three, Man. 2, 230) kinds referable to the different periods of a Bıâhmaṇa's life, Man. 3, 2.—Comp. Kâma-, m. and n. the hermitage of the god of love. Gṛiha-, m. the second order, that of the householder, Man. 6, 1. Jyeshṭha-, adj. being in the most eminent order, Man. 3, 78.

সাস্থানি âçramin, i.e. âçrama + in, adj. Belonging to one of the religious orders, Man. 6, 91.—Comp. Gṛiha-, m. a Brâhmaṇa fulfilling the duties of a householder, Mârk. P. 29, 30.

স্থাস্থ âçraya, i.e. â-çri+a, m. 1. A seat, Pańch. 51, 20; Ragh. 11, 26 (a quiver). 2. An abode. 3. A retreat, Man. 7, 27. 4. An asylum, Pańch. 211, 4. 5. Protection, Pańch. i. d. 43. 6. Recourse, Man. 2, 11; refuge, Ragh. 12, 35. 7. Dependence, Yâjú. 2, 48. 8. Support, Pańch. 155, 8; help, Pańch. 95, 14. 9. Base, Vedântas. in Chr. 212, 3; the subject (in Logic), Bhâshâp. 74. 10. Reference, Yâjú. 3, 143; Daçak. in Chr. 185, 17 .- Comp. Garta-, adj. living in holes, Man. 7, 72. Nis-, adj., f.  $y\hat{a}$ , having no support, MBh. 8, 1905. Para-, m. 1. dependence from another, Hariv. 5154. 2. the refuge of the enemies, Bhâg. P. 1, 4, 12. Vana-, I. adj. who or what is in a forest. II. m. a raven. Vâṇa-, m. a bow.

(স্মাস্থরতা -âçrayaṇa, i.e. â-çri+ ana, adj., f. ṇî. 1. Taking refuge. 2. Referring to, Vikr. d. 51.

श्राश्रयाभ्रवत् açrayâçavat, i.e. âçraya-âça+vat, adv. Like fire, Hit. ii. d. 165.

স্বাস্থিন âçrayin, i.e. âçraya+in, adj., f. nî. 1. Seated, Ragh. 6, 4. 2. Lodging, Çâk. 78, 19.

স্থাস্থৰ  $\hat{a}\varsigma rava$ , i.e.  $\hat{a} - \varsigma ru + a$ , adj., f.  $v\hat{a}$ , Obedient.—Comp. An-, adj., f.  $v\hat{a}$ , not obeying.

त्रात्रितल û-çrita+tva (vb. çri), n. Dependence, Bhâshâp. 23.

त्रास्त्रेष âçlesha, i.e. â-çlish+a, m. An embrace, Megh. 105.

স্থাস্থ্র açvayuja, i.e. açva-yuj + a, m. The month Âçvina (September-October), Man. 6, 15.

श्राश्वास âçvâsa, i.e. â-çvas+a, m. 1. Recreation. 2. Rest, repose, Râjat. 5, 315. 3. Appeasing, Kathâs. 9, 64.

স্থামন âçvâsana, i.e. â-çvas + ana, n. Recreation, Pańch. 70, 21.

স্থাস্থিন âçvina, i.e. açvin+a, adj. Directed to the Açvins, Chr. 296.

TITIE âshâdha, i.e. a-sâdha, old pteple. of the pf. pass. of sah, +a, m. 1. The name of a month (June-July), Râjat. 5, 126. 2. A staff carried by an ascetic in that month. 3. A proper name, MBh. 1, 2699.

1. भाम âs, an interj. 1. Of anger: Ah! Pańch. 36, 21. 2. Of fear, Prab. 31, 10. 3. Of recollection, Prab. 72, 11. 4. Of joy, Prab. 29, 9.

2. 羽頂 ÂS, ii. 2, Âtm. (in epic poetry sometimes Par., MBh. 14, 2871). 1. To sit, Râm. 1, 50, 10; with the acc., Vikr. 27, 16. 2. To abide, MBh. 3, 12723. 3. To stay, Râm. 3, 9, 32. 4. To perform, Nal. 7, 3 (Böhtl.). 5. To spend time in doing something, to do something a long time; the action being expressed, a. By a participle, Pańch. 36, 20 (svâkâram nigûhann âste, He conceals the state of his mind). b. By an absolutive, Man. 7, 195; Râm. 4, 57, 23 (prâyam [hardly acc. of prâya] âsmahe, we are starving). 6. To exist, Râjat. 5, 99; to be, Pańch. 89, 10; Râjat. 5, 3 (corr. âsâtâm). With an adv. tûshnîm, silent, Pańch. 21, 10; evam, thus, Râm. 5, 57, 15. With an