

पलका palakya (L.), **palakya** (Bhpr.), f. Beta Bengalensis.

पलक्ष palaksha, mf(i)n. white, VS. (cf. *balaksha*).

पलङ्कट palankaṭa, mfn. shy, timid, L.

पलव palava, m., *plava* (√*plu*), a basket of wicker-work for catching fish, L.; N. of a man, Prav.

पलस palasa, w. r. for *panasa*, R.

पलस्तिजमदग्नि palasti-jamadagni, m. pl. the grey-haired Jamad-agnis (prob. a branch of this family of Rishis), RV. iii, 53, 16 (Sāy.)

पलाक palāka, m. n., Siddh.

पलाण्डु palāṇḍu, m. (rarely n.) an onion, Mn.; MBh.; Suśr. &c. (cf. Up. i, 38, Sch.) — **bhakhita**, mf(ā or ī)n. one who has eaten onions, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 53, Sch. — **mandana**, n. N. of a comedy.

पलाप palāpa, m. a halter, L.; an elephant's temples, L.

पलापहा palāpahā, w. r. for *mal*°.

पलाय palāy (fr. *palā* = *parā* and √*ay* = *i*; cf. Pāṇ. viii, 2, 19, Sch.), *palāyate*, TS.; Br.; MBh. &c. (ep. also P.; pf. *palāyām cakre*, Pañc.; aor. *apalāyishṭa*, Bhaṭṭ.; fut. *palāyishyate*, Hit.; °*ti*, Śatr.; ind. p. *palāyā*, ŚBr. &c.; inf. *palāyitum*, Pañc.); to flee, fly, run away, escape, cease, vanish, TS. &c. &c. °*yaka*, mfn. fleeing, a fugitive, SaddhP. °*yana*, n. fleeing, flight, escape, MBh.; Kāv. &c. (-*kriyām* √*kṛi*, to take to flight, Pañc.); a saddle, TS., Sch. (cf. *paly-ayana*, *paryāna*); -*parāyana*, mfn. occupied in flight, fugitive, W.; -*manas*, mfn. thinking of fl°, MW.; -*vishaya*, mfn. having fl° for an object, bent on fl°, ib. **Palāyita**, mfn. flown, fled, defeated, TS.; Kathās. &c.; n. gallop, L. (v.l. *pal*°). **Palāyin**, mfn. fleeing, flying, taking to flight, MBh.

पलाश 2. palāśa, n. (for 1. see under *pala*) a leaf, petal, foliage (ifc. f. ī), ŚBr.; GṛŚrS.; MBh. &c.; the blade of a sharp instrument (cf. *paraśu-p*°); the blossom of the tree Butea Frondosa, Pañc.; = *śmaśāna*, L.; = *paribhāṣhaṇa*, L.; m. (ifc. f. ā) the tree B° F° (its older name is *parṇa*, q.v.), Br.; MBh. &c.; Curcuma Zedoaria, L.; N. of Magadha, L.; (ifc. it denotes beauty, g. *vyāghradī*); (ī), f. a species of climbing plant, L.; cochineal, L.; red lac, L.; mfn. green, L. (w. r. for *palāśa*). — **tā**, f. the state of foliage, foliation, Kathās. — **nagara**, n. N. of a town, Sighās. — **pattra**, n. a single leaf (esp. of the Butea Frondosa), Hariv.; Pañc.; m. N. of a Nāga, L. — **parṇī**, f. Physalis Flexuosa, L. — **puṭa**, m. n. a receptacle made of a folded leaf, KātyŚr. — **śātana**, m. an instrument for lopping foliage, L. **Palāśākhyā**, m. the resin of Gardenia Gummifera, L. **Palāśāṅgā** or °*śāntā*, f. a kind of Curcuma, L.

Palāśaka, m. Butea Frondosa or Curcuma Zedoaria, L.; pl. N. of a place, MBh.; (ikā), f. a species of climbing plant, L.

Palāśana, n. (?), Nir. xii, 29.

Palāśambhā, f. = °*śāṅgā*, L.

2. Palāśin, mfn. (for 1. see under *pala*) leafy, covered with foliage, MBh.; m. a tree, Prasannar.; a species of tree (= *kshīra-vriksha*), L.; N. of a city or village (said to be the modern Plassey), Kshitīs.; (inī), f. N. of sev. rivers, MBh.; MārKp.

Palāśila and °*śīya*, mfn., g. *kāśādi* and *utkarādi*.

पलिक्री paliknī. See *palita* below.

पलिघ paligha, m. a water-pot, pitcher, glass water-vessel, L.; a wall, rampart, L.; the gateway of a building, L.; an iron club or one studded with iron, L. (= *pari-gha*; cf. Pāṇ. viii, 2, 22).

पलिङ्ग palingu, m. N. of a man, HirGr.

पलित palitā, mf(ā or *pāliknī*, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 39, Vārtt. 1. 2, Pat.) n. grey, hoary, old, aged, RV. &c. &c.; = *pālayitri*, Nir. iv, 26; m. N. of a mouse, MBh.; of a prince, Hariv.; VP. (v.l. *pāl*°); (*pāliknī*), f. a cow for the first time with calf, L.; n. grey hair (also pl.), AV. &c. &c.; a tuft of hair, Daś.; mud, mire, L.; heat, burning, L.; benzoin, L.; pepper, L. [Cf. Gk. *πελινός*, *πολιός* &c.; Lat. *palleo*, *pallidus*, *pallus*; Lith. *pālvās*; Slav. *plavī*; HGerm. *falo*, *val*, *fahl*; Angl. Sax. *fealo*; Eng.

fallow.] — **m-karāṇa**, mf(i)n. rendering grey, Vāsav. (cf. Pāṇ. iii, 2, 56). — **cohadman**, mfn. (old age) lurking under grey hair, Ragh. xii, 2. — **darśana**, n. the sight or appearance of g° h°, Suśr. — **m-bhaviṣṭu** or **m-bhāvuka**, mfn. becoming grey, Pāṇ. iii, 2, 57. — **mlāna**, mfn. grey and withered, Kathās. — **vat**, mfn. grey-haired, HPariś.

Palitin, mfn. grey-haired, MBh.

पलियोग pali-yoga, m. = *pari-y*°, Pāṇ. viii, 2, 22, Pat.

पलीजक palijaka, m. (fr. *pali* = *pari* and √*ij* = *ej*) 'stirrer, disturber,' N. of a demon, AV.

पलीश palīśa, m. = *palāśa*, Bhpr.

पलेशिनी pālēsinī, prob. w. r. for *palāsinī*, Inscr.

पलूलन pālūlana, n. lye, water impregnated with alkaline salt, TS.; AV.; Kauś.

Palūlaya, Nom. P. °*layati*, to wash with alkaline water, to tan, TS.; TBr. °*lita*, mfn. washed, tanned, ŚrS.; Baudh.

पल्य palya &c. See under *pala*.

पल्यङ्क paly-āṅka, m. = *pary-āṅka* (Pāṇ. viii, 2, 22) a bed, couch, bedstead, Sighās.; Pañcad.; a cloth wound round the loins while sitting on the heels and hams, L.; so sitting, squatting (cf. *pary-āṅka*), L.

पल्यङ्ग paly-aṅg (*pali* = *pari* and √*aṅg*), *pal-y-aṅgayate* (ind. p. -*aṅgya*), to cause to go round, stir round, ŚBr.: Pass. -*aṅgyate*, to turn round, revolve, ib.

पल्यय paly-√ay (*paly* = *pari* and √*ay* = √*i*), *pal-y-ayate*, ŚBr. (cf. Pāṇ. viii, 2, 19).

Paly-ayana, n. a saddle (= *paryāna*), L.; a rein, bridle, Vcar.

पल्याण palyāṇa, n. a saddle, L. (also °*na*, Gal.) °*naya*, Nom. °*yati*, to saddle, Bhojagar.

पल्युल palyula or °*yūla*, Nom. P. °*layati*, v.l. for *palpūla*, Dhātup. xxxv, 29.

पल्ल pall, cl. 1. *pallati*, to go, move, Dhātup. xv, 34, Vop. (invented after √*pal*, prob. to explain the following words).

Palla, m. a large granary, barn, Suśr.; (ī), f., see below. **Pallāraṇya-māhātmya**, n. N. of wk.

Pallaka. See *dattāraṇḍa-p*° under *datta*.

Palli, f. a small village, (esp.) a settlement of wild tribes, L.; a hut, house, ib. — **pañjaka**, m. pl. N. of a people, VP. — **vāha**, m. a species of wild grass, L.

Pallikā, f. a small village &c. (= *palli*), L.; a small house-lizard, L.

Palli, f. a small village &c. (= *palli*), Kathās.; a hut, house, L.; a city (esp. ifc., in N. of towns, e.g. *Tritira-p*° = Trichinopoly); a partic. measure of grain, KātyŚr., Sch.; a small house-lizard, L. — **deśa**, m. N. of a district, Cat. — **patana**, n. (prob.) prognostication by observing the falling of house-lizards; -*kārikā*, f., -*phala*, n., -*vicāra*, m., -*śānti*, f. N. of wks. — **pati**, m. the chief of a village or station, Kathās. — **vicāra**, m., -**vidhāna**, n. N. of wks. — °*śa* (*pallisa*), m. = *pati*, L. — **śaraṭa** (?), in °*ṭayoh phalāphala-vicāra*, m., °*ṭayoh śānti*, f., -*kāka-bhāsādi-śakuna* and -*vidhāna*, n. N. of wks.

पल्लव 1. pallava, m. n. (ifc. f. ā) a sprout, shoot, twig, spray, bud, blossom (met. used for the fingers, toes, lips &c.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a strip of cloth, scarf, lappet, Kād.; Bālar.; Rājat.; spreading, expansion, L. (cf. below); strength, L. (= *bala*; v.l. = *vana*, a wood); red lac (*alakta*), L.; a bracelet, L.; sexual love, L.; unsteadiness, L.; m. a partic. position of the hands in dancing, Cat.; a libertine, catamite, L.; a species of fish, L.; pl. N. of a people, MBh.; Pur. (v.l. for *pahlava*); of a race of princes, Inscr. — **grāhin**, mfn. putting forth young shoots, sprouting in all directions, diffusive, superficial (as knowledge), Hit.; (with *doshā*), m. the fault of prolixity or diffusiveness, Gīt., Sch.; °*hi-tā*, f. superficial knowledge, sciolism, MW. — **dru**, m. the Aśoka tree, L. — **dhārin**, mfn. bearing blossoms (as a flower), Ragh. — **pūra**, m. N. of a man, L. — **maya**, mf(i)n. consisting of young shoots or twigs (cf. *sulalita-latā-p*°). — **rāga-tāmbra**, mfn. red-coloured like a young sh° or t°, Ragh. **Pallavāṅkura**, m. a leaf-bud, L. **Pal-**

lavāṅguli, f. a young shoot like a finger, Mālav. **Pallavāda**, m. 'twig-eater,' a deer, L. **Pallavādhāra**, m. 't°-holder,' a branch, L. **Pallavāpīḍita**, mfn. bud-laden, MBh. **Pallavāstra**, m. 'having blossoms for missiles,' N. of the god of love, L. 2. **Pallava**, Nom. P. °*vati*, to put forth young shoots, Śatr.

Pallavaka, m. a libertine, gallant, Hcar.; a species of fish (Cyprinus Denticulatus), L.; (*akā*), f. N. of a woman, Mṛicch.; (*ikā*), f. a kind of scarf, L.; N. of a female attendant, Kathās.

Pallavana, n. prolixity, useless speech, Naish.

Pallavaya, Nom. P. °*yati* = 2. *pallava*, Kāv.; to spread, divulge (as news), Vcar.; to make diffuse or prolix (= *vi-stāraya*), Gīt., Sch.

Pallavika, m. = (or v.l. for) *pallavaka*, m., L.

Pallavita, mfn. sprouted, having young shoots ('*taṃ vrikshaiḥ*, 'young shoots have been put forth by the trees'), Kāv.; spread, extended, Inscr. (*alam tēna*, 'enough of further amplification,' A.); (ifc.) filled, full of, Kād.; dyed red with lac, L.; m. the red dye of the lac insect, W.

Pallavin, mfn. sprouting, having young shoots, Kum.; m. a tree, L.

Pallavi-√kṛi (ind. p. -*kṛitya*), to make or change into a very young shoot, Kāvyaḍ.

पल्लि palli, *palli*. See under √*pall*.

पल्ल palvala, n. (m., Siddh.) a pool, small tank, pond. [Cf. Gk. *πηλός*; Lat. *pālus*; Lith. *pūrvas* (?).] — **karshaka**, mfn. ploughing a pool, Hariv. — **tīra**, n. the bank or margin of a p°, Pañc. — **paṅka**, m. the mud of a p°, Kālid.

Palvalāvāsa, m. 'p°-dweller,' a tortoise, L.

Palvali-√bhū, to become a pool, Jātakam.

Palvalya, mf(ā)n. marshy, boggy, TS.

पव pav, cl. 1. *pavate*, to go, Dhātup. xiv, 40 (v.l. for *plav*).

पव pava, m. (√*pū*) purification, winnowing corn, Pāṇ. iii, 3, 28, Sch.; air, wind, L.; a marsh, L.; N. of a son of Nahusha, VP.; (ā), f. purification, RV.; n. cow-dung, L. — **nāla**, (prob.) w. r. for *yava-nāla*.

Pavana, m. 'purifier,' wind or the god of wind, breeze, air (ifc. f. ā), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; vital air, breath, Suśr.; Sarvad.; the regent of the Nakshatra Svāti and the north-west region, Var.; N. of the number 5 (from the 5 vital airs), ib.; a householder's sacred fire, Hār.; a species of grass, L.; N. of a son of Manu Uttama, BhP.; of a mountain, ib.; of a country in Bharata-kshetra, W.; (ī), f. a broom, L.; the wild citron-tree, L. (v.l. *pacanī*); N. of a river, VP.; n. or m. purification, winnowing of corn, L.; a potter's kiln, Śṛīṅgār.; n. an instrument for purifying grain &c., sieve, strainer, AV.; ĀśvGr.; blowing, Kaṇ.; water, L.; mfn. clean, pure, L. — **kshipta**, mfn. tempest-tossed, MW. — **cakra**, n. whirlwind, BhP. (cf. *cakra-vāta*). — **ja**, m. 'son of the wind,' N. of Hanu-mat, Dhūrtan. — **java**, m. 'swift as wind,' N. of a horse, Kathās. — **tanaya**, m. = *ja*, Ragh.; N. of Bhīma-sena, Megh. — **dūta**, m. or n., -**pañcāśikā**, f. N. of 2 poems. — **padavī**, f. path of the wind, the air, Megh. — **pavana**, m. or n. N. of wk. — **prabhava**, m. (disease) coming from the wind of the body, Suśr. — **bhū**, m. = *ja*, MW. — **yoga-saṃgraha**, m. N. of wk. — **raṇhas**, mfn. swift as wind, Pracand. — **vāhana**, m. 'having w° as vehicle,' fire, L. — **viṇaya**, m. 'victory over the w° or breath,' N. of sev. Tantric wks. — **vyādhi**, m. disease or morbid state of the w° of the body, rheumatism, W.; N. of Uddhava (the friend and counsellor of Kṛishṇa), L. **Pavanāghāta**, m. gust of wind, Rājat. **Pavanātmaja**, m. = °*na-ja*, L.; N. of Bhīma-sena, Rājat.; fire, MatsyaP. **Pavanāśa**, m. 'feeding on air,' a serpent, snake, L. **Pavanāśana**, m. id., L.; °*śanāśa*, m. 'snake-eater,' a peacock, L.; N. of Garuḍa, L. **Pavanāśin**, m. = °*nāśa*, MārKp. **Pavanāhata**, mfn. struck or shaken by the wind, rheumatic, W. **Pavanēshṭa**, (prob.) w. r. for *yav*°. **Pavanōtkampin**, mfn. trembling in the wind, Śak. **Pavanōdbhrānta**, in -*kārin*, mfn. 'agitating the air,' N. of a partic. mode of fighting, MW.; -*vīci*, f. a wave raised by the winds, ib. **Pavano'mbuja** (I), m. Grewia Asiatica, L.

Pavamāna, mfn. being purified or strained, flowing clear (as Soma), RV.; m. wind or the god of w°, VS.; TS.; Kāv.; Rājat.; N. of a partic. Agni