Vedântas. in Chr. 207, 15. 5. A proper name, Hariv. 11537, 6. The name of a mountain, Bhâg. P. 5, 16, 27. II. f. gi, A female elephant, Suçr. 1, 178, 1. III. adj., f. gi. 1. Consisting of serpents, MBh. 8, 2586. 2. Produced from an elephant, Suçr. 1, 194, 1. IV. f. gâ, A proper name, Râjat. 7, 293.—Comp. Dinnâga, i.e. diç-, m. an elephant supposed to support a quarter of the world, Megh. 14. Ciçu-, m. a kind of Râkshasa or demon, Râm. 3, 76, 28.

नागस्य naga+maya, adj., f. yî, Consisting in elephants, Hariv. 9379.

adj. 1. Belonging to a town, MBh. 1, 5682; m. A citizen, Râm. 1, 17, 34. 2. Referring to a town, MBh. 2, 256. 3. Polite, Çâk. 94, 10 Ch. II. f. rî, A crafty woman, Hacb. Anth. 351, 16. III. n. Dry ginger, Suçr. 1, 161, 2.—Comp. Deva-nâgarî, f. the name of the character proper to Sanskrit.

লাখাৰ någara + ka, m. The chief of a town, Çâk. 73, 1, v.r.

nâgarika, i.e. nagara + ika, I. adj. Inhabiting a town, Sch. ad. Çâk. d. 51. II. m. 1. A citizen, Vikr. 77, 12. 2. Polite, Çâk. 60, 2. 2. A superintendent of the police, Daçak. 195, 13.

नागवना nâga + vant, adj., f. vati, Consisting in elephants, MBh. 5, 5703.

नागिन nâgin, i.e. nâga + in, adj. Surrounded by serpents, Hariv. 14844.

নামাজিন nâgnajita, i.e. nagnajit + a, patronym. f. ti, A descendant of Nagnajit, Bhâg. P. 3, 3, 4.

নাত্রক nâṭaka, i.e. naṭ+aka, I. m. A mime, Râm. 1, 5, 18. II. n. A drama, Râm. 2, 69, 4. नाटितक nâ.ita+ku (vb. nai), n. A gesture, Çâk. 73, 4.

The art of acting or dancing, scenic art, Bhâg. P. 4, 15, 19. 2. Mimical representation, Mrichchh. 88, 4. 3. The attire of an actor, Bhâg. P. 1, 8, 19.

arisan nâdikâ, i.e. nâdi+ka, f.

1. A measure of time, $\frac{1}{80}$ of a sideral day, an Indian hour, Bhâg. P. 3, 11, 3.

2. A measure of length, half a daṇḍa, Mârk. P. 49, 39.

3. An Indian clock, Kâm. Nîtis. 5, 51.

नाडी $n\hat{a}d\hat{i}$, i.e. $nada + a + \hat{i}$, also

The stalk or culm of any plant. 2. Any tubular organ of the body, as an artery, a vein, an intestine, etc., MBh. 3, 13974; Ragh. 10, 59 (the rays of the sun, supposed to be hollow). 3. A fistulous sore, Suçr. 1, 284, 11. 4. =nâdikâ 1, Sûryas. 1, 12.—Comp. Garbha-nâdi, f. the navel-string, Suçr. 1, 368, 13.

नाणक nâṇaka, n. A coin, Yâjú. 2, 240.

(akin to nam), i. 1, Åtm. (also Par., MBh. 3, 12630). To beg, MBh. 12, 1365 (with gen. of the object, MBh. 3, 12630).

MBh. 2292. 2. A master, a lord, Paúch. v. d. 90; Râm. 1, 76, 19. 3. A husband, Ragh. 12, 75.—Comp. A-, adj., f. thâ, having no protector, helpless, Râm. 6, 23, 21. Kâla-, m. a name of Çiva, MBh. 12, 10368. Ku-, 1. m. a bad protector, Bhâg. P. 9, 14, 28. 2. adj. having a bad guide, 5, 14, 2. Gauri-, m. a name of Çiva, Bhartr. 3, 87. Chamû-, m. a commander of an army, Bhâg. P. 4, 26, 3. Jagat-eka-,