

H. 3. 53; Si. 18. 40. -3 Escaping, fleeing; Mk. 7. 3.

अपसारण-णा Removing to a distance, driving, expelling; किमर्थमपसारणा क्रियते Mu. 4, making room (cf. Mar. बाङ्ग, बाङ्ग).

अपसृत *p. p.* 1 Gone away, retreated &c.; dropped or fallen down; अपसृतपांडुपत्रा मुञ्चन्त्यभूषणीव लताः S. 4. 15. -2 Extended, held out, stretched; S. 6. -3 Discharged; अपसृतनिव शस्त्रं Mv. 2.

अपसृष्ट 1 P. 1 To glide or move gently along, glide away or off. -2 To withdraw, retire, go away; स्वरितमनेन तरुगहनेनापसर्पत U. 4; उद्येक्षितविकारः अपसर्पत Mv. 4 retire, go into voluntary exile. -3 To observe closely (as a spy); द्युद्धांतचारी दुर्मुखः स मया पौरज्ञानपशनपसर्पितं प्रयुक्तः U. 1. -*Caus.* To drive away or off.

अपसर्पः, **पैकः** A secret agent or emissary, spy; सोपसर्पैर्जजागर यथाकालं स्वपत्राणि R. 17. 51, 14. 31.

अपसर्पणं Going back, retreating; observing as a spy.

अपसृष्टिः *f.* Going away or forth.

अपस्कंभः Fastening, making firm.

अपस्करः [अप-कृ अप-सृष्ट रथांगे निपातः P. VI. 1. 149.] Any part of a carriage, except the wheel (रं also); अपस्करमधिष्ठाने हिमवान् विध्यपर्वतः Mb. -2 Excrement. -3 Vulva. -4 Anus.

अपस्कारः The root or under-part of the knee.

अपस्खलः Leaping or jumping off.

अपस्तंभः A vessel in the side of the breast containing vital air.

अपस्नात *a.* [अपकृष्टं स्नातः] One who has bathed after death or mourning or upon the death of a relation, preparatory to other ceremonies.

अपस्नानं 1 Bathing as after mourning or upon the death of a relative; funeral bathing. -2 Impure bathing, bathing in water in which a person has previously washed himself (स्नानशिष्टं जलं) Ms. 4. 132.

अपस्पश *a.* Devoid of spies; शब्दविधेय नो भाति राजनीतिरपस्पशा Si. 2. 112 (where °शा also means without पस्पश).

अपस्पृश *a.* Ved. Not letting oneself be touched.

अपस्पृश *a.* Insensible.

अपस्किग *a.* Having badly formed hips; (P. VI. 2. 187).

अपस्फुर् (स्फुः)-र, -रत् *a.* Injured (Sây.); swelling, increasing (?).

अपस्मारः, **स्मृतिः** *f.* [अपस्मारयति स्मरणं विलोपयति, स्मृ-णिच्, कर्तरि अच्, or अपगतः स्मारः स्मरणं यतः] 1 Forgetfulness, loss of memory; स्मर° Bh. 1. 89. -2 Epilepsy, falling sickness; Susr. thus derives it; स्मृतिर्भूतार्थविज्ञानमप्यपरिचर्येण | अपस्मार इति श्लोक्तस्ततोयं व्याधिरंतकृत् ||

अपस्मारित *a.* Epileptic, having an epileptic fit; Ms. 3. 7; Si. 3. 72.

अपस्मृति *a.* Forgetful.

अपस्य, **स्यु** &c. See under अपस्.

अपस्वरः An unmusical sound or note.

अपहन् 2 P. 1 To ward or beat off, repel, destroy, kill, take away, remove; अपहन्तो दुरितं हव्यगधैः S. 4. 7; न तु खलु तयोर्ज्ञाने शक्तिं करोत्यपहन्ति वा U. 2. 4 takes away; Ms. 6. 96; अपहतपाप्मानं सवितारमुपतिष्ठत् U. 3. -2 To attack, affect, seize (as disease &c.). -3 To husk out, take off the shell or husk (as rice). -4 To shoot out.

अपह *a.* [अप-हन्-ड] (At the end of comp.) Warding or keeping off, taking away, removing, destroying, repelling &c.; न दंशमशकापहं Pt. 3. 97; क्षणिर्यं यदि जीवितापहा R. 8. 46; परकर्मापहः सोऽभूत् 17. 61.

अपहतिः *f.* Removing, destroying.

अपहननं Warding off, repelling &c.

अपहल *a.* Having a bad plough.

अपहस 1 P. To mock or scoff at, ridicule, deride; साहसापहसितकुमारं Dk. 9 scoffed at, i. e. excelled.

अपहसितं, **हासः** Silly or causeless laughter; often laughter with tearful eyes (नीचानामपहसितं).

अपहस्तः [अपसारणार्थो हस्तः] 1 The hand placed on the neck to drive out a person (गलहस्त); one that is so driven out. -2 Throwing away or off, taking away. -3 Stealing, plundering.

अपहस्तयति Den. P. To seize by the neck and drive out; hence throw away, abandon, leave, discard, reject (fig. also).

अपहस्तित *p. p.* Thrown away, discarded, abandoned, cast off, given up; सकलसखीजनं त्वयि विधत्ति-

ति मे हृदयं K. 233, 202; °बांधवे त्वया Mál. 9. 19; अयं मम °लज्जो व्यवसायः V. 2; Ki. 9. 36.

अपहा 2 P. To leave, abandon; साक्षाद्वियामुपगतमपहाय पूर्वं S. 6. 15. -*pass.* To waste away, wane.

अपहानं Leaving, abandoning.

अपहानिः *f.* 1 Leaving, abandonment; stopping. -2 Ceasing, vanishing. -3 Exception, exclusion.

अपहाय *ind.* Leaving, abandoning, except, without, excepting (used with the force of a preposition).

अपह 1 P. 1 (a) To take off, bear or snatch away, carry off; पञ्चास्तुत्रैरपहतभरः V. 3. 1 relieved of the burden; तन्नादाचिरापहतः पदः brought P. V. 2. 70 Sk. (b) To avert, turn away; वदनमपहर्तौ (गौरी) Ku. 7. 95 averting or turning away her face. (c) To rob, plunder, steal. -2 To sever, separate, cut off; R. 15. 52. -3 To overpower, overcome, subdue; attract, ravish, captivate; affect, influence (in a good or bad sense); अपह्रिये खलु परिश्रमजनितया निद्रया U. 1 overpowered; उदसवापहतचेतोभिः Ratn. 1; यथा नापह्रियसे सुखेन K. 109 seduced, led away, 277; न...प्रियतमा यतमानमपहर्तु R. 9. 7 did not subdue i. e. did not divert his mind. -4 To remove, take away, destroy, annihilate, deprive (one) of; कीर्तिं ° R. 11. 74; प्रिया मे दत्ता वाक् पुनर्मेऽपहता Dk. 52. -5 To take back, resume; देयं प्रतिभुतं चैव इत्था नापहरेत्युनः Y. 2. 176. -6 To subtract, deduct. -*Caus.* To cause (others) to take away; Ki. 1. 31.

अपहरणं 1 Taking or carrying away, removing. -2 Stealing.

अपहर्तु *a.* 1 One that takes or carries away, steals, removes, destroys &c. -2 Removing, expiating; सर्वदोषापहर्तृणां व्रतानां Ms. 11. 162.

अपहारः 1 Taking or carrying away, stealing, plundering, removing, killing, destroying; कर्णनासापहारेण भगिनी मे विरूपिता Rám. by the cutting of ears and nose; निद्रापहार, विष°.

-2 Concealing, dissembling; कथमात्मापहारं करोमि S. 1 how shall I dissemble myself, conceal my real name and character; see अपहारक below. -3 Spending or using another's property. -4 Loss, damage.

अपहारक, **हारिन्** *a.* One who or that which takes away, steals, re-