the third libation is headed by the Gâyatri during

these three days.

Vis'vanaro ojijanat is the beginning of the Agnimâruta Shastra, which contains the word jan to be born. Pra yad vas trishtubham (8, 7) is the (Nivid) hymn for the Marutas, which has the word pra. Jâtavedase sunavâma (1, 99, 1) is the invariable Jâtavedâs verse. Dûtam vo vis'vavedasam (4, 8) is the (Nivid) hymn for Jâtavedâs, where the name (Jâtavedâs) is not explicitly mentioned (only hinted at). All these are in the Gâyatrî metre; for the third libation on these three days is headed by the Gâyatrî.

## 18.

(The characteristics of the eighth day. The Shastras of the morning and midday libations.)

Neither the words â nor pra, but what is "standing" is the characteristic of the eighth day; because the eighth is identical with the second. The characteristics are, ûrdhva, prati, antar, vrishan, vridhan, the mentioning of the deity in the middle pâda, an allusion to the airy region, twice the name Agni (in the same pâda), the words mahad, vihûta, punar,

the present tense.

Agnim vo devam agnibhih (7, 3) is the Ajya of the eighth day; because it contains twice the word agni. It is in the Trishtubh metre; for the Trishtubh is the leading metre at the morning libation during these three days. The Pra-uga Shastra is composed of the following verses: Kuvid anga namasá (7, 91, 1), pîvo annân (7, 91, 3), uchhan ushasah (7, 90, 4), us'antâ dûtâ (7, 91, 2), yâvat taras (7, 91, 4-5), prati vâm sûra udite (7, 65, 1-3), dhenuh pratnasya (3, 58, 1-3), Brahmâna indropa (7, 28, 1-3), ûrdhvo agnih sumatim (7, 39, 1-3), uta syâ nah sarasvatî (7, 95, 4-6). In these verses are the characteristics