T

† 35 HUL, i. 1, Par. 1. To go. 2. To cover. 3. To kill.

sounds of pleasure made by women.

of a Scythian tribe), -pura, n., Râjat. 5, 258.

and so huhû (probably from an anomal. frequent. of hve), m. A Gandharva, Indr. 2, 14 (hu); MBh. 13, 7639 (hû).

\*\* hû, an interjection of calling, of contempt, of pride, and of weeping.

EATT humkara, i.e. hum-kara, 1. Uttering the sound hum, Dev. 6, 9; as injury, Man. 11, 204. 2. Roaring, Kathâs. 4, 24.

the last), f. 1. Making hûm, sound of a sleeping person, Kathâs. 3, 64, at the end of a comp. adj. 2. Injury, Nalod. 2, 5.

† इंड्  $H\dot{U}\dot{D}$ , होड्  $HO\dot{D}$ , इंड्  $HU\Upsilon$  होड्  $HAU\dot{D}$ , हूंड्  $HR\dot{U}\dot{D}$ , हुड्  $HRU\dot{D}$ , होड्  $HRAU\dot{D}$ , i. 1, Par. To go.

En hûti, i.e. hve + ti, f. 1. Calling.

2. Challenging.—Comp. Deva., f. 1. invocation of the gods, Lass. 102, 7= Rigv. vii. 14, 1. 2. Deva-hûti, the name of a spell, Bhâg. P. 9, 24, 31. 3. a proper name. Su-puru-, adj. very much invoked, Bhâg. P. 6, 9, 30. Pûrva-, f. former invocation, Lass. 28, 2=Rigv. vi. 64, 5.

Of doubt, Humph! ha! 2. Of interrogation, Hey? 3. Of assent, Yes. 4. Of anger, fear. 5. Of laughing, Vass. 80, 1 (Prakr.). 3. Of repreach,

contempt, Lass. 2. ed. 48, 47; equivalent to 'Be silent,' Tush! 7. Of aversion. 8. A mystical syllable, Cf. humhara, humariti.

sound), m. A jackal.

T HRI (for original bkri, which still appears in the signification of hri in the Vedas; cf. bhri. The original signification, 'to bring,' becomes, on the one side, 'to carry to,' on the other, 'to carry away'). i. 1, Par. Atm. † ii. 3, jihri, Par. 1. To convey, Megh. 7. 2. To offer, Man. 3, 121. 3. To direct or discharge (an arrow), Chr. 37, 29. 4. To take, to fetch, Sav. 5, 103. 5. To retain, Hit. 90, 9. 6. To seize, to carry away, Vikr. d. 38; Bhag. 2, 67 '(his understanding is carried away, as a ship by the wind). 7. To cut off (the head), MBh. 3, 10184. 8. To steal, to rob, Râm. 1, 1, 51; to charm, Vikr. d. 85. 9. To acquire, Bhartr. 3, 97; to gain, Hit. iv. d. 103. 10. To put off, Man. 4, 74. 11. To accept, to inherit, Man. 9, 131. Ptcple. of the pf. pass. hrita, Captivated, Çâk. d. 5. Pteple. of the fut. pass. hárya (Lass. 98, 12, read kvârya). Comp. A-hârya, 1. not to be seized or confiscated, Man. 9, 189. 2. not to be brought back, Daçak. in Chr. 181, 8 (sá ched ahâryaniçchayâ, 'if she cannot be induced to change her mind'). 3. not to be gained (by bribes), incapable of perfidy, Man. 7, 217. Desider. jihirsha, To wish to rob, MBh. 1, 7480, Caus. hâraya, 1. To cause to take, i.e. to give, Paúch. iv. d. 47; to give away, i. d. 296; to cause to drink, Rajat. 5, 369. 2. To send, Megh. 4. hârita, 1. Lost, Lass. 21, 19. 2. Fascinated, Ra.

jat. 5, 367. - With चन तथu, To imitate,

Gît. 8, 4.-- With **AU** apa, 1. To take