4, 12. 3. A transaction of sale. 4. War, battle, Man. 4, 121; Bhartr. 2, 85. 5. Misfortune. 6. Poison (ef. gara). II. n. The fruit of the Çamî tree.—Comp. Satya- and Sthira-, adj. true, veracious, Indr. 4, 12 (sthira).

संगाद samgâda, i.e. sam-gad+a, m. Conversation, Mârk. P. 35, 21.

tist sangin, i.e. sanga+in, adj., f. ni, 1. Uniting with. 2. Attached, devoted to, Bhag. 3, 26. 3. Lustful, libidinous.

संगीतक samgitaka, i.e. sam-gita (vb. gai), +ka (cf. gitaka, n.), A public entertainment consisting of songs, dancing, and music, Daçak. in Chr. 190, 8; Lass. 68, 4 (a drama).

संगीति samgiti, i.e. sam-gai+ti, f. 1. The science of music and dancing. 2. Discourse.

संगोपन samgopana, i.e. sam-gup+ ana, n. Hiding, concealment.

संग्रह samgraha, i.e. sam-grah+a, m. 1. Collection, Pańch. ii. d. 176; conjunction, Bhâshâp. 133; totality, Bhag. 18, 18.. 2. A place where anything is kept. 3. Quantity. 4. A compilation, an abridgment, Bhag. 8, 11. 5. A catalogue. 6. Clenching the fist, clenching, grasp, Hit. iv. d. 13. 7. Effort. 2. Restraining, Lass. 2, 1. 9. Governing, Man. 7, 113. 10. Protecting, protection, Man. 8, 311. 11. Propitiating, attaching, Pańch. i. d. 330 (kurvanti samgraham, Attach to themselves); Râjat. 5, 295; encouraging, Man. 3, 138. 12. Assent, promise. 13. Taking, seizing, Râjat. 5, 274; mentioning, Hit. ii. d. 57. 14. Elevation, loftiness .- Comp. Dâra-, m. marrying, Chr. 51, 8. Dharma-, m. a collection of merit, of good actions, Panch. iii. d. 96 (kartavyah, one must do many good actions);

Chr. 28, 23. *Madhyama*-, m. intriguing with another man's wife. *Sâra*-, adj. containing the essence, Châṇ. 2 in Berl. Monatsb. 1864, p. 407.

संग्रहण samgrahana, i.e. sam-grah +ana, I. n. 1. Collecting, compiling. 2. Enchasing, Hit. ii. d. 71. 3. Sexual intercourse. 4. Adultery, Man. 8, 72; cf. 6; 356, sqq. 5. Taking. 6. Accepting. 7. Hope. II. f. ni, Dysentery. —Comp. Pâṇi-, n. shaking hands as a token of promise, Râm. 4, 34, 23. Strî-, n. adultery, Man. 8, 6.

† संग्रास SAMGRÂM, i. 10 (or rather a denomin. derived from the next), Âtm. (Par.), To fight, to make war.

**चंग्राम** samgrâma, i.e. sam-grah + ma, m. 1. War, battle, Hit. 75, 17; fighting, Pańch. 238, 22. 2. A proper name, Râjat. 5, 305; 423.

संगाह samgrâha, i.e. sam-grah+a, m. 1. Clenching the fist. 2. The fist. 3. The gripe of a shield. 4. Seizing forcibly.

संघ samgha, i.e. sam-han, m. 1. Multitude, Indr. 1, 36. 2. Flock, Hariv. 8788. 3. Quantity. 4. Inhabitants, Man. 8, 219.

THE samghatta, i.e. sam-ghatt+a, I. m. 1. Friction, Megh. 54; rnbbing. 2. Embracing. 3. Clashing together, Mâlat. 74, 13; collision, Paúch. 35, 5; shock, Mâlat. 144, 11. 4. Meeting, encounter. II. f. tâ, A large creeper.—Comp. A-, m. having no rival, Ragh. 14, 86.

+ana, n. 1. Rubbing together. 2. Collision, Pańch. 165, 8. 3. Close contact. 4. The intertwining of wrestlers. 5. Union, Lass. 24, 8 (erro-