beings (Jain.) A-nati, f. bending, bowing, stooping, VS.; Kathās.; submission, obedience, inferiority, Comm. on KātyŠr. &c.; contentedness, T.; saluting, L.

luted reverently. - ja, as, m. pl. a class of divine

A-nama, as, m. bending, stretching (a bow), L.;

ifc. to be bent (cf. dur°).

A-namana, am, $n = \bar{a}$ -nati, q. v., T. A-námam. See under ā-\nam.

A-namita and a-namita, mfn. (p. of Caus.) bent or bowed down, caused to bend, Bhartr.; Mālav.

I. A-namya and a-namya, mfn. to be bent. 2. A-namya and a-natya, ind. p. having bent. I. A-namra, mfn. bent; propitious.

A-nāmana, am, n. propitiation, gaining (a god's) favour, conciliation.

आनम 2. ā-namra, mfn. a little bent.

स्थानय ā-naya, &c. See under ā-\nī.

ञ्चानते ā-narta, &c. See under ā-√nrit.

ञ्चान्यक्प ānarthakya,am, n.(fr.an-arthaka), uselessness, unprofitableness, KātyŚr.; Pāņ. &c.; unfitness, impropriety, L.

ञ्चानदे ā-√nard, to roar.

A-nardam, ind. p. roaring, MBh.

A-nardita, am, n. roaring, R.

आनल ānala, am, n. (fr. anala), belonging to Agni,' N. of the constellation Krittika, VarBrS.

आनलिव ānalavi, is, m., N. of a man.

ञ्चानव anava, mf(i)n.(fr. 2.anu, BRD.), kind to men, RV.; humane, ib.; a foreign man, RV. vii, 18, 13 (according to T. [fr. anu = man], 'belonging to living men').

ञ्चानव्य anavya, mfn. = anava, T.

आनस ānasá, mfn. (fr. anas), belonging to a waggon, SBr.; belonging to a father, T.

ञ्चानह ā-√nah, P. (Impv. 2. sg. ā-nahya) to bind to or on, AV. vi, 67, 3; MBh.: A. -nahyate, to be stopped up, become stopped, Suir.

A-naddha, mfn. bound to or on, bound, tied, MBh.; costive, Susr.; (am), n. a drum in general, L.; putting on clothes or ornaments, L. -tva, n. state of being bound, obstruction. - vasti-ta, f. suppression of urine; state of having the bladder obstructed.

A-nāha, as, m. epistasis, suppression of urine; constipation, Suir.; MBh.; length, L.

Anāhika, mf(z)n. to be used in epistasis, Sušr.

खानाकरथवत्मन् ā-nāka-ratha-vartman, mfn. one the path of whose chariot, reaches to the sky, Ragh. i, 5.

खानाथ्य anathya, am, n. (fr. a-natha), state of being unprotected or without a guardian, orphanage, Kathās.

स्नानिचेय āniceya, mf(ī[Pāṇ. iv, 1, 73])n. (according to T. [fr. ā-ni-\ci], to be gathered from every side; more probably) a descendant of Aniceya [NBD.], L.

आनिइय āniñjya, am, n. (fr. an with √iñj), immovableness,

स्रानिधन ānidhana, am, n. (scil. sāman) N. of a Saman.

आनिधय ānidheya, mf(ī[Pāṇ. iv, 1, 73])n. a descendant of A-nidheya [NBD.], L.

आनिहड़ āniruddha, as, m. a descendant of A-niruddha, L.

आनिहेत anirhata, mf(i)n. (fr. a-nirhata), of indestructible nature, SBr.; VS.; (ās), m. pl., N. of a class of principal gods [T.]

आनिल ānila, mf(ī)n. (fr. anila), proceeding from or produced by wind, windy, L.; belonging to Vāyu or Anila, T.; (as), m., N. of Hanumat; of Bhima, L.; (i), f. and (am), n., N. of the constellation Svāti.

Anili, is, m. 'a descendant of Anila;' N. of Hanumat; of Bhīma, L.

आनिशम् ä-nisam, ind. till night.

आनी ā-√nī, P.-nayati (I. pl. ā-nayāmasi, AV. v, 25, 8; Impv. 2. sg. ā-naya, 3. sg. ā-nayatu;

pf. ā-nināya, AV. v, 17, 2, and ā-nināya, RV. viii, 21, 9; inf. -netavai, SBr. ii, 1, 14, 16), A. (1. sg. -naye, R.) to lead towards or near; to bring, carry to a place (acc. or loc.); to fetch, RV.; AV.; SV.; SBr.; MBh.; R.; Sak. &c.; (perf. periphr. -nayāmāsa, MBh. iii, 2282) to cause to bring or fetch; to bring back or take back, MBh.; R.; to pour in, mix in, RV.; VS.; SBr. &c.; to bring any one to, reduce to any state, MBh.; to deduce, calculate; to use, employ, prove: Caus. P. -nayayati, to cause to be brought or fetched or led near, MBh.; R.; Ragh.; Kathās. &c.: Desid. -ninīshati, to intend or wish to bring near, BhP. x, 89, 42.

A-naya, as, m. leading to, T.; leading to a teacher =upanayana, q. v.), L.

A-nayana, am, n. bringing, leading near, VP.; KătySr.; MBh.; R. &c.; producing, working; calculating.

A-nayitavya, mfn. to be brought or led near, MBh.; to be calculated, Comm. on VarBr.

A-nāya, as. m. a fisherman's net, Pan. Anāyāya, Nom. A. (-nāyāyate) to become a

net, form or represent a net. Anāyin, i, m. a fisherman, fisher, Ragh.

I. A-nayya, mfn. to be brought near; (as), m. consecrated fire (taken from the Garhapatya or household fire, and placed on the south side, where it is called dakshinagni, q. v.)

2. A-nāyya, ind. p. (of the Caus.) having caused to be brought, having caused to be introduced, having brought together.

A-nīta, mfn. taken, brought near, &c.

A-nīti, is, f. the act of leading near, R. A-netavai. See under ā- \nī.

A-netavya, mfn. = $I.\bar{a}$ -nāyya, q. v.

A-netri, mfn. one who leads or brings near, a bringer, bringing, Kathas.

आनीकवत anikavata, mfn. (fr. anikavat [=Agni]), relating to Agni, Comm. on KātySr.

आनोल ā-nīla, mf(ā)n. darkish, Ragh.; Vikr.; slightly dark or blue; (as), m. a black horse, L.; (i), f. a black mare, T.; tin, L.

आनु 1. ā-√1. nu, Ā. (aor. 3. pl. änūshata, RV. i, 151, 6 & ix, 65, 14) to sound, roar towards or near; (p. -nuvāna, Bhatt.) to cry; to twitter (as birds): Intens. (ā-navinot, RV. vii, 87, 2) to roar towards.

आनु 2. ānu, mfn. (fr. 12. an), living, human, T

आनुकाल्पक ānukalpika, mfn.(fr.anu-kalpa, q.v., gana ukthadi, Pān. iv, 2, 60), one who knows or studies the alternative rules; obtained by alternative rules, T.; (am), n. a substitute, T.

आनुक्लिक ānukūlika, mfn. (fr. anu-kūla), conformable, favourable, inclined to help, Pan. iv, 4, 28.

Anukulya, am, n. conformity, suitableness, Kathās.; MBh.; Yājñ.; favour, kindness, humouring, Rājat.; agreement of minds, friendliness. - tas, ind. conformable to one's wishes, Vatsy.

ञानुकृष्ट ānukrishta, mfn. (= anu-krishta, q. v.), Vārtt. on Pān. v, 4, 36.

ञ्चानुखङ्ग्य ānukhadgya, mfn. (fr. anu-khadga), being along the sword, Comm. on Pān.

आनुगङ्ग्य ānugangya, mfn. (fr. anu-ganga), being along the Ganga, ib.

आनुगातक ānugatika, mfn. (fr. anu-gata), relating to or proceeding from, following, Pan.

Anugatya, am, n. following; acquaintance, familiarity, L,

आनुगादिक anugādika, mfn. (fr. anu-gādin), belonging to one who repeats another's words, repeating another's words, Pan.

खान्ग् णिक ānuguņika, mfn. (fr. anu-guṇa), knowing or studying the Anu-guna (i.e. according to T. a manual of the art of keeping within the bounds of one's faculties?), ib.

Anugunya, am, n. homogeneousness, Sāh.

ञानुग्रामिक ānugrāmika, mfn. (fr. anu-grāma), belonging or conformable to a village, rustic, rural, Pān.

ating, delighting. - kalika, f., N. of a work. - kānana-māhātmya, n., N. of a section of the Vāyu-purāna. - kāvya, n., N. of a work. - kosa, m., N. of a play. - giri, m., N. of a pupil of and annotator on Sankarācārya. - ghana, mfn. consisting of pure joy, NrisUp. - caturdasī-vrata, n., N. of a religious rite, BhavP. - caula, m., N. of a teacher. - ja, mfn. proceeding from joy, T.; (as), m., N. of a teacher; (am), n. semen virile, L. -jala, n. tears of joy, BhP. -jnana, m. =-giri above; -giri, m. id. -ta, f. joyfulness, joy, SBr. - tandava-pura, n., N. of a town. - tirtha, m., N. of Madhva, the founder of a Vaishnava school of philosophy; = $\bar{a}nanda-giri(?)$. - da, mfn. = -kara, q. v., L. - datta, m. membrum virile, L. - dīpikā, f., N. of a work. - deva, m., N. of a poet. - nātha, m., N. of a man. - nidhi, m., N. of a commentary. - pata, m. a bridal garment, L. - pura, n., N. of a town. - purna, m., N. of a scholiast. - prabhava, m. the seminal fluid, L.; the universe (as proceeding from Ananda = Brahman, T.) - prabhā, f., N. of a celestial woman. - bāshpa, m. = -jala above. - bodhêndra, m., N. of a scholiast. - bhuj, mfn. enjoying happiness, MāndUp.; Vedāntas. - bhairava, mfn. causing both enjoyment and fear; (as), m., N. of Siva; N. of a teacher; (i), f., N. of Gauri, T. - maya, $mf(\bar{z})n$. blissful, made up or consisting of happiness, TUp.; MāndUp.; Vedāntas.; Kathās.; (am), n. (scil. brahman) the supreme spirit (as consisting of pure happiness, cf. ananda above); -kosha, m. the innermost case of the body, the causal frame enshrining the soul. - mālā, f., N. of a work. -yoga, m. (in astron.) N. of a particular Yoga. - rāya, m., N. of a man. - rūpa, mfn. consisting of happiness, NrisUp. - lahari or rī, f. wave of enjoyment,' N. of a hymn by Sankarācārya addressed to Pārvatī. - laharī-stotra, n., N. of a poem. - vana, m., N. of a scholiast; (am), n., N. of Kāšī. - vardhana, mfn. enhancing enjoyment, R.; (as), m., N. of a poet, Rājat. - vallī, f., N. of the second part of the Taittiriya-Upanishad. - vimala, m., N. of a man. - veda, m., N. of several men. - sambhava, mfn. = -prabhava, q. v. Anandâcala, m. = -gim, q. v. Anandâtman, mfn. one whose essence consists in happiness, SBr.; (\bar{a}) , m., N. of a teacher. Anandâmrita, n. 'joy-nectar,' happiness, NrisUp.; -rūpa, mfn. consisting of happiness, ib. Anandasrama, m., N. of a scholar. Anandâsru, n. = ānanda-jala above. Anandêsvara-tīrtha, n., N. of a Tīrtha. Anandôtsava, m. a festival.

 $\bar{\mathbf{A}}$ -nandaka, mf(\bar{a})n. gladdening, rejoicing, Hit.; Kād.; (am), n., N. of a lake.

A-nandathu, mfn. happy, joyful, L.; (us), m. happiness, joy, Bhatt.

A-nandana, am, n. delighting, making happy, Hit.; civility, courtesy, courteous treatment of a friend or guest at meeting and parting, L.

A-nandayitavya, mfn. to be enjoyed, A-nandayitri, ā, m. a gladdener, one who

makes joyful, Ragh, A-nandi, is, m. happiness, enjoyment, pleasure, L. $\bar{\mathbf{A}}$ -nandita, mf(\bar{a})n. rejoiced, delighted, happy,

Hariv. &c.; N. of a man. A-nandin, mfn. delightful, blissful, happy, cheerful, Kathās.; gladdening, making happy; N. of a man.

स्थानपत्प anapatya, mfn.(fr. an-apatya), proceeding from childlessness, BhP.

ञ्चानिममात anabhimlata, as, m. a descendant of An-abhimlāta, BṛĀrUp.

खानिभम्नान āṇabhimlāna, as, m. a descendant of An-abhimlana, Pan.

खानम् ā-√nam, P. (3. pl. ā-namanti, RV. &c.; inf.-námam, RV. iv, 8, 3), A. (Impv. 3. pl. anamantām, RV. vi, 49, 4) to bend down, bend, bow, incline, R.; BhP.; Ragh. &c.; to do homage, salute reverently, BhP.; SBr. &c.; to condescend; to be propitious (as gods to men), RV. vi, 50, 4; to bring near; to bend towards or near; to subdue, RV .: Caus. -nāmayati and -namayati, to inflect, bend (a bow), cause to bend, subdue, MBh.; Mālav.; Hariv.

A-nata, mfn. bending, stooping, bowed, Ragh.; Kathās.; humbled, submissive, obedient, MBh. &c.; bent or curved inwards (as a bow), SBr.; flat, sunk (not elevated), MBh.; R.; pacified, conciliated; sa-