semale attendant (in theatrical language), Sâh. D. 172, 13.

† TE HAT, i. 1, Par. To shine.

VE hatta, I. m. A market, a fair, Paúch. 262, 15. II. f fi, A petty market.

jump. 2. To treat with violence. 3. To bind to a post.

of hasta, I. m. 1. Violence, Râm. 5, 85, 11; abl. thât, By force, Pańch. 188, 1. 2. Rapine. II. m., f. thi, A plant, Pistia stratiotes.

m. A sweeper, a servant of the lowest caste.

* kadda, n. A bone.

चुक haddaka, see hadika.

TT hadda-ja, n. Marrow.

Mande, used like hanja, q. cf.

Miserable (?), Mâlat. 87, 8. II. m. A coward, Utt. Râmach. 30, 7.

hatâça, i.e. hata-âça, (see han and âçâ), m. 1. Hopeless, desponding. 2. Weak. 3. Barren. 4. Cruel, merciless. 5. Vile, wicked, Vikr. 8, 9 (Prâkr.).

in hala-, f. Ploughing. 2. Destroying, removing, Bhartr. 3, 100. — Cf. A.S. dynt; see han.

weapon. 2. Sickness.

f. ya, Killing, Chr. 297, 14=Rigv. i.

112, 14 (n.); Panch. i. d. 306 (I read tasya hatyâ tadutthânâ, The murder of that man has its origin in this person, i.e. his death is caused by that person, by trusting to whom he has found it; but cf. also Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 2850); 221, 14 (f.).—Comp. Go-, f. killing a cow, Man. 11, 115. Brahmahatyâ, i.e. brahman-, f. killing a Brâhmana, Hit. Bhrûna-, f. murder of an i. d. 184. unborn child, Râm. 2, 47, 41, Seramp. Vira-, f. the slaughter of a man (Jones, 'a son'), Man. 11, 41. Stri-, f. the crime of having killed a woman, Pańch. 216, 17.

hatha, i.e. han+tha, m. A man in despondency.

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HAN, probably for original dhan, ii. 2, Par. (in epic poetry also Atm., Râm. 1, 45, 49), ved., i. 1, jighna; some verbal forms are derived also,

or only, from THE BADH, or THE VADH, 1. To strike, MBh. 1, 6706; to peck, Hit. 81, 21. 2. To wound, to hurt, Man. 10, 84; to injure, Paúch. iii. d. 50 (badhyante, pass.), to overturn (right), Man. 8, 15. 3. To kill, Râm. 2, 78, 22; pass. badh, with the termination of the Par., MBh. 2, 8765. 4. To destroy, Man. 8, 14; mâ kato 'badhit, 8, 15 (blot out the'). 5. To remove (darkness), Hit. pr. d. 17, M.M.; (impurity), Man. 2, 102. 6. To 7. † To go. impede, Râjat. 5, 253. Ptcple. of the pf. pass. hata. 1. Killed, Chr. 62, 51. 2. Utterly ruined, Çâk. d. 22. 3. Ended. 4. Lost, Chr. 32, 28. 5. Deprived of, without, especially when former part of comp. adj.; e.g. hata -sâdhvasa, adj. Fearless, cf. also Kir.