

ment, dung, faeces; मातुरुच्चर एव सः H. Pr. 16; Ms. 4, 50. -3 Discharge (in general). -4 Passage (of heavenly bodies) to another zodiacal sign or asterism.

उच्चरणं 1 Pronunciation, utterance; वाचः Sik. 2; वेद. -2 Declaration, announcement, enunciation. -**Comp.** -अर्थ a. 1. useful for pronunciation. -2. necessary for pronunciation, such as a redundant letter only used to facilitate pronunciation. -ज्ञः a linguist. -स्थानं the part of the throat from which certain sounds (such as nasals, gutturals &c.) issue.

उच्चरितं p. p. 1 Pronounced, uttered. -2 Having excrement.

उच्चारक a. Pronouncing, uttering.

उच्चल 1 P. 1 To start, set out; स्थितः स्थितामुच्चलितः प्रयातां R. 2. 6; उच्चाल बलभित्तस्यो वशी 11.51; sometimes with dat. of place; नगरायोद-चलं Dk. -2 To go or remove away or fly away (from one's place), fly away from; स्थानादनुच्चलन्नपि S. 1. 29; पुष्पोच्चलितवद्दर्श R. 12. 27. -3 To free or extricate oneself from.

उच्चल a. Moving. -लं Mind, understanding.

उच्चलनं Moving away, setting out.

उच्चलित p. p. 1 On the point of going, setting out. -2 Gone up or out; winnowed (as grain).

उच्चावच a. [भयूरव्यंसकदिगण] 1 High and low, uneven, irregular, undulating; Ms. 6. 73. -2 Great and small, variegated, heterogeneous. -3 Various, multifarious, of various kinds, diverse; उच्चावचाश्च पदार्था भवन्तीति गार्ग्यः Nir.; Ms. 1. 38; Si. 4. 46; Dk. 48, 104, 156.

उच्चि 5 U. To collect, gather, accumulate.

उच्चयः 1 A collection, heap, multitude; रूपोच्चयेन S. 2. 9; प-दोच्चयः S. D. 2; cf. शिलोच्चय also. -2 Gathering, collecting (flowers &c.); पुष्पोच्चयं नादयति S. 4; Ku. 3. 61. -3 The knot of a woman's (wearing) garment (नीविबंध); Ki. 8. 15, 51. -4 Nivāra rice (collected by winnowing). -5 Prosperity,

rise; उच्चयापचयौ H. 3. 133. -6. The opposite side of a triangle.

उच्चिगटः 1 A passionate or angry man. -2 A kind of crab. -3 A kind of cricket.

उच्चिष्टं (टिं) गः A crab.

उच्चित्र a. With the pictures prominently appearing; Māl. 6. 5.

उच्छुः-लः 1 The flag of a banner, or the banner itself. -2 An ornament fastened on the top of a banner.

उच्छन्न a. [उद्-उच्छ-क] 1 Destroyed, cut down (perhaps for उत्सन्न); see उच्छिन्न. -2 Extinct (as a work).

उच्छल 1 U. To fly upwards or away, move onwards, wave.

उच्छलत् pres. a. 1 Shining, moving about; Si. 3. 37; Māl. 3; स्वच्छंदाच्छलवच्छ &c. K. P. -2 Appearing, bursting forth; Māl. 7. -3 Moving, going on; *ibid.* -4 Flying up or away, going up high.

उच्छलनं Going or moving upwards.

उच्छलित p. p. 1 Moved, waved above. -2 Shaken. -3 Gone.

उच्छादनं 1 Covering. -2 Rubbing the body with perfumes.

उच्छासन a. [उत्क्रांतः शासनं] Not amenable to rule or command, ungovernable, unruly.

उच्छास्त्र, °वर्तिन a. 1 Contrary or opposed to शास्त्र (civil or religious law-books). -2 Deviating from or transgressing the law-books; Y. 1. 140; Ms. 4. 87.

उच्छिख a. [उन्नत शिखा यस्य] 1 Crested, with erected crest; U. 3. 18. -2 Having the flame pointed upwards, flaming, blazing up; Ki. 1. 32; K. 127; R. 16. 87. -3 Radiant, bright.

उच्छिष्यन् Breathing through the nostrils, snoring.

उच्छिद् 7 U. 1 (a) To cut off, extirpate, eradicate, destroy; नोच्छि-द्यादात्मनो मूलं परेषां चातितुष्ण्या Mb.; किं वा रिपुस्तव गुरुः स्वयमुच्छिनत्ति R. 5. 71, 2. 23; Pt. 1. 47, 365. (b) To dispel, chase away; उच्छिस्तुं प्रभवति यन्न सप्तसप्तः S. 6. 29. (c) To snap (thread); Māl. 9. 26. -2 To interfere with, interrupt, stop; न्या-

यानुच्छिद्य Mb.; तैत्तिरीयैरनुच्छिन्नाः S. D. -*pass.* 1 To be cut or snapped. -2 To be stopped or interrupted, cease; उच्छिद्यन्ते क्रियाः सर्वाः श्रीधरे कुसरितो यथा Pt. 2. -3 To waste away, fail, be wanting or deficient; एतान्यपि सतां मेहे नोच्छिद्यन्ते कदाचन Ms. 3. 101.

उच्छिन्ति f. Extirpation, destruction; कोसल °Ratn. 4.

उच्छिन्न p. p. 1 Extirpated, destroyed, cut down or off; उच्छिन्नाश्र-यकारेण कुलदा गोवांतरं श्रीगर्ता Mu. 6. 5. -2 Abject, vile. -नः Peace obtained by ceding valuable lands.

उच्छिस्तु a. An extirpator, destroyer.

उच्छेदः, -दनं 1 Cutting off. -2 Extirpation, eradication, destruction, putting an end to; सतां भवोच्छेद-करः पिता ते R. 14. 74. -3 Excision.

उच्छेदिन् a. Destroying.

उच्छिरस् a. [उन्नतं शिरोऽस्य] 1 With the neck raised (lit.). -2 High, lofty. -3 (Hence) Noble, great, exalted; शैलात्मजापि पितुरु-च्छिरसोऽभिलाषं Ku. 3. 75, 6. 70.

उच्छिर्लीध a. Full of mushrooms (shot up); कर्तुं यच्च प्रभवति महीमुच्छि-र्लीध्रावध्याम् Me. 11. -ध्र A mushroom.

उच्छिष 7 P. (chiefly in *pass.*) To leave (as a remainder), reject.

उच्छिष्ट p. p. 1 Left as a remainder -2 Rejected, abandoned; अन° R. 12. 15. -3 Stale; कल्पना stale idea or invention. -4 (Used actively) One who has not washed his mouth and hands after meals, and hence considered impure; न चोच्छिष्टः क्वचिद् ब्रजेत् Ms. 2. 56. -ष्ट 1 Leavings, fragments, remainder (especially of food or sacrifice); नोच्छिष्टं कस्यचिद् दद्यात् Ms. 2. 56; so द्विज°, गृध्र°. -2 Honey. -**Comp.** -अन्नं leavings, offal. -चांडालिनी a form of the goddess मातंगी. -भोजन, -भोजिन्, -भोक्तु a. one who eats the leavings of another or eats the leavings of offerings to gods (as an attendant upon an idol). -भोजनं eating the leavings of another.

उच्छेषः, -षण 1 Rest, remainder; सरस्वतीमुखमहणोच्छेषणीकृतो दशनच्छेद एष ह्युचितुं Dk. 27. -2 Leavings (of food).