Mudgarapindaka, a serpent. § 47 (Sarpanamak.): I, 35, 1554 (enumeration).

Mudita = Çiva (1000 names 3).

Muditā, wife of Saha. § 493 (Āngirasa): III, 222, 14208 (Āpasya Muditā—so B., C. has duhitā—bhāryā Sahasya paramā priyā).

Muharaparnaka, v. Mudgaraparnaka.

Muhūrta¹, pl. (°āh) = Sūrya (the sun): III, 150.—Do.² = Civa (1000 names²) (°āhāh).

Mūka¹, a serpent. § 64 (Sarpasattra): I, 57, 2150 (of Takshaka's race).

Mūka², an Asura (?). § 331 (Kairātap.): III, **39**, 1557 (° m nāma Danoh putram, assumed the shape of a boar), 1564 (slain by Arjuna and the Kirāta, i.e. Çiva). Cf. Rākshasa.

Mukhamandikā, a female demon. § 502 (Manushyagrahak.): III, 230, 14483 (= Diti, q.v.).

Mukhara, a serpent. § 564 (Mātalīyop.): V, 103γ, 3632 (enumeration).

Mukhavāditravādin = Çiva (1000 names 1).

Mukhya = Çiva (1000 names 2).

Muktanam parama gatih = Vishnu (1000 names).

Muktatejas = Çiva (1000 names²).

Muktimatī, v. Çuktimatī.

Mukunda = Vishnu (1000 names).

Mukuta, pl. (°āh), a people. § 562 (Bhagavadyānap.): V, 74, 2732 (°ānām Vigāhanah).

Mukuṭā, a mātṛ. § 615u (Skanda): ΙΧ, 46θ, 2641.

Mukutin ("wearing a diadem") = Indra: XIII, 2276.

Mukuţţa, pl. (°āħ), a people. § 273 (Rājasūyārambhap.): II, 14, 590 (fled from fear of Jarāsandha, only in C., B. has Sukuţţāħ).

 $M\overline{u}la(\underline{m}) = Civa (1000 names^2).$

Mumucu, a rshi. § 775 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 166, 7665 (among the rshis of the south).

Munda = Çiva: XII, 10366 (1000 names 1), 10420 (do.); XIII, 1159 (1000 names 2), 1244 (do.); XIV, 194.

Munda, pl. (°āh), a people. § 342 (Indralokābhigamanap.): III, 51, 1991 (have been present at the rājasūya of Yudhishthira, B. only, C. has $H\bar{u}n\bar{a}n$).—§ 580 (Bhīshmavadhap.): VI, 56c, 2410 (with Brhadbala in the left wing of Bhīshma's gāruḍavyūha).—§ 599 (Jayadrathavadhap.): VII, 119, 4728, 4730 (°ānīks).

Mundavedānga, a serpent. § 67 (Sarpasattra): I, 57,

2158 (of Dhrtarashtra's race).

Mundī, a mātr. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 460, 2635.

Mundin = Çiva: XIII, 609, 1171 (1000 names 2).

Muni¹(?), son of Ahar. § 116 (Vasu, pl.): I, 66, 2587 (çāntas tathā munih?).

Muni², son of Kuru. § 154 (Pūruvamç.): I, 94, 3740 (fourth son of Kuru).

 $Muni^{3} = Civa (1000 names^{2}).$

Muni⁴, fem., mother of the Devagandharvas Mauneyas. § 87 (Amçāvat.): I, 65, 2520 (daughter of Daksha and wife of Kaçyapa).

Munideça, a region in Krauncadvīpa. § 575 (Bhūmip.): VI, 12θ, 463, 464.

Muniloka ("the world of ascetics"). § 370 (Tirthayātrāp.): III, 84, 7082.

Munindra ("the great ascetic") = Çiva: XIII, 887.

Munivīrya, a Viçvadeva. § 749 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 91γ, 4356 (enumeration).

Muñja, a brahman. § 324 (Dvaitavanapr.): III, 26a, 986 (waited upon Yudhishthira)

Munjagrāma, a city. § 281 (Sahadeva): II, 31, 1118 (in the south, conquered by Sahadeva on his digvijaya; C. only, B. has Ramyagrāma).

Munjakeqa¹, a prince. § 130 (Amçāvat.): I, 67, 2662 (incarnation of the Asura Nicandra).—§ 554 (Sainyodyogap.): V, 4γ, 77 (among the princes to whom the Pānḍavas ought to send messengers).

Munjakeça² = Çiva (1000 names¹). — Do.³ = Vishnu: XII, 10019.

Munjakeçavat = Kṛshna (Vishnu, Nārāyaṇa): XII, 13271 (etymology).

Munjakeçin = Vishnu (Narayana): XII, 13112.

Munjaketu, a king. § 264 (Sabhākriyāp.): II, 4β, 116 (among the princes who waited upon Yudhishthira).

Munjaprshtha, name of a place. § 641 (Rājadh.): XII, 122, 4470 (gringe Himavatah), 4472 (deço Rudrasevitah). Cf. Munjavata.

Muñjavāsas = Çiva: VII, 9527.

Muñjavat, a mountain. § 617 (Aishīkap.): X, 17, 785 (girer M°ah padam, Çiva repaired to M.).—§ 778f (Samvartta-Maruttīya): A peak in Himavat where Çiva is constantly engaged in contemplation, accompanied by Umā, armed with his trident, surrounded by diverse hosts of Bh., and adored by R., Sā., V.-D., V., Yama, Varuņa, Kubera, etc., Bh. and Pç., A., G., Aps., Y., D.-r., Ā., M., and Yātudhānas; it looks resplendent like the morning sun; there is neither heat nor cold, nor sun or wind, nor age, nor hunger, nor thirst, nor death, nor fear; on all sides there are gold-mines protected by the attendants of Kubera, etc.: XIV, 8, 180 (°vān nāma parvatah).

Munjavata, a tīrtha. § 362 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 83, 5092 (Sthānoh sthānam).—§ 372 (do.): III, 85, 8210 (sthānam devasya, i.e. Çiva's, PCR. has Mayūravata).

Munjavata = Munjaprshtha: XII, 4471 ("under a well-known banyan," PCR.).

Mura, v. Muru.

Murdhaga = Çiva (1000 names 2).

Murmurā, a river. § 494 (Āngirasa): III, 222, 14232 (among the rivers who are mothers of fires).

Mūrtau hi te . . . sarve vai devatāḥ = Çiva (1000 names 1).

mūrtiçāstra ("the science of entities endowed with form"): XII, 9090 (ovidhānavit).

Mūrtija = Çiva (1000 names).

Muru, an Asura, slain by Kṛshṇa (C. mostly Mura): § 273 (Rājasūyārambhap.): II, 14, 578 (Muruñ ca Narakañ ca çāsti yo Yavanādhipatih, i.e. Bhagadatta; name of a country?).— § 561c (Krshna Vasudeva): V, 48, †1890 (Nirmocane shat sahasrāņi hatvā sanchidya pāçān sahasā kshurāntān | Muram hatvā vinihatyaugharaksho Nirmocanam cāpi jagāma vīraķ, sc. Krshna; Muram also B.); †1892 (hatvā Bhaumam Narakam Murañ ca, sc. Krshna; Muram also B.).—§ 570 f (Çārnga): V, 158, 5357 (sañchidya Mauravān pāçān, nihatya Muram-B. Murum-ojasā | nirjitya Narakam Bhaumam, sc. Kṛshṇa).-§ 589 (Dronabhishekap.): VII, 11 μ, 386 (C. Muram, B. Murum, had been slain by Krshna).—§ 604 (Karnap.): VIII, 5, 144 (yathā Kṛshṇena Narako Muraç-B. Muruçca nihatah). — § 717b (Nārāyanīya): XII, 341, 12956 (hanishye Narakam Bhaumam Marum—B. Murum—Pithañ ca Dānaram (sc. incarnate as Kṛshṇa), says Nārāyaṇa). Cf. Hariv., ch. 121 foll.

Müshaka, pl. (°āk), a people. § 574 (Jambükh.): VI, 9 ,

366, 371 (in the south).