- 1. 羽雪 a-ja, adj., f. jâ. Unborn.
- 2. In aja. 1. m. A he-goat. 2. f. $j\hat{a}$. A she-goat.—Comp. Vana-, m. a wild goat.—Cf. $a\xi$, of which the base is $d\gamma + \iota$.

A large serpent, Boa constrictor.

সুস্ত্র a-jan+ani, f. Privation of birth, used as imprecation, Panch. i. d. 355.

श्रुज्ञर्थ a-jarya (vb. jrî), n. Friendship, Ragh. 18, 6.

সুসাৰ a-jas+ra, adj., f. râ. Continual. acc. ram, adv. Continually, always, Man. 1, 57.

a. Unborn. 2. As former part of comp. adj., Not having, e.g. ajāta-vyanjana, adj. beardless. ajāta-çatru. 1. Having no enemies. 2. One with whom nobody can contend; epithet and name of Yudhishthira and others.

মুসাবিক ajâvika, i.e. aja-avi+ka, n. sing. Goats and sheep, Man. 8, 235.

ajina (perhaps derived from 2 aja), n. The hide of any animal, particularly of the black antelope, used as a covering, Man. 2, 64, as purse, Daçak. 191, 16. — Comp. Krishna-, n. the hide of the black antelope.

ऋबिर aj+ira, n. A court, Paúch. 138, 1.—Comp. Raṇa-, n. a field of battle.

সাজিত্বৰ a-jihma-ga. I. adj. Advancing in a straight path, Man. 6, 31. II. m. An arrow.

श्रजीगर्त ajigarta, m. The name of a Rishi or saint, Man. 10, 105.

श्रुजी शिन् ajîrņin, i.e. a-jîrņa + in (vb. jṛi), adj. Suffering from indigestion.

সজ্জান ajjukâ, f. 1. A courtesan (Mrichehh. 27, 2, Prâkr.; in the Ssk. translation ajjû). 2. (in Prâkr. ajjû, and in the Ssk. translation ajjukâ, Çâb. p. 105, 3.) A mother.

সহানা a-jńa + tâ, f. Ignorance.

श्राज्ञ aj+man, n. Battle, Chr. 297, 17 = Rigv. 1, 112, 17.—Cf. Lat. agmen; -αγμα in κάταγμα, etc.

মুদ্ধ aj + ra, m. A field.—Cf. ἀγρός; Lat. ager; Goth. akrs; A.S. acer.

ANCH (cf. anka), i. 1, Par. Atm. 1. To go. 2. To ask. 3. To speak indistinctly. 4. To bend, to curve, Nal. 12, 45. 5. To honour, Ragh. 9, 24. 6. i. 10 (rather Caus.). To make clear, to manifest, Gît. 10, 11.—With the prep. 32 ud, To rise, Râjat. 5, 362.

श्रञ्जन anch + ana, n. Bending, curving.

त्रञ्चल anch + ala, m. The end or border of a cloth.

AŃJ, ii. 7, anaj, ańj, Par. (Ved. also Âtm.). To cause to shine by smearing with greasy substances. 1. To anoint, to smear, Man. 5, 25. 2. To adorn, Chr. 294, 1=Rigv. 1, 92, 1. 3. To make clear. 4. To be beautiful. 5. † To go. Caus. To anoint, Man. 4, 44. † i. 10. To shine.—With the prepos. All abhi. 1. To anoint, Man. 4, 44. 2. To pollute, Çâk. d. 108.—With a vi. 1. Âtm. To dress one's self, Chr. 290, 4=Rigv. 1, 64, 4. 2. To make clear, MBh. 2, 2122. vyakta.