

R. 5. 7; also 5, 6, 8, 9. (b) joy ; (c) auspiciousness.

कच्छः—छं 1 Bank, margin, skirt, bordering region (whether near water or not); यमुनाकच्छमवतीर्णः Pt. 1; गंधमादनकच्छोऽध्यासितः V. 5; Si. 3. 80; Māl. 9. 16. —2 A marsh, morass, fen. —3 The hem of the lower garment tucked into the waistband; see कक्षा. —4 A part of a boat. —5 A particular part of a tortoise (in कच्छप). —6 A tree, the timber of which is used for making furniture (तृत्र). —छा 1 A ericket. —2 The plant Lycopodium Imbricatum (बाराही). —Comp. —अंतः the border of a lake or stream; marshy place; Ki. 7. 39, 12. 54. —देशः N. of a place in the South. —पः (पी f.) 1. a turtle, tortoise; केशव धृतकच्छपरूप जय जगदीश हरे Gīt. 1; Ms. 1. 44, 12. 42 (thus explained by Durga; कच्छं आत्मनो मुखसंपुटं पाति, स हि किञ्चित् दृष्ट्वा शरीर एव मुखसंपुटं प्रवेशयति). —2. a tumour on the palate. —3. an apparatus used in the distillation of spirituous liquor. —4. an attitude in wrestling. —5. the tree Cedrela Toona. —6. one of the nine treasures of Kubera. (—पी) 1. a female tortoise. —2. a cutaneous disease, wart or blotch. —3. a kind of lute; also the lute of Sarasvatī. —भूः f. marshy ground, morass. —रुहा a kind of grass (दूरी). **कच्छ (छा) टिका**, कच्छाटी The end or hem of a lower garment which, after being carried round the body, is gathered up behind and tucked into the waist-band.

कच्छपिका 1 Pimple, blotch. —2 A wart accompanying gonorrhoea. **कच्छाटिका** = कच्छटिका q. v.

कच्छुः-कच्छु f. Itch, scab. —Comp. —क्षी the plant (पटोल); another plant (हृषपमेद).

कच्छुमती The plant Carpopogon Pruriens शूकशिबी (said to cause itching on being applied to the skin).

कच्छुर a. [कच्छुर-रुहस्व P. V. 2. 107 Vart.] 1 Scabby, itchy. —2 Unchaste, libidinous. —3 Poor, wretched. —रा N. of several plants; शटी, शूकशिबी.

कच्छोर A kind of Curcuma (शटी).

कच्ची A plant with an esculent root (Arum Colocasia) cultivated for food.

कज्ज 1 P. (कज्जति) 1 To be happy. —2 To be confused with joy, pride, or sorrow. —3 To grow (in the last sense a Sautra root.).

कज See under क.

कज्जल [कुत्तितं जलमस्मात्प्रभवति, कोः कदादेशः] 1 Lamp-black or soot, considered as a collyrium and applied to the eyelashes or eyelids medicinally, or sometimes as an ornament; यथा यथा चैयं चपला दीप्यते तथा तथा दीपशिखेव कज्जलमलिनमेव कर्म केवलमुद्भवति K. 105; अद्यापि तां विधृत-कज्जललोलेन च Ch. P. 15; कालिमा Amaru. 88. —2 Sulphuret of lead or antimony (used as a collyrium). —3 Ink. —ली 1 Sulphuret of mercury, Æthiops's mineral. —2 Ink. —Comp. —ध्वजः a lamp. —रोचकः —क the wooden stand on which a lamp is placed.

कज्जलित a. Covered with lamp-black or with a collyrium prepared from it.

कज्जवल Lamp-black (especially considered as an application to the eyes).

कञ्च 1 A. 1 To bind. —2 To shine..

कञ्चारः 1 The sun. —2 The Arka plant.

कञ्चिका 1 A small boil. —2 The branch of a bamboo.

कञ्चुकः 1 An armour, mail. —2 The skin of a snake, slough; भोगिनः कञ्चुकाविष्टाः Pt. 1. 65. —3 A dress, garb, cloth (in general); धर्म ° प्रवेशिनः S. 5; कपटधर्म ° Dk. 29. —4 A dress fitting close to the upper part of the body, robe; अंतःकञ्चुकिकञ्चुकस्य विंशति श्लासादयं वामनः Ratn. 2. 3; सुभाषितरसास्वाद्जातरोमांचकञ्चुकं Pt. 2. 64. —5 A bodice, jacket; कञ्चुकि-वैद्वगजाजिनकञ्चुकाः Si. 6. 51, 12. 20; Amaru. 81; (Phrase:— निंदति कञ्चुककारं प्रायः शुष्कस्तनी नारी; cf. “ a bad workman quarrels with his tools”). —6 A kind of drawers or short breeches. —7 A strap of leather. —8 Husk.

कञ्चुकाहुः A snake.

कञ्चुकित a. 1 Furnished with ar-

mour, mailed. —2 Having a garment; कया ° Bh. 3. 130.

कञ्चुकिन् a. Furnished with armour or mail. —m. 1 An attendant on the women's apartments, a chamberlain; (an important character in dramas); अंतःपुरचरो वृद्धो विप्रो गुणगणान्वितः । सर्वकार्यार्थे कुशलः कञ्चुकीत्यभिधीयते ॥ (he must be a Brāhmaṇa, very old, &c.; cf. V. 3. 1 and S. 5. 3). —2 A libidinous man, debauchee. —3 A serpent. —4 A door-keeper. —5 Barley.

कञ्चुलिका, कञ्चुली A bodice; त्वं मुग्धाक्षि विनैव कञ्चुलिकया धत्से मनोहारिणीं लक्ष्मीं Amaru. 23.

कञ्चूल An article of female dress, i. e. a bodice.

कंजः 1 The hair. —2 N. of Brāhma. —जं 1 A lotus. —2 Ambrosia, nectar. —Comp. —जः N. of Brāhma. —नाभः N. of Vishnu.

कंजकः—की A kind of bird, Gracula Religiosa.

कंजनः 1 The god of love. —2 A kind of bird (the bird of Kandarpa).

कंजरः, कंजारः 1 The sun. —2 An elephant. —3 The belly. —4 An epithet of Brāhma. —5 A peacock. —6 A hermit.

कंजलः A kind of bird.

कंजिका The plant Siphonanthus Indica (आम्रगण्डिका).

कट, कट् 1 P. (कटति or कटति) To go.

कट् 1 P. (कटति, अकटीत्, कटितुं) 1 To rain. —2 To surround. —3 To encompass, cover or screen.

कटः 1 A straw mat; Ms. 2. 204. —2 The hip. —3 Hip and loins; the hollow above the hips. —4 The temples of an elephant; कड्डयमानेन कटं कदाचित् R. 2. 37, 3. 37, 4. 47. —5 A particular throw of the dice in hazard; नर्दितदक्षितमार्गः कटेन विनिपातितो यामि Mk. 2. 8. —6 A kind of grass. —7 Excess (as in उल्कट). —8 A corpse. —9 A hearse, bier. —10 An arrow. —11 A custom. —12 A cemetery, burial ground. —13 A time or season. —14 The plant Saccharum Sara (शर). —15 An annual plant. —16 Grass (in general). —17 A thin piece of wood, plank. —टी Long pepper. —ट्टे Dust of flowers.