celestial maiden, MBh.; of one of the seven Mātris of Skanda, MBh.; of a Rākshasī (mother of Vibhishaṇa), MBh.; N. assumed by Draupadī (while resident with king Virāṭa), MBh.; of the wife of Švetakarṇa (daughter of Su-kāru), Hariv.; of the wife of Priya-vrata, Cat.; of the wife of Ruci and mother of Manu Raucya, MārkP.; of the wife of Prasena-jit, Buddh.; of various rivers, MBh.; of the celestial Ganges, L.; of a city (=campā), MBh.; Hariv.; = next, Āryav. - tantra, n. N. of a Tantra. - vi-jaya, m. N. of wk.

1. Mālīya, Nom. P. vati, to wish one's self a garland, Pān. vii, 4, 33, Sch.

2. Mālīya, mfn. fit or destined for a garland, Pān. i, 1, 73, Sch.

Māleya, m. a garland-maker, florist, A.; (patr. fr. māli) N. of a Rākshasa, R.; (ā), f. great cardamoms, L.

Mālya, m. patr., PancavBr. (also pl., Samskārak.); (ā), f. Trigonella Corniculata, L.; n. a wreath, garland, chaplet, GrSrS.; Up.; Mn. &c.; a flower, L.; min. relating to a garland, W. - gunaya, Nom. A. yate (fr. mālya-guna) to become the string of a go, appear like a wreath, Bhartr. - grathana, n. the stringing together or winding of gos, Cat. - jīvaka (Hariv.), vin (L.), m. one who lives by making or selling garlands. - dāman, n. a go of flowers, MBh. - pindaka, m. N. of a serpent-demon, ib. - pushpa, m. Cannabis Sativa or Crotolaria Juncea, L. - pushpikā, f. a species of plant (= sana-pushpī), L. - vat, mfn. crowned with garlands, garlanded, MBh.; m. N. of a Rākshasa (son of Su-keša), R.; of one of Siva's attendants, Kathās.; of a mountain or mountainous range (lying eastward of mount Meru), MBh.; (atī), f. N. of a river, R. - vritti, m. = -jīvaka, Hariv. Mālyapana, m. a garland or flower-market, MBh.; R.; Hariv.

मालति mālati, f.=mālatī, Gīt. (v.l.)

Mālatikā, f. N. of one of the Mātris attending on Skanda, MBh.; of a woman, Kathās.

Mālatī, f. Jasminum Grandislorum (plant and blossom; it bears fragrant white flowers which open towards evening), Kāv.; Var.; Sušr.; Bignonia Suaveolens, W.; Echites Carvophyllata, L.; another species of plant (=višalyā), L.; a bud, blossom, L.; =  $k\bar{a}ca$ - $m\bar{a}l\bar{i}$  (?), L.; a maid, virgin, L.; moonlight or night, L.; N. of various metres, Col.; of a river, VarBrS.; of a woman (the heroine of the drama Mālatī-mādhava, q. v.); of Kalyāņa-malla's comm. on Megha-dūta. - kshāraka, m. (prob.) borax, L. - tīra (ibc.) the banks of the Mālatī; -ja and -sambhava, m. or n. 'produced on the banks of the Mo, white borax, L. - pattrika, f. the outer shell of a nutmeg, L. - phala, n. a nutmeg, Bhpr. - mādhava, n. 'Mālatī and Mādhava,' N. of a celebrated drama by Bhava-bhūti. - mālā, f. a garland of jasmine blossoms, Dhūrtas.; a kind of metre, Col.; N. of a lexicon.

मालद mālada, m.pl. N. of a people, Mārk P. (v.l. for māna-da).

मालप 2. mālaya, mfn. (for 1. see p. 813, col. 3) coming from the Malaya mountains, Nalôd.; m. sandal-wood, L.; N. of a son of Garuḍa, MBh.; n. a caravansary, Sāh.; the unguent prepared from sandal, W.; = malaya-dvīpa, L.

मालव mālava, m. N. of a country (Malwa in central India; pl. its inhabitants), AVParis.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; m. (with or scil. nripati) a prince of the Mālavas, MBh.; Hariv.; Var.; a horse-keeper, L.; (in music) a partic. Rāga, Samgīt.; a white-flowering Lodhra, L.; N. of a man, Rājat.; (ā), f. N. of a river, MBh.; (i), f. a princess of the Mo, Pan. v, 3, 114, Sch.; N. of the wife of Asva-pati and progenitress of the Mo, MBh.; (in music) a partic. Rāginī, Samgīt. (printed bhālavī); a kind of Prākrit metre, Col.; Clypea Hernandifolia, L.; n. (with pura) N. of a city, Kathās.; mf(i)n. relating or belonging to the M°, MBh.; Kāv. &c. - gupta, m. N. of an author (also °tâcārya), Cat. - gauda, m. in (music) a partic. Rāga, Git. - desa, m. the country of Mālava or Malwa, Kathas. - nripati, m. a king of Mo, MBh. - bhadra, m. N. of a poet, L. (w.r. for rudra?). - mandaladhipati, m. a ruler of the district of Mo, Inscr. - rudra, m. N. of a poet, Cat. - vishaya, m. = -deša, Hit. - srī, f. (in music) a partic. Rāgiņī, Samgīt. - strī, f. a Mo woman, Kathās. Mālavadhîsa, m.a king of Mo, Das.; Rājat. Mālavendra,

m. a ruler of M°, Cat. Mālavôdbhava, mf(ā)n. born or produced in Mālava, Kathās.

Mālavaka, mfn. worshipping Mālava, Pān. iv, 2, 104, Vārtt. 18, Pat.; m. the country of Mo, Inscr.; the adulterous offspring of Sūdra parents whose mother's husband is still alive, L.; (ikā), f. Ipomoea Turpethum, L.; N. of a woman (see next). Mālavikāgnimitra, n.'Mālavikā and Agnimitra, 'N. of a drama by Kālidāsa.

Mālavīya, mfn. native of or belonging to Mālava, Kathās.

Mālavya, mfn. relating or belonging to Mālava (-deša, m. N. of a country, Cat.); m. a prince of the Mālavas, Pāņ. v, 3, 114, Sch.; N. of 5 classes of extraordinary men (mahā-purushāḥ) born under partic. constellations, VarBṛS.

मालवर्ति mālavarti, m. pl. N. of a people, VP. (cf. mānavartika).

मालवानक mālavānaka, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. (B. mālavā narāḥ).

मालिसका mālasikā, f. (in music) a partic. Rāgiņi, Saṇigīt.

Mālasī, f. id., ib.; a species of plant, L.

मालहायन mālahāyana, m. patr., Pravar.

माला mālā, mālin. See p. 813, col. 3.

मालिन्द्य mālindya, m. N. of a mountain, VarBrS.

मात्रिन्य mālinya, mfn. (fr. malina), g. samkāšādi; n.foulness, dirtiness, impurity, Kāv.; Kathās.; Rājat.; darkness, obscurity, SārngP.; trouble, shame, affliction (cf. vadana-m).

Hig mālu, m. N. of a partic. mixed caste, BrahmavP. (v.l. mālla); N. of one of Šiva's attendants, L.; f. a species of creeper (=pattra-vallī or pattra-latā), Un.i, 5, Sch.; a woman, L. — dhāna, m. a species of animal, Hcar.; a kind of serpent, L.; (ī), f. a species of creeper (prob. = prec. and next), Bālar. — latā, f. the creeper called mālu, Lalit.

Māluka, m.pl. N. of a people (ī, f.), VP. (cf. krish-na-m°). Mālukācchada, m. a species of tree, L. Mālūka, m. Ocimum Sanctum, L.

Mālorjara (?), m. id., L.

मालुद् māluda, m. or n. a partic. high number, Buddh.

माल्या māluvā, f.a kind of sweet potato, L.

मालूर mālūra, m. a species of plant, Hear. (Aegle Marmelos or Feronia Elephantum, L.)

मालोक māloka and māloji, m. N. of two poets, Cat.

मास्प mālya &c. See col. ा.

明日 mālla, m. (fr. malla, g. saṃkalâdi) N. of a partic. mixed caste (cf. mālu). - vāstava, mfn. (fr. malla-vāstu), Pān. iv, 2, 120, Sch.

Māllavī, f. a procession or expedition of wrestlers (= malla-yātrā), L.

माल्य mālvya, n. (fr. malva) foolishness, inconsiderateness, thoughtlessness (opp. to dhairya), MaitrS.; Kāṭh.

मावत mā-vat, mfn. (for ma-vat, fr. 3. ma) like me, RV. (cf. Pāṇ. v, 2, 39, Vārtt. 1, Pat.)

माविलम्बम् mā-vilambam, °bitam. See under 1. mā, p. 804, col. 2.

मावेझ māvella, m. N. of a son of Vasu (prince of Cedi), MBh.

Māvellaka, m.pl. N. of a people, MBh. (v.l. māvelaka and māvelvaka).

माशिन्दक mā-sabdika. See under 3. mā.

RV.&c.&c.(sg. the plant; pl. the fruit; in later times = Phaseolus Radiatus, a valued kind of pulse having seeds marked with black and grey spots); a partic. weight of gold (= 5 Krishnalas = 10 Suvārņa; the weight in common use is said to be about 17 grains troy), Mn.; Yājñ.; a cutaneous eruption resembling beans, L.; a fool, blockhead, L.; N. of a man, g. bāhv-ādi; pl. (with or scil. akrishtāḥ) wild beans, N. of a Rishi-gaṇa (the children of Su-rabhi, to whom RV. ix, 86, 1-10 is ascribed), RAnukr.; R.; Hariv.; (ī), f., see below. - tilá, m. du. sesamum and beans, TS. - taila, n. an oily preparation from beans,

SārngS. - pattrikā and -parnī, f. Glycine Debilis, Var.; Susr. - pishta, n. ground beans, KātySr. - pushpa, n. the blossom of bos, MBh. - pesham, ind. (with spish) as if beans were ground, Mcar. - prati, ind., Pat. on Pan. ii, I, 19. - mantha, m. a beverage mixed with beans, Kaus. - maya, mf(i)n. consisting of bos, Heat. - mudga-maya, mf(i)n. consisting of Phaseolus Radiatus and Pho Mungo, ib. - rāsi, m. a heap of blossoms, MBh. - varna, mfn. coloured like beans, Susr. - vardhaka, m. a goldsmith, jeweller, L. - sarāvi, m. N. of a man, Laty. (prob. patr. fr. māsha-sarāvin; cf. g. bahv-adi). - sas, ind. Masha-wise, M'by M', Siddh. - sūpa, m. b°-soup, Sušr. - sthalaka, mfn., -sthalī, f., g. dhūmādi (Kāš.) Māshajya, n. a dish of beans dressed or cooked with ghee, AV. Mashada, m. 'b'-eater,' a tortoise, L. Māshasa or sin, m. 'id.,' a horse, L. Māshôna or māshôna, mfn. less by a Māsha, g. giri-nady-ādi.

Māshaka, m. a bean, Sušr.; m. n. a partic. weight of gold &c. (=7 or 8 Guñjās, acc. to some about 4½ grains), Mn.; VarBṛS.; Sušr. (cf. pañca-m°).

Māshi, m. patr. fr. māsha, g. bāhv-ādi (cf. māsha-sarāvi).

Māshika, mf(ī)n. See panca-m°.

Māshī, f. N. of the wife of Sūra, VP.

Māshīṇa, mfn. sown with beans; n. a bean-field, Hcar. (Pān. v, 2, 4).

Māshya, mfn. fit or suited for beans, Pān. v, I, 7; (ifc., after numerals) amounting to or worth a partic. number of Māshas, ib. v, I, 34 (cf. dvi-, adhyardha-m°); n. a field of kidney-beans, W.

मास् 1. mās, n.=māns, flesh, meat, RV.

HIH 2. mās, m. (√3. mā; pl.instr. mādbhís, RV.; loc. māssu, PañcavBr., māsú, TS.) the moon, RV. (cf. candra- and sūrya-mās); a month, ib.&c.&c. [Cf. Gk. μήν, μήνη; Lat. Mēna, mensis; Slav. měseci; Lith. mėnů, mėnesis; Goth. mêna; Germ. mâno, mâne, Mond; Angl. Sax. môna; Eng. moon.]

Māsa, m. (or n., Siddh.) the moon (see pūrna-m°); a month or the 12th part of the Hindu year (there are 4 kinds of months, viz. the solar, saura; the natural, sāvana; the stellar, nākshatra, and the lunar, candra; the latter, which is the most usual and consists of 30 Tithis, being itself of two kinds as reckoned from the new or full moon, cf. IW. 179; for the names of the months see ib. 173, n. 3), RV. &c. &c. (māsam, for a month; māsam ekam, for one month; māsena, in the course of a mo; māse, in a m° = after the lapse of a m°); a symbolical N. for the number 'twelve,' Sūryas. - kālika, mfn. lasting or available for a month, monthly, MBh. -cārika, mfn. practising anything for a mo, ib. -jāta, mfn. a m° old, Pān. ii, 2, 5, Sch. -jña, m. 'knowing m's,' a species of gallinule, L. -tama, mf(i)n. forming or completing a mo, Pan. v, 2, 57. - tālā, f. pl. (prob.) those parts of a calf skin from which the parchment stretched at the end of drums is made, MBh. - tulya, mfn. equal to a mo or to a number of mos, MW. - traya, n. three mos; 'ydvadhi, ind. for the space of three m's, Kathās. -darpana, m. N. of wk. -deya, mfn. to be paid in a m' (as a debt), Pān. ii, 1, 43, Sch. - dvaya, n. two m's; 'yôdbhava, m. a species of rice ripening within two m's, L. - dha, ind. by the m', monthly, AitBr. - naman, n. the name of a m, ManSr. - nirnaya, m. N. of wk. - paka, mfn. maturing or producing results in a mo, VarBrS. - pūrva, mfn. earlier by a mo, Pān. i, 1, 30, Sch. - pramita, mfn. measured by m's, occurring once in a m° (as new moon), VarBrS. (cf. Pān. ii, 1, 28, Sch.) - pravesa, m. the beginning of a month; -sārinī, f., 'sanayana, n. N. of wks. - phala, mf(ā)n. having results in a m°, VarB:S. - bhāj, mfn. partaking of a mo, SBr. - bhāvadhyāya, m. N. of wk. - bhukti, f. the (sun's) monthly course, BhP. - māna, m. a year, L. - mīmānsā, f. N. of wk. -loka (māsá-), f. N. of partic. bricks, SBr. - vartikā, f. a species of wagtail (= sarshapī), L. - sás, ind. m° by m°, for m°s, Br.; KātySr.; MBh. - siva-rātri-vrata-kalpa, m., -siva-rātryudyāpana, n. N. of wks. - samcayika, min. having provisions for a mo, Mn. vi, 18. - stoma, m. N. of an Ekâha, SānkhSr. Māsagnihotravāda, m. N. of wk. Māsadi (ibc.) the beginning of a mo; -nirnaya, m., -bhāva-phala, n. N. of wks. Māsâdhipa, m. the regent or planet presiding over a month, Sūryas. Māsadhipati, m. id. ('tya, n.),