ly'. -7 Exchange, barter. -Comp.
- ज, -सिद्ध a. innate, inborn, natural. - निज्ञ a. different by nature;
निसर्गीभन्नास्पर्मेकसंस्थं R. 6. 29. - विनीत a. 1. naturally discreet. -2. naturally well-behaved.

निस्ट p. p. 1 Delivered, given, bestowed. -2 Abandoned, left. -3 Dismissed. -4 Permitted, allowed. -5 Central, middle. -Comp. -अर्थ a, to whom the management of an affair is entrusted. (-थ:) 1. an envov. ambassador. -2. a messenger, an agent ; see S. D, 86, 87. ° वृतीa female who, having discovered the love of a youth and maiden for each other, brings about their union of her own accord; तिन-पणं निसृष्टार्थदृतीकल्पः सूत्रयितव्यः Mál. 1 (where Jagaddhara explains निम्-ष्टार्थदुनी by नायिकाया नायकस्य वा मनोरथं ज्ञात्वा स्वमत्या कार्यं साधयाते या).

निस्तनी A pill, bolus.

निस्तब्ध a. 1 Paralysed. -2 Stopped, fixed.

निस्तर्हणं Killing, slaughter.

निस्तृ 1 P. 1 To pass through, cross over (fig. also); निस्तीणां प्रतिज्ञा-सार्थ Mu. 1; Bh. 3. 4; Ve. 6. 36. -2 To fulfil, accomplish. -3 To pass or get over, surmount, overcome; प्रनेशपदं मानवा निस्तर्शत Subhash.; R. 3. 7. -4 To complete, go to the end of; R. 14. 21. -5 To pass or spend (as a time). -6 To expiate, atone for. -7 To get out of, escape, be saved from. - Caus. 1 To deliver, rescue, save. -2 To overcome, surmount.

निस्तर्ण 1 Going out or forth, coming out of. -2 Crossing over. -3 Rescue, deliverance, getting rid of. -4 An expedient, a means, plan. -5 Accomplishing, mastering (पारमन).

निस्तार: 1 Crossing or passing over; संतार तन निस्तारपदशे न दश्रीयसी Bh. 1.69. -2 Getting rid of, release, escape, rescue. -3 Final emancipation. -4 Discharge or payment of a debt, acquittance, requital; वेतनस्य निस्तार: कृत: H. 3. -5 A means, expedient.

निस्तारणं 1 Passing or conveying across. -2 Conquering, overcoming. Delivering, liberating.

निस्त्री ज p. p. 1 Rescued, delivered, tor. -2 A storm.

saved. -? Crossed (fig) also.

निस्ट्रिटी Cardamoms.

निस्न[व: Residue of articles after a sale.

निस्पेद a. Immoveable, steady. —इ: Trembling, throbbing motion.

निस्तोदः Pricking; stinging.

निस्यं (ध्यं) दः 1 Flowing forth or down, trickling down, dropping, dripping, streaming, oozing; दलकल-शिखानिस्यंद्रेखांकिताः S. 1. 14. -2 A discharge, flux, sap, juice; U. 2. 21; Mål. 9. 6. -3 A flow, stream, fluid that trickles down; हिमादिनिस्यंद इन्यावन्धः R. 14. 3, 3. 41, 16. 70; मदिन-स्यंद्रेख्याः 10. 57; Me. 42. -4 Necessary consequence or result. -5 Uttering, declaring.

निस्यं हन् a. 1 Trickling or flowing down, oozing. -2 Dropping or pouring down; कनकरसनिस्यंदी सानुमाना-लोक्यते S. 7.

निस्तव:, निसाव: 1 A stream, torrent. -2 The scum of boiled rice. -3 Flowing forth.

निस्वनः, निस्वानः,निस्वनितं 1 Noise, voice; R. 3. 19; Rs. 1. 8; Ki. 5. 6. -2 The whistling sound of an arrow (only निस्तान in this sense).

निहन् 2 P. 1 To kill, destroy; Bk. 2. 34, 6. 10; R. 11. 71; Y. 3. 2.2. -2 To strike, hit; तानेव सामर्थ तया निज्ञ : R. 7. 44; Ms. 7. 27. -3 To conquer, overcome; देवं निहस्य कर पोरुषनात्मज्ञस्या Pt. 1. 361. -4 To beat, strike (as a drum); Bk. 14. 2. -5 To counteract, oppose, render void, frustrate; R. 12. 92. -6 To cure (as a disease). -7 To disregard.-8 To remove, dispel; Ki. 5. 36. -9 To strike in, infix. -10 (In gram.) To cut off, separate; आविङ्गतान् पशान्यदं विङ्गतं निहन्यते Sk. on P. VIII. 1. 28, 29, 30. — Caus. To kill, destroy.

নিহন p p. 1 Struck down, smitten, killed, slain. -2 Struck into, infixed. -3 Attached or devoted.

निइननं Killing, slaughter.

निहंतृ a. 1 A killer. -2 Destructive, murderous.

निह्वः Invocation, summonning, alling.

निहिंसनं Killing, slaughter.

निहाका 1 The Gangetic alligator. -2 A storm, निहार See ने हार.

ed, situated, deposited. -2 Delivered, entrusted. -3 Bestowed upon applied to. -4 Inserted, infixed. -5 Treasured up. -6 Held. -7 Laid (as dust). -8 Uttered in a deep tone.

निहीन a. Low, vile. -न A low man, one of vile origin.

निहु 2 A. 1 To hide, conceal; इ-व्या निहोतानिच्छोरिति सुरसरितं Mu. 1.1, Bk. 10. 36. -2 To deny or dissimulate before any one, to hide from (with dat.); Bk. 8. 74.

निह्नव: 1 Denial, concealment of knowledge; कार्यः स्वमतिनिह्नव: Mål. 1. 12; Chandr. 5. 27. -2 Secrecy, concealment in general; Y. 2. 11 267. -3 A secret.-4 Mistrust; doubt, suspicion.-5 Wickedness.-6 Atonement, expiation.-7 Excuse, exculpation.-Comp. - उत्तरं an evasive reply. - वादिन् m. a defendant or witness who prevaricates or gives evasive replies.

निह्नवनं 1 Denial or concealment of knowledge. -2 Excuse, exculpation.

নিস্তুন p. p. 1 Denied, disowned. -2 Concealed, dissembled.

िहातिः f. 1 Denial, concealment of knowledge; Amaru. 8. -2 Dissimulation, reserve. -3 Secrecy, concealment in general.

निहादः A sound; cf. निर्देद.

नी 1 U. (नयति-ते, निनाय निन्ये, अनेबी-त-अनेष्ठ, नेष्ट्रति ते, नेतुं, शीत) (One of the roots that govern two accusatives, see examples below) 1 To carry. lead, bring, convey, take, conduct : अजां मामं नयति Sk : नय मां नवेन वसर्ति पयोमचा V. 4. 43. -2 To guide, direct. govern; M. 1. 2. -3 To lead away to, carry or bring away ; सीता लंकां. नीता सुरोरिणा Bk. 6. 49; R. 12. 103; Ms. 6. 88. -4 To carry off; Santi. 3. 5. -5 To carry off for oneself (Atm). -6 To spend, or pass (as time); येनामंदमरंदे दलदरविंदे दिनास्य-नाविषत Bv. 1. 10; नीत्वा मासान कति-चित् Me. 2 ; संदिष्ट: कुशशयने निशां नि-नास R. 1. 95, -6 To bring or reduce any person to any state or condition, समि तरलतामनयदनगः K. 149 नीत-स्त्यवा पंचतां Ratn