gods); 56, 2179 (devāç cendrapurogamāh); [57 (I. (Çakrah, Cacipatih, v. 2226) bestowed a boon upon Nala].—§ 346 (do.): III, 58, 2242.—§ 356 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 80, 3092 (°samavīryena, i.e. Arjuna). — § 377 (Dhaumyatīrthak.): III, 86, 8282 (°ād anavarah, sc. Arjuna; Arjuna has been sent to acquire weapons from I.), 8288 (°āyudholvaṇaḥ); 87. 8313 (at Kānyakubja Viçvāmitra drank soma with I.); 90, 8377 (°gītā . . . gāthā, i.e. v. 8378), 8386 (devāh sendrāh, practised austerities at Viçākhayūpa).—§ 378 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 91, 8419 (°ād . . . astrāny avāptavān Pārthah, i.e. Arjuna); 92, 8439 (°sya vacanāt).— § 382 (Agastyop.): III. 96, 8544 (°tulyam).—§ 384 (do.): III, 100-3, †8730 (from the bones of Dadhica Tvashtr formed the vajra with which Indra slew Vrtra, after the gods had invested him with their energy).—§ 391 (Rshyacriga): III, 113, †10088 (yathā).— [§ 394 (Arjuna Kārtavīrya): III, 115 (Arjuna Kārtavīrya affronted I. (Vasavam, v. 10141), who then applied to Vishnu). -\$ 400 (Tirthayātrāp.): III, 118, †10224 (°sya, sc. āyatanam, visited by Yudhishthira), †10234 (yatha), †10235 (°sya . . . nivecanam). - § 403 (do.): III, 121, 10292 (devaih sahendraih, performed sacrifices).-[§ 404 (do.): III, 121 (Kauçikah, v. 10312, all. to § 405). ]—§ 405 (Sukanyop.): III, 124 [-125], 10378, (10379), 10382, 10386 (at the sacrifice of Carvati Cyavana paralysed I., and created the Asura Mada who rushed forwards to devour I., who then allowed the Acvins to become partakers of the soma).- § 406 (Tirthayātrāp.): III, 125, 10418 (prasravaņam . . .  $I^{\circ}$ sya, a tīrtha). -§ 407 (Mandhatrup.): III, 126, 10453 (sendra divaukasah, Mandhatr sucked the forefinger of I. and obtained the seat beside I. (Cakrasyārdhāsanam, v. 10460).—§ 409 (Plakshāvataranagamana): III, 129, 10524 (Prabhāsam . . . Iosya dayitam).- § 411 (Çyenakapotīya): III, 130, 10559; 131, 10590 (I. in the shape of a hawk and Agni in the shape of a pigeon put Uçīnara to the test).—§ 412 (Ashtāvakrīya): III, 133, †10622 (api); 134, †10659 (°āgnī). — § 414 (Yavakritop.): III, 135, 10708, 10709, (10713), 10721, (10727), (10729), 10732 (alarmed at the penances of Yavakrīta, I. in the shape of a brahman made him to desist).—§ 417 (do.): III, 138, 10818 (devāh sendrapurogamāh). — § 418 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 139, †10835 (°sya jāmbunadaparvatāt, i.e. Meru, Nil.).-[§ 422b (Naraka): III, 142 (for the sake of Indra (Surarūjao, v. 10915), Vishņu slew Naraka, who desired the position of Indra (Aindram . . . sthanam, v. 10916).] - § 424 (Bhīmakadalīkhandapr.): III, 146, 11139 (langulam I°açanisamanihevanam); 147, 11186 (°ayudham ivoochritam).- § 437 (Yakshayuddhap.): III, 160, 11736 (°āçanir ivendreņa visrshtā).—[§ 438 (do.): III, 162, 11807 (deçakalantaraprepsuh krtva Çakrah parakramam / samprāptas tridive rājyam Vrtrahā Vasubhih saha). ]-§ 439 (do.): III, 163, 11845 (I. and Kubera reside on the mountain Mandara).-[§ 440 (do.): III, 164 (in the abode of Indra (Vasavam, v. 11898) Arjuna had acquired celestial weapons). ]-§ 441 (Nivātakavacayuddhap.): III, 165[-166], †11909 (°vāham), †11915 (surāh . . . sahendrāh) (Arjuna returns on the chariot of I., next day I. visited the Pandavas). <u>\_§§ 442–5 (do.): III, **167–73**, 12000 (stutayaç cendrayuktāh),</u> (12016), (12019), 12102 (yathendram Tarakamaye), 12130 (°āçanisamasparçaiḥ, sc. bāṇaiḥ), 12139 (at the command of I., Arjuna destroyed the Nivatakavacas and the inhabitants of Hiranyapura). - § 446 (do.): III, 174, 12278 (gave Arjuna a golden garland, the conch-shell Devadatta, an impenetrable armour and a diadem), 12280 (osya bhavane), 12282 (do.). - § 448 (Åjagarap.): III, 176, †12317 (°samona, sc. Arjunena).- § 455 (Brāhmanamāhātmyak.): III, 185, 12692 (yathaivendrah Prajāpatih). - § 456 (Sarasvatī-Tārkshyasamv.): III, 186, 12745 (devāh sendrāh).—§ 462 (Baka-Çakrasamv.): III, 193, 13216 (vrtte Devasure . . . sangrame A. . trayānām api lokānām Ioo lokādhipo 'bhavat'), (13236) (discourse with Baka).—§ 466 (Cibi): III, 197, ††13274 (Agnindrau, I. in the shape of a hawk and Agni in the shape of a pigeon put Cibi to the test), ††13275 (cyenarūpena), ††13286 (devāh sendrāh).—§ 474b (Dhundhumārop.): III, 201. 13498 (° Somagni-Varunah, worship Vishnu).—§ 479 (Pativratop.): III, 206, 13673 (api).—§ 491 (Āngirasa): III, 220, 14162 (a fire (?) created by Pancajanya from his energy-balāt).-§ 493 (do.): III, 221, 14188 (°ena sahitam yasya havir agrayanam smrtam | agnir Agrayano nama, name of a fire (?)).-§ 495 (Skandotpatti): III, [223-]224, (14261), (14263), 14266 (delivers Devasenā from Keçin and takes her to Brahmán, who appoints Skanda as her husband). -[§ 498 (do.): III, 226 (I. (Vāsavam, v. 14355) did not venture to encounter Skanda).] - § 499 (Skanda-Çakrasamāgama): III, 227, 14385 (encounter with Skanda).— § 501 (Skandop.): III, 229, 14408 (appellatively?), 14409 (do.), 14410 (do., b: I. may officiate for the sun and the moon in places where there is no sun or moon; when required he even acts for fire, air, earth, and water (v. 14412)), 14413 (appellatively?), 14414 (do.), 14415 (do.), 14417 (do., otvam), 14420 (do.), (14421), 14421 (the gods, headed by Cakra, asked Skanda to become the Indra of the gods; Skanda, however, only accepted the leadership of the army of the gods, and was married to Devasenā).—§ 505 (Skandayuddha): III, 231, 14540 (sendram jagat). — § 506 (do.): III, 231, 14545 (sendracape ghane yatha).—§ 507 (do.): III, 231, 14600 (sendrā divaukasah, in the battle between the gods and the Danavas, Skanda slew the Asura Mahisha and was praised by I.).-§ 509 (Karttikeyastava): III, 232, 14643 (Skanda is identified with I.).- § 512 (Ghoshayātrāp.): III, 236, †14745 (°kalpah, sc. Yudhishthira); [244 (at the command of I. (Sureçvarāt, v. 14971) the Gandharvas made the Dhartarashtras captives), 246 (do. (Sureçvarah, v. 15014))]. - § 520 (Mudgala): III, 260, 15411 (sahito devaih, came to the sacrifice of Mudgala).- § 522 (Draupadiharanap.): III, 264. 15573 (opratimah, sc. the Pandavas); 269, †15684 (okalpah, do.); 270, †15715 (Parthah pañca pañcendrakalpah).-[§ 526 (Rāmopākhyānap.): III, 276 (I. (Cakram, v. 15934) and other gods became incarnate on earth and begot monkeys and bears). ]- § 538 (Kumbhakarnaranagamana): III, 286, 16390 (°-Prahlādayor iva, sc. yuddham).—[§ 540 (Indrajidyuddha): III, 288 (I. (Vajradharam, Sahasrāksham, Çacīpatim, v. 16440) had been vanquished by Indrajit).]-§ 541 (Indrajidvadha): III, 289, 16495 (sendrāh . . . tridaçāh). — § 542 (Rāvanavadha): III, 290, 16518 (çūlam Ioaçaniprakhyam). — [§ 543 (Rāmābhisheka): III, 291, 16548 (Cakrah).]-§ 544 (Yudhishthirāçvāsa): III, 292, 16604 (sendrā api surāsurāḥ).—§ 546 (Kundalāharaņap.): III, 301. 16975 (having ascertained the intention of I. to ask Karna for his ear-rings and coat of mail, Sürya advised Karna to ask a dart from I.).-§ 547 (Karna): III, 309, 17177 (brāhmano bhūtvā); 310, (17204) (I. in the shape of a brahman obtained the ear-rings and the coat of mail of Karna and gave him a dart).—§ 548 (Āraņeyap.): III, 315, 17460 (d: I. went to the mountain Nishadha (differently B.) and lived there in disguise until he had destroyed his foes).—§ 549c (Arjuna): IV, 2, †46 (°ād anavarah, sc. Arjuna).—§ 551 (Kīcakavadhap.): IV, 20, 622 (°samāḥ, sc. the Pāndavas); 23, 795 (°eneva