

दून p. p. 1 Pained, afflicted, fatigued. -2 Burnt, inflamed. -3 Agitated; see दु and दू.

दुःख 10 U. (दुःखयति-ते) To pain, afflict, distress.

दुःख a. [दुःखानि खानि यस्मिन्, दुःखं खनति खन्-ड, दुःख-अच् वा Tv.] 1 Painful, disagreeable, unpleasant; सिंहानां निनसा दुःखाः श्रोतुं दुःखमसौ वनं Rām. -2 Difficult, uneasy. -खं 1 Sorrow, grief, unhappiness, distress, pain, agony; सुखं हि दुःखान्यनुभूय शोभते Mk. 1. 10; यदेवोपनतं दुःखात्सुखं तद्रसवत्तरं V. 3. 21; so दुःखसुख, समदुःखसुख &c. -2 Trouble, difficulty; S. Til. 12; Pt. 1. 163. (दुःखं and दुःखेन are used as adverbs in the sense of 'hardly', 'with great difficulty or trouble'; S. 7. 13; Bg. 12. 5; Ku. 4. 13; Pt. 1.; R. 19, 49; H. 1. 158). -Comp. -असीत a. freed from pain. -अंतः final emancipation. -आर्त, -अन्वित a. pained, afflicted, distressed. -कर a. painful, troublesome. -ग्रामः 'the scene of suffering', worldly existence. -छिन्न a. 1. tough, hard. -2. pained, distressed. -छेद्य a. 1. hard. -2. to be conquered with difficulty. -जात a. feeling pain. -दोहा (a cow) difficult to be milked. -प्राय, बहुल a. full of trouble or grief. -भाक् a. unhappy. -भोगः occurrence of trouble or misery. -लोकः worldly life, the world as a scene of constant suffering. -शील a. 1. hard to please or manage, bad-tempered, irritable; R. 3. 6, S. 4. -2. accustomed to the misery of; कामिकपत्नीव्रत-दुःखशीलां Ku. 3. 7 'who is accustomed to (suffers) the misery (hard lot) of a perfectly chaste life. -संचार a. 1. passing (time) unhappily. -2. impassable. -सागरः 'the sea of troubles'; worldly life.

दुःखायते Den. A. To feel pain, be distressed. (Also दुःखयति Den. P.)

दुःखित a. [दुःख तारु-इतच्] 1 Distressed, afflicted, pained. -2 Poor, unhappy, miserable. -तं Trouble, distress.

दुःखिन् a. 1 Distressed, afflicted, pained. -2 Difficult, painful. -3 Poor, miserable.

दुःखीयति Den. P. To suffer pain, be distressed; दुःखीयति दुःखहेतोः को

मूढः सेवकादन्यः H. 2. 27.

दुकूलं Woven silk, a silk-garment, a very fine garment in general; इयामलसुकूलकलेवरमंडनमधिगतगौरुकूलं Gīt. 11; Ku. 5. 67, 78; Bk. 3. 34, 10. 1; R. 17. 25.

दुग्ध, -दुघ &c. See under दुग्ध.

दुडिः f. A small tortoise.

दुडुक a. Dishonest, bad-hearted, fraudulent.

दुडुभः = दुडुभ q. v.

दुडुमः A green onion.

दुडुमः A kind of drum; see दुडुमि.

दुध 1 P. (दोधा, ..) Ved. 1 To kill, hurt, injure. -2 To drive forward, propel.

दुधि a. Ved. Injurious, hurtful; Rv. 6. 36. 2.

दुधित a. Troubled, perplexed.

दुध्र a. Ved. 1 Restraining wicked enemies. -2 Powerful, violent, terrible, injurious, (=दुधि q. v.).

दुहुः 1 A kind of drum. -2 N. of Vasudeva, Kṛishṇa's father.

दुहुमः 1 A kind of large kettle-drum. -2 A kind of water-snake. -3 An epithet of Siva.

दुहुमिः m. f. 1 A sort of large kettle-drum, drum; विजयदुहुमितां यमुरर्षाः R. 9. 11. -m. 1 An epithet of Viṣṇu. -2 Of Kṛishṇa. -3 A kind of poison. -4 N. of a demon slain by Vāli. (When Sugrīva showed to Rāma the skeleton of this demon to show him how powerful Vāli was, Rāma kicked it with but a gentle force, and threw it many miles away). -5 N. of Varuṇa.

दुहुमिकः A kind of poisonous insect.

दुहुमा A sound (of a drum).

दुहुमायते Den. A. To sound.

दुहुमायितं Drum-sound; U. 6. 2.

दुहुमारः 1 A sort of red worm. -2 The smoke of a house. -3 A cat.

दुर् ind. (A prefix substituted for दुस् before words beginning with vowels or soft consonants in the sense of 'bad', 'hard or difficult to do a certain thing'; for compounds with दुस् as first member see दुस् a. v.). -Comp. -अस a. 1.

weak-eyed. -2. evil-eyed. (-क्षः) 1. a loaded or false die. -2. dishonest gambling. -अतिक्रम a. 1. difficult to be overcome or conquered, unconquerable; स्वभावो दुरतिक्रमः 'nature cannot be changed'; स्वजातिदुरतिक्रमा Pt. 1. -2. insurmountable. -3. inevitable. (-मः) an epithet of Viṣṇu. -अत्यय a. 1. difficult to be overcome; R. 11. 88. -2. hard to be attained or fathomed. -अदृष्टं ill-luck, misfortune. -अधिग, -अधिगम a. 1. hard to reach or attain, unattainable; Pt. 1. 330. -2. insurmountable. -3. hard to be studied or understood; Ki. 5. 18. -अधिष्ठित a. badly performed, managed, or executed. (-तं) improper stay at a place. -अधीत a. badly learnt or read. -अध्यय a. 1. difficult of attainment. -2. hard to be studied. -अध्यवसायः a foolish undertaking. -अध्वः a bad road. -अंत a. 1. whose end is difficult to be reached, endless, infinite; संकषेपाय सुस्माय दुरंतायांतकाय च Bhāg. -2. ending ill or in misery, unhappy; अहो दुरंता बलवद्दुरोधिता Ki. 1. 23; नृत्त्यति युवतिजननेन सर्वं सखि विरहिजनस्य दुरंते (वसंते) Gīt. 1. -3. hard to be understood or known. -4. insurmountable. -अंतक a. =दुरंत q. v. (-कः) an epithet of Siva. -अन्वय a. 1. difficult to be passed along. -2. hard to be carried out or followed. -3. difficult to be attained or understood. (-यः) 1. a wrong conclusion, one wrongly inferred from given premisses. -2. (in gram.) a false agreement. -अभिग्रह a. difficult to be caught. -अभिमानिन् a. vain-glorious, disagreeably proud. -अवगम a. incomprehensible. -अवग्रह a. 1. difficult to be restrained or subjugated. -2. disagreeable. -अवबोध a. unintelligible. -अवस्थ a. ill off, badly or poorly circumstanced. -अवस्था a wretched or miserable state. -वाप a. difficult to be gained or fulfilled; S. 1. -अवेक्षितं an improper look. -आकृति a. ugly, misshaped. -आक्रुद् a. crying bitterly or miserably; Pt. 4. 29. -आक्रम a. 1. invincible, unconquerable. -2. difficult to be passed. -आक्रमण 1. unfair attack. -2. difficult approach. -आगमः improper or ille-