of the pf. pass. a-viinata, adj. 1. Unknown, Man. 4, 129. 2. Unperceived, Bhâg. P. 1, 13, 16. Comp. ptcple. of the fut. pass. dus-vijneya, adj. Difficult to be conceived, MBh. 13, 724. Comp. absol. a-vijńâya, Without knowing exactly, Panch. 57, 3. Caus. 1. To declare, Pańch. 152, 5. 2. To speak, Râm. 5, 90, 17. 3. To address, Pańch. 69, 12. 4. To impart (with acc. of the person and of the object), Rajat. 3, 241. Desid. To wish to learn, Bhag. P. 5, 16, 2.—With म्राभिव abhi-vi, 1. To learn, MBh. 1, 1565. 2. To perceive, Râm. 2, 101, 1.—With प्रवि pra-vi, To know exactly, Sucr. 1, 342, 3.-With मंदि sam-vi, To advise, MBh. 12, 2451. Caus. To recite, Râjat. 3, 180.—With सम sam, Atm. 1. To allot, Bhag. P. 9, 16, 34. 2. To understand, Râm. 2, 35, 17. Caus. 1. To satisfy, MBh. 12, 12567. 2. To quiet an animal destinated to be sacrificed, MBh. 14, 2645. 3. To speak in signs, Mrichchh. 30, 15. 4. To command, Hariv. 7056 (saminapan instead of -jńapayan).—Cf. γιγνώσκω, γνωσις, άγνοια, νούς, etc.; Lat. nosco, cf. co-gnosco, gnarus, narro; Goth. kunnan, kunths, kunthi; O.H.G. knajan; A.S. cnáwan.

হ্বা jńâ, for âjnâ after e and o, MBh. 1, 3168; 3, 16308.

**πίπ** jhâti, i.e. jan + â + tî, m. A paternal relation, Man. 2, 132.—Comp. A-, m. one who is not a paternal kinsman, Man. 5, 103. Nis-, adj. being without kinsmen, MBh. 8, 280. Sva-, I. f. kindred. II. m. a kinsman.—Cf. Goth. knôds; Lat. co-gnatus, natio; γνήσιος.

হ্মানিল jńâti+tva, n. Consanguinity, Man. 11, 172.

রাভ jńâ+tri, m., f. trî, n. 1. One

who knows, MBh. 13, 7173. **2.** A witness, Man. 8, 57, v.r.—Cf. Lat. co-gnitor.

Nowledge, Man. 2, 13. 2. Superior knowledge, Bhag. 3, 3. 3. Consciousness, MBh. 1, 5827. 4. Intention, Man. 11, 145.—Comp. A-, I. n. 1. ignorance, Pańch. ii. d. 34. 2. inadvertence, Man. 11, 145. Abl. °nât, without one's knowledge, Man. 8, 243. II. adj., f. nâ, ignorant. Âtmajnâna, i.e. âtman-, n. the knowledge of the universal soul, Man. 12, 85. Dus-, adj. difficult to be known, MBh. 12, 4026.

দ্বাৰহ jhâna-da, m. One who can impart knowledge, Man. 2, 109.

ज्ञानस्य jńâna+maya, adj., f. yî, Containing knowledge, Man. 2, 7.

মানবন্ jiâna + vant, adj., f. vatî.

1. Knowing, Vedântas. in Chr. 218, 20.

2. Endowed with superior knowledge, Râm. 6, 102, 7.

\$ হ্বাবিক -jńânika, i.e. jńâna + ika, = jńâna, as latter part of a comp. adj. in pra-nashṭa- (vb. naç), adj. Without knowledge, Suçr. 1, 8, 14.

দ্মানিল jhânitvu, i.e. jhânin+tva, n. Fortune-telling, Kathâs. 19, 75.

হালিৰ júânin, i.e. júâna+in, I. adj., f. nî, One who understands fully, Man. 12, 103; learned, Râm. 1, 8, 13. II. m. An astrologer, a fortune-teller, Râm. 6, 23, 4.

হ্বা**प**क jnâpaka, i.e. jnâ, Caus., +aka,
I. m. 1. A teacher, Bhâg. P. 9, 6, 10.
2. A master of requests, Pańch. 156, 18
(thus to be read instead of nâyaka). II.
n. A precept, Râjat, 1, 5; a rule, MBh.
1, 5846.

দ্বাদে jnâpana, i.e. jnâ, Caus., + ana, n. Notifying, Râjat. 4, 180.