

**प्रतीघात** = प्रतिघात q. v.  
**प्रतीची** The west. —Comp. —ईशः N. of Varuna.  
**प्रतीचीन** a. 1 Western, westerly. —2 Future, subsequent, following. —3 Ved. Turned or directed towards. —4 Turning back, turned away from. —5 Coming from behind.  
**प्रतीच्य** a. 1 Living in the west, western, westerly. —2 Ved. Disappeared.  
**प्रतीच्छकः** A receiver.  
**प्रतीत्त** a. Given back, restored.  
**प्रतीधरुः** N. of a country called विदेह q. v.  
**प्रतीनाहः** A flag, banner.  
**प्रतीप** a. [प्रतिगतः आपो यत्र, प्रति-अप् अच्, अर् इप् च] 1 Contrary, unfavourable, adverse, opposite; तर्क-सिद्धपञ्चनारि वैकुण्ठे R. 11. 62. —2 Reverse, inverted, out of order. —3 Backward, retrograde. —4 Disagreeable, displeasing. —5 Refractory, disobedient, obstinate, perverse; Pt. 1. 424. —6 Turned away, averted. —7 Meeting, encountering. —8 Hindering. —पः N. of a king, father of Santanu and grand-father of Bhishma. —पं N. of a figure of speech in which the usual form of comparison is inverted, the उपमान being compared with the उपमेयः प्रीतिमुपम नस्याप्युपमेयत्वकल्पनं । त्वल्लोचनसमं पदं त्वद्वक्त्रसदृशं विभुः ॥ Chandr. 5. 9; (for fuller definitions and explanation see K. P. 10 under प्रतीप). —पं ind. 1 On the contrary. —2 In an inverted order. —3 Against, in opposition to; भर्तुर्विप्रकृतापि रोषणतया मा स्म प्रतीपं गमः S. 4. 17. —Comp. —ग a. 1. going against. —2. adverse, unfavourable; तस्य जातु मरुतः प्रतीपगाः R. 11. 58. —गमनं. गतिः f. retrograde motion; Ku. 2. 25. —तरणं going or sailing against the stream; V. 2. 5. —दृशिनी a woman. —वचनं 1. contradiction. —2. a perverse or evasive manner of speaking. —विपाकि न् a. producing the opposite result (recoiling on the doer); Māl. 5. 26.  
**प्रतीपक** a. Hostile, opposed &c.  
**प्रतीपयति** Den. P. 1 To cause to turn back, reverse, turn back; Ku. 5. 5. —2 To be against or hostile to.  
**प्रतीपयते** Den. A. To be opposed or unfavourable, to dislike.

**प्रतीर** A shore, bank.  
**प्रतीवापः** 1 Adling to, inserting (as an ingredient). —2 Calcining or fluxing metals. —3 An epidemic disease, a plague.  
**प्रतीवेश**, **प्रतीहार**, **प्रतीहात** &c. See प्रतिवेश &c.  
**प्रतीवेशिन्** a. See प्रतिवेशिन्.  
**प्रतीप्** 6 P. To receive, accept; देवस्य शासनं प्रतीप्य S. 6. —2 To welcome, greet, receive, honour; एष माधवीमंडपः स्वागतनैव नौ प्रतीच्छति S. 6. —3 To obey (as an order). —4 To wait for, expect; एष खलु त्वां प्रतीच्छति V. 2.  
**प्रतीष्ट** p. p. Accepted, received &c.  
**प्रतीहासः** A fragrant oleander.  
**प्रतीहारी** 1 A female door-keeper. —2 A door-keeper in general.  
**प्रतुङ्** 6 P. To strike, hurt, wound —Caus. 1 To urge on, drive forward; (fig.) to press, urge repeatedly (to do a thing); प्रविश गृहमिति प्रताप्यतामा न चलति भाग्यकृतां वशामवेक्ष्य Mk. 1. 56. —2 To pierce, cut.  
**प्रतुङ्** 1 An epithet of a class of birds (such as hawks, parrots, crows &c.). —2 An instrument for pricking.  
**प्रतीहः** 1 A goad. —2 A long whip. —3 A pricking instrument.  
**प्रतुष्टिः** f., **प्रतीषः** Gratification, satisfaction.  
**प्रतूर्ण** a. Speedy, quick, fleet.  
**प्रत** 1 P. 1 To cross over. —2 To further, promote, advance. —3 To raise, elevate, enhance. —4 To lengthen, prolong (life). —5 To lead, conduct. —Caus. 1 To cheat, deceive, take in; मां तथा प्रतार्य S. 5; किं चैवं कविभिः प्रतारितमनास्वरथं विज्ञान-ज्वलि Bh. 1. 78. —2 To mislead, lead astray. —3 To spread, extend.  
**प्रतरः** Crossing, crossing or going over.  
**प्रतारः** 1 Carrying or bearing over, crossing. —2 Deceit, fraud.  
**प्रतारकः** —प्रतारिन् A cheat, an impostor.  
**प्रतारण** 1 Carrying over. —2 Deceiving, cheating, deception. —ण Fraud, deceit knavery, trickery, roguery, deception, hypocrisy; यद्विच्छत्त वशी कर्तुं जगदेकेन कर्मणा । उपास्यतां कलौ कलालतादेवी प्रतारणा ॥ प्रतारणासमर्थस्य विद्यया किं प्रयोजनं Udb.

**प्रतारित** a. Deceived, defrauded.  
**प्रतोला** A street, main road, principal street through a town; प्रापत्प्रतोलीमत्तुप्रतापः Si. 3. 64.  
**प्रत** p. p. 1 Given, given away, presented, offered. —2 Given in marriage, married. See पद्म.  
**प्रतन** a. 1 Old, ancient. —2 Former. —3 Traditional, customary.  
**प्रत्यह** ind. 1 In an opposite direction, backwards. —2 Against. —3 Westward, to the west of (with abl.). —4 In the interior, inwardly. —5 Formerly, in former times.  
**प्रत्यक्ष** a. [अक्षः पति] 1 Perceptible (to the eye), visible; प्रत्यक्षानिः प्रपन्नस्तु निवृत्तवस्तुभिर्वाच्यमिरीशः S. 1. 1. —2 Present, in sight, before the eye. —3 Cognizable by any organ of sense. —4 Distinct, evident, clear. —5 Direct, immediate. —6 Explicit, express. —7 Corporeal. —क्षं 1 Perception, ocular evidence, apprehension by the senses, considered as a प्रमाण or mode of proof; इदं प्रमाणं तन्निर्णयनं ज्ञानं तस्य-क्षं T. S. —2 Explicitness, distinctness. (The forms प्रत्यक्षं, प्रत्यक्षेण, प्रत्यक्षतः, प्रत्यक्षात् are used adverbially in the sense of 1 Before, in the presence of, in the sight of. —2 Openly, publicly. —3 Directly, immediately. —4 Personally. —5 At sight. —6 Explicitly. —7 Distinctly, clearly. —8 Literally, so प्रत्यक्षे in the sight of before the eyes of). —Comp. —कृत (i. e. क क्) a hymn in which a deity is directly addressed. —ज्ञानं ocular evidence, knowledge obtained by direct perception. —दर्शनं ocular evidence, direct proof. —दर्शनः, —दर्शिन् m. an eye-witness. —दृष्ट a personally seen. —परीक्षणं personal examination. —प्र-म correct or certain knowledge, such as is obtained by direct perception through the senses. —प्रमाणं 1. ocular proof, evidence of the senses. —2 an organ of perception. —फल a. having evident or visible consequences. —भू-त a. manifested —भोगः enjoyment of anything with the knowledge of the owner. —वादिन् m. a Buddhist who admits no other evidence than ocular proof or perception. —विहित a. directly or explicitly enjoined. —सिद्ध a. determined by ocular proof.