with, together with.' Sometimes it intensifies the idea contained in the simple root and may then be translated by 'much, greatly, thoroughly, quite, very', (e. g. संताप, संते. ) It may also express 'completeness, perfection, or beauty'. It is sometimes prefixed to nouns in the sense of 'same, like, similar'.

As the first member of a compoun it means 'with, near, before,' ( e. g. समक्ष). सन a. (f मा) 1 Even, plain, level, संप्रति समदेशवनिनस्ते न पुरासदो भविष्यति Sak. 1.: 2 same; 3 equal, समलोधकांचनः R. viii. 21: 4 convenient: 5 straight; 6 indifferent, impartial, fair; 7 common; 8 like, similar, s. g. भागया इथिवीसमः : 9 free from emotion, unaffected by passion; 10 good, virtuous; 11 honest, just, upright; 12 full, complete, all, whole, entire. (सन्म is used as an indeclinable in the sense of I with, together with ( with an inst.). दुर्जनेन सर्व सक्यं प्री-ति चापि न कारयेत Hit., R. II. 25; 2 equally, e.g. यथा सर्वाणि भृता ने धरा धारयन समम्:3 like, in the same manner; 4 en tirely; 5 together, at the same time, simultaneously. सममेव समाकांत इयं द्विरदगामिना R. 1v. 4 . Comp. — आचार m equal conduct, proper practice. - 3 can n. a mixture of buttermilk and water in equal proportions.— Test f.a. suitable maiden, a girl fit to be married. -कर्ण m. n. an equidiagonal tetragon..-काल m the same time, the same moment.-कालम ind. simultaneously. - anala a. contemporary. -कोल m. a serpent, a snake. - An n. an epithet of a particular division of the Nakshatras (in astronomy ). -खात m. an equal excavation, a parallelopiped one.-अनुरस्र [ a. equally quadrangular, square; II m n. an equilateral tetragon. -चतुनंज m. n. a rhomb s. -चित्त । equanimous.-छेउम a. having like denominators (in math.).-दश्चिन a. impartial, श्रानि चैव स्वयाके च पंडिताः समद्शिन: Bg. v. 17.-द:ख α. sympathizing. - आव I a. of like nature or property; Il m. sameness, equability. -मंडल n, the prime vertical line (in astronomy ). -मय a of like origin. -रभ m. a mode of sexual -union. -रेख a. straight, प्रकृत्या यह क तदपि समरेखं नयनयोः Sak. 1. -बतिन । a. impartial: II m. Yama, the god of death.n. a stanza whose verses are all alike (in prosody) See App I.- au m. mean depth.-श्रोधन n. equal subtraction, subtraction of the same quantity on both sides of an equation. - HR f. universal

समक्ष a. (f. आ) Visible, being in the presence of. (सन्भात is used adverbially in the sense of 'eye to eye, in the presence of').

सनम a. (f. मा) All, entire, complete, full, Megh. 1. 56.

सनंगा /. Bengal madder.

सनज I m. 1 A number of beasts or birds, बकानां समजो निरेजे R. G.; 2 a number of blockheads. II n. A forest, a wood.

सन्ता f. Fame, reputation. सन्दा f. 1 Reputation, celebrity; 2 a meeting, an assembly.

सर्गनस [a. (f. सर) 1 Proper, right, fit; 2 correct, true, intelligible; 3 virtuous, good, भृजाधिकास्य समान संजान Kir. xiv. 12; 4 experienced; 5 reasonable. II n. 1 Propriety; 2 correct evidence.

समता / 1 Sameness, similarity; 2 equality; 3 equanimity; 4 right decision, M. vif. 178; 5 perfectness.

समतीत a. (f. ता) Gone, passed.

संगधिक a. (f. का) 1 Exceeding; 2 abundant, plentiful. (संगधिक न is used as an indeclinable in the sense of 'exceedingly, excessively').

सन्तान n. Assent, consent. सनंत 1 a. (f. ता ) Being on every side or part. 11 m. Limit, boundary, term. (स-मंतम् सनंतनस and समंतास are used as indeclinables in the sense of 'on all sides, from every part'. Comp. — पंचास n. name of a holy place near Kurukshetra — मूत्र m. an epithet or Buddha. — मुज्ज m. fire. समन्वय m. 1 Natural succes-

समन्त्रय m. 1 Natural succession or order; 2 connected sequence, application, सर्वेषां वेदांतवाक्यानां मद्याण समन्त्रयः S. Bh; 3 conjunction, copulation.

समन्दित a. (f. ता) 1 Connected with; 2 fully endowed with; 3 affected by; 4 followed.

समिष्याहार m.1 Mentioning together; 2 proximity or association with a word whose meaning is well understood; 3 association, company.

सन्भित्र m. 1 Repetition; 2 excess, sur, lus.