Rs. 4, 14 pulling off or back, (b) To take or carry away, remove : धेर्स शेकोऽपकर्षति Râm.; किंत्वनष्टाननित्यत्वं स्वातंत्र्यमपकर्षाति U. 1, 8, Mv. 4, 33 prevents or interferes with freedom of action: क्षाचं तेजोपकर्षात Mv. 1. 32 destroys, robs one of, -2 To diminish, decrease, omit: अपकर्षदेवं याव-तपंचवदा Susr.-3 To bend (as a bow). धन:श्रेष्टमपक्रव्य Mb. -4 To lower or debase, dishonour, detract from, lessen the value of, disparage: पीड्य-न् भृत्यवर्गे हि आत्मानमपकर्षति Mb. -5 To bring or draw backwards, anticipate (as a word in a sentence) what occurs later on; अधिमसत्रस्थं सर्वत्रमहणमिहापक्रव्यते P. IV. 1. 17 Com. - Caus. To remove, take away. lessen, diminish, detract from: 本r-व्यस्यात्मभतं रसमपकर्षयंतः काव्यस्याप-कर्षकाः ( वोषाः ) उच्यते S. D. 1.

अपकर्ष: 1 (a) Drawing off or down; diminution, decrease, reduction; मेवोऽपकर्षात् Dk.160; loss, decay, decline, destruction; तेजोपकर्ष: Ve. 1 : deterioration, inferiority: बस्कर्षा-पकर्षविहीनो मध्य: Sk. (b) Dishonour, degradation, lowering ( of esteem ), infamy, disgrace ( opp. उन्कर्ष in all senses ); तपोबीजप्रभावैस्त ते ग-च्छंति युगे युगे । उत्कर्षं चापकर्षं च म-नष्येष्टिवह जन्मतः ॥ Ms. 10. 42: मल्यो-रक्रषे rise and fall in price, increase and decrease. -2 Anticipated performance of a duty, as of a Sráddha. -3 Anticipation of a word occurring later on (in gram., poetry or Mîmámsà &c. ).-Сотр. — सन: а sort of fallacy; e. g. sound has not the quality of shape, as a jar, so sound and a jar have no qualities in common.

अपकर्षक a. 1 Drawing or taking off or down, removing. -2 Lessening, diminishing, detracting from: दोषास्तस्य (काव्यस्य) अपकर्षकाः S.D.1.

अपक्रधेणa. Taking or drawing away. removing, diminishing (opp. ৰখৰ); न चास्ति सद्दशं तेन किंचित्स्थील्यापकर्षणं Susr. - of 1 Removing, taking away: drawing away or down, depriving (one) of, drawing out, extracting. -2 Lessening, making inferior, detraction. -3 Superseding. -4 Denying; abolishing.

अपकृष्ट p. p. 1 Drawn or taken

द्रग्रम: Mu, 4 severed, alienated, estranged, cut off; so नपोपकदः सचि-वात 4. 14; extracted, drawn out, dragged, lost, diminished, brought down, depressed, lowered -2 Drawn or attracted by : सर्वे दैवापकुष्टं मन्यते युधिष्ठिर: Ve. 5, dependent on, or the work of, Fate. -3 Low, vile, base, inferior, mean ( opp. उत्कृष्ट ); न कश्चिद्वर्णानामपथमपकु-ष्टोपि भजते S. 5. 10; पति हित्वाऽपकृष्टं स्वमुत्कृष्टं या निषेवते Ms. 5, 163; 8, 281; 9. 24; सहापकृष्टैमहतां न संगतं Ki. 14. 22. -g: A crow. -Comp. -चेतन a. mentally debased or corrupted.low-minded. - जाति a.of a low tribe or origin.

अपकु 6. P. To scatter, spout out (water) : अपिकरित ऋसमं: गजोऽप करति Sk. -2 To scrape with the feet (for food &c. ) through joy, said of quadrupeds and birds, (changed to अपस्क A, in this sense अपाच-तुष्पाच्छक्रनिष्वालेखने सुद्र P. VI. 1, 142) अपास्करते वृषो हृष्टः, कुक्कटो भक्षार्थी. श्वा आश्रवार्थी च Sk; शुगैरपस्क्रीर्णमहत्त-दीभुवां Si. 12. 74 scratched; छाबाप-स्किरमाणविष्किर &c. U. 2.9.

अपिकरणं Scattering about &c.

अपकोशली News, information. अपक्तिः f. 1 Unripeness, immaturity. -2 Indigestion.

अपक a. Unripe, immature, undigested ( as food ); uncooked, raw.

अपक्रम 1 P.1 To go away, run away, fly, escape, flee away, leave, retreat, retire ( from ); नगराइपक्रांत: Mu. 1: राक्षसाऽपद्भागत्रपेक्षित: 3 while escaping. -2 To glide pass away, ( as time ). -3 To measure off by steps or by pacing,

अपन्रम: 1 Going away, flight, escape, retreat.-2 The place or limit to which one may retreat : विशिषत्ये-ष विक्षेपं चंद्रादीनामपत्रमान Surva S. -3 Gliding or passing away ( of time. -a. [अपगतः जमी यस्मात ] 1 Without order -2 Irregular, in wrong order.

अपक्रमणं, -क्राम: Retreat, retiring, flight, escape &c.

अपक्रमिन् a. Going forth or away ; not going fast, true.

अपक्रोद्यः Abuse, reviling.

STURY a. 1 Without wings or the away, removed; अपकृष्टभाष्ट्रभाष्ट

the same side or party. -3 Having no adherents or friends. -4 Opposed to, adverse. - Comp. - पात: impartiality. -पातिन् a. impartial.

अपश्चि 1. 5. 9. P. To bring to an end, destroy, annihilate, -pass. To decline, decay, waste away; wane (as the moon).

अपक्षय: Decline, decay, wane. अपक्षीण p. p. Declined, wasted, waned.

अपश्चिप 6 P. To throw away or down, take away, remove,

अपक्षेप:, -क्षेपणं 1 Casting away or throwing down, -2 Throwing or putting down, one of the 5 kinds of कर्मन in the Vaiseshika phil., see कर्मन.

अपगंद: One who has attained his mojority; see अपोगंड.

अपगम 1 P.1 To go away, depart; pass away, elapse (as time); K. 73; तन्मुखाच्छायापगता H. 3; संपदो नाप-गच्छांते Pt. 3. 8. -2 To fall off or down; go away, vanish, disappear.

अपूरा a. Going, turning away. -गा A river (wrongly for आपगा). अपगत p.p.1 Gone away,departed, passed away, gone off; being remote: oft as first member of comp. in the sense of 'free from', 'devoid of'; • अन्यव्यापारा: K. 43 having no other duties : • मत्सर 45: 47, 157, 164, 207, 211; ° निमेषेण चक्षषा 154 devoid of twinkling or winking; ॰मले मनसि 102.-2 Dead, deceased.

अपगम:. -मनं 1 Going away or off, departure, separation; समागमाः सापग-मा: H. 4. 65. -2 Falling off, going away, removal, disappearance; निम-त्तमुद्दिइय हि यः प्रकुप्यति भ्रुवं स तस्याप-गमे प्रसीइति || Pt. 1,283; स्वत्संरोधापग-गविश्वदेश्वंद्रपादैः Me.70; पुराणपत्रापगमाद-नंतरं R. 3. 7; lapse, passing away; कतिपयदिवसापगमे K. 66, 193. -3 Death, decease.

अपगति: f. A bad fate (going to hell &c. ): येन चापगतिभवेत Pt. 2,108.

अपगर: [अप-निंदार्थे गृभावे अप् ] 1 Censure, reviling (निंदा); अभियरापग-A Káty.-2 One who reviles or says what is disagreeable, reviler.

अपगर्जित a. Thunderless (as a cloud).

अपगोप्र a. Deprived of its gate-