Pûrva-, f. a primeval divinity, Man. 3, 192. Yama-, f. the lunar asterism, Bharaṇî. Yoni-, f. the eleventh lunar asterism. Vasu-, f. the lunar asterism, Dhanishṭhâ. Saubhâgya-, f. a guardian deity, Çâk. 44, 3 (Prâkṛ.). Sthali-, f. a deity of a certain locality, Megh. 105.

देवचा  $deva + tr\hat{a}$ , adv. Among the gods, Chr. 289, 10=Rigv. i. 50, 10.

देवल deva+tva, n. The state of deities, Man. 12, 40.—Comp. Nara-, i.e. nara-deva+tva, n. royalty, Bhâg. P. 1, 3, 22.

Given by the gods, Man. 9, 95. II. m. 1. The conch of Arjuna, Arj. 5, 24. 2. One of the vital airs, that which is exhaled in yawning, Vedântas. in Chr. 207, 16. 3. A proper name used to denote a person in general, Pańch. 36, 2; Vedântas. 213, 1.

देवदार्मय deva-dâru+maya, adj., f. yî, Made of Devadâru wood, Râm. 1, 13, 23 Gorr.

देवन devana, i.e. div + ana, n. Game at dice, MBh. 2, 2033.

देवमय deva+maya, adj., f. yî, Containing the gods, Hariv. 2798.

A husband's brother, but especially his younger brother, Man. 3, 55. 2. div + ara, A lover, Bhâg. P. 4, 26, 26.

देवलक deva+la+ka, m. A Brâhmana of inferior order, who subsists upon the offerings made to the images which he attends, Man. 3, 152.

देवसात् deva+sât, adv. To a god or gods (e.g. turned), MBh. 7, 8687.

देवह devahû, i.e. deva-hve, adj. Invoking the gods, a designation of the left ear, Bhâg. P. 4, 25, 51. देवापि devâpi, m. The name of a Rishi or sage, MBh. 1, 3750.

देवित devitri, i.e. div + tri, m. 1. A dice-player, MBh. 2, 2005. 2. A gamester, MBh. 4, 496.

देविन devin, i.e. div + in, adj. A dice-player, a gamester, MBh. 3, 15204; 5, 895.

देवीक devi+ka (see deva), A substitute for devi when latter part of a comp. adj., e.g. sa-, With the queen, Kathâs. 18, 23.

देवील devî+tva, n. The dignity, 1. of a goddess, Kathâs. 12, 163; 2. of a queen, 17, 45.

देन्न devri, m. A husband's brother, but especially his younger brother.—Cf.  $\delta \alpha i \rho$ ; Lat. levir; O.H.G. zeihur; A.S. tacur, tacor.

देवेश्च deveçaya, i.e.  $deva + i - \varsigma \hat{i} + a$ , adj. Reposing in a god, MBh. 12, 12864.

है म deça, i.e. diç + a, m. 1. A place, Man. 2, 222. 2. A part, a side, Kathâs. 18, 280. 3. A country, Râm. 1, 61, 10. 4. When latter part of comp. words, often without a special signification, e.g. kantha-deça=kantha, Kathâs. 17, 81; nitamba-, Rit. 1, 6; Râm. 1, 55, 3. Comp. A-, m. 1. an improper place, Hit. iv. d. 45. 2. a place which ought not to be touched, Man. 8, 358. Eka-, m. 1. one place, Pańch. 21, 13. 2. one part, Man. 2, 141. Tanû-, m. a part of the body, Bhag. P. 7, 13, 12. Diç-, pl. a country in this or that direction, distant countries, Hit. 9, 4; cf. Rajat. 4, 417. Para-, m. a foreign country. Pûrva-, m. the eastern country, MBh. 2, 1856. Madhya-, m. the middle region, a part of India, Man. 2, 21. Vi-, m. 1. a foreign country, abroad. 2. any place away from home. Sa-, adj. 1. near. 2. of the same country or place.