a measure; 7 the number 'seven.' Comp.—fam 1 the Himàlaya; 2 an epithet of S'iva.-कीला f. the earth.-ज n. red chalk.-sif f. a name of Parvati.-तनवा, सुता f. a name of Parvati.- fag m. Indra, the enemy of mountains, (or of clouds according to some.)-होणि f. a river taking its rise from mountain.-पति,राज m, the Himálaya as the lord of mountains.- भिद्र m. a name of Indra. - हांग n. a mountainpeak.-सार m. essence of stones i. e. iron.

अब्रोह m. Mildness, moderation, M. iv. 2.

भवस I a. (f. या) 1 Not two; 2 without a second, unique. II n. 1 Non-duality, unity; 2 identity of spirit and matter, III m. A follower of Buddha. Comp.— नाइन m.1 one who teaches advaya or identity; 2 a Bauddha.

असार n. Any passage which is not intended to be used as a door, अद्वारेण न चातीयाद्यामें वा वेदम न बतम M. 1v. 73.

अदितीय I a. (f. या) 1 Without a second i. e. matchless; 2 without a companion i. e. alone. II n. Brahman (n.)

भवेत I a. (f. ता) 1 Destitute of duality; 2 peerless, unique. II n. 1 Identity, sameness, अहेतं मुखदु:खयो: Ut. I: 2 the Vedántic doctrine of the identity of Brahman (n.) with the universe or with the soul; 3 Brahman (n.).Comp.
— नादन m. one who maintains the identity of Brahman (n.) with the universe, a Vedántist.

अधन I a. (f. ना) 1 Lowest. meanest; 2 worst, II m An

unblushing paramour, नापी स्नातिमतो गतासि नं पुनस्तस्याधन-स्यान्तिकम् K. Pr. 1. Comp.— अंग n. the foot.—अर्ज्ज n. the part of the body below the navel.— ऋण, ऋणिक m. a debtor.

अधर I a. (f. रा) I Lower, inferior; 2 low, vile; 3 silenced. 11 m. The lower lip, विनिध रतिसर्व स्वमधरम् Sak. 1; निर्मृष्टरागोधरः K. Pr. 1. III n. 1 The lowest part; 2 a reply. (Note-Some of the cases of spar, viz, अधरेण, अधरातू, अधरस्मात् and अधरतम् are used as in. declinables in the sense of below, beneath, in the lower regions'). Comp-उत्तर a. 1 lower and higher; 2 worse and better, Mal. 1.; 3 nearer and further: 4 sooner and later.-- silg (forming अधरोष्ठ) m. the lower lip. उमामुखे बिम्बफलाधरोष्ठे K.S. 11. 67. - атоз m. n. the lower neck. — $\mathbf{q} = n$. drinking the lower lip i. e. kissing. - मध n. the nectar (i.e. sweetness) of the lips. -स्वस्तिक n. the Nádir.

अधरीण a. (f. जा) Reproached, censured.

अधरेशुस् ind. 1 The day before yesterday; 2 on a previous day.

अधर्म m. I Behaviour contrary to religious and civil law; 2 unrighteousness, injustice. Comp. —आरमन, चारिन a. Wicked, unrighteous.

अधवा f. A widow.

अध्य ind. Below, down, beneath, under, from under; (with acc. अधोऽरण्यम्, abl. अधो वृक्षास्ताती, gen. तरूणामधः: Sak. I. and loc. अधो गृहे ज्ञेते.) पतस्यधे धाम विसार सर्वतः Sis. 1. 2. Comp. —अंगुक n. a lower garment. —असज m.

an epithet of Vishnu. or Krishna. -अध्यस ind. 1 lower and lower, अधोधो गंगेयं पदमु-गता Bhartr. 11; 2 just below, (with acc.) नवानधोधी ब-हतः पयोधरान् Sis. 1. 4. -- ख-पासन n. sexual intercourse. -at m. the lower part of the hand. -खनन n. undermining. -गति /. 1 descent; 2 degradation.-गृत् m. a mouse -चर m. a thief_ - दिश् /. the south. - इष्टि f. down-cast sight. -पात m. a down-fall. -प्रस्तर m. a seat of turf for persons in a state of impurity. - and m. the lower part. - श्रुवन n., लोक m. nether world. - मुख a. with the face hanging down. -बायु m. flatulency. -स्वस्ति-क n. the Nadir.

अधस्तन a. (f. नी) Lower, अधस्तान ind, The same as अ-धस् q. r. गमनमधस्तादभवस्यधर्भे-ण Sankhya K. 44,

সমি ind. As a prefix to verbal themes it expresses 'above', 'over and above', 'besides'.

As a prefix to nominal themes it expresses; 1 excellence; 2 superiority; 3 abundance &c.

As a separable adverb or preposition (with acc. or loc. ए. प्र. अधि लोकम्, अधि भ्रवि रामः) it expresses 'over, upon, concerning'. (Note-In composition with nouns আপ্ত often forms adverbs and has then the sense of 'on' 'concerning', 'in' e. g. अधिगि-रि. अध्याहमम &c. Thus some of the following compounds may also be interpreted as indeclinables). Comp. - 3797 I a. (f. att) 1 perceptible. present to the senses, 27-ध्यक्षेरथ निजसखं नीरदं स्मारयद्भिः