## A. ADDITIONS

p. 116. 2, line 9 from above : After 13. 15. 11; add :

Siva as one of the eleven Rudras, the sons of Sthāņu 1. 60. 1-2 = 1. 114. 57; 12. 201. 19;

p. 306. 2; add the following entry before the entry Kalmasi:

Kalpavrksa m.: Name of one of the five heavenly trees (the other four being Mandara, Pārijātaka, Samtāna and Haricandana).

A. Description: wonderful (adbhuta) 7. 143. 18. B. Its occurrences in the epic: Occurs only for comparisons: (1) The trees on the Raivataka mountain, when decorated for the festival, looked like Kalpavrksa trees all around (... mahāsailah kalpavrksais ca sarvasah) 14. 58. 61 (2) Yajñasena (Drupada) and Vrsasena (son of Karna), bright and shinining like gold, looked like two wonderful Kalpavrksa trees (tapani yanibhau citrau kalpavīksāv tvādbhutau) 7. 143. 18; (3) Rāvaņa who was (himself) like a Kalpavrksa tree, though carefully adorned, appeared dreadful like a tree on the grounds of a caitya in a cemetery (sa kalpavṛkṣasadṛśo yatnād api vibhūsitah / śmaśanacaityadrumavad bhūşito 'pi bhayankarah //) 3. 265. 5.

p. 491. 1, line 5 from below: add:
(8a) Duryodhana saw (black?) people
of Himavant among those who brought
tribute for the Rājasūya of Yudhistbira,
but were stopped at the gate (kṛṣṇān
hatmavatāms taihā... dvāri vāritān) 2. 47.
19-20;

p. 491. 2, line 3 from above : add : (10a) Arjuna crossed the Himavant and Gandhamādana mountains before he reached Indrakila 3. 38. 29;

p. 491. 2, line 19, after no. 13: add: (13a) Janamejaya asked Vaiśampāyana to tell him in details the different exploits done by Bhima on the Haimavata mountain (actually Gandhamādana 3. 157. 1) and whether he had to fight again with the Yakṣas (vistarena ca me samsa bhi masena-parākramam / yad yac cakre mahābāhus tasmin haimavate girau | na khalv āsit punar yuddham tasya yakṣair dvijottama | ) 3. 157. 3;

p. 493. 1, line 15, before (9): add:

(8a) Sarasvati returned to Haimavata mountain from Gangādvāra when Brahman, while performing a sacrifice, called her to that place (brahmanā yajatā punaḥ | samāhūtā yayau tatra punye haimavate girau) 9. 37. 26;

p. 499. 2: At the end of the entry Himavant, add:

L. Different persons, animals and objects referred to as related to Himavant:
(1) Son of Himavant, Arbuda: himavatsuta
3. 80. 74; (2) Born on the mountain Himavant (?) (f.) haimavati; (i) Wife of Kauśika
5. 115. 13; (ii) One of the wives of Kṛṣṇa (rukmiṇi ... haimavatity api) 16. 8. 71;
(3) People residing on Himavant mountain; haimavata (pl.) 2. 47. 19; (4) Rivers having their source on Himavant (f.): haimavati;
(i) The river Gangā 3. 107. 16; (ii) Sara-