7679." 3. pl. The name of a people, Rûm. 4, 41, 14.

qq kukhuṭa, onomatop. (cf. Lat. cucurire), I. m. A cock, Man. 3, 239 (a dog, Châṇ. 98, in Monatsber. der Berliner Ak. Hist. Phil. 1864, p. 413, read kukhura). II. f. ṭi, The silk cotton tree, Bombax heptaphyllon, Suçr. 2, 387, 1.—Comp. Grâma-, m. a town-cock, Man. 5, 12. Jala-, m. a kind of waterbird, Râm. 4, 13, 8. Vana-, m. wild fowl.

कुइटक kukkuṭa+ka, m. A man of a mixed caste, one sprung from a Çûdra by a Nishâdî woman, Man. 10, 18.

कुद्धाण्डक huhhuṭâṇḍaha, i.e. huhhuṭa-aṇḍa + ha, A kind of rice, Suçr. 1, 196, 2.

कुइस hukhubha, i.e. hukhu (onomatop.) -bha (vb. bhâ), m. A wild cock, Phasianus gallus, MBh. 13, 2835.

m. The name of a muni, or sage, MBh. 2, 113. 3. m. pl. The name of a people, MBh. 2, 1872.

कुचि huhshi (vb. huch), m. 1. The belly, Râm. 1, 70, 34. 2. Cavity, Pańch. i. d. 281. 3. A cavern, Ragh. 2, 38. 4. A bay, MBh. 3, 793. 5. A proper name, Râm. 1, 70, 21.

कुङ्ग hunhuma, n. Saffron, Crocus sativus, Bhartr. 1, 9.

कुच् KUCH, see kuńch.

कुच hucha, i.e. huch+a, m. The female breast, Râm. 2, 29, 22.

† कुज् KUJ, i. 1, Par. 1. To steal or rob. 2. To be crooked (cf. kuńch).

कुज *kuja*, i.e. 3. *ku-ja* (vb. *jan*), m. The planet Mars, Bhâg. P. 2, 7, 34.

I. कुञ्च KUŃCH, i. 1, and कुच

KUCH, i. 6, Par. 1. To straiten, to make narrow, Rit. 4, 16. 2. To bend, Râm. 5, 55, 27; Paúch. 50, 10. 3. To erisp, MBh. 1, 2170. II. † क्च kuch, i. 1, Par. 1. To sound high. 2. To go. 3. To polish. 4. To be crooked. 5. To draw furrows. 6. To resist. — With the prepos. $\Im \hat{a}$, \hat{a} kuńchita, 1. Compressed, Râm. 3, 31, 21. 2. Contracted, Bhartr. 1, 3. 3. Crisped, MBh. 13, 882. -With a vi, vikuńchita, 1. Frowning, MBh. 1, 4112. 2. Crisped, Rit. 3, 19. Caus. kuńchaya, To turn backwards (?), Râm. 5, 5, 18.—With सम sam, kuch. 1. To contract one's self, Pańch. 3, 40. 2. To close, Daçak. in Chr. 184, 3. samkuchita, 1. Contracted, Bhartr. 3, 74. 2. Shut, Râm. 4, 30, 20. Comp. A-samkuchita, adj. not wrinkled, Sucr. 1, 66, 6.—Caus. kochaya, 1. To contract, MBh. 1, 2843. 2. To diminish, Bhartr. 2, 37.—Cf. Lat. quic in conquinisco, conquexi, cûlus for cuc+lus; κύκλος; Goth. hauh; N. II. G. hucke

कुञ्चन huńch+ana, n. Shrinking, Suçr. 1, 251, 16.

in huckeback, etc.

कुञ्चिका kuńchikâ, i.e. kuńch + aka, f. A key, Bhartr. 1, 62.

† 張雲 KUŃJ, i. 1, Par. To make any inarticulate sound.—Cf. kûj.

grown with creeping plants, a bower, Megh. 19. 2. A cavern, Râm. 4, 26, 6; Ragh. 9, 64.

歌云 kuńjara (probably akin to the preceding), m. 1. An elephant, Pańch. i. d. 177. 2. Preeminent, Râm. 5, 2, 13; in this meaning it is generally the latter part of a compound, e. g. kapi-, m. A most excellent monkey