Arriving at the shore of the milky ocean (kshīrodam . . . sagaram, v. 16289), Rama thought of means of crossing it. He and Lakshmana lay down on the seashore, the Ocean appeared to him in a vision and said: "I also have sprung from the race of Ikshvāku; the monkey Nala is a son of Tvashtr, whatever he will throw into my waters I will support." Nala then built a bridge, which to this day is known as Nalasetu. At this time Vibhīshaņa with four of his counsellors came to Rama. Sugrira suspected him to be a spy, but Rāma installed him in the sovereignty of all the Rākshasas and made him his own counsellor and the friend of Lakshmana. It was under the guidance of Vibhishana that the army crossed the bridge in a month. Rama then caused the gardens of Lankā to be devastated by his monkeys. Rāvaņa's counsellors Cuka and Sarana came as spies and were seized by Vibhishana, but dismissed by Rama. Rama then sent Angada as his envoy to Rāvaņa (III, 283).

Seyana, see Sayana.

Shadanana ("six-faced") = Skanda: III, 14637; XII, †11094; XIII, 4203.

Shadanganidhana = Mahapurusha (Mahapurushastava).

Shadarcis = Skanda: III, 14639.

Shadvaktra ("six-faced") = Skanda: III, 14352.

Shanda, a son of Dhrtarashtra. § 608 (Karnap.): VIII, 84 f, 4263 (attacked Bhimasena).

Shanda, pl. (°dh), a people. § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI,  $9\mu$ , 351 (only C., B. has Sandah).

Shanmukha ("six-faced") = Skanda: III, †14643; VII, 3454, 7412 (Mahisham Soo yatha, sc. nihanishyami, C. has by error omūo).

Shashtī, a goddess. § 270 (Brahmasabhāv.): II, 11, 458 (in the palace of Brahman).—§ 501 (Skandop.): III, 229, 14451 (among the names of Devasenā).

Shashtibhāga = Çiva (1000 names 2).

Shashtihrada, a tīrtha. §733p (Gangā-Yamunayos tīrtham): XIII, **25,** 1722.

Shashtīpriya ("dear to Shashtī") = Skanda: III, 14633. Shatkarmatushta = Civa (1000 names 1).

Shodaçarājaka(m) parva. § 10 (Parvasangr.): I, 2, 332 (p°. Som, i.e. Shoduçarājika, in the enumeration of parvans erroneously entered among those of the fifth book).

[Shodaçarājika(m)] ("the section relating to the sixteen kings"). § 595 (cf. Srnjaya). Nārada told Srnjaya the stories of the following kings: 1) Marutta (q.v.) (VII, 55); 2) Suhotra (q.v.) (VII, 56); 3) Paurava (q.v.) (VII, 57); 4) Çibi (q.v.) (VII, 58); 5) Rāma Dāçarathi (q.v.) (VII, 59); 6) Bhagiratha (q.v.) (VII, 60); 7) Dilipa (q.v.) (VII. 61);

8) Mandhatr (q.v.) (VII, 62); 9) Yayati (q.v.) (VII, 63); 10) Ambarisha (q.v.) (VII, 64); 11) Çaçabindu (q.v.) (VII, 65); 12) Gaya (q.v.) (VII, 66); 13) Rantideva (q.v.) (VII,

67); 14) Bharata Daushmanti (q.v.) (VII, 68); 15) Prthu Vainya (q.v.) (VII, 69); 16) Rāma Jāmadagnya (q.v.)

(VII, **70**).

[Shodaçarājopākhyāna(m)] ("the episode relating to the sixteen kings," XII, 29). § 6326 (Rājadh.). The histories of the same sixteen kings as in Shodaçarājika (§ 595), except that Paurava is here named Brhadratha ("the Anga king") and Rama Jamadagnya is replaced by Sagara (q.v.).

Siddha 1, a Devagandharva. § 102 (Amçavat.): I, 65, 2554 (son of Pradha).

Siddha, an ancient king. § 267 (Yamasabhav.): II, 8, 320 (in the palace of Yama).

Siddha' = Çiva: XIV, 196.—Do.4 = Vishnu (1000 names). \*Siddha 5, pl. (oah) ("the perfect ones," i.e. who have acquired supernatural powers by penances), a class of beings, commonly occurring together with the Caranas, etc.: I, 2396, 2400, 2858, †3577 (surasiddharshilokāt), 3889, 4640, 4931, †7017 (suparņa-nāgāsura-siddhajushtam, so. antarīksham); II, 289 (in the palace of Indra), 340 (in the palace of Yama); III, 159 (Asura-niçācara-siddhavanditam, sc. the Sun), 170, 174 ( Vālakhilyūdayaḥ), †938 (°rshigaṇān), †940, 1530, 1756, 1786, 1830, 1841, 1891, 5023, 5024, 5036, 5075, 6038, 7083, 8024, 8035, 8037, 8094, 8168, 8176, 8214, 8357 (°rshi-Cūranaih), 8369, 8402, 10226 (oganasya, sc. ayatanam), 10968 (rshisiddhāmarayutam . . . girim), 11022 (°margena), 11190 (sg.). 11231, 11415 (brahmavādinām), 11439, 11441, 11444, 11465, 11561, 11655 (deva-Dānara-siddhānām), 11847, 12101, †12347, 12368, 14503 (avamanyati yah Siddhān kruddhāc cāpi capanti yam | unmādyati sa tu kshipram jõeyah Siddhagrahas tu sah); IV, †2176 (devāsura-siddha - Yakshān); V, 2471. 3826 (Gandharva-Yaksha-S°aih), 3833 (svairacarinam), 4052 (°aç capearaeah), 5126, 7095, 7351; VI, 199, 254, 269, 273, 407, 429, 464, 808, †1267, †1268, †1282, 1536, 1753, 5704; VII, †1622, 2843, 3118, 3642, 3652, 3728, 4025, 5692, 5746, 6008, 6132, 6340, †6921, 7138 (?), 7188, †7312, †7313, 8611, 8614, 8807; VIII, 592, 598, 599, 626, 1018, 2817, 3098, 3970. 4128 (apatanta . . . savimānā yathā Soāh svargāt punyakshays), 4400, 4413, †4490; IX, 337, 658, 990 (gaganāt pracyutāķ Soah punyanam iva samkshaye), 1157, 1269 (vimanebhyo divo bhrashtah 8°ah punyakshayad iva, sc. petuh), 1315, 2140, 2479, 2481 (Brhaspatipurogamāh), 2762, 2812, 2879, 2898, 2902 (brahmasattrinām), 2903, 2905, 3050, 3307, 3444; XII, 1607 (°-mahoragūh), 1623, †2395, 5587 (Yaksha-Gandharva-Soanam madhye), 6142, 6788 (akaçam Sodaivatasevitam), 6797, 7341, 7588 (°-Sādhyayoh), 8221 (accompanied Indra), †10097 (samyāsi Sosankhyām), 10114 (riding in vimanas), 10220, 10275 (dece rehi-Sonishevite), 10838, 12176, 12314 (Himavantam So-Caranasevitam), 12576, 12982, 13028 (Merau . . . So-Caranasevite), 13366; XIII, 439, 741 (°-Cāraṇarūpadhṛk, sc. Çiva), 800 (°-Gandharra-devaiḥ), 813 (rehi-Gandharva-Soaih), 958, 1396, 1407, 1748, 6111, 6339, 6350 (urdhvaretasah), 7766; XIV, 402, 429 (antarhitaih), 958; XV, 575 (ogatim āsthitāh), 655, 848 (had been incarnate); XVI, †129, †131; XVII, 96 (riding in vimānas), 106; XVIII, 88, 216.

Siddha', pl. ( $\tilde{a}h$ ), a people. § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9μ, 364.

Siddhabh $\bar{\mathbf{u}}$ t $\bar{\mathbf{a}}$ rtha = Çiva (1000 names  $^{2}$ ).

Siddhagraha, name of a demon. § 502 (Manushyagrahak.): III, 230, 14503 (v. Siddha, pl.).

Siddhakshetra ("the blessed land," said of sacred regions): III, 8270 (Gangātīrasamāçritam).

Siddhaloka ("the world of the Siddhas"): XII, 10078 (cyutāh Soāt).

Siddhamantra = Civa: XIV, 197, 198.

\*siddhanta ("scientific result or treatise"): I, 2887; XII, 8676.

Siddhapātra, a warrior of Skanda. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 45 n, 2568.

Siddhartha 1, a king. § 130 (Amçavat.): I, 67, 2696 (among the incarnations from the Krodhavaça gana).

Siddhartha 2, a warrior of Skauda. § 615u (Skanda): IX, **45**η, 2566.

Siddhārtha = Çiva (1000 names ).—Do. = Vishņu (1000 names).