Ragh. 6, 19 (whom did Lakshmî worship besides him?). - With য়a ava, pass. To be left, MBh. 3, 11558.—With खव vi-ava, To abandon, MBh. 3, 13661.—With **अपा** apa-â, 1. To leave, MBh. 1, 4946. 2. To pass by, MBh. 3, 2963 (=Nal. 24, 13, Bopp., apahâya, against the metre). Absol. apâhâya, Except (except immortality, speak what you wish for), MBh. 3, 11982 (=Arj. 3, 47, Bopp., apahâya, against the metre). _With न ni, nihîna, Low, vile._With परि pari, pass. 1. To decrease, MBh. 3, 12858; with angais, Cak. 34, 12 (Prakr. Thy limbs become thinner). 2. To be wanting, Râm. 1, 2, 16 (act so that nothing may be wanting); to be unacquainted with, Mâlat. 69, 18. 3. To be deprived, Man. 9, 254. 4. To be lost, Hit. ii. d. 68. 5. To be avoided, Hit. ii. d. 54. 6. To be omitted, to be sinned, MBh. 2, 2460 (with the termination of the Par.). parihîna, 1. Deprived, Bhâshâp. 14. 2. Waned, decayed. Caus. To abandon, Man. 8, 206.—With y pra, 1. To leave, MBh. 1, 4620. 2. Pass. To be lost, to perish, Man. 4, 41; to be relinquished, Kir. 14, 13.—With विप्र vi-pra, viprahîna, 1. Abandoned, Chr. 8, 27 (read $n\hat{a}$). 2. Deprived, MBh. 1, 8142.—With a vi, To abandon, Lass. 2. ed. 77, 65; to leave, Çâk. d. 67; Vikr. d. 41. vihîna, 1. Deprived, void of, without, Bhartr. 2, 17; Râm. 2, 52, 37; Pańch. iii. d. 24. 2. Free from, Ragh. 18, 13. Comp. Prichchhâ-, adj. one who has not asked, Pańch. i. d. 438. Caus. vihâpita, 1. Given. 2. Extorted. n. Gift.—With प्रवि pra-vi, To neglect, to disdain, Panch. iv. d. 36.—Cf. x noos, xwois, χῆτος, χατέω; Goth. gaidv, giban;

A.S. gifan ($=h\hat{a}paya$, cf. $vih\hat{a}pita$), gafol, gaefel, gif; Engl. if; Lat. habere.

3. 夏下 hâ, an interj. 1. Of pain, weariness, grief, Ah! Mâlat. 153, 21; Râm. 3, 50, 22; 55, 35; sorrow, Woe! Vikr. 61, 7. 2. Of joy. 3. Of reproach, Râm. 3, 51, 25. 4. Of wrath, Mâlat. 82, 5. Repeated, 夏夏 hâ-hâ, interjection of, 1. Surprise. 2. Grief, Pańch. 35, 10.

হাতক hâṭaha, I. adj. Golden, Râm. 3, 49, 8. II. n. Gold, Pańch. 184, 16.

हाटकमय hâṭaka+maya, adj., f. yî, Made of gold.

हाच $h\hat{a} + tra$ (vb. ?), n. Wages.

हान $h\hat{a}na$, i.e. $2.h\hat{a}+ana$, n. 1. Relinquishing. 2. Prowess.

Ele 2.hâ+ni, f. 1. Abandonment, Bhag. 2, 65. 2. Privation, absence, Paúch. v. d. 83. 3. Diminution, neglecting, Utt. Râmach. 86, 10. 4. Loss, Hit. i. d. 157, M.M. 5. Want, Râjat. 5, 179.—Comp. Tejas-, f. loss of splendour and of power, Paúch. i. d. 194. Vîrya-, f. 1. loss of vigour or courage. 2. impotence. Svatva-, f. forfeiture of proprietary right.

हानिकर् hânikara, i.e. hâni-kṛi+a, adj. Prejudicial, Paúch. i. d. 99.

हान्त्र hântra (हान्द्र hândra), i.e. probably han + tra, n. Dying, death.

m. and n. A year, Man. 2, 154. II. m. 1. A flame. 2. A sort of rice.—Comp. Eka-, adj. one year old, Man. 11, 136. Tri-hâyaṇa, adj., f. nî, three years old, MBh. 3, 14854. Shashti-, I. adj. sixty years old, Hid. 4, 23. II. m. an elephant.