i. d. 161, M.M. atirikta, Exceeding, Bhâshâp. 19; excessive.—With चाति vi -ati, pass. To surpass, with abl., Ragh. 10, 31. vyatirikta, 1. Different, distinct, Vedântas. in Chr. 203, 14; 15. 2. Excepted. 3. Withdrawn.—With 31 a; instead of arechita (Mixed?), Daçak. in Chr. 190, 15, I propose to read ârachita (Made).—With उद ud, pass. To surpass, MBh. 1, 3070. udrikta, 1. Distinct. 2. Increased. adv. Surely, Chr. 20, 19 (perhaps, adj. and, Arrogant). Udrechita, Pre-eminent, Râjat. 5, 365. -With a vi, virikta, Purged, Man. 5. 144.-Cf. Lat. licere, licitare, linquere; λείπω; Goth. af-lifnan; A.S. lyfan, be-lifan, laefan, To leave; also Goth. leihvan; A.S. laen, laenan.

† रिज् RIJ, i. 1, Par. To fry.

रिख् RINV, see ranv.

or rather the original sound), m. An enemy, Pańch. ii. d. 168. — Comp. Krauńcha-, m. a name of the god of war, Pańch. i. d. 175.

ार्पुता ripu+tâ, f. Enmity, Hit. ii. d. 149.

रिप्र rip + ra (probably lip + ra, cf. ripu), adj. Vile, bad.

† रिफ् RIPH (च्छफ् RIPH, and रिह् RIH), i. 6, Par. 1. To say or to boast. 2. To fight. 3. To blame. 4. To hurt. 5. To give.

† रिस्फ् RIMPH, i. 6, Par. To hurt.

रिख् RIMB, see ranv.

रिरंसा riramsâ, i.e. riramsa, desider. of ram, +a, f. 1. Wish to sport, Nal.

1, 41. **2.** Desire of enjoyment, Bhâg. P. 9, 14, 20.

रिरोशंगं, f. Pale brass, prince's metal.

रिश RIÇ(cf. lig), i. 6, Par. To hurt.

रिशादस riçâdas, probably riç+a -ad+as, adj. m. A destroyer of those who injure, Chr. 290, 5=Rigv. i. 64, 5.

रिश्व rig+ya, m. A deer, see rishya.

kill, to hurt, MBh. 3, 13111. 2. To give offence, Man. 4, 178, Âtm. (Sch., but perhaps pass. To be hurt). 3. To be hurt (ved.). Ptcple. of the pf. pass. rishta. 1. Injured. 2. Unlucky. n. 1. Bad luck. 2. Destruction. 3. Sin. m. 1. A sword (cf. rishti). 2. The name of a demon.—Comp. A-rishta, see s.v.—Cf. probably ραίω, ραιστός; Lat. lædo.

रिष्टि rishți, I. f. m. A sword (cf. rishți). II. rish+ti, f. Bad luck.

रिख rish + va, adj. Injurious.

行長 RIH, 1. See riph. 2. Ved. =lih. Frequent. rerih, ptcple. of the pres. Âtm. rerihâṇa, m. 1. Çiva. 2. An Asura or demon. 3. A thief.

1. Tî, ii. 9, rinâ, rinî, Par. 1
To go. 2. To howl. 3. To hurt.

2. RÎ, i. 4, Âtm. To distil, to ooze, to drop.—With the prep. Anu, To drop after, to follow dropping, Chr. 291, 3=Rigv. i. 85, 3.—Cf. Goth. and A.S. rinnan (based on ii. 5).

रोढक ridhaka, m. The backbone.

रीढा rîdhâ, f. Disrespect.

रोति ri+ti, f. 1. Going. 2. Boundary. 3. Usage, manner, way, Lass. 2. ed. 2, 6. 4. Natural property. 5.