disposition (as women), ib. Krūrôpasamhata, mfn. connected with cruelty, W.

Krūri- / kri, to make sore, wound, SBr.

क्रचे krūrca, for kūrca (the beard), W.

ऋहार kren-kāra, as, m. the sound kren, Kād.; Bālar. iv, 11; x.

Kren-kriti, is, f. id., Bhojapr.

क्रह्याद्व krenkā-rava = kekā-r°, Hear.

क्रीण kreni, °nī, kretavya, &c. See 🗸 1. krī.

क्रीडन kraidiná, mf(ī)n. (fr. krīdín), belonging to the Maruts or winds, SBr. xi, 5, 2, 4; ĀsvŠr. ix, 2; ŠānkhŠr. xiv, 10, 7; KātyŠr. ii & iv, Sch.

Kraidinīyā, f., scil. ishti, the Ishti or sacrificial oblation sacred to the Maruts, KātyŠr. ii & iv, Sch.

क्रिय kraívya, as, m. a king of the Krivis, SBr. xiii, 5, 4, 7.

南電 kronca, as, m. (for kraunca), N. of a mountain, Gal. — kumārikā, f. a kind of Rākshasī, Divyâv. xviii, xxxv. — dārana = kraunca-d°, q. v., L., Sch. — padī, see kraunca-p°.

क्रांड krodá, as, m. (am, n. in later language, L.) the breast, chest, bosom (of men and animals), AV.; VS.; KātySr. &c.; (of a bird) R. vii, 18, 32; (pl.) MBh. xiii, 2660; (named as a place where money is kept) Mricch. ii; ifc. f. a, Pan. iv, 1, 56 (e. g. kalyāna-krodā, a woman with a well-formed breast, Kās.); the flank, hollow above the hip, W.; the lap (= anka), L.; the interior of anything, cavity, hollow, Bālar.vi, 65; Hit.; m. a hog, Pañcat.; BhP.; VārP.; Kathās.; N. of the planet Saturn, L.; 'anything left in the bosom,' an additional verse or note, Kām., Sch.; N. of a teacher, Kaiy. on Pān. iv, 2, 66, Vartt. 6, Pat. (cf. krauda); (ā), f. the breast, bosom, L.; N. of a plant, L.; (i), f. a sow, Kathās. liii, 120; the yam root, L.; (am), n. id., L. - kanyā, f. the yam root, L. - kaseruka, m. Cyperus rotundus, Bhpr. - kāntā, f. 'dear to Saturn (?), the earth, L. - khorā, f., N. of a plant, Gal. - cūdā, f., N. of a plant (= mahā-srāvanikā), L. - tīrtha, n., N. of a Tirtha, KapSamh. - pattra, n. (cf. kroda) an additional leaf, postscript, supplement, codicil to a will. - parnī, f. a prickly nightshade (Solanum Jacquini), L. - pāda, m. a tortoise, L. - pālī, f. the chest, Bālar. - malla, laka, m. a beggar, Buddh. -loman, ani, n. pl. hairs on the breast, Kaus. - vallabha, f. a variety of Cyperus, Gal. - vāla, m. a pig's bristle, Kathās. Krodânka, m. a tortoise, W. Krodânghri, m. id., L. Krodasya, mfn. having a snout like a hog, Var Yogay. vi, 23. Krodeshta, f. 'dear to hogs,' the grass Cyperus rotundus, L.

Krodī, f. and ind. in comp. - karana, n. embracing, L. - \sqrt{kri}, to embrace, Hit.; to become master of, Hcar. - kriti, f. embracing, L. - mukha, m. 'having a snout like a sow,' a rhinoceros, L.

क्रोप krotha, for krātha (but cf. /krunth), killing, murder, W.

क्रोध kródha, &c. See VI. krudh.

क्रोश króża, &c. See √kruż.

Rroshta, as, m., N. of a man, Pravar. Kroshtêkshu, for koshthêkshu, q.v., L.

क्रोष्ट्र kroshtu, kroshtuka. See $\sqrt{kru\dot{s}}$. Kroshtri, kroshtriya. See ib.

क्रीच krauñcá, mfn. (fr. krúñca, g. prajñâdi), 'curlew-like,' with vyūha, = câruna, MBh. vi, 51, 1; (as), m. a kind of curlew, TS. v; Ap. i, 17, 36; Mn. &c.; the emblem of the fifth Arhat of the present Avasarpini, L.; an osprey, L.; patr. (or metron. fr. kruñcā, Pān. iv, I, 120, Kār.), N. of a pupil of Sākapūrņi, VP.; N. of a mountain (part of the Himâlaya range, situated in the eastern part of the chain on the north of Assam; said to have been split by Karttikeya, VP.), TAr. i, 31, 2; MBh. iii, 14331; vi, 462; ix, 2700ff.; R.&c.; N. of one of the Dvipas of the world (surrounded by the sea of curds), VarBrS.; BhP.; MatsyaP.; BhavP.; VārP.; N. of an Asura or Rakshas, W.; (ā), f. the female curlew, Comm. on L.; (ī), f. id., R.; N. of a daughter of Tamra and mother of the curlews, R.; (am), n. a kind of poison, Car. vi, 23; (scil. astra) N. of a mythical weapon, R. i, 29, 12

& 56, 9; N. of several Samans, TandyaBr. xi; xiii; Lāty.; ArshBr.; of a particular kind of recitation, TS. ii, 5, 11, 1; ChUp. ii, 22, 1 (scil. gana); a particular method of sitting, NarP. - darana, m. 'Kraunca-splitter,' Kārttikeya, L. - dvīpa, m., N. of a Dvīpa (see kraunca), L.-nishadana, n. a particular kind of being seated (practised by Yogins), Sarvad. - nishūdana, m. = -dārana, MBh. iii, 8138 (ed. Bomb.) - paksha, mfn. (horses) the flanks of which are similar to the wings of a curlew, R. v, 12, 35. - pada, f. a metre of 4×25 syllables. - padī, f., N. of a locality, MBh. xiii, 1728 (v. l. kronco). - pura, n., N. of a town, Hariv. - bandham, ind. so as to make a knot called after the wings of a curlew, Pān. iii, 4, 42, Kās. - bradhna, m., N. of a Rishi, BrahmaP. (also pl.) - randhra, n. the Kraunca pass (split by the deity Karttikeya and by Parašu-rāma), Megh. - ripu, m. 'enemy of the Kraunca mountain,' = -darana, Pancat. - vat, m., N. of a mountain $(=krau\tilde{n}ca)$, Hariv. I 1447. -vana, n., N. of a town, R. vii, 59, 20. - satru, m. = -ripu, Mricch. - sūdana, m. id., Sušr. Krauncacala, m. the Kraunca mountain; -dveshin, m. 'enemy of the Kraunca mountain,' N. of Parasu-rāma (see kraunca-randhra), Bālar. Krauncadana, n. 'curlew's food,' the fibres of the stalk of the lotus, Car. i, 27; the plant Arum orixense, L.; long pepper, L.; another plant (=cincotaka), L.; (i), f. the seed of a lotus, L. Krauncaranya, n., N. of a forest, R. vi, 74, 18 (cf. iii, 74, 7). Krauncarāti, m. = kraunca-ripu, L. Krauncari, m. id., L.; (=°cacala-dveshin), N. of Parasu-rāma, Bālar. iv, 22. Krauncaruna, m. a kind of battle array, MBh. vi, 50, 40.

Krauncakshi, m. patr. fr. ksha, Samskarak. Kraunciki-putra, as, m., N. of a teacher, SBr. xiv, 9, 4, 32.

This krauda, mf(i)n. (fr. krodá), belonging to a hog, BhP. ii, 7, 1; coming from a hog, VarBis.; (=vārāha) relating to Vishņu's Avatār as a hog, BhP. xi, 4, 18; (ās), m. pl. the school of Kroda, Pat. on Pān. iv, 2, 66, Vārtt. 6.

Kraudi, is, m. patr. fr. krodá, Pān. iv, I, 80.

Kraudyā, f. of di, ib.

Kraulāyana, as, m. patr. fr. krola (for da), Pravar. (krolo, MS.)

काय kraurya, am, n. (fr. krūrá), cruelty, fierceness, hard-heartedness, Mn. xii, 33; Sak. vii; VarBṛS.; Kathās. cvi, 130 (pl.); terribleness, W.

क्रोलायन kraulāyana. See krauda.

sata), one who goes 100 Krošas or leagues, Pāņ. v, 1, 74, Vārtt. 1; one who deserves to be approached from a distance of 100 leagues (a teacher), Vārtt. 2. Kraushtāyana, v. l. for "shtrāy".

Kraushtukarna, mfn. coming from Kroshtu-

karna, gana takshasiladi.

Kraushţuki, is, m. patr. fr. kroshţuka, N. of a grammarian, Nir. viii, 2; Brih.; of an astrologer, AV.Pariš.; VarBrS. i, LI, Sch.; (ayas), m. pl., N. of a warrior-tribe belonging to the Trigarta-shashthas, Pāņ. v, 3, 116, Kār.

Kraushtukīya, as, m. a prince of the warriortribe called Kraushtukis, Pān. v, 3, 116, Kār.

Kraushtra, mfn., fr. kroshtri, Pat. on Pān. vii, 2, 117, Vārtt. 1.

Kraushtrāyaņa, as, m. patr. fr. kroshtri, gaņa arīhanddi.

Kraushtrāyanaka, mfn., fr. 'yana, ib.

क्यादि kry-ādi. See Vkrī.

ed into clots or lumps, VS. xxxix, 5; to hurt, kill, Dhātup. xix, 40.

Klathana, am, n. forming into clots or lumps, Mahīdh. on VS. xxxix, 5.

इतद klad. See √kland.

क्रदीवत kladívat (cf. \langle klid), wet, moist (?), AV. vii, 90, 3.

kland (cf. \sqrt{krand}), cl. 1. P. klandati, to call, Dhātup. iii, 35; to lament, weep, ib.; Ā. klandate (v. l. kladate, fr. \sqrt{klad}), to be confounded or troubled, Dhātup. xix, 12; to sound, SiraUp.; [cf. κλάζω.]

Klandá, mf(a)n. crying, noisy, AV. ii, 2, 5.

क्रप् klap, v.l. for Vhlap, q.v.

अपुष klapusha, am, n. the bladder, Gal.

mati, klāmyati (Pāṇ. iii, 1, 70; vii, 3, 74 f.), to be or become fatigued, be weary or exhausted, Bhaṭṭ. v, xii, xiv, xvii, 10 & 102; Kād.: Caus. klāmayati, to fatigue, SiraUp.

Klama, as, m. fatigue, exhaustion, languor, weariness, MBh.; Sak. iii, 18; Sušr.; BhP.; (ifc.,

Mn. &c.; f. ā, MBh.; Nal.)

Klamatha, as, m. fatigue, exhaustion, L.

Klamathu, us, m. id., L.

Klamin, mfn. becoming tired, languishing, gana samadi. Klami-tā, f., -tva, n. exhaustion, W.

Klānta, mfn. tired, fatigued, exhausted, languishing, wearied, MBh.; R.; Šak.; Megh. &c.; depressed in spirits, VarYogay.; dried up, withering, Šak.; Ragh. x, 49; thin, emaciated, Šak. (compar.) — manas, mfn. languid, low-spirited, Šak. — vadana, mfn. having a weary face.

Klānti, is, f. fatigue, weariness, Bhartr. i, 36. - cchid, mfn. relieving fatigue, refreshing. - cche-

da, m. removing fatigue, restoring.

क्रिन् klav, cl. 1. A. klavate, to fear, be afraid, Dhātup. xix, 13 (Vop.)

Klavita, mfn. uttered hesitatingly, stammered, SamhUp. vii, 3.

Vet.), to be or become wet or damp, Suir.; Bhatt.; Hit.; to rot, putrefy, Car. vi, 30: Caus. P. kledayati, to bedew, wet, moisten, Bhag. ii, 23; Suir. i, 6, 3; iii, 5, 1; (aor. aciklidat) Bhatt. xv, 48; 'to soil,' see kledita.

Klindat, mfn. (\$\sqrt{2}. klind\$) wet, Mudr. iii, 20.

Klinna, mfn. moistened, wet, MBh.; R. &c.;
running (as an eye), Pān. v, 2, 33, Vārtt. 2; rotted,
putrefied, Car. i, 11 & 27; Lalit. xii; soft, moved
(the heart), BhP. iv, 3, 10 & ix, 11, 5; (as), m.,
N. of a Sākta author of Mantras; (\$\tilde{a}\$), f. the plant
Solanum diffusum, L. -tva, n. the being wet,
Sušr. - netra, mfn. having running eyes, L.; having
moist eyes, pitiful, L. - vartman, n. excess of the
lachrymal discharge, watering of the eyes, Sušr.
- hṛid, mfn. tender-hearted. Klinnâksha, mfn.
having moist eyes, blear-eyed, L.

Klinnaka, mfn. moistened a little, Comm. on Gobh. ii, I, 10.

Kleda, as, m. wetness, dampness, moisture, Yājñ.; MBh.; R.; Sušr. &c.; running, discharge (from a sore), Sušr.; rotting, putrefying, Car. i, 20 & vi, 11.

— vat, mfn. moist, flowing, Sušr. iv, 1, 64 & 6, 1.

Kledaka, mfn. wetting, moistening, W.; (as), m. phlegm in the stomach, excess of saliva, W.

Kledan, a, m. the moon, Un. i, 158.

Kledana, mfn. making wet, moistening, Sušr.; (as), m. phlegm, phlegmatic or watery humor (cf. kapha), L.; a species of phlegm, L.; (am), n. wetting, moistening, Sušr.; BhP.; oozing, trickling, W. - bhāva, m. the being moistened or wet, Tattvas.

Kledita, mfn. soiled, Subh.

Kledin, mfn. moistening, wet, Kpr.; (inī), f., N. of a plant, Hariv. 3843 (v. l. ketakī).

Eledu, us, m. the moon, Un. i, 10; a morbid combination (samnipāta) of the three humors of the body, complication of disorders, L.

Kledya, mfn. See a-klo (Bhag. ii, 24).

जिन्द 1. klind, cl. 1. P. A. klindati, te, to lament, Dhātup. ii, 14; iii, 36; (cf. Vkland.)

जिन्द 2. klind, pr. p. odat. See Vklid. Klinna, onnaka. See ib.

রিব klíb, p, f. (v. l. klrib; \sqrt{klrip} ?) accomplishment ['the created world,' Sāy.], VS. xl, 15; ŠBr. xiv, 8, 3, 1.

ind. p. klišitvā or klišhtvā, Pān. i, 2, 7; vii, 2, 50), to torment, trouble, molest, cause pain, afflict, MBh.; R. &c.; to suffer, feel pain, Bhaṭṭ.: cl. 4. P. klišyati, to torment, cause pain (with acc.), MBh. xii, 6621; Ragh. xiii, 73; Ā. klišyate (rarely P. °ti, Mn. viii, 169; MBh. iii, 10241; p. klišyamāna), to be tormented or molested, be afflicted, feel pain, MBh.; R. &c.; (P.) to be sinful, Divyâv. xx: Caus. P. klešayati (rarely Ā., Sušr.; aor. Subj. 2. sg. ciklišas, Bhaṭṭ.), to torment, molest, R. v, 27, 33; Sušr.; Bhaṭṭ. vi, 17.