of a lost base, kud, probably akin to κυδος, etc., cf. kakudmant), f. 1. A summit, Bhâg. P. 5, 25, 7. 2. The hump of the Indian null, Bhâg. P. 9, 6, 15. — Comp. Tri-, m. a name of Krishna, or Vishnu, MBh. 12, 1508.

Râm. 6, 37, 12. 2. The hump of the Indian bull, MBh. 13, 835. 3. An ensign or symbol of royalty, Ragh. 3, 70. —Comp. Tri-, adj. having three horns, MBh. 12, 13252.

mati, Having a hump, Ragh. 4, 29. II. m. 1. A mountain, Ragh. 13, 47. 2. A bull having a hump, Kumâras. 1, 27.—Cf. Lat. cacumen.

ni, Having a hump, MBh. 13, 4935. II. m. 1. A bull having a hump, Bhâg. P. 3, 3, 4. 2. A proper name, Hariv. 644.

druma, n. A proper name, Peńch. i. d. 290.

केतुद्दन kakud + vant, m. A bull having a hump, Râm. 5, 7, 11.

कनुन्दर kakundara, and कुनुन्दर kukundara, n. The cavities of the loins, Yâjú. 3, 96.

A g M kakubh (a reduplicated form of a lost base, kubh; cf. κῦφός, Lat. cubare, and kumbh), f. 1. A summit (ved.) 2. A quarter or point of the compass, Kathâs. 21, 13. 3. A proper name, Bhâg. P. 6, 6, 4.

निकास kakubh + a, m. 1. A tree, Terminalia Arjuna, Râm. 1, 26, 15. 2. A certain musical mode, Vikr. 61, 1. 3. The name of a mountain, Bhâg. P. 5, 19, 16 † 有額 KAKK, see kakn.

bearing a berry, the inner part of which is an aromatic substance, Râm. 3, 39, 22.

† कक्ट KAKKH, see kakh.

कच kaksha, I. m. 1. A spreading creeper, MBh. 3, 12548; weed, Man. 7, 110. 2. A dry wood, Râm. 5, 5, 24. 3, A forest, MBh. 15, 1082. 4. The side or flank, Râm. 6, 36, 108 (of an army). 5. pl. The name of a people, MBh. 6, 356. II. m. and f. kshâ. 1. The armpit, Râm. 4, 10, 19; Mrichchh. 34, 11. 2. The end of the lower garment tucked into the waistband, MBh. 2, 902; Paúch. 32, 25 (used for keeping money). f. ksha. 1. A girdle, MBh. 4, 1749. 2. A wall, Râm. 2, 32, 32. 3. An enclosure, a part of an edifice, Man. 7, 224. -Comp. Hiranya-, adj., f. kshâ, wearing a golden girdle, MBh. 4, 2108. Hema-, adj. having a golden wall, Râm. 3, 54, 15.

কৰা kakshaghna, i.e. kaksha-han $+ \alpha$, adj. Destroying a dry wood, MBh. 1, 5756.

कडीवन्त kakshivant, m. The name of a Rishi, Chr. 297, 11=Rigv. i. 112, 11.

f. yâ, 1. A girdle, MBh. 2, 900. 2. An upper garment, Kathûs. 18, 5. 3. An enclosed court, MBh. 2, 827; Râm. 2, 57, 22. II. n. 1. The cup of a balance, Mit. 145, 20. 2. A certain part of a chariot, Râm. 6, 106, 23.—Comp. Suvarna-, adj. having a golden girth, Râm. 2, 92, 32. Saptakakshya, i.e. saptan-, having seven courts, Râm. 4, 33, 24.

† कख् KAKH, or कक्ट् KAKKH,