Gandhasugandhā, n. of a lokadhātu: Lank 105.9. ? gandha-hasta, in sa-gandhahastam LV 415.12, in a list of epithets of the dharmacakra; Tib. spos kyi lag ris dan beas pa, having perfumed lines-on-the-hand. I do not understand the term. There is no v.l.

Gandhahastin, n. of a Bodhisattva: Mvy 704; AsP 474.2; Sukh 92.11; Samādh p. 36, line 1. The word occurs in Skt. and AMg. ('hatthi) in the sense of an elephant in the climax of must, i. e. in the fourth stage of must, described in Mātangalīlā ix.15; this mg. is also found Mvy 8209, where °hasti-balam is contrasted with 8208 prakrtahasti-balam, strength of an ordinary elephant.

Gandha, n. of a yogini: Sadh 157.13 etc.; 324.6. gandhāra, m. (1) (= Skt. Lex. id.; MIndic for Skt. gandhara), the third note of the gamut: Mvy 5030 (v.l. gān°, but Mironov gan°); (2) n. of a nāga-king: Mvy 3298; Māy 247.37.

Gandhārī, n. of a rākṣasī: Māy 243.17.

Gandhārcihprabhāsvarā, n. of a lokadhātu: Gv 81.13

Gandhārcimeghaśrīrāja, n. of a Tathāgata: Gv 311.15 (prose).

Gandhārciravabhāsarāja, n. of a Tathāgata: Gv 310.16 (prose).

Gandhālamkārarucirasubhagarbhā, n. of a lokadhātu: Gv 81.19.

gandhika, (1) at end of Bhvr. cpds. (= Skt. gandhin; in Skt. only Lex., except pejoratively = having only the smell [semblance] of ...), having the odor of ...: My i.168.16 mukham cotpalagandhikam, and his mouth is lotus-scented: Divy 120.2 (bhūmipradeśam . . .) niṣpūtigandhikam; in LV 293.5-6 (vs) prob. pejorative, as in Skt. (above), yasya gunaih satatam gunagandhikā bhonti surāsurayakṣamahoragāḥ, by reason of whose virtues the gods . . . (etc.) are (or perhaps, with v.l. bhanti, appear) possessed of a mere are (or perhaps, with V.I. bhantl, appear) possessed of a hiere semblance of virtue (in comparison); (2) m. (= Pali id. Skt. gåndhika), a perfumer, dealer in perfumes: Mv i.38.1; 44.5; iii.113.7; 442.13; in Divy mss. vary with gåndhika (see note on 348.23): ga° 351.2, 5; 647.3; 649.19.

-gandhinikā, adj. fem. (to gandhin-i, § 22.34), perfumed, in LV 322.9 (vs) surabhivaragandhinikā, said

by the daughters of Mara of themselves, speaking to the

Gandhottama, n. of a Buddha in the zenith: Sukh

gabhira, adj. (m.c. for gabhira, gambhira), deep, profound: Sukh 7.18 (vs).

gamantra, nt., a high number: Mvy 7882, cited from Gv 133.17; = Tib. gzhal hkhor, which seems to support ga-mātra, q.v.; prob. = saṃgamantrā Gv 106.7.

gamātra, m., = prec.: Mvy 7753 = Tib. gzhal

mätra) hkhor (go around).

gamika, m. (= Pali id.; opp. agamika, q.v., or agantuka = Skt. id.) (a monk) setting out on a trip: Mvy 8747; Divy 50.27 agantukasya gamikasya glanasya etc., Av i.87.3 (asti te... vijite) kaścid viharo yatragantuka gamikās ca bhikṣavo vāsam kalpayiṣyantīti; id. 4; MSV ii.84.9.

Gambhīraghoşasvaranādita, n. of a Bodhisattva:

Mvy 686. Gambhīradharmaguņarājaś(i)rī, n. of a Buddha: Gv 285.3 (vs).

Gambhīradharmasrīsamudraprabha,

Tathāgata: Gv 282.9. Gambhīranirghoşa, n. of a nāga: Mvy 3338.

Gambhīrapakṣa, n. of a king: Mmk 621.2 (so read for text °yakşa). Cited from Wassiliew by BR 5.1369.

Gambhīrabuddhi, n. of a former Buddha: Mv i.138.4.

Gambhīreśvara, n. of a Bodhisattva: Gv 442.18. gamya, adj., belonging to, property of (with gen.):

Divy 42.28 (yasya nāmnā vahanam) samsiddhayānapātram āgacchati tat tasya gamyam bhavati; 232.26 (after almost the same first clause) tasyaiva tāni ratnāni gamyāni; 243.19 (etat suvarnam) asmākam gamyam.

gamyate (pass. of gam, cf. BR s.v. gam 5; but I find no record of the pass. in this use), it is possible, there is opportunity (with infin.): My ii.248.(17-)18 yadi tava abhiprāyo, agaccha, nanaprakaraņi phalani paribhoktum

tahim gamyate.

Gayā-kāśyapa (= Pali Gayā-kassapa), n. of one of Buddha's disciples, mentioned with his brothers Uruvilvakāśyapa and Nadī-k°, qq.v.: Mv iii.102.13; 103.2; 430.13, 18; 432.8; SP 2.2; 207.3; LV 1.11; Mvy 1064 (Uru° and Nadi° 1049, 1050); Sukh 2.5.

Gayāsīrṣa, m. (= Pali Gayāsīsa, Skt. Gayāsiras, Gaya°), n. of a mountain near Gayā: Mvy 4116; LV 246.8; 248.7; Mv ii.121.1; 200.9.

gara-dattaka, adj. (specifying ka, § 22.39), one that has been poisoned, given poison: Mmk 53.26 (prose) °kam (sc. ālikhet) ekākṣareṇaiva mantreṇaiva udakam saptābhimantritam krtvā tatraiva maņdalamadhye pātayitavyah, mucyate. On the construction (poison-given = poisoned) cf. pw s.v. dā 10, garam or visam dā with acc. (as well as gen.); this is the passive equivalent of that syntax. Cf. also -garādi-pradattam Mmk 82.13.

garahati (= Pali id., Skt. garhati), censures: Mv ii.376.4 (vs; metr. required).

Garuda, n. of a yakşa on (Mt.) Vipula: Māy 5. Occurs as n. of a yakşa also in AMg. (Ratnach.)

garuda-lipi, a kind of script: LV 126.3 (confirmed

Tib., nam mkhah ldin).

gargari (in Skt. churn; = Pali gaggari, regularly kammāra-ga°), usually karmāra-ga°, blacksmith's bellows: LV 251.17 tad yathāpi nāma karmāragargaryām (pw with only Calc. °rāyām, rendered *churn*) mathyamānāyām uccasabdo...niścarati; same figure Mv ii.124.12 karmāragargarī dhamyamānā; 232.2 gambhīram sya (mss. rasya) tad āśvāsam karmārānām va (mss. ca) gargarī.

Garga (corresp. to Pali Gaggara), n. of a pool at Campā where Buddha stayed: MSV ii.202.12; 203.1.

Garjanī, n. of a rākṣasī: Māy 243.23.

Gardabha(ka) (cf. Pali Gadrabha, a yakkha), n. of a yakşa: °bha MSV i.15.4 ff.; °bhaka i.16.15; Māy 37; Samādh p. 43, line 20.

Gardabhakātyāyanī, n. of the gotra of the nakṣatra

Pūrvāṣādha: Divy 640.20.

gardula, gardūra, gardūla (m. or nt.; = Pali gaddula, °ūla, thong), (1) thong, bond: LV 207.17 (prose) iha te bālā viparivartante kurkurā iva gardūla-(so read with some mss., v.l. gandūla, gadūla, etc.; Leim. em. sardūla-)-baddhāḥ, ... like dogs tied to a thong; MadhK 218.6 (sattvānām ...) tṛṣṇā-gardūra-baddhānām (so mss., ed. em. wrongly °gaṇḍura; cf. Pali taṇhā-gaddūla-); (2) some kind of forest plant (perhaps one used in making thongs?): as fuel for fire, parallel with arani, Siks 248.6-7, text garbhala- (corrected in ms. to gardula, which read) -sahagatebhyo vä; eaten by ascetics, LV 213.12 (vs) śāka-syāmāka-gardūla-bhakṣāś ca; 258.10 (vs) syāmākasāka-bhakṣā mṛṇāla-gardula-kaṇā-bhakṣāḥ (here short u could be m.c., but it occurs also in Pali gaddula).

Garbha, n. of an author: Sādh 295.18. Garbhāhāriṇī, n. of a rākṣasī: Māy 243.19.

? garbholika, in upari-garbholikam (to be read as one word; sc. āsanam) AsP 488.20, having (some sort of) cover on top; parallel to gonikāstīrņam, kāsikavastrapratyāstaraņam (read kāśi°), etc. The word is otherwise unknown, obscure in etymology, and perhaps corrupt. Possibly read for the cpd. a word containing ubhayato-lohita-(upadhānam, or the like), cf. Sukh 67.8; My ii.115.16-17; iii.70.2 (all similar passages).

galita, of Buddha's voice, perhaps fluent: Mv i.315.3