aubh, from which this noun is derived, is lost in the corresponding signification, but cf. kubja κυφός, κύφων, κύφος; Eagl. hump; O.H.G. hofar; Lat. căbitus, the elbow, lying, etc., căbare, concumbere, etc.; and at the end of this article. From these and other instances, we may infer that the original signification of the vb. kubh was 'to be crooked'), I. m., and f bhi. 1. A pot, Man. 11, 186; MBh. 18, 84. 2. A measure of grain, equal to twenty dronas, Man. 8, 320; 4, 7. II. m. 1. dual, The two frontal globes of an elephant, which swell in the rutting season, Panch. i. d. 351. 2. The paramour of a harlot, Cringarat. 9. 3. The name of a Dânava, MBh. 1, 2527; of a Råkshasa, Råm. 5, 79, 15.— Comp. Agni-, m. a fire pot, MBh. 13, 5490 (he will get [in hell] a fire pot, in order to be burnt therein; cf. kumbhî-pâka). Ama-, m. an unburnt earthen pot, Panch. iii. d. 13. Udahumbha, i. e. udan-, m. a water pot, Man. 2, 182. Kucha-, m. a bosom like the frontal globes of an elephant, Cringarat. 9 (v.r.). Tapta-, m. the name of a hell, Mârk. P. 12, 34. Bhadra-, m. a golden jar filled with water from a holy place. Vâta-, m. the part of an elephant's forehead below the frontal globes. Cata-, I. m. the name of a mountain. II. n. gold .- When latter part of a comp. adj. the fem. is bhâ, e.g. vâri -pûrita-kumbha, adj., f. bhâ, Bearing jars filled with water, Kathas. 18, 339. -Cf. κύφος, a vessel, κύφελλον, κυψέλη, κύβος, κύβιτον, κύβη, κύμβος, κύμβαχος, etc.; Goth. hups; O.H.G. huf; A.S. hipe; O.H.G. hufila, 'a cheek,' hûfo and hauf, a multitude, heap; cf. supra.

gwa kumbha+ka, I. m. A religious exercise, closing the nostrils and mouth so as to suspend breathing, Vedântas. in Chr. 217, 18. II. f. bhihâ, A small pot, Kathâs. 6, 41.

gwart kumbha-kâra, m. A potter, Panch. 217, 20.

and the state of a potter, Kathâs. 21, 134.

a Rumbhila (akin to kumbha), n. A thief, Çâk. 18, 2 (Pråkr.).

m. A crocodile, MBh. 13, 5457.

† T KUR, i. 6, Par. To sound.

Pańch. 114, 18. II. f. gi, A female antelope, Gis. 9, 11. III. m. The name of a mountain, Bhâg. P. 5, 16, 27.

nominative derived from the last by ya, Atm. To turn an antelope.

osprey, Râm. 3, 15, 6. II. f. rt, A female osprey, MBh. 1, 908. III. m. The name of a mountain, Bhâg. P. 5, 16, 27.

ag (a kurava, m. The name of a plant; see the next.

arimson species of amaranth. 2. A purple sort of Barleria, Rit. 6, 18. II. n. The flower of these plants, Rit. 6, 31.

geople, Man. 8, 92. 2. The progenitor of the Kurus, MBh. 1, 4346.

বুৰ্ব kuruvakā=kuravaka, Râm. 3, 79, 36.

जुर्विन्ह kuruvinda, m. 1. The name of several plants, a kind of barley, Suçr. 1, 197, 1. 2. A ruby, Çiç. 9, 8.

बुद्ध kurkuța, m. Rubbish (?), Pańch. iii. d. 118.