

MODERN INDIA

Advent of Europeans in India



PORTUGUESE

Vasco Da Gama

- Discovered Cape route.
 - Reached Port of Calicut on **20 may 1498**. (via cape of good hope)
 - Recieved by Hindu **ruler of Calicut Zamorin**.
 - Established trading stations at Calicut, Cochin* And kannanore.
- *Cochin – Initial capital of Portuguese in India (1502). Later replaced by Goa(1530).

Francisco Almeida(1505-1509)

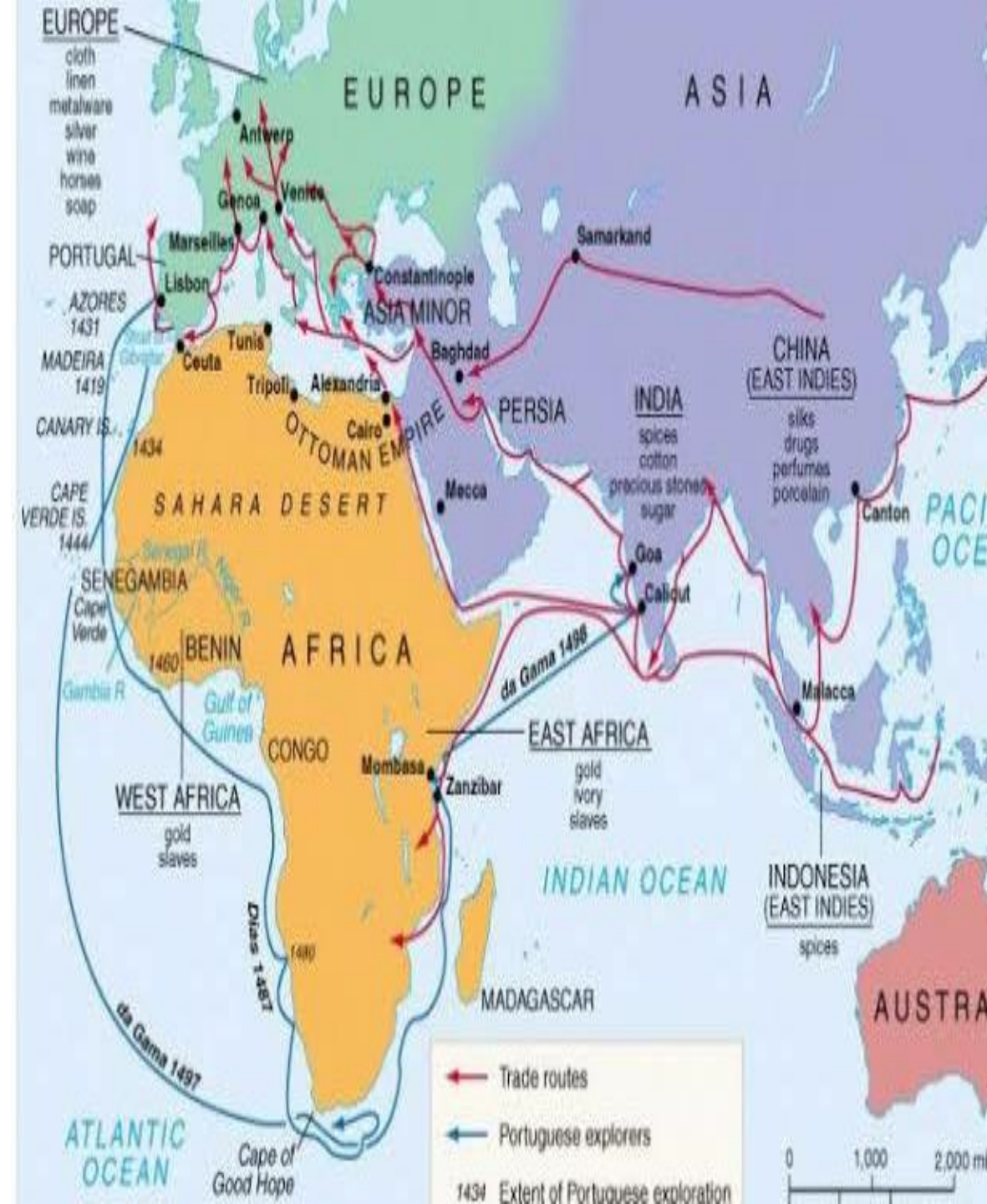
- The first governor of Portuguese in india.
- Introduced **Bluewater policy**.

Alfonso d' Albuquerque(1509-1515)

- Real founder of Portugal empire in East
- Captured Goa from Bijapur ruler in 1510
- Introduced **policy of Imperialism**

Nino Da Cunha (1529-1538)

- **Transferred capital from cochin to goa in 1530**
- captured Diu and Bassein from bhahadursha of Gujarati in 1534



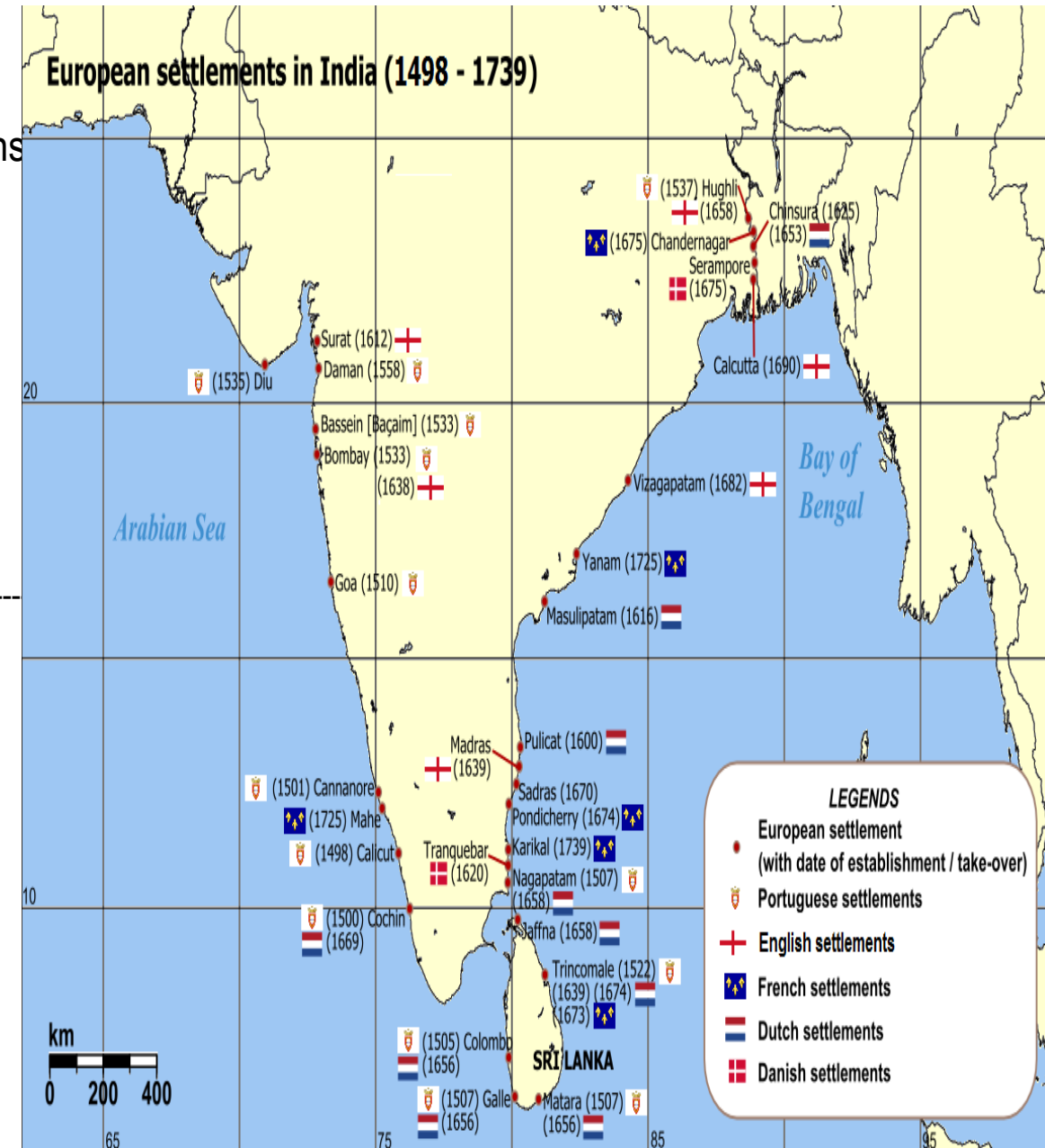
- Portuguese acquired Daman In 1559
- First factory established at calicut
- Famous Jesuit Saint Francisco Xavier arrived India with Martin Alfons

Decline

- Lost **hugly** in 1631 to kasimkhan of Bengal (shah Jahans governor)
- **Bombay** – Portuguese king gave as a dowry to Charles –II of England for marrying his sister.
- **Salsette and Bassein** – Lost to Marathas in 1739
- Only **Goa, Diu and Daman** remains until 1961. (**operation Vijay**)

Dutch (Netherlands)

- In 1602, Dutch East India company came to India.
- The Dutch East India company established factories
- * *Masulipatnam – 1605* * *Pulicat – 1610 (Fort Geldria)*
- * *Surat – 1616* * *Bimblipatnam – 1641*
- * *karaikkal- 1645,*
- * *chinsura, kasimbazar, Patna, Balasore, Nagapatnam and Cochin.*



- Replaced Portuguese dominance in European trade with east.
 - Pulicat is the main centre in India. **Nagapatnam** replaced it in 1690
 - **Battle of Bedera** – 1759 defeat conceded them to British.
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English

- **Jhon Mildenhall** – an English merchant came to India over land route to trade with Indian merchants in 1599.
- **1599 – East India company** was formed by a group of merchants known as **Merchant adventures**.
- **Captain Hawkins** - Got Farman in 1609 to establish a factory at Surat from **Jahangir**.
- **Sir Thomas Roe** – visited Jahangir court in 1615 as an ambassador of King James-I to trade in India.

British factories

- **Surat** – 1608 - first factory in India, Replaced by Bombay as west coast head quarters In 1687.(lease from Charles –II)
- **Madras** – 1639 - fortified factory named **Fort St George**. Obtained from Raja of chandragiri by Francis Davis.
- **Calcutta** – 1690 - Job Charnock- established a factory at Sutanati. Along with **sutanati, kalikata and govindpur** zamindari rights were acquired in 1698. Later grew as city of Calcutta.
- 1700 – Sutanati factory was fortified and named as **FORT WILLIAM**.
- 1717- Jhon Surman obtained royal Farman from Mugh Emperor Farrukshiyar. Also called as **Magna Carta of British rule in India**.



Danes

- Arrived India in 1616.

Settlements

- Tranquebar – 1620
- Serampore – 1676 (Headquarters)
- They were forced to sell their settlements to the British in 1845.

French

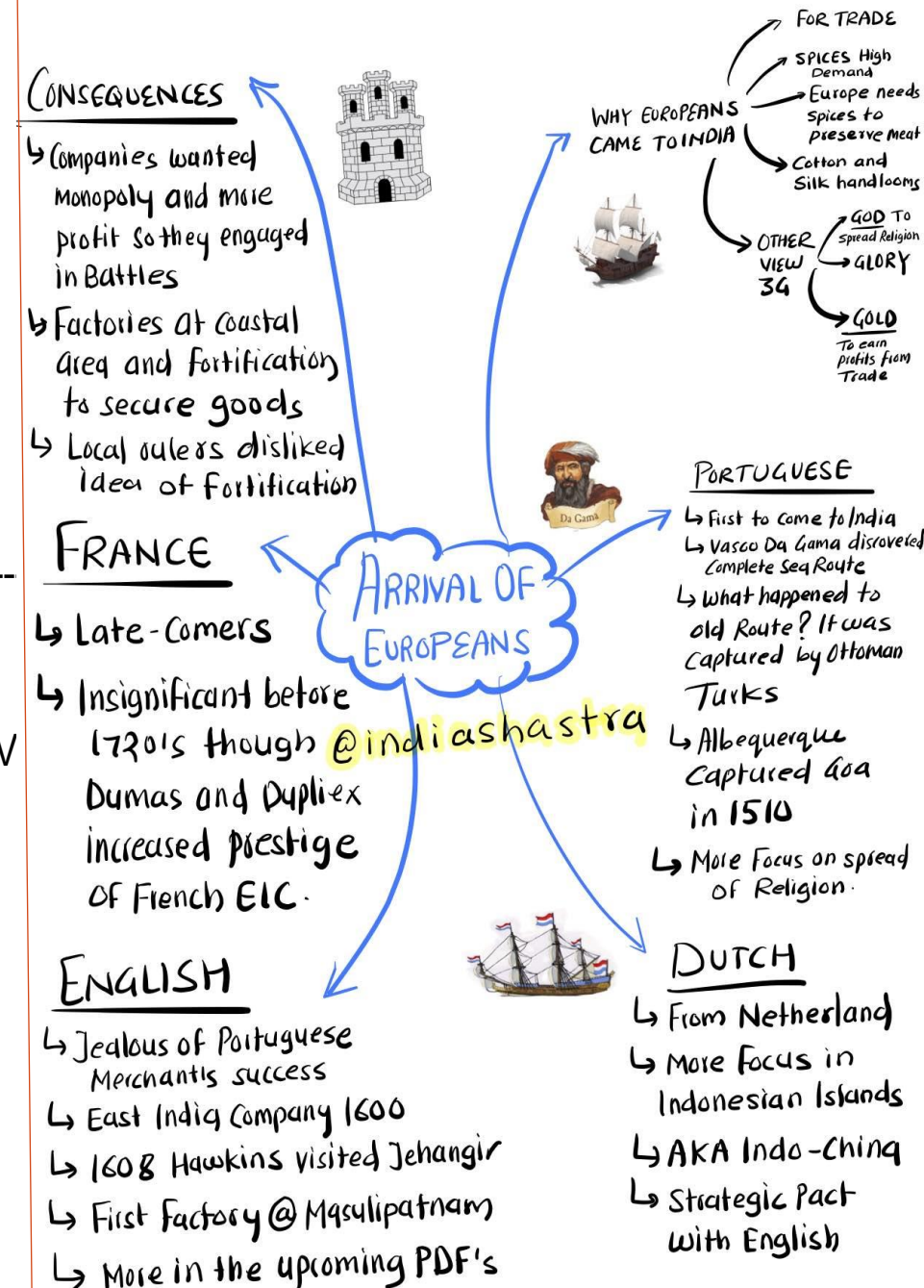
- French East India company formed in 1664 by Colbert - patronage of King Louis XIV

Factories

- Surat – 1668 (Francis Caron) * Masulipatnam -1669
- Chandranagor * Mahe, Yanam and Karaikal - occupied by war.

Pondicherry – 1673. (Headquarters)

- Founded by Francis Martin (1st governor) in 1673.
- Notable governors – Lenoir and Dumas (before Duplex – 1742)



சுருக்கமான பார்வை

ஐரோப்பிய வர்த்தக நிறுவனம்	தோற்றுவிக்கப்பட்டது	இந்தியத் தலைமையகம்
போர்ட்சுக்கீசிய கிழக்கிந்தியக் கம்பெனி	1498	கொச்சி (1510 - 30), கோவா (1530 - 1961)
ஆங்கிலேயக் கிழக்கிந்தியக் கம்பெனி	1600	மேற்கு கடற்கரை - சூரத் (1608-1687), மும்பை (1687-லிருந்து) கிழக்கு கடற்கரை - மசூலிபட்டினம் (1611-1641), மதராஸ் (1641 முதல்), வங்காளம் - கல்கத்தா (1700 முதல்) (1700 வரை மதராசின் கீழ் செயல்பட்டது)
டேனியக் கிழக்கிந்தியக் கம்பெனி	1616	செராம்பூர் (வங்காளம்) - கி.பி.1676-1845
பிரெஞ்சு கிழக்கிந்தியக் கம்பெனி	1664	சூரத் (1668-1673), பாண்டிச்சேரி (1673-1954)



PREVIOUS YEAR QUESTIONS

1. Which year did Vasco Da Gama landed in calicut (CGL 2019)
A) 1442. B) 1458. C) 1472. D) 1498
2. Sir Thomas roe visited the court of Mughal ruler _____ as the ambassador of the king of the England (CGL 2019)
A) Humayun B) jahangir C) Shah Jahan D) Akbar
3. The East India company sent captain hawkins to the court of emperor _____ in 1608 to seek permission to open a factory at Surat . (CGL 2019)
A) Humayun B) jahangir C) Shah Jahan D) Akbar

