

15. 1. 21; 15. 16. 20; 15. 36. 13; *sātvatī-putra* (Abhimanyu, son of Sātvatī) 6. 69. 30; 7. 38. 20; 7. 51. 8; B. Chief or best among the Sātvatas (or Sātvats) : Kṛṣṇa (i) *ṛṣabhaḥ sarvasātvatām* 5. 70. 1; 5. 92. 5, 30; 5. 128. 7; (see *sātvatarṣabha* below); (ii) *sātvatapuṃgava* : Sātyaki 7. 117. 41; (iii) *purogaḥ sarvasātvatām* : Kṛṣṇa 5. 84. 2; (iv) *sātvatapravara* : (1) Kṛṣṇa 2. 42. 60; 10. 16. 5; (2) Sātyaki (*pravaraḥ sātvatānām*) 7. 115. 23; 7. 117. 52; (v) *sātvatānām mahārathaḥ* : (1) Kṛtavarma 8. 5. 94; (2) Sātyaki 5. 19. 1; 7. 97. 45; (vi) *sātvatamukhya* : (1) Kṛṣṇa 2. 43. 22; (2) Pradyumna 3. 20. 5; (3) Sātyaki 7. 94. 8; (vii) *sātvatarṣabha* : Sātyaki 7. 122. 32; (viii) *sātvatām varaḥ* : (1) Kṛṣṇa 9. 61. 40; (2) Sātyaki 7. 73. 37; (ix) *sātvatānām varīṣhaḥ* : Kṛtavarma 8. 4. 92; (x) *ṛṣabhaḥ sarvasātvatām* : Kṛṣṇa 12. 200. 16; (xi) *sātvataśreṣṭha* : (1) Kṛṣṇa 6. 102. 60; 9. 62. 28; (2) Sātyaki 7. 117. 58; (xii) *sātvatāgrya* : Sātyaki 6. 22. 4; C. (i) Who is ill-willed towards Sātvatas : *sātvatānām nṛṣamsātmā* : Śiṣu-pāla 2. 42. 6; (ii) Worst among Sātvatas : *sātvatādhama* : Sātyaki 7. 145. 52; D. Daughter of the Sātvatas : *sātvatātmajā* : Subhadrā 1. 213. 15. [See *Yadu, Vṛṣṇi*]

**Sāṃudraniṣkuṭa m. (pl.)** : Name of a Janapada.

Listed by Samjaya among the northern Janapadas (also called Deśas 6. 10. 68) of Bhāratavarṣa (*ata ūrdhvaṃ janapadān nībodha*) 6. 10. 37, 5; (*kākṣāḥ sāmudraniṣkuṭāḥ*) 6. 10. 47; (these are probably identical with Vairāmas and others who are mentioned as *sāmudraniṣkuṭe jātāḥ* 2. 47. (9-10; cf. also *sāgarakuṣṭhān mlecchān* 2. 29. 15 and other references to Mlecchas

living along the ocean and islands p. 840 and *Sāgarānūpaga* above).

**Sārasvata m. (pl.)** : Name of a people.

According to the report of Samjaya to Dhṛtarāṣṭra before the war, Nakula was supposed to fight against Ulūka and the Sārasvata hordes (*ulūkaṃ cāpi kaitavyaṃ ye ca sārasvatā gaṇāḥ / nakulaḥkalpayām āsa bhāgaṃ ...*) 5. 56. 23.

**Sālveyaka m. (pl.)** : Name of a people.

Suśarma, the king of Trigartas, complained to Duryodhana that he was, in the bygone days, often humiliated and forcibly oppressed by Sālveyakas and Matsyas led by Kīcaka (*asakṛn nikṛtaḥ pūrvam matsyairḥ sālveyakaiḥ saha / sūtena caiva matsyasya kīcakena punaḥ punaḥ / bādhitō ... balāt*) 4. 29. 2-3.

**Sāvitrīputrakāñcala m. (pl.)** : Name of a people.

On the seventeenth day of the war, at night (*ntṣi* 8. 1. 25), when Samjaya reported to Dhṛtarāṣṭra the death of Karna, he asked Samjaya who were killed in war and who have survived (*ke nu jīvanti ke mṛtāḥ*) 8. 4. 3; Samjaya mentioned Sāvitrīputrakāñcalas among those that were killed 8. 4. 47.

**Simhala m. (pl.)** : Name of a people.

A. Origin : Nandinī, the cow of Vasiṣṭha, created Simhalas from her foam in order to fight with the army of Viśvāmitra (*simhalān ... phenataḥ sā sasarja ha*) 1. 165. 36. B. Description : Dark, having eyes with red corners, clad in garments which were set with gems (*saṃvṛtā maṇīcīrais tu śyāmās tāmraṇtalocanāḥ*) 2. 48. 31. C. Epic events : (1) Simhalas were