base pura, for para, cf. puras; u is changed to a by the influence of the preceding p), I. adv. 1. Formerly, Man. 1, 119. 2. Of old, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 1231. 3. With na, Never, MBh. 9, 1806. 4. First. 5. Soon. II. prep. with abl., Before, Arj. 4, 20.—Cf. $\pi \acute{a}\rho o\iota$ (old loc.) in $\pi \acute{a}\rho o\iota \theta e$, $\pi a\rho o\iota \tau e \rho oe$, with $\pi \lambda \eta \sigma \iota oe$, etc.; perhaps also $\pi \acute{e}\lambda a e$, with $\pi \lambda \eta \sigma \iota oe$, etc.; Goth. faura and faur; A.S. for, fora-, fore-; Lat. por-, e.g. in por-tendere, and probably also prō-.

griw purâna, i.e. purâ+na, I. adj., f. (nâ and) nî. 1. Primeval, Man. 5, 23. 2. Old, ancient, Mâlav. 4, 2. 3. Aged, Vikr. d. 9; worn out. II. n. A tale of past ages; old history, legends; a sacred work treating for the most part of the creation, the destruction and renovation of worlds, the genealogy of gods, etc. There are eighteen acknowledged Purânas. III. m. A coin of a certain weight, Man. 8, 136.—Comp. nishpurâna, i.e. nis-, adj. New, unheard of.

पुरातन purâ+tana, I. adj., f. nî, Old, ancient, Man. 3, 213. II. n. An old tale, Râm. 1, 45, 13.—Cf. Lat. (regarding the form) prôtenus.

पुराराति purârâti, and पुरारि purâri, i.e. pura-arâti and -ari, m. Names of Çiva.

पुराविद् purâ-vid, adj. Knowing the past.

पुरि puri, and पुरी puri, see pura.

ytlan puritat, probably pur+i tan+t, n. 1. An entrail near the heart. 2. The entrails in general, Daçak. in Chr. 188, 17.

y qurîsha (akin to prî), I. n. 1. Fæces, excrements, Man. 5, 138. 2.

The remains of food (in a pot), Bhâg. P. 5, 9, 12. II. f. shî (perhaps f. of purîshya), The name of a religious ceremony, 3, 12, 40.

पुरीषण purishana, i.e. purishaya (a denomin. derived from purisha with the aff. aya) + ana, n. 1. Evacuation of excrements. 2. Fæces.

पुरोषधान purîsha-dhâna, n. The strait-gut, Yâjń. 3, 94.

पुरीषम purîshama (akin to purîsha), m. The black kidneybean.

पुरीष्य purîshya, adj. Epithet of fire.—Cf. purîsha, f.

y τ puru, in the Veda also pûru, i.e. $pr\hat{i}+u$, I. adj., f. purv \hat{i} . 1. Much, many. 2. Exceeding. adv. Very, exceedingly. II. also pûru, m. The name of an old prince, Çâk. 7, 4.—Cf. $\pi o \lambda \dot{v}$; Goth. filu; A.S. fela, feala; comparat. $\pi \lambda \epsilon \tilde{i} o \nu$; Lat. plus.

पुरुक्तस puru-kutsa, m. A proper name.

पुरुदंश्रक puru-damç+aka, m. A goose.

पुर्दंश्स*् puru-dam̃ç+as*, m., nom. sing. çâ, A name of Indra.

पुरुधा puru + dhâ, adv. Manifold.

JEU purusha, and sometimes pûrusha, I. m. 1. A man generally or individually, a male, mankind, Man. 1, 32. 2. Punishment personified, Man. 7, 17. 3. An attendant, a functionary, 8, 43. 4. The first man, Hariv. 51. 5. The soul, Yâjú. 3, 194. 6. The universal sonl, the supreme Being, Mârk. P. 26, 21; Man. 1, 11. 7. A principle, Man. 1, 19. 8. A tree, Rottleria tinctoria. 9. A proper name. II. f. shi, A female, Bhâg. P. 5, 24, 17. III. n. (?). A name of the mountain Meru. — Comp.