servant. - a reward given in lieu of wages.

भूस्य m. 1 A servant, R. xi. 49; 2 one requiring maintenance; 3 a minister. Comp.
— जन m. 1 a dependent; 2 the servants (collectively). - यासस्य n. kindness to servants or dependents. - यु- निर्. maintenance of servants or dependents.

भृत्या f. 1 Rearing, nourishing, fostering, कुमारभृत्याकु बालेर नुछिते भिषाभरातिरथ गर्भभर्मण R.
111 12; 2 maintenance, sustenance, 3 service; 4 wages.
भृतिम a. (f मा) Nourished, maintained, supported.

श्रुमि m. A whirlpool, an eddy. श्रुज्ञ vi. 4. P (pres भृत्यति) To fall down.

भूश a. (f. शा; compar. अज्ञी-यस्; super. भ्रशिष्ठ) Intense, much, exceeding, strong. (अञ्चम is used as an indeclinable in the sense 1 exceedingly, excessively, intensely, violently, extremely, in a high degree, रघुर्भृज्ञां बक्षसि तेन ताडित: R. 111. 61, चुकोप तस्मै स भृज्ञम् ${f R}$. ${f III}$. 56, Rt. 1. 11; 2 beautifully). Сомр. — कोपन a. extremely irascible. - दु:खित, पीडित a. very much afflicted. -संहष्ट a. very much pleased. সূহ a. (f. gr) Fried, parched, roasted, baked. Comp. -अन n. rice boiled and fried.-यद m. pl. parched rice.

शृष्टि f. Frying, parching; 2 a deserted garden.

भू vt. 9. P (pp. भूजे; pres. भृ-जाति) 1 To fry; 2 to reproach, to censure; 3 to nourish, to support, to maintain.

भेक m. 1 A frog, उत्पुत्य भेक-स्तृषितस्य भोगिनः फणातपत्रस्य

तले निर्मादति Rt. 1.18; 2 a cloud; 3 a timid man. Comp — भूज्ञ m. a serpent, a snake. - रव, ज्ञाब्द m. the creaking of frogs.

भिकी f. 1 A small frog; 2 a female frog.

भेड m. 1 A ram ; 2 a boat, a float.

भेड़ m. A ram.

भेड m. 1 Rending, tearing ; 2 dividing, separating; 3 interruption, disturbance: 4 rupture: 5 chasm, Aft; 6 partition, separation; 7 hurt, injury: 8 change, modification, न बुद्धिभेदं जनयेत् ${f Bg.}$ ${f III}.$ 26; 9 hitting (as mark): 10 disclosure, betrayal, treason; 11 dissension, disunion; 12 difference, distinction, तामगौरवभदेन मु-नींभापत्रयदी भर: K. S. vii. 12, 11. 4, Bg. xviii 19; 13 form, kind, variety, R. III. 27; 14 dualism (in philosophy.); 15 evacuation of the bowels (in medicine): 16 winning over an ally to one's own party (in politics). See उपायचतुष्टय and M. vii. 198. Сомр. — эн т т. du. 1 difference and identity; 2 disunion and union. -उन्मुख a, on the point of opening, (as a flower). - इष्टि, बुद्धि f. viewing the deity and the universe to be different from each other. -प्रस्वय m. belief in dualism. -वादिन् m. one who maintains the doctrine of dualism. - सह a. 1 capable of being divided; 2 seducible.

গৰক I a. (f. বিকা) 1 Dividing, splitting; 2 separating, breaking through; 3 destroying; 4 distinguishing, differentiating. II m. n. An adjective.

1 Splitting, breaking; 2 dividing, separating; 3 distinguishing, differentiating; 4 disclosing; 5 discord.

भेदिर } n. A thunderbolt.

भेदा n. A substantive. Comp.
—िलंग a. distinguished by
the gender.

भर m. A kettle-drum.

भेरि(री) f. A kettle drum, ततः शंखाभ भेर्यभ पणवानकगोमु-खाः Bg. 1, 13.

নি ভাষা বিজ্ঞান কৰিব নি কৰিব

भेरंडक m. A jackal.

সল I a. (f. লা) I Timid; 2 foolish, ignorant; 3 unsteady, inconstant; 4 tall. II m. A boat, a raft.

भेलक m. n. A boat, a raft.

भेष् vi. 1. U (pres. भेषात-ते) To be afraid, to be fearful.

भेषज n. 1 A medicament, a medicine, अनिवीयंवतीव भेषत्रे बहुरल्पीयसि दृश्यते गुण: Kir. 11. 4; 2 a remedy; 3 a kind of fennel. Comp. — अगार, आगार m. n. an apothecary's shop. —अंग n. anything taken after medicine.

মন I a. (f. মা) Subsisting on alms. II n. 1 Begging, mendicancy, M. vi. 55; 2 alms, anything obtained by begging, M. iv. 5. Comp.— সভা n. food obtained by begging.—সাহিন্ I a. cating food obtained by begging; II m. a beggar.—সাহাব m. a mendicant.——মাল m. the time for alms.——মাল n., অর্থা f. going about for alms.—মালিকা, মানিকা, মা