मृतवत् mrita+vat (vb. mri), adv. Like one dead, Hit. 91, 16.

मृति mṛi+ti, f. Death.—Cf. Lat. mors, mortis.

म्बिका mrittikâ (derived from mrid), f. 1. Earth, Vedântas. in Chr. 216, 18; clay (?), Chr. 57, 22. 2. A fragrant earth. 3. Fresh earth, Man. 2, 182.—Comp. Pânḍu-mrittika, adj. having a white ground, Râm. 2, 71, 19; chalk-like, ib. 91, 41. Pûti-mrittika, m. the name of a hell, Man. 4, 89.

मृत्यिण्डतस् mritpindatas, i.e. mrid -pinda+tas, adv. Of a piece of clay, Hit. pr. d. 33.

Tay mrityu (vb. mri), 1. m. f. Death, Pańch. iii. d. 14. 2. m. Yama. —Comp. Apa-, m. sudden, or unnatural death, Pańch. 186, 24. Pratyâsanna-(vb. sad), adj. to whom death was imminent, Pańch. 10, 9. Mahâ-, m. Çiva. Visha-, m. a kind of pheasant.

मृत्युंजय mṛityum̃jaya, i.e. mrityu+ m-ji+a, m. Çiva.

मृत्युभङ्गर्क mrityu-bhangura+ka, m. A drum beat on funeral occasions.

मृत्सा mritsâ, and मृत्सा mritsnâ (derived from mrid), f. Good soil.

मृत्नाभाष्डक mṛitsnâ-bhâṇḍa+ka, n. An earthen vessel.

1. For MRID (akin to mṛi), ii. 9, mṛidnâ, nî, Par. (in epic poetry also Âtm., MBh. 3, 2937, and i. 1, Par., ib. 1,4979). 1. To rub, MBh. 3, 2937. 2. To stroke, MBh. 4, 767. 3. To grind, to pound, to reduce to dust, MBh. 3, 1349. 4. To crush, to dash to pieces, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 2149. 5. To batter, Johns. Sel. 25, 5. 6. To trample on, to tread under foot, Nal. 13, 39. mṛidita, Languid, Bhartṛ. 2, 36. Caus. mardaya,

1. To rub, Hit. ii. d. 131. 2. To tread under foot, to kill, MBh. 3, 11106 (anomal. ptcple. pres. Atm. mardayâna). 3. To break to pieces, Râm. 1, 1, 72.—With the prep. 羽针 abhi, To trample on, MBh. 1, 7750.—With त्रुव ava, 1. To rub, MBh. 4, 468. 2. To break to pieces, 3, 16346. 3. To trample on, Râm. 2, 93, 8. 4. To destroy, MBh. 3, 10203.—With आ व, To grind to pieces, Râm. 2, 96, 20.—With उप upa, To kill, Naish. 5, 110 .- With yft pari, 1. To wipe off, Râm. 2, 77, 26. 2. To surpass (i. 1, Par.), MBh. 1, 4979. parimridita, Rubbed, ground, Utt. Râmach. 15, 16 (trampled upon).—With y pra, To destroy, MBh. 3, 11676.— With a vi, 1. To rub to pieces, Râm. 2, 88, 8. 2. To break, Man. 4, 70. 3. To destroy, MBh. 1, 5504. Caus. To grind, Râm. 2, 88, 2.—With 电升 sam, Caus. To rub, to clean, Panch. 121, 13. -Cf. Lat. mordere; A.S. malt; O.H.G. malz; A.S. meltan, miltan; O.H.G. smelzan; A.S. smeortan; O.H.G. smerzan; A.S. smilt, smylt, smolt; ἀμέρδω,

2. Farth, Paúch. ii. d. 36. 2. A piece of earth, Man. 5, 136. 3. A fragrant earth.

άμαλδύνω, μέλδω.

मृद्भः mṛidaṅga, probably mṛid+a +m-ga, m. 1. A tabour, Utt. Râmach. 154, 9; a small drum, Pańch. 20, 8. 2. A sound. 3. Bambu.

मृद्र mrid + ara, m. 1. A hole. 2. Disease.

मृदा mrid+â, f. Earth, clay.—Cf. Goth. mulda; A.S. molde; probably Lat. merda.