By repeating this mantra, Avatsâra (an ancient Rishi) obtained Agni's favour and conquered the highest world. The same happens to him who has such a knowledge, and who knowing it has this havish-pamkti offered (i. e. the sacrificer), or repeats the Yâjyâ-mantra belonging to it (i. e. the Hotar).

## FOURTH CHAPTER.

(The Dvidevatya Graha libations, i. e. the libations poured from the Aindravâyava, Maitrâvaruna, and Asvina Grahas. Rituyâjas. The Silent Praise).

## 25.

(Story of a race run by the gods for obtaining the right to drink first from a Soma libation. The Aindravâyava Graha. Explanation of a certain custom with the Bhâratas).

The gods could not agree as to who of them should first taste the Soma juice. They (all) wished for it, (each saying) "might I drink first, might I drink first." They came (at length) to an understanding. They said: "Well, let us run a race. He of us who will be victor, shall first taste the Soma juice." So they did. Among all those who ran the race, Vâyu first arrived at the goal; next Indra; next Mitra and Varuna, then the As'vins. Indra thinking he would be beforehand with Vâyu, (ran as fast as he could

them. Agni is Death. They pleased Agni with an offering, repeating "Agni, eat the offering," and were released.

This formula (havir agne vîhi) consists of six syllables; the soul consists of six parts,—is six-fold. Thus the sacrificer redeems (by means of this formula) through a soul (represented by this formula) his own soul, and clears off his debts. This is the mantra of Avatsara, the son of Pras'ravana.

<sup>1</sup> The expression in the original is: âjim ayâma. See 4, 7.