doing, Hit. ii. d. 100. Bhâgya-, and Vidhi-, m. misfortune, Vikr. 63, 19; 69, 9.

Taurit viparyâsa, i.e. vi-pari-as + a, m. 1. Reverse (cf. the two last), Utt. Râmach. 96, 15; interchange, ib. 47, 6 (ghana-virala-bhâvaḥ kshitiruhâm yâto viparyâsam, As for the trees, their state of being close together, or scanty, has interchanged, i.e. where there were before plenty of trees, there are at present few, and vice versâ). 2. Error, mistake, Bhâshâp. 136; Pańch. 129, 5. 3. Investing imaginary things with real attributes.

विषयित vipaçchit, m. A learned man; prudent, wise, Pańch. i. d. 308; Hit. iii. d. 17.

विपाक  $vip\hat{a}ka$ , i.e. vi-pach+a, m. 1. Cooking. 2. Ripening, Kir. 4, 26; taking place, Utt. Râmach. 52, 5. 3. The consequence of actions, Bhartr. 2, 97. 4. Unexpected or improbable result. 5. Distress, Utt. Râmach. 96, 14. Change of form or state. 7. Flavour, taste, MBh. 1, 716. 8. Digestion .-Comp. Karmavipâka, i.e. karman-, m. the ripening of actions, retribution, MBh. 4, 1405. *Daçâ-*, m. state, Mâlat. 149, 4. Dus-, adj. turning out destructive, Utt. Râmach. 29, 8. Daiva-dus-, m. cruelty (literally, the hard ripening) of fate, Utt. Râmach. 164, 4; Hit. 18, 7; Utt. Râmach. 27, 5.

विपाकिन् vipâkin, i.e. vipâka+in, adj. Followed, Mâlat. 83, 9.

विपाटन vipâṭana, i.e. vi-paṭ+ana, n. Spoliation, Râjat. 5, 264.

विपाठ vipâțha, m. An arrow, MBh. 4, 168; 5, 1865.

विपादिका vipâdikâ (akin to pâda), f. 1. A blister on the foot. 2. A riddle.

विपाश vipâç (curtailed vipâçâ),

and aurur vipâçâ, i.e. vi-pâça, f. The name of a river, MBh. 1, 6750 (çâ).

विपिन vipina, n. A thicket, a forest, Lass. 2. ed. 41, 4; a grove, Vikr. 57, 18; Ragh. 4, 31.—Comp. Ati-, adj. very impenetrable, Kir. 5, 18.

Tayer vipula (cf. pul), I. adj., f. lâ.

1. Large, great, Pańch. i. d. 18; v. d. 5;
Bhartr. 2, 91, 99; Râm. 3, 54, 28.

Broad. 3. Deep. II. m. 1. The mountain Meru.

2. The Himâlaya mountain.

3. A respectable man.

III. f. lâ, The earth.—Comp. Su-, adj. very spacious.

विपुलता vipula + tâ, f. Magnitude, Çâk. d. 9.

विम vipra, m. 1. A poet, or singer of vedic hymns, Chr. 292, 11 and 3 = Rigv. i. 85, 11; 86, 3. 2. A Brâhmaṇa, a priest, Kathâs. 4, 110; Pańch. 158, 2.

विप्रकर्षे viprakarsha, i.e. vi-pra -kṛish + a, m. Distance, Vikr. 66, 10.

विष्रकार viprakâra, i.e. vi-pra-kṛi +a, m. 1. Opposition. 2. Retaliation. 3. Injury, abuse, Kir. 3, 55. 4. Wickedness.

विप्रकारिन viprakûrin, i.e. vi-pra -kṛi+in, adj., f. iṇî, 1. Opposing. 2. Retaliating.

বিস্কুনি vi-pra-kṛi+ti, f. 1. Retaliation. 2. Abuse.

विप्रतिकार vipratikâra, i. e. vi -prati-kṛi+a, m. 1. Opposition. 2. Reverse. 3. Contradiction. 4. Retaliation.

विप्रतिपत्ति vipratipatti, i.e. vi-prati-pad+ti, and vi-pratipatti, f. 1. Mutual connexion with. 2. Conversancy. 3. Perplexity. 4. Various acquirements. 5. Difference. 6. Opposition of in-