

Academic Report on UML Class Diagram: Course Management System

Introduction:

This report presents an analysis of a provided UML class diagram, focusing on its structure, relationships, and functionality within the context of a course management system. The diagram depicts various key entities involved in managing courses, students, teachers, and their interactions.

Classes and Attributes:

Course: Represents a course entity with attributes like id, name, and modules.

Module: Represents a module within a course, characterized by attributes like name, level, instructor, students, and maxCapacity.

Student: Represents a student with attributes like username, password, level, modulesTaken, and methods for enrolling in modules and viewing instructors.

Teacher: Represents a teacher with attributes like modulesTaught, assignedModules, methods for viewing assigned modules and students on a module, and adding marks.

Admin: Represents the administrator with methods for managing students, teachers, courses, modules, and generating reports.

GenerateReport: Represents a report generation class with methods for producing student, teacher, and course reports.

AddCourseForm, AddScoreForm, AddStudentForm, AdminLoginForm,

DatabaseConnection: Represent various forms and utilities designed for user interaction with the system.

Relationships:**Composition:**

Course "1" -- "0..*" Module: A course can consist of multiple modules, but a module belongs exclusively to one course.

Module "1" -- "0..*" Student: A module can accommodate multiple enrolled students, while a student can enroll in various modules.

Aggregation:

Module "1" -- "1" Teacher: A module has one designated teacher, although a teacher can be assigned to multiple modules.

Student "0..*" -- "1" Teacher: A student can have one instructor for a specific module, while a teacher can instruct multiple students across different modules.

Dependency:

Admin "1" -- "0..*" Course: The admin role is responsible for managing courses.

Student "0.." -- "0.." Course: Students can enroll in multiple courses.

Admin "1" -- "0..*" Module: The admin manages modules.

Teacher "1" -- "0..*" Module: Teachers are assigned to modules.

Teacher "1" -- "0..*" GenerateReport: Teachers hold the capacity to generate reports.

GenerateReport "0..*" -- "1" Admin/Teacher: Reports can be generated by either admins or teachers.

AddCourseForm "1" -- "1" Course: This form facilitates adding new courses.

AddScoreForm "1" -- "1" Course: This form is used to add scores for a specific course.

AddScoreForm "1" -- "0..*" Student/Teacher: This form involves selecting students and teachers.

AddStudentForm "1" -- "1" Admin: This form is specifically used by the admin to add new students.

AdminLoginForm "1" -- "1" Admin: This form verifies admin credentials for system access.

DatabaseConnection "1" -- "0..*" (Admin/Student/Teacher): Different user roles interact with the database.

Functionality:

The system caters to diverse functionalities, including:

Management of courses, modules, students, and teachers.

Instructor assignment to modules.

Student enrollment in modules.

Addition of scores to student modules.

Generation of reports for students, teachers, and courses.

Conclusion:

The provided UML class diagram serves as a valuable foundation for comprehending the course management system's structure and functionalities. Further refinement and documentation would contribute to its clarity and comprehensiveness, ensuring its effectiveness as a communication tool within an academic context