3, 16. 7. To fall on, MBh. 3, 2199. 8. To devolve upon, Ram. 2, 22, 20. 9. To happen, Panch. 282, 25. Pteple. of the pres. patant, m. A bird, Regh. 15. Ptcple. of the pf. pass. patita, Sprung from, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 240. n. Flying, MBh. 8, 1910. Comp. Savitri-, m. a man of the three first classes, not invested at the proper time with the sacrificial cord, Man. 2, 39. - Ptcple. of the fut. pass., 1. pataniya, n. A degrading crime, Yâjń. 3, 298. 2. patitavya, n. Going to hell, MBh. 12, 3668. Caus. pátaya, 1. To cause to descend, Hit. iv. d. 74. 2. To cause to fall down, Râm. 1, 74, 13. 3. To dash out, Bhâg. P. 4, 5, 21. 4. To throw, Râm. 6, 82, 93. 5. To inflict, Man. 8, 126. 6. To shed, MBh. 7, 4912. 7. To cause to enter, Vikr. d. 56. 8. To set (fire to), Pańch. iii. d. 166. 9. To direct, Râm. 4, 7, 11. 10. To ruin, 6, 94, 19. 11. To cause to sin, Çâk. d. 117. 12. To throw one's self, MBh. 1, 6752. - With the prep. Ala ati, To neglect. Comp. ptcple. of the fut. pass. an-atipâtya, Not to be neglected, Çâk. 60, 17. Caus. 1. To deprive something of its effect, Sucr. 1, 146, 12. 2. To kill, 2, 266, 13.— With ऋग anu, 1. To fly along or in, Bhâg. P. 3, 11, 5. 2. To follow, Çâk. d. 7. Caus. To cause somebody to fall down with one's self, Râm. 2, 75, 4 Gorr.—With TH abhi, 1. To fly near, to run near, especially with the intention of assailing, MBh. 3, 550. To fall down to (acc.), Arj. 10, 30. To be shed, MBh. 7, 6287. 4. To overtake, MBh. 8, 1910. Caus. 1. To cast on somebody (acc.), Hariv. 13902. 2. To cast down, MBh. 6, 1684.-With THE sam-abhi, To assail, Râm. 5, 41, With we ave, I. To fly down, Prab. 66, 14. 2. To jump down, Hariv. 15949. 3. To fall down, Râm. 2, 28, 12.

keca-kîta-avapatita, On which lice have fallen, MBh. 13, 1577. Caus. To terow down, Kathâs. 25, 42. With â, 1. To fly near, to run near, especially with the intention of assailing, MBh. 1, 5965. 2. To fall down, Râjat. 3, 202. 3. To appear unexpectedly, MBh. 3, 2564. 4. To strike unexpectedly, Râm. 2, 62, 16. 5. To befall, 6, 100, 5. 6. To come to one's share, Kathas. 20, 213. 7. To happen. Caus. 1. To throw down, Bhâg. P. 7, 8, 29. 2. To kill, Hariv. 5598. 3. To shed, Man. 3, 229. -With Rel abhi-â, 1. To fun near, MBh. 4, 807. 2. To assail, 4, 1041.— With wei pari-â, To run away, MBh. 8, 4964.—With 电杆 sam-a, L. To fly near, MBh. 5, 7213. 2. To hasten near. 3. To assail. 4. To obtain, MBh. 1, 5. To have sexual intercourse, MBh. 1, 2461.—With 명종 ud, fly upwards, MBh. 1, 1265. 2. To jump upwards, to start up, 1, 6019. 8. To hasten out of (with abl.), MBh. 12, 5224. 4. To come out, 6, 3785. 5. To be set up (as a cry), Mak. 1, 61141. -With अनुद् anu-ud, To start up, to get up after somebody (acc.), Râm. 5 64, 24.—With ऋखुद् abhi-ud, fly upwards to (acc.), Kathâs. 22, 144. 2. To start up, Hariv. 4114. - With समृद् sam-ud, 1. To fly up together, MBh. 3, 2093. 2. To start up together, 1, 7005. 3. To assail, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 315. 4. To ascend, Râm. 5, 74, 35. 5. To rush out of, MBh. 7, 4656. 6. To gush out of, Hariv. 7068. samutpatita, 1. Springing upwards, Panch. ed. orn. i. d. 108. 2. Sprung up, MBh. 1, 8320. 3. Disappeared, Panch i. d. 212.-With gų upa, To hasten to, Bhâg. P. 7, 2, 31. - With a ni, 1. To fly down, MBh