all kinds of weapons and missiles (sarva. sastrāstrakusala) 6. 16. 17; while fighting they put on ornaments, besides armour and good garments (savarmāmbarabh \bar{u} sana) 8. 4. 49; they were all brought up in noble families (kule ye ca vivardhitāh) 8. 4. 49. B. Epic events: (1) To encourage Duryodhana, Karna reminded him that kings of the west, along with the rest, were made to pay tributes to him (... praticyodicyavāsinah | krtāh karapradāh sarve rājānas te narādhipa) 3. 226. 3; (2) Yudhisthira asked Samjaya to convey to western and other kings who had joined the side of Duryodhana that he wished them well (prācyodicyā ... tesām sarvesām kusalam tāta precheh) 5. 30. 23-24; (3) Duryodhana's army was guarded among others by the kings of the west 5. 158, 19-20; their chariot-fighters mentioned among those who marched towards Kuruksetra in Duryodhana's second division (daksinātyāh prāticyās ca ... ete mahārathāh sarve dvitiye niryayur bale) 5. 196. 6. 8: (4) Before the start of the war, Duryo. dhana instructed Duhsasana that the main concern of westerners and others should be to protect Bhisma 6. 16. 17; (5) On the ninth day, Praticyas, though they were getting killed by sharp arrows, did not abandon Bhisma when he was fighting with Pandava heroes (praticyodicyamalavāh | ... samgrāme nājahur bhī smam vadhyamānāh sitaih saraih) 6. 102. 7; (6) On the tenth day, Praticyas were among the twelve Janapadas who, though they were pierced by arrows and wounded, did not leave Bhisma alone who fought with Arjuna (dvādašaite janapadāh šarārtā vranapi ditāh | samgrāme nā jahur bhi smam

yudhyamānam kirītinā //) 6. 114. 76-77; (7) On the eleventh day, Praticyas and others, led by Duryodhana, were behind Karna who marched in front of all archers (praticyodicyavāsinah | ... tavātmajam puraskrtya sūtaputrasya prsthatah // yayau vaikartanah karnah pramukhe sarvadhanvinām 7 6, 6-8; tāvakānām mukham karnah 7. 6. 21) of the Sakatavyūha of the Kauravas 7. 6. 15; (8) On the seventeenth day, Arjuna, while boasting himself before Yudhişthira said that it was he who had killed Praticyas and others 8. 49. 96; (9) mentioned by Samjaya among those who were killed in battle by Arjuna in the first seventeen days of war 8. 4. 47; (10) Samjaya, while reporting to Dhrtarastra, mentioned Praticyas among those all of whom were killed (udicyā nihatāḥ sarve praticyās ca narādhipa) 9. 1. 27.

Pradara m. (pl.): Name of a people.

They lived in the region between the mountains Meru and Mandara along the river Sailodā and enjoyed the pleasing shade of the bamboos and reeds; their kings (nṛpāḥ) brought Pipilaka variety of gold, given as boon by ants, in heaps to be measured by drona as tribute for the Rājasūya; they also brought much other tribute but were stopped at the gate 2. 48. 2-7; (for details and citations see Ekāšanājyoha).

Prabhadraka m. (pl.): Name of a section of Pāncālas; they figure only in the context of war where they were led generally by Śikhandin or Dhrstadyumna.

A. Description: Very quick (in action) (sighratara), expert (in fighting) (visārada), whose strength was like that of a