

-5 To partake or share in, get, obtain. —Caus. To send away.

अभिया m. f. Going to, approaching, assailing.

अभियात्, -याति n. Approaching, assailing, encountering; assailant; रामाभियायिनां तेषां R. 12, 43.

अभियातिः, -यातिन्-न् m. (-यी, -ता) Approaching with hostile intentions, an assailant, enemy, a foe. —तिः f. Assailing.

अभियानं 1 Approaching. -2 Marching against, attack, assault; रणानियानेन Dk. 10 marching out for battle.

अभियाच 1 A. To beg, request, ask for, solicit (=याच q v).

अभियाचन, -याच्चा Asking for, request, an entreaty, solicitation.

अभियुज् 7 A. 1 To apply oneself to, exert oneself, make oneself ready for, prepare, set about, strive or endeavour (used in passive also in this sense); तद्यदि न सहसे ततः स्वयमभियुज्यस्व। एते स्वकर्मण्यभियुज्यामहे। Mu. 3; Dk. 55; K. 300; व्यसनमभियुज्जानस्य Mu. 4 trying to find out a weak point. -2 To attack, assail; भवेत्तमभियुक्तमुद्युक्ते Dk. 3; वृषलमभियुक्तमुद्युक्तः Mu. 1; क इदानीमभियुज्यते U. 3. -3 To accuse, charge; complain or inform against, prosecute, claim or demand (as in a law-suit); न तत्र विद्यते किञ्चिदस्प- रैरभियुज्यते Ms. 8. 183; विभावितैक- देशेन देयं यदभियुज्यते V. 4. 17 claimed, asked, or demanded; Y. 2. 9, 28, 100. -4 To wish or long for, desire, ask for, request. -5 To say, speak, tell; नभियुक्तमनूतं स्वमिष्यसे Ki. 13. 58, 14. 7. -6 To appoint to, entrust with (with loc.). -7 To use with (instr.). -8 To be working or operative. -9 To put to; harness; harness repeatedly. -10 To hurt. —Caus. To join or unite to, attach oneself to; परकलत्रेषु सुहृत्वेनाभियोज्य Dk. 163.

अभियुक्त p. p. 1 (a) Engaged or occupied or absorbed in, applying oneself to, intent on; स्वस्वकर्मण्यधिकतममभियुक्तः परिजनः Mu. 1. (b) Diligent, persevering, resolute, zealous, intent, assiduous, zealously engaged, attentive, careful; इदं विश्वे पाल्यं विधिवदभियुक्तेन मनसा U. 3. 30; Mu. 1. 13; Dk. 55; अन्धावेक्षणेऽभियु-

युक्ते Mu. 3; भवतु भूयोभियुक्तः स्वरव्य- क्तमुपलप्स्ये Mu. 1; Bg. 9. 22; Kām. 5. 77. -2 Well-versed or proficient in; शास्त्रार्थेष्वभियुक्तानां पुरुषाणां Kumārila. -3 (Hence) Learned, of acknowledged position; a competent judge, an expert, connoisseur, a learned person (m. also in this sense); न हि शक्यते दैवमन्यथा कर्तुमभियुक्तेनापि K. 62; अन्येऽभियुक्ता अपि नैवेदमन्यथा मन्यन्ते Ve. 2; सूक्तमिदमभियुक्तैः प्रकृतिदुस्त्यजेति *ibid.* -4 Attacked, assailed; अभियुक्तं स्वयैव ते गतारस्त्वामतः परे Si. 2. 101; Mu. 3. 25. -5 Accused, charged, indicted; Mk. 9. 9; prosecuted; a defendant; अभियुक्तोऽभियोगस्य यदि कुर्यादपह्नवं Nārada. -6 Appointed. -7 Said, spoken.

अभियुज् (ज्) न् m. One who hurts or attacks; an enemy.

अभियुज् f. (क्-गु) 1 Attacking &c. -2 An enemy.

अभियुक्तव्य, -योज्य *pot. p.* To be rebuked or blamed; to be accused; Ms. 8. 50; assailable, indictable.

अभियुक्त a. Assailing, attacking, accusing. —m. (क्ता) 1 An enemy, assailant, invader; स्वद्युत्कृष्टबलेऽभियुक्तरि त्वे Mu. 4. 15; H. 3. 93. -2 (In law) A complainant, plaintiff, accuser, prosecutor; Ms. 8. 52, 58; Y. 2. 95. -3 A pretender, claimant; a stronger party.

अभियोगः 1 Application or devotion (to some thing); connection; गुरुचर्यातपस्त्रययोगाभियोगजां Māl. 9. 51; Ch. P. 11. -2 Close application, perseverance, zealous intentness, energetic effort, exertion; भाज् persevering, resolute Ki. 3. 40; संतः स्वयं परहितेषु कृतमभियोगाः Bh. 2. 73; Māl. 1. 34; मत्प्रियाभियोगेन Māl. 1; तदभियोगं प्रति निरुद्योगः Mu. 1; स्वयमभियोगदुःखैः *ibid.*; Dk. 41, K. 345; Si. 7. 63. -3 (a) Application or devotion to learn something; कस्यां कलायामभियोगो भवत्योः M. 5 to what art have you applied or devoted yourselves; K. 109. (b) Learning, scholarship; अनभियोगश्च शब्दादेशिष्ठानां अभियोगश्चेतरेषां Sabarasvāmin. -4 (a) Attack, assault; invasion (of a town or country); क्षुभितं वनगोचराभियोगात् Ki. 13. 10, 2. 46; Ku. 7. 50; Ve. 4; Māl. 8, Mu. 2. 1. 7, Mv. 6. 38. (b) Battle, war, conflict. -5 (In law) A charge, accusation, plaint, indict-

ment; अभियोगमनिस्तीर्य नैनं प्रत्यभियोजयेत् Y. 2. 9.

अभियोगिन् a. 1 Devoted to, intent on, absorbed in (in comp.). -2 Attacking, assailing. -3 Accusing; मिथ्याभियोगी Y. 2. 11. —m. A plaintiff, complainant.

अभियोजनं Ved. Harnessing (one horse) on to another, re-fastening to make firm or tight (Sāy. युक्ते पुनर्योजनं).

अभिरक्ष 1 P. 1 To protect, preserve, keep, guard, help; भीष्ममेवाभिरक्षन्तु Bg. 1. 10, 11. -2 To rule over, govern (as earth &c.); command.

अभिरक्षा, -रक्षणं Universal or complete protection; protection in every quarter; प्रसांतबाधं दिशतोऽभिरक्षया Ki. 1. 18.

अभिरक्षिन् a. Protecting, guarding.

अभिरंज् *pass.* 1 To be coloured or tinted. -2 To be flushed or greatly delighted, exult. —Caus. To tinge, colour, tint.

अभिरक्त p. p. Devoted, intent, attached.

अभिरंजनं Colouring.

अभिरम् 1 A. (rarely-P.) 1 To be pleased or delighted (with loc.); वृष्टिरिहाभिरमते हृदयं च Mk. 4, 5. 15; न गंधहरिणो दमनककेदारिकायामभिरमति Vb. 3; Ratn. 2, Y. 1. 252. -2 To please or gratify oneself, take pleasure or delight in (with loc.); विद्यासु विद्वानिव सोभिरेमे Bk. 1. 9. —Caus. To gratify, please; मत्सपत्नीरभिरमयिष्यासि Dk. 90, 92, 163.

अभिरत्न p. p. 1 Glad, delighted, satisfied, Si. 10. 55, 89. -2 Engaged in, devoted or attached to; performing, practising; Bg. 18. 45. -3 Attentive to.

अभिरतिः f. 1 Pleasure, delight, satisfaction; attachment or devotion to; न मृगयाभिरतिर्न दुरोदरं (तमपाहरत्) R. 9. 7; Ki. 6. 44. -2 Practice, occupation.

अभिरमणं Delighting in.

अभिराम a. 1 Pleasing, delightful, sweet, agreeable; मनोभिरामाः (कैकाः) R. 1. 39; 2. 72; 6. 47; Ki. 6. 30. -2 Beautiful, lovely, graceful, charming; स्यादस्थानोपगतयमुनासंगमे- वाभिरामा Me. 51; कुमार माराभिरामाः Dk. 10; त्वं प्रमदवनस्य V. 2; राम इत्यभिरामेण वपुषा तस्य चोदितः R. 10. 67, 13. 32; K. 145; Mv. 5. 47-8.