चितिकर

from vah, and then, as in Zend., vaoshat = vaushat).

स्येसक vyamsaka, i.e. vi-ams+aka, m. A chest, a rogue, a juggler.

Distinctness, Çâk. d. 167. 2. Individuality. 3. An individual (opp. to jâti), Siddh. Mukt. 82, 10. 4. Appearance, manifestation Bhag. 7, 23; 10, 14; Megh. 12,—tomp. A-sakala-, adj. not being visible completely, Megh. 82.

TI vyagra, i.e. vi-agra, adj., f. râ, 1. Bewildered, Hit. iii. d. 108 (bho-jana-, by the care for provisions). 2. Distracted. 3. Agitated, Panch. 200, 8. 4. Engaged in, Vikr. 77, 4; occupied, Panch. 121, 14; zealously occupied, Panch. iii. d. 256; zealous, eager, Râjat. 5, 144.—Comp. A-, adj. 1. not distracted, Utt. Râmach. 52, 13; careful, Chr. 16, 19. 2. not disturbed, Lass. 2. ed. 39, 9; peaceable, Nal. 26, 20. 3. cool, deliberate, Draup. 9, 1; ram, adv. reckless, Mâlat. 78, 18.

च्यता vyagra + tâ, f. Zealous occupation, Pańch. 252, 24.

च्याल vyagra+tva, n. Perplexedness, confusion, Paúch. iii. d. 128.

Deformed, mutilated, MBh. 1, 1089.

2. Lamed. 3. Bodiless. 4. Ill-arranged.

II. m. 1. A cripple. 2. A frog. 3.

Discoloration of the face, dark spots on the cheek.—Comp. A-, adj. having no defect, Man. 3, 10; sound, Panch. 184, 23.

चाइता vyanga+tâ, f. Mutilation, Pańch. i. d. 217.

चङ्ग्य VYANGAYA, a denomin. derived from vyanga, Par. To mutilate, Pańch. 38, 13; 40, 25.

व्यङ्गार् vyangara, i.e. vi-angara, adj.

Without charcoal. n. loc. re, At the time when the burning charcoal is extinguished, Man. 6, 56.

vicha, Par. 1. To surround, to encompass (ved.). 2. † To deceive.

चाज vyaja, i.e. vi-aj + a, m. A fan, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 3322.

fan, Hit. ii. d. 155; Bhâg. P. 3, 23, 16.

Comp. Bâla-, n. a fly-flapper used as an emblem of princely rank (made of the bushy tail of the Bos grunniens), Johns. Sel. 21, 102.

यञ्चक vyahjaka, i.e. vi-ahj+aka, I. adj. Clearly showing, Man. 2, 68. II. m. 1. A mark. 2. External indication of passion or feeling. 3. Feeling, Mâlat. 154, 6.

यचन vyańjana, i.e. vi-akj+ana, I. n. L A mark, a sign, Hit. iii. d. 36; the marks of puberty (hairs of the body), Pańch. iii. d. 214 (pl.). 2. Paraphernalia, insignia. 3. A beard, Brâhmanav. 1, 28. 4. A privy part, either male or female. 5. Sauce, Râm. 1, 13, 15; condiment, Panch. 52, 1. 6. A consonant, Sav. 5, 25. II. n., and f. na, Irony, sarcasm. III. f. nâ, The third power of a word, suggestion, Sah. Darp. 16, 20.—Comp. A-, adj. nâ, without the marks of puberty, Paúch. iii. d. 213. A-jâta- (vb. jan), adj. beardless, Râm. 3, 42, 33. Nis-, adj. without condiment, MBh. 12, 3189. loc. ne, downrightly, Pańch. 218, 8.

I. adj. 1. Reciprocal, or acting one with another. 2. Pervading. 3. Contiguous to. II. m. 1. Reciprocity, exchange, Daçak. in Chr. 184, 16; interchange, Mâlat. 34, 11; reciprocal action, ib. 199, 16; relation, alternation, Utt. Râmach, 125, 11. 2. Action in