

...) 6. 10. 56, 5; (*sakṣaddruhaḥ kuntalās ca*) 6. 10. 64.

Satiya m. (sg. ?) : Name of a Janapada.

Listed by Samjaya among the southern Janapadas (also called Deśas 6. 10. 68) of Bhāratavarṣa (*athāpare janapadā dakṣiṇā* ...) 6. 10. 56, 5; (*satiyaḥ pattiṣṭhāṇjakāḥ*) 6. 10. 62.

Saptadvīpa m., nt. (sg.) : Name of some country to the north of Khāṇḍava-prastha ?

Arjuna in his expedition to the north (*dīśam dhanapater iṣṭām* 2. 23. 9) before the Rājasūya conquered the kings of the Saptadvīpa (*saptadvīpe ca ye nṛpāḥ*) 2. 23. 16 (this can impossibly refer to the seven Dvīpas of this earth cf. 6. 12. 4; 12. 49. 31).

Samakṣa m. (pl.) : Name of a people.

Bhīma in his expedition to the east (*yayau prācīm dīśam prati* 2. 26. 1, 7; 2. 23. 9) before the Rājasūya defeated Samakṣas in battle (*prācyasuhmān samakṣāṁś caiva ... vijitya yudhi*) 2. 27. 14.

Samaṅga m. (pl.) : Name of a Janapada.

Listed by Samjaya among the southern Janapadas (also called Deśas 6. 10. 68) of Bhāratavarṣa (*athāpare janapadā dakṣiṇā* ...) 6. 10. 56, 5; (*samaṅgāḥ kopanās caiva*) 6. 10. 59.

Samandara m. (pl.) : Name of a people (referred to only twice and in both cases along with Piśācas).

(1) On the fourteenth day of war, Samandaras along with many others, led by Duryodhana, attacked Sātyaki (*duryodhanapurogamāḥ ... piśācās ca samandarāḥ* |

*abhyadravanta śatneyam*) 7. 97. 13-14; (2) On the fifteenth day of war, when Samjaya at night (*śibirāt samjayam prāptam niṣi nāgāhvayam puram* 7. 1. 7) reported to Dhṛtarāṣṭra the death of Droṇa, he (Dhṛtarāṣṭra) while recounting the past exploits of Kṛṣṇa mentioned his victory over Samandaras (*piśācāṁś ca samandarān*) 7. 10. 16; (or does *samandara-* mean Piśācas along with Mandaras ? see Mandara).

Sāgarānūpaga, Sāgarānūpavāsin adj. : Characterization of peoples living along ocean and marshy land.

A. Description : Haughty, fond of battles, strong and firm-fisted (*saṁrambhīno yuddhaśauṇḍā balino dṛbhdhapāṇayaḥ*) 8. 51. 19. B. Epic events : (1) Kṛṣṇa mentioned the people who lived near the ocean and the marshy land (as also those who lived in cities) among those whom he saw attending the Rājasūya sacrifice and acting as servers (*sāgarānūpagāṁś caiva ye ca pattanavāsinaḥ ... āgatān aham adrākṣam yajñe te pariveśakān*) 3. 48. 19, 22; (2) On the seventeenth day of war (*adya saptaśāhāni vartumānasya bhārata*) 8. 51. 2; Kṛṣṇa in order to encourage Arjuna mentioned the warriors who lived along the ocean and marshy lands among those who had joined the side of Kauravas and whom Arjuna alone was capable of defeating (*sāgarānūpavāsinaḥ ... ete suyodhanasyārthe saṁrabdhāḥ kurubhiḥ saha | na śakyā yudhi nirjetum tvadanyena param-tapa*) 8. 51. 19-20.

Sātvata (Sātvat) m. (pl.) : Name of a people who formed a section of the Yādavas; Sātvat occurs only in complex forms except in 1. 210. 12).