Bh. V. IV. 17; 2 superintending, presiding over; II m. a superintendent, president, M. vii. 81. -अक्ट n. the mystical syllable Om. -Mar I ind. 1 near the fire; 2 on the fire; II n. a gift made to a woman at the time of her marriage. अध्यप्ति is thus defined by Kátvá-शana:—विवाहकाले यत्स्रीभ्यो दी∙ यते द्याग्रसिक्षधी । तदध्यग्रिकतं सद्भिः स्थिनं परिकीर्तितम् ॥ -अfa ind. on high, (with acc.) अध्यधिलोकम् S. K. -अधिक्षेप m. high censure.-अर्थ a. together with its half e. g. अध्यधीऽज्ञ: 'a share together with its half. i. e. a share and a half'-आरम. ind. concerning the soul or Brahman (n.) -आरमन् m. the soul. • \mathbf{a} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{a} the science concerning the soul. •रति f. delight in the contemplation of the supreme soul.- Frat m. a supreme lord.-क्रमेन् n.supervision, superintendence. o新t m. au overseer of workmen. -काम m. ardent passion.-्राण «. highly meritorious, possessing superior qualities, यात्रचा मोघा बरमश्चिगुणे नाधमे लब्धका-मा Megh. r. 6. -जान ind. on the knees.— Sies m. a tumor -on the tongue -sa" a, having the bow-string stretched (as a bow) त्वाये चाधिज्यकार्भ-के Sak. 1.-इन्त m. a tooth growing over another.- विन n. an intercalated day. - 34 m. a supreme deity.—देवता / a tutelary or presiding divinity, नैवापयाति हृदयादधिदेवतेव Bh. V. III. 3 -देवत n. sec. अधिदेवता.—नाध m. a supreme lord.-पति m. 1 a master, an owner, a ruler; 2 a king -पत्नी f. a female sovereign

or ruler. -पुरु (रू) प m. the supreme spirit. - an a. having many children.—भूत n. the supreme spirit. -मात्र a. past measure, excessive -- HT स m. an intercalary month. -यज्ञ m. the supreme spirit. -रथ m. a charioteer.-राज. रा **m**. an emperor, a supreme ruler,हिमालयो नाम नगांधिराजः K. S. 1. 1., बैलाधिराजतनया न ययो न तस्थी K. S. v. 85.-राज्य n. 1 supremacy; 2 an empire. -लोकम ind. 1. in the universe; 2 as regards the universe. - वश्वन n. 1 a partial speech, advocacy; 2 a name, an appellation.- 3 चम ind, on the subject of science, अधिविधं प्रकाशते V. P. -- sft a. 1 very beautiful; 2 very rich, इयं महेन्द्रप्रभृतीन्धि भिष: K. S. v. 58 -हि ind. concering Hari. अधिक I a. (j: का) 1 Additional, more than, इयमधिक म-नोज्ञा वल्कलेनापि तन्वी Sak. 1; 2 superior, उनं न सत्वेध्वधिको ब-बाधे R. 11. 14: 3 supernumerary, superabundant, e. g. हीनांगमधिकांगं च श्राद्धभोज्ये विव-जेयेतः, 4 peculiar to, ब्राह्मण-स्याधिकं लब्धम Gautama, II n. 1 surplus, abundance, redundancy: 2the name of a figure of speech (in rhetoric). Comp-अर्थ a. exaggerated. वचन n. exaggeration, hyperbole, caricature - acta a. abundant, prosperous, R. xix.5.-तिथि m. f. An intercalary lunar day.-मास m. An intercalary month.-वाक्योक्ति f. exaggeration, hyperbole. अधिकरण n. 1 Location, as the meaning of the 7th case (in

gram.) आधारोऽधिकरणम Pan:

2 receptacle, support: 3 a

complete argument dealing

mánisá and Vedánta) 370 is thus defined :— विषये विशयभैव (i, e.doubt) पूर्वपक्षस्तथोत्तरः। निर्णयश्रेति सि-द्यान्तः शाक्षे अधिकरणं स्मृतम् ॥ 4 supremacy; 5 a court of justice; 6 a claim. Comp.— भोजक m.a judge.- मण्डप m. n. the hall of justice. सिद्धान्त w. a syllogism or conclusion which involves others.

अधिकराणिक m. 1 A judge or magistrate; 2 a government official.

अधिकार्मिक m. The overseer of a market.

अधि (धी) कार m. 1 Government, royalty; 2 prerogative; ownership, e. g. सर्वे स्युरिकारिणः; 4 title, privilege e. g. अध्ययने ज्राणां ना-धिकारः; 5 a paragraph or section नैमित्तिको ऽयं माया श्रेता-धिकार: Mit.; 6 a heading rule (in gram.); 7 charge, ताम्ब्रलाधिकारो दत्तः Hit.; 8 duty, office, स्वाधिकारास्प्रमत्तः Megh. 1. 1. Сомр. — эпец a, invested with authority. अधिकारिन् *व. (ग्रं.* णी) One

invested with 370 i.e. a superintendent, a governor, a right-ful claimant, a proprietor. &c.

आधिकृत a. (/ ता) 1 Invested with power; 2 appointed. आधिकृति f. The same as अधि-कार 9. v.

आधिक्रम m. An invasion, an attack.

आधिक्रमण n. See the preceding word.

आधिकीप m. 1 Abuse, contempt; 2 dismissal.

अधिगत a. (f. ता) 1 Acquired; 2 known, Bhartr. 11.

आधिगम m. 1 Acquisition; 2 study, knowledge; 3 acceptance; 4 finding treasurewith one question, (In Mi.)