what'! 'can it be that'),

MR: gir Eta प्रवन: (केस्टिसु-पुर्वाभि: Megh. 1. 14. It
is added to interrogative
pronouns and adverbs to
impart to them the sense of
indefiniteness. For the use
of (स्वन after आहा, See under
आहो.

स्वित् । vi. 4. P (pp. स्विदित or स्वित्त; pres. स्विपति) To sweat, to perspire, सयः स्विपत्रयम्-विरतीत्वपलेलांगुलीकः M. M. I., K. S. vii. 77. Il vi. 1. A (pp. स्वित्र or स्वेदित; pres. स्वेदते) I To be anointed; 2 to be greasy or unctuous; 8 to be disturbed.

स्कीकरण n. 1 Assenting, accepting; 2 promising; 3 marriage, wedding.

स्वीकार m.) 1 Assent, ac-स्वीकृति /:) ceptance; 2 promise.

स्वीव I a. (f. वा) Own, e. g.

स्वीयाऽसाविति इवि मास्म सन्यशा-स्वम्

स्य vt. or vi. 1. P (pres. स्वर्ति; desid सिस्तरिषति, सुस्यु-षति) 1 To sound; 2 to praise; 3 to be pained; 4 to go. With सम् - (Atm.) to pain, दुनं संस्वरिषाहास्स्वम् Bt. 1x. 28.

स्बृ vt. 9. P (pres. स्ट्रणाति) To hurt, to kill.

स्वेक् vt. 1. P (pres. स्वेकते) To go, to move.

स्वेद m. Perspiration, sweat, गंडस्वेदापनयनरूजा झांतकणीत्य-लानाम् Me.h. 1. 26. Сомр. — उद, उदस्त n. perspiration. — युषत m. a cooling breeze. — ज a. engendered by heat and moisture (said of insects).

स्वेर I a. (f. शि) I Going: 2 following one's own fancy, wanton, unrestrained, अव्याहत: स्वेरगते: स तस्याः समाराधनतत्पराऽभृत् R. 11.5; 3

slow, lany; 4 dependent on will, voluntary, optional II n. Wilfulness. (स्वर्म में used as an indeclinable in the sense of I with one's own will or assent, of one's own accord, साथा: स्वरं स्वर्धा कर्वेश्म स्ववादिषु R. xvii. 64; 2 lowly, inaudibly, indistinctly, स्वरं सेचे गण इति विक व्याहतं सत्यवाचा Ve. III.). Сомр.—सा f. wilfulness, independence.

स्वैदिणी f. A loose or unchasse woman, an adulteress, s wanton woman, स्वेदिण का पति हित्वा सवर्ण कामतः अयेन् Ysi. 1. 67.

स्वैदिन् a. (f. जी) Self-willed. wanton, uncontrolled.

स्वैतिश्री f. See सैरंश्री. स्वारस m. The sediment of oily substances ground with a stone.

स्त्रीवद्दवीय n. Happiness, prosperity. Cf. स्वोबसीय.

ह

laying stress on the preceding word and equivalent to 'verily', 'indeed', 'manifestly', 'ev dently'. Often it is used without any distinct signification, merely as an expletive, e. g. दाराधीनस्तथा-स्वेगः पितृणामात्मनस इ. It is sometimes used as a vocative particle also.

हेस m. (this word is curious ly derived by native philologists: —भेबद् वर्णागमाद् हसः i.e. it is derived from स्म by the insertion of a nasal) I A goose, a swan, a flamingo,

हिरण्नयं इंसमबीधि नैषधः Na.। 1. 117, Megh. 1. 23, 57, R. xvii. 25, ig. 10, v. 12, xII. 62; (the description of this bird as found in Sanskrit poetry is rather poetical than real; swans are considered to fly to the Ma'nasa lake when monsoon sets in; they are also represented as being the vehicle of Brahman (m.); there is a convention among poets that this bird is gifted with the power of separating milk from water; thus Bhartrihari says :-अव्भोजि-

नीवनानेवासविलासमेव इंसस्य हाँते नितरां कुपितो विधानः । नत्वस्य दुग्धजलभेद्विधी प्रसिद्धां वैदग्ध्यकी तिमपहतेमसी सन्धः, See 🌬 Bh. V. 1. 13 ; 2 the supreme soul, Brahman (s.); 3 the ji'va'tman o individual soul; 4 the sun; 5 an unambitious monarch; 6 Vishnu; 7 S'iva: 8 an ascetic of a particular order : 9 a preceptor; 10 one free from envy or malice. Comp. - अभिक्दा /. All epithet of Sarasvati'.—Safass n, silver. -कांसा f. a female 20086. - GRAGE M. & DARE-