saya, 1. To fell, Râm. 5, 63, 23. 2. To destroy, Daçak. in Chr. 188, 18. 3. To interrupt, Râm. 2, 60, 15 .- With the prep. Tu apa, 1. To go away, Hariv. 2. To cause to go away, MBh. 1, apadhvasta, Reviled, miserable, Mrichchh. 124, 3 (crazed, Wils.).—With म्राभि abhi, To attack, MBh. 5, 3230.— With चद ud, Caus. To cover, MBh. 13, 4817.—With समृद् sam-ud, cover, Râm. 2, 42, 10 .- With **30** upa, pass. To be attacked, Sucr. 1, 21, 14.— With a vi-ni, vinidhvasta, Destroyed, Râm. 2, 125, 13 Gorr.-With परि pari, paridhvasta, 1. Destroyed, Râm. 2, 33, 18. 2. Covered, 2, 41, 11 Gorr. — With y pra, pradhvasta, Perished, Bhartr. 3, 26. Caus. 1. To cause to fall, MBh. 7, 1387. 2. To destroy, 1529.—With प्रति prati, pratidhvasta, 1. Afflicted, MBh. 12, 3606. 2. Left (?), 3717.—With a vi, To crumble down, MBh. 12, 7978. 2. To disperse, 5, 5877. vidhvasta, 1. Fallen, 3, 2668. 2. Fallen to pieces, Râm. 2, 114, 6. 3. Destroyed, MBh. 1, 7675. 4. Whirled up, Râm. 6, 19, 12. Caus. 1. To break to pieces, MBh. 1, 8282. 2. To crush, 3, 16501. 3. To destroy, Râm. 5, 26, 37. 4. To hurt, 3, 53, 51. -With प्रवि pra-vi, pravidhvasta, 1. Thrown away, Râm. 6, 22, 26. Struck, Hariv. 10627 .-- Cf. perhaps Lat. vastus, vastare; O.H.G. wôsti; A.S. weste; Goth. driusan; A.S. dreosan, dysi, dyselic, dysig, dysian.

EAU dhvams + a, m. 1. Destruction, Prab. 82, 14. 2. Loss, Panch. i. d. 117.

क्षेत्रन dhvams + ana, I. adj. Destroy-

ing, MBh. 5, 5316. II. n. Destruction, Râm. 6, 38, 21.

ध्वंसिन dhvams+in, adj., f. ni. 1. Perishing, Bhartr. 3, 35. 2. Destroying, Hariv. 4627.

† LAN DHVAJ, i. 1, Par. To go.
—Cf. perhaps Lat. vagus, vagari.

ध्वज dhvaja, m. and n. 1. A flag or banner, Râm. 2, 67, 26. 2. A mark, a symbol, MBh. 1, 1511. 3. A distiller's flag, Man 4, 85. 4. The penis, Suçr. 2, 114, 9.—Comp. Ud-patâka-dhvaja, adj. with raised flags and banners, Râjat. 5, 465. Kapi-, m. a name of Arjuna, Bhag. 1, 20. Kuça-, m. a proper name, Râm. 1, 71, 13. Garuda-, m. a name of Vishnu, MBh. 2, 30. Go -vrisha-, m. a name of Civa, Arj. 3, 44. Jvala-, m. fire, Rajat. 4, 41. Tala-, m. I. a name of Balarâma, MBh. 9, 2139. 2. the name of a mountain, Catr. 1, 50. Timi-, epithet of the demon Çambara, Râm. 2, 8, 12 Gorr. Dharma-, 1. adj. one who displays the flag of virtue, a hypocrite, Bhag. P. 3, 32, 39. 2. m. a proper name, 9, 13, 19. Pâra-, m. pl. standards come from an opposite shore (i.e. from Ceylon), Râjat. 3, 78. Makara-, m. the god of love. Mahisha-, m. Yama. Vrishabha-, m. a name of Çiva, Chr. 48, 11. Sira-, m. Janaka, Mahav. 5, 9. Sura-, n. a tavern flag. Smara-, I. m. l. any musical instrument. 2. a fabulous fish, the makara. 3. the penis. II. f. $j\hat{a}$, bright moonlight. III. n. the vulva.

taga dhvaja + vant, I. adj. 1. Adorned with flags, Râm. 1, 5, 17. 2. Branded, Yâjú. 3, 243. II. m. 1. An ensign, MBh. 9, 3302. 2. A distiller or seller of spirits, Râm. 4, 84.

ध्विजिक dhvajika, i.e. dhvajin+ka, adj. One who displays the flag of virtue, a hypocrite, Man. 13, 7594.