of the power of karman); 182.3 (kalāsu saṅgaḥ, interest

prayuktikā (= Skt. °ti, plus -ka, doubtless m.c.), application: bhoginām visanāsam ca mulamantraprayuk-

tikā (... nirnāśayati) Mmk 363.3 (vs).

prayujyate, °ti (to Skt. pra-yuj-, apply, pass.), applies oneself, with instr. of means of application: āśayena (mss. āśrayena)... yoniśah prayujyate RP 12.9 (vs); adhyāśayena ca prayujyati... 14.7 (vs; °ti may be m.c.); prayujyantena ghatantena vyayamantena Mv i.246.4 (prose), by him applying himself, striving, exerting himself.

prayoga, nt. (Skt. only m.), presentation of a dramatic performance: kim idam adya...parvam vā °gam vā

utsavam vā Mv i.232.10.

praranati, resounds; always of the world, or worldsystems, at the time of an carthquake; usually followed by sampraranati, q.v.: prāranat LV 318.21 (mahāpṛthivi); 352.4 (lokadhātavo); prāraņan Dbh 98.31 (lokadhātavaḥ); praraṇitaḥ Mvy 3014; Samādh 19.6 (lokadhātuḥ); °nitā Mmk 514.17 (mahāpṛthivī).

prarucira, adj., very bright: Divy 601.14.

praruṇḍa, adj., quasi-ppp. (on etym. see ruṇḍa), (1) weeping: te . . . praruṇḍā (mss. °ḍo) aśrukaṇṭhā rudanmukhā paridevetsuḥ Mv ii.217.11, they lamented, weeping, with tears in their voices (lit. throats), with tearful faces; (2) as periphrasis for past tense, wept: rājā °do Mv ii. 216.19, the king wept; devī °dā 426.16; (parivāro) °do 427.12; Alindā °dā 427.17; others iii.263.5 (thrice).

prarodana, nt. (Skt. pra-rud- plus -ana; unrecorded), weeping: °nam Mvy 6926 = Tib. nu ba.

pralagna, ppp. (of *pra-lag-, unrecorded), attached (an ox, to carts etc.): °gno Mv ii.70.7.

pralambana- (recorded only Skt. Lex. as nt. n. act.), hanging down: pañca ca kanyāsahasrāņi nava-vicitra-ona-

mālā-parigrhītāni LV 98.19 (prose).

Pralambabāhu, (1) n. of a disciple of the Buddha: My i.75.7 (°hum, by em. for °hur, which would make the word an ep. of Kāšyapa 2, but cf. lines 11, 15, 18, 76.1, which support the em.); (2) n. of several former Buddhas: My i.137.12; Gy 174.21 (lived in the Vimalaprabha kalpa);

pralambayati (caus. of Skt. pra-lamb-), hangs down (trans.), dangles, swings: hārā-sahasranayutāni °yantaḥ (pres. pple.) LV 296.4 (vs).

Pralambā, n. of a piśācī: Māy 238.19. See also

s.v. Vilambā.

Pralambodara, (1) n. of a kimnara-king: Kv 3.4; (2) n. of a mountain: Kv 91.14.

(pralambha-(bāhu), in Divy 99.18, misprint or

error for Skt. and BHS pralamba-.]
pra-lalita, adj. (cf. Skt. lalita; Pkt. palaliya, not in this mg.), very sweet: °ta-kalahamsa-barhina-nivātā (see this last) My i.171.4 (vs), of Buddha's voice. Senart em. pralulita, without good reason.

pralina, (nt.; orig. ppp. to next; = Skt. pradina, ppp., and as subst., flight), also onaka, flight, in hamsa-pralinam (mss. oprao; Senart em. opradinam) buddhā bhagavanto gacchanti Mv iii.255.17; also in Mv i.307.16 read some form of hamsa-pralinaka (mss. oprabinakasya; Senart em. °pradīnakam iva) buddhā bhagavanto nagaram pravišanti; both adverbs, in the manner of the flight of (a flock of?) hamsas.

praliyati (for Skt. pra-di-, only recorded in ppp. and noun pradina, see prec.), flies down: Mv i.216.11 = ii.19.8 (vs); also ii.19.2 for o-li° of i.216.5; in all mss. praliyanti, kept by Senart i.216.11, but em. to pradio ii.19.2, 8.

pralugna, ppp. (of pralujjati; = Pali palugga), broken, destroyed, ruined: Mv ii.429.18 (ābharaṇehi lugnanehi); Šiks 56.8 (stūpa); Bbh 147.2 (karmānta); Gv 280.14 (tathagata-vigraha).

pralujja- (to pralujjati; perh. m.c. for *pralujyā),

destruction, in °jja-kāle jinaśāsanasya Mv ii.388.1 (vs), at the time of destruction of ... (v.l. pralujya-). The reading is, however, not certain; the same vs in Siks 305.3 reads

pralopa-(q.v.)-kāle.

pralujjati (semi-MIndic), "jyati, "te (see lujjati), is broken, destroyed: Mv ii.356.9 (? v.l. pralujyamānam for text lujy°); 370.22 (mss. °jyanti or °jjati, perh. pres. pple. loc. abs.?); 371.4 and 373.4 (°jjamāne, v.l. °jya°); 412.12 °jje (aor.); in ii.354.13 read pralujjam (= °jan, pres. pple.; one ms. pulujjam) for Senart's puluvam, and perh, so in iii.278.17, same line of vs, unless pralujyanto (same mg.) be adopted, with Senart, as suggested by the corrupt mss. (it would be hypermetric); saddharme °jyamāne Sikş 17.3; °jyante AsP 256.8.

praludita = pralulita, q.v. (cf. also Skt. vipralodita, BR s.v. lud-), agitated, esp. by lusts: (manusyās) tāhi rājapatnihi sārdham °tā(h) (so 1 ms., Senart em. °thitā) Mv ii.425.8; in list of synonyms, kāmesu grddhah

etc., Māv 223.12.

pralulita, adj., ppp. (despite praludita, q.v., which may well be an instance of d for l as per § 2.46, prob. a noun cpd. of pra-, intensive, with Skt. lulita), greatly agitated: (yām padminīm . . .) pankā-(so mss., Senart em. panke)-jala-pralulitām Mv i.130.12 (vs); by lusts, kāmatā i.180.18 (vs); in i.171.4 read with mss. pralalita, q.v., for Senart's "lul".

pralepaka, m., Mvy 5998 = Tib. thod le skor gyi

phye ma, chalk-dust.

pralehaka, in hasta-prao, n. or adj., ep. of a kind of ascetic practice, in a long series of such: °hakair LV 248.17 (prose); lit. rendered in Tib. lag pa la ldag pa, hand-licking.

pralopa (m.? to Skt. pra-lup-), destruction: saddharma-°pe Sikş 116.2; °pa-kāle Sikş 305.3 (vs) = Mv ii.388.1 pralujja-(q.v.)-kāle; otherwise only "pa-dharma(n), subject to destruction: samskara pralopadharm' ime LV 175.21 (vs); duḥkham . . . °padharmam Dbh.g. 10(346).21; kim . . . °pa-dharma kim atra loke 'pralopa-dharma, rūpam . . . pralopa-dharma . . . (etc.) Av ii.168.10 f.; read pralopadharmam MPS 45.8 for ed. (p)r(a)lo(ka°; only r

and lo in ms.); also (em.) 44.13.

pravacana, nt. (Skt. id., in closely corresponding mgs.; Pali only pāvacana), (1) °ne, with prec. gen., under the preaching (of..., a Buddha or Bodhisattva): mama SP 64.12; tasyaiva Divy 505.2; Kāsyapasya Av ii.97.6; samyaksambuddhasya Sukh 7.3; tathagatasya Gv 280.12; once instr. onena in same mg., following the temporal tena kālena, tena samayena, tasya bhagavato... pravacanena Samādh 8.12; (2) designation of the groups or types of sacred texts of Buddhism, which are listed as nine Dharmas 62, as twelve (the same with three added after the fifth) Mvy 1266-78.

pra-vajita, ppp. (semi-MIndic for pra-vraj°, see § 2.16), (having) become a wandering monk: °ta nirapekṣaḥ (so divide) LV 57.19 (vs; most mss. pra-vraj-; meter

requires short first syllable).

pravanna, adj.-ppp. (= AMg. pavanna; semi-MIndic for Skt. prapanna), resorted to: raudrair narair asubhakarma-m-ati-pravannaih Mv i.84.3 (vs), by violent men who resort too much to evil deeds. So one ms., the rest pravarnaih, which makes no sense; Senart em. vanaih, but his note recognizes that the penult is required by meter to be long; he suggests that doubling of n of pravana took place m.c. But the AMg. form fits without change.
pravayati (used in somewhat similar way in Vedic;

in Skt. only ppp. prota), adorns, attaches to . . . by weaving or trimming, with acc. of thing adorned and instr. of trimmings: vividhavasanaratnaih sarvavrksam pravetha (for pravayata) LV 79.12 (vs), trim all the trees with various garments and jewels; so Tib., brgyan par gyis (impv. of

bgyid pa), make adorned!