m. a sweetmeat composed of flour, butter, etc. Jala-, m. a bed full of water. Dushpûra, adj., f. râ, difficult to be filled or satisfied. Pâṇi-, adj. filling the hand, Yâjú. 3, 320. Phala-, m. common citron. Su-, I. adj. easy to be filled, Paúch. i. d. 31. II. m. a sort of lime or citron.

Let a pûr + aka, I. adj. 1. Filling. 2. Filling up, Man. 9,289. 3. Satisfying, MBh. 1, 75. II. m. 1. Closing the right nostril, and drawing up air through the left, a religious observance, Vedântas. in Chr. 217, 17. 2. A citron (Citrus medica). 3. The final obsequial cake.—Comp. Phala-, m. a citron.

Tw pûrana, i.e. pûr+ana, I. adj., f. nî, Filling, Hariv. 7441. II. n. Act of filling, Ragh. 9, 73; completing, satisfying, Mâlav. d. 73. 2. Drawing (a bow), MBh. 16, 271. III. m. 1. A dyke. 2. The ocean.—Comp. Gartâ-, n. Filling up a hole, Pańch. 96, 20.

पूर्यित $p\hat{u}rayitri$, i.e. $p\hat{u}r$, i. 10, +tri, m., f. $tr\hat{i}$, n. One who fills up, who satisfies.

पूरिक pûrika, i.e. pûra + ika, m., and f. kâ, A sort of cake, MBh. 7, 2309.

ऽपूरिन्-pûr+in, adj. Filling, MBh. 8, 4669.

पूर् pûru, पूर्ष pûrusha, see puru, purusha.

Tilled, full, MBh. 7, 2199. II. m. 1. A certain tree, Râm. 3, 79, 38. 2. The blue jay. III. f. nihâ, A sort of bird.

पूर्णता pûrṇa + tâ (vb. pṛi), f. Plenty, Megh. 20.

पूर्णल pûrṇa + tva (vb. prî), n. Being full of, Kathâs. 16, 46.

पूर्णपा चमय pûrṇa-pâtra + maya (cf.

pâtra), adj., f. yî. 1. Consisting in a pûrṇa-pâtra, MBh. 12, 2306. 2. Concerning full cups, Kathâs. 23, 84 (? Brockh., Consisting in a poem).

पूर्णसा pûrṇamâ, and पूर्णिसा pûrṇimâ, i.e. pûrṇa and curtailed mâsa, f. The night or day of full moon, Râjat. 5, 156; Pańch. 74, 22.

पूर्व $P\hat{U}RB$, see purv.

पूर्व pûrba, see pûrva.

पूर्भिद्य pûrbhidya, i.e. pur-bhid+ya n. The destruction of castles, war, Chr. 297, 14=Rigv. i. 112, 14.

पूर्व $P\hat{U}RV$, see purv.

पर्वे $p\hat{u}rva$, i.e. pura + va (see $pur\hat{a}$), also $p\hat{u}rba$, adj., f. $v\hat{a}$ ($b\hat{a}$). 1. Fore, Çâk. d. 37. 2. Former, prior, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 905. 3. First, Man. 1, 10. 4. Lowest, Man. 8, 120. 5. Eastern, Man. 2, 22. II. adv. vam. 1. Before, Chr. 3, 2; first, Pańch. 51, 18. 2. Formerly, Chr. 16, 20. 3. Immemorially, Man. 9, 87. III. pûrvena, instr. adv. To the east, Râm. 2, 70, 11. IV. An ancestor, Pańch. iii. d. 216; Man. 3, 220. V. f. $v\hat{a}$, The east.—Comp. A-, adj. 1. new, Pańch. ii. d. 16; unknown, 68, 13. 2. incomparable. A-drishta- (vb. dric), I. adj. not seen before, Râm. 5, 54, 3. Adya-, adv. till to-day, Râm. 1, 32, 8. An-âmaya-praçna-, adv. after having inquired for a person's health. Anya-, f. $v\hat{a}$, a woman previously promised to one and married to another. A-bodha-, adv. without having perceived before, Çâk. d. 99. Aham-, adj. desiring to be the first, Râm. 2, 12, 92. Tri-abda-, adv. less than three years, Man. 2, 134. Dakshina-, adj., f. vâ, south-eastern. Para-, f. a woman formerly married, having belonged formerly to another man, Chr. 6, 8. Pûrva-pûrva, I. adj. every preceding one. II. m. pl. an-