to, Râm. 1, 22, 29. 2. To promise, Yâjń. 2, 232. 3. To declare, MBh. 5, 7534. 4. To order, Râm. 2, 52, 59. Caus. To invite to speak, MBh. 14, 458.—With प्रतिसम् prati-sam, 1. To give an order in one's turn, Râm. 6, 98, 37. 2. To give an order, MBh. 1, 748. - Cf. δείκνυμι, δείκελος, δίκη, δικείν, δίκτυον, δειδίσκομαι (frequent. with inchoat. or for deidir + or), dioros; Lat. in-dicare, ju-dex, dicere, perhaps dignus (but cf. yaças); Goth. teihan, A.S. tihian, tihhan, O.H.G. zeigôn; A.S. taecan; probably Goth. taikns, A.S. tácn, tácen, taecan'; O.H.G. zît (for zig + ti); A.S. tiid, tid; O.H G. zeinjan.

2. [diç, f. 1. A region, or quarter, or point of the compass, Pańch. ii. d. 64. 2. pl. The parts of the earth, Sund. 2, 26. 3. pl. Different directions, Râm. 1, 55, 22; 2, 106, 27; repeated hço-diças (Theone) hither—(the other) thither, Pańch. 129, 20; also sing. (but with sarvatas), Ngl. 16, 5. 4. There are variously reckoned four, eight, or ten quarters of the world, Kathâs. 15, 137; Man. 1, 13; MBh. 1, 729. 5. The number ten, Çrut. 36. 6. A foreign country, Yâjń. 2, 254. 7. The name of a river, MBh. 6, 327.—Comp. Vi., f. an intermediate point of the compass.

Sदिशा -dic+a, a substitute for dic when latter part of comp. adv.; see yathâdicam, yathâbhîshtadicam.

 \mathcal{L} dig + \hat{a} , f. A quarter or point of the compass, MBh. 4, 1716.

दिशोभाग diçobhâga, i.e. diç + as -bhâga, adj. One who betakes himself to his heels, Pańch. 232, 16.

only in the instr. dishtya, implying joy or auspiciousness, Thank heaven! Sav. 6, 23.—Cf. dic.

To DIH, ii. 2, Par., Atm. To smear. Ptcple. of the pf. pass. digdha, 1. Smeared, Man. 3, 132. 2. Anointed, Râm. 3, 42, 39. m. A poisoned arrow, Man. 7, 90; Râm. 2, 114, 33 Gorr.—With the prep. I â, âdigdha, L. Smeared, MBh. 6, 4384. 2. Anointed, 7, 4386.— With उप upa, upadigdha, Overlaid, Sucr 2, 376, 11.—With **y** pra, 1. To smear, Bhag. 2, 5. 2. To anoint, Sucr. 1, 42. 19. — With 电机 sam, 1. To smear, MBh. 8, 3161. 2. To cover, Vikr. d. 43. Pass. To be dubious, Râm. 5, 18, 17. samdigdha, 1. Poisoned (?), Daçak. in Chr. 197, 2. 2. Indistinet, MBh. 1, 6565. 3. Dubious, uncertain, Pańch. i. d. 196. 4. Desponding, Râm. 1, 66, 25. a-samdigdha+m, adv. Undoubtedly, Pańch. 241, 8. nis -samdigdha, adj. Certain, MBh. 13, 3528. °dham, adv. Undoubtedly, MBh. 12, 7809.—Cf. τείχος, τοῖχος; Lat. tingere, θιγγάνω, Lat. fingo, figulus; O.H.G. ziagal; A.S. tigel, tigul; Goth. deigan, ga-dikis, daigs; A.S. díc, deag.

- 1. **ξ** DÎ (cf. di), i. 4, Par. To soar, to fly (ved.).—Cf. probably δίνη, δινέω, perhaps δίω, δίεμαι.
- 2. ₹Î DÎ, anomal. ii. 3, didî, Par., Âtm. To shine (ved.).—Cf. δέαται, δέατο, probably also δῆλος.
- 3. This, i. 4, Atm. To waste, to go to ruin. Ptcple. of the pf. pasa. dina, 1. Scanty (ved.). 2. Afflicted, wretched, Man. 9, 238. Comp. A-dina, joyful. Paridina, much afflicted. Su-dina+m, adv. lamentably.

sider. of daksh), i. 1, Åtm. 1. To hallow one's self, to prepare one's self for a sacred act. 2. † To be shaved.

† To perform a sacrifice. 4. † To