antar-āpatti, f. (= Pali id.), a (repeated) offense performed during probation (parivāsa) and concealed: MSV iii.34.15 °tim pūrvāpattipratirūpām praticchannām;

35.2, 5 etc. This leads to mulaparivasa.

antarā-parinirvāyin, adj. (= Pali °nibbāyī), acc. to Tib. on Mvy 1015 (bar ma dor, for antarā) attaining nirvāṇa in the intermediate state (between death and rebirth; i. e. before the soul can be reborn in a new existence); Dharmas 103; Mv i.33.6. Acc. to CPD, rather entering nirvāṇa before the term, i. e. before having passed the first half of life (in the middle of life). This seems to be the orthodox Pali interpretation, but the Tib. interpretation was also known (cf. CPD s.v. antarābhava); it is refuted in Kathāvatthu viii.2 (Transl. pp. 212-3).

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antarā-pūrņa-tā, state of being full in the middle:

Gv 64.12 (mahāsāgarasya).

antarā-bhava, m. (= Pali and Skt. Lex. id.), intermediale state of existence (between death and rebirth; in standard Pali rejected as a heresy, see antarāparinirvāyin): Mvy 7680; Bbh 390.19 ff. (discussion); Lank 160.5; 177.4; 370.14. See MadhK p. 286 note 1, and next; AbhidnK. LaV-P. Index s.v.; Sūtrāl. xviii.84-88, comm. antarābhavika, adj., of or belonging to the inter-

antarābhavika, adj., of or belonging to the intermediate state (between death and rebirth; see antarābhava): Lank 355.13; 370.13. See also āntarābhavika, which MadhK 286.9 reads by em., but mss. antar°.

antarā-marśana (nt.), stroking inside (the garments; of a woman, by a man); Bhīk 28 a.1 yā... adhaś cakṣuṣor ūrdhvaṃ jānvor °naṃ (text °marṣaṇaṃ) parāmarśanaṃ (text °marṣaṇaṃ) svīkuryād. (Perhaps less specifically intimate stroking?).

antarāya, nt. (only m. in Skt. and Pali), hindrance: LV 111.6 (vs) na cāntarāyam iha. (Could perhaps be analyzed as 'rāya-m-iha, with 'hiatus-bridging' m.).

[antarāyaṇa, nt., often in AsP (e. g. 495.5) erroneously

for antarapana, market.]

antarāyika, adj. (= Pali id.; also āntar°, and neg. an-antar°, qq.v.), connected with hindrances; causing obstacles or obstruction, regularly with dharma, obstructive conditions (so in Pali with dhamma): "ka-dharma Mvy 133; 9324; "kā dharmās Prāt 514.5 ff.

? antarāvāsa (m.?), interval: Mv i.258.20 (prose), ardhayojanikenāntarāvāsena, at intervals of half a yojana (but mss. °āntarvās°, °āntavās°; em. Senart). Cf. Pali antarāvāsa, Dīp. 5.80 Tambapaṇṇi-antar°, apparently interval of time; interregnum (so Oldenberg, CPD).

antarika, adj. (to Skt. antara), neighboring, situated

near: Mvy 8593, 8594.

antarikā (= Pali id.; in Skt. cited from Kaut.A., see Schmidt, Nachträge; cf. āntarikā; see also lokāntarikā, separately), space between, interval, interstice; in some of the following ānto may be intended, saṃdhi ambiguous: Mv i.13.12 teṣām (sc. parvatānām) antarikām (all mss.; Senart em. °kaṃ!)... pravešitāḥ (so read); i.21.1 parvatāntarikaṃ (all mss., perhaps to be kept as adv. from cpd., in between the mountains; Senart em. °ka-); i.21.3 parvatāntarikaṃ (so Senart with most mss., but C, one of the best, °kā; read °kā or °kāṃ) pravišanti; ii.300.19 sapta parvatā dvīpāntarikā (cpd. adj.), the 7 mountains between the continents; Dbh 58.13 bodhisattvacaryāntarikā, of the dividing line between the various bhūmi; SsP 1442.20 prathamasya dhyānasya dvitīyasya dhyānasyāntarikā, the interval between the 1st and 2nd dhuāna.

antarikșa, adj. (= Skt. ānt°), of the almosphere, almospheric, of a class of gods, see deva; also antarīkṣa, and under antarīkṣecara, q.v.: LV 367.7 (devās); Av i.109.7 (devāsura... mahoragāḥ; Speyer em. ānt°).

[antarī, implied in LV 28.18 kuto ntarī; should be read kutottarī, i. e. -uttarī, how much less (a woman) superior (to Māyā); see § 11.3.]

antarīkṣa, adj. (= antarikṣa; Skt. ānt°), of the atmosphere, a class of gods, see deva: LV 266.1, 4; 396.14; 401.1. As noun, antarīkṣa also occurs in Skt., but much more commonly in BHS (= antarikṣa): e. g. SP 23.14; 69.10; LV 75.7; 218.18; Mv i.31.4; 33.5; 179.10; Divy 324.28; 340.5; Suv 84.9; RP 45.20; Gv 117.15.

antarīkṣadevalipi, a kind of script: LV 126.4.

antarīkṣecara, adj. m. (with deva; cf. Pali antalik-khacara, which seems not to be recorded of any class or category of gods), moving or living in the atmosphere, n. of a class of gods, see deva; = antarikṣa, °īkṣa, āntarikṣavāsin: Mv i.40.14; 229.15; 240.4; ii.138.12; 348.16; in all after bhūmya deva, and before other classes of kāmāvacara gods.

-antarīya (1) adj. ifc. (from Skt. antara), belonging to a different..., see gotrāntarīya, and cf. -antarīyaka; [(2)? nt. (= Skt. Lex. and Pali Lex. id., Pkt. antarijja; once in Skt. literature, see Schmidt, Nachträge), undergarment: SP 212.12; 213.2 baddhvó (mss. in 212.12 baddhvó) 'ntarīye. But WT cite ms. K' both times as baddhvottarīye, supported by Tib. bla gos, upper garment (Skt. uttarīya); doubtless read so.]

-antarīyaka, adj. ifc., = -antarīya, adj.; see jāty-

antarīyaka.

antare (= Skt., BR s.v. antara, 2e), prep. with gen., between; paralleled by antarāt before the second noun, LV 380.11, see s.v. antarāt.

antarena, instr. of n. used as adv. and prep. (in this sense nowhere recorded in Skt. or MIndic), (at a) later time (orig. interval): yena antarena aham prasūtā bhavisyam tato gamisyam Mv i.365.3, at what later time, after what interval, when (later)...; adv., afterwards, after (this) Mv ii.362.8 (with no dependent noun; Senart wrongly in the interval); atrāntarena after this Mv i.96.6 (so mss., to be kept, Senart em. wrongly); mamāntarena after me SP 26.4 (vs); LV 39.4 (prose); yo (e)tasya (mss.) mrgīye antarena Mv i.362.5, 7, who (comes) after this doe (here Senart correctly recognizes the mg., referring to Burnouf on SP 26.4, where the right interpretation is already given). (In Mv ii.209.6 mamāntarena means with reference to me; Senart misunderstands. Skt. uses antarena in this sense with acc. and also with gen., see BR 5.997.)

sense with acc. and also with gen., see BR 5.997.)

antaroddāna, nt. (see uddāna), internal, inserted summary of details of contents (in the midst of a story, referring to an episode), Tib. bar sdom (bar = antarā, °ra-): Mvy 1475; Divy 102.27 (a mark of punctuation should be put before and after °dānam; what follows is a tabulation of the proper names occurring in the following episode); MSV i.69.16 (referring to a minor part of the story).

[antargata, Skt., see antogata.]

antar-jana, m. (once antajana, m.c.; = Pali antojana), people of the inside, family, household: LV 135.4 antajanam (m.c.; v.l. antarj°, unmetr.); otherwise always antarj°: LV 157.11, 14; 302.18; Mvy 3916; Divy 301.12; 312.5.

antardhāni (f.?; cf. Skt. °dhāna, Pali antaradhāna; more particularly cf. AMg. antaddhānī, the art of making oneself invisible; and see next), disappearance: Bbh 14.13,

21 saddharmantardhanim (acc. sg.).

antardhānika, adj. (to prec., q.v.), causing to disappear (by magic), ep. of mantras, cf. Pali antaradhānamanta: Mmk 151.20 °ka-mantrā(h); usually as subst. without expression of mantra, a magic charm having this effect, Mmk 670.2 °kam (sc. mantram) bhavati; 705.29; sarvāntardhānikānām rājā (696.10 prabhur) bhavati, he becomes master of all (charms) that cause invisibility, Mmk 291.24; 295.8, 14; 696.10; 719.2.

antar-dhita, ppp. (hyper-Skt. = Skt. antar-hita, BHS antara-hita; see antara-dhāyati), concealed: Gv

444.13 (prose).