कुहर kuhara, as, m. (fr. \/kuh = guh?), N. of a serpent belonging to the Krodha-vasa race, MBh. i, 2701; Hariv. 229; (am), n. a cavity, hollow, hole, Bhartr.; Hit.; Prab. &c.; a small window(?), VarBrS.; the ear, L.; the throat or larynx, L.; a guttural sound, L.; proximity, L.; copulation, Das.

Kuharita, am, n. noise, sound, L.; the song or cry of the Kokila or Indian cuckoo, L.; a sound

uttered in copulation, L.

कहरिल kuhali, is, m. the leaf of the Piper Betel (commonly called Pan) with small pieces of the Areca-nut and Catechu and a little lime (chewed by persons in the East and especially offered to the persons at a matrimonial ceremony), L.

कहा kuhā, f. a kind of Zizyphus tree, Bhpr. - vatī, f., N. of Durgā, L.

कुहारीत ku-hārīta. See 1. ku.

कही kuhī, f. a mist, fog, Gal.

कुह 1. kuhu, us, m., N. of a particular weight, Hcat.; (us), f. (= 1. kuhu) the new moon, Pān.; Siddh.

कुइ 2. kuhu, ind. onomat. from the cry of the Kolika, &c., only in comp.; cf. 2. kuhū. - rava, m. the cry of the Kokila, MBh. xv, 724.

कुहुकुहाय kuhukuhāya (fr. kuhu-kuha for kuha-kuha, where? where?), Nom. A. vate, to show one's admiration, MBh. iii, 14129.

कुह्कार ku-humkāra. See I. ku.

कुट्ट 1. kuhū, ūs, f. (fr. \/kuh = guh?), the new moon (personified as a daughter of Angiras), AV.; Kāth.; TS.; AitBr. &c.; the first day of the first quarter (on which the moon rises invisible), W.; N. of one of the seven rivers of Plaksha-dvipa, VP.; BhP. v, 20, 10. - pala, m. the king of turtles (supposed to uphold the world), W.

कुह 2. $kuh\bar{u}$, ind. = 2. kuhu. - kantha, m. the Kokila or Indian cuckoo (κόκκυ), Sāh. - mukha, m. id., L. - rava, m. id., L.; = kuhu-rava, Naish. ix, 38.

Kuhūs, ind. = 2. kuhu, Gīt. i, 47.

कुहल kuhūla, am, n. apit filled with stakes, L.

कहिंडिका kuhedikā, f. fog, mist, L.

Kuhedī, f. id., L.

Kuhelikā, f. id., L.

कुद्धान ku-hvāna. See 1.ku.

A I. kū or ku, cl. 2. P. kauti (Ved. kavīti, Pāņ. vii, 3, 95), or cl. I. A. kavate (Dhātup. xxii, 54), or cl. 6. kuvate (ib. xxviii, 108), or cl. 9. P. A. kunāti, kunāte (perf. 3. pl. cukuvur, Bhatt.), to sound, make any noise, cry out, moan, cry (as a bird), coo, hum (as a bee) &c., Bhatt.: cl. 1. kávate, to move, Naigh. ii, 14: Intens. A. kokūyate (Nir.; Pan.), P. A. kokavīti and cokūyate (Pan. vii, 4, 63, Kāś.), to cry aloud, Bhatt.; [cf. Gk. κωκύω.]

क 2. $k\bar{u}$, ind. (= $kv\dot{a}$) where?, RV. v, 74, 1. -cid (kū-), ind. anywhere, RV. ix, 87, 8; (kūcid)-arthin, mfn. striving to get anywhere ['seeking oblations from any quarter, 'Say.], RV. iv, 7, 6.

ऋ 3. kū, ūs, f. a female Pišāca or goblin, L.

क्नुद् kūkuda, as, m. one who gives a girl in marriage with due ceremony and suitable decorations, Hcat.

ज्ब $k\bar{u}ca$, as, m. (=kuca) the female breast (especially that of a young or unmarried woman), Comm. on Un. iv, 91; an elephant, ib.

क्चका kūcakā, f. the milky juice of a bulbous plant $(=k\bar{u}rcik\bar{a})$, L.

क्चक्र kū-cakra, am, n. (for kūpa-c°?) a wheel for raising water from a well [NBD.; 'the female breast,' Gmn.], RV. x, 102, 11.

क्चवार kūcavāra, as, m., N. of a locality, Pān. iv, 3, 94; of a man, gana bidadi.

किचिका kūcikā, f. a small brush or hairpencil, L.; a key, L.; (cf. kūrcikā.)

Kūcī, f. (Un. iv, 93) a paint brush, pencil, Sušr.

क्चिद्धिन् kūcid-arthín. See 2. kū. कची kūcī. See kūcikā.

क्चोका kūcīkā, f. a sort of animal (belonging to the division called bhūmi-saya), Car. i, 27.

कुछ लिङ्ग kūcchalinga, au, m. du. = kukundara, L.

Kum. iii, 32 &c.), to make any inarticulate or monotonous sound, utter a cry (as a bird), coo (as a pigeon), caw (as a crow), warble, moan, groan, utter any indistinct sound, AV. vii, 95, 2; MBh.; R. &c.; 'to fill with monotonous sounds,' &c., see kūjita; to blow or breathe (the flute), BhP. x, 21, 2.

Kūja, as, m. (Pāņ. vii, 3, 59, Kāś.) cooing, murmuring, warbling, &c., MBh. i, 4916; R. ii, 59, 10; rumbling (as of the bowels, &c.), Suir.

Kūjaka, mf(ikā)n. 'cooing, warbling,' &c.; see kala-k°.

Kujana, am, n. the uttering of any inarticulate sound, cooing, moaning; the rattling of wheels, Pan. i, 3, 21, Värtt.; rumbling of the bowels, Susr.

Kūjita, mfn. uttered inarticulately, cooed, &c., Vikr. &c.; filled with monotonous sounds, &c., R. iii, 78, 27; Vet.; (am), n. the cry of a bird, cooing, warbling, cackling, &c., R.; Mālav.; Vikr. &c. Kujitavya, am, n., only (e), loc. ind. when

answer is to be given, MBh. xii, 109, 15. Kūjin, mfn. warbling, &c.; making a rumbling sound in the bowels, Suir.

Kūjya, mfn. (p. fut. Pass.), Pān. vii, 3, 59, Kāš.

क्ट kūt, cl. 10. P. kūtayati, to burn, Dhātup. xxxv, 38; to give pain, ib.; to be distressed, ib.; to counsel, advise, ib.: A. kūtayate, to avoid or decline giving, Dhātup. xxxiii, 28; to render indistinct or unintelligible, render confused or foul, ib.; to be distressed, despair, ib.

at kūta, am, n. the bone of the forehead with its projections or prominences, horn, RV, x, 102, 4; AV.; SBr.; AitBr.; a kind of vessel or implement, Kaus. 16; (as, am), m. n. any prominence or projection (e.g. ansa-ko, akshi-ko, qq. vv.); summit, peak or summit of a mountain, MBh. &c.; summit, head, i. e. the highest, most excellent, first, BhP. ii, 9, 19; a heap, multitude (e.g. abhra-ko, a multitude of clouds), MBh.; R.; BhP.; part of a plough, ploughshare, body of a plough, L.; an iron mallet, MBh. xvi, 4, 6; a trap for catching deer, concealed weapon (as a dagger in a wooden case, sword-stick, &c.), R.; Pañcat.; (as, L.; am), m. n. illusion, fraud, trick, untruth, falsehood, L.; a puzzling question, enigma, BhP. vi, 5, 10 & 29; (as), m. a kind of hall (= mandapa), Hcat.; N. of a particular constellation, VarBr. xii, 8 & 16; a subdivision of Graha-yuddha, Sūryas.; a mystical N. of the letter ksha, RāmatUp.; N. of Agastya (cf. kutaja), L.; of an enemy of Vishnu, R.; BhP.x; (as, am), m. n. uniform substance (as the etherial element, &c.), L.; a water-jar, Hcar.; a kind of plant, L.; (as, i), m. f. a house, dwelling (cf. kuta and kutī), L.; (kūtá), mf(ā)n. not horned or cornuted (as an animal with incomplete continuations of the bone of the forehead), AV. xii, 4, 3; TS. i; Kāth. &c.; false, untrue, deceitful, Mn.; Yājñ.; Kathās. &c.; base (as coins), Yājñ. ii, 241; (as), m. an ox whose horns are broken, L.; (am), n. counterfeited objects (of a merchant), VarBr. xiv, 3. - karman, n. fraudulent act, trick, Das. - kāra, m. a cheat, false witness, W. - kāraka, m. id., Mn. iii, 158 (= MBh. xiii, 4276). - krit, m. a cheat, briber, falsifier of (gen.), Yājñ.; a Kāyastha or man of the writer-caste, L.; N. of Siva, L. - khadga, m. a hidden sword, sword-stick, R. vi, 80, 4. - grantha, m., N. of a work (attributed to Vyāsa). -cchadman, m. a rogue, cheat, Pañcat. -ja, m. (=kut°) the tree Wrightia antidysenterica, R. iv, 29, 10. - taksh, mfn., Pan, vii, 1, 84, Vartt. 2; Pat. - tā, f. falsehood. - tāpasa, m. a pretended ascetic, Kathās. - tulā, f. a false pair of scales, Pañcat. - tva, $n = -t\bar{a}$. - dharma, mfn. (a country) where falsehood is considered a duty, BhP. - parva, v. l. for -pūrva, q. v., L. - pākala, m. a bilious fever (of men), Bhpr.; fever in an elephant, Mālatīm. - pālaka, m. a potter's kiln, L., v.l. for -pākala, q. v. - pāsa, m. a trap, Pancat.; Kād. - pūrī, f. (= karāyikā) a kind of crane, VarBrS.

(metrically also ri). - pūrva, m. fever in an elephant, L. - bandha, m. =-pāša, Ragh. xiii, 19; (am), ind. p., Pān. iii, 4, 41, Kās. - māna, n. false measure or weight, MBh. - mudgara, m. a concealed weapon similar to a hammer, MBh.; Hariv.; R.; MārkP.; N. of a work. - mohana, m. 'baffling or bewildering rogues,' N. of Skanda, MBh. iii, 14632. - yantra, n. a trap or snare, L. - yuddha, n. a treacherous or unfair battle, Ragh. xvii, 69; (mfn.) fighting treacherously, R. i, 22, 7. - yodhin, mfn. fighting unfairly or treacherously, R. - racanā, f. artifice, trick, Kathās. lvii, 115; a laid trap, Pancat. - lekha, m. a falsified document, Kathās. cxxiv, 198. -lekhya, n. id., Pañcat. (ed. Bomb.) - vyavahārin, m. a deceitful merchant, Vishn. - sas, ind. in heaps, by crowds, MBh. - salmali, m. f. the plant Andersonia Rohitaka, L.; a fabulous cotton plant with sharp thorns (with which the wicked are tortured in the world of Yama), MBh. (also 'lika, m.); R. (°lī, f.); Ragh. xii, 95; N. of a hell, PadmaP. - sālmalika, m., °lī, f., see - sālmali. - sāsana, n. a forged grant or decree, Mn. ix, 232. - saila, m., N. of a mountain, VP. - samkrānti, f. the entrance of the sun into another zodiacal sign after midnight, L. - samghatita-lakshana, n., N. of a work. - samdoha, m. id. - sakshin, m. a false witness, Gaut.; Yājñ. ii, 77; MārkP. - sākshya, n. a false testimony, HYog. ii, 54. - stha, mfn. standing at the top, keeping the highest position, Comm. on SBr. i, 4, 2, 4; standing in a multitude of or in the midst of (in comp.), BhP. i, 11, 36; (in phil.) immovable, uniform, unchangeable (as the soul, spirit, space, ether, sound, &c.), Up.; Pat.; Bhag. vi, xii; BhP. iii, &c. (Pāli kūtattha, Sāmaññaphala-sutta); (as, am), m. n. a kind of perfume (a species of dried shell-fish, commonly Nathi), L.; (am), n. the soul, W.; -tā, f. unchangeableness, uniformity; -tva, n. id., Comm. on KapS.; -dīpa, m., N. of a treatise forming part of the Pañcadasī. - svarņa, n. alloyed or counterfeit gold, Yājñ. ii, 297; Hcat. - heman, n. id., Naish. xxii, 52. Kūtaksha, m. loaded or false dice, Yājñ. ii, 202. Kūtakhyana, n. = kūtakakhy°, q.v. Kūtagara, m. n. an upper room, apartment on the top of a house, R.; Mricch.; Car. &c.; -sālā, f. id., Buddh.; Jain. Kūtayu, m. a Moringa with red blossoms, L. Kūtartha, m. ambiguity of meaning, fiction; -bhāshitā, f. (scil. kathā) = kūtakākhyāna, q. v., L. Kūtôpâya, m. trick, fraud, stratagem, W.

Kūṭaka, mfn. base (as a coin), Yājñ. ii, 241; (as), m. a braid or tress of hair, L.; N. of a fragrant plant, L.; of a mountain, BhP. v, 19, 16; (am), n. elevation, prominence, projection, L. (see akshik°); 'a ploughshare,' or 'the body of a plough (i.e. the wood without the ploughshare and pole),' L. Kūṭakakhyāna, n. a tale containing passages of ambiguous meanings.

Kūtī-√kri, to heap, Comm. on MBh. v, 48, 24.

कटी kūtī, v.l. for kūdī.

कड़ 1. kūd, cl. 6. P. kūdati, to eat, graze, Dhātup. xxviii, 88; to become firm or fat or solid, ib. (v.l. krid).

(subj. 3. du. kūļayātas), to burn, scorch, RV. viii, 26, 10; (impf. akūlayat) AitBr. iv, 9; Kapishth. iv, 2.

कड्य kūdya, am, n. (= kudya) a wall, L.

tun, cl. 1. kūnati, to contract, shrink, shorten, Kpr.: Caus. P. A. kūnayati, ote, to draw together, contract, close, Dhātup.xxxiii, 15; XXXV, 42.

Kunita, mfn. contracted, shut, closed, Suir. Kunitêkshana, m. 'having the eyes shut,'a hawk, L.

क्या कुछ kūṇakuccha, as, m., N. of one of Siva's attendants, L.; (cf. kaunakutsya.)

किंगि $k\bar{u}ni$, mfn. (= kuni) crooked-armed, L.; (is), m. a sort of bird, Gal.

काणिक kūnika, as, m., N. of a prince of Campā, HPariš.; (kūnika) VP.; (a), f. the horn of any animal, L.; the peg of a lute (= kalikā), L.

कतना kūtanā, ās, f. pl., N. of particular waters, Kāth. xxx, 6; (kótanā) TS. iii, 3, 3, 1.