game with dice. -9 An organ of sense. -10 A magnet, a loadstone. -11 A touch-stone.

आकर्षक a. Attracting, attractive. -क: A magnet, a loadstone.

आकर्षण a. Attracting, carrying to another place. —जं 1 Pulling, drawing, attracting. —2 Seduction. —जी 1 A curved stick for pulling down fruits, flowers &c. (standing on elevated places); any instrument for pulling. —2 A variety of Mudrâ (or mark on the body).

आकर्षिक a. (की f.) Magnetic, attractive (आकर्षेण चराते).

आक्रांचन् a. Attractive (as a smell at a distance). —जी A rod with a hook at the end for pulling down boughs in order to gather fruits &c.

आकृष्टि: f. 1 Attraction (in general). -2 Attraction, gravitation (in astr.); आकृष्टिशक्तिश्र मही तथा यन अस्थ गृह स्वाभिमुखं स्वशक्त्या । आकृष्यते तत्पवतीय भाति सभ समेनान् क पनिवयं थे ॥ Golârdh. 1. -3 Drawing or bending of a bow; ज्या° Amaru. 1. -Comp. -मंत्र: an incantation by which another person is attracted; आकृष्टिमंत्रोपमं H. 1, 97.

आकृ 6 P. 1 To scatter or spread over, fill,fill up,cover, heap up (used chiefly in p.p. q. v.).-2 To dig up.

आकर: [by P. III. 3.118 आकर्वव्य-रिमन्;कु-अप्] 1 A mine; मिंगराकरो इवः R. 3.18; आकरे प्रधाराणां जन्म काच-मणः कुनः H. Pr. 44; Ms. 7.62; Y. 3. 242; (fig.) a mine or rich source of anything (उत्पन्तिस्थानं); मासी नु पुष्पाकरः V. 1.9; अक्षेत्रपुणाकरं Bh. 2.92; Mk. 8.38; Mu. 7.7. -2 A collection, group; प्रधाकरं निनकरो विक्यीकरोति Bh. 2.73; Ku. 2.29; Mál. 9.47. -3 Best, excellent. -4 N. of a country.-5 N. of the Mahâbhâshya.

आकरिक: [आकरे नियुक्त: उज्] A person appointed (by the king) to superintend a mine.

भाकरिन् a. [आकर इनि] 1 Produced in a mine, mineral. -2 Of good breed; इधतनाकरिनिः करिनिः क्षतैः Ki. 5. 7.

भार्त्राण p. p. 1 Scattered or spread over. -2 Filled or overspread with, crowded, full of, abounding in; जनतंत्रीण मन्य इतवहपरीतं गृहमिव S.5.10; भार्त्राणमृष्यिपरनीनामुदजद्वाररोधिभि: R. 1.

50; Pt. 1. 375; Ms. 6. 51. **-**♥ A crowd; V. 2.

आके ind. Ved. 1 Near, in the neighbourhood, -2 Distant.

आकेकर a. Half-shut, half-closed (eyes); निमीलसकं करलोल चक्कषा Ki. 8, 53; Mál. 5; K. 81; Mu. 3. 21; दृष्टिराके करा कि चिन्स्कट, पांगे प्रसारिता। मीलि-नार्थपुटालोके नाराज्यायन में चरा॥

आकेनिप a. Ved. Advancing near (as rays of light); wise (१).

आकोकर: The sign Capricornus ; (a word of Greek origin),

आक्रंट् 1 U. 1 To lament, weep, cry, cry out, creak, scream; नृणागलने स्तुहिनै: पतिष्ठ्रपाकंदतीयोपिस श्रीतकालः Rs. 4. 7; Bk. 15. 50. -2 To shout, roar. -3 To invoke, call out to; आक्रशब्दीमसेनं वे Mb. -Caus. 1 To cause to weep or cry. -2 To call out to; एखेहीति शिखंडिनां पहुतरैः केकानि पतंदिनः Mk. 5. 23. -3 To inspire courage by the sound of a drum. -4 To shout or roar at; to cry incessantly.

भाकतः 1 Weeping, crying out; कि करास दुराकंद Pt. 4. 29. -2 Calling, invoking, calling out to; Ms. 8. 292. -3 Sound, war-cry, a cry (in general); आक्राः उदमुत्तव Ks. 10. 94. -4 A friend, defender. -5 A brother. -6 A fierce or violent combat, war, battle. -7 A place of crying. -8 A king who prevents an ally from aiding another; a king whose kingdom lies next but one; प्राचिनाई च संभेद्य तथ कंद च मंडले Ms. 7. 207 (see Kull. thereon).

आक्रंदनं 1 Lamentation, weeping, cry of lamentation. -2 Calling out.

आक्रंदिक a. [आक्रंदं धावति ट्रज् P.IV. 4. 38] One who runs to a place where cries (of distress) are heard.

भाक्रदित p. p. 1 Roaring, crying or weeping bitterly. -2 Invoked, called. -तं 1 A cry, roar; R. 2. 28. -2 Lamentation, weeping, V. 1.

आक्रोइन a. Calling out in a weeping tone, weeping, shouting at; Ku. 5. 26.

आक्रम् 1 U. 1 To go towards or near, approach; अंतरिक्षं, आश्रमं &c. -2 To step or tread upon, enter, fill, take possession of, cover; अजगपतिरयं ने मार्गमाक्रम्य सुप्तः Mk. 9. 12 covering; स्वं केशवें।ऽपर

इवाक्रमितुं प्रवृत्तः 5. 2; छायामप्याक्र-मिन Ve. 3: Si. 8. 28 to enter or cross; Ms. 4. 130; Y. 1. 152; qer #-स्तकमाक्रम्य Ms. 11, 43; जंबद्वीपमाक-म्य H. 3; आन्नामाति धूनो हर्म्यतलं Mbh. -3 To occupy, extend over: योजनानां सहस्राणि बहुनाक्रम्य तिष्ठति Ks. 1, 15. -4 To attack, invade. seize, fall upon, conquer, overcome. vanquish; पक्षिशावकानाऋग्य H. 1: 2. 97; पौरस्टयानेवमाऋामंस्तांस्ताञ्च-नपदाञ्जयी R. 4. 84; H. 4; तं न... शेकराक्रमितृनव्यपाधिवाः R. 19. 48; Bh. 1. 70; Si. 1. 70. -5 To surpass, excel, eclipse. -6 To undertake, begin, commence -7 (A.) To rise, come up (as the sun); याव प्रता-पनिधिराक्रमते न भानः R. 5,71 , आक्रमते सुर्य: Mbh. -8 To ascend, mount, occupy (as sky, throne &c); दिवमाक-म गानेव Bk. 8. 23; Si. 18. 14, 51; सिंहासनं, स्वर्गलांकं; ध्वजं &c. -9 To lie heavily upon, to press (as a load). (For further illustrations of the several senses see 到兩河 below). - Caus. (ना-ना-मयति) To cause to enter, introduce, show into; स तैराऋमयामा-स शुद्धांतं Ku. 6,52.

आऋमः, नमं 1 Coming near, approaching. -2 Falling upon, attacking; an attack; Si. 16. 34. -3 Seizing, taking, covering, occupying. -4 Overcoming; obtaining. -5 Spreading or going over, surpassing. -6 Overloading. -7 Might, valour. -8 Possession of learning &c. -9 Food.

आक्रांत p. p 1 Seized, taken possession of, overpowered, defeated. vanquished, overcome ; आ क्रांतविमा-नमार्थे R. 13. 37 reaching upto: रुजा Pt. 5. 52; दिदशा° हृदय: Dk. 141 seized with; आतपाकांतीयमहेश: M. 3 exposed to heat; आक्रांतप-विमित्र अजारां R. 9. 79 trodden or trampled under foot; filled with, full of, occupied, covered, overspread: शश्रे तेन चाक्रांतं मंगलायतनं ਸਵਰ R. 17. 29; Bh. 2. 108; ਕੁਲਿਕਿ-मुखमाऋाने Bh.3. 14, 62; U.2.20 : Mv. 5, 40; Si. 1, 70; H. 1, 24; Dk. 141; K. 55; Ve. 2. 26; ° मृति having the mind engrossed or occupied; U. 5. 19; Mál. 9. 48; so मदन, ° भय, ° दोका ° &c. -2 Loaded (as with a burden): भाराकांता वसंधरा Mk. 8. 6; K. 118; Amaru, 30. -3 Surpassed, eclipsed, superseded; R. 10. 38, Ve. 5, M. 3. 5. -4 Obtained, possessed of: