

**Sutīrthaka**, a tīrtha. § 364 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 83, 6024, 6026 (on the Ambumatī?).

**Sutūṅga**, a mountain. § 596 (Pratijñāp.): VII, 80, 2851 (only C., B. has *Satūṅga*).

**Suvāc**<sup>1</sup>, v. Sadāhsuvāc.

**Suvāc**<sup>2</sup>, a brahman. § 324 (Dvaitavanapr.): III, 26a, 987 (waited upon Yudhishtīra).

**Suvāha**, a warrior of Skanda. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 45η, 2568.

**Suvāhu**, v. Subāhu.

**Suvaktra**<sup>1</sup>, a warrior of Skanda. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 45η, 2575.

**Suvaktra**<sup>2</sup> = Īva: XIII, 1158 (1000 names<sup>2</sup>); XIV, 195.

**Suvāmā**, a river. § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9λ, 336.

**Suwapus** = Īva: XIV, 206.

**Suvarcalā**, the wife of Sūrya (the Sun). § 768b (Umā-Māheçvarasamv.): XIII, 146γ, 6751 (*Sūryasya*, sc. *sādhvī*).

**Suvarcas**<sup>1</sup>, son of Dhṛtarāṣṭra. § 130 (Āmçāvat.): I, 67, 2737 ((*Vātavega-S°au*).—§ 182 (Dhṛtarāṣṭraputranāmak.): I, 117, 4549 (do.).—§ 232 (Svayamvarap.): I, 186, 6983 (present at the svayamvara of Draupadī).—§ 608 (Karnap.): VIII, 51δδ, 2447 (*Vātavega-S°au*, attacked Bhīmasena); 84, 4263 (do., slain by Bhīmasena).

**Suvarcas**<sup>2</sup>, a prince. § 232 (Svayamvarap.): I, 186, 6989 (son of Suketu<sup>2</sup>, present at the svayamvara of Draupadī).

**Suvarcas**<sup>3</sup>, a brahman. § 545 (Pativratāmāhātmyap.): III, 298, (16867).

**Suvarcas**<sup>4</sup>, a Suparna, son of Garuḍa. § 564 (Mātaliyop.): V, 101a, 3587.

**Suvarcas**<sup>5</sup>, a Pāṇḍava warrior. § 592 (Samçaptakavadhap.): VII, 21μ, 916.

**Suvarcas**<sup>6</sup>, a Kuru warrior. § 593 (Abhimanyuvadhap.): VII, 48χ, 1899 (slain by Abhimanyu).

**Suvarcas**<sup>7</sup>, a companion of Skanda. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 45, 2548 (given to Skanda by Himavat).

**Suvarcas**<sup>8</sup> = Karandhama, son of Khanīneta. § 778 d (Samvartta-Maruttiya). Seeing the reverses sustained by his father (Khanīneta) S. devoted all his energy to increase the welfare of the people. He was pious, and his subjects were well pleased with him; but as he was constantly engaged in virtuous deeds, his treasures and vehicles became greatly reduced, and the feudatory princes troubled him, so that he came in great distress, but they could not slay him, for his power was established in righteousness; at last he blew into his hand (*pradadhmau karaṁ*), and from that there appeared a supply of forces (read *balam* with B.); then he vanquished all his foes and was called *Karandhama*. His son *Avikṣit* lived in the beginning of the *Tretāyuga*: XIV, 4, 72; [5, 99, *Karandhamah*, d: Formerly (read *pūrvam* with B. instead of *putram*) *Āgiras* was the family priest of *Karandhama*. S. was powerful as *Indra*, etc.; he had a chariot, and warriors, and friends, and costly bedsteads, etc., produced through meditation by the breath of his mouth; he had brought all the princes under his sway, and having lived as long as he desired he ascended heaven with his body]. Cf. *Karandhama*.

**Suvarcas**<sup>9</sup> = Īva: XIV, 192.

**Suvarcasa**, **Suvarcasin** = Īva (1000 names<sup>2</sup>).

**Suvarman**<sup>1</sup>, son of Dhṛtarāṣṭra. § 130 (Āmçāvat.): I, 67, 2732.—§ 182 (Dhṛtarāṣṭraputranāmak.): I, 117, 4545.—§ 585 (Bhishmavadhap.): VI, 77κ, 3344.—§ 599 (Jayadrāthavadhap.): VII, 127νν, 5178, 5209 (slain by Bhīmasena).

**Suvarman**<sup>2</sup>, a Kuru warrior. § 605 (Karnap.): VIII, 27λλ, 1079 (attacked Arjuna).

**Suvarna**<sup>1</sup>, a Devagandharva. § 191 (Arjuna): I, 123, 4814 (present at the birth of Arjuna). Cf. *Suparna*<sup>2</sup>.

**Suvarna**<sup>2</sup>, a rshi. § 754 (Ānuçāsānik.): XIII, 98, 4678 (*Manoh Prajāpater vādam S°ya ca*), 4679, 4684, 4741 (discourse between Manu and S.).

**Suvarna**<sup>3</sup> = Īva (1000 names<sup>1-2</sup>).

**Suvarnā**, daughter of Ikshvāku. § 156 (Pūruvaṁç.): I, 95, †3787 (*Ikshvātukanyāṁ*, wife of Suhotra). Cf. *Aikshvāki*.

**Suvarnābha**, son of Çaṅkhapada. § 717b (Nārāyaṇiya): XII, 349, IV), 13584 (*diçām palam*), learnt the religion of Nārāyaṇa from Çaṅkhapada).

**Suvarnabindu** = Viṣṇu (1000 names).

**Suvarnacūda**, a Suparna, son of Garuḍa. § 564 (Mātaliyop.): V, 101β, 3594.

**Suvarnaçiras**, a rshi. § 565 (Gālavacarita): V, 110, 3812 (°so 'py atra—i.e. in the west—*hariromnah pragayatah*).

**Suvarnadhārin** = Kapila: XIII, 7221.

**Suvarnākhyā**<sup>1</sup> ("named Suvarna"), a tīrtha. § 370 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 84, 7096 (*atra Viṣṇuh prasādārtham Rudram adhārayat purā*).—Do.<sup>2</sup>, name of a locality. § 564 (Mātaliyop.): V, 99, 3551 (*atra* (i.e. in Pātāla) *Adityo Hayaçirāh* (i.e. Viṣṇu) *kālo parvaṇi parvaṇi / uttiṣṭati S°m vāgbhir āpūrayaṁ jagat*, cf. Nil.).

**Suvarnakoshaprāpti** ("discovery of the gold-treasure"). § 11 (Parvasaṅgr.): I, 2, 606 (i.e. XIV, ch. 63-65, see *Anugītāp.*).

**Suvarnāksha** = Īva: XIII, 599, 1326.

**Suvarnamukūṭa** = Īva: XIV, 202.

**Suvarnanāma**, **Suvarnapriya** = Īva (1000 names<sup>1</sup>).

**Suvarnaretas** = Īva (1000 names<sup>2</sup>).

**Suvarnashthīvin**, son of Sṛṇjaya. § 595 (Sṛṇjaya): VII, 55, 2157, 2163 (Sṛṇjaya from the grace of Nārada obtained a son whose excreta were gold; S. was slain by some robbers but afterwards revived by Nārada).—[§ 632 (Rājadh.): XII, 29, †1042 (*Suvarnashthīvī*, S's death and revival).—§ 633 (do.): XII, 30, [1043 (*Kāñcana-shthīvī*), 1045.—§ 634b (*Suvarnashthīvisambhavop.*): XII, 31, 1088, 1089, 1104 (the story of S's birth, death, and revival, cf. § 595). Cf. *Kāñcanashthīvin*, *Svarnashthīvin*.]

[**Suvarnashthīvi-sambhavopākhyāna(m)**] ("the episode relating to the origin of *Suvarnashthīvin*"). § 634b (Rājadh.): *Parvata*, after having taken counsel with *Nārada*, granted a boon to *Sṛṇjaya* in the form of a son (*Suvarnashthīvin*), but *Indra* would not let him be long-lived, and *Parvata* would not destine otherwise from partiality to *Indra*, but *Nārada* told *Sṛṇjaya* to think of him. *Nārada* and *Parvata* left *Sṛṇjaya*'s presence. *Indra* slew *Suvarnashthīvin*, causing his *vajra* to assume the form of a tiger, on the shores of the *Bhāgīrathī*. *Sṛṇjaya*, in his distress, thought of *Nārada*, who recited to him the *Shoḍaçarājop.* (§ 632b), and brought the child back to life, with *Indra*'s permission; *Suvarnashthīvin* ruled for 1100 years, gratifying D. and P., and procreated many sons ere he died (XII, 31).

**Suvarnavarman**, a Kāçi king. § 52 (Janamejaya): I, 44, †1809 (*Kāçipam*, father of *Vapushtamā*, the wife of *Janamejaya Pārikṣita*).

**Suvarnavarna** = Viṣṇu (1000 names).

[**Suvarnotpatti**] ("the origin of gold"). § 747b (Ānuçāsānik.). *Vasishṭha* told to *Rāma Jāmadagnya* (and again *Bhishma* to *Yudhishtīra*): After the wedding of *Rudra* and *Devī* on *Himavat*, all the gods, fearing that *Rudra*'s offspring