RV. &c. &c. (rupena, ifc. in the form of; rupam √kri or √bhū, to assume a form; often ifc. = 'having the form or appearance or colour of,' formed or composed of,' 'consisting of,' like to;' sometimes used after an adj. or p. p. to emphasize its meaning or almost redundantly, cf. ghora-ro; or connected with a verb, e.g. pacati-rūpam, he cooks very well, cf. Pān. viii, I, 57); dreamy or phantom shapes (pl.), VS.; SBr.; handsome form, loveliness, grace, beauty, splendour, RV.&c.&c.; nature, character, peculiarity, feature, mark, sign, symptom, VS. &c. &c.; likeness, image, reflection, Mn.; Kathās.; circumstances (opp. to 'time' and 'place'), Mn. viii, 45; sort, kind, R.; Sušr.; mode, manner, way, Kap.; (ifc.) trace of, R.; a single specimen or exemplar (and therefore a term for the number 'one'), VarBrS.; Ganit.; a partic. coin (prob. a rupee), VarBrS.; a show, play, drama, Dasar.; (in alg.) the arithmetical unit; (pl.) integer number; known or absolute number, a known quantity as having specific form (and expressed by rū i. e. first syllable of rūpa), IW. 182; (in gram.) any form of a noun or verb (as inflected by declension or conjugation), Pān. i, 1, 68 &c.; (in phil.) the quality of colour (one of the 17 or 24 Gunas of the Vaiseshikas), IW. 68; (with Buddhists) material form i.e. the organized body (as one of the 5 constituent elements or Skandhas), Dharmas. 22; MWB. 109; (in dram.) a reflection or remark made under partic. circumstances when the action is at its height (garbhe), Bhar.; Dasar. &c.; (only L.) cattle; a beast; a sound, word; rereading a book (= granthavritti); m. a word of unknown meaning, AV. xviii, 3, 40; (pl.) N. of a people, MBh.; m. or n. N. of a place (v.l. rūma), Cat.; (a), f. N. of a river, VP. - kartri, m. 'maker of forms or figures,' N. of Visva-krit, R. - kavirāja-go-svāmi-guņa-lesa-sūcakāshtaka, n. N. of wk. - kanta, f. N. of a Surangana, Sinhas. - kāra, m, a maker of images, sculptor, Kathās. - krit, mfn. making forms or figures (N. of Tvashtri), TS.; SBr.; KātySr.; m. a sculptor, Kathās. - guna, mfn. possessing the quality of colour, Mn. i, 77; (ibc.) beauty of form; "nôpêta, mfn. endowed. with it, MBh. - go-svāmin, m. N. of an author, Cat.; mi-guna-lesa-sūcaka-nāma-dašaka, n. N. of wk. - graha, mfn. apprehending forms, perceiving colours, L.; m. the eye, L. - candra, m. N. of an author, Cat. - cintamani, m. N. of wk. - jīva, mfn., w.r. for rūpājo below, R. - jīvanā, f. 'subsisting by beauty of form, a prostitute, L. - jña, mfn., see á-ro. - tattva, n. 'reality of form,' inherent property, nature, essence, L. - tama (rūpá-), n. the best form or colour, SBr. - taramgini, f. N. of sev. wks. - tarka, m. (prob.) an assaye-master or inspector of a mint, Pat. - tas, ind. according to form, by shape, in form, Nal. - ta, f. (ifc.) the state of being formed or composed of (e.g. duhkha-ro, 'the consisting of pain'), Nilak. - tva, n. id. or the state of having form or figure, Sarvad.; =-tā, Kap.; -jātipramāna, n. N. of wk. - dīpaka-pingala, m. N. of wk. - deva, m. N. of two poets, Sadukt.; Cat. -dhara, mfn. having the form or shape of, being of the colour of (ifc.; e.g. go-ro, cow-shaped; cf. kāma-ro), Ragh.; VP.&c.; m. N. of a king, Kathās. -dhātu, m. the element of form, original seat or region of fo (with Buddhists; the other two elos being kāma-dho, q.v., and arūpa-dho, 'the elo of formlessness'), Buddh. - dhārin, mfn. bearing a form, assuming a shape (catur-guna-ro, 'having a 4 times greater sho'), Pañcad.; endowed with beauty, VamP.; ri-tva, n. the power of assuming any for sho, Kam. -dhrik, mfn. (see dhrik, p. 519) = next, MW. -dhrit, mfn. having the form or shape of (ifc.; e.g. kapi-ro, 'monkey-shaped;' cf. vividha-ro), Kathās. - dhéya, n. form and colour, external appearance, AV.; beauty, Naish.; (cf. nāma-dh°.) - nayana, m. N. of a commentator, Cat. - nārāyana, m. N. of two authors, Cat.; (?) of wk.; -cakravartin, -sena, m. N. of men, Cat. - nāsana, m. 'form-destroying,' an owl, L. - nāsin, mfn. destroying form or beauty, disfiguring, MBh. - pa, m. pl. N. of a people, MārkP. - pati (rūpá-), m. lord of forms (N. of Tvashtri), SBr.; KātySr. - parikalpana, f. the assuming of a shape, R. - pura, n. N. of a town, Cat. - prasna, m. N. of wk. - bhaganubandha, m. addition of the fraction of an unit, Col. - bhagapavaha, m. subtraction of the fraction of an unit, ib. - bhaj, mfn. endowed with beauty, Vishn. - bhrit, mfn. having form or beauty, MW.; (ifc.) having the appearance of, Var Yogay. - bheda,

m. diversity or variety of forms or manifestations, Krishnaj.; (in gram.) divo of phonetic form or sound; n. N. of a Tantra wk.; -prakāša, m. N. of a glossary. - manjari, f. N. of sev. wks.; of a woman, Cat.; -guna-lesa-sūcakāshtaka, n., -pādāmbuja-sevāprarthana, f. N. of Stotras. - mandana, n. N. of wk. - matī (?), f. N. of a princess, Inscr. - mātra, n. only beauty, MW. - mālā, f. N. of a grammatical wk. (also -vyākarana); (ī), f. N. of a metre, Col. - yauvana-vat, mfn. possessing beauty and youth, Hit.; Kathās. - yauvanôtsāhin, mfn. poss° b° y° and energy, Sah. - ratnakara, m. N. of wk. - rasa-gandha-sparsa-vat, mfn. having colour and taste and smell and palpability, Kan. - rasa-sparsavat, mfn. having colo and to and palo, ib. - raga, m. (with Buddh.) craving for life in a material form (either on earth or in heaven; one of the 10 fetters or Samyojanas), MWB. 127. -lata, f. N. of a princess, Kathas. - lavanya, n. beauty of form, elegance, loveliness, W. - vajrā, f. N. of a Buddhist goddess, Kälac. - vat, mfn. having form or colour, formed, embodied, corporeal, R.; BhP.; Kathās.; having a beautiful form or colo, handsomely formed, handsome, beautiful (superl. -tama), PārGr.; MBh.; Nir. &c.; having the form or appearance of (ifc.), MBh.; MārkP.; (atī), f. a handsome woman (N. of various women), Buddh.; Kathās.; of a river, BhP. - vāsika (VP.) or -vāhika (MBh.), m. pl. N. of a people. - vicāra, m. N. of wk. - viparyaya, m. a morbid change of bodily form, Mn.; R. - vibhaga, m. the dividing of an integer number into fractions, Col. - sás, ind. in various forms, according to peculiarity, RV.; Kaus. - salin, mfn. possessed of beauty, handsome, beautiful, MarkP.; Hcat.; Kathās. - sikhā, f. N. of a daughter of the Rākshasa Agni-sikha, Kathās. - sanātana, m. N. of an author, L. - samriddha (rūpá-), mfn. perfect in form, AitBr.; perfectly beautiful, TS.; SBr. - samriddhi, f. perfection of form, suitable form, AitBr.; Sāy. - sampatti (MW.) or -sampad (MBh.), f. perfection or excellence of form, beauty. - sampanna, mfn. endowed with beauty, MBh.; R.; modified, Nir. - siddhi, m. N. of a man, Kathās.; of a grammatical wk. - sena, m. N. of a Vidyā-dhara, Kathās.; of a king, Vet. - saubhāgya-vat, mfn. having beauty of form, Vishn.; Hcat.; Campak. - skandha, m. (with Buddhists) a physical element (of which there are II), Dharmas. 26. - stha, mfn. possessed of form or shape, RāmatUp. - sparsa-vat, mfn. possessing colour and palpability, Kan. - hani, f. loss of form (in the Nyaya one of the 7 preventives of classification), MW. **Rūpājīva**,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . making a living by beauty of form, living by prostitution, Kām.; Daš.; (ā), f. a harlot, R. Rupadhibodha, m. the perception of form or of any visible object (by the senses), W. Rupabhigrahita, mfn. caught in the act, co redhanded, A. Rupayatana, n. (with Buddhists) form as one of the 12 Ayatanas (or organs and objects of sense), Dharmas. 24. Rupayudha-bhrit, mfn. (men) possessing beauty and bearing weapons, VarBrS. Rupavacara, m. pl. (with Buddhists) N. of one of the 18 classes of gods of the world of form, Dharmas. 128 (cf. kāmāv°). Rūpavatāra, m. N. of wk. Rupavali, f. a list or series of (grammatical) forms or of the variations of (grammatical) forms (caused by declension, conjugation &c.), MW.; N. of various wks. Rūpasraya, m. a repository or receptacle of beauty; (or) mfn. exceedingly handsome, BhP. Rupastra, m. 'having beauty for a weapon,' the god of love, L. Rupendriya, n. the organ which perceives form and colour, the eye, Suir. Rūpėsvara, m. N. of a god, Cat.; (ī), f. N. of a goddess, DevibhP. Rupôccaya, m. a collection of lovely forms, Sak. Rupôpajīvana, n. the gaining a livelihood by a beautiful form, MBh. Rupôpajīvin, mfn. gaining a livelihood by a bo fo, VarBrS. Rupaka, mfn. having form, figurative, meta-

Rūpaka, mfn. having form, figurative, metaphorical, illustrating by figurative language, Sāh.; m. a partic. coin (prob. a rupee), Var.; Pañcat. &c.; (in music) a kind of measure, Samgīt. (cf. -tāla); (rū-pakā), f. a female fox or jackal, AV. xi, 9, 15 [cf. Zd. urupi]; (ikā), f. swallow-wort, Asclepias Lactifera; n. form, figure, shape, appearance (mostly ifc., with f. ā, = having the form of, composed or consisting of, similar to), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; image, likeness, AitBr.; Kathās.; feature, sign, symptom, W.; kind, species, MaitrUp.; (in rhet.) a figure of speech, metaphor, comparison, simile (esp. one in which iva, vat &c. are omitted, e.g. bāhu-latā, 'a creeper-

like arm, pani-padma, 'a lotus-like hand;' there are 3 or 4 varieties of Rupaka, e.g. the ardha-ro, 'partial metaphor,' khanda-ro, 'imperfect mo,' and lalāma-ro, 'flowery mo'), Kāvyad.; Sāh. &c. (cf. IW. 458); a drama, play, theatrical performance (esp. of the principal class, as opp. to the upa-rūpakas or inferior dramas; of the former there are 10 species including the Nāṭaka or higher order of play and the Prahasana or farce), Dašar.; Sāh. &c. (IW. 471); a partic. weight (= 3 Gunjās), L.; = mūrta or dhūrta, L. - tala, n. (in music) a kind of measure, Git. (w.r.-tala). - nritya, n. (in music) a kind of dance, Samgit. - paribhāshā, f. N. of wk. - rūpaka, n. a partic. kind of Rūpaka (metaphor), Kāvyad. - vākya, n., -sabda, m. a figurative expression, MW. Rüpakakhya-shad-anga, n. N. of a collection of Mantras.

**Rūpaņa**, n. figurative illustration, metaphorical description, Kāvyâd.; Sāh.; examination, investigation, proof, Sāh.

Rūpasvin, mfn. (fr. an unused rūpas = rūpa + vin) handsome, beautiful (superl. vi-tama), PārGr.; Vet.; (inī), f. N. of a woman, Sinhâs.

Rūpāvata, m. N. of a prince, Divyâv.; (i), f. N. of a woman, ib.

Rūpāvaty-alamkaraņa, n. (fr. prec. f. + al°) N. of a poem, Cat.

Rūpika, m. or n. (?) coined gold or silver, money, L.
Rūpina, m. N. of a son of Aja-midha, MBh.

Rūpinikā, f. (dimin. fr. rūpinī) N. of a courtezan, Kathās.

Rūpita, mfn. formed, represented, exhibited, imagined, Kāv.; Sarvad.

**Rūpi-dāraka**, m. (fr.  $rūpin + d^{\circ}$ ) a fine boy, Mricch.

Rūpin, mf(inī)n. having or assuming a partic. form or figure, embodied, corporeal, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; having a beautiful form or figure, well-shaped, handsome, beautiful, SBr. &c. &c.; (ifc.) having the form or nature or character of, characterised by, appearing as, MBh.; Kāv. &c.

Rūpī-vkri, P. -karoti, to make rough, soil, besmear, A.

Rūpya, mfn. well-shaped, beautiful, Pān. v, 2, 120; stamped, impressed, ib.; to be denoted (or capable of being denoted) figuratively or metaphorically, Sah.; (ifc.) formerly in the possession of or possessed by, Pan. v, 3, 54; proceeding from or originating with (=tasmād āgatah), ib. iv, 3, 82; m. N. of a man, g. tikadi; of a mountain, Satr.; (a), f. a partic. fragrant substance, Gal.; n. silver, Mn.; MBh. &c.; wrought silver or gold, stamped coin, rupee, L.; collyrium, L. - da, mfn. one who gives silver, Mn. iv, 230. - dhauta, n. silver, L. - maya, mf(i)n. made or consisting of silver, containing so, Pañcat. - mākshika, n. so Mākshika, Hepatic pyrites of iron, MW. - māsha, m. a so Māsha (= 2 Krishnalas), Yājñ. i, 363. - rajju, f. a cord or rope made of so, Mricch. - ratna-parikshā, f. 'test of silver and jewels,' N. of one of the 64 Kalas, Cat. - rukma-maya, mf(i)n. made or consisting of s or gold, MBh. - sata-māna, n. a partic. weight  $(=3\frac{1}{2} \text{ Palas})$ , L. = svarna-mani-maya, mf( $\bar{i}$ )n. consisting of silver and gold and (or) jewels, HParis. Rūpyacala, m. 'so-mountain,' N. of the mo Kailasa, Samkar. Rūpyadhyaksha, m. a superintendent of silver or silver coinage, master of the mint, L.

Rūpyaka. See suvarņa-r°.

रुम rūma, m. or n. N. of a place, Cat. (v.l. rūpa).

&c.), AV.; ΤāṇḍBr.

हिंचुक rūvuka, m. the castor-oil tree, Ricinus Communis, L. (cf. ruvuka).

decorate, Dhātup. xvii, 27; to cover, strew, smear (see rūshita): Caus. (or cl. 10. P.) rūsha-yati, 'to tremble' or 'to burst' (visphurane), Dhātup. xxxv, 84, Vop.

**Rūsha**, m. bitter and sour taste, L.;  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . bitter and sour, L. (cf.  $r\bar{u}ksha$ ).

Rūshaka, m. Gendarussa Vulgaris, L.

Rushana, n. covering, strewing, Chandom.; soiling, L.; adorning, decoration, MW.

Rūshita, mfn. (sometimes confounded with rushita) strewed, covered, soiled, smeared with (comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; adhering to (comp.), BhP.; per-