

अपविद्ध &c. See under अपव्यध्.

अपविद्या Ignorance, spiritual ignorance, Māyā or illusion (अविद्या); तत्त्वस्य संवित्तिरिवापविद्या Ki. 16. 32.

अपविष a. Free from poison.

—पा A sort of grass with aromatic roots; Kyllingia Monocephala.

अपवीण a. Having no lute, or having a bad lute. —पा A bad lute.

अपवृ 5U. To open, uncover, disclose, exhibit. —Caus. or 10 P. To cover, wrap, envelop, screen, conceal; बाहुबंधनापवारितपयोधरोद्गमां Māl. 7 covered, or concealed; विद्वेषनापवारितशरीरा भूत्वा Ratn. 1.

अपवरकः—का [वृ-संज्ञायां वृन्] 1 An inner apartment; the lying-in chamber. —2 An air-hole, aperture; ततश्चैकस्मादपवरकान् Mu. 1.

अवरण 1 Covering, screening. —2 A garment, cloth.

अपवारकः 1 Covering &c. —2 An enclosed or screened place (जवनिका); °के प्रविश्य एकांतिं तिष्ठ Mk. 8.

अपवारण Covering, concealment, disappearance.

अपवारित p. p. Covered, concealed; °तं प्रवहणं तिष्ठति Mk. 6 covered; vanished, disappeared. —तं, अपवारितकं Concealed or secret manner. —तं, अपवारितकेन, अपवार्य ind. Frequently occurring in dramas in the sense of 'apart' 'aside to another' (opp. प्रकाशं); it is speaking in such a way that only the person addressed may hear it; तद्वेदपवारिते रहस्यं तु यदन्यस्य परावृत्त्य प्रकाशयते विपताकरेणान्यमपवार्यतः कां S. D. 6.

अपवृत्तिः f. Opening.

अपवृत् 7 A. 1 To avert, destroy, dissipate; तमः, शत्रुं &c. —2 To tear off, pull out, take out. —3 To conclude, finish, absolve. —Caus. 1 To leave, quit, abandon, avoid; दूरापवृत्तच्छत्रैः शिरोभिः R. 17. 79 keeping the umbrellas at a (great) distance; स्वयामहस्तेन महीमदच्युता मतंगजेन सगिवापवृत्तिता Ki. 1. 29 abandoned, left, lost. —2 To let go, drop down, throw, pour; सुमनसो दिव्याः खेचरैरपवृत्तिताः Bhāg.; करयुग्मपद्ममुकुलापवृत्तिनैः Si. 13. 37. —3 To abandon, release, discharge, pay off (as debt &c.); absolve oneself from, fulfil, make good (as a promise). —4 To sever, separate, cut off; महापवृत्तिनैस्तेषां दि-

शोभिः (महीं तस्तार) R. 4. 63, Ki. 17. 58 severed or cut off by arrows; इमान्यमूनीत्यपवृत्तिनैः शनैः Ki. 8. 20 plucked. —5 To overturn, empty; Y. 3. 300. —6 To honour, respect, esteem. —7 To give, bestow, grant, present; अपवृत्तिनैः कोशजातं Dk. 36; वृत्तिनामपवृत्त्यं Mb.; अपवृत्तिनैः वरौ Rām.

अपवर्गः 1 Completion, end, fulfilment or accomplishment of an action; अपवर्गे तृतीया P. II. 3. 6; III. 4. 60; (अपवर्गः = क्रियाप्राप्तिः or समाप्तिः Sk.); क्रियापवर्गेष्वनुजीवितात्कृताः Ki. 1. 14; अपवर्गे तृतीयेति भणतः पाणिनेरपि N. 17. 68; Ki. 16. 49; पंच ° coming to an end in 5 days. —2 An exception, special rule; अभिव्याख्यापकरणमपवर्गः Susr. —3 Absolution, final beatitude; अपवर्गमहोदयार्थयोर्भुवमंशाविव धर्मयोगतौ R. 8. 16; ज्ञानेन चापवर्गः Sāṅkhyā K. 44 —4 A gift, donation. —5 Abandonment. —6 Throwing, discharge (as of arrows); Ki. 16. 20.

अपवर्जन 1 Leaving, abandonment; making good, fulfilling (a promise); discharging (debt &c.). —2 A gift or donation; spending. —3 Final beatitude, salvation.

अपवृत्त p. p. Left, abandoned; fulfilled; see above; oft. in comp. in the sense of 'free from,' 'being without,' 'destitute of,' or with instr.; षड्भिरपवृत्तिताशीतिः Bri. S. 53. 7 80 minus 6, Ki. 2. 26.

अपवृत्त p. p. Finished, ended.

अपवृत्तिः f. Fulfilment, accomplishment, completion.

अपवृत् 1 A. To turn back, turn away, depart; तस्मादपावर्तत दूरकृष्टा R. 6. 58; तस्मादपावर्तत कुंडिनेशः 7. 33. —Caus. 1 To turn back or away, turn aside, bend; व्यपेक्षपादैरपवर्तितत्रिकाः Ki. 4. 15; आसक्तियोगपवर्तितवृष्टि वक्त्रं (वहंती) Māl. 1. 40. —2 (Math.) To divide (as by a common measure) without remainder; समेन केनाप्यपवर्त्य हरभाज्यौ भजेद्वा सति संभवे तु Lilā. —3 To reduce to a common measure.

अपवर्तः 1 Taking away, removing. —2 (Math.) The (common) divisor which is applied to both or either of the quantities of an equation. —3 Reduction to a common measure.

अपवर्तकः A common measure.

अपवर्तन 1 Removal, transferring

from one place to another; स्थान- —2 Taking away, depriving one of; न स्या- गोरित द्विषत्याश्च न च दद्यापवर्तनं Ms. 9. 79. —3 Abridging, abbreviation. —4 Reducing a fraction to its lowest terms; division without remainder, or the divisor itself.

अपवृत्त p. p. 1 Turned away, reversed, inverted, overturned; agitated, disturbed; जडरक्षफरी Ki. 12. 49. —2 With downward face; व्याकीर्णस्फुरदपवृत्तहंडखंडः Māl. 3. 17. —3 Ended, finished. —त्तं The ecliptic.

अपवृत्तिः f. End.

अपव्यध् 4 P. 1 To pierce (badly); अपविद्धः शरैर्भृशं Mb. —2 To throw or cast in general, throw or cast off, toss away; प्रैख्यन् परिजनापविद्धया (दोलया) R. 19. 44 left, let go; भुजस्तंभापविद्धं Mv. 2. 33 thrown, or wielded; अपविद्धसर्वस्वा Dk. 61 given or spent away; Ki. 5. 30; Si. 8. 37; हृदयमशरणं मे पद्मला- श्याः कटाक्षैरपहतमपविद्धं पीतमुन्मूलितं च Māl. 1. 28 pierced through, distracted, overcome. —3 To abandon, leave, desert, cast off (as a child, ornaments (&c.)); पुरा इमंशाने सगिवापविद्धये Mb., Ms. 11. 41, Dk. 98, 111.

अपविद्ध p. p. Cast or thrown off, thrown or cast away, abandoned, forsaken, dismissed, rejected, neglected, removed; oft. used in the sense of 'freed from,' 'devoid of'; रक्षो- विप्रकृतावास्तामपविद्धशुचाविव R. 10. 74. —2 Abject, mean. —द्धः, पुत्रः A son that is abandoned by the father or mother or by both, and adopted by a stranger; one of the 12 kinds of sons among Hindus; Ms. 9. 171; Y. 2. 132. —Comp. —लोक a. dead, departed from this world.

अपवेषः Piercing through (a pearl, ruby &c.) wrongly, or in the wrong direction (and thus spoiling it).

अपव्ययः [अपकृष्टः मर्यादामुलंघ्य कृतः व्ययः] Extravagant expenditure, prodigality, lavishness.

अपव्ययिन्-व्ययमान a. 1 Squandering, spending lavishly, prodigal. —2 Denying a debt.

अपव्रत a. Ved. 1 Swerving from religious observances, irreligious, impious; Rv. 1. 51. 9. —2 Disobedient, unfaithful. —3 Per-verse.

अपशकुन A bad omen.