roads, Pańch. ii. d. 135. Simha-, f. nâ, Durgâ.

सापन yâpana, i.e. yâ, Caus., +ana, n., f. nâ (Kâm. Nîtis. 9, 1). 1. Spending time. 2. Staying. 3. Rejection. 4. Alleviating.—Comp. Kâla-, n. procrastination, Hit. ii. d. 58.

याम $y\hat{a}ma$, I. i.e. $y\hat{a}+ma$, m. Going, march, Chr. 293, 3=Rigv. i. 87, 3; Chr. 287, 4=Rigv. i. 48, 4 (approaching, rising). II. i.e. yama + a, adj., f. $m\hat{i}$. 1. Relating to Yama. 2. Inflicted by Yama, Man. 12, 17. III. i.e. yam + a, m. 1. Forbearance. 2. Cessation. 3. A watch of three hours, Man. 7, 145 .--Comp. A-vinoda-dîrgha-, adj., f. mâ, endowed with long watches (i.e. seeming long) on account of offering no interesting pursuit, Vikr. d. 45. Tri-, I. adj., f. mâ, consisting of three watches, epithet of night, Râm. 2, 10, 7 Gorr. II. f. mâ, night, Vikr. d. 63. Yâta-, adj. (originally, flat, from having stood a night). 1. old, spoiled, Bhag. 17, 10. 2. used. 3. rejected.

यामन $y\hat{a} + man$, n. Going, Chr. 291, 1=Rigv. i. 85, 1 (ved. loc. without termination).

यामन yâmana, Hiḍ. 1, 38, is a false reading (see MBh. 1, 5912).

यामल yâmala, i.e. yamala + a, n. A pair.

यामाह yâmâtṛi, i.e. yam+âtṛi (cf. jâmâtṛi), and यामाहक yâmâtṛi+ ka (Lass. 24, 18). m. A daughter's husband.—Cf. Lat. janitrix; εἰνατέρες; and O.H.G. eidum, A.S. adhum, derived from the same verb.

यामि and यामी yâmi, I. i.e. yam +i, f. I. A sister. 2. A daughterin-law, Man. 4, 180 (mi); 183 (mi). II. i.e. yâma+i, Night. यामिक yâmika, i.e. yâma+ika, I. adj. One who announces the watches, Kathâs. 3, 63. II. f. kâ, Night.

चामिनी yâminî, i.e. yâma+in+î, f. Night, Daçak. in Chr. 188, 8; Kir. 5, 44.

यामी yâmî, see yâmi.

यामेय yâmeya, i.e. yâmi+eya, m. A sister's son.

रास्य yâmya, i.e. yama+ya, I. adj., f. yâ, Relating to Yama, Râm. 3, 54, 10 (with diç, The south); propounded by Yama, Man. 8, 173. II. m. 1. Agastya. 2. Sandal. III. f. yâ. 1. The south. 2. i.e. yâma+ya, f. Night.

যায়র $y\hat{a}yaj+\hat{u}ha$ (frequent. of yaj), m. A performer of frequent sacrifices.

Survey -yâyin, i.e. yâ+in, adj.

1. Going in; e.g. nau-, adj. sbst. Who or what goes in a boat, Man. 8, 409.

1. Leading to, Utt. Râmach. 15, 10 (chitrakûta-, to the mount of Chitrakûta).

2. satata-, adj. Taking place continually, Man. 1, 50. samudra-, adj. m. A navigator of the ocean, 3, 158.

चाव $y\hat{a}va$, I. yava + a, adj. Relating to barley. II. m. Lac, the red animal dye.

यावक yâva+ka, m. 1. Half ripe barley. 2. Barley-gruel. Man. 11, 125. 3. Lac.—Comp. Sa-, adj., f. vikâ, painted with lac, Kir. 5, 40.

यावज्ञीवम् yavajjivam, i.e. yâvant-jîva + m, adv. All one's life, Pańch. pr. d. 4.

यावित्य yâvatitha (an old superl. of yâvant), adj. 1. That which is as far as. 2. In how many soever degrees advanced, Man. 1, 20.