shala, m. or n. a kind of weapon, Râm. 1, 30, 13 Gorr.; 57, 12 Gorr. Chakra-mushala, adj. performed with the disk and club, Hariv. 5346. Danta-mushala, m. or n. a pestle-like tusk, Pańch. 69, 1. Cf. musala.

1. Hy MUSH, ii. 9, mushnâ, mushnî, and i. 6 (MBh. 3, 13047; Lass. 35, 16), Par. To steal, Daçak. in Chr. 189, 22; to rob, to plunder, Râjat. 5, 268; to captivate, Nal. 5, 7. Ptcple. of the pf. pass. mushita. 1. Stolen. 2. Robbed, plundered, Daçak. in Chr. 194, 1. 3. Deprived of, free from, Hit. 42, 12.—With Yari, To rob, to plunder, MBh. 3, 13030.—With Y pra, To rob, Bhaṭṭ. 17, 60. See mash, mus, and mûsh.

2. To mush, I. f. Stealing, Râjat. 5, 168 (read mushe instead of mukhe, 'Having turned his mind on stealing.') II. Latter part of comp. adj. Stealing, robbing; e.g. dhṛiti-, adj. Stealing, destroying constancy, Hit. i. d. 193, M.M. netra-, adj. Captivating the eyes, MBh. 3, 1720. grî-, Having stolen, i.e. possessed of the beauty, Megh. 48.

मुषल mushala, see muçala and mu-sala.

मुष्त्य mushalya, see musalya.

मुषितक mushita + ka (vb. mush), n. Stolen objects, Daçak. in Chr. 188, 14.

A thief. 2. A testicle, the scrotum, Hit. 76, 1, M.M.; 49, 14. 3. A heap, a multitude. 4. The name of a plant.

मुष्ट्रार mushka+ra, m. A man with large testicles.

मूछि mushți, m. and f. 1. The fist, Râm. 3, 15, 17; Paúch. i. d. 203. 2. A

handful, Pańch. 215, 1. 3. The handle of a sword.—Cf. perhaps A.S. fyst.

मृष्टिक mushtika, m. A goldsmith.

मुरिता mushți+tâ, in dridha- (vb. driñh), f. Firmness of grasp, Johns. Sel. 12, 30.

मृष्टिंधच mushţimdhaya, i.e. mushţi +m-dhe+a, m. A child.

मुस् MUS, or मुज् MUSH, i. 4, Par. To break to pieces.

मुसल mus+ala, also मुखल mush+ ala (see mus), n. 1. A pestle, Man. 3, 88 (s). 2. A club. Cf. muçala.

मुम्लिन् musalin, i.e. musala+in, m. A name of Baladeva.

मुषच्य musalya, and मुषच्य mushalya, i.e. musala +ya, adj. Deserving death by pounding with a pestle.

† मुस्त् MUST, i. 10, Par. To accumulate.

grass, Cyperus rotundus, Çâk. d. 39 (tâ).—Comp. Sa-bhadra-musta, adj. full of Cyperus rotundus (cf. bhadra-mustaka), Rit. i, 17 (but v.r. su-bhadra-, containing very auspicious Cyperus rotundus).

fragrant grass, Cyperus rotundus. II. n. A sort of poison.—Comp. Bhadra-, n. = musta, q. cf.

मुस्तु mustu, m. The fist (cf. mushți).

मस musra, n. A tear.

To be faint, to lose consciousness, Chr. 32, 24. 2. To be disturbed (in mind), to be perplexed, Bhag. 2, 13. 3. To fail, Hit. iii. d. 54. Ptcple. of the pf. pass. I. mûdha. 1. Perplexed, confused, Çiç.