thread-holder', a stage-manager, the principal actor who arranges the cast of characters and instructs them, and takes a prominent part in the Prastâvana or prelude; he is thus defined --- नाटघस्य यदनुष्ठानं तत्सूत्रं स्यात्स-बीजकम् । रंगदैवतप्जाकृत् सूत्रधार इति स्य-तः | ]. -2. a carpenter, an artisan. -3. the author of a set of aphorisms. -4. an epithet of Indra. - 1925: N. of one of the three collections of Buddhistic writings. -qeq: the cotton plant. - | निद m. a tailor. -- अस m. =सूत्रधार q. v. -- यंत्रं 1. 'a thread machine', shuttle. -2. weaver's loom, -बीणा a kind of lute. — देष्टनं a weaver's shuttle.

सूत्रण 1 The act of stringing together, putting in order, arranging. -2 Arranging in aphorisms.

सूत्रला A spindle or distaff.

स्त्रामन् =मुत्रामन् q, v.

सुत्रिका A kind of dish ( Mar. हा-वया).

सूचित p. p. [सूच-क ] 1 Strung, arranged, methodised, systematized. -2 Prescribed in Sûtras, delivered in aphorisms.

सूत्रिन् a. (णी f.) [सूत्र अस्त्यर्थे इति] 1 Having threads, -2 Having rules, -m. A crow.

सूद्ध I. I A. (सूदते) 1 To strike, hurt, wound, kill, destroy. -2 To effuse, pour out. -3 To deposit. -4 To distil, flow. -5 To eject, throw away. -II. 10 U. (सूद्धाते-ते) 1 To incite, prompt, excite, urge on, animate. -2 To strike, hurt, kill. -3 To cook, dress, season, prepare. -4 To pour out, effuse. -5 To as, sent, agree, promise. -6 To eject, throw away.

सुद: [सुद-अस् ] 1 Destroying, destruction, massacre. -2 Pouring out, distilling. -3 A well, spring. -4 A cook. -5 Sauce, soup. -6 Anything seasoned, a prepared dish. -7 Split pease. -8 Mud, mire. -9 Sin, fault. -10 The office of a charioteer. -11 The Lodhra tree.-Comp. -कर्मन n. cookery. -शास्त्र a kitchen.

सूदन α. (ती f.) [स्ट्-मॉव स्युद्] 1 Destroying, killing, destructive; दानवसूदन, अरिगणसूदन &c. -2 Dear, beloved, --नं 1 Destroying, destruc-

tion, massacre. -2 Assenting to, promising. -3 Ejecting, throwing away.

स्न p. p. [ मृन्त कर्य न: ] 1 Born, produced. -2 Blown, blossomed, opened, budded. -3 Empty, vacant; ( perhaps for ज्न or ज्न्य in this seuse ). -न 1 Bringing forth, parturition. -2 A bud, blossom. 53 A flower.

सुनरी A happy woman.

स्ना 1 A slaughter-house, butcher's house; भवानिष स्नापरियर इव ग्रंत्र आगिष्टोल में भीरकक्ष M. 2. -2 The sale of meat. -3 Hurting, killing, destroying. -4 The soft palate, uvula. -5 A girdle, zone. -6 Inflammation of the glands of the neck called mumps. -7 A ray of light. -8 A river. -9 A daughter. -10 An elephant's trunk. -नाः (f. pl.) The five things in a house by which animal life is likely to be destroyed; see under ज्ञा or पंचर्या.

सूनिन् m. 1 A butcher, flesh-seller. -2 A hunter.

स्तुः [स्नुक्] 1 A son; विद्युरहमे-वैको सूतुरभवं K. -2 A child, an offspring. -3 A grandson (daughter's son). -4 A younger brother, -5 The sun, -6 The Arka plant.

सून f. A daughter.

स्तृत a. 1 True and pleasant, kind and sincere ; तत्र सुनृतगिरश्च सुर-यः पुण्यसृण्यज्ञाषमध्यगीषत Si. 14. 21, R. 1. 93. -2 Kind, affable, gentle, courteous; तां चाप्येतां मातरं मंगलानां धेनं धीराः सृनृतां वाचमाहः U. 5, 31; हणानि भूमिरुक्कं वाक् चतुर्थी च स्नृता | एतान्यपि सतां गेहे नोच्छिद्यंते कराचन Ms. 3. 101; R. 6. 29. -3 Auspicious, fortunate. -4 Beloved, dear. -5 Ved. Quick, active. - at 1 The goddess of true speech. -2 An excellent song. -3 N. of Ushas. -4 Food. - i 1 True and agreeable speech. -2 Kind and pleasant discourse, courteous language; R. 8. 92. -3 Auspiciousness.

सूप: [ मुखेन वीयते, मु-वा घजर्थे क पृषे॰ Tv. ] 1 Broth, soup; न स ज्ञानाति शा-स्त्रार्थे दर्वी सूपरसानिष Subhash.; Ms. 3. 226. -2 A sauce, condiment. -3 A cook. -4 A pan, vessel. -5 An arrow. -6 Split pease. -Comp. -अ:

गं asa-fœtida. —कारः a cook. —धपनं, -धपनं asa-fœtida.

स्म: [स्-मक् 1 Water. -2 Milk.

सूर 4 A. (स्पेने) 1 To hurt, kill.

सूर्ण a. Hurt, injured.

स्र: [सुनति मेरपति कर्मण लोकानुद्येन, स-जन; Up. 2. 24] 1 The sun. -2 The Arka plant. -3 The Soma. -4 A wise or learned man. -5 A hero, king. -Comp. -चनुस् a. radiant as the sun. -सुन: an epithet of Saturn. -सुन: the charioteer of the sun, i. e. Aruna.

सरण: N. of an esculent root.

स्रात a. 1 Kindly-disposed, com. passionate, tender. -2 Calm, tranquil. -ता A tractable cow.

सृदि: [स्-जिन्] 1 The sun. -2 A learned or wise man, a sage; अथना कृतनाम्बारे वंशे अस्मन्यूर्नसूरिन: R. 1. 4; Si. 14. 21. -3 A priest. -4 A worshipper. -5 A title of respect given to Jaina teachers; e. g. मिन्। धस्रि. -6 N. of Krishna.

सूरिन् a. (जी f.) Wise, learned.
—m. A wise or learned man, scholar,
pandit.

स्री 1 N. of the wife of the sun. -2 N. of Kuntî, q. v. -3 Black mustard.

स्दे (६र्थ) 1. 4. P. (सूर्शत, सूक्षै-ति) 1 To respect, honour. -2 To disrespect, disregard, slight.

सूर्श (क्ये) ज Disrespect. सक्ये: A kind of bean.

सूर्प See जूपै.

स्ति: -मी f. 1 An iron or metallic image; Ms. 11. 103. -2 The pillar of a house. -3 Radiance, lustre. -4 A flame.

स्यै: [साति आकाशे स्यः, यहा सुवति कर्मणि लोकं पेरयति ; cf. Sk. on P. III.
1. 114 ] 1 The sun ; सूर्ये तपस्यावरणाय दृष्टे: कल्पेव लोकस्य क्यं तमिला R.
5. 13. [In mythology, the sun is regarded as a son of Kasyapa and Aditi; cf. S. 7. 20. He is represented as moving in a chariot drawn by seven horses, with Aruna for his charioteer. He is also represented as all-seeing, the constant beholder of the good and bad deeds of mortals. Sanjua (or Chhaya or Asvini) was his principal wife, by whom he had Yama and Yamuna, the two Asvins and Saturn. He is also described as having been the father of Manu Vajvasyata,