

accused, calumniated, abused, insulted; Ms. 8. 116, 373; Y. 1. 161. -2 Hurt, injured, attacked (supposed to be from अभिशप्त); देवि केनाभि-
शस्तसि केन वासि विमानिता Rām.; Ms. 11. 113 threatened. -3 Cursed (for अभिशप्त). -4 Wicked, sinful, infamous. -स्तं=अभिशक्ति q. v.

अभिशास्तक *a.* 1 Falsely accused, defamed; wicked; Y. 1. 223; a person of bad repute; 2. 70. -2 Caused by imprecation or curse.

अभिशास्ति *f.* 1 A curse. -2 Effect of an imprecation, misfortune, evil, calamity. -3 Censure, calumny, abuse, defamation, charge, insult. -4 Asking, begging. -5 What curses or injures; the cause or source of injury.

अभिशांक 1 A. To doubt, mistrust, suspect, be suspicious of (with acc. of person or thing); मानिशांकी-
र्वचो मम Mb.; Mk. 9. 8; Ms. 8. 96; also with abl., be afraid of; Bk. 6. 2.

अभिशांका Doubt, suspicion, apprehension, fear, alarm, anxiety.

अभिशांकित *p. p.* Doubtful, suspicious, apprehensive.

अभिशाप 1 U. To curse, execrate; अभिशप्तः फलमेतदन्वभूत् Ku. 4. 41. -*Caus.* To conjure, invoke (as by charms), charm, enchant; सत्येन म-
निरक्ष त्वं वरुणेत्यभिशाप्य कं Y. 2. 108.

अभिशापनं-शापः 1 A curse, imprecation. -2 A serious charge, accusation; Y. 2. 99; अभिशापः पातका-
भियोगः Mit. -3 Slander, calumny, false charge; असतो दोषस्य अध्याहारोऽभि-
शापः. -4 An injury, hurt. -**Comp.** -**उवरः** fever caused by the pronun-
ciation of a curse.

अभिशापनं Pronouncing a curse.

अभिशाब्दित *a.* Declared, announced, said, named.

अभिशास् 1 P. To hurt, injure, attack (=अभिशास्त q. v.). -*f.* Ved. Ac-
cusation, charge, imprecation &c.

अभिशास्त *p. p.* Hurt, attacked.

अभिशास्तृ *m.* An enemy, injurer.

अभिशीरोग्र *a.* With the top and bottom inverted.

अभिशीत, -**श्यात** [शै-क्त] *a.* Cold, chilly, as wind.

अभिशीन, -**श्यान** *a.* Congealed, coagulated.

अभिशीकः 1 Intense grief. -2 Warmth; ardour (Ved.).

अभिशीच *a.* 1 Shining, glowing with heat. -2 Causing great grief.

अभिशीचनं 1 Intense grief or pain, torment. -2 That which torments; a spirit or demon.

अभिशीचयिष्णु *a.* Tormenting.

अभिश्चरणं Repeating Vedic texts, while Brāhmaṇas are sitting down to a Śrāddha.

अभिश्चवः Hearing; becoming renowned.

अभिश्ची *a.* Ved. 1 Joining, connected with, mixing. -2 Combining; arranging. -3 Approaching, having recourse to. -4 Worthy. -5 Shining. -6 Powerful.

अभिश्चिष् -**चिष्** *f.* (-ञ्) Ved. A ligature.

अभिश्चेषणं A bandage.

अभिश्चस् *m.* Ved. One who breathes upon or towards.

अभिश्चतः Ved. Breathing forth or upon, eructation (of the stomach).

अभिश्चासः Breathing or blowing upon; blowing into a flame.

अभिषंज 1 P. [° संज, स being changed to ष by P. VIII. 3. 65]. To be in contact with, touch; attach oneself to.

अभिषंगः (also अभिसंगः) 1 Com-
plete contact or union; attachment, connection, association; कन्यका दु-
न्वंति हृदयं मनुष्याणामीदृशादुरभिसंगान्
Māl. 7 ill attachment or union; Māl. 8; मुहुरिति वनविभ्रमाभिषंगान् Si.
7. 68; K. 146, 290. -2 Defeat, mortifi-
cation, discomfiture; जातभिषंगो
नृपतिः R. 2. 30. -3 A sudden blow, shock, or grief, a sudden calamity or misfortune, unexpected reverse; ततोऽभिषंगानिलविप्रविद्धा R. 14. 54,
77; Ku. 3. 73; ° जडं विजसिवात् R.
8. 75. -4 Possession by devils or evil spirits; अभिघातभिषंगाभ्यामभि-
चारभिषापतः Mād. N. -5 An oath. -6 Embracing; copulation. -7 A curse or imprecation, abuse. -8 A false charge or accusation, calumny or defamation. -9 Contempt, disrespect. -**Comp.** -**उवरः** fever caused by the action of evil spirits.

अभिषंजनं=अभिषंग q. v.

अभिषव see under अभिषु.

अभिषह्य *ind.* By force, forcibly, violently; insolently.

अभिषाच *a.* [अभि-सच् स्वार्थे णिच् क्तिप्] Ved. 1 Following. -2 Honouring, devoted. -3 Defeating.

अभिषाह *a.* 1 Bearing, patient. -2 Overpowering.

अभिषिच 6 U. [° सिच्, स changed to ष by P. VIII. 3. 65] 1 To sprinkle, pour down upon, water, wet, shower upon (fig. also); स्नातीहा-
भ्यषिचज्जलैः Bk. 6. 21; 15. 3; 6. 23; संगे पुनर्बहुतराममृताभिषिक्तं Ch. P. 29
v. 1; अथ वपुरभिषेक्तुं तास्तदंभोभिरीषुः Si.
7. 75. -2 To anoint, consecrate, appoint &c. (by sprinkling water on the head); to crown, install, inaugurate (with loc. of the post of authority); अभिषेकमभिषिच्य राघवः स्वे पदे R. 19.
1, 17. 13; सोऽदशीराज्येऽभिषिक्तः H.
2; V. 5. 23. -*Caus.* 1 To have another consecrated, inaugurated &c. -2 To let oneself be crowned.

अभिषेकः 1 Sprinkling, watering, wetting. -2 Anointing, inaugurating or consecrating by sprinkling water (a king, idol &c.). -3 (Particularly) Coronation, inauguration, installation (of kings); royal unction; अथाभिषेकं रघुवंशकृतोः R. 14. 7. -4 The (holy) water required at inauguration, coronation water; अ-
मात्यपरिषदं ब्रूहि संभ्रियतामायुषो राज्याभि-
षेक इति V. 5; यौवराज्यं ° *ibid.*; R. 17. 14. -5 Bathing; ablution, holy or religious bathing; अ-
भिषेकोत्तीर्णाय काश्यपाय S. 4; अ-
त्राभिषेकाय तपोधनानां R. 13. 51, 1. 85,
10. 63, 13. 58, 14. 82; K. 22, 36,
96; Ku. 5. 16; 7. 11; S. 7. 12; H. 4. 87. -6 Bathing or sprinkling with water (of a divinity to whom worship is offered). -**Comp.** -**अहः** day of coronation. -**शाला** coro-
nation-hall.

अभिषेक्तृ *a.* One who sprinkles, anoints, inaugurates.

अभिषेचनं 1 Sprinkling. -2 Coronation, inauguration; R. 8. 3.

अभिषेचनीय, -**येद्य**, -**क्य** 1 Worthy of inauguration, fit to be crowned. -2 Belonging to coronation. -**यः** N. of a sacrificial ceremony performed at the coronation of a king.

अभिषु 5 P. (° सु) 1 To extract Soma juice or any juice; अभिषुष्वत्
आसते Ait. Br. -2 To apply water to or press out; Ms. 5. 10 (Kull,