1. **Ashya**, mfn. (see the last) to be striven after, to be sought for, AV. xii, 2, 39; 4, 16; TāṇḍyaBr.

EU 2. eshá (nom. m. of etád, q. v.) - vīra, m., N. of a despised Brāhmanic family, Sāy. on SBr. xi, 2, 7, 32.

Eshakā or eshikā, f. sg. of the dimin. of etad, Pān. vii, 3, 47.

ET 3. ésha, mfn. (fr. $\sqrt{3}$. ish), ifc. seeking, SBr. xiii; (as), m. the act of seeking or going after, RV. x, 48, 9; (eshá), wish, option, RV. i, 180, 4, (cf. sválshá); (ā), f. wish, L.; [cf. Zd. aêsha; O. H. G. ērā.] Eshálshyà, mfn. to be sought

for, desirable, RV. x, 102, 11.

2. E'shaṇa, mfn. seeking for, wishing, Nir.; (as), m. an iron arrow, L.; (ā), f. seeking with, desire, begging, solicitation, request, SBr.; Pāṇ.; Rājat. &c.; (with Jainas) right behaviour when begging food, Sarvad. 39, 9; (i), f. an iron or steel probe, Sušr.; a goldsmith's scale, L.; (am), n. the act of seeking, begging, solicitation, MBh.; medical examination, probing, Sušr. Eshaṇā-samiti, f. correct behaviour when begging food, HYog.

Eshanikā, f. a goldsmith's scale, L. Eshanin, mfn. seeking, striving, Nir.

Eshanīya, mfn. to be sought or aimed at, desirable, Kum.; ifc. belonging to the medical examination of, Susr.

Eshitavya, mfn. to be sought, Comm. on Bādar.; to be approved, Comm. on Nyāyam.

Eshitri, mfn. one who seeks or strives after, desiring, Bhatt.

Eshin, mfn. (generally ifc.) going after, seeking, striving for, desiring, AitBr.; MBh.; Ragh. &c.

Eshtri = eshitri above, Bhatt.

2. Eshya, mfn. (fr. the Caus.), to be examined medically or probed, Susr.

एण 3. eshya, mfn. (√i, fut.), what is to come, future, Sūryas.

Eshyat, mfn. (fut. p. of \sqrt{i}), id. - kālīya, mfn. belonging to future time, future.

でき ehá, mf(ā)n. desirous, wishing, AV. xiii, 3, 33.

Ehas, as, n. anger, Nigh.; emulation, rivalry; (cf. an-ehás.)

refe 1. êhi (Impv. 2. sg. of \bar{a} - \sqrt{i}), come near! - kaṭā, f., -dvitīyā, f. &c., gaṇa mayūra-vyansakādi, Pāṇ. ii, 1, 72. - vat, mfn. containing the word êhi, TāṇḍyaBr.

2. Ehi, is, m., N. of a man, gaņa sārngaravādi, Pān. iv, 1, 73.

vishtam 'êhi mā yāsīr!' iti yad avocan, tadanukaranahetuko'yam visveshām devānām vyapadeša ehimāyāsa iti, Sāy.]

RAI.

I. ai, the twelfth vowel of the alphabet and having the sound of ei in height. - kara, m. the letter or sound ai.

particle of addressing; summoning; remembering, L.

7 3. ai, ais, m., N. of Siva, L.

est aika, mfn. (fr. eka), belonging or relating to one (?), gaņa gahādi, Pāņ. iv, 2, 138 (not in Kāš.)

Aikakarmya, am, n. (fr. eka-karman), unity of action, Jaim.

Aikakālya, am, n. (fr. eka-kāla), unity of time, Jaim.

Aikagavika, mfn. (fr. eka-gava), possessing but one cow, Pat. on Pān. v, 2, 118.

Aikagunya, am, n. (fr. eka-guna), the value

of a single unit, simple unity, MBh.

Aikadhya, am, n. (fr. ekadhā), singleness of time or occurrence; (am), ind. at once, together,

Pān. v, 3, 44; KātyŠr.; Sušr. — tas, ind. id., Sušr. Aikapatya, am, n. (fr. eka-pati), sovereignty of one, absolute monarchy, BhP.

Aikapadika, mfn. (fr. eka-pada), belonging to a simple word, Nir.; consisting of single words, Nir. iv, I.

Aikapadya, am, n. (see the last) unity of words, the state of being one word, Kās. on Pān. ii, 1, 25.

Aikabhāvya, am, n. (fr. eka-bhāva, gaņa brāhmanādi, Pān. v, I, I24), the state of being one, singleness.

Aikabhautika, mfn. (fr. eka-bhūta), consisting of one element, Kap.

Aikamatya, n. (fr. eka-mata), unanimity, conformity or sameness of opinions, MBh.; Ragh.; Rā-jat. &c.; (mfn.) having conformity of opinions, conforming, agreeing, R. v.

Aikarājya, am, n. (fr. eka-rāj), sole monarchy, ĀsvŠr. v.

Aikarātrika, mfn. (fr. eka-rātra), staying one night, Gaut.

Aikarūpya, am, n. (fr. eka-rūpa), the being of one sort, identity, Sāh.

Aikalava, mf(i)n. (fr. aikalavya, Pān. iv, 2, 111), belonging to a descendant of Eka-lū.

Aikalavya, as, vī, m. f. a descendant of Eka-lū, gaņa gargādi, Pāņ. iv, 1, 105.

Aikavarnika, mfn. (fr. eka-varna), relating to one caste, MBh.

Aikašatika, mfn. (fr. eka-šata), possessing 101, Kāš. on Pāņ. v, 2, 118.

Aikasapha, mfn. (fr. eka-sapha), coming from or relating to an animal with uncloven hoofs, Gaut. xvii, 24; Mn. v, 8; Yājñ.; Sušr.

Aikasabdya, am, n. (fr. eka-sabda), sameness or identity of words, Jaim.

Aikašālika, mfn. = eka-šālika, q. v., Pān. v, 3,

Aikasrutya, am, n. (fr. eka-sruti, q. v.), sameness of tone or accent, monotony, ĀsvŠr.; Kās.

Aikasahasrika, mfn. (fr. eka-sahasra), possessing 1001.

Aikasvarya, am, n. (fr. eka-svara), the state of having but one accent (as of a compound), Kāš. on Pān. ii, 1, 25; sameness of tone, monotony, ŚāńkhŚr.

Aikāgārika, as, ī, m. f. (fr. ekāgāra; ekam asahāyam āgāram prayojanam asya, whose object is a solitary house), a thief, Pān.v, I, II3; Daš.; Šiš.

Aikāgnika, mfn. (fr. ekâgni), relating to or performed with a single fire.

Aikāgrya, am, n. (fr. ekâgra), intentness or concentration on one object, MBh.; BhP.; Vedāntas.

Aikānkāyana, m. a descendant of Ekânka. Aikānga, as, m. (fr. ekânga), a soldier who acts

as body-guard, Rājat.

Aikātmya, am, n. (fr. ekâtman), unity of the soul, unity of being, oneness, identity, MBh.; BhP.;

oneness with the Supreme Spirit, L.

Aikādašāksha, as, m. a descendant of Ekādašâksha.

Aikādašiná, mf(i)n. (fr. ekādaša), belonging to a collection of eleven (e. g. animals), SBr.

Aikādhikaranya, am, n. (fr. ekâdhikarana), the state of having but one object of relation, Bhāshāp.

Aikāntika, mf(ī)n. (fr. ekânta), absolute, necessary, complete, exclusive, BhP.; Sušr.; Sāṃkhyak. &c.

Aikāntya, am, n. (fr. id.), exclusiveness, absoluteness, Sarvad.

Aikānyika, mfn. (ekam anyad viparîtam vrittam adhyayane 'sya) one who commits a single error in reciting, Pāņ. iv, 4, 63.

Aikāyana, as, m. a descendant of Eka, gaņa nadādi, Pān. iv, I, 99.

Aikārthya, am, n. (fr. ekârtha), oneness of aim or intention, Dašar.; oneness or unity of an idea, Pat.; sameness of meaning, Jaim.

Aikāsramya, am, n. the existence of one order only, Gaut. iii, 36; Comm. on Nyāyam.

Aíkāhika, mf(i)n. (fr. ekâha), lasting one day, ephemeral, quotidian (as fever), AgP.; belonging to an Ekāha (q. v.) sacrifice, SBr.; AitBr.; ĀśvŚr. &c.

Aikāhya, am, n. (fr. id.), the state of an Ekāha (q. v.) sacrifice, ŚāńkhŚr.

Aikya, am, n. (fr. eka), oneness, unity, harmony, sameness, identity, MBh.; Ragh.; Sarvad. &c.; identity of the human soul or of the universe with the Deity, MW.; an aggregate, sum, Sūryas.; (in math.) the product of the length and depth of excavations differing in depth. Aikyaropa, m. equalization, Kuv.

ऐक्षच aikshavá and aikshavyà, mf(i)n. (fr. ikshu), made of or produced from the sugar-cane, TS. vi; SBr.; KātyŚr.; Hcat.; (am), n. sugar, Sušr.

Aikshuka, mfn. suitable for sugar-cane, gaņa guḍādi, Pāṇ. iv, 4, 103; bearing sugar-cane, gaṇa vaṇsādi, Pāṇ. v, 1, 50; (fr. ikshukīyā), being in a country which abounds in sugar-cane, gaṇa bilva-kādi, Pāṇ. vi, 4, 153.

Aikshubhārika, mfn. (fr. ikshu-bhāra), carry-

ing a load of sugar-canes.

रेखाक aikshvāká, as, ī, m. f. a son or descendant of Ikshvāku, SBr. xiii; MBh.; R.; Ragh.

Aikshvāku, ep. for aikshvāká above.

Plant Inguda, Suir.; R.; (am), n. the fruit of that plant, L.

रिन्छ क aicchika, mfn. (fr. icchā), optional, arbitrary, at will, Comm. on Pāṇ.; Kuv. &c.

Ezā aitata, am. n. (fr. itata), N. of several Sāmans, ĀrshBr.; TāṇdyaBr.

thing that refreshes or strengthens, VS. xv, 7; ending in or containing the word idā (as a Sāman), VS.; TāṇḍyaBr.; Kāṭh. &c.; descended from Idā, VP.; (as), m., N. of Purūravas, RV. x, 95, 18 (aiļā); SBr. &c.; (ās), m. pl. the descendants or family of Purūravas, VP.; (cf. aila.) - kāva, -kautsa, -kraunca, -yāma, -vāsishṭha, -suddhāsud-dhīya, -saindhukshita, -sauparṇa, n., N. of certain Sāmans.

Aidādadha = idā-dadha, p. 164, col. 3, ĀpŚr. VS 2. aida, mfn. (fr. eda), coming from the

sheep Eda, MBh. viii.

Aidaká, mf(ī)n. id., ŠBr.; KātyŠr.; (as), m. a species of sheep, ŠBr. xii.

रेडविड aidavida, as, m. a descendant of Ida-vidā, N. of Kuvera, BhP.; Rājat.; of a son of Dašaratha, BhP. ix; (cf. ailavila.)

ऐड्रक aidūka, n. = edūka, q. v.

ew aiņa, mf(ī)n. (fr. eṇa), produced from or belonging to the male black antelope, Yājñ. i, 258; Kāš. on Pāņ. iv, 3, 159.

Ainika, mfn. hunting black antelopes, L. Ainikīya, mfn. = aina?, Pat. on Pān. iv, 2, 141. Ainīpacana, mfn. = enīpacanīya, q. v., Siddh. on Pān. i, 1, 75.

Aineya, mfn. (fr. enī), produced or coming from the female black antelope, Pān. iv, 3, 159; ĀśvGr.; Suśr.; BhP. &c.; (fr. aineya) belonging to anything which is produced from the female black antelope, Kāš. on Pān. iv, 3, 155; (as), m. the black antelope; (am), n. a kind of coitus.

रतदात्य aitadātmya, am, n.(fr. etad-ātman), the state of having the nature or property of this, ChUp. vi, 8, 7; 16, 3 (= Vedāntas. 200).

ent aitara, mfn. (fr. itara), gaņa samkalādi, Pān. iv, 2, 75.

Aitareya, as, m. a descendant of Itara or Itarā, N. of Mahidāsa (author of a Brāhmaṇa and Āraṇyaka called after him); (mfn.) composed by Aitareya. — brāhmaṇa, n., N. of the Brāhmaṇa composed by Aitareya (attached to the Rig-veda and prescribing the duties of the Hotri priest; it is divided into forty Adhyāyas or eight Pañcikās). Aitareyaraṇyaka, n., N. of the Āraṇyaka composed by Aitareya (consisting of five books or Āraṇyakas, the second and third books of which form the Upanishad). Aitareyôpanishad, f., N. of either the second and third books of the Aitareya-āraṇyaka or of the four last sections of the second book only; -bhāshya, n., N. of a treatise and commentary on the last.

Aitareyaka, am, n. the Aitareya-brāhmaņa. Aitareyin, iņas, m. pl. the school of Aitareya, ĀsvŠr.

lāpa, m., N. of a section of the Atharva-veda by the above Muni (coming after the Kuntāpa hymns, Sāy.), AitBr. vi, 33, 1; Vait.

Aitasayana, as, m. a descendant of Aitasa, Ait-Br. vi, 33, 3.

रितिकायन aitikāyana, as, m. a descendant of Itika, gaņa naḍādi, Pān. iv, 1, 99.

Aitikāyanīya, mfn. belonging to the above.