ichneumon. -4. N. of a plant. - अन m. Siva. - मुज्य a. 1. having destructive anger or with unimpaired knowledge. -2, enraged like serpents; epithet of the Maruts. (-- 4:) the anger of a serpent. - महनी N. of a plant (गंधनाकली). —माय a, having multiform or versatile forms like a snake, showing a variety of colour and shape, such as Vritra. -मारक:,-मेदक: 1. N. of a plant (अस्मिंद). −2. =° द्विष् q. v. —लता 1. the betel-nut plant. -2. N. of a plant (गंधनाक्रही.) - ग्रुडम a. having all-pervading strength : ° सत्वन Ved. one whose men hiss like serpents. -सक्थ a. having a long thigh like a serpent. (-qu: ) N. of a country. -हत्यं Ved. the slaying of the serpent or demon Vritra. - हन् a, killing serpents or Vritra, Garuda, Indra.

সহিক: 1 The polar star খুব. -2 A blind snake. -3 (At the end of comp.) Lasting for a certain number of days; ব্যাহিক: -কা The silkcotton tree (মান্দ্র).

अहिसक a. Not hurting or injuring, harmless.

अहिंसा 1 Harmlessness, abstaining from killing or giving pain to others in thought, word, or deed; as आहंसा परनो धर्म: ; Bg. 10. 5; Ms. 10. 63, 5. 44, 6. 75. -2 Security.

आहंसान a. Ved. Not hurting, harmless.

आहंस a. Harmless, innocent, Ms. 4. 246. — सः, -सा N. of a plant (কুন্তিক). — सं Harmless behaviour, innocence; Ms. 1. 29.

अहिंडुका A kind of small poisonous animal.

अहित a. 1 Not placed, put, or fixed. -2 Unfit, improper; Ms. 3. 20. -3 Hurtful, detrimental, harmful, injurious, prejudicial. -4 Disadvantageous, evil. -5 Inimical. hostile.—त: An enemy ; अहिताननि-लोखतैस्तर्भयनिव केत्र्निः R. 4. 28, 9. 17, 11. 68; तद्दित्युवतेरभीक्ष्णमक्ष्णीः Si. 7, 57 a rival; Bg. 2, 36; K. 5, 77. - # 1 Damage, -2 Food,-Comp. --इच्छ a. not wishing well, malevolent. -कारिन a. inimical, acting unkindly. -नामन् a. having as yet no name assigned. — मनस् a, not friendly minded, hating, inimical.—हित good and evil; 'विचारशन्यबादि H. 2. 15.

अहिम a. Not cold, hot. -Comp. -अंगुः, -करः, -तेजस्, -ब्युतिः, -रुचिः the sun.

अहीन a. 1 Unimpaired, whole, entire, all; भृतभृतिरहीनभीगभाक Si. 16. 71. -2 Not inferior, great; अही-नबाइद्रविण: याद्यास R. 18. 14; 9. 5.-3 Not deprived of, possessed of; Ms. 2. 183.-4 Not outcast or vile.-5 (अहाभि: सम्में, अहन्-ज P. IV. 2. 43) Lasting for several days; इच्हेन, इच्हेन &c. -न: 1 A sacrifice lasting for several days (-नं also); Ms. 11. 198. -2 A large snake.-3 The lord of serpents, Vâsuki (अहि-इन:). -Comp. -गृ: N. of a king of the solar race; R. 18. 14. -बादिन m. a witness unfit or incapable of giving evidence.

अहोरः A cowherd.

अहीरिणि: [अहीन् ईरयित द्रीकरोति ईर्-अनि ] A snake having two heads.

अहोश्चवः [आहिरिव भूयते,भु-क-बा° दीर्धः] An enemy..

अहु a. [ अह् -व्याती -उन् ] 1 Narrow. -2 Pervading.

अहुत a. 1 Not sacrificed or offered (as an oblation); Ms. 12. 68. -2 One who has not yet received any oblation. —त: Religious meditation, prayer, and the study of the Vedas (considered as one of the five great Yajnas and necessary duties); अहुतं च हुतं चैव तथा पहृतमेव च । लाइं हुतं प्रश्चितं च पंचपन्नान् प्रचलते ॥ Ms. 3. 73, 74. -Comp. —अद् a. 1. not eating of a sacrifice. -2. not allowed to partake of a sacrifice.

अहणान a. Not being angry, friendly (अक्रोधन); Rv. 7. 86. 2.

अहर्णियमान a. Ved. 1 Not angry or jealous. -2 Willing.

अहृद्य a. 1 Heartless.-2 Absentminded; K. 84; हृद्यमहृद्या न नाम पूर्व Ki. 10. 47.

अह्य a. Not desired or agreeable, unpleasant; ° कृत् a. causing disgust.

अहे ind. [अह-ए] A particle implying (a) Reproach. (b) Regret. (c) Separation.

अहेतु a. Causeless, spontaneous, involuntary; अहेतु: पक्षपाती य: U.5. 17. —हु: Absence of cause and rea son.

अहे (है) तुक a. Groundless, cause-

less, without any motive; Bg. 18, 22,

अहेळ (ड) त्,-हेडमान a. Ved. Not unwilling.

अहेर: N. of the plant शतमूली Asparagus Racemosus.

अहो ind. 1 A particle showing (a) Surprise or wonder: often agreeable (ah, how great or wonderfal); अहो कामी स्वतः पदयति S.2.2; अहा मधुरमासां दर्शनं S. 1; अहो बकुलाव-নিকা M.1 Oh, it is B. (meaning 'I did not expect to see you here'); see u-गबद्धाचित्तवृत्तिरालिखित इव सर्वतो रंगःS. 1; अहो रूपमहो वर्षिमहो सस्वमहो द्यति: Râm.(how wonderful his form &c.). (b) Painful surprise ; अही ते विगतचे-तनस्यं K. 146. -2 Sorrow or regret in general; ('alas,' 'ah'); अहो उच्छं-तस्य संशयमाह्नढाः पिंडभाजः S. 6: विधि-रहो बलवानिति में मतिः Bh. 2: 91. -3 Praise ('bravo,' ! well done'): 37-हो देवदत्तः पचति शोभनं P.VIII.1.40Sk. –4 Reproach ('fie,' 'shame'); সন্তা वो धिग्बलं आत्रं Mb.-5 Calling out or addressing; अही हिरण्यक श्राच्यासि H. 1. -6 Envy or jealousy; कटमहो करिष्यसिP.VIII.1.41Com. -7 Enjoyment, satisfaction. -8. Fatigue. -9 Doubt (probably for siri q. v.). -10 Sometimes merely as an expletive. Prov. अहो रूपमहो ध्वनि: (used to convey the idea of mutual adulation. the ass complimenting the camel upon its fine form, and the camel the ass upon its melodious voice);अही न खल ( भो : ) generally indicates surprise, often agreeable (आअर्थ); अही न खल्वीद्रशीमवस्थां स्मि S.5; अही नु खलु भोस्तदेतस्काक-तालीयं नाम Mal. 5. अही बत shows ( a ) compassion, pity, regret; sait बत महत्पापं कर्तुं व्यवसिता वयं Bg, 1. 44; (b) satisfaction or admiration ( संतोष ); अही बतासि स्प्रहणीयवीर्य : Ku.3. 20 (Oh,how enviable is your prowess; Malli. here takes अहो बत in the sense of संबोधन); (c) addressing, calling; ( d ) fatigue. (अहा धिमर्थे जाके च करुणार्थविषादयोः। संबोधने प्रशंसायां विस्मये पादपुरने गअस्यायां वितर्के च प्रायशोही प्रय-ज्यते। अहो बतानुकपायां खेदामंत्रणयोस्तथा ॥). -Comp. -पुरुषिका =आहोपुरुषिका q. v.

अहा: (The last member of a comp.) see under अहन्.

अह्नचारम a. Ved. 1 Not conceal-