See *JBRS*, Vol. XXXIX, Parts 1-2, pp. 43-44, 47; *Ep. Ind.*, Vol. XXXV, p. 192.

vedikā (LL), a rail; also, a raised platform (cf. vedi).

See Ep. Ind., Vol. XXXV, p. 192.

Věggadě (IE 8-3), same as Věrgadě, Pěggadě, Pěrgadě, Hěggadě, etc. (q.v.).

Velā-durga-pāla (SITI), a port officer.

Velai-kkārar (SITI), Tamil; trusted warriors even prepared to lay down their lives in the service of their master.

velākula, velākūla (IE 8-4; EI 31; LP), a harbour.

velākula-karaņa, cf. karaņa (LP); the harbour department. velāpura, cf. velāura (IA 10, 14), a harbour; same as velākūla.

Velāvitta (HD), meaning uncertain. See Rājatarangiņī, V. 226; VI. 73, 106, 126. Cf. Pīṭhikāvitta.

veli (IE 8-6; EI 25), Tamil; a big land measure. See $v\bar{a}lik\bar{a}$.

veli-cenu (CITD), Telugu; usually, a field on a high level depending on rain water.

veli-polamu (CITD), Telugu; see veli-volamu.

veli-volamu (CITD), Telugu; also called veli-polamu; similar to veli-cenu.

velli (EI 15), name of a coin.

venā (EI 31), a kind of grass.

veṇī (IA 17), a stream or river.

venkaţa-vilāsa-manţapa (ASLV), hall in which the royal council met at Vijayanagara.

věnthě (EI 16; ASLV), same as vişaya, nirvitti, kottam, etc.; an administrative division; also called věnthěya, vantya, větha, věta.

věnthěya (EI 16), a sub-division or district; same as věnthě. Věrgadě (IE 8-3), Kannada; same as Věggadě, Pěrgadě, Hěggadě, etc.; also Sanskrit Adhyakşa, Adhikārin (a superintendent or governor).

vesya (CII 4), explained as 'situated in...'. Cf. prāvesya. věta (IE 8-4), same as věnthě, etc.

Vețakila (IE 8-3); HD), probably 'the bearer of vițikā (betel bidā)'. See Vogel. Ant. Ch. St., p. 128. Cf. Vārgulika; also Pațțakila.

vetana, vetanā (SITI), wages (used along with vetti, i.e.