U. 3. 40. Comp.. —अंगस् m. the cocca-nut tree. —आसार: a shower of hail. —जं water. —पात्रिका a water-pot used by ascetics.

करंक: 1 A skeleton. -2 The skull; प्रेतरंक: करंकारंकस्थादस्थिसंस्थं स्थपुट-गतमपि क्रव्यमन्ति Mål. 5. 16; also 5. 19. -3 A small pot (of cocca-nut); a small box, as in नांबूलकरंकवाहिनी (used in Kådambari). -4 A kind of sugar-cane. -5 Any bone of the body.

करंजः [कंशिरो जलं वा रंजयित Tv.] N. of a tree (used in medicinal preparations).

1 An elephant's cheek. -2 Safflower.
-3 A crow; Sânti. 4.19. -4 An atheist, unbeliever. -5 A degraded Brâhmana -6 A man of a low profession. -7 A musical instrument.
-8 The first Srâddha ceremony performed in honor of a dead man.
-दा 1 An elephant's cheek. -2 A cow difficult to be milked.

करटक: 1 A crow; Mk. 7. -2 N. of कर्णार्थ the propounder of the science and art of theft. -3 N. of a jackal in H. and Pt.

करिंदन् m. An elephant; हिगंते श्रूयंते मदमलिनगंडाः करिंदनः Bv. 1. 2.

कर (रे) दुः A kind of bird (crane).

करण a. [ क्र-ल्युट् ] 1 Making, doing, effecting, producing .- 2(Ved.) Clever, skilled. - or: 1 (Ved.) An assistant. -2 A man of a mixed tribe. -3 A writer. - of 1 Doing, performing, accomplishing, effecting: परहित<sup>°</sup>, संध्या °, प्रिय ° &c. -2 Act, action. -3 Religious action. -4 Business, trade. -5 An organ of sense;वपुषा करणाडिझ-तेन सा निपतंती पातिमध्यपातयत R. 8. 38, 42; पद्करणै: प्राणिभि: Me. 5; R 14. 50. -6 The body; उपमानमभूदि-ला.सिनां करणं यत्तव कांतिमत्तवा Ku. 4. 5. -7 An instrument or means of an action; उपनितिकरणमुपनानं T. S. -8 (In Logic) The instrumental वदसाधारण कारणं करणं. -9 A cause or motive (in general). -10 The sense expressed by the instrumental case (in gram.); साधकतमं करणं P. I. 4. 42; or क्रियायाः परिनिष्पत्तिर्यद-

व्यापारावनंतरम् । विवक्ष्यते यदा यत्र करणं तत्त्वा स्मतम | . -11 ( In law ) A document, a bond, documentary proof; Ms. 8. 51, 52, 154, -12 A kind of rhythmical pause, beat of the hand to keep time; Ku. 6. 40. -13 (In astrol.) A division of the day: (these Karanas are eleven). -14 The SupremeBeing.-15 Pronunciation. -16 The posture of an ascetic. -17 A posture in sexual enjoyment. -18 A field. -19 Plastering with the hand. -20 The usage of the writer caste. - of 1 A woman of a mixed caste. -2 A surd or irrational number. -Comp. -अधिप: the soul. - प्राम: the organs of sense taken collectively. - त्राणं the head.

करंड: [क्-अंडन् Un. 1. 126] 1 A small box or basket (of bamboo); करंडपीडिततनोः भोगिनः Bh. 2. 84; सर्वमायाकरंडं 1. 77.–2 A bee-hive.–3 A sword. –4 A sort of duck (कारंडन).
–5 Liver.

करंडकः,-करंडिका, करंडी f.A small box made of bamboo.

कराँडन् m. A fish.

करंघय a. Kissing the hand.

करभः [क-अभच Up. 3, 122; करे भाति, भा-क Tv.] 1 The back of the hand from the wrist to the root of the fingers; metacarpus. as in art-भोक: R. 6. 83; see करभेक below. -2 The trunk of an elephant. -3 A young elephant. -4 A young camel; Si. 5. 3. -5 A camel in general. -6 A kind of perfume. 一圻 A shecamel. -Comp. - ste: f. a lady whose thighs resemble the back of the fore-arm: अंके निधाय करभोर यथा-म्स ते S. 3. 21; Si. 10, 69; Amaru, 69; or (according to another explanation), whose thighs resemble the trunk of an elephant; cf. Ku. 1. 36.

करभकः A camel.

करिम m. An elephant.

करभीरः A lion.

करमट्टः The betel-nut tree.

करमरिन् m. A prisoner.

करंब, करंबित a. [क्-अंबस्: Un-4. 82] 1 Mixed, intermingled, variegated; प्रकाममादिख्यमवाप्य कंटकै: करं-बितामोदभरं विवृण्यती N. 1. 115, 85; स्फुटतरफेनकदंबकरंबितामिव यमुनाजलपूरं Git. 11. -2 Set, inlaid.

करंभ: (बः) 1 Flour or meal mix-

ed with curds.—2Mud; कारंभवाङ्कताता-पान् Ms. 12. 76 (where the word is variously interpreted; but Medhâtithi takes it to mean 'mud').—3 Groats or coarsely ground oats.—4 A mixed odour.

करंभकं 1 Groats. -2 Flour mixed with curds.

करहाट: N. of a country; (perhaps the modern Karhâda in Satâra district); करहाटपते: पुत्री निजग-नेत्रकार्मणम् Vikr. 8. 2. -2 The fibrous root or stem of a lotus. -3 A group of lotuses.

करांगण: 1 A market or fare. -2 A place where revenue is collected. करायिका A bird, (a small kind. of crane.)

कराङ a. 1 Dreadful, formidable, frightful, terrible; U. 5. 5, 6. 1; Màl. 3; Bg. 11. 23, 25, 27; R. 12. 98; Mv. 3. 48. -2 Gaping, opening wide : U. 5. 6. -3 Great, large, high, lofty. -4 Uneven, jagged; pointed: Ve. 2, 6; Mål. 1, 38, -5 Harsh : Mal. 5. 3. -6 Wide, spacious; Mk. 3. 12. -7 Deformed. -ल: 1 Resin, pitch. -2 A disease of the teeth. -3 Black Tulasi. - T A terrific form of Durga; ° आयतनं : न करा-लोपहाराच फलमन्यदिभाष्यते Mâl. 33. → ₩ One of the seven tongues of fire. - s A particular condiment. -Comp. -tg a. having terrific teeth. - वदना an epithet of Durga.

करालिकः 1 A tree.—2 A sword. —का N. of Durgit.

aftar Scratching, a wound caused by a finger-nail.

करिन m.[कर-इनि] 1 An elephant. -2 The number 8' (in Math.).-Comp. -दंद:, -ईचर:,-वर: a large elephant, lordly elephant ; सदादानः परिक्षीणः शस्त एव करीश्वर: Pt. 2. 70; दूरीकृताः करिवरेण महांधबुद्ध्या Nitipr. 2. - कुन: the frontal globe of an elephant : Bv. 2. 177. - жұн: a fragrant powder of नागकेशर. -गार्जित the roaring of an elephant ( ब्रंहितं करिगार्जितं Ak.) -दंत: ivory. -दारक: a lion. -ना-सिका a musical instrument. - पः an elephant-driver. — पातः, –যাবঃ -शावक: a cub, young elephant. -air: a column to which an elephant is tied. - माचल: a lion. - मुख: an epithet of Ganesa. - बारस n.,