Lakshmi'; 2 the name of a river.

पद्मिन m. An elephant.

'पश्चिनी f. 1 The lotus-plant, जातां मन्ये शिशिरमाथितां पश्चिनी बान्यरूपाम् Megh. 11. 20, K. S. III. 76; 2 a multitude of lotuses: 3 a lake abounding in lotuses; 4 a female elephant; 5 a woman of the first of the four classes, into which the sex is divided; (she is thus described :--ਮਰ-ति कमलनेत्रा नासिकाक्षद्ररंत्रा अवि-रलकुचयुग्मा दीर्घकेशी कृशांगी । मृ दुचरणसुत्रीला गीतनृत्यानुरक्ता स-कॅलतनुसुवेशा पश्चिमी पद्मगंधा). Сомр.-इंश, कांत, प्रिय, वहभ m, the sun.

चरा I m. 1 A S'ùdra; 2 a part of a word. II n. 1 A stanza, (पदां चतुष्पदी तच वृत्त जातिरिति द्विधा Ch. M. I.); 2 a panegyric.

पद्या f. A way, a path.

पद्र m. A village.

पद m. 1 The world of human beings (भूलोक); 2 a car.

यन् vt. 1.U(pp. पनायित or पनितः pres. पनायति-ते) To praise. पनस I m. 1 The bread-fruit tree; 2 a thorn. II n. The fruit of the bread-fruit tree. पंथक a. (f. का) Produced in the way.

पञ a. (f. जा) 1 Fallen, sunk, descended: 2 gone (pp. of पद q. v.). Сомр. — ग I m. a snake, a serpent, विषक्तनः पत्र-गः फणं कुरुते Sak. vi.; II n. lead. °अरि, °अशन, °नाशन m. an epithet of Garuda.

यपि m. The moon.

The sun; 2 the moon.

a. Fostering, protecting. TI Name of a lake in the Dandaká forest, R. XIII. 30, Bt. v1. 73 ; 2 name of a river in the south of India.

पयस् n. 1 Water, Megh. 1. 13, 24, 40, R. 1. 67; **2** milk, R. 11. 36 (where the word is used in senses 1 and 2), 63; **3** semen virile. Сомр. **पर्योगल** m. 1 hail; 2 an island. पर्याघन n. hail. पयश्चय m. a reservoir, a lake. पर्योजनमन् m. a cloud. पर्याद m. a cloud, Megh. r. 7, R. хіv. 37. оसहर m. a peacock. पर्योधरm. cloud; 2 a woman's breast, Kir. IV. 24 (where the word) is used in this as well as in the previous sense), R. xiv. 22, Rt. 1. 6; 3 an udder, R. II. 3; 4 the cocoanut tree; 5 the back-bone. पद्यो-धस m. 1 the ocean; 2 a lake, a piece of water. पद्यो-धि m. the sun. पर्याधिक n. the cuttle-fish-bone. पयोनिधि m. the sea, Rt. 11. 7, Na. 1v.50.- प्याच्या f.the same as पयोष्णी q. v. पयोमुच m.a. cloud, R. 111. 3, vi. 5. q21-वाह m. a cloud, R. 1. 36. पयस्वल I a. rich in milk: II m. a goit. पयस्विनी f. 1 a river; 2 a milch cow; 3 a she-goat; 4 the night. पयस्य \mathbf{I} a. (f: स्था) $\mathbf{1}$ Milky ; 2 watery, II m. A cat.

पयस्या 🏸 Curds.

पयोडणी J. Name of a river rising in the Vindhya mountain; (the Narmada according to some, the Tapti according to others.)

पर I a. (f. स) (this word is declined optionally as a pronoun in nom. and voc. pl. and loc. m. and in abl. sing, m. n. when it denotes relative position) 1 Different varying, other, another, M. iv. 133; 2 distant, removed; 3 beyond, further, म्लेस्बरे-श्वस्ततः परः M. 11. 23; 4 (

excellent, pre-eminent, chief, best, highest, e.g. परा काष्टा: 5 higher, superior, इंद्रि-याणि पराण्याहुरि।द्रियेभ्यः परं मनः । मनसस्त परा बुद्धिः Bg. 111. 42, VII. 7: 6 subsequent, following, next, (with an abl.); 7 exceeding, having a remainder, (e.g. परं जातम 'more than a hundred'); 8 inimical, adverse; 9 last, final, R. xII. 56; 10 (generally at the end of compounds) wholly engaged in, solely devoted to, completely occupied with, e. g. चितापर. ध्यानपर, शोकपर, &c. II m. Λ foe, an enemy, R . 111. 21. III n. 1 The supreme spirit: 2 final beatitude. (परम् is used as an indeclinable in the sense of 1 beyond, over, R. 1. 17; 2 after (generally with an abl.) श्रीष्यत्यस्मात्य-रमवहिता Megh. 11. 37, R. 1. 66, 111. 39 ; 3 but, however: 4 otherwise; 5 in a high degree: 6 at the utmost. परेण in the sense of I farther, beyond, कि वा मृत्योः परेण वि-धास्यति M. M. 11. ; 2 afterwards, माये तु कृतानिघाते किं विदध्याः परेण Mv. 11. परे in the sense of 'afterwards, thereupon'). Comp. — sign n. 1 the best limb; 2 the back part of the body.-अंगइ m an epithet of S'iva -अदन m. a horse of the Persian breed. -अर्थान a.dependant, subservient, M. x. 83.-अंत m. pl. name of a people.- 站有新 m. an epithet of S'iva.-अस I a. living on another's food; II n, food of another. oqfq a. nourished by the food of another. भौजिन a. eating the food of another.-3747 I a. far and near, prior and posterior, before and behind