within himself, at heart; अंतरेव विहरन विवानिशं R.19.6 in the palace, in the harem : so ° भिन्नं भ्रमति हर्वयं Mal. 5,20; अंतर्बिभेड Dk.13; यदंतस्तन जिह्नायां Pt. 4. 88; अंतर्यश्च मृग्यते V. 1. 1 internally, in the mind.(b) By way of seizing or holding: अंत-र्हत्वा गतः ( हतं परिगद्य).-3As a separable preposition) (a) In, into, between, in the middle, inside, within, ( with loc, ); निवसन्नंतर्शरुण लं-घ्यो वाद्व: Pt. 1. 31; अंतरादित्ये Ch. Up.: अंतर्वेडमानि Ms. 7, 223; Y. 3. 302; अप्स्वंतरमृतमप्सु Rv. 1. 23. 19. (b) Between (with acc.) Ved. अंतर्मही बहती रोक्सीमे Rv. 7.87.2; अंत-र्दैवान मर्त्योश्व 8. 2. 4; हिरण्मध्योई क्र-इयोरंतरवाहेत आस Sat.Br. (c) In, into, inside, in the interior, in the midst (with gen.): प्रतिबलजलधेरंतरौर्वायमाणे Ve.3.5 ; अंत:कंचुकिकंचुकस्य Ratn.2.3; बहिरंतश्व भूतानां Bg. 13. 15; त्वममे सर्व-भतानामंतश्वरासि साक्षिवतः Y. 2. 104; लघुवृत्तितया भिदां गतं बहिरंतश्च नृपस्य मंडलं Ki. 2. 53; अंतरीपं यदंतर्वारिणस्तटं Ak.; oft. in comp. at the end; arrive: पातेतः Pt. 5; सभांतः साक्षिणः प्राप्तान Ms. 8. 79; दंतांतरधिष्ठितं Ms. 5, 141 between the teeth; उत्पित्सवां उतर्नदभर्तः Si. 3. 77; also in compound with a following word; अहं सदा शरीरांतवींसि-नी ते सरस्वती Ks. 4. 11. -4 It is frequently used as the first member of compounds in the sense of 'internally,' 'inside,' 'within,' 'in the interior,' 'having in the interior,' 'filled with,' 'having concealed within,' or in the sense of 'inward,' 'internal,' 'secret,' 'hidden' &c., forming Adverbial, Bahuvrihi or Tatpurusha compounds: कंदमंतस्त्रपारं (Bah. comp.) S. 5. 19 filled with dew : तायं (Bah. comp.) Me. 64; अंतर्गिर (Adv. comp.) Ki. 1. 34; ज्वलयति तनूमंतर्वाह: ( Tat. comp.) U. 3. 31; so "anu:, "anu:, ° आकृतं &c. -5 It is also supposed to be a particle of assent (स्वीकारार्थक). ( Note. In comp. the T of sigt is changed to a visarga before hard consonants, as अंतःकरणे, अंतःस्थ &c.). [cf. L inter; Zend antare: Goth. undar; Pers. andar; Gr. entos; ]. -Comp. -अंस: the breast (=अंतरा-अंस q. v. ). - अप्ति: inward fire, the fire which stimulates digestion; दीशांतरिश-परिश्रद्धकोष्ट: Susr. —अग a. 1. inward, internal, comprehended, included ( with abl. ); त्रवमंतरंगं पूर्वेभ्य: Pat.

Sûtra, -2, proximate, related to, essential to or referring to the essential part of the sin or base of a word ( opp. वहिरंग ): धातपसर्गयोः कार्यमंतरंगं P. VIII. 3. 74 Sk. -3, dear, most beloved (अत्यंत्रिय ): स्विपति सखिनदा-नीमंतरंग: करंग: S. 4. v.l. (-गं) 1. the inmost limb or organ, the heart, mind; संत्रष्टांतरंग: Dk. 11; °वृत्ति 21; the interior, -2. an intimate friend. near or confidential person ( forming, as it were, part of oneself ): #-वंतरंगभूतां Dk. 81, 93, 101: राजांतरंग-भावेन 135: अंतरीय राज्यभारं समर्थ्य 159. -3 an essential or indispensable part, as अवण, मनन & निदिध्यासन in realizing Brahma, -अवयव an inner part: P. V. 4. 62. - आकाश: the ether or Brahma that resides in the heart of man ( a term often occurring in the Upanishads ). —आकतं secret or hidden intention. -आगम: an additional augment between two letters. -आगारं the interior of a house; Y. 2. 31. - आत्मन : (त्मा) 1. the inmost spirit or soul, the soul or mind; also the internal feelings, the heart; अंग्रष्टमात्रपरुषाँतरात्मा Svet.; गतिमस्यांत-रात्मनः  $ilde{\mathbf{M}}$ s, 6. 73; जीवसंज्ञीतरात्मान्यः सहजः सर्वदेष्टिनां 12, 13; महत्तेनांतर/त्मना Bg. 6, 47 with the heart fixed on me: जातो ममायं विशवः प्रकामं ..... अं-तरात्मा S. 4.21, U. 3. 38, Me. 93.-2 (In phil.) the inherent supreme spirit or soul (residing in the interior of man); अंतरात्मासि देहिनां Ku. 6. 21. - आपण: a market in the heart (inside) of a town. - आय.-आल: See s. v. - आराम a. rejoicing in oneself, finding pleasure in his soul or heart; यॉत:सुखॉतरारामस्तथांतज्यीं-तिरेव स: Bg. 5. 24. — इंडियं an internal organ or sense. - उद्धं Ved. a secret abode. - कर्ण the internal organ; the heart, soul; the seat of thought and feeling, thinking faculty, mind, conscience; प्रमाणं "प्रवृत्तय: S. 1, 22; स-बाह्य °पः अंतरात्मा V. 4 the soul in all its senses external and internal. the inner and outer man; दबाईभाव-माख्यातमंतःकरणैर्विशंकैः R. 2. 11. According to the Vedanta अंत:करण is of four kinds:--मनो बुद्धिरहंकारश्चित्तं करणमांतरम् । संशयो निश्वयो गर्वः स्मर्ग विषया इमे || अंतःकरणं त्रिविधं Sånkhya 33, i. e, बुद्धहंकारमनांसि; सांतः करणा बुद्धिः 35, i.e. अहंकारमनःसहिता. - कल्पः a certain number of years ( with |

Buddhists ). -क्रटिल a, inwardly crooked (fig. also); fraudulent. (-ल:) a conch-shell. - क (क्रि) मि: a disease of worms in the body. —कोटरपष्पी =अंडकोटरपध्पी. —कोप: 1. internal disturbance; H. 3. -2. inward wrath, secret anger. -कोशं the interior of a store-room. - रांगा the secret or hidden Ganges (supposed to communicate underground with a secret stream in Mysore). गड़ α. [अंतर्मध्ये गड़िरव] useless, unprofitable, unnecessary, unavailing: किमनेनांतर्गंडना Sar, S. ( ग्रीवाप्रदेश-जातस्य गलमांसपिंडस्य गडोर्यथा निरर्थकर्ष तइत् ). - गम-गत &c. See under अंत-गैम. - गर्भ a. 1. bearing young, pregnant. -2. having a ηή or inside so ॰गर्भिन. - गिरं-रि ind. in mountains. -गडवलयः the sphincter muscle. - ut a. concealed inside, being inward; "चनव्यथ: U. 3. 1: R. 19. 57; ° विष: with poison concealed in the heart. - गृहं,-गेहं, -भवनं [ अंत स्थं गहं &c. ] 1, the inner apartment of a house, the interior of a house. -2. N. of a holy place in Benares; पंचकोश्यां कृतं पापमंतरें है विनश्यति. -धण:-णं [अंतर्हन्यते कोडीभवत्यस्मिन्, निपात: ]1. the open space before the house between the entrance-door and the house (= porch or court ): तस्मित्रंतर्घणे पदयन् प्रघाणे सौधसद्यनः Bk. 7.62 ( द्वारमतिकम्य यः सावकाशपदेशः सों (न्नः-णः)N. of a country of Bàhika ( or Bàlhika ) ( P. III, 3. 78 बाहीकग्रामविशेषस्य संज्ञेयं Sk. ). - धातः striking in the middle P. III. 3, 78. -चर a. pervading the body ; internally situated, internal, inward Ku. 3. 48; U. 7. - \( \alpha \) a. born or bred in the interior (as a worm &c.). -जटरं the stomach. (-ind.) in the stomach. - जंभ: the inner part of the jaws (खादनस्थानं जंभः, दंतपंक्तश्चोरंत-रालं). — जात a. inborn, innate, — जान ind. between the knees. - जानं inward orsecret knowledge. - ज्योतिस a. enlightened inwardly, with an enlightened soul. (-स n) the inward light, light of Brahma. - 34-लनं inflammation. (-न: ) inward heat or fire; mental anxiety. — ताप a, burning inwardly. ( - q: ) internal fever or heat S. 3. 13. - इधनं ि अंतर्देध्यते आधीयते मादकतानेन ] distillation of spirituous liquor, or a substance used to produce fermentation. - ear a