Vaka-, adj. living like cranes, a hypocritical devotee, Man. 4, 30. Vâqurâ-, m. one who subsists by catching wild animals, Man. 10, 32. Vaiçya-, f. agriculture or trade. Cîla-, f. virtue, Pańch. ii. d. 154. Cvavritti, i.e. cvan-, f. 1. life of a dog, Pańch. i. d. 300 (cf. Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 3292). 2. servitude, Sama-, adj. equable, modeservice. Sâdhu-, I. f. the institutes or rate. moral and ritual observances of the Hindus. II. adj. virtuous, Bhartr. 2, 83. Sva-, adj. subsisting by one's own exertion, Chan. 23 in Berl. Monatsb, 1864, 408.

र्हाता vritti+tâ, f., and रृत्तिल vritti+tva, n. 1. State of residing or being contained in, as the hetu in the paksha, Bhâshâp. 67 (tva). 2. Profession, subsistence. — Comp. An-âyatta-vrittitâ (vb. yat), f. independence, Hit. ii. d. 21.

द्विमन्त् vritti + mant, adj. Thinking, Lass. 2. ed. 88, 23.

egy vritra, m. 1. The name of a demon slain by Indra, Chr. 292, 9 = Rigv. i. 85, 9; Chr. 18, 41. 2. An enemy. 3. Darkness. 4. A cloud. 5. A mountain. 6. Sound. 7. A wheel.

त्रवहन् vritra-han, m. Indra.

হয় vṛithâ, i.e. vara+thâ, adv. 1. Without pain (to one's own pleasure), Chr. 294, 6=Rigv. i. 88, 6. 2. Without necessity, Man. 11, 144 (vṛithâ-âlambha, m. Cutting or plucking unnecessarily). 3. In vain, Man. 4, 63; vain, Pańch. i. d. 62. 4. Useless, fruitless, Pańch. iii. d. 31. 5. Foolishly, Vikr. 55, 20, 6. Wrongly, incorrectly, Çṛiṅgârat. 21. 7. Without being sacrificed, Man. 5, 34; 4, 213.—Cf. ῥεῖα, βρᾶ, ῥᾶ, ῥαϊστος, ῥάδιος, etc.

द्यासंकर्जात vrithâ-sañikara-jâta (vb. jan), adj. Born in vain (i.e. one who

discharges not his duties), or by the mixture of different eastes, Man. 5, 89.

दृधसान vridhasâna (vb. vridh), m. A man.

pass. of vridha, I. pteple. of the pf. pass. of vridh. 1. Old, ancient, aged, Vikr. d. 43. Comparat. jyâyams, and varshîyams; superl. jyeshtha, and varshishtha, see s. v. 2. Wise, learned. II. m. 1. An old man. 2. A sage, a respectable man, Daçak. in Chr. 201, 7. III. n. Benzoin.—Comp. Kula-, m. the senior of a tribe, Bhâg. P. 4, 9, 39. Vayas-, adj. very old, Chr. 13, 7. Vidyâ-vayas-, adj. high in science and age, Hit. 41, 3, M.M. Sa-bâla-, adj. with children and old men.—Cf. vridh.

रहुत vriddha+tva, m. Old age, Pańch. 226, 2.

दृद्धि vriddhi, i.e. vridh+ti, f. Increase, Pańch. 187, 7; augmentation, Böhtl. Ind., Spr. 438. 2. Prosperity, Bhartr. 2, 82; Pańch. i. d. 382. Wealth. 4. Interest, Man. 8, 143; Pańch. 88, 14 (dvi-guna-, Consisting in doubling the lent amount); usury. 5. Profit, gain, Man. 8, 401. 6. Extension of power or revenue, Pańch. i. d. 264. 7. A heap, a quantity, a multitude. 8. Rise, ascending. 9. The increase of the digits of the sun or moon. 10. The eleventh of the astronomical Yogas, or the principal star of the eleventh lunar mansion. 11. Cutting off. 12. (In law), Forfeiture.—Comp. Kâla-, f. periodical, monthly interest, Man. 8, 153. Kusîda-, interest on money, Man. 8, 151. Chakra-, f. 1. interest agreed on the risk of safe carriage, Man. 8, 156. interest upon interest, Man. 8, 153.

रहिमना vriddhi+mant, adj., f. matî, 1. Augmented, increased, increasing, Pańch. ii. d. 38; Bhartr. 2, 50. 2. Wealthy. 3. Prosperous.