3. 26. **2.** Flaming, MBh. 5, 7205. Caus. **1.** To kindle, set on fire, Pańch. 97, 25; MBh. 1, 8366. **2.** To excite, MBh. 5, 2801.

Elu dip + a, m. A lamp, Bhâg. 6, 19.—Comp. Nirvâṇa-, m. an extinguished lamp, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 1610. Nripa-, m. a king like a lamp, Pańch. i. d. 251.

tlaming, Paúch. iii. d. 27. 2. Illuminating, Paúch. iii. d. 27. 2. Illuminating, Paúch. 190, 2. II. m. A lamp, Bhartr. 1, 55. III. f. pikâ, A lamp, Daçak. in Chr. 187, 4.—Comp. Çarvarî-, m. the lamp of the night (epithet of the moon), Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 2968.

रीपन dip+ana, I. adj., f. nî. 1. Inflaming, MBh. 1, 8455. 2. Exciting, Rit. 1, 3. II. n. 1. Setting on fire, Paúch. 194, 12. 2. Burning, Daçak. in Chr. 181, 21. 3. Exciting, or promoting digestion, Suçr. 1, 152, 8.—Comp. Anala-, adj. promoting digestion, Suçr. 1, 200, 14.

दीपनीय dipaniya, i. e. dipana+ iya, adj. Promoting digestion, Suçr. 1, 177, 17.

হীরি dip+ti, f. Splendour, Râm. 1, 7, 18.—Comp. Griha-, f. being the splendour of the house, Man. 9, 26.

दोप्तिमन्त् dipti+mant, adj., f. mati, Radiant, Indr. 1, 35.

হীম dip+ra, adj. Shining, Kathâs. 25, 135.

ξ b dirgha, i.e. dṛih (for original dargh), + a, I. adj., f. ghâ, Long, applied either to space or time, Râm, 5, 17, 28; 3, 68, 36; °gham, adv. 2, 62, 3; comparat. dirghatara, Paúch. 209, 1; and drâghûyams; superl. dirghatama, Bhâg. P. 7, 5, 44, and drâghishtha. II. m. A long vessel, Man, 2, 33.—Comp. Su-, adj. very long.—Cf. δολιχός.

दीर्घता dirgha+tå, f., and दीर्घल dirgha+tva, n. Length, Suçr. 1, 117, 18; Bhâg. P. 7, 7, 16.

दोर्घदर्शिता dirghadarçitâ, i. e. dirgha-darçin+tâ, and दोर्घदर्शिल dirghadarçitva, i.e. dirgha-darçin+tva, n. Longsightedness, providence, Kâm. Nîtis. s, 10; 4, 8.

द्रीर्घसंखल dîrgha-samdhya + tva (see samdhyâ), n. The continued repetition of the twilight prayer, Man. 4, 94.

दोर्घस्चता dirgha-sûtra + tâ, f. Irresolution, dilatoriness, MBh. 2, 241. — Comp. A-, f. Resoluteness, Kâm. Nîtis. 8, 8.

दोधंसूचिन् dirghasútrin, i.e. dîrgha-sûtra + in, adj. Irresolute, dilatory, Bhag. 18, 28.

दीर्घिका dirghikâ, i.e. dîrgha+ka, f. An oblong pond, MBh. 1, 5004.—Comp. Sura-, f. the Ganga of heaven.

1. **天** [DU, ii. 5, Par. (also Âtm., MBh. 1, 3289), i. 4, dûya, Âtm. (in epic poetry also Par., MBh. 4, 591). 1. To burn morally or figuratively, to be in pain, MBh. 3, 10069; Gît. 3, 9; MBh. 3, 1371. 2. To burn, to afflict, Bhâg. P. 3, 14, 9. Pteple. of the pf. pass. 1. dûna, Suffering pain, Gît. 8, 7. **2.** duta, Tormented, Çiç. 6, 59.— With the prep. $\Re \hat{a}$, To grieve, MBh. 1, 3289 (ii. 5, Atm.). — With प्रि pari, 1. To burn violently, MBh. 6, 5779. 2. To suffer pain, Râm. 2, 35, 34.—With I pra, 1. To be consumed by fire, MBh. 13, 1800 (i. 4). 2. To torment, Sucr. 1, 18, 5 (ii. 5).-With वि vi, To suffer pain, MBh. 1, 3289 (ii. 5, Âtm.); 2171 (i. 4, Par.).—Cf. dava, δαύω, δεδαυμένος, δαυλός, δαίω, δαίς,