5356; Daçak. in Chr. 182, 20. 12. Certain persons of a king's court, MBh. 2, 171; *tîrthatama*, see separately.—Comp. *Apsaras*-, n. the name of a locality. *Dus*-, adj., f. *thâ*, difficult to be crossed, Chr. 47, 36. *Sa*-, m. a fellow student. *Soma*-, n. a place of pilgrimage in the west of India.

तीर्थक tirtha+ka, I. adj. Holy, Bhâg. P. 1, 19, 32. II. m. A Brâhmana.

तीर्थकर tîrtha-kara, I. adj. Saving, MBh. 13, 7023. II. m. A Brâhmaņa.

तीर्थतम tîrtha + tama, n. 1. A holier place of pilgrimage, MBh. 3, 7018. 2. A holiest object of veneration, Bhâg. P. 5, 24, 19.

तीर्घवन्त् tîrtha + vant, adj., f. vatî, Abounding in holy bathing-places, Râm. 3, 68, 31.

तीर्थीकरण tirthikaraṇa, i.e. tirtha -kṛi+ana, adj. Hallowing, Bhâg. P. 5, 18, 7.

† নীৰ্ $T\hat{I}V$, i. 1, Par. To become fat.—Cf. tu.

নী fivra, probably tij + van + a, (with r for n, ef. tigma and tikshna), adj., f. râ. 1. Sharp, Bhartr. 2, 77. 2. Hot, Bhartr. 3, 19; flashing, Râm. 3, 62, 11. 3. Violent, MBh. 7, 6893; deep (of darkness), Arj. 8, 13. 4. Bad, MBh. 1, 3097.

तीव्रता tîvra + tâ, f. Heat; in a-, moderate temperature, Râjat. 1, 41.

1. $\overline{\zeta}$ TU, ii. 2, Par. 1. To be powerful (ved.). 2. † To increase. 3. † To go. 4. † To hurt.—Cf. τύλος; Lat. tumor, tumere, tumulus, tuber, tueri, totus; Goth. thiuda, thiuth, thiuthjan; A.S. theod, people.

2. \overline{d} tu, a particle (akin to tva, a ved. pron., Some, one, another, etc.). 1.

But, Man. 1, 109. 2. Preceded by api, But rather, Daçak. in Chr. 184, 17; by him, Nevertheless, MBh. 1, 1916.
3. Or, Man. 11, 201. 4. And, Man. 2, 22. 5. tu—tu, Indeed—but, Hit. i. d. 32.
6. Often without a special signification, Man. 7, 95. 7. Sometimes erroneously for nu, Brâhman. 3, 17 (where the Calc. ed. has nu).—Cf. perhaps 701.

तुजार tukhâra, m. pl. The name of a people, Râm. 4, 44, 14; also written तुषार tushâra, Râm. 1, 56, 3 Gorr.

तुगा tugâ and तुगाचीरी tugâ -kshîrî, f. The manna of bambus, Suçr. 2, 504, 7; 1, 140, 9.

Ā\$\overline{\beta}\$ tunga, i.e. tunj+a. I. adj., f. gâ, Prominent, Bhâg. P. 1, 19, 27; high, Bhartr. 2, 77. II. m. 1. A mountain, Râm. 4, 44, 20. 2. Culmination, Varâh. Bṛih. 1, 13. 3. Height, Bhâg. P. 3, 3, 1. 4. A tree, Bottleria tinctoria Roxb., Suçr. 2, 78, 19. 5. A proper name, Râjat. 6, 318.

तुङ्गक tunga + ka, n. The name of a holy forest, MBh. 3, 8195.

तुष्ट्रिन् tungin, i.e. tunga + in, adj., f. ni, Lofty, Pańch. ii. d. 149.

तुच्क tuchchha, adj. Void, vain, Prab. 76, 12.

तुच्च *TUCHCHHAYA*, a denomin. derived from the last by *aya*, Par. To make poor, Mrichchh. 178, 4.

तुज TUJ, and तुज्ज TUŃJ, † i.

1, Par.; ved., i. 6 (and tuńj, once i.

1) Par., Âtm. 1. To strike, to push.

2. tuńj, † To protect, or to be strong.

i. 10, tojaya and tuńjaya, 1. † To be strong.

2. To strike.

3. To abide.

4. To give, or to take.

तुञ्जीन tuńjina, m. A proper name, Râjat. 5, 277.