Described as wonderful and full of incidents (cstram, bahuvrttantam) 1. 2. 160. great (mahat) 1. 2. 166; most of the heroic kings were killed in the Dronaparvan 1.2. 66: the main incidents in this parvan are listed as follows: the Samsaptakas removed Ariuna from the main battle-field; Bhagadatta, with his elephant Supratīka, killed by Arjuna: young Abhimanyu killed by many heroes who were led by Jayadratha; angered Arjuna killed seven Aksauhinis and Javadratha: all the Samsaptakas destroyed without a remainder: Alambusa, Śrutayus, Jalasamdha, Saumadatti, Virāta, Drupada, Ghatotkaca and many others killed in this parvan; Asvatthaman, enraged at the fall of Drona, released his frightful Nārāyanāstra 1. 2. 160-165; the adhyāyas of the Dronaparvan, as counted by Vyasa, the seer of truth (tattvadarsinā) after due thought (samcintya) are 170 and its \$lokas 8909 (1, 2, 167-168).

Dronavadha m.: Name of the 71st parvan in the list of a hundred sub-parvans of the Bhārata supposed to have been made by Vyāsa in the Parvasamgraha 1. 2. 58, 33, 70.

Described as hair-raising (lomahar-sana) 1. 2. 58; fall of Drona referred to while listing the major events of the Dronaparvan 1. 2. 165, and in the summary of the events made by Dhrtarastra for Samjaya 1. 1. 143; the parvan is related to the incidents narrated in the adhyayas 7. 155 (or 159)-165.

Dronabhiseka m.: Name of the 65th parvan in the list of a hundred sub-parvans of the Bharata supposed to have been made by Vyasa in the Parvasamgraha 1. 2. 56, 33, 70.

Related to the adhyāyas 7. 1-15 (7. 5. 5-40).

Draupadīsatyabhāmayoh samvādah: Name of the 38th purvan in the list of a hundred sub-parvans of the Bhārata supposed to have been made by Vyāsa in the Parvasamgraha (samvādas ca tatah parva draupadīsatyabhāmayoh) 1.2.45,33,70.

The incident is mentioned while listing the contents of the Aranyakaparvan (samvādas caiva satyayā) 1. 2. 125; the parvan is related to the adhyāyas 3. 222-224.

Draupadīsvayamvara m.: This name does not occur in the text. [See Pāñcālyāḥ svayamvaram]

Related to the adhyayas 1. 174-189.

Draupadīharaṇa nt.: Name of the 42nd parvan in the list of a hundred sub-purvane of the Bhārata supposed to have been made by Vyāsa in the Parvasamgraha 1. 2. 47, 33, 70.

Draupadi's abduction was attempted by the Sindhu king (Jayadratha) 1. 2. 47; the incident is mentioned while listing the contents of the Aranyakaparvan 1. 2. 123-124; the parvan is related to the incidents of the adhyāyas 3. 248-256.

Dhaundhumāra adj : Of an upākhyāna, so called because it describes the killing of the demon Dhundhu by king Kuvalāsva who then came to be known as Dhundhumāra (dhaundhumāram upākhyānam prathitam yasya karmaṇā) 3. 195. 37, 13, 36; 3. 192. 4, 7.

Described as most meritorious (dharmistham idam ākhyānam dhundhumārasya) 3. 192. 6, and holy (punyam) 3. 195. 38; 18