so much as, Ger. sogar; (once) in fact: LV 72.6 (prose; v.l. antaso); 257.1; Divy 142.11; 191.3; Av ii.130.4; Kv 27.15; Mmk 74.11; Bbh 39.15 antato yavan nirvanam iti va, or, in fact, up to nirvāņa; 156.19 even so much as; Prāt 519.10 et alibi; Bhik 24b.1.

anta-pūti, see antah-pūti.

antamasato (°sato), adv. (blend of antamasas and antatas, qq.v.), so much as, Ger. sogar: (Mv i.7.10, Senart °masato, but mss. indicate rather antaéas;) Mv i.211.13 = ii.15.12 °masato (vv.ll. °éato, antamato); iii.92.14 °sato; in Mv i.211.5 Senart antamaéato, mss. corruptly anasato; parallel ii.15.5 antaso.

antamasas, adv. (= Pali antamaso; BHS also antasas, antatas, antamasato, osato), (even) so much as, Ger. sogar: KP 4.4 (prose; cited Siks 52.18 as antasas); 21.3 (prose); Liiders ap. Hoernle MR 146 antamasas for SP 263.11 antasas, both edd.

anta-yugika, adj., of the last age: Bbh 14.23.

antara (1) nt. (= Pali id., defined by kāraņa; see CPD s.v. 2antara, A, 3, kim antaram = kim kāraņam, what's the matter?, not well defined in Dictt.), state of the case, circumstance, matter, reason: My i.360.11 ko jānāti kim atra antaram, who knows what is the matter (reason, circumstance) in this?; ii.66.15 na paribudhyāmi kim atra antaram, I do not understand what is the matter here; (2) nt. and m. (essentially = Skt. id., nt., noted here as somewhat peculiar idiom), interval, space between: Mv ii.101.13 (janapadasya) antaram nāsti, there was no interval of (space between) people, i. e., they were closely crowded together; Mv ii.113.9 antaro janasya nāsti; (3) see triy-

antara-kalpa, m. (= Pali °kappa), internal (subdivision of a) kalpa or aeon, or intermediate kalpa (period between major kalpas). In AbhidhK. iii.181 the var. antahkalpa is recorded, along with this; it seems to point to the first definition above, and La Vallée Poussin, ad loc., considers this the only correct definition; there are 80 in a mahākalpa, op. cit. 187 (in Pali 64, CPD). On the other hand Mvy 8281 renders antara-(kalpa) by Tib. bar gyi, intermediate, and similarly sastrantara-, rogantara-, durbhiksantara-k° 8282-4; these suggest that antarakalpas are periods of destruction or disaster for people, cf. CPD s.v. °kappa, a (short) intermediate period (of destruction of mankind). CPD recognizes both the above meanings, and this seems provisionally probable. It is often not clear which appears in specific cases; in Gv 325.15 perhaps the second: dvādaśānām antarakalpānām atyayena SP 67.1; prabhāṣate taj jina agradharmān... antarakalpaṣaṣtim SP 25.8; cf. Dharmas 87 (see s.v. kalpa 4); SP 159.3 ff.; Mmk 295.9 (°paṃ jīvati). In SP 68.10 text manujānam abhyantara-kalpa (= antara°), but prob. read ojan' api antarao (see WT).

antara-dvipa (m.; = Pali °dipa; Skt. \*antar-dvipa). island in the midst (of a body of water): Mv i.221.6 = ii.23.

11 (prose).

antara-dhāyati (= Pali id., to Skt. antar-dhatte, -dhīyate; see Chap. 43, s.v. dhā (8); also antara-hāyate and ff.), disappears: °dhāyişuh (v.l. °su), aor., LV 397.21; ppp. antara-hita Mv i.50.14 (cf. antarhita in similar phrase 51.10); i.206.6 = ii.9.22; i.340.14; ii.101.8; 179.8; iii.116.2

ff.; Gv 325.16 (prose!) °hiteşu. Cf. also antardhita.
antara-hāpayati (sometimes antara-h°; cf. Pali antara-dhāpeti; caus. to °hāyate, °ti, q.v.), causes to disappear: impv. °hāpaya Mv i.75.14, so Senart, app. with 1 inferior ms.; most mss. °hāyanā or °nā; fut. °hāpayisyanti RP 17.15; ger. °hāpayitvā Mv ii.431.1 (and see Mv iii.6.9, under °hāyate); antarhāpayitvā (semi- Skt.) Divy 329.12; ppp., read °hāpitam for antara-hāyitam (v.l. antarhāy°) caused to disappear Mv iii.424.16.

antara-hāyate, °ti, antar-hā° (= antara-dhāyati, q.v.; except the ppp. °hita, for which see antara-dhāyati,

no form of this verb with h for dh seems to be recorded outside of BHS), disappears: Mv i.175.9 °hāyate or (unmetr.) °ante (mss., Senart em. °yatu); °hāyati Mv iii.410.12 (prose); impv. °hāyatu Mv iii.346.21; aor. antarhāyetsu, 340.11; °hāyi ii.256.11 (prose); °hāyithā (3 sg.; v.l. °tha) ii.240.17; °hāyetsuḥ (3 pl.; cf. above) ii.258.3; 259.2; iii.93.2; °hāyiṣu (3 pl.) Suv 158.1; inf. °hāyituṃ Mv ii.97.10, 20; ger., apparently in caus.sense, concealing, iii.6.9 antarahāyitvā (brāhmaņavesam, his brahman's garb; but the mss. are reported as reading ohāyatvā; prob. -ya- is an error or misreading for -pa-, and the true reading is °hāpayitvā; see °hāpayati); see also next two.

antara-hāyita, caused to disappear, Mv iii.424.16; read °hāpita, see °hāpayati.

antara-hīyati (for °te, equivalent to Skt. antar-dhīyate, pass. to antar-dhā; cf. antara-hāyate), pres. pple. °hiyanto being covered over (in a basket) My ii.178.3 (mss. °nti, °nti).

antarā (= Skt. and Pali id.; see also antarāt) between, with acc. and gen., once app. nom. (1); repeated (usually with ca after antara both times) with each of two nouns; so Pali, but not Skt.; Lat. inter may be thus used twice, with each noun; after the double phrase, atrantara (°rāt, or °re) is often addcd: gen., My ii.264.5 an° ca bodhiyaṣṭīye an° ca nadīye, between the Bodhi tree and the river; acc., Jm 19.21 an° ca tam bhadantam an° ca dvāradehalīm; foll. by atrānt°, Divy 94.1 an° ca śrāvastīm an° ca rājagrham atrāntarāt; 151.5, 7 an° bhadanta (in 7 an° ca) śrāvastīm an° ca jetavanam atrāntarāt; 275.26 an° ca rājagṛham an° ca campām atrāntare; Av i.256.6 an° ca rājagṛham an° ca veņuvanam atrāntare; nom. (?) Divy 514.11 an° ca vārāṇasī (but read °sīm?) an° codyānam atrāntarā.

antarā-kathā (= Pali id.), mutual talk, conversation (CPD thinks antara should be treated as a separate word, and so Divy 143.14 is printed, but it seems to me difficult to take it otherwise than as a cpd.): Av i.230.12 anandasya subhadreņa parivrājakena sārdham antarākathām (mss. °thā) viprakṛtām (mss. °tā; Pali also uses vippakatā with this word, see CPD) aśrausīd; antarā-kathā-samudāhāra, m., ibid., Divy 143.14; Av i.230.15; Pischel, SBBA 1904 p. 818, fol. 173a; MSV i.37.9.

Antarā-giri = Anta-giri, q.v.: °girismim Mv

iii.60.1.

antarāt (= Skt. Pali antarā; prob. false hyper-Skt. for this, interpreted as MIndic abl.), (1) adv., in the meantime: SP 159.6 (prose); 161.9 (vs; here ed. em. °rā; Nep. mss. quoted 'ntarān (before k-), read doubtless °rāt; Kashgar rec. °re); (2) prep. with gen. and loc., between: atha gayāyām bodhimandasya cāntarād LV 405.3, between Gayā and the Bodhimanda; also follows yāvac ca..., yāvac ca..., from...to, Divy 386.9-10, see yāvat (3); repeated, like antara, with both nouns, and both times followed by ca, antarāc ca rājagrhasyāntarāc ca gayāyā(ḥ) LV 246.3 (read, however, gayāyām as in 405.3 above, with all mss. and Calc.); with antare instead of the first antarāt, antare ca mucilindabhavanasyāntarāc cājapālasya, between M.'s dwelling and A.'s (fig-tree), LV 380.11; (3) after, with gen. (not in Pali; cf. Skt. nimisantarat after a moment, pw s.v. antara, 2 g); SP 67.3 (prose), mss. mamāntarād (so read) or °ram, after me; KN em. mamātantaram, intending mamanan°; WT em. mamottaram;

Tib. cited by WT as (nahi) hog tu, after (me).

antarāntaram (?), °rāt, °rā (?), adverbs (= Skt.
°rā, see pw s.v. antarā; Pali antarantarā, in temporal sense), (1) from time to time, now and then: SP 323.3 (prose), text 'ram, vv.ll. (apparently) 'rā and 'ra (or does the note intend °rām?); I would read °rā, possibly with hiatus-bridging' -m added; (2) local, here and there: °rāt

Divy 155.25. Cf. antarāt (= Skt. antarā).