A Vaisya. -11 A father-in-law (as in आर्थपंत्र). -12 A Buddha. -13 (With the Buddhists) A man who has thought on the four chief principles of Buddhism and lives according to them. -14 A son of Manu Såvarna. - या 1 N. of Pårvati. -2 A mother-in-law. -3 A respectable woman. -4 N. of a metre, see Appendix, -Comp. - अष्टरातं title of a work of Arya Bhatta consisting of eight hundred verses. -आवर्तः [ आर्या आवर्तते अत्र ] 'abode of the noble or excellent ( Aryas );' particularly N. of the tract extending from the eastern to the western ocean, and bounded on the north and south by the Himâlaya and Vindhya respectively; cf. Ms. 2. 22: आसमुद्रात्त वै पूर्वादासमुद्राच पश्चिमात् ।तयोरेवां-तरं गिर्यो : (हिमवर्डिध्ययोः) आयीवर्त विदर्ब-भा: ; also 10,34. — मृह्य a. [आर्थस्य मृह्य: qar: ] 1. to be respected by the noble -2, a friend of the noble, readily accessible to honourable men ; तमार्थगृद्धं निगृहीतधेनु : R. 2. 33. -3. respectable, right, decorous. -देश: a country inhabited by the Aryas. - 97: 1. son of an honourable man, -2, the son of a spiritual preceptor. -3, honorific designation of the son of the elder brother; of a husband by his wife; or of a prince by his general &c.-4, the son of the father-in-law, i. e. a husband ( occurring in every drama; mostly in the vocative case in the last two senses ). - प्राय a. 1. inhabited by the Arvas. -2. abounding with respectable people. - HE: N. of a renowned astronomer, the inventor of Algebra among the Hindus; he flourished before the 5th century of the Christian era. honourable character or behaviour. -मार्ग: the path or course of the respectable, a respectable way. - मिश्र a, respectable, worthy, distinguished. (-भ:) a gentleman, a man of consequence; (pl.) 1. worthy or respectable men, an assembly of honourable men; आर्यनिश्रान विज्ञापया-मि V. 1. -2. your reverence or honour (a respectful address); नज्या-र्यमिश्रै: प्रथमनेव आज्ञप्त S. 1: आर्यनिश्रा: प्रमाणं M. 1. - युवन m. an Arvan youth. - Eq a. having only the form of an Aryan, a hypocrite,

impostor. - लिगिन m. an impostor; Ms. 9. 260. - ₹ a. virtuous, good, pious, Ms. 9. 253; R. 14. 55. (-\(\overline{\pi}\)) the conduct of an Arvan or nobleman: Ms. 4.175. - देश a. well-clothed, having a respectable dress, fine. - व्रत a. observing the laws and ordinances of the Aryans or noblemen. (-तं) the duty of an Aryan. -भेत: a noble or honourable man. -संघ: the whole body of the Aryans. -सन्धं a noble or sublime truth: ( there are four such truths forming the chief principles of Buddhism). - ਵਲਂ ind. [ cf. P. I. 1. 47] forcibly. - gg a. liked by the noble.

आर्यक: [आर्य-स्वर्थ-कन्]1 An honourable or respectable man. -2 A grand-father. -3 N. of a cow-herd who became a king; cf. Mk. 7. -कं A ceremony performed to the manes or the vessel used in sacrifices to the manes.

आर्यका, आर्थिका 1 A respectable woman. -2 N. of a Nakshatra.

आर्वोक् ind. After, afterwards; behind.

आर्श a. Belonging to the antelope.

आर्थ a. ( धीं f.) [ ऋषेरिदं अण् ] 1 Used by a Rishi only, relating or belonging to sages, archaic, Vedic (opp. लैकिक or classical); आर्ष:प्रयोग: संबद्धी शाकल्यस्यतावनार्षे Sk.; आर्षो धर्म: Ms. 3. 29; Y. 1. 59; आर्थ: प्रत्यय: P. II. 4. 58. -2 Sacred, holy, divine, superhuman ; U. 6. - र्ष: A form of marriage derived from the Rishis; one of the eight forms of marriage in which the father of the bride receives one or two pairs of cows from the bride-groom; आदायार्षस्तु गोद्वयम् Y. 1. 59 ; Ms. 8. 53, 9, 196; for the names of the 8 forms see उद्दाह; आर्थीटा a wife married according to this form. - af A class of Vedic metres. -4 1 The holy text, the Vedas. -2 Sacred descent. -3 Derivation ( of a poem ) from a Rishi author.

आर्षेय a. (यो f.) [ ऋष-ढक्]
1 Relating to a Rishi. -2 Worthy,
venerable, respectable. -यं 1
Sacred descent. -2 A collection of
Rishis (ऋषिसमृहः).

आर्थभ a. (भी f.)[क्ष्यभ-अण्]Derived from or produced by a bull; Ms. 9, 50.

आर्थ-य: [ऋषम-च्य ] A steer sufficiently full-grown to be used or let loose, one fit to be castrated.

आहेत a. (ती f.) [अहेत्-अण्] Belonging to the Jaina doctrines. —त: A Jaina, a follower of Jaina doctrines. —त The doctrines of the Jainas.

आहर्स्य The quality or practice of an Arhat.

आईती -त्यं [P.V.1. 124 Vårt.] Fitness.

आल a.[आ-अल्-पर्याप्ती अच्] Large, extensive. —ल:, -लं 1 Spawn, any discharge of venomous matter from poisonous animals; ° अक्त anointed with poison as an arrow. -2 Trick, fraud; देवां अतमालाम K. 288; ° जालानि चित्रयंती 310. -3 Yellow arsenic, orpiment.

आलक्ष <sup>4</sup>. [लझ-इन्] Knowing, seeing.

आलक्ष pot. p. 1 Visible, apparent; R. 13. 30. -2 Slightly visible; °दंतमुकुलान् S.7.17.

आलक्षण्यं [अलक्षणस्य भावः व्यञ्] Misfortune, crime.

आलगर्दः [ अलगदे एव स्वार्थे अण् ] A water cobra.

आलण् 1 P. To address, speak to, converse; कमालपामि K. 164; तस्या नामधेयेन भर्जा देव्यालपिता V.2 addressed. — Caus. To talk with, engage in conversation with, to question; यहा कश्चित्त्वामालापविष्याति Pt. 5, 1. 387; K. 188.

आलाप: 1 Talking, speaking to, speech, conversation; अये दक्षणेन वृक्षवादिकामालाप इव श्रूयते S. 1; प्रव-सनालाप Amaru. 97; ललितालाप Srut. 36. -2 Narration, mention. -3
The seven notes in music (Mar. सा, रि, ग, म, प, म, नि). -4 Statement of a question in an arithmetical or algebraical sum. -5 A question.

आलापन a. Causing to speak or converse with. — न 1 Speaking to, conversation. —2 Congratulation (स्व-स्तिवाचन).

आलाप्य,-लापनीय pot. p. To be spoken to, conversed with or nar-rated.