अधन a. [न. ब.] 1 Without wealth, poor.—2 Not entitled or competent to possess independent property (in law); भाया पुत्रश्च दासभ नय ए-वाधनाः स्मृताः। यने समधिगच्छेति यस्य ते तस्य तन्द्रम् ॥ Ms.8. 416.

अधन्य a. Unhappy, wretched,

miserable; हंत चिङ मामधन्यं U. 1, 42.

अधम a. [अव-अम; अवतेः अमः, वस्य पक्षे धः Un. 5. 54] The lowest, vilest, meanest ; very bad, or low, or vile (in quality, worth, position &c.) (opp. उत्तम): अधममध्यमीत्तमा: or उत्तमा-धममध्यमा: &c.: oft, at the end of comp. : नर °, द्विज °; चांडालश्वाधमी तृणां Ms, 10,12 lowest in position; अध्रम ° the vilest of the vile, the meanest wretch, - #: 1 An unblushing sensualist (भयदयालञ्जाश्चन्यः कामकीडाविषये कर्तञ्याकर्तञ्याविचारकः Sabda K.):वापीं स्ना-तुमितो गतासि न पुनस्तस्याधमस्यातिकं K. P. 1. -2 A sort of योग or conjunction of planets (नुणां वित्तज्ञानादिषु अ-धमत्वसचकः राविचंद्रयोः स्थितिविदेशकरो। योगभे-द: Tv.). - मा A bad mistress (हितकारि-प्रियतमे ऽहितकारिणी). [cf. L. infimus]. -Comp. -अंगं [कमे.] the foot (opp. उत्तमांग). -अर्थ [कर्म.] the lower

half of the body (below the navel).

—अर्ध्य a.[अधमार्धे भव:]connected with

the lower part, -आचार a. [व.] of

the vilest conduct. (-रः) (कर्म०)

the meanest conduct. -ऋण:, -ऋ-णिक: [अधमः अधमायस्थां प्राप्तः कणेन,

ततः ठन्] a debtor (opp. उत्तमर्णः) (lit.

reduced to a low position by his

incurring debt), -भूत:-भूतक: [कर्म.]

a porter, groom, a servant of the

Iowest class, one of the 3 kinds of

servants: उत्तमस्त्वायधीयोत्र मध्यमस्त क्र-

षीवलः । अधमो भारवाही स्यादित्येवं त्रिविधो भृतः।। अधर a. [न श्रियते: ध- अच्, न. त.] 1 Lower (opp. उत्तर), (lit. not held up); tending downwards; under, nether, downward; ° वास: under garment Ki. 4. 38; cf. ॰ अंबर Si. 1. 6; siz lower or nether lip, see below. (In this sense সুধ্ব partakes of the character of a pronoun). -2 Low, mean, vile ; ° उत्तरं See below: lower in quality, inferior. -3 Silenced, worsted, not able to speak: See हीन, हीनवादिन. -4 Previous, preceding; as in अधेरयुः, q. v. -t: The nether (or sometimes the upper) lip; a lip in general; "q= Ku.5, 27 leaf-like lower lip;

विवाधरालककः M. 3, 5;पक्रविवाधरोष्टी Me. 82; पिबसि रतिसर्वस्वमधरं S. 1.24; 1.21,3, 24;cf. अधरंखलु विवनामकं फलमा-भ्यामिति भव्यमन्वयम् । लभेतः धरविवडत्यदः पदमस्या रदनच्छदे बदतं|N.2.24. — रा The nadir: (अधोदिश) or the southern direction. - 1 The lower part (of the body); प्रष्ठवंशाधरे त्रिकं Ak.-2 Pudendum Muliebre (also m.). -3 Address, speech (opp. उत्तर): statement, sometimes used for reply also, -Comp. - उत्तर a. 1. higher and lower, inferior and superior, worse and better; राज्ञः समक्षमेवावयोः "व्यक्ति-र्भविष्यति M. 1: ब्यत्यये कर्मणां साम्यं पूर्व-वद्याधरोत्तरं Y. 1. 96. 2. former; prior and later; sooner and later; यञ्चाधरो-त्तरानर्थान् विगीतान्नावब्रध्यते Ms. 8, 53, 3. in a contrary way, topsy-turvy, upside down (the natural order of things being inverted);अतं भवादि-रधरोत्तरं S. 5 you have (certainly) learnt in a contrary way, i. e. to consider good as bad and vice versa; (it might perhaps also mean "have you, i. e. the members of the King's court, heard this mean or base reply (अधरं च तदत्तरं); (यदि न भणयेदाजा दंडं) स्वाम्यं च न स्यात्कर्सिश्चत् प्रवर्तेता-धरोत्तरं Ms. 7. 21 (अधरं = शृहादि, उत्तरं = प्रधानं) : अधर्मेण जितो धर्मः प्रव-त्तमध्योत्तरं Mb. 4. nearer and further. 5. question and answer. - आह: the lower lip; अंगुलिसंवृत °S. 3. 25; Me. 82. (-g) the lower and upper lip. - ats: the lower part of the neck. -काय: अधरं कायस्य] the lower part of the body. - 414 kissing, lit, drinking the lower lip, -मध. -अमर्त the nectar of the lips. -स्वस्तिकं the nadir.

अधरीकृ 8 U., अधरयति Den. P. To surpass, excel, beat down, worst; शोकं किंचिरधरीकृत्य Dk. 6 lessening, forgetting; to defeat, vanquish; भवता धीरतयाऽधरीकृत: Ki. 2. 40, 6. 21; चरितेमुनीनधरयञ्ज्ञाचिभिः Ki. 6. 24 excelling; अधरीकृतसर्वसेहेन अधरयप्रेमणा K. 25.

अधरीज 1 P. To be worsted (in a lawsuit);to be invalidated Y. 2. 17. अधरीण a. [अधरे भवः अधर-ख] 1 Lower. -2 Traduced, vilified, re-

अधरेख: ind. [अधरे दिने ; अधर-एयुस्]
1 On a previous day. -2 The day
before yesterday; the other day.

proached: अधरीण: परिणंस्यते A.R. 1.

अधरस्मात् ,-रतः,-स्तात्,-रात्,-तात्,-रेण

ind. Below, beneath, in the lower regions.

अधरांच् a. [अधरां दक्षिणां दिशं अंच-ति किए] Southward; tending downwards, to the nadir or lower region; tending to the south. —ची the southern direction.—क ind. Beneath.

अधराचीन-च्य a. [अधराचि भवः;अधराच् ख यत् वा] Tending downwards; situated in the region below; being downwards.

अधर्मः [न. त.]1Unrighteousness, irreligion, impiousness, wickedness, injustice: 'वंडनं Ms. 8, 127 unjust punishment: अधर्मेण unjustly, in an improper way ; यश्वाधर्मेण पुच्छति Ms. 2.111; an unjust act; a guilty or wicked deed; sin; "चारिन committing unjust or unrighteous deeds: so °आत्मन of an irreligious spirit : तदा कथं भीर: S. 5; भय full of wickedness or sin; for definitions &c. of धर्म and अधर्म See Tarka K. P. 19. (धर्म and अधर्म are two of the 24 qualities mentioned in Nyàya, and they pertain only to the soul. They are the peculiar causes of pleasure and pain respectively. They are imperceptible, but inferred from reasoning and from transmigration.) -2 N. of a Prajapati or of an attendant of the sun, -मां Unrighteousness personified. 一着 Devoid of attributes, an epithet of ब्रह्मन. -Comp. -आस्तिकाय: the category of अधर्म, See आहतकाय.

अधार्मिन a. Impious, wicked.

अधम्ब-a. 1 Wicked, impious.-2 Illegal, unlawful; पंचानां तु चयो ध-म्यां हावधम्यौं स्मृताविह Ms. 3. 25.

अध्या [अविद्यमानी धवी भर्ता यस्याः]
A widow.

अध्रस्, अधः ind. [अधर-असि, अध-रज्ञन्दस्थाने अध् आदेज्ञः P. V. 3. 39.]

1 Below, down; पतत्यधो धाम विसारि सर्वतः Si. 1. 2; in the lower region, to the infernal regions or hell; ज्यसन्यधोऽधो त्रज्ञति स्वयात्यव्यसनी मृतः Ms. 7. 53. (According to the context अधः may have the sense of the nominative, "अंक्जाः &c.; ablative, अधो बृज्ञात् पत्रति; or locative, अ-धो मृहे वाते).—2 Beneath, under, used like a preposition with gen.; तस्यां S. 1. 14; rarely with abl. also; बाहित्यं त तत्रोप्यधः Hemachandra; (when repeated) lower and lower,