bad omens occurred; Drona, encircled by the armies of Drupada, moved burning host of Kşatriyas and killed a very large number of them 7. 165. 8-16; when ultimately Drona was killed by Dhrstadyumna, Pāndavas and Srnjayas attacked the disheartened Kurus with the result that their army was shattered (nirutsāhān kurūn ... abhyadravan ... tatah sainyam vyadiryata) 7. 165. 58; when Aśvatthaman used his nārāyaņāstra, Pāņdavas, Pāñcālas and Srnjayas were dismayed to see the mid-region filled with different weapons (sastrākṛtibhir ākīrṇam atīva ... dṛṣṭvāntarikşam āvignāḥ pāṇḍupāñcālasṛñjayāh) 7. 170. 20; at the end of the day, when Samjaya reported to Dhrtarastra the death of Drona, he asked Samjaya what was Drona doing on the battle-field when Pandavas and Srnjayas managed to kill him (kim kurvānam rane dronam jaghnuh pāṇḍavasṛñjayāh) 7.8.1; Samjaya assured Dhrtarastra that since he was an eye-witness to the whole event (sarvam pratyaksadarśivān) he would narrate to him how Drona fell when overpowered (sāditah) by Pāṇḍavas and Srñjayas 7. 11. 1; (28) On the sixteenth day, Duryodhana was confident that with Karna as their general Pāņdavas, Pāñcālas and Sŗñjayas would loose their consciousness (gatacetasah) 8. 6. 31; Kṛṣṇa pointed out to Arjuna that Karna, as intended by Aśvatthaman (aśvatthāmanas ca samkalpād ...) had killed Srnjayas 8. 16. 5; Karna brought Srnjayas and Pancalas within the range of his arrows and crushed them (saragocaram anayat | mamarda); Kurus, Pāņdavas and Sīnjayas fought with great effort not caring for their life (vyāyacchamānāh subhrsam ... priyan asun rane tyaktva) 8. 16. 22, 24-25; battle described 8. 16. 26-38; at midday (madhyam gate dinakare 8. 17. 100). although Karna killed Srnjayas they attacked him 8.17.117; (29) On the seventeenth day, early morning (prabhātāyām rajanyām tu 8. 22. 29) before the start of the war, Duryodhana while requesting Salya to act as a charioteer of Karna told him that with a good charioteer like him, Karna would be able to destroy Pandavas, Pancalas and Srnjayas 8. 23. 15; at the start of the war on that day, Pañcalas. Cedis and Srnjayas fought a fierce battle with the Kaurava army 8. 32. 15: Dhrtarāstra remembered that Karna had boasted earlier that he alone would kill Srnjayas along with Pandavas 8. 35. 2; Srnjayas cut off (śātayām āsuh) the arrows shot at them by Krpa 8. 38. 4; Karna stopped the onward march of Srnjayas and others who were led by Bhima 8, 38, 16; Karna killed Cedis, Karūṣas and Sṛñjayas in the presence of Bhima; when Bhima left Karna to fight with the Kuru army, Karna killed thousands of great archers of Srnjayas (srnjayāms ca mahesvāsān nijaghāna sahasrasah) 8.40.2-4; Srnjayas were 'burnt' by the fire in the form of Karna (karnāgninā ... dagdhā ...) 8. 40. 61; Arjuna pointed out to Krsna that the large army of Srnjayas was being scattered (diryate) by Karna 8. 40. 81; when Bhima returned to fight (samnivetto raņam prati), Pancalas and Srnjayas, led by Dhrstadyumna, followed him 8. 41. 3; Kurus led by Karna and Srnjayas led by Yudhisthira faced one another without fear (abhītāḥ) 8. 42. 1; Kṛṣṇa pointed out to Arjuna that Karṇa, after defeating Pandavas, Pancalas and