गरनत gahana + tva, n. Impenetrability, MBh. 2, 2355.

vatí, Full of thickets, Râm. 4, 48, 6.

adj., f. râ and rî, Impenetrable, Bhâg. P. 5, 14, 4. II. n. 1. A thicket, MBh. 4, 727. 2. An enigma, MBh. 13, 1388.

गङ्गरित gahvarita, i.e. gahvara + ita, adj. Lying in one's hiding-place, MBh. 2, 2294.

गा GA, † i. 1. Atm.; ved. ii. 2 and

3, jigå (in classic writings only the Aor. Par. Âtm.). 1. To go, Bhâg. P. 1, 13, 1. 2 To come, Bhâg. P. 3, 18, 27. 3. To undergo (cf. gam); harsham, To become glad, Râm. 5, 91, 25. Desider. jigisha, To desire to go, Bhag. P. 2, 10, 25 .- With the prep. স্থানি ati, 1. To cross, Râm. 2, 52, 75. 2. To pass, Arj. 4, 62. 3. To die, Râm. 2, 72, 29. 4. To escape, Bhâg. P. 4, 21, 56. 5. To subdue, Bhag. P. 9, 20, 27. 6. To neglect, MBh. 5, 4212. -With खति vi-ati, To pass, Ragh. 6, 52.—With 羽钩 adhi, 1. To undergo; gramum, To become tired, Bhag. P. 4, 26, 10. 2. To think of, Nal. 10, 16. 3. usually Atm., To study, to learn, to read, MBh. 1, 5106; 13, 121; Man. 1, 59; Bhâg. P. 9, 22, 23. - With anu, To follow, MBh. 3, 2303 .- With समन sam-anu, To follow, MBh. 5. 432. With WH abhi, 1. To go to, Râm. 1, 63, 3. 2. To approach, Râm. 3. To undergo, to attain, MBh. 3, 16625. - With T. â, 1. To approach, MBh. 1, 3573. 2. To befall, MBh. 3, 1355. - With Wat ablica, 1. To approach, Bhag. P. 9, 21, 10.

2. To befall, MBh. 3, 1120. resolve (with infin.), Man. 10, 108.-With समन्ता sam-abhi-â, To approach, MBh. 1, 5328. 2. To befall, MBh. 2, 2597.—With चुपा upa-â, To approach, Kathâs. 5, 68. With पर्या, To expire, MBh. 12,8157.—With a ni, To nestle, MBh. 6, 1886.—With निस् nis, To go out, Kathas. 18, 83 .- With Vit pari, 1. To move round, Râm. 2, 96, 45. 2. To befall, MBh. 1, 3647. 3. To mistake, to know not, Bhag. P. 2, 6, 35. -With त्रन्परि anu-pari, To walk over, MBh. 12, 8081.—With y pra, To proceed, MBh. 6, 2212. - With प्रति prati, To return, Bhâg. P. 4, 20, 37 .--With 明明, sam, To go to, Bhâg. P. 9, 24, 66. — Cf. βιβα, βιβάς, βιβάω, ἔβην (=agâm), perhaps Lat. navi-gar

f. gî. 1. Belonging to the Ganga, MBh. 7, 2215. II. n. The name of a kind of rain-water (ascribed to the celestial Gangâ), Suçr. 1, 170, 2.

बाङ्गेय gângeya, i.e. gangû+eya, I. adj. 1. Belonging to the Gangâ, MBh. 3, 165. 2. Being near the Gangâ, Râm. 6, 4, 2. II. m. metronym. A son of the Gangâ, MBh. 1, 94.

गाढ gâdha, see gâh.

गाउल gâdha + tva, n. 1. Depth. 2. Intensity, Daçak. 102, 3.

+ ya, n. Dominion over the inferior deities, or the condition of Ganeça, MBh. 3, 4093.

गाण्डिव gandiva, or गाण्डीव gand-