prativiramati (= Pali pați°, cf. prec. three items), abstains (from sin): °ramāmi Mv i.202.7 (vs; akhilavacanāt; mss. °viremi, em. Senart); Divy 10.8; 11.23; Bhīk 9b.3; °ramanti Bbh 151.20; fut. °ramişyam (1 sg.) Mv iii.268.11 ff. (prāṇātipātāt, etc.); °raṃsyanti Av i.249.13; 274.14.

prativirahita, ppp. to unrecorded prati-vi-rah- (cf. Skt. virahita), let go, given up, abandoned: su-ohitāḥ Gv 328.1 (sarvopakaraṇakośā . . . vividhopakaraṇavidhayaḥ). prativiruddha, ppp. (= Pali paṭio; see next), hostile,

at odds (with, instr. with saha): uttarapañcālarājo dakṣiṇapañcālarājena saha °ddho babhūva Av i.41.6; tāv anyonyam °ddhau babhuvatuh 47.6; (tasya rājño vijite 'nyatamah kārvaţikah) °ddhah Divy 445.24 (wrongly rendered rebellious in Index and pw 7.371).

prativirodha (m.; = Pali paţi°; like prec. to Pali

pativirujjhati, which would be BHS prativirudhyate, °ti, but has not been recorded), hostility: Bbh 394.8 odha- (in

prativilomayati (cpd. of vilomayati, q.v.), opposes. goes against: bhāṣitam omayanti KP 141.3.

prativiśistataraka, adj. or subst. (to compv. of Skt. °sista; specifying -ka? § 22.39), (one that is) more (especially) distinguished: bodhisattvah vrddhatarakam guņa-prati°kam dṛṣṭvā samyak sambhāṣayaty... Bbh

prativiśodhayati, purifies: °śodhya, ger., Lank 51.3. prativişa, nt. (cf. id. cited pw 4.145 as adj. from Rājat., ein Gegengift enthaltend, and °ṣā, ibid., a kind of aconite, in medical texts), antidote for poison: acc. to Tib. (bon na dmar po; there is an alternative gloss, hab san tse hu, which I cannot interpret) on Mvy 5822, red wolfsbane (aconite); prativisa-bhutam (sc. bodhicittam) karma (2d ed. kāma-)-rativisanirvisikaraņatayā Gv 495.21.

prativethapeti (caus. of prati with vethayati, not recorded in Pali or Pkt., while Skt. prati-vest- is not recorded in this mg.), causes to be enveloped: puskarinim pratisirāhi (q.v.) °thāpehi (em., but sound; cf. line 15 pratisīrāhi vethāpitā) Mv ii.171.12.

[prativedin, error for pratisamvedin, q.v., LV 345.14.]

prativedha, m. (= Pali pați°; to Skt. prati-vyadh-, cf. Skt. vedha), (intellectual) penetration (only in this fig. mg.): LV 128.2 (dharma-pra°); 428.9 (-satyanaya-pra°); Mv i.86.13 (prativedha-parākramāh, mss. °vikramāh, unmetr., possessing heroism of penetration); Siks 214.15 (buddhadharma-pra°); Gv 229.19 (atyantājarāmaranadhātu-pra°); 251.5 (dharmadhātu-prativedha-jñāna-); Dbh 97.23; Bbh 131.8; 202.10; dus-pra° hard to penetrate (= Pali duppaţi°), RP 48.4 (of saṃskāra); Lank 222.14 (of yogins). prativeśaka, f. °ikā (= Skt. °veśa), neighbor: avidhā-

vidham prativeśikā(h) Mv iii.15.15 (vs; so read with 1 ms.; Senart em.), O neighbors (fem.)!

prativaikārika, adj. or subst. m. (cf. Skt. vaikārika, from vikāra), °kāḥ, 'counter-disturbing(-elements)', people who cause dissension and trouble: MSV iii.100.3, in uddana vs, referring, it seems, to 102.6 ff., quarrelsome monks.

prativairamaņa, nt. (= prativiramaņa and vairamana; blend of these two?), abstention: pranatipata-pra Suv 6.8 (prose).

? prativrata, f. °ā, adj., true to vows (of chastity): °tānām Mv iii.151.5, 7, applied to female ascetics (tāpasīnam 5); v.l. both times patio, which could not apply here in its normal mg. true to one's husband (so also Pali patibbatā); AMg. paivvayā is glossed prativratā, and rendered thus in both Guj. and Hindi, yet the Skt. gloss is patim vratayati (Ratnach.); for Skt. prati AMg. usually has padi, rarely pai. For Mvy 7261 pativrată a v.l. prati° is recorded; but there is no such v.l. in Mironov, and Tib. says clearly not unfaithful to her husband. Possibly MIndic forms of Skt. pativratā came to mean simply chaste, and then

became applicable even to female ascetics; the form pratio might then be an unhistorical hyper-Sktism.

pratisamayati = pratisam°, q.v. pratisaya (treated as nt.; for Skt. pratisraya, m.; semi-MIndic), lodging: so . . . anyasmim grāme vāsopagato, anyatarāye vrddhāye pratisayam dinnam Mv iii.15.7.

pratisarana, often written for pratisarana, q.v.;

no distinction of mg. between the spellings.

pratisāmaka, m. (to next), one who stores up, collects (creatures, gen., as if treasures; said of a bodhisattva): (sarvesām eva . . . sattvānām . . .) samyak-pratisāmakas ca Bbh 254.20-21.

pratiśāmayati, also °śam° and erroneously °śrām°, °sam° (= Pali patisameti, puts away, stores; wrongly PTSD), (1) stores away (property): hiranya (so read) ... (etc.) °sāmayet (so Nep. mss., KN with Kashgar rec. °yīt) SP 114.13 (vs); bhāṇḍam °sāmitam (mss. °srām°) Divy 6.9; bhāṇḍam °sāmayanti Divy 341.7 (subject merchants); bhāṇḍaṃ °śāmya MSV ii.68.20 (subject a housewife); (2) puts away (a monk's bowl and robe, after his begging-round): pātracīvaram °śāmavitvā My i.56.2: °śrāmya, ed. with mss., read °śāmya, Divy 156.1; °śāmya 516.6; Vaj 19.9; (a monk's bed, or bed and seat, preparatory to setting out on a journey, on which he takes bowl and robe with him), (paribhuktam) sayanam pratisāmya Divy 550.10; yathāparibhuktam sayanāsanam pratisamayya Divy 552.25; 566.4; written °samayya, pātracīvaram pra° Divy 20.4; 199.27; 201.1; 493.28; yathāparibhukta-śayanāsanam pra° Divy 39.20; (3) harbors (a person), entertains (privately): (suraksitah kartavya iti. sa) tena pratisāmitah MSV ii.99.15; (ye āgantukā bhikṣavo...) tān asau pratisāmya ib. 199.7; others, 200.17 etc. See also pratisamarpayati.

? -pratiśisyakā, in śisya-pra°, perhaps (pupil's) pupilhood: (yasya tāvad) vayam śisya-pratiśisyakayāpi na tulyah Divy 153.14, of whom (viz. the Buddha), you see, we are not equal to the pupil's pupilhood (having been shown to be inferior to Cunda, the novice-attendant of Sariputra, the disciple of Buddha). Cf. Pali sissānusissa, pupil and pupil's pupil.

(pratismoti, hears, the rare in this sense in Skt., occurs Mbh. Crit. ed. 3.261.16 pratiśrutya; so, also pratiśrutya, LV 58.4; Av i.2.10; 315.12.)

pratišoka (m.?), grief: sarve saduņkhā janā atyantapratiśoka-śalya-vihatāḥ Divy 321.15.

pratisodhayati (caus. of unrecorded prati-sudh-), purifies: bodhisattvacittam °dhayitavyam Gv 457.4 (prose; perhaps error for parisodhayitavya, which occurs in prec. line; or false Sktization for MIndic pari-, confused with pati-, padi-, § 2.47).

pratiśrama, m. (= Skt. pariśrama; perh. for MIndic *padissama, cf. padissanti, Sheth, and § 2.47), toil, trouble: saphalo me °maḥ syād Divy 108.26.

[pratiśrāmayati, false reading for pratiśām°, q.v.] pratiśrukā (semi-MIndic for °śrutkā, q.v.; may be m.c.), echo: read dakacandra-ośrukah with best mss. (dvandva cpd.) in LV 436.15 (vs, end of anustubh; Lefm. °śrutkā, unmetr.).

pratisrutakā or °ka (= next), echo: -pratisruta-kopamām LV 177.12 (vs), cited Šikş 240.12 with varr.; but uncertain, see § 3.101.

(pratiśrutkā, occurs in older Skt., VS., Kaus., Up., echo; here always as symbol of what is transitory, ephemecho; nere always as symbol of what is durating, ephemeral, or unreal: SP 137.11; 142.14; LV 181.21; 428.14, where read °kā with most mss. for text °ka; Mvy 854; 2823; Dbh 47.14; in Lank 20.17 text °kāni, note suggests °kāpi. Cf. prec. two.)

pratișevate, see pratisevati.

? pratiskūla (= Skt. pratikūla), in a-prati°, not offensive: Mv iii.341.8 (prose), acc. to Senart, °lam. If correct, could be taken as false Sktization of Pali patik-