† 1. विष् VISH, i. 1, Par. To sprinkle.

2. au VISH, ii. 3, vevish, Par. Âtm. To pervade, to embrace, etc. (ved.).—With the prep. ut pari, Caus. 1. To present, to offer, Man. 3, 228; to offer food, MBh. 1, 7182 (where it is written with g instead of sh). 2. To wait on, Râm. 1, 13, 14.

† 3. विष् ii. 9, vishṇâ, vishṇî, Par. To separate.

4. विष् vish, f. Excrement, Man. 4, 48.—Comp. Karna-, f. ear-wax, Man. 5, 135.

विष visha, I. m. and n. Poison, Pańch. iii. d. 83 (n.). II. n. 1. Water. 2. See visa.—Comp. Karna-, n. poison sprinkled in one's ears (treacherous speech), Pańch, i. d. 338. Dûshî-, n. vegetable poison that has become old and diminished in strength, Suçr. 2, 254, 7. Drishti-, m. a snake, Kir. 14, 25. Nis-, adj., f. shâ, deprived of poison, Pańch. iii. d. 83. Netra-, adj. having poison in one's eyes, MBh. 2, 2140. Mahâ-, m. a small venomous snake, Râm. 3, 53, 55. Lâlâ-, m. an insect whose spittle is poison, as a spider.—Cf. Lat. virus; lóg, lov; Lat. viola (poison is connected with blue, cf. visha-pushpa, and Civa's neck growing blue, by swallowing the poison churned out of the sea).

বিষদ্ধ vishanga, i.e. vi-sańj+a, m. Attachment.—Comp. Nis-, adj. indifferent, Bhâg. P. 4, 22, 51.

विषसता vishanna+tâ (vb. sad), f. Dejection, want of energy.

विषता $visha + t\hat{a}$, f. State of poison, Çiç. 9, 68.

विषद visha-da, I. adj. 1. Giving

poison. 2. Shedding water. II. m. A cloud. III. n. Green vitriol.

विषद श्रीनमृत्युक visha-darçana-mṛityu + ha, m. A kind of pheasant.

विषधर vishadhara, i.e. visha-dhṛi +a, I. adj. Venomous. II. m. A snake.

विषम vishama, i.e. vi-sama, I. adj., f. mâ. 1. Unequal, different, Kir. 5, 40. 2. Inconstant, Hit. ii. d. 104. 3. Odd (in numbers), figurat., Pańch. i. d. 126. 4. Unhappy, Hit. iv. d. 3. 5. Unparalleled, unequalled, Daçak. in Chr. 199, 1. 6. Uneven, Pańch. ii. d. 188; sloping, Vikr. 10, 9. 7. Rough, Vikr. d. 49; Pańch. 188, 9. 8. Difficult, painful, Bhartr. 2, 54; disagreeable, Pańch. i. d. 12. 9. Frightful, Hit. iii. d. 133. 10. Dishonest, wicked, Hid. 1, 39; Hit. ii. d. 111. 11. Partial, Man. 7, 27. II. n. 1. Inequality. 2. Oddness. Unevenness, Man. 1, 24 (uneven valleys, Jones). 4. An inaccessible place, a precipice, Râm. 3, 51, 40; Pańch. 142, 6; a thicket, a pit, Man. 8, 232. 5. Difficulty, pain, Panch. v. d. 65; misfortune, Bhartr. 2, 95 .- Comp. Vâkya -vajra-, adj. rough, coarse, by (using) thunderbolt-like words, Pańch. iii. d. 236 (cf. Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 2928).

विषमय visha + maya, adj., f. yî (Pańch. i. d. 211, yâ, but cf. Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 119, read vishamayyo), Poisonous.

विषमस्य vishama-stha, adj. 1. Standing unevenly. 2. Being in difficulty or misfortune, Nal. 10, 1. 3. Inaccessible, Pańch. i. d. 195. 4. Safely posted.

বিষ্**মি**ন vishamita, i.e. vishama+ ita, adj. 1. Made crooked, Kir. 10, 56. 2. Made difficult to be walked on, Kir. 12, 50.