frutex; Goth. bruks, brûkjan; O.H.G. brûhan; A.S. brúcan, bryce.

3. Sya 2.-bhuj, latter part of comp. nouns. 1. Eating, e.g. gesha-, adj. Eating the rest, Man. 3, 117. 2. Enjoying, governing; e.g. kshiti-, m. A king, Bhartr. 3, 78. kshiti-lava-, m. A small prince, Bhartr. 3, 100. kshmâ-, go-, jagati-, m. A king, Râjat. 5, 50; 6; 2, 44. deha-, m. Epithet of Çiva, MBh. 13, 1067. dharâ-, prithivî-, m. A king, Râjat. 2, 7. bali-, m. A crow. bhû-, bhûmî-, mahî-, m. A king, Bhartr. 2, 47; Çringârat. 5; Râjat. 5, 11.

मुज 1.bhuj + a, m., and f.  $j\hat{a}$ . 1. The arm, Pańch. 215, 7. 2. The hand, Hid. 1, 2. 3. The proboscis of an elephant, Draup. 8. 21. 4. A bending.—Comp.  $\hat{U}rmi$ -, m. an arm-like wave, i.e. a wave instead of an arm, Çiç. 9, 38. Chatur-, I. four arms, Bhâg. P. 6, 1, 35. II. adj., f.  $j\hat{a}$ , having four arms, 4, 12, 20. III. m. the name of a Dânava, Hariv. 12934.  $Mah\hat{a}$ -, adj. having great, powerful arms, Râm. 3, 55, 4; Indr. 5, 55.

सुजग 1.bhuj+a-ga, m.  $\Lambda$  snake, Kir. 5, 4. f. gi,  $\Lambda$  female snake, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 1156.

**मुजंग** bhujamga, 1. bhuj+a+m-ga, I. m. 1. A snake, Bhartr. 2, 4; Vikr. 25, 20. 2. A catamite, Daçak. in Chr. 191, 10. II. f. gî, A female snake.

भुजंगम bhujamgama, i.e. 1. bhuj+ a+m-gam+a, m. A snake, Pańch. 174, 11; Bhartr. 2, 87.

भुजाकष्ट bhujâ-kaṇṭa (cf.kaṇṭaka), m. A finger-nail.

सुजान्तर bhujântara, i.e. bhuja-antara, n. The breast, Vikr. d. 112 (alpa-, adj., f. râ, Having a small chest).

भुजि 2. bhuj+i, m. Fire.

yά, A servant, Nal. 13, 55. II. m., and f. Λn independent man. 2. Λ string worn round the wrist. III. f. yâ, A harlot.

मुख्यु 2. bhuj+yu, m. 1. Eating. 2. A vessel (?). 3. A proper name, Chr. 296, 6=Rigv. i. 112, 6.

अञ्जापय bhuńjâpaya, see 2. bhuj.

† भुष्ड् BHUŅŅ, and द्वाष्ट् HUŅŅ, i. 1, Âtm. 1. To support. 2. To select. 3. To take.

BHURANYA (a ved. denomin. from ved. bhurana, based on bhur=Lat. fur-ere), Par. To be active, Chr. 289, 6=Rigv. i. 50, 6.

अरिज bhurij, f. The earth.

A being, Chr. 290, 3=Rigv. i. 64, 3; creature, Chr. 292, 8=Rigv. i. 85, 8. 2. The world, Hit. i. d. 32, M.M. 3. Man, mankind. 4. Heaven. 5. Water.—Comp. Tri-, n. the three worlds, heaven, sky, and earth; or heaven, earth, and the lower regions, Bhartr. 1, 98.

भ्वत्यु bhuvanyu (akin to bhuvana), m. 1. A master, a lord. 2. The sun.

भ्वलांक bhuvarloka, i.e. bhuvas -loka, m. The space between the earth and the sun.

Hat bhuvas, i.e.  $bh\hat{u}+as$ , indeel. The sky, the atmosphere, Man. 2, 76; Vedântas. in Chr. 209, 1.

सुविस् bhuvis (vb. bhû), m. (?) The ocean.

Hartes bhuçundi, f. A weapon, apparently a kind of fire-arms, MBh. 3, 643.

1. H BHÛ, i. 1, Par. Âtm. 1. To