(cf. a-prayasena); high degree, Jātakam.; -bhāj, mfn. capable of exertion, active, energetic, W. "yāsita,n. (fr. Caus.) effort, exertion, Mālatim. (v.l. ā-yāsita).

प्रयस् 2. práyas, n. (vprī) pleasure, enjoyment, delight, RV. (prayase, iv, 21, 7 = prayase); object of delight, pleasant food or drink, dainties, libations (práyansi nadinam, 'refreshing waters'), ib.; mfn. valuable, precious (?), W. - vat (práyas-), mfn. having or bestowing pleasant food, offering libations, RV. ("svanto 'trayah, N. of the authors of v, 20); n. N. of a Saman, ArshBr.

1. Prayo-gá (Padap. pra-yoga), mfn. (for 2. see under. pra-\(\sqrt{yuj}\) coming to a meal, RV. x, 7, 5 (Say. = pra-yoktavya); m. N. of a Rishi, TS.; (with Bhargava) author of RV. viii, 91, Anukr.

प्रया pra- / yā, P. -yāti, to go forth, set out, progress, advance towards or against, go or repair to (acc., also with accha or prati, or loc.), RV. &c. &c.; to walk, roam, wander, MBh.; Kav. &c.; to part, go asunder, be dispersed, pass away, vanish, die, ib.; to get into a partic. state or condition, enter, undergo, incur (acc.), ib.; to proceed i.e. behave, Bhartr. (v.l.); to cause to go i. e. to lead into (acc.), Heat.: Caus. -yāpayati, to cause to set out, SBr. (cf. Pan. viii, 4, 29; 30, Sch.): Desid. -yiyāsati, to wish to set out, ib.: Caus. of Desid. -yiyāsayati, to cause a person to wish to set out, Bhatt.

Pra-ya, f. onset, RV.

Pra-yana, n. (Kās. on Pan. viii, 4, 29) setting out, starting, advancing, motion onwards, progress, journey, march, invasion, RV. &c. &c. (with gardabhena, 'riding on an ass,' Pañcat.); departure, death (cf. prana-pray); onset, beginning, commencement, Kath.; SBr.; -kala, m. time of departure, death, Bhag.; -pataha, m. a drum beaten while marching, Hcar.; -purī, f. N. of a town (°rī-māhātmya, n. N. of wk.); -bhanga, m. the breaking or suspending of a journey, a halt, Pancat.; -vicara, m. N. of wk.; onarha, mfn. deserving death, W. yanaka, n. a journey, march, Kav.; Pancat. &c. (cf. a-pray). 'yani, see a-prayani. 'yaniya or 'yaniya, mfn., Pan. viii, 4, 30, Sch. "yata, mfn. set out, gone, advanced, MaitrUp.; R. &c.; arrived at, come to (acc.), MBh.; Kav. &c.; gone or passed away, vanished, deceased, dead, Kathas. "yatavya, mfn. to be attacked or assailed, MBh.; n. (impers.) one should set out, ib.; R.; Kathas. "yatri, m. one who goes or can go or fly, Kathas.; setting out on a march or journey, Var. "yātrā, f., see prāyātrika. "yāpana or "yapana, n. (fr. Caus.), Pan. viii, 4, 30, Sch. 'yapani, see a-prayapani. 'yapaniya or "yāpanīya, mfn., Pan. viii, 4, 30, Sch. "yāpita, mfn. driven or sent away, made to go or pass away, W. 'yāpin, mfn. (du. 'pinau or 'pinau), Pān. viii, 4, 30, Sch. yapya, mfn. to be caused to go, to be sent away, AitBr. "yapyamana or "yapyamana, mfn., Pan. viii. 4, 30, Sch. 'yaman (prá-), n. setting out, start, RV. "yāyin, mfn. (du. "yinau, Kāš. on Pān. viii, 4, 29) going forwards, marching, driving, riding, MBh.; R. van, see vrishaand supra-yavan. 'yiyu, mfn. (fr. Desid.) used for driving (as a horse), RV. (Nir. iv, 15).

प्रयाग pra-yāga, °yāja. See pra-√yaj.

प्रयाच pra- / yāc, P. A. -yācati, 'te, to ask for, beg, solicit, request (with acc. of pers. and thing), MBh.; Hariv.; R. yacaka, mfn. asking, requesting, imploring (with artham ifc.), MBh. 'yācana, n. asking, begging, imploring, ib.

प्रयाण pra-yāṇa &c. See under pra-√yā. प्रयास pra-yāsa. See under pra- √yas.

मपु pra- v I. yu (only aor. Subj. -yoshat), to remove, keep away, RV. viii, 31, 17. 1. yuta (prá-), mfn. absent in mind, inattentive, heedless, careless (cf. a-pray°), RV.; VS.; (pra-yúta), n. (also m., Siddh.) a million, VS. &c. &c. (cf. 2. ayúta). "yuti (prá-), f. absence (with manasah = thoughtlessness), RV. vutvan, see á-prayutvan. yotri, m. a remover, expeller, RV.

प्रमु pra-√2. yu, P. -yauti, to stir, mingle, TS.; MaitrS.; to disturb, destroy, Nir. "yút, mfn. stirring, mingling, TBr. 2. vuta (prá-), mfn. mingled with (instr.), ManSr.; confused (as a dream), ManGr.; destroyed, annihilated, MaitrS.; m. N. of a Deva-gandharva, MBh.; 'tesvara-tirtha, n. N. of I tion, recitation, delivery, SrS.; RPrāt.; Pān., Sch.; I

a place of pilgrimage, SkandaP. yuvana, n. stirring, mingling, Hcat.

प्रयुक् pra- / yuch, P.-yucchati, to be absent; (with or scil. manasā) to be absent in mind, be careless or heedless, RV.

प्रयुज्ञ pra-\/yuj, A. -yunkte (rarely P. -yunakti; cf. Pān. i, 3, 64), to yoke or join or harness to (loc.), RV.; to unite with (instr.), AV.; to turn (the mind) to (loc.), RV.; to prepare for (dat.), ib.; to set in motion, throw, cast (also dice), discharge, hurl at (loc. or dat.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to utter, pronounce, speak, recite, ib.; to fix, place in or on (loc.), BhP.; to direct, order, urge to (dat. or loc.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to choose for (two acc.), Kum.; to lead towards, bring into (acc.), BhP.; to use, employ, practise, display, exhibit, perform, accomplish, contrive, do, Br. &c. &c.; to undertake, commence, begin, Vait.; R.; to cause, effect, produce, Kum.; BhP.; Sarvad.; to represent on the stage, act, Mricch.; Kālid.; to lend (for use or interest), Mn.; Yājñ.: Pass. -yujyate, to be fit or suitable, conduce to (dat.), Kāv.; Pancat.: Caus. -yojayati, to throw, discharge, hurl at or against (loc.), MBh.; to utter, pronounce, R.; to show, display, exhibit, BhP.; (with manas) to concentrate the mind, Svet-Up.; to urge, direct, appoint to (loc.), MBh.; BhP.; to transfer or entrust to (dat.), MBh.; to undertake, begin, Kam.; to represent on the stage, Hariv.; Sāh.; to cause to be represented by (instr.), Uttarar.; to use, employ, MBh.; Kām.; Sušr. &c.; to perform, practise, Mn. iii, 112; (with vriddhim) to take interest, ib. x, 117; (with prayogam) to invest capital, SaddhP.; to be applicable, g. kshubhnadi; to aim at, have in view, Pan. vi, 3, 62, Sch.: Desid. -yuyukshate, to wish to use, want, require, Pat.

Pra-yukta, mfn. yoked, harnessed, MBh.; R. &c.; stirred (by wind), Ragh.; directed, thrown, hurled, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; drawn (as a sword), BhP.; vented (as anger), MBh.; uttered, pronounced, recited, Up.; Siksh. &c.; urged, ordered, bidden, Gobh.; Bhag. &c.; used, employed, practised, performed, done, Br.; Kauś.; MBh. &c.; undertaken, begun, contrived, R.; Mālav.; Prab.; made, prepared, Kum.; (n. impers.) behaved or acted towards (loc. or acc. with prati), Sak.; lent (on interest), Yājñ.; suitable, appropriate, Pañcat. (see a-prayo); resulting from (comp.), ib.; n. a cause, W.; -tama, mfn. most used, AitBr.; -samskāra, mfn. to which polish has been applied, polished (as a gem), Ragh. vukti (prá-), f. impulse, motive, RV.; setting in motion, employment, TBr.; Samk.; Rājat. yuga, n., orig. form of prauga (q. v.), VPrāt.

Pra-yúj, (prob.) f. a team, RV.; impulse, motive, VS.; AV.; acquisition, RV.; ("yujām havīnshi or vug-ghav, N. of 12 oblations, one of which is offered each month, SBr.); mfn. joining, connected with (lit. or fig., as a cause, motive &c.), W. voktavya, mfn. to be thrown or discharged, MBh.; to be used or employed, applicable, suitable, ib.; R. &c.; to be exhibited or represented, Malav.; to be uttered or pronounced or recited, Siksh.; Samk. 'yoktri, m. a hurler, shooter (of missiles), MBh.; R.; an executor, agent (of an action), MBh.; Ragh. &c.; an undertaker (of a sacrifice), KātySr., Sch.; a procurer, MBh.; an employer, ib.; Kām.; an actor, mime, Ragh.; a speaker, reciter, RPrāt.; Kāvyad.; a performer (of music), R.; a composer, author, poet, Uttarar.; a money-lender, Yājñ., Sch.; -tā, f., -tva, n. the state or condition of an employer, Sarvad. yoktra, n. harness, Divyav.

2. Prayoga, m. (for I. see under 2. práyas, col. I) joining together, connection, Var.; position, addition (of a word), VPrāt.; Pān. (loc. often = in the case of, Kāš. on Pān. i, 4, 25; 26 &c.); hurling, casting (of missiles), MBh.; R. &c.; offering, presenting, Hariv.; undertaking, beginning, commencement, SBr.; SrS.; a design, contrivance, device, plan, Mālav.; Rājat.; application, employment (esp. of drugs or magic; cf. IW. 402, 1), use, GrSrS.; MBh. &c. (ena, at and ga-tas, ifc. = by means of); practice, experiment (opp. to 'theory'), Mālav.; a means (only ais, by use of means), MBh.; Susr.; (in gram.) an applicable or usual form, Siddh.; Vop.; exhibition (of a dance), representation (of a drama), Mricch.; Kālid. (°ga-to V dris, to see actually re-

presented, see on the stage, Ratnav.); a piece to be

represented, Kālid.; Prab.; utterance, pronuncia-

a formula to be recited, sacred text, Siksh.; lending at interest or on usury, investment, Mn.; MBh.; principal, loan bearing interest, Gaut.; an example, L.; cause, motive, affair, object, W.; consequence, result, ib.; ceremonial form, course of proceeding, ib.; a horse (cf. pra-yaga), L. - kārikā, f., -kaustubha, m. or n. N. of wks. - grahana, n. acquirement of practice, Das. - candrika, f., -cintāmani, m., -cūdāmani, m. N. of wks. -jna, mfn. skilful in practice, Suir. - tattva, n., -darpana, m., -dipa, m., -dipika and ka-vritti, f. N. of wks. - nipuna, mfn. = -jna, Bhartr. - pancaratna, n., -paddhati, f. N. of wks. - pāda, n. smoking for the sake of one's health, Car. - pārijāta, m., -pustaka, m. or n. N. of wks. - pradhāna, mfn. consisting chiefly in practice (not in theory), Mālav. - manjarī, f., -mani-mālikā, f., -mantra, m., -mayūkha, m., -muktavalī, f., -mukha-vyākarana, n., -ratna, n., -ratna-kroda, m., -ratna-mālā or likā, f., -ratna-samskāra, m., -ratnakara, m., -ratnavali, f., -vidhi, m., -viveka and 'ka-samgraha, m. N. of wks. - vīrya, n. (with Buddhists) energy in practice (one of the 3 energies), Dharmas. 108. - vritti, f., -vaijayantī, f., -sikhāmani, m., -samgraha and ha-viveka, m., -sarani, f., -sāra, m., -sāraņī, f., -sāra-samuccaya, m. N. of wks. Prayogândabilā, f. N. of wk. Prayogâtisaya, m. (in dram.) 'excess in representation,' pronouncing the name of a character the moment that he enters the stage, Pratap.; the useless appearance of a character on the stage during the prelude, Sāh. Prayogâmrita, n. N. of wk. Prayogartha, mfn. having the sense of prayoga, L.

Prayogin, mfn. being employed or used, applicable, usual (°gi-tva, n.), KātySr.; having some object in view, W.; performing (on the stage); m. an actor, Bhar. yogiya, mfn. treating of the application (of medicines &c.), Cat. yogya, m. any animal harnessed to a carriage, draught animal, ChUp. yojaka, mf(ikā)n. causing, effecting, leading to (gen. or comp.), MBh.; Rājat.; Sarvad.; (ifc.) prompting, instigating, instigator, promoter, Pān. i, 4, 55; effective, essential, Sāh.; deputing, anointing, W.; m. an author, composer, Yajn.; a money-lender, creditor, ib.; a founder or institutor of any ceremony, W.; an employer, A.; -kartri-tva, n. the acting as instigator or promoter, W.; -tā, f. (Nyāyam., Sch.), -tva, n. (Kāš.) agency; kadhyaya-bhashya, n. N. of wk.

Pra-yojana, n. (ifc. f. a) occasion, object, cause, motive, opportunity, purpose, design, aim, end, Prät.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; prayojanena, with a particular intention, on purpose, MBh.; na-vasāt, id., Pancat.; kena onena, from what cause or motive? Prab.; kasmai onāya, kasmāt onāt, kasya onasya and kasmin one, id., Kās. on Pān. ii, 3, 27; nam ati-\kram, to neglect an opportunity, MBh.; profit, use or need of, necessity for, Kāv.; Pañcat. &c. (with instr., tarunā kim prayojanam, what is the use of the tree? Kuval.; bhavatv etaih kusumaih prayojanam, let these flowers be used, Sak.; with gen. or dat., Kāš. on Pān. ii, 3, 27; ii, 3, 72); means of attaining, Mn. vii, Ico; (in phil.) a motive for discussing the point in question, IW. 64; -vat, mfn. having or connected with or serving any purpose or interest, interested, R.; serviceable, useful, Suir. ("ttva, n., Sarvad.); having a cause, caused, produced, W. 'yojayitri, m. (fr. Caus.) a causer, occasioner, Apast. yojya, mfn. to be cast or shot (missile), MBh.; Hariv.; to be used or employed or practised (-tva, n.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; to be appointed or commissioned, dependent, a servant or slave, Sarvad.; to be represented (on the stage), Sāh.; n. capital (to be lent on interest); -tva, n. the state of being used or employed (a-prayo), Vām.; the state of being appointed or commissioned, dependence (a-pray), Sarvad.

प्रमुध् pra-\/yudh, A. -yudhyate (rarely P. oti), to begin to fight, attack, fight with (acc.), RV.; MBh.; R.; Hariv.: Caus. -yodhayati, to cause to begin to fight, AsvGr.; to attack, combat, Hariv.: Desid. A. -yuyutsate, to wish to fight with (instr.), MBh. "yutsu, m. (only W.) a warrior; a ram; an ascetic; air, wind; N. of Indra (for 'yuyutsu). yuddha, mfn. fighting, one who has fought, MBh.; Hariv.; R.; Kathās.; n. fight, battle, Kathās.; 'yuddhârtha, mfn. having the sense of pra-yuddha (accord. to others, m. = pratyutkrama, war, battle,