- tva, n. mixedness, ib. - bhūta (āmišrī-), mfn. mixed, mingled; -tva, n. mixedness.

আদি স্থ ā-mišla, mfn. having a tendency to mix; āmišla-tama (superl.), mfn. readily mixing, RV. vi, 29, 4.

with 1. āma; fr. $\sqrt{2}$. mish, 'to wet,' T.), flesh, MBh.; Mn.; Pañcat.; Hit.; Ragh. &c.; food, meat, prey; an object of enjoyment, a pleasing or beautiful object &c., Mn.; Ragh.; Kathās. &c.; coveting, longing for; lust, desire; a gift, boon, fee, L.; (i), f., N. of a plant, L. — tā, f. and -tva, n. the state of being a prey or preyed upon, Hit. &c.; — priya, mfn. fond of flesh-meat, carnivorous; (as), m. a heron, L. — bhuj, mfn. carnivorous. Āmishāsin, mfn. carnivorous, eating flesh and fish, Kathās.

Āmis, n. raw flesh, meat; a dead body, RV. vi, 46, 14 [āmishi].

आमी ā- \mi, P. -mināti (RV. vi, 30, 2, &c.) to destroy, neutralize, curtail, RV.; to put aside or away, cause to disappear or vanish, displace; to exchange, RV. i, 92, 10, &c.; to put or push out of place, TBr.: Ā. (impf. âminanta) to vanish, disappear, RV. i, 79, 2: Intens. (p. -mémyāna) to change, alter, RV. i, 96, 5.

खामी खा āmīkshā, f. = amikshā, q. v.

आमोल् ā-√mīl, Caus. P.-mīlayati, to close the eyes, Kāvyād.; BhP.; Das.

A-mīlana, am, n. the act of closing the eyes, Kād.; Amar.

आमीव ā-√mīv, P.-mīvati, to press, push, open by pressure, TBr.; SBr.

A-mīvat-ká, mfn. pushing, pressing, TS. iv, 5, 9, 2.

A-mīvita, mfn. pressed, opened by pressure, TBr. आमुक्तित ā-mukulita, mfn. (fr. mukalaya,

Nom. with \bar{a}), a little open (as a blossom), Kād.

In the angle \bar{a} -mukha, am, n. commencement,

L.; prelude, prologue, Sāh.; (am), ind. to the face.

A-mukhī- \sqrt{kri} , to make visible. $-\sqrt{bh\bar{u}}$,

to become visible.

garment or ornament &c.), Ragh.; Mālav.; Hariv. &c.; to put off (clothes &c.), to undress, R.; to let go; to throw, sling, cast, MBh.; Megh. &c.

A-mukta, mfn. put on (as a garment &c.), dressed, accoutred, MBh.; Rājat.; Šiš. &c.; put off, left off, undressed; let go, discharged, cast, shot off; (am), n. armour, L.

Ā-mukti, f. putting on; cloth, armour, L. Ā-moka, as, m. putting or tying on, T.

A-mocana, am, n. putting or tying on, R.; emitting, shedding, &c., L.

आमुप āmupa, as, m. the cane Bambusa Spinosa Hamilt. Roxb., L.

आमुर ā-múr and ā-múri, m. (√mṛi), destroying, hurting; destroyer, RV.

आमुप् ā- \mush, P. (impf. amushnāt, RV. x, 67, 6) to draw or pull towards one's self; to take away, RV.

Ā-moshá, as, m. robbing, stealing, SBr. xii. Ā-moshin, mfn. stealing, a thief, Pān.

min, loc. of adas), of that state; being there, belonging to the other world, Sušr.; Sāh.; Daš. &c. -tva, n. the state of being there or belonging to the other world, Nyāyam.

Amushyakulikā, f. (fr. amushya-kula), the being of that family, Pāņ. vi, 3, 21, Kāš.

Amushyaputrikā, f. (fr. amushya-putra), the being the son of that one, ib.

Amushyāyaṇá, mf(ī)n. (gaṇa nadādi, Pāṇ. iv, 1,99), a descendant of such a one, AV.; SBr.; Sāṅkh-Gṛ. &c.; (as), m. a son or descendant of an illustrious person, L.

आमृतेरयस āmūrtarayasa, as, m. a descendant of Amūrta-rayas, MBh.

आम्धान्तम् ā-mūrdhântam, ind up to the crown of the head, Kathās.

आमूलम् ā-mūlam, ind. to the root, by the root, entirely, radically, Kathās.; from the beginning.

आमृज ā- \minimizer, P. -mrijati, to wipe away or off; to rub, clean, MBh.; Sak.; BhP. &c.: Intens. (p. -mármrijat, RV. x, 26, 6) to smooth, polish, clean.

A-mṛijya, ind. p. having wiped away or off.

1. A-mṛishṭa, mfn. wiped off, clean; (for 2. ā-mṛishṭa see under ā-\sqrt{mṛis}.)

आमृण ā-mṛiṇa, mfn. (/mṛiṇ), violating, hurting; enemy; (cf. an-ā°.)

आमृत \bar{a} -mṛita, mfn. ($\sqrt{mṛi}$), killed, struck by death; (cf. an- \bar{a} °.)

आमृद् ā- \mrid, P. -mridnāti, to crush by rubbing; to crumple; to mix together, R.; Sušr.

A-marda, as, m. crushing, handling roughly, Sak.; MBh.; pressing, squeezing, Kathās.; N. of a town.

A-mardaka, as, m., N. of Kālabhairava.

A-mardin, mfn. crushing, pressing, handling roughly, R.

Sis.; to touch, taste, enjoy (a woman); to consider, reflect upon, MBh.; Sak.; Kum.; (p. -mrisat) to rub off, wipe away, remove, Sis. vi, 3: Pass. -mrisyate, to be eaten, Ragh. v, 9 [Mall. bhakshyate]: Caus. -marsayati, to consider, reflect upon.

A-marsa, as, m. touching, L.; contact; nearness, similarity, AsvSr. ii, 2, 13, 32.

A-marsana, am, n. touching, wiping off, L.

आमृष् ā-√mṛish, Ā. -mṛishyate, to bear patiently, MBh.: Caus. -marshayati, id., MBh.; R. (for āmarsha see s. v.)

आमेखलम् ā-mekhalam, ind. to the edge (of a mountain), Kum. i, 5.

आमेन्य āmenyá, mfn. to be measured from all sides [Sāy.], RV. v, 48, 1.

आमोक्षण ā-mokshaṇa, am, n. fastening or tying on or to, R.

स्नामोचन ā-mocana. See under ā- /muc.

ming, cheering up, SBr.; KātyŚr.; (as), m. joy, serenity, pleasure, R.; fragrancy, a diffusive perfume; strong smell, smell, Ragh.; Megh.; Šiš.; Kathās. &c.; Asparagus Racemosus, L. − jananī, f. 'causing a strong smell,' betel, ib.

Ā-modana, am, n. rejoicing, delighting, L. Ā-modita, mfn. perfumed, Ritus.; BhP. &c.

Amodin, mfn. fragrant; ifc. fragrant or perfumed with, e. g. kadambamodin, perfumed with Kadambas; (i), m. a perfume for the mouth made up in the form of a camphor pill &c.

आमोष ā-mosha, &c. See under ā-√mush.

आमोहिनका āmohanikā, f. (√muh, Caus.), a particular fragrant odour, Susr. ii, 163, 14.

आसा ā-√mnā, P. -manati, to utter, mention, allege; to cite, quote; to commit to memory, hand down in sacred texts; to celebrate, KātyŚr.; Lāṭy.; BhP.; Mālav.; Kum. &c.

A-mnāta, mfn. mentioned, quoted, committed to memory, handed down in sacred texts; taught; celebrated, KātyŚr.; BhP.; Kum. &c.

A-mnātavya, mfn. to be mentioned or quoted, APrāt.

Amnātin, ī, m. (fr. ā-mnāta), one who has mentioned or quoted, Comm. on Pān. ii, 3, 36.

A-mnāna, am, n. mention, handing down by sacred texts, KātyŠr.; study of the sacred texts, T.

A-mnāya, as, m. sacred tradition, sacred texts handed down by repetition; that which is to be remembered or studied or learnt by heart; a Veda or the Vedas in the aggregate; received doctrine, VPrāt.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; traditional usage, family or national customs; advice, instruction in past and present usage; a Tantra; a family, series of families, L.—rahasya, n., N. of a work.—sārin, mfn. observing the Vedas and traditional customs, pious; containing the essence of the Veda, L.

Amnāyin, ī, m. an orthodox Vaishnava, L.

সাম্ব āmbá, as, m. a species of grain, TS.; Kāṭh.

आमुरीपपुतक āmbarīshaputraka, mfn. belonging to or inhabited by the Ambarīsha-putras, (gaṇa rājanyêdi, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 53.)

সামুষ āmbashṭha, as, m. a man belonging to the Ambashṭha people, Pāṇ.

Ambashthya, as, m. a king of the Ambashthas, AitBr. viil, 21, 6; (ā), f., Pāņ. iv, 1, 74.

भामिक य āmbikeya, as, m. (gaņa subhrādi, Pāṇ. iv, I, I23), a descendant of Ambikā; N. of Dhṛita-rāshṭra, MBh.; of Kārttikeya, L.; of a mountain, VP. ii, 4, 63.

आमृद āmbuda, mfn. (fr. ambu-da), coming from a cloud, Naish.

आमास āmbhasa, mfn. (fr. ambhas), consisting of water, being watery, fluid, MBh.

Āmbhasika, mfn. living in water, aquatic; (as), m. a fish, Comm. on Pān. iv, 4, 27.

Āmbhi, mfn, a descendant of Ambhas, (gana bāhv-ādi, Pān. iv, 1, 96.)

आम्भृणी āmbhṛiṇī, f.daughter of Ambhṛiṇa, N. of Vāc; (see ambhṛiṇa.)

भाम्यक्ष ā- / myaksh, P. (pf. -mimikshús) to be contained or possessed by (loc.), RV. vi, 29, 2 & 3.

आम āmra, as, m. the mango tree, Mangifera Indica; MBh.; R.; Sak. &c.; (am), n. the fruit of the mango tree, Suir.; SBr.; &c.; a particular weight. - kūta, m., N. of a mountain, Megh. 17. -gandhaka, m., N. of a plant, L. -gandhiharidra, f. Curcuma Reclinata, Bhpr. - gupta, m., N. of a man, Pān. (Amraguptāyani and gupti, m. a descendant of Amra-gupta, ib.) - taila, n. mango oil, L. - nisā, f. Curcuma Reclinata, L. - pancama, m. a particular Rāga (in music). - pāla, m., N. of a king; (i), f., N. of a woman. - pesī, f. a portion of dried mango fruit, L. - phala-prapānaka, n. a cooling drink made of mangoes, Bhpr. - maya, mfn. made of mangoes (as sauce), L. - vana (Pān. viii, 4, 5), n. a mango forest, R.; Das. &c. - vāta, -vātaka, and -vātika, m. the hog-plum, Spondias Mangifera, L. Amravarta, m. inspissated mango juice, L. Amrasthi, n. kernel of the mango fruit, Bhpr.

Amrāta, as, m. the hog-plum, Spondias Mangifera, Susr.

Amrātaka, as, m. the hog-plum, Spondias Mangifera, MBh.; R.; Sušr.; inspissated mango juice, L.; N. of a mountain, R.; (i), f. a kind of climbing plant, L. Amrātakêšvara, n., N. of a Linga.

Amrāvatī, f., N. of a town, R.

Āmrin, mfn. containing mango trees. Comm. on Pān.

Amriman, ā, m. the state of being a mango tree (?), Pāṇ. v, I, I23, (gana dridhādi.)

Amrya, am, n. id.

आयड ā-√mred, Caus. P. -mredayati, to repeat, MBh.

A-mreda, as, m. repetition, Balar.

A-mredana, am, n. tautology, reiteration of words and sounds, L.

A-mredita, mfn. reiterated, repeated; (am), n. repetition of a sound or word; (in Gr.) reduplication, reiteration, the second word in a reiteration, Pān.; APrāt. &c.

rind tree, Tamarindus Indica, L.; (am), n. sourness, acidity, L. — vallī, f. a species of plant, L. — ve-tasa, m. the plant Rumex Vesicarius (= $amla^{\circ}$).

Amlikā and āmlīkā, f. the tamarind tree; sourness in the mouth, acidity of stomach $(=amlīk\bar{a})$, L.

साम्रान ā-mlāna, mfn., v.1. for a-mlāna, q. v., Ragh. xvi, 75.

proach, RV. ii, 38, 10; ChUp.; income, revenue; gain, profit, Pāṇ.; Mn.; Yājñ.; MBh.; Hit. &c.; the eleventh lunar mansion, VarBiS.; a die, Jyot.; the number four, ib.; N. of a kind of formulas inserted at particular occasions of a sacrifice, ŚāṅkhŚr. Comm.;