SHŢYAI, see styai.

डिव † SHTHIV, i. 1, shthiva, and i. 4, shthivya, and Bla SHTHIV, i. 1, Par. To spit, Bhatt. 12, 18. Ptcple. of the pf. pass. shihyuta, Ejected, as saliva.—With the prep. 🛜 ni, To nishthyūta, Spit spit, Man. 5, 145. out, Rajat. 5, 462 (kûrcha-abhashana-, Spit out, i.e. uttered, with boasting words); ejected, ib. 96. n. Saliva, Man. 4, 132 .- With भ्रवनि ava-ni, To spit on, Man. 8, 282.—With निस् nis, To sketch, Daçak. in Chr. 199, 18. niḥshṭhyūta, Distilled, Çak. d. 80.—Cf. probably σίαλον, σίαλος, στυγέω, στύξ, etc., σπίλος, σπιλόω, ψύττω, πτύω, έπι -φθύζω; Lat. spuere; Goth. speivan; A.S. spiwan; O.H.G. spichilla; cf. kshiv.

2. Spittle, Man. 4, 156; 5, 123.—Comp. Kûrcha-, n. boasting speech, Ràjat. 5, 462 (cf. the last).

† ख्रास्त् SHVASK, ख्रास्त् SHVASHK, ख्रास् SHVAKK, पुत्त् SHUKK, ख्रास्त् SVASK, i. 1, Åtm. To go.

ਚ S.

Ψ sa, originally 'One.' I. See tad; in the Vedas appears also the loc. sasmin. II. As former part of comp. nouns. 1. With; see sa-kamcla, adj. With lotus flowers. 2. The same, like, equal; see sa-dharman, adj. Of the same caste, etc.—Cf. σ in σήμερου, ὁ, ἡ, οἰ, αἰ, ἐ in ἔεις, εἶς (i.e. ἑ-Fενς), ἀ-(e.g. in ἀ-πλοῦς), ὰ- (e.g. in ἀδελφός), ὰ- (e.g. in ὅ-πατρος); Lat. sum=eum, sam=eam, -sum, sem- in semper, simin simplex; Goth. sa, so, A.S. se, sco.

संयत samyat, i.e. sam-yam+t, m and f. War, battle, Chr. 36, 17.

संयम् samyantri, i. e. sam-yam+ tri, m., f. tri, and n. Constraining, a constrainer.

tives samyama, i.e. sam-yam + a, m.

1. Restraining, Man. 2, 88. 2. Restraint, forbearance.

3. Abstaining, Bhartr. 2, 60. 4. Avoiding the infliction of pain on others, compassionateness, Çâk. d. 177.—Comp. Vâksam-yama, i.e. vâch-, m. modesty, Bhartr. 2, 80.

संदर्भ samyamana, i.e. sam-yam + ana, I. m. A ruler, Sâv. 5, 65. II. n.

1. Restraining, Sâv. 3, 20. 2. Self-denial or control, forbearance. 3. A religious vow or obligation. 4. Holding, detaining. 5. Drawing in, Çik. 5, 12. 6. A cluster of four houses. III. f. ni, The capital of Yama.

संयामन् samyamin, i.e. I. sam-yam +in, adj. Who or what restrains, subdues; abstaining, Bhag. 2, 69. II. samyama+in, m. One who subdues his passions, a sage.

संयाना samyâtrâ, i.e. sam-yâ+tra, f. Travelling into another island or continent, voyaging.

संयान samyana, i.e. sam-ya+ana, n. Going together.

संयास samyâma, i.e. sam-yam+a, m. 1. Restraint. 2. Self-control, forbearance. 3. Abstaining from giving pain to others.

संयात samyava, i.e. sam-yu+a, m. A thin cake of unleavened bread fried with melted butter, Man. 5, 7.

संयुग samyuga, i.e. sam-ynj+a, m. War, battle, Chr. 33, 4; Râjat. 5, 424.