

V. 1; अनुस्तेकः खलु विक्रमालंकारः *ibid.*  
-3 A figure of speech of which there are three kinds:— शब्द°, अर्थ°, and शब्दार्थ°; शब्दार्थयोरस्तिरा ये धर्मोः शोभातिशयिनः । रसादीनुपकुर्वन्तोऽलंकारास्तेऽगदादिबन् ॥ S. D. 631; उपकुर्वन्ति जं संतं वैऽगदारेण जातु चित् । हारादिवदलंकारास्ते-नुप्रासोपमादयः K. P. 8.—4 The whole science of Rhetoric.—**Comp.**—चंद्रिका a commentary on Kuvalayananda.—शास्त्रं the science and art of rhetoric, poetics.—सुवर्णं gold used for ornaments.—सूरः N. of a kind of meditation in Buddhism.—हीन *a.* unadorned.

अलंकारकः Ornament, decoration; Ms. 7. 220.

अलंकृतिः *f.* 1 Decoration.—2 An ornament; कर्णालंकृति *Amaru.* 13.—3 A rhetorical ornament, a figure of speech; तद्वैषौ शब्दार्थौ सगुणानलंकृती पुनः कापि K. P. 1; यो विद्वान् मन्यते काव्यं शब्दार्थानलंकृती । असौ न मन्यते कस्मादनुष्णमनलंकृती ॥ Chandr. 1; सालंकृतिः श्रवणकौमिलवर्णराजिः Bv. 3. 6 (where अ° has senses 2. and 3.).

अलंकृतिः Adorning, ornamenting, decoration (*fig.* also); प्रशमस्तस्य भवत्यलंकृतिः Ki. 2. 32.

अलंपट *a.* Not libidinous, chaste.—टः Women's apartments.

अलंबुपः 1 Vomiting.—2 The palm of the hand with the fingers extended.—3 Prahasa, the minister of Rāvaṇa.—4 A demon killed by Ghaṭotkacha.—पा 1 N. of a nymph or of a class of nymphs.—2 A kind of plant (लज्जालु).—3 A barrier, a line of water drawn to prevent entrance (अन्याप्रवेशार्थं दत्ता जलेरेखा).

अलय *a.* [नास्ति लयः अवस्थानं यस्य] 1 Houseless, vagrant, moving about; Si. 4. 57.—2 Without destruction or loss, imperishable.—यः 1 Non-destruction, permanence.—2 Birth, production.

अलंबुसा N. of a country.

अलर्कः 1 A mad dog or one rendered 'furious'.—2 A fabulous animal like a hog with eight legs.—3 A kind of worm.—4 N. of a plant (भेतार्क).

अलपस् *n.* Merit.

अलले *ind.* A word of no import, occurring in the dialect of the Pisāchās (mostly used in dramas).

अलवालं A basin for water at the root of a tree; see आलवाल.

अलस् *a.* Not shining.

अलस *a.* [न लसति व्यापियते, लस्-अच्] 1 Inactive, without energy, lazy, idle, indolent.—2 Tired, fatigued, languid; मार्गश्रमादलसशरीरे शरि-के M. 5; Amaru. 4, 90; खेदालसेव K. 143, 197, 211, 62, 98; Si. 8. 7; V. 3. 2; Dk. 20, Si. 13. 48; 9. 39; U. 1. 24; Ki. 10. 60, V. 5; गमनमलसं Māl. 1. 17.—3 Soft, gentle.—4 Slow, dull (as in gait or motion); श्रोणीभारादलसगमना Me. 82; तस्याः परिस्फुरित-गर्भभरालसायाः U. 3. 28.—सः 1 A sore or ulcer between the toes.—2 A kind of tree.—3 N. of a sage.—4 N. of a small poisonous animal.—सा N. of a plant (हंसपदी).—**Comp.**—ईक्षणा a woman with languishing looks.

अलसक *a.* Indolent, idle.—कः Flatulence, intumescence of the abdomen, with constipation and wind; प्रयाति नोर्ध्वं नाधस्तादाहारे न च पच्यते । आमाशयोऽलसीभूतस्तेन सोऽलसकः स्मृतः ॥ अलस्य *a.* Idle, lazy.

अलांडुः N. of a small noxious insect or other animal.

अलातः- तं [ल-क, न. त.] A fire-brand, half-burnt wood; निर्वाणालात तावत् Ku; 2. 23 coal; °सदृशेक्षणा Rām.; °चक्रप्रतिमं V. 5. 2.

अलातृण *a.* Ved. 1 Disposed to afflict or injure very much.—2 Not granting anything.—णः A cloud.

अलाबुः-बूः *f.* [न-लंबते; न-लंब्-उ-जित् नलोपश्च वृद्धिः Tv.] The bottle-gourd.—बु (n.) 1 A vessel made of gourd.—2 A fruit of the gourd which is very light and floats in water; किं हि नामैतन् अंबुनि मज्जंज्यलाबुनि प्रावाणः प्रवत इति Mv. 1, Ms. 6. 54.—**Comp.**—कटं the dust or down (रजः) of the bottle-gourd.—पात्रं a jar made of the bottle-gourd.

अलाडुमय *a.* Made of a bottle; Y. 3. 60.

अलाभ *a.* [न. व.] Without gain or profit.—भः Non-acquirement; Ms. 2. 43; 6. 57, 2. 184.—2 Loss; Ms. 9. 331, 11, 81; Bg. 2. 38.

अलाय्य *a.* Ved. 1 Going forward (to meet).—2 An assailing enemy, an assailant.—3 Epithet of Indra.

अलारं A door.

अलासः Inflammation and abscess at the root of the tongue.

अलास्य *a.* Devoid of dancing, idle, unengaged; R. 16. 14.

अलिः [अल्-इन् Up. 4. 138] 1 A black bee.—2 A scorpion.—3 A crow.—4 The (Indian) cuckoo.—5 The sign of the zodiac called बुधकि.—6 Spirituous liquor.—**Comp.**—कुलं a flight or number of bees; °संकुलं full of a swarm of bees; अलिकुलसंकुलकुसुम-निराकुलनवलमालतमाले Gīt. 1.; °संकुलः the *kubja* plant.—जिह्वा, -हि-का [अलिरेव शुभ्रा जिह्वा] the uvula, soft palate.—दूर्वा N. of a plant (मालादूर्वा).—पत्रिका, -पर्णी N. of a tree (बुधिकपत्र-खट्वक्षः).—प्रिय *a.* pleasing to the bees, (—यः) the red lotus. (—या) the trumpet flower.—माला a flight of bees.—मोदा N. of a plant (गणिकारी).—विरावः, -रुतं song or hum of a bee.—वल्लभः ° प्रिय q. v.

अलिन् *m.* [अल्-इन्] 1 A scorpion.—2 A bee; मलिनिमाऽलिनि माधवययि-ताम् Si. 6. 4.—नी 1 A swarm of bees; अरमतालिनी शिलीभिः Si. 6. 72; अलिनीजिष्णुः कचानां चयः Bh. 1. 5.

अलिशः Ved. A kind of demon.

अलिकं [अल्यते भूयते अल्-कर्मणि इकृत्] The forehead; अलिकेन च हेमकांतिना Bv. 2. 171; Vb. 3. 6.

अलिकृवः A kind of carrion bird

अलिगदः A kind of snake.

अलिग *a.* 1 Having no characteristic marks, having no marks.—2 Having bad marks.—3 (In gram.) Having no gender.—गः An epithet of the Supreme Being.—गं Absence of marks.

अलिगिन *m.* An impostor, a pretended ascetic.

अलिजरः A water-jar; see अलजर.

अलिन *a.* [अल्-बाहु० इन्] Greatly advanced in penance (तपोभिरतिवृद्ध).—नः N. of a tribe.

अलिदः [अल्यते भूयते, अल्-कर्मणि-कि-दच्] 1 A terrace before a house-door; मुखालिदतोर्ण M. 5, Dk. 74.—2 A place (like a square) at the door.—3 (pl.) N. of a country or its inhabitants; or its ruler also.

अलिपकः 1 A cuckoo.—2 A bee.—3 A dog.

अलिप्सा Freedom from desire or cupidity.