Man. 9, 13. Pańchajana, i.e. pańchan-, I. m. 1. the five higher classes of beings (gods, men, Gandharvas with the Apsaras, serpents, and manes). 2. mankind. 3. the name of a demon, and of others. II. f. nî, a proper name. Punya-, m. pl. a kind of good demon. Prithagiana, i.e. prithak-, m. 1. low people, Man. 7, 137. 2. an ignorant man. 3. a sinner, a wicked man. 4. pl. children of one father by different mothers. Paura-, m. a eitizen. Mahâ-, m. 1. a preeminent man, a virtuous man. 2. a merchant. Vi-, adj. lonely, private; loc. one, privately, Panch. 58, 8. Viçva-, m. all men, mankind. Su-, m. 1. a virtuous man. 2. a benevolent one. 3. the charioteer of Indra. Sva-. m. 1. a kinsman. 2. family, Bhartr. 2, 19; Daçak, in Chr. 186, 24.

可有 jan+aka, I. adj. Causing, MBh. 4, 1456. II. m. 1. A father, Paúch. v. d. 19. 2. A producer, Bhâshâp. 44. 3. A proper name, Râm. 1, 1, 26.—Comp. Yamunâ-, m. the sun.—Cf. O.H.G. kuning; A.S. eyning, king; Fáναξ.

जनकता janaka+tâ, f. 1. Causing, Sâh. D. 2, 5. 2. Paternity, Kathâs. 17, 57.

সন্না jana+tâ, f. 1. Mankind, Bhâg. P. 5, 10, 8. 2. Household servants, Bhâg. P. 1, 6, 24. 3. Subjects, Kathâs. 18, 23.—Comp. Su-, f. 1. goodness. 2. benevolence. 3. a number of respectable persons.

जनन jan+ana, I. adj., f. $n\hat{i}$, 1. Bringing forth, Man. 9, 81. 2. Causing, MBh. 1, 1183. II. f. $n\hat{i}$, A mother, Daçak. in Chr. 179, 20. III. n. 1. Child-birth, Man. 5, 61. 2. Producing, production, Râm. 1, 23, 17. 3. Existence, Çâk. d. 99.—Comp. see Ku-. $Str\hat{i}$ - $janan\hat{i}$, a woman who brings forth only daughters, Man. 9, 81.

जन्यह janayitri, i.e. jan, Caus., +tri, I. m. 1. A progenitor, Râm. 2, 111, 11. 2. A father, Man. 9, 142. II. f. trî, A mother, Râjat. 3, 108.

जनियणु janayishnu, i.e. jan, Caus., +ishnu, m. A progenitor, MBh. 9, 2222.

जनस् jan+as, n. indeel. One of the seven worlds beyond the maharloha, Vedântas. in Chr. 209, 1.

জাৰি jan+i, f. 1. A woman, Chr. 291, 1=Rigv. i. 85, 1. 2. Birth-place, Hariv. 11979.

जिल्ल janitṛi, i.e. jan+tṛi, I. m. A father, Pańch. i. d. 9. II. f. trî, A mother, MBh. 3, 10498.—Cf. Lat. genitor, genitrix; γενετήρ, γενέτωρ, γενέτειρα.

জনির janitra, i.e. janitri + a, n. Birth-place, MBh. 5, 2580.—Cf. $\gamma \varepsilon - \nu \dot{\epsilon} \theta \lambda \eta$.

जनिय janishya (mutilated janishyant, pteple. of the fut. Par.), adj. Future, Râm. 3, 66, 14.

Man. 3, 77. 2. A man, Man. 4, 240. 3. A proper name, Bhâg. P. 9, 22, 1.—Comp. Karkaṭi-, m. the offspring of a crab, Châṇ. 56 in Berl. Monatsb. Jala-, m. an aquatic animal, Hit. i. d. 187.

जन्तुमन्त् jantu+mant, adj. Full of reptiles, Mârk. P. 32, 19.

司朝 *jan* + *man*, n. **1.** Birth, Man. 1, 42. **2.** Production, Râm. 3, 20, 31. **3.** Sowing, planting, Kumâras. 5, 60. **4.** Appearance, Yâjú. 3, 23. **5.** Existence, Man. 5, 38. **6.** A father, Çâk. d. 177. **7.** Creature, Chr. 289, 7=Rigv. i. 50, 7. **8.** Manner, Chr. 293, 5=Rigv. i. 87, 5.—Comp. *Agra*-, m. a Brâhmaṇa, Man. 2, 20. *Antya*-, adj. of the lowest tribe, Man. 10, 110. *Ambhoja*-,