Kathās.; -pradīpa, m. a partic. Samādhi, Buddh.; -prabha, m. a partic. Samādhi, Buddh. (also ā, f., Dharmas. 136); N. of a Buddha, ib.; of a Devaputra, ib. (v.l. a-vimala-p°); (ā), f. N. of a princess, Rājat.; -prabhāsa-šrī-tejo-rāja-garbha, m. N. of a Bodhi-sattva, Buddh.; -prašnôttara-mālā, f. N. of wk.; -buddhi, m. N. of a man, Kathās.; -bodha, m. N. of a Commentator, Cat.; -brahma-varya, m. N. of an author, ib.; -bhadra, m. N. of a man, Buddh.; -bhāsa, m. a partic. Samādhi, ib.; -bhūdhara, m. N. of a Commentator, Cat.; -mani, m. crystal, L.; (oni-kara, m. N. of a Buddhist deity, Kālac.); -mati, mfn. pure-minded, pure in heart, VP.; -mitra, m. N. of a scholar, Buddh.; -vāhana, m. N. of two princes, Satr.; -vega-srī, m. N. of a prince of the Gandharvas, Buddh.; -vyūha, m. N. of a garden, ib.; -srī-garbha, m. N. of a Bodhisattva, ib.; -sambhava, m. N. of a mountain, ib.; -svabhāva, m. N. of a mountain, ib.; °lākara, m. N. of a prince, Kathās.; °lâgra-netra, m. N. of a future Buddha, SaddhP.; °latmaka, mfn. pureminded, clean, pure, L.; 'latman, mfn. id., R.; 'laditya, m. a partic. form of the sun, Cat.; °lâdri, m. N. of the mountain Vimala or Girnar in Gujarāt (celebrated for its inscriptions; it is also called Satrumjaya), L.; °lanana, mfn. bright-faced, Kav.; °lananda (with yogindra), m. N. of a teacher, Cat. oda-nātha, m. N. of an author; da-bhāshya, n. N. of wk.); °lapa, mfn. having pure water, Laghuk.; °lârthaka, mfn. (said to be) = vimalâtmaka, L.; °lâsoka, m. or n.(?) N. of a place of pilgrimage, MBh.; °lâsvā, f. N. of a village, Rājat.; °lēsvaratīrtha, n. and 'lesvara-pushkarinī-samgama-tīrtha, n. N. of two Tirthas, Cat.; °lôdakā or °lôdā, f. N. of a river, MBh.; 'lôrja or 'logya (?), n. N. of a Tantra.

Vi-malaya, Nom. P. vati, to make clear or pure, Ragh.; Kuval.; °lita, mfn. clear, pure, Inscr. °maliman, m. clearness, purity, Das. malī-karaņa, n. the act of clearing, purification, Sarvad.

विमस्तिकत vi-mastakita, vi-mahat &c. See p. 951, col. 3.

विमा vi-√3. mā, P. Ā. -māti, -mimīte, to measure, mete out, pass over, traverse, RV.; Br.; Kaus.; to enumerate, BhP.; to ordain, fix, set right,

arrange, make ready, prepare, RV.

3. Ví-māna, mf(i)n. (for I. see p. 951, col. 3; for 2. under vi-\man) measuring out, traversing, RV.; AV.; MBh.; m.n. a car or chariot of the gods, any mythical self-moving aerial car (sometimes serving as a seat or throne, sometimes self-moving and carrying its occupant through the air; other descriptions make the Vimana more like a house or palace, and one kind is said to be 7 stories high; that of Rāvana was called pushpaka, q.v.; the nau-vo [Ragh. xvi, 68] is thought to resemble a ship), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; any car or vehicle (esp. a bier), Rājat. vii, 446; the palace of an emperor or supreme monarch (esp. one with 7 stories), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a temple or shrine of a partic. form, VarBrS.; akind of tower(?), R. v, 52, 8; a grove, Jātakam.; a ship, boat, L.; a horse, L.; n. measure, RV.; extension, ib.; (in med.) the science of (right) measure or proportion (e.g. of the right relation between the humours of the body, of medicines and remedies &c.), Car.; -gamana, n. 'going in a car,' N. of a ch. of the GanP .; -cārin, mfn. travelling in a celestial car, MW.; -cyuta, mfn. fallen from a celo car, Rājat.; -tā, f., -tva, n. the state or condition of a celo car, Kav.; Kathās.; -nirvyūha, m. a partic. Samādhi, Kāraņd.; -pāla, m. the guardian of a celo car, MBh.; -pratima, mfn. resembling a celo car, MBh.; -prabhu-tā, f. the ownership of a celo car, MW.; -māhātmya, n. N. of a ch. of the VP.; -yāna, mf(ā)n. going or driving in a celo car, BhP.; -raja, m. the driver of a celestial car, MW.; -lakshana, n. N. of a wk. on architecture; -vat, ind. like a self-moving car, Kir.; -vidyā, f., -suddhi-pūjā, f. N. of wks.; -stha, mfn. standing on a celo car, MW.; -sthāna, n. N. of a wk. on medicine. omānaka (ifc.) = vi-māna, a celestial car, Kathās.; a seven-storied palace or tower, R.

Vimānī-Vkri, P. -karoti, to turn into a celestial car, Kād.

विमांस vi-mānsa, vi-mātri &c. See p. 951. विमातच्य vi-mātavyu. See under vi-√me. विमार्ग 1. vi-mārga &c. See p. 951, col. 3. विमार्ग 2. vi-mārga. See under vi-\/mrij.

विमागेण vi-mārgaņa, n. (\marg) the act of seeking for (gen.), Kir.

विमि vi- VI. mi, P.A. -minoti, -minute, to fix, build, erect, RV.; Br.; GrSrS.

Ví-mita, mfn. fixed, built &c.; n. a square shed or large building resting on four posts (ifc. any hall or building), SBr.; SrS.; ChUp.

विमिश्र vi-\misr, P.-misrayati, to mix or mingle together, MBh.

Vi-misra, $mf(\bar{a})$ n. mixed, mingled, miscellaneous, MBh.; Hariv.; VarBrS.; mixed or mingled with, attended or accompanied by (instr. or comp.), ib.; Susr. &c.; applied to one of the 7 divisions into which the course of Mercury, accord. to Paräsara, is divided, VarBrS.; n. capital and interest &c., Lil. omisraka, mfn. mixed, miscellaneous, VarBrS.; n. a kind of salt, L. omisrita, mfn. mixed, mingled (with lipi, f. a partic. mode of writing), Lalit.

विमुक्त vi-mukta. See under I. vi-\/ muc.

विमुख vi-mukha, $mf(\bar{a})n$. having the face averted, turned backwards (acc. with \stri, 'to cause to fly, ''put to flight'), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; turning away from (gen.), disappointed, downcast, Kav.; Kathas.; Pur.; averse or opposed to, abstaining or desisting from (loc., abl., gen. with upari, or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (ifc.) indifferent to, Vcar.; adverse, hostile (as fate), Venis.; (ifc.) wanting, lacking, Santis.; (vi priv.) without the mouth or opening, SarngS.; deprived of the face or head, Hariv.; m. N. of a text (VS. xvii, 86; xxxix, 7), KātySr.; of a Muni (v. l. vimuca), R.; -tā, f., -tva, n. aversion, disinclination to (loc., acc. with prati, or comp.), Kāv.; Sāh.

Vimukhaya, Nom. P. 'yati, to render averse;

ckhita, mfn. averse, hostile, Kād.

Vimukhin, mfn. having the face averted, averse from, hostile, W.; khi-tā, f. (or -tva, n.) turning

away, aversion, enmity, ib.

Vimukhī, in comp. for vimukha. - karana, n. (ifc.) the rendering averse to, Samk. - /kri, P. -karoti, to put to flight, MBh.; Hariv.; to render averse or indifferent to (abl. or comp.), Samk.; -krita, mfn. turned away, averse, indifferent, ib.; Caurap.; frustrated, R. - bhāva, m. aversion, Gīt. - /bhū, P.-bhavati, to turn the back, flee, Ragh.; to turn away from (abl.), Mricch.

विमुग्ध vi-mugdha. See under vi-√muh.

विमुच 1. vi-\muc, P. A. -muncati, °te (Impv. -mumoktu, RV. i, 24, 13), to unloose, unharness (A. 'one's own horses'), unyoke (i.e. 'make to halt, cause to stop or rest'), RV. &c. &c.; to take off (clothes, ornaments &c.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to release, set free, liberate, ib.; to leave, abandon, quit, desert, give up, relinquish, ib.; to shun, avoid, MundUp.; Bhag. &c.; to lose (consciousness), Hariv.; to pardon, forgive, Gīt.; BhP.; to emit, discharge, shed, pour or send forth, MBh.; R.; Pañcat. (with grastam, to set free a seized planet i.e. 'free it from eclipse,' Sūryas.); to throw, hurl, cast (with ātmānam and loc., 'to cast one's self into,' Uttarar.), MBh.; R. &c.; to utter (a sound), MBh.; to assume (a shape), Mn. i, 56; to lay (eggs), Pañcat. i, 353: Pass. -mucyate, to be unloosed or detached &c.; to be slackened (as reins), Sak.; to drop or be expelled (prematurely, as a fetus), Suir.; to be freed or delivered or released (esp. from the bonds of existence), get rid of, escape from (abl., adv. in -tas, gen., or instr.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; to be deprived of (instr.), Hit.: Caus. -mocayati, to loosen, detach, Sak.; to unyoke, Kaus.; to set free, deliver from (abl.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; to keep off, avoid, R.: Desid. -mumukshati, 'te, to wish to liberate (A. 'one's self'), BhP.

Vi-mukta, mfn. unloosed, unharnessed &c.; set free, liberated (esp. from mundane existence), freed or delivered or escaped from (abl., instr., or ifc.; rarely ibc.; cf.-sapa), Mn.; MBh.&c.; deprived of (instr.), MBh.; launched (as a ship), R.; given up, abandoned, relinquished, deserted, ib.; BhP.; hurled, thrown, MBh.; emitted or discharged by, flowing from (comp.), Ratnav.; shed or bestowed on (loc.), Rajat.; (a snake) which has recently cast its skin, MBh. viii, 740; dispassionate, R. iv, 32, 18; -kantha, mfn. having the throat or voice unloosed, raising a loud cry (am, ind. aloud, at the top of one's voice), Amar.; -keša, mfn. having flowing or dishevelled hair, BhP.; -tā, f. loss of (gen.), Kām.; -pragraha, mfn. with slackened reins, Bhatt.; -maunam, ind. breaking

silence, Kathas.; -sapa, min. released from the (consequences) of a curse, VP.; -sena, m. N. of a teacher, Buddh.; 'tacarya, m. N. of an author, Cat. 'mukti, f. disjunction (opp. to yukti), AitBr.; (ifc.) giving up, Kum.; release, deliverance, liberation, Kāv.; Kathās.; Pur.; release from the bonds of existence, final emancipation, Kap.; VP.; -candra, m. N. of a Bodhi-sattva, Buddh.; -patha, m. the way of final emancipation, MW.; -mahiman, m. N. of wk.

2. Vi-múc, f. unyoking, alighting, stopping, putting up, RV. (vimuco napāt, 'son of unyoking,' N. of Pushan as 'conductor on the way to the next world,'

ib.) omuca, m. N. of a Rishi, MBh.

Vi-moká, m. unyoking, unbending, cessation, termination, TS.; AV.; letting go, abandoning, giving up, AgP.; deliverance from (abl. or comp.), Nyāyam., Sch.; liberation from sensuality or worldly objects, Sarvad. omókam, ind. so that the horses are unharnessed or changed, TS.; Br. 'moktavya, mfn. to be let loose or set at liberty, MBh.; to be given up or abandoned, R.; to be discharged or hurled or cast at (dat. or loc.), MBh. omoktri, mf(tri)n. one who unyokes or unharnesses, VS.; TBr. omok-

ya, see a-vimokyá.

Vi-mocaka, mfn. releasing, delivering from (ifc.), Cat. omócana, mf(i)n. unyoking, loosening, RV.; &c. &c.; m. N. of Siva, MBh.; (1), f. N. of a river, VP.; n. unharnessing, alighting, stopping for rest, relief, RV.; TS.; SBr.; deliverance, liberation (esp. from sin), MBh.; MārkP.; giving up, abandoning, MBh.; N. of a place of pilgrimage, ib. "mocanīya, mfn. (ifc.) relating to the unharnessing of, SBr.; KātySr. (cf. dundubhi- and ratha-v°). "mocita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) loosened, liberated; m. N. of Siva, Sivag. omocya, mfn. to be released or delivered, MBh.

विमुद् vimuda, m. or n.(?) a partic. high number, Buddh.

विमुह vi-√muh, P.A. -muhyati, °te, to be confused, become bewildered or stupefied, faint away, Yājñ.; MBh. &c.: Caus. -mohayati, to confuse, bewilder, infatuate, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to confound, efface, Say.

Vi-mugdha, mfn. confused, bewildered, infatua-

ted, Hit.

Vi-mūdha, id., MBh.; Kāv.&c.; (ifc.) perplexed as to, uncertain about, Kathās.; foolish, stupid, Prab.; -cetas (R.), -dhī (MārkP.), mfn. foolish-minded, simple; -bhāva, m. bewildered state, confusion, MW.; -samjña, mfn. bewildered in mind, senseless, unconscious, W.; odhatman, mfn. foolish-minded, perplexed in mind, senseless, Bhag. "mūdhaka, n. a kind of farce, Bhar. (perhaps w.r. for dvi-gudhaka).

Vi-moha, m. confusion of the mind, perplexity (also mati-v°), Kathās.; BhP.; a kind of hell, VP.; -da, mfn. causing perplexity, bewildering, Kathās. omohaka, mf(ikā)n. bewildering the mind, bewitching, Naish. omohana, mfn. id., BhP.; m. a kind of hell, VP. (cf. naraka); n. confusion, perplexity, Rajat.; Prab.; the art of confusing or bewildering (= ākulī-karana), Pān. vii, 2, 54, Sch. omohita, mfn. confused, infatuated, bewitched, beguiled, R.; Kathās. &c. omohin, mfn. perplexing, bewildering, Kathās.; BhP.

विमुचित vi-mūrchita, mfn. (/murch) thickened, coagulated, become solid, Yājñ.; Vāgbh.; (ifc.) full of, mixed with, Bh.; Car.; resounding with, BhP.; n. 'becoming stiff,' fainting, a swoon, Divyav.

Vi-murta, mfn. coagulated, become hard or solid, SānkhBr.

विमृत्त vi-vmrij, P. A. -mārshti, -mrishte (pf. Pot. -māmrijīta, RV.), to rub off or out, purify, cleanse, Br.; SrS.; to rub dry, TS.; to rub on or in, anoint, smear with (instr.), GrSrS.; to wipe off, MBh.; Mricch.; to rub, stroke, caress, MBh.; R. &c.; A. (with tanvàm), to adorn or arm one's self, RV. vii, 95, 3.

2. Vi-mārga, m. (for I. see p. 951, col. 3) wiping off, ApSr., Sch.; a broom, brush, L.

Vi-mārjana, n. wiping off, cleansing, purifying, SānkhSr.

1. Vi-mrishta, mfn. (for 2. see under vi- / mris) rubbed off &c.; depressed (see below); -rāga, mfn. having the colour refined or purified, Kum.; "tântarânsa, mfn. having the space between the shoulders a little depressed (nyūna, Sch.), SBr.

विमृद्ध vi- / mṛid, P.-mṛidnāti, -mardati, to