## **खितिमना**

Comp. A-bhinna- (vb. bhid), adj. not swerving from the right path, Çâk. d. 107. Prithak-, f. separation, Vikr. d. 102. Matha-, f. staying in a college of priests, Pańch. ii. d. 66 (read mathasthityâ). Râjya-, f. staying in government, being a king, Pańch. 251, 9. Su-, f. 1. welfare. 2. health.

mati, 1. Firm, stable, Vikr. d. 160. 2. Virtuous, Man. 9, 74.

et sthira, i.e. sthâ+ra, I. adj., comparat. stheyams, superl. stheshtha. 1. Firm, Vikr. d. 1; fixed, immovable, Bhag. 6, 33 (sthiri kri, To stop, Panch. 258, 20). 2. Permanent, Vikr. d. 109; Chr. 291, 15 = Rigv. i. 64, 15; eternal, Megh. 56. 3. Hard, Utt. Râmach. 30. 2; solid, strong, Indr. 1, 18. 4. Steady, Mâlat. 175, 6; free from passion, Bhartr. 2, 44. 5. Cool, collected, Lass. 43, 17. 6. Convinced, sure, Chr. 53, 25. 7. Constant, determined, Chr. 43, 28. 8. Faithful, Panch. 107, 11. II. m. 1. A deity. 2. Final emancipation. 3. A mountain. 4. A tree. 5. A bull. 6. Kârttikeya, the god of war. 7. Saturn. III. f. ra. 1. The earth. 2. Silk-cotton tree, and two other plants. - Comp. A-sthira, adj. 1. inconstant, Hit. iii. d. 106. 2. weak, Man. 8, 77.—Cf. στηρίζω, στερεός, στερρός, στελεόν; Lat. stolidus, stultus; O.H.G. starên; A.S. starian; O.H.G. storrên, stornên, starh; A.S. starc; O.H.G. ga-starkên, starhjan, etc.

(Ak. d. 90; stability; sthiratâm nî, To secure, Pańch. 97, 14. 2. Moral firmness. 3. Fortitude.

steadiness, Johns. Sel. 12, 30.—Comp. A-, n. inconstancy, Man. 8, 77.

† STHUD, i. 6, To cover.

sthûnâ (vb. sthâ, based on

## खेयंग.

sthâ + va°, cf. the next), f. 1. A pillar, a post, Paúch. 37, 6. 2. An iron image, 3. An anvil. 4. A disease.—Comp. Veçmasthûnâ, i.e. veçman-, f. the main post of a house.

ext, m. A man.

signification of \*sthava in sthaviyams, cf. sthûla and sthûlin), + in, m. A packhorse.—Cf. Zend. ctaora (=sthûra, or rather sthaura, cf. sthaurin), A beast of burden; Goth. stiurs; A.S. steor; ravpoc; cf. also sthûla, and O.H.G. stiuri, fortis; A.S. stor; O.H.G. stur, magnus.

derived from the next), Par. To become big or bulky.

सास sthûla=sthûra (with l for r), but in the original signification of its base, sthå + vara, I. adj., comparat. sthûlatara and sthaviyams, superl. sthûlatama and sthavishtha. 1. Great, large, Râjat. 5, 12; Megh. 47; Pańch. i. d. 373; sthûlatara, Very large, Paúch. 134, 5. 2. Bulky, Vedântas. in Chr. 204, 22; fat. 3. Powerful, Panch. 168, 25. 4. Clumsy. 5. Coarse, Panch. 133, 1. 6. Stupid. II. m. The jack tree. III. f. lâ. 1. A sort of pepper. 2. A pumpkin gourd. IV. n. 1. A heap. 2. A tent .- Comp. Ati-, adj. 1. very big, Râm. 5, 10, 17. 2. too clumsy, Suçr. 1, 25, 21. Mukta-, adj. as large as pearls, Megh. 105.

bulkiness, Pańch. i. d. 205. 2. Stupidity.

चुचिन् sthûlin (cf. sthûrin), m. A camel.

चेयंस् stheyams, खेष्ठ stheshtha, see sthira.