Ueber den Verfasser des Aitareyabrāhmana theilt Sāyana in der Einleitung zu seinem Commentare folgende Ueberlieferung mit:

Prakritasya tu brāhmanasyaitareyakatve sampradāyavida etām ākhyāyikām ācakshate | kasyacit khalu maharsher bahvyah patnyo vidyante | tāsām madhye kasyāscid Itareti nāmadheyam | tasyā Itarāyāḥ putro Mahidāsākhyaḥ kumārah | etac cāranyakānde samāmnāyate | etad dha sma vai tad vidvān Mahidāsa Aitareya iti | tadīyasya tu pitur bharyantaraputreshv eva snehatisayo, na tu Mahidase | tatah kasyāmcid yajňasabhāyām tam Mahidāsam avajňāyānyān putrān svotsange sthāpayām āsa | tadānīm khinnavadanam Mahidāsam avagatyetarākhyā tanmātā svakīyakuladevatām bhūmim anusasmāra | sā ca bhūmir devatā divyamūrtidharā satī yajñasabhāyām samāgatya Mahidāsāya divyam sinhāsanam dattvā tatrainam upavesya sarveshv api kumāreshu pändityādhikyam avagamayyaitadbrāhmanapratibhāsanarūpam varam dadau | tadanugrahāt tasya Mahidāsasya manasa: Agnir vai devanam avama ityadikam strinute strinuta ityantam catvārinsadhyāyopetam brāhmanam prādur abhūt | tata ürdhvam: Atha mahāvratam ityādikam ācāryā ācāryā ityantam āranyakavratarūpam ca brāhmanam āvir abhūd iti | tasyaitareyasya prādurbhūte catvārinsadadhyāyopetabrāhmane catuḥsaṃstho jyotishtomaḥ prathamaṃ vidhīyate,