स्य $cridh+\hat{u}$, f. The anus.

म CRI, ii. 9, crinâ, nî, Par. hurt, to wound, Kir. 14, 13. 2. Pass. To be broken, to split in pieces, MBh. 3, 591 (with the termination of the Par.). Ptcple. of the pf. pass. cirna. 1. Broken; Pańch. i. d. 387; MBh. i. d. 267. Withered, Megh. 30. 3. Wasted, decayed, Mâlat. 79, 18 (antar-, Mouldering in it, vis. its water). 4. Slender, thin. -With the prep. We ava, pass. To be dissolved, to spread, Râm. 1, 31, 44, Seramp. (Schlegel, 1, 38, 14, v.r.).— With us pari, pass. To be broken, to split, MBh. 3, 11141 .-- With a vi, pass. 1. To be broken, Man. 8, 408. 2. To be destroyed, MBh. 1, 3726. 3. To go asunder, to slip away, Man. 2, 74. 4. To fade away, Bhartr. 2, 25; Hit. iv. d. 42. viçîrna, 1. Broken, Pańch. 80, 9. 2. Divided, Megh. 19. 3. Withered, decayed. 4. Wasted, dispersed, Nal. 13, 17.—Cf. A.S. hyrt; κέρας; Lat. cornu; Goth. haurn; A.S. horn; κεραός; Lat. cervus; A.S. heorot, heort; κλάω, κλήρος, κυλοβός, probably κορύνη; Goth. hairus, A sword; perhaps O.H.G. bi -hal, bipennis; Lat. clava, quiris, probably in-columis; cf. caru, cringa.

REC gekhara (from gikhara, with aff. a, for regular gaikhara), m. 1. A crest, a diadem, Mâlat. 145, 8; Lass. 13, 6 (at the end of a comp. adj.); chief, Chaurap. 45 (read gekhara). 2. A garland of flowers worn on the crown of the head, Rit. 1, 6. 3. A proper name, Lass. n. ad 67, 10.—Comp. Indu-, Chandra-, and Gagigekhara, i.e. gagin-, m. Giva (having the moon as crest, wearing the moon on his head), Kathâs. 4, 22 (indu-); Hit. 116, 6 (chandra-).

श्रेष çepa, श्रेफ çepha, and सेफ sepha, m. The penis. श्रेपस çepas, and श्रेपस çephas, n. 1. The penis. 2. A testicle.

ग्रेपास çepâla=çevâla.

श्रेम्बी çemushi (properly fem. of the pteple. of the red. pf. of çam) f. Understanding.

मेल ÇEL, see sel.

ne çelu, m. 1. A small tree, Cord myxa. 2. A kind of fruit, Man. 5, 6.

† na ÇEV, i. 1, Atm. To worship (cf. sev).

11 geva, I. m. 1. A snake (vb. çi)
2. Happiness. II. acc. vam, indecl. Hail, homage, an exclamation or salutation addressed to the deities. III. n., and f. vâ, The penis (cf. çepa).

ग्रेविध çevadhi i.e. çeva-dhâ (cf. nidhi), m. A treasure, Mâlat. 103, 10; also sevadhi, q. cf.

vaivala, n. The green moss-like substance growing on the surface of water, duck-weed (Vallisneria? cf. cepâla and çaiva), Paúch. 188, 12 (çaivala); Çâk. d. 19 (çaivala); Ràm. 2, 46, 32, Seramp. (çaivâla).

maining, Man. 1, 102; 3, 47; Megh. 31; other, Pańch. 123, 13; all the other, Vikr. d. 52. II. m. and n. 1. Remainder, residue, Pańch. iii. d. 256; 51, 11 (vija-yesha-mátra, Even a residue of sced), Daçak. in Chr. 184, 24 (at the end of a comp. adj.). 2. What is omitted, Man. 8, 320; 322 (yeshe, for less). III. m. 1. Killing, destroying, finishing. 2. End, Pańch. 55, 6. 3. The king of the serpent race, at once the couch and canopy of Vishnu, and the upholder of the world, Bhartr. 2, 28. 4. A name of Baladeva. IV. f.