n. 1. Excellence, beauty, Mâlav. 20, 3. 2. Excess. 3. Fleetness, MBh. 1, 5368 (read saushthavena); lightness, suppleness, Mâlav. 14, 9. 4. A part of a drama.—Comp. A-, adj. disarrayed, Mâlat. 11, 8. Sa-, adj. 1. excellent. 2. quick.

सी दार्ड sauhârda, and सी दार्ड sauhârdya, i.e. su-hrid + a or ya, n. 1. Affection, Mâlat. 2, 18 (da). 2. Friendship, Hit. i. d. 99, M.M. (da).

(vb. dhâ), n. 1. Satiety, satisfaction.
2. Fullness.—Comp. Ali-, n. excessive satiety, Man. 4, 62.

hridya, i.e. su-hrid + a or ya, n. Friendship, Vikr. d. 10 (da); Pańch. ii. d. 150 (da). (Pańch. v. d. 19, sauhrida, A friend,—perhaps a misreading.)—Comp. Dridha-sauhrida, adj. having true friendship, Pańch. 239, 13. Vigata-sneha-sauhrida (vb. gam), adj. abandoning love and friendship, Sund. 4, 17.

1. स्क्रान्ड SKAND, i. 1, Par. 1. To jump. 2. To jump upwards, to ascend. 3. To burst out, MBh. 1, 5105. 4. To jump downward, to drop, to fall, Bhatt. 22, 11. 5. To perish, Man. 7, 84. Ptcple. of the pf. pass. skanna. Trickled down, Râm. 1, 38, 27. Sprinkled, MBh. 1, 2434. 3. Fallen. Caus. 1. To emit (the seminal fluid), Man. 2, 180; 9, 150. 2. To neglect. Man. 6, 9.—With the prep. 項目 uva, To assail, to besiege, Çiç. 1, 51.-With Alla abhi-ava, To jump out, MBh. 4, 810.—With समव sam-ava, Caus. To essail, Man. 7, 196.—With > á, To assail, Mâlat. 151, 9; Bliatt. 17, 11 .-With HAT sam-a, To assail, Bhatt. 16, 10.—With **U**(**T** pari, skand and shkand, To spring about, Bhatt. 9, 75.—With **W** pra, 1. To spring forward, MBh. 1, 134; to spring down, 3, 15587. 2. To burst forth, MBh. 1, 2380. praskanna, Fallen. m. A sinner, one who has violated the usages of his caste. Caus To cross (a river), MBh. 4, 1971.—Cf. Lat. scandere; σκάνδαλον, σχαστήο (χ for κ by the influence of σ), probably σκάζω.

† 2. स्कन्द् SKAND, स्कन्ध् SKANDH, i. 10, Par. To collect.

3. स्कन्द SKAND, see skund.

Kârttikeya, the god of war, Megh. 44.

2. A king. 3. The body. 4. The bank of a river. 5. A clever man (cf. skandha). 6. A proper name, Râjat. 5, 417 (or Ghrânaskanda).

स्कृत्क skanda+ka, m. A soldier, Râjat. 5, 174.

स्कान्द्र न shand + ana, n. 1. Effusion. 2. Purging. 3. Going.

स्कान्ध SKANDH, see 2. shand.

skhandha, I. m. 1. The shoulder, Panch. 144, 23. 2. The body, Mâlat. 84, 17. 3. The trunk of a tree, Paúch. iii. d. 149. 4. A branch, Paúch. 134, 5. 5. A branch of human knowledge. 6. A book, Bhag. P. i. ii., etc. 7. The five objects of sense. 8. The five forms of mundane consciousness, in the Bauddha philosophy, Çiç. 2, 26; cf. Burnouf, Introd. à l'Hist. du Buddh. 475. 9. A road. 10. Part of an army. 11. War. 12. A multitude. 13. An agreement. 14. A king. 15. A wise or learned man. 16. A heron. II. f. dhâ. 1. A branch. 2. A creeper.-Comp. Kâla-, m. the name of several plants, e.g. Diospyros embryopteris