5, 61; 81. 2. Destruction. 3. An ewe.

—Comp. A-ruja, I. adj. 1. not breaking, Suçr. 2, 300, 14. 2. healthy, Bhartr. 3, 76. II. m. a proper name, Hariv. 14284. Niruja, i.e. nis-, adj., f. jâ. 1. free from pain, Suçr. 1, 292, 14. 2. healthy, Hit. i. d. 14, M.M. Sa-ruja, adj. sick, Sâv. 5, 79. Su-, adj. the same.

rived from rujâ with ya, Åtm. To be sick, Mâlav. 44, 7.

† TZ RUT, i. 1, Atm. 1. To resist.

2. To suffer pain.

3. To shine. i. 10,

1. To be angry.

2. To shine, to speak

(cf. ruth).

† **\(\bar{\pi}\)** RUTH, i. 1, Par. To strike, to fell. i. 1, Åtm. **1.** To resist. **2.** To suffer pain (cf. rut).

† TEE RUNT, TEE RUND, i. 1, Par. To steal.

i. 1, Par. 1. To go. 2. To be idle. 3. To be lame. 4. To resist. 5. To steal. See 2. luth.

RUND, see runt.

runda, m. A headless body, retaining life and fighting, Utt. Râmach. 121, 6.

field of battle. 2. Superhuman power.

also Atm., Râm. 2, 52, 19, and i. 1, Chr. 24, 46). 1. To weep, Vikr. 83, 12; Hit. 99, 3 (read rudati); to cry, MBh. 2, 2616. 2. To bewail, Bhatt. 5, 5. Pteple. of the pf. pass. rudita. 1. Wept. 2. Weeping. n. Weeping, Daçak. in Chr. 184, 10. Comp. Aranya-, n. complaining of one's griefs to a forest, i.e. without being heard, Amar. 76. Frequent. rorud, rorudya, To weep, to cry

excessively, MBh. 3, 10192. Caus. ro daya, To cause to weep, Utt. Râmach. 85, 3.—With the prep. To anu, To weep, Nal. 3, 32.—With To upa-â, To bewail, Bhaṭṭ. 2, 4.—With The pra, 1. To burst into tears, MBh. 3, 2919. 2. To weep, to cry, Râm. 1, 17, 22. prarudita, 1. Wept. 2. Weeping, 15râhmaṇav. 3, 21. 3. Beginning to weep, Vikr. d. 153.—With To vi, To weeping, Utt. Râmach. 73, 11.—Cf. Lat. rudere; O.H.G. riuzan; A.S. reotan; probably ἀρρωδέω (frequent., cf. raudra).

Tud+ra, I. adj. One who roars, Chr. 290, 3=Rigv. i. 64, 3. II. m. 1. A name of Çiva as the god of the tempests, Pańch. pr. d. 1; Bhartr. 2, 93. 2. A class of eleven demigods (personified roaring of the wind), Nal. 10, 24. III. f. rudrâni, Durgâ. Pân. iv. 1, 49. IV. f. dri, A sort of lute.—Cf. perhaps λύρα.

ब्हाणी rudrâṇi, see the last.

THE RUDH, ii. 7, runadh, rundh, Par. Âtm. (i. 4, see anu), 1. To obstruct, MBh. 1, 2367; to check, Râm. 2, 63, 43; to stop, Vikr. d. 121; to obscure, 3, 55, 10. 2. To keep off, Râm. 1, 28, 22. 3. To confine, Man. 9, 12; to arrest, Vikr. d. 103. 4. To bind, Bhartr. 2, 6. 5. To hold, to support Megh. 10. 6. To besiege, MBh. 3, 638 (anomal. arundhat). Ptcple. of the pf. pass. ruddha. 1. Obstructed, stopped, retained, Chr. 33, 33. 2. Opposed. 3. Shut, Daçak. in Chr. 187, 14 (separate, ruddhû drishtih, 'His eye is shut'). 4. Besieged. 5. Surrounded. 6. Secured, held, Çiç. 9, 75; taken possession of, Paúch. 227, 21. f. dhâ, A siege. Caus. To cause to be besieged, Ragh. 12, 71; epic anomal. rundhaya, To obstruct, pain, MBh. 3, 999 .- With