Buzzing, Çiç. 9, 71.—With an vi-pra, Caus. To fill with noise, Râm. 5, 12, 45. -With sam-pra, To cry, Râm. 5, 1, 87. Caus. To fill with a cry, Râm. 4, 29, 15.—With प्रति prati, To answer with a cry, or with cries, Râm. 3, 24, 30; (with acc.) Râjat. 4, 285; MBh. 6, Caus. 1. To fill with crice, Hariv. 4179. 2. To cry aloud, MBh. 3, 14057.—With a vi, 1. To resound, Râm. 4, 9, 44. 3. To cry, 3, 30, 6. To roar, MBh. 1, 6002. 4. To cry round about somebody (acc.), 11, 599. 5. To fill with cries, Hariv. 8097. Caus. 1. To cause to sound, or to cry, Bhag. P. 8, 8, 13; Ghat. 10. 2. To fill with noise, MBh. 1, 1187. 3. To sound aloud, Râm. 6, 11, 23.—With भ्रम्वि anu-vi, Cans. To fill completely with noise, Râm, 2, 103, 48.—With श्राभिवि abhi-ri, To cry aloud, Râm. 6, 37, 37.—With 来研 sam, To roar, MBh. 7, 8127. Caus. 1. To cause to resound, MBh. 1, 2896. 2. To cry aloud, MBh. 7, 8386.

नद nad + a, I. m. A river, MBh. 1, 8730. A male river, Man. 6, 90. II. f. di, A river, 3, 9; a female river, 6, 90.—Comp. Giri-nadi, i.e. giri-nadi, f. a mountain stream. Deva-nadi, f. A holy river, Man. 2, 19. Dyn-nadi, f. a name of the Ganga. Naga-nadi, f. the name of a river. Panchanada, i.e. punchan-, I. u. 1. the country which is now called Panjab. 2. the name of a river. H. m. 1. pl. the inhabitants 2. a proper name. of the Panjâb. Maha-nadi, f. a great river, Râjat. 5, 98; =Ganga, Chr. 26, 70. Svar-, f. the Ganga of heaven.

नदिका nadikâ, i.e. nadi + ka, f. See ku-nadikâ, s.v. ku-.

नदीज wadi-ja, I. Born near a

river, epithet of horses, Rûm. 1, 6, 24 Gorr. II. m. 1. Epithet of Bhîshma, the son of the Ganga, MBh. 4, 1294. 2. Antimony, Suçr. 2, 340, 16.

nadishna, i.e. nadi-sna (vb. snā), adj. Versed in, Ragh. 16, 75.—Comp. Ati-, Much versed in, Daçak. 180, 14.

na-nu, a particle of interrogation. 1. Not (Lat. nonne), MBh. 13, 313. 2. with an imperat., Do, Çiç. 9, 61. 3. Then, Mricheld. 174, 12.

बन्द NAND (probably for nanad, a reduplicated form of nad), i, 1, Par. (also Atm., Râm, 2, 84, 4), To be pleased, Râm. 1, 10, 28. Caus. nandaya, To gladden, Râm. 4, 22, 6 .- With the prep. त्रभि ubhi, 1. To be pleased, Bhag. 2. 57. 2. To be pleased with (acc.), Man. 6, 45. 3. To desire, MBh. 13, 6655. 4. To salute, Panch. 57, 18; with na, sometimes To receive unkindly, MBb. 14, 134. 5. To take leave from (acc.), MBh. 1, 5751. 6. To approve, Râm. 4, 10, 33; Çâk. d. 71. 7. To acknowledge, Man. 8, 54. 8. With na; sometimes To refuse, MBh. 5, 7505. Pteple. of the fut. pass. abhinanduniya, abhinandya, To be rejoiced at, Cak. 63, 18; 27, 6. Caus. To exhilarate, Ram. 2, 107, 10. — With **प्रत्यभि** prati-abli, To return a salutation, MBh. 13, 7721. —With समिभ sam-abhi, To congratulate, Kathas. 21, 148.—With 37 â, To be pleased, Git. 11, 10. Caus. To gratify, Yaju. 1, 355.—With परि pari, Caus. To gratify very much, MBh. 15, 522.-With प्रति prati, 1. To salute, MBh. 5, 1806. 2. To salute in one's turn, Man. 7, 146. 3. To show one's satisfaction, MBh. 13, 426. To favour, Kumaras. 7, 87.