= °vasitā (ī m.c.) asya, which mss. clearly intend; ed. has false em. See also under upapatti, Mv i.282.18.

upapatty-amśika, see -amśika, and cf. aupapatty°. [upapaddha? apparently error (misprint?) for upapanna, in SsP 1349.1 tiryagyoni-yamalokopapaddhänām sattvānām and 3 °paddhām (! read °āḥ) sattvās (n. pl.). Certainly means reborn in (states of animals or of Yama's world), and is associated with upa-pad-, cf. 7 upapadyante.]

(upapadyate, °ti [= Pali upapajjati, also Skt. °yate but rarely, see BR s.v. upa-pad- 8], is (re-)born [cf. upapatti; one or two cases are here cited]: SP 260.11 upapatsyate, see s.v. aupapāduka; Divy 194.14 saptame divase ... sūkaryāh kukṣāv upapatsyāmi; 194.25 (Tuṣite) devanikāye upapannah. For upapadişyati, Senart, Mv i.50.15; 51.11, read upadršyati or °dišyati, see § 31.1.) upaparīkṣaka, m. (cf. next two), investigator, advisor

(of a king): rājño ... amātyāś cintakās tulakā upaparīk-ṣakāś cintayitvā tulayitvopaparīkṣya ... ime tulakā

upapariksakā iti Divy 212.9-11.

upaparīkṣaṇa, nt., and oṇā (= Pali orikkhaṇa; cf. prec. and next), investigation, examination: Mvy 7456 Pnam: Bbh 193.26 (dharmāṇām . . . samyak-cintanā)

tulanā upaparīksaņā.

upaparīkṣate, rarely °kṣyate and °kṣyati (yapresent? or possibly phonetic corruption? cf. pariksyo, nirīksy°; = Pali upaparikkhati; not in Skt., but Nir. has noun upaparīkṣā, BR s.v.; cf. prec. two), investigates, gives consideration to (acc.): samsaram upapariksate sma LV 180.8; (yoniśa, Mv °śo; KP evam) upapariksitavyam, must be carefully considered, Mvy 7454 (so v.l., Index, and Mironov; Kyoto text upalaksitavyam); Mv iii.339.10; KP 96.7; °ksya, ger., Divy 212.10 (see s.v. upaparīksaka); (kācamaņayo ratnasadršās te) bhavadbhir upaparīksyopa parīkṣya (in 230.9 °kṣya-m-upa°, with 'hiatus-bridging' m) Divy 230.9; 503.6; °kṣyopaparīkṣya also Divy 5.13 (jewels); (vastu...) cintayitvā tulayitvā upaparīksya Bbh 37.20; (mantrapadānām artham cintayati) tulayaty upaparīksate 273.13; dharmānām artham upaparīksate 288.10; tad evam ... samyag upaparīksamāņena Jm 195.1; present forms in ya, upapariksyeta Lank 214.13 (prose); artham ca dharmam ca cintayanti tulayanty upapariksyanti Divy 220.9, 15.

upapāda (m.; in this sense not in Skt.; cf. upapāduka, aupa°; corresp. to Pali upapāta, in cutūpapāta or cutup° Vin. iii.4.38; SN iv.59.13; and AMg. uvavāa, °vāya, birth, derived by Ratnach. from upapāta, but could as well represent upapāda; cf. also upapatti, same mg., from upa-pad-yate), birth, incarnation: SP 24.2 (vs) darseti sattvana cyutopapādam (= cyuty-upa°, Pali cutūpapāta, above; dvandva, fall from one existence and rebirth in another); Mv ii.359.12 (vs) cyutopapādam jānāti sarvasattvāna nāyako. Knowledge of this constitutes one of the three vidya (see traividya) and is a product of divyacakşus as one of the abhijñā, AbhidhK. LaV-P. vii.106.

upapāduka = aupapāduka, q.v.; used in exactly the same ways, often in the same texts which elsewhere use aup°, and by me grouped under the occurrences of that form; note esp. Av ii.89.1 aupapādukah as title of the story, but in the text itself always upa°, ii.94.17 ff.; other occurrences of upa° are Mvy 2282; Mv i.212.7; Dharmas 90; Mmk 16.14; Gv 254.12; 264.24; 339.4; SP 205.14; 455.4; Mv i.145.4; Divy 533.25; Siks 175.8. In some the v.l. aupa° is recorded.

Upapīlu, n. of a piśāca: Mmk 18.5.

upapeta, adj., quasi-ppp. (= AMg. uvavea, upaveya; correctly explained by Senart Mv i.628 n. as = upeta blended with upapanna, which replaces it in Pali, below), provided (with), possessed (of), at end of cpds., and only in vss, apparently used m.c.: LV 29.4 āryagunopapetā; 80.20 patrapuspopapetāh; Mv i.357.14 vīryabalopapetā (same vs in Pali, Sn 68, thamabalupapanno); ii.63.15

śilopapeto; 135.5 kuśalopapetam; 182.2 balopapeto; 328.20 punyopapete (mss. °pamete); 330.14 varnopapetam (v.l. varnopetam, metr. inferior); iii.134.14 lakṣaṇopapeto (mss., Senart em. °nupa°); Dbh.g. 1(337).16 sumatopapeta; 17(353).15 vīryopapeta; 27(53).5 jñānabalopapetāḥ; 29(55).21 jñānapathopapetā(h); 38(64).15 kuśalopapetā(h); Ild vii 10 dhyānahalopapetā Ud xii.19 dhyanabalopapetah.

upapravahati, flows (trans., makes to flow) towards or for (gen.): Kv 41.6 (gāthām) śrņvatām puņyaughapra-

vāham upapravahasi.

Upabindu, n. of a nāga king: Māy 247.21.

Upamadā, n. of a piśācī: Māy 239.6.

upamarda, m., disturbance, threshing about: (tayā . . .) hrade mahān °daḥ kṛto MSV i.135.2; prob. read so in same passage Divy 443.15, see mahātapamanda.

[-upamardaka, Kv 59.4, corruption for -upadarsaka;

s.v. andhakāla.]

Upamāna (Pali Upavāņa), n. of a monk: MPS 35.1.

[upamāna(-vardhana), see uyate.]

upamopanyāsa (m.; Skt. upamā plus Skt. upanyāsa), use of comparisons (in disquisitions): LV 422.15 suksmam (text śū°) tac cakram an-upamopanyāsa-vigatatvāt, ... because it is not (to be) separated from the use of comparisons; KP 29.1 upamopanyāsa-nirdešās (read °šāms?) te . . . nirdekşyāmi.

upamya, m., a high number: Mvy 7931; cited from

Gv which reads aupamya, nt., q.v. upayika, adj. (to Pali upaya, cf. Skt. and BHS upāya, plus -ika), serving as an approach or means: only in cpd. sādhanopayika (-karma-, or -visaraḥ), in colophons: Mmk 80.9 (here sādhanaup°); 84.19; 117.23; 144.25.

-upayogika, adj. (Skt. °ga plus -ika), to be used (for ...): pratimopa° MSV ii.142.10.

uparikosthaka, m. or nt., upper storeroom, loft? or cupboard for storing food? (Senart p. lvi grenier): My i.327.12 uparikosthake supas ca odanas ca (and repeatedly in sequel).

? upari-garbholika, see garbholika.

uparim, adv., postp. (= Skt. upari; 3 times in prose of Mv, otherwise in vss), (1) adv. on high, above: SP 190.5 uparim ca khe dundubhayo vineduḥ; 325.3 u° ca devā 'bhihananti tūryān; 331.5; 364.7; Mv ii.62.8 (vs) heṣṭā . . . uparim ca; (2) adv., further: Mv iii.447.8 (prose) noparim itthatvam (q.v.); (3) postp. with gen., above, on top of: Mv ii.137.11 (prose) mīdhaparvatasya uparim anupalipyamāno camkramam cakrame (mss., Senart em. camkrame); Mv ii.15.4-5 (prose) bodhisattvamātur na kyacid uparim (so mss.!) uparimena gacchati, does not pass aloft anywhere above the bodhisattva's mother. (Senart's em. is bad.)

uparima, adj., and uparimena, adv.-postp. (Pali uparima, id.), (1) adj. upper, higher: °maḥ kāyaḥ, upper (part of the) body, Mvy 213, and various case-forms of same phrase Mv iii.115.19, 20; 410.6; Divy 161.8; Bbh 59.12; omam prāvaraņam, upper garment (cloak), Divy 256.23: °mā diśā, the zenith, Mv ii.163.6, and so °mā dik, Kashgar rec. of SP acc. to Kern p. vii for ūrdhvā dik; uparimam dakaskandham (so read; falsely edited) Divy 231.1, a higher (or, the highest) mass of water; (2) omena (dental n in My text), adv., above, on high, sc. in the air: Mv i.211.4 na kimcid uparimena gacchati (also in parallel ii.15.5, for which see s.v. uparim, occurs uparimena as adv.); postp. with gen., Rājagrhasyoparimena, (in the air) above Rājagrha, Karmav 45.1-2.

Upariṣṭā, once recorded for Upāriṣṭa, q.v.

uparistā, semi-Mindic for Skt. °tāt, postp., above, with gen.: Mmk 41.7 tesām apy uparistā astau usnīsarājānah (in 41.5 note teṣām upariṣṭāt); 63.9 teṣām copari-63.14 āryamañjuśriyasyoparistāh (read

anekaratnoparacitam . . . vimānamandalam . . . abhilikhet; 68.23 tesām coparistā...; 132.5 (vs) parvatasyoparistā