उपारुढ a. Grown, increased, attaied to; °यौदन attained to majority; ° स्नेह K. 173 whose affection has increased.

उपार्ज 1 P. To bring near to.

—Caus. To gain, earn, acquire.

उपार्जक a. Acquiring, earning.

उपार्जन, ना Acquiring, gaining.

उपार्थ a. Of little worth.

उपालभ् 1 A. 1 To censure, blame, revile, scold, taunt; पर्योधर-विस्तारयितृकमात्मनों यौवनमुपालभस्य मां किमुपालभसे S. 1; रहस्युपालभ्यत चंद्रशेखर: Ku. 5. 58; R. 7. 44; Si. 9. 60; Bk. 3. 30, 6. 125. -2 To obtain (Ved.).

उपालंभः,-भनं 1 Abuse, taunt, censure; अस्या महदुपालंभनं गतोस्मि S. 5; तवीपालंभे पतितास्मि M. 1 laid myself open to your censure; उचि-तस्तदुपालंभः U. 3. -2 Delaying, putting off.

उपावसायिन् a. Ved. Submissive, compliant, obedient.

उपावसु a. Ved. Bringing or granting wealth.

उपायहरणं Bringing down, taking down.

surga 1 A. 1 To turn or go towards, approach. -2 To turn away from, return. -3 To give. -Caus. 1 To win over, induce; Mål. 8. -2 To cause to turn; lead or bring back; M. 5. -3 To give to. -4 To cause, produce. -5 To stretch out more and more.

उपावर्तनं 1 Coming or turning back, return; स्वदुपावर्तनशांकि में मनः (करोति) R. 8. 53. -2 Revolving, turning round. -3 Approaching. -4 Ceasing.

उपाइत् f. Ved. Return.

उपाइस p. p. 1 Returned, come, arrived. -2 Ceased, refraining. -3 Fit, proper. -4 Turned round; rolling or wallowing on the ground. -स: A horse rolling on the ground (to remove his fatigue).

उपाद्याध: A vulnerable or unprotected place.

उपादांसनीय a. To be expected. उपाद्रि 1 U. To have recourse to, resort to; Si. 8.53.

उपाश्रय: 1 Recourse (for aid), asylum, support; Bh. 2. 48; पर्यकस्यो

पाञ्चे K. 186 resting-place. -2 Receptacle, recipient; Ki. 13. 40. -3 Reliance, dependence upon.

उपाञ्चित a. 1 Relying or depending upon. -2 Supporting (fig. also), bearing, holding, protecting.

उपास 2 A. 1 To sit near to (with acc.), sit at the side of (as a mark of submission and respect); wait upon, serve, worship; उद्यानपालसामान्य-मृतवस्तमुपासते Ku. 2. 36; अंबामपा-स्स्व सदयां Asvad. 13; Si. 16. 47; Ms. 3. 189. -2 To use, occupy, abide in, reside; Ms. 5. 93. -3 To pass (as time); उपास्य रात्रिक्षेषं त Ram. -4 To approach, go to or towards ; उपासांचित्रिरे द्रष्टं, देवगंधर्विक-न्नराः Bk. 5. 107 ; परलोकमपास्महे 7. 89. -5 To invest or blockade (as an enemy's town). -6 To be intent upon, be engaged in, take part in, (perform as a sacred rite); उपास्य पश्चिमां संध्यां K. 176, 179: तेप्युपासंतु में मखं Mb.; Ms. 2. 222, 3. 104, 7. 223, 11. 42. -7 To undergo, suffer ; अलं ते पांडुपुत्राणां भक्तया हेशमुपासिनं Mb.; Ms. 11. 184. -8 To remain or continue in any state or action ; oft. with a pres. p. ; Bg. 12. 6. -9 To expect, wait for ; दिष्टमुपासीन: Mb. -10 To attach oneself to, practise; Y. 3. 192. -11 To resort to, employ, apply, use; लक्षणोपास्यते यस्य कृते S. D. 2 ; वस्तिरुपास्यमान: Susr. -12 To respect, recognize, acknowledge. -13 To practise archery.

a worshipper. -2 A servant, follower. -3 A Sûdra, a low fellow. -4 A worshipper of Buddha as distinguished from the Bhikshu.

उपासनं, ना 1 Service, serving, attendance, waiting upon; शीलं खलोपासनात् (विनश्यति); उपासनामेन्य पितुः स्म सुख्यते N. 1. 34; Pt. 1. 169; Ms. 3. 107; Bg. 13. 7; Y. 3. 156; Bh. 2. 42. -2 Engaging in, being intent on, performing; संगीत Mk. 6; Ms. 2. 69. -3 Worship, respect, adoration. -4 Practice of archery. -5 Regarding as, reflecting upon. -6 Religious meditation. -7 The sacred fire; Y. 3. 45. -8 Injuring, hurting; (fr. अस् 2).

उपास 1 Service, attendance. -2 Worship, adoration. -3 Religious meditation.

उपासित a. A worshipper.

उपास्तः f. 1 Service, attendance upon (especially a deity). -2 Worship, adoration ; स्वर्गापवर्गयोमंत्यतान्मनीत मनीविणः । यदुपास्तिमसावत्र पर्भात्मा निरूप्यते ॥ Kusum.

उपास्य pot. p. 1 To be served or worshipped. -2 To be performed or accomplished. -3 To be respected, °ता, -स्व respectability.

उपासंगः 1 Proximity, vicinity. -2 A quiver.

उपास्तमनं Sunset.

उपास्तमयं ind. About sunset.

उपास्त्रं A secondary or minor weapon.

उपाद्व 1 U. 1 To offer, give. -2 To cause, produce; स्पर्शस्सं K. 124. -3 To make, prepare. -4 To seize.

उपाहार: Slight refreshment (fruits, sweetmeats &c.),

उपे 2 P. [डप-इ] 1 To approach, come near, arrive at, reach (a place. person &c.); लतामुपेत्य S.1; so राजानं, हुमें &c. योगी परं स्थानमुपैति चाद्यं Bg. 8. 28, 10, 15, 9. 28. -2 To go to (a master), become a pupil. -3 To have intercourse with (a woman). cohabit; Ms. 9. 4. -4 To undergo, perform, undertake, practise : तप:. सत्रं &c. -5 To go to or pass into any state ; योगं R. 16. 84 ; भेड़ Ku. 2. 4; to fall into (misfortune &c.); क्षयं, मृत्युं, सुखं, दुःखं, निद्रां &c. -6 To obtain, attain to; उपैति शस्य परिणा-मरम्यतां Ki. 4. 22. -7 To incur, be present at. -8 To fall to one's lot or share, befall; उद्योगिनं पुरुषसिंहमपैति लक्ष्मी: Pt. 1. 361; Bg. 6. 27. -9 To consider as, admit, acknowledge.

उपाय: 1 (a) Means, an expedient, remedy; उपायं चितयेत्प्राज्ञस्तथापायं चितयेत्प्राज्ञस्तथापायं चितयेत्प्राज्ञस्तथापायं चितयेत् Pt. 1. 406; Amaru. 21; Ms. 8. 48, 7. 177. (b) A plan, contrivance; निलया Mu. 1. 5. (c) A mode, way, stratagem. -2 A fact, circumstance; U. 7. -3 Beginning, commencement. -4 Effort, exertion; Bg. 6. 36; Ms. 9. 248; 10. 2. -5 A means of success against an enemy; (these are four: — सामन् conciliation or negotiation; त्ने bribery;