magic; II m. an epithet of Kansa.-वाद m.a term applied to Buddhism.-विन् I a. 1 employing deceit, using diplomatic tricks, भवंति माया-विषु ये न मायिनः Kir. 1. 50; 2 skilled in magic; II m. 1 a cat; 2 a magician; 3 a demon; III n. a gallnut.— सुत् भ. an epithet of Buddha.

मायिक I α. (f. का) 1 Deceitful, trickish; 2 illusory. II m. A juggler, III n. A gallnut. मायिन् a. The same as मायाविन q. v., Kir. 1. 30.

माज m. n. Bile, the bilious humour.

माबूर I a. (f. री) 1 Belonging to a peacock: 2 drawn by peacocks; 3 dear to peacocks. II n. A flock ofpeacocks.

m. A peacock-नाब्रक । eatcher. मायूरिक 🕽

नार m. 1 Killing, slaughter, क्यामात्मा कुटिलः करोतु कबरी-भारोऽपि मारोयमम् Git. G. 111.; 2 opposition, impediment; 3 the god of love; 4 love, passion; 5 the thorn-apple: 6 the devil. the evil one (in Buddhistic works). Comp. —अंक a. displaying tokens of love, मारांके रतिकेलिसंकुलरणारंभे Git. G. x11. - স্পাস্থ m. an epithet of Buddha. -आर m. an epithet of S'iva. - आत्मक a murderous. - जित m. an epithet of Buddha.

नारक m. 1 A plague, a pestilence; 2 the god of death; **3** a hawk.

योरकत a. (/: ती) Relating **₹**40.1≥4 to an emerald मारण n. 1 Killing, slaughter, destruction; 2 a magical ceremony for the purpose of destroying an enemy; 3 a kind of poison.

मारि f. 1 A pestilence, a plague: 2 ruin.

मारिच a. (f. ची) Made of pepper.

महिष्य m. A respectable person, a venerable man, (In dramatic language this word is applied to one of the principal actors in the prelude. See Ut 1., M. M. 1. . मारी f. 1 A plague, a pestilence; 2 the goddess supposed to preside over epidemics. मारीच I m. 1 Name of a Ra'kshasa; 2 a large elephant; 3 a kind of plant. II n. A collection of pepperplants.

माहंड m. 1 Cow-dung; 2 a serpent's egg; 3 a road.

मारुत I a. (f. ती) 1 Relating to the Marute; 2 relating to wind. II m. 1 Air, wind, M. IV. 122, IX. 306, R. II. 12; 2 the deity that presides over wind; 3 wind considered as one of the three humours of the body: 4 the trunk of an elephant. III n. The constellation Sra'ti. Comp. — अशन m. a snake. –आस्पज, सुत, सुनु 🖦 1 an epithet of Hanúmat; 2 of Bhima.

मारुति m. 1 Λ n epithet of Hanúmat, R. xiz. 60; 2 of Bhi'ma.

) m. Name of an an-मार्केड मार्केडेय (cient sage. Comp. -पुराज n. name of one of the eighteen Puranas.

मार्ग I vt. 1. P, 10. U (pres. मार्गात, मार्गयति-ते) 1 To seek, to seek for; 2 to strive to obtain; 3 to strive after, e. g. आत्मोत्कर्ष न मार्गेत परेषां पश्चिदया; 4 to solicit, to beg, वरं वरेण्या नृपतरमागीत Bt. 1. 12; 5 to ask in marriage. II et. 10. U (pres. मागैयति- of Ma'rgas'i'rsha.

ते) I To go, to move, 2 to adorn, to decorate. Wits. पर-to look for, to seek. मार्ग m. 1 Way, road, path, track, मार्ग तावच्छणु कथयतस्त श्रयाणानुरूपम् Megh. 1. 13, R 11. 72; 2 passage, passing over, सारंगास्ते जललवमुबः स्व यिष्यंति मार्गम् Megh. 1, 21; 3 search, inquiry, investigation; 4 the path of a planet; 5 the anus: 6 a way, a means; 7 the right way. the proper course to follow; Cf. अमार्ग: 8 mode, method, course, manner, usage, R. vii. 71; 9 style, diction, वाचां विचित्रमार्गाणां निवबंधः कि याविधिम् K. D.1. 9: 10 musk; 11 the constellation मृग्निस् 12 the month Margas'ir. sha. Comp. — सोरण म. 11 arch erected over a road R. XI. 5. - रहाक m. a guide. -धन m., धनक n. a measure of distance equal to four kos. - teran m. a guard, s road-keeper a. travel. ling. - हम्ब n. a palace on s high road.

मार्गक m. The month Ma'rgas'ı'reha,

मार्गेण I m. 1 A boggar, a mendicant; 2 an arrow, अहितरापितमार्गणम् R. 18. 17. 65; 3 the number ' five.' II n. 1 Begging, soliciting; 2 searching, looking for; 3 investigation, inquiry.

मार्गणा f. The same as मार्गण II q. v.

मार्गाश्चर m. Name of that मार्गाशिस्स lunar month in मार्गेद्याचि) which the full moon is in the constellation मृग(ज्ञेरस्, Bg. x. 85.

मार्गिशी रे. The full-moon. मार्गशीर्थी day in the month