Cf. Lat. medius; Goth. midja; A.S. midd, ge-midlian; Goth.-missô, missa-; A.S. mis-; O.H.G. missa, missi, mis-; μέσος.

मध्य madhya-ga, adj. 1. Who or what goes in the centre or amongst. 2. Existing in, Pańch. iii. d. 205.—Comp. Bahu-, adj. belonging to many, Man. 9, 199.

मधतस् madhya + tas, adv. From or in the middle, Hid. 1, 21.

मधन्दिन madhyandina, i.e. madhya+m-dina, n. Noon, Pańch. 82, 1.
—Comp. Ati-, n. time too near the mid-day, Man. 4, 140.

Middle, Vikr. d. 19. 2. Of middle sort, Hit. ii. d. 69; of moderate strength. 3. Middle born, neither the oldest nor youngest, Chr. 4, 11. II. m. and n. The waist, Nal. 1, 10. III. m. 1. The fifth note of the Hindu gamut. 2. One of the scales. 3. The middle country (=madhya-deça). 4. A sort of deer. IV. f. mâ, A girl arrived at puberty. 2. The middle finger. 3. A central blossom.—Comp. Yava-, a kind of penance, Man. 11, 217. Su-, adj. having a fine waist, Râm. 3, 52, 49.—Cf. A.S. medeme.

Hधारा madhya-stha, I. adj. 1. Middle. 2. Living in the midst (of persons), Pańch. 191, 10. 3. Neutral, Man. 9, 272. 4. Impartial, Mâlav. 9, 2. 5. Indifferent, Çâk. 63, 19. II. m. A mediator, a judge, Lass. 92, 3.

सधेष्टम madhyeprishtham, i. c. madhya+i-prishtha+m, adv. On the back, Bhartr. 2, 28.

मध्यस madhvala, i.e. madhu+vala m. Tippling.

मध्वासवनिक madhvâsavanika, i.e.

madhu- \hat{a} -su + ana + ika, m. A distiller.

मध्यिजा madhvijā, probably madhu +i-ja (an anomal. loc.), f. Spirituous liquor.

सन् MAN, i. 4, and ii. 8, Âtm. (in epic poetry, and also elsewhere Par., e.g. Pańch. ii. d. 97). 1. To think, Chr. 10, 3; 154, 16; Pańch. i. d. 126 (samam vishamam eva cha manyate, To consider even and odd, i.e. to make long reflections); with anyathâ, To doubt, Utt. Râmach. 104, 2. 2. To wish, Vikr. 12, 9. 3. To mind, MBh. 3, 2092; with na, To disregard, Johns. Sel. 53, 125. 4. To believe, Râjat. 5, 255; Chr. 14, 27. 5. To understand, Vedântas. in Chr. 215, 15. 6. To know, Lass. 98, 7=Rigv. v. 9, 1; Daçak. in Chr. 183, 23. 7. To mention, to declare, Chr. 296, 2=Rigv. i. 112, 2 (mantave, ved. infin. 'So many that even a loquacious man cannot reckon them up'). 8. To take, to value, Pańch. ii. d. 97; i. d. 190; with bahu, To estimate highly, Râjat. 5, 276. 9. manye is often inserted without syntactic connection. a. To strengthen an assertion, Lass. 72, 13. b. In order to give it a modest form, Daçak. in Chr. 182, 15. c. Ironically, Râm. 3, 51, 25. Ptcple. of the pf. pass. mata. 1. Admitted, Bhâshâp. 57. 2. Believed, held, Man. 1, 76. 3. Understood, known. 4. Desired, with gen., Chr. 15, 2; Kir. 5, 27. 5. Respected, regarded. n. 1. Purpose. 2. Opinion, Indr. 3, 1. 3. Doctrine, Pańch. 253, 12. 4. Knowledge. 5. Wish. Bahu-, adj. 1. thought much of, respected, Bhartr. 2, 59. 2. having many differentopinions. Sâdhu-, adj. praised, Chr. 56, 12. Su-, adj. kindly disposed. Desider. I. † mimanisha and † mimamsa. II. Anomal. mimamsa, Atm.