away, Panch. i. d. 352; to rob, Ragh. 9, 7; Vikr. 11, 5. 2. To captivate, Lass. 69, 10. 3, To take off, Man. 4, 55. 4. To remove, MBh. 3, 719. apahrita, Seized (by sleep), Nal. 10, 7. Caus. apahârita, Caused or ordered to be robbed, Râm. 1, 42, 2 .- With and vi-apa, 1. To remove, MBh. 3, 870. 2. To cut off, MBh. 2, 1584, - With abhi, To remove, to cut off, MBh. s. 14610. Caus. To attack, Draup. 8, 5. -With- 37 ava, To put off, MBh. 4, 1204. avakrita, 1. Taken off, back, or away, seized, stolen. 2. Fined. avahârya, 1. Recoverable, to be restored, Man. 8, 2. To be fined, Man. 8, 198.-With प्रभव abhi-ava, To eat, Bhâg. P. 5, 9, 12. abhyavahârya, see s.v. Caus. 1. To cause to eat, Dacak. in Chr. 200, 8. 2. To cause to resist, MBh. 3, 16369. -With प्रसाव prati-ava, Caus. To suspend or to interrupt again, Chr. 37, 30. - With era vi-ava, 1. To waste away, Mâlat. 153, 21. 2. To distinguish, to name, Vedântas. in Chr. 204, 13. 3. To act, Hit. 62, 9; MBh. 3, 12861; co behave, Mâlat. 7, 7. 4. To litigate, Daçak. in Chr. 190, 2. 5. To fight, MBh. 4, 1870. 6. To obtain, MBh. 3, 1462 (satisfaction). vyavahârya, 1. To be observed as a duty. 2. Subject to legal process. - With TT â, 1. To carry, Man. 2, 182. 2. To offer (a sacrifice), Râm. 6, 113, 10; Man. 6, 10. 3. To give, Man. 2, 245. 4. To fetch, Nal. 20, 5. 5. To rob, Nal. 26, 7. 6. To get, Man. 9, 190 (to bring forth a son). 7. To enjoy, Lass. 70, 14. 8. To eat, MBh. 3, 54; 57. 9. To destroy, Mâlat. 153, 12. âkrita, 1. Brought, Hit. iii. d. 6. 2. Collected, Panch. 263, 22. 3. Made cap-

tive, Man. 8, 415 (dhvaja-, under a standard, or in battle, a kind of slave). âhârya, 1. Producible (an-, Not producible, Man. 8, 202). 2. Removable. Desider. To wish to recover, MBh. 1, 6247. Caus. 1. To cause to held, Man. 8, 114. 2. To cause to be paid, MBh. 2, 987; to collect (duties), Man. 7, 80. 3. To apply, Hid. 4, 48. 4. To show (as anger), Râm. 1, 60, 19; (joy), Chr. 58, 11. 5. To eat, Lass. 29, 14. - With त्रवा anu-â, anvâhârya, see 📭 .v. With wat abhi-â, To offer, MBh. 1, 3733.—With **321** ud-â, 1. To utter, Man. 11, 96; to pronounce, 2, 199; to call, Vikr. d. 88. 2. To tell, MBh. 3. 3. To require, Mâlat. 2, 15. udâhrita, 1. Called, named, Kir. 11, 2. Said, Chr. 42, 12. 3. Illustrated. 4. Predicated, Bhâshâp. 14. -With प्रत्य दा prati-ud-â, To answer, Râm. 1, 52, 10.—With समुद्दा sam-ud -â, samudâhrita, 1. Uttered, Râm. 1. 14, 23. 2. Declared. 3. Illustrated, recorded, Man. 1, 50. - With GUI **zpa-â**, 1. To offer, MBh. 1, 758 (cf. Man. 2, 245). 2. To employ, MBh. 3, 1353. upáhrita, 1. Taken, got, Râjat. 5, 444. 2. Prepared, cultivated (?), Râm. 5, 110.—With Wall prati-â. 1. To recover, MBh. 3, 8655. 2. To utter, MBh. 3, 2177 (a speech). 3. To cry, Draup. 6, 7. 4. To report, Chr. 45, 14. pratyâhrita, 1. Resumed. 2. Restrained. 3. Withheld .- With all vi-a, 1. To explain, declare, MBh. 3, 12466; Vikr. 55, 21. 2. To report, Pańch, 30, 8. To tell, Râm. 2, 63, 5. 4. To speak, Râm. 1, 48, 1; to address (acc.), Panch. 109, 18. 5. To utter, to pronounce, Bhag. 8, 13. 6. To answer, Râm. 2, 93, 8.—With श्रीभेखा abhi-vi-â, Caus. To pronounce, Man. 2, 172 .-- With West