ear, Kād.; Hcar. - prakāsa, m., N. of a work. - pratinaha, m. a particular disease of the ear (suppression of its excretion or wax, which is supposed to have dissolved and passed out by the nose and mouth), Suir. - pratīnāha, m.id., ib. - prayāga, m., N. of the confluence of the rivers Ganga and Pindur. - prādheya, ās, m. pl., N. of a people. -prânta, m. the lobe of the ear, L. -prāvarana, $mf(\bar{a})n$. using the ears for a covering, R. v, 17, 5; (ās), m. pl., N. of a fabulous people, MBh.; R. &c.; (a), f., N. of one of the mothers attending on Skanda, MBh. ix, 2643. - prāveya, ās, m. pl., N. of a people. - phala, m. a sort of fish (Ophiocephalus Kurrawey), L. - bhūshana, n. an ornament for the ear. - bhusha, f. id.; the art of ornamenting the ears (one of the 64 Kalas). - madgura, m. a sort of fish, Silurus unitus, L. - mala, n. the excretion or wax of the ear, L. - mukura, m. a particular ornament for the ear, L. - mukha, mfn. headed by Karna, having Karna as leader. - muni, m., N. of a man. - mula, n. the root of the ear, Suir.; BhP. &c. - muliya, mfn. belonging to the root of the ear. - mota, f. Acacia arabica, L. - moti, f., N. of Durgā in her form as Cāmundā, L. - motī, id., L. - yoni (kárna°), mfn. having the ear as a source or starting-point, going forth from the ear (said of arrows, because in shooting the bow-string is drawn back to the ear), RV. ii, 24, 8. - randhra, m. the orifice or auditory passage of the ear, BhP. - roga, m. disease of the ear, Suir.; -pratishedha, m. cure of a disease of the ear; -vijnana, n. diagnosis of any disease of the ear. - lata, f. the lobe of the ear, L.; -maya, mfn. representing the lobe of an ear, Naish. vii, 64. - latika, f. the lobe of the ear, L. -vansa, m. an elevated platform of bamboo. - vat (kárna°), mfn. having ears, RV. x, 71, 7; R.; long-eared; furnished with tendrils or hooks, Suir.; having a helm. - varjita, m. 'earless,' a snake, L. -valli, f. the lobe of the ear, L.-vitka, n. (fr. -vish below), excretion or wax of the ear, Suir. - vivara, n. the auditory passage of the ear, BhP. - vish, f. ear-wax, Mn. v, 135. - visha, n. 'earpoison' (any bad precept), Pancat. - vishayikrita, mfn. made an object of hearing, made known, Kathārn. - vedha, m. 'ear-boring' (a religious ceremony sometimes performed as a samskara or to prevent a woman from dying if the birth of a third son be expected), PSarv.; piercing the ear to receive ear-rings. - vedhanika, f. an instrument for piercing the ear of an elephant, L. - vedhani, f. id., L. - veshta, m. an ear-ring, R.; N. of a king, MBh. i, 2696. - veshtaka, m. an ear-ring, PārGṛ. - veshtakīya, -veshtakya, mfn. belonging or relating to an ear-ring, gana apupadi. - veshtana, n. an ear-ring, L. - vyadha, m. piercing the éar (to receive ear-rings), Suir. - sashkulikā, f. the auditory passage of the ear, Car. - sashkulī, f. id. - sirīsha, n. a Sirīshaflower fastened to the ear (as an ornament), Sak. - sūnya, mfn. deaf, L. - sūlá, n. ear-ache, AV. ix, 8, 1; 2; Suir. - sulin, mfn. having ear-ache, Suir. - sobhana, h. an ornament for the ear, RV. viii, 78, 3. - srava, mfn. perceptible by the ears, audible, Mn. iv, 102. - sravas, m., N. of a man, TändyaBr.; MBh. iii. - srāvin, mfn. audible, Gaut. - srut, m., N. of a Vedic author, RAnukr. - samsrāva, m. running of the ear, discharge of pus or ichorous matter from the ear, Suir. - sakha, m. 'Sakha's friend,' N. of Jarasamdha, L. - sundari, f., N. of a drama. - subhaga, mfn. pleasant to the ear, pleasant to be heard, Venīs. - sū, m. 'Karna's father,' N. of Sūrya, L. - sūci, f. a kind of insect. - sphotā, f. Gynandropsis pentaphylla, L. - srāva, m. = -samsrāva above, Sušr. - srotas, n. the auditory passage of the ear, Hariv. 2921; VarBrS.; the wax of the ear, MBh. vi. - hallika, f. a particular disease of the ear, SārngS. - hīna, mfn. deaf; (as), m. 'earless,' a snake, T. Karnākarni, ind. from ear to ear, whispering into each other's ear, R.; (cf. kešākeši, &c.) Karnakhya, m. white amaranth, Npr. Karnanjali, m. the ears pricked up, BhP. iii, 13, 50. Karnatarda, m. a hole on both sides of a chariot into which the poles are fixed, ApSr.; Comm. on TS. Karnadarsa, m. an ear-ring, L. Karnadi, m., N. of a gana, Pan. v, 2, 24. Karnanuja, m. 'Karna's younger brother,' N. of Yudhishthira, L. Karnantika-cara, mfn. going close to the ear, Sak. Karnandu, f. an ornament for the ear, L.; an ear-ring, L. Karnandu, f. id., L. Karnabharana, n. an ornament for the ear, Ra-

tnāv. Karnābharanaka, m. Cathartocarpus fistula, L. Karnâmrita, n. nectar for the ears, SärngP.; N. of a work. Karnara, f. an instrument for perforating the ear of an elephant, L. Karnari, m. 'Karna's enemy,' N. of Arjuna, L.; Terminalia Arjuna, L. Karnardha, m. n. (?) the radius of a circle, Sūryas. Karnarpana, n. applying the ear, giving ear, paying attention, listening to. Karnarsas, n. a particular disease of the ears, SarngS. Karnâlamkarana, n. an ornament for the ear. Karnâlamkāra, m. id. Karnâlamkriti, f. id. Karnavatansa, m. n. (?) id., Vām.; Kpr. &c.; nsī-vkri, to make (anything) an ornament for the ear, Kād. Karnavadhana, n. giving ear to, listening to, attention (°dhānam ava-dhā, to pay attention, attend). Karnasva, m., N. of a man. Karnasphāla, m. the flapping to and fro of an elephant's ears, L. Karne-curacura or -curucura, f. whispering into the ear, tale-bearing, gana pātre-samitādi. Karne-japa, m. an earwhisperer, tale-bearer, informer, Pan.; Bhatt. Karne-tittibha, m., -tiritira, f. whispering into the ear, tale-bearing, gana pātre-samitādi. Karnêndu, f. = karnându, q.v., L. Karnôtpala, n. a lotus-flower fastened to the ear (as an ornament), Ragh. vii, 23; (as), m., N. of a poet; of a king. Karnôdaya, m., N. ofa work. Karnôpakarnika, f. the going from one ear to the other, Pañcat. Karnorna, m. an animal with wool on the ears, BhP. iv, 6, 21.

Kárnaka, as, m. (ifc. f. a) a prominence or handle or projection on the side or sides (of a vessel &c.), a tendril, SBr.; KātySr.; a rime, ring, Car.; a kind of fever; a particular defect of wood, Comm. on KātySr.; N. of a man; (ās), m. pl. the descendants of this man, gana upakadi; (au), m. du. the two legs spread out, AV. xx, 133, 3; (ikā), f. (Pān. iv, 3, 65) an ear-ring or ornament for the ear, Kathās.; Daš. &c.; a knot-like tubercle, Sušr.; a round protuberance (as at the end of a reed or a tube), Susr.; the pericarp of a lotus, MBh.; BhP. &c.; central point, centre, Car.; Bālar.; the tip of an elephant's trunk, I.; the middle finger, L.; chalk, L.; a pen, small brush, L.; Premna spinosa or longifolia, L.; Odina pinnata, L.; a bawd, L.; N. of an Apsaras, MBh. - vat (kárnaka-), mfn. having prominences or handles &c., furnished with tendrils, MaitrS.; Kāth. Karnakā-vat, mfn. id., TS.; SBr.

Karnakita, mfn. having handles, furnished with tendrils &c., gana tārakādi.

Karnandu, f. = karnandu, q. v., L.

Karnala, mfn. furnished with ears, gana sidh madi. **Karni**, is, m. a kind of arrow (the top being shaped like an ear), L. (cf. karnika, n.); the act of splitting, breaking through, T.

Karnika, mfn. having ears, having large or long ears, W.; having a helm, W.; (as), m. a steersman, W.; a kind of fever, Bhpr.; N. of a king in Potāla; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people, VP.; (as, am), m. n. the pericarp of a lotus, MBh.; (am), n. a kind of arrow (the top being shaped like an ear), Sārng.

Karnikā, see kárnaka. Karnikācala, m. 'the central mountain' [karnikāyām sthito'calah, T.], N. of Meru, L.; (cf. BhP. v, 16, 7.) Karnikādri, m. id., L.

Karnikāra, mfn. (fr. karnikā, BRD.; karnim bhedanam karoti, T.), Pterospermum acerifolium, MBh.; Sušr. &c.; Cathartocarpus fistula, L.; (am), n. the flower of Pterospermum acerifolium, Ritus.; the pericarp of a lotus, Hcat.; Rājat. — priya, m. 'fond of Karnikāra,' N. of Siva.

Karnikāraka, as, m. Pterospermum acerifolium, L.

Karnikikä, f. a heifer, L.

Karnikin, ī, m. an elephant, L.

Karnín, mfn. having ears, AV. x, I, 2; TS. vii; relating to the ears; (ifc.) having (a ring &c.) attached to the ear, MBh. xiii; furnished with flaps or anything similar (said of shoes), KātyŚr. xxii; barbed, furnished with knots &c. (as a missile), Mn. vii, 90; MBh.; Sušr. &c.; having a helm, W.; (ī), m. a missile, arrow; the side of the neck, the part near the ear, W.; a steersman, Kathās.; N. of one of the seven principal ranges of the mountains dividing the universe, L.; (inī), f. (scil. yoni) a disease of the uterus (prolapsus or polypus uteri), Sušr. ii, 397, 7; 398, II. Karnī-ratha (for karni-ratha), m. a kind of litter, Ragh. xiv, I3; Rājat. vii, 479.

Karnī, f. of ona, ifc. (e.g. ayas-ko & payas-ko), Pān. viii, 3, 46; 'N. of Kansa's mother,' in comp. — ratha, see s. v. karnín. — suta, m., N. of Kansa, L.; of the author of a thieves' manual, Kād.

Kárnya, mfn. being in or at the ear, AV. vi, 127, 3; suitable to the ear, Comm. on Pān.

and the country they inhabit (the modern Karnatic; the name, however, was anciently applied to the central districts of the peninsula, including Mysore), VarBṛS.; Rājat.; Kathās. &c.; (as), m. a king or inhabitant of Karnāṭa, Kathās.; (in mus.) a particular Rāga; (ī), f. a queen of Karnāṭa, Rājat. iv, 152; a kind of Mimosa, L.; (in mus.) a particular Rāgai. — gauda, m. (in mus.) a particular Rāga. — deša, m. the country of Karnāṭa. — bhā-shā, f. the language spoken in Karnāṭa, Sarvad.

Karņāṭaka, ās, m. pl., N. of a people and the country they inhabit, VP.; BhP. &c.; (ikā), f. (in mus.) a particular Rāgiņī. — deša, m. the Karņāṭa country. — bhāshā, f. the dialect of Karņāṭa.

कत kart, v.l. for kartr, q. v.

form is 2. gárta), a hole, cavity, RV.; AV. iv, 12, 7; AitBr. &c.; separation, distinction, BhP. — patya, n. falling or tumbling into a hole, TāndyaBr. — praskanda, m. id., ib.

I. Kartana, am, n. the act of cutting off, excision, Yājñ.; Hit. &c.; the act of extinguishing, extinction, Vīrac.; (i), f. scissors, W.

Kartari, is, f. scissors, a knife, or any instrument for cutting, Susr.; Heat.

Kartarikā, f. id., Hit.; Hcat.

Kartari, f. id., Hcat.; the part of an arrow to which the feathers are attached, L.; a kind of dance.

- phala, n. the blade of a knife, Hcat. - mukha, m. a particular position of the hands, PSarv. Kartary-āsya, m. id.

Kartarīya, am, n. (?) a kind of poisonous plant, Sušr.

Karttavya, mfn. to be cut off; to be destroyed or extinguished, MBh.

I. Karttri, mfn. one who cuts off; one who extinguishes, a destroyer, Virac.

Karttrikā, f. = kartari, Tantras.

Karttrikā, karttrī, f. id.

Kartya, mfn. to be cut off or down, Mn. viii, 367.

कतन 2. kartana, am, n. ($\sqrt{2}$. krit), the act of spinning cotton or thread, L. — sādhana, n. a spindle, L.

2. Karttri, mfn. one who spins, a spinner, MBh. viii.

And kártave [RV. and AV.] and kártavaí [Naigh.; SBr.], Ved. inf. of $\sqrt{1. kri}$, to do, q. v.

Kártavya and **kartavya**, mfn. (fut. pass. p. of $\sqrt{1.kri}$, q. v.) to be done or made or accomplished &c., TS.; SBr.; AitBr.; Mn. &c.; (am), n. that which ought to be done, obligation, duty, task, MBh.; Pañcat.; Kathās. &c. — tā, f., —tva, n. the state of being necessary to be done or accomplished, Sāh.; necessity, obligation, task, Yājñ.; Hit. &c.; the possibility or suitableness of being done, Tattvas.

Kartu (for kartum inf. of √1. kri, q.v.) - kā-ma, mfn. desirous or intending to do.

Kartrí, mfn. one who makes or does or acts or effects, a doer, maker, agent, author (with gen. or acc. or ifc., cf. bhaya-kartri, &c.), RV.; AV. &c.; MBh.; Mn. &c.; doing any particular action or business, applying one's self to any occupation (the business or occupation preceding in the compound, cf. suvarna-kartri, rājya-k°, &c.); one who acts in a religious ceremony, a priest, SBr.; AsvGr. &c.; (tā), m. the creator of the world, SBr. xiv; Yājñ. iii, 69; N. of Vishnu, Pancat.; of Brahman, L.; of Siva, L.; (in Gr.) the agent of an action (who acts of his own accord [sva-tantra]), the active noun, the subject of a sentence (it stands either in the nom. [in active construction], or in the instr. [in passive construction], or in the gen. [in connection with a noun of action]; it is opposed to karman, the object), Pān. &c.; one who is about to do, one who will do (used as periphr. fut.), MBh. - kara, mfn.?, Pān. iii, 2, 21. - ga, mfn. going towards or falling to the share of the agent, Comm. on Pan. -gamin, mfn. id., ib. -gupta, n. (a kind of