कार M. an armourer.-कोच m, the sheath of a weapon. -जीविन m. a professional soldier.-देवता f. a deified weapon - we m. a warrior. laying -न्यास m. down arms. - qui a. armed, bearing arms. –पत α. absolved from guilt by being killed with a weapon in the field of battle, यावदहमपि तस्याप्रग-रूभस्य पांडवस्य जयद्रथपरिरक्षणेन मिथ्याप्रतिज्ञावैलक्ष्यसंपादितमञ्जल -पूर्व गरणमुपदिशामि Ve. 11. -THE m. a wound inflicted with a weapon.-अत m.a soldier, a warrior, R. 11, 40, -मार्ज m. a weapon cleanser, a furbisher. -विद्या f. the science of arms. - संपात m. a sudden fall of a number of weapons. - इत a. killed by a weapon. - हस्त a. armed. चस्त्रक n. Steel.

भास्त्रिका / A knife. शस्त्रिन a. (f. णी) Bearing arms, armed, accoutred.

श्रुक्ती f. A knife, पण्यक्षीषु विवे-ककल्पलतिकाशस्त्रीपुरच्येत कः Bhartr. 1. 90, Sis. IV. 44.

Teq n. 1 Corn in general: 2 the produce of a plant or tree; (for the difference between शस्य, धान्य and तंडल See under तंड़ल) ; 3 grass. Comp. —新有 n. a cornfield. -मंजरी f. an of corn. - a man n. a beard of corn. -संपद् f. abundance of corn. -संबर m. the su'la tree.

शाक I m. n A vegetable, a pot-herb, any edible leaf or root used as a vegetable, अन्यैर्नेपालैः परिदीयमानं ज्ञाकाय **बा** स्यालवणाय वा स्यात् Jag., Yaj. 1. 182. II m. 1 Power, strength; 2 name of a people; 3 an era, especially the era of

the s'iri'sha tree; 5 the teak tree. Comp. — आंग n. pepper. - squar I m. the teak tree; Il n. a vegetable. -भाहार m. a vegetarian. -चुकिका f. the tamarind. -तह m. the teak tree. -qq m. a measure equal to a handful. -पाधिव m a king fond of s'âka. -प्रति ind. a little of vegetables शाकंभरी / an epithet of Durgá.- gar m. the teak tree.-शाकट, शाकिन् n. a field for growing vegetables. शाकर m. 1 A draught-ox: 2 the s'leshmätaka tree. शाकटायन m. Name of a philologist and grammar-

ian mentioned by Yaska and Panini.

शाकाटेक a. (़र्r. की ) Travelling by a cart.

शाकरीन 🐠 A measure of weight equal to twenty Tulás.

चाकल m. pl. The followers of the S'a'kala school of the Rigreda. Comp. — शाखा f. the recension of the Rigreda preserved by the S'a'kalas. शाकल्य m. Name of an ancient grammarian who preceded Pánini.

शाकारी f. The Pra'krit dialect spoken by the S'aka'ra. (as in the Mrich hhakatika). शाकिनी f. 1 A kind of female demon attendant on Durgà; 2 a field of vegetables.

शाकन a. (f. नी : 1 Relating to omens; 2 relating to birds, Yaj 1. 158.

शाकनिक I m. A fowler, a birdcatcher, M. viii. 260. II n. Interpretation of omens. शाकनेय m. A small owl.

शाक्ततल m. A metronymic of Bharata.

যাক্রলিক m. A fisherman. S'áliváhana; 4 | शासर m. An ox.

शाक्त la. (f. क्ती) Relating to S'akti or the female representation of divine energy. II m. A worshipper of S'akti: (the S'a'ktas are generally the worshippers of Durgá; the ritual enjoined to them is of two kinds, viz. वामाचार and दक्षिणाचार).

शाक्तिक m. 1 A worshipper of S'akti; 2 a spearman. शाक्तीक m. A spearman.

शाक्तेय m. A worshipper of S'akti.

शाक्य m. 1 The family of Buddha; 2 a name of Buddha. Сомр.—मान, सिंह m. an epithet of Buddha.

शाकी f. An epithet of S'achi', Indra's wife.

शाक्तर m. An ox. Cf. शाकर. बाखा f. 1 A branch, especially of a tree, Megh. 1. 41, Rt. 1, 26; 2 an arm; 3 a party, a faction; 4 a school or traditional recension of any Veda, e. g. ज्ञाकलज्ञा-खा, बाष्कलज्ञाखा, &c., 111. 145; 5 a part or section of a work. Comp,—चंड-न्याय m. the maxim of the moon and a bough; it is adduced in illustration when an object has its position. assigned to it from the appearance of contiguity.-नगर, पुर n. a suburb.-पित्त m. inflammation of the extremities of the body. -अत m. a tree. - As m. difference of Vedic school. - #1 m. la monkey; 2 a squirrel. – रंड भ. A Bráhmana who has changed his Vedic school. - एथा f. a branch-road.

शास्त्राल m. A sort of cane. शाखिन्  $\mathbf{I}$  a. (f. नी)  $\mathbf{I}$   $\mathbf{Hav}$ ing branches: 2 belonging to any Vedic school. II m. 1 A tree; 2 a follow-