round, to pervade, स्फुटपराग-परागतपंकजम Sis. VI. 2: 2 to return, qR-1 to walk round, e. g. यथा हि मेरूभै-गवता नित्यज्ञः परिगम्यतेः 2 to surround, Sis. 1x. 26, Bt. x. 1; 3 to spread every where; 4 to die, वयं येभ्या जा-ताभिरपरिगता एव खल ते Bhartr. 111. 38; 5 to obtain; 6 to know, to understand. पर्या-I to finish; 2 to approach; 3 to subdue,  $\pi$ - to advance. प्रति- 1 to advance towards; to return. प्रत्या—to come back, प्रस्युद्- to advance towards as a mark of respect, प्रत्युहता सविनयं सहसा परेव Bh. V. 111. 3. वि- 1 to disappear, Bg. x1, 1; 2 to pass away, संध्ययापि सपदि व्य-ग्मि Sis 1x.17. विनिस् 1 to go out; 2 to vanish, to disappear. विश्र- to separate. सम्- (in the Atm.) 1 to come together, to meet, to encounter, e. g. अक्षधूर्तैः समगंति 1). K: 2 to have sexual intercourse with, इच्छंत्या सह संगतः M. viii. 378. समध- 1 to approach; 2 to study; 3 to acquire, भायो पुत्रश्र दासश्र त्रय ए-वधना :स्मृताः। यत्ते समधिगच्छति यस्येते तस्य तद्दरं M. viii. 416. समव- to know completely. समुपा- to befall.

Cause to go, to lead, to reduce to; 2 to expound, to explain; 3 to denote, to convey, to signify; 4 to pass (as time). With अब- to convey, to signify, to tell, Bt. x. 62. अ:- 1 to bring; 2 to teach; 3 to wait. ब- to pass (as time), विगमयन्युत्रिह एव क्षपा: Sak. vi. सम्- to bring to gether.

जन I a. (f. ना) (at the end of compounds) Going, moving,

going to, reaching, touching, e. g. प्रोगम, इद्यमम. II m. 1 Going, moving; 2 march, especially the march of an assailant; 3 sexual intercourse with a woman, गुर्गग्नाम: M. xi. 54; 4 a rond; 5 a game played with dice and men; 6 inconsiderateness, superficiality, hasty or careless perusal. Comp.—आगम m. going and coming. I ham a. (f. मिका) 1 Leading

गमक a. (f. मिका) 1 Leading to conviction; 2 indicative of, suggestive of, तदेव गमक पांडित्यवैद्याया: M. M. 1.

गमन n. 1 Going, moving, gait, कि रुष्टासि गर्जेड मंदगमने Sr. T. 7; 2 going considered as a karman' by the Vais'eshikas. See under कर्मन; 3 march of an assailant 4 cohabitation; 5 obtaining, attaining.

गमिन् l a. (f. नी) Intending to go, e. g. भामंगमी. II m. A passenger.

गम्य I a. (f. म्या) 1 Accessible, approachable; 2 intelligible, easy to understand; 3 fit for sexual intercourse, अभिकामां क्षियं यस गम्या रहिस याचितों नोपैति Bh.; 4 meant, implied; 5 suitable, desirable; 6 curable ( with a gen. ) न गम्यो मंत्राणाम् (समरापस्मारः) Bhartr. 1.89.

गंभारिका है f. Name of a tree. गंभारी है f. Name of a tree. गंभीर I a. (f. गं) See गंभीर, R. 1. 36, Megh, 11. 1, 3. II m. 1 A lotus; 2 a citron, Comp.—वेदिन a. restive (as an elephant).

गंभीरा ] f. The name of a गंभीरिका | river, गंभीरायाः प-यस Megh. 1, 40.

गद्य m. 1 Name of the people living round Gayá and the

district inhabited by them; 2 name of an Asura.

गया f. Name of a city in Bihar which is a place of pilgrimage.

गर I a. (f. री) Swallowing.
II m. 1 Any drink or fluid;
2 sickness, disease; 3 swallowing. III m. n. 1 Poison;
2 an antidote. IV n. Sprinkling, wetting. Comr — आधका f. 1 the insect called Làkshà; 2 the red dye produced from it. — जी f. a kind of fish. — र I a. poisoning, administering poison II n. poison. — जा m. a peacock.

गरण n. 1 The act of swallowing; 2 of sprinkling; 3 poison.

गर्भ m. Fœtus, embryo. See

गरल I m. n. 1 Poison in general, गरलिमव कलयित मलय-समीरम् Git. G. Iv, स्मरगरल-खंडनं मम शिरिस मंडनम् x; 2 the venom of a snake. II n. A bundle of grass. Comp. — अरि m. an emerald.

गरा f. Swallowing.
गरित a. (f. ता) Poisoned.
गरित m. 1 Weight, heaviness, Sis. 1x. 49; 2 importance, dignity; 3 worth, excellence; 4 one of the eight siddhis or faculties of a yogin by which he can make himself heavy at will. See केशिया.

गरिष्ठ a. (f. हा) 1 Heaviest.
2 most important, &c.
( Super. of गुरु a. q.v.).
गरीबस् a. (f. सी) Compar.
of गुरु a. q. v. वाक्यस्यार्थगरीयसः
Sis. 11.24, सला गरीयान् शतुबः
11. 37.

बहुड m. 1 Name of a huge bird, son of कृत्यप and विनता, the chief of the feathered race.