base pura, for para, cf. puras; u is changed to a by the influence of the preceding p), I. adv. 1. Formerly, Man. 1, 119. 2. Of old, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 1231. 3. With na, Never, MBh. 9, 1806. 4. First. 5. Soon. II. prep. with abl., Before, Arj. 4, 20. — Cf.  $\pi \acute{a}poi$  (old loc.) in  $\pi \acute{a}poide$ ,  $\pi apoirepoc$ ,  $\pi \acute{a}\lambda ai$  (old dat.),  $\pi a\lambda ai\acute{e}c$ , etc.; perhaps also  $\pi \acute{e}\lambda ac$ , with  $\pi \lambda \eta \sigma \acute{e}oc$ , etc.; Goth. faura and faur; A.S. for, fora-, fore-; Lat. por-, e.g. in por-tendere, and probably also prō-.

f. (nå and) ni. 1. Primeval, Man. 5, 23. 2. Old, ancient. Målav. 4, 2. 3. Aged, Vikr. d. 9; worn out. II. n. A tale of past ages; old history, legends; a sacred work treating for the most part of the creation, the destruction and renovation of worlds, the genealogy of gods, etc. There are eighteen acknowledged Puranas. III. m. A coin of a certain weight, Man. 8, 136.—Comp. nishpurana, i.e. nis-, adj. New, unheard of.

पुरातन purâ+tana, I. adj., f. ni, Old, ancient, Man. 3, 213. II. n. An old tale, Râm. 1, 45, 13.—Cf. Lat. (regarding the form) prôtenus.

पुराराति purârâti, and पुरारि purâri, i.e. pura-arâti and -uri, m. Names of Çiva.

पुराविंद् purâ-vid, adj. Knowing the past.

पुरि puri, and पुरी puri, see pura.

yrlaa, puritat, probably pur+i tan+t, n. 1. An entrail near the heart. 2. The entrails in general, Dacak, in Chr. 188, 17.

y quisha (akin to pri), I. n. 1. Frees, excrements, Man. 5, 138. 2.

The remains of food (in a pot), Bhâg. P. 5, 9, 12. II. f. shi (perhaps f. of purishya), The name of a religious ceremony, 3, 12, 40.

(a denomin. derived from purisha with the aff. aya) + ara, n. 1. Evacuation of excrements. 2. Faces.

पुरीषधान purîshu-dhâna, n. The strait-gut, Yâjú. 3, 94.

पुरीषस purishama (akin to purisha), m. The black kidney bean.

पुरीख purishya, adj. Epithet of fire.—Cf. purisha, f.

puru, in the Veda also pûru, i.e. pri+n I. adj., f. purvi. 1. Much, many. 2. Exceeding. adv. Very, exceedingly. II. also pûru, m. The name of an old prince, Çûk. 7, 4.—Cf. πολύ; Goth. filu; A.S. fela, feala; comparat. πλείον; Lat. plus.

पुरुकुत्म puru-kutsa, m. A proper

पुरुद्दंशक puru-damç+aka, m. A goose.

पुरुदंशस् puru-damç+as, m., nom. sing. çâ, A name of Indra.

पुरुषा puru + dhû, adv. Manifold.

sha, I. m. 1. A man generally or individually, a male, mankind, Man. 1, 32.

2. Punishment personified, Man. 7, 17.

3. An attendant, a functionary, 8, 43.

4. The first man, Hariv. 51.

5. The soul, Yâjû. 3, 194.

6. The universal soul, the supreme Being, Mârk. P.

26, 21; Man. 1, 11.

7. A principle, Man. 1, 19.

8. A tree, Rottleria tinctoria.

9. A proper name. II. f. shi, A female, Bhâg. P. 5, 24, 17. III. n. (?). A name of the mountain Meru.—Comp.