the prep. I â, âvita, Enveloped, Bhâg. P. 3, 31, 4.—With **Ty** upa, upavîta, n. The cord worn by the three first classes of the Hindus over the left and under the right shoulder, Man. 2, 44. Comp. Yajna, n. the sacrificial cord.—With ani, nivîta, n. The brahmanical thread suspended round the neck, in which manner it is worn on some occasions .- With पार pari, parivita, 1. Surrounded, Kir. 5, 42; invested. 2. Covered, clothed, Ragh. 15, 77 (Calc.), 3. Overspread. pervaded. n. The bow of Brahman. -With HH sam, samvita, 1. Surrounded. 2. Covered, Râm. 3, 50, 12. 3. Clothed, Râm. 3, 52, 9. 4. Adorned, Ram. 3, 52, 30. Comp. Su-, adj. well covered, Chr. 27, 4.—Cf. i in ἰμάτιον.

व्योकार vyo-kôra (vyo is perhaps an imitative sound), m. A blacksmith.

atmosphere, heaven, Paúch. ii. d. 21; Vikr. d. 20. 2. Æther, Bhâshâp. 2. 3. Water. 4. A temple sacred to the sun.

aggregate of three spices, black pepper, long pepper, and dry ginger.

poetry also Âtm., MBh. 1, 2263), 1. To go, Man. 2, 56; Pańch. i. d. 129 (viçvâse, To trust). 2. To proceed, Hit. iv. d. 75. 3. To pass away (as time), Pańch. 117, 9; Megh. 104. 4. To go to (with acc.), Pańch. i. d. 325; to approach, Bhag. 18, 66; to visit for adultery, Man. 8, 383. 5. To obtain, Pańch. i. d. 246. 6. To undergo; with abstracts, to become that which the corresponding concrete noun signifies, e.g. Pańch. 33, 7, chhâtratâm, to become a pupil; cf. Man. 3, 179; Çâk. d. 9; nir-

vritim, To grow happy, Vikr. d. 28. 7. With vyâpâram and loc. To rule over, Vikr. d. 58. Ptople. of the pf. pass. vrajita, Going. n. Roaming. Comp. Dus-, n. a. bad manner of going, MBh. 3, 14669. vrajyâ, see s.v. Caus. To send. i. 10, Par. 1. † To prepare, to adorn. † To go.-With the prep. anu, 1. To follow, Man. 11, 111; to pursue, Pańch. i. d. 314 (sangam, To attach one's self). 2. To visit in successive order, MBh. 3, 8266. 3. To perform, Man. 2, 241.—With 署刊司 To follow, MBh. 2, 1606.—With â, 1. To approach, Man. 2, 196. 2. With punar, To return, MBh. 3, 10273. -With 知祖丁 prati-â, To go to meet, Ragh. 1, 90 .- With **परि** pari, 1. To wander about as a mendicant, Man. 6. To walk, MBh. 12, 5098. parivrajyâ, see s.v.-With pra, 1. To go away (from home), Man. 6, 39; cf. 34. 2. To go in exile, Râm. 3, 53. 16. pravrajita, Gone away, Hit. 64, 4. m. A mendicant. f. tâ, A female devotee, Man. 8, 363. n. Wandering about as a mendicant, Chr. 10, 5. pravrajyâ, see s.v. Caus. To banish, MBh. 2, 2674.—With प्रति prati, To go

near, Bhatt. 8, 96.—With **SURE** upa -sam, Togo near, Man. 6, 51.—Cf. Goth. vrikan, persequi; A.S. wrecan; O.H.G. rehhan, wreh, exul; A.S. wraecca; probably Lat. ulciscor (or to raksh?).

a herd, Chr. 292, 3=Rigv. i. 86, 3; a multitude, MBh. 6,5441. 3. A cow-pen, Chr. 294, 4=Rigv. i. 92, 4. 4. The name of a district about Agra and Mathurâ.—Comp. Go-, m. 1. pasture ground for cattle, Man. 4, 52. 2. a proper name, MBh. 9, 2568. Netra-, m. (pl.), all the