the end of the great war. He was subsequently slain by Sa'tyaki.

The maternal uncle of As'vatthäman. He was born of the sage S'aradwat and found and brought up along with his sister Kripi' by S'antanu. In the great war he fought on the side of the Kauravas. He is one of the seven Chirajivins.

The eighth incarnation of Vishau. He was son of Vasudeva and Devaki, the cousin of Kansa, and was the charioteer and friend of Ariuna. Krishna passed his childhood at the house of a cowherd named Nanda and evinced his divine character by many feats of surprising strength. In the tale of his youth his female comthe Gopi's, play an importpanions, ant part, Ràdhá being the most conspicuous. He killed Kansa and many other powerful demons. In the great war he took part with the Pándavas and it was mainly owing to his powerful assistance that the Kauravas were vanquished. After the general destruction of Ya'dayas at Prabha'sa he is said to have been killed unintentionally by a hunter who shot him with an arrow mistaking him for a deer. See कंस, अर्जुन, सत्यभामा, शिज्यपाल, &c.

कारीन् A demon who carried off Devasena' and was killed by Indra.

Das'aratha and the mother of Bharata. When it was proposed to install Ráma, Manthará excited her jealousy and persuaded her to ask of the king the two boons previously promised to her. By one of them she secured the throne to Bharata and by the other demanded the exile of Ràma for four

teen years against the earnest entreaties of the king.

केटन - Kanabha and Madhu were two horrible demons that sprang from the ear of Vishnu when he was asleep, and were about to devour Brahman (m.). They were killed by Vishnu.

कौसल्या The wife of Das'aratha and the mother of Ra'ma (q. v.).

स्वर A demon slain by Rama while in exile.

He was the half-brother of Ra'vana
गंगा The most sacred river in India and the deity presiding over it. The deity by a curse of Brahman (m.) came down upon earth and became the first wife of king S'antanu. She bore to him eight sons of whom the youngest, Bhishma, became famous for his valour and life-long celibacy. See भगाएथ, and जन्द.

गणेश Son of S'iva and Parvati, said to have been sprung from the of Pa'rvati's body. He is the god of wisdom and good luck and the remover of obstacles. He is generally represented in a sitting posture, half man and half elephant, with a large belly and riding a mouse. He is addressed at the commencement of all undertakings and religious ceremonies. a combat between Ganes'a and Paras'urama the latter cut off one of Ganes'a's tusks. in consequence of which he is called card or एकदंड. There are various stories as to how he got an elephant's head. He is said to have written the Maha'bha'rata at the dictation of Vya'sa.

the king of birds and the implacable enemy of the serpent race. He is represented as the vehicle of Vishnu or Krishna and as having