Separation. 2. Absence. 3. Exchanging, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 920.

n. 1. Taking off or away. 2. Going about for pleasure or exercise, Paúch. 25, 10; roaming, Bhartr. 3, 92. 3. Relaxation, pastime, pleasure, Paúch. 236, 18.

विद्यते vihartri, i. e. vi-hri+tri, m. One who robs, Draup. 8, 46.

विश्वन vi-has + ana, n. Laughing gently.

विषा vi-hâ, indecl. Heaven, paradise.

for vas), I. m. and n. 1. The sky.

2. The open air, Man. 2, 186. II. instr. sâ, adv. Through the air, Râm.

3, 54, 6. III. m. A bird.—Cf. χάος.

atie vihâra, i.e. vi-hri+a, 'm. 1. Wandering, going about, walking for pleasure, Râm. 3, 51, 20; Vedântas. in Chr. 219, 1. 2. Sporting, Hit. 83, 4, M.M; pleasure, Daçak. in Chr. 182, 9; relaxation, Râm. 3, 49, 39. 3. A Bauddha or Jaina convent, Panch. 236, 8. 4. A temple, Hit. 19, 10 (cf. vîhâra). 5. A palace, Mâlat. 8, 4. 6. The shoulder. 7. A sort of bird .- Comp. Jayendra-, i.e. jaya-indra-, m. a convent built by Jayendra, a king of Cashmere, Râjat. 5, 427. Nis-, adj. deprived of pleasure, Hariv. 11150. Himsa-, m. roaming with the intention to do mischief, Râm. 3, 51, 20.

विशादक vihâra + ka (or विशादिक vihâra + ika?), adj., f. rikâ, Belonging to a Bauddha convent, Mâlat. 104, 9.

विशादवन vihâra + vant, adj. Taking pleasure, liking, Man. 10, 9.

विद्वारिन vihârin, i.e. ri-hri and

vihàra, +in, adj., f. ini, 1. Walking about, wandering, Hit. i. d. 20, M.M. 2. Taking pleasure or relaxation, rejoicing one's self, Çâk. 17, 21; Pańch. 30, 25; ii. d. 21. 3. Beautiful, Bhartr. 1, 17.

विश्वास vihâsa, i.e. vi-has+a, m. A gentle laugh.

विश्विक vi-hims + aka, adj. Injuring, Pańch. iii. d. 143.

বিছিৰিম vihitrima, i.e. vi-hita+ rima (vb. dhâ), adj. Done according to rule, Bhaṭṭ. 1, 13.

विद्योगता vi-hina+tâ (vb. hâ), f. Avandoning, Paúch. ii. d. 146.

a vi-hri+ti, f. 1. Opening. 2. Pastime, pleasure, Nalod. 2, 38.

विष्ठक vi-heth + aka, m. An injurer, a reviler, MBh. 1, 3076.

विदेउन vi-heth + ana, n. 1. Hurting, killing. 2. Rubbing, grinding. 3. Afflicting. 4. Affliction.

Table vi-hval+a, adj. 1. Agitated, Râm. 2, 48, 2; overcome with fear or agitation, Chr. 34, 8. 2. Distressed, afflicted, Chr. 32, 28 (perhaps rather savihvala, in one word, full of emotion). 3. Fused, liquid. 4. Languishing, Lass. 2. ed. 60, 25. 5. Desponding, Mâlat. 142, 5.—Comp. A, adj. strong, Chr. 30, 2. Pari, adj. very agitated, Râm. 2, 84, 6 Gorr.

विञ्चला vihvala + tá, f. Agitation, anxiety.

1. at VI, ii. 2, Par. (ved.), 1. To go. 2. To approach. 3. To pervade, to obtain. 4. To conceive, to grow pregnant. 5. To desire, to love, Chr. 287, 6=Rigv. i. 48, 6. 6. To eat, to enjoy. 7. It is used as substitute for