inî, 1. Having shape. 2. Beautiful, Sav. 1, 26.—Comp. When latter part of comp. words, $r\hat{u}pa$ generally belongs to the former part, and the aff. in to the comp. word. A-, adj. without shape, Râm. 1, 23, 15. Anya-, adj. having another shape, Kathâs. 16, 44. Kuńjara-, adj. having the shape of an elephant, Sund. 2, 20. Kshapanaka-, adj. wearing the guise of a Bauddha mendicant, Paúch. 235, 10. Tathâ-, adj. having such a shape, MBh. 12, 7344. Deva-, adj. having a divine shape, Hid. 2, 24. Mriga-, adj. having the shape of an antelope, Râm. 3, 49, 21. Sâdhana-, adj. having the form or character of expedients, Vedântas. in Chr. 219, 9. Sva-, adj. endowed with one's own form, Chr. 26, 64. Strî-sva-, adj. having the body of a female, Chr. 63, 67.

Fu rûpya, i.e. rûpa+ya, I. adj. Handsome, Pâṇ. v. 2, 120. II. n. 1. Silver, Man. 4, 230. 2. Wrought silver, Pâṇ. ib. 3. Wrought gold.—Comp. Sama-, i.e. samarûpa+ya, adj. of like or same origin.

sevaria '-rûpya+ka, in suvarna -rûpya+ka, adj. Abounding in gold and silver, Râm. 4, 40, 33.

रूपमय $r\hat{u}pya + maya$, adj., f. $y\hat{i}$, Consisting of silver, Paúch. 241, 16.

corate. i. 10, Par. 1. To tremble. 2. To burst. Ptcple. of the pf. pass. rûshita. 1. Adorned, Indr. 5, 8. 2. Inlaid, covered, Râm. 4, 19, 32. 3. Made rough or rugged. 4. Pounded, reduced to dust.

t re, A vocative particle, implying contempt or woe, Hit. 81, 21; Bhartr. 1, 68.

† रेक् REK, i. 1, Âtm. To suspect. रेक reka, I. m., and f. kâ. 1. Doubt. **2.** Fear. **II**. m. **1.** Loosening, purging (i.e. rich + a). **2.** An outcaste. **3.** A frog.

रेक्सस् reknas, i.e. rich + nas, n. Gold.

Tell rekhâ, i.e. likh+a, f. 1. A line, Pańch. ii. d. 183. 2. Drawing, Çâk. d. 141. 3. A stripe, Pańch. i. d. 209. 4. A little, Pańch. ii. d. 148. 5. Fraud. 6. Fulness, satisfaction. — Comp. Chandra-, f. khâ the crescent, Râm. 5, 20, 3. Patra-, f. khâ, decorating the person by staining it with fragrant pigments of sandal, musk, etc., Ragh. 16, 67. Sama-rekha, adj. straight, Çâk. d. 9.—Cf. probably O.H.G. riga.

Purgative, aperient. II. m. 1. A purgative. 2. A proper name, Vikr. 76, 2 (but cf. Wilson, Spec. of the Theatre of the Hind. i. 2. ed. p. 260, n.). III. n. A purge. IV. m. or n. Exhalation, Bhâg. P. 3, 28, 9; a method of suppressing the breath, Vedântas. in Chr. 217, 17.

रचन rechana, i.e. rich+ana, n., and f. nâ, 1. Purging, looseness. 2. Evacuating, Bhâshâp. 6.

REJ, i. 1, Åtm. 1. To shine.

2. Ved. To tremble.—With the prep.

y pra, To tremble vehemently, Chr.
293, 3=Rigv. i. 87, 3.

† रेट् *RET*, i. 1, Par. Âtm. 1. To speak. 2. To ask.

renu, m. (and f.), Dust, Vikr. d. 4; Pańch. ii. d. 108.—Comp. Trasa-, see s. v. Rakta-, m. 1. red lead. 2. the blossom of the Butea frondosa. 3. a sort of cloth. 4. an angry man. Sikatâ-, m. a grain of sand, Pańch. ii. d. 62. Su- and Hema-, n. sorts of atom.