

ca) 1. 94. 7; D. Foremost of the Bhāratas : (i) *bhāratamukhya* (.) Janamejaya 1. 183. 5; (2) Duryodhana 5. 30. 47; (ii) *bhāratāgrya* : (1) Arjuna 15. 21. 7; (2) Janamejaya 1. 50. 1-7; (3) Duryodhana 5. 26. 28; (4) Dhṛtarāṣṭra 5. 32. 16; (5) Pāṇḍavas (pl.) 5. 1. 11; E. Foremost chariot-fighter of Bhāratas : *bhāratārathaśreṣṭha* : (1) Arjuna 7. 31. 51; (2) Citrasena (son of Dhṛtarāṣṭra) *bharatānām mahārathaḥ* 7. 143. 8; F. The delighter of all Bhāratas : *sarvabhāratāharṣaṇa* : Arjuna 7. 31. 51; G. Teacher of Bhāratas : (i) *bhāratācārya* : (1) Droṇa 4. 46. 9; 10. 12. 13; (ii) Son of the teacher of Bhāratas : *bhāratācāryaputra* : Aśvatthāman 10. 12. 34; H. An outcaste of Bhāratas : Duḥśāsana *bhāratāpasada* : 2. 61. 46; I. The elevator of Bharatas : (1) Duryodhana : *bharatānām kulodvaha* 3. 240. 1; (2) Bhīṣma 13. 154. 7 (*kulodvahaḥ*); J. The Chief of Bhāratas : *patiṁ ... bhāratānām* : Duryodhana 8. 68. 59; K. The grand-father of Bhāratas : *bharatānām pitāmahaḥ* : (1) Bhīṣma 4. 27. 1; 6. 14. 3; 6. 65. 28; 10. 14. 12; 12. 47. 1; *pitāmahaṁ* 6. 82. 25; 6. 99. 7; 6. 112. 63; *pitāmahe* 6. 115. 15; 12. 54. 6; (*bhāratānām*) 5. 31. 8; 5. 154. 1; 6. 110. 39; (2) Vyāsa 6. 2. 2; L. The foremost of the Bharatas : *bharatānām amadhyame* (lit. who is not the middle one of Bharatas). 6. 114. 102; 6. 115. 14, 42 (*amadhyamam*); 7. 3. 7; M. The destroyer of the line of Bhāratas : *bhāratānām kulaghnaḥ* : Duryodhana 2. 55. 2.

**Bhārga** m. (pl.) : Name of a Janapada.

Listed by Samjaya among the northern Janapadas (also called Deśas 6. 10. 68) of the Bhāratavarṣa (*ata ūrdhvaṁ janapadān*

*nibodha*) 6. 10. 37, 5; (*punḍrā bhārgaḥ kirātās ca*) 6. 10. 49.

**Bhārgava**<sup>1</sup> m. (pl.) : Name of a Janapada.

Listed by Samjaya among the northern Janapadas (also called Deśas 6. 10. 68) of the Bhāratavarṣa (*ata ūrdhvaṁ janapadān nibodha*) 6. 10. 37, 5; (*prāvṛṣeyā bhārgavās ca*) 6. 10. 49 (apparently different from **Bhārgava**<sup>2</sup>).

**Bhārgava**<sup>2</sup> : See **Bhṛgu**.

**Bhṛgu** m. (pl.), **Bhārgava**<sup>2</sup> (adj.) : Descendants of the sage Bhṛgu; often mentioned along with Aṅgirasas.

A. Importance : Aṅgiras, Kaśyapa, Vasiṣṭha and Bhṛgu were recognized as the four original *gotras* (originators of the lineage) (*mūlagotrāṇi catvāri*) 12. 285. 17; the excellent lineage of Bhṛgus honoured by gods including Indra, Agni and the Maruts (*devaṭḥ ... pūjitaḥ pravaro vaṁśo bhṛgūnām*) 1. 5. 5; Bhṛgus reckoned among the world's foremost Brāhmaṇas (*sarvasya jagataḥ śreṣṭhā brāhmaṇāḥ*) 3. 27. 8. B. Description : Learned in the Vedas (*veda-vidām ... bhṛgūnām*) 1. 169. 11; enjoying precedence over others (*agrabhuj*) 1. 169. 12; meditative (*bhāvitātman*) 1. 170. 15; 13. 56. 14; Bhṛgus were known to get very angry (*bhṛgavo hy atiroṣaṇāḥ*) 14. 96. 7; while fighting, they used black deerskins as their banners (*kṛṣṇājīnadhvajāḥ*) 13. 34. 17. C. History of Bhṛgus : The detailed lineage of Bhṛgu described by Sūta to Śaunaka in the Paulomaparvan (cf. 1. 2. 34) since Śaunaka desired to hear it (1. 5. 3) (*paulome bhṛguvaṁśasya viśtāraḥ parikīrtitaḥ*) 1. 2. 72 (i. e. *adhyāyas* 1. 5-12); 1. 5. 6; 1. 53. 27-28. D. Epic events :