अजाजि Tatpur, f. (-जि:). See the following. E. अजा and ग्राजि or ग्रजि

अजाजी Tatpur. f. (-जी) Cumin seed (Cuminum cyminum). E. The preceding, fem. aff. डीष्

ग्रजाजीव Bahuvr. m. (-व:) A goatherd; also ग्रजजीविक, ग्रजा-जीविन &c. E. ग्रज and ग्राजीव

यजात Tatpur. m. f. n. (-त:-ता-तम्) Unborn, unproduced, not yet born, not yet produced. E. म्र neg. and जात-

अजातककृद Bahuvr. m. (-त्) A young Indian bull, the hump of which has not yet grown. E. अजात and ककुद, the अ of the latter being dropped.

भुजातव्यवहार Bahuvr. m. (-रः) A lad under his fifteenth year, a minor (in law). E. अजात and व्यवहार.

स्रजातग्रनु Bahuvr. I. m.f.n. (-नु:-नु: -नु) 1 Having no enemies existent. 2 Having no one existent who is worth being called an enemy.

II. m. (-3:) A proper name or a synonyme of 1 Siva, <sup>2</sup> Yudhishthira, <sup>3</sup> A king of Kasi, <sup>4</sup> A son of Samika, <sup>5</sup> A son of Vidmisara, or according to others, 6 A son of Bimbisára and contemporary of Śákyamuni. E. स्रजात and भ्रतु. अजातानुश्य Bahuvr. m.f.n. (-य:-या-यम्) Having no regret.

E. अजात and अनुश्यः

अजातारि Bahuvr. m. (-रि:) A name of Yudhishthira. E. अजात and अरि. See अजातश्चु of which it is a synonyme.

अजाल n. (-लम्). See अजल E. अजा, taddh. aff. ल. स्वाद Tatpur. m. (-द:) The ancestor of a warrior tribe,

called the आजादा: E. ग्रज and ग्रद. म्रजादनी Tatpur. f. (-नी) A small species of prickly night-

shade. E. ग्रज and ग्रदन. म्रजानि Bahuvr. m. (-नि:) Having no wife. E. ग्र priv. and

ग्रजानिक Bahavr. m. (-कः). See the preceding. E. ग्रजानि, samásánta aff. नप.

म्रजानेय I. m. (-य:) A horse of a good breed. See म्राजानेयः II. m. f. n. (-य:-या-यम्) Fearless, undaunted. E. See त्राजानेय, the initial being made short.

म्रजान्ती Tatpur. f. (-न्त्री) A potherb (Convolvulus argenteus). See इंगलान्ती. E. अर्ज and अन्त

শ्रजापालक Tatpur. m. (-कः) A goatherd. E. ग्रजा and पालक Also used in the three genders m. f. n. (-क:-का-कम्).

अज्ञामि Tatpur. m. f. n. (-मि:-मि:-मि) Not of kin, not related, not friendly. (In the Vedas.) E. आ neg. and आमि.

अजामिता f. (-ता) The not being of kin, related &c. (In the Vedas.) E. The preceding, taddh. aff. तज्

अजायमान Tatpur. m. f. n. (-न:-ना-नम्) Not born. E. अ neg. and जायमान.

শ्रजाविक Dwandwa n. (-कम्) Goats and sheep. E. ग्रज and त्रविक, the sing. used instead of the plural.

स्जास I. Dwandwa n. (-श्वम्) Goats and horses (the sing. ased instead of the plur.).

II. Bahuvr. m. (-ম্ব:) Having goats as his vehicle, a vaidik epithet of Pushan. See ग्रज. E. ग्रज and ग्रन्थ.

স্থাজি f. (-জি) A road. See also স্মাজি. E. স্পৃত্, un. aff. इ. म्रजिका f. (-का) A young she-goat. E. See म्रजिका

अजित Tatpur. I. m. f.n. (-त:-ता-तम्) 1 Unconquered. 2 Unexcelled, unsurpassed.

II. m. (-तः) ¹ The proper name of several gods and persons, viz. a. Vishnu. b. Siva. c. One of the seven Rishis who preside during the reign of the fourteenth Manu. d. A name of Maitreya or a future Buddha. e. The second of the Arhats or Jaina saints of the present Avasarpini, a descendant of Ikshváku and a son of Jitasatru by Vijayá. f. The attendant of Suvidhi or the ninth Jaina Arhat of the present Avasarpińi. <sup>2</sup> The name of a powerful antidote. 3 A kind of poisonous rat.

III. m. pl. (-ता:) A particular class of gods in the reign of the first Manu, the same as the जया: in a former life. E. And Gan.

अजितवला Bahuvr. f. (-ला) The name of one of the Sasanadevatás, a class of divinities particular to the Jainas, who are supposed to carry out the commands of the Arhats. E. ग्रजित and बल

श्रजितविक्रम Bahuvr. m. (-स:) A surname of Chandragupta the second. E. ञ्रजित and विक्रम 'of invincible strength'.

अजितात्मन् Bahuvr. m. f. n. (-त्मा-त्मा One who has not subdued his mind, who has not command over himself. E. ग्रजित and त्रातान.

अजितापीड Bahuvr. m. (-दु:) The name of a prince. E. ग्र-जित and आपीडः

ग्रजितेन्द्रिय Bahuvr. m. f. n. (-य:-या-यम्) One who has not subdued his senses or worldly desires. E. अजित and इन्द्रिय

अजिन I. n. (-नम्) The hide of a tiger, lion &c., but more especially of the antilope or the black species of it (see শ्रजिनयोगि and क्रष्णाजिन) and particularly appropriated to the religious student as a garment, seat, bed &c.

II. m. (-नः) The name of a descendant of Pfithu, the son of Havirdhána by Dhishaná. E. स्रज्, un. aff. र्नच्; but it would seem that I. is derived from आज, with taddh. aff. द्नच्

अजिनपत्त Bahuvr. f. (-त्ना or -त्नी) A bat. E. अजिन and पत्त. म्रजिनपत्तिका Bahuvr. f. (-का) The same as the former. E. The former, samásánta aff. नप्.

শ्रजिनफला Bahuvr. f. (-ला) The name of a plant. E. श्रजिन and फल.

ग्रजिनयोनि Bahuvr. m. (-नि:) A deer or antilope. E. ग्रजिन and योन 'where the hide comes from'.

ग्रजिनवासिन् Tatpur. m. f. n. (-सी-सिनी-सि) Being clad in an antilope hide. E. श्रजिन and वासिन्

श्रजिनसन्ध Tatpur. m. (-न्ध:) One who joins together hides, a kind of furrier. E. ग्रजिन and सन्ध.

ग्रजिर् I. m. f. n. (-र:-रा-रम्) Quick, fast. (ग्रजिरम् is also used adverbially.)

II. m. (-T:) The proper name of a priest who officiated at a sacrifice performed in order to destroy the serpents.

III. f. (-रा) 1 A river. 2 A name of Durgá.

IV. n. (-रम) 1 A court or yard. 2 Air, wind. 3 The body. 4 A frog. 5 An object of sense. E. माज, un. aff.

म्रजिरवती f. (-ती) The name of a river on which Śrávasti was situated. E. त्रजिर, taddh. aff. मतुप्.

ग्रजिरशोचिस् Bahuvr. m. (-चि:) Having a quick light, glittering, a vaidik epithet of Agni and Soma. E. ग्रजिर and भोविस.