stitute of, without (in comp.).

विप्रयोग: 1 Disunion, severance, separation, dissociation; as प्रिय°. -2 Especially, separation of lovers; मा भूदेवं क्षणमपि च ते विद्युता विप्रयोग: Me. 115, 10; सद्यस्त्रया सहं कृशोदि विप्रयोग: V. 5. 16; R. 13. 26, 14. 66. -3 Quarrel, disagreement. -4 Being fit or deserved.

ि विष्रलप् 1 P. 1 To dispute, contradict, wrangle, quarrel. -2 To discuss, debate. -3 To lament, bewail.

বিদলন্ন 1 Discussion, debate, controversy. -2 Bewailing, lamentation.

বিদন্তাব: 1 Idle or unmeaning talk, prattle, gibberish, nonsense. -2 Mutual contradiction, contradictory statement. -3 A dispute, wrangling. -4 Violation of one's promise, breaking one's word.

विमलभ् 1 A. 1 To cheat, deceive, impose upon. -2 To recover, regain. -3 To insult, disrespect. -4 To violate, disregard.

विभलक्ष्य p. p. 1 Deceived, cheated.

-2 Disappointed. -3 Hurt, injured.

-क्ष्म A woman disappointed by her lover's breaking his appointment; (one of the several classes of a Nâyikâ in poetic composition); she is thus defined in S.

D.:—अियः कृत्वापि संकेत यस्या नायाति संविभिम्। विशलक्षेति सा ज्ञेया नितातमवमानिता ॥ 118.

विप्रलंभ: 1 (a) Deceiving, deceit, tricking; Ki. 11. 27. (b) Delusion ; अतिक्कानिता खलु प्रियसखी अने-नामुक्लविप्रलंभेन Mâl. 6. -2 Especially, deceiving by false statement or by not keeping promises. -3 Quarrel, disagreement. -4 Disunion, separation, disjunction. -5 The separation of lovers; ग्रुश्रुवे प्रियजनस्य कातरं विप्रलंभपरिशं-किनो वच: R. 19, 18; Ve. 2. 12. -6 (In Rhet.) The feeling or sentiment of love in separation, one of the two main kinds of शुंगार (opp. संभीग) ; अपर: (विप्रलंभ:) आमिलापाव-रहेष्यां प्रवासद्यापहेतुक इति पंचविध: K. P. 4 ; यूनोरयुक्तयोर्भावो युक्तयोर्वाथवा मिथः । अभीष्टार्लिगनादीनामनवासी प्रहृष्यते । विप्रलंभः स विज्ञेय: :—उज्ज्वलमणि :— ; cf. S. D. 212 et seq.

विमलंभनं Deception, fraud, trick.

विश्वलयः Complete destruction or dissolution, annihilation; विद्या-कल्पेन महता मेचानां भूयसामि । श्र-द्यापीव विवर्तानां कापि विश्वलयः कृतः U. 6. 6.

বিসন্তম p. p. 1 Carried away, snatched away. -2 Disturbed, interrupted.

विप्रवस् 1 P. To sojourn, be absent from (one's home); R. 12. 11. —Caus. 1 To banish, expel. -2 To remove, take away.

বিমবান: Staying abroad, dwelling in a foreign country (away from one's home).

वित्रवासनं 1 Banishment. -2 Staying abroad, sojourn.

विमोधित p. p. 1 Staying abroad, away from, absent. -2 Banished, being in exile. -Gomp. - भर्तका a woman whose husband is absent from home.

विप्राईनका A. female fortuneteller; A. 64.

विप्रहीण a. Deprived or destitute of.

विप्रिय a. Disagreeable, disliked, unpleasant, distasteful. —यं, Offence, wrong, a disagreeable act; मनसापि न विभियं नया कृतपूर्वे तव कि जहासि मां R. 8. 52, Ku. 4. 7; Ki. 9. 39; Si. 15. 11; U. 3. 13.

विमुष् f. 1 A drop (of water or any other liquid); संतापं नव जलावेमु-षो गृहीरवा Si. 8. 40; स्वेदविमुष: 2. 18. -2 A mark, dot, spot.

चिस्नु 1 A. 1 To float about, swing to and fro, fluctuate. -2 To drift (in the sea), be scattered; यदि न स्यात्र-एवि: सम्यङ् नेता ततः प्रजा। अकर्णधारा जलधी विद्यवेतेह नीरिव H. 3. 2, Pt. 3. 73. -3 To be confused (as mind). -4 To be ruined or destroyed. -5 To fail. -Caus. 1 To cause to float or swim. -2 To divulge, spread abroad. -3 To teach (to unworthy persons); Ms. 11. 199. -4 To cause to fail, spoil, mar; गुणानामायथात्रथीं व्यावयंति ये Si. 2. 56. -5 To confound, bewilder.

faga: 1 Floating or drifting about floating in different directions. -2 Opposition, contrariety.-3 Confusion, perplexity.-4 Tumult, scuffle,

affray : M. 1. -5 Devastation, predatory warfare; danger from an enemy. -6 Extortion. -7 Loss, destruction; सत्त्वविद्यवात R. 8. 41. -8 Adverseness, evil turn : अथवा मम भाग्याविद्यवात R. 8. 47. -9 The rust on a mirror (dust accumulating on its surface) ; अपनर्जितनिष्ठने शुची ...म-तिरादर्श इयाभिदृह्यते Ki. 2. 26 (where विश्वन also means प्रमाणवाधः 'absence of reasoning') .- 10 Transgression, violation : Ki, 1. 13. -11 An evil, a calamity. -12 Sin, wickedness, sinfulness. -13 Terrifying an enemy by shouts and gestures. -14 Divulging. making public.

विद्वाद: 1 Deluging, inundating. -2 Causing tumult. -3 A horse's canter or gallop.

विवृत p. p. 1 Drifted about. -2
Drowned, submerged, deluged, overflowed. -3 Confounded, disturbed.
-4 Ravaged, devastated. -5 Lost,
disappeared. -6 Disgraced, dishonoured. -7 Ruined. -8 Obscured,
disfigured. -9 Deprayed, dissolute,
profligate, guilty of lewdness. -10
Contrary, reverse. -11 Turning out
false, नेव वार्च विद्वतं स्वाहर्गति U.4.18.

विद्धुष् See विद्युष्. विदल्ता See वीप्ता.

विफल a. 1 Fruitless, useless vain, ineffectual, unprofitable; मन विफलनेत्त्नुक्रपमि यौवन Git. 7; जगता वा विफलने कि फल R. G.; Si. 9. 6; Ku. 7. 66; Me. 68. -2 Idle, unmeaning. —ला N. of a plant (केत-की).

বিদ্ধতীকু 8 U. To frustrate, defeat, foil, render fruitless.

বিদ্ধান P. To become useless or unprofitable, be foiled.

বিষ্যু 9 P. 1 To bind or fasten (on different sides). -2 To stretch out, extend.

বিৰন্ধ p. p. 1 Fastened, tied. -2 Obstructed, stopped.

विवंध: 1 Constipation. -2 Obstruction.

विवाध् See वाध्-

विवाधा Pain, anguish, torment, agony.

विदुध 1 P., 4 A. 1 To wake up, awake; निमील्य नेत्रे सहसा व्यदुध्यत Ku. 5. 57. -2 To become conscious.