चिद्रिख a. Crownless, crestless, pointless. — सः 1 An arrow; माध्य मनसिज्ञविश्विस्त्रयादिव भावनया त्वीय हीना Gît 4; R. 5-50; Mv. 2.38. —2 A kind of reed. —3 An iron crow.

afatar 1 A spade. 2 A spindle. -3 A needle or pin. -4 A minute arrow. -5 A highway. -6 A barber's wife.

चिशित a. Sharp, acute. चिशिपं 1 A temple. -2 An abode, a house. -3 A palace.

विशिष 7 P. 1 To particularize, individualize, specify, define. To distinguish, discriminate To aggravate, heighten, enhance, intensify; पुनरकांडविवर्तनहारुणो वि-धिरहो विशिवाधि मनोरुजं Mál. 4. 7: U. 4. 15. -4 To surpass, excel: विशेषको वा विशिशेष यस्याः श्रियं जि-लोकातिलकः स एव Si .3. 63 - Pass. 1 To be different from : R. 17. 62. -2 To be better or higher than, surpass, excel, be preferable or superior to (often with abl.); तस्माद्वरी विशिष्यते H. 3. 50; Mv 7. 39; मीन। स्सन्यं विशिष्यते Ms. 2. 89 : 3. 203; (also with instr and gen.); र्श्वेषामेव दामानां ब्रह्मदानं विश्विष्यते Ms. 4. 233. - Caus. 1 To distinguish. particularize. -2 To surpass, excel: मदनमाप गुणैविशेषयंती Mk. 4. 4: M. 3 5.

বিশিষ্ p. p. 1 Distinguished, distinct. -2 Particular, special, peculiar, distinctive. -3 Characterized by, endowed with, possessed of, having. -4 Superior, best (of all), eminent, excellent, choice; निश्चिष्टाया िशोषेण संगमी गुणवान भवेतु Mb. 🗝: N. of Vishnu. -Comp. - अद्वेतवा-र: a doctrine of Râmánuja which regards Brahman and Prakriti identical and real entities. - ब्राह्म: f. a distinguishing knowledge, differentiation. - an a. of an eminent or excellent colour.

বিষ্টিবল 1 Distinction, speciality. -2 Excellence, superiority.

sented as not taking place though ones, abundant; आर्दिक्षोपा फलपुष्पएक्टिं R. 2. 14. — पः 1 Discrimination, distinguishing between. — 2
Distinction, difference: निर्दिक्षेण निप्रेपः Bh. 3. 50. — 3 Characteristic difference, peculiar mark, special

property, speciality, differentia; oft. in comp. and translated by 'special' 'peculiar' &c.; S. 6. 5. -4 A favourable turn or crisis in sickness. a change for the better : अस्ति मे विशेष: S. 3 ' I feel better '. -5 A limb, member; पुरोष लावण्यमञ्जान् वि-विद्यान Ku. 1. 25. -6 A species, sort, variety, kind, mode (usually at the end of comp.); भूनविशेष: U. 4 : परिमलविशेषान् Pt. 1 ; कवलीविशेषाः Ku. 1. 36. -7 A different or various object, various particulars (pl.); प्राप्तादःस्त्वां तुल बतुमलं बच तैस्तैविशेषैः Me. 64, 57. -8 Excellence, superiority, distinction; usually at the end of comp. and translated by 'excellent', 'distinguished', 'pre-eminent', 'choice', &c.: अनुभावविशेषास R. 1. 37 ; वपविशेषेषु Ku. 5. 31; R. 2. 7, 6. 5; Ki, 9. 58; so आकृतिव-शेषाः 'excellent forms', अतिथिविशेषः 'a distinguished guest' &c. -9 A peculiar attribute, the eternal distinguishing nature of each of the nine dravyas ; अयम्हमात ब्यावन्त इति Tarka K. व्यामां सम्बद्धिमा बहेतुर्विशेषः (these viseshas are said to inhere in the atoms of the Earth, Water, Light, and Air and the five eternal substances, Ether, Time, Space, Soul and Mind.). -10 (a) Individuality, particularity. (b) A particular instance ; इक्तिरथंतिरन्यासः स्वात्सामा-ल्याविशेषयो:. -11 A category, predicament. -12 A mark on the forehead with sandal, saffron &c. -13 A word which limits or qualifies the sense of another; see विशेषण. -14 N of the mundane erg. -15 (In Rhet.) A figure of speech, said to be of three kinds; it is thus defined by Mammata:-विना प्रसिद्धभाधारमाधेयस्य वय-बस्थितिः । एकातमा युगपद्वत्तिरेकस्यानेकगीच रा । अन्परपक्षातः कार्यमज्ञकपान्यस्य वस्तनः । तथैव कर्ग चेति विशेषास्त्रविधः स्मृतः ॥ K. P. 10. -Comp. - आतिवेश: a special supplementary rule, special extended application. - उत्कि: f. a figure of speech in which an effect is represented as not taking place though the usual necessary causes exist: विशेषोक्तिरखंडेषु का णेषु फलावच: K. P. 10:e.g हादि स्नेहसा में नामतस्मरदीये ज्यासत्य-पि. - सप: 1. a special or distinguishing property. -2.(in phil.) such guna

&c). by the union of two things. — ज् -विष् a. 1. knowing distinctions, critical, connoisseur. -2. learned, wise; Bh. 2. 3. — लक्षणं, -विषं क special or characteristic mark. — वचनं a special text or precept. — विधि:, शास्त्रं a special rule.

विशेष क a. Distinguishing, distinctive. - - - A 1 A distinguishing feature or characteristic, an attribute. -2 A discriminative or distinguishing quality. -3 A mark on the forenead with sandal, saffron &c. . M. 3. 5. -4 Drawing lines of painting on the face and person with coloured unguents and cosmetics ; स्वेदोह्न : जिल्ह्यांगनानां चक्र पदंपत्रविशेषकेष Ku. 3. 83, R. 9. 29, Si. 3. 63, 10. 84. 一亩 A group of three stanzas forming one grammatical sentence; हाभ्यां खुरनानिति प्रोक्तं चिनिः श्रीकैविशेषकम् । कलापकं चतुर्भिः स्यात्तदर्भ्वे कलकं स्मृतम् ॥.

বিভাপণ a. 1 Attributive. -2 Distinctive. -of 1 Distinguishing, -2 Distinction, discrimination. difference, -3 A word which particularizes qualifies, or defines another, an adjective, attribute, epithet (opp. विशेष्य) ; उपपनिमिदं वि-शेषणं वायोः V. 3; विशेषणेर्यस्साकृतै-रुक्तिः परिकरस्तु सः K. P. 10. (विशेषण is said to be of three kinds হ্যাৰ্নৰ, विश्वय, and हेत्गर्भ). -4 A distinguishing feature or mark. -5 Species. kind. -6 Surpassing, excelling ; भस्य काब्यस्य कत्यो न समर्था विद्येषणे

विशेषतस्, विशेषण, विशेषात् ind. Especially, particularly.

ৰিষ্টামন p. p. 1 Distinguished. -2 Defined, particularized. -3 Distinguished by an attribute. -4 Superior, excellent.

ৰিখাৰ যা, বিহাৰপাথি a. 1 To be distinguished. -2 Chief, superior. -- তথ The word qualified or limited by an adjective, the object to be defined or particularized by another word; a noun; বিহাৰথ নামিধা নভাইংশ্লীপ্ৰান্ধিবিহাৰ্থ K. P. 2.

विशास्त्र a. Ill-behaved, immoral, wicked.

বিসুদ্ধ 4 P. To be purified.

— Caus. To purify.

বিয়ার a. 1 Purified, cleansed. _2 Pure, free from vice, sin, or im.