help Parikshit).- § 52 (Janamejaya): I, 44, 1804 (pannagagreshtham), †1806 (continuation).- § 56 (Parikshit): I, 50, 1973 (nagah), 1977, 1978 (pannagottamat), 1979 (pannagendrah), 1980 (bhujangena), (1982), 1984, 1985, 1987, 1988 (repetition from § 51).-§ 57 (Janamejaya): I, 50, 1994, 1996, 2003, 2008, 2013 (Janamejaya, the son of Parikshit, wished to avenge himself on T.). - § 58 (do.): I, 51, 2017, 2019, 2022 (Janamejaya then prepared a snake-sacrifice).— § 60 (Surpasattra): 1, 53, 2054 (nagendrah), 2056 (took his refuge to the palace of Indra). - § 62 (do.): I, 56, †2115, †2116, †2117, †2118, †2124, 2125 (nagak), 2126 (pannagam), 2127, 2128, 2129, 2132, 2134 (nagendre, by means of mantras T. was brought near to the sacrificial fire).—§ 64 (do.): I, 57, 2149 ('sya kule, enumeration of the serpents of T.'s race who fell into the fire), 2151 (ojā nāgāh).—§ 68 (Āstīka): 1, 58, 2168, 2169 (Astīka said thrice "stay", and T. remained in the air between the welkin and earth).—§ 100 (Amçavat.): I, 65, 2549 (bhujangamah, enumeration of the sons of Kadrū -Kādraveyāķ).- § 156 (Pūruvamç.): I, 95, 3778 (°duhitaram Jealam, wife of Rksha).—§ 254 (Khāndavadahanap.): I, 223, 8089 (pannagah, friend of Indra, dwells in Khāndava).- § 258 (do.): I, 227, 8236 (nāgarājah, had gone to Kurukshetra), 8237 (Açvasenah . . . Toeya sutah); 228, 8300 (bhujagottamah, had gone to Kurukshetra), 8323 (°sya niceçanāt, i.e. Khāndava).—§ 268 (Varunasabhāv..): II, 9, 360 (in the palace of Varuna).—§ 358 (Tirthayatrap.): III, 82, 5032 (Kāçmīreshv eva nāgasya bhavanam Tosya Vitastākhyam). — § 564 (Mātalīyop.): V, 103γ, 3625 (enumeration of serpents).—§ 565 (Gālavacarita): V, 109, 3798 (nāgaḥ, in Bhogavatī).—§ 586 (Bhīshmavadhap.): VI, 107, 4900 (yathā mahānāgas Toh).—§ 595 (Shodacarāj. v. Prthu Vainya): VII, 69, 2415 (when the serpents milked the earth, T. was their calf) .- § 600 (Ghatotkacavadhap.): VII, 174 vv, 7873 (Garuda-T'au).—§ 603d (Tripura): VII, 202, 9565 (became the avanāha (C. by error mava°) of Çiva's chariot). - § 608 (Karnap.): VIII, 79, †4078 (°bhogavarcasam karmukam); 87 $\chi$ , 4414 (sided with Arjuna).—§ 790 (Putradarçanap.): XV, 35, 952 (muktah, all. to Sarpasattra). - § 793 (Mausalap.): XVI, 47, †119. Cf. Nāga, Nāgarāja, Nāgendra, Pannaga, Pannageçvara, Pannagendra. Takshakaputra ("the son of Takshaka") = Açvasena:

Takshakaputra ("the son of Takshaka") = Açvasena: VIII, †4614.

Tala, Tāla = Çiva (1000 names 2).

tāla ("palmyra palm"): XI, 721 (tāladhvajarathasrajah, sc. the five Kaikayas); XVI, †62 (the device of Balarāma). Cf. Tāladhvaja, Tālaketu.

**Tālacara**, pl.  $(\bar{a}h)$ , a people. § 569 (Bhagavadyānap.): V, **140** $\beta$ , 4451. Cf. Tālajangha pl.

Tāladhvaja ' ("whose banner shows the palmyra palm") = Bhīshma, q.v.—Do. (do.) = Balarāma: IX, 1948 (Rāmaḥ), 2139, 3044.

Tālajangha ("the king of the Tālajanghas?"). § 547 (Karna): III, 303, 17014 (had been destroyed by the curse of a brahman (brahmadandena)).—§ 736b (Vītahavyop.): XIII, 30, 1946 (Haihaya and T. were the sons of Vatsa).
—§ 772g (Aurva): XIII, 154, 7223 (°m mahākshatram Aurvenaikena nācitam).

Tālajangha, pl. (°ah), a peopte. § 387 (Sagara): III, 106, 8832 (the Haihayas and the *T.* were vanquished by Sagara).

—§ 562 (Bhagavadyānap.): V, 74γ, 2729 (Bahulas Tanam).

—§ 739 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 34γ, 2126 (vanquished by

the Bhrgus, cf. XIII, 7223).

Tālākata, name of a city (?). § 284 (Sahadeva): II, 31, 1169 (in the south, conquered by Sahadeva).

Talaketu<sup>1</sup>, a prince. § 317b (Kṛshṇa Vasudeva): III, 12, 492 (had been slain by Kṛshṇa).

Tālaketu<sup>2</sup> ("whose banner shows the palmyra palm") = Balarāma: IX, †2357.—Do.<sup>3</sup> = Bhīshma: V, 5081; VI, 1816.

Tālavana, pl. (°āħ), a people. § 284 (Sahadeva): II, 31, 1175 (in the south, vanquished by Sahadeva).

Tālin = Çiva (1000 names \*).

Tamas', a brahman. § 736b (Vītahavyop.): XIII, 30, 2002 (son of Cravas and father of Prakāça).

Tamas  $^2$  = Çiva (1000 names  $^1$ ).

Tamasā, a river. § 494 (Āngirasa): III, 222, 14231 (among the rivers who are mothers of fires). — § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9λ, 338.

Tamasī, a river. § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9λ, 339 (only C., B. has Mānavī).

\*Tamoghna ("destroying darkness") = Sūrya (the Sun): III, 193; VII, 6296.

Tamontakrt, a warrior of Skanda. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 45η, 2560.

\*Tamonuda ("dispersing darkness") = Sūrya (the Sun): III, 152, 11892, 17099; VI, 5765.

Tāmrā<sup>1</sup>, wife of Kaçyapa (?). § 126 (Amçāvat.): I, 166, 2620 (mother of five daughters: Kākī, Çyenī, Bhāsī, Dhṛtarāshṭrī, and Çukī).

Tāmrā<sup>\*</sup>, a river. § 459 (Mārkandeyas.): III, 188α, 12909 (seen in the body of Nārāyaṇa).—§ 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9λ, 335.

Tāmracūda, a companion of Skanda. § 610u (Skanda): IX, 46, 2669 (given to Skanda by Aruna; "a cock" PCR.). Tāmracūdā, a mātr. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 46θ, 2636.

Tāmrāhvaya, name of a dvīpa. § 284 (Sahadeva): II, 31, 1172 (dvīpam, in the south, conquered by Sahadeva).

Tāmralipta ("the king of the Tāmraliptas"). § 232 (Svayamvarap.): I, 186, 6993 (present at the svayamvara of Draupadi).—§ 280 (Bhīmasena): II, 30, 1098 (rājānam, in the east, conquered by Bhīmasena).

Tāmralipta, pl. (°āħ), a people. § 295 (Dyūtap.): II, 52, 1874 (brought tribute to Yudhishthira). Cf. next.

Tāmraliptaka, pl. (°āḥ), a people (= the prec.). § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI,  $9\mu$ , 364.—§ 595 (Shoḍaçarāj., v. Rāma Jāmadagnya): VII,  $70\beta$ , 2436 (slain by Rāma Jāmadagnya).
—§ 599 (Jayadrathavadhap.): VII, 119, 4716, (ββ), 4722 (have been vanquished by Sātyaki).—§ 605 (Karṇap.): VIII, 22 ζζ, 863 (attacked the Pāncālas), (θθ), 882 (attacked Nakula).

Tāmraparņī<sup>1</sup>, a tīrtha. § 377 (Dhaumyatīrthak.): III, 88, 8340 (in the south).—Do.<sup>2</sup>, a mountain (= Malaya). § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 6, 252 (C. has T<sup>o</sup>ī çilā, but B. reads tāmraparņaçilah, sc. Malayaparvatah).

Tāmrāruņa, a tīrtha. § 370 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 84, 8132. Cf. next.

Tāmrāruņā, a river. § 775 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 166a, 7647. Cf. the prec.

Tāmraushtha, a Yaksha. § 269 (Vaiçravanasabhāv.): II, 10, 398 (in the palace of Kubera).

Tāmravatī, a river. § 494 (Āngirasa): III, 222, 14231 (among the rivers who are mothers of fires).

Tāmroshtha = Çiva (1000 names 1).

Tamsu, an ancient king. § 150 (Pūruvamç.): I, 94, 8704 (son of Matināra), 3705, 3706 (father of Ilina).—§ 156 (do.):