the Nagodbheda one goes to the world of the Nagas 3. 80, 118-119.

Naritirthani nt. (pl.): A collective name for the five tirthas.

Situated on the coast of the southern ocean (samudre tīrthāni daksine) 1. 208. 1: in the marshy land of the southern ocean (daksine sāgarānūpe) 1. 209. 17; as declared by the Brahmana the five tirthas would become famous as the Narītīrthas (nārītīrthāni nāmneha khyātim yāsyanti sarvaśah ) 1. 209. 11; described as very holy (supunyāni) 1.208.1, holy (punyāni); purifying for the thoughtful (pāvanāni manīsinām) 1. 209. 11, 17; pleasing (ramaniyāni) 1.209.17; these tirthas are the Agastyatīrtha, the Saubhadra, the Pauloma, the Karamdhama and the tirtha of Bharadvaja (bharadvājasya tīrtham 1. 208. 3); they were once adorned by the sages ( sobhitani tapasvibhih ) but were avoided by them due to the fear of the five crocodiles which lived there 1. 208. 1-2, 4-6: Arjuna cleared the tirthas of the crocodiles which were really five Apsarases (tīrthāni śodhayitvā) 1. 209. 23: Yudhisthira, with Draupadi and brothers, later visited these tirthas: he heard there the heroic deed of Arjuna and was pleased; they all bathed in the tirthas and gave thousands of cows as gifts; Yudhisthira also praised the gift of cows by Arjuna (this gift of Arjuna is not reported earlier) 3. 118. 4-7. (See also the five tirthas named above ).

## Nicīrā f.: Name of a river.

Listed by Samjaya among the rivers of the Bharatavarsa; people use its water for drinking 6. 10. 20, 13; all the rivers listed here are described as mothers of the universe and very strong 6. 10. 35 (for citation see Atikrsna).

Nibida m.: Name of a mountain.

Mountain of the Krauncadvina: it lav beyond the Govinda mountain 6. 13. 19, 17.

Nirrti m.: Name of a mountain (?).

Mentioned in the Tirthavamsa narrated by Angiras 13, 26, 3; described as the mountain of the gods; by visiting it (?) one is freed of the sin of killing a Brahmana (nirrtim devaparvatam / ... brahmahatyā visudhyati) 13. 26. 40.

Niscīrā f.: Name of a river.

Famous in the three worlds (trisu lokesu viśrutām) 3. 82. 119; by visiting (samāsādya) the river Niścīrā one gets the fruit of a horse sacrifice and goes to the world of Visnu; those who give gift at the confluence of the Niscira (niscirasanigame) go without doubt to the world of Brahman; on this river is situated the hermitage of Vasistha 3, 82, 119-121.

Nisadha m.: Name of a mountain.

A. Location: Listed among the six mountains lying to the north of the Bharatavarsa (6, 7, 6) and which extend from the west to the east and are merged in the eastern and the western oceans at the two ends ( pragayata maharaja sad ete ... | avagadha hy ubhayatah samudrau pūrvapascimau // ) 6.7.2: these mountains lie at a distance of hundreds of yojanas from one another (tesam antaraviskambho yojanāni sahasrašah) 6. 7. 4; to the south of the Nila mountain and to the north of the Nisadha there is the big, eternal Jambū tree named Sudarsana (daksinena tu nīlasya nisadhasyottarena tu / sudaršano