13. guḍa + ka, m. A ball, MBh. 3, 643.

with lengthened final of the first part, m. A surname of Arjuna, MBh. 3, 1905.

denomin. derived from the next), Par.

1. To multiply. gunita, Multiplied,
MBh. 3, 7030; Megh. 109. Comp.
Dvi-, adj. double, Kir. 5, 46. 2. † To
invite.

गुषा guna (for gush + na, from gush in ved. gush-p; cf. push and push-p), m. 1. A string, Ragh. 2, 83. 2. A bow-string, Râm. 3, 33, 16. 3. A lutestring, Çiç. 4, 57. 4. Time; daça gunas, Ten times, Man. 2, 85; in this signification it is almost always the latter part of a comp. adj. and preceded by numerals, e.g. ashtaguna, i.e. ashtan-, Eight-fold, Man. 8, 400. dvi-, a. Twofold, double, Chân. 78. b. Twice as many, MBh. 3, 14316. c. Folded, Yâjú. 1, 232. With an abl., As many times more as are denoted by the numeral, e.g. mûlyât pańchaguna, i.e. pańchan-, Five times the value, Man. 8, 289; tvattah cataguno bale, A hundred times stronger than thou, Râm. 6, 95, 11; also comparat., e.g. dvigunatura, Doubled, Paúch. 57, 15. 5. Species, MBh. 12, 6847. 6. A subordinate ele-7. An accompanying dish, Man. 3, 226. 8. Quality of a subject, 9. The three Man. 3, 36; 1, 76-78. fundamental qualities: sattva, rajas, and tamas, Man. 12, 24. 10. A good quality, virtue, Man. 9, 141 / excellence, Ragh. 3, 30; gain, Pauci.. 11. Excess, MBh. 3, 14746. 12. Onc of the six expedients in government, Man. 7, 160. - Comp. A-, m. a bad property, Man. 3, 22. Ati-, adj. extraordinary, Râm. 4, 41, 79. Dhanus-,

a bow-string, Rit. 6, 1 (read -mâlam and Tathâ-, adj. having such -gunam). qualities, Râm. 2, 22, 19. Tri-, I. m. pl. the three principal qualities, Bhag. P. 4, 24, 28. II. adj. 1. consisting of three strings, Kumaras. 5, 10. 2. three times as many, Man. 5, 137.. Nis-, adj., f. na, 1. without a string, Mrichchh. 131 17. 2. without qualities, MBh. 1, 2432. 3. devoid of virtue, Râm. 2, 33, 11. Muktâ-, m. a string of pearls, Megh. 47. Vi-, adj. 1. void of all qualities. 2. void of distinguishing qualities, Çiç. 9, 12. 3. worthless, 4. imperfect, Man. 10, 97 (imperfectly performed). Viveka-vi-, adj. contrary to reason, unreasonable, Râjat. Viçesha-, m. a special quality, 5, 352. Bhâshap. 26, 89; 90. Cruti-vishaya-, adj. having as its special property that which is the object of hearing, i.c. sound, epithet of the ether, Çâk. d. 1. Sa-, adj. endowed with qualities, Vedântas, in Chr. 202, 18.

गणज guṇa-jña (vb. jña), m. A friend of virtue, Bhartr. 2, 33.

गुणतस् guna-tas, adv. 1. Concerning good qualities, Man. 11, 185. 2. Conformably to the three fundamental qualities (see guna 9), Bhag. 18, 29.

गुणता guṇa + tá, f. 1. Being subordinate, Bhag. P. 3, 26, 39 (see guṇa 6).
2. Excellence, MBh. 3, 11236.

गुणल yma+tra, n. 1. The state of being a string, 11it. i. d. 36. 2. Excellence, Sugr. 1, 184, 10.

गुणन qu'u+ana, n. Exalting, Gît. 7, 29.

गुणुसर तृष्कृत + maya, adj., f. yî. 1. Consisting of virtues, Moh. 1, 6546. 2. Referable to the three fundamental qualities, MBh. 14, 1327.

गुस्वता gunavatta, i.e. gunavant