Kapālavat = Civa (1000 names).

Kāpālī = Durgā (Umā): VI, 796.

Kapāli(n) = Civa, q.v.

Kapālin, name of a Rudra. § 108 (Amçāvat.): I, 66, 2567 (enumeration of the Rudras, the sons of Sthānu).—§ 191 (Arjuna): I, 123a, 4826 (among the Rudras present at the birth of Arjuna).

Kāpālin = Civa, q.v.

Kapardin 1 = Çiva, q.v.—Do.2 = Vishnu: XII, 13114.

Kapardin, pl. (onah) = the Rudras: XII, 10292.

Kapardisutā = Sinīvalī: III, 14126.

Kapata, an Asura. § 92 (Amcavat.): I, 65, 2534 (son of Danu).

Kapi = Vishnu (1000 names).

Kāpī, a river. § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9λ, 331 (in Bhārata-varsha).

Kapiça = Civa (1000 names 2).

Kapidhvaja, Kapiketana = Arjuna, q.v.

Kapila<sup>1</sup>, a rshi (Prajāpati), promulgator of the Sānkhya system and identified with Vishnu (Krshna). § 339 (Indralokābh.): III, 47, 1896 (°o nāma . . . Hariḥ | yena pūrvam mahatmanah khanamana Rasatalam darçanad eva nihatah Sagarasyātmajāh, all. to § 387).—§ 387 (Sagara): III, 107, 8877, 8879, 8880 (munisattamah | Vāsudeveti yam āhuh, K. burnt the sons of Sagara to ashes, as they on their search for the sacrificial horse of Sagara did not heed K. in Pātāla).-§ 389 (Gangāvataraņa): III, 107, 9900, 9901, 9903 (munipungavah), 9908 (returned the horse to Amcumat and granted him that the slain sons of Sagara should be purified when Ganga was brought down from heaven); 108, 9921, 9935, 9937 (devam, all. to § 387).—§ 478 (Dhundhumarop.): III, 204, 13608 (all. to § 387).—§ 493 (Angirasa): III, 221, 14197.(°m paramarshiñ ca yam prāhur yatayah sadā | agnih sa Kapilo nāma Sānkhyayogapravartakah, in the enumeration of fires).—§ 565 (Gālavacarita): V, 109, 3976 (atra—i.e. in the north—Cakradhanur nāma Sūryāj jāto mahān rehiķ | vidur yam K°m devam yenürttüh Sagarātmajāh, all. to § 387).— § 576 (Bhagavadgītāp.): VI, **34**, 1230 (siddhānām K°o munih, sc. asmi, says Krshna).- § 637 (Rājadh.): XII, 43, 1510 (Krshna is identified with K.); 47 $\eta$ , 1595 (among the rshis who surround Bhīshma).—§ 668b (Pancacikhavākya): XII, 218, 7889 (yam ahur Kom Sankhyah paramarshim Prajāpatim, sc. Pancacikha); 219, †7983 (i.e. Pancacikha).-§ 684 (Mokshadh.): XII, 269, 9600 (°sya goç ca samvadam), 9602, (9607); **270,** (9636), (9655), (9685); **271,** (9707), (9742), (9745) (discourse between K. and a cow about sacrifices). - § 704 (do.): XII, 302, 11100 (sūkshmam Sankhyanam . . . vihitam yatibhih sarvaih Koadibhih) .-§ 707 (do.): XII, 319\$\beta\$, 11783 (had instructed Vicvavasu).— § 7170 (Uparicara): XII, 336c, 12759 (rehicreshthac ca Koh Çālihotrapitā smṛtaḥ, among the sadasyas at the sacrifice of Vasu Uparicara). — § 717b (Nārāyanīya): XII, 340, 12932 (vidyāsahāyavantañ ca ādityastham samāhitam Kom prāhur ācāryāķ Sānkhyaniçcitiniçcayāķ, sc. Nārāyana); 341 a, 13078 (among the seven mind-born sons of Brahmán); 343¢, 13254 (vidyāsahāyavantam mām ādityastham sanātanam Kom prāhur āçāryāh Sānkhyā niccitiniccayāh, says Krshna); 350, 13703 (Sankhyasya vakta Koh paramarshih sa uoyate), 13718 (rehibhih Koādibhih).- § 721b (Viçvāmitrop.): XIII, 48, 255 (mahān rshih, among the sons of Vicvāmitra).—§ 730g (Upamanyu): XIII, 14, 916 (Sankhyanam Koo hy asi, sc. Çiva).—§ 730 (Anuçasanik.): XIII, 1811, 1299 (Sankhyarshih).—§ 770 (do.): XIII, 151x, 7119 (among the seven

upholders of the earth—dharanidharah).—[§ 772f (Pavanārjunasamv.): Vāyu said: Behold the great ones—i.e. the sons of Sagara, Nīl.—who adored (?ye hāsanta, so Nīl.) the ocean, pulverized, being cursed by the brahman of golden complexion (?suvarṇadhāriṇā, so Nīl.), i.e. Kapila: XIII, 154, 7221.]

Kapila<sup>2</sup>, a serpent king. § 370 (Tirthayātrāp.): III, 84, 8010 (nāgarājasya . . . K°sya tīrtham).

Kapila<sup>3</sup> = Sürya: III, 154.

**Kapila** = Civa (1000 names  $^{1-2}$ ).

Kapila 5 = Vishnu (1000 names). Cf. Kapila 1.

Kapilā¹, daughter of Daksha and wife of Kaçyapa. § 87 (Amçāvat.): I, 65, 2520 (enumeration of Daksha's daughters).

—§ 105 (do.): I, 65, 2560 (her offspring were the amrta, the brahmans, the kine, the Gandharvas, and the Apsarases, as recorded in the Purāṇa).

Kapilā², a river. § 494 (Āngirasa): III, 222, 14233 (among the rivers who are mothers of fires).—§ 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9λ, 335 (among the rivers of Bhāratavarsha).

Kapilā = Durgā (Umā): VI, 796.

Kapilā 4, a brahman woman, wife of Āsuri. § 6688 (Pañcaçikhavākya): XII, **218**, 7895 (Pañcaçikha sucked K., thence he was named Kāpileya).

Kāpila, a varsha in Kuçadvīpa. § 575 (Bhūmip.): VI, 12ζ,

455 (the seventh varsha in Kuçadvîpa).

Kāpila, adj. ("belonging to or relating to Kapila"). § 387 (Sagara): III, 107, 8885 (tojas).—§ 668b (Pañcacikhavākya): XII, 218, 7891 (mandalam, i.e. a concourse of munis who followed the system of Kapila).—§ 713 (Çukakrti): XII, 326, 12218 (sc. çāstram).—§ 717b (Nārāyanīya): XII, 343, 13253 (°m jñānacintakaih).

Kāpila, pl. ("followers of the system of Kapila") = the

Sānkhyas: XII, 11151 (Sānkhyāḥ), 11182.

Kapilācārya = Vishņu (1000 names).

Kapilāçva, a king. § 478 (Dhundhumārop.): III, 204, 13621 (the second son of Kuvalāçva Dhundhumāra).—§ 673 (Bali-Vāsavasaṃv.): XII, 227α, 8263 (among the ancient rulers of the world, the same?).

Kapilāhrada, a tīrtha. § 370 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 84,

Kapilasya kedāra(h), a tīrtha. § 364 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 83, 6042 (kedāre . . . Kapilasya), 6044 (Kapilasya os kedāram, so C., but B. has Kapishthalasya kedāram).

Kapilātīrtha, a tīrtha. § 364 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 83,

Kapilavata, a tīrtha. § 370 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 84, 8009.

Kāpileya ("the son of Kapilā") = Pañcaçikha: XII, 7886  $(P^{\circ})$ , 7896 (P. is named so because he sucked Kapilā), 7897, 7899.

Kapindra = Vishnu (1000 names).

Kapindraputri ("the daughter of the monkey king") = Jāmbavatī: XIII, †629.

Kapinjalā, a river. § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9λ, 834.

Kapipravaraketana = Arjuna, q.v.

Kapirājaketu ("having an ape in his banner") = Arjuna: VI, †2657, †2670, †2677, †2678.

Kapishtalasya kedāra(h), a tīrtha. § 364 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 83, 6044 (only B., C. has Kapilasya ca kedāram).

Kapivaradhvaja - Arjuna, q.v.

Kapota<sup>1</sup>, a Suparna, son of Garuda. . § 564 (Mātalīyop.): V, 101\$\theta\$, 3598 (enumeration).