(b) An obstacle, impediment; Ki.11. 20.-3 Oppression, harassing, troubling; उपप्रवाय लेकानां भूनकेतुरिवोरियनः Ku. 2. 32. -4 Danger, fear; see उपप्रविन् below. -5 Agitation, perturbation, इंद्रिय K. 146. -6 A portent or natural phenomenon foreboding evil. -7 Particularly, an eclipse of the sun or moon; चंद्रामियोपप्रवान्तुक्तं V. 1. 11. -8 N. of Râhu, the ascending node; केतुपप्रव-भौमनंदगतयः पष्टे तृतीये शुभाः -9 Anarchy. -10 N. of Siva. -11 Doubt, scepticism (with Buddhists).

उपप्रविन् a. 1 One who has suffered a calamity, distressed, troubled; K. 208. -2 Suffering oppression; हपा इवोपद्वविनः परेभ्यः R. 13. 7.

चपुत p. p. 1 Violently attacked, beset, distressed, pained &c. -2 Harassed (by Rahu), eclipsed. -3 Marked by prodigies. -4 Moistened, watered; ° अक्ष, नयन weeping. -ता Morbid sensibility of the uterus.

उपबंध: 1 Connection. -2 An affix. -3 A particular mode of sexual enjoyment; Ch. P. 44.

उपवह:,-हेणं 1 A pillow. -2 Pressing down, oppressing.

उपबंहणं Increase.

उपबृहित a. Increased, magnified; K. 27, 136; Dk. 42.

उपबृहिन् a. Supplementary, additional.

उपवहु a. A few, a tolerable number.

उपवादुः The lower arm.

उपब्दः, ंब्दः Sound produced at the sprinkling of Soma; noise, sound in general.

उपभंग: 1 Fleeing away, retreat.
-2 A division (of a verse).

उपभाषा A secondary dialect.

उपभूज 7 U. 1 To enjoy, taste (in all senses); तपसामुपभुंजाना: फलानि Ku. 6. 10; नापभुज्ञ्चने is not enjoyed, Pt. 2. 142; Ms. 12. 8. -2 To eat, drink; पय: R. 2. 65, 1. 67; Bk. 8. 40; अधौपभुक्तन Ku. 3. 37; Y. 3. 325. -3 To possess; स्त्रीरन-मुपभुंद्व Hariv. -4 To use, make use of, receive.

उपभुक्तिः f. Enjoyment, use. उपभोक्तृ a. Enjoying, an enjoyer. उपभोगः 1 (a) Enjoyment, eating, asting, न जानु कामः कामानामुपभोगेन

tasting; न जातु काम: कामानामुपभोगन साम्यति Ms. 2. 94, 8. 285; Y. 2. 171. काम° Bg. 16. 11; प्रियोपभोग R. 12. 22. (b) Use, application; चरणोपभोगसुलभ: S. 4. 4. -2 Enjoyment (of a woman), cohabitation; R. 14. 24.-3 Usufruct. -4 Pleasure, satisfaction.

· उपभोगिन a. Enjoying, using.

उपभोग्य, भोक्तब्य, भोक्य pot. p.
To be enjoyed, used or eaten; Ku.1.
20; किं बिल्कालोपभोग्यानि योवनानि धनानि च Pt. 2. 114; अस्माकमुपभोग्यो भनिव्यति Pt. 1 will become our prey.
—ग्यं 1 Any object of enjoyment.
—2 Food.

उपभोगिन a. Eating, enjoying. उपभूषणं A minor or inferior ornament.

उपभृत् f. [उप-भू-आधारे किए] A round cup used in sacrifices, made of the wood of the banian tree.

зчн a. Ved. 1 Highest, uppermost. -2 Most excellent, best, eminent, first. -3 Nearest.

उपमंत्र 10 A. 1 To invoke, call, invite. -2 To address, call to; स्त्री पुंतीपनंत्रिता. -3 To persuade, conciliate.

उपमंत्रणं 1 The act of addressing, inviting, calling. -2 Persuading, coaxing (उपच्छंदनं); P. I. 3. 47.

उपमाचिन् a. Inviting, persuading. उपमधनी A staff for stirring (fire).

उपमधित a. Ved. Stirring.

उपमन्यु a. Ved. 1 Understanding, intelligent. -2 Zealous, striving after.

उपमा 2 P., 3. 4. A. 1 To compare, liken; तेनोपभीयेत तमालनीलं Si. 3. 8; स्तनौ मांसमंधी कनककलशावित्यु-पमितौ Bh. 3.20. -2 To give, grant (Ved.).

उपमा 1 Resemblance, similarity, equality; स्फुटोपमं भूतिसितेन संभुता Si. 1. 4, 17. 69; Ki. 6. 23; इहो-पमा सतां Pt. 2. 7 the same is the case with the good. -2 (In Rhet.) Comparison of two objects different from each other, simile, comparison; साधम्यीमुपमा भेदे K. P. 10;

or साद्वयं संदर्भ वाक्यार्थीपस्कारक मुपमालं-कातिः R. G.: or उपमा यत्र साद्द्रवलक्ष्मीह-बसति इयो। हंसीव कृष्ण ते कीर्तिः स्वर्गगामव-गाहते || Chandr. 5. 3; Kav. 2. 14; उपमा कालिदासस्य Subhásh. (Dandin mentions 32 varieties of उपमा: see Kàv. 2. 15-50; as to words expressive of उपमा see 2.57-65): see K. P. 10 ad. loc. also. -3 The standard of comparison (उपमा-न); यथा वातो निवातस्था नेंगते सोपमा स्मृता Bg. 6. 19; see ° द्रुच्य below: mostly at the end of comp., 'like,' 'resembling'; ब्रुबधे भ बुधोपमः R. 1. 47; so स्वर्ग पम, अमरोपम, अनुपम &c. -4 A likeness (as a picture, portrait &c). -Comp. - gag any object used for a comparison ; सर्वोप-माद्रव्यसमुख्येन Ku. 1. 49. - रूपकं a figure in Rhetoric being a mixture of simile and metaphor.

उपमातृ m. An image-maker, a portrait-painter.

उपनानं 1 Comparison, resemblance; जातास्तद्वीरूपमानवाद्याः Ku. 1, 36, -2 The standard of comparison, that with which anything is compared (opp. उपमेय);one of the four requisites of an उपमा; उपमानमभृद्धिलासिनां Ku.4. 5:उपमानस्यापि सस्ये प्रत्युपमानं वपु:तस्याः V. 2. 3; Si. 20. 49. -3 (In Nyâya phil.) Analogy, recognition of likeness, considered as one of the four kinds of pramânas or means of arriving at correct knowledge. It is defined as प्रसिद्धसाधम्यौत सा-ध्यसाधनं ; or उपमितिकरणमुपमानं तच साद्दयज्ञानात्मकं Tarka. K. -4 A particle of comparison. -Comp. -उपमेयभाव: relation between the subject of comparison and the standard of comparison.

उपनित p. p. Compared, likened, similar &c.

उपमिति: f. 1 Resemblance, comparison. similarity; पह्नवीपनिति-साम्यसपक्षं S. D.; तदाननस्योपिनतौ दरिद्वता N. 1. 24. -2 (In Nyâya phil.) Analogy, inference. deduction, knowledge of things derived from analogy, a conclusion deduced by means of an उपमान : प-त्यक्षमप्यनुभितिस्तथोपमितिश्चन्द्रजे Bháshá P. 52. -3 A figure of speech =zum q. v. -4 A likeness, picture.

ent from each other, simile, comparison; साधम्यमुणना भेदे K. P. 10; or compared, comparable with;