the Madra warriors did not listen to him when he tried to check them, Sakuni told him that angered fighters do not obey the orders of their seniors; that was not the time either to get angry with Madras or neglect them (alam kroddhum tathalteşām nāyam kāla upeksitum); he advised Duryodhana collectively to go to save the great (Madra) archers who were loyal to Salya (paritrātum mahesvāsān madrarājapadānugān) 9. 17. 21-24; accordingly Duryodhana with his large army went to the help of Madra warriors: Pandavas, seeing Madra warriors fighting, attacked them; in the battle that ensued Madras were killed 9. 17. 25-28; the battle described 9. 17. 30-37; when Duryodhana's army realized that the large army of Salya was being killed, they again turned away from the scene of fight (tato hatam abhipreksya madrarājabalam mahat | duryodhanabalam sarvam punar āsīt parānmukham) 9. 17. 381 Sakuni told the energetic (tarasvinah) Madra warriors to attack the vanguard of the Pandava army and that he himself. would take in the rear (yudhyadhvam agrato yāvat prsthato hanmi pāņdavān); they raised sound and attacked Pandavas who showered arrows and killed the army of Salya; seeing that, Duryodhana's army again turned away; Sakuni again blamed them and pointed out that the Madra army consisting of ten thousand horses and fighting with bright lances had fought heroically and brought about great destruction of the enemies (anikam dasasāhasram ašvānām ... | āsid gāndhārarājasya vimalaprāsayodhinām | balena tena vikramya vartamāne janaksaye) 9. 22. 24-30. F. Past event; Mandhatt once asked Indra

how kings like him could make Madrakas who lived like Dasyus, follow religion and how he could control them (katham dharmam careyus te ... | madvidhais ca katham sthāpyā ...); thereupon Indra told him the duties of Dasyus 12. 65. 13, 15, 17-22. G. Several persons, especialy Salya, designated with reference to Madras or Madrakas: A. One related to Madrakas ! (i) madraka: Śalya 8. 27. 85, 100; (ii) madrakā (f.): A woman of the Madra country 8. 27. 87 (sg.), 89 (pl.); B. Meanest of the Madrakas: madrakādhama Salya 8, 27, 101; C. King of Madras or Madrakas (i) madrakesvara 1 Salya 6. 41. 83; 9. 15. 18; (ii) madrajanādhipa; Salya 8. 23. 11; 8. 30. 7; 8. 51. 57; 9. 16. 11; (iii) madrajanesvara : Śalya 8. 34. 17; 9. 6. 35; (iv) madrangpa 1 Salya 9. 16. 65; (v) madrapa: Śalya 8. 26. 70; 9. 11. 26; 9. 16. 14; (vi) madrapati 1 (1) Salya 8. 26. 52, 70; 8, 68, 13; 9, 15, 66; 9, 16, 1; (2) Father of Madri and Salya (not named) 1. 105. 4: (vii) madrarāj; Salya 6. 41. 71; 7. 24. 15; 7. 120. 8, 40: 8. 26. 61; 9. 10. 38; 9. 16. 52; (viii) madrarāja 1 (1) Asvapati 3. 277. 13; (2) Salya 1. 1. 148; 1. 2. 169; 1. 115. 11 1. 116. 31; 1. 177. 13; 2. 31. 7; 5. 8. 11, 17; 5. 59. 17; 5. 162. 26; 6. 45. 42, 46; 6. 58. 13, 15; 6. 79. 47, 49-50; 6. 101. 25, 30-32; 6, 109, 23, 38; 6, 111, 29; 7, 14, 8, 19, 25; 7. 36. 5; 7. 38. 15; 7. 53. 26; 7. 79. 4, 26; 7. 80. 18; 7. 105. 35; 7. 110. 7; 7. 120. 19, 78, 80; 7. 133. 54, 7. 134. 7; 7. 140. 14, 7, 142, 20, 22, 27, 29; 7, 162, 25; 7, 169. 37; 8. 1. 44; 8. 4. 23; 8. 5. 98, 101; 8. 22. 55, 61; 8. 23. 1, 50; 8. 25. 7; 8. 26. 1, 3-4, 9, 30; 8. 27. 17, 103; 8. 30. 1; 8, 35, 20; 8, 45, 31; 8, 51, 13; 8, 56, 9; 8, 57. 13; 8, 67, 35; 8, 68, 6; 9, 2, 60-61; 9, 6, 1,