

ŻUNWYCŻ

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(a) 10101000.11001101 (b) 10111000.11001101

(c) 10101000.10111100

(d) None of these

(b) 114

8. Binary equivalent of $(A8.BC)_{16}$ is

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(d) 12

Rewarding Career

Test Code: CTNC - I

Questions: 25 Max. Time: 1 Hr.

- **1.** Binary representation for $(69)_{16} \div (50)_{16}$ is
- (a) 1.1
- (b) 1.11
- (c) 1.101
- (d) None
- **2.** Which form represents $\overline{x} + \overline{y}$?
- (a) x.y
- (b) x + y
- (c) $\overline{x}.\overline{v}$
- (d) $x \uparrow y$
- 3. Which from represents $\overline{x}.\overline{y}$?
- (a) x.y
- (b) x + y
- (c) $\overline{x} + \overline{y}$
- (d) None
- **9.** Hexadecimal equivalent of $(77.077)_8$ is
- (a) 3F.171

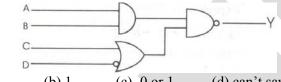
(a) 113

(b) 3F.1F8

(c) 11

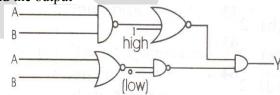
- (b) 3F.1F1
- (d) None

4. What is the output for the logic diagram if A, B, C are high?



- (a) 0
- (b) 1
- (c) 0 or 1
- (d) can't say
- 5. In the above logic diagram, output will be low iff
 - I A, B, C are high
 - II A, B, C are high and C is low
 - III- A, B are high and D is low
- (a) I only
- (b) II only
- (c) I and III only
- (d) III only

6. Find the output



- (a) 0
- (b) 1
- (c) depends on value of A and B only
- (b) can't say
- 7. Value of 11 +103 MOD7 MOD3 1

- 10. Floating point numbers in a computer are represented using a 10 bit mantissa (iuncluding a sign bit) and a 6 bit exponent (including a sign bit). What is the approximate value of the maximum number which can be represented? Assume that the mantissa is stored in the normalized form. (a) 2^{31}
- (b) 2^{32}
- (c) 2^{63}
- (d) 2^{64}
- **11.** Which one of the following statements is always true?
- (a) A compiler program uses more memory than an interpreted program
- (b) A compiler converts a program to a lower level language for execution
- (c) Compiler programs take more time to execute then interpreted programs.
- (d) A compiler for a high level language takes less memory than its interpreter.
- **12.** In ternary system what is the value of 222?
- (a) 20220
- (b) 22200
- (c) 22020 (d) None
- 13. What is the binary equivalent of 222 given in ternary
- system? (a) 11100
- (b) 10110
- (c) 11010 (d) 11000
- **14.** If A = 10, B = 2, C = -5 then the of the output following code is
- (a) 4, 6, 17
- (b) 9, 16, 37

$$D = A + B$$

$$A = B + C + D$$

$$C = D + A + B$$

$$B = A + C + D$$

Print A, B, C

- (c) 9, 44, 23
- (d) 4, 24, 13
- **15.** What will be the value of C expression 4+6/3*2-6/2?

(b) 3

(c) 4

- (d) 5
- **16.** Consider the following program segment?

$$N = 6720;$$

$$d = 4$$
;

while
$$((n\%d) = 0)$$

$$\{ n = n / d; d = d + 1; \}$$

(a) 6

(b) 7

(c) 8

- (d) 9
- 17. An operating system is a program that
- (I) Controls the execution of Application programs
- (II) Allows the computer system resources to be used in efficient manner
- (III) Acts as an interface between the user of a computer and the computer hardware.

Which of the following is/are correct?

- (a) II and III only
- (b) I and II only
- (c) I and III only
- (d) I, II and III all are correct
- **18.** If a computer system is divided into four layers as hardware / application programs / utilities / operating system then the correct order of the layers is
- (a) Operating system, hardware utilities, Application program
- (b) Application program, operating system, utilities, H/W
- (c) H/W, operating system, utilities, Application program
- (d) H/W, utilities, operating system, Application program.
- **19.** Multiprogramming is defined as
- (a) The management of multiple processes within a single processor system.
- (b) The management of multiple processes within a multiprocessor system.
- (c) The management of multiple processes on multiple distributed systems.
- (d) none of these.
- **20.** Which of the following statement is correct?
- (a) When the processor is executing a program and encounters an instruction relating to I/O, it executes that

instruction by issuing a command to appropriate I/O module. The processor has to wait for completion of I/O module and while waiting, it must repeatedly interrogate the status of I/O module.

- (b) In interrupt driven I/O, the processor issues a command to I/O module and then goto do some other work. The I/O module sends an interrupt to the processor to exchange data with the processor.
- (c) In case of Direct Memory Access (DMA), there is no CPU intervention in transferring data.
- (d) All of these.
- **21.** Cache memory is
- (a) Faster than registers
- (b) Slower than optical disk
- (c) Slower than Main memory
- (d) Faster than RAM
- 22. Disk Interleaving
- (I) is done by using multiple disks
- (II) Results in higher throughput and improved response time

Which of the following is correct?

- (a) I and II both
- (b) I only

(c) II only

- (d) none of theses
- **23.** What is the output Z for the following truth table?

A	В	C	Z
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

(a) C

- (b) A + C
- (c) AB + C
- (d) none of these
- **24.** Virtual memory is implemented by using the concept of
- (a) Segmentation only
- (b) Paging only
- (c) Segmentation as well as paging
- (d) None of these
- **25.** The gate using which, all other circuits can be constructed is
- (a) AND

(b) OR

(c) NOR

(d) None