

# DBMS

## LAB – 8

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1. Write a function to find the number of tickets booked by a customer. If no of tickets is more than 3 for the current month then display error message as "cannot purchase tickets current limit is over".

Query :

```
DELIMITER $$
CREATE FUNCTION count_tickets(ticket_385 int)
RETURNS VARCHAR(50)
DETERMINISTIC
BEGIN
DECLARE VALUE varchar(50);
IF ticket_385 > 3 then
set VALUE="Cannot purchase tickets Current limit is over";
ELSE
set VALUE ="Can Purchase ticket_385";
end if;
return value;
END$$

DELIMITER ;
with t as (Select user_id, count(pnr) as count from ticket_385 group by
user_id )
select user_id, count_tickets(count) as Validate, count as ticket_purchased
from t;
```

OUTPUT :

```
MariaDB [railway_reservation]> DELIMITER $$
MariaDB [railway_reservation]> CREATE FUNCTION count_tickets(ticket_385 int)
  -> RETURNS VARCHAR(50)
  -> DETERMINISTIC
  -> BEGIN
  -> DECLARE VALUE varchar(50);
  -> IF ticket_385 > 3 then
  -> set VALUE="Cannot purchase tickets Current limit is over";
  -> ELSE
  -> set VALUE ="Can Purchase ticket_385";
  -> end if;
  -> return value;
  -> END$$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.005 sec)

MariaDB [railway_reservation]> DELIMITER ;
MariaDB [railway_reservation]> with t as (Select user_id, count(pnr) as count from ticket_385 group by user_id )
  -> select user_id, count_tickets(count) as Validate, count as ticket_purchased from t;
+-----+-----+-----+
| user_id | Validate                | ticket_purchased |
+-----+-----+-----+
| ADM_001 | Can Purchase ticket_385 | 2                |
| ADM_002 | Can Purchase ticket_385 | 2                |
| ADM_003 | Can Purchase ticket_385 | 2                |
| USR_002 | Can Purchase ticket_385 | 2                |
| USR_007 | Can Purchase ticket_385 | 1                |
| USR_008 | Can Purchase ticket_385 | 2                |
| USR_009 | Can Purchase ticket_385 | 1                |
| USR_010 | Can Purchase ticket_385 | 1                |
| USR_012 | Can Purchase ticket_385 | 1                |
+-----+-----+-----+
9 rows in set (0.002 sec)
```

2. Write a stored procedure to calculate the age of the customer when the date of birth is given. Update the column named age in the customer table.

Query :

```
DELIMITER $$
CREATE procedure age_updation(
IN UID varchar(30),IN DB date, OUT msg varchar(30))
BEGIN
DECLARE age int;
IF DB>sysdate() THEN
    set msg= 'Invalid DoB';
ELSE
    update user_385
    set Age=(datediff(sysdate(),DB))/365
    where User_ID= UID;
    update user_385
    set DOB=DB
    where User_ID=UID;
    set msg=' Age updated Successfully';
END IF;
END$$

DELIMITER ;
CALL age_updation('ADM_003','1991-04-08',@A);
SELECT @A;
select * from user_385 where User_ID='ADM_003';
```

OUTPUT :

```
MariaDB [railway_reservation]> DELIMITER $$
MariaDB [railway_reservation]> CREATE procedure age_updation(
-> IN UID varchar(30),IN DB date, OUT msg varchar(30))
-> BEGIN
-> DECLARE age int;
-> IF DB>sysdate() THEN
->     set msg= 'Invalid DoB';
-> ELSE
->     update user_385
->     set Age=(datediff(sysdate(),DB))/365
->     where User_ID= UID;
->     update user_385
->     set DOB=DB
->     where User_ID=UID;
->     set msg=' Age updated Successfully';
-> END IF;
-> END$$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.009 sec)

MariaDB [railway_reservation]>
MariaDB [railway_reservation]> DELIMITER ;
MariaDB [railway_reservation]> CALL age_updation('ADM_003','1991-04-08',@A);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.017 sec)

MariaDB [railway_reservation]> SELECT @A;
+-----+
| @A |
+-----+
| Age updated Successfully |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [railway_reservation]> select * from user_385 where User_ID='ADM_003';
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| User_ID | User_Type | FName | LName | Age | DOB | PinCode | Street |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ADM_003 | ADMIN | Manmohan | Singh | 32 | 1991-04-08 | 575003 | Pumpwell Road |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.001 sec)
```