(comm. mañcādisu samparivattitvā), 'like a hog that has eaten his fill'. Cf. next.

samparivartana (nt., cf. Skt. parivartana, and see under prec.), revolution, moving around (said of movements of a horse): (väläho 'śvarājaḥ...) āvartana-parivartanasam°nam kṛtvā Kv 55.15.

samparivartayati (mg. 1 = Skt. parivartayati), (1) interchanges, mixes: so 'pi bhikşur āsīl lābhī grāhikah, tena mätsaryābhibhūtena lābhaḥ °titaḥ, yo vārṣikaḥ sa haimantikah, parināmitah (and vice versa) Šiks 59.4; (2) wrings (the hands): hastau °yati mukham ca vibhaṇḍayati Divy 263.13, (°yasi) 15; mukham vibhaṇḍya hastān °vartya 575.24; (3) rolls (the eyes, in a fit): (akṣṇṇ) °ti MSV i.285.17; (4) upsets: palyankān (cots) api 'yanti MSV iv.121.15.

samparivethita, ppp. (to parivetheti with sam-), all wrapped up: (tam śākhāntikam) vrksaśākhehi °tam . . . drstvā Mv ii.254.3 (line 1 above, ātmānam parivestayitvā).

? sampaśyana (nt.; Skt. sampaśyati plus -ana), dat. onāya, quasi-inf., (in order) to see: devī āmrāni sampaśyanāya (em., mss. so, or se, paś°) nirdhāvitā Mv ii.453.1. sampiņdā (cf. Skt. sampiņdayati), gathering, mass:

mahājanakāyasya °ḍā Mv ii.74.16, jana-°ḍā 18 (mg. clearly shown by mahām janakāyasamāgamo in close parallel 75.7); (janakāyo) °dāye (instr., in a mass, in a crowd) katham pi (mss. vi) nirdhāvati 75.12.

sampidadhāti (cf. Skt. pi-dhā and sam-api-dhā), smds: mukhadvāram °dadhyām Divy 232.19 (prose); cf.

16 pidhāsyāmi.

[sampipāsati, twice by Senart's em., assumed to = pipāsati, is thirsty; on Mv i.8.2 see s.v. sa-; in i.28.9 read (ksutpipāsāsamarpitā uccāraprasrāvakhetasimhāņikāpubbarudhiram) tam pi prārthenti (mss. tam pi nār°; Senart em. sampipāsanti), even that they are eager for (as food and drink, being so hungry and thirsty).]

sampīdita, adj. (ppp.), packed full, completely filled:

mahākaruņā-sampīdita-hṛdayo Kv 25.23. samputa, °taka, in LV also samutpuṭaka (presumably = Skt. samputa, otaka, a hollow bowl or anything of that shape), (1) = Skt. anjali, as gesture of respect: krtakara-°tas Divy 380.1; cf. samputita; (2) in °ta(ka)jātam, become like a hollow bowl (?), in Mv and LV passage describing a plucked and withered gourd, to which the Bodhisattva's head after his austerities is compared; the general effect seems to be shrivelled: LV 254.15, 16 (tad yathā tiktakālābus taruņo lūna āmlāno) bhavati sammlānah samutputaka-jāta (no v.l. in Lefm., but Calc. and Weller's ms. samputaka°) evam eva sira āmlānam abhūt sammlanam samutputaka-jatam (no v.l.; supported here by Calc. and Weller's ms.); corresp. Mv ii.126.4, 5 (sayyathāpi . . .) tiktālābu haritacchinnam āmilātam bhavati sammilātam samputajātam evam eva sīrsakapālam abhūsi āmilātam sammilātam samputajātam, repeated 127.8-9; 128.13-14; 129.16-17, sometimes spelled samputaka°, and mss. often °pūta°, °tā°; but mg. is not certain; Tib. on LV (both times) rtsub rtsub por hgyur ro (gyur to), becomes (became) very rough; the Pali parallel, MN i.80.22-23 (also 246.1-2), has ... tittakālābu āmakacchinno vātātapena samputito hoti sammilāto ... me sīsacchavi samputitā hoti...; comm. ii.50.17 so hi vātātapena samphutati (v.l. samphusati) ceva milāyati ca, with a reading different from the text; (3) dual, in comp. with preceding kapata, the two leaves or panels of a door or gate as forming, when opened, the two sides of a container ('box' or double 'bowl', as it were): (yathāpi ... mahānagaradvāresu) mahākapāṭa-saṃpuṭāv argalavimuktau pravisāryate (mss.) SP 249.2, as in a great city gate the half-boxes (or bowls, hemispheres, possibly as being slightly concave?) formed of the two great panels, when the bolt is removed, are moved apart.

samputita, denom. pple. (to samputa q.v.; perh. cf. Pali samputita, cited ibidem), made into the shape of

(a hollow bowl, i. e.) an añjali: hastau °tau nityau Mmk 484.2 (vs; in description of a mudrā).

sampuraskaroti (= Pali sampurekkharoti, Skt. puras-k°), (1) attends: bhikṣugaṇa-°kṛtaḥ Mv i.66.19 (vs); (Bhagavan . . . saptabhiś ca nikāyaih) °kṛto Divy 159.16 (prose); (Bhagavantaṃ) °kṛtya MSV i.257.7; (2) displays, employs, manifests: karuṇāṃ °kṛtya (ger.) Bbh 16.24; sattvānukampām eva °kṛtya 198.4 (both prose).

sampuspita, adj., quasi-ppp. of denom. (= Pali sampupphita; Skt. puspita), in full bloom: LV 82.17 (of a tree, -nānāpuspa-sam°; prose); 92.1 and 97.13 (vs, of trees; 133.3 (of a summer month); My ii.191.17 (trees) and 203.10 (both vss); Divy 312.3 (prose, of trees); so also Av i.179.3; 225.9; 307.10; of a pond, RP 40.17 (prose); fig., of Bodhisattvas' minds, (bodhisattvāh...) puspagar bhūtā bhavanti arvabuddhaguņa-°ta-cittatayā Gv 388.3.

Sampūjita, n. of a former Buddha: LV 5.15 = Tib. yan dag mchod; follows Jitasatru, q.v. (in Mv Supūjita in the corresponding place).

Saṃpūrṇa, (1) = Pūrṇa 1, n. of a disciple of Sākyamuni: Av i.2.2 (here ms. Sa-p°); 3.1; (2) n. of a Buddha (possibly = Pūrṇa 5): Mmk 499.23 (vs).

Sampūrņašrīvaktrā, n. of a queen: Gv 269.9.

samprakampana (nt.; Skt. sam-pra-kamp- with -ana), shaking, making to quake: sarvalokadhātu-°nam bhavati Dbh 83.14; sarvabuddhakṣetra-°na-samkṣobhaṇa-Gv 246.26.

samprakaroti, treats well, deals well with, or, honors, pays respect to (acc.; Pali pakurute = sevati, object rājānam, Sn. comm. 169.15): (na . . . vyāpādo na ca vigrahah,) anyonyam samprakurvanti maitracittä sthitäs tada LV 280.6 (vs).

samprakāśaka, adj. or subst. m. (to Skt. samprakāsayati plus -aka; the Skt. caus. verb is recorded only once in BR but may be commoner, cf. Skt. °kāšana; it is common in BHS, e. g. Mvy 2780; 6376; Mv iii.64.3; 357.14; 378.16; LV 254.17 'syante, pass., etc.; the entire sept is unrecorded in MIndic), making (one who makes) manifest declaring: dharma. °kāb SP 29.12: °kab I V 179.11 manifest, declaring: -dharma-°kāḥ SP 29.12; °kaḥ LV 179.11.

samprakāśana-tā and °śanā (= Skt. °śana, nt.; prec.), exposition, manifestation, declaration, setting forth: dharmaparyāyasya °sanatāyai SP 270.11; 271.1; praņidhānapāramitā-°śanatayā Gv 153.8; -guņavarņasanatayā LV 430.12; prabhāva-sanā Bbh 298.7; hīnayāna-°sanā KP 11.4; all prose.

samprakirati (cf. ppp. Skt. a-samprakirna, AMg. sampainna; otherwise unrecorded; cf. Skt. prakirati), scatters: puṣpāṇi devā °re (aor.) tadā Mv iii.94.20 (vs), repeated ff.

-samprakṣālaka, adj. or n. ag., or n. act. (cf. Skt. °kṣāla and AMg. sampakkhālaga, in a different sense), washing (and then eating): LV 248.20, see s.v. kāpotaka;

Tib. bkrus te za ba, eating after having washed.
samprakhyāna, nt. (cf. Skt. prakhyāna; see also a-sam^o), clarity; clarification (in intellectual sense): Mvy 2671 = Tib. sin tu (very much) gsal ba (to be bright, clear, evident, lucid); or sin tu dran pa (clear consciousness, mindfulness; smar-); Bbh 384.9 (nirmāņe pariņāme) samprakhyāne (clarification) sarvālambaneşu yā vaśavartitā, iyam ucyate sarvākārā ālambanapariśuddhiḥ. In AbhidhK.

(La Vallée-Poussin vii.91, n. 2) = asammosa, q.v. sampragarjati, roars loudly; only after corresp. forms of (Skt.) garjati and pragarjati (subject being worldsystems, lokādhātu, on solemn occasions): agarjat prā-garjat samprāgarjat LV 352.4; °jitah Samādh 19.6; Mvy 3018.

sampragraha (m.? = Pali sampaggāha, glossed ukkhipanatthena cittam sampagganhātīti, Atthasālinī 372, cited note on Siks 277.9), exaltation (so Tib., cited in Siks as gzeńs mtho ba): mahāvīryārambhavikrameņa kāyacitta-