verses forming the Bahish-pavamana chant,3 they are praised by singers. After the singers have finished

Puroruk of the third triplet, which is addressed to Mitra-Varuna

(1, 2, 7-9):

भों ३० काया राजाना कला दक्ष दुराणे। रिमाद्मा सधस्य ओं ३ मिनं इने o the two Kavyas (descendants of the Kavis) the two kings (who are distinguished) through skilful performance (of sacrifices) at home, and who destroy the enemies in the combat.

Puroruk of the fourth triplet, which is addressed to the As'vin,

(1, 3, 1-3):

प्रों ३० देया अध्वर्ध आगतं रथेन स्वर्धत्वाः। मध्या यज्ञं समं-जाया ३ माश्रिना यज्वरी • Ye two divine Adhvaryus whose skin is sun-like, come up with (your) carriage; may ye anoint the sacrifice with honey!

Puroruk before the fifth triplet, which is addressed to Indra (1, 3, 4-6):

मोहि॰ इंद्र उक्षेभिमेंदिको वाजानांच वाजपित:। इरिवां सुता-मां सखाइ मिन्द्रायादि॰ Indra who is most stimulated (to action) through the recitations (of the Hotris), and is the lord of booty, he with his two yellow horses, the friend of the Soma drops.

Puroruk before the sixth triplet, which is addressed to the Vis've Devâh (1, 3, 7-9):

श्रीह ॰ विश्वान्देवान्हवामहे ८ स्मिन्यज्ञ सुपेश्रमः। त दर्म यज्ञमागमन् देवासा देवा धिया। ज्वाणा अध्ये सदा ये यज्ञस्य तन् कतः विश्व आ सामपीतयाह मामास्थ ॰ We call all the gods the well adorned to this sacrifice; may these gods come to this sacrifice with divine thought, favourably accepting the seat (prepared for them) at the preparation (by cooking) of the self-making sacrifice (i. e. of the sacrificial personage whose body is always restored by itself, when the sacrificial rites are performed); (may) all (come) to drink the Soma!

Puroruk before the seventh triplet, which is addressed to Sarasvatî (1, 3, 10-12):

शोह वाचमहं देवीं वाचासिन्यज्ञे सुपेश्रहा सर्खतीं हवामहो-पावकाः I (invoke) the goddess of Speech with my excellent speech at this sacrifice; we invoke Sarasvatî, &c. (Sapta-hâutra).

² The nine Grahas here alluded to are the Upâms'u, Antaryâma, Vâyava, Aindravâyava, Maitrâvaruṇa, As'vina, S'ukra, Manthis Agrayaṇa. The libations from these nine Grahas belong to the Bahishpavamâna Stotra, and the Pra-uga Shastra.

³ See page 120.