both sides, Man. 8, 315. 2. In the one and the other case, Man. 1, 47.

उभयत्र ubhaya+tra, adv. In both instances, Man. 3, 125.

उभयशा ubhaya + thâ, adv. In both cases, Prab. 77, 3; Vikr. 43, 17 (on both reasons).

उमा umâ, f. Pârvatî, or Durgâ, the wife of Çiva, Râm. 1, 36, 15.

उस् UMBH, see ubh.

I. m. A snake, Kir. 3, 33. II. f.  $g\hat{\imath}$ , A female snake, Prab. 77, 7. III. f.  $g\hat{\imath}$ , The name of a city.—Comp. Krishna-, m. a black kind of snake, Draup. 5, 8.  $Mah\hat{a}$ -, m. a sort of demi-god of the serpent genus, inhabiting Pâtâla. Hrita-, adj. robbed of (its) snakes.

**उर्ण** *uraṇa*, i.e. *vṛi* + *ana* (cf. *ûrṇa*), m. A lamb, MBh. 12, 6535.

उर्भ urabhra, i.e. vṛi+a (akin to ûrṇâ)-bhṛi+a, m. A ram.

उर्भ्क्ट uracchhada, i.e. uras -chhad+a, m. Mail.—Comp. Kâńchana-, adj. having a mail of gold, Râm. 3, 67, 16.

जर्स uras, probably for varas, i.e. rṛi+as, and akin to uru, n. The breast, Daçak. in Chr. 184, 8.

uras, when latter part of comp. adj., e.g. mahâ- and vipula-, adj. Having a broad chest, Râm. 3, 36, 6.

उर्सिज uras+i-ja (vb. jan), m. The female breast, Râm. 1, 9, 38.

उरीऽ urî-, see kṛi.

**उत्** uru, i.e. vri + u, adj., I. f. urvî, Large, MBh. 1, 1222. Comparat. varîyams, superl. varishtha, MBh. 14, 879. II. f. Urvî, the earth, Râm. 4, 44, 130.
—Cf. εὐρύς, 'Ρείη.

ভারে আন্ত্রার, i.e. uras-ja (see urasija), m. The female breast, Çiç. 9, 44; 86.

† সুহঁ URD, or সুহঁ  $\hat{U}RD$ , i. 1,  $\hat{A}$ tm. 1. To measure. 2. To play.

† उर्व URV, i. 1, Par. To kill or hurt.

उर्वग्री urvaçi, f. The name of an Apsaras, Vikr. d. 110, etc.

उर्विया urviyâ, adv. (probably for ûrvyâ, instr. sing. fem. of uru), Far and wide, Chr. 294, 9=Rigv. i. 92, 9.

उर्वोस्त urvî-bhri+t (see uru), m. A mountain, Amar. 93.

उलएड ULAND, see land.

হলুক ulûka, m. 1. An owl, Bhartr. 2, 89. 2. A name of Indra, Chr. 46, 26. 3. The name of a country, its people (plur.), and its king, MBh. 1, 335, etc. Comp. Kumbha-, m. A kind of owl, MBh. 13, 5499.—Cf. Lat. ulula, A.S. and O.H.G. ûla.

उत्त्वत ulûkhala (ef. udûkhala), n. A mortar, Pańch. 249, 8.

Sভৰুষ্ভিক -ulûkhalika, i.e. ulûkhala+ika, adj. A substitute for the last, when latter part of comp. adj., e.g. danta-, adj. One who uses his teeth as a mortar or pestle, Man. 6, 17.

S ज्लूखिन -ulûkhalin, i.e. ulûkhala + in, in danta-, adj. Using his teeth às a mortar or pestle, Râm. 1, 52, 26 Gorr.

f. 1. A firebrand, Râm. 3, 75, 51. 2. Fire falling from heaven, a meteor, Man. 1, 38.—Comp. Trina-, f. a burning bunch of grass, Hit. i. d. 81. Mahâ-,