of the scribal class on the local council of administrators; the clerk-member of the *Pañcāyat* board (see *Ep. Ind.*, Vol. XV, p. 130); the chief scribe, according to some (HD).

Prathama-kulika (IE 8-3; BL), literally, 'the chief artisan'; designation of a member of the artisan class represented on an administrative board like the Pañcāyat (Ep. Ind., Vol. XV, p.130).

Prathama-pustapāla (EI 15), wrongly regarded as occurr-

ing in some epigraphs; see Pustapāla.

prathama-skandha (LP), the first instalment. See skandha, skandhaka.

prathamataram, 'at first' (Select Inscriptions, p. 240).

prathama-tṛtīyā (EI 7), name of a tithi.

Prati (LP), abbreviation of Pratihārī.

prati, cf. śata-pratyā (LP), 'per hundred'.

pratibaddha (IA15), generally used in the sense of 'attached to' or 'belonging to' in respect of a village pertaining to a territorial unit; sometimes used in the sense of 'hailing from' or 'one whose family hails from' (cf. vinirgata generally used in the same sense).

pratibhāga (HRS), offerings of fruits, firewood, roots and the like payable by villagers to the king as indicated in the Manusmṛti.

Cf. pati-bhāga.

(CII1), one's lot.

prātibhedikā (IE 8-5; EI 9, 12), an obligation or impost of uncertain meaning; may be the same as trātivedhanka.

(Ep. Ind., Vol. VI, p. 298, text line 20), explained by some as 'a special right' (CII 4); but cf. vişţi-prātibhedikā (EI 14); supposed to be related to umbara-bheda (q.v.) and meaning a special levy on defaulters in the payment of taxes.

pratibhoga, prātibhoga (HRS), same as pratibhāga.

pratibodha (HA), teaching in the Jain doctrine; conversion to the Jain faith.

pratibodhita (Ind. Ant., Vol. XVI, p. 132, note 3), same as  $vij\tilde{n}apita$ .

pratibh $\bar{u}$  (EI 30), a security.

praticchanda, a model for artists (Journ. Or. Inst., Vol. X, No. 1, p. 12). See lepyakāra.

pratidis, cf. bhuñjato bhojayatah kṛṣatah karṣayatah pratidisato