प्रमुप् pra-sup, pra-supta &c. See under pra-Vsvap.

अस्ञ्रत pra-susruta, m. N. of a prince (son of Maru), Pur. (cf. pra-susruka).

प्रमुख pra-suhma, m. pl. N.of a people, MBh.

प्रम pra- vI. sū, P. -suvati, -sauti (Impv. -suhi with v.l. -sūhi, KātyŠr.), to set in motion, rouse to activity, urge, incite, impel, bid, command, RV.; AV.; Br.; to allow, give up to, deliver, AV.; Br.; SrS.; to hurl, throw, Bhatt., Sch.

2. Prá-sava, m. (for I. pra-v 3. su) setting or being set in motion, impulse, course, rush, flight, RV.; AitBr.; stimulation, furtherance, aid, RV.; AV.; Br. &c.; pursuit, acquisition, VS.; = next, TBr. 1. savitri, m. (for 2. see below) an impeller, exciter, vivifier, VS.; Br. 2. savin, mfn. (for 2. see below) impelling, exciting, Pān. iii, 2, 157. savītri, m. = savitri, RV. 1. sūti (prá-), f. (for 2. see below) instigation, order, permission, TS.; TBr.; Kāth.

ਸ਼ਿਜ਼ pra-√2. sū, Ā. -sūte, -sūyate (rarely P. -savati, -sauti; once Pot. -sunuyāt, Vajracch.), to procreate, beget, bring forth, obtain offspring or bear fruit, produce, Br.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; (mostly A. -sūyate, rarely 'ti) to be born or produced,

originate, arise, Mn.; MBh. &c.

3. Pra-savá, m. (ifc. f. a; for I. 2. see above) begetting, procreation, generation, conception, parturition, delivery, birth, origin, VS. &c. &c.; augmentation, increase, MBh.; birthplace, ib.; Samk.; (also pl.) offspring, posterity, Mn.; MBh. &c. (kisalaya-pro, 'a young shoot,' Ragh.); a flower, MBh.; Kāv.; Sušr. (also n., R.); fruit, L.; -karmakrit, m. one who performs the act of begetting, begetter, MBh.; -kāla, m. the time of delivery or bringing forth, Var.; -griha, n. a lying-in chamber, MW.; -dharmin, mfn. characterized by production, productive, prolific, ib.; -bandhana, n. the footstalk of a leaf or flower, L.; -māsa, m. the last month of pregnancy, MW.; -vikāra, m. a prodigy happening at the birth of a child, Var.; -vedanā, f. the pangs of childbirth, throes of labour, Pañcat.; -samaya, m. = -kāla, Var.; -sthalī, f. 'birthplace,' a mother, Mahān.; -sthāna, n. a receptacle for young, a nest, MW.; vôtthāna, n. N. of the 17th Paris. of the Yajur-veda; vônmukha, mf(i)n. expecting childbirth, about to be delivered, Ragh. "savaka, m. Buchanania Latifolia, L. 'savat, mf(anti)n. bringing forth, bearing; (anti), f. a woman in labour, Mn. iv, 44. savana, n. bringing forth, bearing children, fecundity, Hit. (v.l.) savāpitā, f. delivered, Divyav. 2. savitri, m. (for I. see pra-VI. sū) a begetter, father, Bālar.; Prasannar.; (trī), f. a mother, L.; bestowing progeny, MBh. 2. savin, mfn. (for I. see pra- 1. sū) bringing forth, bearing children, Megh.; Mark P.; Car.

Pra-sū, mfn. bringing forth, bearing, fruitful, productive, RV. &c. &c.; (ifc.) giving birth to (cf. pitri-pro, putrikā-pro, strī-pro); f.a mother, Inscr.; L.; a mare, L.; a young shoot, tender grass or herbs, sacrificial grass, RV.; Br.; KātySr.; a spreading creeper, the plantain, L.; -sū-mat (AV.), -sū-maya (ApSr.), -sū-vara (f. varī, RV.), mfn. furnished with flowers. "suka, f. a mare, L. "suta (prá-), $mf(\bar{a})n$. procreated, begotten, born, produced, sprung ('by' or 'from,' abl. or gen.; 'in,' loc. or comp.; cf. Pān. ii, 3, 39), Up.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; m. pl. (or sg. with gana) N. of a class of gods under Manu Cākshusha, Hariv.; MārkP.; n. a flower, L.; any productive source, MW.; (in Sāmkhya) the primordial essence or matter, Tattvas.; (a), f. a woman who has brought forth a child, recently delivered (also = finite verb), AV. &c. &c. 2. sūti, f. (for I. see pra-√I. sū) procreation, generation, bringing forth (children or young), laying (eggs), parturition, birth, Mn. iv, 84 (-tas); MBh.; Kav. &c.; coming forth, appearance, growth (of fruit, flowers &c.), Kālid.; Prab.; a production, product (of plants or animals), MBh.; a procreator, father or mother, Hariv.; Var.; Ragh.; a child, offspring, progeny, Mn.; MBh. &c.; N. of a daughter of Maru and wife of Daksha, Pur.; -ja, n. 'birthproduced,' pain (resulting as a necessary consequence of birth), L.; -vāyu, m. air generated in the womb during the pangs of childbirth, MW. "sūtikā, f. recently delivered, Yājñ., Sch.; (ifc.) giving birth to (cf. nasyat-pro); (a cow) that has calved, Can. (cf. sakrit-pro). "suna, mfn. born, produced ing over or to (loc.), Kathas.; intent upon, devoted to

(=-sūta or jāta), L.; n. (ifc. ā) a flower, blossom, MBh.; Kav. &c.; fruit, L.; -bana, m. 'having f's for arrows,' the god of love, Kām.; -mālā, f. a garland of fos, Mālatīm.; -varsha, m. a shower of fos (rained from heaven), BhP.; -stabaka, m. a bunch of blossoms or fos, BhP.; "nanjali, mfn. presenting a nosegay held in both hands opened and hollowed = pushpānjali), Cat.; ondšuga (Naish.), oneshu (L.), m. = na-bāna. sūnaka, m. a kind of Kadamba, L.; n. a flower, L. suyat, mf(anti)n. being born, MBh. xiii, 5687.

प्रमुका pra-sūkā. See col. 1.

प्रमच् pra- √sūc, P. -sūcayati, to indicate, manifest, MBh.

प्रमृ pra-vsri, P. -sisarti (only Ved.) and -sarati (sometimes also A. ote), to move forwards, advance ('for' or 'against,' acc.), proceed (lit. and fig.), spring up, come forth, issue from (abl.), appear, rise, spread, extend, RV. &c. &c.; to break out (as fire, a disease &c.), MBh.; Pañcat. (v.l.); to be displaced (as the humours of the body), Suir.; to be diffused (as odour), Kathās.; to pass, elapse (as night), Vikr.; to commence, begin, Bhartr.; Kathās. (also Pass., e.g. prasari yajnah, 'the sacrifice began,' SBr.); to prevail, hold good, take place, Sarvad.; to stretch out (hands), RV.; to agree, promise, Inscr.: Caus. -sārayati, to stretch out, extend, VS. &c. &c.; to spread out, expose (wares &c. for sale), Mn.; R. &c.; to open wide (eyes, mouth, &c.), Mricch.; BhP.; to diffuse, circulate, exhibit, Var.; Samk.; to prosecute, transact, Kād.; (in gram.) to change a semivowel into the corresponding vowel, Pat.: Intens. (-sasre, rate, rana) to extend, be protracted, last, RV.

Pra-sara, m. (ifc. f. a) going forwards, advance, progress, free course, coming forth, rising, appearing, spreading, extension, diffusion, Kālid.; Kād.; Samk. &c.; range (of the eye), Amar.; prevalence, influence, Sak.; boldness, courage, Mricch.; a stream, torrent, flood, Git.; BhP.; (in med.) morbid displacement of the humours of the body, Suir.; multitude, great quantity, Sis.; a fight, war, L.; an iron arrow, L.; speed, L.; affectionate solicitation, L.; (a), f. Paederia Foetida, L.; n. (in music) a kind of dance, Samgit.; -yuta, mfn. possessing extension, extensive (as a forest), R. sarana, n. going forth, running away, escaping, Mricch.; (in med.) = "sara, Suir.; holding good, prevailing, TPrāt., Sch.; complaisance, amiability, BhP.; spreading over the country to forage, L.; = next, L. 'sarani (or oni), f. surrounding an enemy, L. sara, m. spreading or stretching out, extension, Susr.; Kull.; a trader's shop, Nalac.; opening (the mouth), Vop.; raising (dust), Bālar.; = prec., L. sāraņa, n. (fr. Caus.) stretching or spreading out, extending, diffusing, displaying, developing, Br.; Bhāshāp.; Suir.; augmentation, increase, Kām.; changing a semivowel into a vowel, APrāt., Sch. (cf. sam-praso); = sarani, L.; spreading over the country for collecting forage, L.; (i), f. = sarani, L.; Paederia Foetida, L. "sāranin, mfn. containing a semivowel liable to be changed into a vowel, Pān., Vārtt. "sārita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) held forth, stretched out, expanded, spread, diffused, Mn.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; laid out, exhibited, exposed (for sale), R.; published, promulgated, Var.; Samk.; -gātra, mfn. with outstretched limbs (su-pro), Sāh.; -bhoga, mfn. (a serpent) with expanded coils, Pancat.; 'tagra, mfn. (fingers) with extended tips, Cat.; ctanguli, mfn. (a hand) with extended fingers, L. sarin, mfn. coming forth, issuing from (comp.), Sak.; spreading, extending (trans. and intrans.; esp. stretching one's self out in singing), PārGr. (cf. vāk-praso); Samgīt.; extending over (comp.), Sah. (ri-tva, n.); going along gently, gliding, flowing, creeping, W.; (ini), f. (in music) N. of a Sruti, Samgit.; Paederia Foetida, Bhpr.; Mimosa Pudica, L.; N. of wk. 1. sarya, ind. (fr. Caus.) having stretched out or put forth &c., MBh. 2. sārya, mfn. (fr. Caus.) to be changed into a vowel, Pat.

Prá-srita, mfn. come forth, issued from (abl. or comp.), SvetUp.; MBh.; Kav. &c.; displaced (as the humours of the body), Suir.; resounding (as tones), Kathas. (n. impers. with instr. 'a sound rose from, 'ib.); held or stretched out, TBr.; Bhartr.; Kathās.; wide-spreading, MundUp.; Bhag.; extend-

(comp.), R.; Vajracch.; prevailing, ordinary, SBr.; Kāth.; intense, mighty, strong, Uttarar.; Das.; Kathās.; set out, departed, fled, Das.; Kathās.; w.r. for pra-srita, humble, modest, quiet, MBh.; R. &c.; m. the palm of the hand stretched out and hollowed as if to hold liquids, GrSrS.; (also n., L.) a handful (as a measure = 2 Palas), SBr. (also -mātra, n.); SrS.; Susr.; pl. N. of a class of deities under the 6th Manu, VP.; (a), f. the leg, L.; n. what has sprung up or sprouted, grass, plants, vegetables, MBh.; Pañcar.; agriculture (prob. w.r. for pra-mrita), L.; -ja, m. N. of a partic. class of sons, MBh.; -mātra, n., see above; °tagra-tradāyin, mfn. offering the best of all that has grown, MBh.; °tagra-bhuj, mfn. eating the best &c., ib. °sriti (prá-), f. streaming, flowing, Sak.; (successful) progress, TAr.; extension, diffusion, MBh.; swiftness, haste, Nilak.; the palm of the hollowed hand, Kaus.; a handful as measure (= 2 Palas), Yājñ.; BhP.; -m-paca, see nīvāra-pro; -yāvaka, m. eating groats made of not more than a handful of barley, Gaut. "sritvara, mfn. breaking forth, Bhām. "srimara, mfn. streaming forth, Bhartr.; being at the head of (gen.), Hcar.

प्रमृत्त pra-√srij, P. -srijati (aor. P. -asrāk, A. -asrikshata), to let loose, dismiss, send off to (acc.), RV. &c. &c.; to give free course to (anger &c., with acc.), MBh.; to stretch out (the arms), RV.; to scatter, sow, MarkP.; to engage in a quarrel with (loc.), MBh. (prob. w.r. for pra-sajati): Pass. -srijyate, to go forth or out, leave home, Gobh.; Laty.: Desid. -sisrikshati, to wish to dismiss or send off, SānkhBr.

Pra-sargá (or sárga), m. pouring or flowing forth, RV.; dismissal, SānkhSr. sarjana, mf(i)n. darting forth, Kaus.

Pra-srishta, mfn. let loose, dismissed, set free, MBh.; having free course, uncontrolled, ib.; Car.; given up, renounced, Hariv. (-vaira, mfn. 'one who has given up enmity, ib.); hurt, injured, MW.; w.r. for pra-mrishta, R.; (ā), f. pl. (prob.) a partic. movement in fighting, MBh. (= sarvangasamisleshana, VP., Sch.)

प्रमृप् pra- vsrip, P. -sarpati, to creep up to, glide into (acc.), RV.; VS.; Br.; SrS.; to advance, proceed, move towards (acc.), Vait.; MBh. &c.; to stream or break forth, MBh.; Sis.: to set in (as darkness), Kathās.; to spread, extend, be diffused, Satr.; Uttarar.; to set to work, act, proceed in a certain way, Kām.; Kathās.; to advance, progress, Bhatt.

Pra-sarpa, m. going to the part of the sacrificial enclosure called the Sadas, MBh. (=agni-visarjana, Nîlak.); n. N. of a Sāman, ArshBr. sarpaka, m. an assistant who is under the superintendence of the Ritvij or a mere spectator at a sacrifice (so designated from entering the Sadas; cf. prec.), SrS. sárpana, n. going forwards, entering (loc.), MBh.; = sarpa, AsvSr.; a place of refuge, shelter, RV. sarpita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) crawling along, Ritus. sarpin, mfn. coming forth, issuing from (comp.), Sak. (v.l.); creeping along, crawling away, Var.; going to the Sadas (cf. 'sarpaka), AsvSr. "sripta, mfn. spread, diffused, Uttarar.; = "sarpaka, KātySr.

प्रमुमर pra-srimara. See pra-√sri.

प्रमुष्ट pra-srishta. See pra-√srij.

प्रसंक pra-seka, pra-secana &c. See under pra-Vsic, p. 697.

प्रसेदिका prasedikā, v.l. for prasidikā, q.v. प्रसिद्वस् pra-sedivas. Seepra- √sad, p.696.

प्रसेन 1. pra-sena, m. or n. (?), onā, f. a kind of jugglery, VarBrS., Sch.

प्रसन 2. pra-sena, m. N. of a prince (son of Nighna or Nimna), Hariv.; Pur.; of a king of Ujjayini (succeeded by Vikramarka or Vikramaditya), Inscr.

Prasena-jit, m. N. of sev. princes (esp. of a sovereign of Sravastī contemporary with Gautama Buddha, MWB. 407), MBh.; R.; Hariv.; Pur. &c.

प्रसंच pra-seva, m. (√siv) a sack or a leather bottle, L.; the damper on the neck of a lute, L.

Pra-sevaka, m. a sack, bag, Suir.; Nalac.; a damper (= prec.), L.; (ikā), f., see carma-prasevikā.