sūdayā (prob. cpd. of su- and udaya, Bhvr.), n. or ep. of a magic herb: °yā nāmauṣadhis, tayā . . . Divy 455.23.

Sūdhana, see Sudhana.

Sūna, n. of a locality: Māy 38.

sūpa, m. (= Skt. Lex. id.; AMg. sūva), cook: Mv ii.478.12, 17 (sūpa-mahattarakam prechati), 19, 20 (āgantuko sūpo); 479.1 (so sūpo) and ff.; iii.126.15 (tehi sūpehi . niveditam). All prose.

sūpaka (= prec. plus -ka; cf. Pali sūpika), cook; kena °kena mamādya āhāro siddho Mv ii.478.17 (prose).

sūpika, m. or nt. (= Skt. sūpa, Pali also sūpaka). sauce (on food): °kam Mvy 8566 (see sama-°kam); 8570; satkṛtya °kam pratigrahiṣyāmaḥ Prāt 532.6 = La Vallée Poussin, JRAS 1913.845, Stein ms. fragm. 1.2.2 (here pratigrhis°); nānā-sūpika-rasopetasya bhaktasya MSV i.47.1.

Sūmati, m.c. for Sumati (1), q.v.

sūrata, adj. (also surata, q.v., and cf. sauratya; = Pali sūrata, oftener sorata; usually in vss, but sometimes prose, and sometimes where meter does not determine quantity of the u; the word is no doubt orig. a cpd. of su- and rata, tho in a sense not known to Skt., except both su° and sū° in Skt. Lex.; Leumann's etym., ap. Wogihara, Lex. aus der Bbh., from sunrta, whence *surnta. then surata, as if proto-IE., is absurd), gentle, mild, frequent as ep. of Buddha: Mvy 2360 = Tib. des pa, defined fine, brave, noble, chaste; this word is the regular Tib. for this and sauratya, but in Siks 196.2 Tib. acc. to note in ed. dul, gentle; SP 46.3; LV 170.22; 178.19; 193.10; RP 10.14; 13.5; 37.17; KP 107.26; Gv 480.6; foll. by sukhasamvāsa, q.v., Mv ii.357.12; Dbh 40.7 (prose).

sūrī (unrecorded; cf. Pali, AMg. sūra, also Vedic id., sun), sun or ray of light: tāḥ sarvasūrīḥ (mss. surīḥ, surāḥ, meter demands sū-; refers to arcisām ... sahasrakotīh of prec. vs) punar etya tatra, murdhe ca astam gami nāyakasya Sukh 51.15 (vs), all those 'suns' (Müller, Transl., rays; but note astam-gami; prob. the text means to call them suns, by a bold figure) returned there and 'set' (went to rest) on the head of the Guide.

Sūrya, (1) n. of a prince of Mithilā: Mv iii.172.9 ff.; (2) n. of a Śākyan youth: Av i.381.1 ff.; (3) n. of a yakşa: May 236.16 and 25.

Süryakesaranirbhāsā, n. of a lokadhātu: Gv 81.16. Sūryagarbha, (1) n. of a satpuruşa, q.v.: SP 4.1; (2) n. of a Bodhisattva (same as 1?): Mvy 671; Kv 1.10; Gv 2.24; Dbh 2.6; (3) m., n. of a work: Mvy 1353 (a vaipulyasūtra); (4) a kind of gem (maņirāja): Gv 90.4 (twice); nowhere recorded, perhaps nonce-formation based on asmagarbha, which occurs in the prec. line (with thought of sūryakānta?).

Sūryagātrapravara, n. of a Tathāgata: Gv 405.4 ff.; 428.7 (vs).

Suryagupta, n. of a former Buddha: My i.136.17. (Sūryatejas) Sŭriyatejä (n. sg.), n. of a Buddha: Gv 259.7 (vs).

Süryadhvaja, n. of a Bodhisattva: Gv 2.19.

Süryapratibhāsa, n. of a Bodhisattva: ŚsP 45.6.

Sūryapradīpa, n. of a samādhi: Mvy 552; Śiks 338.2; ŚsP 1419.5.

Süryapradīpaketuśrī (°śiri, m.c.), n. of a Buddha: Gv 257.6 (vs)

Süryaprabha, (1) n. of a Bodhisattva (in Mvy and Sādh follows Candraprabha): Mvy 690; Sādh 96.2; Gv 3.16; (2) n. of a naga: Mvy 3323; May 246.24; (3) n. of a yakşa: Māy 38.

Sūryaprabhatejas, or °prabhā°, n. of a 'Bodhisattva-samādhi': Mvy 742.

Sūryamaņdalapratibhāsottamaśrī, n. of a Tathāgata: SsP 45.3.

Süryamitra, n. of a gandharva: Suv 162.3.

Sūryalocanā, n. of a 'gandharva maid': Kv 5.16. Sūryavikramasamantapratibhāsa, n. of a Tathāgata: Gv 309.23.

sūryavikrānta, m. or nt., a kind of gem: Mv ii.310.15. Sūryavidyutprabha, n. of a mountain-peak on Lanka: Lank 16.7.

Sūryānana, n. of a former Buddha: LV 172.6: Samādh p. 57 line 21.

sūryāvabhāsa, see sūryobhāsa.

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Sūryāvarta, n. of a samādhi: SP 424.8.

Sūryāvartā, n. of a lokadhātu in the north: LV 292.7. Sūryottarajñānin, n. of a Bodhisattva: Gv 2.15.

Suryodana, n. of a former Buddha: Sukh 5.12.

Sūryodaya, n. of a kalpa: Gv 447.4.

suryopanisad, m. pl., lit. based on the sun, or possibly sun-like (see s.v. candropanisad), a class of gods: °sado devāh Waldschmidt, Kl. Skt. Texte 4, 183.17; Pali DN ii.259.24 suriyassūpanisā devā.

sūryobhāsa (for sūryāvabhāsa), m. or nt., a kind of gem: My ii.310.14.

Sṛṣṭarūpa, n. of a former Buddha: My i.136.15.

seka (m.; Skt. id., in lit. sense), lit. sprinkling, so augmentation ('as of fire by oil', Bendall): ātmano bahumāno 'yam stutinindādi-sekatah, vardhate nārakavasāt (ms. °ša-) sekān narakavahnivat Siks 265.15–16 (vss).

sekayati (denom. to seka; comm. on Hem. 4.96 cites Pkt. seai = siñcati, tho the sutra ignores it), sprinkles: °yantī, pres. pple. n. sg. f., Sādh 246.14.

sekhayati, see śekho.

setaka, adj. (= Pali id.; MIndic for śveta-ka, § 2.16), clear, pellucid, of water: nadīm . . . setakām (mss. siketām, em. Senart) sūpatīrthām (Skt.; so read with parallel LV 248.9, and Pali supatittha, see below; mss. corrupt, wrongly em. by Senart) śucisampannatoyam syandamanām drstvā Mv ii.123.20; the collocation setakā sūpatitthā, of a river or pool, occurs repeatedly in Pali, e.g. MN i.76.28; 167,5; 283, last line.

*se-ti, for Skt. sivyati, sews: gdve. setavya, MSV ii.50.13, 15; inf. setum, ib. 50.16; see § 28.50 and Chap. 43, s.v. sīv (2).

Senarāja, n. of a king: MSV i.xvii.12.
Senāmjaya, °yin, n. of a monk living in Vāsavagrāma
(2): MSV ii.199.2 ff. (°ya); °yin ib. 202.2.
Senāpati-grāma, °maka, m. (= Pali Senānī-nigama,

or Senā-nigama), n. of a village near Uruvilvā: °ma Mv ii.123.16; iii.311.8; °maka LV 248.7; Mv iii.311.18; 415.11; 425.17.

Senika-guhā, n. of a cave at Rājagrha: MSV iv.82.15. seyyā, -seyyāka (= Pali id., for Skt. śayyā, § 3.97, and same plus -ka Bhvr.), bed, sleeping-place: trnasamstarake seyyam (v.l. śe°; Senart em. seyyām) kalpesi Mv ii.234.10; -seyyāka, see s.v. manuşya-raha-śayyāka. See also śeyyā.

sela, m., a high number (= selā, selu): Mvy 7766 = Tib. yad yod.

Selaka, n. of a (legendary?) knight to whom King Śreniya compares the Bodhisattva: udagro tvam asi rājñaḥ aśvāroho va °ko Mv ii.199.11 (vs); the Pali parallel passage, Sn 420-421, lacks any such words; AMg. knows a pious king Selaa, Selaga, assumed to represent Skt. *Sailaka (Ratnach.), but it seems doubtful whether he is the same person.

selã = next: Gv 106.11.

selu, m. or f., = sela, selā: seluh Mvy 7895 (Tib. yad yod), cited from Gv 133.22.

sevaka (Skt. Lex. said to mean sack), patch, = asevaka, q.v.

sevanatā = Skt. sevana, serving, service: kṣāntyā sevanatā KP 20.3.

Saikata, n. of a Buddhist monk (who became insane): MSV i.ix.10, 16.