Chr. 289, 3 = Rigv. i. 50, 3; Chr. 294, 1=Rigv. i. 92, 1; Râm. 2, 54, 5. 2. A banner, MBh. 4, 2068. 3. Chief, Râm. 4, 28, 18. 4. A meteor, Man. 1, 38. 5. The mythological name of the descending node, represented as a headless demon, Râm. 3, 35, 52.—Comp. Agni-, m. the name of a Râkshasa. Tâla-, m. (having as banner the palmyra tree), epithet of Bhîshma, MBh. 5, 5081. Dhûma-, m. 1. fire, MBh. 1, 4162. 2. a meteor, MBh. 6, 80. Dhrishta-, m. a proper name, MBh. 1, 281. Makara-, m. the god of love.— Cf. Goth. haidus; A.S. had.

केतुमन्त ketu+mant, m. 1. The name of a Dânava, or demon, MBh. 1, 2532. 2. The name of a palace, Hariv. 8989.

field, Man. 9, 44; particularly a watered one, Râm. 3, 22, 18; Râjat. 5, 112.—Comp. Eka-, adj. having the same fields, Man. 9, 38.

t au KEP, i. 1, Åtm. 1. To tremble. 2. To go.—Cf. kamp and gep.

केयूर keyûra, m. and n. A bracelet worn on the upper arm, Bhartr. 2, 16; Râjat. 5, 358.

केयूरिन keyûrin, i.e. keyûra+in, adj., f. inî, Wearing a bracelet, Mârk. P. 23, 102.

केर्स kerala, m. 1. pl. The name of a people, Râm. 2, 82, 7. 2. Their king, MBh. 3, 15250.

† केस KEL, i. 1, Par. 1. To shake. 2. To go.

sport, Man. 8, 357. 2. Sport, Gît. 7, 11.—Comp. Vâta-, m. 1. Whisper. 2. the marks of finger nails on the lover's person. Hemak^o, i.e. heman-, m. fire.

† केंब KEV, i. 1, Åtm. To serve.
—Cf. khev, sev.

केवल kevala, i.e. eke (old loc. sing. of eka) + vala, I. adj., f. lâ (ved. lî). 1. Exclusively proper; vikshasva yad rûpam mama kevalam, Look what shape is proper only to me, Râm. 5, 35, 52; Bhâg. P. 6, 4, 26. 2. Mere, Man. 2, 199; nothing but, 3, 118. 3. Alone, only, Pańch. v. d. 12. 4. United, i.e. entire, MBh. 13, 2686; whole, 4, 1485; all, Man. 2, 95. II. lam, adv. 1. Only, Pańch. 31, 7. 2. Entirely (?), Râm. 2, 87, 23; na kevalam—api, Not only, but also, Râjat. 5, 443. III. n. The knowledge of the unity of all the universe. IV. m. The name of a prince. Bhag. P. 9, 2, 30. V. f. li, The name of a locality, MBh. 3, 15245.

केविज kevalin, i.e. kevala + in, m. One who possesses the knowledge of the universal unity, Bhâg. P. 4, 25, 39.

क्य keça, m. 1. Hair, Hit. i. d. 102. 2. A lion's mane, Sch. ad Çâk. 6 .-Comp. adj. end in the fem. in ça or çi. Anjana-, adj., f. ci, having manes as smooth as ointment, MBh. 1, 8008. Bhûta-, m., and f. cî, root of sweet flag. Miçra-keçî, f. an Apsaras. Mukta-(vb. much), adj., f. cî, one whose hair is loose, Man. 7, 91; MBh. 1, 782. Muńja-, m. Vislinu. vi-, I. adj., f. ci, bald. II. f. ci, a small braid or dress of hair, tied up severally and then collected into the larger braid. Vyomako, i.e. vyoman-, m. Civa. Vi-kirna- (vb. krî), and vi-galita-, adj., fem. çâ, with dishevelled hair, Kumaras. 5, 68. Cukla-, adj. hoary-haired. Su-, adj., f. ci, having beautiful hair, Râm. 3, 52, 35.

I. n. A lion's or horse's mane, Pauch. i. d. 207. II. m. and n. The filament of a lotus, or of any vegetable, Çiç. 9,