decorating the person by staining it with fragrant pigments of sandal, musk, etc., Hariv. 7078. Sa-patra-lehha, adj. decorated with fragrant pigments, Rit. 6, 7. Çaçilehhâ, i.e. çaçin-, f. 1. a digit of the moon. 2. the name of an Apsaras, Lass. 51, 13. Hṛillehha, i.e. hṛid-, m. 1. reasoning. 2. knowledge. 3. heartache.

जेखक lekhaka, i.e. likh+aka, m. A writer, Pańch. 237, 1.

Scarifying. 2. Writing, copying, Pańch. 237, 1; scripture. 3. The bark of the Bhój tree and the leaf of the palm tree, used for writing on.

लंखनिक lekhanika, i.e. lekhana+ika, m. 1. A letter-carrier. 2. One who signs by proxy.

† जेप् LEP, i. 1, Âtm. 1. To go. 2. To serve (?).

plastering, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 748. 2. Mortar, plaster, MBh. 1, 5724. 3. Stain, spot. 4. The wipings of the hand which has offered funeral oblations to three ancestors, these wipings being considered as an oblation to ancestors in the fourth, fifth, and sixth degrees. 5. Food, Man. 3, 210.—Comp. Nirlepa, i.e. nis-, adj. free from spots, Man. 5, 112. Pindi-, m. a kind of ointment, Kathâs. 28, 178. Vajra-, m. a kind of ointment (?), Pańch. iv. d. 10 (Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 2704, pitch); cf. Wilson, Th. of the Hind. 2. ed. ii. p. 55.

लंपक lepaka, i.e. lip+aka, m. A bricklayer, a plasterer.

लेपकर lepa-kara, m. A writer, Râm. 1, 12, 17.

लेपन lepana, i.e. lip+ana, n. 1. Anointing, Lass. 11, 2. 2. Smearing. 3. Plastering, Chr. 57, 22; Râm. 2, 91, 41 (both at the end of comp. adj. Plastered with). 4. Mortar, Man. 6, 76.—Comp. Bhûmi-, n. cow-dung.

Sचिपन -lepin, i.e. lepa+in, adj. Having a plastering; in prabhâ-, adj. Covered with splendour, Vikr. d, 125.

लेप्यक्तत्  $lepya-hri+t(vb.\ lip), m.\ \Lambda$  bricklayer, a plasterer.

लेप्यमयी lepyamayî, i. e. lepya+ maya+i (vb. lip), f. A doll.

लेखि ह leliha, i.e. lih, frequent., +a, m. 1. A serpent, MBh. 1, 1318. 2. A worm breeding in the stomach.

ness. 2. When latter part of compound words, often A little bit, little; e.g. Pańch. i. 353; MBh. 3, 1268; Çâk. d. 37.—Comp. Açru-, m. drops of tears, Megh. 105. Prâleya-, m. hailstone, Pańch. i. d. 353. Sukha-, m. insignificant pleasure, Bhâg. P. 6, 9, 38; Pańch. i. d. 203. Sa-, adj. entire, Kirât. 14, 2.

लेषु leshiu, perhaps lig+tu (but cf. loshia, to which it seems to be akin), m. A clod of earth.

ले ह्न lehana, i.e. lih + ana, n. Licking, tasting with the tongue.

लेण LAIN, see pain.

enia LOK, i. 1, Âtm., and i. 10, Par. (probably a denomin. derived from loka), 1. To see. 2. i. 10, † To shine, to speak.—With the prep. ञ्रव ava, i. 1 and 10, 1. To see, Hit. 15, 2, M.M.; to look, Hit. 85, 15; to regard, Vikr. 3, 6; to see to, Çâk. 3, 6; to watch, Pańch. 249, 4. 2. To perceive, Vikr. 21, 3; Lass. 9, 16. 3. To review (an army), Hit. 94, 8.—With समव sam-ava, i. 10, To inspect, Çâk. d. 13.—With ञा