ed to him the wealth brought by him 2. 29. 18: (15) After the Rajasūya, when Duryodhana visited the Mayasabhā in Indraprastha, the Pandavas laughed at Duryodhana (Bhisma told this to Yudhisthira) 12. 124. 5 (reference to 2. 43. 7, 9): (16) Dhrtarastra asked Vidura to go to Khandavaprastha to invite Yudhisthira for a game of dice 2. 45. 56; (17) At the end of the first game of dice, Dhrtarastra permitted Yudhisthira to return to Khandvaprastha 2. 65. 15; accordingly Yudhisthira, with his brothers and Draupadi, left for Indraprastha 2. 65. 17: (18) The bright prosperity (at the time of Rajasuva) of Yudhisthira while he was ruling at Indraprastha (indraprasthagate ... yudhisthire) was snatched away from him by Duryodhana in the game of dice (Karna told Duryodhana) 3, 226. 5-6; (19) People lamented when Yudhişthira had to leave for the forest leaving behind the great city Satakratuprastha founded by himself (svayam niveśva ... puram mahat ... śatakratuprastham ... hitvā prayātah kva nu dharmarājah) 3. 24. 11; (20) Kṛṣṇa had assured Yudhisthira when he met him in the forest that he (Kṛṣṇa) could kill the Kauravas and get back for him his prosperity which he had seen at Indraprastha at the time of Rajasuya (and of which he was now deprived) 3. 48. 17, 23; (21) Duryodhana reminded Dhrtarastra that when Krsna and the other kings met the Pandavas in the forest, at a place not far from Indraprastha (vanam pravrājitān pārthān ... indraprasthasya cādūrāt samājagmuh), they blamed Dhrtarāstra and the other Kauravas 5. 54. 2, 4; (22) Aśvatthāman asked Karna in derision in which battle did he (Karna)

win Indraprastha from the Pandavas: now Karna should fight with Arjuna (at the time of the cowraid at Virātanagara) since he was responsible for the game of dice and for winning Indraprastha 4. 45. 10, 21; (23) Yudhişthira told Samjaya "Let Suyodhana recognize my kingship at Indraprastha and I shall be at peace with the Kauravas" (śāntim gamisyāmi yathā tvam āttha | indraprasthe bhavatu mamaiva rājyam suyodhano yacchatu bhāratāgryah //) 5. 26. 28; he again asked Samjaya to tell Duryodhana: "Hand over Sakrapura to me or get ready for battle" (dadasva vā šakrapuram mamaiva yudhyasva vā bhāratamukhya vira //) 5. 30. 47; Bhisma, after he fell on the battefield, also advised to hand over half of the kingdom to the Pandavas and let Yudhisthira rule at Indraprastha (rājyasyārdham diyatām pāndavānām indraprastham dharmarājo 'nuśāstu') 6. 116; 48. (24) Kṛṣṇa reminded Dhṛtarāstra that he himself and his sons had sent away Yudhisthira to Indraprastha (indraprastham tvayaivāsau saputreņa vivāsitah), where he (Yudhisthira) brought under control other kings and made them subservient to Dhrtarāstra 5. 93. 55-56 (reference to 1. 199. 24-25; 1. 214. 1); (25) After the Pāṇḍavas won the war, Kṛṣṇa and Arjuna rejoiced at Indraprastha 14. 15. 5; (26) Arjuna told Vasudeva that he would take with him women folk, as also the young and the old, of the Vrsnis, to Indraprastha 16. 8. 5; He told the Brahmanas and the merchants of Dvaraka (naigamah), who had gathered around him, that he would take with him the Vṛṣṇis and the Andhakas to Śakraprastha since Dvārakā would be merged in the ocean (sakra-