2. 47. 15-16 (Ni. on Bom. Ed. 2. 51. 17: dvyakṣādayaḥ prācyadešabhedāḥ).

Tryanga m. (pl.): Name of a Janapada.

Mentioned by Samjaya among the southern Janapadas (also called Deśas 6. 10. 68) of the Bhāratavarṣa (athāpare janapadā dakṣiṇā...6. 10. 56, 5); (tryangāḥ kekarakāḥ proṣṭhāḥ) 6. 10. 60.

Dakşinamalla m. (pl.): Name of a people.

A. Location: In the east: Bhima encountered them in his expedition to the east of Indraprastha before the Rājasūya (2. 23. 9; 2. 26. 1, 7); the southern Mallas are distinguished from the northern and the most northern Mallas (sottamān api cottarān mallānām adhipam) 2. 27. 3. B. Epic event: Bhima, in his expedition to the east, expeditiously defeated them without having to use much force (tato dakṣiṇamallāmś ca ... taraṣaivājayad bhī mo nātitivrena karmanā) 2. 27. 11 [See Malla, Mallarāṣṭra; and Uttamamalla and Uttaramalla in Addenda].

Dakşināpatha m. (pl.): Name of the southern region; its people referred to as dakṣiṇāpathavāsin (5. 19. 23).

A. Characteristics: The people of Dakṣiṇāpatha are described as very heroic (mahāvīrya) 5. 19. 23; Talavaras, Andhrakas and others born in Dakṣiṇāpatha (dakṣiṇāpathajanmānah) did not believe in Dhātṛ or Bhūtapati as being the adhyakṣa of all the beings (12. 200. 33, 38); they are sinful; they roam over the earth; they lead the life of dogs, crows, balas (?), and vultures; they did not exist in the Kṛta age but are to be met with since

the Tretāyuga 12. 200. 39-42 (for citation see Andhraka). B. Epic event: King Nila of Māhiṣmatī, along with the heroic warriors of Dakṣiṇāpatha, joined the army of Duryodhana (dakṣiṇāpathavāsibhiḥ) 5. 19. 23. C. Past event: Nala showed to Damayanti many paths which led to Dakṣiṇāpatha (ete gacchanti bahavaḥ panthāno dakṣiṇāpatham) 3. 58. 20 [See Dākṣiṇātya].

Dandaka m. (pl.): Name of a people.

A. Location: South: they were encountered by Sahadeva in the south (prayayau dakṣinām diśam) 2. 28. 1, 8, 37;

B. Epic event: They were subjugated by Sahadeva in his expedition before the Rājasūya (vaśe cakre ... dandakāms camahābalah) 2. 28. 43;

C. Past event: Their large kingdom was destroyed by a Brāhmana 13, 138. 11.

Darada m. (pl.): Name of a people. A. Location: North: Arjuna defeated them along with Kambojas in his conquest of the north (2.23.9; 2.24.1) 2.24.22; listed by Samjaya among the northern mleccha peoples (uttarās cāpare mlecchā janā ... śūdrābhirātha daradāh) 6.10.63, 66; also see E. Epic Events No. 3 below. B. Origin: They arose from the foam of the cow of Vasistha (tathaiva daradan mlecchān phenatah sā sasarja ha) 1. 165. 36; Daradas mentioned among those Kşatriyas who became visalas due to not respecting Brahmanas 13. 35. 17-18. C. Characterisation: mlecchas 1. 165. 36; 6. 10. 63, 66; D. Description: (1) Having 7. 95. 13. faces like those of goats (bastamukha) 7. 97. 39; holding iron weapons and spears

in hands (ayohasta, śūlahasta) 7.-97. 39;