resentment. ⁵ Deep or intense enmity, enmity which goes far in its consequences; e. g. शिशुपालो ऽनुश्चं परं गत: (comm.: परमनुश्यं केवलं न सप्तयः किं तु इन्तयक्षिति दीर्घ-देषं गतः). ⁶ A certain country or place (? the meaning thus rendered in a comm. is देश्विश्ष).

II. f. (-यो) (In Medicine.) ¹A disease of the feet, a small abscess on the upper part, 'deep, causing little pain, and of the natural colour as the limb'. ²(According to another) An abscess on the head (मसकोपरि) of the same symptoms as described before. E. श्री with अन, krit aff. अच; the femin. in है would be an anomaly accord. to this etym.

अनुभ्यवत m. f. n. (-वान -वती -वत) 1 (In the Vedánta phil.)
Having or being fraught with the अनुभ्य (q. v. 2.); viz. the
soul ('क्रतात्वये ६ नुभ्यवान्दृष्टसृतिभ्यां यथेतमनेवं च'). ² Repenting, regretting. ³ Feeling hatred. ⁴ Feeling deep animosity. E. अनुभ्य, taddh. aff. मतुष्.

अनुश्रयान Tatpur. 1. m. f. n. (-न:-ना-नम्) Repenting, regretting.

2. f. (-ना) One of the female characters described in the rhetorical literature; 'a mistress who is overcome with sadness because she apprehends the loss of her lover, either on account of the breaking up of their actual meeting place, or for fear of not having one in future, or from the conclusion she has arrived at that her husband might find her in a place which is not that of his family'.

[3. n. (-नम्) This word occurs in a Páli inscription where it would appear to mean 'repentance' or 'confession'.]
E. भी with अन, krit aff. भानच.

अनुश्चितव्य Tatpur. m. f. n. (-व्य:-व्या-व्यम) To be repented or regretted. E. श्री with अनु, kritya aff. तव्य.

त्रज्ञायन m. f. n. (-यी-यिनी-य) ¹ Connected with as with a consequence; e. g. सुखानुश्यी रागः। दुःखानुश्यी देषः। ² (In the Vedánta phil.) The same as त्रनुश्यवतः; e.g. तच संग्र्यः। किमस्मित्तवधी स्थावरजात्यापनाः स्थावरसुखदुःखभाजो उनुश्यिनो भवन्ति। त्राहोस्तित्वेचज्ञान्तराधिष्ठतेषु स्थावरश्रितेषु संक्षेषमाचं गच्छनीति। ³Devotedly attached to, faithful. ⁴Repentant, penitent. E. त्रनुश्य, taddh. aff. इनि. त्रनुश्र्र Tatpur. m. (-रः) A Rákshasa, a sort of demon. E. मु with त्रनु, krit aff. त्रच्

अनुभस्त Tatpur. n. (-स्त्रम्) (In Medicine.) A subsidiary instrument or surgical means in general, used either in want of the proper instrument or when the patient is afraid of the latter; as such are named: bambu (स्वत्सार), crystal, glass (काच), ruby (कृष्विन्द्), leeches, fire, alkali (चार), the finger nail, and several plants (गोजी, भेपालिका, भाक्तपत्र, करीर, बालाङ्गलि). E. अनु and भस्त.

अनुभाय [This word occurs as a meaning of the particle न, in the Calc. ed. of Hem. n. 7. 11, but is a bad reading for अनुभ्य.] अनुभायिन Tatpur. m.f. n. (-यी-यिनी-यि) Adhering, closely connected with. E. भ्री with अन, krit aff. शिनि.

अनुशासक Tatpur. m.f.n. (-सक:-सिका-सकम) Ruling, governing, directing. E. शास with अनु, krit aff. एव्स-

अनुशासत् Tatpur. m. f. n. (-न-ती-त) Ruling, teaching &c., see शास. E. शास with अनु, krit aff. शृत.

अनुशासन Tatpur. n. (-नम्) Instruction, order, precept; e. g. तत्मनोरनुशासनम् or भवादृशेषु प्रमदाजनोदितं भवत्थ-

धिवेप द्वानुशासनम्; the 13th book of the Mahabh. is called the book of precepts 'अनुशासनपर्वन'. ² Explanation, comment, explanatory treatise; e. g. योगानुशासन which is thus explained: युक्तियोगः समाधानम्। अनुशिष्यते व्याखायते लच्चाभिदोपायपानैयेन तदनुशासनम्। E. शास् with अनु, krit aff. खुट्ट.

अनुशासनीय Tatpur. m. f. n. (-य: -या-यम्) To be instructed, directed, ruled. E. शास with अनु, kritya aff. अनीयर.

अनुशासित Tatpur. m.f.n. (-त:-ता-तम्) Instructed, directed, governed. E. शास in the caus., with अनु, krit aff. ता.

अनुशासितृ Tatpur. m. f. n. (-ता-ची -तृ) Instructing, ruling, governing, commanding, directing. e. शास with अनु, krit aff. तृच् . अनुशासिन Tatpur. m. f. n. (-सी-सिनी-सि) Punishing. e.

शास with अनु, krit aff. शिनि.

अनुशास्त्र Tatpur. m. f. n. (-स्व:-स्वा-स्वम्) To be instructed, directed, ruled. E. शास with अनु, kritya aff. यत.

त्रनिश्चिन् Tatpur. m. f. n. (-ची-चिणी-चि) Learning, practising. E. शिच् with त्रन, krit aff. णिनि.

अनुशिख Tatpur. (?) The name of a serpent which according to a legend in the Panchavinsa-Brahmana officiated as Potripriest in a sacrifice performed to conquer Death. E. अनु and शिख, the name of another serpent-priest.

अनुभिवम Avyayibh. After Siva. E. अनु and भिव.

अनुश्चित्र Bahuvr. f. (-गु:) Followed by her young (as a mare &c.). E. अनु and शिगु.

अनुशिष्ट Tatpur. m. f. n. (-ष्ट:-ष्टा-ष्टम) ¹ Taught, ordered, laid down as a rule; e. g. यद्यपि छन्दःशस्त्रे सानुसार्ख गुरुत्वमनुशिष्टं &c. ² Ruled, governed. ³ (In Law.) Adjudged, decided, settled, so that the penalty or the punishment may be inflicted; (a lawsuit is तीरित when the cause is properly decided according to evidence but the penalty not yet fixed, and अनुशिष्ट when it is brought up to the point of punishment, the only bar to the carrying out of the sentence then being the appeal). E. शास with अन, krit aff. ते.

अनुभिष्टि Tatpur. f. (-ष्टि:) Instruction, order, command. E. शास with अनु, kit aff. किन्.

अनुश्लिन Tatpur. n. (-नम्) ¹ Constant study of a Sastra. ² Repeated and devoted service. E. ज्रन् and श्लिन.

अनुश्लोक Tatpur. m. (-का:) Sorrow, repentance, regret. E. युच with अनु, krit aff. घञ.

अनुशीचक Tatpur. m. f. n. (-चक:-चिका-चकम) ¹ Grieving, one who repents. ² Occasioning repentance. E. युच् with खन्न (2 in the caus.), krit aff. खन्न

त्रनुश्रीचन Tatpur. n. (-नम्) Sorrow, repentance. E. मुच् with ऋन्, krit aff. खुट्ट.

अनुशोचित Tatpur. m. f. n. (-त:-ता-तम) Regretted, repented of. E. शुच् with अनु, krit aff. क्त.

अनुश्रोभिन Tatpur. m. f. n. (-भी-भिनी-भि) Splendid, shining. E. शुभ with अनु, krit aff. शिनि.

अनुश्रव Tatpur. m. (-व:) Sacred tradition, such as is contained in the Veda, Agamas &c. E. श्रू with अन, krit aff. अप.

अनुश्रुत Tatpur. m.f.n. (-त:-ता-तम) Handed down by sacred tradition (comp. the preceding). E. श्रु with अनु, krit aff. क्र. अनुषक् ind. (see निपात) ¹ In due order, in succession; e. g. अनुषक्मविश्तीति वन्धृता. ² Consequently. E. सञ्जू with अनु,

krit aff. क्तिप्. Compare आनुषक्