-medha + a, adj. Befitting a householder, Bhâg. P. 5, 11, 2.

Treez garhasthya, i.e. griha-sthat +ya, I. adj. Befitting the householder, MBh. 9, 2854. II. n. 1. Condition of a householder, Râm. 2, 106, 21. 2. Household, MBh. 14, 162. 3. Abode, Bhâg. P. 3, 33, 15.

गालव gâlava, m. The name of a saint, MBh. 1, 331.

गान्ति gâlavi, i.e. gâlava+i, patronym., m. A son of Gâlava, MBh. 9, 2995.

गालि gâli, i.e, gal+i, f. An execration, Bhartr. 3, 99.

गालिमन्त् gâli+mant, adj. Using execrations, Bhartr. 3, 99.

गालोड्य  $G\hat{A}LODAYA$ , a denomin. (akin to the Caus. of gal),  $\hat{A}$ tm. To examine.

गाह GÂH'(akin to gabh in gabhîra and gâdh in gâdha), i. 1, Âtm. (in epic poetry also Par., MBh. 13, 3795). With acc. and loc. 1. To dive into, Râm. 3, 76, 33. **2.** To enter, Râm. 2, 52, 95.—Pteple. of the pf. pass. I. gahita, with the sense of the act., MBh. 3, 8772. II. gâdha, 1. Used for bathing in, Ragh. 9, 72. 2. Accessible, open, Bhâg. P. 4, 29, 40. 3. Fast, tight, Râm. 4, 15, 20. 4. Vehement, Amar. 36; Megh. 81. dham, dv. 1. Strongly, fast, Mark. P. 16, 25; Râm. 2, 31, 2. 2. Vehemently, Râm. 1, 9, 47. 3. Heavily, Chr. 35, 7. 4. Much, Râm. 2, 57, 3.—Comp. Dus ·gâdha, unfathomable, Hariv. 17484.— With the prep. 33 ava (sometimes va without its initial), 1. To dive into, Râm. 1, 2, 8. 2. To bathe, MBh. 3, 8649. 3. To betake one's self, Vikr. 62, 15. wagahita and avagadha, Used for bathng in, MBh. 3, 8230; 8236. avagâdha, t. Immersed, Râm. 2, 59, 28. 2. Deeply

impressed, Çâk. d. 56. 3. Vanished, MBh. 4, 2238. 4. Stagnating, Sucr. 1, 353, 3.—Caus. 1. To let bathe, Sucr. 2, 192, 11. 2. To bathe, Sucr. 2, 550, 11. -With व्यव vi-ava, 1. To dive, MBh. 1, 7285. 2. To break in, MBh. 4, 1984. 3. To sink down, to begin (as nightfall), MBh. 3, 16820.—With 37 ud in udgâdha, Excessive, Prab. 67, 9 .-With **34** upa, To break in, Râm. 6, 31, 29.—With ty sam-pra, To dive into, MBh. 14, 1392 .- With a vi, 1. To dive into, Râm. 2, 48, 8. 2. To enter, Ragh. 14, 30. 3. To betake one's self to, MBh. 3, 11343. 4. To fall (as night; see vi-ava), MBh. 5, 7246. gâdha, 1. Bathed, Râm. 5, 7, 39. Used for bathing, Râm. 5, 74, 31. Having penetrated, MBh. 4, 2072. Fallen (as night; see vi-ava), MBh. 3, 1821. 5. Having taken place, MBh. 5, 2776. 6. Much, exceeding. — Comp. pteple. of the fut. pass., durvigâhya, i.e. dus-, adj. 1. Difficult to be sounded, MBh. 13, 1840. 2. Difficult to be passed, Hariv. 13670. 3. Difficult to be accomplished, Râm. 5, 51, 23.—With yfa pra-vi, To enter, Ram. 6, 16, 2.—Cf. βαθύς, βῆσσα for βηθ-ια, βένθος.

गाइन gâh+ana, n. Bathing, Daçak. 145, 14.

गिर् gir (vb. 1. gṛî), f. 1. Voice, Yâjú. 1, 71. 2. Speech, Nal. 1, 26 (25). 3. A word, Nal. 11, 6.

s्रिंगर -gira, A substitute for giri, when latter part of a comp. adv., e.g. anu-gira + m, Along the mountain, Ragh. 13, 49.

गिर्य GIRAYA, a denomin. derived from gir, or perhaps an anomalous Caus. of 1. grî, Par.—With the