हरितासक

Bent grass. 2. A line in the sky. 3. A sort of creeper.

green pigeon. II. f. likâ. 1. A sort of grass. 2. The fourth lunar day of the month Bhadra. III. n. Theatrical decoration of the person.

इर्दिश haridaçva, i.e. harit-açva, m. The sun, Kir. 2, 46.

VIÇT haridrâ, f. Turmeric, Sch. ad Vikr. d. 53; MBh. 3, 12880; Râjat. 5, 381.

हिन्सिण harinmani, i.e. harit-mani, m. An emerald, Kir. 6, 23; 14, 41.

हिंसुज hari-bhuj, m. A snake (properly, eating frogs).

iman, Paleness, Chr. 289, 11=Rigv. i. 50, 11. II. i.e. hri+iman, Time.

thariya (derived from hari), m. A horse of yellow colour.

female slave (in theatrical language).

इरिवन्त hari+vant, m. Indra.

ছিমিন্থ hari-çchand + ra (see chand), m. The name of a king.

表行表行 hari-heti-hûti (hari-heti, The weapon of Vishņu, i.e. chakra, the discus, and hûti=vâka), m. = chakra-vâka, A kind of duck, Çiç. 9, 16.

হানক harituka (derived from harit), m., f. kî, Yellow or chebulic myrobalan, Terminalia Chebula, Lass. 2. ed. 51, 33 (ka).

II. f. 1. A sort of drug and perfume.
2. A reputable woman.

इर्ते hartri, i.e. hri+tri, m., f. tri,

and n. 1. One who takes, seizes, a robber, Man. 8, 342. 2. One who brings, Mâlat. 150, 10.—Comp. Bhaya-, m. a remover of fear. Calya-, m. a weeder, Râm. 5, 28, 6.

इमेन harman, n. Yawning.

इसित harmita, adj. 1. Thrown. 2. Burned (cf. gharma). 3. Yawned (cf. the last).

see harmya, n. A palace, Vikr. d. 56; a mansion, a house, Paúch. ii. d. 63.—Comp. Mani-, n. a pavilion of gems, Vikr. 38, 11.

vel., cf. hri. 2. † To go. 3. † To desire. 4. † To be weary.—Cf. χαίρω, γέλως, γέλαω; Goth. gailjan, gôljan; A.S. gal, gagol; see hri, and cf. hrish.

हर्येत haryuta, m. A horse.

इयेश्व haryaçva, i.e. hari-açva, m. Indra.

harsha, i.e. hrish+a, I. adj., f. shâ, Delighted, happy, Mâlav. 60, 5. II. m. Joy, Daçak. in Chr. 183, 12; exultation, Hit. i. d. 32, M.M.; happiness, Pańeh. iii. d. 188.—Comp. Upâtta-i.e. upa-â-datta- (vb. dâ), adj. joyful, Rit. 6, 21. Danta-, m. 1. a morbid affection of the teeth, Suçr. 1, 305, 3. 2. chattering of the teeth. Romaharsha, i.e. roman-, m. horripilation. Sa-harsha+m, adv. cheerfully, Vikr. 6, 1. Sanna- (vb. sad), adj. destitute of joy.

हाँक harshaka, i.e. hrish + aka, I. adj. Delighting. II. m. The name of a mountain.

Type Larshana, i.e. hrish + ana, I. adj. Delighting. II. m. 1. A cause of pleasure. 2. A morbid affection of the eyes. III. n. Rejoicing.—Comp.