1. To consider, Man. 4, 224. 2. To learn, MBh. 1, 3878. Comp. pteple. of the fut. pass. a-mîmâmsua, adi. Not to be questioned, Man. 2, 10. Caus., and i. 10, manaya, 1. To estimate highly, to honour, MBh. 3, 2424; also Âtm., Chr. 43, 23. 2. To love, Râm. 1, 38, 8. 3, Âtm. † 1. To be proud. 2. † To be stupid. Anomal. ptcple. of the pres. Atm. in the signification of the Par. manayana, MBh. 3, 13111. mânita, Honoured, Chr. 28, 23. mânya, mânanîya, To be honoured, Bhartr. 2, 70; Râjat. 5, 337.—With the prep. त्रन anu, 1. To assent, Man. 9, 97. 2. To approve, Râm. 2, 2, 13. 3. With na, To disown, Ragh. 16, 85. 4. To permit, Râm. 2, 21, 45. 5. To pardon, Çâk. d. 116. anumata, 1. Assented to, Man. 3, 4. 2. Concurred with. 3. Accepted, Dacak, in Chr. 184, 3. 4. Agreeable. 5, Beloved. n. Assent, Man. 5, 151; Vikr. d. 58. Caus. 1. To cause to approve, Râm. 2, 2, 8. 2. To honour, MBh. 3, 278. 3. To cause to agree, to bring in analogy with, Daçak. in Chr. 188, 1 .-With All abhi, 1. To intend, Panch. 15, 23. 2. To desire, Man. 10, 95. 3. To approve, MBh. 2, 1374. 4. To believe, Bhatt. 5, 71. 5. To consider, Pańch. iii. d. 154. 6. To surpass, MBh. 3, 1388. abhimata, 1. Wished. 2. Assented to. 3. Agreeable, Megh. 50. 4. Beloved, Pańch. i. d. 80. n. Wish, Hit. 57, 5, M.M. Comp. An -abhimata-, adj. disagreeable, Hit. 15, 2, M.M. Yathâ-abhimata+m, adv. according to one's wish; how one lists, ad libitum, Pańch. 167, 24. - With त्रव ava, To despise, Man. 4, 135; Vikr. d. 30. 2. To offend, Man. 8, 84. Caus. To despise, Man. 2, 50.—With ऋभ्यव abhi-ava, To disdain, Man. 4, 249 .-

With प्रति prati, Caus. To honour, Râm. 3, 53, 27.-With a vi, vimata, 1. Disliking. 2. Disagreeing. m. An enemy (rather mata with vi). Caus. To disgrace, Çâk. d. 116. vimânita, Dishonoured, Pańch. i. d. 127.-With सम sam, 1. To think, Râm. 3, 52, 2. 2. To resolve, Râm. 3, 53, 4. sammata, 1. Assented to, approved; accuaprishthe sammata, A good horseman, Râm. 1. 19, 19. 2. Conformable. 3. Like. resembling, Chr. 32, 23. 4. Attached to. 5. Beloved, Man. 3, 39; Pańch. i. d. 65. n. Opinion, Hit. 48, 1. Comp. Su-, adj. much approved, honoured, Chr. 49, 14. Caus. To honour, Râm. 2, 16, 15; Chr. 22, 26.—Cf. mnâ, mati; μένος, μέμονα, αὐτό-ματος (= mata), μάτην, μάταιος (not real, only imagined), μάντις, μαίνομαι, μῆνις, μαίομαι, μέμαα; Lat. monere, monstrum, monstrare, mentiri (ef. mati), mendax; Goth. munan, muns, munths (cf. mantra); A.S. manian, monian, ge-munan, mudh.

सनन man+ana, n. 1. Minding, considering, Vedântas. in Chr. 216, 1; cf. 21. 2. Understanding.

मनस man + as, n. 1. Mind, Chr. 3, 8; Man. 1, 104; considered as seat of perception (MBh. 14, 668), and passion, the heart, Vikr. d. 19; Bhâg. P. 5, 11, 9. 2. The intellect, Vedântas. in Chr. 206, 24; power of mind, Chr. 27, 7. 3. Purpose, Chr. 12, 23; Râjat. 5, 251.—Comp. Anya- (cf. anyad), adj. 1. one whose mind is directed to another, Râm. 5, 35, 2. 2. fickleminded, Hit. i. d. 110, M.M. 3. absent. Ud-, see s.v. unmanas, and adde, sorry, Vikr. 30, 10. Eka-, adj. one whose mind is directed to one object, intent, Râm. 4, 4, 20. Durmo, i.e. dus-, 1. n. perversity of mind, Râm. 2, 31, 20. 2. adj. disheartened, sad, Bhâg. P. 1, 6,