

**2** attention, care, वर्णभ्रमावेक्षण-  
नजगच्छकः R. xiv. 85; **3**  
regarding, considering, R.  
xiv. 67.

**अवेक्षा** *f.* The same as **अवेक्षण**  
*q. v.*

**अवेद्य** I *a. (f. या)* **1** Unknow-  
able; **2** unobtainable, un-  
attainable. II *m.* A calf.

**अवेड** I *a. (f. ला)* **1** Untime-  
ly; **2** without any limit. II  
*m.* Concealment of know-  
ledge.

**अवैध** *a. (f. धी)* **1** Irregular,  
not conformable to rule; **2**  
not sanctioned by the *s'āst-  
ras*, *e. g.* अवैधं पञ्चमं कुर्वन्  
राशो दण्डेन कुञ्चयति.

**अवोक्षण** *n.* Sprinkling with  
the slanting hand. (तिरश्चा-  
वोक्षणं स्मृतम्).

**अवोर** *m.* Sprinkling, moisten-  
ing.

**अव्यक्त** *m.* The same as **अव्यक्त *q. v.***

**अव्यक्त** I *a. (f. क्ता)* **1** Not  
apparent, indistinct, *e. g.*  
कलमव्यक्तमव्यक्तं; **2** invisible;  
**3** undetermined, अव्यक्तोयम-  
विन्योयम् Bg. II. 25; **4** un-  
known as a quantity or  
number (in algebra). II *m.*  
**1** Primary matter which has  
not yet entered into exist-  
ence; **2** a name of Vishnu;  
**3** of S'iva, **4** of Kāmadeva.  
III *n.* **1** The primary germ  
of nature out of which all  
the phenomena of the mate-  
rial world are developed, (in  
Sāṅkhya phil.) See Sank.  
K. 10, बुद्धेरिव अव्यक्तमुदाहरति R.  
xiii 60 or महतः परमव्यक्तमव्य-  
क्तस्य परः Katho.; **2**  
Brahman (*n.*); **3** the soul; **4**  
ignorance. COMP.—**अनुकरण**  
*n.* the imitating of unmean-  
ing sound.—**आदि** *a.* whose  
beginning is inscrutable.—**पद**  
*a.* inarticulate—**मूलप्रभव** *m.*  
the tree of worldly existence,

(in Sāṅkhya phil.).—**राग** I  
*m.* the colour of the dawn  
II *a.* ruddy—**राशि** *m.* an  
unknown number or quanti-  
ty (in algebra).—**लक्षण** *m.*  
an epithet of S'iva.—**मार्ग**,  
**वर्त्मन्** *a.* mysterious in his  
ways or dealings.—**वाच** *a.*  
speaking indistinctly.—**साम्य**  
*n.* equation of unknown  
quantities.

**अव्यङ्ग** *a. (f. गा)* Not mutila-  
ted, sound, perfect.

**अव्यञ्जन** I *n.* An animal  
without horns though of  
an age to have them. II *a.*  
(*f. ना*). Not having the dis-  
tinctive marks of one's sex  
or kind, *e. g.* अव्यञ्जना कन्या.

**अव्यय** I *a. (f. या)* Free from  
pain. II *m.* A snake.

**अव्याधिष** *m.* **1** The ocean; **2**  
mid-night.

**अव्यभि** (*भी*) **चार** *m.* **1** Non-  
separation, M. ix. 10.; **2**  
fidelity.

**अव्यभिचारिन्** *a. (f. णी)* **1**  
Steady, permanent, faithful,  
*e. g.* भक्तिरव्यभिचारिणी; **2** Vir-  
tuous, moral, chaste; **3** true  
in all cases, without any  
instance to the contrary,  
यदुच्यते पार्वति पापवृत्तये न रूप-  
मित्यव्यभिचारि तद्वचः K. S. v.  
36, रंभोपनिपातिनोऽनर्थो इति  
यदुच्यते तदव्यभिचारि वचः Sak.  
vi.; **4** not having the flaw  
called व्यभिचार *q. v.* (as a  
हेतु in logic).

**अव्यय** I *a. (f. या)*. **1** Im-  
perishable, immutable, विना-  
शमव्ययस्यास्य न कश्चित्कर्तुमर्हति  
Bg. II. 17; **2** eternal, ever-  
lasting, अमर्त्यं प्राहुरव्ययम् Bg.  
xv. 1, (अकीर्ति) कथयिष्यन्ति ते-  
ऽव्ययम् Bg. II. 34; **3** un-  
expended, unwasted; **4** eco-  
nomical. II *m.* **1** A name  
of Vishnu; **2** of S'iva. III  
*n.* **1** An indeclinable (in

gram.). (सर्वान् त्रिषु हिनेषु सर्वेषु  
च विभक्तिषु । वचनेषु च सर्वेषु यत्र  
व्येति तदव्ययम्); **2** Brahman  
(*n.*). COMP.—**आत्मन्** *a.* of  
imperishable nature.—**वर्ग** *m.*  
the class of indeclinables.

**अव्ययीभाव** *m.* **1** One of the  
four principal compounds in  
Sanskrit grammar. (It is so  
called because it always  
forms indeclinables (अव्यय)  
from substantives, *e. g.* उप-  
कुम्भम्; the other three com-  
pounds are इन्द्र, तत्पुरुष and  
बहुव्रीहि); **2** non-expenditure  
owing to poverty, मन्त्रेहे नित्य-  
मव्ययीभावः Ud. (where both  
the senses are intended); **3**  
imperishableness.

**अव्यलीक** *a. (f. का)* **1** Agree-  
able, having no disagreeable  
element, इत्ये गिरः प्रियतमा इव  
सोऽव्यलीकः Sis. v. 1.; **2** true.

**अव्यवधान** *a. (f. ना)* **1** Im-  
mediate, close; **2** open; **3**  
careless.

**अव्यवस्थ** *a. (f. स्था)* **1** Dis-  
orderly, irregular; **2** not  
stable, moving, स्थलारविन्दप्रि-  
यमव्यवस्थाम् K. S. i. 33.

**अव्यवस्था** *f.* **1** Irregularity,  
deviation from established  
rule; **2** an incorrect opinion  
on a point of civil or reli-  
gious law.

**अव्यवस्थित** *a. (f. ता)* **1** Not  
conformable to law or prac-  
tice; **2** ill-regulated; **3**  
fickle, unstable, *e. g.* अव्यव-  
स्थितचित्तस्य प्रसादोऽपि भयंकरः.

**अव्यवहार्य** *a. (f. यो)* **1** Not  
entitled to eat or drink with  
people of the same caste,  
out-casted, excommunicated;  
**2** not to be discussed  
at a law-court.

**अव्यवहित** *a. (f. ता)* Imme-  
diate, without any interven-  
ing thing, direct.

**अव्याकृत** I *a. (f. ता.)* Not