59.—With the prep. 및 pra, 1. To wash, Panch. 245, 7. 2. To remove. MBh. 1, 7510.—With 氧键 abhi-pra, To cleanse, Vikr. 78, 6.—With 键 vi, To wash away, Ragh. 5, 44.

Sneezing, catarrh, Suçr. 1, 39, 1.

f. rf, Peculiar to the military caste, Râm. 1, 54, 14. II. n. 1. The military caste, MBh. 3, 5097. 2. Royal dignity, Râm. 5, 84, 10.

Patience, forbearance, Man. 5, 107.

चा जिसना kshânti+mant, adj., f. mati, Forbearing, Râjat. 5, 4.

चार्स kshâma, see kshai.

Rate Ashar + a, I. adj., f. râ, Salty, Pańch. 61, 11. II. m. 1. A burning corrosive substance, either soda or potash, Râm. 2, 73, 3. 2. Treacle, Bhâg. P. 7, 4, 17.—Comp. Yava-, m. saltpetre.

derived from the last, Par. 1. To torment by corrosive substances, Mark. P. 8, 142. 2. To defame, MBh. 2, 238.

With the prep. IT â, To defame, Man. 8, 275.

Washing, Pańch. ii. d. 61.

1. To KSHI, i. 6, kshiya (ved. ii. 2),
Par. 1. To dwell (ved.). 2. † To go.

—With the prep. Ti â, ii. 2, To acquire, Chr. 291, 13=Rigv. i. 64, 13.
Cf. κτι in ἐὐκτιτος, ἐὐκτίμενος, κτίζω;
perhaps Lat. civis, etc., so-ciuś, cf. sakhi.

2. (KSHI, i. 1, kshaya, Par. To possess; to rule (with gen.), Chr. 296, 3=Rigv. i. 112, 3.—Cf. κτάομαι, κτέανον, κτέαρ, κτήνος.

3. T KSHI, ii. 9, kshina, kshina, ii. 5, kshinu, i. 1, kshaya, Par. 1. To destroy, Ragh. 2, 40. 2. To hurt, MBh. 3, 1355. 3. To oppress, Man. 9, 315.—Pass. kshiya, 1. To decrease Bhâg. P. 5, 22, 9. 2. To become exhausted, Pańch. i. d. 181. 3. To disappear, Bhartr. 2, 16.—Ptcple. of the pf. pass., I. kshina, 1. Decreased, Çâk. d. 133; Bhartr. 2, 88. 2. Thin, Çâk. d. 58, v.r. 3. Exhausted, Hit. 1, 66; Panch. i. d. 244; iv. d. 16 (of hunger). Feeble, Chân. 99, in Montasb. d. Berl. Ak. Hist. Phil. 1864, 413. Finished, Kathas. 5, 128. 5. Perished, MBh. 2, 972. II. kshita. Comp. A -hshita, adj., not decayed, inexhaustible, Chr. 290, 6=Rigv. i. 64, 6.—Causal, I. kshapaya, 1. To destroy, MBh. 3, 15163. 2. To emaciate, Man. 5, 157. 3. To pass away, MBh. 14, 2720. II. kshayaya in kshavita, 1. Destroyed, Megh. 54. 2. Atoned, Bhag. 4, 30 (v.r. kshapita). -Ptcple. of the fut. pass., kshayayitavya. To be destroyed, Râm. 6, 17, 4. —With the prep. 到可 anu, pass., To disappear by degrees, Bhag. P. 5, 14, 21.—With Ty apa in apakshita, Exhausted, Bhag. P. 3, 11, 32.-With gu upa in upakshina, Disappeared, Sâh. D. 17, 2.—With पर pari, To destroy, Bhag. P. s, s, 20. Pass., To become poor, Hit. ii. d. 91, v.r. parikshina, 1. Diminished, Kathas. 25, 140. 2. Weakened, Man. 7, 172. 3. Indigent, Man. 8, 170. - With I pra, pass., To perish, MBh. 2. 1468. prakshina, 1. Destroyed, Bhag, P. 6, 7, 23. 2. Atoned, Vedantas. in Chr.