Nis-, f. want of veracity, Hit. i. d. 97, M.M.

सत्यवन्त satya + vant, I. adj., f. vatî, True, practising truth. II. m. A proper name. Proper name, Chr. 3, 6.

सत्यापन satyâpana, i.e. satyâpaya (a denomin. derived from satya), + ana, n., and f. nâ, Ratification of a bargain.

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सच satra, see sattra.

सचा $sa+tr\hat{a}$, prep. (with instr.), With, together with.

सचिन् satrin, सल satva, see sattrin, sattva.

सलन् satvan, m. A warrior, Chr. 290, 2=Rigv. i. 64, 2.

सथूत्कार sa-thût (an imitative sound), -kûra, n. Sputtering in speech.

1. सद SAD, i. 1 and 6, sîda (for sisada), Par. (in epic poetry also Atm., MBh. 1, 5184), 1. To sink down, to lie, Râm. 3, 74, 31. 2. To sit down (ved.). 3. To become helpless, Man. 4, 191; to be in distress, Panch. ii. d. 24. 4. To be impeded, Man. 9, 94. 5. To be low-spirited, dejected, MBh. 1, 2061; Hit. iii. d. 6. 6. To decay, to perish, Man. 4, 34; Hit. ii. d. 75. Pteple. of the pf. pass. sanna. 1. Lying motionless, Man. 6, 56; still. Shrunk, diminished. 3. Gone, lost, Kir. 3, 38. 4. Dispirited. 5. Oppressed, Kumâras. 7, 85. 6. Spoiled, Ragh. 19, 19. Caus. sâdaya, 1. To throw down, Draup. 8, 29. 2. To afflict, MBh. 3, 50. 3. To destroy, Vikr. d. 42. sâdita, 1. Exterminated. 2. Exhausted. 3. Decayed. 4. Broken. 5. Distressed, Kir. 14, 57. 6. Drawn. — With the prep. **羽** ava, 1. To wither, to perish gradually, MBh. 3, 2674; to perish, Dacak, in Chr. 193, 10. 2. To be exhausted, to pine, Man. 4, 187. 3. To be afflicted, Sav. 5, 47. avasanna, 1. Ended, Hit. 14, 6, M.M. 2. Languid, weak, Daçak. in Chr. 194, 3. Dispirited, unhappy, Chân. 65 in Berl. Monatsb. 1864, 411. 4. Bent. 5. Separated. 6. Nonsuited. Caus. 1. To destroy, Bhag. 6, 5. 2. To mitigate, Çâk. d. 103. Comp. absol. an -avasâdya, Without desponding, Daçak. in Chr. 189, 9.—With aga vi-ava, 1. To sink down, MBh. 3, 713. 2. To perish, MBh. 3, 823.—With HHa sam -ava, samavasanna, Sorrowful, MBh. 2, 956.—With **31** â, To sit down, Chr. 291, 6=Rigv. i. 85, 6. i. 1 and 10, sâdaya, 1. To approach, Râm. 2, 56, 33; to come to, Panch. 127, 17; 247, 8 (râtrim âsâdya, at night); to reach, Hit. pr. d. 47, M.M.; to overtake, Vikr. 6, 7. 2. To attack, Râm. 1, 21, 12. 3. To find, Man. 4, 227. 4. To obtain, Vikr. 73, 4; MBh. 3, 10472; with garvam, To become proud, Pańch. 26, 3. âsanna, Near, Hit. 84, 7, M.M. Comp. Mahâ-, m. Kuvera. âsâdita, 1. Gone to, reached. 2. Obtained, Daçak. in Chr. 196, 5. 3. Spread. 4. Effected. Comp. An-âsâdita, adj. not tested, Hit. iii. d. 41 (but cf. Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 3202). Absol. âsâdya, 1. Having found, Hit. iv. d. 60 (kâryam, a motive, i.e. if it is one's interest). 2. Agreeably to, Man. 8, 324.—With अस्या abhi-â, 1. To step on, Kir. 5, 52. 2. To obtain, MBh. 3, 17101.—With प्रत्या prati-â, To be near, Kir. 11, 36. pratyâsanna, Near, Paúch. 10, 9; imminent, Hit. 115, 15. —With 电研 sam-â, 1. To approach,