दशोरानशिरे महिच्य: N. 6.43; Bg. 3. 4; 5.21; Bk. 3.37 ; 5.14 ; 14.19. -4 To become master of; to master, to be able (Ved.). -5 To heap, accumulate. WITH SIT 1.to reach, come up to. -2. to equal. - sar 1. to reach to. -2. to obtain, get. -3. to addict oneself to, - 37 1. to reach to the top of. -2. to reach, obtain, get. -3. to be master of. -3q 1. to obtain.enjoy, acquire: न च लोकानपा-अते Mb.; क्रियाफलम्पास्रते Ms. 6. 82, 12. 20, 81. -2. to become master of. - परि to reach, attain; fill competely, pervade. - \$\pi\$ 1, to arrive at, reach, occupy, fill completely. -2. to fall to the lot of one (acc.). -II. 9 P. (rarely A.) (সঙ্গারি; আ-क्षीत्, आ रा, अशिता, अशिष्यति, अशित) 1 To eat, to consume ; निवेद्य गुरवेऽभी-यात् Ms. 2. 51; अइनीमहि वयं Freni Bh. 3. 117. -2 To taste, enjoy; यहदाति यदशाति तदेव ध-निनो धनं H. 1. 164-165; अइनं-ति दिव्यान् दिवि देवभोगान् Bg. 9. 20; प्रत्यक्षं फलमइनित कर्मणां Mb. - Caus. (আহ্বাথনি) To feed, give to eat, cause to eat or drink (with acc. of person) : आशयचामृतं देवान् Sk. ; Ms. 3. 83, 94, 219, 220; (for derivatives from the causal see under off). -With sifa to precede or surpass in eating. - 39 to eat; taste, enjoy.

अञ्चन व. [अञ्-ल्युट्ट] Reaching, reaching across. — नः N. of a tree = असन q. v. — नं 1 Pervasion, penetration. — 2 The act of eating, feeding. — 3 Tasting, enjoying. — 4 Food; अञ्चनं धात्रा महस्कल्पितं व्यालानां Bh. 3. 10; मांसाञ्चनं च नाइनीयुः Ms. 5.73; यज्ञाचिष्ट 3. 118; फलमूलाञ्चनः 5. 54; oft. at the end of adjective comp. in the sense of 'eating', 'one whose food is' &c.;फलमूलाञ्चन, दुताञ्चन, प्रवनाञ्चन &c. — Comp. — कृत् a. Ved. preparing food. — पतिः lord of food. — पतिः a kind of tree.

अश्चना [अज्ञनभिच्छति अञ्चन-क्यच् -क्रिप्] Desire to eat, hunger.

अशनायति Den. P. To desire food, to be hungry; P. VII. 4. 34; या-वद्वे पुरुषस्य स्वंभवति नैव तायदशनावति Sat. Br.

अशनाया [अशनमिच्छाते अशन-वयंच् श्रियां भावे अ] Hunger; च्युताशनायः फलवद्दिभूत्या Bk. 3.40; अन्नाद्दाऽशनाया निवर्तते पानात्पिपासा Sat. Br.

अश्वनायित, अश्वनायुक्त a. Hungry. अश्वित p. p. [अश्-कर्मणि-क] 1 Eaten, satisfied. -2 Enjoyed-अश्वितंगवीन a. Formerly grazed by cattle; see आश्वितंगवीन.

अधिन् α. [अञ्-तृष्] An eater, eating.

अशिन् a. [अञ्जानि] Reaching far; enduring, lasting.

अशकुनः-नं An inauspicious or bad omen; Si. 9. 83.

अशक्त a. Unable, incompetent; ° ता,-°त्वं inability.

अशक्ति: f. 1 Weakness, impotence, powerlessness. -2 Inability, incapacity; अमेण तदशस्यादा न गु-णानामियस्या R. 10. 32.-3 (In San, phil.) Incapacity of the intellect to produce knowledge.

अश्चक्य a. Impossible, impracticable; यदशक्यं न तच्छक्यं H. 1. 90. -Comp.—अर्थ a. unavailing, useless.

अशंक, अशंकित a. 1 Fearless, undaunted ; प्रविशस्त्रशंकः H. 1. 81. -2 Secure, certain, having no doubt.

अহাসু a.1One who has no enemy.
-2 One whom no enemy defies or challenges. -3 Without opposition from foes. -স্থ n. The condition of having no enemies. -স্থ: The moon.

अञ्चन् m. Ved. A stone for slinging; a stone or cloud.

अशानिः m. f. [अइन्ते संहति, अज् आने Un. 2. 101] I Indra's thunderbolt; शक्रस्य महाशनिध्वजं R. 3. 56. -2 Flash of lightning; अनुवनमशनि-र्गतः Sk.; अश्चनिः कल्पित एष वेधसा R.S.47; अश्चनेरमृतस्य चोभयोवंशिनश्चांबु-धराश्च योनयः Ku. 4. 43. -3 A missile. -4 The tip of a missile. -5 A sacrificial rite (अनुयाज) to kill an enemy. -6 A master. -निः m. 1 Indra. -2 Fire. -3 Fire produced from lightning.

अशब्द a. Not expressed in words; किमर्थमशब्दं रुखते K. 60 inaudibly. —हर्द 1 The 'inexpressible,' i. e. Brahma.—2 (In Sân. phil.) प्रधान or primary germ of nature; ईक्षतेना-शब्दं S. B.

अशम् ind. Ved. Non-welfare, harm, mischief.

अञ्चरण a. Helpless, forlorn, destitute of refuge; बलवदशरणास्मि S. 6; so अञ्चरण्य.

अदारीर a. Bodiless, incorporeal. — र: 1 The Supreme Being प्रमान्मन्), Brahma.—2 (In Mimâmsâ) A god or deity in general.—3 Cupid, the god of love चतांसि चिता-भिरिवाश्यरि: Ki. 17. 10: Si. 9. 61.—4 An ascetic who has renounced all worldly connections; °स्वं -ता absolution.

अश्राीरित a. Incorporeal, unearthly, heavenly; usually with words like बाणी, बाक &c. U. 2, Ve. 3, 8, 4. 1 Brahmå .—2 A god.

अद्यामन् a. Unhappy, afflicted, sorry.—n. Unhappiness, misery, affliction, sorrow ; एकोघभूतं तदशमं कृष्णां (प्रपेदे) Ki. 3. 35; 12. 25.

अशस् a. Ved. 1 Not blessing, not praising. -2 Cursing, hating.

अशस्त a. Ved. 1 Inexpressible, untold. -2 Not esteemed, hated, ill-starred. -Comp. -वार a. Ved, who is not asked for wealth, i. e. who grants it of his own accord; Rv. 10. 99. 5; having indescribable treasures (?)

अश्वास्तः f. Ved. 1 Not wishing well, an evil wish or design, curse, imprecation. -2 A curser, hater.

अशस्त्र a. Having no weaponsunarmed.—स्त्रं Not a weapon; वि-हितो वध: H. 2. 85; व्यूतं मरणमुपहिशा-मि Ve. 2 (आत्मधातित्वेन शक्षेण न पूतं); अशस्त्रपूर्त Mâl, 5. 12.

अशांत a. 1 Not quelled, violent, wild, restless, anxious; नास्ति बुद्धिरहुक्तस्य अशांतस्य कृतः सुखं Mb. -2 Not sacred, irreligious, profane.

अशास्य a. Unappeasable, implacable, irreconcilable (as hatred, enmity &c.).

अशारीरिक = अश्ररीरिन् q. v.

अशाश्वत a.Perishable, transient.

अशासन a. Having no order or rule. —नं Want of government, anarchy, disorder.

अशासनीय a. Ungovernable, unruly.

अशास्त्र a. Not conformable to sacred authority, not scriptural, heterodox. -Comp. - विश्वित, -सिद्ध a. not sanctioned or enjoined by scriptures.

अशास्त्रीय a. Unscriptural, heterodox; illegal, immoral.