\mathbf{T} R.

1. ₹₹ RAMH (akin to langh, q. cf.), i. 1, Par. and † i. 10, Par. To go, to move, with speed. Caus. To impel to speed, Chr. 291, 5=Rigv. i. 85, 5.—Cf. perhaps τρέχω; Goth. thragjan; in this case the Sskr. word has dropped the initial.

2. † रंह् *RAMH*, वंह् *VAMH*, i. 10, Par. To speak, to shine.

रंहम् 1. ramh+as, n. Speed, velocity, Ragh. 2, 34 (Calc.).—Comp. Ati-, adj. of excessive velocity, Çâk. d. 5. $V\hat{a}ta$ -, adj. swift as the wind, Indr. 1, 7.

 \dagger रक् RAK, लक् LAK, रग् RAG, लग् LAG, रघ RAGH, i. 10, Par. 1. To taste. 2. To obtain.

Taka, m. A proper name, Râjat. 5, 423.

天雨 rakta+ka (see rańj), m. 1. Red garments, or cloth. 2. A man affected with fondness or passion. 3. A player. 4. The name of several plants.

ব্রুম rakta-pa (1. pâ, cf. rańj.), I. adj. Who or what drinks blood. II. m. A Râkshasa, or demon. III. f. pâ. 1. A leech. 2. A female fiend.

रत्तपांचिन् rakta-pâyin(vb. rańj.), I. m. A bug. II. f. nî, A leech.

रतापान rakta-phena-ja, m. A part of the body, apparently intending the lungs.

of rańj, without reduplication), i. 1, Par. (in epic poetry also Âtm., MBh. 3, 8886). 1. To preserve, Man. 7, 213;

Pańch. i. d. 402 (Âtm.). 2. To spare, Pańch. iii. d. 253. 3. To guard, to keep, Vikr. 18, 6; Hit. i. d. 194, M.M. (with gen. in the sense of a dat.); to protect from (abl.), MBh. 3, 8762. 4. To tend, to keep, Man. 9, 328. 5. To govern, Man. 7, 36. Comp. ptcple. of the pf. pass. su-rakshita, Well guarded, Nal. 3, 10. dharma -rakshitâ, f. A proper name, Daçak. in Chr. 191, 14. Comp. ptcple. of the fut. pass. dûrakshya, i.e. dus-, adj. Difficult to be guarded, Mrichchh. 65, 17. Caus. To protect, Panch. 70, 13.—With the prep. Al abhi, 1. To assist, Bhag. 1, 10. 2. To defend, to protect, MBh. 4, 161; Pańch. i. d. 395. 3. To guard, MBh. 1, 5616. 4. To command, Bhag. 1, 10. abhirakshita, Cultivated, Pańch. i. d. 254.—With 到 â, comp. pteple. of the fut. pass. dus-â-rakshya +tama, Most difficult to be protected, Râm. 2, 52, 66.—With uft pari, 1. To preserve, MBh. 1, 6195. 2. To protect, Pańch. 215, 7; MBh. 3, 14366. 3. To restrain, Man. 9. 10. 4. To govern, Man. 7, 142. 5. To keep, Râm. 2, 96, 38. 6. To conceal, MBh. 3, 14717.—With y pra, Tosave, Pańch. v. d. 89.—With 丧事 sam, 1. To protect, Man. 7, 135; Pańch. iii. d. 9. 2. To keep off, Râm. 1, 32, 2.-Cf. probably ἀρκέω, ἀλκτήρ ἀλαλκτήρ (frequent.), ἄλξις, ἀλέξω; Lat. arx; Goth. ga-rehsns.

Taksh+a, I. m. One who guards, Lass. 34, 8. II. m., and f. kshâ. 1. Preserving, guarding, Pańch. 184, 8; protecting, protection, Pańch. 157, 7. 2. (i.e. rańj+ta, cf. raktâ, s.v. rańj), Lac. III. f. kshâ. 1. Ashes. 2. A sort of bracelet, an amulet, Çâk. 105, 12 (Prakr.).—Comp. Kshetra-, m. a