Tag m. The tongue. जिह्नल a. (f. ला) Voracious, greedy.

FIRST f. 1 The tongue; 2 the tongue of fire, i. e. a flame. Comp. — आस्वाद m. licking. -**ढ**ल्लेखनी ∫., उल्लेखनिका ∫., नि-लेखन n. a tongue scraper. -q m. 1 a dog; 2 a tiger in general; 3 a leopard; 4 a cat; 5 a bear. -मूल n. the root of the tongue. -मुलीय a. a term applied to the Visarga before क् and ख्, and also to the guttural class of consonants (in gram.). - रह m. a bird. - लि-ह्र m. a dog. –लील्य n. greediness. - श्रह्य m. the khadira tree.

ज्ञीन I a. (f. ना) Old, aged decayed. II n. A leather bag, जीनकार्मुकबस्तावीन् १थग् दयादि-ज्ञद्वये M. xi. 138. (In Mandlik's edition of Manu, however, the reading of the text is say, though the commentators read जान).

जीमृत m. 1 A cloud, जीमृतेन स्वकुशलमयीं हारीयष्यन् प्रशृतिम् Megh. 1. 4: 2 an epithet of Indra. Сомр. — क्रट m. a mountain. - नाइन m. an epithet of Indra. -वाहिन m. smoke.

and m. 1 A sword; 2 cuminseed,

आरक } m. cumin-seed. स्तीरण (

जीर्ज I a. (f. जी) 1 Old, ancient; 2 worn out, decayed, वासांसि जीर्णानि यथा विहास Bg. 11. 22; 3 digested, जीर्ग-मन्नं प्रशंसीयात् Chánakya. II m. 1 An old man: 2 a tree. III n. 1 Benzoin; 2 decrepitude. Сомр. sait m. repairs, especially the repairs of a temple or any other building devoted

charitable or religious purposes.-उद्यान n. a neglected garden. - उन्हर lingering fever. - पर्भ the Kadamba tree. -वाटिका f. a ruined house. - as n. a particular gem.

জীপীক a. (f. কা) Almost dried up or withered.

जीणि f. 1 Old age, decay,

infirmity; 2 digestion. जीव vi. 1. P (pp. जीवित; pres. जीवति; caus. जावयति, जीवाप-यति) 1 To live, to be alive, यावत त्रयस्ते जीवेयुः M. II. 235, संशयं प्रनरारुद्धं यदि जीवति पश्यति Hit. 1.; 2 to revive, to come to life:3 to make a livelihood, to live by (with an inst.),विपणेन च जीवंतः M. 111. 152, 1v. 6; (in this sense the root is sometimes used with a cognate acc. $e.\ g.$ जीवेद्वैश्यस्य जीविकाम् ${f M}.$ x. 82); 4 to live upon, to prey upon (with a loc.) e.g. चौराः प्रमत्ते जीवंति व्याधितेषु चि-किस्सकाः। प्रमदाः कामयानेषु यज-मानेषु याजकाः।राजा विवदमानेषु नि त्यं मूर्खेषु पंडिताः. With भति-to in living, surpass live more splendidly or happily. अस्यजीवदमरालके धरे। R. 15. 1 XIX. अनुimitate the life अन्वजीवत् (v. l. for अत्यजीवत्) अमरालके थरो R. xix. 15: 2 to live for, to serve, to live by or by means of (with an acc.) e. g. यां तां श्रियमस्यामः पुरा रष्ट्रा युधिष्ठिरे। अद्य तामनुजीवा-म : 3 to survive, to outlive. आ-to get a living from (with an acc.) e. g. यमाजी-वंति पुरुषं सर्वभूतानितस्य जीवितमर्थवत्. उद्- to return to life, to revive, उदजीवत् सुमि-त्राभ: Bt. xvii. 95. उप- to maintain oneself by (with an acc, of the person or profession), शेषास्तम्पजीवेयुर्ये-धैव पितरं तथा M. IX. 105, सं-वाहकस्य वृत्तिमुपजीवामि Mrich. 11., Sis. 1x. 32.

जीव I a. (f. वा) Living, existing. II m. 1 The principle of life, the vital breath, ब्ला-सोत्कपकुचं निरीक्ष्य सुचिरं जीवाश्त-या वारित: Am. S. 90; 2 the personal soul cased in the body (as distinguished from the supreme soul or प्रमात्म-न), M. x11. 22; 3 life, existence; 4 a creature, a living being; 5 livelihood, profession; 6 an epithet of Brihas pati; 7 an epithet of Karna; 8 the constellation called पच्य .Coмp.—**अंतक** m. **1** a birdcatcher, a fowler; 2a murderer. -आत्मन m. the individual soul enshrined in the human body (as distinguished from परमात्मन 'the supreme soul').-आवान n. abstracting blood, bleeding (in medicine).-आधान n. preservation of life. -आधार m. the heart.—iva n. glowing firewood, burning wood.-उत्सर्गे m. voluntary death, suicide.—उर्जा f. the wool of a living animal.—गृह, मंदिर n, the body, as being the abode of the soul.-शाह m. a prisoner taken alive. जीव-जीव, जीवंजीव m. the chakora bird. - a m. 1 a physician; 2 an enemy. - Tall f. mortal existence.-धन n. property consisting of living creatures, live stock.-धानी f. the earth. -पति, पत्नी f. a woman whose husband is alive.-पुत्रा, वस्सा f. a woman whose son is living.-मातृका f. the seven mothers, (i. e. female deities, viz.:—कुमारी धनदा नंदा विमला मंगला बला। पद्मा चेति 🔏 विख्याताः सर्वेता जीवमातकाः).-