

6; 5. 172. 2, 4, 10, 14, 18; 5. 174. 3; 5. 175. 22; 5. 176. 34; (2) Śālva, the king of Saubha (the city flying in the sky) 3. 17. 8; (b) *śālvarāja* : (1) Śālva, the king of Saubha (1. 96. 48), 1. 96. 25, 27, 32; 3. 17. 9, 10; 3. 18. 18; 3. 20. 22; 3. 21. 6, 8; 3. 23. 2, 27; 5. 47. 73; (2) King of Śālvas (whom Ambā had first chosen as her husband) 5. 171. 9; 5. 173. 6; 5. 176. 7, 11, 35; (3) A certain king (named Ugrakarma? Maheśvāsa?) fighting from the side of Kauravas (*ugrakarmā maheśvāso nāmataḥ karmatas tathā*) 8. 4. 40; (4) Dyutimant, a king of the past, who gave away his kingdom to Rclka 12. 226. 33; (c) *śālvarājan* : Śālva, the king of Saubha 1. 96. 37, 38; (d) *śālvaka* : certain kings who had joined the Kaurava army, not specified 5. 30. 23; B. King of Śālveyas : *śālveyānām adhipa-* ; Virāṭa 5. 22. 18.

Śālveya, Śālveyaka : See Śālva.

Śini, Śaineya m. (pl.) : Name of a people (decendants of Śini), a section of the Yādavas.

A. Characteristic : Śaineyas, as well as Andhakas and others, by following the counsel of Kṛṣṇa, had tamed their enemies and delighted their friends (*śaineyā hi caitrakāś cāndhakāś ca ... upāsīnā vāsudevasya bud-dhīm nigṛhya śatrūn suhrdo nandayanti ||*) 5. 28. 11. B. Epic event : Śaineyas, along with Andhakas and others, as dictated by Kālā, killed one another while fighting among themselves with pestles; the *erakā* blade of grass which they held in hand turned into a pestle appearing like *vajra* (*tato 'ndhakāś ca ... śaineyā .../ joghnur anyonyam ākrande musalaiḥ kālacoditāḥ ||; yas teṣām erakām kaścid jagrāha .../ vajra-*

bhūteva sā rājann adṛśyata .. || tṛṇam ca musalībhūtam api tatra vyadṛśyata |) 16. 4. 36-38. C. Sātyaki is variously designated with reference to Śinis or Śaineyas : A. King of Śinis : *śinīnām adhipa-* 5. 47. 41; B. The chief (*rṣabha*, *pumgava*, *vṛṣabha*) of Śinis : (a) *śinīnām rṣabha-* 7. 89. 30; 7. 115. 3; 8. 60. 23; (b) *śinipumgava* 5. 154. 10; 6. 54. 22; 6. 107. 3; 7. 60. 27; 7. 72. 32; 7. 85. 40, 42, 97; 7. 86. 2; 7. 87. 1; 7. 92. 43; 7. 93. 7; 7. 94. 3, 8; 7. 96. 13, 30, 35; 7. 97. 35; 7. 115. 14; 7. 116. 33; 7. 117. 2, 23; 7. 137. 30; 7. 147. 11; 7. 157. 36; 7. 164. 24, 28, 153; 7. 169. 46, 52; 8. 31. 34; 9. 16. 73; 9. 20. 9, 13, 18, 21, 23, 28; 9. 26. 3; (c) *śinivṛṣabha* 8. 21. 10-11; C. Delighter of Śaineyas : *śaineyanandana* 7. 102. 16; D. Excellent of Śinis or the excellent chariot-fighter of Śinis : (a) *śinipravara* 7. 99. 8; (b) *śinīnām pravara- ratha-* 7. 89. 39; E. Excellent warrior of Śinis : *śinipravīra* 3. 120. 27; 5. 2. 13; 6. 55. 77-78, 82; 6. 59. 24; 7. 94. 1, 14; 7. 115. 9; 8. 1. 9; 8. 60. 6, 26; 9. 19. 25; 14. 51. 56.

Śibi, (Śaibya) m. (pl.) : Name of a Janapada (6. 18. 14; 6. 114. 77) and its people.

A. Location : To the west of Khāṇḍavaprastha (see Epic event No. 1 below). B. Description : Brave (*śūra*), ready to die in battle (*tanutyaj* , 6. 18. 14; honoured by brave (*śūrasammatā*) 7. 66. 39; noble (*ārya*) 7. 68. 3; excellent chariot-fighters (*rathodāra*) 8. 4. 37 (Nī., however, in a different context, on Bom. Ed. 5. 165. 19 : *rathodāraḥ ratheṣv eva udāro na tu mahā-rathaḥ*). C. Epic events : (1) Nakula in his expedition before the Rājāsūya went to