Rudras, MBh. 1, 2567. III. n. 1. Consuming by fire, Ragh. 8, 20. 2. Burning, Bhâshâp. 156.—Comp. Dava-, n. The fire of a forest conflagration, Bhâg. P. 5, 8, 22.

of dabhra), I. adj. 1. Small, subtile. II. The cavity of the heart, Bhûg. P. 3, 12, 44.

1. 37 DÂ, ii. 3, Par., Âtm. 1. To 2. To grant, to give, Man. 3, 31. bestow, Hariv. 5709; Hit. pr. d. 2. To marry, MBh. 1, 6526. 4. To sell, with the instr. of the price, Râm. 1, 53, 8. 5. To deliver, Man. 8, 234. To return, Man. 8, 222. 7. To pay, Man. 8, 154. '8. With talam, or talân, To shake hands, Hariv. 15741; MBh. 3, 14819. 9. To offer, Man. 9, 136. 10. To communicate, to teach, Man. 2, 11. With atmanam, To sacrifice one's self, Kathas. 22, 227. 12. With many words it has the signification of Doing, performing, Chaurap. 35; with anuyâtrâm, To accompany, Kathâs. 18, 197; with tâlam, To beat the time, MBh. 1, 5939. 13. To cause, Râm. 2, 53, 21. 14. To allow, MBh. I, 1528 (with infin.). 15. To put, Mrichchh. 139, 8; cf. ardhachandra. 16. With çaram, To draw, Daçak. in Chr. 185, 24. 17. With argalam, To bolt, Kathas. 4, 60. 18. To turn, Kathâs. 16, 40; 19. To add, Panch. MBh. 12, 2526. ii. d. 148 .- Anomalous 1. sing. pr. par. dadmi, MBh. 12, 10466; 3. sing. dadati, 3, 13422; 3. pl. dadanti, 13, 3148; 3. sing. impf. adadat, 2, 1880; 2. sing. imptive. duda, 9, 2442; Âtm. dadasva, 1, 3482; cf. dad.-Ptcple. of the pf. pass. datta, m. 1. A given son, Man. 9, 159. 2. A proper name. 3. n. Giving, Bhag. P. 1, 5, 22. Comp. Svayam-, adj. self-given. m. a child who has given himself to Comp. adoptive parents, Man. 9, 177. pteple, of the fut. pass. a-deya, What ought not to be given, Chr. 57, 26. Comp. absol. a-dattvå, Without being given, Râjat. 5, 195. Caus. dâpaya, 1. To cause to be given, Râm. 2, 32, 19. 2. To oblige to pay, Man. 7, 127. To oblige to return, Yâjń. 2, 269. 4. To procure, Panch. 26, 1. 5. To cause to be performed, Kathâs. 5, 112. 6. To cause to utter, Hariv. 15782. 7. To cause to be put on, MBh. 1, 5724. Desider. ditsa, To wish to give, MBh. 1, 5119.—With the prep. স্থাৰ anu, To leave (?), MBh. 7, 9499.—With AH abhi, To give, MBh. 3, 13309.-With त्रा â, Âtm. (in epic poetry also Par., MBh. 2, 2637), 1. To take, Man. 4, 223. 2. To receive, Man. 2, 238; with garbham, To become pregnant, Draup. 5, 5 (and To rob). 3. To take away, Man. 7, 124. 4. To impair, Man. 4, 218. 5. To carry with one's self, Man. 9, 92. 6. To seize, MBh. 4, 1113. 7. To perceive, MBh. 14, 675. agree, Râm. 2, 90, 16. 9. To undergo, Bhâg. P. 2, 3, 15. Ptcple. of the pf. pass. I. âtta, 1. Seized, MBh. 6, 5592. 2. Robbed, Râm. 2, 61, 18. 3. Undertaken, Kathâs. 21, 142. II. â-datta, Taken away, Hariv. 11811. 1. What ought to be received, Man. 8, 171. 2. To be approved, Râjat. 5, 274. an-âdeya, What ought not to be taken, Absol. âdâya, very often With, Râm. 3, 42, 30. Desider. To be about to seize, Daçak. in Chr. 201, 11 .- With जासा abhi-â, Âtm. (Par., Hariv. 14602), 1. To take away, MBh. 1, 3558. 2. To put on, Hariv. 13086. 3. To begin, MBh. 5, 3384. — With उदा ud-û, udâtta, Prominent, Râm. 2, 100, 10; Prab. 97, 1. m. The acute accent. u. An ornament (in rhetoric), Sah. D. 752. Comp. An-, m. the grave accent. -With GUI upa-a, Atm. 1. To receive,