n. a kind of Cyperus rotundus (also -pūra, Sch.), 1 L.; 'Decapolis,' the modern Man-dasor (in Malwa), Megh. 47; VarBrS. xiv, 13; HParis. xiif.; (i), f.id., Kād. - puramdara, N. of a town or district, Sinhas.2 xxix. - purusham, ind. through a series of 10 ancestors, AsvSr.; SānkhSr.; shám-rājya, n. a kingdom inherited through a series of 10 ancestors, SBr. xii, 9, 3; "shanukam, ind. backwards through 10 generations, Pān. iv, 1, 93, Vārtt. 5, Pat. - pūra, see -pura. - pūrusha, min. being the 10th in the succession of generations, MBh. xiii, 4297. - pūrvaratha, see -ratha. - purvin, m. 'knowing 10 (of the 14) Pūrvas,' N. of 7 Jain patriarchs. - pūlī, f. 10 bunches, Pān. ii, 1, 51, Vārtt. 6, Pat. - péya, m. N. of a Soma libation (part of a Rāja-sūya), SBr. v; TāndyaBr.; AsvSr.; SānkhSr.; KātySr. - pramati (dáso), mfn. (Agni) taken care of by the 10 (fingers), RV. i, 141, 2. - phala-vrata, n. N. of an observance, Vratapr. viii. - baddha, mfn. pl. bound in numbers of 10, Hariv. 3507. - bandha, m. a 10th part, Mn. viii, 107. - bandhaka, ifc. = dha, Yājñ. ii, 76. - bala, m. possessing 10 powers,' N. of a Buddha, L.; -kūšyapa, m. N. of one of the first 5 pupils of Sākya-muni; -balin, mfn. possessing the 10 powers, Divyav. viii, 81; ix, 17. - bahu, m. 'ten-armed, 'Siva, L. - brihat, m (nom. "hat) fn. having 10 large parts of the body, R. (B) v, 35, 20. - brāhmana, N. of Jāt. 495. - bhujā, f. 'ten-armed,' Durgā, KālP. - bhuji (dášo), mfn. =-guna, RV. i, 52, II. - bhūmi, N. of a Buddh. Sütra; -ga, m. 'traversing the Io stages,' a Buddha, L.; 'mîša, m.id., L.; 'mîšvara, m. = 'mi. - bhūmika, = mi, Buddh. L. - mahā-vidyā, f. 'possessing the 10 great sciences, Durga, W. - mānika, m. pl. N. of a people, VāyuP. i, 45, 117; (-nāmaka, MatsyaP. cxiii, 42). - māya (dáš°), mfn. having Jo tricks, RV. vi, 20, 8. - mārikā, f. 'killer of 10,' N. of a woman, Kathās. lxvi, 86. - māla, n. 10 garlands, L.; (i), f. id., L. - mālika, = -mānika, MBh. vi, 374. - māsya (dáš°), mfn. 10 months old (the child just before birth; cf. á-), RV. v, 78, 7f.; AV. i, iii; AsvGr.; BhP.; let loose for 10 months (a horse), SBr. xiii, 5, 4, 22. — mukha, m. = -kantha, Megh.; Gīt.; Prab.; Sāh.; n. pl. 10 mouths, BhP. ix; (ī), f. id., Bālar. i, 33; v, 17; -ripu, m. enemy of Rāvaṇa, 'Rāma, Ragh. xiv, 87; -vadha, m. 'slaughter of Rāvaṇa,' N. of a poem (different from Setub. ?), Kāvyâd. i, 34, Sch.; °khântaka, m. = °šaripu, L. - mutraka, n. the urine of 10 (elephant, buffalo, camel, cow, goat, sheep, horse, donkey, man, and woman), L.; cf. Susr.i, 45, 11, 1 & 12. - mula, n. a tonic medicine prepared from 10 roots (trikantaka, both kinds of brihatī, prithak-parnī, vidāri-gandhā, bilva, agni-mantha, tuntuka, pātalā, & kāsmarī), i, 38; iv, 37; (ī), f. id., 15; Car. vi, 22. - yantra (dáš°), mfn. = 'šábhīšu, RV. x, 94, 8; having 10 water-raising machines, yi, 44, 24. - yoktra (dáš°), mfn. having 10 girths, x, 94,7. - yoga-bhanga, m. a method of fixing the position of a Nakshatra, Jyot. - yojana (dášo), mfn. 10 times fastened, RV. x, 94, 7; n. a distance of 10 Yojanas, R. i, 1, 63; ( $\bar{i}$ ), f. id., Kathäs. xciv, 14. - ratha (dáš°), mfn. having 10 chariots, RV. i, 126, 4; m. N. of Rāma's father (descendant of Ikshvāku, sovereign of Ayodhyā), R. i; ii, 63 f. (death of D°); Jat. 461; Hariv. 821 f.; Ragh. viii, 29 (-pūrva-ratha); BhP. ix, 10,1; VP. iv, 4, 40 & 18, 3; N. of an ancestor of Rama's father, 4, 38; of a son of Nava-ratha, 12, 16; BhP. ix, 24, 4; Hariv. 1993; of Roma- or Loma-pāda, 1696; VP. iv, 18, 3; of a son of Su-yasas, 24, 8 (dāso, v.l.) & Inscr. (in Prākrit Dasalatha); n. the body, Npr.; -tattva, n. N. of a work; -yajñarambha, m. N. of PadmaP, iv, 14; -lalitā-vrata, n. N. of an observance, Vratapr. iv; -vijaya, m. N. of PadmaP. iv, 12. - rasmi-sata, m. = - sata-ro, Ragh. viii, 29. - rātrá, mfn. lasting 10 days, SBr. xiii; KātyŚr. xxi; m. a 10 days' ceremony, TāndyaBr.; KātySr. xxiii; SānkhSr.; N. of a 10 days' ceremony (forming the chief part of the Dvādasaha), SBr. xii; Kāty-Sr.; 10 days, xxv; SānkhSr.; Kauś.; Gobh.; Mn.; R. (n., iii, 2, 12); MārkP.; -parvan, n. N. of a Saman. - rupa, in comp. the 10 forms of Vishnu (hence 'pa-bhrit, m. 'N. of Vishnu,' L.), Dasar. i, 2; the 10 kinds of dramas, Bhar. xix, 46; n. N. of a work on rhetorical and dramatic composition (also called paloka & pavaloka, m.) - rūpaka, n. id., Mall. on Kum. & Sis.; Anand. 51, Sch.; the 10 kinds of dramas, Vām. i. - rca, n. a hymn of 10 Ric verses, AV. xix, 23, 7; Kāth. xxi, 10; TS. v, 4, 6,

4; KātyŠr. xx, 6, 18. - rshabha (dáš°), mf(ā)n. consisting of 10 (rish°) bulls, TS. ii, 1, 4, 1. - lakshana, n. 10 marks or attributes, W.; mfn. relating to 10 objects, BhP. ii, 9, 43; (1), f. '10 chs.,' N. of Kanada's Sūtras, Sarvad. x, 8. - lakshanaka, mfn. tenfold, Mn. vi, 91 & 94. - vaktra, m. N. of a magical formula pronounced over weapons, R. (G) i, 31, 6. - vadana, m. = -kantha, Bhatt. ix, 137. - varga, m. a collection of 10, KatySr. xxii; mfin. forming a collection of 10, Divyav. i, 325. -varsha, mfn. 10 years old, Ap.; Mn. ii, 135. -varshin, mfn. id., MBh. xiii, 8, 21. - varshiya, mfn. id., Pancar. i, 3, 9. - vajin, m. having 10 horses,' the moon, L. - vara, mfn. 10 times repeated, Pancar. i, 8, 31. - varshika, mf(i)n. = -varsha, R. iv, 48, 12; lasting 10 years, Pancat. iii, 2, 5; happening after 10 years, Yājñ. ii, 24. - vidha, min. of 10 kinds, tenfold, Jain.; Samkhyak.; BhP. iii; -snāna-mantra, m. pl. N. of particular hymns, AsvMantraS. - vīra (dáš°), mfn. granting 10 men, VS.; TāṇdyaBr. - vriksha, m. N. of a tree, AV. ii, 9, I. - vrishá, mfn. possessing 10 bulls, v, 16, 10. - vaikālika, n. N. of a Jain text, HParis. v, 85. - vraja (dáš°), m. 'having 10 cow-sheds,' N. of a man, RV. viii, 8 & 49 f. - sata, mfn. numbering 10 hundred, AV. v, 18, 10; n. 110, SānkhSr. xi; Lāty.ix; 1000, MBh. iii, xiii; Padyas.; (ī), f. 1000, Naish. v, 19; Rājat. vi, 38; -karadhārin, mfn. thousand-rayed (the moon), Hit. i, 2, 16; -tama, mfn. the I 10th (ch. of R. [G] ii & vi); -nayana, m. 'thousand-eyed,' Indra, Lalit. xv, 162 & 202; -rasmi, m. 'thousand-rayed,' the sun, L., Sch.; 'taksha, mfn. thousand-eyed (Indra), MBh. vii, xiii; Das. xi, 121; 'tanghri, m. 'thousandfooted, Asparagus racemosus, Npr.; tara, n. Vishnu's thousand-fellied disc, BhP. iii, 28, 27. - sala (dás), a distance of 10 Salas, AV. viii, 7, 28. - sākha (dáš°), mfn. having 1000 fingers, RV. x, 137, 7. - sipra (dáš°), m. N. of a man, viii, 52, 2. - siras, m. 'ten-headed,' Ravana, L., Sch.; 'tenpeaked,' N. of a mountain, R. iv, 43, 51. - sīrsha (dás°), mfn. ten-headed, AV. iv, 6, 1; MBh. i, 2162; m. Rāvana, R. iv, 10, 22; N. of a magical formula pronounced over weapons, i, 30, 5. - slokī, f. ten Slokas (on Vedânta phil. by Samkara), KäšīKh. lxxxvii, 33, Sch. - sani, mfn. winning 10, MantraBr. i, 7, 6. - saptā, f. N. of a Vishtuti of the Saptadasa-stoma, TāndyaBr. ii, 7. - sahaika, mfn. 10 + 1, RPrāt. xvi, 36. - sāhasra, mfn. = °srika, MBh. if., iv; R. vi; n. 10000, Hariv. - sāhasrika, mfn. numbering 10000, 6312. - stobha, n. N. of a Sāman. - harā, f. 'taking away the 10 sins,' the Ganga; a festival in honour of the Ganga (on the 10th day of Jyaishtha, Vratapr. x; now held in honour of Durga in month Asvin), PSarv.; -kathā, f., -stotra, n. N. of 2 works. - hala,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . consisting of 10 ploughs, Heat. i, 5, 889. - hotri (dáso), m. N. of MaitrS. i, 9, 1 = Kāth. ix, 8 = TAr. iii, 1 f. (symbolizing the 10 parts of a sacrifice), TBr. ii; TandyaBr. xxv; Laty.x; SankhSr.; ManSr.i. Dasansa, m. a 10th part, Sāktân. xii; Hcat. i, 10 f. Dasaksha, m. N. of a formula pronounced over weapons, R. i, 30, 5. Dásákshara,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . containing 10 syllables, VS. ix, 33; TS. v, 4, 6, 4; SBr. Dasagni, mfn. worshipping 10 Agnāyīs, Pat. on Pāņ. i, 1, 58, Vārtt. 2 & iv, 1, 36, Värtt. 2. Dasangula, n. a length of 10 fingers, RV. x, 90, 1; mfn. 10 fingers long, Mn. viii, 271; n. a water-melon, Npr. Dasadhipati, m. a commander of 10 men, MBh. xii, 3712. Dasanana, m. = 'sa-kantha, R. iii; vi, 5, 21; Ragh. x, 76. Dasanika, m. Croton polyandrum or Tiglium, L. Dasanīkinī, f. 'ten-arrayed,' a complete army, L. Dasanugana, n. N. of several Samans, ArshBr. Dasantarushya, n. a distance of 10 stations, RV. x, 51, 3. Dasabdakhya, mfn. existing for 10 years, Mn. ii, 134; cf. Ap. i, 14, 13. Dásabhīsu, mfn. having 10 bridles, RV. x, 94, 7. Dasaritra, mfn. having 10 aritra parts (a chariot), ii, 18, 1. Dasarna, mfn. having 10 syllables, VS. iii, 41, Sch.; m. pl. (g. vimuktadi) 'Ten Lakes,' N. of a people (south-east of Madhya-desa, VarBrS.), MBh.; Hariv.; R.; Megh.; sg. a Dašârņa king, MBh. v, 7519; n. the Dasarna country, Pan. vi, 1, 89, Vartt. 8, Pat. (daša+rina); (ā), f. the Dasan river (rising in Bhopal and emptying into the Betwa); cf. daso. Dasarneyu, m. N. of a son of Raudrasva, Hariv. 1660. Dasardha, mfn. pl. 'half of ten,' five, Mn. i, 27; MBh. i; -tā, f. (=pañca-tva) dissolu-

tion of the body into the 5 elements, iii, 209, 26;

-bāna, m. 'five-arrowed,' Kāma, Naish. viii, 73; -vayas, mfn. 5 years old, BhP.v, 15, 30. Dasarha, (g. vimuktadi & prajnadi) m. pl. (g. paršv-ādi) N. of a warrior tribe, MBh. iii; BhP. i, 11, 12; sg. of its ancestor (being of Yadu's family), ix, 24, 3; VP. iv, 12, 16; VāyuP. ii, 33, 40; LingaP. i, 68, 42 f.; MatsyaP. xliv, 40; AgP.; BrahmaP.; Hariv. 1991; Krishna, MBh. xiii, 7003 (dāš°, B); = sabhūmi-ga, L.; (ī), f. a Dasarha princess, g. paršvādi; cf. su-. Dasarhaka, m. pl. (g. yāvadi, Gaņar. 187) the Dasarhas, BhP. ix, 24, 62. Dasalamkara-manjari, f. N. of a work. Dasavatara, m. = sa-rupa) Vishne, L.; n. N. of an observance (performed on the 10th day of the light half of Bhadrapada, Vratapr. x), BhavP. ii, 60; -carita, n. N. of a work. Dasavara, mfn. pl. at least 10, Gaut. xxviii, 48 f.; mf(a)n. sg. consisting of at least 10, Mn. xii, 110f.; m. N. of an evil spirit, MBh. ii, 367. Dasavarta, mfn. having 10 crowns, R. v, 32, 12. Dasasva, m. = 'sa-vājin, L.; N. of a son of Ikshvāku, MBh. xiii, 89 f. Dasasvamedha, n. the Tirtha of the 10 horse-sacrifices, iii, 5084; Revä-Kh. ccviii & cclvii; KāšīKh. lii; SambhMāh. v; cf. dāš°. Dasasvamedhika, n. id., MBh. iii, 6034; Hariv. 9522. Dásasya, mfn. ten-mouthed, AV. iv, 6, 1; m. Rāvaņa, R. iii, 55, 12; Sāh. vi, 27; -jit, m. 'conqueror of Rāvaņa,' Rāma, L.; 'syântaka, m. id., RāmatUp. i, 32. Dasaha, m. 10 days, SBr. xiii; AsvGr.; Mn.; R.; a ceremony lasting 10 days, KātySr. xxiii; Lāty. x, 10. Dasendra, mfn. worshipping the 10 Indranis, Pat. on Pan. i, 1, 58, Vartt. 2 & iv, 1, 36, Vārtt. 2; i, 2, 49, Kās. Dasendriya, n. pl. the 10 organs (indo, q. v.), W. Dasesa, m. = 'sa-pa, Mn. vii, 116. Dasaikādasika, mf(i)n. 'taking II for 10,' lending money at 10 per cent., Pān. iv, 4, 31. Dás'oni, m. N. of a man protected by Indra, RV. vi, 20, 4 & 8; x, 96, 12. Dás'onya, m. id., viii, 52, 2. Daśôpanishad-bhāshya, n. N. of a Comm. by Ananda-tirtha.

Dašaka, mín. consisting of 10, having 10 parts, RPrāt.; Mn.; Chandaḥs.; Kāś.; Kām.; (with śata) 10 per cent., Yājñ. ii; m. one in a decad of chs. (of the Sāma-tantra); n. a decad, Śāntiś. iv, 7; Kathās. cii, 108; KātyŚr. xvii, 6, 3, Sch. — māsika, mín. hired for 10 months, Pān. v, 4, 116, Vārtt. 4, Pat.

Dasat, (1, 60) mfn. consisting of 10, Kāš.; f. a decad, MaitrS. i; TS. vii; TBr. i; SBr.; TāṇḍyaBr. Dasataya, mf(i)n. (Pāṇ. v, 2, 42) consisting of 10, tenfold, RV. i; (i), f. N. of a Comm.; pl. (scil. ricas) the 10 Maṇḍalas of RV., Lāṭy. x; Nir.; cf. dāš. Dasati, f. a decad of verses in SV. (nom. ti, v.l.

°tyā); 1c 2 (only nom. acc. °tīr daša, '1000'), MBh.

Dašan, pl. (g. svasr-ādi, Gaņar. 42) ten (nom. acc. dáša, RV. &c.; instr. [dáša, x, 101, 10 &] dašábhis, loc. °šásu, RV. &c.; both forms & °šabhyas
in Class. also oxyt., Pāņ. vi, I, 177 ff.); cf. ά-, δέκα.

Dasamá, mf(i)n. the 10th, RV. i (with yugá = °mi, 158, 6); x; AV. v; xiii; VS. &c.; n. with áhan, the last day of the Dasa-rātra ceremony, TBr. ii; SBr. xii; TāṇḍyaBr.; SāṅkhSr.; (without ahan) Lāṭy.; (proparox., Pāṇ. v, 3, 49) a 10th part, Mn. viii f.; (ám), ind. for the 10th time, RV. viii, 24, 23; TBr. ii; (i), f. the 10th stage of human life (age from 91 to 100 years), AV. iii, 4, 7; TāṇḍyaBr.; Gaut.; Mn. ii; (scil. tithi) the 10th day of the halfmoon, iii, 276; MBh. &c.; the 10th day after birth, Pat. Introd. 73; [cf. Lat. decimus.] - bhāva, m. the culminating point, or that point in which the meridian crosses a given circle, Sūryas., Sch. Dasamin, mfn. 91-100 years old, SāṅkhBr. xiii, 3, Sch.

Dasin, mfn. having 10 parts, SBr. xiii; AitBr.; Lāty.; Maš.; RPrāt.; m. = sa-grāmin, Mn. vii, 119.

tooth, Mn. &c. (ifc. f. ā, iii, 10; MBh. xii; Megh, &c.); a bite, Vātsyāy. i, 1, 2; m. a peak, L.; n. (= danā) armour, L. -cchada, m. = danta-, MBh.; Hariv.; R.; BhP. - pada, n. 'teeth-mark,' a bite, Gīt. viii, 6. - bīja, the pomegranate, Npr. - vasana, n. = -cchada, Prasannar. ii, 9; onângarāga, m. pl. N. of a Kalā (q. v.), Vātsyāy. i, 3, 17. - vāsas, n. = -vasana, L. - vyaya, m. loss of the teeth, W. Dašanānšu, m. pl. brightness of the teeth, Kum. vi, 25. Dašanānka, m. = ona-pada, W. Dašanādhyā, f. Oxalis corniculata, L. Dašanôcchishta, m. a kiss, L.; a sigh, L.; a lip, L.

cus; cf. \dasasya, Nom. (fr. \sias = Lat. de-cus; cf. \dasasya, Nom. (fr. \sias = Lat. de-cus; cf. \dasasya, \dasasya, \sias \sias \sias \gamma\dasasya, \sias \sias \gamma\dasasya, \gamma\dasasya, \sias \gamma\dasasya, \sias \gamma\dasasya, \sias \gamma\dasasya, \sias \gamma\dasasya, \sias \gamma\dasasya, \ga