on bidding higher and higher price to be paid to Nisādas; ultimately Cyavana was purchased by giving a cow to Nisadas; they offered it to Cyavana; Cyavana sent the Nisadas and the fishes to heaven 13. 50. 3-26; 13. 51. 1-41. I. Some persons called the king of Nisadas or one belonging to the Nisādas: (1) nisādarāja: (i) Ekalavya 5. 47. 71; (ii) Hiranyadhanus 1. 123. 10; (2) niṣādarājan : Ekalavya 14.84.7; (3) niṣādādhipati: (i) Hiraņyadhanus 1. 123, 24, 28; 2. 27, 10(?) (ii) a certain Mahāsura 1. 61. 48; (4) naisādi: (i) Ekalavya: 1. 123. 11, 17, 18, 29, 38; 7. 156. 2, 17, 18; 16. 7. 10; (ii) Ekalavya's son 14. 84. 10; (iii) Ketumant 6. 50. 5; (iv) A Kuru warrior (not named; Ekalavya?) 8. 43. 70; (v) Kāpavya 12. 133. 3; (5) niṣādaja: Ekalavya 1. 123. 32; (6) niṣāda: Ekalavya 7. 155, 29; (7) Niṣādi (f.), not named 12. 133. 3.

Nipa m. (pl.): Name of a people.

Past events: (1) Angirases had once defeated them (nīpān angiraso 'jayan)
13. 34. 16; (2) Janamejaya, the king of the Nīpas, was mentioned by Bhīma among those eighteen kings who extirpated their kinsmen, friends and relatives (ye samuccicchidur jāātīn suhrdas ca sabāndhavān... nīpānām janamejayah) 5. 72. 11, 13; (3) Their former kings were royal sages (rājarṣayah) 2. 8. 25, 7; they were pious, famous and learned and a hundred of them waited on Yama in his Sabhā (satam nīpāh ... ete rājarṣayah punyāh kirtimanto bahuśrutāh | tasyām sabhāyām rājarṣe vaivasvatam upāsate ||) 2. 8. 21, 25.

Nila nt.: Name of a Varsa.

One of the seven Varsas of the Jambudvipa; beyond Nila lay the Svetavarsa (nilāt parataram śvetam) 6. 7. 35; in these Varsas, people in each succeeding one excelled those in the preceding one in duration of life, health, as well as in dharmo, kāma, and artha; in these Varsas, people lived in harmony with one another 6. 7. 37-38 (for citation see Airavata).

Nilayudha m. (pl.): Name of a people (?)

A. Location: They lived in the south (daksināpathavāsibhih) 5. 19. 23. Description: Possessed of great heroic qualities (mahāvīrya) 5. 19. 23. events: (1) King Nila of Māhişmati, along with the Nilayudha warriors, one aksauhini strong, joined the army of Duryodhana (nilo nilāyudhaih saha) 5. 19. 23; (2) On the third day of war. king Nila, along with his Nilayudha warriors, (those on the side of the Pandavās?) stood behind Virāţa and Drupada at the southern tip (daksinam śrngam) of the Ardhacandravyuha of the Pandavas 6. 52. 10-12. (But Nila is said to have joined the Kaurava army, cf. Epic event No. 1).

Naimişa, Naimişeya m. (pl.): The people and the sages living in the Naimişa forest.

A. The people: They are mentioned among those people who knew the eternal dharma (matsyāh sanaimiṣāh ... dharmam jānanti šāśvatam) 8. 30. 60-51; (kuravo naimiṣāś ca ... jānanti dharmam) 8. 30. 75. B. The sages: (1) The Naimiṣeya sages once started on a pilgrimage and first went to Kurukṣetra (naimiṣeyās tapodhanāh)