were killed (pāñcālāś ca višeṣataḥ /... vyanasan); when their armies were thus thrashed, Pāñcālas, (though) angered, turned away from battle (amarşavasam āpannāḥ pāñcālā vimukhābhavan) 7. 165. 98, 100-101, 104; Drona killed hosts of chariot fighters of Pāñcālas but was killed 8.4.5; (54) After the death of Drona, Asvatthaman assured Duryodhana that he would try to kill Pāncālas by all sorts of means, whether soft or harsh (sarvopāyāir ... karmaņā yena teneha mṛdunā dāruņena vā); only after killing Pancalas he would have peace of mind; he would force Pancalas to run away by the use of Nārāyaņāstra 7. 166. 28-29, 52; Sahadeva, in order to pacify Sātyaki, told him that the Pāņdavas had no allies other than Andhakas, Vṛṣṇis and Pāñcālas; similarly the Pāñcālas had no allies other than Pandayas and Vrsnis 7. 169. 43, 50; when, after the death of Drona, Kauravas and Pāndava-Pāñcālas became ready to fight, Asvatthaman aimed his Nārāyaņāstra against the Pāndavas and Pañcalas; Yudhisthira, afraid of the effects produced by the astra, asked Dhrstadyumna to run away with Pancala army; he also remembered that Pancalas, led by Satyajit and making effort for his victory, were totally destroyed by Drona (pañcalah satyajinmukhāḥ | kurvāṇā majjaye yatnam samūlā vinipātitāh) 7. 170. 10, 15, 26, 34; Duryodhana urged Aśvatthaman to use Nārāyaņāstra again when Pāficālas, wishing victory, had steadied themselves (vyavasthitā hi pāñcālāh punar eva jayaisinah); Aśvatthaman told him his inability to do that but he forced Pañcalas to run away wounding them with arrows; when Asvatthaman succeeded in killing many prominent (Pancala) heroes on the side of Pandavas he blew his large conch with delight; hearing that all Pañcalas, and even Bhima, ran in all directions leaving Dhrstadyumna behind 7. 171. 25, 45, 67; (55) Samjaya, summarizing the events between the death of Drona and that of Karna, told Dhrtarāṣṭra that Duryodhana assured his army that they would be witnesses to the heroism of Karna and Asvatthaman against the Pañcalas; Karna killed and afflicted many Pāñcālas, but was ultimately killed by Arjuna 8. 2. 15, 18, 20; 8. 5. 30; Dhrtarastra remembered that Karna had once before defeated Pañcalas and made them pay tribute (ajaisit ... pāncālāms ca ... cakre balibhrtah purā) 8. 5. 18-20 (reference to Karna's conquests before the Vaisnava sacrifice of Duryodhana 3. 241. 29, 32; 3. App. I. 24. 28-34); (56) On the sixteenth day, Duryodhana requested Karna to lead the Kaurava army because when Pancalas would see him they would run away; Pāndavas together with Pāncalas would be disheartened on seeing Karna ready to fight (pāndavā gatacetasah ... pāñcālaih saha); the bards urged Karna to kill Pāñcālas and bring victory to Kauravas; they also said that Pancalas would not be able to withstand Karna ready with his arms 8. 6. 30-31, 40, 42; Pāñcālas and others rushed at the Kaurava army; their chariot-fighters, elephant-riders and important foot-soldiers, delighted, danced and laughed making different sounds (nanavidharavair hṛṣṭā nṛṭyanti ca hasanti ca) 8. 8. 19-20; Karna put to death twenty Pāñcāla chariot-fighters along with their horses and charioteers and felled down their banners; he also killed many other