

अभ्युषित *a.* [वस्-क्त] Dwelling near or with. —तः A servant who is in attendance.

अभ्यूह *a.* [बह्-क्त] Brought near.

अभ्यूह 1 U. 1 To cover over, clothe. —2 (A.) To watch for; form a plot against. —3 To infer, guess. —4 To reason, argue, think over; Dk. 90. —5 To supply an ellipsis.

अभ्यूहः [उह्-घञ्] 1 Arguing, reasoning, discussion. —2 Deduction, inference, guess, conjecture; पराभ्यूहस्यानान्यपि तनुतराणि स्थगयति Mal. 1. 14. —3 Supplying an ellipsis —4 Understanding.

अभ्येषण [इष्-घञ्] 1 Desiring, wishing. —2 Going towards, attack.

अभ्र 1 P. [अभ्रति, आनभ्र, अभ्रित] To go, wander about; वनेष्वानभ्र निर्नयः Bk. 4. 11; 14. 110.

अभ्रं [अभ्र-अञ्; but more correctly अप्-भृ; अपो विभर्ति, भृ-क्त; अभ्रं अभ्रणात् Nir. being filled with water] 1 A cloud; अभ्रिर्वै धूमो जायते धूमादभ्रमभ्राद् वृष्टिः Sat. Br.; अभ्रं वा अपां भस्म; धूमो भूत्वा अभ्रं भवति अभ्रं भूत्वा मेघो भवति मेघो भूत्वा प्रवर्धति Ch. Up. (these quotations show the conception of the ancient Rishis about the formation of clouds).

—2 Atmosphere, sky; परितो विषांडु इधदभ्रशिरः Si. 9. 3, see अभ्रलिह &c. —3 Talc, mica. —4 Gold. —5 Camphor. —6 A kind of reed; Calamus Rotang. —7 Cyperus Rotundus (मुस्ता). —8 (In arith.) A zero or cypher. [cf. L. imber; Gr. ombros, apros; Zend awra, Pers. abr.] —**Comp.** —**अवकाशः** clouds as the only shelter; fall of rain. —**अवकाशिकः, काशिन्** *a.* exposed to the rain (and so practising penance), not seeking shelter from the rain; Ms. 6. 23. —**उत्थः** 'sky born', the thunderbolt of Indra.

—**कुट्ट** a peak of a (mountain-like) cloud. —**गंगा** the heavenly river; K. 50. —**घनः** a mass of clouds; R. 13. 77. —**जा** *a.* Ved. born from clouds, caused by vapours. —**नागः** one of the elephants supporting the globe; N. of Airāvata. —**पयः** 1. atmosphere. —2. balloon. —**पिशाचः, चकः** 'sky-demon', epithet of Rāhu. —**पुष्पः** N. of a cane (Mar. वेत) Calamus Rotang. (—**वप**) 1. water. —2. 'a sky flower', anything impossible, a castle in the air. —**घुष** (ट) *f* sprin-

king of clouds, rain. —**मांसी** N. of a plant (जटामांसी). —**मातंगः** Indra's elephant, Airāvata. —**माला, -वृंद** a line, succession, or mass of clouds; R. 7. 69, 13. 76, 16. 25. —**रोहं** the lapis lazuli. —**लिप्ती** 1. sky covered with a few clouds. —2. a woman smeared with musth grass. —**वर्ष** *a.* Ved. rained upon, sprinkled with water. (—**वः**) down-pour of rain. —**वाटिकः, -का** N. of a tree (आमातक). —**विलाय** *ind.* just as clouds melt away; Ki. 11. 79.

अभ्रंलिह *a.* [अभ्रं लेढि स्वरान्ति; खश् मुनागमश्च P. III. 2. 32] 'Cloud-licking', touching or scraping the clouds (very high); अभ्रंलिहामाः प्रासादाः Me. 64; प्रासादमभ्रंलिहमारुह R. 14. 29; K. 270; Si. 5. 65. —**हः** Wind.

अभ्रकं [स्वार्थे कन्] Talc, mica; said to be produced from Pārvatī's menstrual discharge. —**Comp.** —**भस्मन्** *n.* calx of talc. —**सत्त्वं** steel.

अभ्रंक्ष *a.* [अभ्रं कषाति पीडयति तुंगत्वात्; खच् मुनागमश्च P. III. 2. 42] Touching or scraping the clouds, very high; आदायाभ्रंक्षं प्रायान्मलयं फलशालिनं Bk.; K. 33; Dk. 110; Mv. 6. 7. —**वः** 1 Wind, air; अभ्रंक्षो वायुः Sk. —2 A mountain.

अभ्रायते Den. A. To create clouds, make cloudy; अभ्रं करोति अभ्रायते Sk.

अभ्रित *a.* [अभ्राणि अस्य संजातानि; अभ्र-इतच् तारकादिगण] Overcast with clouds, clouded; R. 3. 12.

अभ्रिय *a.* [अभ्रे भवः घ;] Belonging to or produced from clouds, sky or mustaka. —**यः** Lightning. —**यं** A mass of thunder-clouds.

अभ्र्यः 'One who is clothed only by the air', an ascetic who is stark-naked.

अभ्रम *a.* Not mistaking, steady, clear. —**मः** Composure, steadiness.

अभ्रमुः *f.* The female elephant of the east, the mate of Airāvata, Indra's elephant; Si. 1. 52. —**Comp.** —**प्रियः, -वह्नः** Airāvata.

अभ्रातुव्य *a.* Without a rival or enemy.

अभ्रांत *a.* Composed, steady.

अभ्रांतिः *f.* Composure, steadiness.

अभ्रिः —**जी** *f.* [अभ्रति गच्छति मलं यस्मात् or येन; अभ्र-इन्] 1 A wooden scraper or sharp-pointed stick (for cleaning

a boat). —2 A spade, hoe in general; Ms. 11. 134. —**Comp.** —**खातं** 'dug up with a spade', a ploughed field.

अभ्रेषः Non-deviation, fitness, propriety P. III. 3. 37.

अभ्रव *a.* 1 Huge, large (महत् Nir). —2 Mighty strong or powerful. —**भवं** 1 Immense power, immensity. —2 Monstrosity, hugeness; (the great pervading principle of the universe; water; a cloud; embarrassed state, calamity; a monster; closeness; offspring, given by B. and R.)

अम् *ind.* 1 Quickly. —2 A little.

अम् 1 P. [अमति अभितुं, अमित; Ved. pres. अभिति; अमीति] 1 To go; to go to or towards. —2 To serve, honour. —3 To sound. —4 To eat. —10 P. or Caus. (आमयति) 1 To come upon, attack, afflict with sickness or pain from disease. —2 To be ill or be afflicted or diseased. —With सं Ved. 1 A. 1. to convince oneself of, ascertain. —2. to ally or connect oneself with. —3 To fix or settle oneself.

अम *a.* Unripe (as fruit). —**मः** 1 Going. —2 Pressure, weight, strength, power (बलं). —3 Fright, terror. —4 Sickness, disease. —5 A servant, follower, an attendant. —6 Vital air, life-wind (पान). —7 This, self. —8 Unmeasured state. —**मा** 1 Soul. —2 Unmeasured state.

अमवत् *a.* Ved. 1 Violent, strong, stormy (winds); powerful (sound also). —2 Persevering, constant. —3 Capable, fit, proper. —4 Attended by ministers. —5 Attended by diseases. —6 Possessed of self. —*ind.* Violently.

अमतः [अम्-अतच् Up. 3. 110] 1 Sickness, disease. —2 Death. —3 Time. —4 Dust, particle of dust.

अमतिः [अम्-अति Up. 4. 59] 1 Time. —2 The moon. —3 (Ved.) Form, shape (Nir). —4 Want, poverty. —*a.* —**अमतीवत्** *a.* Ved. 1 Evil-minded, wicked (दुष्ट, अपशस्तकुक्षिमत् Say.). —2 Poor.

अमंगल-ल्य *a.* 1 Inauspicious, evil, ill; R. 12. 43; *अभ्यासरति Ku. 5. 65; अमंगल्यं शीलं तव भवतु नामैकमखिलं Pushpadanta. —2 Unlucky, unfortunate. —**लः** The castor-oil tree (एरंड). —**लं** Inauspiciousness, ill-luck; evil; oft. used in dramatic literature; शांतं पापं प्रतिहतममंगलं; cf. God forbid.