

...śālva¹kekayāḥ |) 5. 56. 17-18; (7) Ulūka informed Yudhiṣṭhira that Duryodhana's army, which included Śālvas and others and was protected by their kings, had become unassailable and had become like the army of the gods (*durādharṣām devacamū-prakāśām*) 5. 158. 19-20; (8) Bhīṣma had assured Duryodhana that he alone would kill the Pāṇḍava army along with Śālveyakas; that was his responsibility (*aham hantā pāṇḍavānām anīkam śālveyakāmś ceti mamaīṣa bhāraḥ*) 5. 160. 10; (9) On the battle-field before the start of the war, Śālvas were among the twelve Janapadas, whose twenty thousand chariot-fighters (*rathā vimśatisāhasrāḥ*), offered protection to Bhīṣma (*dvādaśaite janapadāḥ ... mahatā rathavamśena te 'bhyarakṣan pitāmaham*) 6. 18. 12-14; (10) On the first day of the war, Śālvas led by Jayadratha and other heroes, were stationed in the middle of the army (*śālva matsyāḥ ... sarvasainyasya madhye*) 6. 20. 12; (11) On the fifth day, Sātyaki, Cekitāna and Abhimanyu attacked Śālvas and Kekayas 6. 68. 8; (12) On the tenth day, the chariot-fighters (*mahārathāḥ*) of Śālvas and others, instigated by Duryodhana (6. 112. 102-106), attacked Arjuna; Arjuna burnt them with heavenly missiles (*divyāny astrāṇi samcintya ... dadāha*); afflicted by Arjuna's arrows and their chariots and banners broken (*viprakīrṇarathadhvajāḥ*), they did not attack Arjuna (*nābhyavartanta...vānara-dhvajam*); he scattered their army (*drāvayitvā varūthinīm*) (6. 112. 110-117); later, the same day, just before the fall of Bhīṣma, Śālvas were among the twelve Janapadas who, though they were afflicted by arrows and pained due to wounds (*śarārtā vranā-*

pīḍitāḥ) did not abandon Bhīṣma fighting with Arjuna, even when the Kaurava army fled due to fear (*vayam ... bhītāḥ ... pradravāma mahāraṇāt*; ... *śālvaśrayās ... dvādaśaite janapadāḥ śarārtā vranapīḍitāḥ | samgrāme na jahur bhīṣmam yudhyamānam kirīṭinā*) 6. 114. 75-77; (13) On the fourteenth day, Matsyas along with the armies of Śālveyas, led by Dhṛṣṭadyumna and Virāṭa, speedily attacked Droṇa (*matsyāḥ śālveyasenāś ca droṇam ājagmur añjasā*) 7. 73. 50; in the evening of that day (*sāyāhne* 7. 129. 5), they again attacked Droṇa 7. 129. 7; (14) On the sixteenth day, Śālvas were among those who attacked Arjuna showering him with arrows; although they were getting killed, they did not leave Arjuna as the moths the fire (*samare nājahuḥ pāṇḍavam tadā |... śalabhā iva pāvakam*) 8. 19. 2-3, 7; (15) On the seventeenth day, Karṇa told Śālya what a certain Brāhmaṇa had once told Dhṛtarāṣṭra; according to him, Śālvas knew what the eternal *dharma* was (*dharmaṁ jñanti śāśvatam*); he told Śālya that Śālvas knew what the speaker intended to convey only when all details were told to them (*ardhoktāḥ kurupāñcālāḥ śālvaḥ kṛtsnānuśāsināḥ*) 8. 30. 8, 60-61, 79. F. Past event : (1) King Dyumatsena once ruled the Śālvas until he became blind 3. 278. 7; after some years his subjects approached him in the forest to request him to rule over them once again (*tataḥ prakṛtayaḥ sarvāḥ śālvebhyo 'bhyagatā ...*) 3. 283. 3, 5. G. Several kings referred to as king of Śālvas (or Śālveyas) : A. King of Śālvas : (a) *śālvapati* ; (1) King of Śālvas (whom Ambā had first chosen as her husband) not named 5. 171.