ऊर्ध्व गतं यस्य न चानुबंधि R.6. 77 continuous, uninterrupted or all-pervading K. 246, 303.

अनबंध्य a. 1 Principal, chief, primary (which may receive an adjunct, as a root, a disease &c.). -2 विधार्थ वं-भः अनुबंधः कर्मणि ण्यत्] To be killed (as a bull), one of the three principal sacrificial animals at the ज्योतिशेष sacrifice; गौरनबंध्य: K. P. 2.

अनुबलं [अन पश्चात्स्थितं बलं] A rearguard, an auxiliary army following another.

अनुबुध् 4 A. To awake, to recollect: learn, obtain information of, know, be aware of ; न सत्यमन बध्यते K. 104 does not perceive or recognise. - Caus. 1 To remind, put in mind of; अये सम्यगनुबोधितोऽस्मि S. 1 well reminded. -2 To advise, inform; इति शिष्येण किलान्वबोधयत् R.

अनुबोध: 1 An after-thought, recollection. -2 Reviving the scent of faded perfumes, replacing them when removed by bathing.

अनुबोधनं Recollection, reminding. अनुब्राह्मणं A work resembling a Bráhmana (ब्राह्मणसद्शो मंथ: P. IV. 2. 62 Sk.).

अनुब्राह्मणिन्,-क a. तिद्धीते वेद वा इति इनिपत्ययः] One who learns or knows an अनुनाद्मण.

अनुभव-भाव &c. See under अनुभू. अनुभाषणं 1 Repetition of an assertion to refute it. -2 Repeating what has been said. -3 Conversation, dialogue (अनु सह भाषणं). अनुनाषित a. Speaking in reply; R. 16. 86.

अनुभासः A kind of crow.

अनुभुज् 7 A. To enjoy, experience (good or bad things), suffer (as the due consequences of one's deeds) ; मेघमुक्तविश्वरां स चंद्रिकां अन्य-भ्रंक R. 19. 39; सा मंडनान्मंडनमन्य-अंक Ku. 7. 5.

अनुभोग: 1 Enjoyment. -2 A grant of land in perpetuity for service done.

अनुभू 1 P. 1 To enjoy; taste, experience, feel, have experience or knowledge of, notice, perceive (by the senses &c.); to suffer, bear, undergo (as misery &c.); अन्वभवं च मध्यकर इव नवमालिकामार्द्रसमनसं Dk. or dignity of person, majestic

121; असन्त: सखमन्वभन R. 1. 21; Ku, 2. 45 ; R. 7. 28; आत्मकृतानां हि दोषा-णामनुभवितव्यं फलमात्मनैव K. 121 : अ-नुभवति हि मुर्ध्ना पाइपस्तीत्रमुख्य S.5. 7 ; Ku. 4. 41; संवत्सरमात्रं प्रेष्यभावमनुभूय M. 5 undergoing the state of a servant : पष्टमनभवन वर्षे K. 77 being in the sixth year, six years old. -2 To learn, hear, understand: वेदान्नान-भवसि Ch. Up.-3 To try, test, put to the test; न त्वं तेनान्वभाविष्ठा नान्व-भावि त्वयाप्यसौ । अनुभूता मया चासौ तेन चान्वभविष्यहं || Bk. 5, 35,-4 To comprise, include, grasp; दे वामलके अ-जुभवति Ch. Up.-5 To come up with. arrive at, get, obtain (mostly Ved. in these senses). - Caus. 1 To cause to enjoy, feel, or experience; अनभाव-यितुं मन्ये यत्नः संप्रति मां विधेः Mu. 6.15: स्नानभोजनादिकमनुभावितोस्म Dk. 125: आमोरो न हि कस्तुर्याः शपयेनानुभाव्यते Bv. 1. 120,-2 To reflect on, meditate, think of ; मनसा तमेव वृत्तांतमन्वभावयत् K. 176, 279,-3 To infer, know; त-स्मात्परोक्षवृत्तीनां फलैः कर्मानुभाव्यते H.

अनभव: 1 Direct perception or cognition, knowledge derived from personal observation or experiment, notion, apprehension, the impression on the mind not derived from memory, one of the kinds of knowledge ; सर्वेब्यवहारहेतुर्ज्ञानं बुद्धिः | सा द्विविधा स्मृतिरन्भवश्च । संस्कारमात्रजन्यं ज्ञानं स्मृतिः । तदिनं ज्ञानमनभवः which again is य-थार्थ right & अयथार्थ wrong. See T.S. 34. (The Naiyâyikas recognize प्रत्यक्ष, अनुमान, उपमान and शाब्द as the four sources of knowledge; the Vedantins and Mimamsakas add two more अर्थापनि and अनुपल-♠ ; the Vaiseshikas and Bauddhas admit the first two only, the Sánkhyas exclude उपमा, while the Chárvákas admit प्रत्यक्ष only. Other sections of philosophical schools add three more to the six sources of knowledge recognised by the Mîmâmsakas ; -संभव 'equivalence' ; ऐतिस 'fallible testimony', and चेष्टा 'gesture'.) -2 Experience; अनुभव वचसा सिख छंपसि N. 4.105 -3 Understanding.-4 Result, consequence. -Comp. - सिद्ध a. established by experience.

अनुभाव: 1 Dignity, consequence

lustre. splendour, might, power, authority; (परिमयपर: सरी) अनुभावाविशे-षान्तु सेनापरिवृताविव R. 1.37 ; संभाव-नीयानुभावा अस्याकृतिः S, 7; अनुभाव-सीभाग्यमात्रपारिशेषधूसरश्रीः U. 1,3: 6. 20, 41, 4. 22, K. 108, 240; V. 1; Ki. 1. 6; Dk. 29, 113; Mv. 6. 53; 37-हो महानुभावः पार्थिवो दुष्यंतः S. 3 of great might or power; जाने वो रक्ष-साक्रांतावनुभावपराक्रमी R. 10, 38, 2. 75 greatness (dignity) &c., valour; Ki. 6.28; महानभावप्रकृतिः कापि त-त एवागतवती Mal. 1 very noble or dignified. -2 (In Rhet.) An external manifestation or indication of a feeling (भाव) by appropriate symptoms, such as by look, gesture &c., called by some ensuant (भा-वबीधक-न); भावं मनागतं साक्षात् स्वगतं व्यंजयंति ये तेऽनुभावा इति ख्याताः; यथा भूमं-गः कोपस्य व्यंजकः उद्वद्धं कारणं स्वैः स्वैबंहिर्भावं प्रकाशयन् । लोके यः कार्यरूपः सोऽनुभावः काञ्यनाटचयोः | S. D. 162, 163 &c.; धिगेव रमणीयतां त्ववृतुभावभावा-इते Mál. 9, 35. -3 Firm opinion or resolution, determination, belief; अनुभाववता गुरुस्थिरत्वात्Ki.13. 15.

अनुभावक a. Causing to understand, making one apprehend, indicative; oar understanding. knowledge; बत्पदेन विना बस्याननुभा-वकता भवेत् Bhasha. P. 84.

अनुभावन Indication of feelings by signs, gestures &c.

अनुभाविन a. 1 Perceiving, knowing, showing signs of feeling. -2 An eye-witness; अनुभावी त यः क-श्चित्कुर्यात्साक्ष्यं विवादिनां Ms. 8.69. -3 Being or coming after.

अनुभू a. [भू-किप्] Perceiving, understanding. - 4: f. Experience, direct knowledge or perception; अयमात्मा सर्वानुभू: Bri. Up.

अनुभृति: f. 1 Perception, apprehension, experience. -2 (In Nyáya) from four Knowledge derived sources: namely direct perception, inference, comparison, and verbal knowledge; see Bhâshâ. P. 51-52.-3 Dignity, consequence, -Comp- - - -काश: N. of the gloss or paraphrase of the principal Upanishads by Màdhaváchárya.

अनुभू 1. 3. P. To praise conformably; to throw or commit into.

अनुभन्ने m. Praising conformably, imitating.