pa, (personal) loan; here it seems to mean property left in trust, for safe-keeping, with another person. Cf. next.

prativastuka, m. (to prec.), recipient of a fiduciary

deposit: MSV ii.145.11 f.

prativahati, opposes, rejects (advice; a person), disobeys (a command, instruction); once 'caus.' prativahayati in same mg.: ājñām prativāhayāmi Ĝv 122.8 (prose); (ājñām) prativahati Divy 562.26; na mayā... bhagavataḥ...ājñā pratyūḍha-pūrveti (= °vā iti) Divy 178.11; vāņīm a-prativahan (pres. pple.) Gv 216.17; (ye cainām prajñāpāramitām) na pratikrośanti na prativahanti AsP 460.6; (bodhisattva-piţaka-)-prativahatānām aśrāddhānām sattvānām Bbh 157.6, of those disobeying (gen. pl. pres. pple.)...; prativahaty (so with mss., wrongly em.) eso 'smākam Divy 329.9, he opposes (or rejects, repulses) us; evam ca vyavacārayati na ca prativahati AsP 433.2; te prativodhum ārabdhāh MSV ii.109.5. See next.

prativahana, nt. (n. act. to prec.), opposition, rejection, disobedience: °nam Mvy 6607 = Tib. slar bzlog pa, turning back; (arthabhūtam) anartha-prativahana-tayā Gv 496.8, it is of the nature of advantage, because it goes counter to disadvantages; dharmarājājñāprativahanatayā (i.e. °ājñā-aprati°) Gv 464.8, because of not disobeying the com-

mands of . .

prativāņi, °ņī, f. (and 'ņi, nt.?; cf. a-prati', which see for Pali correspondents), opposition, repulsion, aversion to spoken words, especially to preaching or teaching; apparently a cpd. of prati and vāṇī: oṇi, n. sg., AsP 244.20, and °nih, id., 484.7, both in reference to preaching or teaching; prativāṇi (? Mironov °ni without v.l., and Kyoto ed. suggests that their mss. read oni, and that their oni in text is an em.; cf. however aprativăņi, where both edd. have 'ni) Mvy 5239 = Tib. mi hphrod pa, unsuitable, disagreeable or the like; prob. of attitude towards teaching (the preceding entry is śaikṣābhir nikūjitam). Form dubious; ending seems confirmed by aprativăni; n. sg. nt.? Or possibly adverb? In pw 7.360 °văni by em., rendered Opposition, which I think is about right.

prativāhayati = prativahati, q.v.

prativikalpa, m., separate (and false) discrimination, making distinctions where fundamentally none exist; in Lank seems interchangeable with parikalpa, etc., see Suzuki, Studies, Glossary s.v. (where pratikalpa is also cited, but this is not in Suzuki's Index, and I have not noted it) and Index to Lank: bālaprativikalpam upādāya Lank 17.12, etc. Cf. next.

prativikalpana (nt.) = prec.: vāg-akṣara-prativi-kalpanam ca vinihatya Laṅk 160.14; (anādikāla-prapañca-) -dausthulya-sva-prativikalpanā 171.11, Bhvr., with bāla-

prthagjana(h).

prativikalpayati (denom. to 'kalpa, q.v.), makes a (false) discrimination, discriminates (falsely): (na) lakṣaṇatah °payitavyāh Lank 18.18, they are not to be (falsely) distinguished according to their (external) marks; dharma-

dharmam °payanti 21.1; et alibi in Lank.

prativigacchati (= Pali pați°, so e. g. AN iii.243.5; also samprativig°), is dispersed, becomes scattered, vanishes: sā (dṛṣṭiḥ, wrong opinion) °vigatā Divy 573.4; °gataḥ Av i.163.12 (madya-madaḥ? uncertain); ii.28.8 (rūpa-madaḥ); 105.1 (aiśvarya-madaḥ), 11 (bala-madaḥ); 129.4 (sattvesv āghātaḥ); abhūtvā bhavati bhūtvā ca prativigacchati Siks 248.10; (yo dohadaḥ sa) °gataḥ MSV

prativijňapayati (caus. to Skt. prati-vi-jňā-), recognizes (severally, specifically): ger. °pya Siks 250.9. Cf. next.

prativijnapti, f. (to prec.), (separate, specific) recognition: Siks 222.2, in definition of vijnana as vastuprativijnaptir; 226.1 (? reading uncertain); 250.5, 6 (but in 7 replaced by vijňaptih; see s.vv. ādhipateya, āram-

pratividhyati, ote (= Pali pațivijjhati), penetrates;

physically, angani 'yanti (passive!) Mv i.7.13 (prose), are penetrated; = reaches, attains (a place): °yate padam sāntam Ud iv.31, reaches the peaceful place (same vs in Pali Dhp. 368 adhigacche); usually fig., penetrates intellectually, understands: °yati Siks 317.10 (dharmān); Bbh 129.24 (prajňayā); 273.21 (artham); 347.4 (tathāgatavisayam); Gv 252.20 (parallel with vyavacārayati, q.v., and other synonyms); °yate Bbh 273.22 (artham); na kimcin na °yati SsP 1423.15, does not fail to comprehend anything; 'yan (pres. pple.) Gv 160.23; 'ya (ger.) Bbh 130.2; 273.20 (artham); °viddha, ppp., dharmasvabhāva-°ddha-cittāḥ (Bhvr.) Gv 323.16; su-pratividdha, Śikṣ 286.9 (dharmo...bodhisattvena...); Bbh 48.6 (śūnyatā samyakprajňayā); Gv 286.8. See next.

pratividhyana (nt.; to prec. plus -ana; Pali a-ppațivijjhana), comprehension: aśarīrasarvadharmanaya-°na-tayā Gv 431.17 (instr. of -tā).

prativinaya, m. (= Pali pați°; cf. prativinīta), removal, suppression: My iii.200.11 pipāsā-°vinayo (same phrase in Pali AN ii.34.24 has pipāsa-vinayo).

prativinisrjati, abandons: Mvy 2557; so also Mironov; acc. to pw 7.381, error for prativinih rjati, and = pratinih,

q.v. (pratinisrjati precedes this in Mvy).

prativinīta (ppp. of °nayati = Pali pativinēti, °nīta; cf. a-pratio, prativinaya), removed: otā Mv ii.122.15, of

kāmādhyavasānā and the like.

prativinudati (rare), usually 'nodayati (= Pali paṭivinodeti), dispels, removes, gels rid of: simplex only in prativinudanti (rajaḥ) in vs Divy 491.21 = 25 = 492.1 (perh. m.c.?); otherwise only 'nodayati, as in Pali: mārgaśramam 'nodya (ger.) Divy 27.4; 34.21; 451.17; Av i.23.13; 73.8; ii.104.11; 'dayeyam (daurmanasyam) My iii.439,16; 440.12; °dayati Bbh 145.9 (duḥkham); 177.19 (ālasyakausīdyān); °dayitum Av i.228.7 (kāṅkṣāyitatvam, q.v.); object, (the effects of) sin: °noditum (kaukrtyam) Mv iii.174.19; °dayāmi, etc. (vadham) Divy 571.15 f.; °dayitu-kāmaḥ (āghātam) Bbh 169.10. See next.

odayitu-kāmaḥ (āghātaṃ) Bbn 109.10. See next.

prativinodana, nt. (to onodayati, see prec., plusana; = Pali paṭivio), removal, dispelling, getting rid of:

Mv iii.175.2 (kaukṛtyasya, i. e. of the effects of sin); Śikṣ
120.15 (nidrāklama-); Bbh 56.15 (samsayānāṃ); 83.14
(śoka-kaukṛtya-); 168.25 (tad-, sc. āpatti-).

prativipasyati, perceives distinctly: evam vidaršanayā

prativipasyatah (gen. sg. pres. pple.) Lank 19.2; °syati 123.14, 17; °syan 15.

prativibudhyate, wakes up (perh. orig. re-awakens; no record of the cpd. elsewhere): °yate Divy 175.13, 17 f.; ger. °dhya Suv 218.1; ppp. °buddha, having awakened, or as periphrasis for pret., woke up: (various forms) LV 186.2; Mv iii.357.16; Divy 15.7; 318.29; Jm 185.19; Suv 21.1; 196.2; Kv 55.19; Gv 405.10.

prativibhāvayati, °te, considers thoroughly or individually: svakāyam °yan (pres. pple.) LV 208.8; °yantī Lank 171.14; °yamānā(ḥ) 42.13.

prati-vibhinna, adj., altered to the reverse: MSV

prativimānanā, dishonoring: kalyāṇadharma-onā KP 11.5 (prose). No cpd. prati-vi-man- seems to be recorded.

prativirata, ppp., adj. (to "ramati; = Pali pați", also a-ppatio), abstained, ceased, usually with abl., or preceding stem in comp., of sin abstained from: Divy 302.7 (prāṇātipātāt); 585.18; Suv 6.10 (prāņātipāta-prati°); LV 86.5, read as one cpd. sarvākušalakriyāprativiratā(ḥ), and delete punctuation before and after; Mv 1.326.14 ff. (prāṇāti-

pātāto, etc.); Šiks 78.7; Dbh 23.7; a-prati° Mvy 7299.

prativirati, f. (= Pali pati°; cf. prec. and next),
abstention (from sin): Mvy 1691–1698, in cpds., precisely parallel to virati 1687-89; Divy 303.9 (prāņātipātāt); Bbh 220.9 f.; 223.18 ff.; Bhīk 9a.3.

prativiramana (nt.; to next plus -ana), = prec.: Siks 104.13; Bbh 194.15 ff. Cf. also prativairamana.