kārāpaka, m. (cf. Pali id.; to kārāpayati, with -aka). he who causes to act, used in a formulaic list of terms applied to the (heretically alleged) ātman, and as such rejected: Mvy 4678 (follows kāraka); Mv iii.447.11, 16 (kārako vā) °pako vā utthāpako vā ...; SsP 120.18 °pakaḥ °paka iti vyavahriyate sa ca yathābhūtam parigavesyamāņo nopalabhyate.

kārāpaņa, nt. (= Pali id.; to next, with suffix -ana), the causing to be built: Karmav 39.10 caityastupa-kārāpanam.

kārāpayati, and 'peti (Pali id.), see Chap. 43, s.v.

kārāhva (Skt. kārā-āhvā), what is called a prison: Mv iii.105.9 (vs), read with mss. bandhasya katham mukto vacanena kārāhvam abhikrameya, how, having been freed from a bond by a word, would one enter into what is called a prison (viz. sensual life)? Meter is to be sure bad, but the sense is perfect; Senart em. wrongly.

-kārika, adj. (= Skt. kālika; cf. 2 kāra), ifc., belonging to a . . . time: LV 40.11 (prose) nānāpuspaphalavrksā nānartukārikās (only one inferior ms. okālikās), . . . trees belonging to the time of various seasons, or to various seasons and times.

Kāriņī, n. of a goddess: Sādh 502.9.

kāritaka, adj. (kārita, ppp. of kārayati in sense of karoti, § 38.6, plus -ka, perhaps specifying, § 22.39, or perhaps m.c.), (the one that had been) constructed: Mmk 640.7 (vs) pasyate . . . caityam kāritakam hi taih, saw the caitya that had been constructed by them.

kārita-kāraņa, adj. (on kārita, ppp. of kārayati karoti, cf. prec.), having performed his duties, done what he had to do, said of a Buddha (or a disciple, iii.60.7, or Pratyekabuddha, i.301.7) compared to an elephant: nãgo viya (iii.64.6 yathā) kāritakāraņo Mv i.237.10; 301.7; iii.60.7; 64.6. Senart, i note p. 560, aptly compares SP 1.7 (arhadbhih . . .) mahānāgaih krtakrtyaih krtakaranī-

kāritra, nt. (apparently based on Skt. cāritra, blended with forms of kar-, kār-), action, operation: Mvy 6698; 7250 (Tib. byed pa, action); Bct 261.4; 372.5, 10; repeatedly in AbhidhK, see LaVallée Poussin's Index; repeatedly in Abhisamayālamkārāloka (GOS 62), e. g. 276.18 kāritraduşkaratā; 362.4 (vs) paścimam gatikāritram idam kāritralaksanam.

[kārīşi? form and mg. doubtful, in refrain pāda: kārīşi (so the mss. seem clearly to indicate; sometimes they read °şu, and other vv.ll.) dattvā jinacetiyeşu Mv ii.384.17, repeated 21, 385.3, 7, 11, 19, 23. A parallel vs occurring in the midst of these, 385.15, has (na) tailavindum jinastūpe dattvā; and in a following vs 386.1 tailasya vindum jinacetiyeşu occurs. This suggests that possibly tālīśa (°śu, for °sam?) should be read, = Pali tālisa, tālissa, a 'powder or ointment' (PTSD) made from the plant named in Skt. tālīśa; tālīśa occurs, perhaps in this mg. (associated with tailam), in Mvy 5787, see s.v. It seems at any rate appropriate; some oily substance used in decorating a caitya is indicated.

kāruņa (nowhere recorded), (1) adj. (= Skt. kāruņika), compassionate: Mv i.179.6 (vs, metr. indifferent) tato lokānukampārtham kāruņo (mss. °ņā) mahadvišāradah; (2) subst. nt. (= Skt. kärunya), compassion: Mv 1.51.2-3 .. samyaksambuddhasya mahatā kāruņena (no v.l.) samanvāgatasya sattvesu mahākāruņam (no v.l.) okrami.

Kāruņika, n. of a former Buddha: Sukh 6.15. kāruņyatā (= Pali kāruñnatā; Skt. onya plus tā, § 22.43), compassion: Divy 194.16.

kārpāsaka, nt. (= Škt. °sa), cotton cloth: Mvy 9164

kārpāsika, m. (= AMg. kappāsia; one doubtful Skt. occurrence, pw 6.300), dealer in cotton goods: Mv iii.442.14 °kā, n. pl., in a list of merchants and artisans. Cf. karpāsika, used in very similar list.

Kāryakara, m., n. of a samādhi: Mvy 558. In same list SsP 1419.14 kārākāra; read kārakāra? or kārya° as in Mvy? Explained by yatra samādhau sthitvā sarvasamādhīnām kārăgatām kriyām karoti.

Kāryatāvicāra, n. of a former Buddha: Mv i.141.6. kārvaţika, m. (Skt. karvaţa plus -ika; cf. karvaţaka), chief of a village (mountain hamlet?): Divy 445.23; 446.5, 20; 531.11; in MSV i.102.13 read -nyatamah karvatiko vyutthitah (text has nt. forms), cf. 17 tam kārvatikam nirjitya.

kārşa, m. (Skt. Gr.), plowman: Divy 463.8 (prose) kārṣā, iii. (Skt. Gr.), plowman: Divy 403.8 (prose) (pañca) kārṣa-śatāny, prob. error; in the sequel, 463.11 ff., repeatedly replaced by kārṣaka (Skt.); same passage MSV i.71.3 ff. kārṣika (Skt., KSS.) thruout.

kārṣāpaṇa-chedikam, adv. (or acc. sg. of °ka or °kā?), in °kaṃ vā chidyamānasya Šikṣ 182.5, or being cut

up into small pieces the size of a coin, a form of torture; next, and see kahāpaņa(-māmsika).

kārṣāpaṇa-māmsika, see kahāpaṇa (-mā°).

kārṣākā (or °ka; cf. Skt. karṣa), a small weight,
app. = karṣa: Lank 31.9 (vs) karṣo hi dharaṇāh kyantaḥ,
palam vai kati kārṣikā (one ms. °kam; must be n. pl.), how many dharanas make a karsa, how many kārsikās (°kas?) a pala? (Tib. however is reported to render kārsikā by zho, which is one-tenth of a sran, the word used for karşa in the same line.)

kārṣī, see gomaya-k°.

1 kāla (adj., black, as in Skt.), (1) (m.? = kālaka 3, which is more usual in this sense and which see), blackhead, pimple: Mvy 309 vyapagata-tilaka-kāla-gātra, one of the anuvyanjana; so Kyōtō ed., but Mironov °kālaka°; (2) n. of some plant: sayyathāpi nāma kālaparvāņi vā (v.l. adds asitaparvāņi vā) evam eva me angāni abhūnsuņ Mv ii.125.12, and similarly 126.17; 128.5; 129.7; see discussion s.v. āśītakī; in parallel LV 254.8 kālāparvāņi (but most mss. omit), which agrees with the corresp. Pali text kālāpabbāni MN i.80.12; 245.27, but the comm. on the former reads kāļa-pabbāni (as in Mv!) and repeats the same form in its gloss (kāļavalliyā vā samdhitthānesu); it may mean the same plant designated as kālā in Skt. (and Pali); (3) (= Pali Kāļa, Mahākāļa; cf. Kālaka 4 and Kālika) n. of a nāga king, who came in contact with the Bodhisattva shortly before he reached the bodhitree: Mv ii.265.7 ff.; 302.14; 304.5; 308.4; 397.9 ff.; 400,10 ff.; after the enlightenment he saluted the Buddha and invited him to his home, where B. spent the fourth week after the enlightenment, Mv iii.300.10 ff.; mentioned Mvy 3251; Māy 221.29; (4) n. of a yakṣa: Māy 7; 236.10; (5) apparently n. of Asita, or epithet given him (synonym in literal mg.), see Asita (2): Mv ii.37.13; (6) n. of a disciple of Buddha (doubtless intends one of the several disciples named Kāļa in Pali): SP 207.3; (7) n. of a minister of Māra: Mv ii.409.19; (8) n. of a brother of King Prospanit (d. Cradita 2): Prasenajit (cf. Gandaka 3): Divy 153.21 ff.; 160.5; (9) n. of a mountain, perhaps = Kala-parvata (?), q.v.: Kv 91.13 Kāla-mahākālau parvatarājānau. 2 kāla, m. (as in Skt. time, death, etc.) (1) day, opp.

to night, see s.v. akāla; cf. Pali kāla, PTSD s.v. 2(a), kāle junhe, by day and by night; (2) kālena kālam, adverbial phrase, (a) from time to time (so Pali, see Childers s.v. kālo): SP 225.5 (or under b?); 276.7, 10; Mv iii.154.14 (or under b?); Av i.241.9; Divy 10.27 (or under b?); Suv 94.3 (or under b?); (b) day in and day out, continuously: LV 100.13; Divy 62.10; 71.5; 298.25; Kv 28.14; Bbh 239.21, 23; 362.16, 19, 23; and perhaps in some cases noted under a, above; (3) time for functioning: Mv iii.222.12 āryo khalv asmākam govindo bhartā bhartṛ-kāle (? mss. bharte°, bhartta°) sakhā sakhi-kāle (? mss. sakha°, sakhī°), to us, you see, G. (our husband) is a husband at the time for (functioning as) a husband, a friend at the time for a friend (said by his wives in proposing to follow him into