°ruddhā) ūrdhvaṃ śīṛṣakapālaṃ vātā praharetsu samūhetsuh (v.l. samuttejetsuh) Mv ii.125.6; I believe this would have to be an anomalous denom. to samuhata, q.v., in the different meaning of raised, which is found also with uhata, q.v.; or at least, this form, if correct, must have been influenced by that word. But it may be that we should read samuhanetsuh, to *samuhanati, on the basis of the Pali parallel MN i.243.23 vātā muddhānam uhananti (raise); the LV version is confused and doubtful, vāyur ūrdh(v)am śiraḥkapālam (mss. °lām) upanihanti (v.l. upasamharati) 252.1, and āśvāsapraśvāsā ūrdh(v)am śirahkapālam (v.l. °lā) upanighnanti (v.l. samuvaghnanti) 3-4; Senart implausibly connects the word with the noun samuha, detaching it from its evident direct object sīrṣakapālam.

Samrddhayajña, n. of a former Buddha: Mv i.139.12. Samrddharāstra, n. of a former Buddha: Mv i.137.14. sameti (for *samayati, denom. to Skt. sama?), is like, resembles (instr.): sameti so 'ntarikṣeṇa nānātvam nāsya labhyate Samādh 22.14 (vs), it (the Buddha's body) is like space, there is no differentiation found in it; na sameti yad uta nānā-prajñaptyā MSV iii.122.9. (Both Skt., see BR 5.1137, and Pali use sam-eti with instr. in mg. agrees with. The use here recorded could possibly be derived from this, but seems more easily understood as above.)

? samocaka, nt., a (prob. corrupt) n. of a medicinal plant: Suv 105.2 (mss.); see vamśarocanā. samodaya (m. ? once recorded as nt.), prob. origin;

only in vss of Mmk and may be m.c. for samudaya, q.v., § 3.71, but see samodita: grahā ... dṛṣṭajātisamodayā(ḥ) Mmk 191.18; ādau tāvad bhavel liṅgam utpātānām samodayam 195.23; nānābhāṣa-°yā(ḥ) 234.10; kulayoni- vah 403.16.

samodahana, m. (! so also Mironov, n. sg. onah; cf. Pali odahana, and BHS anvodahana; to Pali sam-odahati, for sam-ava-dadhati = °dhāti), completely attentive consideration: Mvy 7473 °nah = Tib. legs par rab tu

samodita, adj.-ppp., prob. originated, arisen, come into being, cf. samudaya and samo°; only in vss of Mmk, where it could be m.c., § 3.71, for samudita (which seems to occur in Pali in this mg., tho rarely); but Pali has samodita in prose, once at least in the mg. assembled, united (Vv. comm. 320.28), which samudita has in Skt.; this mg. would be possible in some of the Mmk passages (many of which are obscure and likely to be corrupt; they are here reproduced as printed); karma eşa sadā vindyād vidhimuktā samoditā Mmk 180.4; tithayas ca °tā 194.3; ulkām lingair ebhih °tām 200.18; yasmin deše °tā 211.3; yatra sthite °tā 212.14; nānānāma-°tāḥ 214.21; yo yasya grahamukhyo vā kṣetrarāśisamoditā 222.8; mūlyasiddhiḥ °tā 263.11; mantratantram °tam 320.24; teşu siddhis tridhā yātā triprakārāh °tāh, uttamā madhyamā nīcā... 342.17.

sam-o-namati, -sarati, -harati, see sam-ava-. [sampa, see samya;] sampa also = Skt. sampad,

sampaccate (MIndic for °cyate; Skt. has sampakva, sampācayati; otherwise no sam-pac- is recorded), is tormented (in hell): tatra (sc. mahānarake) bahūni prānasahasrāņi °ccamānā (mss. samyacc°) samdarsitā My

sampadā (= Pali id., Skt. sampad), accomplishment; good luck, fortune, wealth: bodhisattvasya abhiniskramanada My ii.164.16 (prose), accomplishment of retirement (n. sg.); same, 208.15 (prose); paramāye varņa-odāye sampannā 293.8 (prose), blest with highest fortune of aspect; cakravarti-°dā Divy 401.24 (prose), fortune of a cakr°; the rest in vss: durlabhā kṣaṇa-°dā SP 462.6, hard to find is fortune of moment, i. e. a fortunate or auspicious moment; te āśaya-°dāya (instr.) viśuddharūpāya (adj. with prec.) samanvitā bhūt SP 46.5, they were endowed with a rich store of mental disposition that was pure in form (otherwise Burnouf and Kern); na dānaguņa-odā (so with mss.; acc. sg. or pl.) Mv i.89.2.

Sampadin, °di, n. of a son of Kunāla and heir presumptive of Aśoka: °dī (nom.) nāma Divy 430.15; °dī r-

(i. e. °di or °dis), and °der (gen.), 433.22. sampannaka, adj. (Skt. °na plus specifying -ka, § 22.39), that has been acquired: (idam ca loptram) ... okam MSV ii.122.2.

samparāmārj-, or °mrj- (cf. Skt. parā-mārj-, and samparimārjati), wipes off: aśru °mrjya (ger.) Mmk 601.1 (vs; submetrical).

samparāya, m. (= Pali id., from Skt. and BHS sāmparāya; see this), future state, a life after death (cf. abhisamparāya): gamanīyo samparāyo, one has to go to a future life (i. e. to die) Mv iii.217.10; 219.1; Bbh 221.20 samparāya-sukhito; 7.1 °ya-gurukaḥ; as in Pali often sainparaya-suknito; 7.1 ya-gurukan; as in Pali often contrasted with dṛṣṭa dharma, Mv iii.211.15 = 212.2 dṛṣṭe (dṛṣṭa-) dharme hitārtham vā samparāyasukhāya vā; similarly Divy 207.26; Bbh 198.9; Mvy 2982. saṃparāyika, adj. (= Pali id., Skt. sāṃpa°; cf. saṃparāya), of a life after death: Ud iv.26 (Lévi JA 1912, Dt. 2.66) contracted with death: Ud iv.26 (Lévi JA 1912,

Pt. 2, 269), contrasted with drstadharmika. But Chakravarti, Ud p. 48, assumes that sampa° was read, as in Skt.; is Lévi's form a misprint? (There are rather numerous misprints in this text.) The Skt. (or Sktized) adj. sand, q.v., is otherwise well known in BHS: Ud v.22; Mvy 2981; 8355; Mv iii.212.6, 8, 9; Bbh 176.24, etc. samparāhata, ppp. of (unrecorded) sam-parā-han-,

struck: kamsapātrīye . . . śilāpatte °hatāye Mv ii.282.11; pṛthivī °hatā (by the Bodhisattva) 412.7; both prose.

samparikartayati (cf. Pali samparikantati, and Skt. kṛntati, Epic kartati), splits, or cuts off: (govikartanena gāvīye sīrsakapālam dāleya . . .) parikartaye samparikartaye Mv ii.125.5; so Senart em., mss. (sam)parivarttaye.

? samparikālayati (Skt. pari-kāl°), drives, hunts (birds, towards a snare): (śākuntiko ... tam mahāntam yūtham) yena te kālapāśā tena °kāleti (Senart's em.; mss. °kireti, °kileti) Mv ii.254.2.

samparitaksnoti, Divy 376.7, or samprataksnoti, 375.27, chops up, cuts to pieces: (taksnuvanti samtaksnuvanti) °ksnuvanti (object, creatures in hell).

samparidīpayate (cf. Skt. pari-dīp-), illumines completely (fig.): bhagavān imam evārtham ... °payamānas Suv 155.3 (prose).

samparipaśyati (Skt. pari-paś-), perceives completely:

anityatām °šyato (pres. pple.) me Divy 411.22 (vs). sampariprechita, (MIndic) ppp. = Skt. sampariprsta, which precedes here, completely questioned: AsP 286.1 yena pūrvam na sampariprstā bhavatīyam prajñāpāramitā na sampariprechitā na sampariprasnīkṛtā...; also in LV 147.5 (vs) prob. read (jñānasya sighratā) ... saṃparipṛcchitā (text °atā).

sampariprecinta (text ata).

samparipraśnikrta, ppp. (cf. paripraśnikaroti),
questioned, interrogated: ASP 286.2, see prec.

samparimārjati, °mārjayati (unrecorded; cf. samparā°, and Skt. pari-m°), wipes, wipes off, cleanses: keśehi (mss. jagahi!) pādatalāni (of Dīpaṃkara) °janto Mv i.238.13 (prose); mukhena ca keśena ca pādāni °jati (v.l. °jeti) ii.111.11 (prose); pāņibhyām mukham °jya (ger.) Divy 295.8; aśrūṇi °jya 296.23, 28, wiping away; (candrasūryau) ... pāṇinā °jayāmi Gv 70.16 (prose), prob. clean, rub, polish (hardly wipe away; in a list of deeds of magic).

samparivarta, prob. subst. m. (= Pali °vatta, acc. to PTSD adj.; cf. Skt. id., once, Schmidt, Nachträge; Skt. parivarta, and samparivartati), rolling around; in °varta-śāyin, lying (and) rolling around (lazily): rātrim divam °ta-śāyi Ud xxix.13 = Pali (°vatta-sāyi) Dhp. 325