अवचार्य a. To be east down, to be given, to be put on or applied.

अवचि 3P. 1 To worship, honour, respect.-2 (5 U.) To gather, pick up, pluck (with two acc.); गता स्याद्य-चिन्याना कुसुमान्याश्रमहुमान् Bk. 6. 10; इक्षमवचिनाति फलानि Sk. -3 To take off. -4 To let down behind, to open (one's cloak).

अवचयः Gathering (such as flowers, fruits &c.); ततः प्रविश्ततः कुमु-मावचयमभिनयंत्यौ सख्यौ S. 4.

अवचाय: [अव-चि-घम्] Gathering flowers (with the hands); अविरत-कुसुमावचायखेदात् Si. 7. 71.

अवचायिन् a. Gathering, pickingoff-अवचित्र p. p. 1 Gathered. -2 Filled, inhabited.

अवचूड:-लः [अवनता चूडा अधं यस्य वा डो लः] The pendent cloth on a chariot, an ornament (like a chowri) hanging from the top of a banner; पिच्छावचूडमनुमाधवधाम जग्मु; Si. 5-13; दिवसकरवारणस्यावचूलचामरकलाप: K. 26, 114, 116; Si. 20. 46, 12.18.

अवच्यूर्ण 10 P. 1 To sprinkle with meal, dust. -2 To cover, put on or over, overlay; चूर्णै: श्रेत्रेणमु-सम्बच्ध Susr.; भेटी दिव्यपुष्पावचूर्णिनाः Mb.

अवसूर्णनं 1 Pounding, grinding, reducing to powder. -2 Sprinkling with powder; especially, throwing absorbent powders on wounds. -3 A kind of disease or wound.

अवचूर्णित a. Pounded coarsely; त्रिजातावचूर्णितेन mixed with Dk. 133. -2 Ground, crushed, reduced to powder.

अवचूल =अवचूड q. v.

अवसूलक:,-कं A chowri or brush (formed of a cow's tail or peacock's feathers) for fanning off flies.

अवच्छद् 10 P. 1 To cover over, overspread. -2 To conceal, obscure, leave in darkness.

अवच्छ (च्छा) दः A cover, covering; कांचनावच्छादान् (खरान्) Rám.

সবাহিত্যু 7 U. 1 To cut off, separate, tear in pieces, break asunder. -2 To discriminate, distinguish, characterize. -3 To define, limit, modify (as by time, space &c.,) used in Nyâya; see অব্যাহ্য below. -4 To detach, excerpt. -5 To interrupt.

Separated, divided, detached, excerpted. -3 (In Logic) Separated or excluded from all other things by the properties predicated of a thing as peculiar to itself. -4 Bounded, modified, determined; रिकालायनवास्त्र Bb. 2. 1. -5 Particularized, distinguished, characterized, as by an attributive word.

अवस्केदः 1 A part, portion, (अव-यव). -2 Boundary, limit.-3 Separation.-4 Distinction, distinguishing, particularization (as by attributes). -5 Determination, decision, settlement; शब्दार्थस्यानवच्छेदे विशेषस्मृतिहेतवः Vâk. P. -6 That property of a thing which distinguishes it from every thing else, a characteristic property. -7 Bounding, defining.-8 Pervading (व्याप्तिः). अवच्छेदः generalizing, removing distinctions.

সৰভাৱন a. 1 Separating. -2
Determining, deciding, দানিখাণিকাৰভাৱনাৰভিন্ন.-3 Bounding, limiting.-4
Pervading.-5 Distinguishing, particularizing.-6 Peculiar, characteristic.
-ক: 1 That which distinguishes.
-2. A predicate, characteristic property.-3 Boundary, limit.

अवच्छेदनं Cutting off, separating; determining, bounding &c.

अवच्छुरित a. Mixed, —तं A horse-laugh.

अविज 1 P. 1 To spoil (deprive by conquest), to win; अविज्ञास्य च तद्धनं Mb.; Ms. 11. 81; पुष्पकं नाम विमानं वियोद्दाजितं Râm.-2 To recover; हतां कृष्णामदाजयत् Mb.-3 To ward off, prevent.-4 To conquer; अविज्ञतमधुना तदाहमक्षोः Si. 7. 60.

अवज्ञयः Defeat, victory over; येनें-द्रलोकावज्ञयाय दूसः R. 6. 62.

अविज्ञत p. p. Conquered; contemned, disregarded.

अवाजितिः f. Conquest, defeat; Ki. 6. 43.

अवजुष्ट a. Visited, frequented. अवज्ञा 9 P. To have a low opinion of, to despise, to treat with contempt, disregard; अवजानांसि मां यस्मात् B. 1. 77; अवजानंति मां मूढा मानुषी तनुमाश्रितं Bg. 9. 11; Bk. 3. 8.

अवज्ञा [अवं -जा - अङ्] Disrespect, contempt; slighting, low opinion; नात्मन्यवज्ञा कर्तच्या H. 1; disregard (with the obj. in loc. or gen.);

आत्मन्यवज्ञां शिथिलीचकार R. 2. 41; ये नाम केचिदिह नः प्रथयंत्यवज्ञां Mál. 1. 6; Sânti. 3. 23; आविज्ञावज्ञेयं परितपित नोच्चैरिष बुधं Udb. -Comp. -उपहत a. treated with contempt, humiliated. — दुःखं the agonies of humiliation; मा जीवन् यः परावज्ञादुःखदम्धोपि जीवति Si. 2. 45.

अवज्ञात p. p. Disrespected, contemned, disregarded.

भवज्ञानं Disrespect, disregard, contempt; ईप्सितं तद्यज्ञानात् विद्धि सार्गल-मारमनः R. 1, 79.

अवज्ञेय pot. p. To be treated with disrespect; contemptible; विप्राहि क्षत्रियात्मानी नावज्ञेया: कहाचन Y.1.153.

अवट a.[अव-अटन] Produced in a hole. — द: 1 A hole, cavity. — 2 A pit; अवटे चापि मे राम प्रक्षिमं कले-वरं; अवटे ये निधीयंते Rám. — 3 A well. — 4 Any low or depressed part of the body, sinus; अवटक्षेत्रमेतानि स्थानान्यव शरीरके Y. 3. 98. — 5 A juggler. — Comp. — कच्छप: a tortoise in a hole; (fig.) one who has had no experience, who has seen nothing of the world. — निरोधन: N. of a particular hell.

अवदि:,-दी f. [अव्-अटि] 1 A hole. -2 A well. -3 A sinus.

अवटीट a. [नासिकायाः नतं अवटीटं, अव-टीटन् नासिकायाः संज्ञायां; नासिकाप्यवटीटा, पुरुषोप्यवटीटः P. V. 2. 31 Sk.] Having a flat nose, flat-nosed.

अबदुः [अव-टीक् भित°डू] 1 A hole in the ground. -2 A well. -3 The back or nape of the neck.-4 The depressed part of the body.-5 A kind of tree. - हु: f. The raised portion of the neck. - हु n. A hole, a rent. - Comp. - ज: a hind curl, the hair on the back of the head; Si. 10, 12.

अवडंग:- कं: A market, a mart.

अवडीनं [अव-डी-भावे-क] The flight of a bird, flying down-wards.

अवंड a. Ved. Not without a tail (said of a cow).

अवतः [अव-अटच् वेदे १०टस्य तः] Λ well, cistern.

अवतंसः – सं [अव-तंस-घज्] 1 A garland. –2 An ear-ing, a ring-shaped ornament, an ear-ornament (fig. also); गणा नमेहप्रसवावतंसाः Ku. 1.55; स्ववाहनक्षीभचलावतंसाः 7. 38; चंदनपष्ट-वावतंसां K. 11, 12, 140, 97; R. 13.