udarcis (IE 7-1-2), 'three'.

udāsīna, cf. udāsīna-vāriyam (SITI), a committee which is neutral to both the parties; same as madhyastha or the arbitration committee.

udaya (EI 24), 'the produce [of a field]'.

Udaya-giri (IA 22), the mythical Sun-rise mountain.

udbali, cf. umbali (EI 13), umbalam, umbalikai, umbalika (SITI), rent-free gift of land; land granted rent-free for the performance of service; same as mānya. See udbalika.

udbalika (IE 8-5; CII 1), free from taxes; free from the obligation of paying bali probably meaning land tax payable in addition to the king's share of grains.

uddāman (EI 9), same as uddāma.

uddātavya, 'to be repaid' (Select Inscriptions, p. 239); 'to be handed over' (ibid., p. 246).

uddeśa (CII 4), a territorial division.

(EI 14), cf. s-oddeśa (IE 8-5); space above the ground; same as $\bar{u}rdhva$.

uddha (IA 19), explained as 'deserted'. Cf. uddha-grāma.

uddha-grāma (LP), the village of which the revenue is fixed in a lump sum.

uddha-khila- $bh\bar{u}mi$ (LP), table land which is uncultivated (khila). But cf. uddha- $gr\bar{a}ma$.

uddhāra (LP), borrowed on trust or credit; cf. udhār.

(IE 8-5), same as udranga; cf. Tamil uttāra.

 $uddh\bar{a}ra ext{-}proddh\bar{a}ra$ (LP), taking on credit ; cf. Marāṭhī $udh\bar{a}r ext{-}p\bar{a}dh\bar{a}r$.

uddhārya (LP), 'may be debited'; cf. Gujarātī udhāra-vum.

uddhārya-vyavahāra (LP), the business of lending money.
uddyotita (EI 13), literally, 'caused to shine'; actually 'with repairs effected.'

udgaņaka (LP), a revenue chart.

udgaṇaniya (LP), cf. Gujarātī gaṇī āpavum, 'the charge should be handed over.'

udghāṭita (Ep. Ind., Vol. XXXI, p. 20), same as utkīrna.

udgrāh, cf. udgrāhayiṣyāmi (LP), 'I shall get the revenue collected [from the country in this way]'; also udgrāhita (LP), 'taxed'; udgrāhyamāṇa (LP), cf. Gujarātī ughrāvayum.