of the windy humour.—Comp. Mahû-, m. air as clement, Bhâshâp. 43.

जायुज vâyu-ja (literally, Produced by air), Pańch. 44, 15, name of a tree (? cf. my transl. n. 204).

Τις vâr, n. Water, Nalod. 3, 51.— Cf. οὖρον, οὐρέω, οὐρία, perhaps ὑρτήρ, ὖρχη; Lat. urina, urceus, urna.

att vâra, I. m. 1. A multitude, Daçak. in Chr. 190, 23; Râjat. 5, 342; a troop, ib. 453. 2. A moment. Opportunity, time, Panch. 256, 7. Turn, Hit. 67, 21. 5. A day of the week, Hit. 48, 3 (bhattaraka-, Sunday). 6. A gate. 7. A name of Civa. acc. ram, adv. doubled, vâramvâram, Repeatedly, Hit. 67, 12. III. instr. rena, adv. Frequently. IV. n. A vessel for holding spirituous liquor. -Comp. $Eka-v\hat{a}ra+m$, adv. 1. once, Panch. 216, 2. 2. only once, Bhartr. 3, 16. 3. at once, Panch. 174, 23. 4. suddenly. Bahu-, m. pl. many times, Bhatt. 3, 32. Madhu-, m. drinking repeatedly. Ravi-, m. Sunday. Vâna-, m. (vb. vri), 1. a cuirass. 2. armour. Viçva-, adj. (vb. vri), containing every boon, Chr. 288, 13=Rigv. i. 48, 13. Soma-, in. Monday.—Cf. ηρα.

Opposing, an agent of resistance. II. m. 1. A horse's paces. 2. A horse. III. n. 1. The seat of pain. 2. A sort of fragrant grass, Brahmav. 2, 50.

m. 1. An enemy. 2. The ocean. 3. A horse with good marks. 4. An ascetic.

of a sword, sickle, etc., to which the handle is fastened.

वारटा vârațâ, i.e. varuțu + a, f. A goose.

1. Armour. 2. An elephant, Hit. ii. d. 28. II. n. 1. Warding off, Bhartr. 2, 14. 2. Resistance. 3. Obstacle. 4. Protecting.—Comp. Atapa-, Ushna-, n. a parasol, Ragh. 3, 70 · Kumāras. 5, 52. Digvārana, i.e. diç-, m. an elephant supposed to support a quarter of the world, MBh. 3, 9929. Hasta-, n. resisting an assault.

वार्णावत vâranâvata, i.e. vârana + vant + a (m. or n.), A name of Hastinâpura, Hid. 1, 30.

वार्सा vâralâ, i.e. varala+a, f. 1. A wasp. 2. A goose (cf. varaţâ).

वाराणमी vârâṇasi, f. The city Benares, Lass. 5, 20.

altie vârâha, i.e. varaha+a, I. adj. Relating to a boar, boarish, Johns. Sel. 93, 52. II. f. hî. 1. A sow. 2. The earth. 3. One of the divine mothers. 4. A measure. 5. An esculent root, Dioscorea.

Paúch. ii. d. 149; fluidity, i. d. 153.

II. f., also at vârî, 1. A water pot.

2. (vb. vri), A hole for catching elephants. 3. (vb. vri), A rope for fastening elephants. III. f. ri. 1. A place where elephants are tied up. 2. A captive.

3. Sarasvatî.—Comp. Kuça-, n. water in which kuça grass is boiled, Man. 11, 148. Kshârâmlodakavâri, i.e. kshâra-amla-udaka-. n. pl. ashes, acids, and water, Man. 5, 114. Chandana-, n. water mixed with sandal, Râm. 3, 53, 57. Netra-, n. 4 tear, tears, Râm. 2, 111, 12 Gorc.

artin vâri-ja, I. adj. Produced in or by water. II. m. 1. A conch-shell. 2. Any bivalve shell. III. n. 1. A lotus, Bhartr. 2, 46. 2. Selt.

वारित्रा vâri-trâ, f. An umbrella.