खपाय vyapâya, i.e. vi-apa-i+a, m. End, Ragh. 3, 3.

equisa vyapâçraya, i.e. vi-apa-â
-çri+a, m. 1. Taking refuge with,
Bhag. 18, 56; relying upon. 2. Expectation.

+a, f. 1. Mutual connexion. 2. Regard, Chr. 43, 24 (corr. thus); expectation.—Comp. Nirvyapeksha, i.e. nis., adj. indifferent, Ragh. 14, 39. Sa., adj. connected, Utt. Râmach. 146, 7.

chart vyabhichâra, i.e. vi-abhi-chărt a, m. 1. Going astray, erring (literally and figurat.) 2. The presence of the hetu without the sâdhya, Bhâshâp. 136. 3. Following improper courses.

4. Crime, vice, sin, Hit. iii. d. 16; MBh. 1, 912. 5. Infidelity of a wife, Man. 10, 164.

—Comp. Sa-, m. a too general middle term (as fire to prove smoke).

चिस्तिर्तस vyabhichára + tas, adv. From the vyabhichára, involved in the other supposition, Bhâshâp. 47.

श्वभिचारिता vyabhichâritâ, i. e. vyabhichârin+tâ,f. Error, Bhâshâp. 138.

यभिचारित vyabhicháritva, i.e. vyabhichárin+tva, n. Doubt.—Comp. Svatva-, n. doubt or uncertainty of ownership.

-abhi-char and ryabhichâra + in, I. adj., f. inî. 1. Going astray, wanton, Hit. pr. d. 21, M.M. 2. Doing what is improper. II. f. inî, A wanton woman, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 507.—Comp. A-, adj. never failing, Çâk. 81, 9.

राज्य vychhra, i. e. vi-abhra, adj. Cloudless, Nal. 17, 11.

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vyaya), To squander away, Hit. ii. d. 91. Ptcple. of the pf. pass. vyayita, 1. Expended, Hit. 98, 17. 2. Dissipated, Hit. 60, 10. 3. Fallen to decay. † i. 10, Par. To throw.

वाय vyaya, i.e. vi-i+a, I. adj. Mutable, Man. 1, 19. II. m. 1. Disappearance, loss, Lass. 59, 1; Pańch. i. d. 179; Mâlat. 70, 14 (risk). 2. Destruction, Ragh. 5, 5; Dacak. in Chr. 181, 5 (detriment). 3. Expenditure, expense, Man. 8, 287; Pańch. 138, 4. 4. Squandering away, Lass. 75, 13. 5. Misfortune, decline. - Comp. A-, adj. 1. immutable, Man. 1, 19. 2. eternal, Johns. Sel. 23, 118; Râjat. 5, 37. Ati-, m. spending too much, Hit ii. d. 90. Bhojana-, m. expense fo food, Hit. 98, 17. Su-alpa-, I. adj. suffering small expenses, Hit. 46, 8. II. m. a very small expense, Hit. iii. d. 130 (read koshasval°).

Sঅ্থিৰ -vyayin, i. e. vyaya+in, adj. in udaya-, Mounting and falling, Hit. iii. d. 128.

राष्ट्र vyartha, i.e. vi-artha, adj. 1. Useless, unprofitable, Paúch. i. d. 445; Hit. i. d. 129, M.M.; Paúch. 134, 14. 2. Unmeaning.

चर्चना ryartha+tâ, f. 1. Uselessness, with yâ or gam, To become useless, Pańch. 128, 1, 215, 22. 2. Inoffensiveness, Pańch. 169, 14. 3. Nonsense.

Tellar vyalika (cf. alika), I. adj.

1. Disagreeable, offensive.

2. Improper.

3. Painful.

4. Strange.

II.

m. A catamite.

III.

n. 1. Any displeasing or improper act.

2. Disagreeableness.

3. Pain, grief, Çâk.

d. 183; Pańch. i. d. 272.

4. Fault, transgression, Çiç.

9, 85; Hit. ii. d. 125.

5. Cheating, falsehood, Pańch. i. d.

136 (cf. Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 3208).—Comp.