

बाधकिक a. (की f.) One who gathers jujube fruits.

बाध् 1 A. (बाधते, बाधित) 1 To harass, oppress, torment, press hard, annoy, trouble, disturb, vex, pain (persons or things); ऊने न सत्वेव्यधिको बबाधे R. 2. 14; न तथा बाधते स्कंधो यथा बाधति बाधते Subhāsh. ; Me. 53; Ms. 9. 226; 10. 129; Bk. 11. 45. -2 To resist, oppose, thwart, check, obstruct, arrest, interfere with; Ki. 1. 11; U. 5. 19. -3 To attack, assault, assail. -4 To wrong, violate. -5 To hurt, injure. -6 To drive away, repel, remove. -7 To suspend, set aside, annul, annihilate, abolish (as a rule &c.); R. 17. 57. -Caus. 1 To oppress, torment, harass &c. -2 To subdue, conquer. -WITH अभि 1. to hurt, injure. -2. to vex, harass, torment. -आ to vex, torment, injure. -परि to trouble, afflict; S. 7. 25. -सं to trouble, torment.

बाधः-धा [बाध्-भावे घञ्] 1 Pain, suffering, affliction, torment; रज-न्या सह जुंभते मदनबाधा V. 3. -2 Disturbance, molestation, annoyance; इति अनरबाधा निरूपयति S. 1. -3 Harm, injury, damage, hurt; चरणस्य बाधा M. 4; Y. 2. 156. -4 Danger, peril. -5 Resistance, opposition. -6 An objection. -7 Contradiction, refutation. -8 Suspension, annulment. -9 a flaw in a syllogism, one of the five forms of हेतुभास or fallacious middle term; see बाधित below. -10 Violation, infraction. -धा Refutation. -Comp. -अपवादः denial of an exception.

बाधक a. (धिका f.) [बाध्-घञ्] 1 Troubling, tormenting, oppressing. -2 Vexing, annoying. -3 Annulment. -4 Suspending, contradicting, invalidating (as a rule &c.). -5 Hindering. -कः A particular disease of women (कतुकाले प्रजाजननशक्ति-प्रतिरोधकः).

बाधन a. 1 Harassing, opposing. -2 Refuting, controverting. -नं [बाध्-भावे ल्यट्] 1 Harassing, oppression, annoyance, disturbance, pain; S. 1. -2 Annulment. -3 Removal, suspension. -4 Refutation, contradiction. -5 Opposing, hindering. -6 Precluding. -ना Pain, trouble, anxiety, disturbance.

बाधित p. p. [बाध्-कर्मणि क] 1 Harassed, oppressed, annoyed. -2 Pain-

ed, troubled, afflicted. -3 Opposed, obstructed. -4 Cheeked, arrested. -5 Set aside, suspended. -6 Refuted. -7 (In logic) Contradicted, contradictory; inconsistent (and hence futile); साध्यानाववक्ष्यको बाधितः; c. g. वह्निरनुगः.

बाध्य a. 1 To be pained or troubled. -2 Fit to be opposed or objected to, objectionable, exceptionable. -3 To be annulled. -Comp. -रतस् a. impotent.

बाधिर्यं Deafness.

बाधकिनेयः A bastard.

बांधवः [बांधु स्वार्थे इदमर्थे वाङ्] 1 A relation, kinsman (in general); यस्वार्थस्तस्य बांधवाः H. 1; Ms. 5. 74, 101; 4. 179. -2 A maternal relation. -3 A friend; धनेभ्यः परे बांधवो नास्ति लोकं Subhāsh. -4 A brother. -Comp. -जनः relatives, kinsmen (taken collectively); दारिद्र्यात्पुरुषस्य बांधवजनो वाक्ये न संतिष्ठते Mk. 1. 36; Pt. 4. 78.

बांधव्य Consanguinity, relationship.

बाध्रवी An epithet of Durgā.

बाभ्रुक a. (की f.) Brown brownish.

बाबंटीरः 1 The kernel of the mango-fruit. -2 Tin. -3 A young shoot. -4 The son of a harlot.

बाहं a. (हं f.) [बाह्-अण्] Made of the feathers of a peacock's tail.

बाहद्रथः, बाहद्रथिः A patronymic of king Jarāsandha, q. v.

बाहस्पत a. (ती f.) [बृहस्पति-अण्] Related to, descended from or sacred to, Brihaspati.

बाहस्पत्य a. [बृहस्पति-यक्] Relating to Brihaspati. -रथः 1 A pupil of Brihaspati. -2 A follower of Brihaspati who taught the rankest form of materialism, a materialist. -3 An epithet of Agni. -रथं 1 The constellation Pushya. -2 Morality.

बाहिण a. (णी f.) [बाह्-अण्] Derived from or relating to a peacock.

बाल a. 1 Young, infantine, not full-grown or developed (of persons or things); बालिन स्थविरेण वा Ms. 8. 70; बालाशोकपुण्डरीगसुभगं मे-होन्मुखं तिष्ठति V. 2. 7; so बालमंदार-वृक्षः Me. 75; R. 2. 45; 13. 24. -2 Newly risen, young (as the sun or its rays); R. 12. 100. -3 New,

waxing (as the moon); पुरोष वृद्धि हरिश्चरिधितेऽनुपवेशादिव बालचंद्रमाः R. 3. 22; Ku. 3. 29. -4 Puerile. -5 Ignorant, unwise. -6 Pure (as an animal fit for sacrifice). -लः 1 A child, an infant; बालादपि सुभाषितं (वाह्यं); Ms. 2. 239. -2 A boy, youth, young person. -3 A minor (under 16 years of age); बाल आषाडशाह-र्षात् Nārada. -4 A colt, foal. -5 A fool, simpleton; Pt. 4. 91. -6 (a) A tail. (b) An elephant's or a horse's tail. -7 Hair; Ku. 1. 48. -8 An elephant five years old. -9 A kind of perfume. -10 The cocoa-nut. -Comp. -अग्रं the point of a hair. -अध्यापकः a tutor of youths or children. -आरत्यं youthful progeny. -अभ्यासः study during childhood, early application (to study). -अ-रुह a. red like early dawn. (-णः) early dawn; morning sun. -अर्कः the newly-risen sun; R. 12. 100. -अवबोधः -अनं instruction of the young; Pt. 1. -अवस्थ a. juvenile, young; V. 5. 18. -अवस्था childhood. -अतपः morning sunshine. -इंदुः the new or waxing moon; Ku. 3. 29. -इष्टः the jujube tree. -उपचारः, -चरणं (medical) treatment of children. -उपवीतं 1. a piece of cloth used to cover the privities. -2. the sacrificial cord. -ऊ-दली a young plantain tree. -कांडं the first book of the Rāmāyaṇa. -कुंदः, -हं a kind of young jasmine. (-हं) a young jasmine blossom; अलके बालकुंदं नुविद्धं Me. 65. -कुम्भिः a louse. -कृष्णः Krishna as a boy. -क्रीडनं a child's play or toy. -क्री-डनकं a child's toy. (-कः) 1. a ball. -2. an epithet of Siva. -क्रीडा a child's play, childish or juvenile sport. -खिल्यः a class of divine person ages of the size of a thumb and produced from the creator's body and said to precede the sun's chariot (their number is said to be sixty thousand); cf. R. 15. 10. -गर्भिणी a cow with calf for the first time. -गोपालः 'the youthful cowherd,' an epithet of Krishna, as the boy-cowherd. -ग्रहः any demon (or planetary influence) teasing or injuring children. -घ्नः a child-slayer, infanticide. -चंद्रः, -चंद्रमस m. the young or waxing moon; Māl. 2. 10. -चरितं 1. juvenile sports. -2. ear-