kṛtin (EI 7-1-2, 'twentytwo'; cf. kṛti, 'twenty'.
kṛt-opasanna (EI 30), an expression of doubtful import;

epithet of a house.

kṛttidāra (IA 15), an ornament.

krūra-dris (EI 12), designation of Mars and Saturn.

kṣānti (CII 1), forgiveness.

kṣapeśvara (IE 7-1-2), 'one'.

kṣāra (IE 7-1-2), 'five'.

kṣata (EI 23), engraved; cf. utkīrṇa, udghāṭita, etc.

Cf. Prakrit chata (EI 7), 'written' (Select Inscriptions, p. 202).

Kṣatrapa (IE 8-2, 8-3; ML; HD), feudatory title of foreign origin; Old Persian Khshathrapāvan, 'a provincial governor'; a Satrap. See CII, Vol. II, pp. xxxiv, 23, 28; Vogel, Ant. Ch. St., p. 166. See Mahākṣatrapa.

Kṣattṛ (HD), a chamberlain. See Hist. Dharm., Vol. III, p. 111. According to Manu (X. 16) and Yājñavalkya (I. 94), the offspring of a Kṣatriya woman from a Śūdra male was called Kṣattṛ. This apparently refers to a tribe or community.

kṣauṇī (IE 7-1-2), 'one'.

Kṣemarāja (LL), title of a pious king.

kṣetra (EI 24), a department or committee.

(SII 1), a sacred place. Cf. Varāha-kṣetra.

Kșetrakara (EI 12, 15), a cultivator.

Kṣetrapa (IE 8-3; HD), same as Kṣetrapāla; supreintendent of the king's Khās Mahāl. See Ind. Ant., Vol. XV, p. 306.

Kṣetrapāla (IE 8-3; EI 17; HD), same as Kṣetrapa. Cf. Ep. Ind., Vol. XVII, p. 321.

kṣetra-sīman (SII 1), explained as 'a hamlet'.

kṣīra, cf. a-puṣpa-kṣīra-grahaṇ̄ya (IE 8-5); milk which the villagers (probably, the milkmen) were obliged to supply to the king or landlord on occasions and to the touring officials.

kṣiti (IE 7-1-2), 'one'.

kṣiti-dāna (EI 23), same as bhūmi-dāna; name of a gift. kṣmā (I 7-1-2; E 25), 'one'.

kṣobha, cf. a-lavaṇa-guḍa-kṣobha (IE 8-5; EI 1); obligation or trouble.

kṣoṇī (IE 7-1-2), 'one'.

kṣudra, cf. Prakrit cūla=culla 'small'; prefixed to the names of persons, localities, etc., in order to distinguish them from