ज् m. 1 Repeating prayers in a murmuring tone; 2 repeating passages of the Veda, M. 111.74,3 a muttered prayer. Сомр.-परायण a.engaged in muttering prayers. -माला f. a rosary.

जपा f. The China rose (either the plant or its flower), सां-ध्यं तेज: प्रतिनवजपापुष्परका दधा-

नः Megh. 1. 36.

ज्ञार्य m. n. A muttered prayer. ज्ञाभ I vi. 1. P (pres. जभित, जभित) To copulate. Cf. यभ्. II vt. 1. A (pres. जभित) To yawn, to gape.

ज्जम् vt. 1. P (pres. जमित)

To eat.

द्धमन n. The same as जेमन q. v. जांपती m. du. Man and wife.

Cf. दंपती and जायापती. अंबाल m. 1 Mud; 2 moss; 3 the ketala plant.

जंबालिनी र्र. \ river.

डांबीर I m. The citron tree. II n. A citron.

sig] f. The rose apple and sig] its fruit. Comp. — खंड, श्रीप m. name of one of the seven continents surrounding the mountain Meru.

जांद्रक] m. (fem. cकी) 1 A
जांद्रक] jackal; 2 a low man.
जांद्रल I m. A kind of tree.
II n. Jests addressed to
the bride and bridegroom by their friends
and relations.

जंभ m. 1 The jaws (generally in the plural); 2 a tooth; 3 eating; 4 a part, a portion! 5 a quiver; 6 the chin; 7 yawning, gaping; 8 name of a demon killed by Indra; 9 the citron tree. Comp.—अरासि, दिष, भेदिन, रिष्ण m. an epithet of Indra.—अरि m. 1 fire; 2 Indra's thunderbolt; 3 Indra.

जंभका) जंभा *} f:* A yawn. जंभिका ^j

জন্ম \ m. The lime or citron জনিং \ tree.

जय m. 1 Conquest, triumph, victory, R. 111. 57; 2 winning (as a game or lawsuit); 3 curbing restraining, as in \[\frac{1}{5} -द्रियजय; 4 an epithet of Jayanta, son of Indra; 5 of Yudhishthira, the first Pándava prince; 6 name of an attendant of Vishnu; 7 an epithet of Ariuna. Comp. — भावह a. conferring victory.—उद्धर a. exulting in victory.-क्रीलाहल m. 1 a shout of victory; 2 a kind of game with dice.- वाष m. घोषण n., घोषणा f. a cry of victory.- ser f. a kind of drum beaten as a sign of victory. - पत्र n. a record of victory.-पाल m. la king; 2 an epithet of Brahman (m.); 3 an epithet of Vishnu.-पुत्र-क m. a kind of dice.—मंगल m. a royal elephant. -वाहिनी f. an epithet of S'achi'.—ছাত্র m. 1 a shout of victory: 2 the exclamation 'Jaya.'- स्तंभ m. a trophy, a column erected to commemorate a victory, निचलान अयस्तंभान गंगा-क्षेतिंतरेषु सः R. 1v. 36, 69.

जयन n. 1 Conquering, subduing: 2 armour for cavalry, &c. Comp. — युज्ञ a. 1 caparisoned; 2 victorious.

जयंत m. 1 Name of the son of Indra, R. 111. 23, vi. 78; 2 an epithet of S'iva; 3 the moon. Comp.—पन n. 1 the written award of the judge in favour of either party (in law); 2 the label on the forehead of a horse turned loose for the As'vamedha sacrifice.

2 name of the daughter of Indra.

अवा f. 1 Name of an attendant of the goddess Durga; 2 a kind of flag.

जियन a. (f. नी) 1 Conquering, victorious, पीरस्त्यानेवमा-कामस्तास्ताञ्जनपदाञ्जयी R. Iv. 34; 2 winning (as a lawsuit); 3 captivating, taking possession of the heart, जगति जिथनस्ते ने भावा नर्वेदुकला-दय: M. M. I.

जय a. (f. च्या) Conquerable, vulnerable.

जार I a. (f. टा) 1 Old, aged, अयमतिजरठा: प्रकामगुर्जी: परिण-तरिकरिकास्तर्राधिमार्त Sis. IV. 29 (where the word is used in senses 1 and 3); 2 decayed; 3 hard, solid; 4 hard-hearted, cruel. II m. A name of Pandu, father of the five Pândavas.

जरण a. (f. जा) Old, decayed, infirm.

जरत a. (f. ती) 1 Decayed; 2 old, aged. Comp.—गय m. an old ox, e. g. जरहबधनः शंभुस्त-धापि परमेश्वरः, or जरहबः कंबल-पादुकाभ्यां द्वारिस्थितो गायति मंग-लानिः

जरती f. An old woman. जरंत m.1 An old man; 2 a buffalo.

जरा f: (जरस is optionally substituted for this word before vowel terminations, तस्य धर्मरतेरासाइद्धल जरसा विना R. 1. 23.) 1 The becoming old, old age, मदेकपुत्रा जननी जरातुरा Na. 1. 135; 2 decrepitude, the general debility consequent upon old age; 3 digestion; 4 name of a female demon. Comp. — जीज a. old through age, Bhartr. 111. 192.

जरायिण m. A name of Jara'sandha.