

bial compounds, e.g. उद्गाह, उ-  
बिद्ध, उत्पद्य, &c.

उदक ind. Above, northward,  
to the north of ( with abl. )

उदक n. Water, अनिर्वा पंकतां  
अतिमुदकं नावतिष्ठते Sis. II. 34,  
Bg. II. 46. Comp.—अंन m.  
margin of water. bank,  
shore, ओदकांतास्त्रिगुणे ज-  
नोऽनुगतं इति भूयते Sak. IV.  
—भाषार m. a reservoir, a  
cistern, a well.—उदंजन m. a  
water-jar.—उदर n. dropsy.—  
कर्म्म n., कार्बन् n., क्रिया f.  
presentation of water to the  
deceased ancestors, Yaj. III.

4.—कुंभ m. a water-jar.—ग्राह  
m. entering water, bathing.

उदकेचर m. an aquatic ani-  
mal.—इ m. an heir, a near

kinsman.—धर m. a cloud—  
यार m. a yoke for carrying

water.—वज्र m. a thunder-  
shower.—चाक n. any aqua-  
tic herb.—स्नाति f. sprinkling

consecrated water over a  
sick person to allay fever.

—स्पर्श m. touching different  
parts of the body with water.

उदक(क्रि)ल a. ( f. ला ) Watery.

उदक a. ( f. का ) Raised up  
(as from a well ), उदकमुदकं

कृपात् S. K.

उदका f. A woman in her  
courses.

उदक a. ( f. का ) 1 With ele-  
vated top, overtopping; 2

high, elevated ( lit. and fig. )  
उदग्रदक्षानांभुः Sis. II. 21,

उदग्रः स्रष्टव्यं शब्दो भूनेषु रुढः  
R. II. 53; 3 large, broad,

vast, अवन्तिनाथोऽयमुदग्रबाहुः R.  
VI. 32; 4 advanced in age;

5 increased, intense, R. II.  
71, XIII 50; 6 fierce, R. XI.

69; 7 excited, in rapture,  
भयोदग्रः ककुपन्तः R. IV 22.

उदक a. ( f. दीप्ति ) 1 Turned  
on going upwards; 2 upper;

3 northern; 4 subsequent.

Comp.—अग्नि m. the nor-  
thern mountain, i. e. the  
Himalāya.—अचन n. the sun's  
progress north of the equa-  
tor. Cf. उत्तरायण.—आवृत्ति f.  
return to the north, R. VIII.  
33.—पथ m. a northern coun-  
try.—प्रवण a. sloping towards  
the north.—भव a. northern.  
उदहमुख a. facing the north,  
Megh. I. 14.

उदक m. A leathern vessel.

उदंजन n. 1 A bucket, a pail for  
drawing water out of a well;

2 rising, ascending; 3 a  
cover or lid.

उदंजलि a. One who hollows  
the palms and raises them.

उदंडपाल m. 1 A fish; 2 a  
snake.

उदन् n. Water. ( This word  
has no forms for the first five  
cases and is rarely used by  
itself. It is found only at the  
beginning (with the final न्  
dropped), or at the end of  
compounds. It is not a sepa-  
rate word but only a substi-  
tute for उदक according to  
some authorities ). Comp.—

कुंभ m. A water-jar. M. II.  
182.—अ a. aquatic, watery.

—धान m. 1 a water-jar; 2 a  
cloud.—धि m. 1 the ocean,

उदधेरिव निम्नगाशतेश्वभवनास्य  
विमानना कश्चित् R. VIII. 8; 2

a cloud; 3 a lake; 4 a water-  
jar.—कन्धा, सनया, ०त्ता f.

Lakshmi, the daughter of  
the ocean.—मेखला f. the

earth.—राज m. the king of  
oceans, i. e. the chief ocean.

—पाच n. a water-jug, M. III.  
96.—पान m. n. a well.—मंडुक m.

1 a frog in a well ( lit. ); 2 an  
inexperienced man of limit-

ed ideas who knows only his  
own neighbourhood ( fig. ).—

पेष n. a paste.—यार m. a  
water-carrier, i. e. a cloud.—

मान n. a fiftieth part of an  
अटक.—मेघ m. a watery cloud.

—सावणिक a. salted.—वज्र m.  
waterspout. उदन्वत् m. The

ocean, R. IV. 52, 58, x. 6, K.  
S. VII. 73.—वसित n. a house,

a dwelling.—वास m. resid-  
ence in water, सहस्यरात्री-

रुदवासतयरा K. S. v. 26.—वाह  
m. a cloud.—वाहन n. a water-

vessel.—विडु m. a drop of  
water. प्रवेदिरे बिरेण नाभि

प्रथमोदविदवः K. S. v 24.—वा-  
राव m. a water-jar.—चिन्

n. butter-milk containing  
fifty per cent. water.—हरण m.

a vessel for drawing water.

उदत्त m. 1 Full tidings, intelli-  
gence, news, कांतोदतः सुहृदुपग-

तः संगमत्किंचिदन् Megh. II.  
37, R. XII. 66; 2 a pure

and virtuous man.

उदंनक m. News, tidings.

उदं. का f. Satisfaction, sati-  
ety.

उदन्वा f. Thirst, निर्वर्त्यतामुद-  
न्याप्रतीकारः Ve. VI.

उद्वय m. 1 Going upwards,  
rising, चंदोदय इवोदधेः R. XII.

36, II. 73; 2 advancement,  
prosperity, तेजोदयस्य युग-

पद् व्यसनोदयाभ्याम् Sak. IV.,  
R. IX. 7; 3 the eastern

mountain behind which the  
sun is supposed to rise; 4

creation, production, rise,  
आकलोदयकमेणाम् R. I 5, K.

S. III. 18, R. VIII. 22; 5  
light, splendour; 6 result,

consequence, II. I. 15; 7  
accomplishment, fulfilment,

R. III. 1; 8 profit, revenue;

9 interest ( i. e. premium  
paid for the use of money ).

Comp.—अचल, अग्नि, पर्वत, रि-  
रि, शैल m. the eastern moun-

tain behind which the  
sun rises, उदग्निविनालीवाल-  
मंदारपुष्पम् Ud., or अिनोदयात्रे-  
रभिषायमुच्यतेः Sis. I. 16.—