wife), Yaj. 1, 56; 5 an appendage, a necessary article of use or decoration.

उपसन्ति /: 1 Connection, union; 2 service, worship; 3 gift, donation.

**उ**पसद m. 1 Approach: 2 gift, donation.

उपसदन n. 1 Becoming a pupil, तत्रीपसदनं चके द्रोणस्य-अस्तर्भेण Bh.; 2 going near to; 3 neighbourhood.

रपसंतान m. 1 Immediate connection; 2 a descendant.

रपसंन्यास m. Laying down, giving up.

उपसमाधान n. Gathering together, heaping, (उपसमाधा-नं राज्ञीकरणम् S. K.)

उपसंपन I a. (f. ना) Killed at a sacrifice (as an animal). II. n. Condiment.

स्पतंत्राचा f. Friendly persuasion. (उपसंभाषा उपसांत्वनम्

स्पत्तर m. 1 Approaching; 2 pregnancy, the first pregnancy of a cow, (गवामपसर: S. K. ),

क्षरण n. 1 Going towards; 2 what is approached as a

refuge.

स्पर्या m. 1 Ailment, sick ness, श्रीणं हन्युभोपसर्गाः प्रभृताः Sus'ruta; 2 injury, misfortune: 3 portent, natural phenomenon foreboding evil: 4 an eclipse: 5 an indication or symptom of death; 6 an inseparable preposition prefixed to roots, (thus defined:--प्रादयस्त्रपसर्गकाः। यो -तकत्वात्क्रयायोगे लोकादनगता इ-मे) उ० are twenty-two in number:---प्र, परा, अप, सम्, भनु, अव, निस्, निर्, दुस्, दुर्, वि, बाइ, नि. भिन, अभि, अति, सु,उत्, अभि, प्रति, परि, उप; according to one theory they are meaningless themselves, and sim-

ply bring to light the hidden sense of roots when prefixed to them. (बोतकतानय) : according to another they are significant by themselves (बाच-कतानय. ) They modify or sometimes entirely alter the sense of the root; (उपसर्गेण भात्वर्थो बलाइन्यत्र नीयते । प्रहारा-हारभं हारविहारपरिहारवत् S. K.) उपसञ्जन n. 1 Pouring on; 2 misfortune, calamity: 3 a portent; 4 any person or thing subordinate to another; 5 a word which by composition or derivation loses its original independence while it also determines the sense of another word (in gram.).

उपसर्प m. Approach, access. उपसर्पेण n. Going near, approaching, advancing towards. उपसर्था f: A cow fit for a

उपसर्वक n. The solar halo. उपसृष्ट I a. (f. gr) I Joined, connected with, accompanied by; 2 troubled, affected. injured, R. vIII. 94; 3 furnished with an उपसर्ग (as a root), कुधबुहारपस्त्रयोः कर्म Pan.; 4 eclipsed. II m. 1 The sun or moon in eclipse: 2 a libidinous man, उपसन्ना इव क्षुद्राधिष्ठितभवना : Kad. III n. Copulation, coition.

उपसंचन n. 1 Pouring or sprinkling upon, watering; 2 infusion.

उपसेवन n. 1 Worshipping, honouring; 2 service; 3 using, enjoying, M. Iv. 134. उपसेवा f. 1 Service; 2 wor-

ship, honour.

उपस्कर m. 1 Any article which serves to make complete, an ingredient; 2 condiment; 3 furniture, appurtenance, apparatus, such as a

broom-stick, &c., M. III. 68. хи. 66, Үај. п. 193.; 4 ав. article of household use; 5. an ornament: 6 blame, cen-

उपस्करण n. 1 Killing, injuring; 2 ornament; 3 a collection; 4 change, modification. 5 an ellipsis.

उपस्कार m.1 Beautifying, ornamenting, Mall. on R. x1. 48; 2 an ornament; 3 a collection; 4 a supplement. any thing additional: 5 an ellipsis, साकांक्षमनुपर्कारं विष्व-ग्गति निराक्तलम् Kir. xi. 38. उपस्कृत a. ( f. ता ) 1 Adorn-

ed; 2 modified; 3 collected. (pp. of क्र with उप q. v.) उपस्तंभ m. 1 Stay, support. उपस्तंभनगः 🕽 2 encouragement, incitement; 3 basis, ground. उपस्तरण n. 1 A covering; 2 a bed: 3 anything spread out.

e. g. अमृतोपस्तरणमासि. डपस्त्री f. A concubine.

उपस्थ I m. 1 The lap; 2 middle part in general. II m. n. 1 The male organ of generation, सानं मीनोपवासेज्या स्वाध्यायोपस्थाने प्रहाः Yaj. 111. 314; 2 the female organ of generation, स्थलोपस्थ-स्थलीषु Bhartr. 1. 20, (in Yaj. 111. 92, the word is used in senses 1 and 2); 3 the anus; 4 the haunch or hip. Сомр.—— नि-यह m. continence, Yaj. III. 314.-वल, पत्र m. the Indian fig-tree, (the tree is socalled because its leaves resemble in shape the female. organ of generation.)

उपस्थान n. 1 Proximity, nearness; 2 approaching, coming into the presence of; 3 worshipping, waiting. waiting upon with a prayer, obeisance, सर्योगस्थाने विभिन्नेगः