II n, the fruit of this plant. -उत्कृष्ट n. good seed.-उदक n. hail.-and m. an epithet of S'iva.-कोश, कोष m. 1 a seed-vessel; 2 the seed-vessel of the lotus. -गणित n. algebra. - मित्र f. a pod, a legume.— इंश्वेक m. a stagemanager. - न्यास m. making known the germ of the plot of a play.—gra m. the progenitor of a family. -फलक m. the citron plant. -मंत्र m. the mystic syllable with which a Mantra begins -माहका f. the pericarp of a lotus. –हह m. grain, corn.– वाप m. 1 a sower of seed: 2 cowing seed. - वाहन m. an epithet of S'iva. - T. the earth.-सेक्ट m. a procreator. बीजक I m. 1 The common citron; 2 the position of the arms of a child at birth. II n. Seed.

बीजल a. (f. ला) Furnished with seed.

बीजिक a. (f. का) Abounding in seeds.

ৰীজিন্ I a. (f. नी) Possessed of seed. II m. I A father in general; 2 a real progenitor, (op. to ধানিন, 'the husband (owner) of a woman'); See M. 1x. 51; 3 the sun.

बीड्य a. (f. ड्या) Well-born, of respectable family.

बीभस्स I a. (f. स्सा) 1
Nauseous, revolting, hideous, loathsome; 2 envious, mischievous; 3 estranged in mind; 4 savage, ferocious. II m. 1 Disgust, detestation; 2 the disgusting considered as one of the eight or nine sentiments in poetry (जुगुप्सास्थायिभावस्तु वीभन्सः कथ्यते रसः S. D. 111. 236); 3 a name of Arjuna.

बीभत्सु m. An epithet of Arjuna, (न कुर्या कर्मे बीभस्तं यु-ध्यमानः कथंचन। तेन देवमनुष्येषु बीभत्मुरिति विभुतः).

要素 ind. An imitative word. Comp. 一兩頁 m. the roaring of a lion.

बुक्स vt. 1. P, 10. U (pres. बुक्सित, बुक्स्यित-ते) 1 To bark; 2 to speak, to talk.

बुक्स I m. n. 1 The heart; 2 the chest, बुक्साघातैश्वातानि-कटे प्रीढवाक्यन राधा Ud.; 3 blood, II m. 1 A goat; 2 time.

बुक्सन् m. The heart. बुक्सन n. Barking, yelping. बुक्स m. A Chanda'la.

बुद vt. 1. U (pres. बोदाति-ते)

बुक्ता } f. The heart

1 To perceive, to see, to discern; 2 to understand. बुद्ध I a. (f. द्धा) 1 Known, understood; 2 observed; 3 awake, awakened; 4 wise, enlightened, (pp. gy q. v.). II m. 1 A wise man, a learned man: 2 a saint, who by perfect knowledge of the truth has attained liberation from all existence and reveals to the world the secret of obtaining it before his final emancipation, (in Buddhistic works): 3 an epithet of S'ákyasinha, the founder of the Bauddha religion; his native place was Kapilavastu, somewhere near Nepal; he is regarded as the ninth incarnation of Vishnu, निंदिस यज्ञविधेरइह भु-तिजातम् । सदयहृदय दिशातपञ्ज्ञा-तम् । केशव धृतबुद्धशरीर जय जगदीश हरे Git. G. 1. Comp .-आगम m. Buddha's doctrine. -उपासक m. a worshipper of

Buddha, -गवा f. name of a

place of pilgrimage. — मार्च us. the doctrines of Buddha, Buddhism.

बुद्धि f. 1 Perception; 2 intelligence, understanding, intellect, discernment, शाहा-ष्वकुंठिता बुद्धिः R. 1. 19, मूढः परप्रत्ययनेयबुद्धिः Mal. 1., M. 1.97, 106; **3** knowledge, *e. g*. बुद्धिर्यस्य बलं तस्य निर्बुद्धेस्तु कु-तो बलम् (Cf. 'knowledge is power'); 4 presence of mind: 5 impression, idea, notion, feeling, सौहादोद्या विध्र इति वा मय्यनुकोशबुद्ध**धा** Megh. 🗷 52: $7 \text{ mind, (as in कृषणबुद्धि } q_{\bullet}$ v.); 8 purpose, plan, design; (बुद्ध्या ' deliberately, pur-posely'); 9 intellect considered as the second of the twenty-five principles of creation, (in Sánkhya phil.). Сомр. — अतीत а. beyond the reach of the understanding. -अवज्ञान n. disregard for one's understanding, e. g. अन्नातकालं वच-नं बृहस्पतिरपि बुवन् । प्राप्नोति बु-द्रधवज्ञानमपमानं च ज्ञाधतम् -इंद्रिय n. a perceptive organ of sense (of which there are five, viz., the eye, ear, nose, tongue and skin; to these sometimes the mind is added. See ज्ञानेंद्रिय). -ग-म्थ, माह्य a. attainable by reason. -जीविन a. rational. -पुरःसर, पूर्व, पूर्वक a. intentional, designed, purposed. -पूर्वम्, पूर्वकम्, पुरःसरम् ind... intentionally, purposely. -भ्रम m. aberration of the mind.-मन् a. 1 sharp, acute, sensible; 2 rational, intelligent; 3 wise, learned. -याग m. mental union with the supreme being. -लक्षण n. a sign of talent. -वेभव n. force of understanding. -- 57-स्त्र a. armed with under-