSEC for security pros and researchers.

---

## 1) At-a-glance

- **Tool:** Shodan (<https://www.shodan.io>) — indexes banners and metadata from devices/services exposed to the Internet (routers, webcams, ICS, servers, IoT, proxies).
  - **Primary uses:** Asset discovery, exposure assessment, identifying vulnerable services (CVE/CPE), threat intelligence and incident response enrichment.
  - **Access:** Web UI (search + filters), CLI (`shodan`), and API (Python/REST). API key required for most programmatic features.
- 

## 2) Accounts & API keys

- Create a Shodan account and find your API key on the web dashboard.
  - Free accounts have limited queries; paid tiers increase query, scan credits, and API rate limits.
  - Store API keys securely (env var or vault). Example: `export SHODAN_API_KEY="ABCD..."` or `shodan init <api_key>`.
- 

## 3) Common search filters (use in web UI and API)

- `country:` — country code (e.g., `country:"US"`).
- `city:` — city name (e.g., `city:"Bengaluru"`).
- `org:` — organization name (e.g., `org:"Amazon"`).
- `asn:` — autonomous system number (e.g., `asn:AS15169`).
- `hostname:` — hostnames or reverse DNS.
- `net:` — CIDR range (e.g., `net:192.168.0.0/16` — only public ranges).
- `port:` — TCP/UDP port (e.g., `port:22`).
- `product:` / `version:` / `os:` — banner product/version/OS fields.
- `vuln:` / `cve:` — search by vulnerability (e.g., `vuln:CVE-2017-0144` or `cve:CVE-2021-44228`).
- `before:` / `after:` — filter results by scan date.
- `ssl:` / `http.title:` / `html:` — search within TLS/HTTP details (e.g., `ssl.cert.subject.cn:"example.com"` or `http.title:"Admin"`).
- `device:` / `tag:` — provider-provided tags or device classes (depends on Shodan metadata).

Combine filters with Boolean operators and quotes: `apache country:"DE" port:80 vuln:CVE-2017-5638`.

---

---

## 4) Useful search examples

- Find open SSH in India: `port:22 country:"IN" ssh`
  - Cameras with default credentials or common pages: `title:"Live View" port:80`
  - Elasticsearch instances with RCE CVE: `product:Elasticsearch cve:CVE-2015-1427`
  - Exposed databases (MongoDB default port): `port:27017 has_screenshot:false` (then validate manually)
  - Services with specific header: `http.favicon.hash:123456789` (useful for narrow fingerprinting).
- 

## 5) Shodan CLI basics

- Install: `pip3 install --upgrade shodan` or `apt install shodan` (package availability varies).
- Initialize: `shodan init YOUR_API_KEY`
- Common commands:
  - `shodan search <query>` — search and show top results.
  - `shodan count <query>` — estimate number of results.
  - `shodan host <ip>` — get detailed host info and services for an IP.
  - `shodan exploit <query>` — search exploit DB (when available).
  - `shodan scan / shodan scan submit` — submit scan jobs (requires credits/paid plan).
  - `shodan download <file> <query>` — download full result set as JSON for offline processing.
  - `shodan myip` — show your public IP.

Example: `shodan search --fields ip_str,port,org 'nginx country:"US" port:80'`

---

## 6) API usage (Python) — quick examples

```
from shodan import Shodan
api = Shodan('YOUR_API_KEY')
# Search
results = api.search('apache country:"US"')
print(results['total'])
for r in results['matches']:
    print(r['ip_str'], r['port'], r.get('location', {}))

# Host lookup
host = api.host('8.8.8.8')
print(host['os'], host['vulns'])
```

- Use `api.search_cursor()` or `api.search()` with pagination for large result sets.
- Respect rate limits and store results; don't brute-force queries programmatically.

---

## 7) Exploit & vuln workflows

- Use `vuln:` or `cve:` filters to find hosts with known CVEs.
- Validate results manually: Shodan's banner may show a vulnerability string but not guarantee exploitable state.
- Combine with `nmap -sV --script=vuln` or targeted `sqlmap`/`metasploit` checks only against authorized assets.

---

## 8) Scanning & monitoring

- Shodan offers on-demand scanning (paid) and monitors/alerts.
- Use `shodan scan` to launch scans (requires credits) or schedule alerts in the web UI.
- Configure email/Slack/webhook alerts for new matches to queries (useful for monitoring exposed assets).

---

## 9) Exporting & processing results

- Use `shodan download <file> '<query>'` to save JSON results.
- Parse JSON with `jq` or Python to extract IPs, ports, banners, and CVEs for triage.
- Example: `shodan download results 'port:3389 country:"US" vuln:CVE-2020-0796'` then `gunzip -c results.json.gz | jq .`

---

## 10) Tips & best practices

- **Start narrow:** filter by net/org/ASN to limit noise and stay within scope.
- **Validate findings:** treat Shodan results as leads — verify with direct probes and human analysis.
- **Respect rate limits and terms:** do not automate abusive query volume.
- **Use monitors for asset inventory:** save queries and get alerts for newly exposed hosts.
- **Protect API key:** avoid embedding in public scripts; use environment variables or configuration management.

---

## 11) Common pitfalls & caveats

- **Banner accuracy:** banners can be stale or spoofed; Shodan scans periodically — check `timestamp` in results.
  - **False positives:** services may report vulnerable strings without exploitable configuration.
  - **Legal/ethical:** using Shodan to find targets without permission and then attacking them is illegal. Use only within authorized scope.
-

## 12) One-liners & examples

```
# Count RDP hosts in India
shodan count 'port:3389 country:"IN"'

# Search and list IPs
shodan search --fields ip_str,port,org 'RDP product:Microsoft-Remote-Desktop'

# Host detail
shodan host 203.0.113.5

# Download results for offline processing
shodan download rdp_india 'port:3389 country:"IN"'
```

---

## 13) Alternatives & complements

- **Censys, ZoomEye, BinaryEdge** — other Internet-wide scanners with different datasets and query models.
- **Passive DNS / certificate transparency (crt.sh)** — complement Shodan for historical DNS and subdomain discovery.

---

*This cheat sheet is for authorized reconnaissance, threat hunting, and asset discovery. Use Shodan responsibly and only on networks you own or are authorized to test.*