n. A good or happy day; with vâchaya, To wish somebody a happy day, MBh. 2, 1240.

ya, put, A hell (to which the childless are condemned), Man. 9, 138.

प्राका puttikâ, f. 1. A termite, Man. 4, 238. 2. A kind of bee.

पूच putra, perhaps pû+tra, I. m. 1. A son, Man. 9, 138. 2. du. Two sons. 3. A son and a daughter, Nal. 23, 26. 4. pl. Children, young ones, MBh. 12, 3306. II. f. tri, A daughter, Panch. 190, 1.—Comp. A-, adj., f. râ, sonless. Arya-, m. the son of an Arya, used to denote: 1. a prince, Râm. 6, 8, 38. 2. the son of an elder brother, 2, 23, 26. 3. a husband (hw his wife), 3, 49, 9. Kula-, m. ine son of a respectable family. Gâdhi-, m. the son of Gâdhi, i.e. Viçvâmitra. Taruna-, adj., f. rû, having young ones, Râm. 3, 53, 51. Jiva-, adj. one of whom a son or children are alive. Dâsyâs- (gen. sing. of dâsi, see dâsa), m. the son of a female slave, a contemptible person. Dharâ-, m. the planet Mars. Nanda-putri, f. a name Niçâ-, m. pl. a class of of Durgâ. Pâtali-, n. the name of a demons. town, the Palibothra of the ancients. Marut-, m. Bhîmasena, the second of the Pândavas. Râjaputra, i.e. râjan-, I. m. 1. the son of a king. 2. a man of the military tribe. 3. a soldier. 4. the planet Mercury. II. f. tri. 1. a princess. 2. a woman of the Kshatriya tribe. 3. a kind of brass. 4. the musk shrew. Lakshmî-, m. 1. Kâma. 2. a horse. Cilâ-, m. a muller or roller for grinding condiments on a flat stone. adj. together with (his) son, Rajat. 5, Satpo, i.e. sant-, adi. having sons living, Man. 9, 154, Surya-, 1. m. 1. Varuna. 2. Saturn, Panch. i. d. 238. 3. Yama. II. f. rt. 1. lightning. 2. the Yamunâ river.

y The putra + ka, I. m. A son, Man. 2, 151. II. f. trikâ and trakâ. 1. A daughter, Pańch. 190, 2. 2. A daughter appointed to raise issue for her father, Man. 9, 127. 3. A doll, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 635.—Comp. A-, adj. sonless. Kritrima-, m. and f. trikâ, a doll. Pâṭali-, n. the name of a town, the Palibothra of the ancients. Muni-, m. a wagtail. Vastra-putrikâ, f. a doll.

y बता putra + tâ, f., and y बल putra + tra, n. The state of a son, Râm. 1, 20, 1 Gorr.

the birth of a son, Chr. 50, 16.

पुरवस्त putra + vant, adj., f. vatî, Having a son or sons, or children, Man. 9, 182.

f. inf. The same, Man. 9, 182; Vikr. d. 152.—Comp. Sa-, adj. with one's sons, Hariv. 11842.

पुरिय putriya, i.e. putra + iya, adj., f. yâ, Referring to a son, procuring a son, Râm. 1, 15, 2 Gorr.

f. yâ, Relating to a son or child, procuring a son, Râm. 1, 14, 1 Gorr.

1. To hurt, to kill.—Caus. pothaya. 1. To kill, MBh. 4, 727. 2. To bruise, 4, 643. 3. To overpower (sound), Kathâs. 34, 257. pothita, Annihilated, MBh. 4, 795.—With the prep. Ab abhi, Caus. To crush, Hariv. 3347.—With a ava, Caus. The same, Hariv. 5611.—With a â, Caus. To strike down, Hariv. 4525.—With pra, Caus. To push on, Râm. 6, 25, 7.—With vi, Caus. To bruise,