waters of the ocean); आर्बधनं विद्वमसौ बिभित R. 13. 4.

अविभीवस् a. Ved. Fearless.

अवुद्ध a. Foolish, unwise; अपवा-रमात्रमञ्जूष्टानां San. S.

সব্ধরি: f. 1 Want of understanding. -2 Ignorance, stupidity; ° পর্
foolish, ignorant. -a. Ignorant,
dull-witted, stupid. -Comp. -पूর্ব,
-पूর্বন a. 1. not preceded by knowledge or consciousness; not wanton or
intentional. -2. beginning with nonintelligence. (-ব, বর্ম) adv. unconsciously, ignorantly.

अनुभ-नुध a. Foolish, stupid.—m. A fool. —f. (अभृत्) Ignorance, want of intellect.

अबुध्य a. Ved. Not to be perceived or awakened.

अबोध a.1 Ignorant, foolish, stupid.
-2 Perplexed, puzzled.—ध: 1 Ignorance, stupidity, want of understanding; °धोपहताआन्ये Bh. 3. 2; निस्पानुबाधमबोधाविक्कवाः क भूपतीनां चरितं क जन्तवः Ki. 1. 6. -2 Not knowing or being aware of Si. 6. 41-Comp.
-गम्य a. incomprehensible, inconceivable.

अबोध्य, -बाधनीय a. 1 Unintelligible. -2 Not to be awakened.

अबुध्न a. Having no bottom or root, bottomless. —ध्न Ved. The air or intermediate region.

अब्ज a. [अप्स जायते, जन्-ड] Born in or produced from water Ms. 5. 112, 8, 100 - 5 The conch (n. also). -2 The moon, -3 Camphor. -4 N. of a tree (निचल). -5 Dhanvantari, physician of the gods, said to be produced at the churning of the ocean along with other jewels. - 5 1 A lotus. -2One thousand millions. -Comp. -कर्णिका the seed vessel of a lotus. - ज:,-भव:,-भ:,-योनि: epithets of Brahma, (being supposed to have sprung from the lotus which arose from the navel of Vishnu). -दृश्,-नयन,-नेत्र,-लोचन &c. a. lotuseyed, having large beautiful eyes. -बांधव: 'a friend of lotuses,' the sun. -भोग: 1, the root of a lotus. -2, a cowrie (可定案) as large as a conch. - बाहन: ' carrying the moon on his forehead,' epithet of Siva. (-) 'having the lotus for her seat, '

N. of Lakshmî. —स्थित: N. of Brahmâ. —हस्त: the sun (represented as holding a lotus in one hand).

अंडजा m. (इजा:) Ved. Born in water (P. III. 2, 67, VI. 4, 21).
—f. A pearl-oyster.

अध्यानी 1 Å lotus plant. -2 Å collection of lotuses. -3 Å place full of lotuses. -Comp. -पति: the sun.

अब्जस् n. Ved. Shape, beauty. अब्जित् a. Conquering waters.

अब्द a. [अपो ददाति, दा-क; said in Un. 4. 98 to be from अब्; अवती-त्यन्दः] Giving water.—हरू: 1 A cloud.—2 A year (in this sense n. also).—3 N. of a grass (मुस्ता).—4 N. of a mountain—Comp.—अर्थ half a year.—वाहनः N. of Siva.—दातं a century.—सारः a kind of camphor.

अब्दया adv. Ved. With a desire to give water.

अब्दि: Ved. A cloud; भृत् possessed of clouds; giving water, as a cloud.

अन्दुर्ग: A fortress in water, one surrounded by a most or lake.

अब्देवताक, दैवत a. Having the waters for divinities, praising the waters; Ms. 11. 133.

आब्धः[आपःधीयंते अत्र, धा-कि] 1 The ocean, receptacle of water; (fig. also), द:ख°,कार्य°, ज्ञान° &c.; store or reservoir of anything. -2 A pond, lake. -3 (In Math.) A symbolical expression for the number 7; sometimes for 4.- Comp. - अग्नि: the submarine fire. 一有有:, 一有有: 1. froth, foam. -2, the cuttle-fish bone, being regarded as the froth of the ocean. - s a, born in the ocean, (- ज:) 1. the moon,-2. The conch. (-জী) (dual) N. of the Asvins. (-জা) spirituous liquor (produced from the ocean).-2. the Goddess Lakshmî, -झष: a sea-fish. - द्वीपा 1. the earth.-2. a portion of land surrounded by the ocean. -नगरी N. of Dwáraká, the capital of Krishna. - नवनीतक: the moon (the butter of the ocean). — मंडूकी the pearl-oyster. -शयन: N. of Vishnu (so called from his resting in the ocean at the destruction and renovation of the world). - err: a gem.

अद्भक्ष a. Living upon water.

अद्भक्षणं Living upon water, a kind of fasting.

अब्भ &c. =अभ q. v.

अन्नह्मचर्य a. Unchaste, —यं-वंकं 1 Unchastity,—2 Sexual union.

अवद्यापय a. 1 Not fit for a Brahmana; अन्नहाण्यमवर्ण स्यात् न्नहाण्यं नहाणो हितπ Haláy. –2 Inimical to Bráhmanas. —ण्यं An act not befitting a Brâhmana; an unbrahmanical act. In dramas usually found as an exclamation uttered by a Brâhmana in the sense of 'to the rescue', 'help', 'help', 'a horrible or disgraceful deed has been committed'; अहो ॰ टबं ॰ टबं Pt. 1; S. 6; U. 1; अत्रांतरे ब्राह्मणेन मृ-तपत्रमारोप्य राजदारि सोरस्ताडनमब्रह्मण्य-मुद्रघोषितम् U. 2 a cry of help, or distress; अथैत्य योगनंतस्य व्याहिना ऋंदि-तं पुरः। अन्नह्मण्यमनुस्त्रांत जीवी योगस्य-तो दिज: Bri. Kath.

अब्रह्मन् a. 1 Not accompanied by devotion; wanting in sacred or divine knowledge. -2 Separated from or devoid of Brahmanas; नाब्रह्म अबृक्ष्मोति Ms. 9. 322.-Comp. -विद् a. not knowing Brahma or the Supreme Spirit.

अन्नाहाण a. Devoid of or without Brâhmaṇas.—ण: Not a Brâhmaṇa; Ms. 2. 241-2; (=जूद); six kinds are usually mentioned.

अन्नाह्मण्यं 1 Violation of the duties of a Bråhmana; breach of vows or sanctity.—2 =अन्नह्मण्यं q. v.

अञ्चरतं Making a growling (or Abra) sound, an indistinct speech uttered by shutting the lips.

अडिल गं [अपां लिंग ज्ञापनसामध्ये यत्र] A hymn or verse addressed to the waters; Y. 3. 30.

अभक्त a. 1 Not devoted or attached. -2 Not connected with, detached. -3 Not worshipping. -4 Unaccepted. -5 Not eaten. -क Not food; उदस्, क्ष्म want of appetite.

अभाक्ति: f. 1 Want of devotion or attachment. -2 Unbelief, incredulity.

अभक्ष:,-भक्षणं Not eating any thing; fasting.

अनुश्य a. 1 Not to be eaten.-2 Prohibited from eating. - श्यं A prohibited article of food.

अभग a. Unfortunate, ill-fated.