

vaco brūhi patim anyam cikīrṣati / āsthāsyati punar bhaimī damayantī svayam varam // 3. 68. 2, 16, 21; 3. 72. 17; (iv) Damayantī later told Nala that the Brāhmaṇa Parṇāda, while searching Nala, had reached the residence of king Rūparṇa in Kosalā (*abhyagacchat kosalāyām rūparṇaniveśane*) 3. 75. 3; (3) Other events : (i) Śāśāda ruled over Ayodhyā after Ikṣvāku 3. 193. 1; (ii) Parīkṣit, of Ikṣvāku family, once ruled over Ayodhyā 3. 190. 3; (iii) Gālava took Mādhavi with him and went to king Haryaśva of Ikṣvāku family who ruled at Ayodhyā 5. 113. 18; (iv) King Kalmāṣapāda, when freed from Rakṣas by Vasiṣṭha, returned to Ayodhyā; his subjects greeted him; Kalmāṣapāda entered the city with Vasiṣṭha; the citizens of Ayodhyā saw their king with Vasiṣṭha as the sun rising in conjunction with Puṣya; the city, with its streets cleansed and sprinkled with water and decorated with raised flags, pleased Kalmāṣapāda; when the king entered the city Ayodhyā with Vasiṣṭha, the queen, at the king's command, approached Vasiṣṭha for a son 1. 168. 14-19, 21. E. Similes : (1) Ayodhyā made prosperous by Kalmāṣapāda compared with the sky made to shine at the rise of the autumnal moon (*sa hi tām pūrayām āsa lakṣmyā .../ ayodhyām vyoma śītāmśuḥ śaratkāla ivoditaḥ //*) 1. 168. 18; (2) Ayodhyā, with its citizens contended and well nourished shone in the reign of Kalmāṣapāda as Amarāvati due to Śakra (*aśobhata tadā tena śakreṇāmarāvati*) 1. 168. 20.

Alakā¹ f. : Name of a lotus pond near the Sabhā of Kubera.

Wind, carrying the fragrance from the lotus pond Alakā and giving delight to

mind and heart, waits on Kubera in his Sabhā (*ādāya gandhān ... nalinyāś cālakā-khyāyāḥ ... manohṛdayasaṁhlādī vāyus tam upasevate*) 2. 10. 7-8.

Alakā² f. : Name of the city of Kubera.

Kubera is called the 'lord of Alakā' (*alakādhipa*) 9. 10. 48; 12. 75. 4, 15.

Avantī f. : Name of a city.

Nala showed Damayantī the paths which, after crossing Avantī and Rkṣavant mountain, led to the Dakṣiṇāpatha (*ete gacchanti bahavaḥ panthāno dakṣiṇāpatham / avantīm rkṣavantam ca samatikramya parvatam //*) 3. 58. 20. [Avanti, name of a Janapada, Section I. 6]

Aśvamedha m. : Name of a town (?).

In the east (*prācīm diśam*) 2. 26. 1, 7; Bhīma, in his expedition before the Rājasūya, conquered Rocamāna, king of Aśvamedha (*so 'śvamedheśvaram rājan rocamānam .../ jigāya samare vīraḥ ...//*) 2. 26. 8.

Ahicchatrā f. : Name of a city.

Situated in the territory called Ahicchatra; described as having many communities (*janapadāyutā*); it was conquered by Arjuna for Droṇa (*ahicchatram ca viśayam droṇaḥ samabhipadyata / evam rājann ahicchatrā purī janapadāyutā / yudhi nirjitya pārthena droṇāya pratipādita //*) 1. 128. 18.

Ātharvaṇasya sthānam nt. : Name of a place.

One of the places seen by Arjuna when he and Kṛṣṇa journeyed at night to Himavant to propitiate Śiva for his Pāśupata (*sthānam ātharvaṇasya ca*) 7. 57. 28.