

## ६.

**ढः** 1 An imitative sound. -2 A large drum. -3 A dog's tail. -4 A dog. -5 A serpent.

**ढका** 1 A large or double drum ; न ते इडुकेन न सोपि ढक्या न मर्दलेः सापि न तेऽपि ढक्या || N. 15. 17. -2 Coveting. -3 Disappearance.

**ढामरा** A goose.

**ढालं** A shield.  
**ढालिन्** m. A warrior armed with a shield.

**ढुंदनं** Seeking, investigating.

**ढुदिः** An epithet of Ganesa.

**ढोलः** A large drum or tabor.

**ढौक्** 1 A. ( ढौकते, ढौकित ) To go, approach ; खांतं वने रात्रिचरी इढौके

Bk. 2. 23 ; 14. 71, 15. 49. — *Caus.* ( ढौकयति-ते ) 1 To bring near, cause to approach ; तन्मांसं चैव गोमायोस्तैः क्षपावाद्यु ढौकितं Mb. ; Bk. 17. 103. -2 To present, offer. — WITH उप to present, offer ; एकैकं पशुमुपढौकयामः Pt. 1.

**ढौकनं** 1 Offering. -2 A present, bribe.

## ण.

[ There are hardly any words in real use in Sanskrit beginning with ण. Many roots which, in the Dhātupāṭha, are written with an initial ण really begin with न. They are

so written to show that the न is liable to be changed to ण when preceded by prepositions, like प्र, परि, अंतर् &c. ]

**णः** 1 Knowledge. -2 Certainty,

ascertainment. -3 An ornament. -4 A water or summer-house. -5 A bad man. -6 Siva. -7 The sound of negation. -8 Gift, giving.