वर्धमाभक

jar. 2. A brush.—Comp. Kamala-, m. the name of a king, Rajat. 5, 446. Kula-, adj. propagating a family, Râm. 1, 15, 46 (Brahmanav. read odhonah). Nandi-, I. adj. causing joy, MBh. 5, 2937. II. m. 1. a son, Râm. 6, 112, 4. 2. a proper name, Bhag. P. 9, 13, 14. Nabli-, n. the section of the navelstring, Mau. 2, 29. Punya-, n. the name of a town, Lass. 21, 16. Meru-, m. a proper name, Rajat. 5, 366. Ratna-, Camhara-, Cambu-, m. proper names, Râjat. 5, 40; 268; 300. Vamça-, m. one by whom his race prospers, Vikr. 87, 20. Varsha-, n. increase of years, or causing increase of years (?), Utt. Râmach. 85. 7.

वर्धमानक vardhamâna + ka (vb. vridh), m. A lid, a cover.

dividing. 2. i.e. vardhápaya (anomal. Caus. of tridh), + ana; also व्यक्त ana + ka, A festival on a birthday, Lass. ed. 18, 8; Paúch. ed. orn. 49, 16.

विधेन vardhin, i.e. vridh + in, adj. 1. Growing, increasing. 2. Augmenting, Utt. Râmach. 170, 7; Chr. 51, 5.

aling vardhishnu, i.e. vridh + ishnu, adj. 1. Growing, increasing.
2. Enlarging, expanding.

Comp. Ghora-, adj. having a terrible figure, Chr. 292, 2=Rigv. i. 64, 2.

varman, i.e. vri + man, n. Armour, mail, Râjat. 5, 195.—Comp. Varman may be added after all Kshatriya nomes, Colebr. Essays, i. 278; e.g. Apahâra-, Avanti-, Krita-, Go-pâla-, Chahra-, Chanda- Chandra-, m. proper names, Daçak. i. Chr. 179. 3; Râjat. 5, 2; MBh. 1, 562; Râjat. 5, 181; 287; Daçak. in Chr. 200, 23; MBh. 1, 2668. Dharma-, n. the armour or protection of the law, epithet of Krishna, Bhâg.

P. 1, 1, 23. Nirjita-, i.e. nis-jita, Çañkura-, Çûra-, m. proper names, Râjat. 5, 251; 128; 22.

वर्भित varmita, i.e. rarman + ita, and वर्भिन varmin, i.e. varman + in (MBh. 1, 7765), adj. Armed.

from βάρεαρος, cf. barbara), m. 1. A barbarian, an outcaste. 2. The country inhabited by barbarians. II. m. 1. Woolly or curly hair. 2. A sort of worm. 3. The clash of weapons. 4. A mode of dancing. III. f. râ and ri, A small bee. IV. n. Vermilion.

aatla rarvarika, i.e. varpara + ika, m. 1. Curly or woolly hair. 2. A name of Çiva.

वर्ष VARSH, see parsh.

वर्षे varsha, i.e. vrish + a, I. adj. at the end of a comp. Raining, Hit. ii. d. 147. II. m. and n. 1. Rain, Megh. 36; figurat., Chr. 39, 3 (a shower of arrows). 2. A cloud. 3. A year, Râm. 3, 53, 10 (n.); Pańch. 159, 14 (n.). 4. A division of the known continent, of which there are reckoned nine, Bhag. P. 8, 9, 22. S. India, also called Bharata-. II. f. shâ. 1. pl. The rainy season, Man. 3, 173; Hit. 80, 15. 2. A sort of gramineous plant.—Comp. A-, m. drought, Râm. 3, 35, 28. Ashtavarsha, i.e. ashtan-, adj. eight years old, Man. 9, 94. Tirovarsha, i.e. tiras-, adj. protected against rain, MBh. 4, 171. Dvadaçavarsha, i.e. dradaçan-, n. pl. twelve years, Paúch. i. d. 238 (perhaps two words). Pra-, m. raining fast, Panch. 93, 2. Cara-, m. a shower of arrows, Chr. 4, 20.

वर्षकर varsha-kara, I. adj. Producing rain. II. m. A cloud. III. f. ri, A cricket.

वर्षेष varshana, i.e. vrish + ana, n.