corrupt); 13.21; Gv 471.8; (of the dharmacakra) LV 436.11; of Buddhas and Bodhisattvas Mmk 164.9; Gv 25.19; Dbh.g. 26(52).1; Bbh 42.17; RP 15.15 (vs: asatha akuha nisprapañca-citto bhavati, which rather suggests falsehood for pra°, with some Chin.); aprapañcam tac cakram, sarvaprapañcopārambhavigatatvāt LV 422.16 (see upārambha); vigata-prapañcāḥ (bodhisattvāḥ) RP 15.2 (vs); in a number of passages pra° is bracketed or closely associated with vikalpa, and the contexts suggest vain fancy, false imagining: visayavikalpahetukam anādikāla-prapanca-vāsanāhetukam ca Lank 38.1-2, and similarly 42.2; vikalpa-prapañcādhiṣṭhānam vikalpa-prapañcālambanam vastu janayanti rūpādi-samjñakam Bbh 51.3-5; vikalpādhisthānasya prapancavastunah (drstyasmimānasya...) 15; vikalpa-prapañca-vastv-āśrayā sat-kāyadṛṣṭir... 16-17; tasya savastukasya vikalpasya nirodho yah, sa sarva-prapañca-nirodho veditavyah; evam ca prapañca-nirodho (etc., as cited s.v. parinirvana) Bbh 55.15 ff.; samjñāvikalpāh prapanca-sangānugatā(h) 266.5-6; sarva-vikalpa-prapañcātītā(ḥ) (tathāgatāḥ) Lank 19.18; jalpa-prapancābhiratā hi bālās Lank 186.8, see jalpa, the interpretation of which is doubtful, which increases the uncertainty of prapañca; prapañcārāma-Siks 105.3, delight in pra°; °cārāmam adhikṛtyāha 114.13. followed by a series of vss on the subject (prapañca-cârin, acting with or according to ... 114.17, 19); pra° bracketed with vigraha, strife, 115.2; its object is possessions, 4-7 (na vo 'sti kṣetram na kṛṣir vaṇijyā syur yasya arthāya prapañca ete 6-7); next a vs devoted to vigraha, as based on family and possessions, 8-11; then again a vs on pra°, ending prapañca varjitva janetha kṣāntim 15; prapañca-cāra, the course of pra°, again contrasted with kṣānti, 18-19; parallel with iñjana, manyana, spandana (text syan°), Gv 253.14 (vs), see prapancana and °cita, similarly used; important is MadhK 448.1 ff., (prakṛti-) sante nihsvabhave tathagate sarvaprapancatite mandabuddhitayā śāśvatāśāśvatādikayā nityānityāstināstiśūnyāśūnyasarvaiñāsarvaiñādikavā (here a kārikā vs.) prapañcayanti (see this) ye buddham prapañcātītam avyayam, te prapañca-hatāḥ sarve na pasyanti tathāgatam. (Comm. continues:) vastu-nibandhanā hi prapancāh syur, avastukah (so!) ca tathāgatah, kutah prapancānām pravṛttisambhava iti. atah prapancatītas tathāgatah... tam itthamvidham tathagatam svotpreksitamithya-parikalpamala-malina-manasa-taya vividhair abhūtaih parikalpa-višesair ye buddham bhagavantam prapañcayanti, te svakair eva prapañcair hatāh santas . . .; here false fancy, vain imagining, seems not far wrong; note parikalpa associated with it; prapañcopasaman MadhK 538.3 (vs), with sarvopalambhopasamah.

prapañcana (nt.? = prapañca; on the surface, from prapañcayati with -ana; prob. really riming adaptation to the parallel nouns in -ana), idle fancy: sarveñjana-manyana-(so read with 2d ed.)-spandana-prapañcanāpagata-cittam Gv 128.6 (see s.v. prapañca, used with the same series of words Gv 253.14, and prapañcta, similarly).

prapaficayati (denom. from prapafica; Pali papañceti), falsely fancies, imagines: MadhK 448.3, 8 (see prapañca); vikalpo prapañcayam(s), pres. pple., Bbh 51.7 (see 51.3-5 s.v. prapañca); sa esa prapañcyate (pass.) kalpe (kalpo?) niḥprapañcās tathāgatā(h) Mmk 164.9. In Mv ii.221.2 na khu me prapañcayitavyam, Senart's em., assumed to mean I must not delay; this mg. of this verb is said to occur in Pali; but the Mv mss. read prapadyetavyam; curiously, PTSD proposes to derive papañceti from papajjate = prapadyate, but this is impossible on both formal and semantic grounds. I have no very good suggestion for the Mv passage; perh. I must certainly not rely on, be a burden to (my blind old parents).

prapañcita, nt. (orig. ppp. of prec.), idle fancy, imagination, = prapañca(na): iñjita-manyita-prapañcităni SP 372.7 (cf. Gv 128.6; 253.14, prapañca and °cana used with iñjana, manyana); yasya ha prapañcitam hi no sat Ud xxix.61 (51), = Pali Ud. vii.7 yassa papañcā thiti ca n'atthi.

prapata (m.? cf. Skt. prapāta), fall: ulkinaḥ (see ulkin) prapate (on the fall of . . .) yuddhād (sc. apakramet, see prec. line) Mmk 198.25 (vs); cf. ulkāpāta 200.13. See also aprapata.

[prapati, assumed by Senart, = durgati, evil fate; but prapatisu (or °tīṣu) is a 3 pl. aor. to prapatati: kā-manidānam (mss. kāmam-ni°, keep?) prapatiṣu (v.l. °tīṣu) durgatīṣu (... narā) Mv ii.326.10 (vs), on account of desire, men have fallen into evil states; durgatīṣu prapatīṣu (mss. °tīṣu) paśukāle (read °kāye? Senart em. pāmsukūle) 333.15, (people) have fallen into evil states, into the body of a beast.]

prapatnī, f., chief consort: Mahendrako...rājño Kuśasya...dhītāṃ Sudarśanāṃ °nīṃ prayacchati Mv ii.442.3.

praparīkṣate, examines intently: °kṣamāṇa (pres. pple.) na patanti vidū praśānti Gv 473.23 (vs).

prapalāna, once perh. °līna (cf. Pischel 567; see palāna), fleeing, in flight: LV 317.5 (prose; in prec. line prapalāyānah, cf. Whitney 584b, 1043f); LV 319.14 (vs; no v.l., metr. guaranteed); Mv i.71.2 (vs: most mss. °līna, § 34.19); ii.213.6 (prose); 216.1.

prapācayati (cf. Skt. prapacati. cooks, and Pali papaccati, pass., is cooked, ripened; caus. not recorded), matures, brings to full development: ger. prapācayitvā (sc. sattvān) Gv 411.20 (vs).

prapāṭikā (cf. Pali papaṭikā, splinter, shoot, sprout), (1) shoot, creeper: so acc. to Mironov, and pw 7 App. (Minayev), for Kyoto ed. Mvy 433 latikā (so Index, text misprinted laṭikā), Tib. khri śin, creeper; (2) in ayas-pra° Mvy 7014 (Mironov °ṭikā, v.l. prapaṭika) = Tib. leags kyi (of iron) tsha tsha, prob. lit. shoot of iron, acc. to Jap. sparks cast off from red-hot iron; Chin. seems to support this.

prapāṇḍara, adj. (Skt. °dura id.), very white: SP 75.8.

prapāta, m., fig. fall from grace, or perhaps pitfall or (fig.) precipice, danger-spot (for bodhisattvas): catvāra ime ... °tāḥ RP 17.3 ff., listed, (1) agauravatā, (2) akrtajñatāśāṭhyasevanatā, etc.

prapīdana, massaging, rubbing down: (adhvapariśrāntānām...) aṅga-prapīdanena śramaklamaduḥkham prativinodayati Bbh 145.19. (No such use of any deriv. of pīd- has been noted.)

prapuspaka, nt. (= Pali papupphaka, only in Dhp. 46, same vs as Ud xviii.18), flower-tipped (arrows), of Māra: Ud xviii.18 prapuspa- fragmentarily recorded in oldest ms., as in Pali papupphakāni; a later ms. changes to: tu (pu)spa(kā)ni (sol).

prapūra, adj. (see also sam-pra°), full: °ra-vākyam Mv ii.395.4, (of) full (rich?) voice; acc. to Senart also ii.331.4, see samprapūra.

praprīṇayatī, makes delightful: madhuramadhuram dharmam deśayati kṣaudram iva madhuram °yati Divy 551.27.

praphullana (nt.; n. act. to *pra-phullati, cf. Pkt. pres. pple. papphullanta, and next two items), blooming (of trees): sarvavṛkṣa-°na- Gv 313.13.

praphullita, ppp. (= Pkt. papphullia; cf. prec.), in bloom, burst forth (of a flower, and fig., of a person): ctas tvam...padmam iva...LV 332.5.

praphullin, adj. (cf. prec. two), blooming, fig. of members of the body: "llibhir angapratyangair Suv 102.2. prabandha, m. (Skt., continuation, continuity), in Lank 37.10 ff., 38.5 ff., 39.3, seems to be nearly a synonym