of gup (q. cf.), +â, f. Aversion, MBh. 14, 1733.—Comp. A-jugupsa, adj. having no aversion, MBh. 13, 3077.

† ay JUNG, i. 1, Par. To abandon.

† 32 JUŃCH, i. 1 and 10, Par. To speak (?).

† I. 明天 JUT, or 明天 JUD, i, 6. Par. To bind. II. 明天 JUD, or 明刊 JUN, i. 6, Par. To go. III. 明天 JUD, i. 10, Par. To send.

† जुत JUT (=jyut, q. cf.), i. 1, Åtm. To shine.

† जुन् JUN, see jud II.

and JURV, i. 1, jürva, Par. 1. To hurt. 2. ved. To burn.

† जुल JUL (akin to jri), i. 10, Par. To grind.

1. 34 JUSH, i. 6, Atm. (also Par.,

Hariv. 7430). 1. To be pleased, Mark.

P. 31, 49. 2. To enjoy, MBh. 2, 1718.

3. Tolike, MBh. 3, 12732. 4. To undergo, Bhåg. P. 8, 7, 20. 5. To frequent, MBh. 3, 2464. 6. To befall, MBh. 3, 11061. jushia, 1. Loved, Chr. 293, 1=Rigv. i. 87, 1. 2. Endowed, Bhåg. P. 1, 19, 20. Caus. joshaya, To agree, MBh. 14, 1289.—With the prep. With To frequent, MBh. 5, 1040.—With Wara, To visit, MBh. 13, 645.—With Wara, To visit, MBh. 13, 645.—With Wara, To resolve upon, Hariv. 7431 (precat. Par., or ii. 2, potent.).—With Tolike, nie, nirjushia, Frequented, Bhåg. P. 4, 6, 21.—With Tolike, prajeshia, Strongly attached to, Man. 2, 26.—With War sam, samjushia, Fre-

quented, MBh. 13, 646.—Cf. Lat. gustus, gustare; γεψω: Goth. kiusan, A.S. ceosan, arso cyssan; Goth. kukjan, cf. with ved. juj; cf. hus.

2. 31 jush, adj. 1. Loving, attached to, Bhâg. P. 7, 6, 25; especially as latter part of comp. words, e.g. Bhâg. P. 4, 9, 36.

2. Visiting, Bhâg. P. 2, 7, 25.

3. जुज् JUSH, i. 1 and 10, Par. 1. † To reason or to hurt. 2. To satisfy.— Cf. 1. jush.

pres. of hu, A technical expression for those sacrifices which are denoted by the term juhoti, Man. 2, 84, juhoti-yajati-kriyá, sacrifices denoted by the terms juhoti and yajati.

JÜ, ii. 9, junâ, nî, Par. (in the native collection of roots, ju, i. 1, Âtm.),
1. To push on (ved.). 2. To impel.

—With the prep. II pra, To push on, to impel. Pteple. pf. pass. prajavita,
Râm. 3, 33, 27; Hariv. 10848.—Cf. probably Lat. gavi in gaudeo, gavisus sum; γηθέω, ἀγανός.

সুত jûța, m. The matted hair of Çiva (cf. jaṭâ), Mâlat. 1, 13.—Comp. Jaṭâ-jûṭa, the same, Kathâs. 25, 231.

JUR (akin to jri), i. 4, Åtm.

1. To grow old (appearing in the Veda in the form jur, i. 6, and i. 4, jûrya, Par.).

2. † To hurt.

3. To be angry.

† Mg JUSH, i. 1, Par. To hurt.

† § JRI, i. 1, Par. To subdue (?).

† जुभ JRIBH, i. 1, Åtm. - jṛimbh(?)

जुब्ब JRIMBH, i. 1, Åtm. 1. To yawn, Man. 4, 43. 2. To open, Kathâs. 25, 238. 3. To snap backwards (of