(Dhruvadvārabhavām), and so did Indra. They listened to the narratives told by the great D.-r. They hymned the rising Sun, and then in the opposite direction beheld a luminous object riding on Vishņu's vehicle adorned with Garuda and Sūrya; it was Crī with many Aps. (description); her names: Padmā, etc. (a). She said that they had formerly dwelt with the Asuras in consequence of her disposition to be bound by truth and merit; seeing, however, that the Asuras had assumed perverse natures, she had left them and wished to reside with Indra. Requested by Indra, she told that she had dwelt with the Asuras on account of their good behaviour, but after they had fallen off from virtue, she had deserted Dai, and Da, and had come to Indra; "there where I reside, the seven other goddesses (β) and Jaya as the eighth, who love me, etc., desire to live; all of them and myself, having deserted As., have come to thee." D.-r., Nārada, and Indra gave her a hearty welcome. Vāyu, the friend of Agni, began to blow gently; all the deities assembled; heaven began to shower nectar upon the region of Brahmán, etc.; Indra began to pour rain; no one deviated from the path of righteeusness, etc.; D., K., Y., Ra. became cheerful, etc. (XII, 229).

Crīvatsa, the curl of hair on the breast of Vishņu (Kṛshṇa):
I, 2507 (°ānko Hṛshīksçaḥ); III, 10960 (on the breast of Vishṇu), 12900 (°kṛtabhūshaṇaḥ, i.e. Nārāyaṇa), 12901 (°dhārī, do.), 15840 (°orasi bhūshitaḥ, Vishṇu as a dwarf), 15851 (°dhāriṇaṃ, Vishṇu as Kṛshṇa); V, 2955 (°kṛtalakshaṇaṃ, i.e. Kṛshṇa), 3590 (°lakshaṇāḥ, sc. the sons of Garuḍa); VI, 2993 (°ānkaṃ, i.e. Kṛshṇa); XII, 13294 (on Nārāyaṇa's breast, its origin from the mark made by Çiva's lance), 13339 (°lakshaṇau, sc. Nara-Nārayaṇau); XIII, 6808

(°ānko Hrshīkeçah).

Çrīvatsavakshas = Vishņu (1000 names).

Črīvibhāvana = Vishņu (1000 names). **Črīvāvāsin** = Çiva (1000 names²).

Crutaçravas¹, a rshi. § 13 (Paushyap.): I, 3, ††674 (father of Somaçravas, the purchita of Janamejaya).—§ 59 (Sarpasattra): I, 53a, 2049 (among the sadasyas at the snake-sacrifice of Janamejaya, C. has Çrutaçruvas).—§ 702 (Mokshadh.): XII, 293a, 10762.

Crutacravas², a rājarshi. § 267 (Yamasabhāv.): II, 8,

319 (in the palace of Yama).

Crutaçri, a Daitya. § 564 (Mātalīyop.): V, 105δ, 3685 (had been slain by Garuda).

Crutaçruvas, v. Crutaçravas 1.

Crutadhvaja, a Pāndava warrior. § 600 (Ghatot-kacavadhap.): VII, 158x, 7011 (brother of Virāţa?).

Crutāhvaya, v. Crutāyus 4.

Crutakarman¹, son of Sahadeva and Draupadī. § 159 (Pūruvaṃç.): I, 95, ††3827.—§ 317 (Arjunābhigamanap.): III, 12, 534.—§ 578 (Bhīshmavadhap.): VI, 45 ¹³, 1735 (Sāhadevaṃ), 1736 (fights Sudakshiṇa).—§ 583 (do.): VI, 79¹³, 3482, 3484 (fights Durmukha).—§ 592 (Saṃçaptakavadhap.): VII, 23ο, 981 (description of his horses; PCR. says that C. here is the son of Bhīmasena, but this (Sutasoma) is mentioned v. 976); 25, 1090 (fights Caitraseni).—§ 605 (Karņap.): VIII, 13, 493 (fights Citrasena, the Abhishāra king); 14, 526 (do.), 527, 534, 535, 537 (slays Citrasena), 544.—§ 608 (do.): VIII, 55λλ, 2664, 2667 (fights Açvatthāman).—§ 616 (Sauptikap.): X, 8, 377, 378 (is slain by Açvatthāman). Cf. Çrutasena³, Draupadeya.

Crutakarman², son of Arjuna and Draupadī. § 253 (Haranāharanap.): I, 221, 8039, 8043 (origin of the name:

çrutam karma mahat krtvā nivrttena Kirīţinā). — § 511 (Draupadī - Satyabhāmasamv.): III, 235, 14731. Cf. Crutakīrti.

Crutakarman, son of Dhrtarashtra. § 605 (Karnap.):

VIII, 25, 1005 (fights Catānīka).

Crutakīrt(t)i, son of Arjuna and Draupadī. § 83 (Ādivamçāvatārana): I, 63, 2451. — § 130 (Amcāvat.): I, 67, 2763 (the sons of Draupadī are incarnations of the Viçvadevas).— § 159 (Pūruvamç.): I, 95, ††3827.— § 317 (Arjunābhigamanap.): III, 12, 533. — § 583 (Bhīshmavadhap.): VI, 79 13, 3487 (fights Jayatsena), 3488. — § 592 (Samçaptakavadhap.): VII, 230, 982 (Draupadeyam, description of his horses); 25, 1095 (Ārjunim, fights the son of Duhçāsana).— § 605 (Karņap.): VIII, 13, 496 (attacks Çalya); 14, 530 (cf. Nīl., but should not we read Crutakarmā as PCR. has it?); 25, 1032.— § 608 (do.): VIII, 49, 2363; 55λλ, 2664, 2667, 2669.— § 616 (Sauptikap.): X, 8, 379 (slain by Açvatthāman). Cf. Ārjuni, Çrutakarman², Draupadeya.

Çrutānīka, a Pāṇḍava warrior. § 600 (Ghatotkacavadhap.):

VII, 158 χ , 7011 (brother of Virata?).

Crutanta, son of Dhṛtarāshṭra. § 611 (Çalyap.): IX, $26\rho\rho$, 1404 (among the eleven sons of Dhṛtarāshṭra who attacked Bhīmasena), 1411 (slain by Bhīmasena).

Crutarvan 1, a king. § 382 (Agastyop.): III, 98, 8595,

8601, 8606.

Çrutarvan³, son of Dhṛtarāshṭra. g 608 (Karṇap.): VIII, 51δδ, 2446 (C. has Çrutavān).—§ 611 (Çalyap.): IX, 26ρρ, 1406 (among the eleyen sons of Dhṛtarāshṭra who attacked Bhīmasena), 1413, 1421, 1427, 1431 (slain by Bhīmasena).

Crutasena, brother of Janamejaya Pārikshita. § 12

(Paushyap.): I, 3, ††662.

Crutasena², a serpent. § 17 (Uttanka): I, 3, 804 (jaghanyajas Takshakaç ca Crutaseneti yah sutah | avasad yo Mahadyumni prārthayan nāgamukhyatam, the true reading seems to be Takshakasya ("the younger brother of Takshaka," PCR.).

Grutasena³, son of Sahadeva and Draupadī. § 83 (Adivamçāvatāraṇa): I, 63, 2452. — § 130 (Amçāvat.): I, 67, 2763 (the sons of Draupadī were incarnations of the Viçvadevas). — § 253 (Haraṇāharaṇap.): I, 221, 8040, 8045 (origin of the name: ajījanat Krshnā nakshatre Vahnidaivate). — § 511 (Draupadī-Satyabhāmāsamv.): III, 235, 14732. Cf. Çrutakarman ¹.

Grutasena , a Daitya. § 564 (Mātalīyop.): V, 1058, 3685 (had been slain by Garuda).

Crutasena⁵, a Kuru warrior. § 605 (Karnap.): VIII, 27λλ, 1087 (= Citrasena, v. 1078?).

Çrutasoma, v. Sutasoma.

Çrutavat, v. Çrutarvan 2.

Crutāvatī, daughter of Bharadvāja. § 615y (Badarapācana): IX, 48, 2763, 2821 (Bharadvājasya duhitā, performed austerities at Badarapācana, gratified Indra by her persevering in boiling five badara-fruits, and became the wife of Indra).—§ 615aa (Baladevat.): the viprarshi Bharadvāja saw the Apsaras Ghṛtācī, then his vital seed came out. He caught it in his hand, and then kept it in a funnel of a leaf (parnapuse); from that seed was born a girl, whom he in the presence of D. and R. called Ç. Keeping the girl in his hermitage, Bharadvāja repaired to the forest of Himavat: IX, 48, 2829.

Crutāyudha , king of the Kalingas. § 264 (Sabhākriyāp.): II, 4β, 121 (Kālingaļ, among the kings who were present