banian"), the imperishable sacrificial platform of the gods, where the merit acquired is imperishable. Here they fasted with concentrated souls, and brahmans by hundred came and performed the caturmasya sacrifice and talked about various sacred subjects, and the learned and pious Camatha, who lived in celibacy (kaumāram vratam āshthitah), told them of Gaya Amurtarayasa: III, 95, 8520.- § 595 (Shodacarāj., v. Gaya): VII, 66, 2353.—§ 735 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 25, 1726 (on Ganga, the results of bathing there), 1744 (Dharmaranyopaçobhitam).—§ 751b (Capathavidhi): XIII,

Brahmasattra, name of a certain religious practice. § 677 (Mokshadh.): XII, 244, 8857 (°sattre, - pranavopāstau, Nīl.).

Brahmasattrin ("one who performs the Brahmasattra practice"). § 615ff (Asita-Devala): IX, 50, 2894 (°ām lokam), 2899, 2902.

Brahmasrj ("creator of Brahmán") = Civa: X, 257.

Brahmasthāna, a tīrtha. § 370 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 84,

8081; **85**, 8178.

Brahmāstra, a celestial weapon. § 217 (Caitrarathap.): I, 166, 6340 (acquired by Drona from Rama Jamadagnya). § 218 (Draupadīsambhava): I, 167, 6378 (known by Drona).-§ 320 (Saubhavadhop.): III, 19, 766 (employed by Pradyumna).—§ 442 (Nivātakavacayuddhap.): III, 167, 11968 (employed by Arjuna), 11971.-§ 444 (do.): III, 170, 12120 (°parimantritaih . . . sayakaih).—§ 478 (Dhundhumarop.): III, 204, 13612 (employed by Kuvalācva). — § 526 (Rāmopākhyānap.): III, 275γ, 15918 (acquired by Vibhīshana).—§ 539 (Kumbhakarnādivadha): III, 287, 16426 (employed by Lakshmana). - § 542 (Rāvana-III, 290 16523 (vānavaryam Rāmena B° nānumantritam), 16525, 16529, 16530.—§ 552 (Goharanap.): IV, 55, 1590, 1592.—§ 573 (Ambopākhyānap.): V, 184, 7283 (dual., employed by Bhishma and Rāma Jāmadagnya); 185, 7296.—§ 578 (Bhīshmavadhap.): VI, 48, 1975 (°ena samyuktam çaram).—§ 592 (Samçaptakavadhap.): VII. 27. 1214 (employed by Arjuna).—§ 599 (Jayadrathavadhap.): VII, 92, 3269 (°m samudīrayan, sc. Arjuna), 3272; 106. 4000 (employed by Yudhishthira); 125, 5029. — § 600 (Ghatotkacavadhap.): VII, 157, 6961. - § 601 (Dronavadhap.): VII, 185, 8423 (pl.).—§ 602 (do.): VII, 188, 8624 (employed by Arjuna); 190, 8733.—§ 603 (Nārāyanāstramokshap.): VII, 193, 8935; 197, 9113 (pl.); 199χ, 9228 (°vidushā, i.e. Drona).—§ 608 (Karnap.): VIII, 90, 4720 (employed by Karna), 4724 (°m sammantrya samayojayat, sc. Arjuna), 91, 4768 (employed by Karna), 4769 (employed by Arjuna).—§ 615 (Gadāyuddhap.): IX, 62w, 3478, 3488.—§ 617 (Aishīkap.): X, 15, 707 (acquired by Arjuna from Drona):-§ 621 (Rājadh.): XII, 2, 55 (°m vettum icchāmi, says Karna), 58 (°m brāhmaņo vidyāt yathāvaccaritavrataḥ | kshatriyo vā tapasvī yo nānyo vidyāt kathañcana); 3, 76 (obtained by Karna from Rāma Jāmadagnya), 104 (yasmān mithyopacarito hy astralobhād iha tvayā | tasmād etan na te mūdha Bom pratibhāsyati, says Rāma to Karna).- § 785 (Anugītāp.): XIV, 66, 1944 (afflicted by B., Parikshit was stillborn); 68, 1999 (do.), 2005 (do.); 69, 2024 (Krshna touched water and withdrew B.); 70, 2033 (do., Parikshit was revived)

Brahmasutā. § 717b (Nārāyanīya): XII, 3436, 13234 (Rtā Brahmasutā sā me Satyā devī Sarasvatī, says Nārāyana). Brahmasutra, a literary work. § 576 (Bhagavadgitāp.);

VI, 37, 1326 (? °padaiḥ).

Brahmātman 1 = Civa (1000 names 1).

Brahmātman² = Kṛshna: XII, 1668.

Brahmatunga (a mountain). § 596 (Pratijnāp.): VII, 80, 2850.

Brahma-Vaçātīya, pl., v. Vaçātīya.

Brahmavadhyā ("slaughter of a brahman") (person.). § 693b (Vrtravadha): XII, 283, 10154, 10159, 20162, 10164, (10167), 10170, 10173, 10176, 10180, 10182, 10186, 10193, 10198, 10199, 10200.

Brahmavaktra = Civa: VII, 2881 (Brahmacakrāya, C.). Brahmavāluka, a tīrtha. § 360 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, **82,** 5048.

Brahmavarcasa = Civa (1000 names 2).

Brahmāvarta, a tīrtha. § 364 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 83, 6023, 6024 (v. Brahmaloka).—§ 372 (do.): III, 85, 8021 (v. Somaloka).

Brahmavatām varishthah = Skanda: III, 14638.

Brahmavedhyā, a river. § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9λ, 337 (so B., C. has Brahmabodhyā).

Brahmavedī ("the sacrificial altar of Brahmán") = Kurukshetra: III, 7077.

Brahmavedin. § 554 (Sainyodyogap.): V, 6, 110 (kartṛshu $B^{\circ}ah$, sc. creshthāh).

Brahmavid 1 = Civa (1000 names 2).

Brahmavid 2 = Skanda: III, 14638.

Brahmavid 3 = Vishnu (1000 names).

Brahmavidām vara(h) = Civa (1000 names 1).

Brahmavidyā 1 = Durgā (Umā): VI, 803 (tvam Bod via-

Brahmavidyā' ("knowledge of Bráhman") (personified). § 730 (Ānuçās.): XIII, 14β, 627.

Brahmavivardhana = Vishnu (1000 names).

Brahmavrata. § · 270 (Brahmasabhāv.): II, 11, 428 (varshasahasrikam).

Brahmayajña. § 659 (Mokshadh.): XII, 175, 6554 (v. the note of PCR.).

Brahmayoni 1 ("born of Brahman"). (a) = Pulastya: III, 16187; (b) = Sanatkumāra: IX, 2716; (c) = Pracīnabarhi: XII, 7572; (d) = Purusha: XII, 13194; (e) = Tandin: XIII, 607; (f) pl.: XIII, 2031 (ayonin Agniyonimç ca $B^{\circ}in$, etc.). Do. fem. – Menakā: I, 3056 (°varā).

Brahmayoni² (a tīrtha). § 366-(Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 83, 7010 (after bathing there one goes to Brahmaloka).—§ 615 (Baladevat.): IX, 41, 2318 (only B., cf. v. 2281); 47,

2750 (on Sarasvatī, v. Brahmán).

Brahmayoni³. § 782g (Guruçishyas.): XIV, 42, 1139 (dvividhā khalu vijneyā Boh sanātanī).

Brahmeçaya 1 - Skanda: III, 14638.

Brahmeçaya² = Mahāpurusha (Mahāpurushast.)

Brahmin = Vishnu (1000 names).

Brahmodumbara (°od°, C.) (a tīrtha). § 364 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 83, 6041.

Brahmopanishad? § 790 (Pütradarçanap.): XV, 35, 940 (sa rājā rājadharmāmo ca Boan tadā avāptavān, "the Vedas and the Upanishads," PCR.).

Brahmya, adj. (only C., B. has Brahma). § 440 (Yakshayuddhap.): III, 164, 11900 (sc. astram, in the enumeration of celestial weapons acquired by Arjuna from Indra).-§ 589 (Dronābhishekap.): VII, 10, 344 (astram?).—§ 602 (Dronavadhap.): VII, 190, 8717 (astram); 191, 8773 (do). -§ 604 (Karnap.): VIII, 9, 295 (Jāmadagnyān mahāghoram Bom astram açikshata, sc. Karna).—§ 607 (do.): VIII, 42, 1995 (astrāņi), †1996 (astram).—§ 608 (do.): VIII, 60,