The effusion of seed is inaudible; so is the Japa.

It is, as it were, the effusion of the seed.

He mutters the Japa before the call, s'omsavom. For all that is repeated after the call, s'omsavom, forms part of the Shastra. The Hotar addresses this call (s'omsavom) to the Adhvaryu when the latter with his face turned away is lying prostrate on the earth (using the two hands as his two forelegs like beasts). For four-footed beings (animals) emit their sperms (at the time of copulation) having turned their faces away from one another. He (the Adhvaryu) then stands upright on his two legs. For two-footed beings (men) emit their sperms when facing one another in a straight line.

(The several sentences of the Japa are now

explained).

He mutters, pitâ mâtaris'vâ. The breath is pitâ (father), and the breath is mâtaris'vâ; the breath is seed.

First the Adhvaryu is called upon by the Hotar to turn away his face with the words: पराइ अध्यो i. e. Away, Adhvaryu! Then he commences the Japa with the words: su-mat, &c. (see 2, 24).

We here give the whole of it:

सुमत्यद्वादे विता माति श्वाकिद्रा पदा घादकिद्रोक्या कवयः ग्रं-सन्त्योमा विश्वविद्वीयानि नेषब्दृहस्पति एक्या मदानि ग्रंसिषद्वागा-युर्विश्वायुर्विश्वमायुः क द्दं ग्रंसिष्यति स द्दं ग्रंसिष्यति.

i. e. "May the father Mâtaris'van (wind, breath) make the verse feet without a breach! May the Kavis repeat the recitations without a breach! May Soma, the all-possessing, guide our performances! May Brihaspati repeat the recitations (and) the joyful choruses! Vâch (speech) is life, she has the whole life. She is life. Who will repeat this (Shastra)? He (i. e. I, the Hotar, representing Vâch) will repeat it." From the contents of this Japa it is evident, that the Hotar invokes the deities presiding over breath, speech, and literary skill, for a successful recitation of the whole Shastra, to accomplish which is regarded as an arduous task. In one of the sentences of this Japa the repeaters are called kavis, which appears to have been the more ancient name of the Hotri priests. It is mentioned as signifying a class of priests in the Zend-Avesta also.