a square root; 14 a part, a portion; 15 protection, preservation. Сомр. -अंक m. a foot-print. -sing m. the great toe.-अनुशासन n. grammar. -अंत m. the end of a word.-अनग m. a companion, a follower.-अंतर n. an interval of one step .-अब्ज, अंभोज, पंकाज, पद्म na lotus-like foot.—अर्थ m. 1 a thing, an object; 2 the meaning of a word; 3 a head, a topic ; 4 a category; ( they are six according to the Vais'eshikas, twenty-five according to the Sánkhyas, twenty-six according to the Patanjalas and two according to the Vedántins). -आघात m. a kick.-आवली f. a series of words, an arrangement of मधुरकोमलकांतपदावलीं words, जुलू तदा जयदेवसरस्वतीम् Git. G. 1.-आसन n. foot-stool.-ग a. going on foot.-च्छेद, विमह m. resolving a sentence into its elementary parts. −च्युत a. dismissed from office.- न्यास m. 1 step, footfall; 2 a foot-mark; 3 position of the feet in a particular attitude.-पंक्ति 🏸 🚶 a row of foot-prints, Sak. 111; 2 arrangement of words, Kir. x. 10; 3 a sacred brick. -पाड m. 1 a method of writing or reciting Vedic texts in which each word is written or recited separately and in its original form.-अंजिका f. a commentary which separates the words and analyses the compounds of the text. - g f f. the hiatus between two words in a sentence.

पदक In. 1 Step ; 2 rosition;

3 office. II m. An ornament of the neck.

पदिवे | f. 1 Road, path, way पदिवे | (lit. and fig.), R. 111. 50, v11. 7, xv. 99. Am. S. 71, Bhartr. 1. 69; 2 rank, position, post; 3 place, site. पदाजि | m. 1 A pedestrian; पदात | 2 a foot-soldier, R. पदाति | v11. 37.

प्रातिन I a. ( f. नी ) 1 Having foot-soldiers (as an army ); 2 going on foot. II m. A foot-soldier.

पारिका a. (f. का) Going on foot.

पदा In. 1 A lotus, R. 111. 17, IV. 5, XIII. 51; (in this sense it is also masculine); 2 the root of a lotus ; 3 the coloured marks on the trunk of an elephant ; 4 an army arrayed in the form of a lotus ; 5 a particular high number, viz., one thousand billions; **6** lead. II m. **1** An elephant ; 2 a species of serpent; 3 an epithet of Ráma : 4 one of the nine treasures of Kubera; **5** a particular mode of sexual enjoyment. Сомр. - этат I а. lotus eyed; II m. the sun; III n. the seed of the lotus. -- --कर m. 1 a large pond abounding in lotuses; 2 a pond in general.-आलय m. an epithet of Brahman(m.).-आलया f. an epithet of Lakshmi. -आसन I m. an epithet of Brahman (m.); II n. 1 a lotus-seat, K. S. vii. 86; 2 a particular posture in religious meditation. -आह n. cloves.-उड़व m.an epithet of Brahman (m.).-कर, हस्त m. an epithet of Vishnu.-किंगिका f. the pericarp of a lotus.-कालका f. an unblown

ment of a lotus .- anisi, anisi m. the calyx of a lotus. -खंड, इंड n. a multitude of lotuses.-गंध, गांध a. lotusscented or fragrant as a lotus.-गर्भ m. 1 an epithet of Brahman (m.); 2 of Vishnu; 3 the sun.-जुला, गृहा f. an epithet of Lakshmi, the goddess of wealth.-ज, जात, भव, भू, योनि, संभव m. an epithet of Brahman (m.).-有更 m. the fibrous stalk of a lotus.-नाभ नाभि m. an epithet of Vishnu .-नाल n. a lotus-stalk.-पाणि m. 1 an epithet of Brahman (m.); 2 of Vishnu.-984 m, the karnikára plant.at m. the artificial arrangement of the words of a stanza in the figure of a lotusflower; (for an instance See K. Pr. 1x.).- = m. L the sun; 2 a bee. - राग n. & ruby, R. x111. 53, K. S. III. 53.-रेखा f. a lotus-figure on the palm of the hand indicative of wealthiness.-लांडन m. 1 an epithet of Brahman (m.); 2 of Kubera; 3 the sun ; 4 a king.-लांछना f. 1 an epithet of Lakshmi', the goddess of wealth; 2 of Sarasvati', the goddess of learning.-वासा f. an epithet of Lakshmi'. पद्मेश्व m. an epithet of Vishnu.

প্ৰক n. 1 An army arrayed in the form of a lotus-flower; 2 red spots on the trunk of an elephant.

पद्मिन m. 1 An elephant; 2 the bhirja tree.

पद्मा f. An epithet of Lakshmi', the goddess of fortune and wife of Vishnu, पद्मापयो-धरतटीपरिरंभलमकावमीरमुद्रितमुरी मधुस्दनस्य Git. G. 1.

lotus.—केशर m. n. the fila- पद्मावती f. 1 An epithet of