fond of; सक्तासि कि कथय वैरिणि मैथिपुने Mu. 2. 6. -3 Fixed or rivetted on; नगेंद्रसकां परिवर्त्य दृष्टि R. 2. 28. -4 Relating to. -5 Diligent, attentive. -6 Obstructed, hindered. -Comp. -वैर a. engaged in hostilities, constant in enmity: S. 2. 15.

सिक्तः f. 1 Contact, touch -2 Union, junction; सिक्ति जनादपनयस्य-निजा जनानां Ki 5. 46. -3 Attachment, addiction, devotion (ito anything).

सक्त m. pl. [संज् -तुन् कि च] The flour of barley first fried and then ground, barley-meal: शिक्षातक्त भेरेव संगति वयं श्रीत समीहामहे Bh. 2. 64. -Comp. -फ ज् ज ली the Sami tree.

सक्तृ क: 1 = सक्त. -2 A kind of poison.

सक्तल a. Containing barley-flour. सक्थन् A substitute for साविय after acc. dual

सिंद्य n. [संज् -कियन् Un. 3. 154]

1 The thigh; (changed in compto सक्य after उत्तर, पूरे and मृण or when the compound implies comparison; see P. V 4. 98). -2 A bone. -3 The pole or shafts of a carriage.

संक्रिय a. Active, moveable. सञ्ज्ञण a. Being at leisure.

साखि m. [सह सभानं ख्यायते नि॰ Un. 4. 136] (nom. सखा. सखायो, सख-यः; acc. सख्यं, सखायो; सख्युः gen. sing.; loc. sing) A friend, companion, an associate; तस्मात्सखा स्वम सि यन्मम सत्त्वेष U. 5. 10; सखीनिय प्रीतियुजोऽनुजीदिनः Vi. 1. 10. (At the end of comp. साखी is changed to सख: वनितासखानां Ku. 1. 10; सन्धिसखः R. 4. 87; 1. 48, 12. 9; Bk. 1. 1).

सखी A female friend or companion, a lady's maid; मृत्यांत गुवांत जने-न समं साखि विरोह जनस्य दुरंते Git. 1.

सर्खायात Den. P. To wish for a friend.

सख्यं [सख्युगावः यत्] 1 Friendship, intimacy, alliance; मुमूद्धं स-ख्य रामस्य समानव्यसने हरी R. 12. 57; समानदीलब्यसनेषु सख्यम् Sabhash. -2 Equality. — ख्यः A friend.

सग् 1 P. (सगति) To cover.

सगण a. Attended by troops or | flocks. -प: An epithet of Siva.

सर्गंध्र a. Fragrant. —धः A kinsman, relation, kindred; सर्वः स-गंधपु विश्वसिति S. 5; Ms. 9.

सगर a [गरेण विषेण सहित:] Poisonous, having poison. - T: N. of a king of the Solar race. He was a son of Bahu and was called Sagara because he was born together with gara or poison given to his mother by the other wife of his father. By his wife Sumati he had 60000 sons. He successfully performed 99 sacrifices, but when he commenced the hundredth, his sacrificial horse was stolen by Indra and carried down to the Patala. Sagara thereupon commanded his 60000 sons to search it out, Finding no trace of the animal on earth they began to dig down towards the Patala, and in doing this they naturally increased the boundaries of the ocean which was therefore called Sdgara; cf. R. 13. 3. Meeting with the sage Kapila they rashly accused him of having stolen their horse, as a punishment for which they were instantly reduced to ashes by that sage. It was after several thousands of years that Bhagiratha (q. v.) succeeded in bringing down to the Patala the celestial river Ganges to water and purify their ashes and thus to convey their souls to heaven].

सगर्भः-भ्यः A brother of whole blood! Mv. 6. 27.

समुज a. 1 Possessed of qualities or attributes. -2 Possessed of good qualities, virtuous. -3 Worldly. -4 Furnished with a string (as a bow). -5 Possessed of the qualities in rhetoric.

सगोत्र a. Being of the same family or kin, related. — नः 1 A kinsman sprung from a common ancestor; तनभवती युद्धदाराज्ञान्य काण्यस्यापाज्ञान्म 8.7. —2 A kinsman of the same family, one connected by funeral oblations of food and water —3 A distant kinsman. — नं Family, race, lineage.

सिंग्: f. Esting together.

सघ् 5 P. (सक्ति) 1 To hurt, injure, kill. -2 To receive, accept. -3
To support, bear.

संकट a. 1 Contracted, narrow, strait. -2 Impervious, impassable. -3 Full of, crowded with, beset with, hemmed in; संकटा द्याहिता-र्गीनां प्रस्थवार्थगृहस्थता Mv. 4. 33;

निष्याधिकासं करस्खाकितवेगः V. 2. 8; U 1. 8. — दं 1 A narrow passage, defile, pass. — 2 A difficulty, strait, risk, peril, danger; संकेटब्बाव्यणग्नाः K.; संकटे हि परीक्ष्यते प्राज्ञाः शूराः असंगर Ks. 31 93.

ではます 10 U. 1 To talk together, converse. −2 To narrate, relate. −3 To explain.

संकथन Narration.

संकथा Conversation, talk.

संकल् 10 U. 1 To add or sum up. -2 To heap, accumulate, collect. -3 To deem, regard; तह च्छद्र गता-न् विसमिति करी संकल्यात K. P. 10. -4 To grasp, seize, lay hold of. -5 To drive away, put to fight, rout.

संकल: 1 Accumulation, collection. -2 Addition.

संकलनं ना 1 The act of heaping together. -2 Contact, junction -3 Collision. -4 Blending, twining. -5 Addition (in math.).

संकारित p. p. 1 Heaped up, piled up, collected. —: Blended together, intermixed. —3 Seized, taid hold of. —4 Added. —5 Resumed, regained; Mâl. 3. —तः (In arith.) The first sum. —तं Addition. —Comp. —ऐक्यं the sum of the terms of an arithmetical progression.

संकार: 1 Dust, sweepings. -2 The crackling of flames.

संकारी A girl recently deflowered

संकाश a. 1 Like, similar, resembling (at the end of comp.), आँम', हिल्प'. -2 Near, close, at hand. — स: 1 Appearance, presence. -2 Vicinity.

संकिल: A fire brand, burning

संक्रच् 1. 6 P. 1 To become contracted, shrink. -2 To close, shut (as a flower). -3 To contract, compress. - Caus. To contract, narrow.

संकृतिन p. p. 1 Contracted, abridged; लंकापतै: संकृतिन यशे यस् Vikr. 1. 27. -2 Shrunk, wrinkled; Pt. 4. 78. -3 Closed, shut. -4 Covering.