Pardaki, f. a species of plant, ib.

पार्रायनी pārdāyanī, f. (fr. pardi or pardin), Pāņ. iv, 2, 99, Pat.

quat pārpara, m. (only L.) a handful of rice; consumption or some other disease; a filament of the Nauclea Cadamba; ashes; N. of Yama; = jarāṭa (?).

पार्च pārya. See under 1. pāra, p. 620.

पार्यानाक pāryantika &c. See under pāry, p. 621, col. 2.

longing or relating to a division of time or to the changes of the moon (such as at new or full moon); increasing, waxing, full (as the moon; pārvaṇau sasi-divākarau, m° and sun at the time of full m°, Ragh. xi, 82), GṛṢṛS.; Kāv.; Pur. &c.; m. a halfmonth (= paksha), Jyot.; oblations offered at new and full moon, GṛṢ. — caṭa-ṣrāddha-prayoga, m. N. of wk. — candrikā, m. N. of wk. — srāddha, n. a ceremony in honour of ancestors performed at the conjunction of sun and moon i.e. at new m° and at other periods of the m°'s changes, RTL. 305; N. of wk.; -paddhati, f., -prayoga, m., -vidhi, m. N. of wks.

**Pārvāyanāntīya**,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . belonging to the days of new and full moon and to the solstices, Mn.

in or growing on or coming from or consisting of mountains; mountainous, hilly, MBh.; Hariv.; Pur. (cf. Pāṇ.iv, 2, 67, Sch.); m. Melia Bukayun, L.; (ī), f., see below.

Pārvatāyana, m. patr. of a chamberlain, Šak. vi,  $\xi$  (v.l. Parvo and Vātāyana); cf. Pān. iv, 1, 103. Pārvati, m. patr. of Daksha, ŠBr.; cf. Pān. ib. Pārvatika, n. a multitude of mountains, mountain-range, L.

Pārvatī, f. (of 'ta) a mountain stream, Naigh. i, 13; Boswellia Thurifera, L.; Grislea Tomentosa, L.; a kind of pepper, L.; = kshudra-pashana-bheda or jīvanī, L.; a kind of fragrant earth, L.; a female cowherd or Gopi, L.; N. of the god Siva's wife (as daughter of Hima-vat, king of the snowy mountains), Up.; MBh.; Kāv. &c. (RTL. 79); of Draupadī, L. (w. r. for parshati); of sev. other women, Cat.; of a river, VP.; of a cave in mount Meru, Hariv. -kshetra, n. 'district of Pārvatī (Durgā),' N. of one of the 4 esp. sacred districts of Orissa, L. -dharma-putraka, m. 'adopted son of Po,' N. of Parasu-rāma, Bālar. - nandana, m. 'son of Po,' N. of Kärttikeya, L. - nātha, m. 'lord of Po,' N. of sev. men (the father of Tripurari and the fo of Dharma-sinha), Cat. - netra, m. (in music) a kind of measure. - pati, m. 'husband of Po,' N. of Siva, Balar. - parinaya, m. 'marriage of Po,' N. of a poem and a drama. - pascāttāpa-varnana, n., -pravartana, n., -prasadana, n. N. of wks. -prana-natha, m. 'lord of the life of Po,' N. of Siva, Bālar. - mokshana, n. N. of ch. of GanP. -locana, m. (in music) a kind of measure. - svara ("tisv"), m. = "tī-nātha; -linga, n. N. of a Linga, SkandaP. - sakha, m. 'friend of Po,' N. of Siva, L. - sampradana, n. N. of ch. of BrahmavP. -sahasra-nāman, n., -stotra, n. N. of wks. - svayamvara, m. N. of a drama.

Parvatīya, mfn. living or dwelling in the mountains, mountainous; m. a mountaineer, MBh.; R. &c.; Juglans Regia, L.; N. of a sovereign ruling in the mountains, MBh.; (pl.) of a mountains, L.

Pārvateya, mf( $\vec{t}$ )n. belonging or relating to the nountains, m°-born, W.; m. N. of a prince of mountaineers, MBh. (cf.  $t\bar{t}ya$ ); ( $\vec{t}$ ), f. N. of the smaller or upper mill-stone, VS.; n. antimony, L.

पार्शेव 1. pāršava, m. (fr. 1. paršu) a prince of the Paršus, Pāṇ. v, 3, 117.

Pāršukā, f. = paršukā, a rib, L.

Pāršvá, n. (rarely m., g. ardharcadi; itc. f. ā; fr. 1. paršu) the region of the ribs (pl. the ribs), side, flank (either of animate or inanimate objects), RV. &c. &c.; the side = nearness, proximity (with gen. or ifc.; ayoh, on both sides; am, aside, towards; e, at the side, near [opp. to dūra-tas]; āt, away, from; by means of, through), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a curved knife, SBr.; a side of any square figure, W.; the curve or circumference of a wheel, ib.; (only

n.) a multitude of ribs, the thorax, W.; the extremity of the fore-axle nearest the wheel to which the outside horses of a four-horse chariot are attached, L.; a fraudulent or crooked expedient, L.; m. the side horse on a chariot, MBh.; N. of an ancient Buddhist teacher; (with Jainas) N. of the 23rd Arhat of the present Ava-sarpinī and of his servant; (du.) heaven and earth, L.; mfn. near, proximate (cf. comp. below). - ga, mfn. going at a person's side, accompanying, being in close proximity to (gen. or comp.), an attendant; m.pl. attendants, retinue, Kav.; Rajat. - gata, mfn. being at the so, attending, accompanying, being close to or beside, Kav.; Var.; sheltered, screening, MW. - gamana, n. the act of going by the so, accompanying, Kathas. - candra, m. N. of an author, Cat. - cara, m. an attendant; pl. attendants, retinue, Ragh. - tas, ind. by or from the side, at the so, near, sideways, aside (with gen. or ifc.), VS.; Br. &c. - da, m. 'turning the so towards another,' an attendant; pl. attendants, retinue, MBh. (v.l. parshada). -dāha, m. a burning pain in the so, L. -deva, m. N. of an author, Cat. -desa, m. the region of the so, the ribs, L. - druma, m. pl. the trees at the so or on every so, MW. - natha, m. N. of a Jaina teacher(predecessor of Mahā-vira), MWB. 530; -kāvya, n., -gītā, f., -caritra, n., -daša-bhāva-visaha, m., -namaskāra, m., -purāna, n., -stava, m., -stuti, f. N. of wks. - parivartana, n. 'turning round,' N. of a festival on the 11th day of the light half of the month Bhadra (on which Vishnu is supposed to turn upon the other side in his sleep), Col. - parivartita, mfn. turned sidewards, Mālav. - parivartin, mfn. being or going by the side of (comp.), Ragh. - pippala, n. a species of Haritaki, Bhpr. -bhanga, m. pain in the so, Suir. -bhaga, m. 'so-portion,' the side or flank (of an elephant), L. - mandalin, m. N. of a partic. posture in dancing, Cat. - mani, f. the longer side of an oblong or the so of a square, Sulbas. -ruj, f. = -bhanga, Suir. -vaktra, m. 'whose face is in his side,' N. of one of Siva's attendants, Hariv. - vartin, mfn. standing by the so, an attendant; m.pl. attendants, retinue, Kav. - vivartin, mfn. being by the so of, living with (gen.), Kathās. - saya, mfn. lying or sleeping on the so, Pān. iii, 2, 15, Vārtt. I. - sāyin, m. id., N. of a partic. position of the moon, Var. - sula, m. a shooting pain in the side, stitch, pleurisy, Susr. - samstha, mfn. lying on the so, Vet. - samhita, mfn. laid together (so by so), Laty. - samdhana, n. laying together (bricks) with their sides, Sulbas. - sūtraka, m. or n. a kind of ornament, L. - stha,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ , standing at the side, being near or close to, adjacent, proximate, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; m. an associate, companion; (esp.) a stage manager's assistant (said to serve as a sort of chorus, sometimes an actor in the prelude who explains the plot), L. - sthita, mfn. standing at the side, being near or close, Rajat. Parsvanucara, m. 'attending at the so, an attendant, body-servant, Ragh. Parsvayata, mfn. one who has approached close to, Kathās. Pārsvarti, f. pain in the so, pleurisy, Car. Pārsvavamarda, m. id., ib. Pārsvasanna, mfn. sitting by the so, standing next, present, Kathās. Pārsvasīna, mfn. sitting by the so, ib. Pārsvāsthi, n. 's'-bone, a rib, Say. Pārsvaikādašī, f. = 'sva-parivartana, L. Pāršvôdarapriya, m. 'fond of (moving) sideways on the belly,' a crab, L. Pārsvopapārsva, m. du. flank and shoulder-blade, Nal. Pārsvôpapīdam, ind. (to laugh) so as to hold one's sides, Kathas. (cf. Pan. iii, 4, 49, Kāš.)

Pāršvaka, m. a rib, Yājň.; n. a by-way, dishonest means, Hcat.; mfn. one who seeks wealth or other objects by indirect or side means, Pān. v, 2, 75.

Pārsvatīya, mfn. (fr. pārsva-tas) being on or belonging to or situated at the side, g. gahādi.

Pārsvala, mfn., g. sidhmādi.

Pārsvika, mfn. lateral, belonging to the side, W. = 'svaka, mfn., L.; m. a sidesman, associate, W.; a juggler, ib.; N. of an ancient teacher, Buddh.; n. = 'svaka, n., Vishn.; Nār.

Pārsvya, m. du. heaven and earth, Naigh. iii, 30 (v.l. for pārsvau). Cf. antah-pārsvya.

पाश्रव 2. pāršava, m. (fr. 2. paršu) a warrior armed with an axe, W.

पार्श्व pāršva. See col. ा.

पार्षाक pārshaki, m. patr., Pravar.

पार्षत pārshata, mf(ī)n. (fr. prishata) be-

longing to the spotted antelope, made of its skin &c.. Kauš.; Mn.; Yājñ.; MBh.; m. patr. of Dru-pada and his son Dhrishta-dyumna, MBh.; ( $\bar{i}$ ), f. patr. of Draupadī, ib.; of Durgā (w.r. for pārvatī), L.; Boswellia Thurifera, L.; = jīvanī, L.

1. Pārshad, Vriddhi form of prishad in comp.
-ansa, mfn., g. utsādi. - asva, m. patr., ĀsvGr.

- vāṇá, m. a patron., RV.

पापद 2. pārshad, f. (cf. next) an assembly, L.; pl. the attendance or retinue of a god, BhP.

Pārshada, m. (fr. parshad) an associate, companion, attendant (esp. of a god), RāmatUp.; MBh.; Sušr. (pl. attendance, retinue, Hariv.; BhP.; Lalit.); a member of an assembly, spectator, Prasannar.; n. a text-book received by any partic grammatical school (a N. given to the Prātišākhyas), Nir. i, 17; N. of wk. — tīkā, f. N. of wk. — tā, f. the office of an attendant (esp. of the att° of a god), BhP. — pari-sishta, n., -vrītti, f., -vyākhyā, f. N. of wks.

Pārshadaka, v. l. for pārishadaka, g. kulālādi.

dīya, mfn. conformable to the received text-book of any partic. grammatical school, RPrāt. dya, m. = pārishadya, a member of an assembly, assessor;

m. pl. = pārshada, pl., L.

पार्धिक pārshika, m. metron. of (ā), f. N. of a woman, g. sivâdi.

Pārshikya, n. (fr. parshika), g. purohitadi.

पार्षी pārskī (?), f. dung, L.

पार्षिक pārshţika, w. r. for pārshţhika.

पार्थेष parshteya, mf(i)n. (fr. prishti) being within the ribs, AV.

unfer pārshthika, mfn. being after the manner of the Prishthya (Shad-aha), ŠrS.

पारिका párshni, f. (L. also m.; rarely pārshni, f.; fr. &prish?; cf. Un. iv, 52, Sch.) the heel, RV.&c. &c.; the extremity of the fore-axle to which the outside horses of a four-horse chariot are attached (the two inner horses being harnessed to the dhur or chariot-pole), MBh.; the rear of an army (onim Vgrah with gen., to attack in the rear), MBh.; Hariv.; Kav.; the back, W.; a kick; ib.; enquiry, asking, ib.; a foolish or licentious woman, L.; N. of a plant (=  $kunt\bar{i}$  or  $kumbh\bar{i}$ ), L. - ksheman, m. N. of a divinity, MBh. - ga, mfn. following a person's heels or the rear of an army, L. - graha, mfn. seizing or threatening from behind, BhP.; m. a follower, either an ally who supports or an enemy who attacks the rear of a king, MW. - grahana, n. attacking or threatening an enemy in the rear, MBh. - grāha, mfn. attacking in the rear; m. 'heel-catcher,' an enemy in the rear or a commander in the rear of an army (applied also to hostile planets), Mn.; MBh. &c. - ghāta, m. a kick with the heels, Kathās. - tra, n. a rear-guard, reserve, L. - prahāra, m. = -ghāta, Kathās. - yantri, m. a charioteer who drives a side-horse, MBh. - vah or-vaha, m. 'drawing (i. e. harnessed to) the extremities of the axle-tree; an outside horse, MBh. - sarathi, m. du. the two charioteers who drive the outside horses (cf. prec.), MBh. Parshny-abhighata, m: = ni-ghāta, Kathās.

Pārshnīla, mfn., g. sidhmādi. Pārshnuvi (!), m. a patron., Cat.

Ties pāl, cl. 10. P. (Dhātup. xxxii, 69)
pālayati (°te; also regarded as Caus. of \$\sqrt{2}. pā
[Pāṇ. vii, 3, 37, Vārtt. 2, Pat.], but rather Nom. of
pāla below; p. P. pālayat, Ā. °layāna; pf. °layām āsa; aor. apīpalat), to watch, guard, protect,
defend, rule, govern; to keep, maintain, observe
(a promise or vow), AV.; Mn.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.

Pāla, m. (ifc. f.ā) a guard, protector, keeper, R.; Hariv.; a herdsman, Mn.; Gaut.; Yājň.; MBh.; protector of the earth, king, prince, BhP.; (also n.) a spitting spittoon (as 'recipient'?), L.; N. of a serpent-demon of the race of Vāsuki, MBh.; of a prince, Cat.; (with bhatta) N. of an author, ib.; (7), f. a herdsman's wife, MBh. v, 3608; an oblong pond (as 'receptacle' of water?), Var. (cf. pāli).—kavi-rāja, m. N. of a poet, Cat. (cf. srī-ko-ro).—kāvya, n. N. of a poem, Cat. (w. r. for 'kāpya?; cf. below).—ghna, m. a mushroom, L.

- vanij, w. r. for pāna-v.

Pālaka, mf(ikā)n. guarding, protecting, nourishing, W.; m. a guardian, protector, MBh. (ikā,
f.); a foster-father, Rājat.; a prince, ruler, sovereign,