Asurāyani, a son of Viçvāmitra. § 721b (Viçvāmitrop.): XIII, 4β , 255 (rshih).

Asurendra ("king of As."): (a) = Bali, XIII, 4290, 4741; (b) = Prahlāda, XII, 4602, 8057; (c) = Vṛtra, XII, 10028, 10060, 10110; (d) $^{\circ}au$ = Madhu and Kaiṭabha, XII, 13518.

Asurendrasutā = Çarmishthā: I, 3369.

Asurī ("a female Asura"): I, 3286 (= Çarmishthā); III, 12203 (= Kālakā mahāsurī); IV. 260.

Asuri. § 668b (Pañcaçikhavākya): XII, 218, 7890 (°εḥ prathamam çishyam, i.e. Pañcaçikha), 7893, 7894 (his wife was Kapilā).—§ 707 (Mokshadh.): XII, 319β, 11784.

Asūrya ("sunless"). § 746 (Ānuçāsan.): XIII, 77, 3700 (asūryā nāma te lokā gām dattvā tān na gacchati).

Ataka (\bar{A}° ?), a Nāga. § 66 (Sarpasattra): I, 57, 2154 (among the serpents of Kauravya's race that fell into the fire).

Atandrita = Çiva (1000 names 1).

Atapana = $\text{Qiva } (1000 \text{ names}^{1}).$

Ațavi. § 284 (Sahadeva): II, 31a, 1175 (purim ramyām, a city conquered by Sahadeva).

Atavīçikhara, pl. § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9μ, 355 (a people—country—in Bharatavarsha).

Aṭavika, pl. (°āḥ) ("people dwelling in the forest"). § 613 (Gadāyuddh.): IX, 32a, 1820 (pṛthivī sarvā sa-Mleechāṭavikā).

Atharva = Çiva: XIII, 901; do. (C.) or \bar{A}° (B.), pl. = Artharvaveda: XIII, 4706.

Atharvaçiras¹, an Upanishad (v. BR.): I, 2882; III, 17066; XIII, 4298. Do.² = Mahāpurusha (Ma° Pu°st°).

Atharvaçīrsha = Çiva (1000 names 3).

Atharvan¹ (a ṛshi). § 493 (Angirasa): III, 222, 14215 (finds out Agni in the sea), 14218, 14225, 14226, 14227.— § 560 (Sanatsujātap.): V, 43, †1670.—§ 606 (Tripurākhy.): VIII, 34, 1497 (Atharvāngirasau).—§ 730 (Ānuçāsan.): XIII, 14ββ, 991 (sa-Bṛhaspatiḥ).

Atharvan' = Atharvaveda: XII, 18186 (Rgvede sa-Yajurvede 'thaivātharva-Sāmasu), 13258 (pañcakalpam Atharvānam

krtyābhih parivrmhitam); XIII, 4590 (vedam)

Atharvan³, pl. = Atharvaveda: III, 12963 (Atharvanah); V, 1711 (Atharvasu); XII, 8613.

Atharvana ("belonging to or named after Atharvan"):
V, 1391; VII, 2851 (sthānam Ātharvaṇasya); VIII, 1848,
†4625 ("which in efficacy equalled an Atharvan rite," PCR.);

Atharvana = Atharvaveda: XII, 13259 (°vidah).

XIII, 1086 (Ātharvaņā dvijāķ)

Atharvāngiras = Angiras. § 555 (Indravijaya): V, 18, 549 (°e), 551 (°am).

Atharvāngirasa¹ = Angiras: 11, 487 (?; in the palace of Brahmán); V, 550 (°o nāma vede 'smin vai bhavishyati). Do.², adj.: VIII, 3488 (Atharvāngirasī grutiķ), 4795 (krtyām

om iv ogrām); IX, 907 (= do.).

Atharvāngirasah (pl.), a kind of rshis? (II, 437;

= Atharvaveda?).

Atharvāngirasāh (pl.): XII, 12736 (Yajur-Rk-Sāmabhir jushtam Atharvāngirasais tathā, i.e. Atharvaveda).

Atharvaveda: I, 2883 (°pravarāh); II, 450; III, 15147 (°proktaih); V, 548 (°mantraih); XIII, 469 (°vede vede ca).

Athida, v. Alinda.

Atibāhu. § 103 (Amçāvat.): I, 65, 2559 (among four Gandharvasattamāḥ, whose mother was Prādhā)

Atibala¹. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 45, 2546 (given to Skanda by Vāyu).

Atibala². § 641b (Rājadh.): XII, 59, 2213 (Anangaputra): Obtaining an extensive empire after the demise of his father, he became a slave of his passions.

Atibhīma. § 492 (Āngirasa): III, 220, 14166 (among the five yajnamushah devāh "of the gods").

Atiçringa. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 45, 2551 (given to Skanda by Vindhya; PCR. has Agniçringa).

Atidhūmra = Çiva (1000 names 2)

Atidīpta = Çiva (1000' names 2).

Atikāla = Çiva (1000 names 1).

Atikrechra = Mahāpurusha (Maº Puºstº).

Atindra = Vishnu (1000 names).

Atindriya = Vishnu (1000 names).

Atiratha. § 150 (Pūruv.): I, 94. 3704 (among the sons of Matināra).

Atisāra, v. Abhisāra.

Atishanda. § 793 (Mausalap.): XVI, 4η, 120 (among the nāgas who received the white Nāga who issued from the mouth of Bala-Rāma).

Atishthira. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 45, 2550 (given to

Skanda by Manu).

Atithi(n). § 632b (Shoqarājop.): XII, 29, 917 (Suhotrañ caivātithinam mṛtam çuçruma Sṛnjaya); 921 (atho 'tithih; = Suhotra).

Ativarcas. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 45, 2548 (given to Skanda by Himavat).

Ativrddha = Çiva (1000 names 3).

Atiyaças - Krshna: XII, 13139.

Atiyama. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 45, 2547 (given to Skanda by Varuna).

*Atman (the Supreme Sour): IX, 2352; do.2 = Çiva (1000 names 2), Kṛshṇa (XIV, 1491).

Atmanirāloka = Çiva (1000 names 2).

Atmasambhava - Çiva (1000 names 2).

Atmastha = Kṛshṇa: XII, 1641.

Atmavat = Vishnu (1000 names).

Atmayoni = Kṛshṇa: XII, 1623; XIII, 7392, 7395;

do.² = Vishnu (1000 names).

Atreya¹ (descendant or descendants of Atri). § 59 (Sarpasatra): I, 53a, 2048.—§ 324 (Dvaitavanapr.): III, 26, 971 (pl.) (in the speech of Baka Dālbhya: perform their religious practice in the forest protected by Yudhishthira).—§ 376 (Tīrthay.): III, 85, 8236 (among the ṛshis who expect Yudhishthira at the Tīrthayātrā).—§ 461 (Vāmadevacar.): III, 192, ††13184 (disciple of Vāmadeva).—§ 559 (Prajāgarap.): V, 36, 1260 (A°sya ca samvādam Sādhyānām ceti).—§ 637 (Rājadh.): XII, 47n, 1594 (among the ṛshis who surround Bhīshma on his arrow-bed).—§ 665 (Mokshadh.): XII, 2081, 7598 (one of the seven ṛshis in the North).—§ 677 (do.): XII, 235, 8592 (Indradamanah), 8596 (Sānkṛtiḥ).—§ 767 (Ānuçāsan.): XIII, 137a, 6247 (among the pious princes, etc., who have attained to heaven by charity and penances).—§ 793 (Mausalap.): XVI, 4, †124 (i.e. Durvāsas).

Atreya², pl. (°āh). § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 90, 376 (among the peoples in Bharatavarsha in the North and East)

Atreyi. § 268 (Varunasabhāv.): II, 9, 374 (among the rivers in the palace of Varuna in their personified forms).

Atreyi² (a kind of menstruating woman, v. BR.). § 65t (Āpaddh.): XII, 165, 6094 (dviguṇā brahmahatyā vai Āo. nidhane bhavet).

Atri 1, a rshi. § 30b (Samudra): I, 21, 1217 (brahmarshinā).
—§ 86 (Amçāvat.): I, 65, 2518 (one of the six maharshis,