अमिदित a-mardita, mfn. (/mrid), unthreshed; unsubdued; not trodden down.

अमधेत á-mardhat, mfn. not getting tired or inactive, RV. iii, 25, 4; v, 43, 1 & vii, 76, 5; not making tired, RV. vii, 76, 2.

A'-mṛidhra, $mf(\bar{a})n$, not getting tired, unremitting, indefatigable, RV.; unceasing, RV.

अममेन a-marmán, mfn. having no vital part, invulnerable, RV. iii, 32, 4; v, 32, 5 & vi, 26, 3; (a), n. not a vital part of the body, Suir.

A-marma (in comp. for a-marman). -jāta, mfn. not originating in a vital part of the body (as a disease), Sušr. - vedhi-tā, f. the state of not inflicting severe injury on others, absence of acrimony (one of the thirty-five Vāg-guṇas of a Tīrthaṃkara), Jain.

समयाद a-maryāda, mfn. having no limits, transgressing every bound, R.

durance, Pāṇ. iii, 3, 145; impatience, indignation, anger, passion, MBh.; R. &c.; (as), m., N. of a prince, VP. -ja, mfn. springing from impatience or indignation, MBh. - vat, mfn. not bearing, intolerant, passionate, wrathful, angry, L. - hāsa, m. an angry laugh, a sarcastic sneer, MBh.

A-marshana, mfn. = amarsha-vat, MBh. &c.; impatient (cf. ranâmarshana); (as), m. (= amarsha), N. of a prince, BhP.; (am), n. impatience of (gen.), MBh. xiii, 2159.

A-marshita, mfn. = amarsha-vat, q. v., MBh. &c.

A-marshin, mfn. id., MBh. &c.

clean, pure, shining; (as), m. crystal (cf. amararatna), BhP.; N. of a poet; of Nārāyaṇa, L.; (ā), f., N. of the goddess Lakshmī, L.; (= amarā, q. v.) the umbilical cord, L.; the tree Emblica Officinalis Gærtn., L.; the plant Saptalā, L.; (am), n. talc, L.—garbha, m., N. of a Bodhi-sattva, L.—patatrin, m. the wild goose, L.—mani, m. or—ratna, n. (cf. amara-ratna) crystal, L.—samyuta, mfn. 'not defiled by any spot,' endowed with purity, MBh. Amalâtman, mfn. of undefiled mind. Amalī—1. kri, to purify, VarBṛS. Amalôdarī, f., N. of a female poet.

Amalaya, Nom. P. 'yati, to make spotless, whiten, make brilliant, Kir. v, 44.

A-malina, mfn. stainless, free from dirt, clean.

- dhī, mfn. of a pure mind.

A-malīmasa, mfn. not impure, Rājat.

समलातक a-malātaka or a-malānaka, am, n. (=a-mlāna, q. v.) globe-amaranth (Gomphræna Globosa), (cf. amilātaka.)

अमवत् áma-vat. See I. áma.

समिविष्णु a-mavishņu, mfn. ($\sqrt{m\bar{u}} = \sqrt{1}$. $m\bar{v}$, NBD.), immovable, RV. x, 94, 11.

समस amasa, as, m. disease, Un.; a fool, L.; time, L.; (cf. 1. amata & 3. amáti.)

अमस्य a-masrina, mfn. not soft, harsh, L. अमस्तक a-mastaka, mfn. headless.

समस्तु a-mastu, mfn. without thickened milk or sour cream, Kauš.

अमस्वन् ámas-van, mf(varī)n. for támasvan, q. v., MaitrS.

समहोयमान á-mahīyamāna, mf(ā)n. 'not high-spirited,' down-cast, sad, RV. iv, 18, 13; PBr. A-mahīyu, us, m., N. of a Rishi (composer of the hymn RV. ix, 61); (cf. āmahīyava.)

(chiefly Ved.) at home, in the house, in the house of (gen.), with, RV. &c.; together, Pāṇ. iii, I, 122; (ā), f. = amā-vāsyà, q. v., Comm. on Ragh. xiv, 80 (in a verse quoted from Vyāsa); Comm. on Sūryas; also amānta, m. the end of the amā(-vāsyà) night, ib. = \$\sqrt{1.} kri (gaṇa sākshād-ādi, q. v.), Ved. to have or take with one's self, AV.; SBr. &c. -júr, ūr, f. living at home, growing old at home (as a maiden), RV. ii, 17, 7; viii, 21, 15 & x, 39, 3. -vasī, f. = -vāsyà, q. v., L. -vasu, m., N. of a prince (a descendant of Purūravas), MBh.; Hariv.;

VP. - vasyā, f. = -vāsyā, q. v., Kāth.; Pān. iii, I, 122. - vāsī, f. = -vāsyā, q. v., MBh. i, 4644 & R. vi, 72, 66 (only loc. osyām, which might be a metrical abbreviation for osyāyām). - vāsya, n. [NBD.] neighbourhood, AV. iv, 36, 3 [perhaps for -vāšya, 'lowing (of cows) at home,' as the word is used together with ā-gará & prati-krošá]; mfn. born in an amā-vāsyā night, Pān. iv, 3, 30 (cf. āmāvāsyá); N. of a Vedic teacher, VBr.; (-vāsyā), f. (scil. rātri; fr. \$\sqrt{5}. vas, 'to dwell,' with ama, 'together') the night of new moon (when the sun and moon 'dwell together'), the first day of the first quarter on which the moon is invisible, AV.; SBr. &c.; a sacrifice offered at that time; N. of the Acchodā river, MatsyaP. - vāsyaka, mfn. (=-vāsya) born in an amā-vāsyā night, Pāņ. iv, 3, 30. - hatha, m., N. of a snake demon, MBh. i, 2157. Ameshtá, mfn. sacrificed at home, VS. Amôtá, &c., see s. v.

I. Amát, ind. (abl.) from near at hand, RV. v, 53, 8 & ix, 97, 8.

Amātya (4), as, m. (fr. 1. amā, cf. Pāņ. iv, 2, 104, Sch.) inmate of the same house, belonging to the same house or family, RV. vii, 15, 3; VS.; Āšv-Gṛ.; KātyŚr.; 'a companion (of a king),' minister, MBh.; Mn. &c.

not an authority, not a standard of action, Nyāyam.

-tva, n. the not being an authority, ib.

2. A-māt, m (nom. sg. ān)fn. (pr. p. √3. mā), not measuring, not affording room or space, boundless (in qualities), Šiš. xiii, 2; Nalod.

A-mātrá, mfn. without measure, boundless (as Indra), RV. i, 102, 7; (as Brahman), BṛĀrUp.; not metrical or prosodical, MāṇḍUp.; having the measure or quantity of the letter a, VPrāt.; (ayā), ind. (instr. f.) in a boundless manner, Kathās.

A-māna, am, n = 2. $a-m\bar{a}$, Nyāyam. — $t\bar{a}$, f. $= am\bar{a}-tva$ (s. v. 2. $a-m\bar{a}$), ib.

A-miti, is, $f_{\cdot} = 2 \cdot a - m\bar{a}$, ib.; boundlessness, Naish.

white a-mānsa, am, n. not flesh, anything but flesh, KātyŚr.; (mfn.), without flesh, PārGr.; feeble, thin, L. — bhaksha, mfn. not eating flesh, Kathās. A-mānsāsana, mfn. id., Vishņus. A-mānsāsin, mfn. id., ŠBr. xiv; KātyŚr.; PārGr.

A-mānsáka, mfn. without flesh, TS.

xiv. A-mātā-putra, mfn. (gaņa kāshthādi, q.v.) 'having neither mother nor son,' only in comp., e. g. amātāputrādhyāpaka, m. a teacher who cares for neither mother nor son (on account of being entirely absorbed in his work), Pāņ. viii, I, 67, Kāš.

A-mātrika, mfn. motherless, Āp. अमात्प a-mātya. See I. amā.

समात a-mātrá. See 2. a-mā.

समात्सर्थे a-mātsarya. See a-matsara.

समानन a-mānana, am, n. disrespect, Hit.

समानव a-mānava. See a-manushya.

समानस्य a-mānasya=āmanasya, q.v., L.

अमानिन् a-mānin, mfn.(√man), not proud, modest, MBh. Amāni-tā, f. or -tva [Bhag. &c.], n. modesty, humility.

समानुष a-mānusha, &c. See a-manushya. समामसी amā-măsī, v.l. for -văsī, q.v., L.

sagacious, SBr.; AitBr.; free from deceit, guileless, Bhatt.; (ā), f. absence of delusion or deceit or guile, (ayā), instr. ind. guilelessly, sincerely, Mn. ii, 51; BhP.; Hit.

A-māyika, mfn. without illusion or deceit, void of trick or guile, Comm. on Kir.; not illusory, real,

A-māyin, mfn. void of trick or guile, MBh. iii, 1357; BhP.; (Prākrit a-māī) Jain.

अभार्य-māra, as, m. non-destruction, Rājat.

A-māraka, mfn. not killing, Sāy. on RV.i, 84, 4.

ज्ञमाग a-mārga, as, m. a bad road, (also figuratively) an evil path, Rājat.; Kathās.; (eṇa), instr. ind. in a dishonourable manner, MBh. ii, 2035;

(mfn.), pathless, L. - prasrit, mfn. (\stri), one who is out of the right way, Car.

अमाजित a-mārjita, mfn. uncleansed, unwashed, MBh. iii, 2577.

समावसी amā-vasī, &c. See 1. amá. Amā-vāsyà. See ib.

अमाध a-māsha, mfn. not producing kidneybeans, Pat.; without or except kidney-beans, Hcat.; (ās), m. pl. no beans, ĀpŚr.

समाहठ amā-hatha. See I. amā.

स्रमित I. amita. See Vam.

समित 2.á-mita, mfn. (🗸 3. mā), unmeasured, boundless, infinite, RV. &c.; without a certain measure, SBr.; Susr. &c.; (á-mitam), ind. immensely, RV. iv, 16, 5. - kratu (ámita-), mfn. of unbounded energy, RV. i, 102, 6. - gati, m., N. of a Vidyādhara, Kathās.; N. of a Jaina author. - tejas, mfn. of boundless glory, MBh. - tva, n. boundlessness, Hariv. - dyuti, mfn. of infinite splendour. -dhvaja, m., N. of a son of Dharmadhvaja, VP. -ruci, m., N. of a deity, Buddh. -vikrama, m. 'of unbounded valour,' a N. of Vishnu. - vīrya, mfn. of immense strength, AV. xix, 34, 8. Amitâkshara, mfn. not containing a fixed number of syllables, Nir.; RPrāt. Amitatman, mfn. of an immense mind, MBh. iii, 11924. Amitabha, ās, m. pl. 'of unmeasured splendour,' N. of certain deities in the eighth Manvantara, VP.; (as), m. sg. = amitayus. Amitayus, m., N. of a Dhyanibuddha, Buddh. Amitaujas, mfn. of unbounded energy, almighty, RV. i, 11, 4; Mn. i, 4. 16 & 36; N. of Brahman's paryanka, KaushUp.; N. of a man, (gana bāhv-ādi, q. v.)

A-miti. See 2. a-mā.

सामत amítra, as, ā, m. f. (fr. Vam [Un. iv, 173] or perhaps a-mitra, 'not a friend' [Pān. vi, 2, 116, 'not having a friend'], but see abhyamitrīna, &c.) an enemy, adversary, foe, RV. &c.; (mfn.), not having a friend. - khādá, mfn. 'devouring his enemies,' N. of Indra, RV. x, 152, 1. -ghāta, mfn. (Ved.) killing enemies, Pāņ. iii, 2, 88, Sch.; (as), m. (='Αμιτροχάτης) N. of Bindusāra (the son of Candragupta). - ghātin or -ghna, mfn. killing enemies, MBh.; R. -jit, mfn. 'conquering enemies,' N. of a son of Suvarna, VP. - tapana, mfn. tormenting enemies, AitBr. - ta, f. enmity, Mricch.; Pañcat. - dámbhana, mfn. hurting enemies, RV. ii, 23, 3 & iv, 15, 4. - varman, m., N. of a man, Das. - saha, v.l. for mitra-saha, q.v. = sāhá, mfn. (for -khādá in RV.) enduring or overcoming enemies (N. of Indra), AV. i, 20, 4. - senā, f. hostile army, SV. (=AV. iii, I, 3); AV. v, 20, 6. - hán, mfn. killing enemies, RV.; VS. - hū, mfn. calling or inviting evil-doers, Samhitop. p. 7. Amitrā-yúdh (for otra-), mfn. fighting with enemies, RV. iii, 29, 15.

Amitraya, Nom. P. (p. 'yát') to have hostile intentions, RV.

Amitrayú, mfn. hostile, AV. xx, 127, 13.
Amitrāya, Nom. P. p. °yát = amitrayát above,
AV. vii, 84, 2 (cf. RV. x, 180, 3): Ā. °yate, to have
hostile intentions, Pañcat.

Amitrín, mfn. hostile, RV. i, 120, 8.

Amitríya, mfn. id., RV. vi, 17, 1; viii, 31, 3

& ix, 61, 20.

अमिथित á-mithita, mfn. not reviled; unprovoked, RV. viii, 45, 37.

A-mithyā, ind. not falsely, truthfully, Ragh.

समिन् amin, mfn. (fr. 1. ama), sick, L.

समिन aminá. See Vam.

समिनत् á-minat, mfn. (√1. mī), not violating or transgressing, not altering, RV.; (Ved. du. f. °atī) unalterable, RV. iv, 56, 2.

A'-mīta-varņa, $mf(\bar{a})n$. of unaltered colour, RV. iv, 51, 9.

खामलातक a-milātaka=a-malātaka, q. v.

खमिश्र á-misra, mfn. 'unmixed,' exclusive (i.e. without participation of others), SBr.

A-misrana, am, n. = a-yāvana, q. v., Comm. on RPrāt.

A-misranīya, mfn. immiscible, L. A-misrita, mfn. unmixed, unblended.

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