

dharma and artha (the two puruṣārthas) (mānaseṣu mahārāja vaiśyāḥ karmopajīvināḥ | sarvakāmasamāyuktāḥ śūrāḥ dharmārthanīcitāḥ ||) 6. 12. 5.

Martikāvata m. (sg.) : Name of a country.

A. Epic event : Kṛṣṇa reached Mārtikāvata from Dvārakā to attack Śālva; he crossed many countries, mountains full of woods, lakes and rivers to reach Mārtikāvata (*samatītya bahūn deśān giriṁś ca bahupādapān | sarāmsi saritaś caiva mār-tikāvataṁ āsadam ||*) 3. 21. 14. **B.** Certain kings designated after the name of the country : *mārtikāvataka* : (1) Citraratha 3. 116. 6; (2) Bhoja 7. 47. 8; (3) Śālva 3. 15. 16. [See Addenda Mārtikāvata, name of a town].

Mālaka m. (pl.) : Name of a Janapada.

Listed by Saṁjaya among the southern Janapadas (also called Deśas 6. 10. 68) of Bhāratavarṣa (*athāpare janapadā dakṣiṇā ...*) 6. 10. 56, 5; (*mālakā mallakāś caiva*) 6. 10. 61.

Mālava¹ m. (pl.) : Name of a Janapada and its people; sometimes mentioned along with Kṣullakas.

A. Designation : Distinguished as eastern, western and northern Mālavas; they were included among the twelve Janapadas (*prācyāḥ pratīcyodīcyamālāvāḥ || dvādaśaite janapadāḥ*) 6. 18. 13-14; 6. 114. 76-77. **B.** Location : To the west of Khāṇḍavaprastha (see Epic event (1) below). **C.** Description : Their warriors were brave and prepared to sacrifice their lives (*śūra, tanūtyaj*) 6. 18. 14; 7. 132.

23; strong (*balavant*) 6. 112. 107; great chariot-fighters (*mahāratha*) 6. 112. 107, 111. **D.** Epic events : (1) Nakula in his expedition to the west (*niryāya khāṇḍava-prasthāt pratīcīm abhito diśam* 2. 29. 2; 2. 23. 10) before the Rājasūya subjugated Mālavas (*vaśe cakre ... | mālavān pañcakar-paṭān ||*) 2. 29. 6; their Kṣatriyas brought wealth in hundreds as tribute for the Rājasūya (*saha kṣudrakamālavaiḥ || ... āhārṣuḥ kṣatriyā vittam sataśo*) 2. 48. 14-16; (2) In the war, they were to be faced by the five Kekaya brothers who were on the side of Pāṇḍavas (*bhrātaraḥ pañca kekayāḥ | ... teṣāṁ eva kṛto bhāgo mālavāḥ*) 5. 56. 17-18; (3) Mālava warriors were among the twelve Janapadas who, riding chariots, were to protect Bhīṣma in the war (*mahatā rathavamśena te 'bhyarakṣaṇ pitāmaham*) 16. 18. 13-14; (4) On the second day of war, in the Mahāvīyūha of Kauravas, Duryōdhana, assisted by Mālava warriors and others gave protection to the army of Śakuni (*tathā kṣudrakamālavaiḥ | abhyarakṣata ... saubaleyasya vāhinīm*) 6. 47. 10, 16; (5) On the third day of war, Kṣudrakas and Mālavas, led by Droṇa and others, rushed towards Arjuna as directed by Bhīṣma; they were killed by Arjuna with the use of the Māhendra astra (*kṣudrakamālavāś ca | kirīṭinam tvaramāṇābhīsaṁr nideśagāḥ śāntanavasya*) 6. 55. 74; (*nipātītāḥ kṣudrakamālavāś ca*) 6. 55. 130, 110, 120; (6) On the eighth day of war, Bhīṣma, supported by Mālavas and others, led the Mahāvīyūha of Kauravas; he was followed by Droṇa accompanied by Kṣudrakas and Mālavas (*agrataḥ sarvasainyānām bhīṣmaḥ ... yayau | mālavair dākṣi-*