अपाहा 3 P. = अपहा q. v.

अपि ind. (Sometimes with the अ dropped according to the opinion of Bháguri: बहि भागरिएकोपमबाप्याहणसर्गयोः : पिधा, पिधान &c.)1 (Used with roots and nouns in the sense of) Placing near or over, taking towards, uniting with: reaching or going up to, proximity, nearness &c. [Cf. Gr. epi, Zend api, Germ, and Eng. be]. (Note. आप, as a prefix to roots, occurs mostly in Veda, its place being taken by MH in classical literature).-2(As a separable adverbor conjunction) And, also, too, moreover, besides, in addition, having a cumulative force (समयय); अस्ति में सोदरस्नेहोंप्येतेष: S.1 on one's part, in one's turn; विष्णु-शर्मणापि राजपुत्राः पाटिताः Pt. 1; राजा-पि मुनिवाक्यमंगीकृत्यानिष्ठत् Dk. 2; अपि -अपि or अपि च as well as, and also; अपि स्तृहि, अपि सिंच P. I. 4. 96 Sk., न नापि-न चैवः न वापिः नापि वा न चापि neither-nor:न चापि काव्यं नविनत्यवद्यं M. 1. 2 nor ; वापि or ; अल्पोप्येवं महान वापि Ms. 3.53 whether small or great. -3 It is often used to express emphasis in the sense of 'too', 'even' 'very': विधरपि विधियोगाद मस्यते रा-हणासी H. 1 the very moon; युयमप्य-नैन कर्मणा परिश्रांताः S. 1 even you, you also; अन्यदिष also another; अद्यापि even, yet, still, even now; इदा-नीमपि even now; मुहतमपि even for a moment, for one moment at least: नाद्यापिnot yet: यद्यपि though. even if; तथापि still, although, nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet; sometimes यदापि is understood, तथापि only being used; as in Ki. 1. 28. -4 Though (oft. translateable by 'even', 'even if'); सरीसजननविद्धं शैवलेनापि रम्बं S. 1. 20 though overspread &c. ; इयमधिकमनोज्ञा वल्कलेनापि तन्दी ibid. though in her bark dress: बलवदपि शिक्षितानाम 1, 2 though ever so learned. In this sense safe is most frequently used by writers to show real or imaginary opposition (विरोध); कृष्णमापि असुदर्शनं, पुष्पवत्यपि प्रवित्रा &c. −5 But, however. -6 Used at the beginning of sentences आप introduces a question; अपि सन्निहितोऽत्र कुलपतिः S, 1:अपि क्रियार्थं सलभं समित्करां \dots अपि स्वशक्त्या तपसि प्रवर्तसे 'Ku, 5, 33, 34, 35 ; अप्यमणीर्मेत्रकृतामुषीणां कुशामबु-

pectation (usually with the potential mood); कृतं रामसङ्गां कर्म। अपि जीवेरस ब्राह्मणाश्चित्र: U.2. I hope the Brahmana boy comes to life. Note- In this sense अवि is frequently used with नान and has the sense of (a) ' is it likely', 'may it be'; (b) 'perhaps', 'in all probability 'or (c) would that', 'I wish or hope that': अपि नाम कलपतारियमसवर्ण-क्षेत्रसंभवा स्यात $S.\ 1; S.\ 7$: तदिप नाम मनागवतीर्णोसि रतिरमणबाणगोच्चरं Mal.1 perhaps, in all probability ; आप नाम तयोः कल्याणिनोः अभिमतः पाणियहः स्या-त् ibid;अपि नाम रामभद्रः पुनरपीदं वनमलं-क्रयान् U. 2; 'is it likely', 'I wish'; यथा वनज्योत्स्नानुरूपेण पारंपन संगता अपि नाम एवमहमप्यात्मनोऽनुरूपं वरं लगेंबेति S. 1 would that, आपि नामाहं पुरुखा भवेयं V. 2 I wish I were P. -8 Affixed to interrogative words अपि makes the sense indefinite, 'any', 'some'; कोपि some one : किमपि something:कत्रापि somewhere: कहापि at any time : कथनपि any how &c. के ऽपि एते प्रवयसः त्वां दिदक्षवः U. 4 some people. It may often be translated by 'unknown', 'indescribable,' 'inexpressible' (आनिवांच्य); व्यतिषज्ञति पदार्थानांतरः कोपि हेतः U. 6. 12: तत्तस्य किमपि द्रव्यं यो हि यस्य त्रियो जन: 2. 19; Mu. 3. 22; K. 143; कोपि महिमा स्थात U. 6, 6, 11, 7, 12: Màl. 1. 26; R.1.46. -9 After words expressing number safe has the sense of 'totality', 'all'; चतुर्णामपि वर्णानां of all the 4 castes : सैंबराप राजां प्रयोजनं Pt. 1.-10 It sometimes expresses 'doubt' or 'uncertainty,' 'fear' (दांका) ; अपि चौरो भवेत G. M. there is perhaps a thief. -11 (with pot. mood) It has the sense of संभावना possibility', 'supposition'; P.I. 4.96; III, 3.154;अपि स्तुयाद्विष्णुं, अपि स्तुया-द्राजानं, अपि गिरिं शिरसा निद्यात Sk.; सोयमीप सिंचेत्सहस्रं द्राक्षाणां क्षणेनैकेन Dk. 127. -12 Contempt, sure, or reproof; P. I. 4. 96, III. 3. 142;धिग्देवदत्तमपि स्तयादवृषलं:धिग्जाल्म देवदत्तमपि सिचेत् पलांडुः अपि जायां त्य-जसि जात गणिकामाधल्से गहितमतत Sk. shame to,&c. or fie upon, Devadatta &c.-13 It is also used with the Imperative mood to mark 'indifference on the part of the speaker', where he permits another to do as he likes, (अन्ववसर्गे or कामचारानुज्ञा,the imperative द्धे कुशली गुरुस्ते R.5.4. -7 Hope, ex- being softened;) अपि स्ताह Sk. you

may praise (if you like); अपि स्तद्यपि सेधास्मांस्तथ्यमुक्तं नराज्ञन Bk. 8. 92. -14 sufq is sometimes used as a particle of exclamation .- 15 Rarely in the sense of 'therefore,' 'hence'(अत एव). -16 Used as a separable preposition with gen, it is said to express the sense of a word understood (पदार्थ), and is treated as a कमेंत्रवचनीय P. I. 4. 96; the example usually given is सार्पेबोपि स्यात where some word like बिंदरिप 'a drop,' 'a little' has to be understood, 'there may perhaps be a drop of ghee,' 'I presume there may be at least a drop' &c. अपि संभावनाभइनशंकागर्हासमध्ये। तथाय-क्तपदार्थेष कामचाराकियास च॥ Visva; अपिः पदार्थतंभावनान्ववसर्गगर्हासमच्येषP. 1. 4.96. G. M.adds the senses of आश्चिस blessing' (भद्रमपि), मृति 'death' (मरणमपि) and भूषा 'decoration' (अपि न हात हार').

अपिकक्ष: Ved. The region of the arm-pits and shoulder-blades, especially in animals. - st ind. In the armpit.

अपिकश्य a. Belonging to this region (Sáy. on Rv. 1. 117. 22 says °क्ष्यं छित्रस्य यज्ञाज्ञीरसः कक्षप्रदेशेन संधानभतं प्रवर्ग्यविद्याख्यं रहस्यं).

अधिकर्ण The region of the ears; near (समीप) Rv. 6. 48. 16,

अपिगीर्ण a. 1 Praised, celebrated. -2 Told, described.

अपिडिछल a.1 Not muddy,clear, free from sediment. -2 Deep.

आपिज a. Born after or again. epithet of several deities. - ज: ि अपि अप्स जायते, अलक्ष वेदे अपुराब्दस्यैकव-चनत्वमपि] N. of the month of-Jyeshtha (जलकीडारतिसाधनत्वात्तथात्वं).

अपित क [आपः इतो गता यस्य वेदे न जप] 1 Dry, waterless, as a river.-2 Not having the इत् or अनुवंध प्.

अपितक a, 1 Fatherless.-2 Not ancestral or paternal, not inherited (अपैतक also in this sense).

अपित्र्य a. Not ancestral.

अपित्वं Ved. अपित्वरते अस्मै, त्वर् बा° ड] A part, portion, share.

अपित्विन a. Having a share.

आपिधा 3 U. To shut, close, cover, conceal,

अपिधानं, पिधानं 1 Covering, concealing, concealment. -2 A cover. lid, covering (fig. also); अमृताविधान-