মান rātna, mf(ī)n. consisting of pearls,
HPariš.

रात्र rātra, rātraka. See below.

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रात्रि ratri or (older) ratri, f. (prob. bestower, fr. \ra; or 'season of rest,' fr. \ram) night, the darkness or stillness of night (often personified), RV. &c. &c. (rātrau or tryām, ind. at n°, by n°; rātrau sayanam, a festival on the 11th day of the first half of the month Ashadha, regarded as the night of the gods, beginning with the summer solstice, when Vishnu reposes for four months on the serpent Sesha); = ati-rātra, SBr.; = rātri-paryāya, ib.; = rātri-sāman, Lāty.; (only rātri) one of the 4 bodies of Brahma, VP.; = haridra, turmeric, MBh.; Suir.; (with the patr. Bhāradvājī) N. of the authoress of RV. x, 127, Anukr. - kara, m. nightmaker, the moon, Inscr. - kala, m. no-time, MW. -cara, m. 'n'-wandering,' a thief, robber, L.; a n°-watcher, watchman, W.; a Rākshasa, L. (ī, f., Bhatt.) - carya, f. = -cara, MBh.; a no ceremony, Kathas. - cara, m. n°-roving, Sringar. - cchandas, n. a metre employed at the Atiratra, SankhBr. - ja, n. 'night-born,' a star, L. - jala, n. 'no-water,' dew, mist, L. - jagara, m. n°-watching, Ragh.; 'nightwatcher,' a dog, L.; -da, m. 'causing n'-watching,' a mosquito, L. - jagarana, n. n°-watching, MW. -m-cara, m. = rātri-co, a Rākshasa, L. - tarā, f. (compar. of ratri) the depth or dead of no, Pan. vi, 3, 17, Sch. - tithi, f. a lunar night, Süryapr. -divam, w.r. for ratrim-do, Kathas. - devata, $mf(\bar{a})n$, having the n° as a deity, AsvGr. – dvish, m. 'n'-hater,' the sun, L. - nātha, m. 'n'-lord,' the moon, Vāstuv. - nāsana, m. 'n'-destroyer,' the sun, L. - m-diva, n. n° and day, Kālid.; (am or a), ind. by no and day, Kav.; Kam. - m-divasa, n. n° and day, Divyav. - pada-vicara, m. N. of wk. - parisishta, n. = -sûkta, q.v. - paryāya, m. the three recurring ritual acts in the Atiratra ceremony, SānkhBr. - paryushita, mfn. anything which has stood over-night, stale, not fresh, Suir. - pushpa, n.'no-flower, a lotus-flower which opens at no, L. - pūjā, f. the nocturnal worship of a deity, W. - bala, m. 'powerful by no,' a Rākshasa, L. - bhujamga, m. 'night-lover,' the moon, Vcar. - bhrit, mfn. one who maintains the Diksha only for a few nos, Sulbas. - bhojana, n. eating at no, MW.; -nishedha, m. N. of wk. -m-ata, m. = rātry-ata, Vop. - mani, m. 'n'-jewel,' the moon, L. - maya, $mf(\tilde{i})$ n. nightly, nocturnal, Hcat. - mārana, n. murder (committed) at no, L. - m-manya, mfn. being regarded as or appearing like no, L. -yoga, m. night-fall, the coming on of no, MW. - rakshaka, m. a n°-watcher, watchman, Kathas. - raga, m. n°-colour, darkness, L. - lagna-nirūpana, n. N. of a treatise ascribed to Kālidāsa. - loka (rātri-), mf(ā)n. representing n°, SBr. - vāsas, n. no-dress, Tantras.; the garment of no, i. e. darkness, obscurity, L. - vigama, m. 'n'-departure,' dawn, daylight, L. - vislesha-gamin, m. 'separating at n',' the ruddy goose (= cakravāka, q.v.), L. - vihārin, mfn. roaming at n°, Mālatīm. - veda or -vedin, m. 'n'-knower,' a cock, L. - srita, mfn. cooked by no, KätySr. - sesha, m. the remainder or last part of night, AsvGr. - shaman, n. = -saman, PañcavBr. - sattra, n. a sacrifice or ceremony at no, SrS. - sahasrá, n. a thousand n°s, SBr. - sācayá, mfn. coming together or united at no, ib. - saman, n. a Saman belonging to the Atiratra, ib. - sûkta, n. N. of the hymn interpolated after RV. x, 127, SānkhGr.; -vidhāna, n. N. of wk. - hāsa, m. 'laughing, i. e. opening at no,' the white lotus, L. - hindaka, m. 'moving about at no,' a guard of the women's apartments, L. - huta, n. a n° sacrifice, KatySr.

Rātra, m. n. (ifc.) = rātri, Pān. iv, 2, 29 (cf. ati-, tri-, divā-r° &c.; also used alone in trīni

rātrāni, MBh. xiii, 6230).

Rātraka, mf(ikā)n. nocturnal, nightly, lasting a night, Rājat.; Pañcat. (cf. pañca-r°); m. a man who dwells for a whole year in a harlot's house, L.; n. = pañca-rātra, N. of the sacred books of various Vaishnava sects, L. (others 'a period of 5 nights' collectively).

Rātrika, mfn. nocturnal, nightly, Pañcad.; (ifc. after a numeral) lasting or sufficient for or completed in a certain number of nights or days (cf. eka-, dvai-, jaladôpala. pañca-r°); (ā), f. night, MW. **Rādhak**

Rātrī (= rātri), in comp. - karana, mfn. turn-

ing into night, HParis. - daivodāsa, n. N. of a Sāman, ĀrshBr.(v.l. rātrīhava-daiv). - sûkta = rātri-s, Cat.

Rātrīna. See eka- and dvi-ro.

Rātrau-bhava, mfn. (fr. rātrau, loc. of rātri + bhava) happening or occurring at night, ĀpŚr. Sch.

Rātry, in comp. for rātri. — aṭa, m. 'nightrover,' a Rākshasa or a thief, L. — andha, mfn. n°-blind, unable to see at n°, Pañcat.; Suśr.; -tā, f. = -āndhya, q.v. — ahanī, n. du. n° and day, Mn.; R. &c. — ākhyā, f. Turmeric Curcuma, L. — āgama, m. the coming on or approach of n°, Bhag. — āndhya, n. n°-blindness, ŚārngS. — upâya, m. = -āgama, Lāty.

TIU 1. rātha, Vṛiddhi form of 1. ratha, in comp. - kārika, mf(ī)n. (fr. ratha-kāra), g. ku-mudādi. - kārya, m. patr. (fr. id.), g. kurv-ādi. - gaṇaka, n. the occupation or office of a Rathagaṇaka, g. udgātr-ādi. - m-tara (rāth), mf(ī)n. relating to the Ratham-tara Sāman, TS.; SBr. &c.; m. patr., g. bidādi; (ī), f. N. of a female teacher, Bṛih.; tarāyaṇa, m. patr. fr. rāthaṃtara, g. haritādi; tari, m. N. of Airāvata, L. - proshṭha, m. patr. of A-samāti, L.

Rāthītara, m. (fr. rathī-tara, g. bidadi) patr. of Satya-vacas, TUp.; °rāyana, m. patr. fr. rāthī-

tara, g. haritadi.

Ráthitari-pútra, m. N. of a preceptor, SBr. Ráthya, n. possession of chariots (Padap. ráthya), RV. i, 157, 6; (rāthyá), mfn. fit for a carriage, VS.

CIU 2. rātha, Vriddhi form of 2. ratha, in comp. - jiteyí, f. pl. (fr. 2. ratha-jit) N. of a class of Apsarases, AV.

Tie rādh (cf. /ridh and radh), cl. 5. 4. P. (Dhātup. xvii, 16; xxvi, 71) rādhnoti, rādhyati (Ved. also pr. rādhati and radhyate; pf. raradha, RV. &c. &c. [2. sg. rarādhitha or redhita, cf. Pān. vi, 4, 123]; aor. arātsīt, rādhishi, AV.; Br.; Prec. rādhyāsam, ib.; fut. rāddhā, Gr.; rātsyati, AV.; Br.; ind. p. rāddhvā, -rādhya, Br.), to succeed (said of things), be accomplished or finished, VS.; TS.; AV.; to succeed (said of persons), be successful with (instr.), thrive, prosper, RV.; TS.; Br.; GrSrS.; to be ready for, submit to (dat.), AV.; to be fit for, partake of, attain to (dat. or loc.), Apast.; TUp.; (rādhyati) to prophesy to (dat.), Pāņ. i, 4, 39, Kāś.; to accomplish, perform, achieve, make ready, prepare, carry out, RV.; VS.; Br.; to hit, get at (acc.), TS.; to propitiate, conciliate, gratify, RV.; AitBr.; to hurt, injure, destroy, exterminate, Bhatt. (cf. Pan. vi, 4, 123): Pass. rādhyate (aor. árādhi), to be conciliated or satisfied, RV. (cf. radhyate above): Caus. rādháyati (aor. arīradhat, Br.; Pass. rādhyate, MBh.), to accomplish, perform, prepare, make ready, AV. &c. &c.; to make favourable, propitiate, satisfy, TS.; TBr.: Desid. of Caus. rirādhayishati, Br.: Desid. -rirātsati or -ritsati, Pān. vii, 4, 54, Vārtt. I, Pat.: Intens. rārādhyate, rārāddhi, Gr. [Cf. Viradh; Goth. garêdan, rathjō; Slav. raditi.

Rāddhá, mfn. accomplished, brought about, perfected, achieved, prepared, ready (n. impers. 'it has been achieved by,' with instr.), KātyŚr.; BhP.; successful, fortunate, happy, Br.; Kauś.; fallen to the share or lot of any one, BhP.; propitiated, conciliated, MW.; perfect in mysterious or magical power, adept, initiated, ib. Rāddhânta, m. = siddhânta, an established end or result, demonstrated conclusion or truth, doctrine, dogma, Sarvad.; BhP.; -muktā-hāra, m. N. of wk.; 'tita, mfn. logically demonstrated, proved, established, PañcavBr., Sch. Rāddhânna, n. dressed food, HPariš.

Rāddhi, f. accomplishment, perfection, completion, success, good fortune, AV.; Br.; SrS.

Rādha, m. or n. = rādhas, a gift, favour (only in rādhānām patiḥ, N. of Indra), RV.; m. (fr. rādhā) N. of the month Vaišākha (= April-May), Rājat.; of a man, Buddh.; (with Gautama) N. of two teachers, Cat.; (ā), f., see below. = gupta, m. (for rādhā-g°; cf. Pān. vi, 3, 63) N. of a minister of Ašoka, Buddh. = ranka, m. = sīra, sīraka, and ghanôpala, L. = ranku, m. = sāra, sīkara, and jaladôpala.

Rādhaka, mfn. liberal, bountiful, MW.

Radhana, n. (only L.), propitiating, conciliating;

pleasure, satisfaction; obtaining, acquisition; the means or instrument of accomplishing anything $(-dravya, n. = p\bar{a}cala)$; (\bar{a}) , f. speech, L.; (\bar{i}) , f. worship, A.

Rádhas, n. favour, kindness, bounty, a gift of affection, any gift, RV.; AV.; munificence, liberality, ib.; accomplishment of one's wishes, success, BhP.; striving to accomplish or gain, ib.; wealth, power, ib. — pati, m. a lord of gifts or wealth, RV.

Rādhā, f. prosperity, success, L.; (also du.) N. of the 21st Nakshatra Višākhā (containing 4 stars in the form of a curve supposed to be a, i, v Librae, and y Scorpionis, cf. nakshatra), L.; lightning, L.; a partic, attitude in shooting (standing with the feet a span apart; cf. -bhedhin, -vedhin), Pracand.; Emblic Myrobolan, L.; Clytoria Ternatea, L.; N. of the foster-mother of Karna (q.v.; she was the wife of Adhiratha, who was Sūta or charioteer of king Sūra), MBh. (cf. IW. 377); of a celebrated cowherdess or Gopi (beloved by Krishna, and a principal personage in Jaya-deva's poem Gitagovinda; at a later period worshipped as a goddess, and occasionally regarded as an Avatāra of Lakshmī, as Krishna is of Vishnu; also identified with Dakshāyani), Gīt.; Pañcat. &c. (cf. IW. 332); of a female slave, Lalit. - kavaca, m. n. N. of wk. - kanta, m. 'lover of Radha,' N. of Krishna, BrahmavP.; (with sarman and tarka-vāg-īsa) N. of two authors; -deva, m. N. of a lexicographer (author of the Sabda-kalpadruma). - krishna, m. N. of various authors and teachers (also with vedânta-vāg-īša, gosvāmin and sarman), Cat.; du. Ro and Krishna, RTL. 184; -koša, m., -pada-cihna, n., -rūpacintāmani, m., -līlā, f.; narcana-dīpikā, f. N. of wks. - carana, m. (with kavindra cakra-vartin) N. of a man, Cat. - janmashtamī, f. N. of the 8th day of a partic. fortnight (commemorating the birthday of R°), Cat. (cf. krishna-j°). - tanaya, m. 'Ro's son,' N. of Karna, L. -tantra, n. N. of a Tantra. - dāmôdara, m. N. of various authors, Cat. - nagarī, f. N. of a town in the neighbourhood of Ujjayini, L. - natha, m. (with sarman) N. of an author, Cat. - nurādhīya (rādhān'), min. relating to the Nakshatras Ro and Anuradha, Pān. iv, 2, 6, Sch. - paddhati, f. N. of wk. -bhartri, m. 'Ro's husband,' N. of Adhiratha, MBh. - bhedin, m. N. of Arjuna, L. (cf. -vedhin). -mantra, m. N. of wk., L. -mādhava, m. N. of an author, Cat.; -rūpa-cintāmani, m. N. of wk. (=rādhā-krishna-rūpa-c°); -vilāsa, m. N. of 2 Campū by Jaya-rāma Kavišvara. - māna-taramginī, f. N. of a poem (written in 1696). - mohana, m. (with sarman and go-svāmin bhattācārya) N. of two authors, Cat. - ramana, m. 'lover of R',' N. of Krishna, Cat.; -dāsa, m. (with go-svāmin) N. of an author, ib. - rasa-manjari, f., -rasa-sudhā-nidhi, m., -rahasya-kāvya, n. N. of poems. - vat, mfn. wealthy, rich, Nalod. - vallabha, m. N. of a man, Cat.; (with tarka-pañcanana bhattacarya) of an author, ib.; bhôpanishad, f. N. of wk. - vinoda-kāvya, n., -vilāsa, m. N. of two poems. - vedhin, mfn. shooting in a partic. attitude (cf. rādhā), Sinhâs.; m. N. of Arjuna, L. (cf. -bhedin). - shtaka (dhâsht), n. N. of a Stotra. - sahasra-nāman, n. N. of wk. - suta, m. = -tanaya, MBh. - sudhā-nidhi, m. N. of a poem (= rasa-sudhā-nidhi). - saundaryamanjari, f. N. of a poem. Radhesa and Badhesvara, m. 'lord of Ro,' N. of Krishna, Pancar. Radhôttara-tāpanīyôpanishad, f., Rādhôdbhava-samvāda, m. N. of wks. Rādhôpasaka, m. a worshipper of Rādhā, Cat.

Rādhi and rādhī, f., g. bahv-ādi (cf. krishtá-rādhi).

Rādhika, m. N. of a king (son of Jaya-sena), BhP.; (ā), f., see next.

Rādhikā, f. endearing form of Rādhā (the Gopī), Gīt.; Pañcar. — **vinoda**, m. N. of a poem (= rādhāvinoda-kāvya).

Rādheya, m. metr. of Karņa (cf. under rādhā), MBh.; R.; Rājat.; of Bhishma, L.

Rādho, in comp. for rādhas. — gūrta (rādho-), mfn. agreeable through kindness or gifts, VS. — déya, n. bestowal of gifts or favour, RV.

Rádhya, mfn. to be accomplished or performed, RV.; to be obtained or won, ib.; to be appeased or propitiated, ib.; to be worshipped, AitBr.

राधव वित्वति revaki(?), m. patr., Samskarak.