

23. देवता a deity to whom a domestic oblation is offered. —भंगः 1. one who is driven from his house, an exile. —2. destroying a house. —3. breaking into a house. —4. failure, ruin or destruction of a house, firm &c. —भञ्जनं 1. breaking down or destroying a house. —2. causing the decay or ruin of a family. —भर्तृ m. the master of a house. —भूमिः f. the site of a house. —भेदिन् a. 1. prying into domestic affairs. —2. causing domestic quarrels. —भीजिन् m. an inmate of the same house, tenant. —मणिः a lamp. —माचिका a bat. —मृगः a dog. —मेघः a multitude of houses. —मेघ a. 1. one who performs the domestic rites. —2. connected with the duties of a householder. (—यः) 1. a householder. —2. a domestic sacrifice. —मेधिन् m. a householder, a married Brāhmaṇa who has a household; (गृहेदोरैमेधते संगच्छते Malli.) : प्रजायै गृहमेधिनाम् R. 1. 7; see गृहपति above. (—नी) the wife of a householder, a house-wife. —यंत्रं a stick or other instrument to which, on solemn occasions, flags are fastened; गृहयंत्रपताकाभीरपौरादरनिर्मिता Ku. 6. 41. —रंघ्र family-dissensions. —वाटिका, —वाटी a garden attached to a house. —वित्तः the owner of a house. —शुकः a domestic parrot, one kept for pleasure; Amaru. 13. —संवेक्षकः a house-builder by profession. —स्थः a householder, one who has entered on the stage of a householder; संकटा ह्यहितामीनां प्रत्यवाये गृहस्थता U. 1. 9; see गृहपति above and Ms. 3. 68; 6. 90. —आश्रमः the life of a householder; see गृहधर्म. —धर्मः the duty of a householder. —स्थूणा the pillar of a house.

गृह्यायः A householder; (according to Tv. the form गृह्याय given in शब्दकल्पद्रुम is not correct).

गृह्यालु a. Disposed to catch hold of or seize.

गृहा (हो) लिका A small house-lizard.

गृहिणी 'The mistress of a house', a wife, house-wife, (the lady in charge of the house); न गृहं गृहमित्याहुर्गृहिणी गृहमुच्यते । गृहं तु गृहिणीहीनं कांताराक्षतिरुच्यते Pt. 4. 81. —Comp —पदं the position or dignity of the

mistress of the house; यांस्त्रयं गृहिणीपदं द्रुवनयो वानाः कुलस्याधयः S. 4. 17; स्थिता गृहिणीपदे 18.

गृहिन् a. [गृह-इनि] Possessing a house. —m The master of a house, a householder; गृह्यते गृहिणः कथं नु तनयाविम्वदुःखैर्नैवः S. 4. 5; U. 2. 22; Sānti. 2. 24, Pt. 2. 61.

गृहीभू To serve as a house; S. 7. 20.

गृह्य a. [गृह क्यप्] 1 To be attracted or pleased, as in गुणगृह्य q. v. —2 Domestic. —3 Not master of oneself, dependent. —4 Tame, domesticated. —5 Situated out-side of; ग्रामगृह्या सेना 'an army out-side a village'. —ह्यः 1 The inmate of a house. —2 A tame animal or bird. —3 The domestic fire. —ह्य The anus. —Comp.

—अग्निः a sacred fire which every Brāhmaṇa is enjoined to maintain. —गृह्यक a. 1 Tame, domestic. —2 Dependent. —कः A tame animal.

गृहणी Sour gruel made from the fermentations of rice water.

गृहीत See under गृह्.

गृह्या A village adjoining to a city.

गृ I. 9 P. (गृणाति, गृण) 1 To utter a sound, call out, invoke. नामापि नाम गृणताममुतस्वाय कल्पतां Mv. 7. 15. —2 To announce, speak, utter, proclaim; R. 10. 63. —3 To relate, promulgate. —4 To praise, extol; केचिद्धिताः प्राञ्जल्यो गृणन्ति Bg. 11. 21; Bk. 8. 77. —With अनु to encourage; Bk. 8. 77. —II. 6 P. (गिरति or गिरति) 1 To swallow, devour, eat up. —2 To send forth, pour out, spit out, or eject, from the mouth. —With अव्. (Atm.) to eat, devour; तथावगिरमाश्व पिशाचैर्भोःशोणितं Bk. 8. 30. —III. 10 A. (गारयते) 1 To make known, relate. —2 To teach.

गीर्ण a. [गृ कर्मणि-क] 1 Swallowed, eaten up. —2 Described, praised.

गीर्णः f. [गृ भावे क्तिन्] 1 Praise. —2 Fame. —3 Eating up, swallowing.

गैडु(दुकः) A ball for playing with (also गैडुक).

गैप् 1 A (गैपते) To shake, tremble.

गैव् 1 A. (गैवते) To serve.

गैष 1 A. (गैते, गैष्) To seek, search, investigate; cf. गैष्.

गैह [गो गणेशो गंधर्वो वा ईहः ईहसितो यत् Tv.] A house, habitation; सा नारी विधवा जाता गैह रोदिति तत्पतिः Subhāsh. N. B. The loc. of this word is used with several words to form aluk Tat. compounds; e. g. गैहैवे-डिन् a. 'bellowing at home only', i. e. a coward, poltroon. गैहैवाहिन् a. 'sharp at home only', i. e. a coward. गैहेनैदिन् a. 'shouting defiance at home only'; i. e. a coward, dunghill-cock. गैहे-मैहिन् a. 'making water at home'; i. e. indolent. गैहेच्याडः a braggadocio, braggart, boaster. गैहेशूरः 'a house-hero', a carpet-knight, boasting coward.

गैहिन् a. (नी f.) = गृहिन् q. v.

गैहिनी A wife, the mistress of the house; धैर्यं यस्य पिता क्षमा च जननी शान्तिश्चिरं गैहिनी Sānti. 4. 9; मद्गैहिन्याः प्रिय इति सखे चेतसा कातरं मे Me. 77.

गैह्य a. Domestic, being in a house.

—ह्यं 1 Domestic affair. —2 Wealth.

गै 1 P. (गायति, जगै, अगासीत्, गायति, गातुं, गीत) 1 To sing, sing a song; अहं साधु रेभिलन गीतं Mk. 3; धीष्मसम-यमधिकृत्य गीयतां S. 1; Ms. 4. 64; 9. 42. —2 To speak or recite in a singing tone. —3 To relate, declare, tell (especially in metrical language); गीतशायनयोः गिरसा Māl. 2. —4 To describe, relate or celebrate in song; चारणद्वंद्वगीतः S. 2. 14. प्रभवस्तस्य गीयते Ku. 2. 5. —Caus. (गाययति-ते) To cause to sing or praise in song; जयो-रुहरणं बाह्योर्गापयामास किन्नरान् R. 4. 78, 15. 33.

गातव्य a. To be sung; what may be sung.

गातृ a. (जी f.) [गै-गाने तृच्] 1 Singer. —2 Angry. —m. 1 A singer. —2 A Gandharva.

ग. यः A song, singing.

गायकः यिकः [गै-यकन्] 1 A musician, singer. —2 A chanter of sacred poems or Purāṇas.

गाथा 1 Verse. —2 A religious verse, but not belonging to any one of the Vedas. —3 A stanza. —4 A song. —5 A Prākṛita dialect. —6 N. of the Aryā metre. —Comp. —कारः a writer of Prākṛita verses.

गायिका A song, verse; Y. 1. 45.

गानं [गैभावे लृट्] 1 Singing, a song.

—2 A sound. —3 Going. —4 Praise.

गानिन् a. 1 Going, moving. —2