thorn). Comp. ptcple. of the fut. pass. a-chchhedya, adj. Not to be cut down, MBh. 1, 93. Caus. and i. 10. chhedaya, 1. To lop off, MBh. 7, 5954. 2. To order to be lopped off, Man. 8, 283.— With the prep. > ava, avachchhinna, Confined, Vedântas. in Chr. 205. 13; an-avachchhinna, adj. Unbounded, Bhartr. 2, 1.—With खव vi-ava, 1. To cut off, MBh. 7, 1166. 2. To separate, Bhâg. P. 4, 29, 45. 3. To resolve. Bhâg. P. 1, 19, 7. a-vyavachchhinna, adj. Uninterrupted, Hariv. 3580. - With भा â, 1. To pull off, MBh. 12, 9377. 2. To cut, MBh. 1, 5936. з. break, Bhâg. P. 3, 21, 18. 4. To remove, MBh. 3, 11710. 5. To tear away, Panch. 222, 4. 6. To rob, MBh. 4, 2147. 7. To draw, Daçak. 117, 4. 8. To disregard, Râm. 2, 24, 33.—With चवा ava-â, To deliver, Vikr. d. 15.— With **341** upa-â, To snatch away, Bhâg. I'. 5, 14, 24.—With HHI sam-â, To snatch away, Râm. 6, 8, 17 .-With **उद** ud, 1. To root out, MBh. 7, 139; to exterminate, MBh. 1, 6811. 2. To cut off, Mâlat. 151, 6. 3. To stop, MBh. 1, 4891. 4. pass. To be deficient, Man. 3, 101 .- Comp. ptcple. of the fut. pass. duruchchhedya, i.e. dus-, adj. Difficult to be exterminated, Prab. 93, 12. sukhochchhedya, i.e. sukha-, adj. To be exterminated easily, Panch. iii. d. 25. Caus. or i. 10, To exterminate, Panch. 55, 12. - With बाद vi-ud, pass., with the terminanations of the Par. (i.e. i. 4), 1. To become extinct, MBh. 12, 3923. 2. To cease, MBh. 1, 6188. a-vyuchchhinna, adj. Uninterrupted, Vikr. d. 110 .- With समह sam-ud, To exterminate, Panch. iii. d. 57.-With परि pari, 1. To cut

off, MBh. 3, 2593. 2. To wound, Râm. 3, 32, 26. 3. To limit, Ragh. 6, 77. 4. To weigh duly, Panch. 161, 24. 5. To be assured, Ragh. 15, 51. parichchhinna, Limited, small, Vedântas. in Chr. 206, 1. a-parichchhedya, adj. Boundless, Ragh. 10, 29.—With aut vi-pari, To destroy completely, MBh. 5, 4513. - With y pra, 1. To cut, Râm. 2, 87, 9 Gorr. 2. To cut to pieces, Hariv. 13580. 3. To withdraw, MBh. 12, 9770. Caus. To order to be lopped off, MBh. 12, 686.—With HI sam-pra, To cut to pieces, Hariv. 13613.—With प्रति prati, To retort by cutting to pieces, MBh. 7, 4848 .-With a vi, 1. To tear asunder, Hariv. 8530. 2. To interrupt, Bhartr. 1, 95; Daçak. in Chr. 179, 16 (a-vichchhinna -pâtam, Without rising again). 3. To separate, Vedântas. in Chr. 217, 20.-With Her sam, 1. To cut, MBh. 1, 2. To cut to pieces, MBh. 5, 2909. 3. To cut off, MBh. 7, 7918. 4. To pierce, MBh. 4, 2004. 4. To destroy, to remove, Bhag. 4, 11. 5. To decide (a question), Bhag. P. 4, 29, 52. -Cf. σκίδνημι, κίδναμαι, σκοϊδος, κοϊδος. σκινδάλαμος σκιδάννυμι (for σκειδαν juμι), σχίζω, σχίδη, σχίνδαλμος, σχέδη, etc.; Lat. scindo, caedo (Causal); Goth. skaidan; A.S. s. zádan; O.H.G. sceit, etc.

stag -chhid, latter part of comp. adj. 1. Cutting, piercing, e.g. MBh. 7, 4656; Râm. 5, 37, 10. 2. Destroying, MBh. 5, 1809. 3. Removing, Bhâg. P. 4, 8, 23.—Comp. Ducchid, i.e. dus-, difficult to be destroyed, Kâm. Nîtis. 14, 68.

What may be torn easily, Ragh. 16, 62.