ram), -riddhi+ka, n. 1. A day. 2. Bathing for pleasure. 3. The aggregate of eight auspicious objects.

sure, Çâk. d. 34; joy, Paúch. iii. d. 258; love, Paúch. 226, 1; the goddess of love, Râm. 3, 52, 27; Kathâs. 22, 104.

2. Passion. 3. Coition, Paúch. ii. d. 154; sexu'd intercourse, Paúch. iii. d. 116; enjeyment of love, Vikr. d. 85.

4. A private part.—Comp. Dharma, adj. fond of law or virtue, Ragh. 1, 23.

নৌ rati=rati, Goddess of love, Nal. 16, 12 (on account of the metre).

বর ratû, f. 1. The Ganges of heaven.
2. A woman who speaks the truth.

ratna, i.e. ram+tna, n. (m., MBh. 3, 13182). 1. A jewel, a gem, Râm. 3, 49, 37; figurat., Pańch. ii. d. 194. 2. A treasure, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 985 (vidyá-, Consisting in science). 3. Anything the best of its kind; e.g. pumratna, i.e. pums-, n. An excellent man, Böhtl. Ind. Spr. 2706. stri-, An excellent woman, Vikr. d. 110; cf. bhastrákâ. — Comp. Sa-mauli-, adj. with the crown jewel, Vikr. d. 144.

रहामाज ratnabhâj, i.e. ratna-bhaj, adj. Acquiring jewels, Râm. 3, 49, 42.

रतहमाय ratna-druma + maya, adj., f. yi, Resembling corals, Arj. 10, 2.

रहारे घातमय ratna - samghâta + maya, adj., f. yî, Consisting of a heap of jewels, Sund. 3, 14.

(and f.), A cubit measured from the elbow to the end of the closed fist.

II. m. The closed fist.

Tel ratha (vb. ri), m. 1. A car, Hit. pr. d. 32, M.M.; a war chariot, Chr. 4, 10. 2. Any vehicle. 3. A limb. 4. A foot. 5. The body. Comp. Ati-, m. a pre-eminent warrior who fights in a chariot, Râm. 6, 4, 20. Kirti- and Kritti-, m. a proper name, Râm. 1, 71, 9. Krîdâ-, m. a carriage serving for excursions, MBh. 13, 2782. Chitra-, I. adj. having a brilliant chariot, Bhag. P. 4, 10, 22. II. m. 1. the sun. 2. a proper name, MBh. 2, 407. III. f. thâ, the name of a river, 6, 341. Daça(n)-, and daçapûrva-, i.e. daca(n)-7 $\hat{u}rva$ -, m. Dacaratha, the name of Râma's father, and of others, Râm. 1, 72, 31 Gorr.; Ragh. 8, 29. Patra-, m. a bird, Râm. 3, 25, 7. Pushpa-, or pushya-, m. a carriage for pleasure, Râm. 2, 26, 15 (pushpa-). Bhima-, I. m. an Asura. II. f. thi. 1. the seventh night in the seventh month of the seventy-seventh year of a man, supposed to be the ordinary period of human life. 2. the name of a river. Manoratha, i.e. manas-, m. wish, desire, Vikr. 13, 20. Sanaagama-manoratha, m. desire of union, Vikr. d. 30. Marut-, m. 1. a horse. 2. a car in which idols are carried. Mahâ-, m. 1. a great chariot, Râm. 3, 55, 32. 2. (having a great chariot), a hero, ib. 3, Vishnu-, m. Garuda. adj. with the carriage. Hamsa-, m. Brahman .-- Cf. Lat. rota; A.S. and O.H.G. rad (probably borrowed); probably ρέθος, Goth. lithus, A.S. lidh.

्यक्षा rathakatyâ, i.e. ratha-katu +ya (cf. kata and nikata), f. A multitude of cars.

रथकर ratha-kara, m. A carpenter.

penter, Panch. 229, 8. 2. A man sprung from a male of the Mâhishya and a female of the Karani caste, by profession a coach-maker.

रथकार्स rathakâra+tva, n. The business of a carpenter, Panch. 228, 12.