the skin, etc., by astringent applications. II. n., and f. nî, Distillation. III. f. nî, A foundry.—Comp. Ati-, n. deceit (v.r. abhi-, better), Çâk. d. 121. Abhi-, n. 1. speech, Râm. 5, 51, 21. 2. deceit, Ragh. 17, 76. Dus-, adj. difficult to be united, Hit. i. d. 91, M.M.

संधानित samdhanita, i.e. samdhana+ita, adj. 1. Strung together. 2. Bound, tied.

संधि samdhi, i.e. sam-dhâ (cf. nidhi), m. 1. Union, junction, Pańch. 210, 13; Megh. 59 (joint, structure of a mountain). 2. Alliauce, Man. 7, 163. 3. Peace, Man. 7, 56. 4. Making peace, a treaty, Hit. i. d. 87, M.M. 5. A joint, an articulation of the body, Rit. 1, 7; Hit. iv. d. 63 (but ef. Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 1842). 6. A fold, Pańch. 62, 13. 7. The euphonic union of the final and initial letters of words or parts of a comp. 8. An interval, a pause or rest. 9. A period at the expiration of each Yuga or age, MBh. 12, 12953. 10. A hole, a chasm, especially in a wall, for felonious purposes, a breach, Man. 9, 276; Daçak. in Chr. 186, 12. 11. Breaking, dividing, division, Lass. 87, 5. 12. The vulva.—Comp. Kapâla-, m. a peace on equal terms, Hit. iv. d. 108. Dhruva-, m. a proper name, Râm. 1, 70, 26 Gorr. Pada-, m. =7. Râm. 1, 3, 60 Gorr. Parvasamdhi, i.e. parvan-, m. the time of the periodic change of the moon, MBh. 3, 11647. Sam-gata-(vb. gam), m. a peace concluded after having before made friendship, Hit. iv. d. 109. Samtâna-, m. a peace concluded after having given one's daughter (in marriage), Hit. iv. d. 109. Sama-, f. alliance or peace on equal terms. Su-kara-, adj. easy to be joined or united, Pańch. ii. d. 36.

संधित samdhita, i.e. samdha and

samdhi, +ita, I. adj. 1. Tied, bound, Man. 8, 342.
2. United, Pańch. i. d. 130; reconciled.
3. Pickled.
II. n. Pickles. —Comp. A-, adj. unbound, Man. 8, 342.
Ati-, see under dhâ. Sama-, adj. 1. allied on equal terms (cf. the last).
2. bound equally. Su-, adj. well reconciled, Pańch. iii. d. 24.

ऽसंधितस् samdhi + tas, in sama-, adv. From an alliance on equal terms, Hit. iv. d. 108.

संधिनी samdhini, i. e. samdha+in +i, f. 1. A cow with calf, or one which has taken a bull, Man. 5, 8. 2. One who is milked unseasonably.

संध्रुत्रण samdhukshana, i.e. sam -dhuksh+ana, n. Inflaming, Daçak. in Chr. 180, 23.

संध्या samdhyâ, f., i.e. I. samdhi + ya, 1. Twilight, either morning or evening, Man. 2, 101; Râm. 3, 51, 5; Pańch. i. d. 198; evening, Mâlat. 41, 16. 2. The period between the expiration of one Yuga, or age, and the commencement of another, Man. 1, 69. 3. Holy rites of morning, noon, and evening, Man. 2, 69. 4. Evening prayer, Vikr. 37, 9; MBh. 1, 1890. 5. Promise, agreement. 6. Joining, union. 7. Boundary. 8. A particular flower. 9. The name of a river. II. sam -dhyai, Reflection.—Comp. Agra-, f. dawn, Çâk. d. 78 (v.r.). Upa-samdhya + m, adv. near twilight, Cic. 9, 5. Tri-samdhya, n. morning, noon, and evening, MBh. 3, 4063. Sa-samdhya, adj. 1. vespertine. 2. with the period following the end of a Yuga (see 2.), Man. 1, 70 (see the next).

संधां म samdhyâmça, i.e. samdhyâ -amça, m. 1. Twilight. 2. The period at the end of each Yuga, Man. 1, 70 (samdhyâmça is perhaps especially the twilight following the expiring Yuga,