two, Man. 8, 141 (two in the hundred). II. (n.) A pair, Râjat. 1, 56.

दिगुणल dvi-guṇa+tva, n. Duplication, Amar. 6, 8.

Twice born. II.

m. 1. A man of either of the three first classes, as their initiation passes for a second birth, especially a Brâhmaṇa, Yâjń. 1, 39; Nal. 16, 1. 2. A bird, Man. 5, 17. 3. A tooth, Bhartr. 1, 12.

—Comp. A-, adj. deprived of Brâhmaṇas, Man. 8, 22.

द्विजल dvija-tva, n. Condition or state of a Brâhmaṇa, Râjat. 4, 105.

दिजातिसात् dvi-jâti+sât, adv. (A present) to the Brâhmaṇas, Râjat. 5, 120.

द्वित dvita, m. The name of a mythical person, MBh. 12, 13174.

दितय dvi + taya, I. adj. 1. Involved in duality, Bhâg. P. 6, 15, 28. 2. Both, Ragh. 8, 89. II. n. A pair, two, Bhâg. P. 5, 22, 14.

Earlu dvi+tîya, I. ordinal number, f. yâ, I. Second, Man. 2, 169. °yam, adv. A second time, again, Man. 11, 232. II. m. A companion, MBh. 13, 4899.—Comp. A-, adj. 1. quite alone, Kathâs. 24, 103. 2. incomparable, Râm. 4, 22, 2.

दितीयवन्त् dvitiya + vant, adj. Having a friend, MBh. 3, 17383.

दिच dvitra, i.e. dvi-tri+a, m., f. trå, n. pl. Two or three, Bhartṛ. 2, 90.

दिचित्रम् dvi-tri-chatur + a + m, adv. Twice, or three or four times, Daçak. in Chr. 193, 8.

द्वित्व dvi+tva, n. The number Two, Bhâshâp. ss. **ξει** dvi+dhâ, adv. 1. In two parts, Man. 1, 12. 2. Divided, Sâv. 4, 33. 3. Of two kinds, Sâh. D. 8.—Cf. δίχα, διχθά, δισσός.

(drinking twice, the elephant imbibing fluids by his trunk and thence conveying them to his mouth), Man. 7, 192.—Comp. Gandha-, m. a very strong kind of elephant, Vikr. d. 156. Maru-, m. a camel. Sura-, m. an elephant of the gods.

दिपदिका dvipadikâ, i.e. dvi-pada + ka, f. A kind of song, Vikr. 51, 5.

दिपायिन dvipâyin, i.e. dvi- 1.pâ+ in, m. An elephant (cf. dvipa), Râm. 3, 30, 26.

दिसाह dvi-mâtṛi, adj. Having two mothers (Sch., the measurer of the two worlds), Chr. 296, 4=Rigv. i. 112, 4.

दिशास् dvi + ças, adv. Two by two, Suçr. 1, 152, 18.

1. द्विष DVISH, ii. 2 (in epic poetry also i. 6, MBh. 2, 1934; 1943), Par. Atm. 1. To hate, MBh. 12, 8051. 2. To show one's hatred, Man. 7, 12. 3. To dislike, Bhag. 2, 57. Pteple. of the pres. dvishant, m. A foe, Man. 3, 144. Ptcple. of the pf. pass. dvishta, 1. Odious, Yâjú. 2, 304. 2. Hostile, Hariv. 4673. Pteple. of the fut. pass. dveshya, 1. Disagreeable, MBh. 4. 120. 2. Odious, Râm. 2, 21, 57. m. A foe, Man. 9, 307.— With त्रन anu, To wreak one's anger upon one, Bhâg. P. 1, 18, 7.—With pra, 1. To dislike, Bhag. 16, 18. 2. To hate, MBh. 14, 789. 3. To show one's hatred, MBh. 12, 8397.—With वि vi, To dislike, Hariv. 8395. shant, m. A foe, Bhartr. 3, 68. dvishta, 1. Odious, Man. 2, 57. 2.