Krīdú or krīļú, mfn. playing (Soma), RV. ix, 20, 7. - mát, mfn. id. (flames), x, 3, 5.

क्रोत krītá, &c. See Vkrī.

क्रीव krība, mfn. = klība, accord. to a gloss on KātyŚr. xv, 10, 18.

秀 kru. See mitra-krú.

क्रक krukta. See VI. kruñc.

क्रिंच 1. kruñc (Pān. iii, 2, 59), cl. 1. P. kruñcati, 'to curve or make crooked' or 'to be crooked, move crookedly,' Dhātup. vii, 4; 'to become small, shrink,' or 'to make small, lessen,' ib.; to go towards, approach, Vop.

Krukta, mfn. crooked, curved, W.

2. Krúñc, n, m. (Pān. iii, 2, 59) a kind of snipe, curlew, VS. xix, 73; TāndyaBr. xiii; Bhatt.; N. of a Rishi [Comm.], TāndyaBr. xiii; (cf. krauncá.)

Krúñca, as, m. a kind of snipe, curlew, VS. xxiv, 22 & 31; MaitrS.; Āp.; (=krauñca) N. of a mountain, L.; (au), m. du.?, VS. xxv, 6; (ā), f. (Pān.iv, 2, 91, Vārtt. 4, Pat.; g. ajādi; g. vyāghrādi, Gaņar. 108) a female snipe or curlew, L.; a kind of Vīṇā or lute, L. Kruñcā-mat, mfn., g. yavādi.

Kruncakīya, ās, m. pl. [Kāš.] or vā, f. (fr. kruncā, Pān. iv, 2, 91, Vārtt. 2), N. of a locality,

gana bilvakādi.

Dhātup. xxviii, 100; to be or become thick, Comm. on VS. xxv, 8; (cf. kradana, $\sqrt{k\bar{u}d}$, and $kr\bar{u}d$): Caus. or cl. 10. P. fr. $\sqrt{kr\bar{u}d}$, $kr\bar{u}dayati$, to make thick (?), Kāth. vi, 3 & 7.

कुद krud. See utkrodá.

I. krudh, cl. 4. P. krúdhyati (ep. rarely Ā. °te, MBh. i, 59, 21; (see also krudhyamāna); perf. cukrodha, SBr.; MBh. &c.; fut. 2nd krotsyati, Pāņ. viii, 2, 37, Kāš.; fut. 1st kroddhā, Pāņ. vii, 2, 10, Siddh.; aor. Subj. 2. sg. krudhas, AV.; MBh.; inf. kroddhum, Nal.), to become angry, be wrathful or angry with (dat. [Pāṇ. i, 4, 37] or gen.), on account of (loc.): Caus. krodháyati (aor. ácukrudhat, RV. v, 34, 7; Subj. 1. sg. cukrudham, 1. pl. °dhāma), to make angry, provoke, irritate, RV.; AV.; R. (inf. krodhayitum); [cf. Lith. rus-tus, 'angry;' rus-tybê, 'anger;' Gk. κότος; Germ. groll; Hib. corruidhe, 'anger, wrath, motion;' corruigh, 'fury, resentment.']

Kruddhá, mfn. irritated, provoked, angry with (dat., gen., loc., or upari or prati) on account of (acc. with anu, Bhaṭṭ.), RV.; AV.; TS.; SBr.; MBh. &c.; fierce, cruel, W.; (am), n. anger, W.

2. **Krudh**, t, f. anger, wrath, Kathās. lxxvi, 18 (instr. °dhā, 'in a passion'); (dhas), f. pl. anger, Rājat. iii, 514 (516 ed. Calc.)

Krudha, f. anger, L., Sch.

Krúdhmi, mfn. irritable, RV. vii, 56, 8.

Krudhyat, mfn. being angry, feeling provoked, Mn. vi, 48; MBh.

Krudhyamāna, mfn. id., BhP. vi, 4, 5. Kródha, as, m. anger, wrath, passion, VS. xxx, 14; AV.; SBr. &c.; (ifc.f. a) Amar.; Anger (personified as a child of Lobha and Nikriti; or of Death; or of Brahmā), VP.; N. of a Dānava, MBh. i, 2543; Hariv.; of the mystic syllable hum or hrum, Ramat-Up.; (a), f., N. of one of the thirteen daughters of Daksha and wife of Kasyapa, MBh.i, 2520; Hariv.; (ī), f. (in music) N. of a Sruti; (am), n., N. of the fifty-ninth year of the sixty years' Brihaspati cycle, VarBrS. - cakshus, n. an eye glowing with anger, Hit. - ja, mfn. proceeding from or engendered by wrath (as the eight vices, hatred, envy, oppression, violence, &c.), Mn. vii, 45-51. - bhairava, m. a form of Bhairava (or Siva), BrahmavP. -mantra, m., N. of a Mantra. -máya, mfn. one whose nature is anger, SBr. xiv; of angry disposition, passionate, R. vii, 65, 31. - mukha, $mf(\tilde{i})n$, one who has an angry countenance, Cān.; Subh. - murchita, mfn. infatuated with anger, passionate, MBh. iii, 1864; R. i, 1, 48; (as), m. a kind of perfume, L. - varjita, mfn. free from wrath, calm. - vardhana, m., N. of a Dānava, MBh. i, 2682; Hariy. - vasa, m. the power of anger, MBh. i, 3949 (cf. Mn. ii, 214); (mfn.) with gana, or (as, ās), m. sg. & pl. 'passionate,' N. of several kinds of evil spirits, MBh.; Hariv.; BhP.; (as), m., N. of a Rakshas, MBh. iii, 16365; xiii, 4291; (ä), f., N. of a daughter of Daksha and wife of Kasyapa, MBh.

i, 2624; Hariv.; R.; BhP.; -ga, mfn. subject to anger, Pañcat. - satru, m., N. of an Asura, MBh. i, 65, 35. - samanvita, mfn. filled with anger. - hantri, m., N. of an Asura, MBh. i, 2543 & 2682; Hariv. - hāsa, m. wrathful laughing, Bālar. Krodhânvita, mfn. wrathful, angry. Krodhâmarsha-jihma-bhrū, mfn. bending the brow with anger and impatience. Krodhêsvara, m. = krāthêsvo, q. v. Krodhôjjhita, mfn. free from wrath, composed, calm. Krodhôdana, m., v.l. for suddhôdo (q. v.), VP.

Krodhana, mf(ā) n. (Pāṇ. iii, 2, 151) inclined to wrath, passionate, angry (with loc., Yājñ. i, 333), MBh. &c.; m. (=krodha) the 59th year in the sixty years' Bṛihaspati cycle, Romakas.; N. of a son of Kausika and pupil of Garga, Hariv. 1189; of a son of A-yuta and father of Devâtithi, BhP. ix, 22, 11; of a man, Kathās. lviii, 84; of a Śākta author of Mantras; (ā), f. a passionate woman, vixen, L.; N. of one of the mothers in Skanda's retinue, MBh. ix, 2624; of a Yoginī, Hcat.; (am), n. 'the being angry, anger,' only ifc. sa-kro (q. v.)

Krodhaniya, mfn. anything which may produce anger, provocative, R. ii, 41, 3; (am), n. (hence)

an injury, W.

Krodhālu, mfn. passionate, violent, Sušr. vi.

Krodhin, mfn. id. iii, 4, 62; m. a buffalo, L.; a dog, L.; a rhinoceros, L.; the 38th year of the sixty years' Brihaspati cycle, VarBrS. viii, 41; Romakas.; (int), f. a mystical N. of the letter r. Krodhitva, n. the state of being passionate, R. vii, 18, 16. Krodhishtha, mfn. very irate or wrathful, L.

क्रन्य krunth, v.1. for /kunth, Dhātup.

gig krúmu, us, f., N. of a river (tributary of the Indus), RV. v, 53, 9 & x, 75, 6.

a piece of wood or match used to catch the sacrificial fire when kindled by friction, TS. v, 1, 9, 5; TBr. i, 4, 7, 3; ApSr. xiv, 24.

kruš, cl. I. P. króšati (rarely Ā., see krošamāna; aor. ákrukshat, RV.x, 146, 4; perf. cukroša, R.; fut. 2nd krokshyati and Ist kroshtā, Pān. vii, 2, 10, Siddh.), to cry out, shriek, yell, bawl, call out, halloo, RV.; AV.; MBh. &c.; to exclaim, R. i, 9, 59; to lament, weep, Mn.; MBh. &c.; to make a singing noise (as the ear), Kauš. 58: Intens. cokrušīti, Pān. vii, 4, 82, Sch.; [cf. Lith. klykiu, 'to cry; kryksztauju; Hib.cruisigh, 'music, song;' Lat. crocis, crocito; Gk. κρώζω, κράζω, κραγγή; Goth. krukja.]

Kruśvan, ā, m. 'crier,' a jackal, Un. iv, 115.
Krushta, mfn. calling or crying at (acc.), scolding, MBh. xiii, 2135; called at, abused, Buddh.; cried, wept, W.; cried aloud, bawled, W.; clamorous, loud (said of a particular Svara), SāmavBr. (also superl. -tama); TPrāt.; (am), n. crying, weeping, sobbing, noise, L.

Króża, as, m. (cf. klóża) a cry, yell, shriek, shout, VS.xxx, 19; TS. vii; (cf. karna-k°); 'the range of the voice in calling or hallooing,' a measure of distance (an Indian league, commonly called a Kos = 1000 Dandas = 4000 Hastas = ¼ Yojana; according to others = 2000 Dandas = 8000 Hastas = ½ Gavyūti), KātyŚr.; MBh. &c.; (ám), n. (gana jvalādi), N. of different Sāmans, TS. vii; Lāṭy.; ĀrshBr. = tāla, m. a large or double drum, L. = dhvani, m. id., L. = mātra-gata, mfn. gone to the length of a Kroša. = mātra-sthita, mfn. standing at the distance of a Kroša. = yuga, n. a measure of two Krošas (= 4000 yards or about 2½ miles; this seems to correspond to the modern Kroša [or Kos], but the standard varies).

Krósat, mfn. crying or calling at (acc.), R.V. x, 94. 4; lamenting, weeping, R. i, 54, 7; calling out. Krosaná, mfn. crying, R.V. x, 27, 18; (a), f., N. of one of the mothers in Skanda's retinue, MBh. ix, 2635; (am), n. crying, Sušr. iii, 9, 10.

Krošin. See ushtra-k° (also Pān. vi, 2, 80, Kāš.)
Krošin. See ushtra-k° (also Pān. vi, 2, 80, Kāš.)
Kroshţu (must form strong cases and may form weak cases from kroshtri, Gramm. 128. c; Pān. vii, 1, 95 & 97), m. 'crier,' a jackal, Yājñ. i, 148; N. of a son of Yadu and father of Vṛijinīvat, Hariv. 1906 & 1969. — karņa, N. of a locality, g. taksha-silādi. — pāda, m., N. of a man, and (ās), m. pl. his family, gaņa yaskādi. — pucchikā, f. Hemionitis cordifolia, L. — pucchī, f. id., L. — pha-

la, m. Terminalia Catappa, L. - māna, m., N. of a man, and (ās), m. pl. his family, gaņa yaskādi. - māya, m., N. of a man, and (ās), m. pl. his family, ib. (Gaṇar. 26). - vinnā, f. = -pucchikā, L.

Kroshtuka, as, m. a jackal, MBh.; 'N. of a man,' see kraushtuki; (i), f. 'a female jackal,' N. of a daughter of Krodha-vašā and mother of the yellow apes, R. iii, 20, 22 & 26. - pucchikā, f. = kroshtu-p°, L. - māna, v. l. for kroshtu-m°. - mekhalā, f. = -pucchikā, L. - siras, n. a disease of the knee, Sušr. ii, 1, 75; iii, 8, 14; iv, 5, 32.

Kroshṭṛi, mfn. crying, lamenting, BhP. x, 15, 36; (tā), m. (not used in the weakest cases, see kroshṭu; Pāṇ. vii, 1, 95 & 97) 'crier,' a jackal, RV. x, 18, 4; AV.; VS.; MBh.; N. of a son of Yadu and father of Vṛijinivaṭ; MBh. xiii, 6832; Hariv. 1843; BhP.; (ṭrī), f. (gaṇa gaurādi) the female of a jackal, L.; a kind of Convolvulus, L.; another plant (= lāngalī), L.

Kroshtrīya, ās, m. pl., N. of a school of grammarians, Pat. on Pān. i, 1, 3, Vārtt. 6.

क्रइ krūd. See Vkrud.

क्रा krūrá, mf(ā)n. (fr. kraví-s, cf. sthūrá & sthávira), wounded, hurt, sore, SBr.; 'bloody, raw,' cruel, fierce, ferocious, pitiless, harsh, formidable, AV.; TS. vi; Mn. &c.; inauspicious (as opposed to saumya and a-krūra, said of the first, third, fifth, seventh, ninth, and eleventh signs of the zodiac, which are supposed to have a malignant influence, Jyot.; said of planets, VarBrS.); hard, solid, Sušr.; Sak.; Pañcat.; strong (as a bow, opposed to manda), När.; hot, sharp, disagreeable, L.; (am), ind. in a formidable manner, MBh. iii, 15669; (as, am), m. n. boiled rice (cf. kūra), L.; (as), m. a hawk, L.; a heron, L.; red oleander = rakta-karavīra), L.; (\bar{a}) , f. a variety of Punarnavā with red blossoms, L.; (ám), n. a wound, sore, AV.; VS.; TS.; SBr.; blood-shedding, slaughter, cruelty, any horrible deed, harshness, AV.; AitBr. i, 26; Mn. i, 29 &c.; any frightful apparition, Adbh-Br.; a kind of house, Gal. - karmán, n. a bloody or terrible deed, SBr. v; Susr.; any hard or difficult labour, Sak. (v.l.); (mfn.) performing bloody or terrible deeds, fierce, cruel, unrelenting, MBh. iii, 13253; R.; Pañcat.; Vet.; (ā), m., N. of a plant = katu-tumbinī), L.; (krūra-karma)-krit, mfn. perpetrating cruel actions, W.; (t), m. a rapacious animal, Mn. xii, 58. - krikara, m. a heron, Gal. -krit, mfn. performing bloody or terrible deeds, cruel, TBr. i. - koshtha, m. costive bowels unaffected by strong purgatives; (mfn.) one whose bowels are costive, Suir. - gandha, m. smelling formidably, sulphur, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. a variety of Opuntia (=kanthari), L. - gandhaka, m. sulphur, Gal. - carita, mfn. addicted to cruel practices, cruel, ferocious. - ceshtita, mfn. id., Pañcat. - tā, f. cruelty, Mn. x, 58. - tva, n. id. - dantī, f. 'having bloody or cruel teeth,' N. of Durga, L. - dris, mfn. evil-eyed (said of an owl), Kathās. lxii, 27; of terrible aspect, mischievous, cruel; (k), m., N. of the planet Sani or Saturn; of the planet Mars; (krūra-drik)-patha, one whose path gives an inauspicious aspect,' m. the planet Saturn, Gal. - drishti, f. a formidable look or glance, Pancat. - dhurta, m. a kind of thorn-apple, L.; (cf. krishna-dattūraka.) - niscaya, $mf(\bar{a})n$, one who has made a cruel resolution, Ragh. xii, 4. - prakritika, mfn. of a cruel character, Prab. - buddhi, mfn. cruel-minded, MBh. i, 154, 7. - manasa, mfn. id., MBh. i, 200, 3. - rava, m. having an inauspicious or frightful cry, a jackal (?), W. - rāvin, m. a raven, L. - locana, m. 'of an inauspicious aspect,' N. of the planet Saturn, 'L.; N. of an owl, Kathās. lxii, 101. - samācāra, $mf(\bar{a})n$. behaving cruelly or fiercely, R. vi, 98, 23. - sarpa-vat, ind. like an enraged serpent, W. - svara, mfn. crying frightfully, R. iii, 64, 2. Krūrakriti, m. 'of a formidable appearance, N. of Rāvaṇa (the ruler of Lankā), L. Krūrâksha, m. 'evil-eyed,' N. of an owl (minister of the owl-king Ari-mardana), Pañcat. iii. Krūracāra, mfn. following cruel or savage practices, behaving cruelly, Mn. iv, 246; -vihāra-vat, mfn. behaving cruelly and rejoicing in cruelties, Mn. x, 9. Kruratman, m. 'of a cruel nature,' N. of the planet Saturn, L. Krūralāpin, m. = ra-rāvin (q.v.), Npr. Krūrasaya, mf(a)n. one whose bowels are torpid or costive, Suir.; containing fierce animals (as a river), Bhartr. i, 80; of a terrible or fierce