çâtuya, Caus. of *çad*, +ana, at the end of a comp. adj. Cutting off, Ragh. 3, 42 (v.r., ef. *çâtin*).

शातिभिष çâtabhisha, or शातिभिषज çâtabhishaja, i.e. çatabhishâ, or çatabhishaj, +a, m. One who is born during the lunar mansion called Çatabhishâ or Çatabhishaj, Vârt. 2, ad Pân. iv. 2, 8; cf. iv. 3, 36.

शातमन्यव çâtamanyava, i.e. çata -manyu, a name of Indra, +a, adj. Belonging to Indra, Kir. 13, 38.

श्वातिन çâtin, i.e. çâtaya, Caus. of çad, +in, adj. Cutting off, Ragh. 3, 42 (v.r., cf. çâtana).

মাৰ çâtrava, i.e. çatru + a, I. m. An enemy, MBh. 8, 1523. II. n. 1. Enmity. 2. A multitude of enemics.

ग्राह çâda, i.e. çada + a, m. 1. Young grass. 2. Mud.

ग्राह्ल çâdvala, i. e. çâda+vala, I. adj. 1. Covered with young grass, Vikr. 57, 18; Râm. 3, 50, 14. 2. Green, Kâçikh. 32, 50, and Aufrecht, Ujjvalad. 255, n. II. sbst. (n.) A place covered with grass, Kir. 7, 26.

† म्रान_ \hat{CAN} (properly a denominderived from \hat{cana}), used only in the anomal. desider. $\hat{cicamsa}$, Par. Âtm. To whet, to sharpen.

भान çâna, i. e. ço+na, m. 1. A grindstone. 2. A touchstone.—Cf. A.S. haenan, lapidare.

ग्रानेश्वर çânaiçchara, i.e. çanaiçchara+a, adj. Falling on a Saturday, Lass. 16, 16.

शान्तनव çântanava, i.e. çântanu+ a, patronym., m. The son of Çântanu, i.e. Bhîshma, Chr. 4, 15.

श्रान्तनु çûntanu, m. The name of a king, Chr. 3, 4.

Quiet, the absence of passion, and indifference to objects of pleasure or pain, Hit. 78, 8, M.M.; iii. d. 4. 2. Felicity, Lass. 96, 12. 3. Rest, repose, Mâlat. 87, 6. 4. Ceasing, Hit. iii. d. 88. 5. Causing to cease, Mâlat. 128, 3; remission, alleviation, soothing, Çringârat. 14; Çâk. 31, 11; Vikr. d. 24. 6. Appeasing (the stomach), Bhartr. 2, 23. 7. Expiatory rites to avert evil, Râm. 1, 11, 14. 8. Preservation, Pańch. 89, 5; 90, 4.

शान्त ÇÂNTV, and (worse, although very frequent), सान्त $S\widehat{A}NTV$, i. 10 (rather a denomin. derived from the next), Par. (in epic poetry also Âtm., MBh. 2, 2428), 1. To pacify, Man. 7, 172 (with s). 2. To comfort, to console, Mâlat. 146, 3 (with s); MBh. 4, 436 (with s). 3. To address mildly, Man. 8, 79 (with s); Chr. 38, 7 (with c). 4. To conciliate, Râm. 1, 38, 5 (with s). —With the prep. 到知 abhi, To comfort, Râm. 2, 32, 39 (with c).-With gu upa, To comfort, MBh. 3, 14330 (with s). - With yet pari, To console, Râm. 2, 23, 42 (with c).

(Man. 8, 391), i.e. cam + tva, n. 1. Conciliation. 2. Comforting, consoling. 3. Mildness, Man. 8, 391 (s); Chr. 42, 9 (c). 4. Mild speech, Râm. 2, 35, 23; MBh. 5, 2650 (sântva). 5. Peaceable way, Pańch. iii. d. 26 (sântva); Lass. 45, 14 (c).

भाप çâpa, i.e. çap + a, m. 1. Abuse.

2. Oath. 3. Curse, Pańch. 186, 14.

ATTER çâbda, i.e. çabda+a, I. adj.

- Sonorous, sounding.
 Relating to or derived from words, Bhâshâp. 80.
- 3. Nominal. II. f. dî, Sarasvatî.