अभिजात p. p. 1 (a) Born to or or : भवंति संपदं दैवीमभिजातस्य भारत Bg. 16. 3, 4, 5. (b) Produced all around. (c) Born in consequence of. -2 Inbred, inborn, -3 Born, अजातपक्षामि जातकंटीं produced : Râm.-4 Noble, nobly or well born, of noble descent : जात्यस्तेनाभि जातेन बार: बीर्यवत: कवा: R. 17. 4: Mal. 4: courteous, polite; अभिजातं खल्वस्य वचनं V.1 : K. 102, M. 3, Mâl. 7; अनिकाते Mu. 2.-5 Fit, proper, worthy. -6 Sweet, agreeable; प्रज-ल्पितायामभिजातवाचि Ku. 1. 45-7 Handsome, beautiful.-8 Learned, wise; distinguished ; संकीर्ण नाभिजा-तेषु नाप्रबुद्धेषु संस्कृतं (वदेत). -तं Nobility, noble birth. -adv. Nobly, politely, courteously ; • तं खल एष वारि-त: S. 6.

अभिजातिः f. Noble birth.

अभिजि 1 P.1 To conquer completely. -2 To acquire by conquest. - Desid. To desire to win or conquer, acquire.

সশিক্ষ: Conquest; complete victory.

**अभिजित्** a. [अभि-जि-किप्] 1 Victorious, conquering completely. -2 Helping in conquering completely. -3 Born under the constellation अभिजित् P. IV. 3. 36, see अभिजित -m. 1 N. of Vishnu. -2 N. of a sacrifice, part of the great sacrifice called गवामयन; Ms. 11, 75, also used for अतिरात्र q.v.-3 N. of a star; N. of one of the lunar mansions. -n. 1 The 8th Muhûrta of the day, midday (fit for a Sràddha ceremony). -2 N. of a 密明 favourable to setting out. -Comp. - मुद्रुत: The 8th Muhûrta or period comprising 24 minutes before and 24 minutes after

अभिजित: N. of an asterism or the Muhurta indicated by it; मुहूर्तेऽभि-जिते प्राप्ते सार्थरात्रे विभूषिते। देवक्यजनय-द्विष्णुं यशोदा तां तु कन्यकां ॥ V. P.

अभिजितिः f. Ved. Victory, conquest,

अभिजुष् 6 A. (or Ved. P.) 1 To visit, frequent, call upon; श्रियानि जुष्ट: Mb. -2 To be pleased or contented with, like, be fond of (Ved.). अभिजुष्ट p. p. Visited, frequented. अभिज्ञा 9 U. 1 To recognize, discern; (सा) नान्यजानानलं नृपं Mb. a recognition-ornament, a token-17

-2 To know, understand, be acquainted with, be aware of, perceive; अहं हि नाभिजानामि भवेदेवं न वेति वा Mb.; Bg. 18. 55, 4. 14; 7.13; भवदिनातं कथयनु Dk. 3, 78. -3 To look upon, consider or regard as, know to be. -4 To admit, own, acknowledge; न पुत्रमिजानामि त्वयि जातं Mb. -5 To remember, recollect; used with the Future instead of the Imperfect, Imperfect with यत्, or both when interdependence of two actions is denoted, P. III. 2, 112, 114; cf. Bk. 6. 138, 139.

अभिज्ञ a. [ज्ञा-क] 1 Knowing, aware of, one who understands or is acquainted with, experiencing or having had experience of (with gen. or loc. or in comp.) ; यहा की शलमिंद्र-सुनुदमने तत्राप्यभिज्ञो जनः U. 5. 35; अभिज्ञा×छेरपातानां क्रियंते नंदनद्रमाः Ku. 41, Me. 16; R. 7.64; अनिभिन्नो भ-वान्सेवाधर्मस्य Pt. 1. -2 Skilled in, conversant with, proficient, skilful, clever ; यदि स्वमीदृशः कथायामनिज्ञः U. 4., see अनभिज्ञ also. —ज्ञा 1 Recognition. -2 Remembrance, recollection; अभिज्ञावचने सद P. III. 2. 112. -3 A supernatural faculty or power of which five kinds are usually mentioned:- (1) taking any form at will; (2) hearing to any distance; (3) seeing to any distance; (4) penetrating men's thoughts: (5) knowing their state and antecedents.-Monier Williams.

अभिज्ञानं 1 Recognition; तद्दभिज्ञानहे-तोर्हि इत्तं तेन महात्मना Ram. ( अभिज्ञान is a combination of अनभव or direct perception and ₹मृति or recollection; a sort of direct perception assisted by the memory; as when we say 'this is the same man I saw yesterday' सीयं श्री दृष्टी नरः, अनुभव or direct perception, leading to the identification expressed by असं and the memory leading to the reference to past action expressed by #:). -2 Remembrance, recollection; knowledge, ascertainment. -3 (a) A sign or token of recognition (person or thing); वस्स खोगि-न्यस्मि मालस्यभिज्ञानं च धारयामि Mal.9: Bk. 8. 118, 124; R. 12. 62; Me. 112; उपपन्नरिमज्ञानैर्द्तं तमवगच्छत Rám. -4 The dark portion in the disc of the moon. -Comp-आभरणं

ring S. 4. — पत्रं a certificate, letter of recommendation. — शकुंतलं N. of a celebrated drama by Kálidàsa in seven acts, in which king Dushyanta marries Kanva's daughter Sakuntalâ by the Gândharva form of marriage, forgets all about her owing to the curse of Durvásas, but ultimately recollects, at the sight of the token-ring (अभिज्ञान) that he had duly married her; अभिज्ञानेन स्मृत्वा शकुंतला अभिज्ञानशकुंतला; तामधिकृत्य कृतं नाटकं "शकुंतलं; (the reading "आकुंतलं is grammatically indefensible).

अभिज्ञापक a. Making known, informing,

अभिज्ञु a. Ved. [अभिगते जानुनी ध-न] On the knees, kneeling up to the knees.

अभिडीनं Flying towards.

अभितह 10 P. 1 To beat, knock, thump, hit, smite, strike (fig. also); to wound; वाक्सरेरानितांडतः Râm. -2 (Astr.) To eclipse the greater part of the disc; Bri. S. 11, 61.

अभिताडनं Beating, thumping.

अभितप् 1 P. 1 To irradiate with heat, heat, inflame; अभितमयोपि मार्दवं भजते केव कथा सरीरिषु R.8. 43; 19. 56. -2 To pain, distress, wound, afflict. —pass. To suffer intensely, be afflicted. —Caus. To pain, distress, afflict.

अभितम p. p. 1 Heated, inflamed, scorched, burnt.-2 Distressed, grieving or lamenting for (actively used).

अभिताप: Extreme heat, whether of body or mind; agitation, affliction, great distress or pain; Si. 9. 1; Ki. 9. 4; बलवान्युनर्मे मनसोभिताप: V. 3.

आभितरां ind. Nearer to.

अभितस् ind. (Used as an adverb or preposition with acc.) 1
Near to,to, towards; अभितस्तं पृथासूनुः स्नेहन परितस्तरे Ki. 11. 8.-2 (a) Near, hard by, close by, in the proximity of; ततो राजान्नविद्यास्यं सुमंत्रमभितः स्थितं पृक्षेण; sometimes with gen.; निषसादाभित्स्तस्य ibid. (b) Before, in the presence of; तन्वंताभद्धमभितो सुरुमंद्यानालं Ki. 2. 59.-3 Opposite to, facing, in front of; निषयगामभितः Ki. 6. 1, 5. 14.-4 On both sides; चूडाचुंबितकंकपत्रमभितस्तृणीइयं पृष्ठतः