18), Jala- (Kathâs. 18, 2, but, plenty of water, Kir. 5, 19), Payas- (Hit. ii. d. 15), and Vâri- (Râjat. 5, 15), m. the ocean. Brahma(n)-, heap of holiness, Chr. 34, 15 (=Paragurâma). Yaças-, m. greatness of glory, i.e. a glorious deed, Vikr. 11, 17.

+tra, 1. A realm, empire, kingdom, Paúch. iii. d. 39; v. d. 64 (kurâjântâni râshṭrâṇi, Kingdoms find their end [i.e. are ruined] by wicked kings). 2. An inhabited country, Lass. 76, 18. II. Any public calamity, as famine.—Comp. Su-, m. the name of a country, Surat, Râm. 3, 53, 56.

ika, adj. sbst. Inhabiting, or an inhabitant of, a realm, Man. 10, 61.

adj. Relating to a realm. II. (râsh-triya), m. A king's brother-in-law (in theatrical language), Mṛichchh. 66, 23; ef. Böhtl. ad Çâk. 73, 1.

(MBh. 8, 1941, Par.), To sound, to cry.—Cf. râç.

774 râsa, i.e. ras + a, m. 1. Sound.

2. Confused noise. 3. Speech. 4. A festival among the cowherds, including especially a circular dance. 5. A chain.

—Comp. Dûrâsa, i.e. dus-, m. disagreeable speech, Utt. Râmach. 44, 5.

An ass, Pańch. iii. d. 118. f. bhi, A she-ass, Pańch. 215, 9.

रास्ट्स râserasa, m. I. i.e. râsa + i-rasa. 1. = râsa. 2. Mirth. 3. A company, a party. II. (cf. rasa), Alchymy.

(144) râsana, m. = rasa, Pân. Sch. iv. 2, 92.

' râsnâ, f. A sort of perfume.

Daitya to whom the eclipses are ascribed, Hit. i.d. 20, M.M. 2. The ascending node.—Comp. Sa., adj. seized by Râhu, i.e. eclipsed, Bhâg. P. 3, 17, 8.

1. RI, i. 6, riya, Par. To go.

2. T RI, ii. 5, v. r. for ri, ii. 5, To hurt.

Void, empty. 2. Unloaded, unburthened, Man. 8, 404.

An inheritance, Man. 9, 104. 2. Property, Man. 8, 30. 3. Wealth. 4. Gold.—Comp. Gotra-, n. du. family and estate, Man. 9, 142.

(vb. dâ), m. An heir, a son, Bhâg. P. 2, 9, 40.

adj. Wealthy. II. m. An heir, Man. 9, 162 (eka-, An heir of one man).

rikshå, f. 1. A nit. 2. A mote in a sunbeam.

रिख् RIKH, रिक्क RINKH, see rakh.

RICH, ii. 7, rinach, rinch, Par. Âtm. 1. To evacuate, to leave, pass., Vikr. d. 8 (being delivered). 2. To separate, Bhatt. 6, 36. † i. 1, and i. 10, 1. To join, to mix. 2. To divide, to separate. Pteple. of the pf. pass. rihta, 1. Empty, Panch. 89, 2. 2. Unloaded. 3. Purged. 4. Free from, Ragh. 14, 86. 5. Poor. Comp. A-, adj. filled, Mâlav. 45, 15. Pteple. of i. 10, or Caus. rechita, 1. Freed from. 2. Purged.—With the prep. At, pass. 1. To surpass, with abl., Man. 4, 175; with acc., 2, 145; with instr., MBh. 3, 10588. 2. To prevail, Man. 12, 25; to play the chief part, Hit.