become, Man. 1, 9; with anyathâ, To be changed, to fail, Panch. 187, 1; na jâtu anyathâ, To be unalterable, Chr. 50, 6. 2. To spring up, Bhag. 14, 17. 3. To be, MBh. 2, 150; auxiliary verb, Râm. 1, 41, 3; with agre, To precede, Pańch. 215, 13. 4. To behave, Pańch. iii. d. 61. 5. To take place, Paneh. 4, 15; to be possible, Pańch. 33, 6; to be asked, Man. 12, 108. 6. With dat. To serve to, to cause; e.g. vinâçâya, Causes destruction, MBh. 3, 12312; samgamâya, To unite, Vikr. d. 129. 7. With gen. To belong to; e.g. dhanam bhavishyati me, I shall have wealth; to fall to one's share, Hit. iii. d. 104; to befall, Hit. pr. d. 28, M.M. 8. With loc. To be occupied with, MBh. 5, 205; Pańch. iii, d. 258 (bhavishyant, Who will be occupied, i.e. who begins). 9. To live, to exist, MBh. 3, 2372. 10. With na, To perish, Pańch. 164, 13; MBh. 1, 2781. 11. With punar, To marry a second time, Man. 9, 175. 12. To obtain (with acc.), MBh. 1, 5366. 13. Impersonal pass. with instr., literally, It is existed by=exists; e.g. yair eva bhûmipâlair bhavishyate, literally, 'by whom will be existed kiugs,' i.e. 'who were to be kings,' Râjat. 5, 418. 14. bhavatu, imperat. 3. sing. a. May be, but, Çâk. 64, 8. b. Stop, Çâk. 12, 12. c. Well, Vikr. 4, 2. d. No matter, Çâk. 7, 17; 9, 18. ved. conjunctive of the aor. bhuvat, Lass. 99, 3=Rigv. v. 9, 7. Pteple. of the pf. pass. bhûta. 1. Been, become, Arj. 3, 28; Pańch. ii. d. 2 (bhû -târa-bhûto 'parah, Become, or being, a second Saviour of the world). 2. Being, Pańch. i. d. 324; consisting of, Hit. 114, 22 (çaktu- perhaps to be read çaktu-pûrnah). 3. Gone, past, former, Panch. iii. d. 136. 4. Proper, right. 5. True. m. and n. 1. A malignant spirit, Chr. 37, 2. 2. A living being, a creature, Man. 1, 50; 95; 2, 159;

Paúch. iii. d. 136. m. 1. A son, a child. 2. A demigod of a particular kind. 3. Civa. n. An element, Vedântas. in Chr. 206, 19; Bhâshâp. 28; five Bhûtas are enumerated: earth, fire, water, air, and æther. Comp. Âtmabhûta, i.e. âtman-, adj. true to himself, Man. 7, 217: Ittham-, adj. so natured, Pańch. 31, 17 (read as one word). Evam-, adj. such, Hit. 10, 7, M.M.; 84, 14. Tirtha-, adj. hallowed, MBh. 13, 1725. Divâ-, adj. become as clear as the day, MBh. 14, 1757. Mahâ-, n. a primary element, as earth, etc., Man. 1, 6. Vahirbhûta, i.e. vahis, adj. produced. Sadbho, i.e. sant- (ptcple. pres. of 1. as), adj. true. Pteple. of the fut. pass. I. bhavitavya, What is or ought to be, Chr. 50, 8; 58, 2; used as impersonal pass., Cak. 22, 17, bhavitavyam tvayâ sahâyena mama, You must become my helpmate; avahitais bhavadbhih, You must be attentive, Vikr. 3, 9; asmâbhîs tathâ bhavitavyam, We will fare thus, Hit. 16, 7, M.M. II. bhavya. 1. What is or ought to be, Sav. 5, 47. 2. Being. 3. Good, pleasant, Paúch. 215, 6; Lass. 92, 8; profitable, Pańch. 228, 24; proper, Pańch. 138, 11. 4. True. m. A tree, Averhoa Carambola, Lass. 52, 12. f. yû, A name of Umû. n. 1. Fruit. 2. Existence. Comp. A-, adj. 1. what is or ought not to be, Pańch. 91, 6. 2. unhappy. 3. deceitful. 4. wicked, Râm. 3, 52, 14. III. bhâvya, 1. What must or ought to be, Râm. 3, 49, 13; Bhartr. 2, 91; Paúch. 88, 19. 2. To be investigated (from the Caus.). Comp. A-, adj. what is not to be, or not predestined to be, Bhartr. 2, 91. Durbho, i.e. dus-, adj, difficult to be imagined, Mark. P. 10, 7 (from the Caus.). Desider. bubhûsha. 1. To wish to be or to live, MBh. 4. 678. 2. To wish to obtain, to choose, MBh. 1, 7068. Caus. bhâvaya. 1. To