futing, repelling; 4 omitting to mention, omission; 5 contempt, disrespect; 6 objection; 7 common land round a village or town, M. VIII. 237; 8 a grant, a privilege, a donation, M. vii. 201.

परिहाणि ( नि ) f. 1 Decrease, loss; 2 waste, decay, decline, R. x<sub>1</sub>x, 50.

परिहार्थ I a. ( /. र्या ) To be avoided, to be taken off or away, II m. A bracelet.

परि (री ) हास *m.* 1 Joking, jest, mirth, merriment, प्री-हासाश्चित्राः सत्ततमभवन् येन भवतः Ve. 111., परिहासविजल्पितम Sak. 11., R. 1x. 8, Sis. x. 12; 2 deriding, ridiculing. Comp. — वेदिन m. a jester. a wit.

**परिहत** a. ( f. ता ) 1 Avoided; 2 abandoned; 3 repelled. refuted : 4 taken, seized, ( pp... of  $\mathbf{g}$  with  $\mathbf{q}(\mathbf{t}, \mathbf{q}, \mathbf{v}.)$ . नरीक्षक m. 1 An examiner, an investigator; 2 a judge. परीक्षण n. Putting to test. trying, examining, Yaj. 11. 177.

परीका / 1 Examination, test, trial, सति पत्तने प्रामे रलपरीक्षा Mal. 1.; 2 trial by various ordeals (in law).

**परीक्षित** a. (*f*: ता ) Inspected, tested, tried, Vikr. Ch. L. 24.

परीत  $a.(f. \mathbf{n})$  1 Surrounded, encompassed; 2 expired, elapsed; 3 departed; 4 seized  $(pp. \text{ of } \overline{*} \text{ with } q \in q. v.).$ परीप्सा f. 1 Desire of obtaining; 2 haste, hurry.

परीर n. A fruit. परीरण m. 1 A tortoise; 2 a stick; 3 a garment.

प्राष्टि f. 1 Research, inquiry: 2 homage, worship.

पर m. 1 The ocean; 2 heav-

en, paradise; 3 a knot, a joint: 4 a mountain, Comp. - ब्राइ m. a horse.

परुत ind. Last year.

परुष I a. (f. षा) 1 Hard, rough, stiff (op. to मृदु), नितरां परुषा सरोजमाला Bh. V. 11. 2; 2 unkind, severe, abusive, तेन वागपरुषा परुषा-क्षरमीरिता R. 1x. 8; 3 harsh to the ear, R. x1. 46, Megh. 1. 61; 4 shaggy, rough to the touch, ज़द्धस्नानास्परुषमलकम् Megh. 11. 28; 5 sharp, piercing, परुषपवनवेगात्क्षित्रसंज्ञुष्कपणीः Rt. 1. 22. II n.  $\Lambda$  harsh and unkind speech. Comp. — इतर a. other than rough, i. e. mild, light, R. v. 68, **−उक्ति /∴, वन्त्रन** n. abusive language.

परुस् n. 1 A joint, a knot; 2 a member of the body.

परेत I a. (f. ता) Deceased, dead. II m. A spirit, a ghost. Сомр. - भूमि f., वास m. a cemetery, K. S. v. 68. -राज m. an epithet of Yama. परेद्यवि ) ind. The other day. परेद्युस् 🕽 परेष्ट J. A cow that has परेष्टुँका 🕽 often calved, पराक्ष I a. (f. क्षा) 1 Out of

sight, invisible, escaping observation ; 2 absent, स्था-ने बता भूपतिभिः परोक्षे: R. vii. 13. II m. An ascetic. III n. Absence, invisibility. (परोक्षम and परोक्षे are used as indeclinables in the sense of 'behind one's back, in the absence of, without the knowledge of, 'either absolutely or with a gen. e. g. परोक्षे कार्थहंतारं प्रत्यक्षे पियवादि-नम् Chánakya, परीक्षे खलीकर्तु शक्यते Mrich. 11., नीदाहरेदस्य नाम पराक्षमपि केवलम् M. 11. 199 ). Сомг.—**भोग** m. enjoyment of anything in the

absence of the proprietor. -मन्मथ a. inexperienced in love-matters, क्र वयं क पराक्ष-मन्मथो मुगजावैः सह वर्धितो जनः Sak. II.

पराष्टि । A cock-roach. परोष्णी 🖡

पर्जन्य m. 1 Rain; 2 a thundering cloud, a cloud, प्रवृद इव पर्जन्यः सारगैराभनंदितः है. xvII. 15: 3 an epithet of Indra.

पर्ण vt. 10. U ( pres. पर्णयतिextstyle -ते) To make green or verdant, e g. वसंत: पर्णयति चंप-

पूर्ण In. 1 A pinion, a wing ; 2 the feather of an arrow; 3 a leaf, Megh.r. 19, Bhartr. 1. 66; 4 the betel-leaf. Il m. The pala's'a tree. Come. — अश्वन I n. feeding on leaves: II m. a cloud. -असि m. a species of basil. -आहार a. feeding upon leaves. - उटज n. an anchorite's hut, a hermitage.-新ए m. a vendor of betel-leaves. -कृटिका, कुटी ∫. a hut made of leaves. - 7 m, a kind of penance consisting in cating leaves and kus'a grass only for five days. - eig 1 m. a tree without apparent biossoms; II n. a multitude of leaves. -चीरपट m. an epithet of Si va. - चोरक m. a kind of perfume. -नर m. the figure of a man made of leaves and burnt in place of a lost corpse.-After 1. the priyangu creeper. -भोजन m. a goat,-मुख् m. the winter (शिशिर). - मृग m. a kind of wild animal. - 58 m. the spring (वसंत).<del>-लता</del> f. the betel-plant. -बीटिका f: pieces of the arcca-nut and other spices rolled up in letel-leaves. - sear f. a