of the property 22. Bràhmana. -निरक m. a reviler of Brahmanas. -वध, क्य m. the murder of a Brahmana, Brahmanicide. – মুৰ m. one who is a Bráhmana only in name and does not attend to the duties of his caste, सममनाद्याणे दानं द्विगुणं ना-झणबुवे M. vii. 85. -भूखिष्ठ a. chiefly consisting of Brahmanas. आहाणाच्छंसिन m. a particular priest at a Soma sacrifice. -संतर्पण n. feeding Brahmanas. - सान ind. to the disposition of the Bráhmanas.

সাহাণক m. 1 A vile Brahmana; 2 name of a country inhabited by warlike Brahmanas.

अवस्था र. 1 A woman of the Brahmana caste; 2 the wife of a Brahmana; 3 intellect; 4 a kind of wasp; 5 a kind of lizard. Comp. —गामिन m. the paramour of a woman of the Brahmana caste.

An able for a Bráhmana. II m. An epithet of the planet Saturn. III n. 1 A multitude of Bráhmanas; 2 the rank of a Bráhmana, M. III. 17.

energy of Brahman (m.); 2 the goddess of speech; 3 an epithet of Durgà; 4 a woman married according to the Bra'hma form; 5 the wife of a Brâhmana; 6 the constellation Rohinî; 7 name of a medicinal plant; 8 speech; 9 a tale, a narrative; 10 a religious usage; 11 a kind of brass.

जाहाय I a. (f. हायी) 1 Relating to Brahman (m.); 2 relating to Brahman(n.); 3 relating to the Brahmanas. II n. Wonder, astonishment. Comp.—जहते m. n. the same as जाहामुह्ते q. r. —हत n. hospitality.

भव a. (f. वा) (at the end

of a compound) Calling oneself by a name to which he has no real title, e. g. সাম্বৰ্ সৰ. প্ৰাথপন.

न्न vt. 2. U (pres. नवीति, नते, also are according to some: this root is defective and is not conjugated in the nonconjugational tenses). (This is one of those roots which take two accusatives, e. g. HI-णवकं धर्म मृते) 1 To speak, to say, to tell, त्रियं च नानृतं न्यादेष धर्म: सनातन: M. IV. 138, II. 216, R. 1.86; 2 to speak about any person or thing (with प्रति or अधिकृत्य), अहं नामेवाश्रमललामभूतां शक्त-लामधिकत्य त्रवीमि Sak. 11.: 3 to publish, to pro-claim; 4 to call, to name, तामिद्रवजां सर्वते कवींद्राः Sr. B. 19. With **प्रात**-to speak in reply, to answer, प्रत्यन्नवीचैन-मिषुप्रयोगे तत्पूर्वभंगे वितथप्रयस्नः R. 11. 42.

डलेड्क n. A snare.

भ

भ I m. 1 The planet Venus;
2 delusion, error. II n. 1 A
star; 2 a planet; 3 a lunar
mansion; 4 a sign of the
zodiac; 5 a bee; 6 the
number 'twenty-seven'.
Comp.—नाज m. I the whole
multitude of stars; 2 revolution of the planets in the
zodiac; 3 the zodiac.—गाल m.
the starry sphere.—जन n.
the zodiac.—पात m. the
moon.—ज्ञाल m. an astrologer.

किका f. A cricket.

সক্ষ I a. (f. কা) 1 Allotted, distributed; 2 divided; 3 served, worshipped; 4 occupied with; 5 attached to, devoted, to, loyal, faithful, Bg. Ix. 34; 6 dressed, cooked, (pp. of মল q. v.). II m. A worshipper, a faithful attendant, a votary, Bg. IV. 3, VII. 23, IX. 31. III n. 1 A share, a portion; 2 food, nourishment; 3 boiled rice, any eatable grain boiled with water. Comp. — সমিলাক্m. desire of food, appetite.

-उपसाधक m. a cook. -कंस m. a dish of food. -कंस m. incense prepared from various fragrant substances. कार m a cook. -छंच n. appetite. -बास m. a slave who receives his meals as a compensation for his services, (भ. कलाभार्थ दास्यं प्रतिपन्नो भक्तवास: Medhátithi on M.viii. 415). -ब्रेस m. loss of appetite. -मंड m. the scum of boiled rice. -रोसन a. exciting appetite. -वरसल a. kind to worship-