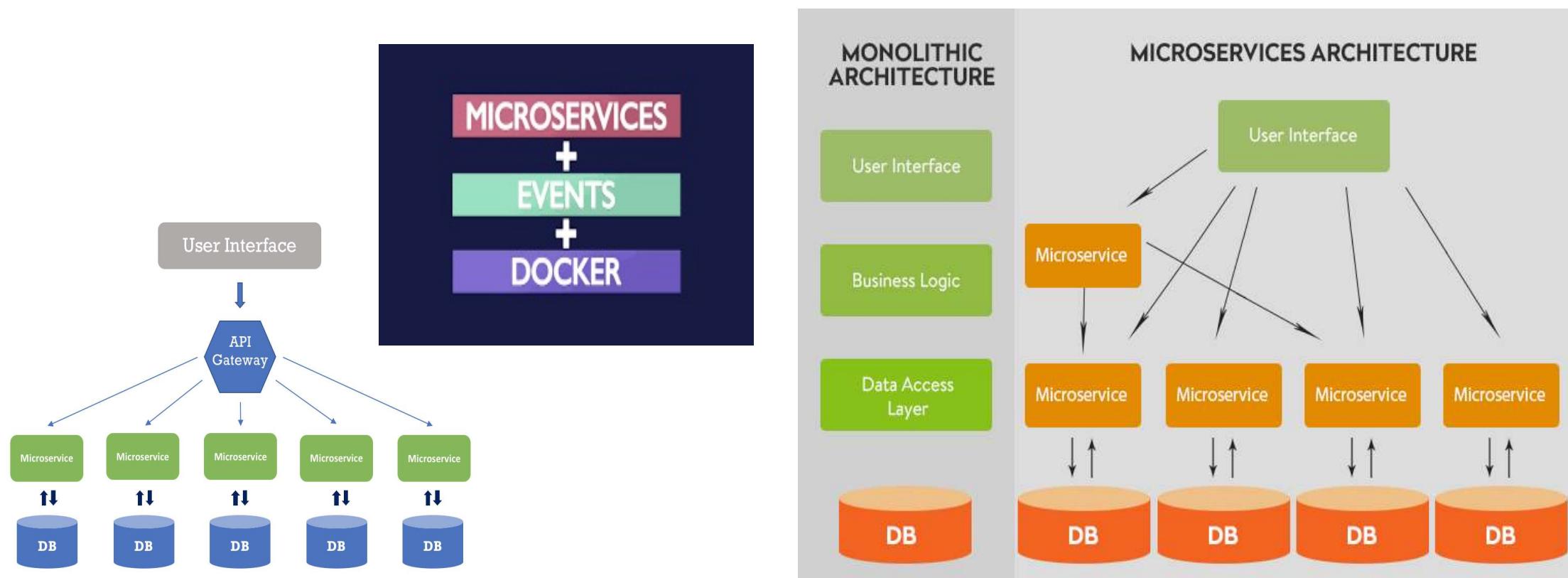


FORMATION «Architecture» : Architecture des MicroServices



SOMMAIRE

Introduction

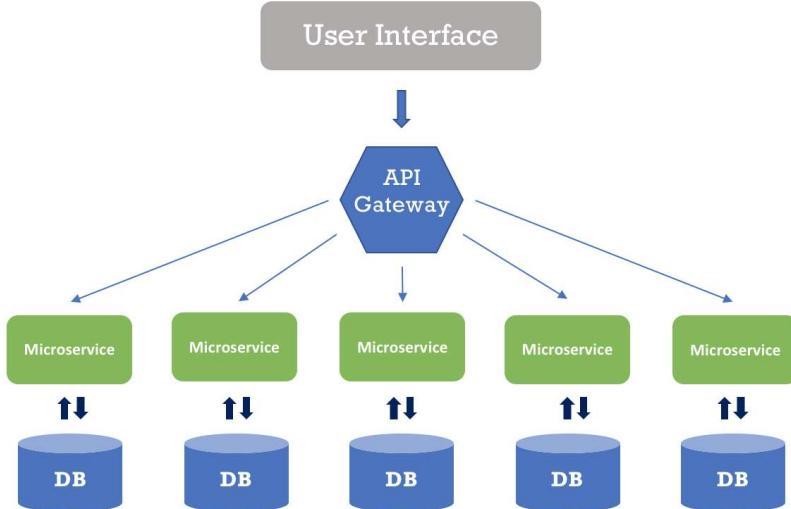
- 1/ Architecture : Principes
- 2/ JAVA JEE/Spring Boot
- 3/ API REST
- 4/ Microservices
- 5/ DevOps
- 6/ Travaux Pratiques
- 7/ Synthèse des bonnes pratiques

Conclusion

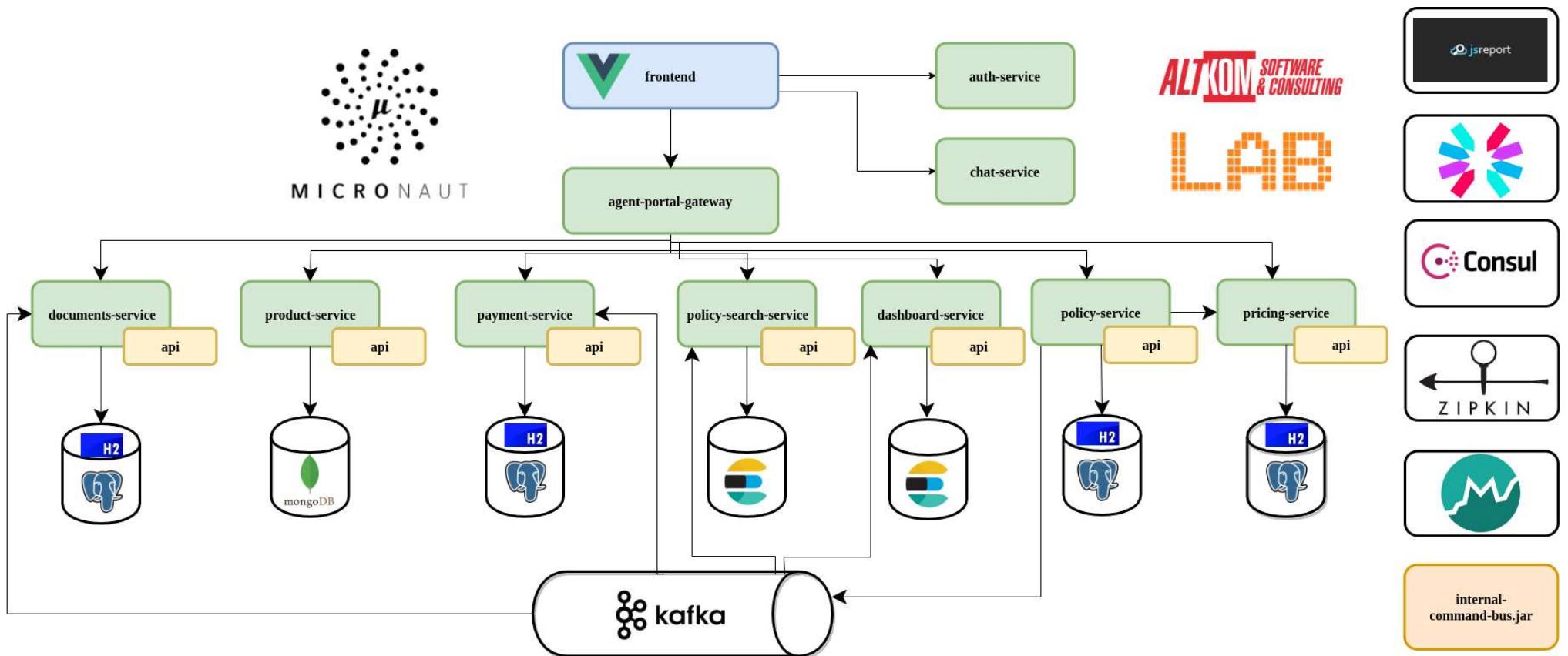


INTRODUCTION

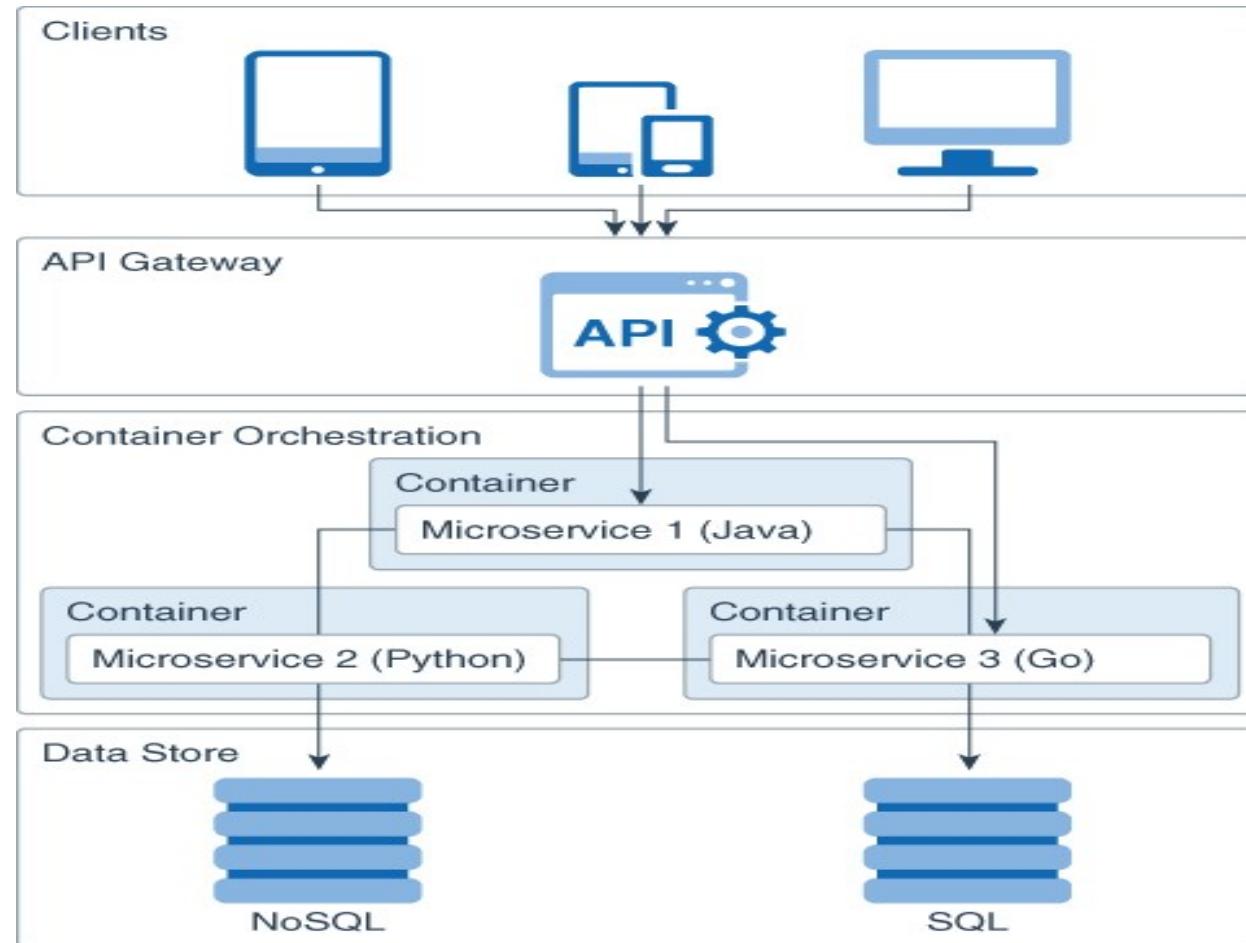
Dans l'architecture Microservices, **chaque service est conçu pour remplir et implémenter l'un des sous-domaines** du domaine de l'application. Par exemple, dans une application de commerce électronique, au lieu de créer des services basés sur les couches et les niveaux dans lesquels ils existent, nous créons les services sur les sous-domaines au sein de l'espace de domaine du commerce électronique comme le panier, le catalogue, la gestion des acheteurs et le Traitement des commandes, etc.



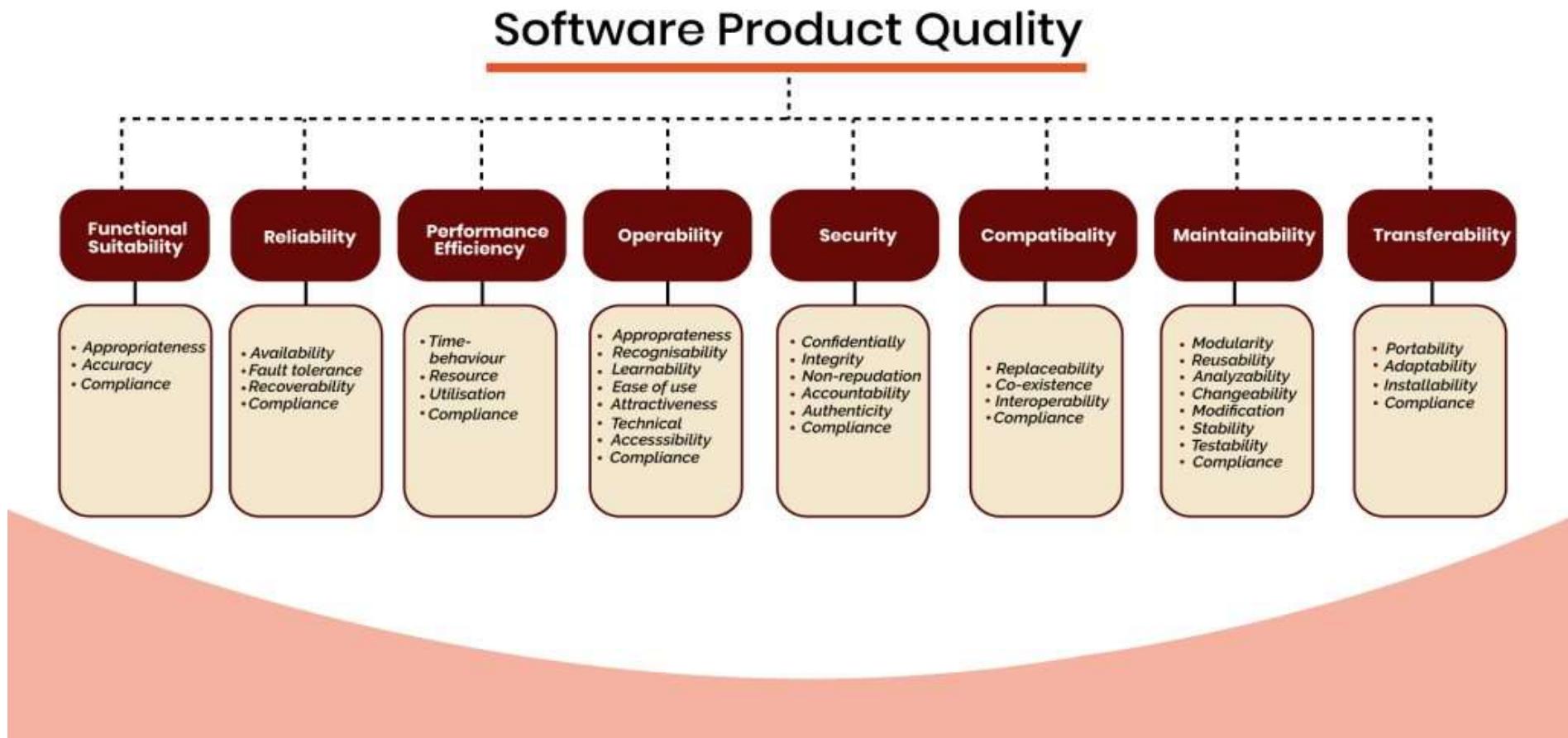
INTRODUCTION



INTRODUCTION



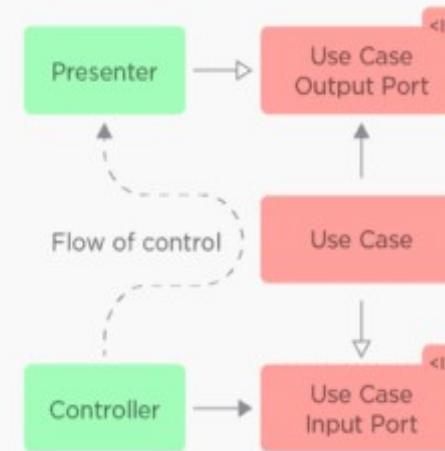
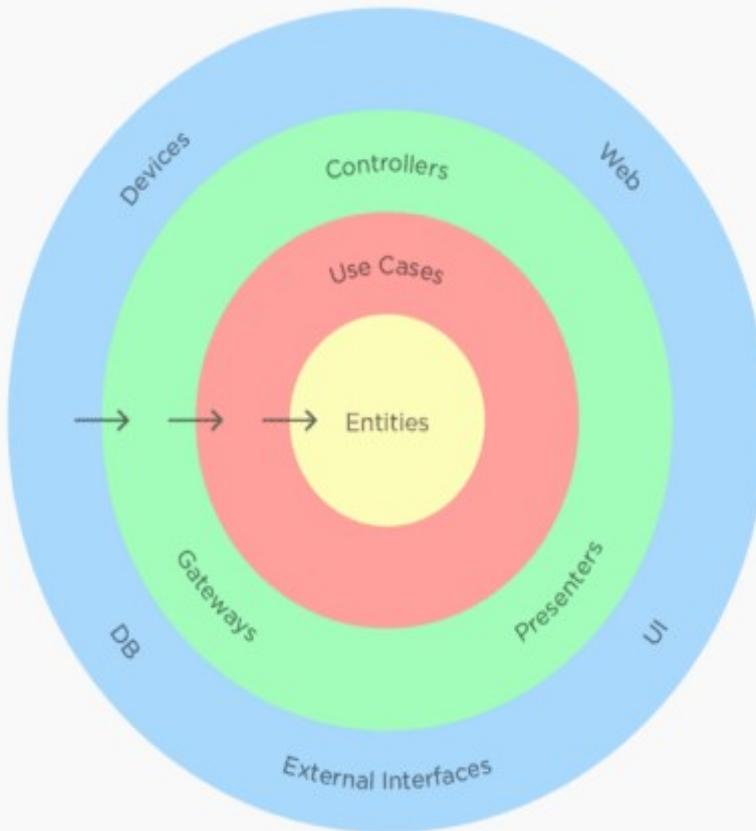
1/ Architecture



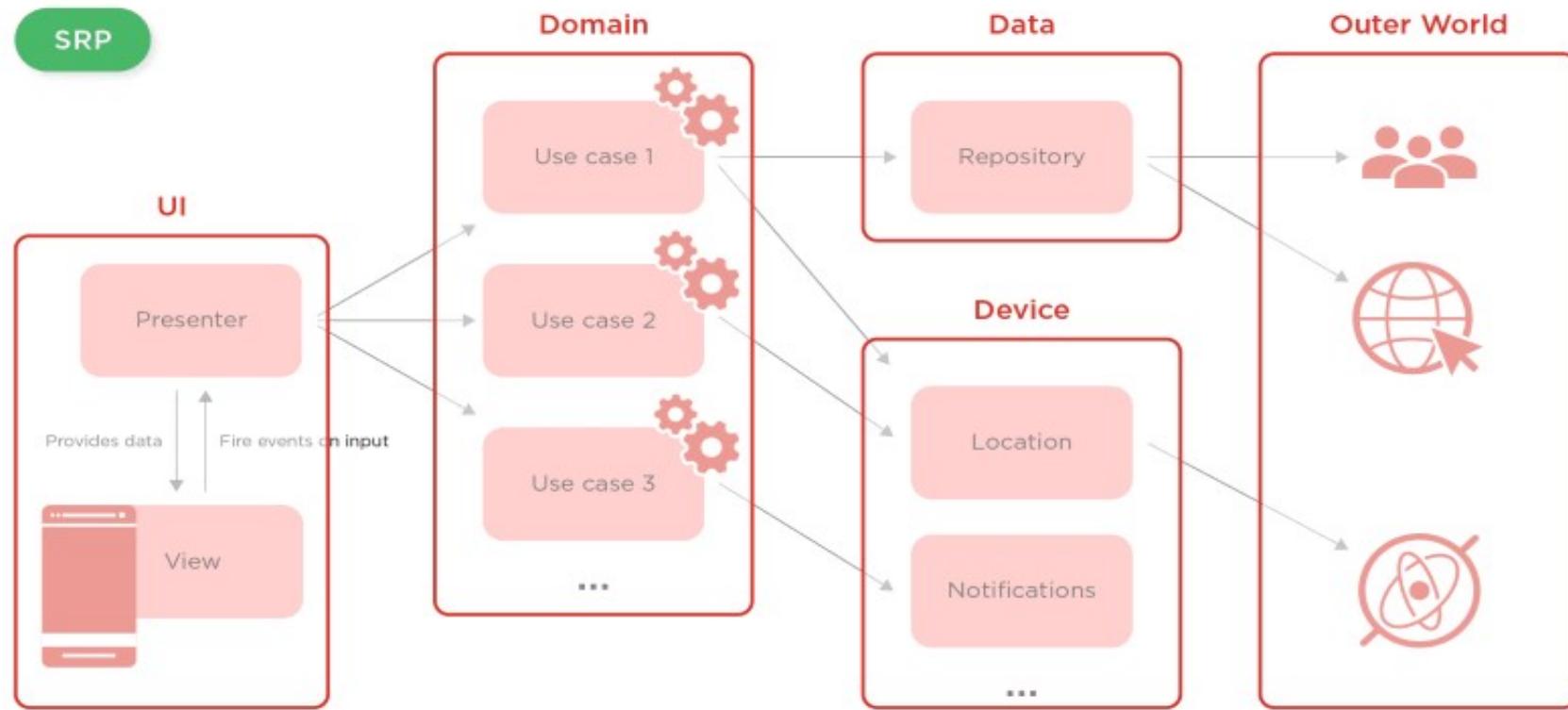
Architecture : Software Quality



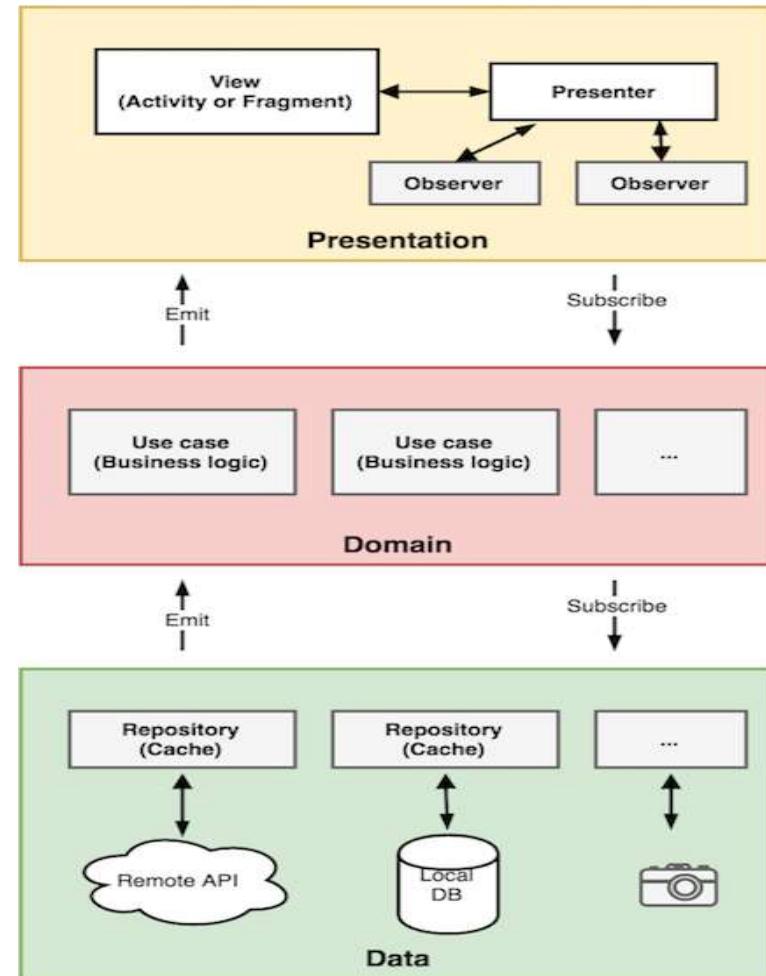
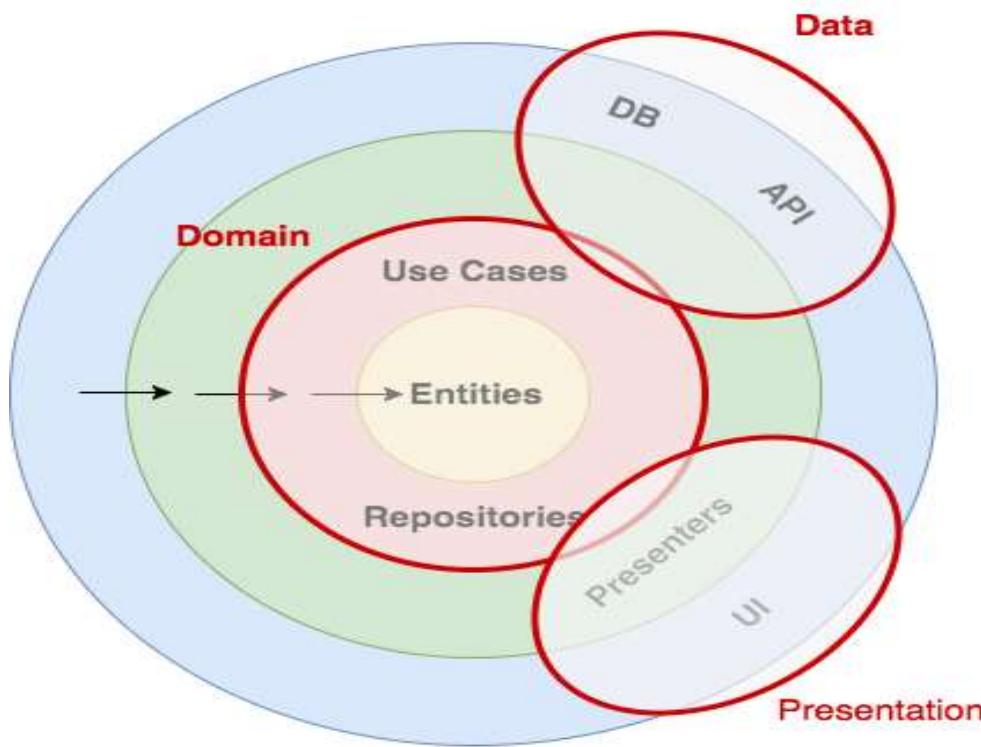
Architecture : Clean Architecture



Architecture : Clean Architecture



Architecture : Clean Architecture



Patrick Yin

2/ JAVA JEE /Spring Boot

Spring BOOT

Norme JEE

Core J2EE Pattern

Presentation Tier

Intercepting Filter
Front Controller
View Helper
Composite View
Service to Worker
Dispatcher View

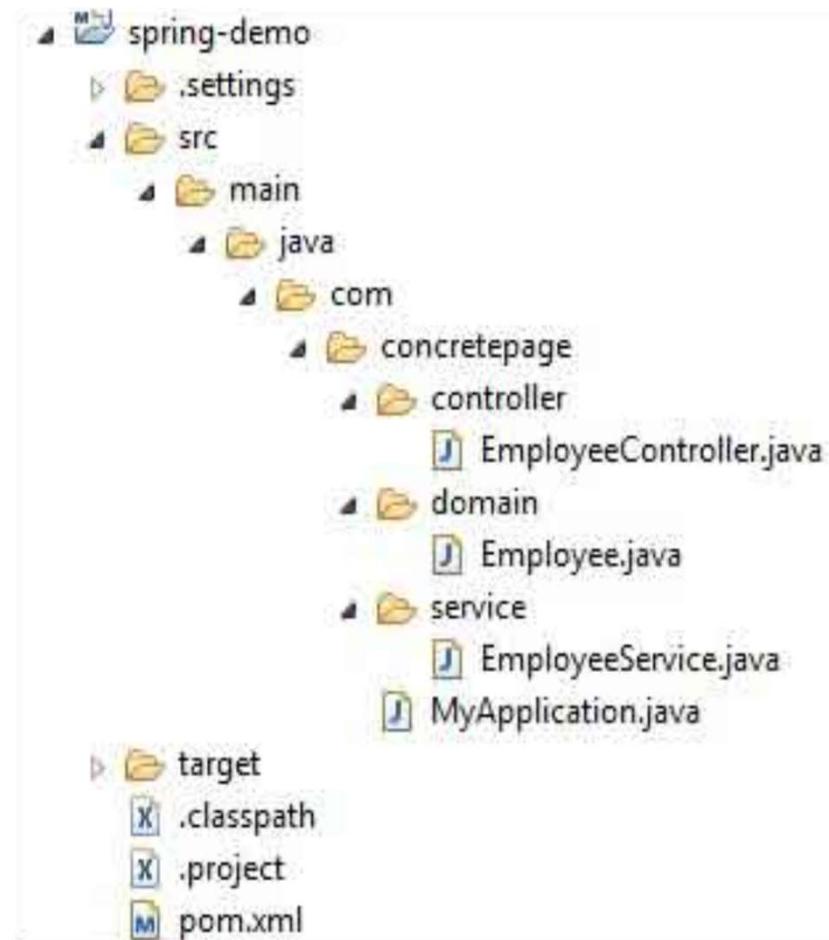
Integration Tier

Data Access Object
Service Activator

Business Tier

Business Delegate
Service Locator
Session facade
Transfer Object
Transfer Object Assembler
Value List Handler
Composite Entity

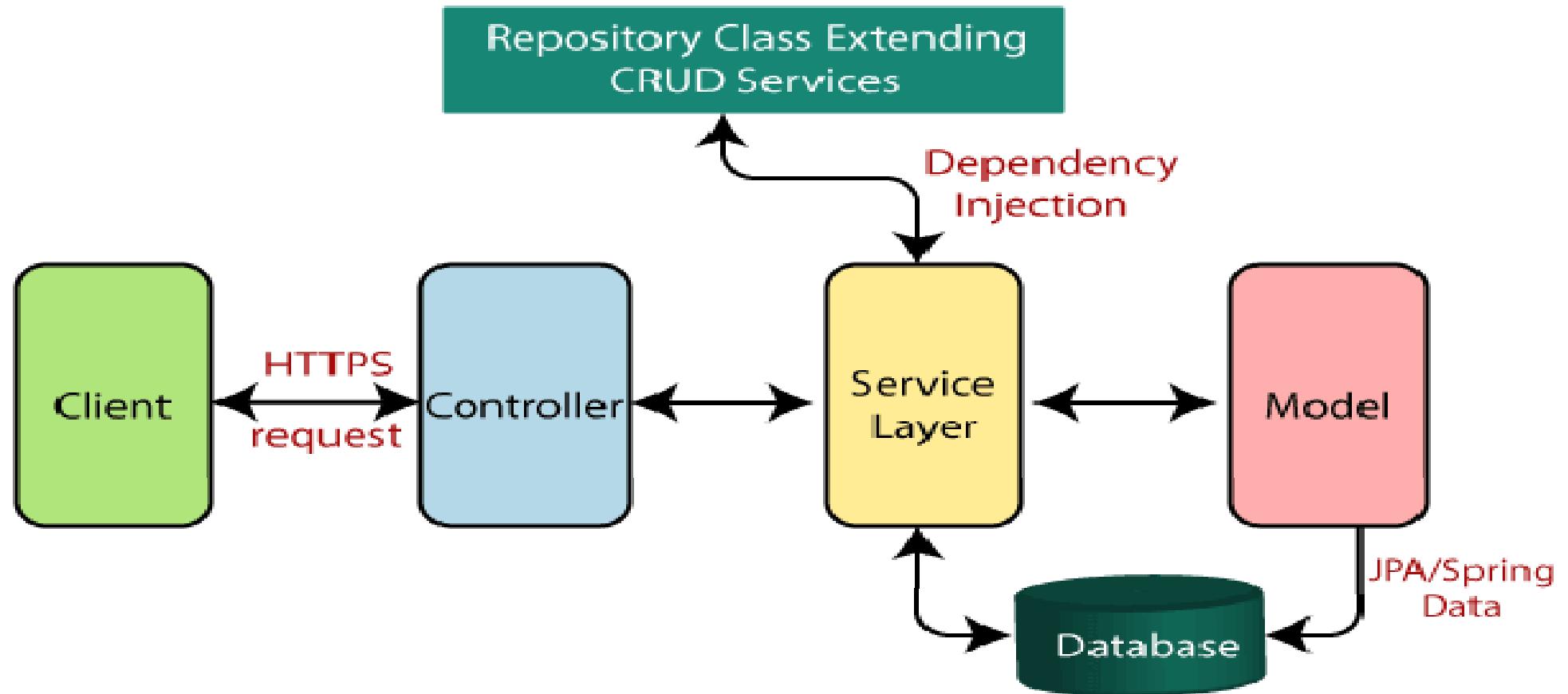
MAVEN



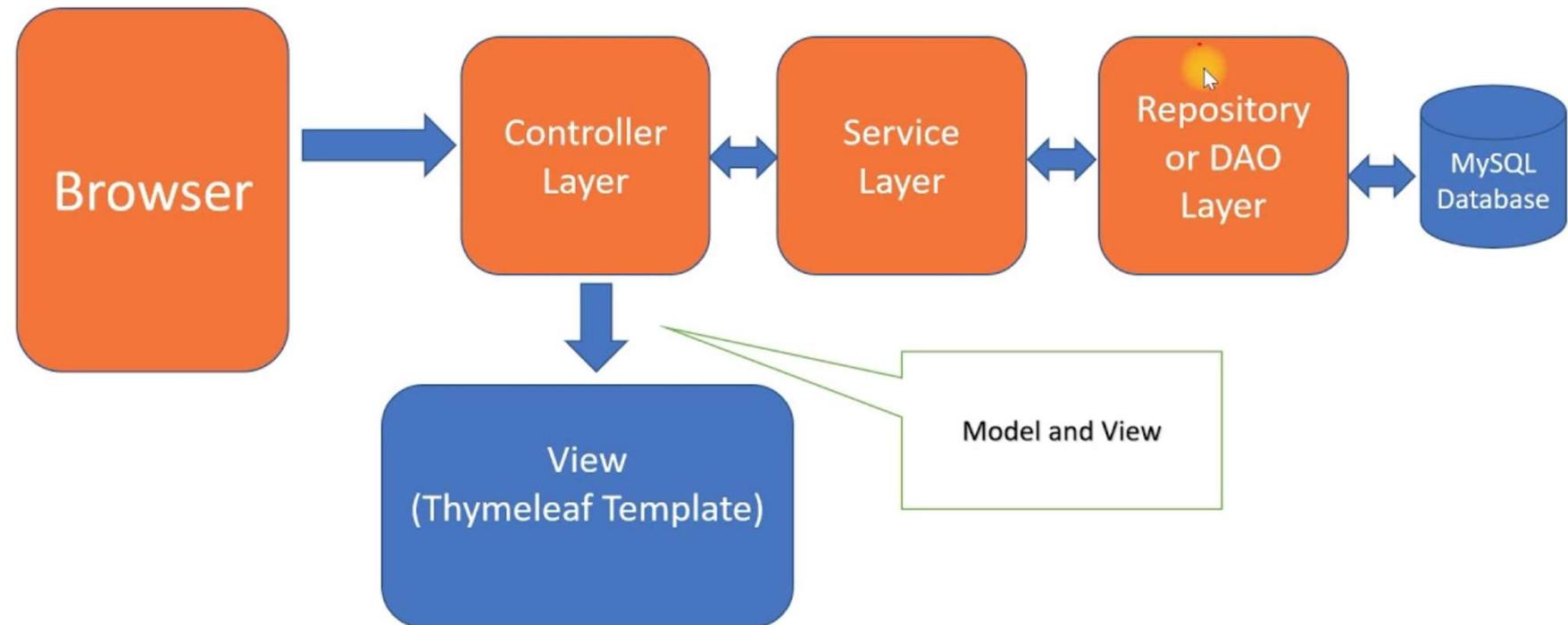
Popular



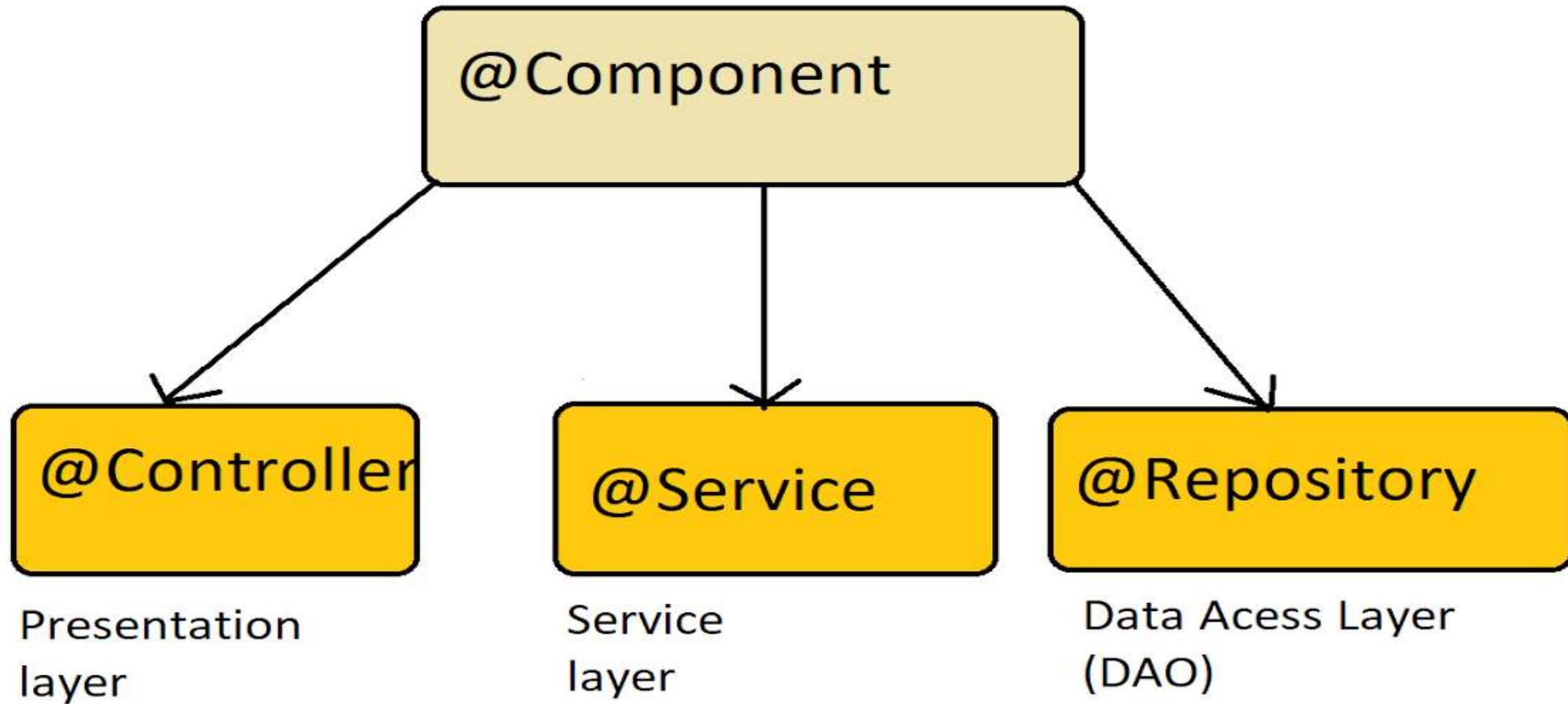
Spring Boot flow architecture



Spring Boot MVC Project Structure



Spring Boot Component



3/ API REST

HTTP Status Codes



HTTP STATUS CODES

2xx Success

200

Success / OK

3xx Redirection

301

Permanent Redirect

302

Temporary Redirect

304

Not Modified

4xx Client Error

401

Unauthorized Error

403

Forbidden

404

Not Found

405

Method Not Allowed

5xx Server Error

501

Not Implemented

502

Bad Gateway

503

Service Unavailable

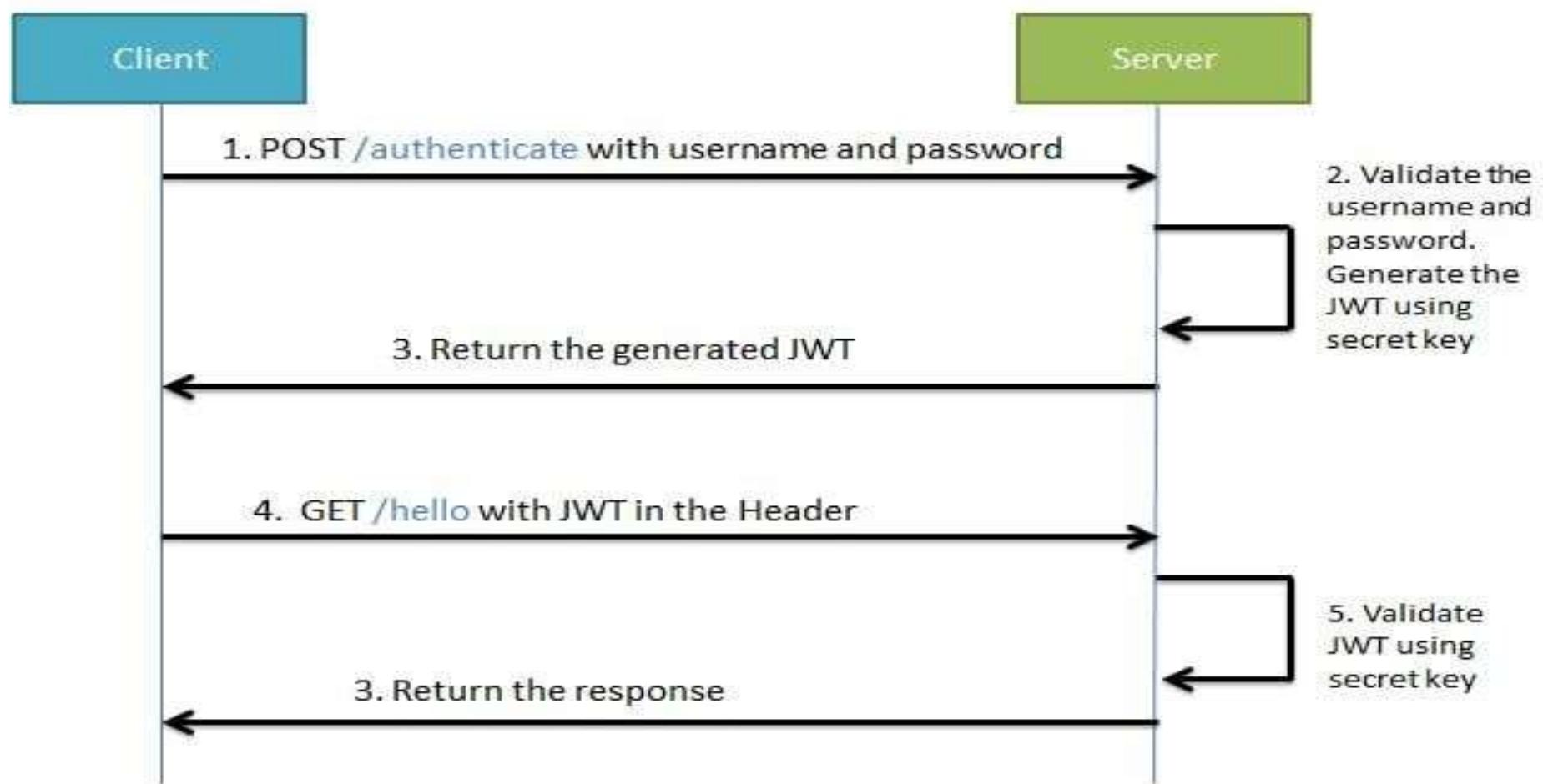
504

Gateway Timeout

HTTP Status Codes

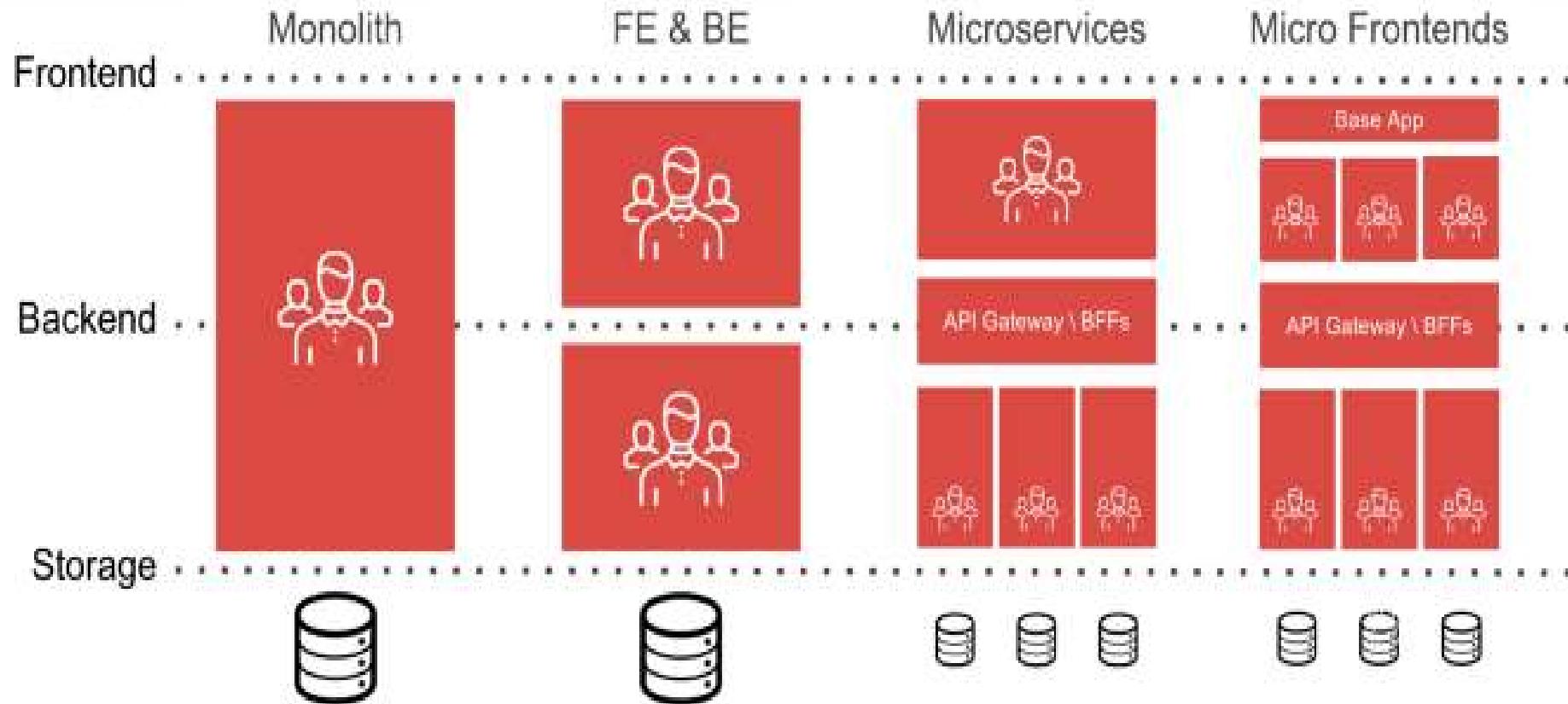
| Code | Description | Code | Description |
|------|--------------------|------|-----------------------|
| 200 | OK | 400 | Bad Request |
| 201 | Created | 401 | Unauthorized |
| 202 | Accepted | 403 | Forbidden |
| 301 | Moved Permanently | 404 | Not Found |
| 303 | See Other | 410 | Gone |
| 304 | Not Modified | 500 | Internal Server Error |
| 307 | Temporary Redirect | 503 | Service Unavailable |

API Sécurité avec JWT



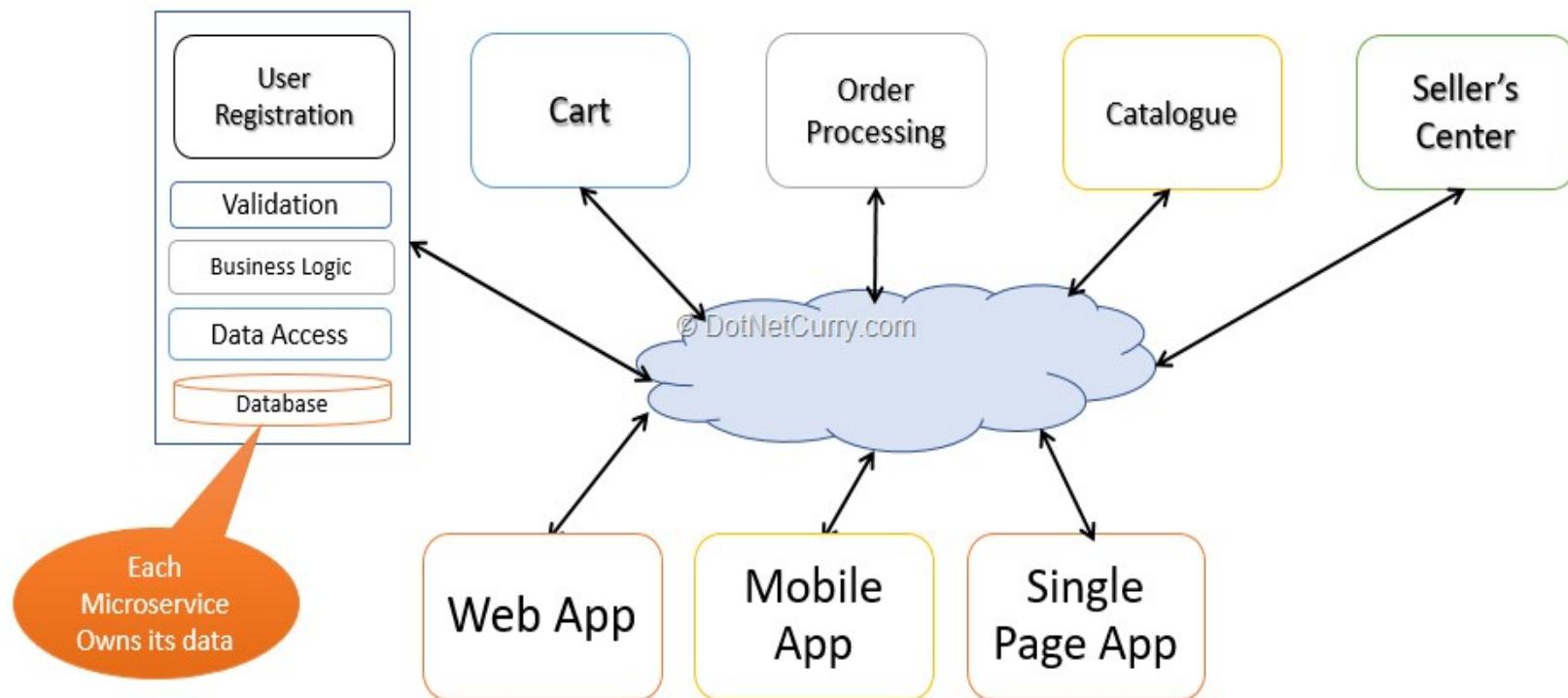
4/ MicroServices

Architecture et Evolution du Monolith vers les MicroServices

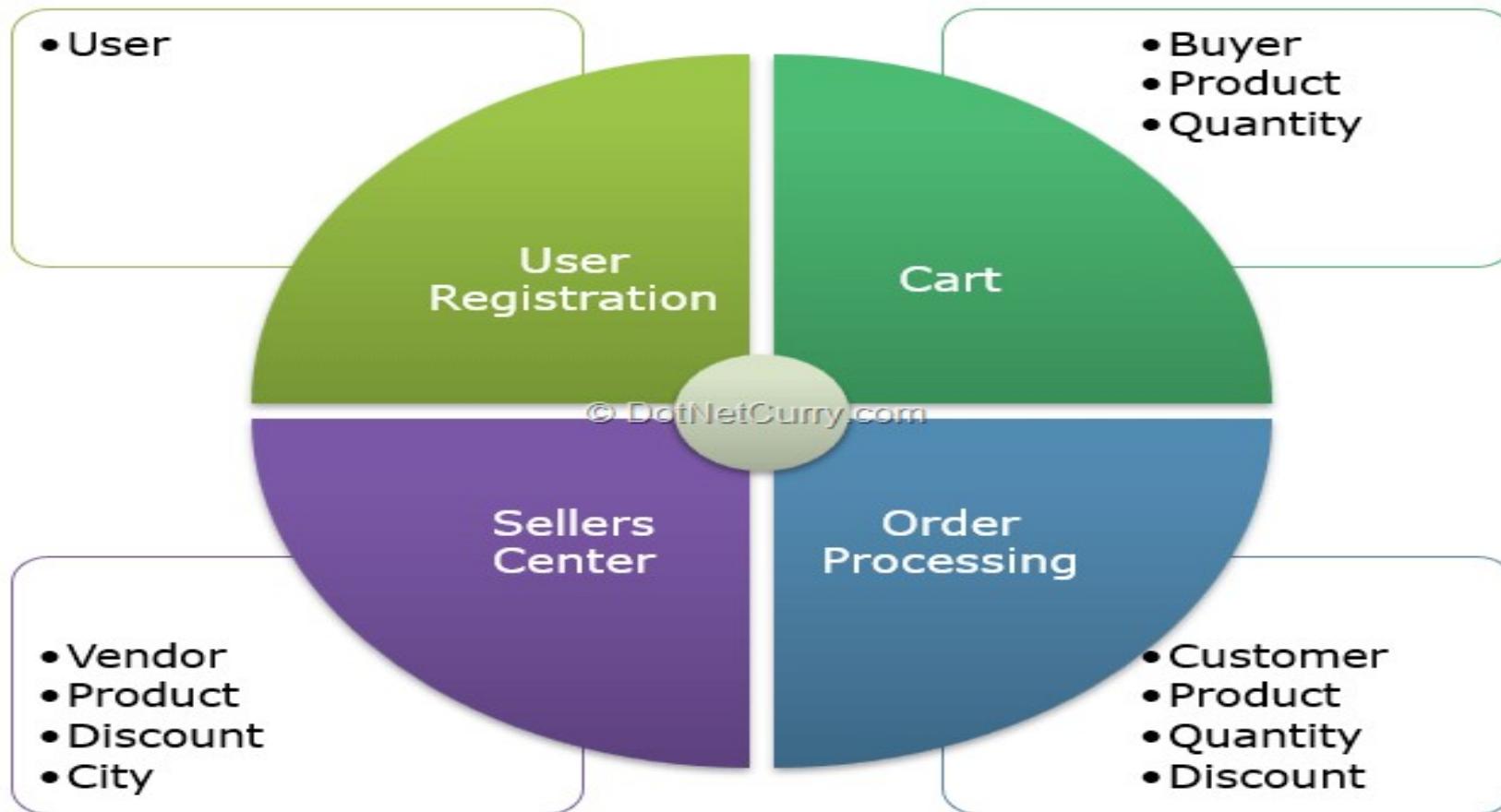


Architecture Microservices / Découpage

Logical Structure of a Microservice



Architecture Microservices / Découpage

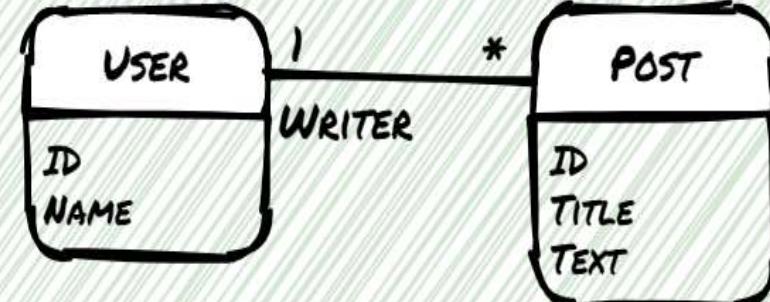


Architecture Microservices / Découpage

USER DOMAIN



POST DOMAIN

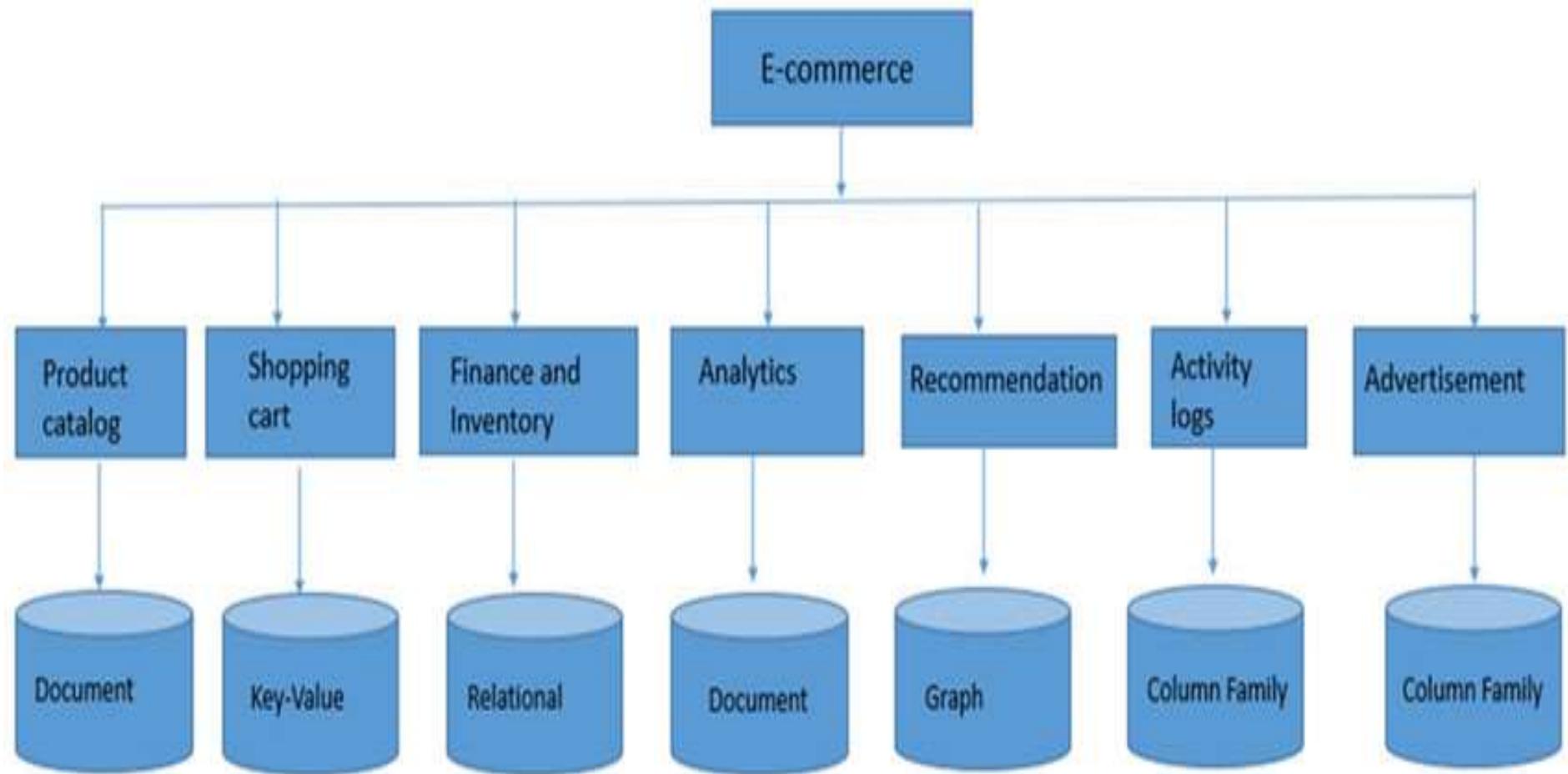


Architecture Microservices : Polyglot Persistence



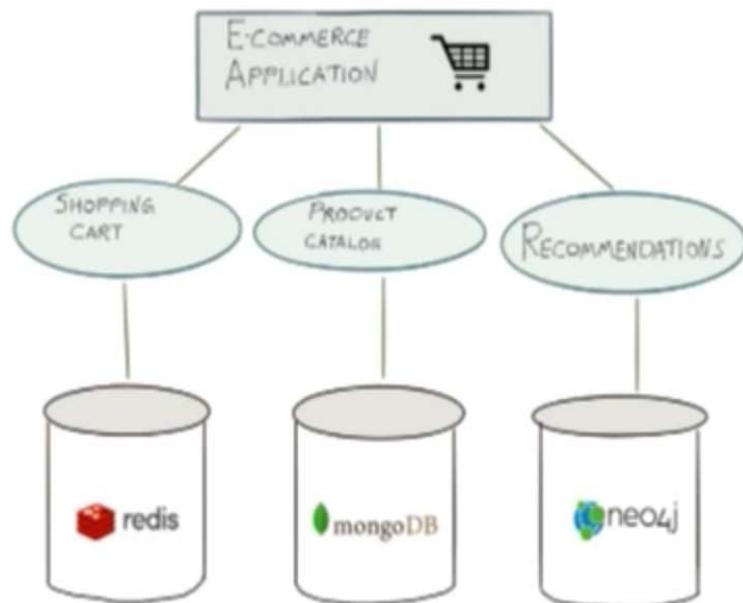
- Different types of data in different ways
- Take advantage of strengths of different databases

Architecture Microservices : Polyglot Persistence



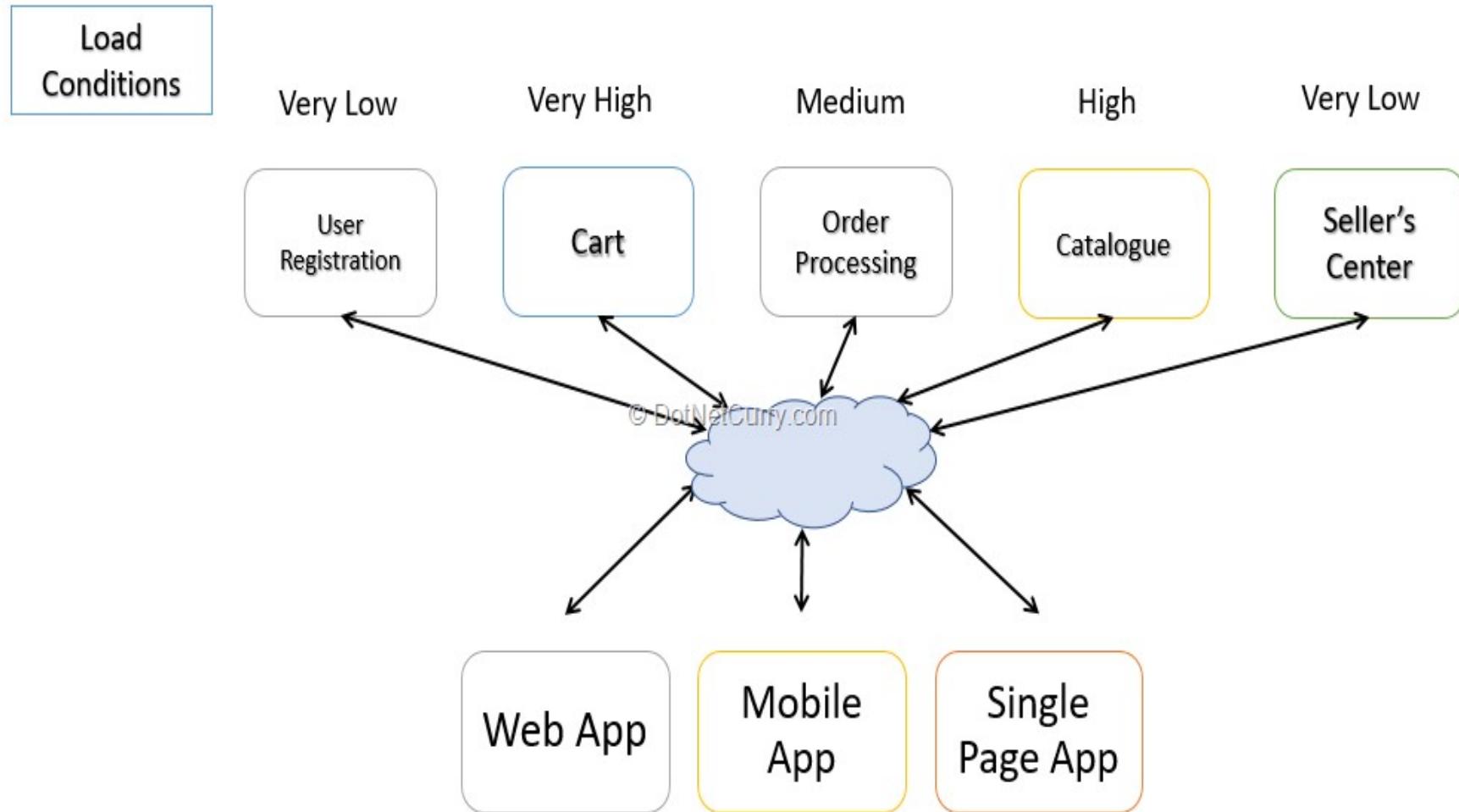
Architecture Microservices : Polyglot Persistence

Polyglot Persistence

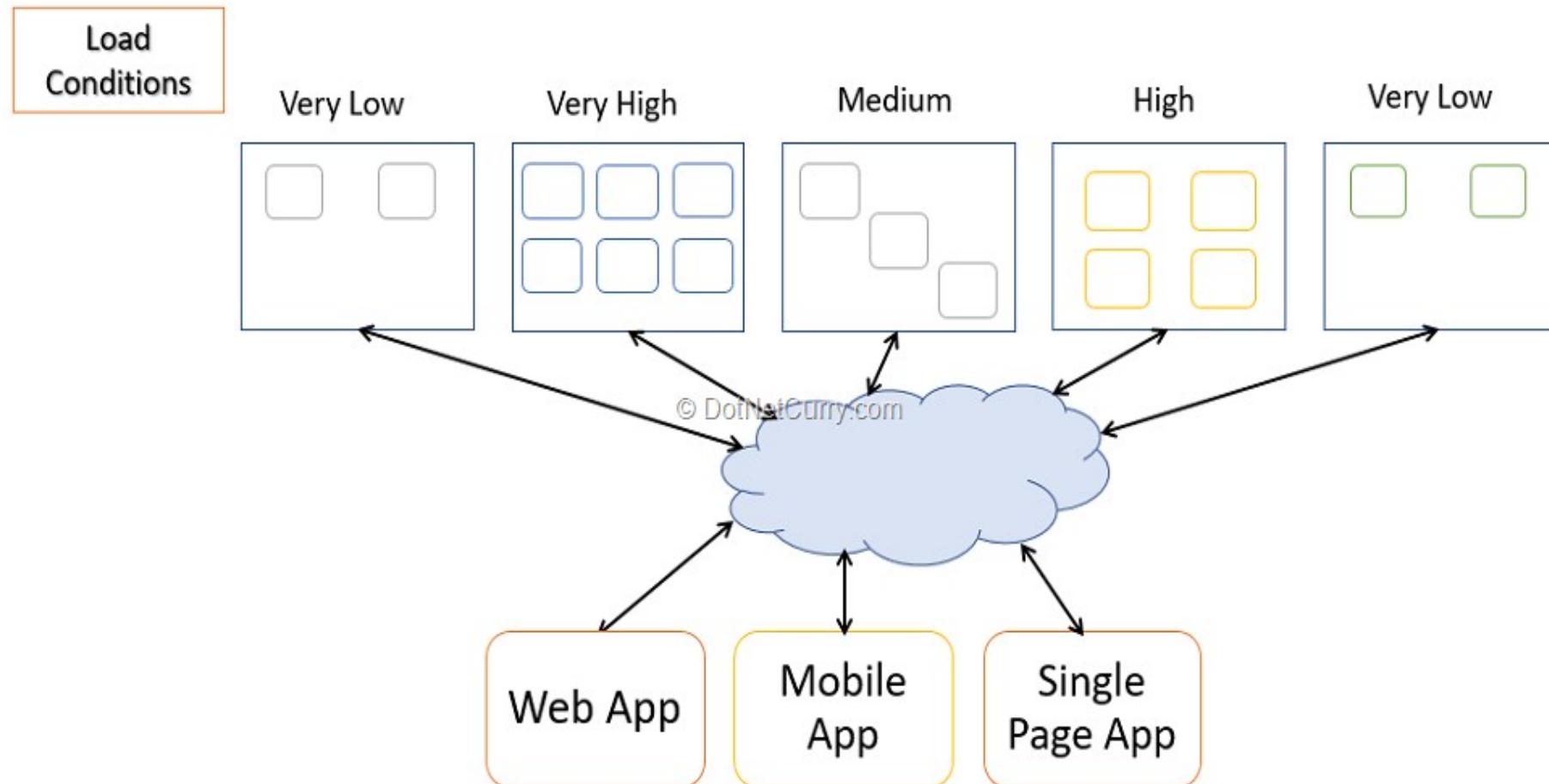


| Functionality | Database type |
|---------------------------------|--|
| <i>Shopping Cart</i> | <i>Rapid session reads / writes</i> Key-value store |
| <i>Orders / Product Catalog</i> | <i>Frequent reads</i> Document |
| <i>Customer social graph</i> | <i>Recommendation</i> Graph |

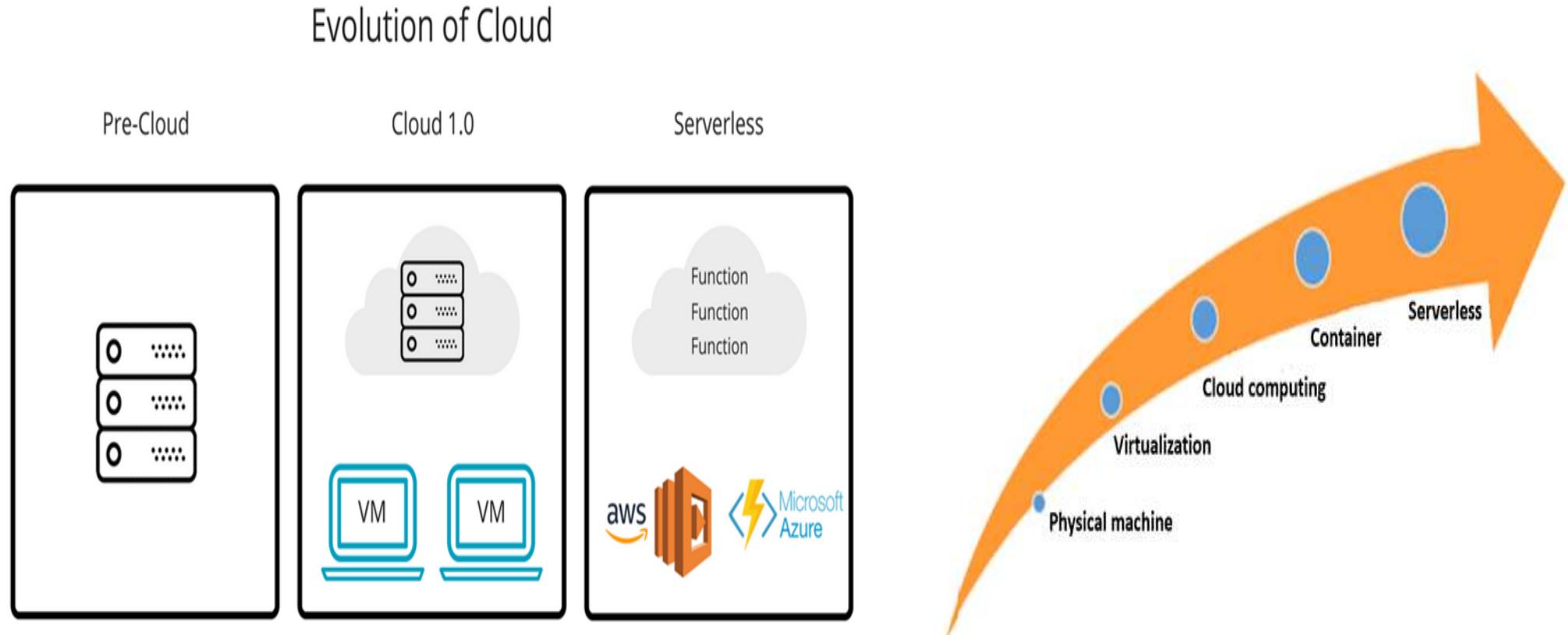
Architecture Microservices : Charge et Scaling



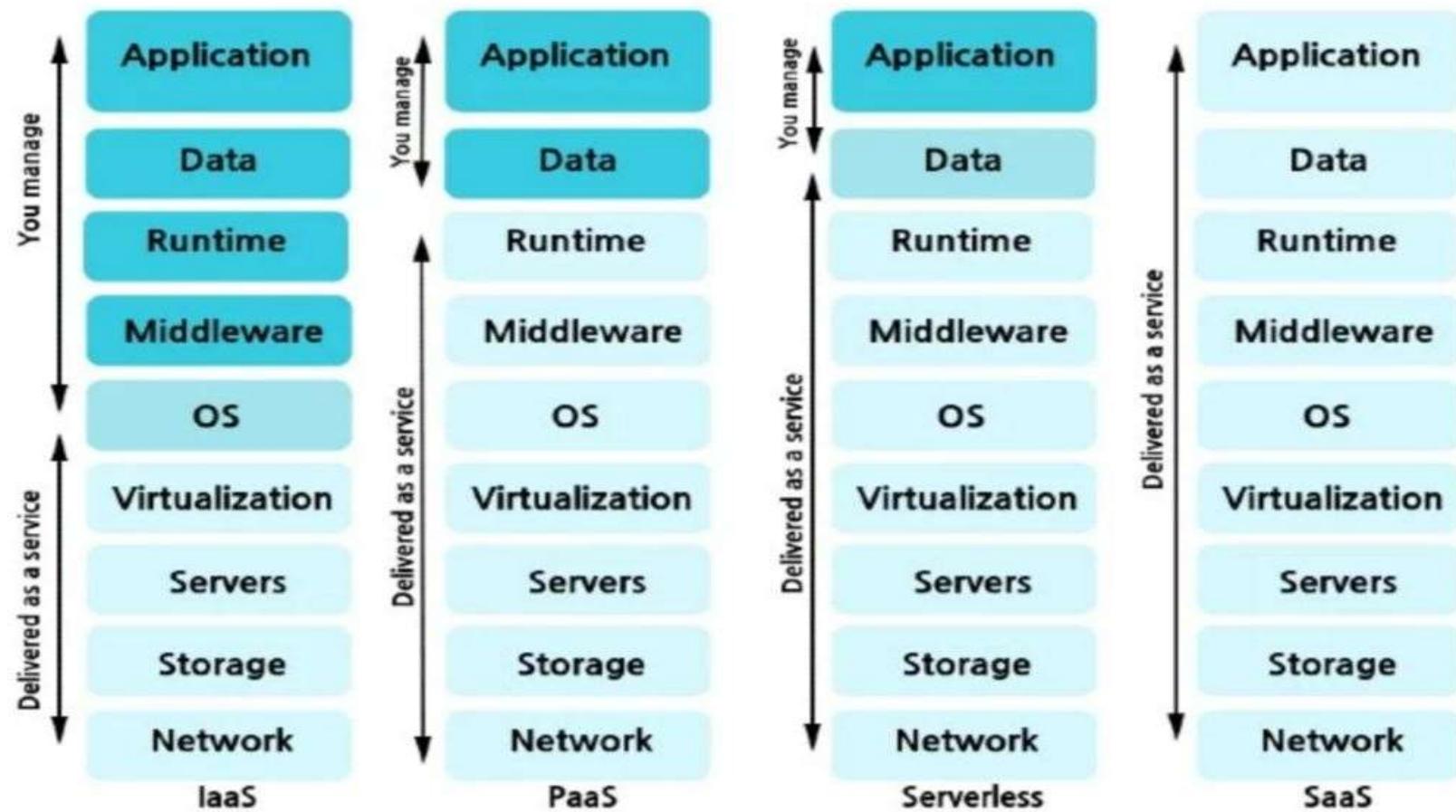
Architecture Microservices : Charge et Scaling/ Instances



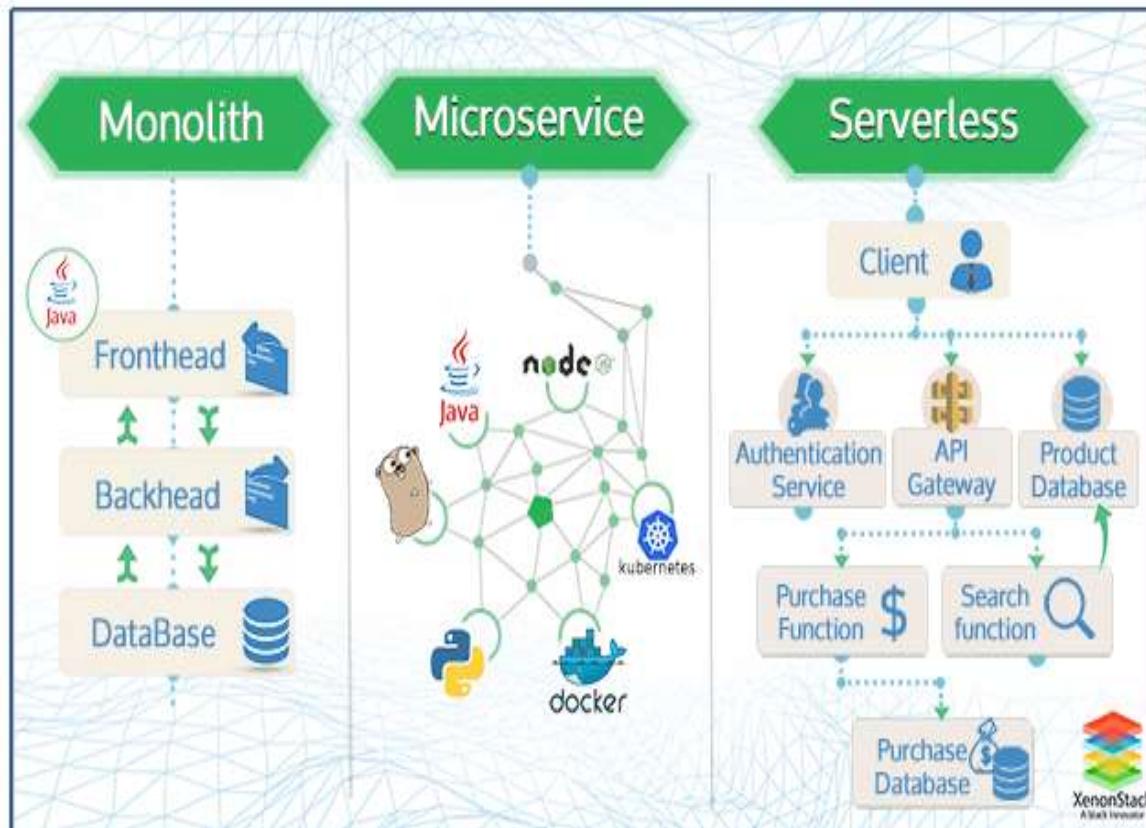
Architecture : Traditional vs Serverless



Architecture : CLOUD Evolution



Architecture : Traditional vs Serverless



21

Architecture : Traditional vs Serverless

Avantages de l'architecture sans serveur

- **Productivité :**

les développeurs peuvent se concentrer sur leur produit principal au lieu de se soucier de la gestion et de l'exploitation des serveurs ou des environnements d'exécution. Cela réduit les frais généraux et permet aux développeurs de récupérer du temps et de l'énergie qui peuvent être consacrés au développement d'excellents produits évolutifs et fiables.

- **Mise à l'échelle :**

l'application peut être mise à l'échelle automatiquement ou en ajustant sa capacité via une valeur seuil, en fonction des unités de consommation (par exemple, débit, mémoire) plutôt que des unités de serveurs individuels. Et vous devez payer pour un débit ou une durée d'exécution constants plutôt que par unités de serveur individuelles. Pas besoin de s'inquiéter du nombre de requêtes simultanées.

- **Disponibilité :**

nous n'avons pas à nous soucier des capacités ou du besoin d'architecturer les choses, cela est automatisé du côté du fournisseur. Ils offrent une disponibilité et une tolérance aux pannes intégrées pour les services.

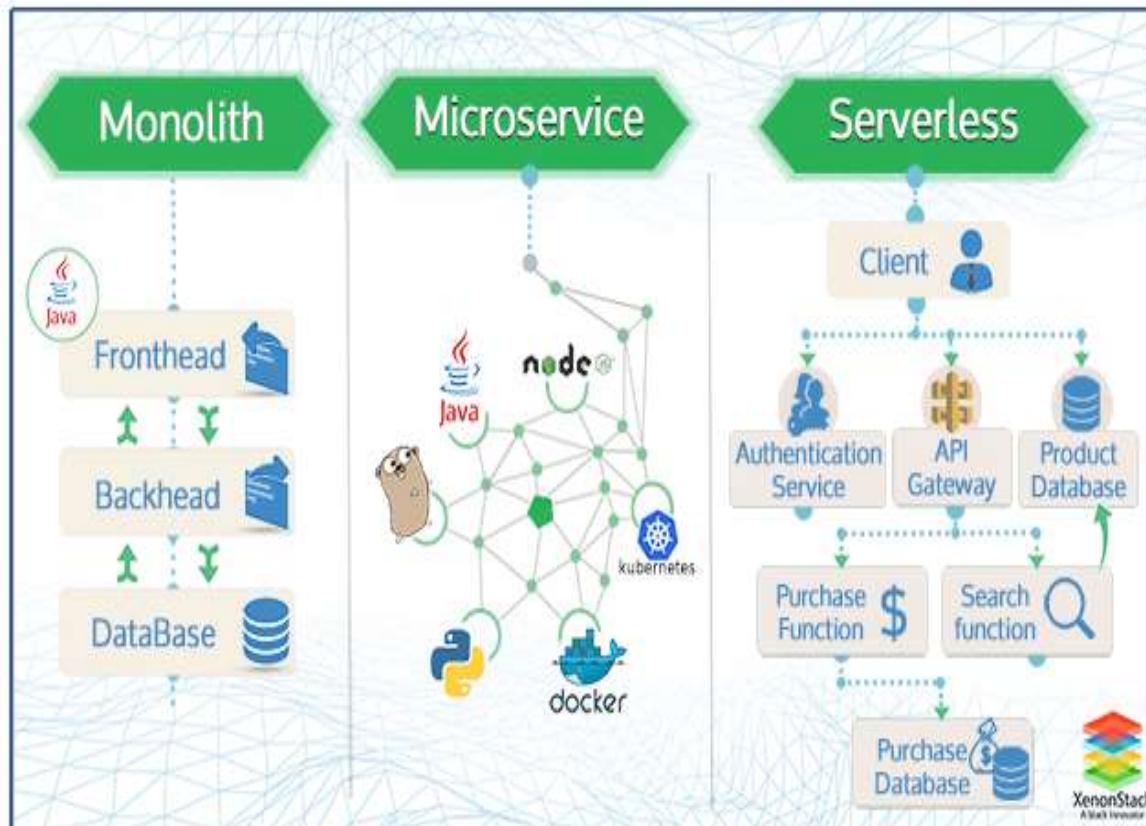
- **Payer à l'utilisation :**

cela ne vous coûte rien de courir si personne ne l'utilise. Inconsciemment, hors frais de stockage de données. Il réduit les coûts d'exploitation en termes d'infrastructure et d'exploitation. Le coût est basé sur le nombre d'exécutions de fonction, mesuré en millisecondes au lieu d'heures.

- **Agilité :**

Des unités déployables plus petites permettent une livraison plus rapide des fonctionnalités sur le marché, augmentant la capacité d'adaptation au changement.

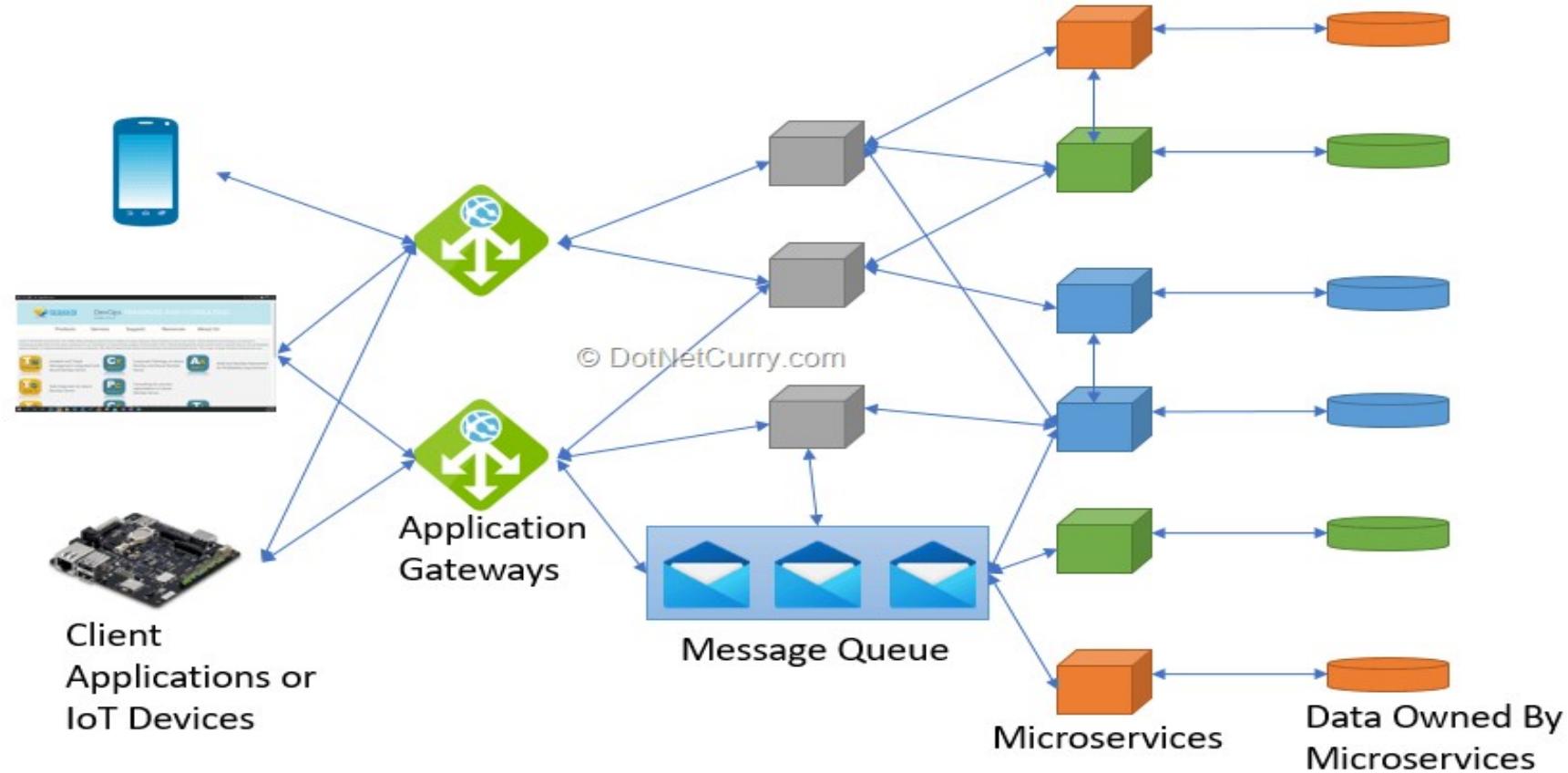
Architecture : Traditional vs Serverless



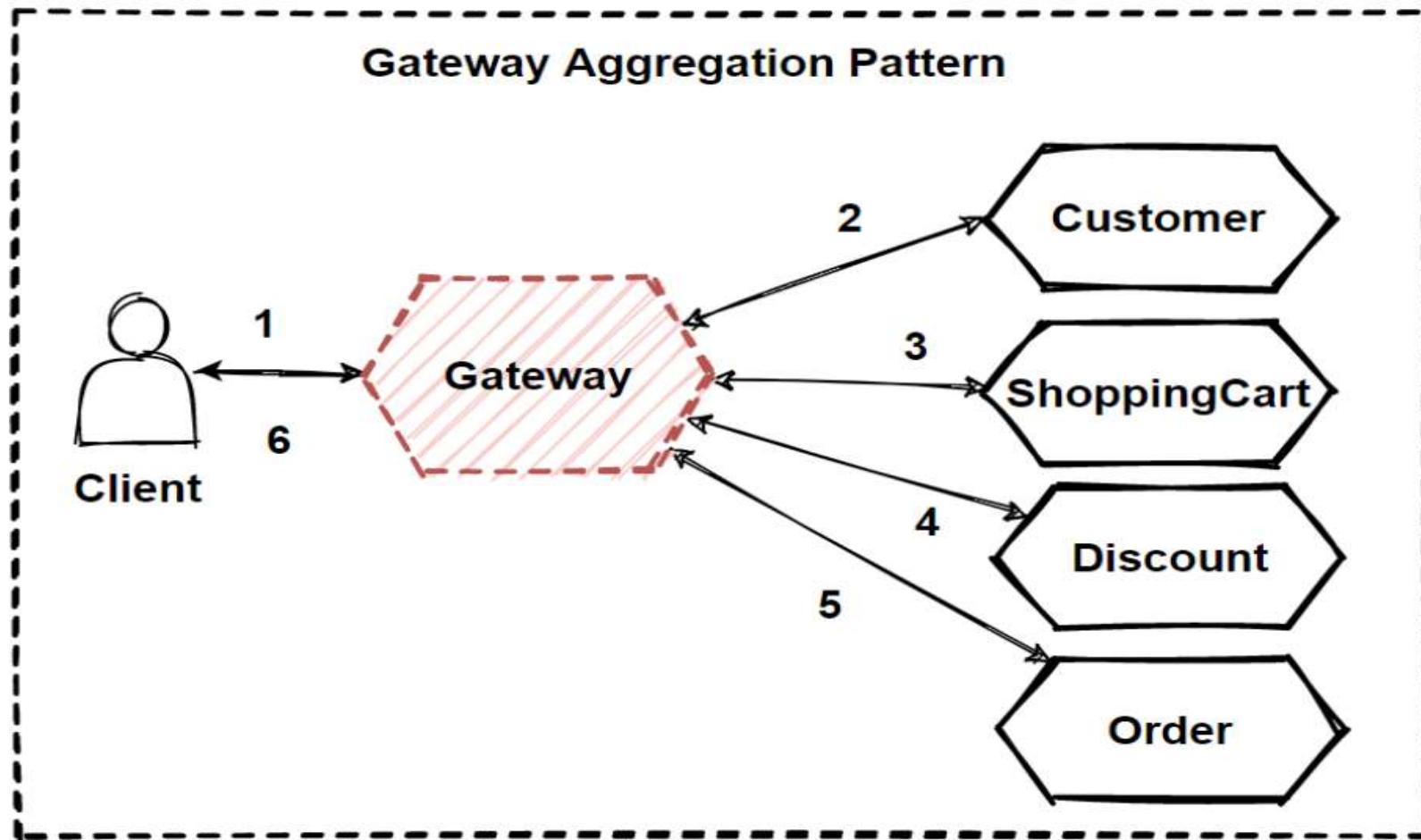
21

Architecture Microservices : Application Gateways / API Gateways / Events Bus

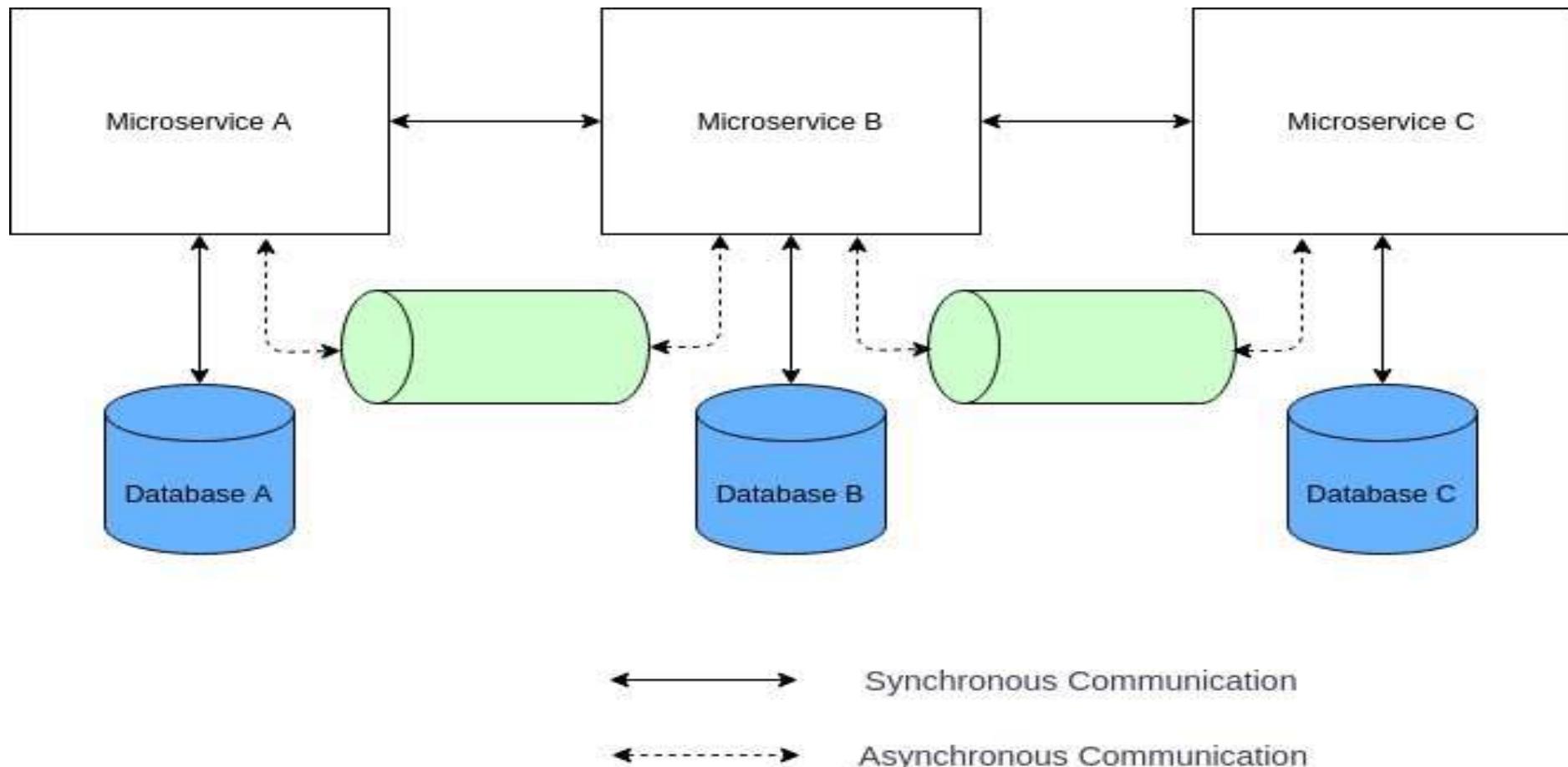
API Gateway



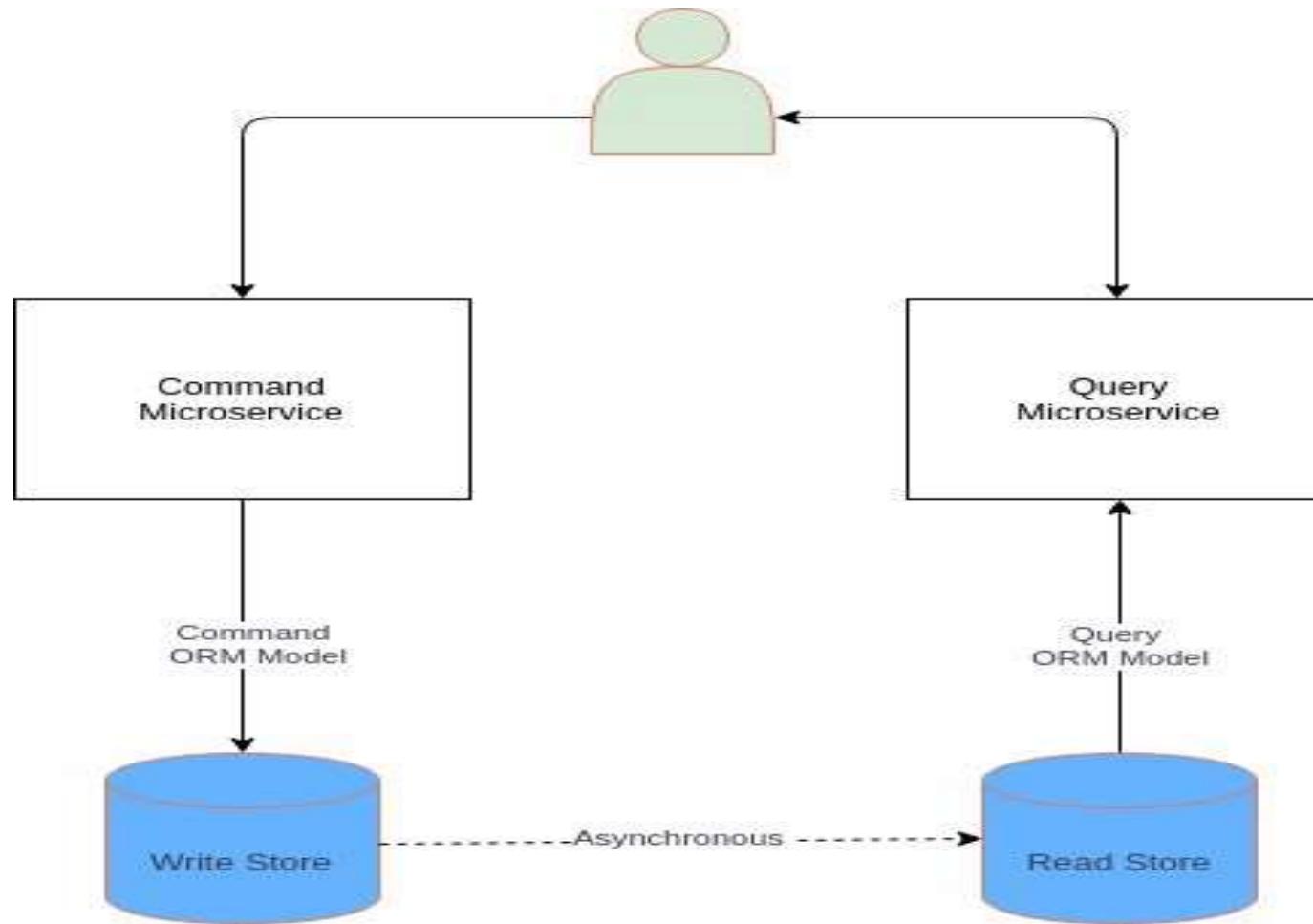
Architecture Microservices : Application Gateways / API Gateways / Events Bus



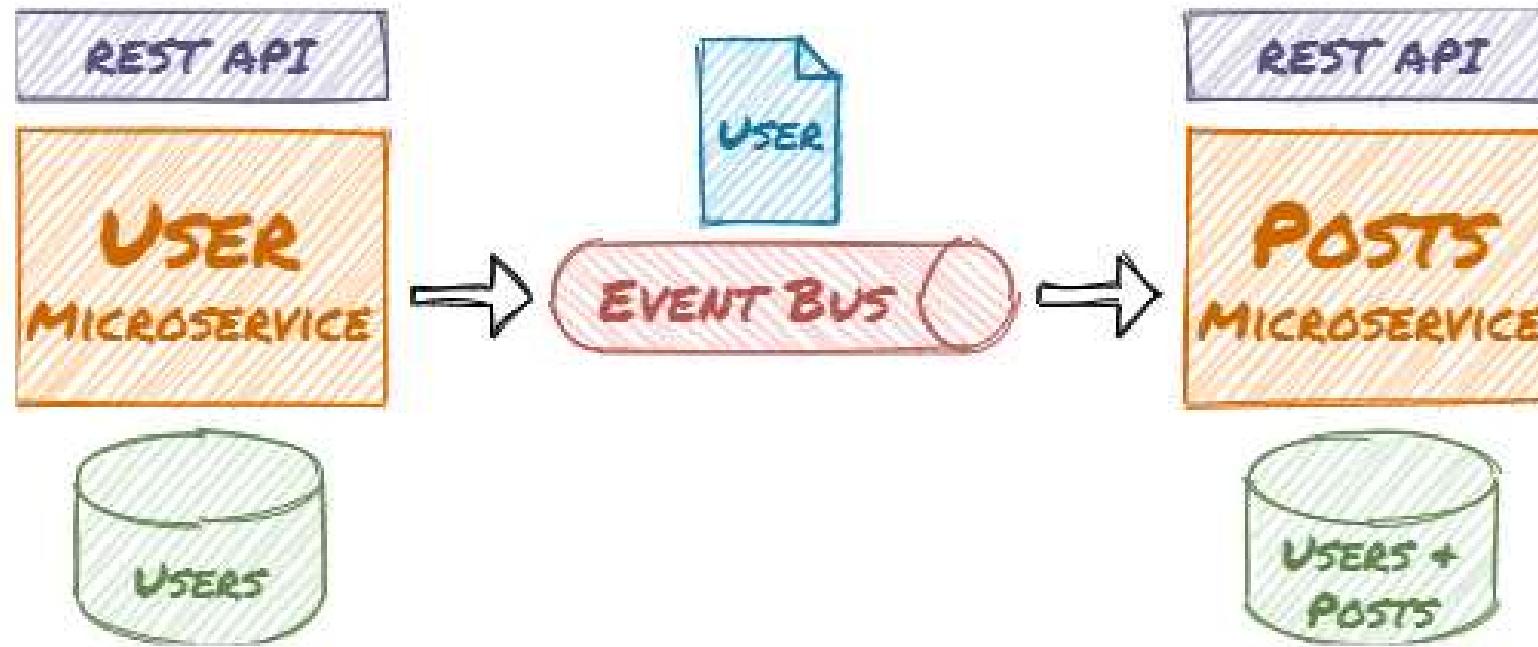
Architecture Microservices : Application Gateways / API Gateways / Events Bus



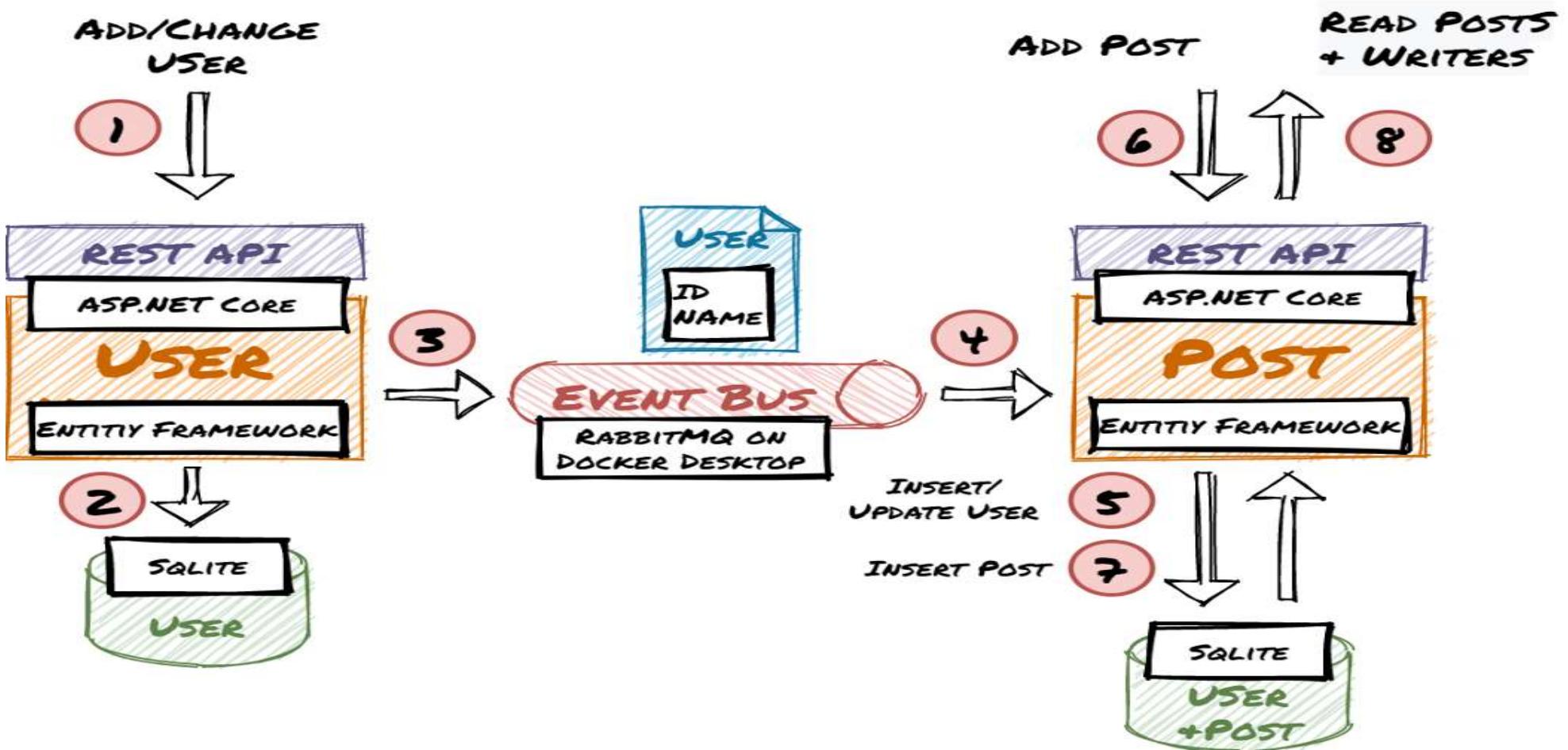
Architecture Microservices : Application Gateways / API Gateways / Events Bus



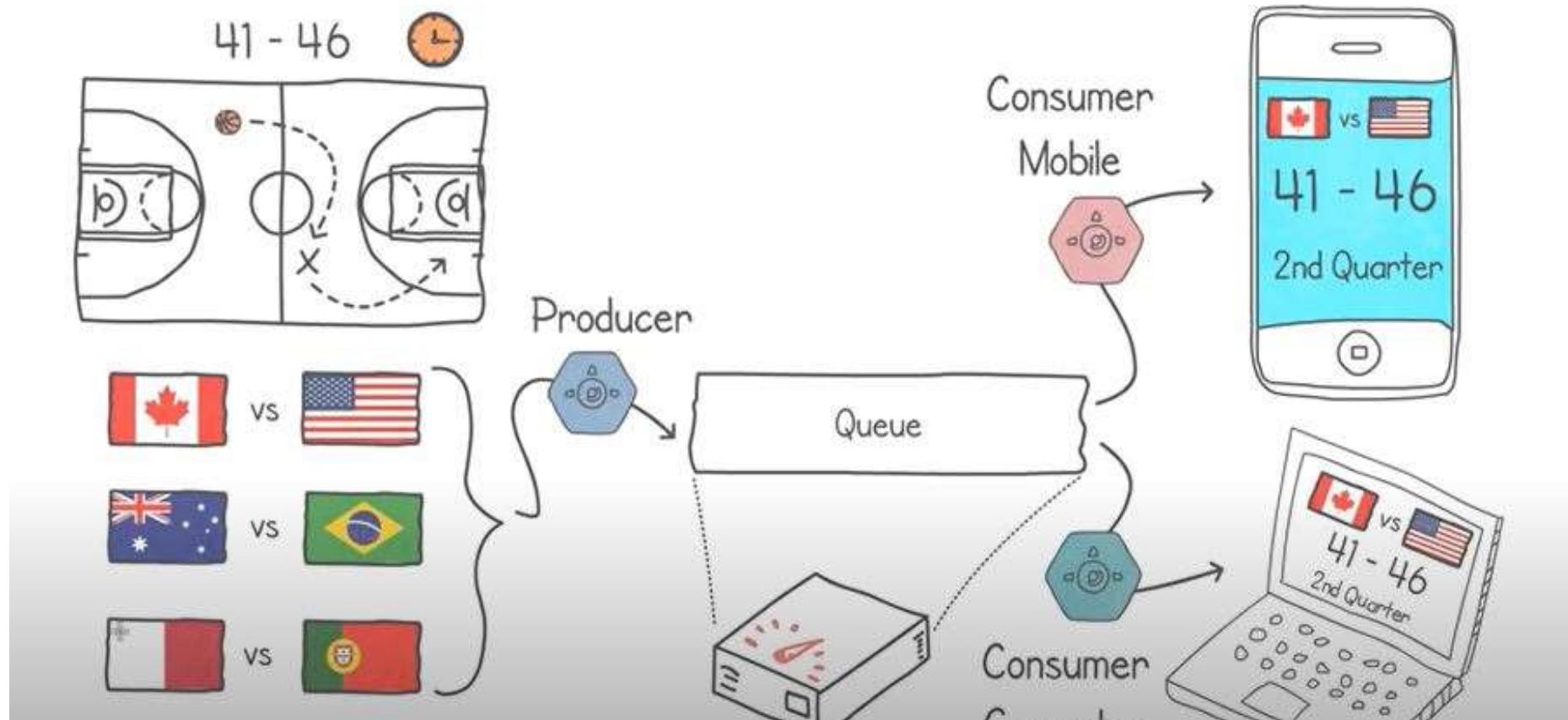
Architecture Microservices Events



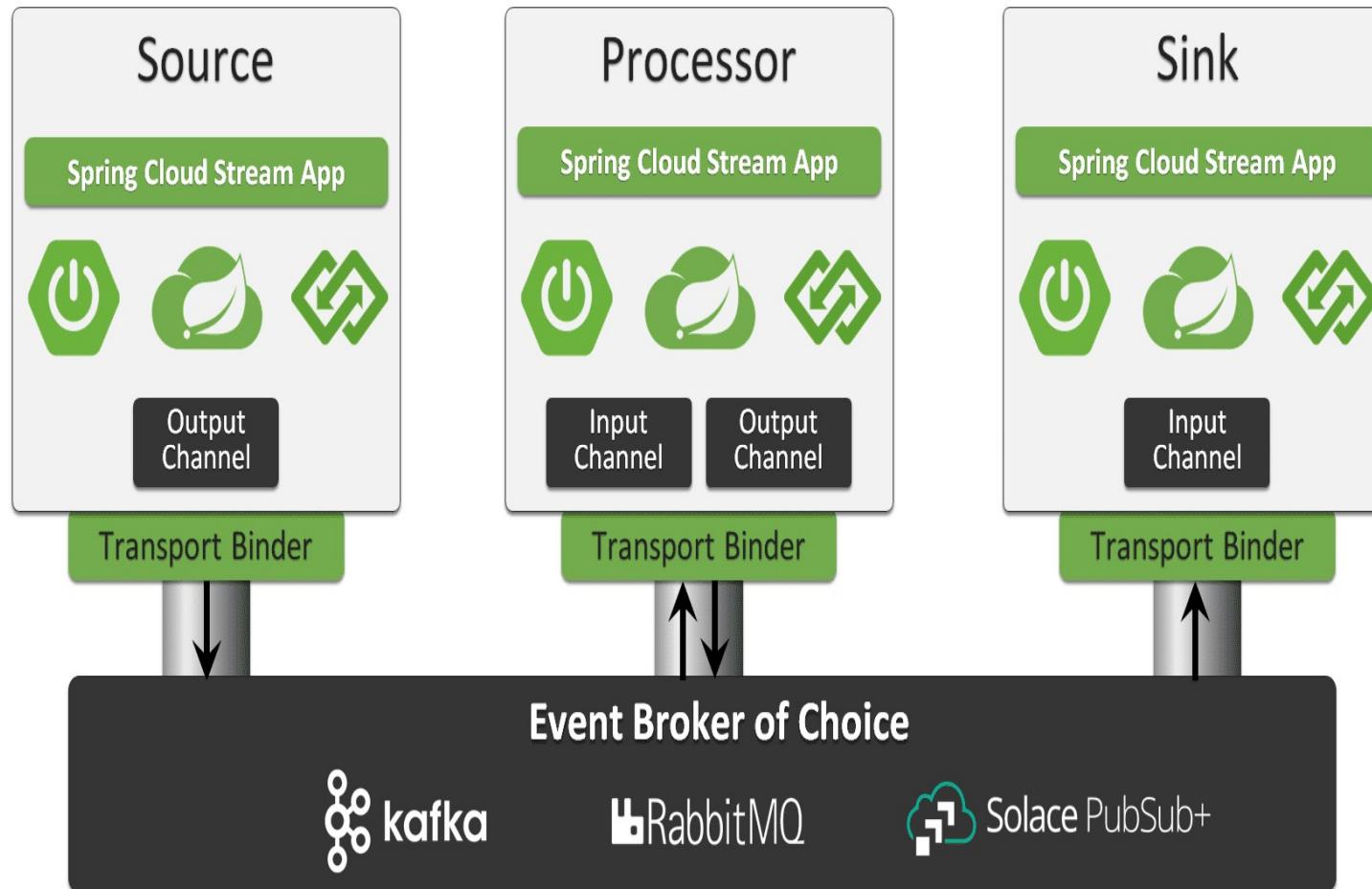
Architecture Microservices Events



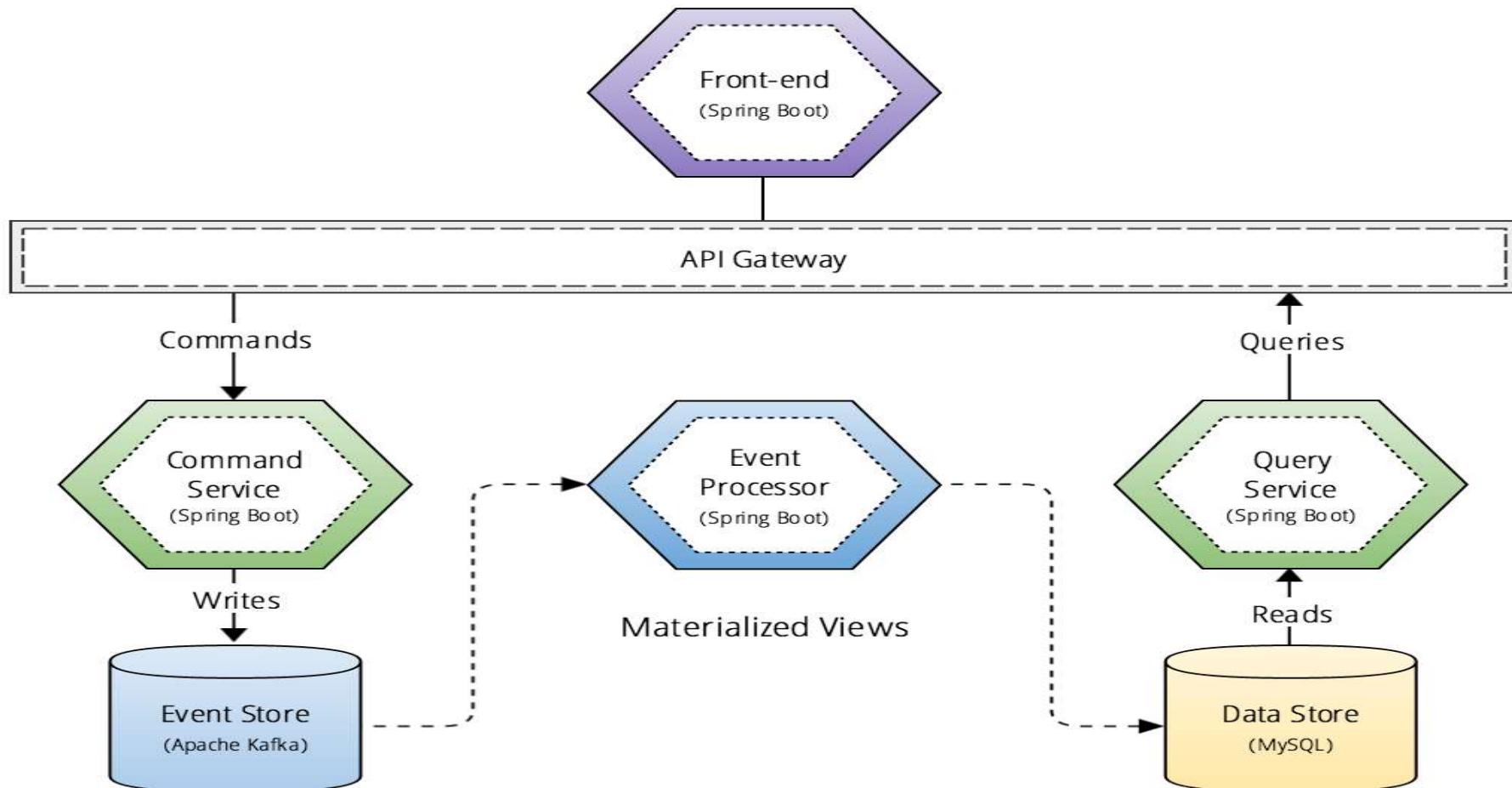
Architecture Microservices Events with KAFKA



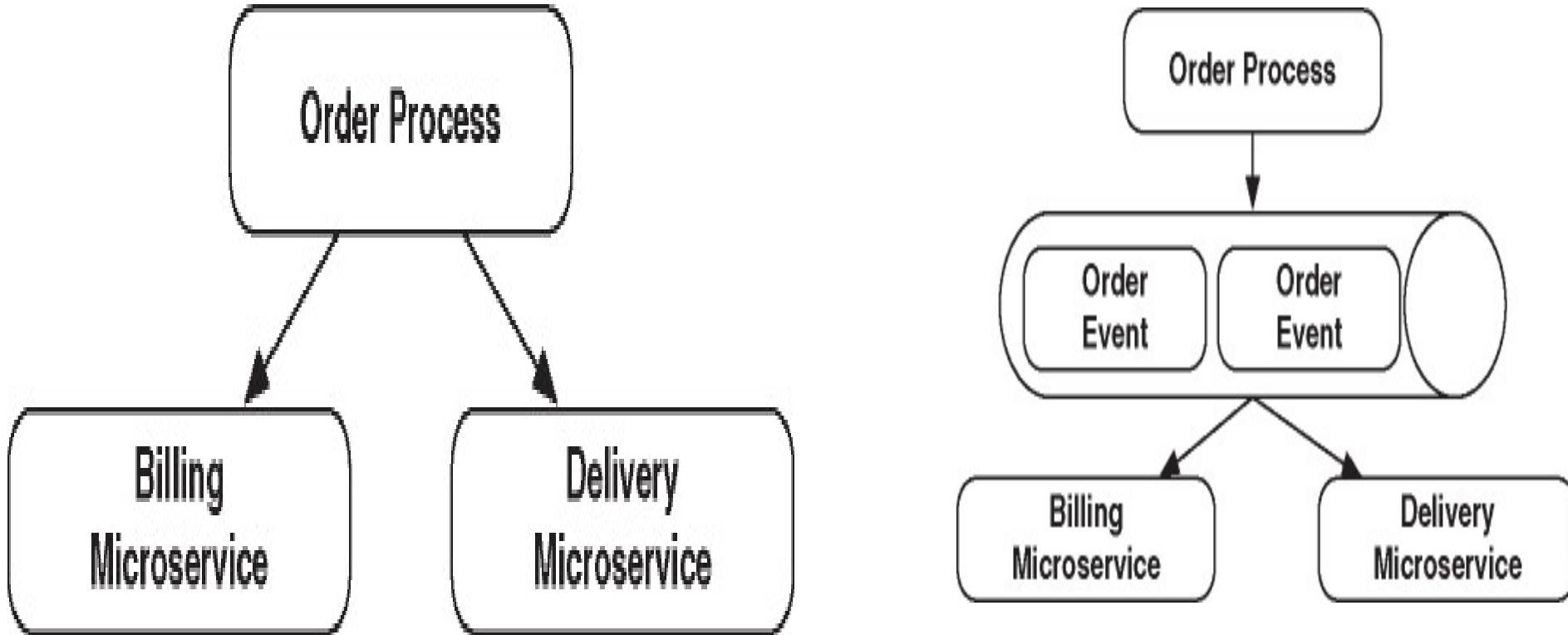
Architecture Microservices Events



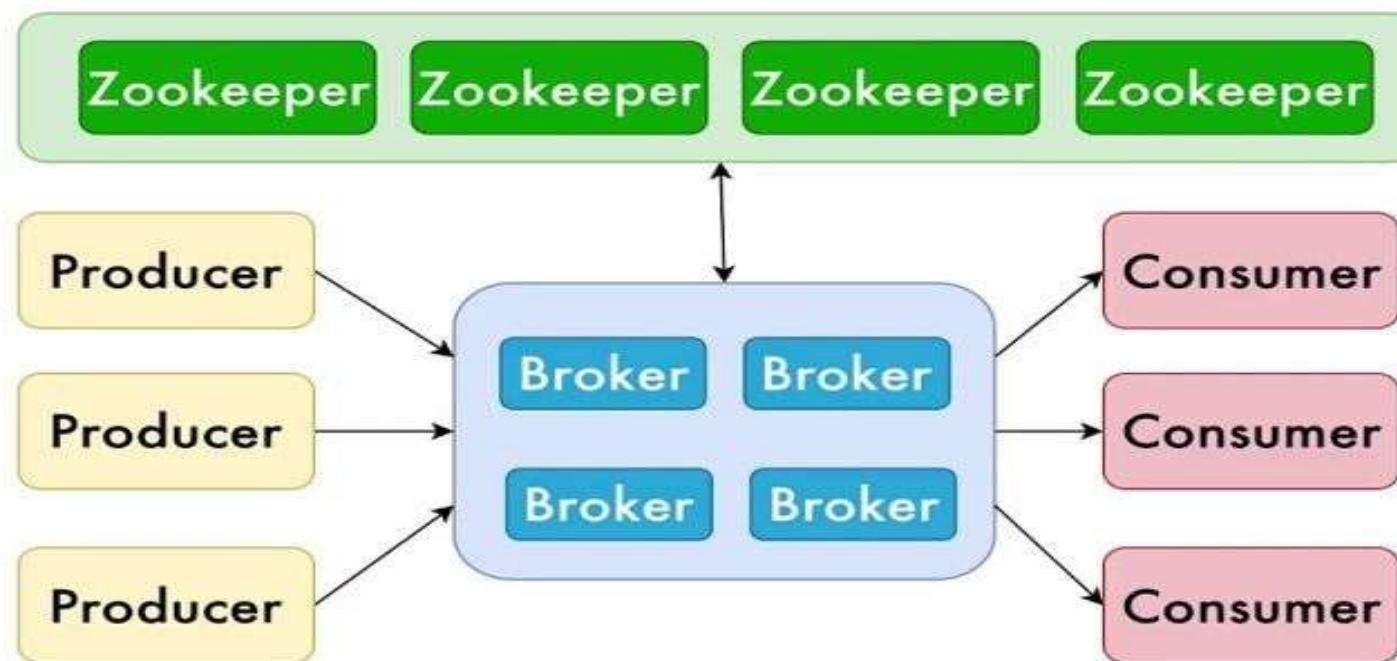
Architecture Microservices Events



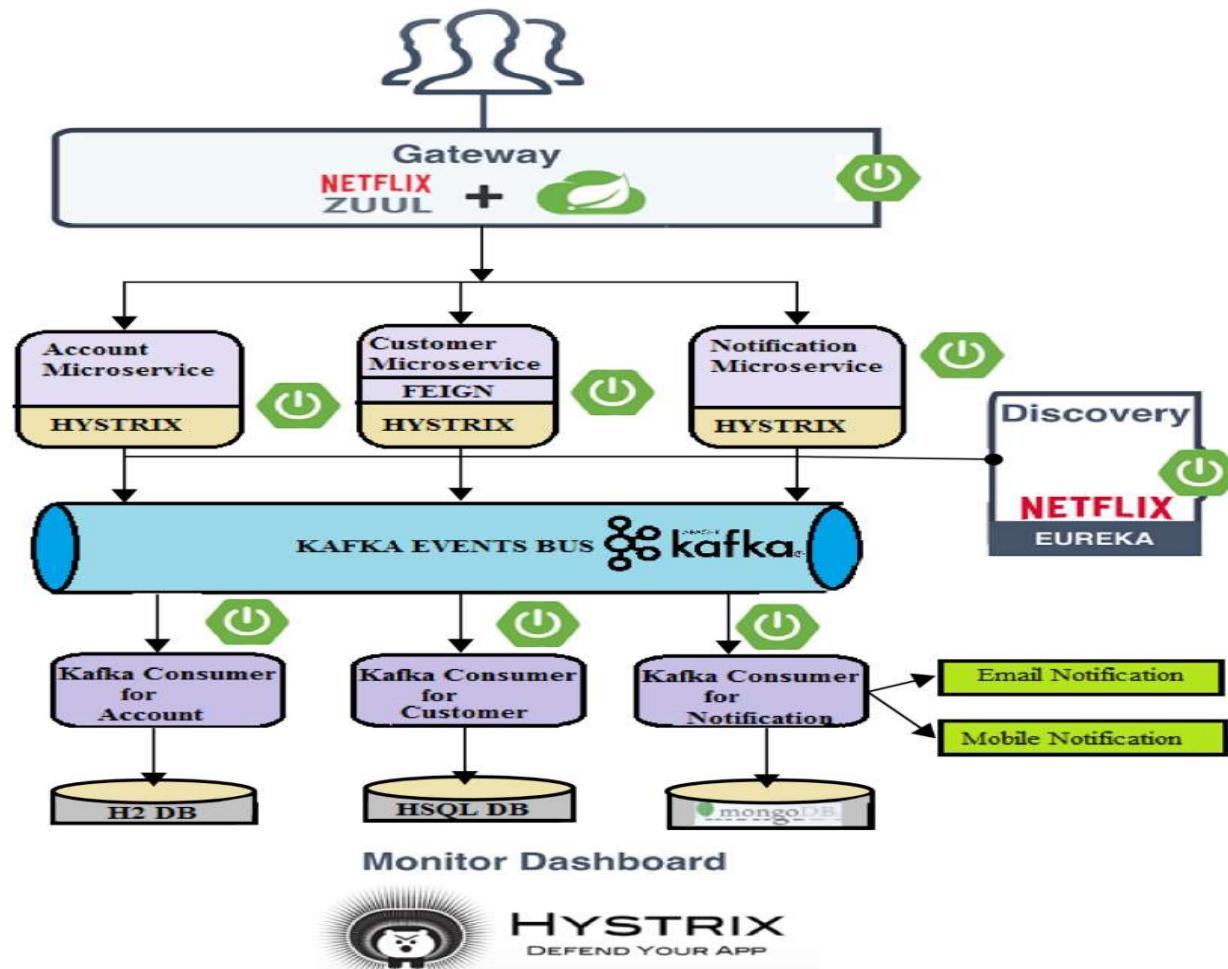
Architecture Microservices Events



Zookeeper cluster (ensemble)

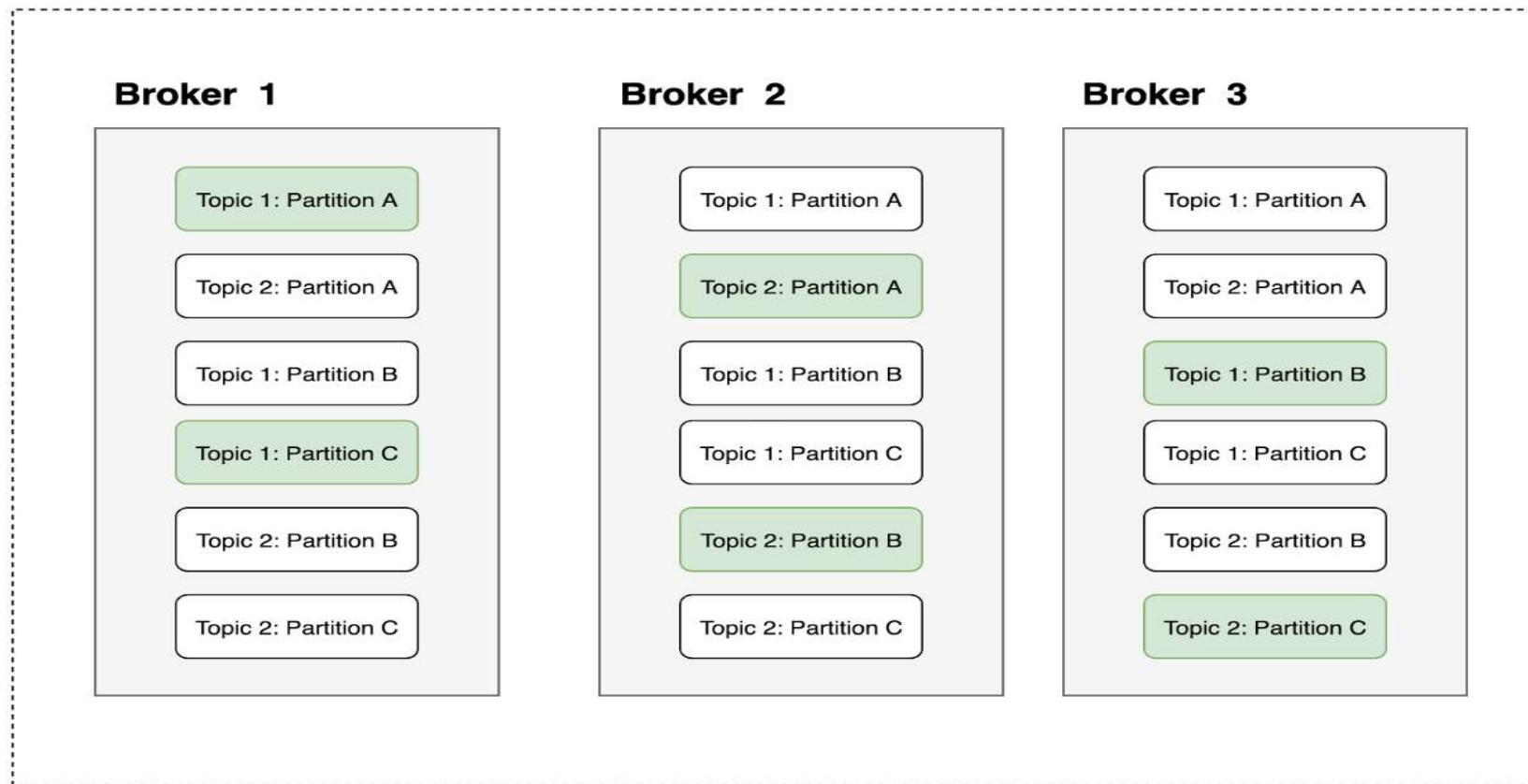


Architecture Microservices Events with KAFKA

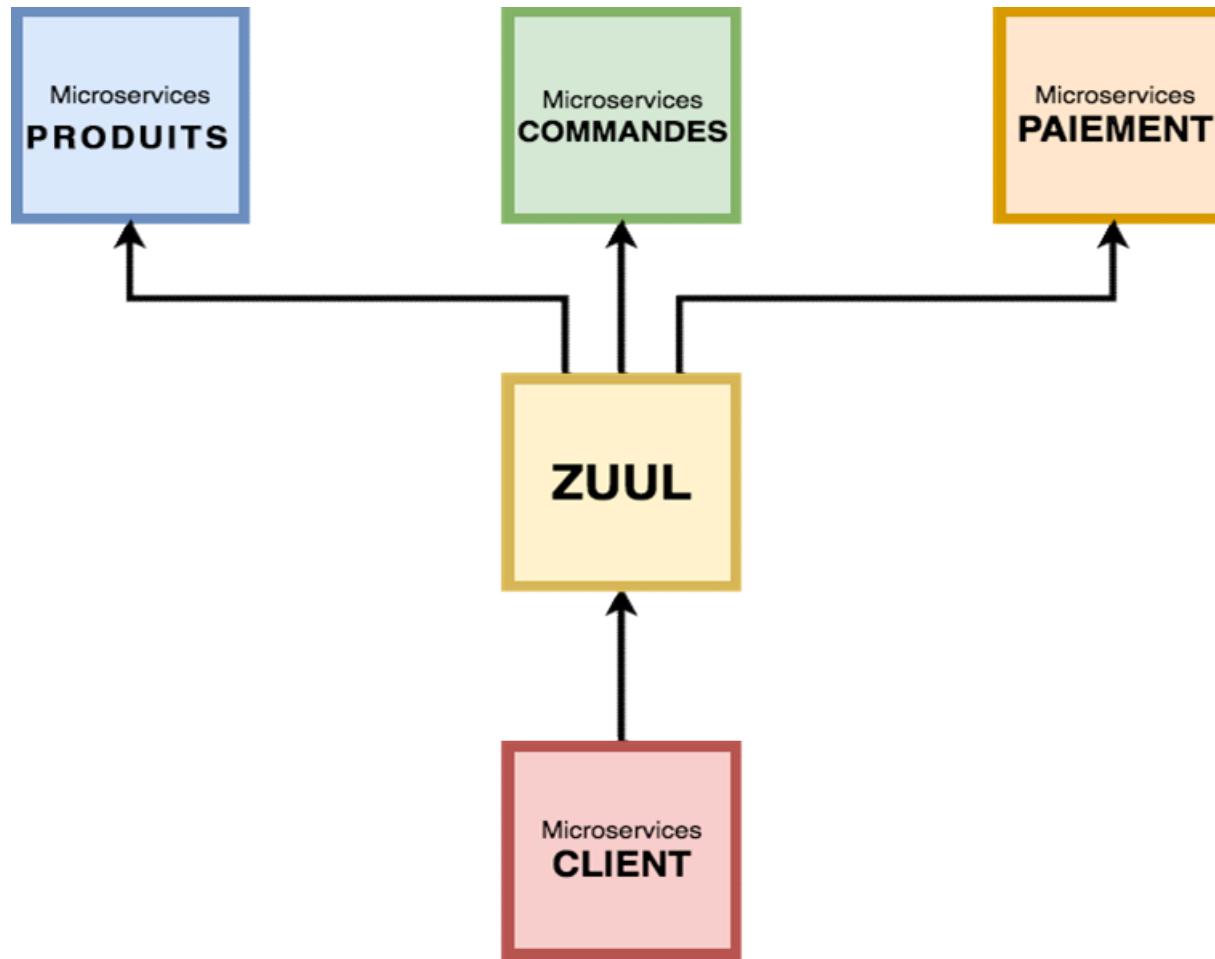


Architecture Microservices Events with KAFKA

Kafka Cluster

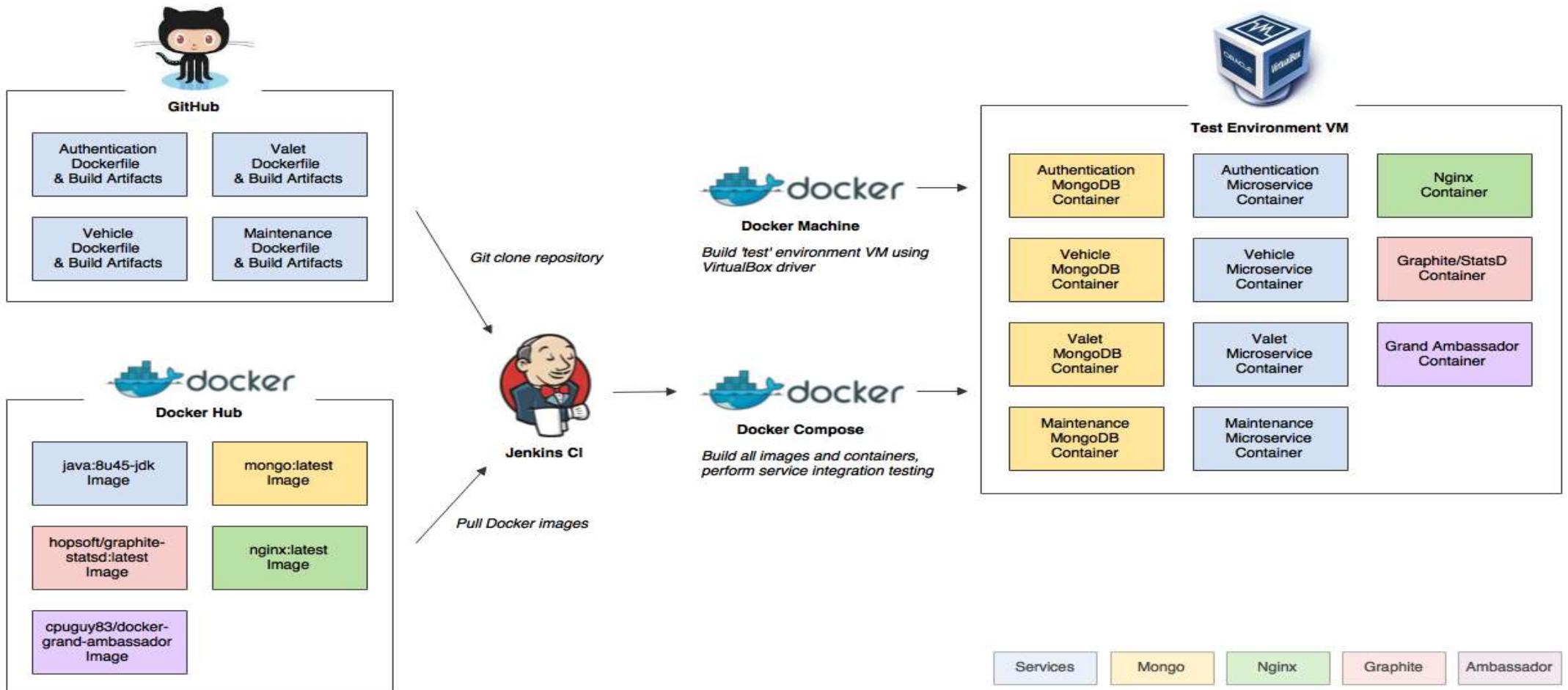


Avec API GATEWAY

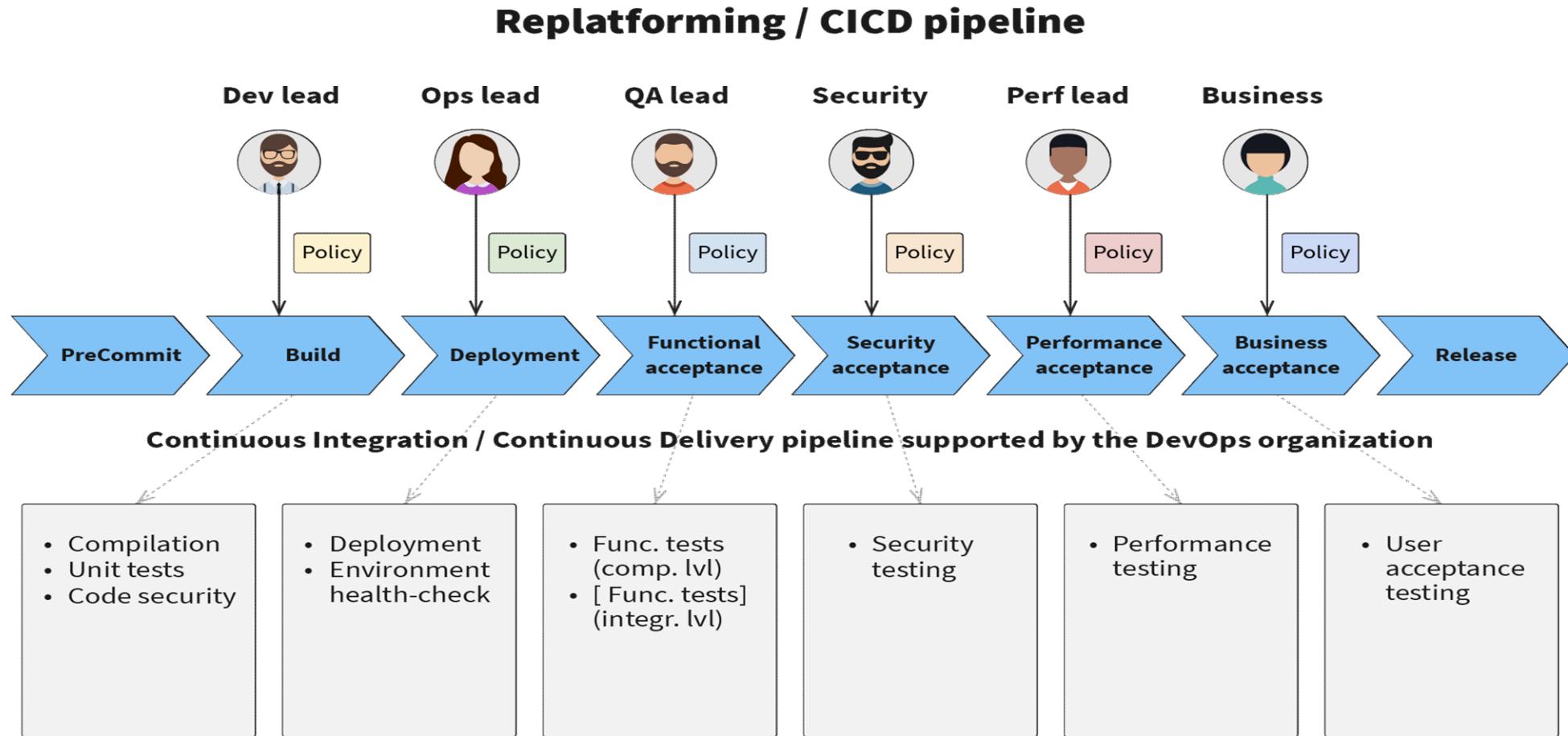


5/ DevOps

DevOps: Docker compose



DevOps: CI/CD Pipeline



PIC: Jenkins

The screenshot shows the Jenkins interface for the 'Virtual-Vehicles_Microservices' view. The left sidebar contains links for New Item, People, Build History, Edit View, Delete View, Project Relationship, Check File Fingerprint, Manage Jenkins, and Credentials. Below these are sections for Build Queue (No builds in the queue) and Build Executor Status (1 Idle, 2 Idle). The main content area displays a table for the 'Virtual-Vehicles_Microservices' view, which includes columns for S (Status), W (Work), Name, Last Success, Last Failure, and Last Duration. Three build items are listed:

| S | W | Name | Last Success | Last Failure | Last Duration |
|-------|-------|--|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| Green | Cloud | Virtual-Vehicles_Docker_Machine | 1 day 1 hr - #6 | 1 day 1 hr - #4 | 17 min |
| Green | Sun | Virtual-Vehicles_Docker_Compose | 3 days 5 hr - #20 | 4 days 12 hr - #16 | 3 min 7 sec |
| Green | Sun | Virtual-Vehicles_Compiler_Package_Deploy | 3 days 5 hr - #32 | 3 days 5 hr - #31 | 25 sec |

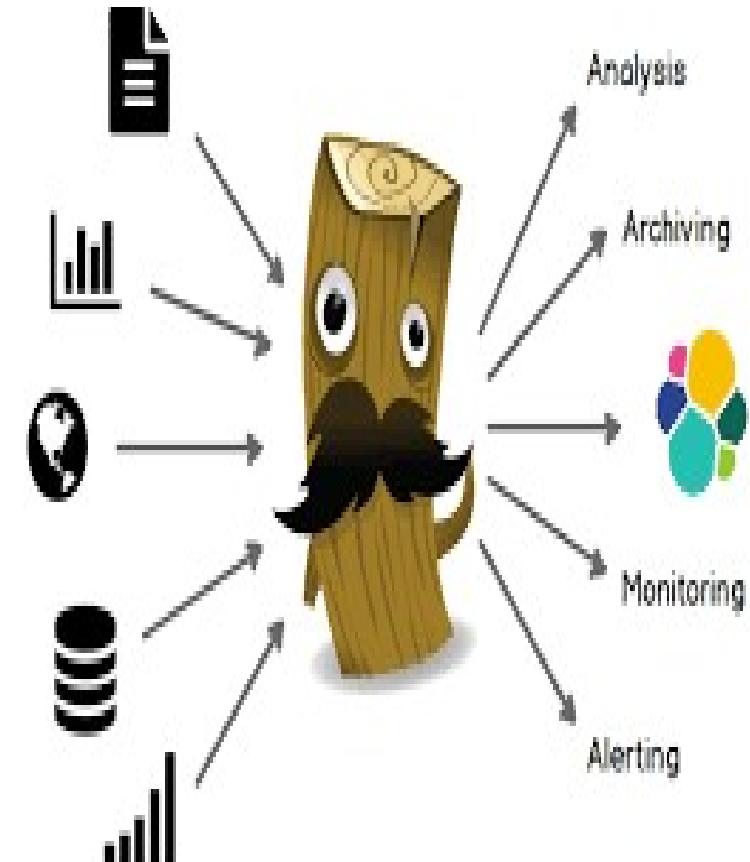
Icons for sorting (S, M, L) and a legend for RSS feeds are also present.

Page generated: Jun 24, 2015 10:06:37 PM REST API Jenkins ver. 1.617

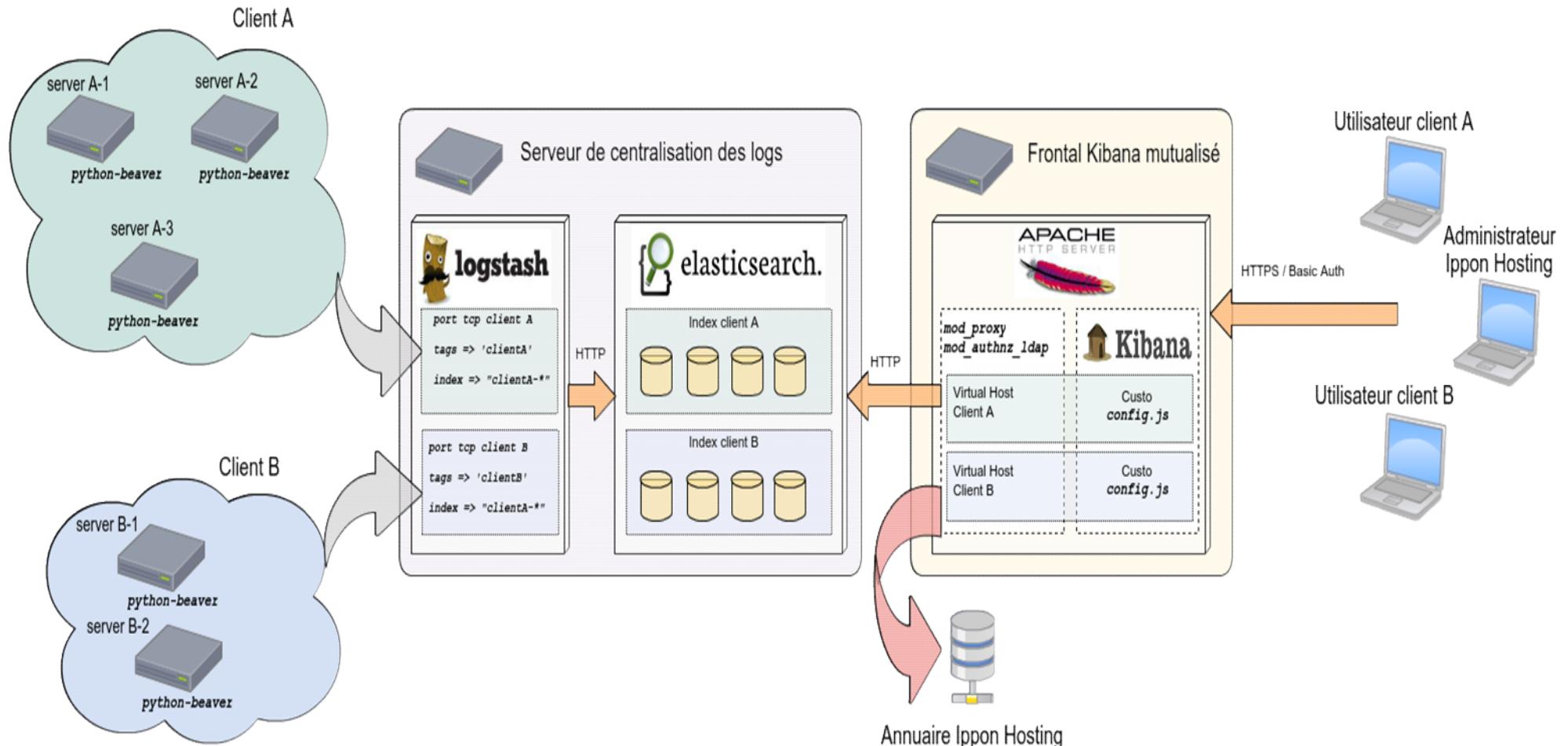
PIC: Jenkins

| 1 | CONTAINER ID | IMAGE | NAME |
|----|--------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 2 | ===== | ===== | ===== |
| 3 | 17992acc6542 | jenkins_nginx | jenkins_nginx_1 |
| 4 | bccb2a4b1a7d | jenkins_vehicle | jenkins_vehicle_1 |
| 5 | 4ac1ac69f230 | mongo:latest | jenkins_mongoVehicle_1 |
| 6 | bcc8b9454103 | jenkins_valet | jenkins_valet_1 |
| 7 | 7c1794ca7b8c | jenkins_maintenance | jenkins_maintenance_1 |
| 8 | 2d0e117fa5fb | jenkins_authentication | jenkins_authentication_1 |
| 9 | d9146a1b1d89 | hopsoft/graphite-statsd:latest | jenkins_graphite_1 |
| 10 | 56b34cee9cf3 | cpuguy83/docker-grand-ambassador | jenkins_ambassador_1 |
| 11 | a72199d51851 | mongo:latest | jenkins_mongoAuthentication_1 |
| 12 | 307cb2c01cc4 | mongo:latest | jenkins_mongoMaintenance_1 |
| 13 | 4e0807431479 | mongo:latest | jenkins_mongoValet_1 |

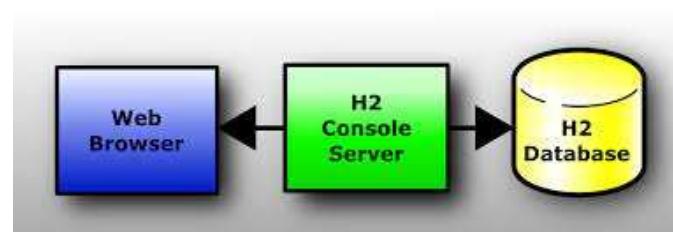
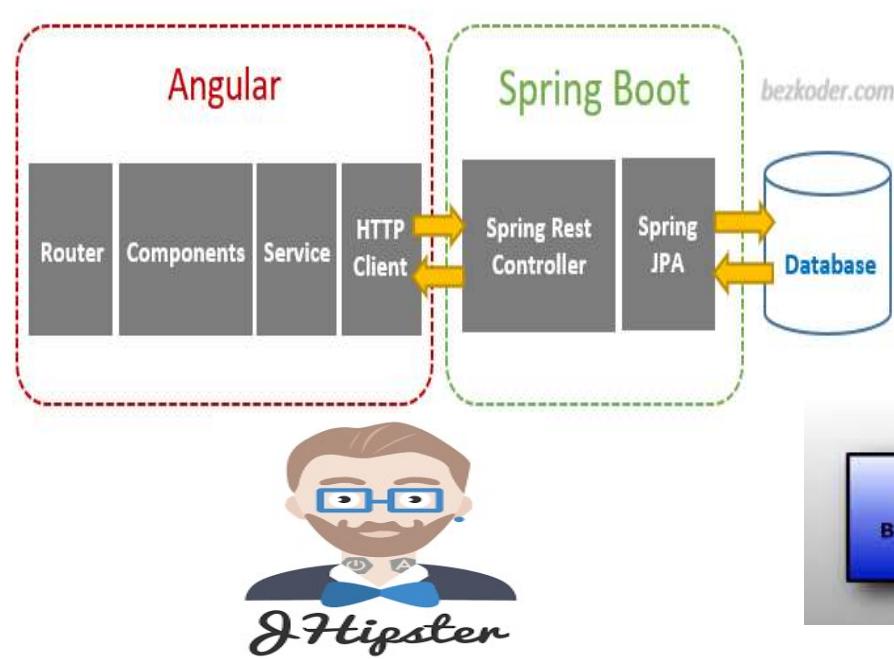
PIC: ELK logs Centralisation and Alerting



PIC: ELK logs Centralisation and Alerting

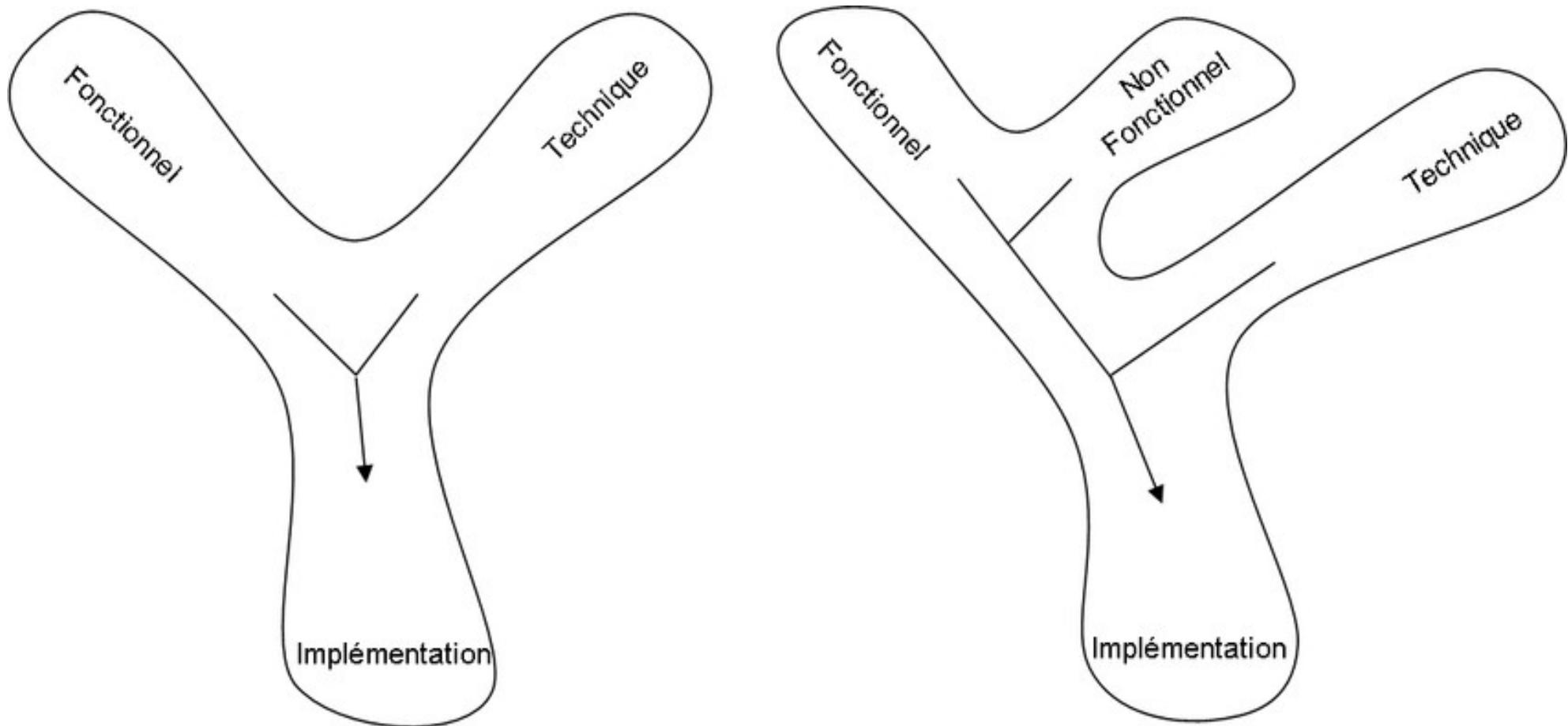


6/ TP

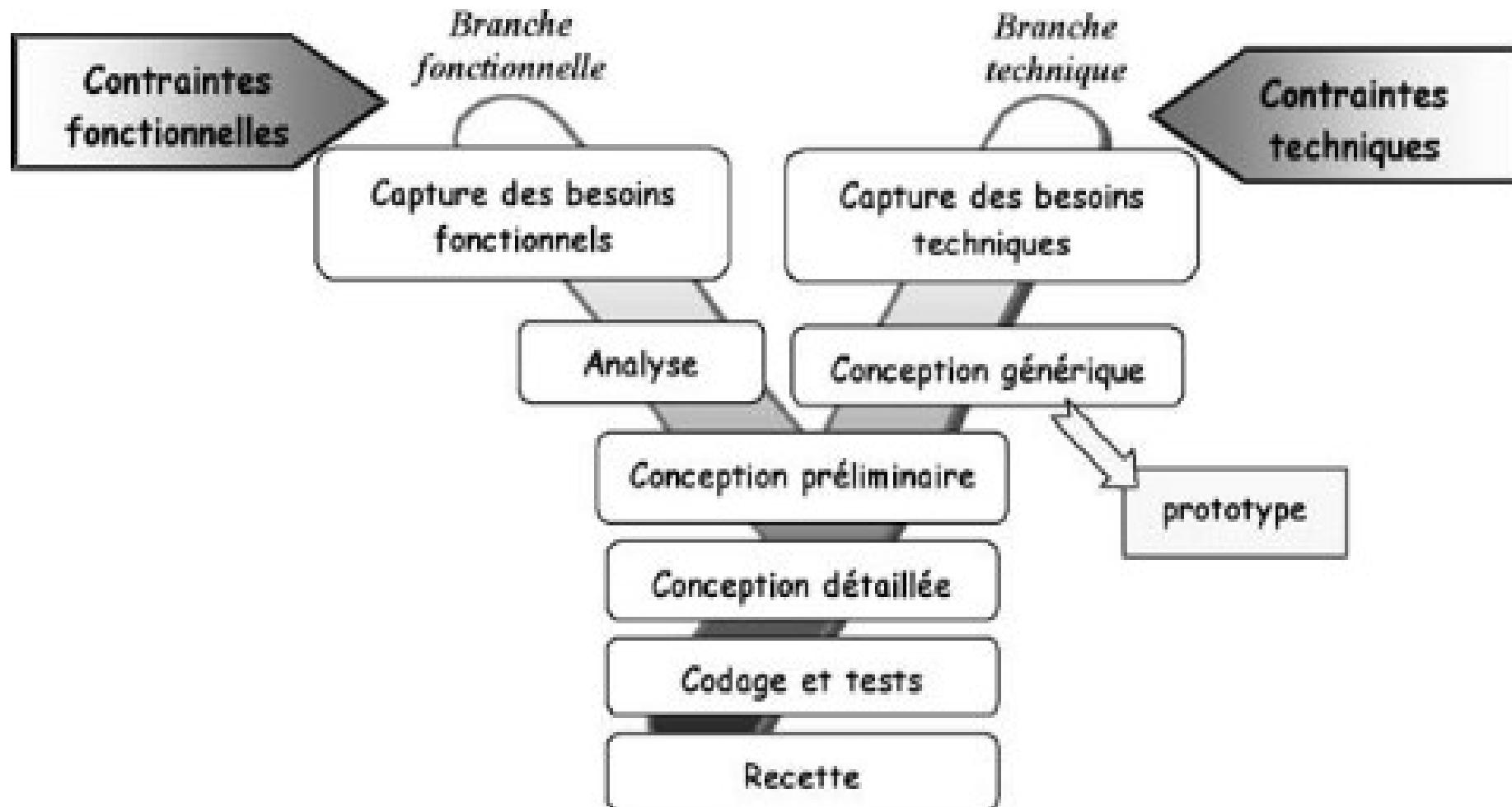


7/ Les Bonnes Pratiques

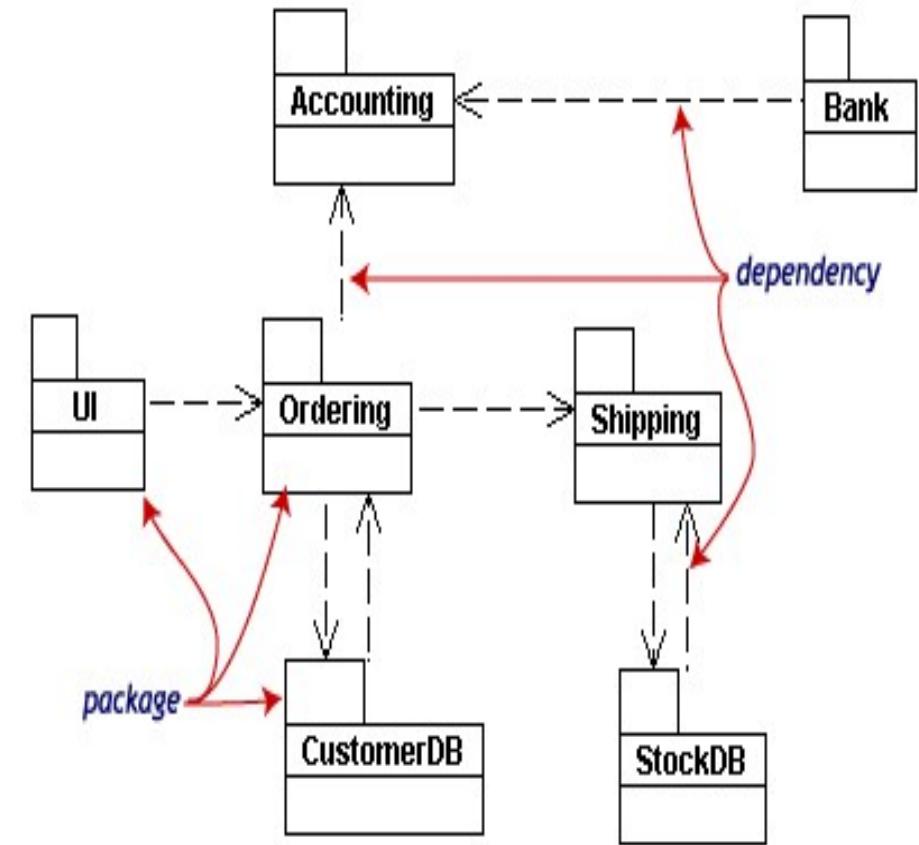
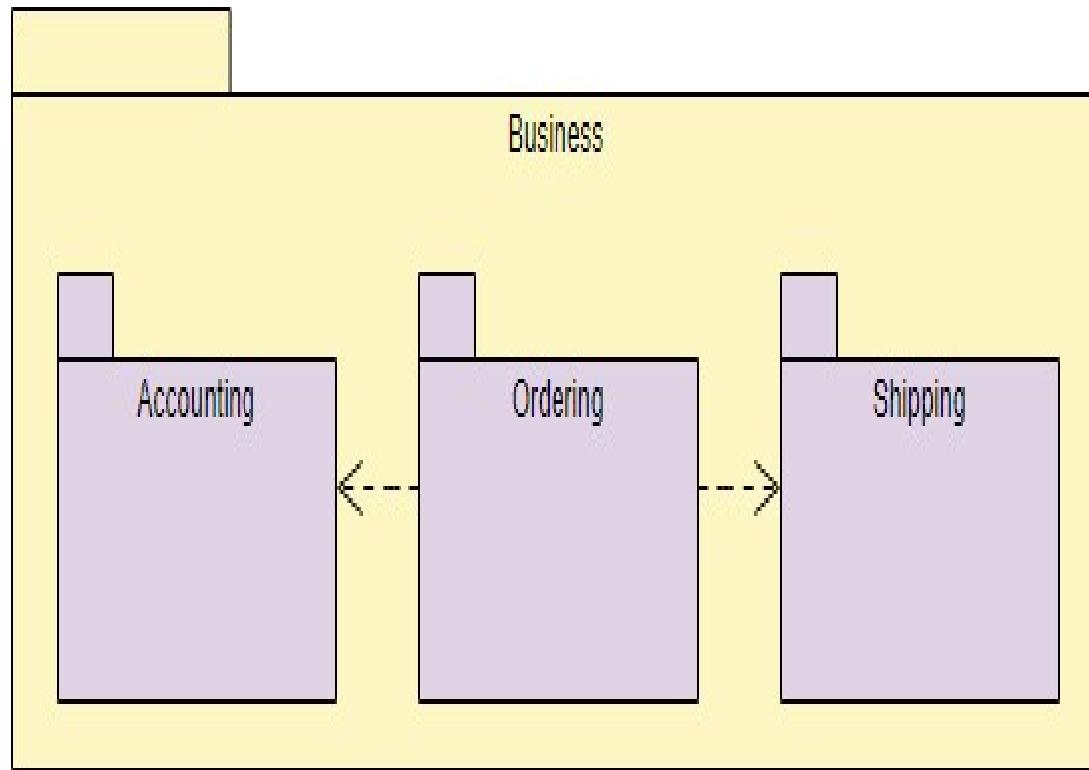
Cycle en Y



Cycle en Y

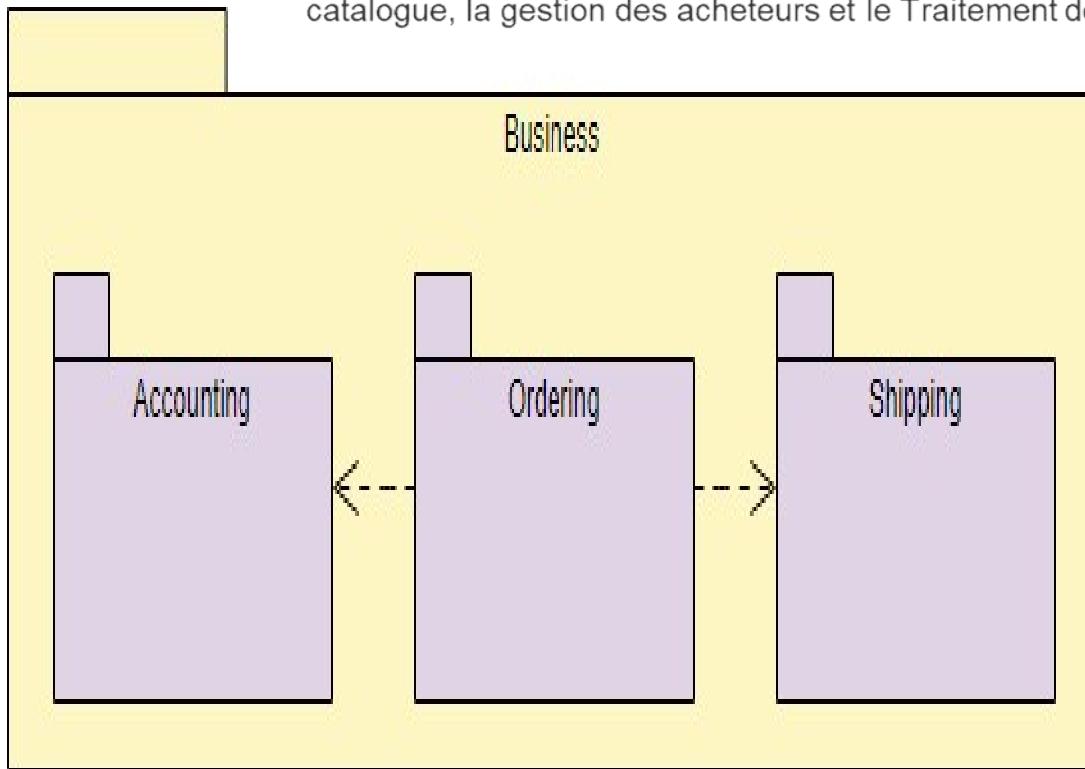


Architecture Fonctionnelle / Processus Métier

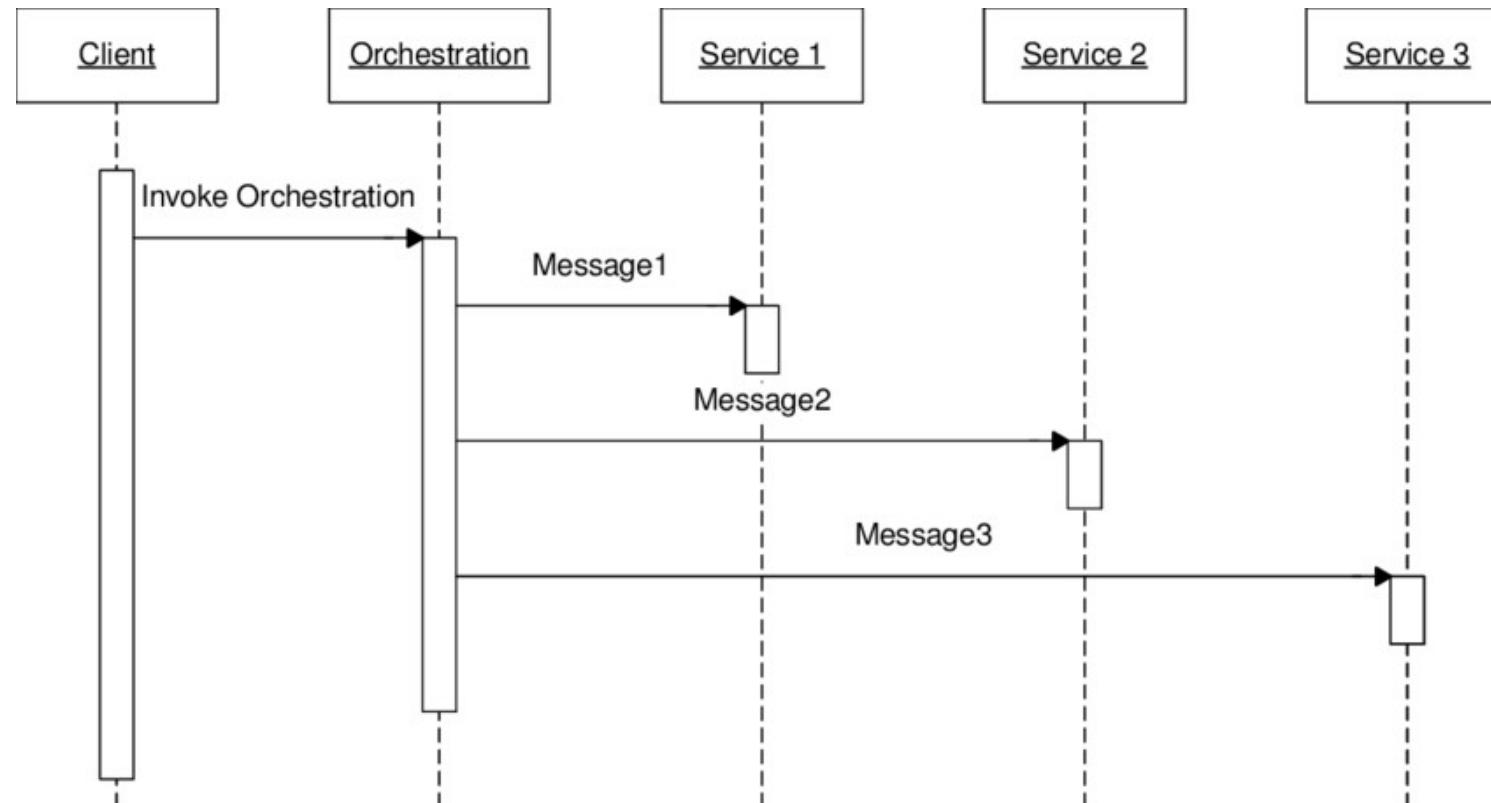


Architecture Fonctionnelle / Processus Métier

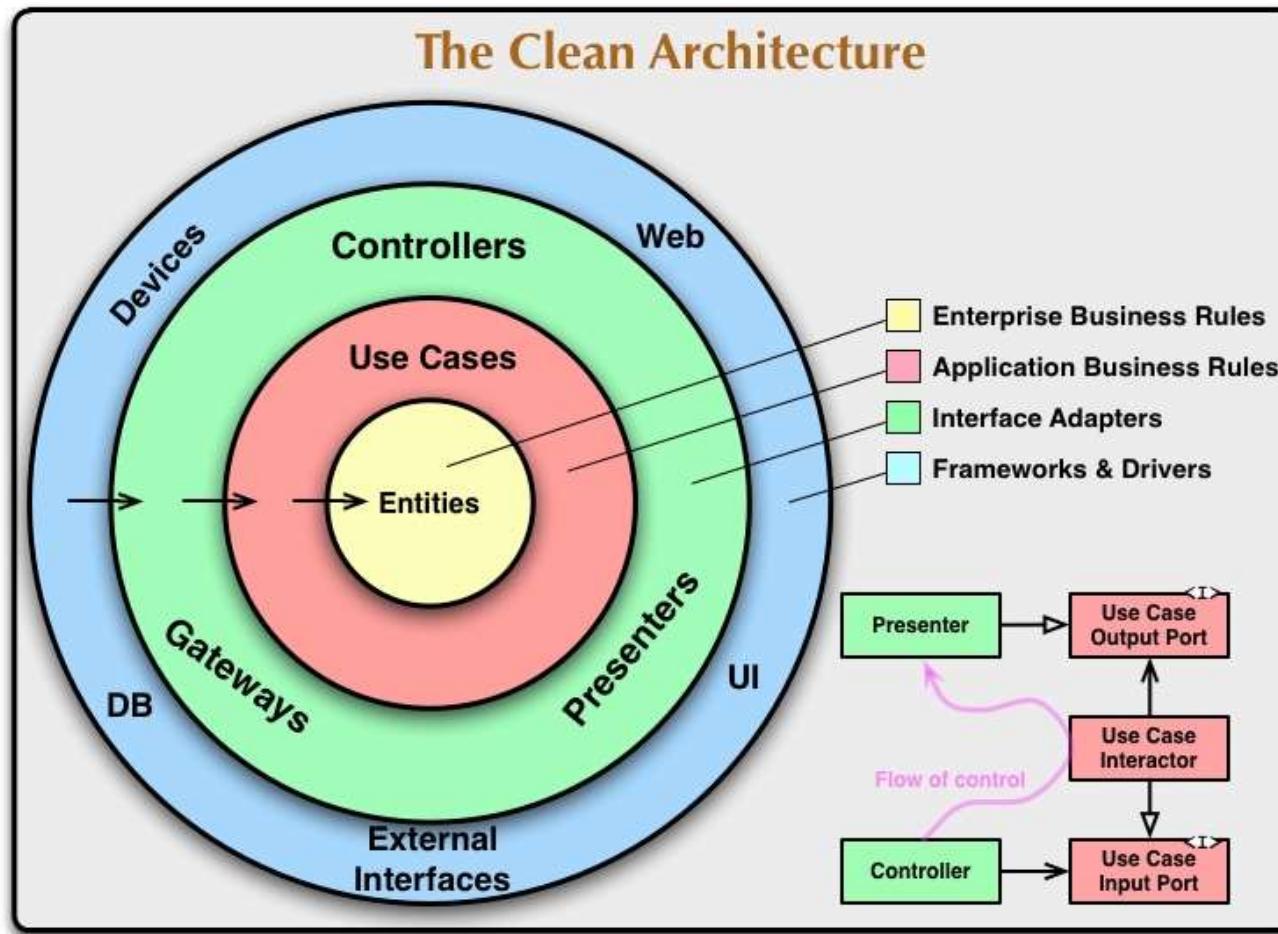
Dans l'architecture Microservices, **chaque service est conçu pour remplir et implémenter l'un des sous-domaines** du domaine de l'application. Par exemple, dans une application de commerce électronique, au lieu de créer des services basés sur les couches et les niveaux dans lesquels ils existent, nous créons les services sur les sous-domaines au sein de l'espace de domaine du commerce électronique comme le panier, le catalogue, la gestion des acheteurs et le Traitement des commandes, etc.



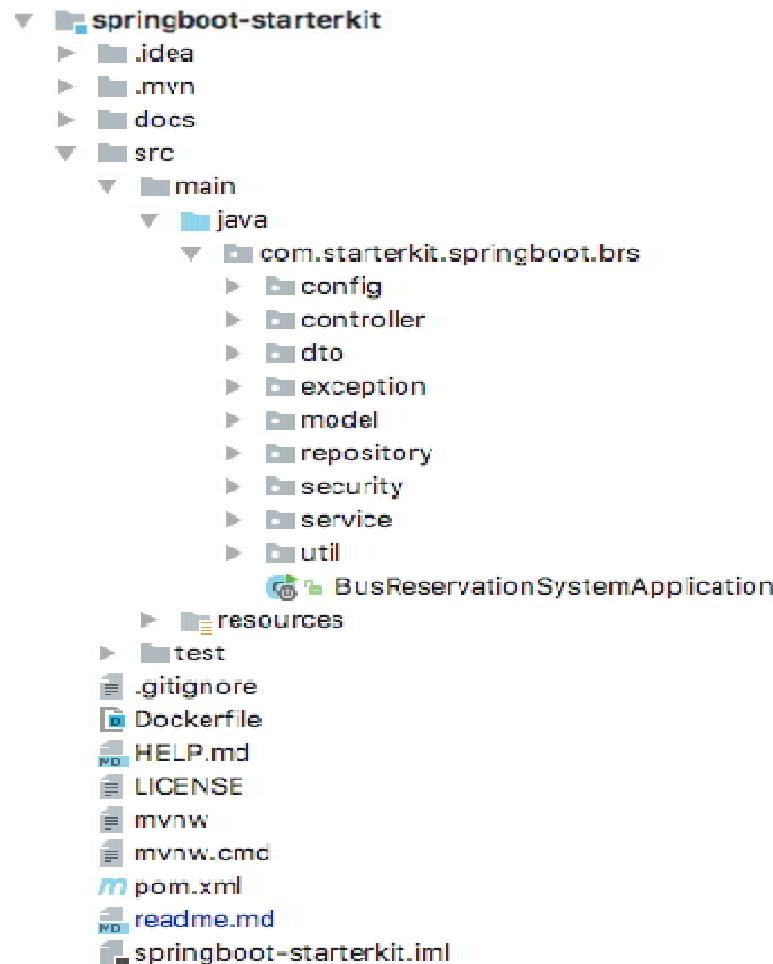
Architecture Fonctionnelle / Processus Métier



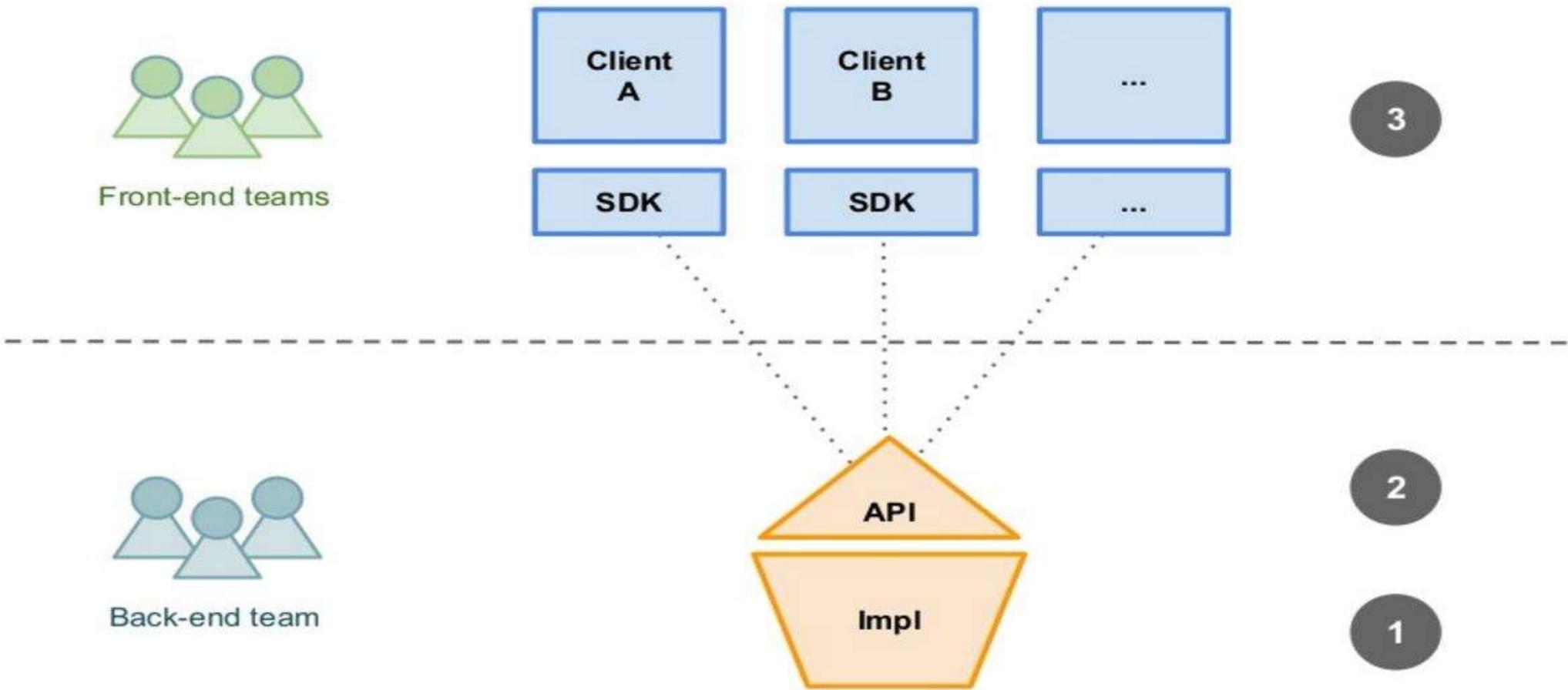
Clean Architecture



Project Structure : Folder



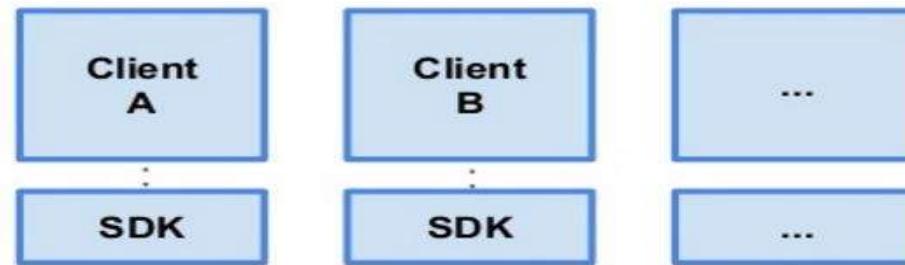
Architecture Structure : API First



Architecture Structure : API First



Front-end teams



2



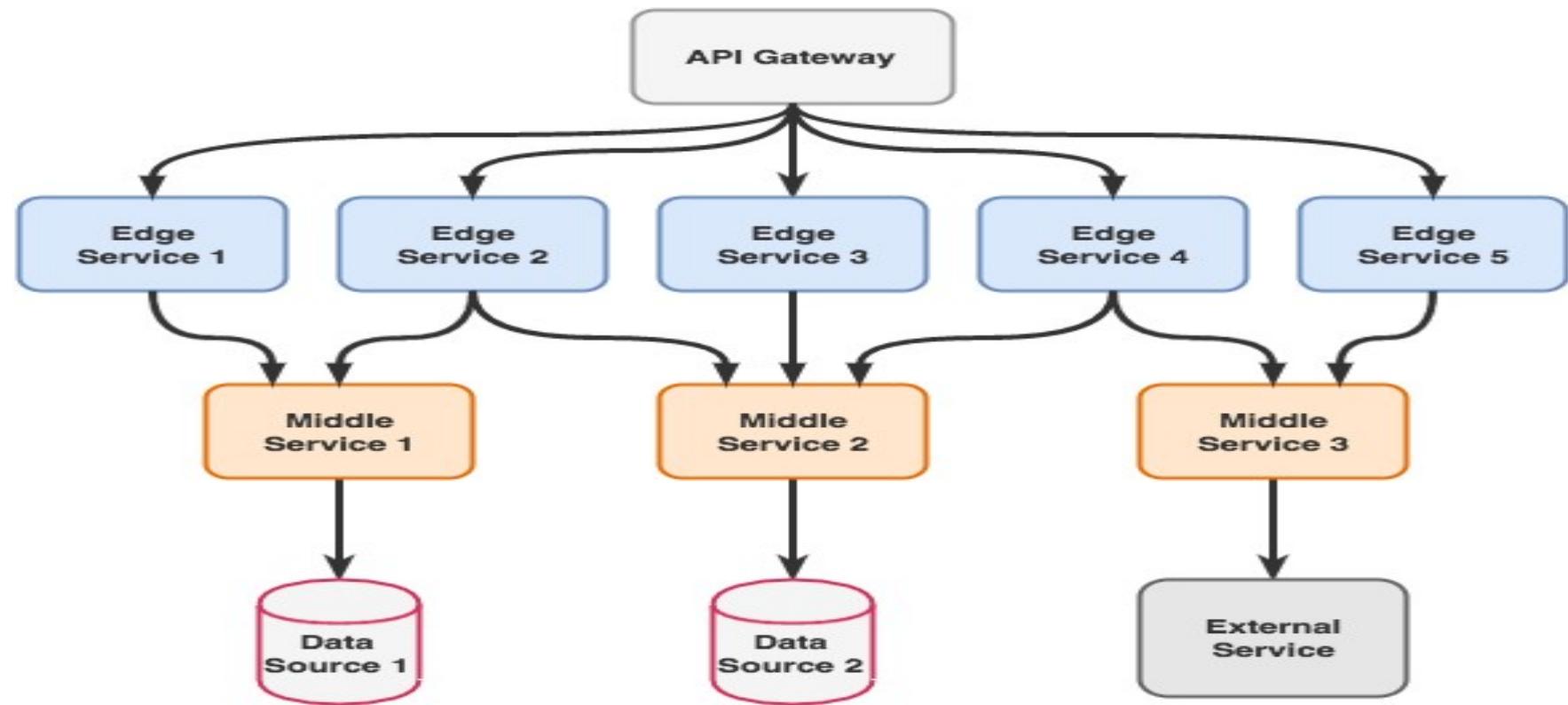
Back-end team



1

2

Architecture Structure : API First



JHIPSTER

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the JHipster application at localhost:8080/#/admin/user-management. The page title is "Jhipster v0.0.1-SNAPSHOT". The navigation bar includes links for Home, Entities, Administration, Language, and Account. A red banner on the left says "Development Jhipster v0.0.1-SNAPSHOT". The main content is titled "Users" and features a table with the following columns: ID, Login, Email, Language, Profiles, Created date, Modified by, and Modified date. The table contains three rows of user data:

| ID | Login | Email | Language | Profiles | Created date | Modified by | Modified date | |
|----|--------|------------------|----------|-------------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|--|
| 1 | system | system@localhost | en | ROLE_USER ROLE_ADMIN | | system | | View Edit Delete |
| 3 | admin | admin@localhost | en | ROLE_USER ROLE_ADMIN | | system | | View Edit Delete |
| 4 | user | user@localhost | en | ROLE_USER | | system | | View Edit Delete |

Pagination at the bottom shows "Showing 1 - 3 of 3 items." with page numbers 1, 2, 3, and 4.

JHIPSTER: Architecture Code/ Generation



```
jhipster-beispiel — yo TERM_PROGRAM=Apple_Terminal SHELL=/bin/bash — 148x49
[WMDE5914919:jhipster-beispiel pfxadmin$ yo jhipster

JHIPSTER
http://www.jhipster.tech

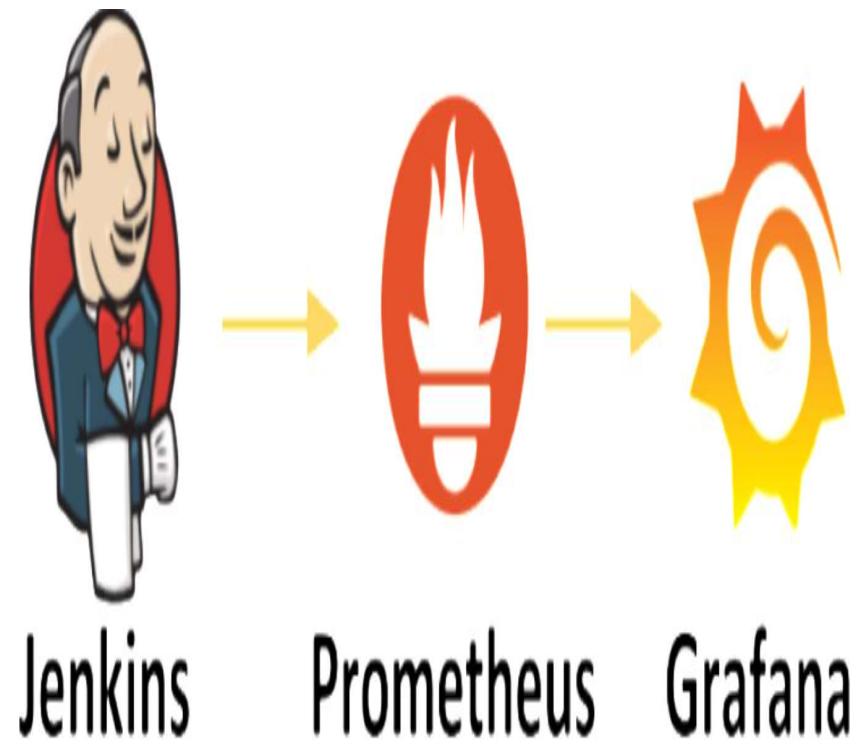
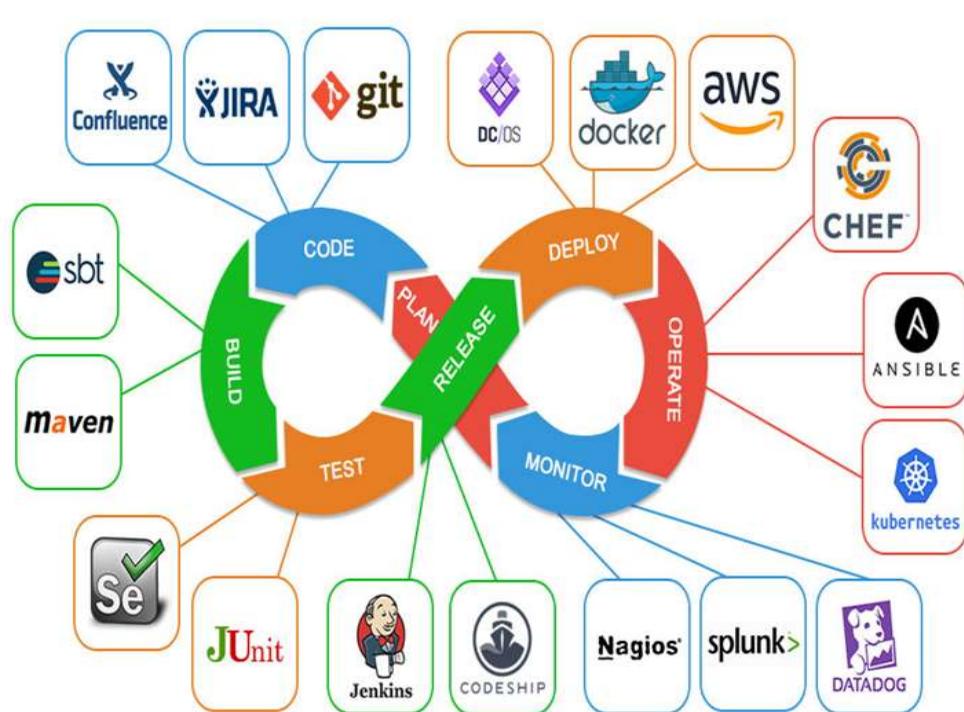
Welcome to the JHipster Generator v4.14.4

If you find JHipster useful consider supporting our collective https://opencollective.com/generator-jhipster
Documentation for creating an application: http://www.jhipster.tech/creating-an-app/

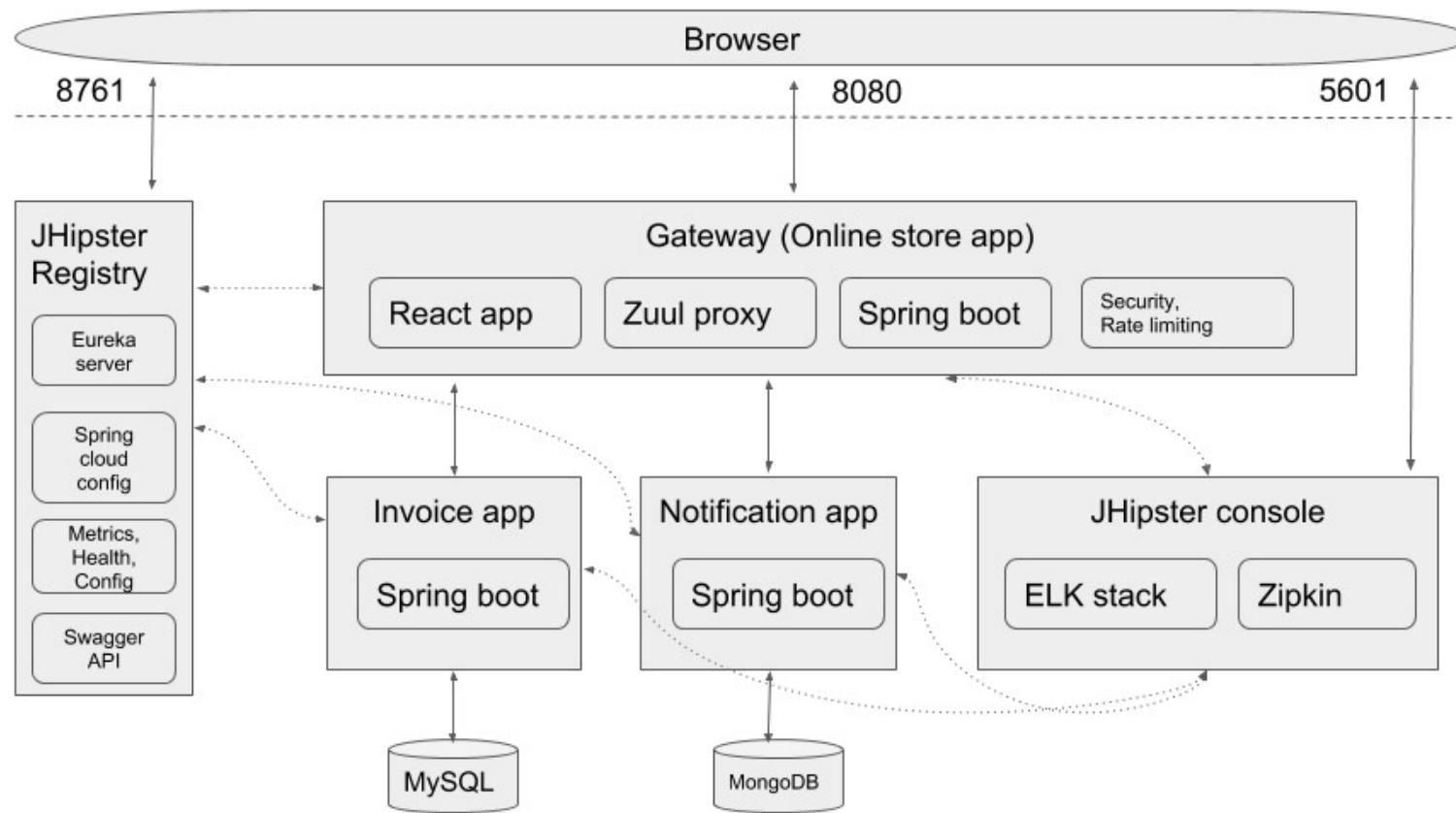
Application files will be generated in folder: /Users/pfxadmin/jhipster-beispiel

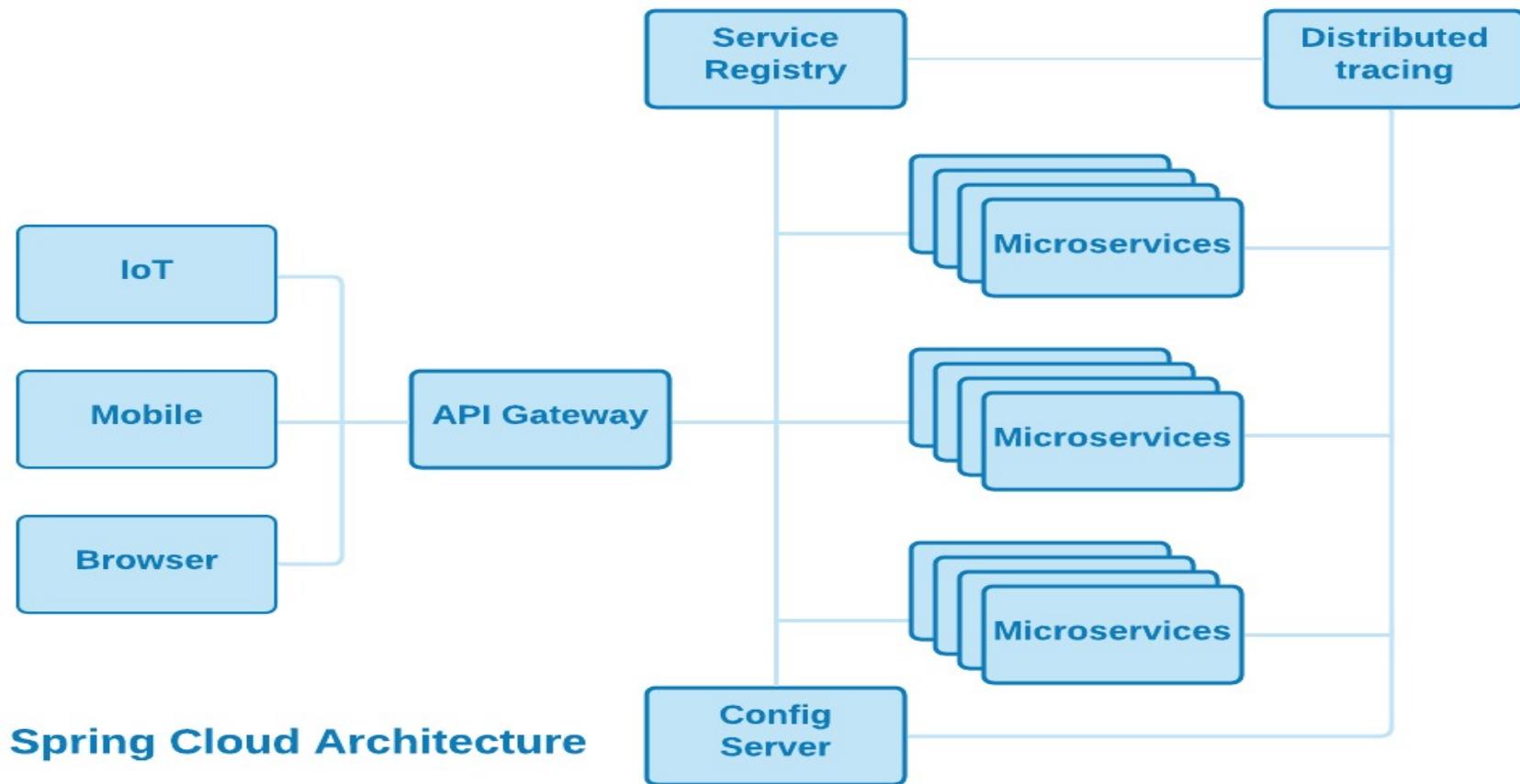
? May JHipster anonymously report usage statistics to improve the tool over time
? No
? Which *type* of application would you like to create? Monolithic application (recommended for simple projects)
? What is the base name of your application? jhipster-test
? What is your default Java package name? com.mycompany.myapp
? Do you want to use the JHipster Registry to configure, monitor and scale your application? No
? Which *type* of authentication would you like to use? OAuth 2.0 / OIDC Authentication (stateful, works with Keycloak and Okta)
? Which *type* of database would you like to use? SQL (H2, MySQL, MariaDB, PostgreSQL, Oracle, MSSQL)
? Which *production* database would you like to use? MySQL
? Which *development* database would you like to use? H2 with disk-based persistence
? Do you want to use the Spring cache abstraction? Yes, with the Ehcache implementation (local cache, for a single node)
? Do you want to use Hibernate 2nd level cache? No
? Would you like to use Maven or Gradle for building the backend? Maven
? Which other technologies would you like to use?
? Which *Framework* would you like to use for the client? Angular 5
? Would you like to enable *SASS* support using the LibSass stylesheet preprocessor? Yes
? Would you like to enable internationalization support? Yes
? Please choose the native language of the application English
? Please choose additional languages to install
? Besides JUnit and Karma, which testing frameworks would you like to use?
>○Gatling
○Cucumber
○Protractor
```

DevOps : Git + JIRA Jenkins + Docker + ELK + Grafana/Prometheus + Jmeter + OWASP

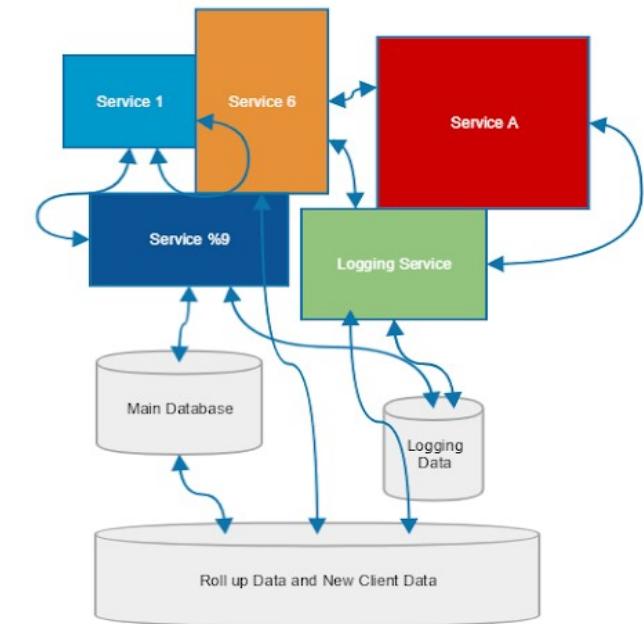
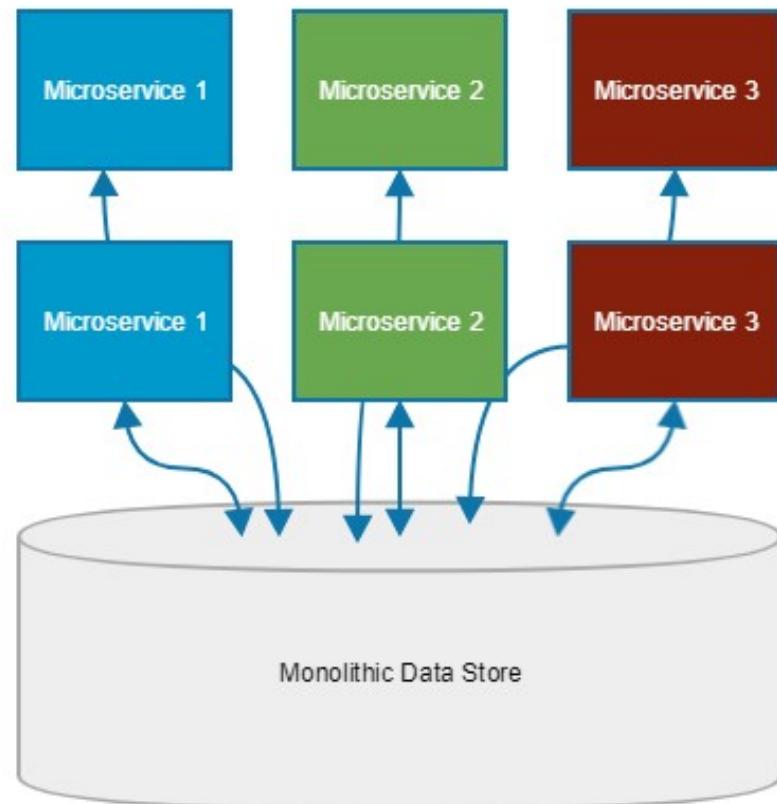
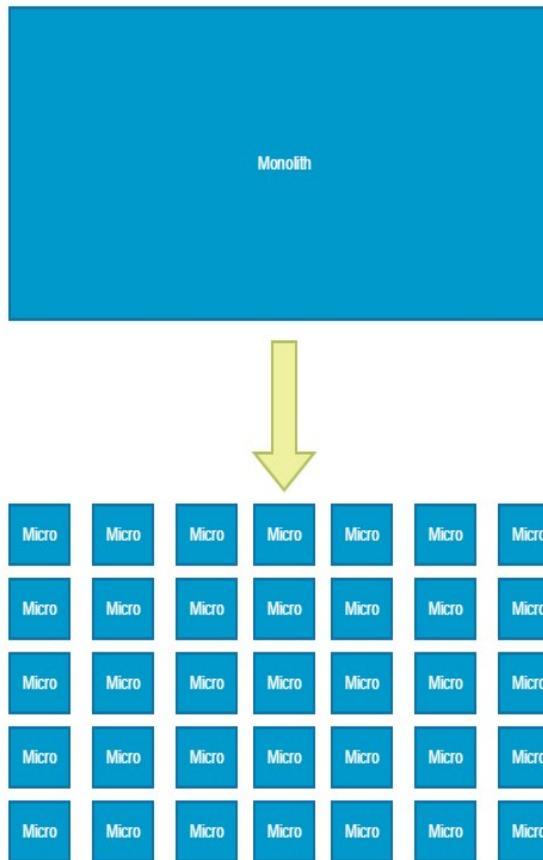


JHIPSTER

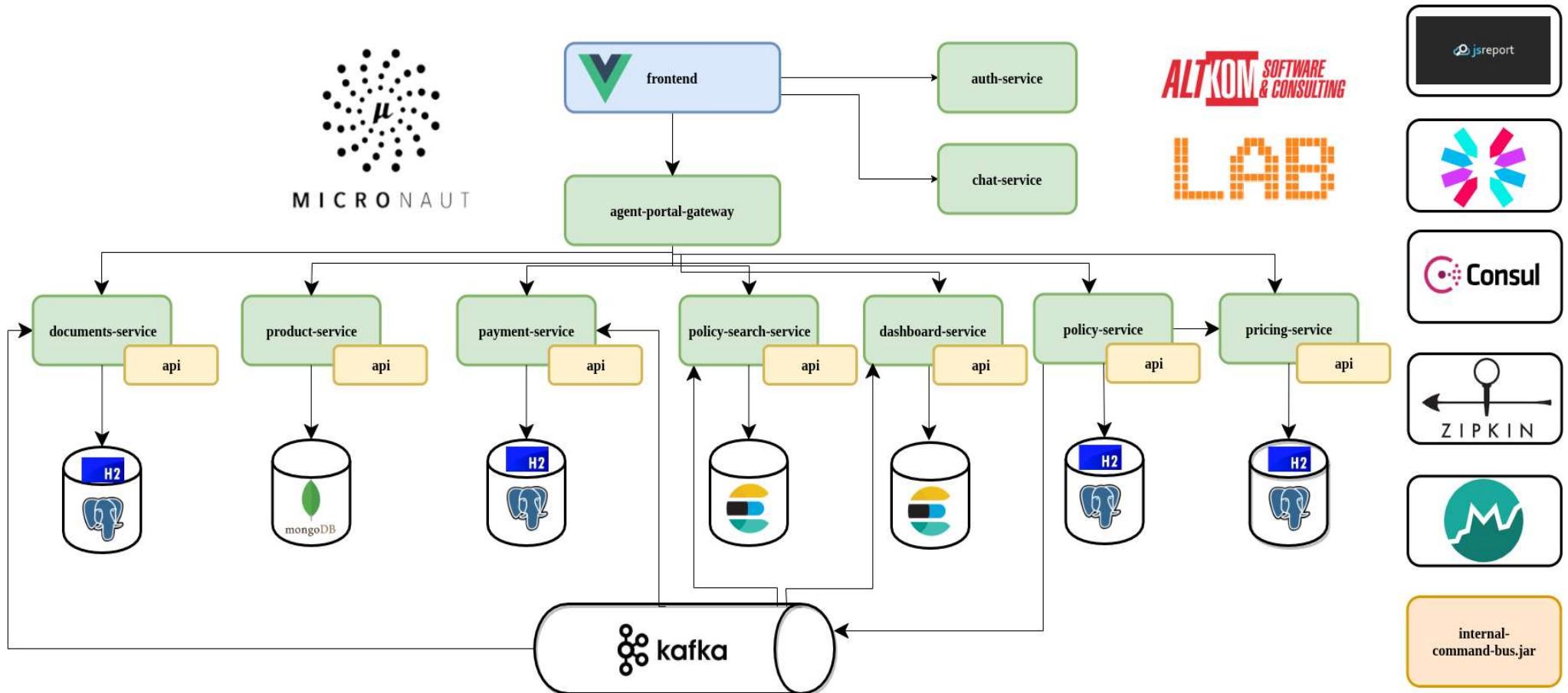




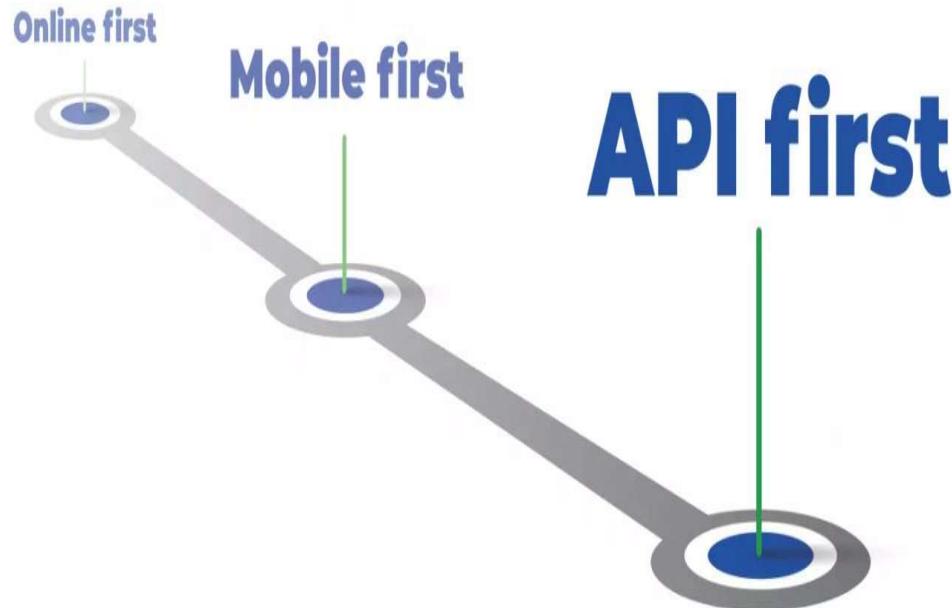
MicroServices AntiPatterns



Découpage des Micro services en 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13 Modules maximum



Conclusion

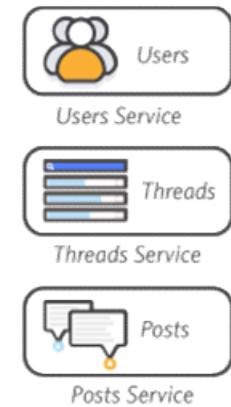


API first

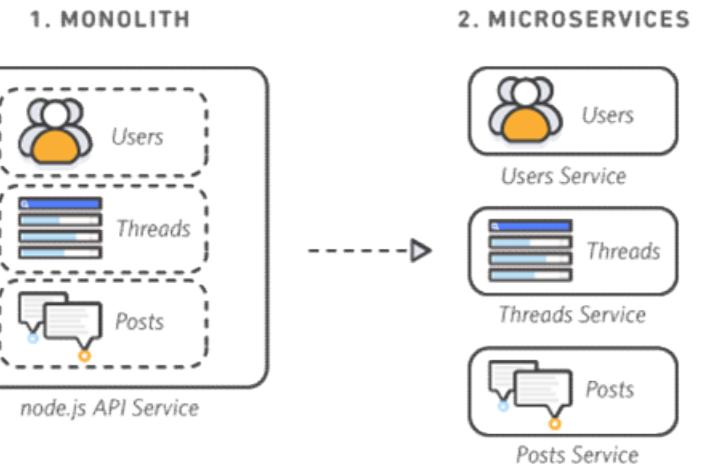
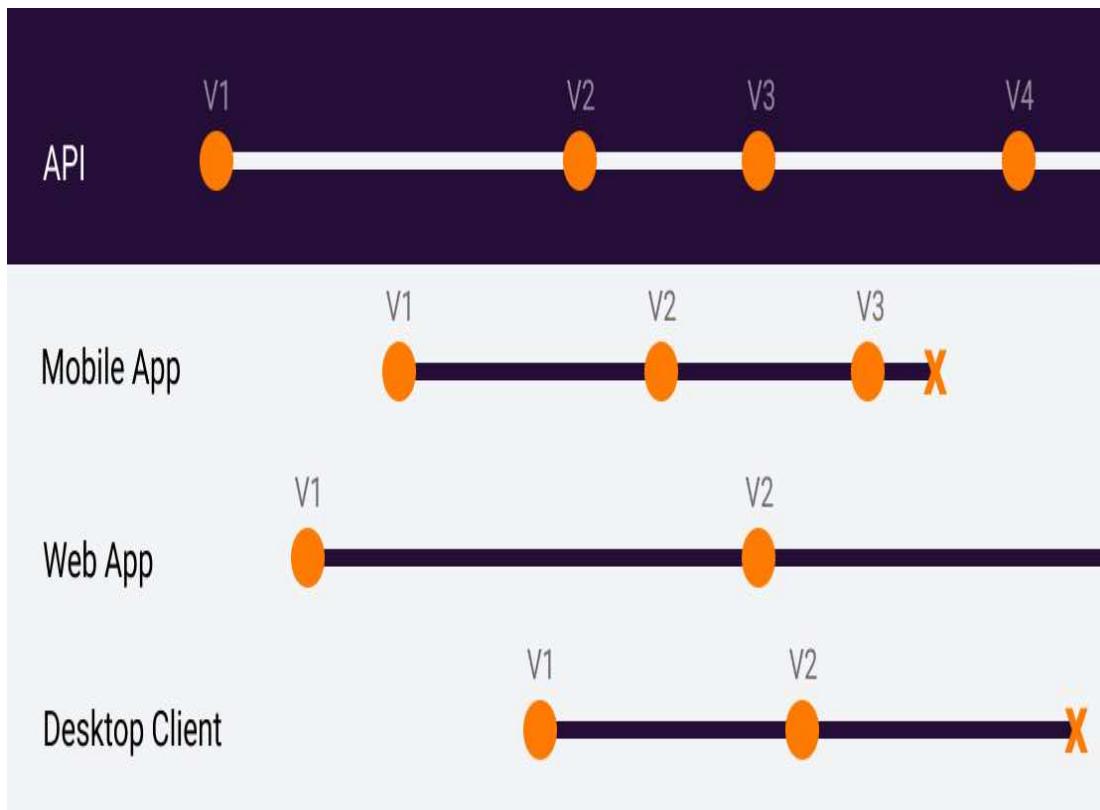
1. MONOLITH



2. MICROSERVICES



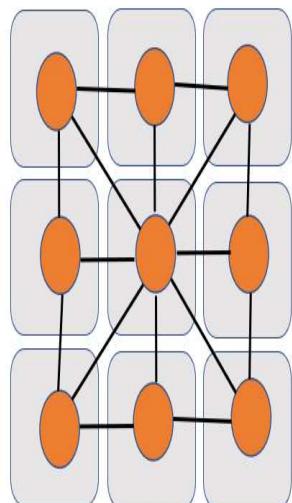
Conclusion



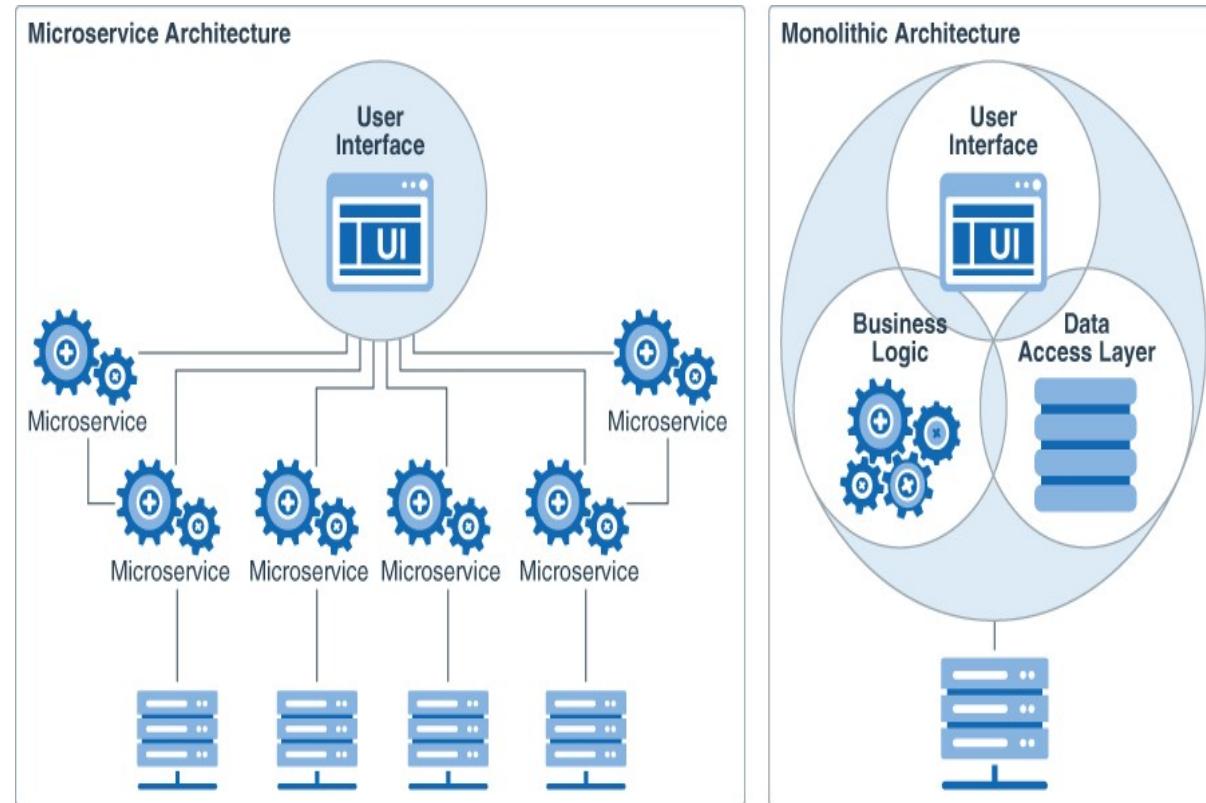
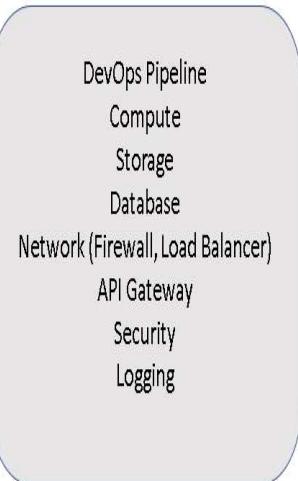
MERCI !

Complexity

Interactions



Infrastructure



BIBLIOGRAPHIE

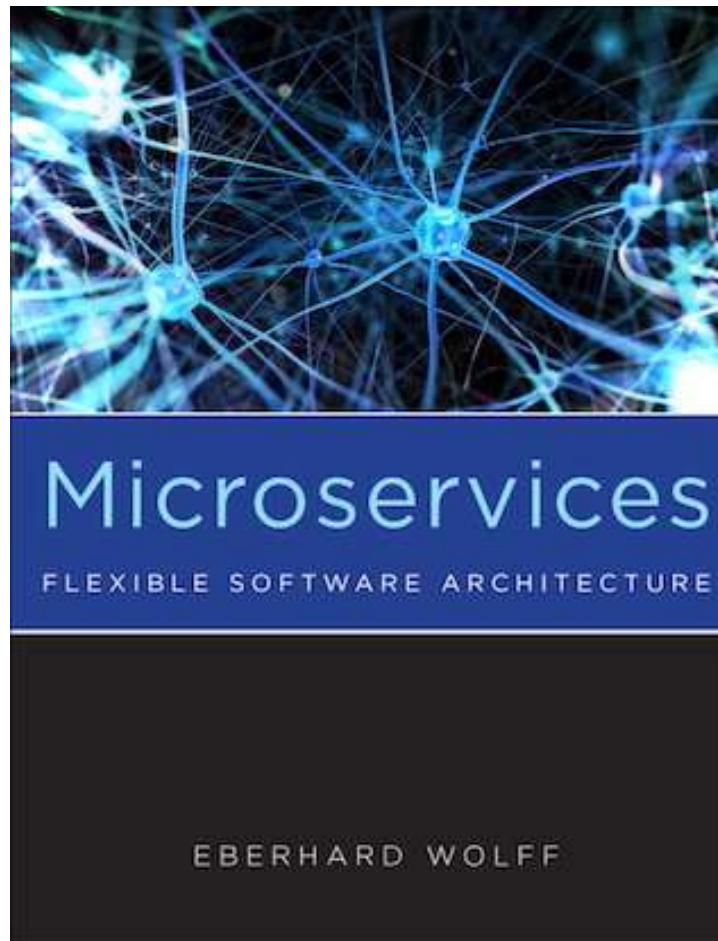
Vinicio Feitosa Pacheco

Microservice Patterns and Best Practices

Explore patterns like CQRS and event sourcing to create scalable, maintainable, and testable microservices



Packt



O'REILLY®



Diptanu Choudhury

SOULEYMANE SANOGO 2021

BIBLIOGRAPHIE

<https://github.com/sanogotech/microservicesFormationFull>

<https://baeldung-cn.com/jhipster-microservices>

<https://www.dotnetcurry.com/microsoft-azure/microservices-architecture>

<https://eventuallycoding.com/2015/04/09/zuul/>

<https://itnext.io/how-to-build-an-event-driven-asp-net-core-microservice-architecture-e0ef2976f33f>

<https://itnext.io/how-to-build-an-event-driven-asp-net-core-microservice-architecture-e0ef2976f33f>

<https://github.com/sanogotech/books-1>

<https://www.cloud-devops.fr/liste-des-codes-http/>

<https://github.com/sanogotech/jhipster-cheatsheet>