Simhajātaka (v.l. Siddha-j°), n. of a work: Karmav 44.21 (not identified; not Pali Jat. 157).

Simhateja(s), n. of a former Buddha: ojah, n. sg., i.137.13.

Simhadatta, n. of a previous incarnation of Bindusāra: Mmk 613.13.

simha-dhvaja, (1) m. or nt., a kind of gem: Gv 511.4; (2) n. of a Buddha in a southeastern lokadhātu: SP 184.9; (3) n. of a former Buddha: Samādh p. 52 line 19.

Simhanandi(n), n. of a disciple of Buddha: My i.183.1. Simhanāda, n. of a deity: Sādh 47.3 etc. Simhanādanādin, n. of a Bodhisattva: Mvy 685.

simhanādin, (1) adj.-subst. m. (= Pali sīha° acc. to Childers, without ref.; PTSD only °nādika), possessing or manifesting the (religious) 'lion's roar': 'nādinām agryaḥ (among Buddha's followers; of Piṇdola-bhara-dvāja) Divy 399.30; cf. Pali AN i.23.24 (aggam...) °nādinām sīhanādikānam yad-idam Piņdola-bhāradvājo; (2) n. of a son of Māra (favorable to the Bodhisattva): LV 314.6.

simhapañjara, (1) nt. (= Pali siha-p°), a kind of window: °re sthitā Mv ii.446.20; niryūha-°ra-gavākṣa-iii.69.17; 81.14; ratna-°rāni Gv 167.16; in 202.23 in cpd. containing niryūha and gavāksa; (2) n. of a (perh. mythical) gem: °ra-maṇiratna-padmagarbhāṇi Gv 101.13.

Simhapariprecha (see Simha 5), n. of a work: Mvy 1394; Siks 5.13 f.; 53.5.

Simhapura, °rī, (1) °ra, n. of a city, in the Kimnarī Jātaka: Mv ii.95.5; 98.1 ff.; (2) °ra, n. of a city in the Kalinga country: Mv iii.432.14; (3) °rī, n. of the capital city (rājadhānī) of Śākyamuni (3), q.v.: Mv iii.238.11.

Simhapota, nt., n. of a city: Gv 147.12.

Simhabala, n. of a yakşa: so prob. understand Māy 61, see s.v. Vyāghrabala.

Simhamati, (1) n. of a former Buddha: Sukh 6.17; (2) n. of a son of Māra (favorable to the Bodhisattva): LV 313.21.

simhamuktā, 'lion-pearl', a kind of gem: Gv 511.4. simhamukha, (nt.), lit. lion's mouth, (1) a spout or opening thru which water was conducted into or out of a pond: astottaram ca °kha-satam yena gandhodakam pravišati tasyāh ... puskirinyāh (ms., ed. em. puska°), astasatam eva okhānām yena punar eva tad vāri nirvahati RP 40.15 f.; (2) an instrument of torture (cf. ulkāmukha 1 and Pali rāhumukha, MN i.87.13 with comm. ii.58.28):

°kham vā hriyamāṇasya Siks 182.4. Simhala, (1) also °laka, °la-rāja, n. of a son of the "la Divy 523.23 ff.; RP 23.14; "laka Divy 524.21 (prose; no perceptible mg. in -ka); "la-rāja Kv 52.21; (2) n. of a nāga king: Māy 247.37.

simha-lata, some kind of ornament, placed on trees and stupas, and in groves (on their trees?); precise mg. can only be guessed (Müller on Sukh 'lion twists'; Senart, My ii note 553, 'peut-être . . . des enroulements combinés de feuillage et de lions'): Sukh 54.11 (among ornaments of Amitāyus's bodhi-tree); °tāhi ... samalamkṛtam bodhi-vrkṣam samjānetsuh Mv ii.311.13; simhalatāhi (or simho-, mss.; Senart em. simhī°, m.c.; better simhā° = simha°) sphutā bodhivrkse (em., mss. sphute °kṣo) Mv ii.317.8 (vs); (udyānam ... samchannam...) °latā-jālaih Gv 101.24; °latāh suruciravarņasūtrā(h) Siks 302.2 (vs), in passage vaguely parallel to Mv ii.317.8; suruci° may be a parallel and independent ornament, rather than an ep. of simhalată; here decorations of a stupa.

Simhalarāja, see Simhala (1).

Simhavatsa, n. of a serpent king: Mvy 3432. Simhavikrantagamin, n. of a Tathagata: Gv 361.4.

Simhavikrīdita, (1) n. of a Bodhisattva: Mvy 683; (prob. the same; not a Tathagata with Index) Siks 173.13, 18 (voc.; separate from foll. words); (2) n. of a samādhi: Mvy 509 (not in SsP); Dharmas 136.

simhavijrmbhita, (1) (nt.?) 'lion's yawn' of Bodhisattvas and mahāpuruṣas, fig. applied to their activities: Gv 224.11, parallel with vikurvā and vimokṣavikrīḍita; (2) nt., n. of a city: Gv 123.1, 18; (3) (m.) n. of a (Gv 33.26 tathāgata-, or Gv 34.26 buddha-)samādhi: Mvy 533 (not in SsP); Gv 33.22 ff.

Simhavijrmbhitaprabha, n. of a Tathāgata: Gv

421.23

Simhavijṛmbhitā, n. of a nun: Gv 192.16 ff. Simhavinardita, (1) n. of a Buddha: Gv 259.9 (vs); (2) n. of a Bodhisattva: Gv 443.2.

simhavişkambhita (text °viklambhita, corruptly), nt., lion-firmness, immovability: °tena vişkambhayeyam SsP 110.19, see **vişkambhayati**; as n. of a samādhi,

otam samādhim SsP 483.6 (text here also oviklambho).
simhasayyā (cf. Pali sīhaseyyā), bed of state (cf. simhāsana, simhāngada): upetya Bhagavataḥ (after his death) °yām MPS 46.2 The Pali is traditionally supposed to refer to posture (lying on the right side); this seems unlikely in MPS (tho of course he is always represented in that posture). Cf. simhaśayyāyām ib. 47.2.

Simhasāgarakūtavinanditarāja, n. of a former Buddha: Sukh 6.3.

Simhasaudāsa, n. of a king: Lank 250.13. Simhahanu, (1) (= Pali Sihahanu), n. of a Śākyan king, father of Suddhodana: Mvy 3598; Mv i.352.12 f.; 355.19 f.; ii.37.17; only the Bodhisattva proved able to wield his bow, Mv ii.76.4; LV 154.15; (2) n. of a Buddha in the east: Mv i.123.9; (3) n. of a disciple of Sākyamuni:

Mv i.182.17; (4) n. of Māra's general (senāpati): LV 303.1. simhangada, or (v.l., and Senart) sīhangada, see sīha, lit. lion-bracelet, perh. in sense of superior, very fine

bracelet, cf. Pali sīha-kuṇḍala (worn in the ear, Sn. comm. 138.3): °dā, pl. (worn by Hrī) Mv ii.59.15 (vs).

siṃhāṇa, (m. or nt.; Skt. Lex. id.; cf. next), snot:
°ṇa-lālā (mss.° mālā, °māro) Mv ii.326.6 (vs; lack of -ka m.c.?). Cf. also singhana.

siṃhāṇaka, m. or nt., °ṇikā, f. (cf. prec., and Skt. siṅghāṇaka, Skt. and Pali siṅghāṇikā), snot: °ṇaka Divy 342.15; Māy 219.14 etc.; °kān (acc. pl., end of dvandva) LV 256.20; °kam (n. sg., end of dvandva) Sukh 68.9; onikā Mv i.28.8; all prose.

? simhāsapītha (°supītha ?), adj., only in first half of an anustubh vs, °pitho (or °pithā) balavān: Mv ii.431.17 (here printed as prose, wrongly); 458.10; iii.7.2, 13; 13.9; so mss., with practically no variants except "sa" or "su", "tha or "tho; Senart has various emendations and suggested interpretations, doubting at last (iii n. 466) his suggestion of ii n. 568, -sapītha = sadrša, (lion-)like; except that the mg. must be in effect strong, or the like, I cannot interpret the word. It may be cpd. with the foll. balavan, and is doubtless corrupt. (Divide simhāsa-[= simhāsana-]-pītho?)

Simhoraska, n. of a former Buddha: My i.140.5. sikthaka, nt. (= Skt. Lex. id., Pali sitthaka; Skt. siktha), beeswax: Mvy 7115 = Tib. (s)bra tshil (acc. to Jä. and Das spra tshil, wax).

singhaṇa, m. or nt. (= Skt. oṇaka; see also simhāṇa, oṇaka), snot: Mmk 112.24 (vs; lack of -ka perh. m.c.), see s.v. sata-

Sitaketu, n. of a Pratyekabuddha: Mmk 64.13; 111.10. Sitatārā, n. of a form of Tārā: Sādh 213.4 etc.

sita-puşpika, nt., acc. to BR a kind of leprosy: Mvy 9545 = Tib. śa mtshan; cf. śa tshan dmar po, a tumor resembling a weal or a wart (Jä.; dmar po = red); śa mtshan, marks on the body (Das); Chin. dirty spots.
Sitavatī, see Mahā-si° and Sītavatī.

Sitaviśālāksa, n. of a Bodhisattva: Gv 442.7.

Sitasri, n. of a Bodhisattva: Gv 442.21.

Sitānga, n. of a Bodhisattva: Gy 442.1.

Sitātapatra, n. of one of the 8 Uşņīşa-rājānah (see Uşnişa 3): Mmk 41.11.