

skilled in battles while riding elephants (*kośalā ... gajayuddheṣu kuśalāḥ*) 8. 17. 3. D. Characterization : Kosalas were counted among those who knew the eternal *dharma* (*kośalā ... dharmam jñānti śāśvatam*) 8. 30. 60-61; they comprehended a thing as soon as they saw it (*prekṣitajñāś ca kośalāḥ*) 8. 30. 79. E. Epic events : (1) Bhīṣma defeated all Māgadhas, Kāśis and Kosalas and brought two maidens for Vicitravīrya 13. 44. 37; (2) Kośalas, along with many other peoples, resorted to the west as they were afraid of Jarāsandha 2. 13. 26-28; (3) Bhīma, Arjuna and Kṛṣṇa, while going to the Magadha country, had to cross the river Sarayū before they could reach the eastern Kosala (*saṁtīrya sarayūm ramyāni dr̥ṣtvā pūrvānś ca kośalān / atītya jagmur mithilāṁ mālāṁ carmanvatīm nadīm* ||) 2. 18. 28; (4) Kṛṣṇa once defeated them 7. 10. 15; (5) Karna also had once defeated them 8. 5. 19; (6) Some of the Kosalas sided with the Kauravas (and others with the Pāṇḍavas) (*ardham me kekayā labdhāḥ kāśikāḥ kośalāś ca ye*) 7. 23. 7; (7) On the second day of war, Kosalas and others, led by Duryodhana, guarded the army of Śakuni 6. 47. 15-16; (8) On the twelfth day of war, Kosalas, on the side of the Pāṇḍavas, attacked Droṇa when they saw Yudhiṣṭhira retreating from Droṇa; he scattered their army 7. 20. 18-19; (9) On the sixteenth day of war, they rushed at the Kaurava army; their chariot-fighters, elephant-riders, and excellent foot soldiers, who were delighted, danced making various sounds and laughed (*nānā-vidharavair hr̥ṣṭā nṛtyanti ca hasanti ca*) 8. 8. 19-20; Bhīma, seated on an elephant was in the midst of their army 8. 8. 21;

(10) On the same day, Kośalas (on the side of the Kauravas), skilled in elephant battles, attacked Dhr̥ṣṭadyumna to kill him; they showered arrows, *tomaras* and *nārācas* (*kośalā ... gajayuddheṣu kuśalāḥ*) 8. 17. 3-4; (11) On the seventeenth day of war, Kṛpa, Kṛtavarma and Śakuni fought with Kosalas (on the side of the Pāṇḍavas) and killed many of them 8. 32. 17-18; (12) On the same day, Kosalas, along with other warriors, checked the advance of Vasuṣeṇa 8. 33. 22; (13) On the same day, Arjuna killed many Kosalas (on the side of the Kauravas) 8. 37. 2; (14) Kosala country mentioned among those reached by the Aśvamedha horse 14. 84. 4. F. Past events : (1) Nala showed to Damayanti the roads leading to Dakṣiṇā-patha; one of them led to Kosala country (*ete gacchanti bahavaḥ panthāno dakṣiṇā-patham ... eṣa panthā vidarbhāṇām ayaṁ gacchati kośalān / atah param ca deśo 'yaṁ dakṣiṇe dakṣiṇāpathaḥ* ||) 3. 58. 20, 22; (2) For the sacrifice of Auddālaka, performed in the northern Kosalā, Sarasvatī appeared as Manohradā (*uttare kośalā-bhāge ... auddālakena yajatā ... sarasvatī // ājagāma ... manohradeti vikhyātā*) 9. 37. 22-23.

Kosalā : See Kosala.

Kaukuṭṭaka m. (pl.) : Name of a Janapada.

Listed by Saṁjaya among the southern Janapadas (also called Deśas 6. 10. 68) of the Bhāratavarṣa (*athāpare janapadā dakṣiṇā ... kaukuṭṭakās tathā colāḥ*) 6. 10. 56, 58.

Kaukura m. (pl.) : Name of a people.