warmen ind. 1 Invisibly, imperceptibly; 2 indirectly.

भाषानात्

असाबेक a. (f. की) Unattested, unwitnessed, without any witness, असाबिकेषु न्वर्थेषु M. पारा. 109.

भवासिन् a. (f. जी) 1 One whose evidence is not admissible (in civil law); 2 one incapacitated to attest any legal document (in civil law).

असाधारण I a. (f. णा) 1 Specific, special, peculiar; 2 not existing either in सपक्ष or in विषक्ष, as a hetu (in logic), (यस्तूमयस्माद् व्यावृत्तः स त्वसाधारणा मतः). II m. A fallacy or हत्वाभास. (See अनैकान्तिक). असाधु a. (f. धु or ध्वी) 1 Not good, ill-behaved (generally with loc.); 2 wicked; 3 distasteful, disagreeable, अती-ऽसि बन्तमसाधु साधु वा Kir. 1. 4; 4 not sanskrit, corrupted (as a word).

ble (as a disease); 2 difficult of accomplishment, impossible to accomplish.

असामजिक a. (f. की) Unseasonable, किमसामायिकं वितन्वता मनसः श्लोभम् Kir. II. 40.

असापान्त्र I a. (f. न्या) 1 Peculiar; 2 extraordinary. II a. A peculiar or special property.

असांप्रत a. (f. ता) Unbecoming, improper, unfit.

स्वर्धाप्रसम् ind. Unfit. improper, unbecoming, संप्रस्पाप्रतं बक्तसके मुसलपाणिना Sis. 11. 70, K. S. 11. 55, R. viii. 60,

असार I a. (f. रा.) I Sapless; 2 without strength, stuff or ralue, worthless, असार संसारं अध्यापितत्त्व विभुवनम् M. M भ; 3 weak, feeble, frail, tennsient, R. viii. 51, Sis. a. 50; 4 vain, umprofitable, II m. n. The eranda tree, III n. Aloe-wood.

safer I ind. The second pers. sing, of the present tense of अस used as an indeclinable in the sense of 'त्वम् (thou).' Cf. अस्मि. II m. 1 A sword. R. xII 40; 2 a knife used for killing animals. Comp.-आसिind sword against sword. —गण्ड m. a small pillow for the cheek.-जीवन m. a soldier who fights for wages.-दंष्ट्र, दंत m. a crocodile.-धारा f, the edge of a sword, R. x. 41, 86. °व्रत n. 1 The vow of standing on the edge of a sword (according to some); the vow of keeping constant company with a young lady and yet abstaining from sexual intercourse with her (according to others), See आसिधार : 2 any difficult task, सतां केनोहिष्टं विषममसि-धारावतमिदम् Bhartr. 11. 28, 64.-थाव, धावक m. an armourer.-धेनु, धेनुका f. a knife, Vikr. Ch. Iv. 69.- q I m. n. I the blade of a sword; 2 a sheath; II m. the sugarcane, R. xiv. 48. - 4 4 5 m. sugar-cane. oq q n. a particular hell.-पुनिका, पुनी f. a knife. \_इत्य n. fighting with swords. —हेति m. a soldier armed with a sword.

आसिक n. The part of the face between the under-lip and the chin.

असिकी f. A youthfull maidservant of the harem.

 इमन्, उपल m.the lapis lazuri.
—उत्पल n. the b.ue lotus:— कशा f. a woman with black hair.—शिर m. a particular mountain.—मबना f. a blackeyed lady, मा कौलीनादसितनयने (v. l. चिकतनयने) मध्यविधासिनी भू: Megh. 11. 49.—भू a. having black eyelids.

भारता f. 1 The river Yamuná; 2a youthful maid-servant of the harem; 3 the indigoplant.

असिख I a. (f. जा) 1 Raw, unbaked; 2 unaccomplished; 3 not derivable by inference. II m. one of the five fallacious hetus (in logic). It is of three kinds, vis. आभयासिख, स्वरूपसिख, and ज्याच्यतसिख. The first consists in the पश्चस्व property not existing in the पश्च the second in the so-called 'hetu' not residing in the साध्यस्व property not residing in the साध्यस्व property not residing in the साध्यस्य property not residing in the साध्यस्य property

असु I m. pl. 1 The five vital breaths or airs of the body; 2 animal life, तेजस्विधः सुस्तमस्त्रमापि संत्यज्ञाते Bhartr. 11. 110. II m. 1 Spiritual life; 2 life of departed spirits. III n. Grief. Comr. — आरण n. life, existence. — अंग m. breaking of life, मलिनमस्त्रम्य — उत्यस्त्रम्य Bhartr. 11.— भूस्त m. a living creature. — स्त्त m. a living creature, सत्तनमस्त्रम्तामगम्यकृषाः Sis. 1v. 29.

अस्य n. Misery, sorrow, pain, M. xii. 19.

असुसर्ध a. Never closing the eyes in sleep.

अञ्चर m. I An evil spirit, a demon; (the word is thus derived in the following stanza: - जुरामतिमहादेवाः सुदा-इस्तिभिविभुताः । अमितमहणाक स्वा वैतियासासुरास्त्रथा ॥), R.