mfn. making glad, exhilarating, MBh.; m. N. of a Rishi, R.; n. making glad, ib.; gladness, joyousness, ib. (cf. sa-p°). "modam, ind., in uccaih-p°, with loud expressions of joy, Prab. "modamāna, n. (Sāṃkhyak., Sch.) or "nā, f. (Tattvas.) 'rejoicing,' N. of one of the 8 Sāṃkhya perfections (cf. sadā-pramudita). "modita, mfn. delighted, rejoiced, MW.; m. N. of Kubera, L.; (ā), f. N. of one of the 8 Sāṃkhya perfections, Tattvas. "modin, mfn. causing excessive joy, delighting, AV.; delighted, happy, W.; m. a kind of rice (= modaka), Vāgbh.; (inī), f. Odina Wodier (= jinginī), Bhpr.

प्रमुद्धे pra-√murch, P. -mūrchati, to become thick or solid, congeal, SBr.

ugu pra-/mush, P. -mushnāti, to steal away, rob, carry off, take away, RV.; SBr.; PārGr. &c. mushita, mfn. stolen or taken away (also mushta), BhP.; distracted, beside one's self, ib.; Kathās.; (ā), f. a kind of riddle, Cat.

Pra-mosha, m. stealing or taking away, BhP.

bewildered or infatuated, MBh.; to faint, swoon, ib.; Susr.: Caus. -mohayati, to bewilder, infatuate, MBh. omugdha, mfn. unconscious, fainting, Uttarar.; Mālatīm.; very charming, Pañcar. omūdha, mfn. bewildered, unconscious, MBh.; Hariv.; Uttarar.; infatuated, foolish, MundUp.; SārngP.; disjointed, MBh.; -samjña, mfn. having the mind perplexed, bewildered, infatuated, R. omoha, m. bewilderment, infatuation, MBh.; Susr.; Uttarar.; insensibility, fainting, W.; -citta, mf(ā)n. bewildered in mind, MBh. omohana, mf(ī)n. bewildering the mind, MBh.; Hariv. omohita, mfn. bewildered, infatuated, MBh. omohin, mfn. (ifc.) bewildering, infatuating, ib.

प्रमूचित pra-mūtrita, mfn. begun to be urined (n. impers.), Subh., Sch.

प्रमर pra-mūra, in á-p°, q. v.

प्रमुद्ध pra-√mūrch. See pra-√murch.

प्रमृषिका pra-mūshikā, f. the external corner of the eye, VarBṛS. lviii, 7, Comm.

pra-\mi, Caus. P. -mārayati, to put to death, SBr. "mará, m. death, RV. "marana, n. dying, death, BṛĀrUp., Saṃk. "mārá, m. dying, AV. "mṛita, mfn. deceased, dead, MBh.; withdrawn or gone out of sight; covered, concealed, W.; n. death, MBh.; MārkP.; tillage, cultivation (as causing the death of many beings), Mn. iv, 4, 5 (cf. x, 83). "mṛitaka, mfn. dead, BhP.

प्रमृगम् pra-mrigam, ind. (√mrig), g. ti-shihadgv-ādi. °mrigya, mfn. to be sought or searched after; peculiarly adapted to or fitted for (dat.), Kām.

MBh.; -mārjayati, Sušr.), to wipe, wipe off, wash off, clean, cleanse, Kāṭh.; SBr.; GṛŚrS. &c.; to rub, pass the hand over, rub gently, stroke, MBh.; R.; to wipe out, wash out, remove, expel, rid one's self of, ib.; GopBr.; Kāv. &c.; to render unavailing, frustrate (as a wish), Rājat.; to destroy, AitBr.; to make ready, prepare, MW. mārjaka, mfn. wiping off, causing to disappear, removing, MBh. mārjana, n. the act of rubbing off, wiping off, Sušr.; (ašru-p°, the wiping away or drying of tears, consoling, MBh.; R.; Hariv.; Kām.; weeping, MBh.); causing to disappear, removing, Kāvyâd.

Pra-mṛishṭa, mfn. rubbed off, cleaned, polished, MBh.; Mālav. &c.; rubbed with (instr.), R.; wiped away, removed, expelled, Ragh.; given up, left, Hariv. (v. l. prasrishta).

प्रमुड pra-mṛiḍa, mfn. gracious, making glad or happy, BhP.

呵呵 pra-√mṛiṇ, P. -mṛiṇati, to crush, destroy, RV. °mṛiṇá, mf(á)n. destroying, crushing, RV.; TBr.

प्रमृत pra-mrita &c. See pra-\mri.

und pra-/mrid, P. -mridnāti, to crush down, bruise, destroy, ravage, devastate, MBh.; R.; Hariv. &c. marda, m. N. of a partic. position of the moon in the Nakshatras, Sūryapr. mardaka,

mfn. crushing down, crushing, destroying, Lalit.; m. N. of a demon, ib. "mardana, mfn. crushing down, crushing, destroying, MBh.; R.; Hariv.; expelling, Sušr.; m. N. of Vishņu, MBh.; of an attendant of Siva, L.; of a demon causing disease, Hariv.; of a Vidyā-dhara, Kathās.; of a general-officer of Sambara, Hariv.; n. crushing, destroying, ib. "mardita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) crushed, bruised, R. "marditi, mfn. one who crushes, a destroyer, MBh. "mardin, mfn. (ifc.) crushing, destroying, Hariv.

of, touch, handle, AV.; SBr.; Kathās. (to reflect, consider, deliberate, Mahīdh.) mṛisa, mfn. laying hold of, handling, VS. (= pandita, Mahīdh.) mṛisa, mfn. laying shṭi, f. rubbing over with (comp.), Hcar.

प्रमु pra-√mṛish (only pf. -mamarsha, aor. -marshishṭhāḥ, and inf. -mṛishe), to forget, neglect (with acc. or dat.), RV. (to destroy, Sāy.) omṛishya, mfn., in a-pramṛishyá, q.v.

प्न pra-√mṛī, P. -mṛiṇāti (cf. pra-mṛiṇ), to crush, destroy, RV.; AV.

Prá-mūrna, mfn. crushed, destroyed, AV.

प्रमे pra-mé, ind. See under pra-√mā.

प्रमेतीस pra-metos. See under pra-√mī.

प्रमेदित pra-medita. See pra-√mid.

प्रमेष pra-meya. See p. 686, col. 1. प्रमेह pra-meha &c. See under pra-√mih.

प्रमोक pra-moka &c. See pra-\muc.

fall, dropping, losing, R.; discharging, dismissing, liberation, losing (comp.); final deliverance, MBh.; R. mokshaka, m. N. of a mountain, Divyâv.; of a serpent demon, L. mokshana, n. the end of an eclipse, Var.

प्रमोत pra-móta (perhaps fr. /mīv), a partic. kind of disease (others, 'mfn. mute'), AV. ix, 8, 4.

प्रमोद pra-moda &c. See pra-√mud.

प्रमोष pra-mosha. See pra-\/mush.

प्रमोह pra-moha &c. See pra-\/muh.

प्रसद् pra-\mrad (only Ved. inf. -mradé), to destroy, kill, SBr. (cf. pra-mrid).

प्राच्छ | pra-√mluc, P.-mlocati, to go down, sink d°, SBr. °mlócantī (VS.) or °mlocā (MBh.; Hariv.; Pur.), f. N. of an Apsaras.

प्राप्त pra-√mlai, P. -mlāyati, to fade or wither away, Bhaṭṭ.; Kuval.; to be sad or dejected or languid, A.

Pramlāna, mfn. faded, withered, MBh.; R.; Kām.; Ragh.; soiled, dirty, Prab. — vadana, mfn. having a sickly-looking face, MBh. — sarīra, mfn. withered in body, having an exhausted frame, Var.

Pramlāni-\bhū, P. -bhavati, to fade away, Pañcar.

THE pra-\(\sqrt{yaksh}, P.\bar{A}.-\sqrt{yakshati}\), ote (inf.\(-\sqrt{yakshe}\)), to hasten forward, press onward, be eager; (with acc.) to strive after, pursue, attain, RV. oya-ksha (prá-), mfn. eager, strenuous(?), RV. i, 62, 6 (=pūjya, Sāy.)

प्रयम् pra-√yaj, P. Ā. -yajati, °te (inf. -yájadhyai), to worship, sacrifice to (acc.), RV.; to offer the Prayāja sacrifice (cf. below), TS. °yáj, f. an offering, oblation, AV. °yajyu (prá-), mfn. worshipful, adorable, RV. (=prakarshena pūjya, Sāy.; others 'pressing onwards, rushing on').

Prayāga, m. 'place of sacrifice,' N. of a celebrated place of pilgrimage (now called Allāhābād) at the confluence of the Gangā and Yamunā with the supposed subterranean Sarasvatī (also -ka, AgP.; cf. tri-venī; ifc. also in Deva-p°, Rudra-p°, Karna-p° and Nanda-p°), Mn.; MBh. &c. (cf. RTL. 375; as N. of a country, Priy. i, \frac{1}{4}; pl. the inhabitants of P°, MBh.); a sacrifice, L.; a horse, L. (cf. pra-yoga); N. of Indra, L.; N. of a man (also -ka), Rājat. - kritya, n. N. of ch. of the Tristhalī-setu (q.v.) - tīrtha, n. N. of a Tīrtha, SkandaP. - dāsa, m. N. of 2 men, Cat. - prakaraņa, n., - praghattaka, m. or n. (?) N. of chs. of the

Tristhali-setu. - bhaya, m. 'fearing sacrifice,' N. of Indra, L. - māhātmya, n., -ratna-kroda, m., -rājāshtaka, n. N. of wks. - vana, n. N. of a forest, R. - setu, m. N. of wk.

Prayājā, m. 'pre-sacrifice,' preliminary offering (cf. anu-yāja, q. v.), N. of partic. texts or invocations, and of the Ājya libations at which they are employed (they form part of the Prâyaṇīya or introductory ceremony in a Soma sacrifice and are generally 5, but also 9 and 11 in number), RV.; TS.; VS.; Br.; GṛŚrS.; a principal ceremony or sacrifice, W.—tva, n. the state or condition of a Prayāja, Kapishṭh.—vat ('yājá-), mfn. accompanied by a Po, TS. Prayājānuyājá, m. pl. preliminary offering and after-sacrifice, AitBr. Prayājāhuti, f. the offering of a Po, ib.

Prayajya, f. (also pl.) the words spoken at the moment of offering the Po, TBr., Sch.

प्रयत pra- / yat, A. - yatate, to be active or effective, TBr. (ep. also P. oti); to strive, endeavour, exert one's self, devote or apply one's self to (loc., dat., acc., arthe, artham, hetos, or inf.), SrS.; Mn.; MBh. &c. yatana, n. effort, endeavour (used to explain pra-yatna), Pat. 'yatita, n. (impers.) pains have been taken with (loc.), MBh. yatitavya, n. (impers.) pains have to be taken with (loc.), R.; Balar.; Car. 'yatta, min. intent, eager, Bhartr. 'yattavya, n. (impers.) = 'yatitavya, Nal. 'yatna, m. persevering effort, continued exertion or endeavour, exertion bestowed on (loc. or comp.), activity, action, act, Mn.; MBh. &c. (instr. sg. and pl. abl. and -tas, ind. with special effort, zealously, diligently, carefully; 'tna, ibc. and 'tnāt, ind. also = hardly, scarcely); great care, caution, Pancat.; (in phil.) active efforts (of 3 kinds, viz. engaging in any act, prosecuting it, and completing it); pl. volitions (one of the 17 qualities of the Vaiseshikas), IW. 68; (in gram.) effort in uttering, mode of articulation (also āsya-pray, distinguished into ābhyantara-po and bāhya-po, internal and external effort), Prat.; Pan. i, I, 9, Sch.; (a), f. N. of a partic. Sruti, Samgit.; -cchid, mfn. frustrating a person's (gen.) efforts, Mudr.; -prekshaniya, mfn. hardly visible, Sak.; -muktdsana, mfn. rising with difficulty from a seat, Ragh.; -vat, mfn. assiduous, diligent, persevering, Kām.; 'tnananda, m. N. of wk.

प्रयम pra- / yabh, P.-yabhati, futuere, TBr.

hold out towards, stretch forth, extend, RV.; AV.; to place upon (loc.), MBh.; to offer, present, give, grant, bestow, deliver, despatch, send, effect, produce, cause (with dat., gen. or loc. of pers. and acc. of thing), RV. &c. &c. (with vikrayena, to sell; with uttaram, to answer; with sāpam, to pronounce a curse; with yuddham, to give battle, fight; with visham, to administer poison; with buddhau, to set forth or present to the mind); to restore, pay (a debt), requite (a benefit), Mn.; MBh. &c.; to give (a daughter) in marriage, AitBr.; ĀsvGr.; Mn. &c.

Prá-yata, mfn. outstretched, far-extended, RV.; AV.; placed upon (loc.), RV.; offered, presented, given, granted, bestowed, RV. &c. &c.; piously disposed, intent on devotion, well prepared for a solemn rite (with loc. or ifc.), ritually pure (also applied to a vessel and a place, Apast.; R.), selfsubdued, dutiful, careful, prudent, KathUp.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; m. a holy or pious person, W.; -tā, f., -tva, n. purity, holiness, MBh.; -dakshina (práyo), mfn. one who has made presents (to the priests at a sacrifice), a giver, donor, RV.; -parigraha-dvitīya, mfn. accompanied by a pious or chaste wife, MW.; -mānasa, mfn. pious-minded, devout, ascetic, MBh.; °tâtman or °tâtma-vat, mfn. id., Mn.; R. °yati (prá-), f. offering, gift, donation, RV.; intention, will, effort, exertion, ib.; VS. yantri, mfn.one who offers or presents, a giver, bringer (with gen. or acc.), RV.; a guide, driver (gaja-, of elephants), MBh. "yamana, n. purification, Apast. 'yama, m. dearth, scarcity(=nīvāka),L.; checking, restraining, W.; extension, length (in space or time), Jātakam.; progress, ib. "yamya, mfn. to be checked or controlled, ib.

ITUE 1. pra-\(\sqrt{yas}\), P. -yásyati (cf. Pān. iii, 1,71), to begin to bubble, AV.; to endeavour, labour, strive after (dat.), Naish. \(^\mathbf{yasta}\) (prá-), mfn. bubbling over, RV.; AV.; striving, eager, Sak.; well cooked or prepared, L. (cf. 2. práyas). \(^\mathbf{yāsá}\), m. exertion, effort, pains, trouble (ibc., with loc. or gen., -arthāya or -nimittena), VS.; TS.; Kāv.&c.