Râjat. 5, 343. II. f. dû, a virgin deflowered. — Cf. O.H.G. sueiz; A.S. swát.

1. Perspiration. 2. Causing to perspire, warming, Hit. ii. d. 130. 3. A sudorific. II. f. nf, An iron plate used for cooking and frying.

सेद निक svedanika, i.e. svedani+ ka, f. An iron plate for cooking and frying.

svaira (from sva and îr), I. adj.

1. Self-willed, Pańch. 31, 3; of one's own accord, Râm. 3, 52, 27 (without the permission of her husband); unrestrained. 2. Slow, or refractory, Nal. 21, 13; Sâv. 5, 98. 3. Dependent on one's will, unimportant, MBh. 1, 1726; 1921; 3, 18573. II. ram, adv. 1. With one's own will, assent, Râm. 3, 52, 27; Utt. Râmach. 29, 6; Kathâs. 22, 99.

2. Of one's own accord, Râjat. 5, 411. III. n. Wilfulness.

स्रोता svaira + tâ, and स्रोता svairitâ, i.e. svairin + tâ, f. Wilfulness, Lass. 2. ed. 19, 18 (ra).

adj., f. ini, Self-willed, wanton, Lass. 42, 13. II. f. ini, An unchaste woman, Panch. 129, 1: Râjat. 5, 316.

₹ H.

1. \(\) ha, \(\) 1. =ved. yha, Lass. 98, 2= Rigv. vi. 64, 5. 2. A particle laying a stress on the preceding word (as γί), or without a distinct signification, Man. 9, 28; Chr. 12, 2; 25, 62; na ka, Not indeed, Man. 9, 270; used very often after the red. pf. (Râm. 3, 52, 53), and imperf., Pân. iii. 2, 116. 3. A vocative particle, Ho! holloa! 4. A particle of reproach.—Cf. Lat. ha, ho, hi, in hic,

heec, hoc; Goth. prefix, ga-; A.S. ge-; see gha.

2. S\ -ha (vb. han), at the end of comp. adj. Killing, Pân. iii. 2, 49.

FIG. HAMS, a denomin. derived from the next, Par. To behave like a swan, Lass. 67, 15.

TH hamsa, I. m. 1. A goose, a gander, a swan, a phoenicopteros, Vikr. d. 95; Man. 3, 10; it is the vehicle of Brahman. 2. A sort of horse. 3. The sun. 4. A devotee. 5. A liberal prince. 6. One of the vital breaths. 7. Brahman, Vishņu, Çiva, Kâma, the god of love. 8. (In composition), Best, excellent. II. f. si. 1. A goose. 2. A proper name, Râjat. 5, 359.—Comp. Para-, and Parama-, m. an ascetic who has subdued all his senses, MBh. 13, 6478 (parama). Râjahañsa, i.e. râjan-, m. l. an excellent king. 2. m., f. si, a white goose with red legs and bill, Vikr. d. 19; a flamingo, Hit. 79, 7. 3. a drake.—Cf. O.H.G. gans; A.S. gós, gandra; Lat. anser; χήν.

ringo. 2. An ornament for the feet.

स्यकाका hâmsakâkiya, i.e. hamsa-kâka+iya, adj. Relating to the goose and the crow (a fable), MBh. 1, 543.

रंसपदिका hamsapadikâ, i.e. hamsa -pada+i+ka, f. A proper name, Çâk. 59, 15.

रंशिका hamsikâ, i.e. hamsi+ka, f. A goose, Nalod. 2, 40.

calling, Chaurap. 22; Ho! hollos! Panch. 192, 12; Vikr. 61, 12. 2. A particle of contempt.

रञ्जा hasija, and रञ्ज hasije, A vocative particle used in addressing a