মলা ind. (ved.) Certainly, indeed. (A commentator of the Amarakosha considers this particle as a synonyme of the negative ল; his opinion rests, however, only on an artificial interpretation of the word স্থলাবৃষ্টি (q. v.) and is refuted by others who explain it as derived, not from স্থলা and বৃষ্টি, but from স্থা neg. and সাবৃষ্টি.) E. unknown; probably an obsolete third case of the pronominal theme স্থা (q. v.).

त्रनाकार Bahuvr. m. f. n. (-र:-रा-रम्) Shapeless, without form. E. म्र priv. and भाकार.

त्रनाकारित Tatpur. m. f. n. (-त:-ता-तम्) Not demanded, not exacted. E. म्र neg. and म्राकारित.

স্থাকাল Tatpur. m. (-ল:) ¹ Unfit or improper time. ² Hard time, as famine &c. See the following word. E. স্থ neg. and স্থাকাল.

अनाकालभृत Tatpur. m. (-त:) (In law.) One of the fifteen kinds of slaves (see दास): a man who has become a slave voluntarily, for the sake of sustenance at a season of famine. (The less correct reading of this word is अञ्चाकाल-भृत.) E. अनाकाल and भृत, scil. दास.

अनाकाश I. Tatpur. m. n. (-ग्र:-ग्रम) No-æther, any thing different from æther or atmosphere. E. ज neg. and आकाश.
II. Bahuvr. m. f. n. (-ग्र:-ग्रा-ग्रम) Having no æther, destitute of the properties of æther. E. ज priv. and आकाश.

अगाकुल Tatpur. m. f. n. (-ज:-ला-लम्) ¹ Unperplexed, collected, composed. ² Not contradicting one's self, consistent with one's self. E. ऋ neg. and ऋ।क्ल.

अनाञ्चत Tatpur. m. f. n. (-त:-ता-तम्) Unchecked, unrestrained; (according to the explanation of a vaidik commentator). E. म्र neg. and आञ्चत.

अनाकान्त Tatpur. I. m. f. n. (-न्त:-न्ता-न्तम्) The reverse of आक्रान्त q. v.

II. f. (-न्ता) A sort of prickly nightshade (Solanum jacquini Wild.). See अपिद्मनी and काएकारिका. E. अ neg. and आक्रान्त.

श्रनाग I. Bahuvr. m. (-ग:) (ved.) Without fault or sin. E. an abbreviated form of श्रनागस.

II. Tatpur. (?) f. (-गा) The name of a river; (the reading of this word, however, is doubtful). E. uncertain.

अनागत Tatpur. I. m. f. n. (-त:-ता-तम) ¹ Not arrived, not approached. ² Not acquired, not learnt, not obtained. ³ Unknown, undistinguished. ⁴ Not yet come, future.

II. n. (-तम्) The future time. E. স্প neg. and স্পাगत.

अनागतवत् m.f.n. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Full with future events, much engaged with what will come (as thoughts &c.). E. अनागत, taddh. aff. मत्प.

त्रनागतविधातृ Tatpur. m. (-ता) One who makes his dispositions for the future, forecasting, cautious. E. त्रनागत and विधात.

अनागताबाध Karmadh. m. (-ध:) Future pain or illness. E. अनागत and आबाध.

अनागतातेवा Bahuvr. f. (-वा) A young girl, one not arrived at puberty; according to a commentary, a girl eight years old (the same as गौरी q. v.). E. अनागत and आर्तव.

अनागतिच्या Tatpur. n. (- स्म) Looking or referring to what is to come or follows (e.g. in a book &c.). E. अनागत and अवेच्या.

अनागम I. Tatpur. m. (-म:) 1 Non-arrival. 2 Non-acquisition. E. म्र neg. and म्रागम.

II. Bahuvr. m. f. n. (-म:-मा-मम) ¹ Not arrived, not present. ² (In law.) Without legal acquisition, without title deeds, from time immemorial (used of estates, privileges &c.). See also निरागम. E. अ priv. and आगम.

ञ्चनागमोपभोग Karmadh. m. (-गः) The use or enjoyment of estates &c. without legal acquisition, without title deeds, from time immemorial. See also निरागमोपभोग. E. ञ्चनागम and उपभोग.

त्रनागस्य Tatpur. m. f. n. (-स्य:-स्या-स्यम्) ¹ Unapproachable, inaccessible. ² Unobtainable. E. ञ्च neg. and ञ्चागस्य.

अनागस् Bahuvr. m. f. n. (-गा:-गा:-ग:) ¹ Free from fault or sin, pious, virtuous. ² Removing fault or sin, conferring happiness. E. अ priv. and आगस्. Comp. अनाग.

श्रनागामिन Tatpur. I. m. f. n. (-मी-मिनी-मि) 1 Not arriving, not coming. 2 Not future.

II. m. (-मी) The third of the four orders of the Buddhists, generally termed Áryás; (see besides श्रोतश्रापन, सक्टरागामिन and श्रह्त): literally, one who does not return, but it means one who has only to pass through forty thousand kalpas and then is freed from transmigration. E. श्रा neg. and श्रागामिन.

अनागामुक Tatpur. m. f. n. (-क:-का-कम्) Not arriving or coming frequently, not disposed to come habitually. E. अ neg. and आगामुक.

त्रनागास्त n. (-लम्) (ved.) Exemption from fault or sin. sinlessness. E. त्रनागस, taddh. aff. त्व.

त्रनाचर्ण Tatpur. n. (-ण्रम्) Improper or immoral conduct. E. स्न neg. and स्नाचर्ण.

श्रनाचार I. Tatpur. m. (-र:) Impropriety, misconduct, violation of moral or civil laws.

II. Bahuvr. m. f. n. (-र:-रा-रम) Ill behaved, indecent. immoral.

अनाचारिन Tatpur. m. f. n. (-री-रिशी-रि) Ill behaved, indecent, immoral. E. श्र neg. and श्राचारिन.

अनाचार्यभोगीन Tatpur. m. f. n. (-न:-ना-नम्) Not fit to be eaten or enjoyed by a spiritual teacher. E. स्न neg. and स्नाचार्यभोगीन

अनाज्ञप्त Tatpur. m. f. n. (-प्र:-प्रा-प्रम्) Not ordered, not commanded. E. ऋ neg. and ऋाज्ञप्त.

अनाम्ममकारिन् Tatpur. m. f. n. (-री-रिशी-रि) Doing what is not ordered, acting without order. E. अनाम्म and कारिन्.

अनाज्ञात Tatpur. m. f. n. (-त:-ता-तम्) Not known, unheard of. (This word may form, as a term of praise, the first part of Karmadh. compounds e. g. अनाज्ञाताध्यापकः) E. अ neg. and आजात.

স্থলাভ্র Tatpur. m.f.n. (-ভ্র:-ভ্রা-ভ্রান্ম) Not rich, poor. E. স্থ neg. and স্থাভ্র.

त्रनाह्मसविषा Tatpur. m. f. n. (-ष्णु:-ष्णु:-ष्णु) Not becoming rich or wealthy. E. स्र neg. and साह्मसविष्ण.

স্থানন Tatpur. m. f. n. (-त:-ता-तम्) Not strung (as a bow). (According to a vaidik commentary also: not placed on a bow, as an arrow; this latter meaning, however, seems doubtful.) E. স্থ neg. and স্থানন.