With fi ni, 1. To see, MBh. 2, 1740. 2. To hear, Râm. 2, 44, 25. niçânta, Quiet, patient. n. A house, a dwelling, Ragh. 16, 40. Caus. çâmaya, 1. To see, Râm. 1, 2, 6. 2. To hear, 2, 57, 21.—With ग्रुभिनि abhi-ni, Caus. çâmaya, To perceive, Daçak. 201, 14. -With aff vi-ni, To hear, MBh. 3, 1878. - With **संनि** sam-ni, To hear, MBh. 2, 1658. Caus. câmaya, To summon, Chr. 52, 10. With TI pari, Caus. çamaya, To allay, Gît. 7, 20.—With y pra, 1. To cease, Râm. 2, 40, 33; to fade, Man. 4, 186. 2. To be restrained, Pańch. i. d. 357; to become extinguished, Pańch., iii. d. 54. 3. To be appeased, soothed, Chr. 22, 14; Pańch. i. d. 315. 4. To grow ealm, MBh. 2, 1941. 5. To heal, Pańch. 253, 23. praçânta, 1. Ceased, Utt. Râmach. 148, 16 (withdrawn). 2. Dead, Râjat. 5, 21. 3. Calmed, tranquillised, Nal. 26, 35; Vedântas. in Chr. 203, 21. 4. Tamed, Lass. 53, 15. 5. Relieved. Caus. I. çamaya. 1. To allay, MBh. 2, 12978; to soothe, Man. 8, 391. 2. To extinguish, MBh. 1, 8156. 3. To kill, MBh. 2, 2031. II. çâmaya, To conquer, MBh. 3, 12196.—With सम sam, samçânta, Extinguished, Râm. 2, 66, 1. Caus. çamaya, To allay, Râm. 2, 98, 1; to settle, Pańch. i. d. 421.—Cf. κάμνω (cf. ved. çam, ii. 9, çamnâ), σιδηρο-κμής, κημός (cf. çamyâ); O.H.G. chamo.

2. III. sam, I. (sbst.), Work, Chr., 293, 5=Rigv. i. 87, 5. II. indecl. 1. Happy, happily, auspiciously. 2. Hail, happiness, Bhâg. P. 1, 17, 34; 8, 3, 23; Nalod. 3, 46.

π q cam+a, m. 1. Rest, quiet, Çâk.
d. 96; tranquillity. 2. Disregarding

the objects of sense, Vedântas. in Chr. 203, 19. 3. Quiet of mind, the absence of passion, Pańch. i. d. 181. 4. Final happiness. 5. Cure, Utt. Râmach. 144, 13; convalescence. 6. The hand. 7. Abuse, imprecation.

ম্নক cam + aka, adj. sbst. Pacifying, a pacifier.

म्मध çam+atha, m. 1. Quiet, tranquillity of mind, absence of passion. 2. A counsellor.

गुमन çam+ana, I. n. 1. Calmness. 2. End; with yâ, To be destroyed, Pańch. iii. 31, v.r. (cf. my translation and Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 1868). 3. Immolation. 4. Hurt, injury. 5. Abuse, malediction. II. m. 1. An antelope. 2. Yama. III. f. nî, The night.

भ्रमल çamala, n. Impurity, Bhâg. P. 2, 8, 5; calamity, 1, 13, 31.

श्रीस and सी çamî, f. I. A legume or pod. II. mî. 1. A tree, Acacia Suma Roxb., Pańch. 94, 1; Ragh. 3, 9. 2. A shrub, Serratula anthelmintica. III. A large stick, Man. 8, 237 (Sch.). —Comp. Mahâ-çamî, f. a large Acacia Suma, Pańch. 97, 15.

श्रीमन çamin, i.e. çama+in, adj. Tranquil, tranquillised, Utt. Râmaeh. 16, 6.

भ्रम्पा çampâ, f. Lightning.

भ्रम् ÇAMB, see çarb and samb.

na, I. m. 1. The name of a demon, Chr. 297, 14=Rigv. i. 112, 14. 2. A mountain. 3. A sort of deer. 4. A fish. 5. War. II. n. 1. Water. 2. A religious observance.

भ्रावल çambala, I. (m. and) n. 1.