खाधीनता svâdhînatâ, i. e. sva -adhîna + tâ, f. Independence.

स्वाधायवन्त् svådhyåyavant, i.e. sva-adhyåya + vant, m. A student of the Vedas, Johns. Sel. 36, 12.

स्वाधाधिन svådhyåyin, i.e. sva -adhyåya+in, 1. A student of the Vedas. 2. A tradesman.

स्वान  $sv\hat{a}na$ , i.e. svan + a, m. Sound.

स्वान svânta, I. See svan. II. i.e. sva-anta, n. 1. The mind, Vedântas. in Chr. 202, 12; Bhartr. 3, 92. 2. A cavern.

Sleeping, Utt. Râmach. 24, 7; sleep. 2. Sleepiness. 3. Loss of sensation. 4. The sleep of a limb. 5. Ignorance. 6. Dream.—Comp. Divâ-, m. sleeping by day, Suçr. 1, 330, 5.

स्वापतेच svâpateya, i.e. sva-pati+ eya, n. Wealth, MBh. 1, 1781; Paúch. ii. d. 166.

स्वाभाविक svåbhåvika, i.e. sva-bhåva +ika, adj. Being by one's own nature, inherent, natural, Man. 3, 46; Pańch. 66, 10; 410, 21.

salima -svâmika, i.e. svâmin + ka, a substitute for svâmin, when latter part of a comp. adj.; e.g. pranashta-(so to be read instead of pranashta, Man. 8, 30), adj. That of which it is not known whether its owner is alive or dead.

स्वामिल svâmitva, i.e. svâmin+tva, n. 1. Ownership. 2. Sovereignty, Pańeh. 163, 14.

**EXECUTE** svâmin, i. e. sva+min, m.

1. A proprietor.

2. A master, Pańch.
i. d. 328.

3. A sovereign, Hit. 3, 4,

M.M. 4. A husband, Hit. 87, 9, M.M.; a lover. 5. A spiritual preceptor. 6. A learned Brâhmana, 7. Vishnu, Çiva, Kârttikeya, the god of war, Garuda, a fabulous bird. 8. In comp. it signifies often a sanctuary built by, or in honour of, those who are denoted in the former part of the comp.; e.g. avanti-, m. a sanctuary built by Avantivarman, Râjat. 5, 45. abhimanyu-, m, A sanctuary built in commemoration of Abhimanyu, Rajat. 6, 299. dharma-, m. A sanctuary built by Dharma, Râjat. 4, 696. vishnu-, A sanctuary built in honour of Vishnu, Râjat. 5, 99 .-Comp. A-, m. one who is not owner, Man. 8, 4. Ku-, m. a wicked master, Pańch. 73, 11. Go-, m. I. the owner of cattle, Man. 8, 231. 2. a holy man, used after proper names, as a honorary title. Jagat-, m. the lord of the universe, Prab. 99, 8. Jaya-, m. the lord of victory, epithet of Çiva, Râjat. 5, 448. Rana-, m. the lord of battles, epithet of Civa, Râjat. 5, 394. m. a proper name, Râjat. 5, 34.

ETE svâmya, i.e. svâmin+ya, n.

1. Ownership. 2. Mastership. 3. Supremacy, Hit. 84,7; dominion, Dev. 1, 8.

4. Marital dominion, Man. 5, 152.

bhû+a, I. adj. 1. Relating to Brahman.
2. Descended from Brahman. II. m.
The son of Brahman, Çâk. d. 168; epithet of the first Manu, Man. 1, 61; 63.

स्रायुज svâynj, i.e. su, or sva, -â-yuj, adj. Easily yoked, or putting themselves spontaneously to the chariot, Chr. 294, 2=Rigv. i. 92, 2.

स्वाराज् svârâj, i.e. svar-râj, m. Indra.

स्वाराज्य svârâjya, n., i.e. I. sva-râj +ya, The state of Brahman, union