Paúch. 258, 16. 2. The face, Paúch. 238, 23. 3. Front, Draup. 8, 8. 4. Entrance, Utt. Râmach. 15, 19; the entrance to a house. 5. An aperture, Cic. 9, 2. 6. Commencement, Pauch. 29, 16; Chr. 8, 33. 7. A means. Sound. II. m. The beak of a bird.— Comp. Anguli-, n. the tip of the finger, Cic. 9, 64. Aja-mukhî, f. the name of a female Rûkshasa, Rûm. 5, 25, 49. Adhomo, i.e. adhas-, adj., f. khi. 1. looking downwards, Paúch. 84, 7. 2. turned downwards, Râm. 5, 26, 20. Abhi-, see s.v. Ayomo, i.e. ayas-, adj. iron-pointed, Râm. 3, 53, 53. Avânm°, i.e. avânch-, adj. looking downwards, Ràm. 4, 32, 1. Açru-, adj., f. khi, the face covered with tears, Râm. 2, 59, 14. Acra-, adj., f. khi, having a horse's head, a Kimnara, Râm. 4, 44, 38. Udanmukha, i.e. udanch-, adj. facing Unmo, i.e. ud-, the north, Man. 2, 52. adj., f. khi. 1. with the face turned upward, Vikr. 61, 17. 2. directed to, towards, Paúch. 141, 17. 3. desiring, Vikr. d. 26 (bheda-, desiring, or ready (cf. 5.), to break out of its bud). 4. intending, Râjat. 5, 259. 5. near to, Ragh. 3, 12. 6. expecting, Râm. 5, 55, 35. Ûlkâ-, m. 1. the name of a goblin, Man. 12, 71. 2. a proper name, Rûm. 6, 3, 48. Urdhva-, adj. of which the aperture is turned upward; turned upward, Kumâras. 1, 16. Ritu-, n. the commencement, or first day of a season, Râm. 2, 105, 23. Eku-, adj. having one as (head) chief, or superintendent, Yûjú. 2, 202. Kanka-, adj. heron-mouthed, Râm. 6, 79, 69. Katha-, n. introcluction to a tale, Panch. 5, 16. Kôla, m . 1. a kind of moukey, Râm. \$,3,35. 2 the name of a fabulous people, M Bh, 2, 1171. Kalika-, m. a Rakshasa Ram. s, 29, 30. Kravya-, m. a proplemame, Panch. 87, 4. Go-, m. 1. a proper name, MRh. 5, 3574. 2. a certain musical instrument, Bhag. P. 1, 10, 15. Chatur-, (u.) I. four faces, Ku-

máras. 2. 17. II. adi. 1. having four faces, epithet of Brahman, Rûm. 1, 2, 26; Vishnu, Ragh. 10, 23; Çiva, Sund. 3, 28; and a Dânava, Hariv. 12934. having four points, Hariv. 10630. Jaya -sthala-, adj. looking like trophies, Râjat. 5, 121. Jyotirmukha, i.e. jyotis-, m. a proper name, Râm. 6, 6, 26. Jvâlâ-, f. khi, a place where subterraneous fires break forth. Dakshina-, adj., f. khi, turned to the south, Man. 2, 52. Dakshina-abhi-, adj. the same, Man. 4, 50. Dadhi-, m. 1. a kind of snake, Sucr. 2, 265, 8. 2. a proper name, Râm. 5, 1, 39. Dari-, I. n. l. a mouth resembling a cave, MBh. 7, 6437, a. 2. the aperture of a cave, ib. b. 3. a cave representing a mouth, Ragh. 13, 47. II. m. a proper name, Râm. 4, 39, 32. Daça(n)-, I. n. pl. ten faces, Bhâg. P. 9, 10, 23. II. adj. having ten faces, epithet of Ravana, Megh. 59. Dinmo, i.e. diç-, n. any part of the heavens, Daçak. in Chr. 180, 12. Durmo, i.e. dus-. I. adj., f. khi. 1. hideous, Bhartr. 1, 89. 2. foul-mouthed, scurrilous, ib. 2, 59. II. m. a proper name, MBh. 2, 116. Dûta-, adj. speaking by means of ambassadors, Pańch. 161, 20. Nandi-, m. 1. epithet of Civa, MBh. 12, 10428. 2. a kind of water-fowl, Sucr. 1, 205, 13. 3. a kind of rice, ib. 1, 196, 2. Nandî-, I. adj. 1. with pitri, a class of Manes, Yâjú. 1, 249. 2. with or without crâddha, n. an oblation to that class of Manes, Mârk. P. 34, 105. II. f. khî, a sort of corn, Sucr. 1, 197, 1. Niçâ-, n. the commencement of night, Hariv. 4122. Payas-, adj. having milk on (its) surface, Hit. i. d. 76, M.M. Paranmukha, i.e. parâńch-, I. adj., f. khi. 1. having the face averted, Panch. 181, 15. 2. averse, Paúch. i. d. 405; disinclined, Vikr. d. 102 (pravritti-, to give a report). 3. regardless, Mark. P. 22, 44. II. m. a spell or charm spoken over weapons, Râm. 1, 31, 5 Gorr. Pari-