Pancalas, W. - suda, m. N. of a village, Pan. vi, 2, 129, Kās. - sūri, m. N. of a man, Cat. - srishta (°vá-), mfn. discharged or caused or created by a god, SBr.; (a), f. a kind of intoxicating drink, L. - sena, m. N. of a king of Srāvastī, Kathās.; of a king of Paundra-vardhana, ib.; of a cowherd, ib.; of a Buddh. Arhat; (a), f. a host of celestials, RV.; AV.; Br. &c. (pl. the hosts of Deva or Isana, ApGrh. xx, 5; -pati [L.] and -priya [MBh.], m. N. of Skanda); N. of a daughter of Prajā-pati or niece (daughter, L.) of Indra and wife of Skanda, MBh.; Pur.; a particle of mūla-prakriti, W.; N. of Comm. on Kum. - soma, maka, m. N. of a man, Kathas. -stava, m. N. of a prince, VP. -stút, mfn. praising the gods, RV. v, 50, 5. - strī, f. the wife of a deity, MW. - sthali, m. N. of an author, Cat. - sthāna, m. N. of an ancient Rishi, MBh.; n. of 2 Sāmans (varunasya and brihad-deva-), ArshBr. - smita, f. 'having a divine smile,' N. of the daughter of a merchant, Kathās. - sva, n. do property, Mn. xi, 20; 26. - svapaharana, n. plunder of do property, sacrilege, MW. - svāmin, m. 'lord of the gods,' N. of sev. Brāhmans, Kathās.; Vet.; of an astronomer, VarBrS. vii, 7; of a Sch. on AsvSr. &c., Cat. - havis, n. oblation to the gods, VS.; SBr. -havya, n. id., MBh.; m. N. of a Rishi, ib. - hinsaka, m. enemy of the gods, MW. - hita (°vá-), mfn. arranged or appointed or settled by the g°, RV.; m. the good or welfare of the g°; târthāya, ind. for the sake of the go, MBh. xiii, 13965. - hiti (°vá-), f. d° ordinance or arrangement, ib. - hū, mfn. invoking the go (superl. -tama), RV.; VS.; m. N. of a man, g. gargadi; f. (scil. dvar) N. of the northern aperture of the human body, i.e. of the left ear (which is turned northwards if the face is directed towards the east), BhP. iv, 25, 51 &c. (cf. pitri-). - hūti (°vá-), f. invocation of the gods, RV.; AV. &c. (also oti, BhP. ix, 24, 31); N. of a daughter of Manu Svayam-bhū and wife of Kardama, BhP. ii, 7, 3 &c. (°tī, iii, 21, 3). - hūya, n. invocation of the go, RV.; SBr. - hédana or -hélana, n. offence against the go, AV.; VS.; N. of AV. vi, 114, Kaus. - hetí, f. do weapon, AV. - hotra, m. N. of the father of Yogesvara (a partial incarnation [ansa] of Hari), BhP. viii, 13, 33. - hrada, m. the do lake,' N. of a sacred bathing-place, MBh. Devânsa, m. a portion, i.e. partial incarnation of a god, Kathās. Devakrīda, m. playing-place of the go, Hariv. Deväkshara, mfn. whose syllables are divine beings, TBr. Devagama-stotra, n., malamkriti, f. N. of wks. Devagara, n. 'house of the go, 'temple, R.; Kathas. Devanki-pūja, f. N. of wk. Devânga, m. N. of an emanation from Sadā-siva's body (inventor of weaving); -caritra, n. N. of wk. Devânganā, f. a divine female, Sinhas. Devac, mf(aci)n. directed towards the gods, RV. i, 127, I. Devacarya, m. 'd' teacher,' N. of a man, W.; of sev. authors, Cat.; -dig-vijaya, m. N. of wk. Devajīva & vin, m. a man subsisting by attending on an idol and receiving its offerings, L. Devânjana, n. divine ointment, AV. xix, 44, 6. Devata, m. N. of a sacred bathingplace, VarP. (cf. patny-āta). Devâtitha, w. r. for daiv'. Devâtithi, m. 'guest of the go,' N. of a Kānva and author of RV. viii, 4, TāndyaBr. ix, 2; of a prince who was son of A-krodhana (or Krodhana, BhP. ix, 22, 11) and Karambha, MBh. i, 3775. Devàtideva, m. a god surpassing all other gods, MBh.; N. of Siva, MBh. xiii, 1259; of Vishnu, Hariv. 8814; of Sākya-muni, Buddh. Devâtman, m. the divine soul, SvetUp. i, 3; Ficus Religiosa, L.; mfn. being of do nature, containing a deity, sacred, W.; "tma-sakti, f. the power of the do soul, SvetUp., ib. Devatma, f. the mother of the gods, L. (cf. devatâtmā). Devâdhideva, m. 'god over gods,' an Arhat, Jain. Devâdhipa, m. 'king of the go,' N. of Indra, MBh. v, 297; of a king identified with the Asura Nikumbha, i, 2663. Devâdhipati, m. 'id.,' N. of Siva, MBh. xiii, 1204. Devananda, m. 'delight of the gods,' N. of a man, W.; of sev. authors (also -sūri), Cat.; (ā), f. N. of the 15th night of the Karma-māsa (see s. v.), Sūryapr.; N. of a divine female, Sinhas. Devanīka, n. an army of celestials, MBh.; m. N. of a king (son of Kshemadhanvan), Hariv.; Ragh.; Pur.; of a son of the 11th Manu, Hariv.; of a mountain, BhP. Devânukrama, m. 'series or order of the gods,' N. of wk. Devânucara, m. a follower or attendant of a god, Ragh. Devânuyâyin, m. id., Kull. Devânta, m. N. of a son of Hridika, Hariv. Devântaka, m.

N. of a Rakshas, R.; of a Daitya, GanP.; -vadha, m. 'destruction of Do,' N. of 71st ch. of GanP. ii. Devândhas, n. 'do food,' ambrosia, L. Devânna, n. id., L.; food offered (first) to the gods, Mn. v, 7. Devapi, m. 'friend of the go,' N. of a Rishi who was son of Rishti-shena, RV. x (according to a later legend he is a son of king Pratipa, resigns his kingdom, retires to the woods and is supposed to be still alive, MBh.; Pur. &c.) Devâbhimukha, m. a partic. Samādhi, Kārand. Devâbhîshtā, f. 'desired by the go, Piper Betel, L. Devayatana, n. 'the dwelling of a god, a temple, Mn. &c. Devayúdha, n. 'weapon of the go,' N. of Indra, TBr.; the rainbow, L. Devayusha, n. the life-time of a god, SBr. Devaranya, n. divine grove, MBh.; Ragh. Devaradhana, n., na, f. worship of the gods, MW. Devâri, m. 'foe of the go,' an Asura, MBh.; -pa, m. 'protector of the A' (?), the sea, Nīlak. on MBh. iv, 1712; -bala-sūdana, m. 'destroyer of the army of the Ao,' N. of Vishnu, Vishn. i, 49. Devarcaka, m. worshipper of the gods, MW. Devârcana, n. worship of gods, idolatry, Pañc. (also onā, f., MW.); -krama-paddhati, f. N. of wk. Devârpana, n. an offering to the go, MBh. xiii, 4202 (cf. mad-arpc). Devarya, m. N. of the last Arhat of the present Ava-sarpini, Jain. Devarha, mfn. worthy of the go, divine, W.; m. a kind of medic. plant, L.; N. of a prince, VP.; (a), f. Sida Rhomboidea, L. Devarhana, m. N. of a prince, VP. Devalaya, m. 'residence of the go,' heaven, L.; temple, Pañc.; MārkP.; -pratishthā, f., -pratishthā-vidhi, m., -lakshana, n., yôtsavddi-krama, m. N. of wks. Devá-vat = devá-v°. Devávatarana, n. 'descent of the gods,' N. of a poem. Devâvatāra, m. 'id.,' N. of a place, L. Devavasatha, m. 'habitation of the gods,' temple, Rājat. Devavāsa, m. id., L.; Ficus Religiosa, L. Devāvi = deva-vi. Devā-vridh (for va-v), mfn. gladdening the go, SBr. xi; m. N. of a mountain, Hariv. 12855 (nom. -vrit; v. l. -vridha). Devāvridha, m. N. of a prince who was father of Babhru (cf. daivā-v°), MBh.; Hariv.; Pur. (v. l.-vriddha); of a mountain (see -vridh). Devasva, m. divine horse, SānkhBr. v, 2; Indra's horse Uccaih-sravas, L. Devâsurá, m. pl. the gods and the Asuras, SBr.; MBh.; R. &c.; mfn. (with yuddha, rana &c. the war) of the go and Ao, MBh.; R.; BhP.; -ganagranī, onadhyaksha, onasraya; -guru; -namaskrita; -pati; -mahā-mātra; -mahāsraya; -mahėsvara; -vara-prada; -vinirmātri; surėsvara, m. N. of Siva, MBh. xiii, 1233; 1257-60. Devahāra, m. 'd' food,' ambrosia, L. Devahvaya, m. 'called Deva,' N. of a prince, MBh. i, 228. Deviand devi-, see Devi. Devej, mfn. (nom. t) sacrificing to the gods, Vop. Devêjya, m. 'teacher of the go,' N. of Brihas-pati, i.e. the planet Jupiter, L. Devêddha, mfn. kindled by the go (agni), RV.; Br. (opp. manv-iddha). Devêndra, m. 'chief of the go,' N. of Indra or Siva, MBh.; R.; of sev. authors, Cat.; -kīrti-deva, m. N. of a man, Cat.; -buddhi, m. N. of a learned Buddhist, L.; -samaya, m. N. of a Buddh. wk.; -sūri, m. N. of a Jaina writer (1240), Cat.; "drasrama, m. N. of an author, ib. Devêsa, m. 'chief of the go,' N. of Brahma or Vishnu or Siva or Indra, MBh.; Kāv.; king, prince, MBh. xiii, 1832; (i), f. N. of Durgā or of Devaki, Cat.; -tīrtha, n. N. of a Tirtha, SivaP. Devêsvara, m. 'sovereign of the go,' N. of Siva, R.; of a pupil of Sanikaracarya, Cat.; of another author, ib.; -pandita, m. N. of a poet, ib. Deveshita, mfn. sent or impelled by the go, RV.; AV. Deveshu, m. divine arrow, MaitrS. Devêshta, mfn. wished by or acceptable to the go, W.; m. a sort of drug (also a, f.); the resin of Shorea Robusta, Gal.; bdellium, L.; (a), f. the wild lime tree, L. (see also m.) Devainasá, n. the curse of the go, AV. Devôdyana, n. 'grove of the go,' sacred grove, L. Devôpasaka, m. worshipper of the go, MW. Devankas, n. 'do abode,' mount Meru, Sūryas. Devasya-tva-ka, mfn. containing the words devasya tvā (as an Adhyāya or Anuvāka), g. goshad-ādi. Devanam-priya, mfn. 'beloved of the gods,' simple, foolish, Pān. vi, 3, 21, Vārtt. 3; L. Deve-saya, mfn. resting on a god (Vishnu), MBh. xii, 12864.

Devaka, mf(ikā)n. who or what sports or plays, W.; divine, celestial, id.; m. (dév°) a god, deity (at the end of an adj. comp.), MBh. ii, 1396 &c. (cf. daivaka); N. of a man(?), RV. vii, 18, 20, Sāy.; of a Gandharva (at once a prince, son of Āhuka and father of Devakī [below], MBh. i, 4480; v, 80 &c.;

Hariv.; Pur.); of a son of Yudhi-shthira and Yau-dheyi or Pauravi (cf. "vikā below), Pur.; familiar N. for deva-dattaka, Pāṇ. v, 3, 83, Pat.; pl. N. of the Sūdras in Krauñca-dvipa, BhP. v, 20, 22; (ā), f. fam. for deva-dattikā, Pāṇ. vii, 3, 45, Vārtt. 4, Pat.; (dēvikā), f. N. of a class of goddesses of an inferior order, Br. (pl. the oblations made to them, viz. to Anu-mati, Rākā, Sinīvalī, Kuhū, and to Dhātri, TS.; cf. -havis, AitBr.; Vait.); of the wife of Yudhi-shthira and mother of Yaudheya, MBh. i, 3828; of a river, MBh. iii, 5044 (cf. dāvika); of a country, VarBṛS. xi, 35; the thorn-apple, Bhpr.; (devakī), f., see below. - bhoja-putrī, f. patron. of Devakī, BhP. iii, 1, 33. Devakātmajā, f. id., L.

Devakī, f. N. of a daughter of Devaka (see above) who was wife of Vasu-deva and mother of Krishna, MBh.; Hariv.; Pur. (identified with A-diti, Hariv.; with Dākshāyanī, MatsyaP.) — nandana (or °ki-n°), -putra, -mātri, -sūnu, m. N. of Krishna, Chille, MPh. Hariv.

ChUp.; MBh.; Hariv.

Devakīya, mfn. (g. gahādi) divine, belonging or relating to a divinity, W. kya, mfn. id.; godlike, corresponding to the number of the gods (said of the metre Anushtubh), SānkhBr. xxvii, 3 (v. l. tya).

Devátā, f. godhead, divinity (abstr. & concr.), RV.; AV.; Br. &c.; image of a deity, idol, Mn. iv, 130; MBh.; Pur. (ifc. -ka, Kull. viii, 105); N. of the organs of sense (cf. deva), SBr. ii, 5, 2, 2 &c.; (\bar{a}) , ind. with divinity, i.e. with a god (gods) or among the gods, RV.; AV. - gara ('tag'), n. 'gods' house,' temple, chapel, Mn.; R. - griha, n. id., R.; Kathās. - jit, m. 'g'-conqueror,' N. of a son of Su-mati and grandson of Bharata, BhP. - tas, ind. on the part of a deity, SankhSr. i, 16, 15. - otman (otato), mfn. having a divine soul, Kum.i, I; m. N. of Siva, MBh. xiii, 1260. - tma ('tat'), f. mother of the gods, L. (cf. devâtmā). - tva, n. state of divinity, Nyāyam.; -nirnaya, m. N. of wk. -darsana, n. manifestation of a deity, NrisUp. -dvamdva, n. a compound whose members are two or more names of deities, Pan. - dhipa ("tadh"), m. deity-chief, N. of Indra, L. - dhyaya (°tâdh°), n. (scil. brāhmana) N. of a Br. of the SV. - nukrama ('tân'), m., manī, f. index of the Vedic deities. - paramya, n. N. of wk. - pujana, n. worship of a do (cf. deva-pūjā), Parāš. - pranidhāna, n. devotion to a do, L. - pratimā, f. 'god-image,' an idol, MBh. vi, 60. - pratishthavidhi, m. N. of wk. - badha (or tabo), m. molestation of the gods, MBh. i, 7579. - bhyarcana (°tabh°), n. worship of an idol or a deity, Mn. ii, 176; -para, mfn. devoted to it, Nal. xii, 58. - mani, m. 'divine jewel,' N. of a medic. plant, Bhpr. - mandira, n. = -griha, Mālatīm. vi, f. - maya, mf(i)n. containing all deities, KathUp. iv. 7. - mithuna, n. the cohabitation of deities, MW. - murti-prakarana, n. N. of a wk. on sculpture. - vatana (tay), n. = -griha, Mn.; MBh. &c. - radhana (taro), n. homage to the gods, Sinhas. - rcana ('târ'), n. worship of the g', Kāv.; -krama & -vidhi, m. N. of sev. wks. - laya (°tâl°), m. (Var.); -vesman, n. (R.) = -griha. - vāda-vicāra, m., -vāri-pūjā, f. N. of wks. - $\dot{s}esha$, $m. = deva-\dot{s}^{\circ}(q.v.) - \dot{s}raya(\dot{a}\dot{s}^{\circ})$, mfn.relating to a go, ManGr. - sahāyin, mfu. accompanied (only) by the go, i. e. alone, Sak. (Pi.) iii, & ... -sthāpana-vidhi, m. N. of wk. -snāna, n. ablution of an idol, MatsyaP. - svarūpa-vicāra, m. N. of wk. Devatejya, f. sacrifice to a deity, KātySr. Devatôpadesana, n. designation of the do worshipped in any rite, ApSr.

Devatyà, mfn. (ifc.) having as one's deity, sacred to a d° (cf. eka-, kim-, bahu-, soma-; daivatya); (\bar{a}) , f. a species of animal (?), AV. i, 22, 3.

Devan, m. brother-in-law (= devri), L.

2. **Devana**, m. a die, dice for gambling, L.; (a), f. sport, pastime, L.; service, L.; n. (dév°) shining, splendour, Kull. viii, 92; gaming, a game at dice, RV. x, 43, 5; MBh.; R. &c.; play, sport, pastime, L.; pleasure-ground, garden, L.; a lotus, L.; praise, L.; desire, emulation, L.; affair, business, profession, L.; going, motion, L.

Devaya, Nom. P., only p. "yát, loving or serving the gods, religious, RV. (cf. á-); divine or shining (?), BhP. iii, 20, 22. "yú, mfn. devoted to the g", pious, RV.

Devara, m. = devri, AsvGr.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; husband, lover, BhP. iv, 26, 26. - ghnī, f. killing one's brother-in-law, SānkhGr. i, 16. - vatī, f. having a brother-in-law, Gaut.