

(2) One of the rivers seen by Mārkaṇḍeya in the belly of the Bāla (3. 186. 83 = Nārāyaṇa 3. 187. 3) 3. 186. 93. F. Epic events : (1) The basket containing the newly born Karna was put in the river Aśva-nadī; from there it went to the Carmaṇvatī, and further to Yamunā 3. 292. 25; (2-4); for the other three epic events related to this river see section A above. G. Past events : (1) The river flew from the dampness of the heap of the skins of cows offered in the sacrifice of Rantideva; hence called Carmaṇvatī (*mahānadī carmarāśer utkledāt susruve yataḥ / tataś carmaṇvatīty evaṁ vikhyātā sā mahānadī //*) 12. 29. 116; (*rantidevasya yajñe tāḥ paśutvenopakalpitāḥ / tataś carmaṇvatī rājan gocarmabhyah pravartitā //*) 13. 65. 41.

Cāndramasa hrada m. : Name of a lake.

From the summit of the mountain Meru Gaṅgā Bhāgīrathī fell down with terrific speed in the Cāndramasa lake; the lake was created by the falling Gaṅgā 6. 7. 26-27; described as auspicious (*śubha*), holy (*puṇya*) and as large as the sea (*sāgaro-pama*) 6. 7. 27.

Citrakūṭa m. : Name of a mountain.

Described as a great mountain (*mahā-giri*) 3. 266. 67; best among excellent mountains (*girivaraśreṣṭha*) 3. 83. 55; the river Mandākinī flows on it 3. 83. 55; one who observes fast and bathes in the river Mandākinī gets the royal glory (*rājalakṣmīm nigacchati*) 13. 26. 27; Bharata, searching Rāma to take him back to Ayodhyā, met him on this mountain 3. 261. 37; Sītā told Hanūmant that the incident when Rāma threw a reed (*iṣikā*) at a crow occurred on the Citrakūṭa 3. 266. 67; mentioned in the Daivata-Rṣi-Vamśa 13. 151. 27, 2.

Citrapathā f. : Name of a river.

Mentioned in the Daivata-Rṣi-Vamśa 13. 151. 21, 2.

Citrabarhā f. : Name of a river.

Listed by Saṁjaya among the rivers of the Bhāratavarṣa; its water used by people for drinking 6. 10. 32, 13; all the rivers listed here are said to be mothers of the universe and very strong 6. 10. 35 (for citation see Atikṛṣṇā).

Citravatī f. : Name of a river.

Listed by Saṁjaya among the rivers of the Bhāratavarṣa; its water used by people for drinking 6. 10. 25, 13; (for other details see above Citrarbarhā).

Citravahā f. : Name of a river.

Listed by Saṁjaya among the rivers of the Bhāratavarṣa; its water used by people for drinking 6. 10. 16, 13; (for other details see above Citrarbarhā).

Citrasenā f. : Name of a river.

Listed twice by Saṁjaya among the rivers of the Bhāratavarṣa (on both occasions as *citrasenām ca nimnagām*); its water used by people for drinking 6. 10. 16, 25, 13; (for other details see above Citrarbarhā).

Citropalā f. : Name of a river.

Listed by Saṁjaya among the rivers of the Bhāratavarṣa; its water used by people for drinking 6. 10. 32, 13 (for other details see above Citrarbarhā).

Cīravatī f. : Name of a river.

Described as holy (*puṇyā*) and chosen by the most holy persons (*puṇyatamair vṛtā*) 3. 82. 61; by visiting the river and by worshipping gods and manes there (*pitṛdevārca-narataḥ*) one gets the fruit of a Vājapeya 3. 82. 61.