

**शिका** a small ant having a large head in proportion to its size. — **षट्-पद्**: 1. a large bee. — 2. a wasp. — **सूक्ष्म** a. mighty and subtle (as the god). — **स्कन्ध**: the *lakucha* tree. — **हस्त**: an elephant's trunk.

**स्थूलक** a. Large, big, huge, bulky. — **क**: A sort of grass or reed.

**स्थूलता** स्त्वं 1 Largeness, bulkiness, bigness; Pt. 1. 190. — 2 Dulness, stupidity.

**स्थूलयति** Den. P. To become big or stout, grow bulky or fat.

**स्थूलिन्** m. A camel.

**स्थेमन्** m. Firmness, stability, fixity, fixedness; द्वाधीयांसः संहतः स्थेमभाजः Si. 18, 33; न यत्र स्थैमानं कुर्यात्तिष्ठत्यन्तः Bv. 1. 32.

**स्थेय** a. [स्था-कर्मणि यत्] To be fixed or placed, to be settled or determined. — **य**: 1 A person chosen to settle a dispute (between two parties), an arbitrator, umpire, a judge; H. 4. 1. — 2 A domestic priest.

**स्थेयस्** a. (सी. f.) More firm, stronger; (compar. of स्थिर q. v.).

**स्थेय** a. Very firm, strongest; (superl. of स्थिर q. v.).

**स्थैर्य** [स्थिरस्य भावः व्यञ्ज] 1 Firmness, stability, fixity, steadiness. — 2 Continuance. — 3 Firmness of mind, resolution, constancy; Bg. 13. 7. — 4 Patience. — 5 Hardness, solidity.

**स्थौण्यः, स्थौण्यकः** A kind of perfume.

**स्थौर** 1 Firmness, strength, power. — 2 A load sufficient for a horse or ass.

**स्थौरिन्** m. 1 A horse carrying burdens on his back, pack-horse. — 2 A strong horse.

**स्थौढ्य** 1 Bigness, bulkiness, stoutness. — 2 Dulness or density of intellect.

**स्नवः** Trickling, oozing, dripping.

**स्नस्** 1 4. P. (स्नसति, स्नस्याति) 1 To inhabit. — 2 To eject (as from the mouth), reject.

**स्नसा** A tendon, muscle.

**स्ना** 2 P. (स्नाति, स्नात) 1 To bathe, perform ablution; सुगन्धमांसे स्नातः. — 2 To perform the cere-

mony of bathing at the time of leaving the house of one's spiritual preceptor. — **Caus.** (स्नापयति-ते, स्नापयति-ते) To cause to bathe, wet, moisten, sprinkle; (तौयैः) सतृयेनां स्नापयांश्चुः Ku. 7. 10; स्नितस्नापिताधरा Git. 12, U. 3. 23, Ki. 5. 44. 47; Si. 2. 7, Me. 43. — **Desid.** (स्नितस्नति) To wish to bathe. — **With अप** to bathe after mourning. — **नि** to plunge deep into; i. e. to be perfect or thoroughly versed in; see निष्णात.

**स्नपन** a. 1 Causing to bathe. — 2 Used for bathing. — **न** 1 Sprinkling, washing. — 2 Bathing, ablution; रज्जे जने स्नपनसांद्रतराद्रिभूतिः Si. 5. 57. **स्नपित** a. Bathed, washed, sprinkled &c.

**स्नात** p. p. Bathed, washed, purified by ablution. — **त**: 1 One whose course of holy study is over. — 2 An initiated householder; cf. स्नातक.

**स्नातकः** 1 A Brāhmaṇa who has performed the ceremony of ablution which has to be performed on his finishing his first Āsrama (that of a Brahmachārin). — 2 A Brāhmaṇa just returned from the house of his preceptor and become an initiated householder (गृहस्थ). — 3 A Brāhmaṇa who is a Bhikṣhu (beggar of alms) for any religious object; Ms. 11. 2. — 4 Any man of the first three classes who is an initiated householder.

**स्नानं** [स्ना-भावे ल्युट्] 1 Bathing, washing, ablution, immersion in water; ततः प्रविशति स्नानोत्तीर्णः काश्यपः S. 4. — 2 Purification by bathing, any religious or ceremonial ablution. — 3 The ceremony of bathing or anointing an idol. — 4 Anything used in ablution. — **Comp.** — **अगारं** a bath-room. — **कुषा** Kusa-grass. — **द्रोणी** a bathing tub. — **यात्रा** the festival held on the full-moon day in the month of Jyeshṭha. — **वस्त्रं** a bathing-garment; सकृत् किं पीडितं स्नानवस्त्रं मुञ्चेत् हुतं पयः H. 2. 106. — **विधिः** 1. the act of ablution. — 2. the proper manner or rules of ablution.

**स्नानीय** a. [स्नानाय हितं छ] Fit or suitable for bathing or ablution, worn during bathing; स्नानीयवस्त्रक्रियया पञ्चैर्नौ चोपयुज्यते M. 5. 12. — **Water** or any other article (such

as unguents, perfumed powders &c.) proper for bathing; R. 16. 21.

**स्नापकः** A servant who bathes his master, or brings bathing-water for him.

**स्नापनं** The act of causing to bathe, or attending a person while bathing; Ms. 2. 209.

**स्नायुः** [स्नाति शुभ्याति दोषोऽनया स्नायुः Tv.] 1 A tendon, muscle, sinew; स्वल्पं स्नायुवसावशेषमलिनं निर्मासमप्यस्थिगोः Bh. 2. 30. — 2 The string of a bow. — **Comp.** — **अमन्** n. a kind of disease of the eyes.

**स्नायुकः** See स्नायु.

**स्नावः, स्नावन्** m. A tendon, muscle.

**स्निह** 10 U. (स्नेहयति-ते) 1 To go. — 2 To love, be in love.

**स्निग्ध** 4 P. (स्निहति, स्निग्ध) 1 To feel or have affection for, love, be fond of (with loc. of the person or thing that is loved or liked); किं नु खलु बालेऽस्मिन्नौरस इव पुत्रे स्निहति मे मनः S. 7; स च स्निह्यत्वावयोः U. 6 (where आवयोः may be genitive also). — 2 To be easily attached. — 3 To be pleased with, be kind to. — 4 To be sticky, viscid, or adhesive. — 5 To be smooth or bland. — **Caus.** (स्नेहयति-ते) 1 To make unctuous, anoint, besmear, lubricate. — 2 To cause to love. — 3 To dissolve, destroy, kill.

**स्निग्ध** a. [स्निह-क्त] 1 Loving, affectionate, friendly, attached, tender; Māl. 5. 20. — 2 Oily, unctuous, greasy, wetted with oil; उत्पश्यामि स्वादि तदगते स्निग्धभिन्नांजनाभे Me. 59; स्निग्धवेणीसवर्णे 18; Si. 12. 62, Māl. 10. 4. — 3 Sticky, viscid, adhesive, cohesive. — 4 Glistening, shining, glossy, resplendent; कनकनिकषस्निग्धा विद्युत् प्रिया न ममोर्वशी V. 4. 1; Me. 37; U. 1. 33, 6. 21. — 5 Smooth, emollient. — 6 Moist, wet. — 7 Cooling. — 8 Kind, soft, bland, amiable; प्रीतिस्निग्धैर्जनपदवधूलोचनैः पीयमानः Me. 16. — 9 Lovely, agreeable, charming; स्निग्धगंभीरनिर्घोष R. 1. 36, Me. 64, U. 2. 14, 3. 22. — 10 Thick, dense, compact; स्निग्धच्छायातरुषु वसति रामगिर्याश्रमेषु (चक्रे) Me. 1. — 11 Intent, fixed, steadfast (as a gaze or look). — **ग्यः** 1 A friend, an affectionate or friendly person; विज्ञैः स्निग्धैरुपकृतमपि द्वेष्यतां याति किं