आपहायणी मासे Sk. -2 A particular kind of Paka-yajna. -3 N. of a constellation called मृत्शिरम.

आप्रहायण (णि) क a. [आप्रहायण्यां देयमणं नुत्र ठत्र्वा P. IV. 3. 50] To be paid on the full moon day in मार्गशीष (as debt.). —कः (-णिकः) [आप्रहायणी पीर्णिमास्यस्मिन् मासे ठक् P. IV. 2. 22] The month of मार्गशीष.

आग्रहारिक a. (की f.) [अपहार-ट्रम्; see आग्रभोजनिक] One who appropriates to himself an अग्रहार (endowments of land conferred upon Bráhmaņas).

आञ्च 10 P. 1 To strike against, touch; आचहवानास गतागता-यां Ki.17. 38. -2 To move.

आयहक a. Moving. -क: The red Apâmârga.

आधहना 1 Moving, shaking, striking against; रणद्भिराधहनया नगस्वत: Si. 1. 10.-2 Friction, contact.

आवर्षः,-षेणं Rubbing, friction, striking against; गंडस्थलावर्षगलन्म-सेरकद्रवद्वमस्कंथनिलाथिनोऽलयः Si. 12. 64.—णी A brush, rubber.

आधाद: [आ-हन् घञ् निपात:] 1 Killing, striking (sometimes used as anadj.).-2 A musical instrument, -3 A cymbal or rattle.-4 Boundary, limit.-5 N. of a plant (अपानान).

आचारि: m. f. Musical instruments.

आचातः See under आहन्.

aloud, declare. -2 To praise. -3 To listen. -4 To make oneself audible. -10 P. or Caus. 1 To make a noise, to cause to sound. -2 To proclaim, announce publicly. -3 To complain continually, weep bitterly.

आयोष: Calling out, invocation, आयोषणं-ला A proclamation, public announcement; एवमायोषणायां कृतायां Pt. 5.

आयूर्ण 1 A., 6 P. 1 To roll, stagger, whirl, toss about; आयूर्णवीवानिके: (अंबरं) Mk. 5. 27; प्रवनायूर्णित-पाइप Hariv., Bk. 14. 77.—2 To swim, roll (as eyes); Ku. 3. 38.

आपूर्णनं Rolling, tossing about, whirling round, swimming.

आम् 10 P. or Caus. To pour down upon, sprinkle.

आपार: 1 Sprinkling (in general). -2 Especially, sprinkling clarified

butter upon the fire at certain sacrifices. -3 Ghee, clarified butter.

आधृणि a. [आगतो धृणिदाँतिरस्य] Glowing with heat or endowed with splendour, having splendid wealth. —णि: The sun.

आजा 1 P. 1 To smell, smell at; गंधनात्राय Me. 21. -2 To kiss, touch (with the nose) as the head; Bk. 14. 12. -3 (Fig.) To attack, devour, seize upon; मानाज्ञानागतवान् Dk. 6; कानात्रात्या अनया 116 smitten, affected; Mål. 5. 29; Bh. 3. 104.

आप्राण a. 1 Smelt (as flowers). -2 Satisfied. —जं 1 Smelling. -2 Satisfaction, satiety.

आन्नात p. p. 1 Smelt, scented, touched. -2 Satisfied. -3 Surmounted, surpassed.

आंक्षी A musical instrument, a tabor.

आंकुशिकः [अंकुश-टक्] One who strikes with the goad.

अर्ग व. (गी f.) [अंग-स्वाप-अंग] 1 Bodily, corporeal. -2 (In gram.) Relating to the base (अंग). -3 Having limbs or parts. -4 Relating to the minor personages in a drama. -5 Belonging to a portion of the Vedas. -6 Produced or born in the country of the Angas. -ग: A prince of the Anga country. -गं A delicate body.

आंगक a.(की f.)[अंगेषु जनपदेषु भवः बुज्] Produced in the अंग country; ruler of that country. —क: 1 An inhabitant of the Anga country. -2 A ruler of that country.

आंगाविद्य a. [अंगविद्यां वेद अण्] Occurring in, or being familiar with, अंगविद्या (chiromancy or the knowledge of lucky and unlucky marks on the body). — द्या A work on अंगविद्या.

आंगिक a.(की.f.)[अंग्निवृत्तार्थे-डक्]
1 Bodily, corporeal. - 2 Gesticulated, expressed by bodily actions; आंगिकाऽभिनयः, see अभिनयः —कः A player on a tabor or drum.

आंगारं [अंगराणां समूहः अण्] A multitede of fire-brands, charcoal.

a. (सी f.) Descended from or referring to Angiras.—सः 1 N. of Brihaspati, son of Angiras; Ms. 2. 151.—2 Descendants of Angiras (pl.).—3 A particular Sukta or hymn in the Atharvaveda. The soul. -5 A Kshatriya by will of Brahmá and by profession.

आंगूषः [अंगूष-स्वार्थ-अण्] Praise, hymn.

आचक्ष 2 A. 1 To speak, announce, declare, teach, tell, relate, communicate, say, narrate (usually with dat. of person); गुरवे...प्रतुत-माचचके R. 5. 19, 12. 55, 14. 36; Ms. 4 59, 81; M. 5; इट्याख्यानविद् आचक्षते Mál. 2; sometimes with acc.; तरवां किनाचक्षते Bv. 1. 63 say to or address.—2 To name, call, say; सर्व इति प्राच्या आचक्षते Sat. Br. —3 To divine, bespeak; यथा ने इत्य-माच्छे M. 4. —4 To make known, acquaint, introduce to. —5 To look at, inspect (Ved.).

आचकुस् m. [Uņ.2. 120]A learned

आचतुरं ind.[चतुः पर्यतं अच् समा॰]
Till the fourth generation; आचतुरं
हीने पत्रवो इंदं निधुनायंते P. VIII. 1.
15 Sk.

आचम् 1 P. 1 To sip, lick, lap drink (a small quantity); नाचेमे दिनमित वारि वारणेन Ki. 7. 34; पर्याम-माचामित U. 4. 1; Bv. 4. 38; Ms. 2. 60, 5. 139. -2 To rinse the mouth (with instr. of the thing); Ms. 2. 61. -3 To lick up, dry or drink up, absorb; आचामित स्वेयलवान मुखे ते R. 13. 20. — Caus. To cause to sip water; Ms. 3. 251, 5. 142.

आचन: Rinsing the mouth, sip-

आयमनं 1 Rinsing the mouth, sipping water before religious ceremonies, before and after meals &c. from the palm of the hand; द्यादा-चमनं ततः Y. 1. 242, 195 (part of the water sipped being usually allowed to drop down). -2 The water used for rinsing the mouth, -3 Gargling the throat.

आचमनकं [स्वार्थे आधारे वा कन्] 1 The water used for sipping. -2 A spitting pot (Mar. विकदाणी).

आयमनीय pot. p. Used for rinsing the mouth. —यं Water used for rinsing the mouth; a gargle.

आयांत p. p. 1 Sipped and ejected as water.-2(Actively used) One who has rinsed his mouth or sipped water. -3 Fit for sipping.

आचाम: [चम् भावे-घज] 1 Sipping