occupied; (am), n. an embrace, Megh. - vat, mfn. one who has embraced.

Alingin, mfn. embracing; (\bar{i}), m. a small drum shaped like a barleycorn and carried upon the breast, L.

I. A-lingya, mfn. to be embraced; (as), m. a kind of drum, L.

2. A-lingya, ind. p. having embraced.

Alingyayana, as, m. [?], N. of a village or town, (gana varanadi on Pan. iv, 2, 82.)

आि इंदि āliñjara, as, m.a large clay waterjar, L.; (cf. aliñjara.)

भातिनद ālinda, as, m. a terrace before a house, a raised place or terrace for sleeping upon, L.; (cf. alinda.)

besmear, anoint, SBr.; Hariv.; Susr.; MBh.; BhP.; Kathās. &c.: Caus. -limpayati and -lepayati, to besmear, anoint, Kaus.; Susr.

A-lipta, mfn. anointed, smeared, plastered,

Mricch.; Kathās. &c.

A-lipya, ind. p. having besmeared or anointed, MBh.; Kathās. &c.

A-limpana, am, n. whitening or painting (the floor, wall &c. on festal occasions), L.

A-lepa, as, m. the act of smearing, plastering, anointing; liniment; ointment, Suir.; Kathās.

A-lepana, am, n. smearing, plastering, anointing; liniment; ointment, Suir.; BhP.

आतिह ā-√lih, P. -lihati, to apply the tongue to; to lick, lap, BhP.: Intens. (p.-lelihāna) to lick up (as fire), BhP. v, 6, 9.

A-1īdha, mfn. licked, lapped by the tongue; licked up, eaten, R.; MBh.; Ragh.; scraped, polished; (as), m., N. of a man, (gana subhrādi, Pān. iv, 1, 123); (am), n. a particular attitude in shooting (the right knee advanced, the left leg drawn back), Comm. on Kum.; Ragh.

Ālīdheya, as, m. (Pān. iv, 1, 123) a descendant of Ālīdha.

भारती \bar{a} - $\sqrt{l\bar{\imath}}$, \bar{A} . -liyate, to come close to; to settle down upon; to stoop, crouch, MBh.; Hariv.; Ragh. &c.

A-laya, as, m. and am, n. a house, dwelling; a receptacle, asylum, R.; Yājñ.; Kathās. &c.; (often ifc., e. g. himâlaya, 'the abode of snow.')

A-līna, mfn. having come close to, Kathās.; Hariv.; Ragh.; dwelling or abiding in, Kathās.; crouched, stooped, MBh.; R.

Alīnaka, am, n. tin, (from its close adherence to other metals?), L.

an owl, L.; ebony, black ebony, L.; (us and ūs), f. a pitcher, a small water-jar, L.; (u), n. a raft, a float; an esculent root, Arum Campanulatum, L.; (in modern dialects applied to the yam, potatoe, &c.)

Aluka, as, m. a kind of ebony, L.; N. of Sesha (the chief of the Nāgas or serpent race); (\bar{i}) , f. a species of root, Bhpr.; (am), n. a particular fruit $(=\bar{a}ruka, q.v.)$, L.; the esculent root of Amorphophallus Campanulatus.

आलुच् ā-√luñc, P. -luñcati, to tear in pieces, Sušr.

A-luncana, am, n. tearing in pieces, rending, Mricch.

आलुइ ā-√luḍ, Caus. P. -loḍayati, to stir

up, mix; to agitate.

A-lodana, am, n. mixing, blending, Susr.; stir-

ring, shaking, agitating.

A-lodita, mfn. stirred up, mixed, blended;

shaken, agitated, Sušr.; R.

Ā-lodya, ind. p. having stirred up or mixed; having agitated, AšvGr.; MBh.; R.; Sušr. &c.

आलुप ā-√lup, P.-lumpati, to tear out or asunder; to dissolve, separate, AV.; SBr.; KātyŚr.; AitBr.: Pass. -lupyate, to be interrupted, Megh.

A-lopa, as, m. a morsel, bit, L.

आलुभ ā-√lubh, P. -lubhyati, to become disturbed or disordered, SBr.: Desid. of Caus. (Subj. 3. sg. -lulobhayishāt) to wish to disturb or trouble.

आलु लित ā-lulita, mfn. (√lul), a little moved or agitated, Mālav.

A-lola, mfn. moving gently; trembling slightly; rolling (as an eye), Amar.; Megh.; Šiš.; Kathās.; Kir.; (as), m. trembling, agitation; swinging, rocking.

A-lolita, mfn. a little shaken or agitated.

आलू ā-√lū, P.-lunāti, to cut, cut off; to pluck off.

A-lava, as, m. stubble, Comm. on TS.

A-lūna, mfn. cut off, Kum.

भालेखन ā-lekhana. See ā-√likh.

ञालेश \bar{a} -lesá, as, m. ($\sqrt{li\dot{s}}$ = $\sqrt{ri\dot{s}}$), grazing, TS. v, 1, 5, 9.

Sāh.; Kathās.; to descry, behold, Bhatt.: Caus. -lo-kayati, to see, look at or upon, MBh.; Hariv.; Kathās.; Ragh.; Šak. &c.; to consider; to prove, R.; Mn. &c.; to descry, behold, perceive; to know, MBh.; R.; Hit.; Pañcat. &c.

A-loka, as, m. looking, seeing, beholding; sight, aspect, vision, Kathās.; Megh.; Mricch.; Sak.; Ragh. &c.; light, lustre, splendour; glimmer, R.; MBh.; flattery, praise, complimentary language; panegyric, Ragh.; section, chapter; N. of a work. - kara, mfn. spreading or causing light, VarBrS. - gadā-dharī, f., N. of a commentary on the above work called Aloka. - patha, m. and -mārga, m. line of sight, range of vision, Ragh. - vat, mfn. having light or lustre.

Alokaka, as, m. a spectator, Naish.

A-lokana, mfn. looking at; contemplating; (am), n. seeing, looking; sight, beholding, Yājñ.; Ragh.; Kum.; Kathās.; Sāh. &c.

A-lokanīya, mfn. to be looked at; visible; to be considered, regarded, R. - tā, f. the state or condition of being visible, Kum.

A-lokita, mfn. seen, beheld.

A-lokin, mfn. seeing, beholding; contemplating, Bhartr.; Kathās.

A-lokya, ind. p. having seen or looked at, beholding.

flect upon: Caus. P. A. -locate, to consider, reflect upon: Caus. P. A. -locayati, -te, to make visible, show, MBh.; to behold, view, perceive; to consider, reflect, MBh.; MārkP.; Kathās.; Hit. &c.

A-locaka, mfn. causing to see, Suir.

A-locana, am, n. seeing, perceiving, Pān.; (ā, am), f. n. considering, reflecting, reflection, R.; Sāh.

Ā-locanīya and I. ā-locya, mfn. to be considered or reflected upon, Vedāntas.

A-locita, mfn. considered, reflected upon, Ka-thās.; Hit.; Pañcat.

2. A-locya, ind. p. having considered, reflecting, MārkP.; Hit.; Kathās. &c.

आलोशी āloshṭī, ind. hurting (?), gaṇa ūryādi, Pāṇ. i, 4, 61.

आलोहवत ā-lohavat, mfn. a little reddish, AsvGr. iv, 8, 6.

Ā-lohita, mfn. reddish, Kathās. - ~ī-√kṛi, to make reddish, Kād.

आलोहायन ālohāyana, as, m. (gaṇa naḍâdi, Pāṇ. iv, I, 99), a descendant of Aloha.

স্থান্তান ā-lola. See above.

भाव āvá, the base of the dual cases of the pronoun of the 1st person; Nom. Acc. āvām (Ved. āvām); Inst. Dat. Abl. āvābhyām (Ved. Abl. also āvát); Gen. Loc. āváyos.

सावच \bar{a} - \sqrt{vac} , \bar{A} . (aor. 1. sg. \bar{a} -voce, RV. vii, 32, 2) to address, invoke.

őkta (á-ukta), mfn. addressed, invoked, RV. i, 63, 9.

आवज्र ā-√vañc, Pass. (Impv.2.sg. å-vacya-sva) to gush or flow towards or near, RV. ix, 2, 2, &c.

आवरिक āvaṭika, ās, m. pl., N. of a school.

आवट्य āvaṭya (fr. avaṭa, gaṇa gargâdi, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 105), as, m., ā (Pāṇ. iv, 1, 75) and avaṭyā-yanī (Pāṇ. iv, 1, 17), f. a descendant of Avaṭa.

आवत् ā-vát, f. proximity, AV. v, 30, 1 (opposed to parā-vat).

आवत्सरम् ā-vatsaram, ind. for a year, during a year, MārkP.

A-vatsarântam, ind. to the end of the year, Kathās.

आवद् ā- \vad, P. -vadati, to speak to, address; to shout out; to invoke, celebrate, RV.; AV.; VS.; SBr.

आवदानिक āvadānika, mfn. (fr. ava-dāna), offered after being divided into pieces, Vait.

आवध् ā-vadh, P. (aor. 3. sg. avadhīt, RV. viii, 72, 4 & viii, 75, 9) to shatter, crush.

आवन् \bar{a} - \sqrt{van} , \bar{A} . (2. sg. \hat{a} -vanase, RV. i, 140, II; pf. 3. sg. \hat{a} -vavne, RV. v, 74, 7; aor. 3. sg. - \hat{a} vanishīshṭa, RV. i, 127, 7) to wish, desire, crave for; to procure.

आवनतीय āvanatīya,mfn.(fr.ava-nata,gaņa krišāšvādi, Pāņ. iv, 2, 80.)

आवनेय āvaneya, as, m. (fr. avani), son of the earth, N. of the planet Mars.

आवन āvanta, as, m. (fr. avanti), a king of Avanti (the district of Oujein), VarBrS.; N. of a son of Dhrishta, Hariv., (cf. avanta); (i), f. the language of Avanti.

Avanti; (ās), m. pl. the inhabitants of Avanti, VarBrS.

Avantika, mfn. belonging to or coming from Avanti, VarBrS.; (ās), m., N. of a Buddhist school; (ā), f., N. of a woman, Kathās.

Avantya, mfn. coming from or being in the country Avanti, Sušr.; (as), m. a king or inhabitant of Avanti, MBh.; Hariv.; (according to Manu x, 21 the Avantyas are offsprings of degraded Brāhmans.)

आवन्दन ā-vandana, am, n. (√vand), salute, L.

scatter into; to mix with; to put together, AV.; SBr.; KātyŚr.; ĀśvGr.; MārkP.; to insert, AitBr.; SBr.; Lāty. &c.; to pour out; to fill up, VarBrS.; to present, afford, supply; to offer, MBh.: Caus. P. -vāpayati, to mix with, Sušr.; to comb, smooth; to shave, MBh.

A-vápana, am, n. the act of sowing, throwing, scattering, placing upon, SBr.; KātyŚr.; Gaut.; instilling, inserting, SBr.; KātyŚr.; capacity, MBh.; a vessel, jar, ewer, MaitrS.; BhP.; sowing seed, weaving, L.; a hempen cloth, L.; (v), f. a vessel, jar, AV. xii, I, 61.

Ā-vapantaka, mf(ikā)n. scattering, AV. xii, 2, 63.

A-vāpa, as, m. scattering, throwing; sowing seed, MBh.; Comm. on Yājñ.; insertion, Sulb.; casting, directing; (in med.) throwing additional ingredients into any mixture in course of preparation; mixing, inserting; setting out or arranging vessels, jars, &c., L.; a kind of drink, L.; a bracelet, L.; a basin for water round the root of a tree, L.; uneven ground, L.; hostile purpose, intention of going to war, Sāh.; Šiš. &c.; a vessel; principal oblation to fire, Gobh.

Avapaka, as, m. a bracelet of gold &c., L.

A-vapana, am, n. a loom, an implement for weaving; a reel or frame for winding thread, L.

Avāpika, mfn. additional, inserted, supplementary, Nir.

आवभृत्य āvabhritya, as, m. a king of Avabhriti; (ās), m. pl., N. of a dynasty of kings, BhP.

आवभृष āvabhritha, mfn. belonging to Avabhritha, q. v., BhP.

भावय āvayá, am, n. (fr. 2. a-vī, cf. āvi), pangs of childbirth, painful childbirth (?), AV. viii, 6, 26; (as), m. arrival, T.; one who arrives, T.; N. of a country, L.

Avayaka, mfn. belonging to the country Avaya, L.

धाव यस \acute{a} -vayas, $\~{a}s$, m. perhaps 'the youthful one' (cf. abhi-vayas), RV. i, 162, 5.

आवयास् āvayās, m. (f.?) pl. water, Nigh. i, 12.

आवरक ā-varaka, &c. See 1. ā-√vri. आवरसमक āvarasamaka, mfn. (fr. avara-