

and Pāṇḍava heroes succeeded in routing the attack of elephants (*hastibhis tu mahāmātrā ... pārśatam abhyayuh || ... gajayodhinah | ... māgadhas tāmraliptakāh || gajayuddeṣu kuśalāh ...*) 8. 17. 1-6; (*evam hatvā tava gajān ||*) 8. 17. 28; (16) On the seventeenth day, Kṛpa, along with the energetic Māgadha warriors, stood on the right side of the Bārhaspatyavyūha (8. 31. 26) of the Kauravas (*kṛpaḥ śāradvato rājan māgadhas ca* (for *māgadhas ca*?) *tarasvinah | sātvaṭaḥ kṛtavarmā ca dakṣiṇam pakṣam āsritāh ||* 8. 31. 11 (the cr. edn. adopts the reading *māgadhaḥ* (sg.); but it is almost certain that we have to read *māgadhāḥ* (pl.); the plural *tarasvinah* is hardly meant to include Kṛpa, Kṛtavarma and some Māgadha prince (sg.); he cannot be Jayatsena since he was already killed by Abhimanyu; adjectives like *tarasvinah* are used with reference to general warriors; there are variant readings to support *māgadhāḥ*; the editor has no note on the stanza); the same day, Bhīma killed many Māgadhas (siding with Kauravas) 8. 49. 79; (17) On the eighteenth day, to praise Bhīma before his duel with Duryodhana, Kṛṣṇa reminded him that he had formerly killed many Māgadhas along with other warriors 9. 32. 32; (18) After the war Gāndhārī pointed out to Kṛṣṇa Māgadhi women, who in grief had discarded their gold ornaments, surrounding the dead body of Jayatsena and weeping; they rolled on the ground; their wailing sound deluded the mind of Gāndhārī (*... praruditā māgadhyah paśya yoṣitaḥ || prakīrṇa-svarṇābharaṇā rudantyaḥ śokakarsitāh | ... māgadhyah śerate bhuvī ||*) 11. 25. 7, 9; (*āsāṁ ... manahśrutiharo nādo mano*

mohayati va me) 11. 25. 8; (19) While recounting Kṛṣṇa's past exploits, Vasudeva remembered that Kṛṣṇa had slain Māgadha Kings (*cakre (videhān) kālīṅga-māgadhān*) 16. 7. 10. E. Past events : (1) The eight sons of Asurī Kālaka were born as kings; the first of them, the great Asura, was Jayatsena who was the illustrious king of the Magadha country (*kālakāyās tu ye putrās teṣāṁ aṣṭau narādhipāḥ | jajñire ... || magadheṣu jayatsenah śrīmān āsīt sa pārthivaḥ | aṣṭānām pravaraṣ teṣāṁ kāleyānām mahāsuraḥ ||*) 1. 61. 45-46; (2) Kākṣīva(t) and others were born of Śūdrā Auśinari from the magnanimous sage Gautama in Magadha; Gautama took his residence in Magadha; since the kings favoured him, he took resort with the Magadha dynasty (*śūdrāyām gautamo yatra mahātmā saṁśitavrataḥ | auśināryām ajanayat kākṣīvādīn sutān rṣīḥ || gautamaḥ kṣayaṇād asmād athāsau tatra veśmanti | bhajate māgadhami vaṁśam sa nṛpāṇām anugrahāt ||*) 2. 19. 5-6; (3) Ambuvīca was formerly the king at Rājagṛha who ruled over the Māgadha chieftains (*śrūyate hi purā kaścīd ambuvīca iti śrutaḥ | āsīt rājagṛhe rājā māgadhānām mahīkṣitām ||*) 1. 196. 17. F. Some persons designated after the Magadha country or its people as one belonging to Magadha, or the king of Magadha, or the foremost among the Magadhas, or the protector of Magadha country : A. One belonging to Magadha : (a) *māgadha* : (1) Jayatsena, son of Jarāsandha 5. 19. 8; 6. 104. 14, 56; 6. 110. 29 (cf. 31); 8. 4. 31; 9. 2. 17, 34; in the following references Jayatsena is probably meant although he is not directly named 2.