Gavya &c., gáv-yūti. See ib.

गह gah (cf. gabhá & √gāh), cl. 10. P. gahayati, to enter deeply into (acc.), Dhātup. xxxv, 84; (cf. \squanh.)

Gaha?, see dur-g. Gahadi, a Gana of Pan. (iv, 2, 138; Ganar. 317-321.)

Gáhana, mf(a)n. (g. kshubhnadi) deep, dense, thick, impervious, impenetrable, inexplicable, hard to be understood, MBh.; R. &c.; (a), f. ornament, DeviP.; (am), n. an abyss, depth ('water,' Naigh.; Nir.), RV. x, 129, 1; an inaccessible place, hidingplace, thicket, cave, wood, impenetrable darkness, i, 132, 6; SBr. xiv, 7, 2, 17; MBh. &c.; pain, distress, L.; a metre consisting of thirty-two syllables. -tva, n. density, Sāh. ii, \$ (ati-); impenetrability, MBh. ii, 2355. - vat, min. having hiding-places or thickets, W. Gahani-krita, mfn, made inaccessible, Kād. v, 1018.

Gahanāya, Nom. A. 'yate, 'to lie in wait for any one in a secret place,' to have treacherous intentions towards another, Pan. iii, 1, 14, Vartt.

Gahi, m. pl. N. of a family, Pravar. ii, 4, I. Gahīya, mfn. fr. ha, Pan. iv, 2, 138. Gahmán, m. (=gámbhan) depth, TBr. ii, 7, 7,6

(v.l. ganho).

Gáhvara, mf(ā, ī)n. (g. asmādi) deep, impervious, impenetrable, TS. v; Hariv.; BhP.; confused (in mind), Kathās. lxi, 39 & 41; m. an arbour, bower, L.; a cave, cavern, L.; (a), f. the plant Embelia Ribes, L.; (1), f. a cave, cavern, L.; the earth, Gal.; (am), n. 'an abyss, depth' ('water,' Naigh.; Nir.), see re-shthá; a hiding-place, thicket, wood, AV. xii, 2, 53; MBh.; R. &c.; an impenetrable secret, riddle, MBh. xiii, 1388; a deep sigh, L.; hypocrisy, L.; Abrus precatorius (?), L. Gahvari-bhüta, mfn. having become a desert or vacuity, Hariv. 11285. Gahvare-shthá, mfn. being at the bottom or lowest depths, VS. v, 8; xvi, 44; KathUp. ii.

Gahvarita, mfn. absorbed (in one's thoughts), MBh. ii, 2294.

11. gā, cl. 3. P. jígāti (RV.; jagāti, Naigh. ii, 14 (v. l.); Subj. jígāt; Impv. jígātu; aor. agāt; 3. pl. agan, BhP. i, 9, 40; Subj. [I. sg. gesham, see anu- & upa-], 2. sg. gas, 3. sg. gāt, 2. pl. gātá, 3. pl. gur; [perf. jigāya, see ud-], perf. Pot. jagāyāt [Naigh. ii, 14], RV. x, 28, I; inf. gatave, RV. iii, 3, I; in Class. Sanskrit only the aor. P. agat occurs, for A. see adhi-; aor. Pass. agāyi, agāsātām, Kās. on Pān. ii, 4, 45 & 77; cl. 2. P. gati, Naigh. ii, 14; A. gate, Dhatup. xx, 53) to go, go towards, come, approach (with acc. or loc.), RV.; AV. &c.; to go after, pursue, RV. iv, 3, 13; x, 18, 4; to fall to one's (dat.) share, be one's (acc.) due, viii, 45, 32; Ragh. xi, 73; to come into any state or condition (acc.), undergo, obtain, MBh. iii, 10697; R. &c.; to go away (from, abl.; to any place, loc.), RV. x, 108, 9; to come to an end, Naish. viii, 109; to walk (on a path, acc. or instr.), RV. viii, 2, 39 & 5, 39; (jigāti) to be born, Vop. on Dhatup. xxv, 25: Desid. jigīshati, to desire to go, BhP. ii, 10, 25; [cf. βίβημι, ἔβην; Old Germ. gām, gās, &c.; Goth. ga-tvo; Eng. to go.]

2. Ga, mfn. Ved. ifc. 'going' (cf. a-gā; agre-, tamo-, puro-, samana- & svasti-ga), Pan. iii, 2, 67.

I. Gātú, us, m. going, motion, unimpeded motion, RV.; AV. x, 2, 12; way, course, egress, access, RV. (rarely f., i, 136, 2 & v, 32, 10); AV. xiii; VS. ii, 21; progress, increase, welfare, RV.; AV. ii; SBr. i; free space for moving, place or abode ('earth,' Naigh.), RV.; AV. x, xiii; (for gatave see s. v. VI. gā; cf. árishta-go, turá-go, su-go.) - mát, mfn. spacious, commodious ('having good moving-space,' Gmn.), RV. vii, 54, 3. - vid, mfn. clearing the way for unimpeded motion or progress, finding or opening a way, promoting welfare, RV. i; iii, 62, 13; viii f.; AV. vii, xi; xiii, 2, 43.

Gātuya, Nom. P. (Impv. 2. sg. vā: pr. p. vát; 3. pl. gātūyánti, Pada-p. gātuy) to wish to obtain or to procure free progress, RV. i, 52, 8 & 169, 5;

viii, 16, 12.

Gatra, n. instrument of moving, a limb or member of the body, RV.; AV.&c. (ifc. a [MBh. ix; Pañcat. ii, 4, 2] or ī [Mricch. i, 21; Sak.; Kum. &c.], cf. Pān. iv, 1, 54, Kāš.); the body, Mn. iv, 122; 169; Nal. &c.; the forequarter of an elephant (cf. gatravara), L.; (a), f. id., L.; the earth, Naigh. i, I; (as), m., N. of a son of Vasishtha, VP, i, 10, 13; VayuP.; mfn. = -yuta, L. - kampa, m. trembling of the body,

YogasUp. I. - karsana, mfn. emaciating the body, W. - gupta, m., N. of a son of Krishna and Lakshmana, Hariv. 9189. - bhanga, m. = -bhanjana, Kām. v, 23; Sāh. iii, 158; (ā), f. a kind of cowach, L. - bhanjana, n. stretching one's limbs (as in sleepiness), HansUp. -mārjanī, f. 'limb-rubber,' a towel, W. - yashti, f. (in Prakrit gaya-latthi, Jain.) a thin or slender body, Ragh. vi, 81; Kād. iv, 119; ifc. i [v, 799; Ritus. iii, 1] or ī [iv, vi]. -yuta, mfn. large, L. -ruha, n. growing on the body,' the hairs on the body, BhP. ii, 3, 24 (cf. anga-r°). - lata, f. = -yashti, BrahmaP. - vat, mfn. having a handsome body, R. (B) ii, 98, 24 (v. l.); m., N. of a son of Krishna and Lakshmana, Hariv. 9189; VP. v, 32, 4; BhP. x, 61, 15; (ti), f., N. of a daughter of Krishna and Lakshmana, Hariv. 9190. - vinda, m., N. of a son of Krishna and Lakshmana, 9189. - veshtana, n. spasmodic sensation, Car. vi, 27. - vairupya-ta, f. deformity of the limbs, MBh. iii, 2803. - soshana, mfn. consuming the body (as grief), MBh. xii, 900, - samkocani, f. 'contracting its body,' a hedgehog, VS. xxiv, 36, Sch. - samkocin, m. id., L. - samplava, m. 'body-diver,' the bird Pelicanus fusicollis, L.; (cf. playa.) - sparsa, m. contact of the limbs, W. Gātrânulepanī, f. fragrant unguents &c. smeared upon the body, perfume for the person, L. Gatravara, in comp., the fore and hindquarter of an elephant, MBh. vi, 54, 57. Gatravarana, n. 'body-covering,' a shield, vii, 79. Gātrôtsādana, n. cleaning the person with perfumes, Mn. ii, 211.

Gätraka, am, n. the body, Vikr.; (ikā), f. 'a

girdle (?), see s. v.

Gatraya, Nom. A. 'yate, 'to be loosened' or to loosen, Dhatup. xxxv, 82 (Vop.)

Gātrikā, f. of 'traka. - granthi, m. a particular knot, Hcar. i, 59. - bandha, m. a girdle (?), L. I. Gaya. See uru-go.

π 3. gā, mfn. (√gai) ifc. 'singing,' see sāma-gā; (ā), f., see s. v. 3. ga.

Gātavya, mfn. to be sung, Nyāyam. (i, ix), Sch. 2. Gātú, m. a song, RV.; a singer (i, 100, 4?), Un. i, 73; a Gandharva or celestial chorister, ib.; the male Koïl or Indian cuckoo, ib.; a bee, ib.; N. of a descendant of Atri (author of RV. v, 32), R-Anukr.; mfn. angry, wrathful, L.

Gātri, m. a singer, ChUp. i, 6, 8; Hariv. 3051; R. vii, 94, 9; (=gātú) a Gandharva, L.; the male Koil, L.; a bee, L.; an angry man, L.; N. of a man

with the patr. Gautama, VBr. ii, 2.

Gāthá, as, m. a song, RV. i, 167, 6 & ix, 11, 4; SV.; (gāthā), f. id., RV.; a verse, stanza (especially one which is neither Ric, nor Saman, nor Yajus, a verse not belonging to the Vedas, but to the epic poetry of legends or Akhyanas, such as the Sunahsepa-Akhyāna or the Suparn.), AV.; TS.; TBr.; SBr. &c.; the metrical part of a Sütra, Buddh.; N. of the Arya metre; any metre not enumerated in the regular treatises on prosody; (cf. rig-gāthā, riju-gātha, yajña-gāthā.) - pati (°thá-), m. lord of songs, RV. i, 43, 4. - sravas (°thá-), mfn. famous through (epic) songs (Indra), viii, 2, 38.

Gāthaka, as, m. (Pān. iii, 1, 146) a singer (chanter of the Purāṇas), Pāṇ. i, 1, 34, Kās.; Rājat. vii, 934; (ikā), f. an epic song, Yājñ. i, 45; MBh. iii, 85, 30; Ratnav. ii, 5.

Gāthā, f. of 'thá, q. v. - kāra, m. author of (epic) songs or verses, Pan. iii, 2, 23; a singer, reciter, W. - nārāsansī, f. du. epic songs and particularly those in praise of men or heroes, MaitrS. i, 11, 5; f. pl., id., SBr. xi, 5, 6, 8; (cf. nārāsansi.) - ni, mfn. leading a song or a choir, RV. i, 190, I & viii, 92, 2. Gathantara, m., N. of the fourth Kalpa or period of the world.

Gāthi (in comp. for othin, q. v.) -ja, m. 'Gāthin's son,' N. of Visvā-mitra, Brih., Sch.

Gāthikā, f. of 'thaka, q. v.

Gāthin, mfn. familiar with songs, singer, RV. i, 7, 1; MBh. ii, 1450; (i), m. (Pan. vi, 4, 165) N. of Visvā-mitra's father (son of Kušika), RAnukr.; (inas), m. pl. the descendants of Gathin, AitBr. vii, 18 (v. l.); (inī), f., N. of a metre (containing 12+ 18 + 12 + 20 or 32 + 29 syllabic instants.

Gāthina, m. (Pān. vi, 4, 165) patr. fr. Gāthin, RAnukr.; AitBr. vii, 18; AsvSr. xii, 14, 6; Pravar. Gadhi, m. for odhin, MBh. iii, ix, xii f.; Hariv.; Pān. iv, I, 104, Pat.; R.; BhP.; m. pl. the descendants of Gādhi, ix, 16, 32. - ja, m. = gāthi-ja, Mn. vii, 42; R. i. - nagara, n. 'Gādhi's city,' N. of

Kanyakubja. - nandana, m. = -ja, R. i. - putra, m. id., i, iii. - pura, n. = -nagara, Bālar. x, 88; Rājat. iv. - bhū, m. = -ja, L. - sūnu, m. id., Brih. Gādhin, m. (= gāthin) N. of Višvā-mitra's father (king of Kānyakubja), MBh. i, iii; R. i, 20, 5. Gādheya, m. patr. of Visvā-mitra, Hariv. 1766; R. i; (ī), f. patr. of Satyavatī, MBh. xiii, 242.

Gāna, n. singing, song, KātySr.; Lāty. i, vii; Hariv. 11793; Sis. ix, 54; a sound, L.; (cf. aranya-, ūha-, ūhya-.) - cchalā, f., N. of a section of the Samaveda-cchala. - bandhu, m. 'friend of songs,' N. of an interlocutor in a work imitative of the R. - vidya, f. the science of vocal music, W.

Gāninī, f. Orris root (vacā, a medicinal plant, supposed to be of use in clearing the voice), L.

Gānīya, mfn. musical, W.; n. a song, R. i, 3, 70. I. Gantu, m, for gatu, a singer, Un. vr. Gaman. See dyumad-g.

2. Gāya, n. 'a song,' see uttama-, sāma-.

Gāyaka, mfn. one who sings, W.; m. a singer, MBh, xii, xiv; R.; BhP. iii, x; Bhartr.; (i), f. a female singer (one of the 8 Akulas with Sāktas).

Gayat, mfn. pr. p. Vgai, q. v.; (antī), f., N.

of Gaya's wife, BhP. v, 15, 2.

Gāyatrá, m. n. a song, hymn, RV.; VS. xi, 8; ChUp. ii, II, I; n. a hymn composed in the Gayatrī metre, RV.; the Gāyatrī metre, VP. i, 5, 52; N. of a Sāman, SBr. ix; KātySr.; mf(ī)n. consisting in or connected with the Gayatri, formed in accordance with the Gayatri (e, g. in accordance with the number of syllables of a Gayatri verse), VS.; TS. &c.; with vrata, = brahma-carya, BhP. x, 45, 29; (i), f, an ancient metre of twentyfour syllables (variously arranged, but generally as a triplet of eight syllables each), any hymn composed in the Gayatri metre, RV. x, 14; 16 & 130, 4; VS.; AV. &c.; the Gayatri (i.e. RV. iii, 62, 10: tát savitúr várenyam bhárgo devásya dhīmahi dhiyo yo nah pracodayat, SBr. xiv; Sankh-Gr.; MBh. &c.; this is a very sacred verse repeated by every Brahman at his morning and evening devotions; from being addressed to Savitri or the Sun as generator, it is also called Savitri; cf. RTL. pp. 19; 342; 361; 403; the Gayatri verse is personified as a goddess, the wife of Brahma and mother of the four Vedas, Hariv. 11666 ff.; it is often mentioned in connection with the Amrita, both together constituting as it were the essence and type of sacred hymns in general, AV.; the Gayatri personified is also considered as the mother of the first three classes in their capacity of twice-born, W.; cf. RTL. pp. 200 f.; some other verse [perhaps RV. x, 9, 1] is denoted by Gāyatrī, Sušr. vi, 28, 7; with Tāntrikas a number of mystical verses are called Gāyatrīs, and each deity has one in particular); N. of Durgā, MatsyaP.; Kathās. liii, 172; Acacia Catechu, L. - kakubha, mfn. consisting of metres Gāyatrī and Kakubh (as a Pragātha), RPrāt. xviii, 5. - cchandas (°trá-), mfn. one to whom the Gāyatrī metre belongs or to whom it is sacred, relating to it, AV, vi, 48, 1; MaitrS, ii, 3, 3; VS. &c.; n. a Gāyatrī metre, Lāty. iii, 1, 28; (cf. Vait. xix, 16.) - pārsva, n. 'Gāyatrī-sided,' N. of a Sāman, TāndyaBr.; Lāty. - bārhata, mfn. consisting of the metres Gāyatrī and Brihatī (as a Pragātha), R-Prät. xviii. - vartani (°trá-), mfn. moving in Gäyatrī measures, RV. viii, 38, 6; VS. xi, 8. - vepas (°trá-), mfn. (cf. gāthá-sravas) inspired by (epic) songs (Indra), RV. i, 142, 12 & viii, I, 10.

I. Gayatri, metrically for otrī, Hariv. 11516. 2. Gāyatri, in comp. for 'trin, q. v. - sāra, m. Catechu (Terra japonica), Suir. vi, 41, 50 & 52, 22.

Gāyatrín, m. one who sings hymns, RV. i, 10,

I (MBh. xii, 10352); (=°trī) Acacia Catechu, L. Gāyatrī, f. of trá, q. v. - kāram, ind. p. so as to change into Gāyatrī verses, AsvSr. - pancanga, -panjara, -purascarana, -bhāshya, n., N. of works on the Gayatri. - mantra, m. prayers connected with the Gayatri. - yaman, mf(mni)n. approaching with Gayatri verses, ApSr. - rahasya, n., N. of a work on the Gayatri. - vallabha, m. 'friend of Gāyatrī,' N. of Siva. - sāman, n., N. of several Samans (recited in the Gayatri metre), Lāty.i, vi f. Gāyatry-āsita, n., N. of a Sāman.

Gāyatrya, mfn. said of a kind of Soma, Sušr. iv. Gāyana, as, m. (Pān. iii, I, 147) a singer, praiser, MBh. i, iii, v, xiii; R. i; Rājat.; a talker, L.; N. of an attendant in Skanda's retinue, MBh. ix, 2569; (i), f. a female singer, Pān. iii, I, 147;