given to a wife on the bridal procession, Man. 9, 194.

Putting on; pâdâdhyâse, 'for putting the foot on a person,' Yâjû. 2, 217.

त्रशासिन adhyâsin, i.e. adhi-âs + in, auj., f. nt. Sitting on, Paúch. iii. d. 270.

माजिन adkrigu, i.e. probably a-dhri +i-gam+u, ved. adj. Of unrestrained course, Chr. 290, 3=Rigv. i. 64, 3.

adhvaga, i.e. adhvan-ga. I. adj. f. gâ, Being on the road, travelling, Râjat. 5, 9. II. m. A traveller, Man. 11, 1.

adhvan, m. A road, Man. 4, 60.—Comp. Gata- (vb. gam), adj. versed, skilled, MBh. 12, 11876.

श्रध्वनीन adkvan + ina and श्रध्वन्थ adkvan + ya, m. . 1 traveller, Yujú. 1, 111.

+a or adhvara, i.e. perhaps a-dhvri +a or adhvan+a (with r for n, cf. anghri), m. A sacrifice, Circ. 288, 11 = Rigv. i. 48, 11.

चार्य adhvara-ga, adj. Belonging to a sacrifice, Draup. 6, 21.

ved. denom. ant., derived from udhvara + n), m. A special priest versed in the Yajurveda, Man. 3, 145.

a-, before consonants \(\frac{1}{2} \) a-, an inseparable prefix, implying I. negation, e.g. a-brâhmaṇa, m. One who is not a Brâhmaṇa, Man. 7, 85. a-júâna, n. Ignorance, Man. 11, 145. an-anta, adj. Endless, Man. 4, 140. In this use it produces very often the opposite signification, e.g. a-gada, m. Health, Man. 11, 237. a-krûra, adj. Soft, Man. 2, 342. a-sakrit, adv. Often, Man. 3, 233. II. deterioration. 1. Wrong, e.g. a-kâla, m. Unseasonable time, Man.

3, 105. **2.** Bad, *a-kshetra*, n. A bad field, Man. 10, 71.—Cf. Lat. in-, Goth. and A.S. un-, $\dot{\alpha}_{V^{-}}$ and $\dot{\alpha}_{-}$.

AN, ii. 1, Par. † i, 4, Åtm. 1. To breathe. 2. To blow (as wind). 3. To live.—Cf. ἄτεμος; Lat. animus, ânus (cf. Sskr. apâna); Goth. uz-ana; see prâna.

चुन ana, cf. idam.

न्न हुँ anadudda, i.e. anaduh da, m. The giver of a bull, Man. 4, 231.

(nom. sing. anadvân, voc. van; the acc. sing., N.V.A. du. and N.V. pl. have as base vâh, the rest uh, the final of which becomes f in the loc. pl. and d before bh). A bull, or ox, Man. 11, 136.

भ्रमतिप्रकाश्चल an-ati-prakûçaka + tva, adj. Having the nature of a somewhat insufficient illustrator, Vedântas. in Chr. 205, 5.

श्रमनुभावकता ananubhâvakatâ, i.e. an-anu-bhû + aka + tâ, f. Unintelligibility, Bhâshûp. 83.

भूगलाद anantakara, i.e. an-anta -kri+a, ndj. Making endless or infinite, Râm. 5, 20, 26.

चननार an-antara, I. adj., f. râ. 1. Having nothing intermediate, Man. 2, 19. 2. Immediately bordering, next, Nal. 22, 16. 3. Immediately following, Bhashap, 123. 4. Of an immediately following caste, Man. 10, 14. 5. Allowing no delay, necessary, Chr. 10, 6. II. ram, acc. 1. adv. Next in space, Râm. 2, 87, 5. Next in time, immediately afterwards, then, Râm. 1, 3, 7. Especially compounded with preceding tud-, after that, Paúch. 70, 17. 2. prep. with abl. and gen. Immediately after, Bhag. 12, 12; Râm. 5, 73, 28. After, Panch. 108, 13. — Comp. Sam-anantara + m, adv. immediately after, Chr. 14, 20.