Vasor dhara f.: Name of a tirtha.

One reaches there from the Dṛmī tīrtha (3. 80. 90-91); described as praised (by pilgrims) (abhistutā) 3. 80. 92; just by visiting it one gets the fruit of a horse sacrifice (gamanād eva tasyām hi hayamedham avāpnuyāt) 3. 80. 92; a plous minded person (prayatātmā), if he bathes there and gives offerings to gods and manes he is glorified in the Visnuloka (visnuloke mahiyate) 3. 80. 93.

Vasor dhara f.: Name of a heavenly river.

It flows from a place where the Gandharvas and the Apsarases live and where there are golden palaces (prāsādā yatra sauvarnāh ... gandharvāpsaraso yatra); those who give a thousand cows as a gift go to the place where Vasor dhārā flows 13. 79. 5 (Nī. on Bom. Ed. 13. 80. 5: vasor dhārā mandākinī). [See Mandākinī², Mandākinī³]

Vasvokasārā f.: Name of one of the seven streams of Gangā.

The divine Tripathagā (Gangā) river, after it was first established on the mountain Hiranyaśrnga, got divided into seven streams; one of them was Vasvokasārā (tatra (i.e. hiranyaśrnge) tripathagā devī prathamam tu pratisthitā | brāhmalokād apakrāntā saptadhā pratipadyate || vasvokasārā ...) 6. 7. 44-45, 40; one of the rivers seen by Mārkandeya in the belly of the Bāla (3. 186. 83, i.e. Nārāyaṇa 3. 187. 3) 3. 186. 94.

Vastrapada nt. : Name of a sacred place.

One can reach it from the river Malada; by visiting Vastrapada and by visiting Mahādeva (abhigamya mahādevam) one gets the fruit of an Asvamedha 3, 80, 108.

Vaka f. : Name of a river.

The forest Angāraparņa, belonging to Angāraparna Gandharva, was situated on the banks of Gangā and Vākā (angāraparnam iti ca khyātam vanam idam mama / anu gangām ca vākām ca) 1.158.13.

Vajinī f. : Name of a river.

Listed by Samjaya among the rivers of the Bhāratavarsa; people used its water for drinking 6. 10. 20, 13; all the rivers listed here are described as mothers of the universe and very strong 6. 10. 35 (for citation see Atikrṣnā).

Vāpī f. : Name of a river.

Listed by Samjaya among the rivers of the Bhāratavarsa; people used its water for drinking 6. 10. 19, 13; all the rivers listed here are described as mothers of the universe and very strong 6. 10. 35 (for citation see Atikrsnā).

Vamana1 nt.: Name of a sacred place.

Sacred to god Hari; one can reach it from Vatesvarapura; described as one that frees the visitor from all sins (sarvapāpapramocana); by worshipping god Hari there (abhivādya harim devam) one does not meet with miserable condition (na durgatim avāpnuyāt) 3. 82. 112.

Vamana², Vamanaka¹ m. : Name of a mountain.

One of the six mountains of the Kraunca-dvīpa; Vāmanaka lies beyond the Kraunca mountain and beyond Vāmana is Andha-kāraka (krauncāt paro vāmanako vāmanād andhakārakah) 6. 13. 17; the extent of each