these meanings); 23 a proper course of action (in politics); the proper courses of action for a king in foreign politics are:—1 ਜੱਬਿ, (alliance), 2 विग्रह (war), 3 यान (march), 4 स्थान (halt), 5 भारत (strategem), 6 हैभी-भाव ( aid of other kings ), Sis. 11. 26, M. v11. 160; 24 need, use (with an inst.): 25 efficacy, good effect; 26 the number 'three' (in math.). Comp. --- अतीत a. freed from all properties. -अधिष्ठानक n. the region of the breast where the girdle is fastened. -अनुराग n. love of the good qualities of others, approbation, Kir. 1. 11. -अनुरोध m. conformity suitableness to good qualities. -आन्यित a. excelgood, endowed with lent, virtues. -अपवाद m. detraction. -आकर m. a mine of merits, one endowed with all virtues. - STEU a. rich in virtues. -आस्पन् a. having qualities. - THE m. a receptacle of virtues, a virtuous person. – সাস্ত্র a. virtuous, excellent.—उत्कर्ष m. excellence of merit, the being endowed with superior qualities. -उत्कीर्तन n. panegyric, eulogium. - 3 cang a. superior in merit. - कार्मन n. 1 an unes. sential or secondary action; 2 the secondary or less inmediate object of an action (in gram.), e. g. सुरध्नम् in ने-ताभस्य लुग्धम्. -कार I a. productive of good qualities, profitable; II m. 1 a cook who prepares side dishes or any secondary articles of food: 2 an cipthet of Bhima.-गान n. panegyric, praise. गुझ a. desiring or possessing good

qualities. -गृह्य a. admiring or attached to virtues, appreciative, गुणगृह्या वचने वि-पश्चितः Kir. ा. 5. -महज n. appreciation of merit. -m. an assemblage of virtues, गणयति गुणमामं भ्रामं भ्रमादपि नेहते Git.G. 11., Bh. V.1.103. **−माहक, माहिन्** a. who appreciates good qualities.- a. who admires merit, appreciative, गुणिनि गुणज्ञी रमते Hit. 1. -त्रय, त्रिसय n. the three constituent properties of nature, viz. सत्व, रजस्, and तमस्. –धर्ने m. the virtue or duty incidental to the possession of certain qualities. -निधि m. store of virtues. -प्रकर्ष m. great merit. -लक्षण n. mark or indication of an internal property. -लयनिका, लयनी ʃ. a tent. –त्रचन, वाचक m. a word whose connotation is guna or quality, an attributive substantive, an adjective, (e.g. गुक्र). -विवेचना f. discrimination in appreciating the merits of a person, a just sense of merit. -बुक्त, बुक्तक m.a mast, or a post to which a ship or boat is fastened.-ब्रास f. a secondary or unessential condition or relation (op. to मुख्यावृत्ति). –संग m. attachment worldly pleasures. **-संख्यान** n. a name for the Sa'nkhya and Yoga systems of philosophy. -संपद् f. great merit, perfection. —सागर m. lan ocean of merit, i.e. a very meritorious man; 2 an epithet of Brahman (m.). ग्रुणक m. I A calculator: 2 a

multiplier (in math.).

गुणन n. 1 Multiplication; 2

enumeration; 3 describing

merits or qualities, इह रसभ-

णने कृतहरिंगुणने मधुरिपुपदसेवके Git. G. vii.

गुणनी f. Studying, collating and correcting copies.

गुणनिका f. 1 Study, repeated reading, विशेषविद्वयः शासं युत्त- विद्माद्यते प्ररः। हेतुः परिचयस्थेये वक्तुगुणनिकेव सा Sis. 11. 75; 2 dancing, the science of dancing; 3 the prologue or introduction to a drama; 4 a garland, a necklace, दरि- हाणां चितामणिगुणनिका A'nandalahari 3; 5 a cypher, the character which expresses nothing (in math.).

गुपनीय I a. ( f. या ) 1 To be advised; 2 to be multiplied; 3 to be enumerated. II m.

Study, practice.

गुणिका f. A tumor, a swelling. गुणित a. (f. ता) 1 Multiplied; 2 heaped together, collected. गुणित a. (f. ती) 1 Principal (op. to guna); 2 endowed with merits, Yaj. 11. 78, M. viii. 73; 3 auspicious; 4 familiar with the merits of anything.

गुणीभूत a. (f. ता) 1 Made secondary or subordinate; 2 deprived of the original importance. meaning or Сомр. — ваіта n. the second of the three divisions of kâvya (poetry) (in rhetoric). it the charm of the suggested sense is subordinate to that of the expressed meaning. (It is thus defined by S. D:—अपरंत गुणीभूतव्यंग्यं वाच्यादनुत्तमे व्यंग्येः eight subdivisions of this division of ka'vya are mentioned. See K. Pr. v. ).

गुंडन n. 1 Concealing, covering; 2 smearing, e. g. अग्नि-होत्रं त्र्यो वेदाकिदंडं भस्मगुंडनम् । बुद्धिपौरुषद्दीनानां जीविकेति बृह-स्पतिः