

दे गती ह) मनस्विनः Bhartr. II. 104. (The word may be used in the plural also. See Sis. III. 57). II *n.* 1 A pair, a couple, R. I. 19, IV. 4, III. 8; 2 two-fold nature, untruthfulness. COMP.—अतिग *m.* a saint whose mind is freed from रजस and तमस्.—वादिन् *a.* double-tongued, insincere.

द्वयी *f.* a pair.

द्वार *f.* 1 A door, a gate, M. III. 88; 2 a means, an expedient. (द्वारा 'by means of', 'through'.) COMP.—द्वारस्थ, द्वारस्थ, द्वारस्थित, द्वारस्थित *m.* a door-keeper, a porter. द्वार *n.* 1 A door, a gateway, R. I. 50, Bhartr. I. 63, Bg. II. 32; 2 passage, entrance, अथवा कृतवाग्द्वारे वंशेऽस्मिन् R.I. 4; 3 an aperture of the human body; (they are nine, See ख I. 9), K. S. III. 50, Bg. VIII. 12; 4 way, medium, means. COMP.—अधिप *m.* a door-keeper. —कूटक *m.* the bolt of a door. —कपाट *m. n.* the leaf or panel of a door. —गोप, नायक, प. प. ल. पालक *m.* a door-keeper, a porter. —सार *m.* teak-wood. —पट *m.* 1 the panel of a door; 2 the curtain of a door. —पिंडी *f.* the threshold of a door. —पिधान *m.* the bolt of a door. —बलिपुङ्ग *m.* 1 a crow; 2 a sparrow. —बाहु *m.* a door-post, a jamb. —यंत्र *n.* a lock, a bolt. द्वारवती, द्वारावती *f.* the same as द्वारका *q. r.* —रथ *m.* a door-keeper.

द्वार (दि) का *f.* Name of the capital of Krishna (on the western point of Gunjarāth). COMP.—ईश *m.* an epithet of Krishna.

द्वारिक } *m.* A door-keeper, a
द्वारिन् } porter.

द्वि *num.* (nom. *du.* द्वौ *m.*, द्वे *f.*, द्वे *n.*) Two, both; (in compounds द्व is substituted for द्वि before some numerals, and before ज and पर). COMP.—अंगुल *a.* two fingers long. —अणुक *n.* a molecule of two atoms. —अर्थ *a.* 1 having two senses; 2 ambiguous, equivocal; 3 having two objects. —अशीत *a.* the eighty-second. —अशीति *f.* eighty-two. —अष्ट *n.* copper. —अह *m.* a period of two days. —आत्मक *a.* 1 having a double nature; 2 being two. द्वाभ्यायण, द्वाभ्यायण *m.* a son of two fathers, an adopted son who remains heir to his natural father (in law). द्वच, द्वच *m.* a group of two *Richs.* —ककार *m.* 1 a crow (there being two *kas* in the word कक); 2 the ruddy goose (there being two *kas* in the word कोक). —ककुब् *m.* a camel. —गु I *m.* one of the four compounds in which the first member is a numeral (in gram.) *e. g.* द्विगु; II *a.* bartered for two cows. —गुण *a.* double, two-fold. (द्विगुणाकृ 'to plough twice'). —गुणित *a.* 1 doubled, multiplied by two, Kir. v. 46; 2 folded. —चरण *a.* having two legs, two-legged, द्विचरणपशूनां क्षितिभुजाम् Sant. S. IV. 13. द्वाचत्वारिंश, द्विचत्वारिंश *a.* the forty-second. द्वाचत्वारिंशन्, द्विचत्वारिंशन् *f.* forty-two. द्वज *m.* a son of two fathers. —ज *m.* (twice-born) 1 a man of any of the first three castes of the Hindus; 2 a Brāhmaṇa over whom the purificatory rites are performed, (जन्मना जायते गृहः संस्कारैर्दिज उच्यते); 3 any oviparous

animal, (as a bird or snake), R. XII. 22, M. v. 17; 4 a tooth, कीर्ण द्विजानां गणैः Bhartr. I. 13 (where the word is used in this sense and in sense 2). —अमय *m.* a Brāhmaṇa. —अयनी *f.* sacred thread worn by the first three castes of the Hindus. —आलय *m.* 1 the house of a *devi*; 2 a nest. —ईश *m.* 1 the moon; 2 an epithet of Garuḍa; 3 camphire. —सस *m.* a S'udra. —पति, राज *m.* 1 an epithet of the moon, R. v. 23; 2 of Garuḍa; 3 camphire. —प्रपा *f.* 1 a trench round the root of a tree for water; 2 a trough near a well for watering birds, &c. —बन्धु, कुव *m.* a man who is Brāhmaṇa merely by name or by birth and not by acts. —लिङ्गिन् *m.* 1 a Kshatriya; 2 a man disguised as a Brāhmaṇa. —वाहन *m.* an epithet of Vishnu (whose vehicle is Garuḍa). —सेवक *m.* a S'udra. —जन्मन्, जाति *m.* 1 a man of any of the first three castes of the Hindus, M. II. 24; 2 a Brāhmaṇa, K. S. v. 40; 3 a bird; 4 a tooth. —जातीय *a.* belonging to the first three castes of the Hindus. —जिह्व *m.* 1 a snake, Bh. V I. 20, R. XI. 64, XIV. 41; 2 an informer, a tale-bearer. —उ *m.* a *visarga* (ः). —तय I *a.* (f. यी) consisting of two, two-fold; (the word is used in the plural also, R. VIII. 90); II *n.* a pair, a couple, R. VIII. 6. —च *a. pl.* two or three, R. v. 25 द्वाविंश *a.* 1 the thirty-second; 2 consisting of thirty-two. —द्वित्रिंशत् *f.* thirty-two. —द्वित्रिंशत् *a.* having thirty-two auspicious marks upon the