Kshipa, mfn. 'throwing, casting,' see giri-ksh'; (as), m. a thrower, W.; (ā), f. throwing, sending, casting, g. bhidadi; (for kshapa) night, Comm. on L.; (kshipā), f. only instr. pl. pābhis, see 2. kship.

Kshipaka, as, m. an archer, L.; (ā), f.?, Pān. vii, 3, 45, Vārtt. 5; g. prêkshâdi.

Kshipakin, mfn. fr. °kā, g. prêkshâdi.

Kshipani,is,f. 'moving speedily,' gallop [NBD.], RV. iv, 40, 4; a missile weapon, Un.; a kind of net, L.; = mantra, L.; = adhvaryu, L.; an oar, Comm. on L. (also nī, f., ib.)

Kshipanu, us, m. 'an archer,' or (ú), n. 'a missile weapon,' RV. iv, 58, 6; (215), m. air, wind,

Un. iii, 52.

Kshipanyu, mfn. diffusive, what may be sent or scattered, fragrant, L.; (us), m. the body, L.; spring, Un. iii, 51, Sch.

Kshipati, ī, du. the arms, Naigh. ii, 4, Sch. Kshipasti, ī, du. id., Naigh. ii, 4.

Kshiptá, mfn. thrown, cast, sent, despatched, dismissed, RV. i, 129, 8; MBh. &c.; reviled, despicable (on account of, instr. or -tas), Pān. v, 4, 46, Kāś.; (ā), f. (for kshapā) night, L.; (ám), n. a wound caused by shooting or throwing, AV. vi, 109, 3; 'scattered,' distraction or absence of mind, Sarvad. - citta, mfn. distracted in mind, absent; -tā, f. absence of mind, MBh. ii, 241. - deha, mfn. one who prostrates the body, who lies down. - bheshaja, mf(i)n. healing wounds caused by missile weapons, AV. vi, 109, I. - yoni, mfn. of despicable descent (one for whom a Brāhman is not allowed to act as Ritv-ij), AsvGr. i, 23. - laguda, mfn. one who flings the staff, W. Kshiptôttara, n. (scil. vacas, speech) 'the answer of which is destroyed or rendered impossible, unanswerable speech, Kām. v, 26.

Kshipti, is, f. sending, throwing, W.; solving a riddle, W.; explaining or understanding a hidden meaning, W.; (in dram.) the becoming known or exposure of a secret, Sāh. 373; (in alg.) =  $kshiptik\bar{a}$ .

Kshiptika, f. (in alg.) the quantity to be added to the square of the least root multiplied by the multiplicator (to render it capable of yielding an exact square root).

Kshipnu, mfn. (Pān. iii, 2, 140) = nirākarishnu ('throwing obstacles in the way,' obstructive, W.; scornful or fond of abusing, BRD.), L.

Kshipyat, mfn. pr. p. Pass., see √1. kship; (pr. p. P.) throwing, sending, W.

Kshipyamāna, mfn. (pr. p. Pass.) being thrown

&c.; (pr. p. A.) throwing, tossing, W.; casting aside, throwing off, W.; sending, directing, W.

**Kshiprá**,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . (compar. kshépīyas, superl. kshépishtha, qq. vv.) springing, flying back with a spring, elastic (as a bow), RV. ii, 24, 8; quick, speedy, swift, SBr. vi; ix; (said of certain lunar mansions) VarBrS.; (as), m., N. of a son of Krishna, Hariv. 9195; (ám), ind. (Naigh. ii, 15) quickly, immediately, directly, AV.; SBr. iv; v; xiii; Mn.; MBh. &c.; (am), n. a measure of time  $(=\frac{1}{15} \text{Mu}$ hūrta or 15 Etarhis), SBr. xii, 3, 2, 5; the part of the hand between the thumb and forefinger and the corresponding part of the foot, Susr.; (a), ind. (Ved. acc. pl. n.) with a shot, RV. iv, 8, 8; (at), abl. ind. directly, immediately, Kathās.; (é), loc. ind. id., SBr. i; iv; v; x; [cf. Gk. κραιπνός.] - kāma, mfn. one who wishes to obtain anything speedily, Sāmav-Br. - kārin, mfn. acting or working quickly, skilful, MBh.; R.; Sāh.; ri-tā, f. working quickly, skill, Uttarar. - gati, mfn. going quickly, DaivBr. -garbha, m. Myrica sapida, Npr. -dhanvan (°prá-), mfn. armed with an elastic bow which flies back with a spring, RV. ix, 90, 3; AV. xi, 4, 23. - niscaya, mfn.one who decides or resolves quickly, Mn. vii, 179. - pākin, m. 'ripening quickly,' Hibiscus populneoides, L. - mūtra-tā, f., N. of a disease of the bladder, SārngS. - syená, m. a species of bird, MaitrS. iii, 14, 11; SBr. x. - samdhi, m. a species of Sandhi (cf. kshaipra) produced by changing the first of two concurrent vowels to its semivowel, SānkhSr. xii, 13, 5; (mfn.) changed by that Sandhi (as a vowel or syllable). - hasta, m. 'swifthanded,' N. of Agni, AV. Paipp.; of a Rakshas, R. vi, 18, 41. - homa, m. a speedy sacrifice (in which several ceremonies are omitted), Comm. on Gobh. i, 3, 1. Kshiprartha, m. any affair which requires speedy action, MBh. v, 1004. Kshipreshu, mfn. one who has quick arrows (Rudra), RV. vii, 46, I. Kshepa, as, m. a throw, cast, W.; throwing,

casting, tossing, W.; stretching (as of the legs), Suir.; a clap (of wings), R. iv, 62, 12; a stroke (of an oar &c.), L.; (cf. apatī-ksho, drishti-ksho, bhrūksho, satā-ksho); moving to and fro, Megh. 47; sending, dismissing, W.; laying on (as paint &c.), besmearing, L.; transgressing (langhana), L.; delay, procrastination, dilatoriness, Sarvad.; 'loss,' see manah-ksho; accusation, Yājñ. ii, 210; (Pān. ii, 1, 26 & v, 4, 46) insult, invective, abuse, reviling, MBh. i, 555; iii, 631; Yājñ. ii, 204 & 211; disrespect, contempt, L.; pride, haughtiness, L.; application of a term to something else, Bādar. iv, 1, 6, Sch.; a nosegay, L.; (in arithm.) an additive quantity, addendum; the astronomical latitude, Sūryas.; Gol. -dina, n. = kshayaha (q. v.), Gol. - pāta, m. the point where the planets and the moon pass the ecliptic, Gol. vi, 14 & 20. - vritta, n. the course of the planets and of the moon, ib. v, 13 ff.

Kshepaka, mfn. ifc. one who throws or sends, Kathās. lxi, 9; destroying, Bādar., Sch.; inserted, interpolated, R. ii, ch. 96, Sch.; Naish. xxii, 48, Sch.; abusive, disrespectful, W.; (as), m.a spurious or interpolated passage, W.; (in arithm.) an additive quantity; a pilot, helmsman, Gal.

Kshepana, am, n. the act of throwing, casting, letting fly or go (a bow-string), Nir. ii, 28; MBh. iv, 352 & 1400; throwing away (in boxing), VP. v, 20, 54; sending, directing, W.; sending away, MBh. iii, 13272; passing away or spending time (v. l. kshapana); 'omitting,' for I. kshapana, Mn. iv, 119; a sling, BhP. iii, 19, 18; x, 11, 38; (i), f. id., R. vi, 7, 24; an oar, L.; a kind of net, L. - sāra, m., N. of a work.

**Kshepani**, is,  $f = n\bar{i}$ , an oar, L.

Kshepanika, as, m. a boatman, navigator, Vāsav.; (mfn.) destroying (nāšaka), ib.; = karkarādi, L.

Kshepaniya, mfn. to be thrown or cast; (am), n. a sling, Ragh. iv, 77.

**Eshepan**,  $\bar{a}$ , m. 'throw, cast,' only ('pn $\bar{a}$ ), instr. ind. quickly, TāndyaBr. vii, 6, 4.

Kshepāya, Nom. A. yate (p. yamāna), to abuse, revile, W.

Kshepiman, a, m. great velocity, speed, Pan. vi, 4, 156; g. prithv-ādi.

Kshépishtha, mfn. (see kshiprá; Pān. vi, 4, 156) quickest, speediest, TS. iii, 4, 3, 2.

Kshépīyas, mfn. (see ib.; Pān. vi, 4, 156) more quick, speedier, SBr. vi, 3, 2, 2; (as), ind. as quickly as possible, Sāntis. iii, 6.

Ksheptavya, mfn. to be cast or thrown into, Kathās. lxxi, 174; to be reviled or abused, MBh. i,

Ksheptri, mfn. (Pān. iii, 1, 94, Sch.) a thrower, caster, R. iv, 9, 84 & 18, 21.

Kshepnú, us, m. springing or flying (of a bowstring), RV. x, 51, 6.

Kshepya, mfn. to be thrown or being thrown, Hariv. 7524; to be thrown (into, loc.), Suir.; to be placed into, Kathās. lxxxix, 26; to be put on (as an ornament), Sak., Sch.; to be destroyed, Bādar. iv, 3, 14, Sch.; (in arithm.) to be added, Gol. vi, 19; Ganit.

िक्षया kshiyā. See √4. kshi.

खिद्धिकाkshillikā, f., N. of the grandmother of king Cakra-varman, Rājat. v, 289.

वित् kshiv, cl. 1. 4. P. kshevati, kshīvyati, to eject from the mouth, spit, vomit, Dhātup. xv, 59 (v. l. kshev); xxvi, 4; (cf. √shthiv & kshīb.)

स्त्रो kshī, = 🗸 4. kshi (derived fr. kshīná, -kshiya), Dhātup. xxxi, 35 (v. l.)

स्रोज् kshīj, cl. 1. P. ojati, to sound inarticulately, sigh or groan (as in distress), Dhātup. vii, 63. Kshījana, am, n. the whistling of hollow reeds or bamboos, L.

स्रोण kshīná. See 14. kshi.

स्रोब् kshīb (or kshīv), cl. 1. P. kshībati (or kshīvati), to eject from the mouth, spit, Dhātup. xv, 59; to be drunk or intoxicated, W.: Caus. kshībayati, to excite, Bālar. viii, 62; [cf. \/ kshiv &c.; cf. also Hib. siobhas, 'rage, madness.']

Kshība (or kshīva), mf(ā)n. (pf. p. Pass. √kshīb, Pān. viii, 2, 55) excited, drunk, intoxicated, MBh.; R.; Bhartr.; BhP. &c. - ta, f. intoxication, drunkenness, Kathās. xiii, 10; lvii, 8. -tva, n. id., ib. xxxvi, 87.

Kshīban (or kshīvan), mfn. = ba BhP. v, 17, 20.

Kshībika (or kshīvika), mfn. = kshībena ta-

rati, Pan. viii, 2, 6, Vartt. 7, Pat. खोर kshīrá, am, n. (fr. /syai? ; fr. /kshar or Vghas, Nir. ii, 5; fr. Vghas, Un. iv, 34; g. ardharcâdi), milk, thickened milk, RV.; AV.; VS.; TS. &c. (ifc. f. ā, MBh. xiii, 3700); the milky juice or sap of plants, R.; Susr.; Megh. 106; Sak. (v.l.); =-sīrsha (q.v.), L.; water, L.; (as), m., N. of a grammarian (cf. -svāmin), Rājat. iv, 488; (ā), f., N. of a plant (=kakoli); L.; (i), f. a dish prepared with milk, Bhpr.; N. of several plants containing a milky sap (Asclepia rosea, Mimosa Kauki, gigantic swallow-wort, Euphorbia, &c.), L. - kancukin, m. (=kshīrîša, q. v.) Lipeocercis serrata, L. - kantha, m. 'having milk in his throat,' a youngling, Bālar.iv, I; vi, 30; Prasannar. - kanthaka, m. id., L. - kanda, m. Batatus paniculata, L.; (ā), f. id., L. - kalambha, m. 'N. of a man,' see kshairakalambhi. - kākolikā, f., N. of a root from the Himâlaya (yielding a milky juice and used by the Hindus as one of the 8 principal medicaments), L. - kākolī, f. id., Sušr. i, iv. - kāndaka, m. = -dāru, q. v., L.; =-cchada, L. - kāshthā, f. '(a plant) the wood of which yields a milky juice,' a variety of the figtree, L. - kīta, m. an insect or animalcule generated by the fermentation of milk, L. - kunda, n. a milkpot, Kathās. lxiii, 189. - kshaya, m. drying up of the milk (in the udder), Pancat. ii. - kshava, for -yava, q. v. - kharjura, m. a variety of date tree, L. - garbha, m., N. of a certain Brahman who was born again as a flamingo, Hariv. - gucchaphala, m. Mimusops Kauki, L. - ghrita, n. purified butter mixed with milk, Susr.; (cf. -sarpis.) -cchada, m. Calotropis gigantea (the leaves of which yield a milky juice), Gal. - ja, n. coagulated milk, L. - jāla, m. akind of fish, Gal. - taramginī, f., N. of a grammar (by Kshīra-svāmin). - taru, m. a tree with a milky juice, VarBrS.; VarYogay. -tumbī, f. the bottle-gourd, L. -taila, n. a kind of unguent prepared with milk, oil, &c., Suir. - toyadhi, m. = kshīra-dhi (q.v.), R. vi, 26, 6. - da, mfn. milk-giving, (anything) that yields milk, W. -dala, m. = -cchada, L. -dātrī, f. (a cow) who yields milk, MBh. xiii, 4919. - dāru, m. (=-kāndaka) Tithymalus antiquorum, Car. vii, 10. - druma, m. the holy fig-tree, L. - dhara, m., N. of a prince. - dhātrī, f. a wet-nurse, Buddh. L. - dhi, m. the ocean of milk. - dhenu, f. a milk-cow (symbolically represented by milk &c. offered as a gift to a Brāhman), VārP.; BhavP. - nadī, f., N. of a river in the south (Pālār.) - nāsa, m. Trophis aspera. - nidhi, m. = -dhi, Ragh. i, 12; Pān. i, 4, 51, Siddh. - nīra, n. (in comp.) milk and water, Vet.; 'union like the mixing of milk and water,' embracing, embrace, L.; -nidhi, m. = kshīra-dhi. - pa, mfn. drinking only milk (said of infants, Susrai, 35, 25; of a class of ascetics, MBh. xiii, 646); m. an infant, young child, xiii, 5986. - parnin, m. = -cchada, L. - palandu, m. a kind of onion, Sušr. - pāká, mfn. cooked in milk, RV. viii, 77, 10; -vidhi, m. preparing of medicinal drugs by cooking them in milk, Bhpr. - pāna, mf(i)n. (any vessel) out of which milk is drunk, L. (also -pāna, id.); (ās), m. pl. 'milk-drinkers,' N. of the Ušīnaras, Pān. viii, 4, 9, Kās. - pāni, m., N. of a physician, Bhpr. - pāna,  $mf(\bar{i})n. = -p\bar{a}na$  (q. v.), L. - pāyin, mfn. drinking milk, W.; drinking or imbibing water repeatedly, W.; (inas), m. pl. (= -pāna) 'milk-drinkers,' N. of the Usinaras, Pān. iii, 2, 81, Kāš. - pushpikā, f. a white variety of Vishnu-krāntā, Npr. - pushpī, f. Andropogon aciculatus, Npr. - phala, m. Carissa Carandas, Npr. - bhatta, m. = -svāmin. - bhrita, mfn. supported by milk, receiving wages in the form of milk, Mn. viii, 231. - madhurā, f. = -kākolī, L. - maya, mfn. representing milk (as wishes or desires), BhP. iv, 18, 9. - maharnava, m. = -dhi, Kād. - mritsna, m., N. of a tree, Hcar., Sch. - mocaka, m. a variety of Moringa (M. hyperanthera), L. -morata, m. a kind of creeping plant, Suir. - yava, m. dolomite, L. - yashtika, m. (for -shāsht°?) a dish of liquorice and milk, W. - yājín, mfn. presenting oblations of milk (to the gods), SBr. i, 6, 4, 14. -lata, f. = -kanda, L. -leham, ind. so as to lap milk, Kaus. 30. - vat (°rá-), mfn. furnished with milk, AV. xviii, 4, 16; (tī), f., N. of a river, MBh. iii, 8046. - vanaspati, m. = -taru, Hcat. - vallikā, f. = -kākolī, Bhpr. - vallī, f. = -kanda, L. - vaha,  $mf(\tilde{a})n$ . running with milk (as a river).