Mcar. °cit, mfn. searching, sifting, VS. °cita, mfn. searched through, searched, MBh. °citi, f. = °caya, Nalôd. °citya, mfn. to be sifted, TS. °cinvatká, mfn. (fr. pr. p. °cinvat) sifting, discriminating, ib.

Vi-cetavya, mfn. to be searched or examined or investigated or found out, MBh.; R. &c. °cetrí, mfn. one who sifts, sifter (with gen.), SBr. °ceya, mfn. to be searched or searched through, R. (-tā-raka, mfn. having the stars distinguishable or separated by long intervals, Ragh.); n. investigation, R.

विचिक्ति vicikila, v.l. for vicakila, L.

fafa vi- 1. cit, P. A. -cetati, to, to perceive, discern, understand, RV.; (A.) to be or become visible, appear, ib.; AV.: Caus. -citayati, to perceive, distinguish, RV. v, 19, 2: Desid. -cikit-sati, to wish to distinguish, ib. iv, 16, 10; to reflect, consider, doubt, be uncertain, hesitate, TS.; Br.; KathUp.; MBh.; BhP. cikitsana, n. (fr. Desid.) the being uncertain, doubtfulness, Samk. cikitsa, f. doubt, uncertainty, question, inquiry, TBr.; ChUp.; BhP.; error, mistake, W.; sârthīya, mfn. expressing doubt or uncertainty, Nir. cikitsya, n. (impers.) it is to be doubted, NrisUp. 2. citta (vi-), mfn. (for 1. see p. 950, col. 2) perceived, observed, perceivable, manifest, AV.; TBr.

2. Vi-cetana, see a-vicetaná. 2. cetas (ví-), mfn. visible, clearly seen, RV.; discerning, wise, ib.

विचित्र vi-citra, $mf(\bar{a})$ n. variegated, manycoloured, motley, brilliant, MBh.; R.&c.; manifold, various, diverse, Mn.; MBh. &c.; strange, wonderful, surprising, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; charming, lovely, beautiful, R.; Ritus.; amusing, entertaining (as a story), Kathās.; painted, coloured, W.; (am), ind. manifoldly, variously, BhP.; charmingly, R.; m. the Asoka tree, L.; N. of a king, MBh.; of a son of Manu Raucya or Deva-sāvarni, Hariv.; Pur.; of a heron, Hit.; (a), f. a white deer, MW.; colocynth, L.; (in music) a partic. Mūrchanā, Samgīt.; N. of a river, VP.; n. variegated colour, party-colour, W.; wonder, surprise, Git.; a figure of speech (implying apparently the reverse of the meaning intended), Kuval.; Pratāp.; -katha, m. 'one whose stories are amusing, N. of a man, Kathās.; -caritra, mfn. behaving in a wonderful manner, MW.; -cīnânsuka, n. variegated China cloth, shot or watered China silk, W.; -tā, f., -tva, n. variegation, variety, wonderfulness, Kāv.; Sāh.; -deha, mfn. having a painted body, W.; elegantly formed, ib.; m. a cloud, L.; -pasu, m. N. of a poet, Cat.; -bhūshana, m. N. of a Kim-nara, Buddh.; -mālyābharana, mfn. having variegated garlands and ornaments, Nal.; -maulisrī-cūda, m. N. of a prince, Buddh.; -rūpa, mfn. having various forms, various, diverse, MBh.; -varshin, mfn. raining here and there (not everywhere), VarBrS.; -vākya-patutā, f. great eloquence, Prasang.; -vāgurbcchrāya-maya, mf(ī)n. filled with various outspread nets, Kathās.; -vīrya, m. of marvellous heroism,' N. of a celebrated king of the lunar race (the son of Samtanu by his wife Satya-vatī, and so half-brother of Bhishma; when he died childless, his mother requested Vyāsa, whom she had borne before her marriage to the sage Parāsara, to raise up issue to Vicitra-vīrya; so Vyāsa married the two widows of his half-brother, Ambikā and Ambālikā, and by them became the father of Dhrita-rashtra and Pandu; cf. IW. 375; 376), MBh.; Hariv.; Pur.; (-sū, f. 'mother of Vicitra-virya,' N. of Satya-vatī, L.); -sinha, m. N. of a man, Rājat.; 'trânga, m. 'having variegated limbs or a spotted body,' a peacock, L.; a tiger, L.; 'trapīda, m. N. of a Vidyā-dhara, Kathās.; 'trâlamkāra-svara, m. N. of a serpentdemon, Buddh. - citraka, mfn. wonderful, surprising, Pancar.; (ifc.) connected with (?), Hcat.; m. Betula Bhojpatra, L.; n. wonder, astonishment, L. - citrita, mfn. variegated, spotted, coloured, painted, MBh.; embellished by, adorned or decorated with (instr. or comp.), MBh.; BhP.; wonderful, W.

विचित्वारा vicitvārā, (prob.) w.r. for vi-

faran vi-vcint, P. A. -cintayati, ote, to perceive, discern, observe, KenUp.; to think of, reflect upon, ponder, consider, regard, mind, care for, MBh.; R. &c.; to find out, devise, investigate, MBh.; Pañcat.; to fancy, imagine, BhP. ocintana, n. thinking, thought, MBh. ocintanīya, mfn. to be considered or observed, VarBrS. ocintā, f. thought, reflection, care for anything, MBh.; R.

ocintita, mfn. thought of, considered, imagined, BhP. ocintitri, mfn. one who thinks of (gen.), MBh. ocintya, mfn. to be considered or thought of or cared for, VarBrS.; Prab.; BhP.; to be found out or devised, Das.; doubtful, questionable, Vām.

বিবিলেক vicilaka, m. a kind of venomous insect, Suir.

विचीधि vi-cīrṇa. See under vi-√car.

विचुम्न vi-√cumb, P. -cumbati, to kiss eagerly, kiss, Sāh.

विच्ल vicula, m. Vangueria Spinosa, L.

faqui vi-\curn, P. -curnayati, to grind to pieces, pound, smash, pulverize, MBh.; R.; Suśr. curnana, n. grinding to pieces, pulverizing, Suśr. curnita, mfn. ground, pounded &c.; m. N. of a man, Virac. curni-\bhū, P.-bhavati, to become pulverized or smashed, become dust, Samk.

tach, untie, open, set free, RV.; AV.; VS.; Kauś. °crít, f. the act of loosening or untying, RV. ix, 84, 2; du. N. of two stars, AV.; of the 17th Nakshatra, TS. °critta (ví-), mfn. loosened, untied, opened, spread, RV.; AV. (°crita, w.r., VS. xxii, 7).

विचेतन vi-cetana, vi-cetas &c. See under vi- √4. cit, col. I.

विचष् vi-vcesht, P. A. -ceshtati, °te, to move the limbs about, writhe, wallow, struggle, MBh.; R.; Hariv.; to bestir or exert one's self, be active or busy, KathUp.; R.; Susr.; act or proceed against, deal with (loc.), Mn.; MBh. &c.: Caus. -ceshtayati, to set in motion, rouse to action, Kathās. ceshtana, n. moving the limbs, MBh.; kicking or rolling (said of horses), Ragh. ceshta, f. motion (see nir-viceshta); acting, proceeding, conduct, behaviour, MBh.; Kām.; BhP. (cf. dur-viceshta); effort, exertion, MW. ceshtita, mfn. struggled, striven, exerted &c.; effected, produced, Hit.; investigated, inquired into, W.; unconsidered, illjudged, ib.; n. motion (of the body), gesture, Kav.; Suir.; action, exertion, conduct, behaviour, Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; evil or malicious act, machination, W. ceshtitri, mfn. moving the limbs, &c., L.

विच्छद् 1. vi-cchad (1. chad), Caus. -cchā-dayati, to uncover, unclothe (only ChUp. viii, 10, 2, as v.l. for -cchāyayati).

विखद् 2.vi-cchad (√3.chad), Caus.-chan-dayati, to render or return homage (?), Buddh.

विकार ví-cchanda, ví-cchandas, vi-cchar-daka. See p. 950, col. 2.

विकट्टन vi-cchardana, n. (\schrid) the act of vomiting, W.; disregarding, ib.; wasting (?), ib. ochardikā, f. the act of vomiting, L. ochardita, mfn. vomited, ejected, W.; disregarded, neglected, ib.; diminished, impaired, ib.

विच्छाय vicchāy, vicchāyati. See vich.

विच्छाय 1.2. vi-cchāya. See pp. 949, 950.

fafes vi-cchid (\sqrt{chid}), P. -chinatti, -chintte, to cut or tear or cleave or break asunder, cut off, divide, separate, AV. &c. &c.; to interrupt (see vi-cchidya); to disturb, destroy, Bhaṭṭ.; to be divided, TS. ochitti (vi-), f. cutting asunder or off, breaking off, prevention, interruption, cessation, TBr. &c. &c.; wanting, lack of (instr.), Sis.; (in rhet.) a pointed or cutting or sharp style, Sāh.; Kuval.; irregularity or carelessness in dress and decoration, Vās.; Dasar.; colouring or marking the body with unguents, painting, Sak.; Sis.; cæsura, pause in a verse, W. ochidya, ind. having cut off &c.; separately, interruptedly, Prab.; Vedântas.

Vi-cchinna, mfn. cut or torn or split or cleft or broken asunder &c., AV.; Hariv.; BhP.; interrupted, disconnected (-tā, f. disconnectedness), incoherent, GṛS.; Kāv.; VarBṛS.; ended, ceased, no longer existing, Rājat.; crooked, L.; anointed, L.; -dhūma-prasara, mfn. having the free course of the smoke interrupted, Ragh.; -prasara (vicchinna-prasara), mfn. having its progress interrupted (said ofscience), Rājat.; -bali-karman, mfn. having sacrificial rites interrupted, ib.; -madya, mfn. one who has

long abstained from spirituous liquor; -sara-pātatva, n. 'distance of an arrow's flight,' i. e. excessive nearness of combatants to each other, MBh.

Vi-ccheda, m. cutting asunder, cleaving, piercing, breaking, division, separation, Kāv.; Sāh.; interruption, discontinuance, cessation, end, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; removal, destruction, Rājat.; Kathās.; (ifc.) injury to, Kām.; distinction, difference (ifc. also 'variety,' i. e. different kinds of), MBh.; Samk.; Sarvad.; division of a book, section, chapter, W.; space, interval, ib.; cæsura, pause in a verse, Ping., Sch. ochedaka, mf(ikā)n. cutting off or asunder, dividing, separating, a cutter, divider, W. ochedana, mfn. separating, interrupting, Susr.; (\bar{a}) , f. breaking off (pl.), Bālar.; n. cutting off, removal, annulment, destruction, Kāv.; VarBṛS.; distinguishing, MBh. occhedanīya, mfn. to be separated, divisible, W. occhedin, mfn. breaking, destroying, MBh.; Pañcar.; having breaks or intervals, VarBrS.

sprinkling, bestrewing, powdering, Kād. °cchu-rita, mfn. bestrewed or powdered or covered or inlaid with (instr. or comp.), Kum.; Vikr.; Caurap.; m. a partic. Samādhi, Kārand.

विद्धोvi-ccho(\scalentername cho), Caus.-cchāyayati, to cut about, wound, MW. (ci. \square).

fay vi-\(\sqrt{cyu}\), Caus. -cyāvayati, to cause to fall to pieces, throw down, destroy, PañcavBr. °cyuta (vi-), mfn. fallen asunder or to pieces, R.; fallen or departed or swerved or deviated from (abl.), Mn.; VarBṛS., Sch.; failed, perished, lost, Yājñ.; loosened, set free, RV. ii, 17, 3; (in surgery) separated from the living part, sloughed, W. °cyuti, f. falling from (lit. and fig.), Kathās.; severance, separation, MBh.; failure, miscarriage (see garbha-v°).

vicchayati, to speak or to shine; vicchāyáti (xxviii, 129; cf. Pān. iii, 1, 28), to go (with ny-ā, to press or rub one's self against): Caus. vicchāyáyati, to press, bring into straits, SBr. (perhapsChUp.viii, 10, 2).

(m. c. also vijati and vejate, and accord. to Dhātup. xxix, 23 and xxv, 12 also cl. I. P. vinakti, and cl. 3. P. Ā. vevekti, vevikte; pf. vivije, 3. pl. 'jre, RV.; aor. vikthās, vikta, ib.; avijīt, avijīshţa, Gr.; fut. vijitā, ib.; vijishyati, MBh.; vejishyati, Satr.; inf. vijitum, Gr.), to move with a quick darting motion, speed, heave (said of waves), SBr.; to start back, recoil, flee from (abl.), RV.; AV.: Caus. vejayati (aor. avīvijat), to speed, accelerate, PañcavBr.; to increase (see vejita); to terrify (see id.): Desid. vivijishati, Gr.: Intens. vevijyate (p. vévijāna), to tremble at (dat.), start or flee from (abl.), RV. [Cf.Germ. wîchen, weichen; Angl. Sax. wîkan; Eng. vigorous; weak.]

Vigna, mfn. shaken, agitated, terrified, alarmed, Ragh.; Kathās.

Vigra or Vigrá, mfn. (perhaps) strong, vigorous (according to Naigh. = medhāvin), RV.; noseless (prob. for vi-ghra, cf. jighra), L.

2. Víj, m. or f. (prob.) a stake at play, RV. ('a

bird,' Sāy.)

1. Vijita, mfn. (for 2. see under vi-\/ji) to be apprehended or feared, W.

Wijitri, mfn. who or what separates or divides, W.; m. a judge, discriminator, distinguisher, ib.

विजाध vi-jagdha, mfn. (√jaksh) eaten up, devoured, MBh. Vijagdhaka, g. varāhādi.

বিসন্ধ vi-jangha &c. See p. 950, col. 2. বিসন্ধ vi-janjapa, mfn. (fr. Intens. of \sqrt{jap}) whispering, Nir. v, 22.

ras, gen. "núshas, RV.; inf. ví-janitos, TS.), to be born or produced, originate, arise, RV. &c. &c.; to be transformed, turn into, become (nom.), MBh.; to bear young, generate, bring forth, produce, AV.; TS.; Br.; MBh. "janana, n. the act of generating or bringing forth, birth, delivery, L. "janita, mfn. born, begotten, W. "janyā, f. a woman that is about to bring forth a child, pregnant, PārGṛ. "jāta, mfn. born, transformed &c.; born separately, W.; baseborn, of mixed origin, ib.; (ā), f. a woman who has borne children, mother, matron, L. "jāman, mfn. related i.e. corresponding to each other, symmetrical, RV.; AV.; SBr. "jāvatī (ví-), f. (a woman) that