not, who, while her husband is alive, goes to another from lust, or a woman who leaves her infant husband for another man and later returns to the house of her husband; or a woman who after the death of her husband slights her brother-in-law and the other relations (she may approach) and goes from lust to another man, or lastly, a woman who has come from the country and, purchased with money, under the pressure of hunger and thirst gives herself up to another man. E. **3.22** and **42**; scil. **3.23**

ग्रन्थभाव I. Tatpur. m. (-व:) The condition &c. of another; e.g. ग्रन्थभाववावृत्तेश्व (comm.: ग्रन्थस्य भावो ८ न्थभावः। ग्रन्थभावाद्वावृत्तिः &c.).

II. Karmadh. m. (-व:) Another condition &c. (see the meanings of भाव).

III. Bahuvr. m.f.n. (-व:-वा-वम्) ¹Having another condition. See आन्यभावः ²Having affection or love for another; e. g. अनन्यभावे निजधर्मभाविते मनस्यवस्थाप्य भजस्व पूर्षम् (comm. नान्यसिन्भावो यस तस्मिन्). E. अन्य and भाव.

अन्यभृत Tatpur. f. (-त) A crow (lit. nourishing another, viz. the Kokila, the crow being supposed to hatch the eggs of the cuckoo. Comp. अन्यपृष्ट, अन्यभृत, अन्यवाप. The gender of this word is not defined in Hemachandra where it occurs; but it can scarcely be the masc.). E. अन्य and भत.

अन्यभृत Tatpur. m. (-त:) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. See अन्यपृष्ट and the preceding. E. अन्य and भत.

श्रन्थमनस् Bahuvr. m.f. n. (-ना:-ना:-न:) ¹ Ōtherwise-minded, fickle-minded, versatile. ² Absent (mentally), inattentive, distracted. E. श्रन्थ and मनस्.

अन्यमनस्त Bahuvr. m. f. n. (-स्त:-स्ता-स्तम) The same as अन्यमनस् E. अन्य and मनस्, samás. aff. कप्.

अन्यमातृज Tatpur. m. (-ज:) A son born of another mother; the same as सापत, भिन्नोदर, अन्योदर्थ. E. अन्य-मातृ and ज.

अन्यमानस Bahuvr. m.f.n. (-स:-सा-सम्) The same as अन्य-मन्स्. E. अन्य and मानस.

अन्ययोग Tatpur. m. (-ग:) The junction or union with another or something else; e. g. अन्ययोगे ६ पि तत्सिज्ञिनाञ्चस्थेनायो-दाइवत् (in the junction of the Soul with the other, i. e. with the Prakfiti &c.). E. अन्य and योग.

अन्यराग Tatpur. m. (-ग:) ¹ Passion &c. (see the meanings of राग) of another. ² Passion (&c.) for another (not: another passion &c., see अन्यद्वाग). E. अन्य and राग.

अन्यराजन् Bahuvr. m. f. n. (-जा-जा-ज) Having some one for a master, subject to another. Comp. स्वराज् E. अन्य and राजन्.

अन्यराष्ट्रीय m.f.n. (-य:-या-यम) Belonging to another kingdom. E. अन्य-राष्ट्र, taddh. aff. क्.

श्रन्थरूप I. Karmadh. n. (-पम्) Another shape.

II. Bahuvr. m. f.n. (-प:-पा-पम्) Having another shape. E. ग्रन्य and रूप.

श्रन्यरूपिन् m. f. n. (-पी-पिगी-पि) Having another shape. E. श्रन्यरूप, taddh. aff. इनि.

अन्यहिं ind. Another time; the same as अन्यद्ा. E. अन्य, taddh. aff. हिंच् (This word is probably an irregular compound of अन्य and an obsolete locative of अहन, another form of which is अहर्, the latter having passed into the state of an affix हिं.)

श्रन्यलचणोपपत्ति Tatpur. f. (-त्ति:) The taking place (of some-

thing) in consequence of the symptom i. e. the existence (of something else) being found somewhere else; in a Nyaya Sutra, where the possibility of non-existence is argued from the circumstance that the existence of the counter-entity might be elsewhere: असत्यर्थ नाभाव इति चेन्नान्यज्ञणापपत्तः 'if (you say that there is) no non-existence since the thing is not, it is not so, for (non-existence) might be, since (the counter-entity) might exist elsewhere'. E. अन्य (in the sense of a locative) - ज्याण (of an instrum.) and उपपत्ति.

त्रम्यलिखित Karmadh. n. (-तम्) Another deed, another written document; e. g. किन्नभिन्नक्रत्तोन्गृष्टनष्टदुर्लिखितेषु च। कर्तव्यमन्यलिखितं ह्येष लेख्यविधिः स्नृतः॥. E. ग्रन्य and लिखितः

স্বন্থ জিল্প Bahuvr. m. f. n. (-জ্ব:-জ্বা-জ্বন্ধ) Used in either of the three genders (as an adjective; lit. having the gender of the other word to which it refers); the same as বাহাজিজ্ব. E. স্বন্ধ and জিজ্ব.

श्रन्य लिङ्गक Bahuvr. m. f. n. (-क:-का-कम्) The same as the preceding; e. g. স্বাদন্ত: पुंसि काले च वामे खादन्य लिङ्गकः. E. স্বন্य and लिङ्ग, samás. aff. काप्.

अन्यलोह Karmadh. (?) m.n. (?) (-ह:-हम्) Bell metal (according to a medical dictionary). E. अन्य and लोह.

श्रन्यवर्ण I. Karmadh m. (-र्ण:) 'Another colour &c. (see the meanings of वर्ण); e. g. (in Arithmetic) another symbol, राग्निं तेन समुत्थाय कुर्याद्भयो ६ परां क्रियाम् । सक्ष्पेणान्य-वर्णन कला पूर्वपदं समम् ॥

II. Bahuvr. m.f.n. (-र्गा:-र्गा-र्गम्) Having another colour &c. E. ग्रन्थ and वर्गा.

अन्यवादिल n. (-लम्) ¹ Speaking differently, e. g. speaking one thing and doing another, as: जैह्रम्यं कौटिल्यम्। अन्या-भिसंधानेनान्यवादिलमन्यकर्तृत्वम्. ²(In Law.) Stating a cause or complaint in a different manner than originally. Comp. अन्यथावादिल. E. अन्यवादिन, taddh. aff. त्व.

म्रन्थवादिन Tatpur. 1. m. f. n. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Speaking differently (e.g. speaking one thing and doing another); comp. the preceding.

2. m. (-दी) (In Law.) A plaintiff who states his cause or complaint in a different manner than he did originally. Comp. ग्रन्थथावादिन. E. ग्रन्थ and वादिन.

त्रन्य Tatpur. m. (-प:) (ved.) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo (lit.: who sows for others, i. e. who gets eggs which are hatched by the crow; comp. त्रुन्यभृत् &c. E. त्रुन्य and वाप.

अन्यविक्रीत Tatpur. m. f. n. (-त:-ता-तम्) Sold by another (applied to property which has been sold without ownership; comp. अस्वामिविक्रीत). E. अन्य and विक्रीत

अन्यवीजज Tatpur. m. (-ज:) Liter. born from another's seed, i. e. a boy who may be adopted as a son in want of a legitimate son (see ग्रीर्स) and become heir to the property, but who remains nevertheless the son of his real father; such substituted sons are the following eleven, each succeeding being inferior in degree to each preceding (according to the order assigned to them by Manu): the चित्रज, दिनम (or दत्तक), क्वानिम, गूढोत्पन्न (or गूढज), ग्रापविज, कानीन, सहोड (or सहोडज), न्नीतक (or न्नीत), पौनर्भव, ख्यंद्त्त and पार्श्व qq. vv. See also ग्रन्थवीजोत्पन्न, ग्रन्थवीजसमुद्भव, ग्रन्थशाखोज्ञव, द्यामु-ष्यायण and पुत्रप्रतिच्छन्दक, पुत्रप्रतिनिधिः ह. ग्रन्थ-वीज and ज.