MBh. 13, 6024. 17. To pronounce, Man. 5, 157. 18. To perceive, Man. 8, 26. 19. To trace out, Çâk. 23, 11. 20. To learn, Râm. 1, 24, 12; to understand, Pańeh. i. d. 49; with anyathâ, To mistake, Mâlav. d. 19; paramârthena, To take in earnest, Çâk. d. 51. 21. To approve, Mrichchh. 145, 24. 22. To follow, Bhâg. P. 3, 16, 23. — Comp. ptcple. of the pf. pass., su-grihîta, 1. Held fast or firmly, 2. Taken auspiciously.—Ptcple. of the fut. pass. I. grahaniya, Worth being taken to heart, MBh. 5, 2575. II. grâhya, 1. Perceivable, Râm. 3, 22, 20; Man. 1, 7. 2. To be regarded, Hit. i. d. 20. 3. Agreeable, Daçak. in Chr. 180, 12. III. grihîtavya, sometimes instead of grahîtavya, e.g. MBh. 4, 1481.—Absol. grihîtva, Holding, i.e. with; dârakam grihîtva, With the child, Mrichchh. 94, 14; in epic poetry often grihya, instead of grihîtva, Râm. 1, 31, 24. Causal grâhaya, 1. To cause to take, Ragh. 17, 3. 2. To hand over to, Daçak. in Chr. 197, 4. 3. To cause to be apprehended, Daçak. in Chr. 193, 15. 4. To let choose, Râjat. 5, 102. 5. To teach, Man. 1, 58; with atmanam, To investigate, MBh. 3, 16267. 6. grâhita, Occupied, Râm. 1, 7, 14 Gorr. —Desider. jighriksha, 1. To be about to seize, MBh. 1, 5482. 2. To be about to rob, Bhâg. P. 1, 17, 25. 3. To desire to perceive, Bhag. P. 4, 29, 4. -With the prep. त्रन anu, 1. To rob afterwards, MBh. 4, 996. 2. To support, Bhâg. P. 5, 23, 3. 3. To receive friendly, to favour, MBh. 1, 3158; 3, 1666; with instr. MBh. 2, 205. 4. To show the favor of commanding, Dacak. in Chr. 189, 22. anugrahita, Râm. 1, 7, 15, is very questionable (Gorr. v.r.); if correct, it would be anugraha + ita; I propose anugrihîta, Favoured .- With समन sam-anu, To

dress, MBh. 8, 295 .- With 34 apa, To tear off, MBh. 14, 250.—With त्राभ abhi, To seize. Daçak. in Chr. 201, 3. 2. To accept, MBh. 3, 1705; to receive, MBh. 3," 16430. 3. To put forth (as flowers), Bhâg. P. 3, 29, 41. 4. To put together, Bhâg. P. 1, 19, 12. Caus. abhigrahita, Caught, Daçak. 115, 4.— With  $\exists a \ ava$ , 1. To divide, Sucr. 1, 101, 13. 2. To resist.—Comp. pteple. of the fut. pass., dus-ava-grâhya, Hard to be attained, Bhag. P. 7, 1, 19.— Absolut. avagrihya, By violence, Çiç. 5, 49.—With ਮੁਨਾਰ prati-ava, To rescind, Râm. 2, 20, 15 Gorr.—With 到1 â, To pull, Çâk. 6, 15, v.r.—With GUI upa-â, To embrace, Râm. 2, 95, 9 Gorr. — With उद ud, To raise, Megh. 8. Caus. 1. To cause to be paid, Yâjń. 2, 200. 2. To explain, Çiç. 2, 75.—With **उप** upa, 1. To put under, Râm. 5, 13, 52. 2. To support, Sâv. 5, 62. 3. To seize, Râm. 5, 36, 77. 4. To provide, Man. 7, 184. 5. To undergo, Pańch. i. d. 415. 6. To cherish, MBh. 12, 2506. 7. To approve, MBh. 12, 6977. upagrihîtum, Hit. ii. d. 3, is to be changed to upagûhitum.—With and ni, 1. To close (the eyes), Mrichchh. 35, 19. 2. To stop, MBh. 3, 10769. 3. To seize, Râm. 3, 30, 34. 4. To hold, Ragh. 2, 33. 5. To apprehend, Man. 8, 184. 6. To restrain, Man. 8, 310. 7. To chastise, Hit. 67, 13. 8. To subdue, Çâk. 16, 12. Caus. To cause to be apprehended, Daçak. in Chr. 194, 17 .- With विनि vi-ni, 1. To seize, MBh. 1, 4980. 2. To stop, MBh. 3, 12170. 3. With , मंनि sam-ni, 1. To subdue, MBh. 3, 14357. 2. To seize, MBh. 2, 2528.—