to, Râm. 1, 22, 29. 2. To promise, Yâjń. 2, 232. 3. To declare, MBh. 5, 7534. 4. To order, Râm. 2, 52, 59. Caus. To invite to speak, MBh. 14, 458.—With प्रतिसम prati-sam, 1. To give an order in one's turn, Râm. 6, 98, 37. 2. To give an order, MBh. 1, 748. - Cf. δείκνυμι, δείκελος, δίκη, δικείν, δίκτυον, δειδίσκομαι (frequent. inchoat. $\sigma \kappa$ for $\delta \epsilon i \delta i \kappa + \sigma \kappa$), $\delta i \sigma \kappa o \varsigma$; Lat. in-dicare, ju-dex, dicere, perhaps dignus (but cf. yaças); Goth. teihan, A.S. tihian, tihhan, O.H.G. zeigôn; A.S. taecan; probably Goth. taikns, A.S. tácn, tácen, taecan'; O.H.G. zît (for zig +ti); A.S. tiid, tíd; O.H.G. zeinjan.

2. () diç, f. 1. A region, or quarter, or point of the compass, Paúch. ii. d. 64. 2. pl. The parts of the earth, Sund. 2, 26. 3. pl. Different directions, Râm. 1, 55, 22; 2, 106, 27; repeated diço-diças (Theone) hither—(the other) thither, Paúch. 129, 20; also sing. (but with sarvatas), Nal. 16, 5. 4. There are variously reckoned four, eight, or ten quarters of the world, Kathâs. 15, 137; Man. 1, 13; MBh. 1, 729. 5. The number ten, Çrut. 36. 6. A foreign country, Yâjú. 2, 254. 7. The name of a river, MBh. 6, 327.—Comp. Vi-, f. an intermediate point of the compass.

s বিষ্ণ -dig+a, a substitute for dig when latter part of comp. adv.; see yathâdigam, yathâbhîshṭadigam.

Exit $dig + \hat{a}$, f. A quarter or point of the compass, MBh. 4, 1716.

दिश्रोभाग diçobhâga, i.e. diç + as -bhâga, adj. One who betakes himself to his heels, Pańch. 232, 16.

only in the instr. dishtyâ, implying joy or auspiciousness, Thank heaven! Sâv. 6, 23.—Cf. diç.

दिस DIH, ii. 2, Par., Âtm. To smear. Ptcple. of the pf. pass. digdha, 1. Sincared, Man. 3, 132. 2. Anointed, Râm. 3, 42, 39. m. A poisoned arrow, Man. 7, 90; Râm. 2, 114, 33 Gorr.—With the prep. $\Re \hat{a}$, \hat{a} digdha, 1. Smeared, MBh. 6, 4384. 2. Anointed, 7, 4386.— With **gu** upa, upadigdha, Overlaid, Sucr. 2, 376, 11.—With \(\mathbf{y} \) pra, \(\mathbf{1}. \) To smear, Bhag. 2, 5. 2. To anoint, Sucr. 1, 42, 19. — With HH sam, 1. To smear, MBh. 8, 3161. 2. To cover, Vikr. d. 43. Pass. To be dubious, Râm. 5, 18, 17. samdigdha, 1. Poisoned (?), Daçak. in Chr. 197, 2. 2. Indistinct, MBh. 1, 6565. 3. Dubious, uncertain, Pańch. i. d. 196. 4. Desponding, Râm. 1, 66, 25. a-sa \tilde{m} digdha+m, adv. Undoubtedly, Pańch. 241, 8. nis -samdigdha, adj. Certain, MBh. 13, 3528. odham, adv. Undoubtedly, MBh. 12, 7809.—Cf. τείχος, τοῖχος; Lat. tingere, θιγγάνω, Lat. fingo, figulus; O.H.G. ziagal; A.S. tigel, tigul; Goth. deigan, ga-dikis, daigs; A.S. díc, deag.

- 1. Find \hat{D} (cf. $d\hat{i}$), i. 4, Par. To soar, to fly (ved.).—Cf. probably $\hat{c}i\nu\eta$, $\hat{c}i\nu\dot{\epsilon}\omega$, perhaps $\hat{c}i\omega$, $\hat{c}i\epsilon\mu\alpha\iota$.
- ₹ DÎ, anomal. ii. 3, didî, Par., Âtm. To shine (ved.).—Cf. δέαται, δέατο, probably also δῆλος.
- 3. This is a straight of the pf. pass. dina, 1. Scanty (ved.). 2. Afflicted, wretched, Man. 9, 238. Comp. A-dina, joyful. Paridina, much afflicted. Sa-dîna+m, adv. lamentably.

হৌৰ DÎKSH (originally a desider. of daksh), i. 1, Âtm. 1. To hallow one's self, to prepare one's self for a sacred act. 2. † To be shaved. 3. † To perform a sacrifice. 4. † To