half his own self, became the muni V.).—§ 526 (do.): III, 275, 15889 (manih, father of Kumbhakarna, Ravana, Vibhishana, Khara, and Curpanakha); 278, 15930 (osah putrah, i.e. Ravana). - § 533 (Sita-Ravanasamv.): III, 281, 16179 (putrak . . . viprarehek zakahad Voso muneh, i.e. Ravana).- § 775 (Anuçasanik.) : XIII, 166a, 7638 (mahan

Viçrutātman, Viçuddhātman=Vishnu (1000 names). Viçundi, a serpent. § 564 (Mātalīyop.): V, 103γ, 3632.

Viçva¹, a prince. § 130 (Amçavat.): I, 67, 2672 (among the incarnations from the Krodhavaça gaņa).

Viçva! = Viçvakarman: V, 7259 (Prajapatyam Vokrtam Prasvavam).

Vicva ("omnipresent") = Civa: XIII, 909, 1011, 1260 (1000 names²).—Do.⁴ (do.) = makān ātmā: XII, 11229, 11602, 11604.—Do. (do.) = Vishnu (Kṛshṇa): I, 2432; VI, 2945; XII, 12863, 13140, 13741; XIII, 6950 (Vishnu's 1000 names).

Viçvā, daughter of Daksha and wife of Kaçyapa. § 87 (Amçavat.): I, 65, 2520.

Viçvabāhu 1 = Çiva (1000 names $^{1-2}$).—Do. 2 = Vishnu (1000

Viçvabhāvana = Vishņu (Kṛshṇa): II, 2293 (i.e. Kṛshṇa); XII, 12795.

Vievabhū = Vishņu (Krshņa): XII, 13876.

Viçvabhuj', name of one of the five Indras. § 238 (Pancendrop.): I, 197, 7804.

Viçvabhuj², name of a fire. § 490 (Angirasa): III, 219,

Vicvabhuj = Indra: VI, 776.

Vicvabhujʻ = Vishnu (Kṛshṇa): XII, 13488; XIII, 6975

(Vishņu's 1000 names), †7367.

Viçvācī, an Apsaras. § 135 (Çakuntalop.): I, 74, 3055 (among the six principal Apsarases).—§ 144 (Yayāti): I, 75, 3172 (Yayati sported with V.).- § 148 (do.): I, 85, 3508 (do.) .- § 191 (Arjuna): I, 123, 4821 (sang at the birth of Arjuna).- § 269 (Vaiçravanasabhav.): II, 10, 393 (in the palace of Kubera).—§ 775 (Anuçasanik.): XIII, 166 B. 7641.

Viçvadakshina = Vishnu (1000 names).

Viçvadamshtra, an Asura (?). § 6736 (Bali-Vāsavasamv.): XII, 227a, 8264 (among the ancient rulers of the earth).

Viçvadeva = Çiva: XIII, 985 (only B.), 1216 (1000 numes²), 1264 (do.).

Viçvadeva, pl. (°aḥ) = Viçve devāḥ (pl.): VII, 76, 2682 (only B.); XII, 198, 7191.

Viçvadro = Vishņu (1000 names).

Viçvagaçva 1-2, v. Vishvagaçva.

Viçvagupta = Vishnu: III, 10120.

Viçvajit¹, a fire. § 490 (Angirasa): III, 219, 14145. Viçvajit², an Asura (?). § 673b (Bali-Väsavasamv.): XII,

227a, 8265 (among the ancient rulers of the earth).

Viçvajit' = Krahna (Vishnu): VII, 1544; XIII, †7367.

Viçvakarmakrt = Çiva: VII, 9597.

Viçvakarmamati = Çiva (1000 names 2).

Viçvakarman ("who performs all works"), the celestial artificer, sometimes identified with Brahmán or Tvashtr. § 39 (Ramaniyaka) : I, 27, 1305 (dvipam . . . vihitam Vona). _\$ 116 (Vasu, pl.): I, 66, 2592 (çilpaprajāpatih . . . tridaçanañ ca vardhakih, son of Prabhasa and the sister of Brhaspati), 2594.- § 216 (Sundopasundop.): I, 211, 7688, 7689, 7693 (created Tilottamā).—§ 266 (Çakrasabhāv.): II, 7, 296 (in the palace of Indra).—§ 267 (Yamasabhāv.): II,

8, 311 (had built the palace of Yama), 345 (do.).- § 268 (Varunasabhāv.): II, 9, 354 (had built the palace of Varuna).-§ 270 (Brahmasabhav.): II, 10, 448 (in the palace of Brahmán). - § 296 (Dyūtap.): II, 53, 1922. (çankham . . . sukrtam Vona). - § 3920 (Svayambhuvo vanam): III, 114, 10111 (= Svayambhū (i.e. Brahmán), performed a sacrifice at which he gave the earth to Kacyapa). -§ 403b (Payoshni): III, 121, 10302 (hiranmayabhir gobhik krtabhir Pona) .- § 438 (Yakshayuddhap.): III, 161, 11775 (had made Pushpaka, the seat (dianavaram) of Kubera) .-§ 501 (Skandop.): III, 229, 14426 (°krta . . . mala).— § 530 (Viçvavasumokshana): III, 279, 16056 (purim ... nirmitām Vonā, sc. Lankā).—§ 535 (Setubandhana): III, 283, 16309 (Tvashtuh, father of the monkey Nala).- § 548 (Āraņeyap.): III, 312, 17285 (°krtam yatha, sc. sarah).— § 552 (Goharanap.): IV, 46, 1438 (dairim mayam . . . vihitam Vona, sc. the ape on the standard of Arjuna) .-§ 578 (Bhishmavadhap.): VI, 50π, 2076 (nirmito Vond, sc. the standard of Arjuna).- \$ 581 (do.): VI, 66, 2989 (had praised Krshna).- § 596 (Pratijnap.): VII, 79, 2812 (jalaih . . . Vokrtaih).- § 597 (do.): VII, 82, 2934 (°krtam . . . varasanam).—§ 605b (Vijaya): VIII, 31, 1292 (had made the bow Vijaya).- § 606 (Tripurākhyāna): VIII, 34, 1470 (made the chariot of Çiva).- § 608 (Karnap.): VIII, 53, 2570 (okrtah, sc. the ape on the standard of Arjuna). — § 617 (Aishīkap.): X, 13, 650 (°krtā . . . dhvajayashtsh, sc. Kṛshna's) Cf. Bhaumana, Prajāpati, Viçva, Viçvakrt.

Viçvakarman 2 (do.) = Maya: II, 5 (Danavanam), 17, 84;

V, 3568 (M°); VIII, 1406 (M°).

Viçvakarman 3 = Vishnu (Krshna): I, 2480; VI, 2944, 3013 (B. Vasudevah); XII, 1503, 1610, 1672, 1846, 1898 (Vasuderena); XIII, 6955 (1000 names), †7867; XIV, 1485, 1573, 1593.

Viçvakarman' = Çiva: VII, 2863; XII, 10882 (Maheçvarah); XIII, 7498.

Viçvakartr = Çiva (1000 names 1).

Viçvakṛt1 = Brahman: I, 928; III, 12813 (?); XIII, 2260, 2283.

Vicvakrt² = Civa (1000 names 1).

Vicvakrt = Vicvakarman : I, 7691.

Viçvakrt' = Mahāpurusha (Mahāpurushastava).

Vicvakrt = Vishnu (Kṛshṇa): III, 12813 (?); VII, 9447 (i.e. Nārāyaṇa); XII, 13363; XIII, †7382.

Viçvakṛt', a Viçvadeva. § 749 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 91γ, 4361.

Viçvakṛtām varenyah = Çiva (1000 names 1).

Viçvaksena, v. Vishvaksena.

 $Viçvakshetra(m) = Çiva (1000 names^2).$

Viçvāmitra, a rshi, son of Gādhi. § 5 (Anukram.): I, 1a, 220 bis (in Narada's enumeration of departed kings).—§ 134 (cf. Cakuntalop.): V. had deprived Vasishtha of his children; though born as a kshatriya he became a brahman through his penances, and created the river Kauciki for his ablutions; there, his wife, during a famine, was maintained by the rajarshi Matanga, who was living as a hunter; therefore, when the famine was over, V. changed the name of the river into Para and performed a sacrifice for Matanga, and Indra himself, from fear, came there to drink soma. V., in anger, created another world and a series of nakshatras, beginning with Pratigravana (differently BR. sub voce), and gave protection to Tricanku, who was cursed by his guru; he could burn the three worlds by his splendour, and by a kick