

- Brahmán).—§ 664 (Mokshadh.): XII, 207^a, 7534 (the fourth of Brahmán's seven mind-born sons).—§ 665 (do.): XII, 208^a, 7570 (the fourth of Brahmán's seven sons—*brahmāṇah*).—§ 707 (do.): XII, 319^b, 11784 (had instructed Viçvāvasu).—§ 717^b (Nārāyaṇīya): XII, 335^a, 12685 (among the twenty-one Prajāpatis).—§ 717^c (Uparicara): XII, 336^b, 12724 (one of the seven ṛshis (Citraçikhaṇḍins)).—§ 717^d (Nārāyaṇīya): XII, 340, 12952 (*°kulapāṇmanam*, sc. Ravana); 341, 13040 (one of the eight prakṛtis), 13075 (one of the seven ṛshis).—§ 730 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 14^b, 990.—§ 734 (do.): XIII, 26^a, 1761 (among the ṛshis who came to see Bhīṣma).—§ 749 (do.): XIII, 92^b, 4392. Cf. Brahmarshi, Brahmayoni, Viprarshi.
- Pulastyatirthayātrā** (Pulastyā's description of the tirthas). § 11 (Parvasaṅgr.): I, 2, 440 (i.e. III, chap. 81-85).
- Pulina**, a Nāga (?) (according to Nil. a Yaksha). § 46 (Garuḍa): I, 32^a, 1489 (had an encounter with Garuḍa).
- Pulinda**, pl. (*°āḥ*), a barbarous people. § 223 (Vāsishṭha): I, 175, 6685 (created from the froth of Vāsishṭha's cow).—§ 280 (Bhīmasena): II, 29, 1068 (*°nagaram*, there Bhīmasena vanquished Sukumāra and Sumitra?).—§ 281 (Sahadeva): II, 31, 1120 (vanquished by Sahadeva, in the south).—§ 419 (Gandhamādanapr.): III, 140, 10864 (*Subāhuvishayam* . . . *P°çatasāṅkulam*, but read *Kulinda°*).—§ 458^b (Kaliyuga): III, 188, 12839 (among the barbarous peoples who will rule the world in the Kaliyuga).—§ 571 (Ulūkādūtāgamanap.): V, 160^γ, 15510 (in the army of Duryodhana); 161, 15555 (do.).—§ 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9^μ, 347 (only B., C. has *Kāṇḍah*); (v), 369 (in the south).—§ 585 (Bhīṣmavadhap.): VI, 87^γ, 3853 (followed Droṇa).—§ 599 (Jayadrathavadhap.): VII, 121⁰⁰, 4847 (attacked Sātyaki).—§ 605 (Karnap.): VIII, 20⁰⁰, 779 (*°Khasa-Bāhūka°*, fought with the Pāṇḍya king).—§ 608 (do.): VIII, 73, 3653 (have been slain).—§ 641 (Rājadh.): XII, 65⁰, 2430 (enumeration of low and barbarous peoples).—§ 652^b (Indrota-Pārikshitiya): XII, 151, 5620 (*°Çabara°*).—§ 664 (Mokshadh.): XII, 207^γ, 7559 (in the south).—§ 739 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 23^a, 2104 (have been degraded to çūdras from want of brahmins). Cf. Pulindaka, pl.
- Pulinda**, sg. ("the king of the Pulindas"). § 264 (Sabhā-kriyāp.): II, 4^β, 119 (waited upon Yudhishṭhira).
- Pulindaka**, pl. (*°āḥ*), a people. § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9^μ, 348 (*Sindhu-P°āḥ*). Cf. Pulinda, pl.
- Pulkasa**, v. Pukkaça.
- Pulomā**¹, the wife of Bhṛgu. § 20 (cf. Paulomap.): P., the wife of Bhṛgu, had first been betrothed to the *Rakshasa* *Puloman*, who one day when Bhṛgu was absent came to carry her away, and asked the sacrificial fire whether she was rightly his or Bhṛgu's wife. The Fire (*Agni*) answered that she was Bhṛgu's, by whom she had been taken with holy rites and invocations (I, 5). When *Puloman* began to carry her away *Cyavana* dropped from her womb, and *Puloman* instantly was converted to ashes. Of her tears *Brahmán* formed the river *Vadhāsara*. Bhṛgu cursed *Agni* (*b*) (I, 6-7): I, 5, 875, 876, 879, 893, 894; 6, 900, 905, (908), 910.—§ 565 (Gālavacarita): V, 117, 3971 (*reme* . . . *yathā Bhṛguḥ P°yām*).
- Pulomā**², a female Asura. § 445 (Nivātakavacyuddhap.): III, 173, 12203 (*Daśeyi*, obtained boons from Brahmán for her offspring, the great Asuras, viz. the Paulomas).
- Puloman**, a *Rakshasa*, or Asura. § 20 (Pulomā): I, 5, 877 (*rakshah*), 881 (carried-away Pulomā, but was burnt to

- ashes, when she in her terror gave birth to *Cyavana*); 7, 938.—§ 92 (Amçavat.): I, 65, 2530 (fourth son of Danu).—§ 673^b (Bali-Vāsava): XII, 227^a, 8262 (among the ancient rulers of the earth). Cf. Dānava, Dānavanandana, Rakshas.
- Pums** = Çiva (1000 names¹).
- Punaçcandrā**: § 377 (Dhaumyatīrthak.): III, 88, 8338 (a vedī in Çūrpāraka, belonging to Jamadagni).
- Punarāvartanandā**, name of a tirtha. § 733^u (Ānuçāsanik.): By bathing in P., as also in Mahānandā, one attains to Nandana. By bathing in the tirtha *Urraçi* on the river *Lohitya* on the day of full moon of the month of *Kārttika* one obtains the merits of a puṇḍarika sacrifice: XIII, 25, 1731.
- Punarvasu**¹, name of a nakshatra (v. Sū. Si.). § 608 (Karnap.): VIII, 49, 2328 (*rathābhyāse cakāçeto candrayeva P°h*, B. *P°vasu*, dual).—§ 746 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 64, 3260 (merit of making gifts under the constellation of P.).—§ 749 (do.): XIII, 89^a, 4258 (merit of performing a çrāddha under the constellation of P.).—§ 759 (do.): XIII, 110, 5392 (description of the cāndravrata).
- Punarvasu**² = Kṛṣṇa (Vishṇu): XII, 1511; XIII, 6965 (Vishṇu's 1000 names).
- Puṇḍarika**¹, an ancient king. § 267 (Yamasabhāv.): II, 8, 325 (in the palace of Yama).
- Puṇḍarika**², a tirtha. § 364 (Tirthayātrāp.): III, 83, 6053.
- Puṇḍarika**³, a serpent. § 564 (Mātaliyop.): V, 103^γ, 3622 (enumeration).—§ 793 (Mausalap.): XVI, 4^γ, 1119.
- Puṇḍarikā**, an Apsaras. § 191 (Arjuna): I, 123^a, 4819 (danced at the birth of Arjuna).—§ 549 (Pāṇḍavapr.): IV, 9, 259 (Sudeshnā asks Draupadī if she is P.).
- Puṇḍarikāksha**¹ ("lotus-eyed") = Kṛṣṇa (Vishṇu): I, 7986; II, 35 (*Çaiḍya-Sugrivarāhāṇah*). 1318 (*Harim*), 1339, 1621, 1623; III, 502, 509, 743 (*purusham*), 8352 (*Devadevah*), 12568, 12944 (i.e. Nārāyaṇa (Vishṇu)), 15838 (i.e. Vishṇu incarnate as the dwarf), 15852; V, 2489 (*Kṛṣṇam*), 2560, 2564 (etymology), 2899, 2905, 2906, 2922, 3111, 4379, 4382, 4399, 4434, 4809, 4960, 5136; VI, 3015, 3028, 4863, 4864; VII, 399, 405, 1275, 2769, 2775, 2782, 2954, 2965, 3800; VIII, 4471; X, 606 (*Yadūnam rshabhah*), 727; XI, 443 (*purushottamam*), 444, 533, 576, 723; XII, 820 (*Kṛṣṇam*), 1499 (*Dāçārham*), 1501, 1686, 1852, 7518 (*Vishṇum*), 7566, 7640 (i.e. Vishṇu incarnate as the boar), 12795 (i.e. Nārāyaṇa), 13493 (= do.); XIII, 655, 964, 5384, 6819 (*devah*), 6845, 6925 (*°au Vāsudeva-Dhananjayam*, i.e. Kṛṣṇa and Arjuna), 6926, 6943, 6961 (Vishṇu's 1000 names), 7744; XIV, 1521, 1754, 1777, 1815, 1818, 1966, 1995, 1998, 2023.
- Puṇḍarikāksha**² = Çiva (1000 names¹).
- Puṇḍarikavanālaya** = Çiva (1000 names¹).
- Puṇḍarīkekshana** ("lotus-eyed") = Kṛṣṇa: II, 951; XII, 896.
- Puṇḍariyaka**, a Viçvadeva. § 749 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 91^γ, 4359.
- Pundra** (I, 288), v. Pundra¹.
- Pundra**¹, an ancient king. § 6 (Anukram.): I, 1^a, 226 (only B., C. by error has *Pundraḥ*; in Sañjaya's enumeration).—§ 170 (Dirghatamas): I, 104, 4219 (the fourth son of Sudeshnā, the wife of Bali, born by the touch of Dirghatamas), 4221 (from him the Puṇḍras descended).
- Pundra**² ("the king of the Puṇḍras"). § 605 (Karnap.): VIII, 22, 875 (*°ya nāgam*, at the time of the great battle).
- Pundra**, pl. (*°āḥ*), a people. § 170 (Dirghatamas): I, 104,