Cessation, rest, Man. 2, 73; °mam̃
yâ, To rest, Bhartr. 2, 72. 2. End, Utt.
Râmach. 63, 5. 3. Pause.

विराव virâva, i.e. vi-ru + a, m. Sound.

विराविन virâvin, i.e. virâva+in, adj. 1. Shouting. 2. Resounding, Râm. 1, 19, 12.

विरिञ्चन viriúchana, m. Brahman (cf. viraúcha).

pass. of vi rebh), m. A tone, a note.

विद्यान virukmant, i.e. vi-ruch + mant, adj. Splendid, Chr. 291, 3 = Rigv. i. 85, 3 (matak, acc. pl. f. ved.).

f. 1. Opposition, contrariety. 2. Enmity. 3. Incongruity, abominableness, Paúch. 260, 3.—Comp. A-, f. absence of abominableness, Paúch. 261, 6.

aksha, adj. Having deformed eyes; m. Çiva, Johns. Sel. 89, 25.

विरेक vireka, i.e. vi-rich + a, m., and

n. 1. Purging. 2. A purgative.

विरोक viroka, i.e. vi-ruch + a, I. m. A ray of light. II. n. A chasm.

ana, I. m. 1. Fire. 2. The sun. 3. The moon. II. (n. ?), Light, lustre, Râjut. 5, 448.

+ ishņu, adj. 1. Shining. 2. Illuminating, making visible, Man. 1, 77.

विरोध virodha, i.e. vi-rudh+a, I. m. 1. Hindrance, impediment. 2. Restraint, check. 3. Opposition, Paúch. 162, 14; Chr. 56, 16; contradiction, Vedântas. in Chr. 211, 18; Kusumâúj. 3, 8; i. d. 147. 4. Inconsistency (in argument). 5. Surrounding. 6. Siege, blockade. 7. Enmity, Utt. Râmach. 146, 1; Paúch. 148, 10. 8. War. 9. Calamity. II. f. dhi, Fixed rule, institute.—Comp. Vachana-, m. inconsistency of texts. Smriti, m. 1. illegality. 2. disagreement between two or more codes of law.

ana, n. 1. Hindering. 2. Opposition. 3. Incongruity. 4. Blockading. 5. Provoking. 6. Encountering or defying peril.—Comp. A-, adj. useful, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 175.

virodhin, i.e. vi-rudh and virodha, + in, I. adj. f. ni. 1. Obstructive. 2. Preventing, impeding, Man. 4, 17. 3. Contradictory, inconsistent, Vikr. d. 162. 4. Exclusive, Vedântas. in Chr. 204, 11. 5. Besieging, blockading. 6. Quarrelsome. II. m. An enemy, Lass. 2. ed. 88, 28.—Comp. Deça-hâla-, adj. scting contrary to place and time, Pańch. iii. d. 209.

विरोपण viropaṇa, i.e. vi-ruh, Caus., + ana, adj. Healing, Çâk. d. 85.

† [at VIL, i. 6, Par. To cover, to conceal. i. 10, Par. To throw (cf. pil).

Indra's horses. II. n. 1. A chasm, a hole, Panch. ii. d. 14; 107, 2 (of a mouse). 2. A cave, a cavern, Panch. 193, 15; Râm. 4, 9, 19.—Comp. Udadj. being out of one's hole, Râm. 2, 33, 19. Mahâ-, n. 1. a cave. 2. sky, heaven. 3. the heart. 4. a water-jar. Sthâli-, n. the interior or hollow of a pot.