his vaira at Garuda, who had robbed the amrta); [34, 1520 (Purandara, made friendship with Garuda, and recovered the amrta)].-§ 60 (Sarpasattra): I, 53, 2056 (protected Takshaka). - § 61 (do.): I, 55, [†2098 (Cakrasya yajñah çatasankhya uktah)], †2110 (°tvasamam).—§ 62 (do.): I, 56. †2118 (°sya bhavane), †2120, 2125 (°sya bhavane), 2129 (deserted Takshaka).-§ 68 (Astīka): I, 58, 2167 (ohastāc cyutah, sc. Takshaka), 2170 (°hastād visrastam, sc. Takshaka). -§ 73 (Vasu Uparicara): I, 63, 2335, 2337 (°tvam), (2339) (Vasu obtained from I. a chariot (vimana), and the garland Indramala, and a bamboo pole which he erected in worship of I. (from that time kings raise such a pole in order to worship I.); I. (içvarah, v. 2354) came there in the shape of a swan).—§ 74 (do.): I, 63, 2361 (°prītyā, °mahaṃ).— § 75 (do.): I, 63, 2366 (°prāsāde).—§ 83 (Ādivamçāvatārana): I, 63, 2444 (father of Arjuna).—§ 84 (Ādivamçāvatāranap.): I, 64, 2508 (headed by I., the gods prevailed upon Nārāyana to become incarnate).—§ 85 (Amçāvat.): I, 65, 2509.— [§ 88 (do.): I, 65, 2523 (Çakrah, the fourth of the Adityas).] - [§ 120 (do.): I, 66, 2600 (Aditeh putrah Çakramukhyāḥ).]-[§ 130 (do.): I, 67, 2746 (Devarājasya, father of Arjuna).]-§ 131b (Karna): I, 67, 2779 (in the shape of a brahman I. asked Karna for his ear-rings and natural armour and gave him a dart-cf. § 547).--§ 134 (Viçvāmitra): I, 71, 72 (from fear of the ascetic penances of Viçvāmitra I. (Çakram Surayaneçvaram, v. 2914) despatched the Apsaras Menakā to tempt Viçvāmitra).—§ 139 (Manu Vaivasvata): I, 75, 3136 (Adityan . . . Indradin, sons of Kaçvapa and Dākshāyanī, i.e. Aditi). — § 142 (Nahusha): I. 75. 3157 (kārayām āsa cendratvam, sc. Nahusha).—§ 145 (Kaca): I, 76, 3229 (sendrā devāh), †3234 (api), †3241.— § 146 (Devayānī): I [78 (I. (Catakratum, v. 3280) set out to defeat the Asuras; changing himself into a wind he mixed up the clothes of some bathing maidens; from this arose the dispute between Devayani and Carmishtha); 80, 3341 (yogakshemakarah . . . I syeva Brhaspatih).—§ 147 (do.): I, 82, 3408 (°sya . . . grhe).—§ 148 (Yayāti) : I, 85, 3504 (sākshād I°iva āparah, sc. Yayāti).—§ 149 (do.): I, [86-] 88. (†3564), (†3566), (†3568), †3574 (°samaprabhāva) (I. (Cakra, v. 3537) discoursed with Yayati, who from pride of his ascetic merits disregarded all others and therefore fell down to earth); [92, 3652 (Cakrāc ca labdho hi varaḥ, sc. by Yayāti)]; 93, †3672 (°pratimaprabhāvah), †3683 (°kalpam). § 150 (Pūruvamç.): I, 94, 3701 (°vikramaḥ, sc. Satyeyu).— [§ 157 (do.): I, 95, ††3814 (Cakrāt, father of Arjuna).]— § 175 (Karnasambhava): I, 111, 4407 (brāhmaņo bhūtvā, repetition from § 131b).—§ 186 (Vyushitāçvop.): I, 121, 4687 (devāh sendrāh), 4688 (amādyad Ioah somena, at the sacrifices of Vyushitāçva).—§ 190 (Pāṇḍavotpatti): I, 123, 4779 (rājā devānām, begot Arjuna on Kuntī).—§ 191 (Arjuna): I, 123 a, 4804 (sendrāņām divaukasām, present at the birth of Arjuna), 4823 (the seventh of the Adityas). - [§ 192 (Pānḍavotpatti): I, 124, 4846 (prāpyādhīpatyam I eņa yajnaih). - § 194 (Pāṇḍu): I, 126, 4921 (Puruhūtūt, father of Arjuna). - \$ 198 (Caradvat): I, 130 (from fear of the penances of Caradvat, I. (Devarājam, v. 5075) sent the Apsaras Janapadī to tempt Caradvat).]- § 208 (Astradarçana): I, 135, 5355 (sendrāyudhatadit-sasandhya iva toyadah), 5401 (sendrāyudhapurogamaiķ . . . meghaiķ), [5402 (Harihayam)]. § 209 (Drupadaçāsana): I, 138, 5484 (vyakshobhayetām . . . 1°-Vairocanāv iva). — § 213 (Jatugrhap.): I, 151, 5908 (Dharmad I°acca Vatac ca sushuve ya sutan iman, sc. Kuntī, cf. § 190).-§ 214 (Hidimbavadhap.): I, 153, 5971 (vikramam

me yathe sya); [156 (the birth of Ghatotkaca had been caused by I. (Maghavatā, v. 6083), in order that Karna might use his dart in slaving Ghatotkaca and Arjuna be saved)] .-[§ 221 (Caitrarathap.): I, 170, 6500 (Cakram, father of Arjuna).]-§ 233 (Svayamvarap.): I, 188, 7035 (Pārtham I'ketusamaprabham, i.e. Arjuna).- § 238 (Pancendrop.): I, 197, [†7304] (the Indra Cibi), †7316 (°rūpām, sc. Arjuna) (I. (Vajrī, v. 7287) was paralysed by Civa, and together with four Indras of old confined in a cave, then the five Indras became incarnate as the five Pandavas).-[§ 241 (Viduragamanap.): I, 202, 7432 (vikramena ca lokān trīn jitavān Pākaçāsanah)]. — § 244 (Rājyalābhap.): I, 207, 7593 (°kalpaih, sc. the Pāṇḍavas).—[§ 246b (Tilottamā): I, 211 (how I. (Mahendrasya, v. 7705) got 1,000 eyes).]-§ 246 (Sundopasundop.): I, 212, 7735 (°e trailokyam ādhāya, sc. Brahman).- § 253 (Haranaharanap.): I, 221, 7971 (lokeshu sendra-Rudreshu). - §§ 254-8 (Khandavadahanap.): I, 222-8, 8088, 8172 (protecting the Khandava wood, Indra and the other gods fight with Arjuna and Krshna, who assist Agni).—[§ 260 (do.): I, 234 (I. (Cakrāt, v. 8469) promises to give Arjuna celestial weapons when he has gratified Civa, cf. Kairātaparvan foll.).]—[§ 263 (Sabhākriyāp.): II, 3, 70 (Sahasrākshah Cacīpatih, performed sacrifices at Bindusaras). - § 265 (Lokapālasabhākhyānap.): II, 6, 275 (°sya, sc. sabhām).—§ 266 (Çakrasabhāv.): II, 7, 302 (°āgnī, copious description of the palace of I.).—[§ 270 (Brahmasabhāv.): II, 11, 466 (Purandarac ca Devendrah, repairs to the palace of Brahmán).]-§ 271b (Hariçeandra): II, 12, 499.-§ 273 (Rājasūyārambhap.): II, 14, 585 (°sakhaḥ, sc. Bhīshmaka). -[§ 277 (Jarāsandhavadhap.): II, 24, 950 (Vāsavāt, Vasu obtained a chariot from I., cf. § 73).]-§ 284 (Sahadeva): II, 31. 1167 (°sakhāya, sc. Bhīshmaka).—§ 289 (Arghāharanap.): II, 36, 1323 (sendrāh surāh, worship Hari).-§ 295 (Dyūtap.): II, 52, 1842 (°āyudhanibhān).—[§ 297 (do.): II, 55, 1957 (adrohasamayam krtvā cicheda Namuceh çiraḥ / Çakraḥ, cf. § 615s).]—§ 299 (do.): II, 67, †2232 (°kalpāh); 70, †2365 (°kalpah).—§ 314 (Āraņyakap.): III, 9, 327, 328 (Surabhyāç caiva samvādam I° sya ca), 329, (330),339 (I.'s discourse with Surabhi).—§ 317b (Kṛshṇa Vāsudeva): III, 12, [479 (Kṛshṇa bestowed the sovereignty of the universe (sarveçvaratvam) on Çacīpati, i.e. Indra)], 484 (Vishnuh . . . Ioād avarajah).—§ 317 (Arjunābhigamanap.): III, 12, 566 (°āçanisamasparçam).—§ 320 (Saubhavadhop.): III, 15, 653 (yathendrabhavanam); 19, 770 (devaganāh sarve sendrāḥ); 22, 865 (°dayitaṃ . . . vajraṃ).—§ 323 (Dvaitavanapraveça): III, 25, 945 (°pratimāh, sc. the Pāṇḍavas).— § 327 (Draupadīparitāpav.): III, 34, †1374 (do.).—§ 329 (Kāmyakavanapraveça): III, 36, 1444 (Arjuna shall receive celestial weapons from I., etc.).—§ 330 (Indradarçana): III, 37, 1469 (possessed all celestial weapons, as the gods had invested him with all their might; Arjuna, on his way to heaven, meets Indra (Cakrah, v. 1505), who tells him first to gratify Civa).—[§ 334 (Kairātap.): III, 41 (when Arjuna had gratified Civa, the Lokapalas (among them I. (Cakrah, v. 1677)) appeared; I. promised to send his chariot to take Arjuna to heaven).] - §§ 335-9 (Indralokābhigamanap.): III, 42-7, 1724 (ratham I°sya), 1767, 1882 (°āsane) (the chariot of I. takes Arjuna to heaven, where he enters the palace of I. and obtains celestial weapons from I.; Lomaça saw Arjuna on the seat of Indra).—§ 345 (Nalopākhyānap.): III, [54 (Nārada tells I. about the svayamvara of Damayanti, and the Lokapalas headed by I. repaired there); 55, 2138 (Nala is despatched to Damayantī as the messenger of the