Kunsa, kunsa. See bhrik', bhrak', bhru-k', bhrū-k'.

ಈ kuns. See √kuns. Kunsa. See kunsa.

क kuk, cl. 1. Ā. kokate, to take, accept, seize, Dhātup. iv, 17.

Kuka, mfn. taking, accepting, W.

कुकथा ku-kathā, &c. See 1. ku.

कुक्भ kukabha, am, n. a kind of spirituous liquor, L.

कुकर ku-kara, &c. See 1. ku.

and kukuta, as, m. (= kukkuta), N. of a pot-herb (= sitâvara, commonly called sushanišāka, Marsilea quadrifolia), L.

कुकुदुम्मिनी ku-kuțumbinī, &c. See 1. ku.

कुक्द kukuda = kūkuda, q. v., L.

कुकुटू ku-ku-dru. See I. ku.

कुक्दनी kukundanī, f. the plant Cardiospermum halicacabum, Bhpr.

कुन्दर kukundara, e, n. du. [au, m. du., L.] = kakundara, q.v., Sušr.; VarBṛS. (ifc. f. ā); (as), m. = ku-ku-dru, q.v., Bhpr.

Kukundura, am, n. = kakundara, L.

कुन्ध kukúndha, as, m., N. of a kind of evil spirit, AV. viii, 6, 11.

कुना kukubhā, f. one of the female personifications of music or Rāgiņīs, L.

(a dog), L.; N. of a plant and perfume (= gran-thi-parnī), L.; N. of a prince (son of Andhaka), MBh. xiii, 7679; Hariv.; BhP.; (ās), m. pl. the descendants of that prince, Hariv. 2030; N. of a people (branch of the Yadu race), MBh.; R. &c. (often named in connection with the Andhakas or Andhas); the country of the Kukura people.—jih-vā, f. a species of fish (Acheiris Kookur Zibha), L.; the plant Leea staphylea, L.; the plant Ixora undulata, L. Kukurādhinātha, m. lord of the Yādavas, N. of Krishna.

कुकुवाच् ku-ku-vāc. See 1. ku.

कुक्टी kukūţī, f. (=kukkuţī) the plant Salmalia malabarica, L.

क्रिणक kukūṇaka, as, m. a kind of disease of the eyes in infants, Suir.

कुक्नन kukūnána, mf(ā)n. (onomat.) gargling, VS. viii, 48.

कुक्र kukūrabha, as, m. a kind of evil spirit, AV. viii, 6, 11.

Prab.; conflagration or fire made of chaff, L.; (am), n. a hole filled with stakes, L.; armour, mail, L. - murmura, m. a fire made of chaff, Bālar. Ku-kūlāgni, m. id., Kathās. cxvii, 92.

कुक्वाच kukū-vāc, k, m.=kukku-vāc, Gal.; (cf. ku-ku-vāc.)

कुन्त ku-krita, &c. See I. ku.

कुकोल kukola. as, m. the jujube (Zizyphus Jujuba), L.; (cf. koli.)

कुट्ट kukkut, ind. an onomatopoetic word imitating the cock's cry, Pān. i, 3, 48, Pat.

Kukkutá, as, m. (ifc. f. a, Pān. iv, I, 14, Kās.) a cock, VS. i, 16; Mn.; MBh. &c.; a wild cock (Phasianus gallus); (=kukuta) the plant Marsilea quadrifolia, L.; a whisp of lighted straw or grass, L.; a firebrand, spark of fire, L.; the offspring of a Nishāda by a Sūdra woman (cf. kukkura), L.; (ī), f. (Pān.iv, 4, 46) a hen, VarBrS. lxiii, 3; a small houselizard, L.; the plant Dolichos pruriens, Susr.; (=kukūtī) the plant Salmalia malabarica (or the silk-cotton tree Bombax heptaphyllum), Suir.; hypocrisy (cf. kaukkutika), L.; (am), n. = kukkutasana, Tantras. - kantha, n., N. of atown, gana cihanadi. - dhvani, m. the crowing of a cock, cackling of fowls. - nādīyantra, n., N. of an instrument. - pakshaka, m. a knife shaped like the wing of a cock, L. - pada, m. 'cock-foot,' N. of a mountain, Buddh. - manja-

rī, f. a sort of pepper (Piper Chaba), Npr. - mandapa, m., N. of a sanctuary in Benares (standing on the right side of a statue of Siva, a place where final emancipation may be attained), SkandaP.; (cf. mukti-mandapa.) - mardaka, m., N. of a plant (with fragrant leaves), L.; (ikā), f. id., L. - mardana, m. id., L. - mastaka, m. = -manjari, L. -misra, m. a fictitious nickname ('Mr. Cock'), Sāh. - vrata, n. a religious observance (worship of Siva, on the seventh of the light fortnight of the month Bhādra, by women, especially for the sake of offspring), BhavP. - sikha, m. 'cockscomb,' safflower (Carthamus tinctorius), L. Kukkutā-giri, m., N. of a mountain, gana kimsulakadi. Kukkuţânda, n. (Pān. vi, 3, 42, Vārtt.) a fowl's egg, Susr.; (as), m. a species of rice, Gal.; -sama, m., N. of a plant (having a white fruit), Npr. Kukkutândaka, m. a species of rice, Susr.; Bhpr. Kukkutabha, m. resembling a fowl, a kind of snake, L. Kukkuţarāma, m., N. of a grove (celebrated hermitage near Gayā), Buddh. Kukkuţârma, n., N. of a place, Pān. vi, 2, 90, Kās. Kukkutasana, n. a particular posture of an ascetic in religious meditation. Kukkutâhi, m. = tâbha, L. Kukkutėsvara, m., N. of a Mantra; (am), n., N. of a Linga, SkandaP.; -tantra, n., N. of a Tantra. Kukkutôraga, m. = 'tâhi, Npr.

**Kukkuṭaka**, as, m. a wild cock (Phasianus gallus), L.; the offspring of a Nishāda by a Sūdra woman, Mn. x, 18; (ikā), f., N. of one of the mothers in Skanda's retinue, MBh. ix, 2633.

Kukkuti, is, f. hypocrisy, L.

Kukkutī, f. of ota, q. v. — markatī-vrata, n. a religious observance (in honour of Siva and Durgā), BhavP.; (cf. kukkuta-vrata.) — vrata, n. id., ib. Kukkuty-ādi, N. of a Gana (Pān. vi, 3, 42, Kāš.; Ganar. 140b).

Kukkubha, as, m. the wild cock (Phasianus gallus), MBh. xiii, 2835; varnish, oily gloss, W.

kurá), a dog, Mricch.; PSarv.; Hit.; a despicable man of a mixed caste (=kukkuta), Kāraṇḍ.; N. of a Muni, MBh. ii, 113; of a prince (son of Andhaka), VP.; of an author, Tantr.; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people, MBh. ii, 1872; vi, 368; VP.; VarBrS.; (ī), f. a bitch, VarBrS.; (am), n. a vegetable perfume, L.—dru, m. the plant Blumea lacera, L.

जुद्भवाच kukku-vāc, k, m. (fr. kukku, an onomatopoetic word), a kind of deer (= sārainga-mṛiga), L.; (cf. kukū-vāc and ku-ku-v°.)

कुन्निया ku-kriyā. See I. ku.

कुष kuksha, am, n. the belly, Un. iii, 67; (i), f. id., VarBrS.

Kukshi, is, m. [f., L.] the belly, cavity of the abdomen (in the earlier language generally used in du., RV.; VS.; AV.); the interior of anything, W.; the womb, R.; Ragh. x, 60 &c.; a cavity in general (e. g. adri-kukshi, cavity of a mountain, Ragh. ii, 38), MBh. iii, 10694 &c.; a valley, Kathās. lxv, 214; (with sāgara or samudra) an ocean-cavity, i. e. a bay, gulf, MBh.; Pañcat.; the sheath of a sword, L.; steel, L.; N. of a son of Priya-vrata and Kāmyā, Hariv. 59; of Bali, Hariv. 191; of a king, MBh. i, 2692; of a son of Ikshvāku and father of Vikukshi, R.; of a teacher, BhP.; of a region, gana dhūmādi; (is), f., N. of a daughter of Priyavrata and Kāmyā, VP.; [cf. Lat. coxa, coxendix; Gk. κοχώνη? Old Germ. bûh; Mod. Germ. Bauch.] -gata, mfn. being in the belly; ti-VI. kri, to devour, Naish. ii, 83. - ja, m. born from the womb, son, Ragh. xv, 15. - bheda, m., N. of one of the ten ways in which darkness terminates, VarBrS. - m-bhari, mfn. one who nourishes only his belly, filling or pampering the belly, gluttonous, Pān. iii, 2, 26, Vārtt. - randhra, m. a kind of reed (Amphidonax Karka), L. - randhraka, m. id., Gal. - sūla, m. n. belly-ache, colic, Susr. Kukshyamaya, m. disease of the belly, VarBrS.

कुरिसल kukshilá, as, m. a species of evil spirit, AV. viii, 6, 10.

कुख्य kuksheyu, v.l. for kaksho, BhP.

Fu-khyāti, -ganin, &c. See ib.

कुइए kunkuna, N. of a locality, AV. Paris.

tivus, the plant and the pollen of the flowers), Suśr.; Ragh.; Bhartr. &c. – tāmra, mfn. red, coppery red. – panka, m. saffron used as an unguent, Bhartr. – renu, f. the pollen of saffron. Kunkumakriti, m. 'resembling saffron,' a kind of rice, Gal. Kunkumakta, mfn. dyed with saffron, orange. Kunkumanka, orange. Kunkumaruna, mfn. red, ruddy.

कुझनी kunganī, f., N. of a plant (=mahājyotishmatī), L.

write, ib. xx, 27: cl. 6. P. kucati, to contract, Dhā-tup. xxviii, 75; to be or make small, ib. vii, 3; (cf. \lambda kurc.)

Kuca, as, m. (generally du. au; ifc. f. ā), the female breast, teat, Sušr.; Šak. &c. - kumbha, m. the female breast. - tata, n. id.; 'tâgra, n. 'point of the breast,' a nipple. - phala, m. 'having fruits shaped like the female breast,' the pomegranate, L.; the plant Feronia elephantum, L. - mukha, n. 'breast-top,' a nipple, L. - harā, f., N. of an evil spirit who deprives women of their breasts, MārkP. Kucâgra, n. a nipple, L.

Kucita, mfn. contracted, Dhātup. vii, 3; small, Un. iv, 187.

कुचिंगडका ku-candikā. See 1. ku. Ku-candana, -cará, &c. See ib.

(in shape like an eel, commonly Kuñciya, Unibranchapertura Cuchiya, or Muræna apterygia synbrache; the Hindūs affirm that its bite is mortal to cows, though perfectly harmless to men), L.; (ās), m. pl. (v. l. for kušika), N. of a people, VarBṛS.; (ā), f., N. of a plant, L.—rna (ka-rina), m., N. of a man, HYog.

कुचोरा ku-cīrā. See 1. ku.

कुच्याटक kucuntaka, as, m. a kind of potherb, Npr.

कुचुमार kucumāra, as, m., N. of the author of the Aupanishadâdhikarana.

कुचल ku-cela, &c. See 1. ku.

god kuccha, am, n. the white water-lily, L.

कुच्छिला kucchilā, f., N. of a river, VP.

कुन kuj, cl. 1. P. kojati, to steal, Dhātup. vii, 19: cl. 6. P. kujati, to be crooked, Nir. vii, 12.

कुन ku-ja. See 2. ku.

कुजन ku-jana, &c. See I. ku.

कु जम्मल kujambhala, as, m. a thief who breaks into a house, L. (vv. ll. ombhira and ombhila; cf. kumbhila).

कुरिजाश kujjiša, as, m. a sort of fish, L.; (cf. kudiša.)

कुजिर्हिट kujjhați, is, f. a fog or mist, L. Kujjhațikā, °țī, f. id., L.

कुज्या ku-jyā. See 2. ku.

crooked, Dhātup.; to bend or curve, move crookedly, Sušr.: Caus. kuñcayati, to curl, crisp, frounce, Comm. on Un. iv, 117; [cf. Hib. cuachaim, 'I fold, plait;' cuach, 'a curl;' cuachach, 'curled.']

**Kuñcana**, am, n. curving, bending, contracting; contraction (of a vein), Susr.; a particular disease of the eyes (contracting the eyelids).

Kuñca-phalā, f. a kind of gourd (Beninkasa cerifera), L.

**Kuñci**, is, f. a measure of capacity (equal to eight handfuls, = kim-cid), Hcat.; Comm. on Mn.vii, 126.

Kuñcikā, f. a key, Bhartr.; Prasannar.; N. of a fish (= kucika, q.v.), L.; a plant bearing a red and black seed used as a weight (Abrus precatorius), L.; fennel-flower seed (Nigella indica), Car.; a reed (Trigonella fœnum græcum), L.; the branch or shoot