m. the second of the three renowned Râmas, the son of Daçaratha, and hero of the Râmâyaṇa. *Çarachchandra*, i.e. *çarad*-, m. the autumnal moon-

substitute for *chandra* when latter part of comp. adj. Mâlav. d. 82; Râm. 5, 42, 3. II. m. 1. The eye in a peacock's tail, Râjat. 1, 260. 2. A proper name, Râjat. 2, 16. III. f. *rikâ*. 1. Moonlight, Çiç. 9, 28. 2. A proper name, Mâlav. 50, 6.

चन्ना chandra + kânta, (vb. kam), I. adj. Graceful, like the moon, Çrut. 23. II. m. A fabulous gem, supposed to be formed of the congealed rays of the moon, Pańch. i. d. 88.

चन्द्रमस् chandramas, i.e. chandra -mâsa, m. The moon, Nal. 17, 6.

चन्द्रवन्त*chandra+vant*, I. adj., f. vatî, Moonlit, Ghaț. 2. II. f. vatî, A proper name, Pańch. 127, 22.

चन्द्रिका chandrikâ, see chandraka.

† चप CHAP, i. 1. Par. To soothe. i. 10, Par. 1. To grind. 2. To deceive.

चपस chapala (i.e. kamp + ala) adj., f. lâ. 1. Trembling, unsteady, Ragh. 11, 8; Hit. i. d. 46. 2. Giddy, inconsiderate, Matsyop. 72; MBh. 3, 13848. 3. Swift, Hariv. 4104; °lam, adv. Quiekly, Daçak. in Chr. 200, 2. 4. Wanton, Râm. 3, 51, 33.

चपलक chapala+ka, adj. Inconsiderate, Hariv. 4546.

चपलता chapala + tâ, f. Fickleness, Hit. 49, 15.

可料、CHAM, i. 1; ii. 5, Par. To sip.
—With the prep. 到T â, base of the pres. etc., châma, 1. To sip water, Râm. 2, 52, 73. 2. To rinse one's

mouth, i.e. to make one's ablution, Man. 2, 61. 3. To swallow figuratively, MBh. 5, 2978 (the horses swallowed the way, i.e. finished it very quickly). Pteple. of the pf. pass. â-chânta, in active sense, One who has rinsed his mouth, Man. 3, 251. Pteple. of the fut. pass., â-chamaniya, n. Water for rinsing the mouth with, MBh. 3, 13662. Causal, châmaya, To cause to sip, Man. 5, 241.-With uur pari-â, paryâchânta (viz. anna, food), One who has rinsed his mouth too early (without waiting the end of a meal), Man. 4, 212. - With HHI sam-â, To make one's ablution, MBh. 13, 5063.

चमत्कार chamat-kâra (the latter part is kâra, the former questionable), n. Surprise, Prab. 76, 15.

चमर chamara, I. m. Bos grunniens, Râm. 3, 49, 24. II. m. and n. The tail of the Bos grunniens, used to whisk off insects, flies, etc.; one of the insignia of royalty, MBh. 2, 1861; Vikr. d. 76.

चमस cham + asa, m. and n. A drinking vessel, Man. 5, 116.

चम chamû, f. An army, Râm. 1, 74, 16, consisting of 729 elephants, 729 chariots, 2187 horses, and 3645 foot, MBh. 1, 292.

† चम्प् *CHAMP*, i. 10, Par. To go, v.r.

चस्पक champaka, I. m. A tree, Michelia champaca, Lin., Râm. 1, 17, 35. II. f. kâ. The name of a town, Hit. 27, 10.—Comp. Çîta-, m. 1. a lamp. 2. a mirror.

चम्पकवती champakavatî, i.e. champaka+vant+î, f. 1. The name of a forest, Hit. 17, 13. 2. The name of a town, 27, 10, v.r.