अवित्त a. 1 Not famous, unknown. -2 Poor.

अवित्ति a. 1 Not obtaining or getting. -2 Unwise, foolish. - ति: f. 1 Not finding, getting, or possessing. -2 Want of wisdom. -3 Poverty.

अवित्यजः-जं Quicksilver.

अविश्वर a. Not- separated, united (Ved. for अविधर).

अविध्या [अवये हिता, अवि ध्यन् P. V. 1. 8] N. of the plant अजध्या.

अविदग्ध a. 1 Unlearned, experienced, stupid. -2 Not well burnt, undigested.

अविदाहिन् a. 1 Imperfectly digested, producing heart-burn. -2 Not burning or afflicting.

अविदस्य a. Ved. Unceasing, inexhaustible, perennial, perpetual.

अविदासिन a. Perennial.

अविदित a: Unknown; "गतयामा सात्र: U. 1. 27 the watches of which stole away (glided imperceptibly away) .- a: The Supreme God.

अविदीध्य a. Ved. 1 Not delaying or hesitating. -2 Shining.

अविदर a. Not distant, near, contiguous. - t Proximity, vicinity. -t ind. Near to, not far from : so अविवृरेण, अविवृरात्,-वृरतः,-विवृरे.

अविद्ध a. Unpierced. -Comp. —कर्णा ,-र्णी िअविदः अछिद्रः पर्णेरूपः कर्णोऽस्याः] N. of a plant (पाठा) Cissampelos Hexaudra. - इश् a. all-seeing. - वर्चस् a. of unimpaired glory.

अविद्य a, 1, Not educated, unlearned, foolish, unwise; अविद्यानां त सर्वेषामीहातश्रेद्धनं भवेत् Ms. 9,205. -2 Not pertaining to knowledge. -या 1 Ignorance, folly, want of learning. -2 Spiritual ignorance. -3 Illusion, illusion personified or Màyâ (a term frequently occurring in Vedanta; by means of this illusion one perceives the universe, which does not really exist, as inherent in Brahma which alone really exists). The term appears also in the systems of Gautama, Patanjali, Kapila, where it has different bearings; (with Buddhists) ignorance together with non-existence.

अविद्यामय a. Caused by ignorance or illusion.

अविद्रिय a. Ved. 1 Without a rent or hole. -2 Impenetrable, solid.

अविधवा Nota widow, a married woman whose husband is still living; भर्तमित्रं प्रियमविधवे विद्धि मामंबुवाहं Me. 99.

आविधा ind. An interjection meaning 'help, help' used in calling for help in danger.

अविधान a. [न. ब.] Deviating from the fixed rule, irregular. --Absence of a definite rule; irregularity, deviation from rule.

अविधि a. Not lawful, contrary to rule. - [4: Irregularity, absence of a rule or precept; "पूर्वक not according to rule.

अविधेय a. Unmanageable, adverse; विधेरविधेयतां Mu. 4. 2; हर्षाविषादयोर-विधेयत्वं Dk. 161 not being influenced or swayed by &c.

अविनः [अवति यज्ञं, अव्-इनच्च Un. 2. 46] 1 A sacrificer.-2 An officiating priest at a sacrifice.

अविनय a. [न. ब.] Immodest, insolent, ill-behaved, ill-mannered. -य: 1 Want of good manners or modesty : बहवोऽविनयात्रष्टा राजान: स-परिच्छदा: Ms. 7. 40, 41. -2 Rude behaviour, rudeness, immodest or rude act; ° बहुलतया चानिनययौवनस्य 143 : अयमाचरत्यविनयं मुन्धास तपस्विकन्यास S. 1, 25; indecorum. impropriety of conduct. -3 Incivility, disrespect. -4 Offence, crime, fault. -5 Pride, arrogance, insolence; अविनयमपनय विष्णा Sankara,

अविनीत a. 1 Immodest, ill bred, unmannered .- 2 Acting improperly, wicked, vile. -3 Insolent, rude. -4 Not tamed, ill-trained; Ms. 4, 67. -ar An unchaste woman.

अविनश्वर a. Destructible. - र: The Supreme God.

अविनाभाव: 1 Non-separation. -2 Inherent or essential character, inseparable connection. -3 Connection (in general); अविनाभावेऽत्र संबंधमात्रं न तु नांतरीयकत्वं K.P.2.

अविनिगमः An illogical conclu-

अविध्यः N. of a Rakshasa, minister of Râvaṇa. -- N. of a river.

अविपक्क a. Not ripe (fig. also);

perienced, of undeveloped understanding.

अविपाक a. Suffering from indigestion. -a: The state of not being ripe, indigestion, a disease arising from indigestion.

अविपद् f. Absence of misery, prosperity.

अविपन्न a. 1 Uninjured, unhurt. -2 Not defiled or polluted, pure.

अविप्र a. Ved. 1 Not (spiritually) excited, not inspired. -2 Not a worshipper or praiser. - w: One not a Brâhmana.

अविष्ठत a. Undeviating, steadily observing; unviolated.

अविभक्त a.1 Undivided, unpartitioned, joint, (as property of a family, or co-heirs); अविभक्ता विभक्ता वा सर्पिडाः स्थावरे समाः. -2 Not broken, entire. -3 Not different. -4 Existing everywhere.

अविभाग a. Unpartitioned, undivided. - η: 1 Not dividing. -2 Undivided inheritance.

अविभाज्य a. Indivisible. 🗕 उसं 1 Indivisibility. -2 Not being liable to be partitioned; (said of certain articles which are not to be divided at the time of partition); e. g. asi पात्रमलंकारं कृतात्रमुदकं स्मियः । योगस्नमं प्रचारं च न विभाज्यं प्रचक्षते Ms. 9, 219. ° ता indivisibility, unfitness for partition.

अविभावना -नं Non-perception; disappearance.

अविभावनीय a. Imperceptible, undistinguishable.

अविमक्त a. Unloosed, not quitted or let go. - # 1 N. of a Tirtha or sacred place near Benares, or Benares itself ; न विमुक्तं शिवाभ्यां यहवि-मक्तं ततो विद: -2 The space between the chin and the head.-Comp. — इंभर: a celebrated Siva-linga at Benares.

अविमुख्य a. Undoubted, unquestionable; Ki. 6. 44.

अविमोक्य a. Ved, Not to be loosened.

अवियुक्त a. Undivided, conjoined, united; not separated, absent.

अवियोग a. Not separated, united, connected. - η: 1 Non-separation, presence. -2 Conjunction, associaimmature, undigested.; "बुद्ध inex- tion.-Comp. - तृतीया N. of a certain