ताय tóya, n (ifc. f. ā) water, Naigh. i, 12; Mn. v, viii f.; MBh. &c. ('yam /kri with gen., 'to make offerings of water to the dead,' xviii, 32; (a), f. N. of a river in Salmala-dvīpa, VP. ii, 4, 28; of another in India). - kana, m. a drop of water. - karman, n. 'water-ceremony,' ablution of the body, oblation of water to the dead,' MBh. i, xii. - kāma, m. 'fond of water,' Calamus fasciculatus, L. - kumbhā, f. = -vriksha, Npr. - kricchra, m. n. swallowing nothing but water (sort of fast), Yājñ., Sch. - krit, mfn. causing rain, VarBrS. ix, 43. - krida, f. 'water-sport,' splashing about in water, Megh. 34; cf. jala-kro. - garbha, 'containing water,' the cocoa-nut, Npr. - cara, mfn. moving in water, (m.) an aquatic animal, MBh.; Hariv.; MārkP. - ja, mfn. water-born, Hariv.; 'lotus,' 'jakshī, f. a lotuseyed woman, Das. iv, 79. - dimba, mbha, m. hail, L. - da, m. 'water-giver,' a rain-cloud, R.; Ragh. &c.; Cyperus rotundus, L.; ghee, L.; dâtyaya, m. 'cloud-departure,' the autumn, R. ii; VarBrS. xliv, 23. - dana, n. N. of a gesture, PSarv. - dhara, mfn. containing water, R. ii; m. a rain-cloud, L.; Cyperus rotundus, L.; Marsilea quadrifolia, L. - dhāra, m. a stream of water, Hariv.; (a), f. id., MBh.; R. - dhi, m. 'water-receptacle,' the ocean, Sūryas. xii; cf. kshīra-t°; -priya, n. 'fond of the sea (produced in maritime countries), cloves, L. - nidhi, m. = -dhi, L. - nīvī, f. ocean-girdled (the earth), BhP. i. - pāta, m. 'waterfall,' rain, VarBrS. lxxxix, 19. - pāshāna-ja-mala, n. calamine, Npr. - pippalī, f. Jussiæa repens, L. - pushpī, f. Bignonia suaveolens, L. - prashthā, f. id., W. - prasādana, m. 'water-purifyer,' Strychnos potatorum, L. - phalā, f. Cucumis utilissimus, L. - maya, mf(i)n. consisting of water, MBh.; Hariv. - mala, n. seafoam, Npr. - muc, m. 'water-yielder,' a cloud, R. iii, 79, 4. - yantra, n. a water-clock, Sūryas. xiii. - rasa, m. moisture, water, MBh. viii. - raj, m. 'water-king,' the ocean, Hariv. - rasi, m. 'heap of water, a pond, lake, R. ii, 63, 17; the ocean, Kad. - vat, mfn. surrounded by water, MBh. xii; (tī), f. Cocculus cordifolius, Npr. - vallika, f. id., ib. - vallī, f. Momordica Charantia, L. - vāha, m. 'water-carrier, 'arain-cloud, Bālar.ix, 30. - vriksha, m. Blyxa Saivala, Npr. - vritti, m. Achyranthes aquatica, ib. - vyatikara, m. blending of the waters (of two rivers). - suktikā, f. a bivalve shell, oyster, L. - sūka, m. = -vriksha, Npr. - sarpikā, f. a frog, ib. - sūcaka, m. id., L. Toyagni, m. submarine fire, MBh. xii, 5178. Toyanjali, m. the hollowed hands joined and filled with water (offered to the dead), Mudr. iv, &. Toyadhara, m. a water reservoir, lake, river, Sak. i, 14. Toyâdhivāsinī, f. = va-pushpī, L. Toyapāmārga, m. = va-vritti, Npr. Toyambudhi, m. the sea of fresh water, PadmaP.v. Toyalaya, m. = 'ya-dhi; N. of a constellation, VarBr. xii. Toyasaya, m. = vadhara, VarBrS.; Ritus.; Dhūrtas. Toyesa, m. 'water-lord,' Varuna, VP.v, 18. Toyôtsarga, m. discharge of water, rain, Megh. Toyôdbhavā, f. = 'ya-vritti, Npr. Toyika, f. N. of a place (known by a festival

[maha] called after it), Divyav. vi, 101; xxxi, 146. नारण torana, n. (g. ardharcadi) an arch, arched doorway, portal, festooned decorations over doorways (with boughs of trees, garlands, &c.), MBh. &c. (ifc. f. ā); a mound near a bathing-place, W.; a triangle supporting a large balance; m. Siva, xiii, 1232; n. the neck, L.; cf. ut-, kapāta-, kautuka-. - māla, N. of a place, Rasik. xii, 24; Romakas.

तारमाण toramāna, N. of a prince, Rājat.

तोल tola, mfn. (\square tul) poising one's self,' see ghana; m.n. =  $^{\circ}laka, W.; (\bar{a}), f. \text{ weighing (?)},$ Vop. Tolaka, (m. n., L.) a weight of gold or silver (in books = 16 Māshas, in practise only = 12 M°), Rājat. iv, 201; (ikā), f. a wall round a watch-tower, BhP. x, 76, 10. Tolana, n. lifting up, R. i, 66 f.; Sāh. v, &; weighing, Sch. on KātySr. i, 3 & Yājñ.; Subh. Tolya, mfn. to be weighed, Hcat. i, 5, 113.

तोश tošá, mfn. ( रा. tuš) distilling, trickling, RV. iii, 12, 4; granting, i, 169, 5 (°sá-tama, Superl.). Tosás, mfn. id., viii, 38, 2.

तोष tosha, m. ( vush) satisfaction, contentment, pleasure, joy(with loc., gen., or ifc.), MBh. &c.; Contentment as a son of Bhaga-vat and one of the 12 Tushitas, BhP.iv, 1,7. "shaka, mfn. 'pleasing,' see sura-. shana, mf(i)n. satisfying, gratifying, appeasing, pleasing, MBh.; BhP.; n. the act of satis-

fying or appeasing or delighting, i, 2, 13 (ifc.); (i), f. Durgā, Hariv. 10238; cf. su-. "shanīya, mfn. to be pleased, W.; pleasing, Lalit. v, 195. "shayitavya, mfn. to be pleased, MBh. ix. "shayitri, mfn. ifc. one who pleases (others, para-), Sis. xvi, 28 (v.l.). shita, mfn. satisfied, gratified, pleased, MBh.; R.; BhP.; Sak. vii, I; Kathās. shin, mfn. ifc. satisfied with, liking, MBh. xiii; Hariv.; satisfying, pleasing, R.iv; Kum. v, 7. shya, mfn. = shayitavya, MBh.

तासल tosala, m. pl. N. of a people, AV .-Paris. lvi, 4; sg. N. of a wrestler (also olaka), Hariv. ii, 30, 48 ff.; BhP. x, 36; 42; 44, 27. Tosaliputra, m. N. of a Jain teacher, HParis. xiii, 38.

तौ स्नायण taukshāyana, fr. Tuksha, g. pakshadi.

तौद्धिक taukshika, m. (fr. τοξότης) the sign Sagittarius, VarBr. i, 8.

ताम्य taugryá, m. son of Tugra, Bhujyu, RV. i, 117f.; 158; 180 & 182; viii, 5, 22; x, 39, 4.

तां का taucchya, n. (fr. tuccha) emptiness, meanness, worthlessness, Dhātup. vii, 3.

तारिकर taundikera. See tundo.

तौतातित tautātita, mfn. taught or composed by Tutātita (or Kumārila), Prab. ii, 3 (v. l. tātika, fr. Tutāta); m. an adherent of To, Sarvad. iii, 52; xiii, 110; SSamkar. x, 119.

तातिक tautika, m. the pearl-oyster, L.; n. a pearl, L.

तात्रायन tauttāyana. See totto.

ताद taúda, n. (fr. tuda or toda) N. of a Sāman; (i), f. N. of a plant (?), AV. x, 4, 24.

तौदादिक taudādika, mfn. belonging to the tud-ādi roots (cl. 6), Siddh.

तादेय 1. taudeya, m. pl. (fr. tuda, g. subhradi) N. of a family, Pravar. ii, 1, 2 (v. l. taul').

तादेय 2. taudeya, mfn. produced in or coming from the district called Tudi, Pan. iv, 3, 94.

ताबरक taubaraka, mfn. coming from the plant Tub°, Suir. i, 46, 3, 58 & 10, 5; vi, 16, 6.

ताभ taubha, n. N. of a Sāman, ĀrshBr.

तास्वरव taumburava, n. the story of (Siva and) Tumburu, Balar. ii, 3. vin, m. pl. the pupils of To, Pān. iv, 3, 104, Kāš.

Tit taura, n. = turayana, Lāty. x; Mas. Tauramgika, m. (fr. turam-ga) a horseman, Kir., Sch. Tauráyāna, mfn. hastening, Nir. v, 15. Taurasravasa, n. (fr. tura-sravas) N. of a Sāman, TāṇdyaBr. ix, 4, 10; Lāṭy. vii, 3, 3 f.; KātySr. xxv, 14, 14. Taurâyanika, mfn. performing the turayana, Pān. v, 1, 72.

ताहरव taururava, n. the fruit of the Tururu tree, g. plakshadi (Kāš.).

तोरूष्टिकक taurushkika, mfn. (fr. turushka) Turkish, Kuttanim. 64.

ताय taurya, mfn. coming from a musical instrument (tūrya), Dharmasarm. vi, 25. - trika, n. 'triple symphony,' song, dance, and instrumental music, Mn. vii, 47.

तावश taurvasá, m. (fr. turvása) a kind of horse, SBr. xiii, 5, 4, 16.

तौल taula, n. = tulā, a balance, W.

तील के शि taulakesi, osin, m. (fr. tūla-kesa, 'cotton-haired'), N. of a man, Pravar. i, I.

I. Taulika, kika, m. (fr. tūlikā) a painter, L. तौलिक 2. taulika, cf. uda-, dasa-, viņšati-. Taulin, m. = tulā-dhara, VarYogay. iv, 50. Taulya, n. weight, Hcat.; equality, TPrat., Sch.

तािल्वलायन taulvalāyana, m. patr. fr. °li, Pān. iv, I, IOI. Taulvali, m. N. of a teacher, AsvSr. ii, v; Pravar. ii, 2, 1; cf. ajā-; 'ly-ādi, N. of a Gana of Pān. (ii, 4, 61; Ganar. 171-173).

तीवितिका tauvilikā, f. N. of an animal (?), AV. vi, 16, 3.

तापायण taushāyana, fr. tusha, g. pakshādi.

(tush°), snowy, Sušr. i, 45, I, I; n. snow, cold, W. ₹ -tta, mfn. fr. 1. & 3. dā. -tti, f. 'gift' (fr. √1. dā). See bhága-.

नापार taushāra, mfn. sprung from snow

त्मन्  $tmán (= \bar{a}tmán)$ , m. the vital breath, RV. i, 63, 8 (acc. tmánam); AsvSr. vi, 9, 1 (acc. tmānam); one's own person, self, RV.; 'tman after e or o for ātman, KathUp. iii, 12; MBh. i-iii; BhP. vii, 9, 32; tmánā, instr. & (at the end of a Pāda) tmán, loc. ind. used as an emphatic particle (like μέν and μήν) 'yet, really, indeed, even, at least, certainly, also,' RV.; VS. vi, II; xi, 31; TS. ii, I, II, 2; AV. v, 27, II; utá tmánā or tmánā ca, and also, and certainly, iva or ná tmánā, just as,' ádha tmánā, 'and even,' RV.

Tmányā, ind. (fr. loc.  $tmáni + \tilde{a}$ ?) only in the Vanas-pati verse of some Apri hymns = tmánā, i, 188, 10; x, 110, 10; VS. xx, 45; xxix, 10.

त्य tyá, see tyád. - japa (tyá-), m. that (i.e. a lower kind of) muttering (opposed to mahājapá), MaitrS. ii, 9, 1, 12.

त्यग्रायिस tyagnāyis, N. of a Sāman, Lāty.

त्यज 1.tyaj, cl.1.°jati (metrically also°te; pf. Ved. tityāja, Class. tato, Pān. vi, 1, 36; tatyaja, BhP. iii, 4; fut. tyakshyati, Pān. vii, 2, 10, Kār.; tyajishyo, R. ii, vii; MārkP.; aor. atyākshīt; inf. tyaktum) to leave, abandon, quit, RV. x, 71, 6; Mn.; MBh. &c.; to leave a place, go away from, Mn. vi, 77; MBh. &c.; to let go, dismiss, discharge, VarBrS. xvii, 22; Bhatt.; to give up, surrender, resign, part from, renounce, IsUp. 1; Mn.; MBh.&c. (tanum or deham or kalevaram, 'to abandon the body, die, 'Mn. vi; MBh. &c.; prānān or svāsam or jīvitam, 'to give up breath or life, risk or lose one's life,' MBh.; R. &c.); P. A. to shun, avoid, get rid of, free one's self from (any passion &c.), MBh. &c.; to give away, distribute, offer (as a sacrifice or oblation to a deity; tyajate etymologically =  $\sigma \in \beta \in \tau \alpha i$ ), Mn.; Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; to set aside, leave unnoticed, disregard, SānkhSr.; Mn. iii; MBh. i, 3098; Hit. ii, 3,30; (ind. p. tyaktvā) to except, VarBrS.; Caurap., Sch.; Pass. tyajyate, to be abandoned by, get rid of (instr.), Pancat. i, 10, 1: Caus. tyājayati (aor. atityajat, Bhatt.) to cause anyone to quit, MBh. xiii, 288; to cause anyone to give up, Kathās. lxxxiii, 34; to expel, turn out, xx, 126; to cause any one to lose, deprive of (instr.), Bhatt. xv, 120; to empty the body by evacuations, Bhpr.: Desid. tityakshati, to be about to lose (one's life, prānān), Car. v, 10 & 12.

Tyakta, mfn. left, abandoned. - jīvita, mfn. one who has given up all expectation of life, ready to abandon life, Bhag. i, 19; Nal. ii, 16 (in comp.); R. iv. - prâna, mfn. id., MBh. v, 7204. - lajja, mfn. abandoning shame, shameless, BhP. v, 26, 23. - vat, mfn. having left. - vidhi, mfn. transgressing rules, ix, 6,9. - srī, mfn. abandoned by fortune. Tyaktagni, mfn. (a Brahman) neglecting the household-fire, Mn. iii, 153. Tyaktatman, mfn. despairing, Gaut. xv.

Tyaktayya, mfn. to be left or abandoned, Mn. ix, 239; to be kept off from (abl.), VarBrS.; to be given up or sacrificed, MBh. i, 6183 & 6195; R.; to be given up in despair, Subh. Tyaktu-kāma, mfn. wishing to leave. Tyaktri, mfn. abandoner of any one (gen.), Mn. iii, 245, Sch.; one who abandons or sacrifices (his life, pranan), MBh. vii, 378.

2. Tyaj, mfn. ifc. leaving, abandoning, W.; giving up, offering, BhP. viii; Rājat. iv; cf. tanu-, tanū-, su-. Tyaja, see dus-. Tyajana, n. leaving, abandoning, W.; giving, W.; excepting, exclusion, W.; expelling, AV. Paipp. xix, 12, 4. Tyajaniya, mfn. to be left or abandoned, W.; to be avoided or excepted, W. Tyájas, n. abandonment, difficulty, danger, RV.; alienation, aversion, envy (= krodha, Naigh. ii, 13), RV.; 'jás, m. 'offshoot,' a descendant, x, 10, 3. Tyajita, mfn. = tyakta, Hariv. ii, 2, 22.

Tyagá, m. (Pan. vi, 1, 216) leaving, abandoning, forsaking, Mn. &c.; quitting (a place, deša-), Pañcat.; discharging, secretion, MBh. xiv, 630; Var-BrS.; giving up, resigning, gift, donation, distribution, KātySr.; Mn. &c.; sacrificing one's life, RV. iv, 24, 3; liberality, Mn. ii, 97; R. &c.; a sage, L.; cf. ātma-, tanu-, deha-, prana-, sarīra-. - gatā, f. N. of a Nāga virgin, Kārand. i, 47. - yuta, mfn. liberal, Laghuj. - sīla, mfn. id.; -tā, f. liberality, Hit.

Tyāgin, mfn. (Pān. iii, 2, 142) = tyājaka, Mn. iii, 245 (with gen.); Yājñ. & Sak. v, 28 (ifc.); giving up, resigning (ifc.), Bhag. xviii, II; one who has