

Brāhmaṇas (*dramiḍās ca kalingās ca ... tāś tāḥ kṣatriyajāṭayāḥ / vṛṣalatvaṁ parigatā brāhmaṇānām adarśanāt*) 13. 33. 20-21; (*dramiḍāḥ*) 13. 35. 17; they became degraded due to their neglect of the duties of a Kṣatriya (*ta ete dramiḍāḥ ... vṛṣalatvaṁ parigatā vyutthānāt kṣatradharmataḥ*) 14. 29. 16. C. Description : of terrific valour (*ugravikrama*) 8. 4. 46. D. Epic events : (1) Sahadeva, in his expedition to the south (2. 28. 1, 8, 37) subjugated the Draviḍas by just sending messengers to them and made them pay tribute for the Rājasūya (*draviḍāṁś caiva ... dūtair eva vaśe cakre karam cainān adāpayat*) 2. 28. 48; (2) Draviḍas mentioned among those whose kings attended the Rājasūya of Yudhiṣṭhira 2. 31. 12; Kṛṣṇa saw them who, afraid of the luster of the arms, attended the Rājasūya and acted as servers (*āgatān aham adrākṣam yajñe te pariveśakān*) 3. 48. 18, 22; (3) In his pilgrimage Yudhiṣṭhira, going south along the river Godāvarī, reached the sea in the Draviḍa country before going to the Agastyatīrtha and the Nārītīrthas (*draviḍeṣu ... samudram āsādyā*) 3. 118. 4; (4) Kṛṣṇa told Karṇa that the Draviḍas would be among those who would lead his procession if he joined the Pāṇḍavas (*purogamāś ca te santu draviḍāḥ saha kuntalāḥ*) 5. 138. 25; (5) Ulūka mentioned Draviḍas among those who had joined the army of Duryodhana (*rājacamūm sametām ... draviḍāndhrakāñcyaiḥ*) 5. 158. 19-20; (6) On the sixteenth day of the war, Dhṛṣṭadyumna, along with the Draviḍas (on the side of the Pāṇḍavas), attacked the Kaurava army (*draviḍaiḥ*) 8. 8. 14; (7) On the seventeenth day, the Draviḍa foot-

soldiers (on the side of Pāṇḍavas), incited by Sātyaki, attacked Karṇa; Karṇa cut off with his arrows their arms and head-gears and felled them down (*draviḍa^o ... abhyardayaṁ ... karṇam āhave te vibāhuśirastrāṇāḥ ... prahatāḥ karṇasāyakath petuḥ pṛthivyām*) 8. 33. 4-5; (8) Samjaya listed Draviḍas among those who were killed in the first seventeen days of war (*draviḍāś cogravikramāḥ ... nihatāḥ*) 8. 4. 46, 48; (9) Arjuna had to fight with the Draviḍas (*draviḍair*) when he accompanied the Aśvamedha horse 14. 84. 11. E. A Dramiḍa king occurs in a comparison : The glorious Aśoka tree, according to Damayanti, with its chaplets (of blossoms), shone like the glorious king of Dramiḍas (*aho batāyam agamaḥ śrīmān ... āpīḍair bahubhir bhāti śrīmān dramiḍarād iva*) 3. 61. 98 (NI. on Bom. Ed. 3. 64. 103 : *agamaḥ vṛkṣaḥ āpīḍaiḥ puṣpaphalādirūpair aloṁkāraiḥ*).

Dvaidheya m. (pl.) : Name of a Janapada.

Listed by Samjaya among the northern Janapadas (also called Deśas 6. 10. 68) of the Bhāratavarṣa (*ata ūrdhvaṁ janapadān nibodha*) 6. 10. 37, 5; (*kuṭṭāparāntā dvaidheyāḥ*) 6. 10. 47.

Dvyakṣa m. (pl.) : Name of a people.

They brought ample gold and silver as tribute for the Rājasūya but were stopped at the gate (*dvyakṣāṁś ... samāgatān ... dvāri vāritān / balyartham dadatas tasmai hiraṇyam rajatam bahu* 2. 47. 15-16.

Dhṛtimant nt. (sg.) : Name of a Varṣa.