Lankāpraveça ("the entry into Lankā"). § 536 (cf. Rāmopākhyānap.). Rāvana made Lankā yet more strong and armed his warriors. Rāma sent the monkey Angada as messenger to Rāvana. Angada delivered the message of Rāma: "Release Sītā." Rāvana became furious. Angada leaped up with four Rākshasas and then let them fall; then he leaped over the walls of Lankā and informed Rāma. Rāma, Lakshmana, Vibhīshana, and Jāmbavat with monkeys and bears attacked Lankā and pulled down the fortifications. Then the host of the Rākshasas set out at the command of Rāvana. A great battle ensued; at last Rāma withdrew his troops (III, 284).

Lankeçavanāri ("destroyer of the forests of the king of Lankā [i.e. Rāvaṇa]") = Hanūmat: IV, 1294 (oketuh, i.e.

Arjuna)

Lapeţikā, a tīrtha. § 370 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 85, 8157. Lapitā, the second wife of Mandapāla. § 259 (Çārṅgakop.): I, 229, 8347, 8348, 8350; 233, 8430, 8435, 8453.

Lata, an Apsaras. § 250 (Arjunavanavasap.): I, 216, 7858 (among five Apsarases who according to the curse of a brahman became crocodiles, but were delivered by Arjuna).—§ 269 (Vaiçravanasabhāv.): II, 10, 394 (in the palace of Kubera).

Lāta, pl. (°ah), a people. § 739 (Anuçāsanik.): XIII, 34c, 2158 (have been degraded from kshatriyas to çūdras).

Lata $h = \text{Civa } (1000 \text{ names}^{1}).$ 

Lauhitya' ("the bloody one"), name of an ecean. § 11 (Parvasangr.): I, 2, 630 (sāgaram, cf. § 794).—§ 794 (Mahāprasthānikap.): XVII, 1, 33 (salilārņavam, Arjuna threw the Gāndīva [which belonged to Varuna] into L.). Cf. Lohita(h) udadhi(h).

Lauhitya<sup>2</sup>, a river, the present Brahmaputra. § 268 (Varunasabhāv.): II, 9, 374 (mahānadaḥ, among the rivers present in the palace of Varuna).—§ 280 (Bhīmasena): II, 30, 1100 (in the east; = the ocean, BR.).—§ 295 (Dyūtap.): II, 52, 1864 (L'am abhitaç ca ye; name of a mountain, Nīl.). Cf. Lohita, Lohityā.

Lauhitya<sup>3</sup>, a tīrtha. § 370 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 85, 8144. — § 7334 (Punarāvartanandā): XIII, 25, 1732.

Cf. Lauhitya 2.

Laumaharshani = Ugraçravas, q.v.

Lavāh, pl. = Çiva (1000 names  $^{2}$ ).

Lavaṇa¹, an Asura (according to Nīl.). § 39 (Rāmaṇīyaka): 1, 27, 1305 (had been seen on the island Rāmaṇīyaka).

Lavana<sup>2</sup>, a Rākshasa. § 730g (Upamanyu): XIII, 14s, 861 (\*\*sya rakshasa\*\*), had been slain by Māndhātr with the cūla of Civa).

Lavana3 = Çiva (1000 names 2).

Lavanāçva, a rshi. § 324 (Dvaitavanapr.): III, 26a, 986 (waited upon Yudhishthira).

\*lavanajala ("the sea of salt water"): I, 660, 1186 (sāgaram); cf. VI, 190, 406.

\*lavanāmbhas (do.): 1, 619, 1131, 1168; III, 12787, 16239; XVII, 44.

Laya = Qiva (1000 names 2).

Lekha, pl. (°āḥ), a class of gods. § 730 (Ānuçāsanik.): ΧΙΙΙ, 18 λλ, 1371 (only B., C. has *Lokāḥ*).

Lelihana = Çiva: XIV, 198.

Likhita, an ancient rshi, brother of Qunkha. § 266 (Çakrasabhāv.): II, 7, 292 (Çankhaç ca Likhitaç ca, in the palace of Indra).—§ 628 (Rüjadh.): XII, 23, 668, 670, 671, 678, 679, 686, 690, (693) (the story of L.'s being punished).—§ 746 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 56, 3320 (Çankhaç

ca L°as tathā, ascended to heaven by making gifts of sesame seed).—§ 767 (do.): XIII, 137a, 6263 (king Sudyumna attained to blessed regions by having caused L. to be punished, cf. § 628). Cf. Brahmarshi.

Lilādhya, a son of Viçvāmitra. § 721b (Viçvāmitrop.):

XIII,  $4\beta$ , 252.

Līlāyudha, v. Nīlāyudha.

\*linga, the Phallus of Çiva. VII, 9485, 9486, 9489, 9616, 9617, 9625, 9631; X, 780, 782; XIII, 824 (?), 1255 (Çiva's 1000 names 2), 7512, 7516, 7517, 7518.

Lingādhyaksha =  $\text{Qiva (1000 names }^2\text{)}$ .

**Lobha** = Qiva (1000 names 1).

Loha, pl. (°āħ), a people. § 279 (Arjuna): II, 27, 1033 (in the north, vanquished by Arjuna on his digvijaya).

Lohajangha, pl. (°āḥ), a people. § 294 (Dyūtap.): II, 50, 1804 (living in the palace of Yudhishthira as bondsmen). Lohājavaktra, a warrior of Skanda. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 45η, 2577.

**Lohamekhalā**, a matr. § 615*u* (Skanda): ΙΧ, **46**θ, 2636, 2639 (also B.).

Lohatārinī, a river. § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9 \lambda, 326 (so C., B. has Lohi a tāranīm).

Lohita<sup>1</sup>, a serpent. § 268 (Varuṇasabhāv.): II, 9, 360 (in the palace of Varuṇa).

Lohita<sup>2</sup> (a country, BR.; a king, PCR.). § 279 (Arjuna): II, 27, 1025 (in the north, conquered by Arjuna on his digvijaya).

Lohita, a river (= Brahmaputra?). § 775 (Ānuçāsanik,): XIII, 166a, 7647 (mahānadaķ). Cf. Lauhitya, Lohityā.

Lohita(h) udadhi(h) ("the bloody ocean"). § 498 (Skandotpatti): III, 226, 14366 (lohitasyodadheh kanyā, nursed Skanda).—§ 502 (Manushyagrahak.): III, 230, 14494 (do., named Lohitāyani and worshipped on kadamba trees). Cf. III, 14269 (lohitodo Varunālayah), 14524 (lohitodo).

Lohitāksha¹, name of a sūta. § 62 (Sarpasattra): I, 56, †2119 (Paurānikah).—§ 68 (Āstīka): I, 58, 2177 (sūtāya sthapatays, had announced that a brahman, viz. Āstīka, would interrupt the sacrifice, cf. I, 2029). Cf. Sūta.

Lohitāksha<sup>2</sup>, a companion of Skanda. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 45, 2526 (given to Skanda by Brahmán).

Lohitāksha<sup>3</sup> = Çiva (1000 names<sup>2</sup>). — Do.<sup>4</sup> = Vishņu (1000 names).

Lohitākshī, a mātr. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 460, 2640, 2642.

Lohitānga¹ ("the red-limbed," i.e. the planet Mars [Angāraka]). § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 3, 86 (Brahmarāçiṃ samāvṛtya Loo vyavasthitaḥ, omens).—§ 600 (Ghaṭotkacavadhap.): VII, 166, 7408 (? nipapāta Loa ivākāçād dīptaraçmir yadrochayā, = the Sun, PCR.).

Lohitānga = Sūrya (the sun): VII, 8877; IX, 3113

(? oav iva).

Lohitantargata drshtih = Çiva (1000 names 1).

Lohitāraņī, v. Lohatāriņī.

Lohitāyani ("daughter of the bloody [ocean]"). § 502 (Manushyagrahak.): III, 230, 14494 (Lohitasyodadheh kanyā dhātrī Skandasya sā smṛtā | Loir ity evam kadambe sā hi pūjyate).

Lohityā, a river. § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9λ, 348 (in Bhāratavarsha). Cf. Lohita, Lauhitya.

**Loka** = Çiva (1000 names \*).

Loka, pl. (°āħ), a class of gods. § 730 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 18λλ, 1371 (only C., B. has Lokhāħ).