Program 1: Write a program to count number of lines, tabs, spaces, words, characters from a given text file.

```
Input:
%{
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int i = 0;
%}
/* Rules Section*/
%%
([a-zA-Z0-9])* {i++;} /* Rule for counting
                     number of words*/
"\n" {printf("%d\n", i); i = 0;}
%%
int yywrap(void){}
int main()
   // The function that starts the analysis
   yylex();
   return 0;
              mmt@mmt-OptiPlex-3060:~/Desktop$ lex newp21.l
mmt@mmt-OptiPlex-3060:~/Desktop$ cc lex.yy.c -ll.
mmt@mmt-OptiPlex-3060:~/Desktop$ ./a.out
This is JSPM RSCOE
4
HELLO
1
Output:
                                                mmt@mmt-OptiPlex-3060: ~
                 are Learning Compiler Design ! !5
```

Program 2: Lex code to count total number of tokens.

```
Input:
%{
int n = 0;
%}
%%
"while"|"if"|"else" {n++;printf("\t keywords : %s", yytext);}
"int"|"float" {n++;printf("\t keywords : %s", yytext);}
[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]* {n++;printf("\t identifier: %s", yytext);}
"<="|"=="|"++"|"-"|"*"|"+" {n++;printf("\t operator : %s", yytext);}
[(){}|,;] {n++;printf("\t separator : %s", yytext);}
[0-9]*"."[0-9]+ {n++;printf("\t float : %s", yytext);}
[0-9]+ {n++;printf("\t integer : %s", yytext);}
.;
%%
int main()
       yylex();
       printf("\n total no. of token = %d\n", n);
}
```

```
user@user:~$ lex 4.l
user@user:~$ cc lex.yy.c -lfl
user@user:~$ ./a.out
int p=1,d=0,r=4;
        keywords : int identifier : p operator : = integer : 1 separator :
   identifier : d operator : = integer : 0 separator : , identifier : r o
perator : = integer : 4
                           separator : ;
float m=0.0,n=200.0;
        keywords : float
                             identifier : m operator : = float : 0.0
                                                                         separ
          identifier : n operator : = float : 200.0 separator : ;
while(p<=3)
                             separator : ( identifier : p operator : <= integ</pre>
       keywords : while
er : 3
          separator : )
        separator : {
if(d==0)
        keywords : if separator : ( identifier : d operator : == integer : 0
    separator : )
m=m+n*r+4.5; d++;
       identifier : m operator : = identifier : m operator : + identifier :
n operator : * identifier : r operator : + float : 4.5 separator : ;
dentifier : d operator : ++ separator : ;
else
        keywords : else
r++; m=m+r+1000.0;
        identifier: r operator: ++ separator:; identifier: m operator: =
   identifier : m operator : + identifier : r operator : + float : 1000.0 s
eparator : ;
p++;
        identifier : p operator : ++ separator : ;
        separator : }
total no. of token = 64
```

Program 3 : Write a program for syntax checking of subset of given language using LEX and YACC.

Input:

```
mmt@mmt-OptiPlex-3060:~/Desktop$ lex program3.l
mmt@mmt-OptiPlex-3060:~/Desktop$ cc lex.yy.c -ll
mmt@mmt-OptiPlex-3060:~/Desktop$ ./a.out
int a;
id: int
id: a
;new line
float b;
id: float
id: b
;new line
int a,b;
id: int
id: a
,inew line
int a,b;
id: int
id: a
,id: b
;new line
int a,b;
id: int
id: a
,id: b
;new line
```

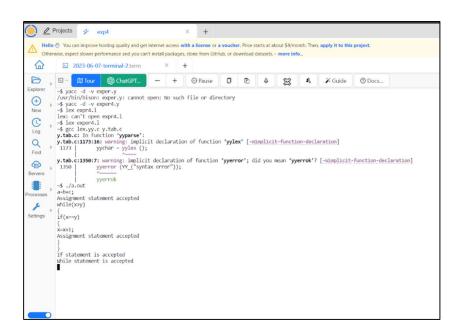
Program: Write a program for syntax checking of control statements using LEX and YACC.

Input:

Exper4.l

```
%{
#include<stdio.h>
#include "y.tab.h"
%}
L [A-Za-z]
D [0-9]
id \{L\}(\{L\}|\{D\})^*
%%
"if" {return IF;}
"else" {return ELSE;}
"for" {return FOR;}
"do" {return DO;}
"while" {return WHILE;}
"++" {return INC;}
"--" {return DEC;}
"||" {return OR;}
"&&" {return AND;}
"!" {return NOT;}
"switch" {return SWITCH;}
"case" {return CASE;}
"break" {return BREAK;}
"default" {return DEFAULT;}
[0-9]+(\.[0-9]+)? {return NUM;}
{id} {return id;}
"<"|"<="|">="|"=="|"!=" {return relop;}
[-/;=+*,\(\)\{\}:] {return yytext[0];}
[]{}
n \{\}
%%
int yywrap()
return 1;
Exper4.y
%{
#include <stdio.h>
%}
%token id NUM OR AND NOT relop TRUE FALSE INC DEC IF ELSE DO WHILE
uminus FOR SWITCH CASE BREAK DEFAULT
%right '='
%left '+' '-'
```

```
%left '*' '/'
%right '^'
%nonassoc uminus
%left OR
%left AND
%nonassoc NOT
%%
S1: S1 S
 \mid S
S: AS';' {printf("Assignment statement accepted \n");}
        {printf("If statement is accepted \n");}
 IFS
         {printf("If else statement is accepted\n");}
 IFES
         {printf("While statement is accepted\n");}
 WS
          {printf("Do while statement is accepted\n");}
 DWS
          {printf("For statement is accepted\n");}
 FORS
          {printf("Switch statement is accepted");}
 |SS
SS: SWITCH'('E')"{' CV '}'
CV: CASE E ':' S1 BREAK ';'
 | CASE E ':' S1 BREAK ';' CV
 | CASE E ':' S1 BREAK ';' DEFAULT ':' S1
AS: id '=' E
E : E'+'E
 |E'-'E
 |E'*'E
 |E'/'E
 |E'^'E
 '-' E %prec uminus
 lid
 |NUM
IFS: IF'('BE')"{'S1'}'
BE: BE OR BE
 | BE AND BE
  NOT BE
 id relop id
 TRUE
 |FALSE
IFES: IF'('BE')"{'S1'}'ELSE'{'S1'}'
WS: WHILE '('BE')" {'S1'}'
DWS: DO '{'S1'}'WHILE'('BE')";'
```



Program : Write a program to check syntax of declaration statement using LEX and YACC.

Input:

Decl.l

```
%{
# include<stdio.h>
# include "y.tab.h"
%}
L [A-Za-z]
D [0-9]
id \{L\}(\{L\}|\{D\})^*
%%
"int" {return INT;}
[0-9]+ {return INUM;}
{id} {return id;}
[,;=] {return yytext[0];}
n \{
%%
int yywrap()
return 1;
}
Decl.y
%{
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>// Added for the exit() function
%}
%start S
%token id INT INUM
```

```
%%
S: SDL { printf("Declaration accepted\n"); }
       { printf("Declaration accepted\n"); }
DL
DL: INTV';'
 ;
INTV: INT IV
 ;
IV : I
 | IV ',' id
 | IV ',' id '=' INUM
 | id '=' INUM
I:id
%%
int main()
  printf("Enter Valid Declaration\n");
  yyparse();
  return 0;
}
int yyerror(char *msg)
  printf("Invalid Statement\n");
  printf("%s\n", msg);
```

```
exit(1); // Changed square brackets to parentheses for exit() function
```

}

```
Program: Implement a desk calculator using LEX and YACC.
Input:
Calc.l
%{
/* Definition section */
#include<stdio.h>
#include "y.tab.h"
extern int yylval;
%}
/* Rule Section */
%%
[0-9]+ {
              yylval=atoi(yytext);
              return NUMBER;
\lceil t \rceil;
[\n] return 0;
. return yytext[0];
%%
int yywrap()
return 1;
Calc.y
%{
/* Definition section */
#include<stdio.h>
int flag=0;
%}
%token NUMBER
%left '+' '-'
%left '*' '/' '%'
%left '(' ')'
```

```
/* Rule Section */
%%
ArithmeticExpression: E{
              printf("\nResult=%d\n", $$);
              return 0;
E:E'+'E {$$=$1+$3;}
|E'-'E {$$=$1-$3;}
|E'*'E {$$=$1*$3;}
|E'/'E {$$=$1/$3;}
|E'%'E {$$=$1%$3;}
|'('E')' {$$=$2;}
| NUMBER {$$=$1;}
%%
//driver code
void main()
printf("\nEnter Any Arithmetic Expression which can have operations Addition, Subtraction,
Multiplication, Division, Modulus and Round brackets:\n");
yyparse();
if(flag==0)
printf("\nEntered arithmetic expression is Valid\n\n");
void yyerror()
printf("\nEntered arithmetic expression is Invalid\n\n");
flag=1;
}
```

Command for Run Code:

- 1. lex calc.l
- 2. yacc -d calc.y
- 3. gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -w
- 4. ./a.out

```
avinash@aviax:-/avi/CD/CD LAB/lab Assignment 6$ lex clac.l
lex: can't open clac.l
avinash@aviax:-/avi/CD/CD LAB/lab Assignment 6$ lex calc.l
avinash@aviax:-/avi/CD/CD LAB/lab Assignment 6$ yacc -d calc.y
calc.y:41 parser name defined to default:"parse"
avinash@aviax:-/avi/CD/CD LAB/lab Assignment 6$ gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -w
avinash@aviax:-/avi/CD/CD LAB/lab Assignment 6$ ./a.out

Enter Any Arithmetic Expression which can have operations Addition, Subtraction,
Multiplication, Division, Modulus and Round brackets:
(5+7*4)

Result=33

Entered arithmetic expression is Valid
avinash@aviax:-/avi/CD/CD LAB/lab Assignment 6$
```

```
Program: Write a program to generate ICG using LEX and YACC.
Input:
Icg.l
%{
#include"y.tab.h"
extern char yyval;
%}
%%
[0-9]+ {yylval.symbol=(char)(yytext[0]);return NUMBER;}
[a-z] {yylval.symbol= (char)(yytext[0]);return LETTER;}
. {return yytext[0];}
\n {return 0;}
%%
Icg.y
%{
#include"y.tab.h"
#include<stdio.h>
char addtotable(char,char,char);
int index 1=0;
char temp = 'A'-1;
struct expr{
char operand1;
char operand2;
char operator;
char result;
};
%}
%union{
char symbol;
}
%left '+' '-'
%left '/' '*'
```

```
%token <symbol> LETTER NUMBER
%type <symbol> exp
%%
statement: LETTER '=' exp ';' {addtotable((char)$1,(char)$3,'=');};
exp: exp '+' exp {$$ = addtotable((char)$1,(char)$3,'+');}
  |\exp '-' \exp {\$\$ = addtotable((char)\$1,(char)\$3,'-');}
  |\exp '' \exp {\$\$ = addtotable((char)\$1,(char)\$3,'');}
  |exp '*' exp {$$ = addtotable((char)$1,(char)$3,'*');}
  |'(' \exp ')'  {$$= (char)$2;}
  |NUMBER {$\$ = (char)\$1;}
  |LETTER {(char)$1;};
%%
struct expr arr[20];
void yyerror(char *s){
  printf("Errror %s",s);
char addtotable(char a, char b, char o){
  temp++;
  arr[index1].operand1 =a;
  arr[index 1].operand2 = b;
  arr[index 1].operator = o;
  arr[index1].result=temp;
  index 1++;
  return temp;
void threeAdd(){
  int i=0;
  char temp='A';
  while(i<index1){
     printf("%c:=\t",arr[i].result);
     printf("%c\t",arr[i].operand1);
     printf("%c\t",arr[i].operator);
     printf("%c\t",arr[i].operand2);
     i++;
    temp++;
    printf("\n");
  }
void fouradd(){
  int i=0;
  char temp='A';
  while(i<index1){
```

```
printf("%c\t",arr[i].operator);
     printf("%c\t",arr[i].operand1);
     printf("%c\t",arr[i].operand2);
     printf("%c",arr[i].result);
     i++;
     temp++;
     printf("\n");
}
int find(char 1){
  int i;
  for(i=0;i\leq index1;i++)
     if(arr[i].result==1) break;
  return i;
}
void triple(){
  int i=0;
  char temp='A';
  while(i<index1){
     printf("%c\t",arr[i].operator);
     if(!isupper(arr[i].operand1))
     printf("%c\t",arr[i].operand1);
     else{
        printf("pointer");
       printf("%d\t",find(arr[i].operand1));
     if(!isupper(arr[i].operand2))
     printf("%c\t",arr[i].operand2);
     else{
       printf("pointer");
       printf("%d\t",find(arr[i].operand2));
     i++;
     temp++;
     printf("\n");
}
int yywrap(){
  return 1;
}
int main(){
  printf("Enter the expression: ");
```

```
yyparse();
threeAdd();
printf("\n");
fouradd();
printf("\n");
triple();
return 0;
```

Command for run a program:

- 1. lex icg.l
- 2. yacc -d lex.y
- 3. gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -w
- 4. ./a.out

```
avinash@aviax:~/avi/CD/CD LAB/lab 7 ICG$ lex icg.l
avinash@aviax:~/avi/CD/CD LAB/lab 7 ICG$ yacc -d icg.y icg.y:25 parser name defined to default :"parse" avinash@aviax:~/avi/CD/CD LAB/lab 7 ICG$ gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -w avinash@aviax:~/avi/CD/CD LAB/lab 7 ICG$ ./a.out
Enter the expression: a=b*c/d-e;
A:=
            Ь
                                      d
B:=
            Α
C:=
            В
D:=
            Ь
                         d
             Α
                                      В
             В
                         C
                                      D
             а
            Ь
            pointer0
                                      d
             pointer1
                        pointer2
avinash@aviax:~/avi/CD/CD LAB/lab 7 ICG$
```

Program: Write a program for code optimization.

Input:

codeOptimization.c

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
#include<string.h>
# include<ctype.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
// How to run
// Compile: gcc -o codeOptimization codeOptimization.c -lm
// Run: ./codeOptimization
struct quad
       char ope[5];
       char arg1[5];
       char arg2[5];
       char res[5];
}QUAD[5];
int i=0,n,c=0;
void get()
       printf("\nEnter no of lines in a block");
       scanf("%d",&n);
       printf("enter ICG in form operator arg1 arg2 result:");
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
       scanf("%s\n%s\n%s\n%s",&QUAD[i].ope,&QUAD[i].arg1,&QUAD[i].arg2,&QUA
D[i].res);
void const folding()
       int j,c1=0,d=0;
       char ch[5],ch1[5],num[10];
       int flag1 =1, flag2 =1;
              for(i=0;i< n;i++)
        flag1 = 1; flag2 = 1;
        for (j=0;j<strlen(QUAD[i].arg1);j++)
         if(!isdigit(QUAD[i].arg1[j]))
         { flag1 = 0;printf("Operand1 is not contstant, Constant folding can not applied to
quadruple %d\n",i);
          break;
```

```
}
        for (j=0;j<strlen(QUAD[i].arg2);j++)
        if(!isdigit(QUAD[i].arg2[j]))
         { flag2 = 0; printf("Operand2 is not contstant, Constant folding can not applied to
quadruple %d\n",i);
          break;
       if(flag1 == 1 \&\& flag2 == 1)
       c=atoi(QUAD[i].arg1);
       c1=atoi(QUAD[i].arg2);
       if(strcmp(QUAD[i].ope,"*")==0)
              d=c*c1;
              //itoa(d,ch,10);
              snprintf(ch, 10, "%d", d);
              strcpy(QUAD[i].ope,"=");
              strcpy(QUAD[i].arg1,ch);
              strcpy(QUAD[i].arg2,"\0");
       if(strcmp(QUAD[i].ope,"/")==0)
              d=c/c1;
              //itoa(d,ch,10);
              snprintf(ch, 10, "%d", d);
              strcpy(QUAD[i].ope,"=");
              strcpy(QUAD[i].arg1,ch);
              strcpy(QUAD[i].arg2,"\0");
       if(strcmp(QUAD[i].ope,"+")==0)
              d=c+c1;
              //itoa(d,ch,10);
              snprintf(ch, 10, "%d", d);
              strcpy(QUAD[i].ope,"=");
              strcpy(QUAD[i].arg1,ch);
              strcpy(QUAD[i].arg2,"\0");
       if(strcmp(QUAD[i].ope,"-")==0)
```

```
{
              d=c-c1;
              //itoa(d,ch,10);
              snprintf(ch, 10, "%d", d);
              strcpy(QUAD[i].ope,"=");
              strcpy(QUAD[i].arg1,ch);
              strcpy(QUAD[i].arg2,"\0");
}
void strength reduction()
       int j=0,n1=0,m=0,c=0,t=0;
       char ch[5],cc[5],ct[2],pres[5];
       int flag;
       strcpy(ct,"s");
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
       c=0:
       if(strcmp(QUAD[i].ope,"*")==0||strcmp(QUAD[i].ope,"/")==0)
       {j=1};
         if(strcmp(QUAD[i].ope,"*")==0)
         flag = 0;
         else
         flag = 1;
       if((atoi(QUAD[i].arg2))>0)
              m=atoi(QUAD[i].arg2);
              while(n1 \le m)
                     n1 = pow(2,j);
                     j++;
              i=i-2;
              n1 = pow(2,j);
              c=m-n1;
              printf("number! is 2^{\%}d + \%d",j,c);
              if(c==0)
                     //itoa(j,ch,10);
                     snprintf(ch, 10, "%d", j);
                     if(flag==0)
                     strcpy(QUAD[i].ope,"<<");</pre>
                      strcpy(QUAD[i].ope,">>");
                  // strcpy(QUAD[i].arg1,ch);
                      strcpy(QUAD[i].arg2,ch);
```

```
// strcpy(QUAD[i].res,"t2");
else
       strcpy(pres,QUAD[i].res);
       //itoa(j,ch,10);
       snprintf(ch, 10, "%d", j);
       if(flag==0)
       strcpy(QUAD[i].ope,"<<");</pre>
       else
       strcpy(QUAD[i].ope,">>");
       strcpy(QUAD[i].arg2,ch);
       strcpy(QUAD[i].res,"t2");
       i++;
       for(t=0;t< c;t++)
       for(j=n;j>=i;j--)
       QUAD[j+1] = QUAD[j];
       if(c==1)
       //itoa(c,ch,10);
       snprintf(ch, 10, "%d", j);
       if(flag==0)
       strcpy(QUAD[i].ope,"+");
       else
       strcpy(QUAD[i].ope,"-");
       tempo=i-1;
       strcpy(QUAD[i].arg1,QUAD[tempo].res);
       strcpy(QUAD[i].arg2,ch);
       //itoa(i,cc,10);
       snprintf(cc, 10, "%d", i);
       strcat(ct,cc);
       printf("CT is %s",ct);
       strcpy(QUAD[i].res,ct);
       }
       else
       strcpy(ct,"s");
       //itoa(c-(c-1),ch,10);
       snprintf(ch, 10, "%d", c-(c-1));
       if(flag==0)
       strcpy(QUAD[i].ope,"+");
       else
       strcpy(QUAD[i].ope,"-");
       tempo=i-1;
       strcpy(QUAD[i].arg1,QUAD[tempo].res);
```

//

```
strcpy(QUAD[i].arg2,ch);
                      //strcat("t",i);
                      //itoa(i,cc,10);
                      snprintf(cc, 10, "%d", i);
                      strcat(ct,cc);
                      strcpy(QUAD[i].res,ct);
                      i++;
                      n=n+1;
               }
       printf("n value =\%d\n",n);
       for(j=i;j < n;j++)
       if(strcmp(QUAD[j].arg1, pres) ==0)
       strcpy(QUAD[j].arg1,QUAD[i-1].res);
       else if (strcmp(QUAD[i].arg2, pres) ==0)
       strcpy(QUAD[j].arg2,QUAD[i-1].res);
       if(c!=0)
       i = i-1;
void disp()
printf("\nQuadraple\noperator\targ1\targ2\tresult\n");
printf("n value is %d\n",n);
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
 printf("\t%s\t%s\t%s\n",QUAD[i].ope,QUAD[i].arg1,QUAD[i].arg2,QUAD[i].res);
void main()
{
get();
disp();
const folding();
printf("Quadruples after constant folding\n");
disp();
strength reduction();
printf("Quadruples after strength reduction\n");
disp();
}
```

