† **电**毫 SA TT, i. 10, Par. 1. To kill, to injure. 2. To be strong. 3. To give. 4. To dwell.

सर् SATH, see 4. çath.

und sa-tata (vb. tan), I. adj. Continual, eternal. II. °tam, adv. Continually, eternally, always, Panch. 182, 9; Hit. i. d. 41, M.M. When former part of a comp. the final m is dropped; e.g. satata-yâyin, Taking place continually, Man. 1, 50; Bhartr. 2, 46 (satata-duryata, i.e. -dus-gata, Ever poor.)

सत्तम satata-ga, m. Wind, Hid. 1, 8.

सति sati, i.e. san + ti, f. 1. Gift, giving.
2. End, destruction.

भतीत satitva, i.e. sant (ptcple. pres. of 1. as), +i+tva, n. Virtuousness or purity in a wife, chastity, Pańch. iii. d. 204.

सतीन satina, and सतीनक satina + ka, m. Peas, or a particular kind of pulse (cf. satila).

सतीर्थ satirthya, i.e. sa-tirtha + ya, m. A fellow student.

2. Air, wind. II. m., and f. lâ, Peas, or a particular kind of pulse (cf. satina).

सतीलक satila + ka, m. Pulse in general, or of a particular kind.

pres. of 1. as), ·karman, n. 1. A good act. 2. Virtue. 3. Hospitality. 4. Funeral obsequies. 5. Expiation.

last), -kâra, m. 1. Reverence, Sâv. 3, 20, b.; attention, Paúch. i. d. 84. 2. Hospitality, hospitable reception, Hit. 60, 1, M.M. 3. A meal, a festival, Man.

3, 59. 4. Care, Sâv. 3, 20, a.—Comp. A-, m. injury, MBh. 1, 6355. Acichi-, m. hospitable treatment, Çâk. 7, 15 (corr. ${}^{\circ}k\hat{a}^{\circ}$).

satkarman), f. 1. Good action, Bhartr. 2, 96. 2. Doing good, charity, virtue, Çâk. d. 112. 3. Worship. 4. Respectful treatment, Kir. 1, 12. 5. Hospitality, Man. 3, 126. 6. Funeral or obsequial ceremonies. 7. Any purificatory ceremony. — Comp. Anta., f. funeral ceremonies, Râjat. 5, 224.

sattâ, i.e. sant (pteple pres. of 1. as), + tâ, f. 1. Existence, being, reality, Bhâshâp. 7. 2. Goodness, excellence.

सत्तावन्त् sattâ+vant, adj., f. vatî, Possessing reality, Bhâshâp. 13.

सम्ब sattra, and सच satra, n., i.e. I. sad+tra. 1. A sacrifice, Utt. Råmach. 4, 1. 2. Liberality, munificence. II. perhaps sa-trâ. 1. Covering, concealing, a hiding-place, Daçak. in Chr. 190, 10 (tad-drishti-vibhrama-utpala -vana-sattra-apâçraya, adj. Concealed in the play of her looks, which seemed as it were the covert of a wood of lotuses). 2. Fraud, cheating. 3. A house. 4. Wealth. 5. A wood, a forest, Kir. 13, 9. 6. A tank.—Comp. Dirgha-, n. 1. a Soma sacrifice of long continuance, MBh. 3, 5051. 2. the name of a place of pilgrimage, ib. 5050. Deva-, n. a longlasting sacrifice in honour of the gods, MBh. 3, 8188. Pańchasuttra, i.e. pańchan-, n. the name of a locality, Rajat. 5, 155. Brahmasattra, i.e. brahman-, n. l. what must be read constantly, Man. 2, 106. 2. teaching the Veda, Man. 4, 9.

सचिन sattrin, i.e. sattra + in, m. 1. One constantly performing sacrifice, occupied with a sacrifice, Man. 5, 93.