Venkata, m. (Prākrit for vyankata) N. of a very sacred hill in the Dravida country (in the district of North Arcot, about 80 miles from Madras; it reaches an elevation of about 2,500 feet above the sea-level, and on the summit is the celebrated temple dedicated to Krishna or Vishnu in his character of 'Lord of Venkata,' also called Sri-pati or Tirupati, whence the hill is sometimes popularly known as Tri-pati; it is annually thronged with thousands of pilgrims, RTL. 267), BhP.; of a king of Vijaya-nagara (the patron. of Appaya Dikshita), Cat.; (also with adhvarin, ācārya, kavi, bhatta, yajvan, yogin &c.) N. of various authors and teachers, ib. - kavīya, n. N. of a poem. - krishna, m. N. of an author, Cat.; "nīya, n. N. of his wk. - giri, m. the Venkata hill, Cat.; -nātha, m. N. of a preceptor, Cat.; -māhātmya, n. N. of wk. - nātha, m. N. of various authors, Cat. - pati, m. king Venkata, Kuval. - bhet, N. of wk. - rāma, -rāya, and -subhā-sāstrin, m. N. of authors, Cat. Venkatācala, m., °la-māhātmya, n. = 'ta-giri, 'ri-māhātmya, Cat.; -sūri, m. N. of an author, ib.; 'lesa, m. Vishnu as worshipped on the hill Venkața, ib.; °lesvara-mangalâsāsana, n. N. of wk. Venkatadri, m.= 'ta-giri, Cat.; (with bhatta, yajvan, rāyasa) N. of authors, ib.; -nāthīya-graha-tantra, n., -māhātmya, n. N. of wks. Venkatesa, m. 'lord of Venkata,' N. of Krishna, RTL. 267; N. of various authors (also -kavi, -dīkshita, -pandita &c.), Cat.; -kavaca, n., -dvādaša-nāman, n., -namaskārashtaka, n., -pañcāšat, f., -prahasana, n., -mangala, n., -mangaldšāsana, n., -mālā-mantra, m., -māhātmya, n., -rahasya, n., -sataka, n., -sahasra-nāman, n., -su-prabhāta, n., -stotra, n.; 'sashtaka, n., 'sashtôttara-sata-nāman, n. N. ofwks. Venkatêsvara, m. 'lord of Vo,' N. of Krishna or Vishnu (see above), Cat.; N. of various authors (also -kavi, -dīkshita &c.), ib.; -cātur-bhadrikā, f., -mangala-stotra, n., -māhātmya, n., -sahasra-nāman, n., -stotra, n.; 'svarīya, n. N. of wks.

वेद्धप्प venkappa, m. N. of a dramatic poet, Cat.

वेद्धप्पय venkappayya, m. N. of an author, ib.

वेद्वाय venkayya, m. (with prabhu) N. of a poet, ib.

वेद्धि vengi or vengī, f. N. of a town, Vcar.

वेद्वर venghara, m. pride of beauty, L.

वेदा. vecā, f. (said to be fr. vic) hire, wages, L.

Vecā-rāma and Vecu-rāma, m. N. of two authors, Cat.

वेजानी vejānī, f. Vernonia Anthelmintica, L. वेट veṭ, ind. an exclamation used in sacrificial ceremonies, VS. - kārá, m. the exclamation veṭ, SBr.

बेट veṭa, m. a kind of tree (=  $p\bar{\imath}lu$ -vṛik-sha), Gaṇar.; ( $\bar{a}$ ), f. the abode of the Vaisya tribe (?), W.; ( $\bar{\imath}$ ), f. a boat, L.

Veṭā-vat, m. N. of a man, Naigh., Introd. Veṭā-vat, mfn. (fr. veṭa), Gaṇar.

be wicked' or 'to sleep' (dhaurtye svapne ca), g. kandv-ādi.

वेड veda, n. a kind of coarse sandal (=sān-dra-vicchinna-candana), L.; (ā), f. (also written bedā) a boat, L. (cf. vețī).

वेढिमिका vedhamikā, f. a kind of bread or cake, L.

नण ven (prob. artificial; cf. /ven), to go, move; to know; to think; to discern; to play on an instrument; to hold or take, Dhātup. xxi, 13.

Vena, m. (cf. venu and vinā) a worker in reed, Vishņ., Sch.; a musician (by caste, the son of a Vaideha and an Ambashṭhī), Mn. x, 19; 49 (cf. vaina); the son of an Ugra and a Kshatriyā (who lives as a necromancer and conjuror), L.; v. l. for vena, q. v.; (ā), f., see next.

Venā, f. N. of a woman, HParis.; of a river, MBh.; Kāv. &c. - tata, m. the bank of the river

Veṇā, Mricch.; m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. (AV. Paris. veṇa-tata).

वेशि veni, f. (fr. 1. ve) weaving, braiding, L.; braided hair or a braid of hair, hair twisted into a single unornamented braid and allowed to fall on the back (so worn by widows and women who mourn for absent husbands, cf. eka-veni; the water of a river is often compared to such a braid, but in these meanings the form venī is more common, see below), MBh.; Kav. &c.; the confluence or meeting of two or more rivers or streams in a common point of union (as at Prayaga or Allahabad, cf. triv°), W.; property re-united after it has been before divided, Vas.; a cascade, L. - mādhava, m. a partic. square-shaped stone idol having four hands at Prayāga, L. (cf. venī-mādhava-bandhu). - rāma, m. N. of an author, Cat. - vedhanī, f. 'hair-penetrating,'a leech, L. - vedhinī, f. 'hair-piecer,' a comb, MW.

Venika, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. (B. vetrika); (ā), f. = veni, a braid of hair &c., L.; (met.) a continuous line, uninterrupted stream, Hcar.; Kād.; a twisted stripe or band, Hcat.; Sušr. = vāhin, mfn. flowing or causing to flow in an uninterrupted stream, Kād.

Venin, m. 'having a hood like braided hair,' N. of a serpent-demon, MBh.; (inī), f. a woman

with braided hair, L.

Venī, f. = veni, a braid of hair &c., MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a stream, current, L.; an abridgement of the title venī-samhāra (see below), Sāh.; Lipeocercis Serrata, Car.; a dam, bridge, L.; a ewe, L.; N. of a river, Hariv.; N. of wk., Cat. - ga-mulaka, n. the root of Andropogon Muricatus, L. - datta, m. (also with bhatta, sarman &c.) N. of various authors and other men, Cat. - dana, n. a ceremony performed at Prayaga (cutting off a braid of hair and offering it to the Ganges with gifts to the priests), RTL. 375. - dāsa, m. N. of a man, Cat. - bhūta, mfn. (hair) forming a braid, BhP. - mādhava, m. N. of an author, ib.; -bandhu, m. N. of the father of Ranga-nātha, ib. - rāma (with sāka-dvīpin and dharmadhikarin), m. N. of authors, ib. - rupa, n., -vilāsa, m. N. of two poems. - samvarana or -samharana, n. = next. - samhara, m. 'binding up of the braided hair,' N. of a wellknown drama by Bhatta-nārāvaņa (who probably lived in the 9th century; its subject is taken from an incident narrated in the 2nd and 8th books of the Mahā-bhārata, in which is described how Yudhishthira gambled away all his possessions, including Draupadī, and how Duḥ-sāsana then insulted Draupadi by loosening her braided hair and dragging her away by her dishevelled locks, and how Bhīma, who witnessed the insult, swore that he would one day kill Duh-säsana and drink his blood; this threat he fulfilled, and Draupadi's hair was then bound up again; cf. MBh. ii, 2229-2235, viii, 4235). - skandha, m. N. of a serpent-demon, MBh.

वेगोर veņīra, m. Sapindus Detergens (=arishta), L.

वणु venú or vénu, m. (prob. connected with √I. ve) a bamboo, reed, cane, RV. &c. &c.; a flute, sife, pipe, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; N. of a deity of the Bodhi tree, Lalit.; of a king of the Yadavas, MBh.; of a son of Sata-jit, VP.; of a mountain, MārkP.; of a river, L.; (pl.) the descendants of Venu, AsvSr. (Venor visale, N. of two Samans, ArshBr.) - karkara, m. Capparis Aphylla (a species of thorny plant = karīra, commonly called Karir or Karil), L. - kāra, m. a flute-maker, Lalit. - gīta, n. N. of wk. -gulma, m. n. a bamboo-thicket, BhP. -gopāla-pratishthā, f. N. of wk. -ja, mfn. 'reed-born,' produced in or from a reed (as fire), BhP.; m. bo seed or fruit, L.; n. pepper, L. - jangha, m. N. of a Muni, MBh. - jāla, n. = -gulma, Vet. (v. l.) - datta, m. N. of a man, Cat. (v. l. vainya-d°). -dala, n. a split b°, Mn. viii, 299. -dāri, m. N. of a king, MBh.; Hariv. &c .-dārin, mfn. bo-splitting, Sis.; m. N. of a demon, ib. -dhma, m. a flute-player, piper, L. - nisruti, m. the sugarcane, W. - nrityā, f. N. of a Tantra deity, Kālac. - pa, m. N. of a people, MBh. (v. l. renu-pa). - pattra, n. a bamboo leaf, Cat.; (ī), f. a kind of grass, L. - pattraka, m. a kind of snake, Suir.; (ikā), f. = -pattrī, ib. - bīja, n. b° seed, L. -bhārá, m. a load of bamboo, SBr. - mandala, n. N. of a Varsha in Kusa-dvīpa, MBh. - mat, mfn. provided

with bamboo, Yājñ.; m. N. of a mountain, Hariv.; of a son of Jyotish-mat, VP.; (atī), f. N. of a river, VarBrS.; n. N. of a mountain, Hariv.; of the Varsha ruled by Venu-mat, VP. - maya,  $mf(\tilde{i})n$ . made or consisting of bamboo, VarBrS.; Hcat. - mudrā, f. a partic. position of the fingers, Pancar. - yava, m. pl. b° seed, GrSrS.; Susr.; (1), f. an oblation of b° s°, SānkhSr. - yashti, f. a bo staff, SBr. - vana, n. a forest of bo, Rājat.; N. of a forest, Divyav. -vāda or -vādaka, m. a flute-player, piper, L. - vādana, n. playing on the flute, Hcat. - vādya, n. id.; -visārada, mfn. skilful in playing the flute (said of Krishna), Pancar. - vidala, n. split bo, Gaut. - vīnā-dharā, f. N. of one of the Mātris attendant on Skanda, MBh. - vaidala, mfn. made of split bamboo, Mn. viii, 327. - sayya, f. a couch of reed, R. -haya, m. N. of a descendant of Yadu, Hariv.; BhP. - hotra, m. N. of a son of Dhrishta-ketu, Hariv.; VP.

Venavin, mfn. furnished with a flute (said of

Siva), MBh. (v. l. vainavin).

Venuká, m. a flute, pipe, Hariv.; amomum, L.; N. of a mythical being, Suparn.; pl. N. of a people, MārkP. (cf. venu-pa); (ā), f. a kind of plant with poisonous fruit, Sušr.; amomum, BhP., Sch.; n. a goad with a bamboo handle (used for driving an elephant), L.

Venukīya, mfn. (fr. venu), g. nadādi; (ā), f. a place where bamboos grow, Pān. vi, 4, 153, Sch. Venugradha (?), m. a species of plant, MārkP. Venuna, n. black pepper, L.

नेगड ventha, n. a place where Vitas congregate (viṭāsraya), L.

वेणा vennā, venyā, venvā. See krishna-v°.

वेत veta, m. (prob. corrupted fr. vetra; but see Un. iii, 118) a cane, reed, L.; (ā), f. = vetana, L.

चेत्राड vetanda, m. (cf. vitanda, vedanda, vega-danda) an elephant, Hcar.; Kād.; Bhām.; (त), f. a form of Durgā, Vās. (v. l. for vetālā).

vī, but rather connected with √vrit; cf. vartana) wages, hire, salary, subsistence, livelihood, Mn.; MBh. &c.; price, Rājat.; silver, L. -jīvin, mfn. subsisting by wages, stipendiary, MW. - dāna, n. the paying of wages, hiring, Pān. i, 3, 36, Sch. -bhuj, m. 'earning wages,' a servant, Pañcar. Vetanâdāna, n. non-payment of wages, Mn. viii, 218.

Vetanin, mfn. receiving wages, stipendiary (mostly ifc., e. g. kupya-vo, receiving bad pay), MBh.

वतस vetasá, m. (cf. veta and vetra) the ratan (Calamus Rotang) or a similar kind of cane, a reed, rod, stick, RV. &c. &c.; the citron (Citrus Medica), MW.; N. of Agni, ib.; (i), f. the ratan, cane, reed, Kathās. (°sī-taru, Sāh.); n. a lancet shaped like a pointed leaf of the ratan, Vägbh.; N. of a city, Kathās. [Cf., accord. to some, Gk. iréa; Lat. vitis; Germ. wida, Weide; Eng. withy.] -griha, n. an arbour formed of reeds, Sak. - pattra, n. the leaf of the ratan, MarkP.; a lancet, W. - parikshipta, mfn. (an arbour) fenced or enclosed by reeds, Sak. - pushpa, n. the blossom of the ratan, VarBrS. - maya, mf(i)n. consisting of reeds, Hcar. -malin, mfn. wreathed with reeds, Ml. -vritti, mfn. acting or pliant as a reed, Pañcat. - sākhā, f. a branch of reed, SBr. Vetasâmla, m. Rumex Vesicarius, L.

Vetasaka, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. (v. l. cet°); (ikā), f. N. of a place, ib.

Vetasinī, f. N. of a river, VP. (cf. vedasinī). Vetasú, m. N. of a man or of an Asura (pl. his descendants), RV.

Vetas-vat, mfn. abounding in reeds, Pān. iv, 2, 87; N. of a place, PancavBr.

a kind of demon, ghost, spirit, goblin, vampire (esp. one occupying a dead body), Hariv.; Kāv.; Kathās. &c.; N. of one of Siva's attendants, KālikāP.; of a teacher, BhP.; of a poet, Cat.; a door-keeper (?), L.; (ā), f. a form of Durgā, Vās.; (ī), f. N. of Durgā, Hariv. - karma-jña, mfn. knowing the doings of a Vetāla, VarBṛS. - kavaca, n. N. of a Kavaca (q. v.), Cat. - jananī, f. N. of one of the Mātṛis attendant on Skanda, MBh. - pañca-vinsati or ctikā, f. a collection of 25 tales or fables told by a