क्रिया KLIÇ, ii. 9, klignâ, klignî, Par., and i. 4, klicya, Âtm. (also Par. Man. 8, 169), 1. To torment. MBh. 2, 2351; Ragh. 13, 73. 2. i. 4. To suffer distress, MBh. 2, 2255, Man. 8, 169. klishta, 1. Afflicted, Câk. d. 58, Râm. 3, 58, 15. 2. Hurt, Râm. 3, 58, 12. 3. Wasted, Suçr. 2, 157. 4. Painful, Pańch. i. d. 12. tam, adv. Miserably, Bhâg. P. 1, 9, 12.—Comp. A-, adj. without pain, MBh. 3, 1706. 2. unhurt, Râm. 6, 103, 4. 3. firm, Râm. 1, 34, 1. 4. reliable, Râm. 1, 38, 6.-Caus. kleçaya, To torment, Râm. 5, 27, 33.—With जह ud, To become uneasy, Suçr. 1, 331, 21. Caus. To stir, Suçr. 2, 184, 18.—With सम्ह sam-ud, To become uneasy, Sucr. 2, 348, 18.-With परि pari, 1. To torment, Râm. 5, 58, 21. 2. i. 4, To suffer distress, Râm. 5, 25, 32; Par. MBh. 3, 578. pariklishta, Much pained, Râm. 3, 52, 41. tam, adv. With pain, Bhag. 17, 21. a-, adv. With cheerfulness, MBh. 3, 108.—With a vi, viklishta, Violated, Ram. 4, 17, 15 .- With सम sam, To torment, Râm. 2, 22, 14. samklishta, Bruised, Sucr. 2, 16, 17 .-Cf. kriç and liç.

† क्रीब KLÎB and क्रीव KLÎV, i. î. Âtm. 1. To behave like an eunuch; to be timorous.

क्रोब kliba, or क्रीव kliva, adj. 1. Deprived of virility; m. An eunuch, Man. 3, 150. 2. Timorous; m. A coward, MBh. 1, 5142. 3. Neuter.—Comp. A-, adj. manly, Râm. 1, 28, 1.

क्रीबता $kliba+t\hat{a}$, f. and क्रीबल kliba-twa, n. 1. Want of virility, Suçr. 1,366,8.—Comp. A-, f. manly behaviour, Ragh. 8, 83.

† क् KLU, i. 1, Âtm. To move (?).

क्केंद्र kleda, i.e. klid + a, m. Humidity, Râm. 5, 12, 42.

क्षेद्रन kledana, i.e. klid+ana, I. adj. Moistening, Suçr. 1, 76, 19. II. n. Moistening, Bhâg. P. 3, 26, 43.

† san KLEÇ, i. 1, Âtm. 1. To speak. 2. To impede. 3. To hurt.

Man. 2, 227.—Comp. A-, m. want of bodily pain, Man. 4, 3; abl. cât, without any effort, Pańch. ii. d. 9. Garbha-, m. pains in labour, Mârk. P. 22, 45.

Sक्रीभिन् -kleçin, i.e. kliç+in, adj., f. nî, Hurting, Megh. 88.

क्केष्ट्र kleshtṛri, i.e. kliç+tṛi, m. Causing pain, MBh. 3, 1076.

क्षेच klaibya, or क्षेच klaivya, i.e. kliba, or kliva, + ya, n. 1. Want of virility, Hit. i. d. 129. 2. Timidity, Râm. 3, 19, 5. 3. Weakness, Ragh. 12, 86.

क्यामन् kloman, m. and n. The right lobe of the lungs, Suçr. 2, 446, 19. If identical with $\pi\lambda\epsilon\dot{\nu}\mu\omega r$, Lat. pulmon, Sanskrit k stands for p; cf. kshiv.

 $\overline{\mathbf{a}}$ kva, i.e. ka + va (cf. i + va), from kim, adv. 1. =loc. sing. of kim. whom, Man. 10, 66. 2. Where, Râm. 5, 34, 21. 3. Whither, Pańch. 36, 21. 4. kva -kva denotes the greatest difference: kva vayam kva parokshamanmatho mrigaçâvaih samam edhito janah, What communion could there be between me and a girl grown up among young fawns and disinclined to love? Çâk. d. 51. 5. How much less, Râm. 1, 67, 10. 6. With following api, Somewhere, Hit. pr. d. 17; Pańch. 96, 5; with na, Nowhere, Nal. 16, 6. 7. With na-cha, Not anywhere, Bhag. P. 4, 29, 64. 8. With na —cha na, Nowhere, MBh. 14, 650. 9. With following chid, a. In some,