प्रामाणिक

yiHi(吹香 prâmâṇika, i.e. pramâṇa +ika, I. adj. 1. Proceeding from some evidence. 2. Being of authority. II. m. 1. A chief. 2. A learned man.

ya, n. 1. Proof, Bhâshâp. 139. 2. Authority.—Comp. A-, n. want of authority, irrelevancy, Vedântas. in Chr. 208, 20.

प्रामाधातस् prâmâṇya + tas, adv. According to (the) authority, Man. 2, 8.

प्रामोदिक prâmodika, i.e. pramoda +ika, adj. Affording pleasure, Utt. Râmach. 152, 8.

1. ਸਾਹ $pr\hat{a}ya$, i.e. $pr\hat{a}+a$ or ya (cf. $pr\hat{a}yas$), or pra-i+a, I. adj. Exceeding, much, abundant, Panch. 163, 23 (or a Bahuvr.) II. m. 1. Quantity, plenty, Man. 7, 69. 2. A banquet, a feast, Man. 3, 264 (?). 3. yena, instr. a. Generally, Bhartr. 2, 57. b. How much more, Rit. 6, 23. c. Likely, Hit. 16, 6, M.M. 4. As latter part of comp. adj. a. Almost; e.g. qata-, adj. Almost past, MBh. 4, 376. sam-â-gata-, Almost approached, very near, Hit. 97, 14. b. Like, resembling; e.g. amrita-, Like nectar, Pańch. 206, 6; 194, 21.—Comp. Pra-siddhakshatriya-, adj. consisting for the most part of renowned Kshatriyas, Hit. iii. d. 87. Priya-, adj. very kind. Suptajana-, adj. almost everybody being asleep, Johns. Sel. 60, 188. Himsâ-, adj., f. $y\hat{a}$, abundant in injury (to living beings), Man. 10, 83.

yra prâya, i.e. pra-i+a, I. m.
Death. 2. Fasting to death, Pańch.
3. Age. II. n. Sin.

प्रायण prâyaṇa, i.e. pra-i+ana, n. Death, Man. 9, 323.

प्रायग्रस् 1. prâya + ças, adv. Usually, for the most part, Hit. i. d. 201, M.M.; Man. 12, 20.

प्रार्थिय

प्रायश्चित्र prâyaçchitta, i.e. prâyas -chitta, n. 1. Penance, Man. 2, 221; Paúch. i. d. 307. 2. Expiation, Man. 9, 236; Paúch. 207, 17. 3. Punishment, Hit. ii. d. 172.

प्रायिस्तीय PRÂYAÇCHITTÎ-

VA, a denomin. derived from prâyaçchitta with ya, Âtm. To be obliged to perform an expiatory penance, Man. 11, 44.

प्रायश्चित्तीयता prâyaçchittîyatâ, i.e. prayaschitta+îya+tâ, f. Condition of one who is obliged to perform a penance, Man. 11, 47.

n. of an old comparat. of puru =πλεῖον, Lat. plus), adv. 1. Frequently, Paúch. iv. d. 7; commonly, v. d. 19. 2. Probably, MBh. 12, 4989.

प्रार्धि prârabdhi, i.e. pra-â-rabh +ti, f. 1. Beginning. 2. A rope for binding an elephant.

प्रार्भ prârambha, i.e. pra-â-rabh +a, m. Beginning, Daçak. in Chr. 191, 19.

সাম্বন prârthaka, i.e. pra-arth + aka, adj. One who sues for, woos, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 1448.

na, n., and f. nâ. 1. Asking, Pańch. 169, 7; demand, Pańch. 5, 5. 2. Desire, wish, Vikr. 50, 5; wishing for, Çâk. 15, 11.—Comp. Â-lambita-, adj. one whose desire is supported, Vikr. d. 38 (ańjasâ abhibhavitum, to be attained quickly, i.e. one who may hope to attain his desire quickly). Sa-phala-, adj. one who has attained his desire, Vikr. d. 27.

प्राचेंचित्र prârthayitri, i.e. pra-arth, i. 10, +tri, m. 1. One who solicits,