29; Râjat. 5, 97; MBh. 1, 5989. 3. To unite, Arj. 3, 1; carnally, MBh. 3, 17085. 4. To shrivel, MBh. 1, 3471. 5. To accord, Vedântas. in Chr. 213, 17. 6. To undergo, vicrambham, To take confidence, Bhâg. P. 5, 6, 2. samgata, Seasonable, Râm. 2, 95, 14. n. 1. Meeting, MBh. 3, 14044. 2. Union, Câk. d. 120; Vikr. d. 162; connection, Man. 3, 140. 3. Friendship, Râm. 5, 94, 21. a-samgata, adj. Unfit, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 404. Anom. absol., samgatvâ, MBh. 13, 456. — Caus. 1. To unite, Vikr. d. 143. 2. To lead to (with two acc.), Hit. pr. 55. 3. To transfer on (with loc.), Ragh. 12, 104. 4. To offer, MBh. 5, 4841.—With 羽针电 abhi -sam, 1. To approach, Râm. 4, 1, 9. 2. To unite, Râm. 2, 36, 8. 3. To advance towards, Bhag. P. 1, 13, 5.—With उपसम् upa-sam, 1. To unite, MBh. 1, 6897. 2. To approach, Bhag. 1, 2. 3. To undergo, MBh. 13, 5697 (samatâm, To become alike). — With सह saha, To accompany, Râm. 4, 8, 26.— Cf. Lat. venio for vemio (=gam, i. 4); βαίνω for βαμίω, βασκο = gachchha; Goth. gaggan, an old frequent., cf. the Sskr. frequent. jangam; also Goth. gatvo, qviman; A.S. cuman; see also gati, gantri, and gâ.

words, f. mâ, Going, e.g. kha-, 1. adj. Moving in the sky, MBh. 3, 820. 2. m. A bird, Nal. 1, 24. 3. m. A proper name, MBh. 1, 995. II. m. 1. Way, Chaurap. 44. 2. Carnal approaching, Man. 11, 54.—Comp. A-, 1. adj. inaccessible, MBh. 3, 8247. 2. m. a tree. Durgama; i.e. dus-, adj., f. mâ, 1. difficult to be passed (as a way), Râm. 5, 74, 31. 2. difficult to be crossed, MBh. 1, 2924. 3. difficult to be attained, Râm. 6, 67, 10. 4. difficult in general, MBh. 13, 7535. Paksha-, adj. flying,

Râm. 3, 56, 45. *Su-*, adj. 1. accessible. 2. easy, MBh. 13, 7535. 3. plain, intelligible.

可用可 gam+ana, n. 1. Gait, Çrin-gârat. 7. 2. Going, Râm. 1, 9, 40. 3. Going to, Râm. 1, 3, 16. 4. Coming, Hid. 4, 27 (? read âgamanam). 5. Carnal approach, Râm. 3, 13, 6. 6. Undergoing, e.g. pańchatva-, Death, Râm. 5, 15, 78. 7. Way, Râm. 3, 68, 50.—Comp. Adhogamana, i.e. adhas-, n. descending, Râjat. 5, 310. Anta-, n. 1. accomplishing, Pańch. iii. d. 130. 2. dying. Antarâ-, n. passing between, Man. 4, 126. Asta-, n. setting (of the sun), MBh. 1, 6058. Saha-, n. 1. accompanying. 2. a woman's burning herself with her deceased husband.

ऽगमनीय gamanîya, i.e. gamana + îya, adj. Relating to carnal approach, Man. 11, 102.

† गम्ब GAMB, i. 1, Par. To go. गम्भीर gambhîra, see gabhîra.

ग्र gaya, I. m. 1. The name of a Rishi, Râm. 2, 107, 11. 2. pl. The name of a people, MBh. 2, 1827. 3. The name of a mountain, MBh. 3, 8304. II. f. yâ. 1. The name of a holy place, MBh. 3, 8075. 2. The name of a river, MBh. 1, 7818.

गर् gara, i.e. 2. gṛî + a, m. 1. A fluid (ved.). 2. m. and n. Poison, Râm. 2, 110, 24.—Comp. Bhû-, n. Poison.

गर्द gara+da (vb. $d\hat{a}$), m. A giver of poison, Man. 3, 158.

गर्ल garala (cf. gara), m. Poison, Pańch. 63, 7.

र्मन gariman, i.e. guru+iman (cf. guru), m. Heaviness, Çiç. 9, 49. 2. The magical faculty of making one's self as heavy as one lists, Lass. 3, 18.