संसेवा samsevâ, i.e. sam-sev+a, f. Service, Râjat. 5, 15.

संस्कृत samskartri, i.e. sam-kri+tri, m., f. tri, and n. Who or what completes, initiates, Utt. Râmach. 170, 8; dresses (as meat), Man. 5, 51.

संस्कार samskara, i.e. sam-kri+a, 1. Completing. 2. Perfecting, perfection, Utt. Râmach. 135, 6. Embellishment, decoration, Daçak. in Chr. 181, 19; Pańch. 185, 25; ornament, Mâlat. 126, 9. 4. Institution and education, Man. 1, 111. 5. Purification. 6. A purificatory rite, Man. 2, 26; 27; Vedântas. in Chr. 219, 13. 7. Ceremony in general, Man. 3, 43. 8. The investiture with the holy cord, Man. 11, 150. 9. Consecration (of a king), Man. 7, 2. 10. Obsequies, Lass. 17, 11. 11. Purity. 12. Preparing as an article of medicine or food. 13. Impression, form, mould, Çâk. d. 133 (Sch. a polishing stone). 14. The power of memory, Kathâs. 7, 19. 15. Apprehension, conception, Râjat. 5, 228; resolution, Hit. 112, 5 (vi-smrita-pûrva, adj. Forgetting his former resolution). 16. The selfreproductive quality (Ballantyne, i.e. vitality, elasticity, and mental impression), Bhâshâp. 29; 156.—Comp. Agni-, m. 1. consecration of fire. 2. burning of the dead body, Man. 5, 69. Dus-, m. bad inclination, Râjat. 5, 228. Keça-, m. dressing the hair, Megh. 33. Pâtra-, m. cleaning a vessel that has been used. Punahsamskâra, i. e. punar-, m. renewed investiture, Man. 11, 150. Carîra-, m. 1. adorning the person. 2. purification of the body by various ceremonies, initiation, etc., Man. 2, 26.

मंक्तिया samskriyâ, i.e. sam-kṛi+ yâ, f. 1. Any purificatory rite. 2. Funeral ceremonies, as burning the dead body.

संस्त SAMST, see sas.

मंस्त्रम samstambha, i.e. sam-stambh + a, m. 1. Fixing, making firm (as a post). 2. Confirming. 3. Stop. 4. Paralysis.

संस्त्र samstara, i.e. sam-stri+a, m. 1. A couch, a bed, Paúch. 117, 12; a layer, MBh. 1, 4708. 2. Sacrifice, Râm. 1, 13, 23.

संस्त्रण samstaraṇa, i.e. sam-stṛi+ ana, n. Strewing, Çâk. 31, 6.

संस्त्र samstava, i.e. sam-stu+a, m. 1. Praise, Pańch. iv. d. 60. 2. Acquaintance, Kir. 4, 22, 25.

संसाव samstâva, i.e. sam-stu+a, m.

1. Hymning in chorus, the repetition of the verses of the Veda by a number of Brâhmaṇas.

2. The place occupied at a sacrifice by the singing Brâhmaṇas.

संस्तुति samstuti, i.e. sam-stu+ti, f. Praise.

titæle samstyâya, i.e. sam-styai+a,
m. 1. Assemblage, heap.
2. Vicinity.
3. Spreading, diffusion.
4. A house,
Mâlat. 23, 11.

titel samstha, A. i.e. sam-stha, I. adj.

1. Standing, being, Pańch. i. d. 231 (mandala-, in the disc, viz. of the sun); ii. d. 157.

2. Staying with, associated.

3. Stationary, fixed.

4. Living, Pańch.

94, 2; iii. d. 226.

5. Lasting, Lass.

42, 15. II. m. 1. An inhabitant.

2. A countryman.

3. A spy. B. i.e. sam-sthâ, f. 1. An assembly.

2. Condition of being, situation, Bhâg. P. 5, 20, 38.

3. Appearance.

4. Form.

5. Occupation, Man.

1, 21.

6. Continuance in the right way, correct conduct.

7. A sort