Kaumbhakāreya, as, m. the son of a female potter, Pat. on Pān. iv, I, 14, Vārtt. 5 & 48, Vārtt. 8.

Kaumbhakārya, as, m. = °kāri, Pān. iv, 1, 153, Sch. (not in Kāš.)

Kaumbhāyana, mfn. fr. kumbha, gaņa pa-kshâdi.

Kaumbhāyani, mfn. fr. kumbhī, gaņa karnādi. Kaumbheyaka, mfn. fr. kumbhī, gaņa kattryādi.

Kaumbhya, mfn. (gaņa samkāšādi) put into a pot (ghrita), SāmavBr. ii, 2, 3 & 8, 4; (as), m. patr. of Babhru, TāṇḍyaBr. xv, 3, 13.

कीरम kaurama, as, m., N. of a man (v.1. °ruma), AV. xx, 127, 1.

कीरपाण kaúrayāṇa, as, m. (fr. kur°?), patr. of Pāka-sthāman, RV. viii, 3, 21 (Nir. v, 25).

ante kaurava, mf(ī)n. (=°vaka, Pāṇ. iv, 2,130; gaṇas utsādi and kacchādi) relating or belonging to the Kurus, MBh.; VarBṛS.; (kshetra = kuru-ksh°) Megh.; (as), m. patr. fr. Kuru, descendant of Kuru (generally used in pl.), MBh.; Hariv. &c. (ifc. f. ā, MBh. i, 7961); (ī), f. Trigonella fœnum græcum, Gal. = °pāṇḍavīya, mfn. relating to the Kauravas and Pāṇḍavas, Pracāṇḍ.

Kauravaka, mfn. fr. kúru, Pāņ. iv, 2, 130; gaņa kacchâdi.

Kauravāyani, is, m. patr. fr. kúru, g. tikādi. Kauraveya, ās, m. the descendants of Kuru, MBh. i, 5689 f.; iii, 313 & 14744; iv, 1136.

Rauravyá, as, m. (gaņas tikādi and bhargādi)
patr. fr. Kuru, descendant of Kuru, AV. xx, 127, 8
(kaŭravya); SBr. xii; SānkhSr.; MBh. &c.; N. of
a Nāga (father of Ulūpi), MBh. i; (ās), m. pl. =
pāndavās, MBh.; N. of a people, MBh. vi, 362.

Kauravyāyaṇa, as, m. patr. fr. vyá, descendant of Kauravya, Pravar.; (ī), f. of kauravyá, Pāṇ. iv, I, 19. Kaúravyāyaṇī-pútra, m. 'son of a female descendant of Kuru,' N. of a teacher, SBr. xiv, 8, I, I.

Kauravyāyaņi, is, m. patr. fr. vyá, g. tikâdi. Kaurukātya, as, m. patr. fr. kuru-kata, gaņa gargādi.

Kaurukullaka, ās, m. pl. (fr. kuru-kullā), N. of a Buddhist school.

Kaurujangala or 'jāngala, mfn. fr. kurujangala, Pān. vii, 3, 25, Kāš.

Kaurupancala, for panco, SBr. xi, 4, 1, 2.

Kaurupathi, is, m. patr. fr. kuru-patha. N.

Kaurupathi, is, m. patr. fr. kuru-patha, N. of a Rishi, Kaus.

Kaúrupāncāla, mfn. (gaņa anusatikādi) belonging to the race of the Kurus and Pancālas, SBr. i, 7, 2, 8.

कारम kauruma. See kaurama.

कोपर kaurpara, mfn. (fr. kūrp°), being at the elbow, Suir.

anffu kaurpi, is, m. (borrowed fr. Gk. σκορπίος) the sign Scorpio, VarBr. i, 7 (v. l.)

kaurpya, as, m. id., ib.

kaurma, mfn. (fr. kūrma), relating or belonging or peculiar to a tortoise, Pañcat.; (as), m. (scil. avatāra) the Avatāra of Vishņu as a tortoise, BhP. xi, 4, 18; N. of a great period or Kalpa (the day of full moon of Brahmā); (am), n. (scil. āsana) a particular manner of being seated, NārP.; (scil. purāna) N. of a Purāṇa (on the subject of Vishņu's descent as a tortoise), Sarvad. Kaurmôpapurāṇa, n., N. of an Upa-purāṇa.

कोचेत kaurvata, mfn. fr. kurvat, Pāņ. iii, 2, 124, Vārtt. 3, Pat.

belonging to a family, extending over a whole family or race, R. iv, 28, 9; heritable in a family, BhP. xii, 3, 36; sprung from a noble family, L.; belonging or particular to the Kaulas, Kulârn.; (as), m. a worshipper of Sakti accord. to the left-hand ritual, ib.; a kind of weight (kola), Gal.; (i), f. noble descent, VarYogay.; (am), n. the doctrine and practices of the left-hand Sāktas, Kulârn. — mārga, m. (= kul²) the doctrine of the Kaulas, Tantr. — rahasya, n. 'esoteric doctrine of the Kaulas,' N. of a work. — vrata, n. living accord. to the traditional rule of a family. Kaulârcana-dīpikā, f., N. of a work. Kaulâvalīya, n., N. of a Tantra, Tantras. Kau-

lêsa-bhairavī, f. a form of Durgā, ib. Kaulêsvara, m. (with Śāktas) N. of an author of Mantras, Tantr. Kaulôpanishad, f., N. of an Up.

Kaulakeya, mfn. sprung from a noble family, L.; (as), m. for kaulateya, q. v., L.

**Kaulattha,** mf( $\bar{i}$ , Pān. iv, 4, 4) n. (fr. kul°), made or prepared with Dolichos uniflorus, Sušr.; (am), n. a drink prepared with Kulattha, ib.

Kaulatthīna, mfn. sown with Dolichos uniflorus (as a field), Pān. v, 2, 1, Kāš.

Kaulapata, mf(ī)n. fr. kula-pati, gaņa ašvapaty-ādi.

Kaulapatya, am, n. (fr. kula-pati), the state of the head of a family, R. vii, 59, 2, 38 f. & 47.

**Kaulaputra**, am, n. (fr. kula-p°), the state of a son of a good family, Hcar.

Kaulaputraka, am, n. id., gaņa manojāddi.

Kaulika, mfn. belonging to a family or race, ancestral, customary or heritable in a family, W.; (as), m. a weaver, VarBṛS. lxxxvii, 20; Pañcat.; a follower of the left-hand Śākta ritual, Kulârn.; Tantras.; (hence) a heretic, L. — tantra, n., N.

**Kaulīna**, mf(ā)n. belonging or peculiar to a noble family, R. v, 87, 12; (as), m. a follower of the left-hand Sākta ritual, W.; (= kaulakeya) the son of a female beggar, W.; (ās), m. pl. the pupils of Kaulīni, Pāṇ. iv, I, 90, Vārtt. 4, Pat.; (am), n. rumour, report, evil report, detraction, Sak.; Ragh. xiv, 36 & 84; Megh.; Kathās. (ifc. f. ā); family scandal, W.; disgraceful or improper act, Kād.; high birth (fr. kulīna), Kathās. lii, 182(?); combat of animals or birds or snakes &c., cock-fighting &c., gambling by

Kaulīni, is, m. patr. fr. kulīna, Pāņ. iv, 1, 90, Vārtt. 4, Pat.

setting animals to fight together, L.; the pudenda,

privities (for kaupīna?), L.

Kaulinya, am, n. high birth, nobility, Pañcat.; family honour, W.; family trouble or scandal, W.

**Kauleya**, mfn. sprung from a noble family, Comm. on L.; of the left-hand Sākta sect, W.; (as), m. 'a domestic animal,' i. e. 'a dog,' see -kutumbinī.

- kutumbinī, f. 'a dog's wife,' bitch, Kād.

Kauleyaka, mfn. sprung from a noble family, Pān. iv, 1, 140; pertaining to a family, W.; (as), m. (Pān. iv, 2, 96) 'domestic animal' (or 'of good breed'?), a dog (esp. a hunting dog), Kād.; Hcar.

Kaulya, mfn. sprung from a noble family, Comm. on L.; of the left-hand Sakta sect, W.; (am), n. noble descent, MBh. v, 1240.

कोलक kaulaka, mfn. fr. kūla, gaņa dhūmādi. Kaulakāvatī, nom. du. m. (fr. kūla and āvát?), N. of two Ṣishis, MaitrS. ii, 1, 3.

Kaulaki, is, m. patr., Pravar.

Kauli, is, m. (Pan. Siddh.) patr., Pravar.

कौलकेय kaulakeya. See kaula.

कोलिटिनेय kaulațineya, as, ī, m. f. (fr. ku-lațā), the son or daughter of a female beggar (or of a disloyal wife, L.), Pāṇ. iv, I, 127, Kāš.

**Kaulatera**, as,  $\bar{a}$ , m. f. id., ib. **Kaulatera**, as,  $\bar{a}$ , m. f. the son or daughter of a disloyal wife, ib.; of a female beggar, Comm. on L.

कोलन्य kaulattha, &c. See kaula.

स्वातिक kaulaha, as, m., N. of the third Karana or astronomical period, VarBrS. ic, 4 & 6.

Raulava, as, m. id., Koshthipr. Raulavârpava, m., N. of a Tantra.

कोलाल kaulālá, as, m. (Ved. = kúl°, Pāņ. v, 4, 36, Vārtt. I) a potter ['the son of a potter,' Comm.], VS. xxx, 7; (am), n. (fr. kúl°), potter's ware, pottery, ĀṣvGṛ. iv, 3, 19. — cakrá, n. a potter's wheel, SBr. xi, 8, I, I.

Kaulālaka, am, n. anything made by a potter, earthenware, porcelain, Pān. iv, 3, 118.

कोलास kaulāsa, mfn. fr. kūlo, gaņa sam-kalādi.

नोलि kauli. See kaulaka.

कौलिक kaulika. See kaula.

कीत्नितर kaulitará, mfn.? (said of the demon Sambara), RV. iv, 30, 14.

कोलिन्द kaulinda, ās, m. pl., N. of a peo-

ple, VarBrS. (v. l. for kauninda); (as), m. a prince of that people, iv, 24.

कोलिशायनि kaulisāyani, mfn. fr. kuliša,

Kaulisika, mf(i)n. resembling a thunderbolt, gana anguly-ādi.

कोलीक kaulīká, as, m. (=kulīkā) a kind of bird, VS. xxiv, 24; MaitrS. iii, 14, 5.

कोलीन kaulina, &c. See kaula.

कोलोरा kaulīrā, f. (fr. kulīra), N. of a. plant (= karkata-sringī), L.

VarBṛS. x, 11; (as), m. a prince of that people (v. l. °lūbha), Mudr.; (mfn.) fr. kul°, g. kacchâdi (vv. ll. °lūtara, °lūna [Kāš.] & ulūpa [Gaṇar. 327, Sch.]).

Kaulūtara, °lūna. See °lūta.

कौलेय kauleya, °leyaka. See kaula.

को स्मल बहिष kaulmalabarhisha, am, n., N. of several Sāmans (called after kulmala-b°), Tāṇḍya-Br. xv, 3, 20; Lāṭy. iv, 5, 26 & vii, 2, 1; 13 & 15.

को स्मापिक kaulmāshika, mf(i)n. (fr. kulmāsha) = kulmāshe sādhu, gana gudādi.

Kaulmāshī, f. a day of full moon on which Kulmāsha is eaten, Pān. v, 2, 83.

**Kaulmāshīņa**,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . sown with or fit for Kulmāsha (as a field), Comm. on L.

को ल्प kaulya. See kaula.

कोवल kauvala, am, n. (=kuv°) the jujube, Pat. on Pāṇ. iv, 3, 140, Vārtt. 1 & 156, Vārtt. 3.

कोविदाये kauvidārya, mfn. fr. ko-vidāra, gaņa pragady-ādi.

कोविन्दी kauvindī, f. (fr. kuvinda), the wife of a weaver, SkandaP.

ŠBr. v; KātyŠr.; ŠānkhŠr.; MBh.; (as), m. = kuša-dvīpa, VP.; (am), n. (scil. nagara) 'the town
of Kuša,' N. of Kānyakubja, L. **Kaušāmbhas**, n.
water in which Kuša grass has been boiled, Devīm.

1. **Kaušika**, mfn. (fr. kušā or kuši), 'having paws,' an owl, Sušr.; VarBṛS.; Pañcat. &c.; an ichneumon, L.; (mfn.) coming from an owl, Sušr. — tā (°ká-), f. the state of being kept together by two pins (and 'the state of being Sūrya [see 3. kau-śiká]),' TBr. i, 5, 10, 2. — 1. -tvá, n. id., MaitrS. iv, 5, 7. **Kaušikānguli**, m. 'having paws like an owl,' N. of a teacher, Pravar. **Kaušikārāti**, m. 'enemy of owls,' a crow, L. **Kaušikārāti**, m. id., L. **Kaušiky-oja**, m. 'abode of owls' (oja = ojas), N. of a tree (= šākhota), L.

**Kausya**, mfn. made of Kuša grass, MBh.; (as), m. patr. fr. Kuša (=karishya), SBr. x, 5, 5, 1, Sch.

कोश 2. kauša, mfn. (fr. kóša), silken, BhP. iii, 4, 7; Buddh. L.

Kausakī, f. (for 'sikī?), N. of one of the eight A-kulas, Kularn.

2. Kausika, mfn. forming a receptacle (as a wound; see koša-vat), Bhpr. vi, 35 (v. l. kaush-thika); sheathed (a sword), MBh. iii, 11461; silken, MBh. iii; (as), m. one who is versed in dictionaries, L.; a lexicographer, L.; one who catches snakes, L.; the fragrant substance bdellium, L.; marrow, L.; a kind of seed, L.; (ā), f. a drinking-vessel (v. l. košikā), L.; (ī), f., N. of a goddess sprung from the body of Pārvatī, MārkP. lxxxv, 40; KālP.; DevīP.; (am), n. silk, silk cloth, Yājñ. i, 186; MBh. xiii, 5502; a silk garment, BhP. x, 83, 28.

Kausi-kāra. See koša-kāra.

**Kausī-dhānya**, am,  $n = kosa-dh^\circ$ , q. v., Baudh. (Comm. on KātyŚr. ii, I, IO).

Kauseya, mfn. silken, MBh. &c.; (am), n. silk, silk cloth, silk petticoat or trowsers, a woman's lower garments of silk, Pān. iv, 3, 42; Mn.; Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; N. of a locality, Romakas.

Kauseyaka, am, n. silk cloth, VarBrS. xxvii, 27.

being, welfare, good fortune, prosperity, MBh. iv, 486; BhP.; skilfulness, cleverness, experience (with loc. or ifc.), Sušr.; Mricch.; Pañcat. &c.; (i), f. friendly inquiry, greeting, salutation, L.; a respectful present, Nazr, L.; (see also kausala.)

Kausali, is, m. metron. fr. kusalā, g. bāhv-ādi.