

Or in a femi-
nate termina-
tion. (1)

Or in ए, &c. तत्कीडयां प्रहरणं चेन्नौया पक्षवा ए दिक्
(2)

Or in ज follow-
ing घञ् 6 घञेजः साक्रियास्यां चेद्वाक्यता हि फालुनी
(3)

श्येनपता हि मृगया तैलपता सधेति दिक्

Diminutives.
(4)

7 स्त्रीस्यात्काचिन्मृगाल्यादिर्विचत्ता उपचये यदि

And the par-
ticular nouns
here answer-

(5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10)*

लङ्का श्रेफालिका टीका धातकी पञ्जिकाङ्की

* या-

(11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16)

8 सिधका सारिका हिक्का प्राधिकात्का पिपीलिका + उ-

(17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22)*

तिन्दुकी कणिका भङ्गिः सुकङ्का सूचि माढ्यः

माढि-

- (1) Terminated by an affix denoting the feminine gender (डो, याप or ऊङ्) whether the noun signify any thing locomotive or fixed, or whether it vary the gender, or be restricted to the feminine. (2) Indicating play in which the thing is used as a weapon. Ex. मौक्का, boxing, playing at fisty cuff. (3) And implying, that such act takes place at such time or in such circumstance. Ex. श्येनपतामृगया. (4) Formed by giving the feminine termination to a masculine noun: as मृगाली, a small fibre of a water lily. (5) The city of the name. (6) Nyctanthes arbor tristis. (7) A commentary: annotations. (8) Grislea tomentosa. (9) 1 A perpetual commentary. 2 A book of accounts; a journal. 3 A calendar or almanack. (10) Cytisus Cajan. (11) The plant. (12) A sort of bird: Turdus Salica Buch. M. S. (13) Hicough. (14) A sort of bird: others say, a gadfly. (15) A firebrand. (16) An ant. (17) Diospyros melanophylon. (18) 1 An atom. 2 A spark. (19) 1 Fracture. 2 Deception. 3 Wave. 4 Irony. (20) A winding hole in the ground, a mine: an opening by sap, such as house-breakers make. (21) A needle. (22) The gem of leaves: young leaves undisplayed.