Bhâg. P. 1, 16, 21. 2. m. a name of Civa, and of a Dânava or demon, MBh. 3. f. -padi, a foot-13, 7031; 1, 2533. eath, 4, 246. Chatushpad, i.e. chatur-, the base of many cases is -pad, 1. adj., f. -padi, four-footed. 2. m. a quadruped, MBh. 12, 5697. 3. adj. consisting Tirtha-pad, adj. of four parts, 5, 5352. one whose feet are holy and hallowing, Bhâg. P. 3, 1, 17. 2. Tri-pad and -pâd, adj., f. pâd and padi, having three feet. Dvi-pad and -pad, f. pad and padi, I. adj. having two feet. II. m. a man, MBh. 1, 257. III. n. man-Sakasra-pad, adj. thousandfooted.—Cf. πούς, ποδός, πέδη, πέδιλον, πέζα, πεζός; Lat. pes, pedis, tripudiare, repudiare, impedire; see pada.

पट् 1. pad + a, I. n. 1. A step, Man. 8, 227. 2. A footstep, Çâk. d. 190. 3. A trace, Râm. 5, 5, 1. 4. A mark, a sign, MBh. 3, 12474. 5. Place, Arj. 4, 39 (padat padam, A step from the place). 6. Abode, Kathas. 26, 241. 7. 8. An office, Panch. 103, 3; Home. 9. Object, dignity, Man. 12, 125. thing, Lass. Anth. 43, 9. 10. Cause, 11. Pretext. 12. A Hit. iv. d. 97. square of a chess-board, Râm. 1, 5, 12. 13. A foot; with kri, 2. To put one's foot on, Yajń. 3, 13. b. To possess one's self of, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 528. C. To put one's confidence in, Çâk, 47, 6 (Prâkr.) 14. A verse, Mâlav. d. 77. 15. A word, Râm. 1, 9, 24. 16. A kind of reading the Veda (every word separately, without applying the rules of Sandhi). II. m. A ray of light .-Comp. A-, I. n. a wrong place, Kathas. 26, 23. II. adj. wanting feet, Panch. 211, 6. Âçrama-, n. 1. a hernitage. 2. one of the three or four orders of the religious life of a Brahmana. Eka-, I. adj. 1. having one foot. 2. consisting of one word. II. m. pl. The name of a people. III. loc. de, adv. on a sudden, Kathas. 22, 203. Kshetra-, n. a district

which is consecrated to a deity, Bhag. P. 9, 4, 20. Chitra-, adj. divided in several parts, 1, 5, 10. Jana-, m. 1. country, Râm. 1, 5, 5. 2. pl. and sing. people, Yâjú. 1, 360. Tri-, adj., f. dâ, 1. having three feet. 2. having three verses. Drula-, (vb. dru) opada+m, adv. hastily. Dvi-, m. a man, Bhâg. P. 4, 31, 22. Pańchapada, i.e. pańchan-, 1. adj., f. dâ, consisting of five verses 2. f. di, five steps, Pańch. ii. d. 123. Bhâdra., 1. m. the month Bhâdra. 2. f. dâ, a name common to the twentysixth and twenty-seventh lunar aste-2. f. dî, risms. Bhû-, 1. m. a tree. Arabian jasmine. Vishnu-, I. n. 1. the sky. 2. the sea of milk. 3. a lotus. II. f. di, the Ganges.—Cf. πέδον; Lat. oppidum.

**पदक** pada + ka, n. 1. A step, MBh. 13, 2789. 2. An office, Râjat. 5, 29.

padavî, i.e. pada+va+î, f.

1. A road, a way, Draup. 6, 9. 2. An office, Pańch. 13, 4.—Comp. Ghana-, f. the sky. Viveka-, f. reflexion, Kathâs. 33, 81. Smarana-, f. death, Bhartr. 3, 49. Hâsya-, f. with yâ, To expose one's self to ridicule, Paúch. 252, 5.

पद्राच pada-ças, adv. By degrees, Râm. 2, 87, 15 Gorr.

pedestrian, Râm. 2, 101, 36 Gorr. 2. Fitting an office. 3. Taking the place of, Râm. 4, 18, 13.

A pedestrian, a foot-soldier, Hariv.

UÇTA padâti, i.e. pada-at+i, m.

1. A pedestrian, a foot-soldier, Râm. 1,
55, 4. 2. A proper name.

u<ातिन padâtin, i.e. I. padâta+ in, adj., f. nî, Consisting of footsoldiers, MBh. 5, 5703. II. pada-at+