anafa târtiya, i.e. tṛitiya+a, adj. **1.** Belonging to the third, Bhâg. P. 3, 6, 29. **2.** Third, 8, 19, 34.

ताल tâla, I. m. 1. The palmyra tree, or fan palm, Borassus flabelliformis, Râm. 1, 1, 64; used as banner, MBh. 6, 1811. 2. Slapping or clapping the hands together, Megh. 77; often compounded with a word denoting hand, MBh. 13, 1397. 3. Slapping together in general, Ragh. 9, 71. 4. Musical n easure, Pańch. v. d. 43; MBh. 13, 995. 5. A sort of cymbal, Pańch. 20, 8. II. n. The fruit of the palmyra tree, Hariv. 3711. III. f. lî, The name of a tree, Corypha taliera Roxb., Râm. 4, 43, 6.—Comp. Apara-, m. the name of a country, Râm. 2, 68, 12. Eka-tâla, adj. endowed with one tree, Ragh. 15, 23. Kâmsya-, m. a cymbal, Râjat. 5, 464. Tala-, m. slapping the hands together, MBh. 3, 12379. Manas-, m. the lion of Durgâ. Su-rata- (see ram), f. lî, 1. a female messenger, a gobetween. 2. a chaplet.

तालावचर्ण tâlâvacharaṇa, i.e. tâla-ava-char+ana, m. A dancer, Râjat. 3, 335.

নালিক tâlika, i.e. tâla+ika, I. m. Slapping the hands together, Paúch. ii. d. 137. II. f. kâ, The palm, Hariv. 9920.

तालिन tâlin, i.e. tâla + in, adj. Provided with cymbals, MBh. 13, 1172.

तालीयक tâliyaka, i.e. tâla+îya+ ka, A cymbal, Râm. 5, 13, 54.

तानु tâlu, n. and m. and तानूषक tâlûshaka, The palate, Rit. 1, 11; MBh. 14, 568; Yâjú. 3, 87.

নাবক tâvaka, i.e. tava, gen. sing. of yushmad, +aka, possess. pron., f. kî, Thine, Râm. 3, 13, 15.

तावड्डा tâvaddhâ, i.e. tâvant + dhâ, adv. So many times, Ragh. 12, 45, Calc.

तावन्त tâvant, i.e. tad + vant, I. adj., correl. of yavant, Man. 8, 155; of yathâ, Nal. 20, 24. 1. So much, Man. 9, 249. 2. So long, Man. 1, 72. 3. Just so many, Man. 1, 64. 4. So manifold, Ragh. 12, 45 (v.r.). 5. Compounded with numerals, As much, e.g. dvis-, Twice as much, MBh. 4, 289. II. °vat, acc. ntr., adv. A. combined with a correlative, 1. So much, Râm. 1, 13, 21. 2. So long, Man. 2, 235; combined with yavat na, As long as not, Till, Hit. pr. 39; sometimes also without na, Man. 8, 27. 3. In that time, then, Lass. 5, 11. B. Without a correlative, 1. Meanwhile, MBh. 13, 2727. 2. For a while, Man. 4, 174. 3. At first, Hit. 45, 1. 4. Just, Daçak. in Chr. 188, 22. 5. With $m\hat{a}$, Not for heaven's sake, Çâk. 66, 22. 6. With na, Not yet, MBh. 1, 1273; not at all, Râm. 6, 5, 4. 7. Indeed, Râm. 5, 49, 2. 8. Even, Râm. 5, 49, 27. 9. Only, Man. 3, 53.—Comp. Dvis-, twice as much, Hariv. 6927.—Cf. $\tau \tilde{\eta} \mu o \varsigma = t \hat{a} v a t$, also $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \omega c$, $\tau \alpha \ddot{\nu} c$, $\tau \eta \ddot{\nu} \sigma \iota o c$ (= $t \hat{a} v a t + y a$); Lat. tantus (for tâvant + o).

तास्कर्य tâskarya, i.e. taskara+ya, n. Theft, Man. 9, 222.

† तिक् TIK, i. 1, Âtm. To go. ii. 5, Par. 1. To go. 2. To assail. 3. To seek to injure. 4. To challenge.

行雨雨 tikta + ka (vb. tij), I. adj. Bitter, Suçr. 1, 215, 21. II. m. or n. An object of bitter taste, Suçr. 2, 136, 2. III. m. The name of several plants; Trichosanthes dioica Roxb., etc. — Comp. Kaţu-, m. the name of two plants, Gentiana cherayta Roxb., Cannabis sativa, Lin.; (Râm. 2, 28, 21, Gorr., Pungent or disagreeable Trichosanthes).