paya (rather a denomin. derived from rasa), Par. 1. To taste, Çiç. 10, 27. 2. † To love. Desider. rirasayisha, To wish to taste, Çiç. 11, 11.

TH rasa, probably from ram, I. m. 1. Taste (as sweet, salt), Pańch. 61, 11. 2. Pleasure, Utt. Râmach. 146, 1; enjoyment, Çâk. d. 179; Pańch. ii. d. 175; charm, Pańch. iv. d. 62. 3. Inclination, Hit. iii. d. 115 (sâhasa-ekânta-rasa-anuvartin, adj. One who follows only his inclination to inconsiderate haste); love, Utt. Râmach. 26, 2. 4. Juice, Man. 2, 77; liquid, 3, 159; Çiç. 9, 46; a dish, Vikr. 19, 1. 5. Essence, Hit. iv. d. 94 (tad-, Its best). 6. Condiment, Hit. iii. d. 56. 7. Water. 8. The essential juice of the body, whence blood, etc., are supposed to be engendered. 9. Semen virile. 10. Poison. 11. Gum myrrh. 12. Quicksilver. 13. A mineral substance, as sulphur, borax. Taste, sentiment, emotion, as an object of poetry, as love, terror, etc., Bhartr. 2, 21; Râm. 1, 4, 7; Pańch. v. d. 44 (? nine rasas of music). 15. Affection of the mind, Utt. Râmach. 50, 8; passion, Vikr. d. 36; love, Vikr. d. 40. II. f. sâ. 1. A river of the lower regions, Chr. 297, 12=Rigv. i. 112, 12. 2. The tongue. 3. The earth. 4. A grape. 5. The name of several plants.—Comp. A-, adj. tasteless, insipid. Anu-, m. a secondary flavour, Suçr. 1, 224, 13. Anna-, m. the essential properties of food, Nal. 5, 37 (the knowledge of them). Amrita-, I. m. the amrita essence, the drink of immortality, Bhartr. 3, 77 (kâvya-, poetical works which are like the essence of amrita). II. adj., f. sâ, having an amrita-like juice, Pańch. 248, 12. Ikshu-, m. the juice of the sugar-cane, Pańch. i. d. 411. Eka-, I. m. only pleasure, Râm. 1, 9, 3. II. adj., f. sâ. 1. pleased with one object only, ib. 2, 67, 20 (v. r. Gorr.). 2. unchanged, Utt. Râmach. 102, 3. Ka-

naka-, m. 1. melted gold, Çâk. 99, 15. 2. yellow orpiment. Kâma-, m. semination, MBh. 1, 3812. Kshudra-, m. honey, Bhag. P. 5, 13, 10. Gandha-, m. myrrh, MBh. 5, 777. Go-, m. 1. milk, MBh. 5, 1143. 2. buttermilk. 3. coagulated milk. Nirasa, i.e. nis-, adj. 1. sapless, vain, Vikr. d. 30. 2. insipid, Bhartr. 3, 16. 3. merciless, Utt. Râmach. 117, 6. 4. charmless, Pańch. iv. d. 62. Pishta (vb. pish)-, m. water mixed with flour, MBh. 1, 5186. Pranipâta-, m. the name of a spell, Râm. 1, 31, 5 Gorr. Yaksha-, m. spirituous liquor. $Yath\hat{a}$ -rasa + m, adv. according to the sentiments, Mâlav. 20, 20. Vi-, I. adj. 1. insipid. 2. painful, Utt. Râmach. 157, 6. II. m. pain, Utt. Râmach. 18, 9. Cringâra-eka-, adj. only pleased with love, Vikr. d. 9. Sa-, see s.v. Siddha-, I. adj. mineral, metallic. II. m. 1. quicksilver. 2. an alchymist. Su-, I. adj. 1. well-flavoured. 2. sweet. 3. elegant. II. m. a plant, Vitex trifolia. III. f. sâ, and n. 1. holy basil. 2. the name of several plants. IV. f. sâ, Durgâ. Sva-, m. proper taste. 2. proper flavour. 3. expressed juice. 4. sediment of oil. $Sv\hat{a}du$ -, f. s \hat{a} , 1. the hog-plum. 2. a grape. 3. vinous liquor.

र्सक rasa + ka, m. Stewed or boiled meat.

engendered by the fermentation of liquids. 3. Molasses.

रसज्ञ rasa-jńa, I. adj. Acquainted with tastes, sentiments, etc. II. m. 1. An alchymist. 2. A physician. 3. A poet. III. f. jńâ, The tongue, Bhâ-shâp. 52; 101.

र्सन ras+ana, I. n. 1. Sounding, tinkling. 2. Tasting, Bhâshâp. 39; Bhag. 15, 9. II. f. (written also raçanâ, and perhaps akin to raçmi, q. ef.). 1. A