who had his steeds slain, slew the steeds of Kṛpa, etc., and ascended the chariot of Cikhandin. Cikhandin did not wish to strike Krpa while the latter had no chariot: Acvatthaman rescued Krpa. Bhima scorched the Kuru troops with his arrows (VIII, 75). The Bharata host fled before Bhima, who said to his charioteer Viçoka that he was anxious about Arjuna and Yudhishthira; requested by Bhīma, Viçoka took an estimate of his weapons. Bhima once more addressed Viçoka, saying that he would that day slay all the Kurus or himself succumb, etc. $(\psi\psi\psi)$. Viçoka pointed out to Bhīma that Arjuna was returning to battle (www). Bhīma promised to give Viçoka fourteen villages, 100 female slaves, and twenty chariots for this agreeable intelligence (VIII, 76). Arjuna and Bhīma attacked the Kaurava army with great vigour (description). Duryodhana told his troops to slay Bhīma, who made a formidable carnage among them (description). Cakuni (urged by Duryodhana) + his brothers & Bhima; Cakuni was brought away by Duryodhana, who the troops fled away to Karna (VIII, 77). Requested by Dhrtarashtra (a), Sanjaya related: In the afternoon Karna assailed the Somakas, and Bhima the Dhārtarāshṭra troops. Karņa assailed the Pañcālas, etc. (β'); the $P\bar{a}ndavas$ encompassed him on all sides; Cikhandin, etc. (γ') , & Karna, who vanquished them. Cedis and Matsyas & Karna, who checked them; D., Si., and Ca. were gratified; the Pandava troops fled, and were attacked by the Dhartarashtra archers. Duryodhana rejoiced; Duryodhana, etc. (8'), slew the Pandava warriors; similarly the Pandava heroes Dhrshtadyumna, etc. (ϵ'), made an onslaught on the Kurus (VIII, 78). Arjuna produced a river of blood (description). Requested by Arjuna (5'), Krshna took him to Karna, whom *Çalya* informed (η') , and who answered *Çalya* (η') . Requested by Karna, Duryodhana, etc. (6'), in order to open up a path for Karna to Arjuna, speedily proceeded and attacked Arjuna, who caused a great onslaught; Açvatthāman & Krpa and Krtavarman & Arjuna, who vanquished them. Cikhandin, etc. (a'), proceeding towards Arjuna, checked the foes; the Kurus and Srnjayas slew one another (VIII, 79). Arjuna (avoiding Karna) proceeded to the rescue of Bhima and slew the assailants of Bhima; the Kurus fled; Arjuna informed Bhīma that Yudhishthira was well, and then proceeded; he was surrounded by ten sons of Dhrtarashtra (who were all Duḥçāsana's juniors in age), whom he slew (VIII, 80). Arjuna was assailed by ninety Samçaptakas as he was proceeding towards Karna's chariot; he slew them. Many Kauravas attacked him, whom he destroyed. Then he was attacked by a force of Mlecchas, riding 1,300 elephants, commanded by Duryodhana. Arjuna made a heavy onslaught. Abandoning the small remnant of Kauravas, Bhīmasena rushed towards Arjuna and also destroyed this remnant; then he followed Arjuna in his rear; Karna was deserted by his troops; the sons of Dhrtarashtra repaired to Karna. Karna attacked the Pañcalas (VIII, 81); Karna felled Janamejaya's driver and steeds, and cut off the bows of Catanika and Sutasoma; Karna & Dhrshtadyumna, etc. (k'); Ugrakarman (the commander of the Kaikeya division) & Karna's son Prasena; Karna slew Ugrakarman; Prasena & Sātyaki, who slew him; Karna & Satyaki + Çikhandin; Karna slew Dhrshtadyumna's son and attacked Sutasoma. Krshna urged Arjuna to slay Karna; Arjuna proceeded with Bhimasena; Uttamaujas, etc. (\lambda'), & Karna (grinding the Somakas), who vanquished them; they were rescued by the Draupadeyas; Satyaki & Duryodhana + Krpa, etc. (μ') ; Duhçāsana & Bhīma (VIII, 82).

Bhīma (addressing Karna, etc.) (μ') slew Duhçāsana and drank his blood in the very sight of Duryodhana and Karna; the bystanders, with Karna's brother Citrasena, fled away, thinking Bhīma to be a Rā.; Yudhāmanyu, etc., pursued Citrasena; Citrasena (turning back) was slain by him; Karna (putting the Pandava host to flight) & Nakula; Bhīmasena took up a little of Duḥçāsana's blood and drank it (ν') , addressing Krshna and Arjuna and vowing soon to slay Duryodhana (VIII, 83). Ten of Dhrtarashtra's sons (F) & Bhīma, who slew them. Karna was afraid, but was encouraged by Çalya (o'). Karna's son Vṛshasena & Bhīma + Nakula, who had his white steeds of the Vanayu breed slain by him, and sprang upon Bhīma's chariot in the sight of Arjuna; urged by Bhima and Nakula, Arjuna proceeded towards Vrshasena (VIII, 84). Eleven warriors (π') + the Kulindas (upon elephants, born in Himālayan regions) & Krtavarman, etc. (ρ') ; the Kulinda prince & Krpa, who slew him; the younger brother of the Kulinda prince & Krpa + the Gandhara king, who slew the Kulinda; the Kurus & the Pāṇḍus & Sṛñjayas; the Bhoja chief Kṛtavarman & Çatānīka; Açvatthāman slew three elephants; the third brother of the Kulinda chief & Duryodhana; the Kulinda, mounting another elephant, & Krātha, who was slain; Vrka & the same Kulinda, whose elephant crushed him; the son of Babhru & the same elephant + Sahadeva's son; Babhru fell down; the same Kulinda & Çakuni (the Gāndhāra chief), who slew him; Nakula's son Çatānīka (who slew elephants, etc.) & a Kulinda warrior [on the Kaurava side], who was slain by him; Karna's son Vrshasena & Çatānīka + Arjuna, etc. (σ') ; Arjuna, informing Karna and all the other Kurus headed by Duryodhana and Acvatthaman that he would slay Vrshasena and then Karna, as Bhima would slay Duryodhana, slew Vrshasena; Karna & Arjuna (+Krshna) (VIII, 85); Krshna addressed Arjuna (7); Arjuna's reply (v') (VIII, 86); description of Arjuna and Karna (ϕ') ; all the inhabitants of the world were heard to differ amongst themselves: D., Da., G., Pç., the Snakes, Rā.; As., Yātudhānas, Gh., etc., sided with Karna; the Vedas, etc. (χ') , with Arjuna; the smaller snakes all sided with Karna; V., M., Sa., R., V.-D., A., Agni, etc. (χ') , sided with Arjuna, while all \bar{A} . sided with Karna; the Vaiçyas, etc. (ψ'), sided with Karna; P., etc. (χ'), with Arjuna; the Pretas, Pc., Ra., etc., with Karna; D.-r., B.-r., R.-r. with Arjuna, as also G. headed by Tumburu. With the Pradheyas and Mauneyas, G. and Aps., and many wise sages, having for their vehicles wolves, etc., came in order to witness the encounter that was also witnessed by D., Dā., G., N., Y., etc., M.-r., P. (subsisting upon svadhā), etc., and Brahmán with B.-r. and Prajapatis and Bhava. Indra wished that Arjuna should vanquish Karna; Surya that Karna should vanquish Arjuna. The gods urged Brahman that the success of both should be equal, Indra that Arjuna and Krehna should win; Brahman and Içana (i.e. Civa) said that the victory of Arjund was certain (w'); "let Karna obtain identity with V. or M.; let him with Drona and Bhishma be worshipped in heaven." Indra acquiesced in their words. Description of Karna's and Arjuna's chariots. The ape on Arjuna's banner attacked the elephant's rope on Karna's banner. Krshna and Calya cast keen glances at each other, and so did Arjuna and Karna. Karna asked Calya what he would do if he was slain; Calya said that then he would slay both Krshna and Arjuna; similarly asked by Arjuna, Krehna said that Karna could not slay Arjuna; if so, the destruction of the universe would be