र m. n. an earthen cup. -मृ-म m. a jackal. - च्या m. 1 a dog, Bh. V. 1. 72; 2 a cat; 3 a wolf; 4 a deer; 5 a jackal; 6 a monkey.

सालांक m. An epithet of Pánini.

पालाकिन m. 1 A spearman; 2 a barber; 3 a surgeon.

शालार n. 1 A bird-cage; 2 a ladder.

चाली m. 1 Rice, यवाः प्रकार्णा न भवंति ज्ञालयः Mrich. Iv., R. xv. 78, M. Ix. 39, Bhartr. 1. 66; 2 the civet-cat. Comp. - ओवन m. n. boiled rice. -गोपी f. a woman appointed to protect a rice-field, R. IV. 20. - चूर्ण m. n. rice-flour. -पिष्ट n. crystal. - अवन n. a rice-field. -वाहन m. name of a celebrated sovereign of India: (the existence of such a sovereign is doubted by some scholars). –होच m. name of a writer on veterinary science. –होश्चिन् m. a horse.

शालिक m. 1 A weaver; 2 a toil, a tax.

शालिन् a. (f. नी) (generally at the end of a compound) Endowed with, possessed of, shining with, Bh. V. 11. 3, Bt. 1v. 2.

शालिनी f. 1 A mistress of the house; 2 name of a metre. (See App. I).

बालीन In. (f.ना) 1 Bashful, retiring, ashamed, R. vi. 81, xviii. 17; 2 like, resembling II m. A householder. (शालीनीकरण n. humi-

liating, humbling ').

I m. I A frog; 2a kind
of perfume. II n. The

water-lily. 知贾(克) 有 n. 1 The root of the water-lily; 2 nutmeg. 职权(克) m. A frog. शालेब n. A field of rice. शालोत्तरीय m. An epithet of Pánini ; (he is supposed to

be a native of S'a'lottara). The word is sometimes spelt

शाल्मल m. 1 The silk-cotton tree; 2 one of the seven divisions of earth.

शाल्माल m.f. 1 The silk-cotton tree, Bh. V. 1. 115, Rt. 1. 26, M. viii. 246; 2 one of the seven divisions of earth; 3 a particular hell. Comp.—ह्य m. an epithet of Garuda.

शास्त्रकी f. 1 The silk-cotton tree; 2 a particular hell. Сомр.— वेष्ट m. the gum of the silk-cotton tree.

n: 1 Name of a country; 2 a king of that country.

बान I a. (f. नी) Relating to a dead body, e.g. दशाहं शाव-माशीचम. 11 m. The young of any animal, मृगशावस्तह विश्ता जन: Sak. 11., R. vi. 3, xviii. 37.

सावक m. The young of any animal.

शाव(ब)र I a. (f. री) 1 Barbarous; 2 low, vile. II m. 1 Sin, wickedness; 2 fault, offence; 3 the Lodhra tree Comp.—भेवास n. copper. शाव(ब)री f. A low Prakrit dialect.

शासन I a. (f. ती) Eternal, perpetual, R. xiv. 14, M. iv. 232. If m. An epithet of Vyàsa; 2 of S'iva; 3 the sun. (शासनम् is used as an indeclinable in the sense of 'eternally, perpetually').

शाश्वतिक a. (f. की) Eternal, perpetual, permanent.

যাশ্বনী f. The earth. যাৎক্রন্ত a. (f. নী) Eating flesh. য়াড্কুলিক n. A quantity of cakes.

ज्ञास vt. 2. P (pp. जिष्ट: pres. शास्ति ; caus. शासयति-ते (This is one of those roots which take two accusatives, e.g. माणवर्क धर्म शास्ति.) 1 To teach, to instruct, to train, शिष्यस्ते-Sह शाधि मां त्वां प्रपत्रम् Bg. प्रः 7, Bt. vi. 10; 2 to inform. to communicate, to report, तस्मित्रायोधनं वृत्तं लक्ष्मणायाश्चिष-न्महत्तु Bt. vi. 27; 3 to rule, to govern, to command, to direct, अनन्यशासनामुवी शशासे-कपराभिव R. 1. 30, x. 1; 4 to punish, to correct, M. IV. 175; 5 to advise, K. S. vi. 24. With अत-1 to rule, to govern; 2 to advise, to teach, K. S. v. 5; 3 to punish, to chastise. arr-1 to order, to command, Bt. vi. 4; 2 (Atm.) to confer blessings on, ऋक्छंद-सा आज्ञास्ते Sak. 1v.:3 : Atm.) to desire, to seck, श्रियमा-शासते लोलां तां **हस्तेक**न्य **मा** भती: Bt. v. 16; 4 to praise. **y-1** to rule, to govern, R. vi. 76; 2 to command: 3 to teach, to instruct, Bt. xix. 19; 4 to chastise; 5 (Atm.) to pray for to solicit, TE कविभ्यः पूर्वेभ्यो नमोत्राकं प्रशास्मह Ut. 1.

शासन n. 1 Governing, ruling, government, R. 1. 30; 2 instructing, instruction; 3 a precept; 4 an order, a decree, a command, कुमुम्नारासनशासनगंदिनि पिकनिकरें भज भावम् Git. G. x1., R. 111. 69; 5 a charter, a royal grant, Yaj. 11. 240; 6 a written agreement, a deed. Comp.—प्य n. 1 a plate on which a grant is inscribed; 2 a paper on which an order is written.—हर m. a