चूल vt. 1. P, 10. U (pres. qलति, पूलयति-ते ) To gather, to collect.

पूल } m. A bundle.

पूलाक m. The same as पुलाक

पुलिका f. A kind of cake. पुष्प \ m. The mulberry

पूषक ) tree.
पूषक m. (nom. पूषा-षणी-षण:)
The sun, सदापांथ: पूषागगन
परिमाणं कलयति Bhartr. 11.
(misc.) 4. Comp.—असुहृद् m.
an epithet of Siva.—आतम्ब m. 1 a cloud; 2 an epithet
of Indra.—आसा f. the city
of Indra.

प्र I vi.6.A (pp.इत; pres. पियते) To be busy or active, (mostly used with ञ्या ). Caus. (पार-याति-ते) With च्या-1 to cause to work, to engage in, ज्यापार-यामास करं किरीटे R. vr. 19, or ब्यापारयामास विलोचनानि K. S. 111. 67; 2 to appoint, ब्यापा-रितः शलभता विधाय सिंहत्वमंका-गतसत्ववृत्ति m R, 11, m 38, m II  $\it vt$ , 3. P. ( pp. पूर्ग; pres. विपात) 1 To bring out of, to deliver from; 2 to protect; 3 to promote, to advance: 4 to fill. (This root is very rarely used in classics). III vt. 10. U (pres. पारयति-ते ) 1 To reach the other side of anything, to accomplish, to achieve, to bring to a conclusion (as a vow or promise); 2 to be able to bear; 3 to extricate, to rescue, to save. IV vt. 5. P (pres. 7-जोति ) 1 To delight, to grati-

fy; 2 to be delighted.

宋元 I a. (广元 元 ) 1 Mixed,
mingled, R. 11. 13; 2 touched, brought into contact.
II n. Property, wealth.

宋元 f. Touch, contact.

gran J. Property, wealth,

पुत्र I vi. 2. A (pp. एकण; pres. एक) To come in contact with. II rt. 7. P. (pp. एक; pres. एणकि) I To bring into contact, to unite, to join, अप्रणानुषा सम्म Bt. vi. 39; 2 to satisfy, to satisfy, to satisfy, to sagnent. With सम-to bring in contact with, to mix, to unite. III rt. or vi. 1. P. 10. U (pres. प्रचेति, प्रचेतिने) I To hinder; 2 to come in contact with. प्रकात m. An inquirer, an investigator.

पुष्कान n. Asking, inquiring. पुष्का f. 1 Questioning, inquiring; 2 an inquiry into the future.

पृज् vi. 2. A (pres. यक्ते) To come in contact with.

पुत्त f. An army. (This word has no forms for the first five cases; according to some it is an optional substitute for द्वना q. v.).

प्रतमा f. I An army in general; 2 a division of an army consisting of 243 chariots, as many elephants, 729 horse and 1215 foot; 3 fight, encounter. Comp. — साह m. an epithet of Indra. प्रशं. 10. U (pres. प्रथाति-ते)
I To throw, to cast; 2 to send.

प्रथक ind. 1 Separately, severally, शंखान् दःमुः १थक् १थक् Bg. 1, 18: 2 with the exception of, except (with an acc., inst. or abl); 3 without. Сомг. — **आत्मता** f. 1 sever-2 alty; discrimination, distinction. 1. –आस्मिका individual existence, individuality. - 新时 n, f新-या f. 1 separating, distinguishing; 2 analysing.-कुल a. belonging to a different family. - a m. pl.

children of one father but of different mothers.-चर् a. going separately. - जन m. 1 a low man, an ordinary man, न १थग्जनवच्छुची वशं वशिनामुत्त-म गंतुमहास रि. ए।।। 90; 2 त fool, an ignorant man: 3 a wicked man, a sinner. –त्व n. severalty, singleness.-भाव m. separateness, individuality.-द्भाप a. of different shapes or kinds.-विध a. of different kinds. **–शय्या** *f*. sleeping apart. - श्थिति f. separate existence.

प्रथमी f. The same as प्रथमी q.v. प्रथम f. Name of Kunti, one of the two wives of Pându. Comr. — ज, तनय, सत. सत् m. an epithet of the first three Pândava princes, but especially of Arjuna, अभित-स्तं प्रथासुन: स्नेहेन परितस्तरे Kir. xi. 8.—पति m. an epithet of Pându.

पृथिका f. A centipede.

पृथिवी f. The earth; (the word is sometimes written पृथिव also). Comp.—इंद्र. ईश, किन, पाल, पालक, भूज, भूज, भूज, बाक्र m. a king.—तल n. the surface of the earth.—पति m. laking; 2 Yama, the god of death.—मंडल m. n. the circuit of the earth.—रह m. a tree, प्रवान: १थिवीरहानिव R. viii. 9.—लोक्र m. terrestrial world.

पुषु I a. (f. यु or ध्वी ; compar. प्रथीयस् ; super. प्रथिष्ठ )

1 Wide, expansive, spacious, सिधो: रथुमपि तनं द्रभावान्त्रवाहम् Megh. 1. 46; 2 ample, abundant; 3 great, large, R. xi. 25; 4 numerous; 5 important. II m. An epithet of Agni. III f. Opium. Comp.—उद्द्र I a. big-bellied, corpulent; II m. a ram.—जयम. नितंब a. hav-