

śāstra, if one ate curds at Yugandhara : *atra prāñcaḥ* [... *piśāci vadati* / *tvayā yugandhare parvate deśe vā dadhiprāśanam kṛtam* / *tatra uṣṭrikṣīram gardabhyādikṣīram ca dadhikriyate* [... *etatkarāṇe hi prāyaścittam dharmasāstre prasiddham* / ' *auṣṭram aikaśapham kṣīram surātulyam* ' iti / ' *samsrjya samkaraiḥ sārdaṁ prājāpatyaṁ vrataṁ caret* ' iti; according to *arvāñcaḥ*, however, eating curds etc. entitled the person to stay near Raupyā for one night, but not a second; according to these interpreters of the stanza *yugandhara* meant *jīva* and *dadhiprāśana* meant leading a married life for paying back the threefold debt : *yugandharaḥ sthūlaśarīrābhīmāni jīvaḥ* [... *dadhiprāśanaśabdena dharmaprajāsampattyartha dārasamyoga ucyate* / ... *dadhiprāśanaśabdena lakṣitalakṣaṇayā ānṛnyam grāhyam* / *tena svadharmaniṣṭhaḥ prajāvān etat tīrtham sevītum arhatīti pūrvapādārthaḥ* |).

Rājagṛha nt. : Name of a town.

A. Location : The capital town of the Magadha country (*goptā magadharāṣṭrasya dārvo rājagṛhe hataḥ*) 1. 105. 10; (*āsīd rājagṛhe rājā māgadhānām*) 1. 196. 17. **B. Epic event** : (1) Pāṇḍu killed Dārva the protector of the Magadha country, at Rājagṛha 1. 105. 10; he collected treasure, chariots and forces from the city before marching from there on Mithilā of the Videha country (*tataḥ kośam samādāya vāhanāni balānt ca* / *pāṇḍunā mithilām gatvā videhāḥ samare jitāḥ*) 1. 105. 11; (2) The sacrificial horse of the Pāṇḍavas reached Rājagṛha town while wandering at its own will (*yadṛcchayā samāpede puram rājagṛham tadā*) 14. 83. 2; Meghasamdhī marched out of the town (Rājagṛha) in a chariot, equipped with bows, arrows,

and armguards, to attack Arjuna (*tataḥ purāt sa niṣkramya rathī dhanvī śarī talī*) 14. 83. 2, 4. **C. Past event** : Formerly Ambuvīca was the king of the Magadha chieftains at Rājagṛha (*śrūyate hi purā kaścid ambuvīca iti śrutaḥ* / *āsīd rājagṛhe rājā māgadhānām mahīkṣitām*) 1. 196. 17. [See *Girivraja*; for Rājagṛha tīrtha see Vol. 1. 431-432]

Rājapura¹ nt. : Name of a town.

A. Location : In the Kalinga country (*kaliṅgaviṣaye ... rājapuram nāma nāgarāṁ*) 12. 4. 2-3. **B. Description** : Wealthy (*śrīmant*) 12. 4. 3. **C. Epic event** : Citrāṅgada ruled this country; when the *svayamvara* of the daughter of Citrāṅgada was held it was attended by Duryodhana, Karṇa and many other kings 12. 4. 3-4.

Rājapura² nt. Name of a town.

Located in the Kamboja country; while referring to the exploits of Karṇa, Bhīṣma said that he went to Rājapura and killed the Kamboja warriors (*karṇa rājapuram gatvā kāmbojā nihatās tvayā*) 7. 4. 4.

Rājāśrama m. : Name (?) of the hermitage of a king.

The hermitage was specially created by king Lomapāda of the Aṅgas (3. 110. 19) on the bank of the river to receive Rīśyaśṛṅga when he was brought to Campā; the *āśrama* was indeed a charming forest (*tīrād upādāya tathaiva cakre rājāśramam nāma vanam vicīram*) 3. 113. 9 (or, this to be read as *rājā āśramam cakre* and *nāma* to be treated as ind.).

Rāmasya āśramah m. : The *āśrama* established by Rāma.