Avaropanarāja (text has n, not n), n. of a Bodhisattva: Gv 442.7.

Avaropanarāja

avaropayati (caus, to ava-ruh; Skt. in sense 1; in sense 2 = Pali oropeti; cf. avarūpayati, orūp°), (1) plants (so Skt., of planting trees); here very commonly of planting roots of merit, kuśalamūla (not in Pali in either literal or fig. sense); cf. avarupta, "ropaņa: kuśalamūlāny avaropayāmi Divy 95.25; avaropayitum, inf., Sukh 16.4; "lāny avaropitāni Mv i.1.5; 57.7; Suv 81.15 (here most mss. avaruptāni); avaropitakuśalamūla- that has (have) planted r. of m. Mvy 7417; Vaj 22.20; 23.1; Gv 47.12; kuśalam avaropitam Mv i.136.10; avaropitam cittabijam Dbh 48.8; (2) cuts off (hair, beard): -avaropitakeśaśmaśrur Divy 37.2; -avaropitair iva keśair Av i.284.8; (evil conditions) buddhāvaropitānām (so read with mss.) akuśalānām dharmāṇām Divy 359.26, that are (= are to be, can be) cut off (= obliterated) by a Buddha.

? avarna, adj., in Mv iii.343.1 °nas ca, epithet of the Buddha's voice (svara); hence must be complimentary; but Skt. id. and Pali avanna are normally uncomplimentary. Senart has no v.l. or note and does not list the word in his Index. Perhaps semi-MIndic for Skt. avarnya (or

read this?), indescribable; cf. Pali avannaniya.

avalakşana (nt.; cf. apala° and Pali avalakkhana, Bhvr. adj.), evil, inauspicious, bodily mark: aṣṭādaśabhir onaih MSV i.100.9; 106.3.

-avalambaka, m., and °ikā, f., see nagarāvalambaka, °ikā.

avalambanā (= Skt. ona, nt.), dependence: Divy 199,19 tau Buddha-dharma-samghāvalambanayā sınṛtyā kālagatau . . . devesūpapannau.

Avalambā, see Olambā.

avalava, m. (v.l. avalapa; so Mironov), harvest: Mvy 5314 °vas ca na prajñāyate = Tib. brhas sar (v.l. par) van mi mnon.

avalīna, see 2 avalīyate.

1 avalīyati, olīyati (= ava-dī°; Skt. avalīna, said of birds, BR 6.550; cf. Skt. avadina, n., pw 2.292), flies down: gaganapathagatā oliyanti (mss. khagapatha°) Mv i.216.5; in the parallel ii.19.2 gaganapathagatā pralīyanti (mss.; better meter; Senart pradi°).

2 avaliyate (Skt. avaliyate, not quite in this mg.; Pali olivati, ppp. olina; wrongly defined PTSD; cf. CPD s.v. an-olina, not shrinking, not downcast, and °vuttika, not sluggish in one's duties), is depressed, downcast: cittan nāvalīyate AsP 5.6 etc.; SsP 1643.20; ppp. avalīna, downcast, despondent: Šiks 126.1 nāvalīna-vacano, not despondent in his talk; Šiks 309.17 na cāvalīna-saṃtatayo bhavanti (see s.v. samtati); the opposite is udāra-samtatikāś, following.

avalīyana, see an-avalīyana-tā.

?avalupta, planted, v.l. for avarupta, q.v.: Mv ii.314.11, Senart avarupta-kuśalamūlā(ḥ), v.l. avalupta°. Also elsewhere as v.l.

-avalehakam, adv. (Skt. °ka, adj., one who licks, BR 5.1063; so, hastāvalehakā(h) abudhāh, foolish hand-lickers, said of certain ascetics, LV 258.5), in a manner accompanied by licking (of the hands or bowl; said of the cating process): Prāt 533.10 (Mvy 8587) na hastāvalehakam pindapātam paribhokṣyāmaḥ, and Prāt 533.11 (Mvy 8588) na päträvalehakam ... The Pali equivalent (Vin. iv.198.5, 11) is -nillehakam; but hatthāpalekhana also occurs (PTSD).

avalokanaka (gender? = olok°, ullok°, qq.v.), window: Divy 221.29 °nakā (for °kāḥ? or °kāḥ? followed by s-; n. pl., in a list of structures and their accessories).

Avalokana-sūtra, or Avalokanā-sūtra, nt., n. of a work: Siks 297.10 and 89.15 respectively. It is a variant form of the Avalokitam (nāma sūtram, or vyākaraņam), q.v., in the second Mv version. On the language and meter see §§ 1.47.48.

avalokanīya, adj., pleasant, of sounds: prasādanīyā avalokaniyāh prahlādaniyāh (śabdāh) LV 52.6; 411.9; of persons, worthy of (admiring) contemplation: Mv i.103.5 ullokanīvās cāvalokanīvās cābhivandanīvās cādeyavākyās ca. (All prose.) Cf. ullokanīya.

avalokayati (= Pali apaloketi), (1) asks permission of (acc.): Bhik 3b.5 yavad aham bhagavantam avalokayāmi, until I ask the Lord's permission (for the admission of nuns); Divy 331.18 nāham svādhīna upādhyāyam avalokayata; 331.23; 511.10 rājānam avalokya; 439.22, 23 mätäpitaräv avalokya, having asked permission of my parents; (2, cf. Skt. aprechate) takes leave of, says farewell to (acc.): Divy 4.26 gacchāmi avalokitā bhava, I am going; be greeted in farewell!; 128.2; 580.26; °to bhava MSV i.41.6; -bāndhavān avalokya Divy 281.17; 524.14; (3) entrusts (acc.) with a function (cf. Pali apaloketi, d, in CPD, consult): bhiksum avalokayitvā (Tib. bcol nas, entrusted to one's charge) gantavyam yo 'sya lābham grhņāti MSV ii.97.8 (and ff.); avalokayasi (perh. do you consult? as in Pali) tvam... Upanandam MSV ii.119.2 and f.

avalokita (1) nt., and once °tā, f. (= Pali °ta, oftener apalokita, nt.), act of looking; a look, gaze: fem. only LV 227.9-10 anyonya-mukhāvalokitayā rudanti sma, they wept with a gazing look at each other's faces; nt. LV 84.5 simhāvalokitam mahāpuruṣāvalokitam vyavalokayati sma; LV 191.17 (prāsādikena) avalokita-vyavalokitena (see s.v. vyavalokita), acc. to Tib., looking forward; Siks 215.10 -prasāritāvalokita-vilokita-supta-jāgarita-svasarīragatopasthānam; elsewhere in a similar cliché ālokita-(instead of ava°)-vilokita, q.v.; esp. nāgāvalokita (= Pali id., oftener °palokita), the gaze of an elephant (turning the whole body), Mv iii.55.18 sarvāvantena kāyena (so read with v.l. for text kālena) nāgāvalokitena; Divy 208.16-17 sarvakāyena nāgāvalokitena; Gv 48.15 nāgāvalokitena pratyudāvṛtya (q.v.); MSV i.62.17; (2) nt., n. of a work (called a vyākaraṇam Mv ii.257.13; 259.4; but a sūtraṇin the colophons, 293.15; 397.7) imbedded in the Mv in two forms, following one another, ii.257.6-293.15, and 293.16-397.7. The second of these, under the name Avalokana- (or °nā-)sūtra, q.v., was used (in a rather widely variant form) as one of the sources of Siks. (3) m., said to be used for Avalokitesvara, q.v.: Burnouf, Introd. 224 (and Skt. Lex.).

Avalokitanetra, n. of a Bodhisattva: Gv 3.2 avalokita-mūrdhi-tā (suffix tā added to stem in -in from *avalokita-murdhan), state of having his head gazed upon (revered) by others, said of a Tathagata: Gv 65.18.

Avalokitalakşmī, n. of a kimnara-maid: Kv 6.3. Avalokiteśvara (on the name cf. Mironov, JRAS 1927.241 ff., suggesting that the original form was Avalokita-svara), n. of a celebrated Bodhisattva: first in lists of Bodhisattvas, SP 3.4; Mvy 645; cf. also Kv 1.2; lives on Mt. Potalaka Gv 208.8; subject of ch. 24 of SP (named 438.4 ff.), where he has the epithet Samantamukha, q.v.; other occurrences Siks 286.7; Samādh p. 36 l. 1; Kv 1.16; 8.19 etc.; Mmk 62.24 etc.; Sukh 52.4; 56.7-8; Sādh 42.10 etc.

Avalokiteśvaravimokşa, n. of a work: Śikş 296.2. avavadati, ovadati (= Pali ovadati), admonishes, instructs; regularly followed by parallel anuśaś(a)ti, as also in Pali: samyag avavadati samyag anuśaśti Divy 299.10; avavadāmy anušāsmi, yathā mayā samyag avavaditāḥ samyag avašiṣṭā(ḥ) LV 409.11; taṃ bhagavāṃ ovadatu anušāsatu Mv i.321.17; ovadatu me bhavām . . . anušāsatu me Mv iii.206.2-3; ovadeyam SP 351.6; ppp avavadita SP 70.13; 101.4; gdve. avavaditavya Divy 492.29; kevarūpena ovādena ovadanti Mv i.104.9.

avavaraka (also avaraka? m. or nt.; = Pali ovaraka, Skt. apavaraka, which is read also in mss. of Divy),