

a. yielding fruit, fruitful, fertile. —कामना desire of fruits or consequences. —कालः fruit-season. —कोसरः the cocoanut tree. —कोशकः the scrotum (covering of the testicles). —खंडनं frustration of fruits or results, disappointment. —ग्रहः deriving benefit or advantage. —ग्रहि, ग्राहिन् a. (also कलेग्रहि and कलेग्राहिन्) fruitful, yielding or bearing fruit in season; ग्राह्यतां कुलमुपैति पैतृकं स्यान्ननोरयतरः कलेग्रहिः Kir. K. 3. 60; Māl. 9. 39. (—m.) a fruit-tree. —ग्रहिष्णु a. fruitful. —छन्दनं a house built of wooden boards. —त्रयं, त्रिकं the three myrobalans (त्रिकल). —द, दातृ, प्रद a. 1. productive, fruitful, bearing fruit; Ms. 11. 143. —2. bringing in gain or profit. —3. giving a reward, rewarding. (—दः) a tree. —निवृत्ति f. final consequence or reward. —निवृत्तिः f. cessation of consequences. —निष्पत्तिः f. production of fruit. —परिणतिः f. परिणामः, पाकः (कलेपाकः also) 1. the ripening of fruit. —2. the fullness of consequences. —पाकांतर, —पाकावसाना an annual plant. —पातनं knocking down or gathering fruit. —पादपः a fruit-tree. —पूरः, —पूरकः the common citron tree. —प्रदानं 1. the giving of fruits. —2. a ceremony at weddings. —प्राप्तिः f. attainment of the desired fruit or object. —प्रिया the Priyangu plant. —वंध्यः a tree barren of fruit. —वंधिन् a. forming or developing fruit. —भागः a share in any product or profit. —भागिन्-भाज् a. partaking of a reward or profit. —भूमिः f. a place where one receives the reward or recompense of his deeds (i. e. heaven or hell). —भूत् a. bearing fruit, fruitful. —भोगः 1. enjoyment of consequences. —2. usufruct. —मत्स्या the aloe plant. —योगः 1. the attainment of fruit or the desired object, Mu. 7. 10. —2. wages, remuneration. —राजन m. a water-melon. —वर्तुलं a water-melon. —विक्रयिन् a. a fruit-seller. —वृक्षः a fruit-tree. —वृक्षकः the bread-fruit tree. —शाडवः the pomegranate tree. —शालिन् a. 1. bearing fruit, fruitful. —2. sharing in the consequences. —शैशिरः the Badara tree. —श्रेष्ठः the mango tree. —संस्थ

a. bearing fruit. —संपद् f. 1. abundance of fruit. —2. success. —साधनं a means of effecting any desired object, realization of an object. —सिद्धिः f. 1. reaping fruit, attainment or realization of the desired object. —2. a prosperous result. —स्नेहः a walnut tree. —हारी an epithet of Kālī or Durgā. —हीन a. yielding no fruit or profit. —हेतु a. acting with a view to results.

फलकं 1 A board, plank, slab, tablet; कालः काल्या भुवनफलके क्रीडति प्राणिशरैः Bh. 3. 39; द्यूत°, चित्र° &c. —2 Any flat surface; चुंद्यमानकपाल-फलकां K. 218, धृतमुग्धगंडफलकैर्विबभुः Si. 9. 47, 37; cf. तट. —3 A shield. —4 A slab, tablet, leaf or page for writing upon. —5 The buttocks, hips. —6 The palm of the hand. —7 Fruit, result, consequence. —8 Profit, gain. —9 Menstruation. —10 The head of an arrow. —11 The pericarp of a lotus. —12 A broad and flat bone (of the forehead). —Comp. —पाणि a. armed with a shield (as a warrior). —यंत्रं an astronomical instrument invented by Bhāskaraśārya. —सक्य a. having a thigh as broad as a board.

फलकिन् a. 1 Boarded. —2 Armed with a shield. —m. 1 A wooden bench. —2 Sandal-wood (n. also).

फलतस् ind. As a consequence, consequently, virtually.

फलनं [फल-ल्युट्] 1 Bearing fruit, fructifying. —2 Producing results or consequences.

फलवत् a. 1 Fruitful, fruit-bearing. —2 Producing or yielding results, successful, profitable. —3 Containing the result or end of a plot. —m. A fruit-tree. —ती The plant called त्रियंगु.

फलसः (शः) The bread-fruit tree.

फलहकः A plank, board.

फलही The cotton tree.

फलित p. p. 1 Having borne or reaped fruit, yielding fruit, fruitful. —3 Fulfilled, accomplished, realized (as a desire). —तः A fruit-tree. —ता A menstruous woman. —तं A sort of perfume (शैल्य).

फलिन् a. [फल अस्त्यर्थे णि] 1 Fruitful, bearing or yielding fruit (fig. also); पुष्पिणः फलिन्श्चैव वृक्षास्तुभयतः स्मृताः Ms. 1. 47; Mk. 4. 10.

—2 Advantageous, profitable. —m. A tree.

फलिन a. [फल-इनच्] Fruitful, bearing fruit; Māl. 6. 19. —नः The bread-fruit tree.

फलिनी, -फली The Priyangu creeper; (said by poets to be the 'wife' of the mango tree; cf. R. 8. 61).

फलीकृ 8 U. To winnow, thresh, separate the grain from the husks.

फलीकरणं Winnowing, separating the grain from the husks.

फलीकृत p. p. Threshed, winnowed.

फल्यु a. [फल् -उ गुक् च Up. 1. 18] 1 Pithless, unessential; unsubstantial; सारं ततो ग्राह्यमपास्य फल्यु Pt. 1. —2 Worthless, useless, unimportant; Si. 3. 76. —3 Small, minute. —4 Vain, unmeaning. —5 Weak, feeble, flimsy. —6 Untrue. —7 Beautiful, lovely. —ल्युः f. 1 The spring season. —2 The opposite-leaved fig-tree. —3 N. of a river at Gayā. —4 A red powder of wild ginger (Mar. गुलाल) thrown by the Hindus over one another at the Holi festival. —Comp. —उत्सवः the vernal festival, commonly called Holi. —वाटिका the opposite-leaved fig-tree.

फल्युता-त्वं Worthlessness, vanity, insignificance; Bh. 2. 9.

फल्युन a. 1 Red. —2 Born under the constellation फल्युनी. —नः 1 The month of Phālguna. —2 N. of Indra. —3 Of Arjuna.

फल्युनी N. of a constellation; Ku. 7. 6. —Comp. —भवः the planet Jupiter.

फल्यं A flower.

फाद् ind. An interjection of calling.

फाटकी Alum.

फाणि f. 1 Molasses. —2 Flour mixed with curds (कर्म).

फाणितं Raw sugar.

फांट a. Made by an easy process, readily or easily prepared (as a decoction). —टः -टं An infusion, decoction; फांटमनायाससाध्यः कषाय-विशेषः Sk.; फांटचिन्नास्त्रपाणयः Bk. 9. 17 (see the commentary). —टं The first particles of butter produced by churning.