$-indra + t\hat{a}$ , f. Dominion over the beasts, Pańch. i. d. 25.

1. मज MRIJ (akin to mri), ii. 2, mârj, mrij, Par. (iu epic poetry also Âtm., MBh. 4, 722). 1. To wipe, MBh. 4, 722. 2. To rub, to stroke, Râm. 1, 64, 7. 3. To cleanse, MBh. 3, 2577. 4. To sweep or to cast on somebody, Man. 8, 317. Ptcple. of the pf. pass. mrishta. 1. Rubbed, touched. Sprinkled. 3. Cleansed. 4. Pure, Nal. 12, 36. Comp. Su-mrishta, adj. very fine, Pańch. 113, 8; very delicate, i. d. 303. Caus., and i. 10, mârjaya, Par. To wipe away, Bhartr. 2, 89. marjita, Bright, Râjat. 5, 369.—With the prep. ञ्चप apa, To remove, Man. 2, 27.— With ञ्रव ava, 1. To sweep away, to destroy, MBh. 1, 5487. 2. To (rub away, to) wash, to moisten, Utt. Râmach. 153, 3.—With 31 â, To wipe, MBh. 2, 2224. âmrishta, Rubbed at, Çâk. d. 161.—With नि ni, To wipe, Man. 4, 216. Desider. mimriksha, To flash down, Chr. 290, 4=Rigv. i. 64, 4 (ved. red. pf.).—With निस् nis, To wipe, Lass. 59, 11.—With **प**रि pari, 1. To wipe, MBh. 3, 584. 2. To touch, Çâk. 83, 7.—With **y** pra, 1. To wipe, Man. 2, 60. 2. To rub, to stroke, MBh. 3, 1778. 3. To remove, Ragh. 6, 41; 44. 4. To destroy, Bhartr. 2, 75. pramrishta, 1. Rubbed. 2. Polished, bright, Mâlav. d. 24; clear.—With fa vi, 1. To wipe, Sav. 5, 96. 2. To rub, to stroke, MBh. 3, 16849 .- With सम sam, 1. To sweep together, Râjat. 5, 74. 2. To cleanse, Chr. 61, 38. 3. To purify, MBh. 2, 2186.—Cf. ἀμέργω, δμόργνυμι, ὄμοργμα, ἀμέλγω, γλάγος (for μλάγος, by assimilation), γάλα, γάλακτος (for original μλακτο, pteple. of the pf. pass.); Lat. mulgere, mulier, lac (for mlac), margo; Goth. miluks; A.S. meoluc, meole, melcan; Goth. marka; A.S. mearc, mearcian, ge-mearc.

## 2. मृज् *MRIJ*, see muj.

मृज mrija, I. m. A musical instrument. II.  $j\hat{a}$  (1. mrij+a), f. Cleaning.

मञ्ज MRIŃJ, see muj.

मुख् MRID (for original mṛiḍḍh, i.e. mṛish-dhâ, cf. Zend. marezhdâ and merezhdika), i. 6, and ii. 9, mṛiḍṇâ, mṛiḍṇâ, Par. 1. To pardon (ved.). 2. To exhilarate, to delight (ved.).

मृड mṛid+a, m. Çiva. f. dâ, dî, Durgâ.

मृडङ्कण mridankana, m. A child.

मृण MRIN (developed out of mṛi + nâ, see mṛi), i. 6, Par. To kill.—Cf. μάρναμαι.

मुणाल mṛiṇâla, I. m. and n. The stalk of a lotus, Vikr. d. 19. II. m., and f. lî, A small fibre of a lotus, Vikr. d. 54 (°la); Utt. Râmach. 15, 16 (°lî).

मृणाचवन्त् mṛiṇâla+vant, adj., f. vatî, Possessing fibres, Çâk. 31, 7.

मृणाि न mṛiṇâlin, i.e. mṛiṇâla+ in, I. m. A lotus. II. f. nî, A place where lotus flowers grow.

मृ्ग्स्य mṛiṇmaya, and better मृत्यय mṛinmaya (Man. 5, 122), i.e. mṛid+ maya, adj., f. yî, Made of earth or clay, earthen, Vedântas. in Chr. 216, 18.

मृतक mṛita (vb. mṛi), +ka, n. A dead body, Lass. 4, 11.

मृत ख mritanda, m. The father of the sun.