

*Pāṭil*, see *Patel*, *Pāṭel*.

*Pātisāha*, also spelt *Pādisāha* (EI 30; BL); same as Persian *Pādshāh*; 'Muslim imperial ruler'. See *Pādishāh*.

*Pātisāhi* (BL); Indian modification of an imperial title of the Muslim rulers; same as Persian *Pādshāh*. See *Pātisāha*, etc.

*paṭita* (LP), uncultivated.

*pāṭita* (*Ep. Ind.*, Vol. XXXV, p. 14), 'killed in a battle'.

*paṭra* (CITD), a letter or document; a note; a written paper or deed.

(LP), a bond.

Cf. *tāmra-paṭra*.

*Pātra* (IE 8-3; EI 28, 29; BL), a minister; cf. *Mahāpurohita-ṭhakkura*, *Paṇḍita*, *Upādhyāya*, *Karaṇa-kāyastha*, etc., mentioned as *Pātra* probably meaning 'a courtier.' See *Ekapātra* and *Mahāpātra*.

*pātra*, probably, a document (*paṭra*). See *Ep. Ind.*, Vol. XXX, p. 169.

(EI 9), a donee.

Cf. *Pātrapati*.

*Pātrapati*, probably, the driver or owner of a horse-cart (*ṭaṅgā*). See *Ep. Ind.*, Vol. XXXIV, p. 145.

*paṭra-samaya* (LP), the conditions laid down in a bond.

*Paṭṭa*, abbreviation of *Paṭṭakila* (*A.R. Ep.*, 1958-59, No. B 296).

*paṭṭa* (IE 8-4; CII 3, 4), a territorial term meaning a group of villages; cf. *apara-paṭṭa* (EI 22) 'the western district'.

(EI 7, 9, 11; SII 1; BL), a school or spiritual line; a pontificate; a pontifical seat; the dignity of the head of a Jain school; cf. reference to a Jain religious teacher as belonging to the *paṭṭa* of another teacher and the *santāna* of a third teacher; cf., e. g., 'in the *paṭṭa* of Dharma-sūri'; also cf. '*paṭṭ-āvali* of the Kharatara *gaccha*'.

Cf. *rāja-paṭṭa*, *paṭṭa-bandha*, *paṭṭ-ābhiṣeka*, etc.

(EI 18), a piece of land.

(LL), a slab; cf. Prakrit *paṭa* (EI 20), a stone slab. Cf. *yoni-paṭṭa*; *Gauri-paṭṭa*.

(*Chamba*), also called *paṭha*; a grain measure, derived from Sanskrit *prastha*.

Same as *paṭṭaka* (q.v.); cf. *Paṭṭa-lekhin*, etc.

(ASLV), an account book.