xvii, 18. - vritta, mfn. happened long since, R. i, 4, 16. - velā, f., (ayā) instr. ind. at so late a time, Pañcat. iv, 10. - samvriddha, mfn. long grown or augmented, R. i, 55, 27. - samcita, min. acquired long ago, Hit. i, 6, 15 (v.l.) - sambhrita, mfn. id., Kathās. - supta-buddhi, mfn. one whose mind has been long asleep, long senseless, W. - sūtā, f. = -praso, L. = sūtikā, f. id., L. = sevaka, m. an old servant, W. - stha, mfn. long continuing, W.; =-sthāyin, W.; = nāyaka, L. - sthāyin, mfn.long left or preserved (food), Bhpr. v, 27, 3; "yi-tā, f. long continuance, durability, W. - sthita, mfn. = -sthāyin, Mn. v, 25; Susr. - sthitika, mfn. long existing (ifc., evam-, 'existing so long'), Lalit. xxii, 33. Cirâțikā, f. a white-blossoming Boerhavia erecta, L. Cirâtikta, m. = ra-t, L. Cirâd, m. 'long-eating,' Garuda, L. Cirântaka, m. N. of a son of Garuda, MBh. v. 3598. Cirâbhilashita, mfn. long desired, iii, 1851. Cirayat, mfn. coming late, Pancat. iv, 19. Cirayu, m. 'long-lived,' the vine-palm, L. Cirayuka, m. id., Gal. Cirayusha, mfn. bestowing long life, Pancat.v, 5, \frac{1}{2}(\frac{2}{3}, BC). Cirayushya, mfn. favoured with long life, Das. i, 178 (-tā, abstr.) Cirayus, mfn. long-lived, Sušr.; m. a deity, L.; a crow, Gal. Cirarodha, m. a long or protracted siege, W. Cirasrita, mfn. long maintained or protected, an old dependant, W. Cirôjjhita, mfn. long since abandoned, W. Cirôttha, mfn. existing a long time, Suir. Cirôtsuka, mfn. desirous for a long time, Kathās. Cirôshita, mfn. one who has been long absent, MBh. xiii; Hariv. 1151; BhP. i; =-sthāyin, MārkP. xxxiv, 57.

Ciratna, mfn. ancient, Pān. iv, 3, 23, Pat.

Cirantana, mfn. (fr. "ram-t", iv, 3, 23; vii, 1, 1) id., Pañcat.; VarBṛS.; Pāṇ. iv, 3, 105, Kāś.; Sāh.; existing from ancient times, Mn. iv, 46, Sch.; m. Brahmā, Gal.; Šiva; m. pl. the ancients, Sāh.viii, 10.

Ciraya, Nom. "yati, to act slowly, delay, be absent a long while, Mṛicch. (once Ā.); Mālav. &c.

Cirāya, Nom. P. Ā. (p. "yamāna") id., MBh. &c.

Cirāyita, mfn. = "yamāṇa, MBh.i; BhP.x,82,41.

factici ciranți, f. = car", Pāṇ. iv, 1,20, Pat.

Ciranțhī [L.], "ndhī [Kathās. lviii, 56], f. id.

of crow, MBh. xiii, III, I23 (cauri-k°, 'a thief of a crow, 'C). - bilva, m. = "ra-b", Bhpr. vii, 59, 49.

Tast 2. ciri, cl. 5. riņoti, to hurt, kill, Dhātup. xxvii, 30; Pāņ. viii, 2, 78, Kāš.; cf. jiri. Cirikā, f. a kind of weapon (cilikā), L., Sch.

चिरिटोक cirițīka, m. a kind of bird, Car. i, 27, 46 (v. l. °rīț°).

चिरिसटी cirinți, f.=°ranți, L.

विद्य cirilla, m.=cīralli, L.; (ī), f. a kind of bird, VarBṛS. lxxxvi, 44 (v.l.)

चिरोटीक cirițika. See °riț°.

चिर ciru, m. the shoulder-joint, L.

Tahz cirbhaṭa, m. (cf. carbh°) Cucumis utilissimus (also its fruit), Car. vi, 10; (i) f. id., Pañcat. i, 3, $\frac{20}{21}$; v, 7, $\frac{1}{2}$; (cf. gaja-cirbhaṭā.)

Cirbhaṭikā, f. id., i, 3, $\frac{20}{21}$.

Cirbhița, n., cțā, f. another kind of gourd, Car. i, 27, 101 (v.l. bhața); Bhpr. v, 6, 36; (cf. indracirbhiți; kshudra-, kshetra- & gaja-cirbhițā.)
Cirbhițikā, f. id., L.

चिल cil, cl. 6. °lati, to put on clothes, Dhātup. xxviii, 63; (cf. cela.)

विलमीलिका cilamīlikā, f. a kind of necklace (ciliminikā, Buddh. L.), L.; a firefly, L.; lightning (cilicīmi & °mī, Gal.), L.; (cf. cilim°.)

বিলানি cilāti,=kirātī, in comp. - putra,
m. 'son of a Kirāta woman,' a metron., HYog.i, 13.

चित्रिक cili, N. of a man, Pravar. vii, 10. चित्रिका cilikā,=cirikā, L.

चित्रिचिम cilicima, m. a kind of fish, Car. i, 25; Sušr. i, 20, 3 & 8.

Cilicīma, mi, m.id., L., Sch. See also cilamīlikā. चिलिमिनिका ciliminikā. See ib.

चितिमीनक cili-mīnaka, m.=°licima, L. चितिमोत्तिका cilimīlikā, f.=°lam°, L.

चिल्ल cill, cl. 1. to become loose, Dhātup.; to exhibit a bhāva or hāva (derived fr. cilla), ib.

Cilla, mfn. blear-eyed (cf. culla, pilla), Pāņ. v, 2, 33, Vārtt. 2; m. n. a bleared or sore eye, L.; m. the Bengal kite, L.; (ī), f. = "llakā, L.; for bhillī (Symplocos racemosa), L.; = "lli, q. v. - devī, f. N. of a goddess. - bhakshyā, f. a kind of vegetable perfume, L. Cillabha, m. 'resembling a kite,' a petty thief, pickpocket, L.

Cillaka, m. = citraka, q. v.; (\bar{a}) , f. a cricket, L.; $(ik\bar{a})$, f. a kind of pot-herb (cilli), Pañcar. (ifc.) Cillata or llada, m. an animal of the $bh\bar{u}mi$ -

saya class, Car. i, 27, 32.

Cilli, m.a kind of bird of prey (cf. cilla & gangā-cillī), Sušr. i, 7, 4 & 46, 2, 21; f. a kind of potherb (°llī, Car. i, 27, 88; Sušr. i, iv, vi), i, 20, 2.

Cillikā, f. of 'llaka, q.v. -latā, f. 'Cillikā creeper,' the eye-brow, Das. xii, 29 f.

Cilvați, m. probably = °llața, GopBr. i, 2, 7.

चिविद्य civița, m.=cipițaka, L., Sch. चिविद्यका civillikā, f. N. of a shrub, L.

বিস্থা ciścá, ind. onomat. (for a rattling sound), RV. vi, 75, 5 (Nir. ix, 14).

Ciścishā-kāram, = cuścush°, ĀpŚr. xiii, 17, 6. चिह्या cihaṇa, beginning a Gaṇa of Pāṇ. (vi, 2, 125). — kantha, m. N. of a town, ib.

चिह्र cihura. See cikura.

characteristic, symptom, MBh.; R. &c. (ifc. f. ā, Ragh. ii, 7; Ratnâv. i, $\frac{6}{7}$); a banner, insignia, L.; a zodiacal sign, VarBṛS. iii, 3; (in Gr.) aim, direction towards, Vop. v, 7. — kārin, mfn. marking, W.; wounding, L.; frightful, L. — dhara, mfn. bearing the signs or insignia (of office), Buddh. L. — dhārin, f. Hemidesmus indicus, L.; Ichnocarpus frutescens, L. — bhūta, mfn. become a mark, Nal. xvii.

Cihnaka, n. a small mark, Kād. vi, 1731.

Cihnana, n. a characteristic, Naish. i, 62.

Cihnaya, Nom. P. (ind. p. "yitvā") to stamp, Mn.

Cihnayitavya, mfn. to be marked, VarBrS. lix.

Cihnita, mfn. marked, stamped, distinguished,

Mn. ii, viii, x; Yājñ. i, 318; ii, 6 & 85; Pañcat. &c.

Cihnī-krita, mfn. marked, MBh. xiii, 826.

चीञ्चाक ciāka, N. of a poet, Vallabh.

चीक $c\bar{\imath}k$ (= $\sqrt{\dot{s}\bar{\imath}k}$), cl. 1. 10. to endure (\sqrt{mrish} , vv. ll. \bar{a} - \sqrt{mrish} &- \sqrt{mris}), Dhātup.

चोचोक्चो cīcīkūcī, onomat. for the warbling of birds, MBh. xvi, 38; Hariv. 1146; 9297 (v.l. cic°); (cicīkucī) R. vi, 11, 42 & MārkP. ii, 44.

चोठिका cīthikā, for cīrikā, q. v.

चौडा cīḍā, f. a kind of perfume, Jain. Sch. चोण cīṇa, oṇaka, for cīna &c., q.v.

The cit, ind. (cf. 6. cit) only in comp.

- kāra, m. cries, noise, MBh. vii, 6666; Kathās.
lxxiii, 240; Hit.; -vat, mfn. accompanied with cries,
Mālatīm. i, I. - krita, n. = -kāra, Kād.; Bālar.;
HPariš. i, 45. - kriti, f. rattling, Bālar. viii, 38.

चोति cītí. See VI. ci.

चोन cīna, m. pl. the Chinese, Mn. x, 44; MBh. ii f., v f.; R. iv, 44, 14; Lalit.; Jain.; Car.; VarBṛS. (also cīna); m. sg. a kind of deer, L.; Panicum miliaceum (also cinna, L.); a thread, L.; n. a banner, L.; a bandage for the corners of the eyes, Susr. i, 18, 11; lead, L. - karkatikā, f. a kind of gourd (also cīna-, L.), Npr. - karpūra, m. a kind of camphor, L. - ja, n. steel, L. - patta, a sort of cloth, 10; n. lead, L. - pati, m. N. of a kingdom, Buddh. - pishta, n. minium or red lead, Vcar. xiv, 68; lead, L.; -maya, mfn. consisting of minium, Kathās. xxiii, 85. - rāja-putra, m. a pear tree, Buddh. - vanga, n. lead (or tutenag?), L. - sicaya, m. a China or silken cloth, Pancar. Cīnânsuka, n. id., Hariv. 12745; Sak. i; Kum.; Das.; Amar. Cīnā-karkaţī, f. = na-karkaţikā, L. Cīnācāra-prayoga-vidhi, m. N. of a work.

Cīnaka, m. pl. the Chinese, MBh. viii, 236; sg. Panicum miliaceum, Hcat. i, 3; (cīnaka) KātyŚr. Paddh.; fennel, L.; a kind of camphor, Bhpr.

Cīnāka, m. fennel, v, 8, 79.

चोपुद् cīpú-dru, m. N. of a tree, AV. vi, 127.

चीब cīb. See Vcīv.

चोभ् cībh, v. l. for √bībh, q.v.

चोय cīy, v.l. for vcīv, q. v.

चोर cira, n. (vci, Un.) a strip, long narrow piece of bark or of cloth, rag, tatter, clothes, TAr. vii, 4, 12; Gaut.; Mn. vi, 6; MBh. &c. (ifc. parox., Pān. vi, 2, 127 & 135); the dress of a Buddhist monk (cf. cīvara), W.; a necklace of 4 pearl strings, L.; a crest (cūdā), L.; a stripe, stroke, line, L.; = raka, L.; lead, L.; m. for ri(a cricket), Kathās. lxxiii, 240; (ā), f. a piece of cloth, rag, VarBṛS. lxxxix, 1; Rājat. iv, 573; (ī), f. = rī-vāka, Yājñ. iii, 215; the hem of an under garment, L.; cf. kuša-; mukha-cīrī. - khanda, m. a piece of cloth, Kathās. iv. - nivasana, m. pl. '=-bhrit,' N. of a people, VarBrS. xiv, 31. - pattrikā, f. a kind of vegetable, L. (v. l. kshāra-p°). - parņa, m. Shorea robusta, L. - pravarana, m. pl. '= -bhrit,' N. of a people, MārkP. lviii, 52. - bhavantī, f. the elder sister of a wife, L. - bhrit, mfn. clothed in bark or rags, Ragh. iii, 22. - mocana, n. N. of a Tirtha, Rājat. i, 149 & 152. - vasana, mfn. = -bhrit, R. ii, vi. - vāsas, mfn. id., Mn. xi, 102 & 106; MBh. xiii &c.; m. N. of Siva, xiii f.; of a Yaksha, ii, 399; of a prince, i, 2697.

Cīraka, f. a public announcement on a slip of paper, L.; $(ik\bar{a})$, f. id., Kathās. li, lv, lxxi; Lokapr.; $(c\bar{\imath}thik\bar{a})$, 'a small slip of paper') Bhojapr. $\frac{321}{322}$; $= r\bar{\imath} - v\bar{a}ka$, L. (v. l. for $ruk\bar{a}$).

Cīri, f. a veil for the eyes, L.

Cīrita, mfn. 'ragged,' only in comp. - cchadā, f. Beta bengalensis, L. - pattrikā, f. = "ra-p", Npr.

Cīrin, mfn. = ra-bhrit, MBh. iii, xiii; Hariv. 10594; BhP. iii, 33, 14; (inī), f. N. of a river, MBh. iii, 12751 (v. l. vīr; cf. kuša-cīrā).

Cīrī, f. of ra. - vāka, m. a cricket, Mn. xii, 63; (cīvi-vāc, Vishn. xliv, 24); cf. cīrukā, cīlikā.

चौरिच्च cīralli, a kind of large fish, Susr. vi, 35, 4; cf. cirilla.

नोरो cīrī. See cīra.

चीरक cīruka, n. a kind of fruit, L.; (ā), f.=°rī-vāka, L.

served (as a vow, austerity), MundUp. iii, 2, 10; MBh. xv, 91; Divyâv.; BhP. v, 6, 3; n. conduct, W.—karkațī, for cīna-k°, = cikā, Gal.—parna, m. n. Azadirachta indica, L.; m. Phœnix sylvestris, L.—vrata, mfn. = carita-v°, Yājñ. iii, 299; MBh.

चीलिका cīlikā, °llakā, f.=cīrī-vāka, L.

चीव cīv (or cīb), cl. 1. °vati, °vate, to take, Dhātup. xxi, 15; to cover (derived fr. cīvara), ib.: cl. 10. cīvayati, xxxiii, 101.

n. the dress or rags of a religious (esp. Buddhist or Jain) monk, SānkhSr. ii, 16, 2; Pān. iii, 1, 20; MBh. i, 36, 38; Mricch. &c. — karnika, m. n. lappet of a monk's robe, Divyâv. — karman, n. arranging a monk's dress (before a journey), viii, 40 f. (cf. xii, 92). — gopaka, m. the keeper of monks' dresses, Buddh. L. — nivasana, v. l. for cīra-n°. — bha-jaka, m. distributor of monks' dresses, Buddh. L.

Civaraya, Nom. 'yate, to put on rags, W. Civarin, m. a Buddhist or Jain monk, L.

चीविद्यका cīvillikā, v. l. for civo, L.

चोविवाच् cīvi-vāc. See cīrī-vāka. चुकोपियषु cukopayishu, mfn.(√kup, Caus.

Desid.) wishing to make angry, MBh. viii, 1793.

चुक्रस cukkasa, m.=bukk°, L., Sch.

चुकार cuk-kāra, v. l. for buk-ko, L.

gan cuknat, mfn., KātySr. xxv, 12, 3.

acetous fermentation (of grain or of -phala), Hariv. 8439 ff.; Sušr.; sorrel; n. = -vedhaka, L.; (ā, ī), f. = -candikā, L.; (ā), f. Oxalis pusilla, Bhpr. v, 9, 26; (ī), f. id., L. = candikā, f. the tamarind tree, Npr. = phala, n. the tamarind fruit, L. = vāstūka, n. sorrel, L. = vedhaka, n. a kind of sour ricegruel, L. Cukrâmla, n. vinegar made of the