सूरिन sûrin, i.e. sûra+in, I. adj. Wise. II. m. A learned man, a teacher.

† सूर्च SÛRKSH, i. 1, Par. 1. To respect. 2. To disregard.

सूर्यं sûrkshaṇa, i.e. sûrksh+ana, n. Disrespect.

† सूर्च्य SÛRKSHY, i. 1, Par. 1. To envy. 2. To disregard.

सूर्च्य sûrkshya, m. A kind of bean.

Rupa (cf. çûrpa), m. A winnowing basket, Yâjú. 1, 285; Paúch. 121, 19.—Cf. probably O.H.G. swarb, gurges; N.N.L. zwerven, vagari; Goth. svairban; O.H.G. swerban (To dry something, originally, by swinging it in the open air).

स्मि and स्मी sûrmî, f. 1. An iron image (of a woman), Man. 11, 103. 2. The pillar of a house.—Comp. Tapta-sûrmi, f. the name of a hell, Bhâg. P. 5, 26, 7.

\*savar (for original \*savan), +ya,

I. m. 1. The sun, Pańch. 37, 20. 2.

Gigantic swallow-wort. 3. The son of
Bali. II. f. yâ. 1. The wife of the sun.

2. A new bride. 3. A bitter gourd.

—Comp. Prati-sûrya+m, adv. opposite to the sun; pratisûrya, see s.v.—

Cf. ἀβέλιος (for ἀβέλιος = \*savar+ya), ήέλιος, ήλιος; Goth. sauil; Lat. sol;

Goth. sunna (=\*savan+ya), sunno;

A.S. sunna, sunne, sun.

सूर्यज sûrya-ja, I. m. 1. Karṇa. 2. Sugrîva. II. f. jâ, The Yamunâ river.

सूर्यमन्तक sûrya-bhakta + ka (see bhaj), m. 1. A worshipper of the sun.
2. A flower, Pentapetes phænicea.

स्योढ sûryoḍha, i.e. sûrya-ûḍha (vb. vah), I. adj. One who comes after sunset, Pańch. 35, 16; i.d. 186. II. m. An evening guest.

† सूष् $\hat{SUSH}$  (cf. 1. su), भूष् $\hat{CVSH}$ , i. 1, Par. To bring forth, to bear.

更 SRI, i. 1, and ii. 3, sisri, Par. 1. To flow, to flow to, Chr. 292, 5= Rigv. i. 86, 5 (sasrushîs, ved. for sasrushuas). 2. To blow, Megh. 54. 3. To go, MBh. 1, 169, 6; to go to, 3, 2728. Caus., or i. 10, Par. 1. To extend. 2. To move, to touch, Megh. 84. 3. To remove, Megh. 89 .- With the prep. त्रति ati, Caus. To extend, MBh. 3, 665. — With ऋन anu, 1. To follow, Man. 11, 77; to pursue, Pańch. 227, 23. 2. To go to, Megh. 31. 3. To return to, Pańch. 137, 12. anusrita, Accompanied, Utt. Râmach. 90, 9. Caus. To pursue, MBh. 1, 4309.—With apa, To retire, Pańch. iii. d. 40; 220, 13; to withdraw, Hit. 18, 18. Caus. To order to withdraw, Man. 7, 149; to remove, Pańch. 15, 25.—With न्याभ abhi, 1. To go to, Daçak. in Chr. 187, 1; to approach, MBh. 1, 3002. 2. To attack, MBh. 1, 1175. Caus. To meet, Mrichchh. 121, 14.—With त्रुताभ ati-abhi, To pass, MBh. 1, 3854.—With उद ud, Caus. 1. To cause to go out, to call out, Chr. 53, 22. 2. To expel, MBh. 3, 14872; to drive away, Bhartr. 1, 18.—With प्रोट् pra-ud, Caus. 1. To offer, Hit. ii. d. 154. 2. To urge on, to incite, MBh. 3, 10620.—With HHE sam-ud, Caus. To give, Prab. 116, 7.— With **\(\mathbf{q}\)** upa, **1.** To approach, Çâk. 12, 14; Vikr. 11, 11; with asanam, To sit down, Vikr. 46, 20. 2. To visit,