† चेट् MLEȚ, चेट् MREȚ, मेट् MEȚ, i. 1, Par. To be mad.

† चैंव MLEV, see mev.

MLAI, i. 1, Par. (in epic poetry, ii. 2, e.g. mlânti, MBh. 3, 15683). 1. To fade, MBh. 3, 15455. 2. To grow weary, Ragh. 11, 9 (Calc.). 3. To be faint or languid, MBh. 1, 3391. Ptcple. of the pf. pass. mlana. 1. Withered, faded, Pańch. i. d. 88; Utt. Râmach. 23, 12. 2. Languid, faint, Bhartr. 2, 82; Rajat. 5, 431. 3. Foul, dirty. Comp. A-, adj. 2. clear. — With परि 1. not faded. pari, To fade away, to disappear, Paúch. cod. Berol. 144, a. parimlâna, 1. Withered, Râm. 2, 59, 8. 2. Faded, Ragh. 14, 50 (Calc.). 3. Languid. 4. Diminished. 5. Soiled. n. 1. Change of countenance by grief. 2. Soil.—Cf. βλάπτω =Caus. mla μαγαmi, μώλυς, μωλυρός.

v Y.

यक्त yakrit, the base of many cases is optionally यक्तम yakan, n. The liver.—Cf. Lat. jecur; ήπαρ, ήπατος; perhaps also A.S. lifer.

† যব YAKSH, i, 10, Âtm. To worship, to honour (cf. yaj).

yaksha (vb. yaj), I. m. 1. A kind of demigod, attendant on Kuvera, Chr. 57, 21. 2. Kuvera. 3. The palace of Indra. II. f. kshi. 1. A female yaksha, Rûm. 3, 52, 35. 2. The wife of Kuvera.

यस्र yaksha-dara, m. The name of a district, Rajat. 5, 87.

याचिषी yakshini, i.e. yaksha + in + i, f. The wife of Kuvera.

यद्म yakshma, and यद्मान yakshman, i.e. jaksh+man, m. Pulmonary

consumption.—Comp. Râjayakshman, i.e. râjan-, m. the same.

याद्वान yakshmin, i.e. yakshman, or yakshma, +in, adj., f. ini, and sbst. Phthisical, one who suffers from pulmonary consumption, Man. 3, 154.

यक yachchha, see yam.

यज YAJ, i. 1, Par. Âtm. (ved., also ii. 2, Lass. 101, 13 = Rigv. vii. 16, 5). 1. To sacrifice, Man. 11, 87; with acc., Râm. 1, 31, 5; with instr., MBh. 1, 2473. 2. To worship (the deities) by sacrifices, Man. 8, 105. 3. To worship (the deities), Bhag. 9, 23. 4. To inaugurate, Râm. 2, 56, 18. 5. To give, Bhatt. 8, 49. yajati, see s.v. Pteple. pres. Átm. *yajamûna*, m. A person who institutes a sacrifice and pays the expense of it, Paúch. 169, 8; 182, 12. Pass. ijya, in cpic poetry ptcple. pres. ijyant, MBh. 2, 1325. Pf. ptcple. ishta. Ptcple. of the fut. pass. yajya, To be sacrificed. m. A sacrificer, Man. 8, 317. n. Presents for sacrificing. Comp. A-, m. one for whom it is not allowed to sacrifice, Man. 11, 59. Infin. yashtum, in epic poetry anomal. ijitum, MBh. 2, 1230 (looks like an infin. of the Desider. yiyaksha, To redupl. pf.). wish to sacrifice, MBh. 2, 59. Caus. yájaya, To perform a sacrifice for another, Man. 3, 151 (also Atm., MBh. 1, 8123).—With the prep. 明朝 sam, To worship, Bhatt. 15, 96. Ptcple. of the fut. pass. (Caus.?), samyajya, n. Sacrificing, Man. 11, 59. Comp. A

यजत yaj+ata, m. An officiating priest at a sacrifice.

-samyajya, adj. one with whom nobody

is allowed to sacrifice, Man. 9, 238. Caus. To perform a sacrifice for another,

MBh. 1, 6375.—Cf. ἄγιος, ἀγίζω, ἀγνός.

यजति yajati, 3.sing. pres. of yaj. 1.