अवहत p. p. 1 Taken off, back or away. -2 Seized, stolen.-3 Fined.

अवहेल: -ला Disrespect, disdain, contempt, disregard; सावहेलं K. 244; अवहेलां कुटज मधुकरे मा गाः Bv. 1. 6. अवहेलनं-ना Disregard.

अवहेलित a. Disregarded, slighted, contemned; किमिति बकैरवहेलितानभिज्ञैः Bv. 1. 8. — तं. Disregard.

अवहर त. [अव-ब्ह-अच्] Crooked. -र: A crooked way; (fig.) deceit, अवाकिन् Ved. Not speaking.

अवाक् Ved. Speechless. अवाकु 6 P. Tostrew, pour upon;

sprinkle with. अवाक्ररः A mint.

अवाक्ष α. [अवनतान्यक्षाणि - इंद्रियाणि यस्य] A guardian, keeper.

अवात्र a.[अवनतमग्रमस्य] Having the head bent down,stooping,bowed.

अवाच् a. [न. व.] Speechless dumb.—n.Brahma.—Comp.—मनसगी-चर a. beyond the power of thought and words, indescribable and inconceivable.— अति a. deaf and dumb.

अवाच्य a. 1 Not proper to be addressed; अवाच्यो दीक्षितो नाम्ना यवी-यानिप यो भवेत् Ms. 2. 128. -2 Improper to be uttered; vile, bad; अवाच्यं वर्तो जिह्ना कथं न पतिता तव Rám.; "वादांश्च बद्दन वदिष्यंति तवाहिता: Bg. 2. 36. -3 Not distinctly expressed, not expressible in words; "ता, "स्वं impropriety; reproach, calumny. -Comp. -रेश: "the unspeakable place," the vulva (योनि).

अवांच् a. [अवांचित अव-अन् किए]
1 Turned downwards, bent down, stooping; कुर्वेतिमित्यितिभेरेण नगानवाचः Si. 6. 79; वनान्यवांचीव चकार संहतिः Ki. 14. 34. -2 Being or situated below, lower than (with abl.) यहवा-क् पृथिच्याः Sat. Br. -3 Headlong, looking downwards. -4 South. -m., n. Brahma. -ची 1 The south. -2 The lower region.

अवाक् ind. 1 Downwards. - 2 Southern, southward. - Comp. - ज्ञानं disrespect. - पुर्वा [अवाक् अधोमुखं वुष्यमस्याः] N. of a plant Anethum Sowa Roxb (अध पुर्वा). - भागः the part below. - भव a. southern. - मुख a. (सी f.) 1. looking downwards, with the face hung downwards; अवाङ्मुखस्थोपीर पुष्पवृद्धः R. 2. 60;

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तस्थुस्तेऽवाङ्मुखाः सर्वे 15. 78. -2. headlong. (-ख:) N. of a weapon. — शाखः [अवाच्यः शाखा अस्य] 'having the branches turned downwards', epithet of the sacred fig-tree (अधन्य). — शिरस् a. having the head hung downwards;स मुद्रो नरकं याति कालसूत्र-मवाक्शिराः Ms. 3. 249, 8. 94, 11. 74.

अवाचीन a. [अवाच् ख P. V. 4. 8] 1 Downward, headlong. -2 Southern. -3 Descended, gone down.

अवैाचित a. Bent, low.

अवाच्य a. Southern, southerly.

अवाजिन m. A bad horse (Ved.).

अवात a. [न. ब.] 1 Windless, not shaken by wind.—2 Not breathing the air.—3 Not exposed to, or not dried up by, wind.—4 Unattacked, unconquered (Ved.).

अवादिन् a. 1 One who is no speaker or disputer. -2 One who does not prosecute or bring any action, peace-loving.

अवान् 2 P. [अव-अन्] To breath or inhale.

अवान: Breathing, inhaling; see अनवान also.

अवान a. [अव-अम्-अच्] Dried, dry. अवांतर a. [अवगतमंतर मध्ये भा. स.]

1 Situated or standing between; see compounds. -2 Included, involved. -3 Subordinate, secondary. -4 Not closely connected, extraneous, extra. -Comp. - दिश्, -दिशा an intermediate quarter (such as the आग्रेयी, ऐशानी, नैकेती and वायवी) -देश: a place situated between (two others), an intermediate region.

अवांतराम् ind. [अवांतर बा॰ आसु]Between (Ved.),

अवाप 5 U. 1 To get, obtain, secure, gain; तमवाप्य सत्पति R. 3. 33; र्वीर्घमायुः Ms. 4. 76; कीर्ति, फलं, कामं &c.; पुत्रं सम्राज्ञमवाप्तृहि S. 4. 6. -2 To reach, go to, enter. -3 To suffer, incur, receive, meet with; निवामवामांति Ms. 5. 161; so दोषं &c.; मृत्युम-वामोंति meets with death.

अवास p. p. Got, obtained, received; अनवासच्छःफलोऽसि S. 2.

अवासन्य pot. p. Attainable; Bg. 3. 22, R. 10. 31.

अवाप्तिः f. Obtaining, getting; तपः किलेदं तदवाप्तिसाधनं Ku. 5. 64.

अवाप्य pot. p. Attainable.

अवाष्य a. [न.त.] Uncut, not to be cut (as hair).

अवापित a. 1 Not sown (as grain) but planted, -2 Not cut (as hair).

अशाम a. 1 Not left, right. -2 Favourable, not adverse.-3 Inauspicious, inelegant.

अवाय: [अव-इ-घञ्] 1 A limb. -2 Giving way, conceding, complying with.

अवारः,-रं [न वार्यते जलेन वृ-कर्भणि घञ्च] 1 The near bank of a river. -2 This side, यो वै संवरसरस्यावारं पारं च वेद Ait.Br. °तस् ind.to this side.-Comp. -पार: The ocean (P. IV. 2.93, V. 2.11.).-पारीण a. [अवारपारे गच्छ-ति, ख P. IV. 2.93] 1. belonging to the ocean, -2, crossing a river.

अवारीण a. [अवारं गच्छति, ख P. IV. 2. 93] Crossing a river.

अवार्ण a. Being on the near side. अवार्ण a. Insufferable, not to be remedied, irremediable. —ज Not warding off or preventing.

अवारणीय a. 1 Unable to be warded off (as enemies).-2 Treating of incurable diseases,

अवार्य, अवार्यितव्य a. Not to be warded or kept off, irremediable.

अवारिका [नास्ति वारि यत्र] N. of a plant (धन्याक).

अवावट: The son of a woman by any man (of the same caste) other than her first husband; द्वितीयेन तु यः पित्रा सवर्णायां प्रजायते । अवावट इति रूपातः सुद्रधमौ स जातितः ॥

अवावन् m. [Said to be fr. ओण् P.VI. 4. 41]A thief, stealing away. अवासस् a. Unclothed, naked.

-m. N. of Buddha. अवास्तव a.(वी f.) 1 Unreal, unsubstantial.-2Unfounded, irrational

(as an argument). अवास्तु a. Ved. Having no abode, homeless.

अवाहन a. Having no carriage, not driving in a carriage.

अधि a. Ved. [अव्रह्न] Favourable, kindly or favourably disposed.—वि: 1 A sheep; (f. also in this sense); जीनकार्मुकवस्तायीन् Ms. 11. 139, 3. 6, 12. 55. -2 The sun. -3 N. of a tree (अकं).-4 A goat. -5 A mountain. -6 Air, wind. -7 A woollen blanket (of the