Megh. 11, 20; 7 best, dear, beexcellent; 8 loved; 9 venerable, 10 haughty, spectable; proud (as a speech); 11 (a syallable) long by nature or position (as मा in मान or म in मत्सर); it is usually represented by the letter 1 (in prosody), e.g. अगुरुचतु-ब्कं भवति गुरू ही घनकुषयुग्मे श्वशिवदना असे Sr. B. II m. 1 A father, स राज्यं गुरुणा दत्तं मतिपदाधिकं बभौ R. IV. 1, III. 31, 48; 2 any venerable or respectable person, an elderly relative, गुरुजनभयमद्विलोक-नातःसमुदयदाक्तभावमुद्रहत्याः Bh V. 11, 7,18,19,49, Bg. 11. 5; 3 a teacher, a preceptor: 4 a spiritual preceptor, a religious teacher, ती दंपती वसिष्ठ-स्ब गुरोर्जेग्मनुराश्रमम् R. 1. 35, 57, especially one who performs purificatory ceremonies over a boy and initiates him into the sacred lore, Yaj. 1. 34; 5 head, chief, गुरुनृंपाणां गुरवे निवेद्य R. 11.68; 6 the constellation called Pushya; 7 the propounder of a new doctrine; 8 name of Brihaspati, the preceptor of gods:9 the planet Jupiter, गुरुकाच्यानुगां विश्रचांद्रीमभिनभः-भियम Sis. 11. 2; 10 an epithet of Drona, the teacher of the Pandavas and Kauravas: 11 an epithet of Prabhakara, the leader of that school of the Mimánsakás which goes by his name. Сомр. — **अर्थ** m. a preсерtor's fee for instructing a pupil, गुर्वर्थमाइर्नेमहं यतिष्ये R. v. 17. - उत्तम I a. highly revered; II m. the supreme soul. - and m. worship, adoration. - THE m. instruction handed down to a series of

teachers, traditional instruction. - si m. any venerable person, an elderly relative, Bh. V. 11, 7. - सल्प, सल्पग, तिस्पन m. 1 one who defiles his step-mother; 2 a violator of his preceptor's bed, (these are regarded as अतिपातकानि in Hindu religious law), M. x1. 103. - विश्वणा f. fee given to a spiritual preceptor. -3-वत m. the constellation Pushya. -पाक a. difficult of digestion $\rightarrow n.1$ the constellation Pushya; 2 a bow. -महेल m. a kind of drum or tabor. — en n. a topaz. – लाघव n. relative importance or value. -वर्तिन m. a bachelor who resides at his preceptor's house. -बासर m. Thursday. - हति f. the conduct of a pupil towards his preceptor.

गुरुक a. (f. की) A little

heavy.

गु (सू) जिर m. 1 The district of Gujarath; 2 a native of Gujarath, तेषां मार्गे परिचय-वशादिजितं गुजेराणां यः संतापं शि-धिलमकरात्सीमनाथं विलोक्य Vikr. Ch. xviii. 97.

गुर्विणी) f. A pregnant wo-गुर्वी) man , e. g. गुर्विणीं नानुगच्छोते न स्प्रज्ञाति राजस्वलाम् गुल m. Molasses, Cf. गुड.

गुलुच्छ } m. A bunch, a गुलुंछ } cluster.

गुल्फ m. The ankle, आगुल्फ-कीर्णापणमार्गेपुष्पम् K. S. vii. 25.

of trees, a thicket, a bush, M. I. 48, VII. 192; 2 a troop of soldiers, a division of an army, consisting of 45 foot, 27 horse, 9 chariots and as many elephants; 3 a fort; 4 the spleen; 5 a chronic enlargement of the

spleen (in medicine); 6 a police station; 7 a wharf of stairs.

गुल्मिन a. (f. नी) 1 Growing in clump or cluster; 2 having the spleen affected by disease.

गुल्मी f. A. tent.

गु (गू) वाक m. The betel-nut tree.

गृह vt. 1. U (pp. गृह ; pres. गृहति-ते) To cover, to hide, to conceal, to keep secret, गृहत्कुमें इवांगानि M. vil. 105, R. xiv. 49, Bt. xvi. 41. With उप- to embrace, तर-गृहर्तेह्पगृहतीव R. xiii. 63, xviii. 47, Bt. xiv. 52. निto hide, to conceal.

गुह m. 1 An epithet of Kartikeya, गुह इवामातेहतत्ताके: Kad., K. S. v. 14; 2 a horse; 3name of a cha'nda'la king of S'ringavera, a friend of Ráma.

मुहा f. 1 A cave, a cavern, a hiding place, मुहानिबस्पतिभाब्द्धिम् R. 11. 28, 51; 2 a pit, a hole in the ground; 3 the heart; 4 hiding, concealing. Comp. — आहित a. placed in the heart. —वर n. Brahman (n.). —मुख a. wide-mouthed, open-mouthed. —श्च m. 1 a mouse; 2 the supreme soul.

गुहिन n. A wood, a thicket. गुहेर m. 1 A guardian, a protector; 2 a blacksmith.

प्राथ I a. (f. बा) 1 To be concealed; 2 secret, solitary, retired; 3 mysterious, Bg. xviii. 63. II m. 1 Hypocricy; 2 a tortoise. III n. 1 A secret, a mystery, मानं चवा-दिम गुद्धानाम Bg. x. 38; 2 a privity, the male or female organ of generation. Comp.
—गुरु m. an epithet of S'iva.
—गुरु m. the firefly.