मङ्ख mangala, I. adj. Lucky, propitious, Man. 2, 34; brave, Pańch. 8, 15. II. m. and n. 1. Prosperity, welfare, Rit. 6, 34; bliss, Utt. Râmach. 89, 4. 2. Rejoicing, a festival, Pańch. 129, 17; solemnity, Vikr. d. 43 (sandhyâ-, Evening service). 3. Blessing, Dâçak. in Chr. 201, 10; Sund. 2, 4; prayer, ib. 188, 22. III. m. 1. The planet Mars. 2. Burnt offering on various occasions of rejoicing. IV. f. lâ. 1. Umâ, the wife of Çiva. A sort of bent grass, Panicum dactylon. V. n. Turmeric, Vikr. d. 53 (Sch.).— Comp. A-, I. adj. inauspicious, Daçak. in Chr. 186, 23. II. n. ill luck, Kumâras. 5, 65; evil omen, Çâk. 63, 13. III. m. the castor-oil plant, Ricinus communis. Kautuka-, n. a solemn ceremony, Pańch. 129, 17. Pâna-, n. a banquet, Kathâs. 36, 67. Sarva-, f. lâ, Durgâ, Hit. 99, 8. Su-, adj. very fortunate or auspicious.

I. adj., f. yâ. 1. Auspicious, conferring happiness, Utt. Râmach. 99, 1. 2. Beautiful. 3. Pious, pure, implying holiness, Man. 2, 31. II. m. 1. The holy fig-tree, Ficus religiosa. 2. A sort of pulse or lentils. III. n. 1. Sour curds. 2. Sandal. 3. Red lead. 4. Gold. 5. Water brought from various holy places for the consecration of a king. IV. f. yâ. The name of several plants, Agallochum, etc.

मिङ्गिनी manginî, i.e. manga $+ in + \hat{i}$, f. A boat.

† H\(\frac{1}{2}\) MANGH, i. 1, Par. To adorn. i. 1, Âtm. 1. To go. 2. To begin moving. 3. To begin. 4. To move swiftly. 5. To blame. 6. To cheat.

† **म**च् *MACH*, **म**ञ्च् *MAŃCH*, 674 मुच् MUCH, and मुच् MUŃCH, 1. To cheat, to be wicked. 2. To boast, to be vain. 3. To pound.

मचर्क्का macharchhikâ, f. Excellence.

मज्ज MAJJ (probably mad-jan; ef. madgu and Lat. mergere; the Indian grammarians write masj), i. 6, Par. (in epic poetry also Atm., MBh. 2, 605). The base of many forms is manj. 1. To dive, Bhartr. 2, 91. 2. To bathe, MBh. 1, 5299. 3. To sink, Vikr. d. 133; to perish in water, Râm. 1, 1, 89. 4. To sink into, MBh. 1, 3717 (loc.); Man. 4, 81 (acc.). 5. To be plunged, Man. 10, 6. To become disheartened, MBh. 1, 5631. Ptople. of the pf. pass. magna, 1. Plunged, Hit. i. d. 4, M.M.; dived, immersed, Râm. 3, 52, 19. 2. Sunk, Daçak. in Chr. 197, 6; drowned, Chr. 17, 27. Caus. 1. To cause to plunge, MBh. 1, 3908. 2. To overwhelm, Râm. 2, 77, 13.—With the prep. उद ud, 1. To emerge, Çâk. d. 167. 2. Pass. impers. To rise, Çiç. 9, 30. Caus. To force up, Man. 8, 115 .- With | ni, 1. To bathe, Man. 5, 73. 2. To submerge, to sink under, Man. 4, 194; Hit. ii. d. 145. 3. To disappear, MBh. 2, 1504. 4. To cause to sink (into hell), MBh. 1, 4156. nimagna, 1. Plunged in, immersed, Râjat. 5, 85. 2. Sunk in (not prominent), Vikr. d. 80; Râjat. 5, 74; slender, d. 129. 3. Covered, Daçak. in Chr. 199, 6. Caus. 1. To cause to dive under water, Man. 8, 114. 2. To cause to be submerged, MBh. 3, 16612.—With \(\mathbf{y} \) pra, pramagna, Immersed, drowned. मज्जकत् majjakṛit, i.e. majjan-kṛi

मञ्जन majjan (perhaps for ori-

+t, n. A bone.