Utt. Râmach. 176, 8. upakata, L. Injured, spoiled, Vikr. d. 127. 2. Assailed, Crimgarat. 12. 3. Pained, afflicted, Rit. 1, 15; dâridra-, adj. Afflicted by poverty, Pańch. 119, 5; apâya-upahata-antar-âtman, adj. One whose heart is discouraged by misfortune, Hit. iii. d. 115. 4. Struck by lightning, etc., by the rays of the sun, Kir. 5, 48. S. Destroyed. 6. Infected, polluted, tarnished, Çâk. d. 191. 7. Im-Comp. An-, adj. approved, Bhartr. 2, 60 .- With [47 si, 1. To strike, MBh. s, 11953. 2. To kill, Hit. iii. d. 116. 3. To destroy, Hit. i. d. 42, M.M. 4. To disregard, Hit. pr. d. 31, M.M. nihata, L. Struck down, Lass. 2. ed. 78, 70. 2. Killed, Kir. 14, 14. 2. Infixed, attached, Râm. 2, 82, 16.— With uft to pari-ni, To strike, MBh. 3, 12961 (has ni) .-- With विनि vi-ni, 1. To pat, Râm. 1, 9, 16. 2. To kill, Panch. i. d. 347. 3. To destroy, Hit. iv. d. 37; to remove (darkness), MBh. 1, 85. -With Au mi, 1. To drag out (of one's house), Râjat. 5, 432. 2. To remove, Sugr. 1, 100, 16.—With 447 para, To push on, MBh. 3, 1288 (the clouds were pushed on by the violence of the wind). parahata, 1. Struck. 2. Asn. Strike, Malat. 140, 15.sailed. With ust pari, parihata, Lost, Gît. 5, 13. Comp. A-, adj. not avoided, Çâk. 69, 2 (v.r. probably is to be read aparibrita). - With I pra, prahata, 1. 2. Beaten (as a Struck, wounded. drum), Megh. 65. 3. Killed. 4. Repelled. S. Overcome. C. Spread, ex-7. Contiguous. 8. Learnpanded. ed, accomplished. Absol. prabadhya, Being killed, Paúch. iii. d. 269. -With an vi-pre, a-viprahata, alj. Not distant, Rum. 1, 20, 12.-With

प्रति prati, 1. To return a blow, MBh. 3, 1091. 2. To drive back, Çâk. d. 50; to remove, Vikr. d. 20. 3. To disown, Çâk. d. 191. 4. To keep off, Çâk. d. 13; to prevent, Mâlat. 174, 6. 5. To oppose, to resist, Arj. 10, 20. pratihata, 1. Obstructed, Mâlat. 156, 9. 2. Repulsed, Arj. 8, 11; averted, Çâk. 3. Hated. 4. Struck. 91, 15. Disappointed. 6. Sent, dispatched. 7. Overthrown, fallen. 8. Tied, bound. Comp. A-, adj. 1. uninjured, Hit. i. d. 126, M.M. 2. unfailing, Mâlat. 86, 3. -With a vi, 1. To strike, Arj. 10, 23. 2. To afflict, MBh. 2, 151; Râm. 3. To kill, Panch. 86, 3, 79, 28. 23; MBh. 3, 11117. 4. To destroy, Man. 7, 27. 5. To interrupt, Mâlav. d. 38. 6. To separate, Mâlat. 163, 3. 7. To obstruct, to impede, Panch. iii. d. 232; Bhartr. 2, 73. 8. To deny, to refuse, Ragh. 11, 2. vikata, Opposed, resisted. Comp. A., adj. irresistible, Megh. 10. Caus. To cause to be destroyed, Hit. iii. d. 109. -With un sam, To put together, to close (one's hands), Man. 2, 71. samhata, 1. Joined, combined, Hit. i. d. 36, M.M. 2. Collected, Indr. 1, 6; keeping together, Hit. iii. d. 125. 3. Closely allied, Man. 7, 66. 4. Closed, shut. 5. Compact, Râm. 3, 52, 25. 6. Strong-knit, Draup. 7, 9 (the forehead by frowning); well-limbed. 7. Combining, acting together. 8. Struck, wounded, killed. Comp. A-, adj. disagreeing, Panch. v. d. 86. Su-, adj. well-compacted, well-knit. - With चिसस् abhi-sam, To unite, MBh. 2, 800 .- Cf. θάνατος, θείνω, θνήσκω; Goth. dauths, dauthus; A.S. dead, deadh; dydan, to kill; Lat. fen-d in offendere, infostus, probably fessus, fatigare (cf. rutilus, s.v. rudhiru, latere, s.v. rah, etc.); with badh, cf. πάθος, πάσχω;