or distinguishing marks, undefined, undistinguished; Ms. 1. 5. -3 Having no good marks, inauspicious, unfortunate, ill-omened; ऋशावहा मर्नुरस्थाहम् R. 14. 5. —ज् 1 A bad or inauspicious sign; Ms. 4. 156. —2 That which is no definition, a bad definition.

अलक्षित a. 1 Unseen, unperceived, unobserved; अलक्षितेपस्थित H. 1; अलक्षिता-युत्पतनो नृपेण R. 2.27. -2 Uncharacterized; not marked, -Comp.—अंतक a. suddenly dead. —उपस्थित a. one who has approached unobserved.

अलक्ष्य a. 1 Invisible, unknown, unobserved. -2 Unmarked. -3 Having no particular marks. -4 Insignificant in appearance. -5 Having no pretence, free from fraud. -6 Not उर्च or secondary (as meaning). -Comp. - गति a. moving invisibly. - जन्मता unknown birth, obscure origin; वपुर्विद्धपाक्षमञ्ज्य जन्मता Ku. 5. 72. - लिंग a. disguised, incognito. - वाच a. addressing words to no visible object; Ku. 5. 57.

अलक्ष्मीः f. Evil fortune, bad luck, distress, poverty; क्षामान् दुग्धे विप्रकर्षस्यलक्ष्मी U. 5. 31.

अलगर्दः [Ety.?] A water-serpent, the black variety of the Cobra de Capello (also written अलगर्थ). —र्श A large poisonous leech.

অন্তৰ্ক a. 1 Speaking unconnectedly. -2 Stammering.

अलघु (चुन्दी f.) 1 Not light, heavy, big, weighty (as breasts, hips &c.); आयासादल पुनरस्तने: Si. 8. 1; 7. 5. -2 Not short, long (in prosody). -3 Serious, solemn. -4 Intense, violent, very great. -Comp. -उपल: a rock. - उत्पन्त m. intense heat. - प्रतिच् a. solemnly pledged or promised. अलाघनं Meanness, niggardliness; R. 9. 16.

अलंघनं Not surmounting, not transgressing, not passing over or beyond.

अलंघनीय a. Insurmountable, impassable, inaccessible, beyond the reach of; त्रिद्शपरिपसस्यालंघनीय कृते स्व: V. 2 proof against injury; V. 4, Ki. 14. 37.

अलंघनीयता 1 Impassableness, insurmountableness, inaccessibility; विततयज्ञ: स्वर्गण: प्रीणयालम् S.7.34; Si. 2. 48. -2 Inviolability; respect-R. 10. 80; K. 169; Si. 3, 58; 4.

ability, -3 Authoritative or absolute rule, superiority.

अलंड्य a. 1 Not to be transgressed, overcome &c.; Si. 3.64.—2 Beyond the reach of, impossible to be done; Ki. 13. 7.—3 Difficult to secure or attain, unattainable; Ki. 10.6, 13; Si. 8.57; °ता state of being proof against an attack or injury; Ki. 11.63.

अरुजः A kind of bird.

अलजी Inflammation of the eye; a sort of disease of the joints.

अल्डा a. Shameless. — जा 1 Boldness. –2 Impudence.

अस्त्रंजरः,-जुरः [अलं सामर्थ्यं जृणाति, जृ-अन्त्र, पृषोण्डत् Tv.] An earthen jar.

अलितः [अल्-बा॰ अतिच्] Commencement of the notes of a song.

अलब्ध a. Unobtained. -Comp.
-अभीष्मित a. disappointed in one's desired object. -नाय a. friendless, without a patron.

अलभ्य a. Unobtainable, unattainable.

अलम ind. [अल -बाह • अम] 1 (a) Enough, sufficient for, adequate to (with dative or inf.) : तस्यालमेषा भ्रधितस्य तृष्त्यै R. 2. 39; Ku. 6. 82; अन्यथा प्रातराशाय कर्याम स्वामलं वयम Bk. 8. 98; Si. 2. 40, 106, 110; K. 133; Bh. 3, 22; Ms. 11, 77; R. 2. 39, 9. 32; 15, 64; Me. 64, 88. (b) A match for, equal to (with dat.) : दैत्येभ्यो हरिरलं Sk.; अलं मह्नी महाय Mbh. -2 Able, competent (with inf.); अलं भोक्तं Sk.; बरेण शामितं लोकानलं दग्धं हितत्तपः Ku. 2. 56; V. 3. 10; with loc. also; त्रयाणाम-पि लोकानामलमस्मि निवारणे Ram. -3 Away with, enough of, no need of, no use of (having a prohibitive force), with instr. or gerund ; अलमन्यथा गृही-त्वा M. 1. 20; अलमलं बहु विकाल्ध्य M. 1; आलप्यालमिरं बभ्रोर्यत्स दारानपाहरत Si. 2. 40; अलं महीपाल तव अमेण R.2.34; Ku. 5. 82; अलिमयद्भि: क्रसुमै: S. 4 so many flowers will do; Si. 10, 75; sometimes used, though less correctly, with the inf. in the same sense; अलमात्मानं खेदयितुं Ve. 2, 3; अलं सुप्रजनं प्रबोधियतुं Mk. 3. -4 (a) Completely, thoroughly ; अईस्थेनं दाम-यितमलं वारिधारासहस्रै: Me. 53; त्वम-पि विततयज्ञः स्वर्गिणः प्रीणयालम् S.7.34;

39, (b) Greatly, excessively, to high degree ; तुइंति अलम् K. 2; यो गच्छत्यलं विद्विषतः प्रति Ak.; Mv.6, 40; इत्यलमन्वशान् मुनिर्मी Ki. 13, 13 again and again, pressingly. -5 In vain. -6 Surely, verily.-7 In the sense of आहेत and भूषण also, -Comp. - कर्मीण a. [अलं समर्थ: कर्मणे ख] competent to do any act; skilful, clever. -कुमारिव. [अलं कमार्यें] sufficient to support a maiden (धनं) ; P. I. 2. 44. - क्र.-कार &c. see separately below. -गामिन त. अलं पर्याप्त गच्छति, णिनि] going after, following in due or proper manner; P. V. 2. 15. — जीविक a. [अलं जीविकायै च-त.] sufficient for livelihood. — ज्ञाब a. [अलंजुध्यते कर्मणि बाहु॰ क] sufficient, adequate to eating. - तम a. able, sufficient, having power. —धन त. अलं प्रभृतं धनमस्त्यस्य अच्] possessing sufficient wealth, rich ; निरादिष्टधनश्चेत्त प्र-तिभः स्यादलंधनः Ms. 8, 162. - धूम a. [अलमन्यर्थी धूम:] thick smoke, volume of smoke. —पद्य: [अलं यज्ञे नि-र्थः प्रा:] a bad or useless animal (for sacrifice). (-a.) able to keep cattle. —प्रचीण a. िअलं समर्थ प्रवाय: स्वार्थे-[1. fit for a man, becoming a man. 2. sufficient for a man. (-¬;) a man who is chief of the opposite warriors in a battle. — बस a. l. strong enough, having sufficient power. -2. an epithet of Siva. -बुद्धि: 1. sufficient sense.-2. false notion (मिध्या-बाद्धि). —भूष्णु a. [अलं सामर्थ्यं भू-ग्रनु] able, competent : विनाप्यस्मदलंभ्रदण्रि-ज्यायै तपसः सुतः Si. 2. 9.

अलंक 8 U. 1 To prepare, make ready [Ved.).-2 To ornament, decorate, grace; तत्र च शयनीयमलंच-कार K. 207; कतमो वंशोऽलंकृतः S. 1. -3 To prevent from, impede (with gen.).

अलंकरणं 1 Decoration, ornamenting. -2 An ornament (lit. and fig.); सृज्ञति तावदशेषगुणाकरं पुरुषरल-मलंकरणं भ्रुवः Bh. 2. 92. -3 Preparation.

अलंकरिंड्यु a. 1 Fond of ornaments.

-2 Decorating, skilled in decorating.

-3 Ornamented. — ब्यु: An epithet of Siva.

अलंकर्न् a. A decorator, skilled in decoration.

अलंकार: 1 Decoration, act of decorating or ornamenting. -2 An ornament (fig. also); अलंकार: स्वर्गस्य