the river Ganges, R. vill. 95, vi. 85.

जागर m. 1 Wakefulnesa keeping awake, रात्रिजागरपरा दिवाज्ञय: R. xix. 34; 2 a vision in a waking state; 3 an armour.

जागरण n. 1 Waking, wakefulness; 2 watchfulness.

जागरा f. See जागरण. आगरित I a. (f. ता) One who has been long awake.

II n. Waking.

बागरित a, (f, त्री) See जागरूक. जागरूक a. (f. का) 1 Wakeful, sleepless, स्वपता जागरूक-स्य याथार्थ्य वेद कस्तव R. x. 24; 2 watchful, vigilant, वर्णी-थमावेक्षणजागरूक: R. xiv. 15.

जागति f. Wakefulness, जािमया | keeping awake,

जागुड n. Saffron.

जाग vi. 2. P (pp. जागरित; pres. जागाती) 1 To be awake. to sit up during the night-2 to be watchful or attentive, या निज्ञा सर्वे भूतानां तस्यां जागति संयमी Bg. 11. 69 : 3 to provide.

जापनी f. 1 A tail; 2 the

thigh.

जांगल I a. (f. ली) 1 Rural. picturesque; 2 wild; 3 savage, barbarous. II m. The francoline partridge. III n. Flesh.

जांगुल n. Poison, venom.

आंगुलि] m. A snake- doc-जांगुलिक stor, a dealer in antedotes.

जांधिक m. 1 A courier, an express; 2 a camel.

जाजिन m. A warrior, a combatant, তাতীত্রী জাতি ভিত্ত তাতী Sis. x1x. 3.

जाटर I a. (f. री) Abdominal. II m. The digestive faculty, gastric juice.

जारच n. 1 Coldness, frigid-

ity; 2 apathy, sluggishness, inactivity; 3 dulness of intellect, stupidity, जाडचं धिये। हराति सिंचति वाचि सत्यम् Bhartr. 11. 23, जाडघं द्वीमति गण्यते 11.

54. जात 1 a. (f. ता) 1 Brought into existence, engendered; 2 grown, produced; 3 caused, occasioned; 4 happened (pp. of जन् q.v.). II m. Male offspring, a son; (in plays it is used as a term of affection). III n. 1 A creature, a living being; 2 production, origin; 3 kind, class, species; 4 a collection of things forming a class, e. g. येन वा भवति सुखजातम् Git. G. x. (i. e. everything included under सुख 'complete happiness'), or नि:शेष-विशाणितकोशजातम् R. v. 1. (i. e. all kinds of wealth): 5 a child, a young one. Comp. - Te f. sacrifice performed at the birth of a child. - 3 m, a young bullock. -कर्मन् n. a ceremony performed at the birth of a child, R. 111. 18. - aresty a. having a tail (as a peacock). -पादा a. fettered. -प्रत्यव a. inspired with confidence. -मन्मध a. fallen in love, -माभ a. just born.—Ky I a. beautiful, brilliant; II n. gold, 7 जातरूपच्छदजातरूपता द्विजस्य द्-ष्टेऽयामिति स्तुवन् मुहुः Na. 1.129. -वेदस् m. an epithet of Agni, Sis. 11, 51, R. x11. 104, xv. 72.

जातक I a.(f. का) Born, produced. IIm. 1 A mendicant; 2 a new born infant. III n. 1 A ceremony performed after the birth of a child, (जातक में-न); 2 astrological calculation of a nativity, 3 a collection of similar things.

जाति f. 1 Birth, production, Bhartr. 1, 90: 2 family, race. lineage; 3 caste, high caste, जातिर्योत रसातलं गुणगणस्तस्याः प्यथस्तिष्ठतु Bhartr. 11. 39; (there are four primary castes of the Hindus:-नाहाण, क्षत्रिय, वैश्य and ज़ब्); 4 class. genus, species; 5 properties which are peculiar to a class and distinguish it from all others, K.Pr.11., Sis. 11.47; 6 futile answer (in Nyáya Phil.); 7 a fireplace; 8 the seven primary notes in Hindu music; 9 the jasmine plant or its flower, पुष्पाणां प्रकरः स्मितेन रचितो नौ कंदजात्यादिभि: Am. S. 40; 10 mace, nutmeg; (written also जाती in the last two senses). Comp. — ijų a. born blind, Bhartr. 1. 90.-कोश. कोष m. n. nutmeg.-कोशी, कोषी f. the outer skin of the nutmeg.-धर्म m. 1 the duties of a caste; 2 a generic property.—ध्वंस m. loss of caste or its privileges.-पनी f. the outer skin of the nutmeg.-- siter m. a Brahmana only by birth, an ignorant Brahmana, (तप: अतं च योनिष त्रयं त्राद्मण्यकारणम् । तपः श्रुताश्यां यों हीनो जातित्राद्यण एव सः).wist m. loss of caste, M. XI. 67.—अष्ट a. outcaste. -मत् a. of high rank. -माच म. 1 position in life obtained by mere birth; 2 caste only (but not the performance of duties attached to it), M. viii., 20, xii. 114.-लक्षण ग. generic distinction, a characteristic. - वाचक a. express. ing a genus, generic (as a word) e.g. मी:.-वर n. instinctive hostility. -वैरिन् # . * born enemy.-- na mame or word expressing a genus,