nasâmagryam). 2. Perfection, Pańch. 109, 10 (gri). 3. Stock, Hit. 130, 1 (gri); effects. 4. Implements, apparatus, Pańch. iii. d. 129 (gri); utensils, 250, 5 (gri). 5. Train, retinue, Hit. 98, 11 (gri).

सामज sâmaja, I. i.e. sâman+ja, adj. Producing from or produced by the Sâma-Veda. II. m. An elephant.

मामञ्जस sâmańjasya, i.e. samańjasa+ya, n. Fitness.

सामन sâman, probably for çâman (cf. cântva, sântvana), i.e. cam + man, n. 1. Calming, Nalod. 1, 41. 2. Conciliation. 3. Speaking kindly, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 1847. 4. Mildness, Man. 8, 187; instr. mnâ, Willingly, voluntarily, Pańch. iv. d. 27. 5. Negotiation, Man. 7, 107. 6. Peaceable way, Pańch. i. d. 421; Chr. 20, 17. 7. The name of the third Veda, the Sâma-Veda, Man. 1, 23. 8. Song, Bhag. 10, 35; Indr. 2, 28.— Comp. Jyeshtha-, I. n. the name of a particular song (of the Sâma-Veda), Man. 3, 185. II. m. one who sings this song, Yâjú. 1, 219. Tri-, adj. one who sings three verses (of the Sâma-Veda), or the song called trihsâman (?), MBh. 12, 3638. Su-, n. good negotiation, Pańch. iii. 21.

I. adj. 1. Limitative. 2. Bordering, neighbouring, Man. 8, 259. 3. Universal, Ragh. 5, 28 (Sch.). II. m. 1. A neighbour, Man. 7, 69; Paúch. iii. d. 91. 2. The chief of a district, a (tributary) king, Mâlat. 102, 6; Râjat. 5, 223; Vikr. d. 60. 3. A leader, a general, Râm. 1, 20, 12; a champion, Râjat. 5, 249. III. n. Neighbourhood.

सामयिक sâmayika, i.e. samaya+ ika, adj. 1. According to agreement, exact. 2. Conventional, customary. 3. Seasonable.—Comp. A-, unseasonable, Kir. 2, 40.

**HPD sâmarthya, i.e. samartha+
ya, n. 1. Fitness, Râjat. 5, 308. 2.
Adequacy, Pańch. i. d. 215 (that which
is adequate, but cf. Böhtl. Ind. Spr.
1873, v.r.); being entitled, Böhtl.
Ind. Spr. 3027. 3. Profit, Râm. 2, 61,
44, Seramp. 4. Ability, Pańch. 263, 7.
5. Strength, Râjat. 5, 384; power, Hit.
ii. d. 140; fortitude, Bhag. 2, 36. 6.
Mutual relation of words. 7. Sense of
words.—Comp. A-, n. weakness, Pańch.
69, 3. Niḥsâmarthya, i.e. nis-, adj.
unfit, MBh. 5, 4587. Hina-darganu(vb. hâ), adj. blind, Râjat. 5, 219.

सामर्घता sâmarshatâ, i.e. sa-a-marsha+tâ, f. Wrath, Ragh. 7, 41.

सामवाधिक sâmavâyika, i.e. samavâya+ika, m. 1. The chief of a company or corporation. 2. A principal minister.

सामाजिक sâmâjika, i.e. samâja +a, m. An assistant or spectator at an assembly, Mâlav. 17, 23.

सामानाधिकर्ख sâmânâdhikaranya, i.e. samâna-adhikaraṇa+ya, n. 1.
Common office. 2. The condition of relating to the same object, Vedântas. in Chr. 212, 21. 3. The residing in the same substratum or subject, Kusumâńj. 14, 20.

IIII sâmânya, i.e. samâna + ya,
I. adj. 1. Common, Hit. i. d. 157,
M.M.; Nal. 13, 17; in common, Pańch.
264, 2; base, Râjat. 5, 197; sâmânyatara, Very insignificant, not dexterous,
Pańch. 133, 1. 2. Equal, Çâk. d. 92.
3. Generic. 4. General, universal,
whole. II. n. 1. Totality. 2. Public
affairs, Man. 7, 56. 3. Equanimity, Hit.
i. d. 95, M.M. 4. Common property,
Hit. pr. d. 25, M.M. 5. Kind, genus, or