in the mouth a piece of flesh, Panch. 226, 20. Su-, adj., f. ná, beautiful, Rit. e, 20.

वदंग्य vadanya, see vadanya.

addri, f. see badara, Matsyop.
3, and MBh. 3, 1637; questionable, probably = badari-faila, n. A part of the Himâlayarange, and a celebrated place of pilgrimage, cf. Johns. Sel. 90, n.

वदान्य vadânya, adj. I. i.e. ava -dâna+ya (also वदन्य vadanya), Munificent, liberal, Man. 4, 224. II. (from vad), 1. Speaking kindly. 2. Eloquent.

बदाल vadāla, m. A skest-fish, Silurus boalis Ham.

बहाबह vadávada (an old frequent. of vad+a), adj. Speaking, able to speak well.

TW VADH, see han.

bably better) m. 1. Killing, Man. 5, 89; murder, Pańch. i. d. 305. 2. Death, Man. 8, 104. 3. Corporal punishment, Man. 9, 291. 4. A stroke, 11, 100. 5. A whip, 8, 267. 6. Hurting, Man. 4, 165. 7. A killer, a slaughterer, Man. 5, 39.—Comp. A-, m. no slaughterer, Man. 5, 39. Âtmavadha, i.e. âtman-, m. suicide, MBh. 1, 6228. Go-, m. slaying a bull or a cow, Man. 11, 59. Ciçu-pâla-, m. the destruction of Çiçu-pâla, title of a poem. Çuddha- (vb. çudh), m. simple putting to death, i.e. in any ordinary way, Man. 2, 279 (b).

ব্যক vadh + aka, also badhaka, I. adj. Destructive, injurious. II. m. A murderer, Kathâs. 3, 43.

वध्य vadh + atra, n. A weapon.

wife. 2 A son's wife (cf. vadhû).

वभूटी vadhuți, f. A son's wife.

q. cf.), f. 1. A woman, Kirât. 6, 45. 2. A wife, Hit. i. d. 192, M.M.; Râm. 2, 81, 14; 55, 29. 3. A wife recently married. 4. A son's wife, Sâv. 6, 9. 3. A female relation, Sund. 4, 16. 6. The name of several plants.—Comp. Kuler, f. a virtuous or respectable wife, Hit. i. d. 136, M.M. Nava-, f. a woman recently married, Rit. 6, 19. Nâga-, f. the female of an elephant, Râm. 2, 65, 24. Preshya-, f. a female servant, Draup. 6, 9. Vâra-, f. the head of a set of harlots. Svar-, Svarga-, and Svargi(n)-, f. an Apsaras.

a A young woman, living in her father's house, whether married or unmarried, Bhashap. 1, a.

ved., +u, adj. One who loves his wife, Lass. 99, 8 (where badkûyu) = Rigv. iii. 62, 8.

dent vadhya+tâ, or and badhya+tâ (from vadh, see han), f. 1. Deserving death, Nal. 9, s. 2. Destruction.

† 1. विष् VAN, i. 1, Par. 1. To sound. 2. To serve, to honour. Caus. vanaya, 1. To act. 2. To hurt, to kill. See 3. tan.—Cf. perhaps A.S. an-winnan, to fight against.

2. 4M, ii. 8, Par. Åtm. (in the Vedas also i. 1; ii. 2, etc.). 1. To ask, to beg. 2. To accept, Chr. 288, 11 = Rigv. i. 48, 11. Ptcple. of the pf. pass. vanit1. Solicited, begged f. tâ, 1. A beloved woman, a mistress, Bhartr. 2, 36. 2. A woman in general, Vikr. d. 44. 3. A formale bird, Kir. 6, 8. Comp. Tridaça, f. tâ, the wife of a deity, Megh 59. Sa-nâka-vanita, adj. endowed with the celestial women (i.e. the Apsarases). Kir. 5, 27.