Mricch. Anu-nadi, ind. along the river, Dharmas. Anu-nidhanam, ind. according to position, in right order, Gobh. Anu-ninīshā, f. the wish to propitiate, HParis. An-upakinca, mfn. having nothing defective, not hoarse, not faltering (voice), Hir. Anupagata-jara, mfn. not impaired by old age or infirmity, Bcar. An-upagrihita, mfn. unchanged, SamhUp. An-upacarita, mfn. not transferred, Samkhyas., Sch. An-upadeshtavya, mfn. not to be commended, Mālatīm. An-upadhmāta, mfn. not blown upon, SBr. An-upanata, mfn. not occurred, AsvSr., Sch. An-upanāha, m. not a perpetual enmity, Lalit. An-upayat, mfn. not going to (a wife; v. l. 'yāt), Mn. ix, 4. An-uparāga, mfn. free from passion, MBh. Anu-pari- / grah, to grasp all round, surround, Divyav.; to favour, befriend, Vajracch. Anu-pari-/plu (Caus. -plāvayati), to wash, Hir. Anu-pari- / mrij (Caus. ind. p. -mārjya), to wipe all round, Divyav. Anupari-varita, mfn. surrounded, ib. Anu-pari-√sic, to pour round, MaitrS. An-uparodha, m. not prejudicing or injuring (-tas, with gen. = 'without prejudice to'), PārGr.; Mn. Anuparvata, m. a promontory, headland, Hcat. Anupalipta, m. N. of a Tathagata, Sukh. i. Anupalīdha, mfn. unlicked, Kaus. An-upastīrnasāyin, mfn. lying upon the bare ground, Kathās. An-upahata-karnendriyata, f. having the organ of hearing uninjured (one of the 80 minor marks of a Buddha), Dharmas. 84. An-upahita, mfn. unconditioned, Venis. An-upakrushta, mfn. irreproachable, Jätakam. Anu-pāta, m. splitting or cutting down (a kind of torture), Divyav. Anupatta, mfn. not caught (as fire), Nir. vii, 23; not mentioned explicitly, Sah. An-upadana, n. not mentioning, omission, ib. Anu-pade, ind. behind (a person's feet), MBh. An-upadhi-ramaniya, see I. upadhi (p. 213). An-upaya, m. bad means (ena, 'to no purpose'), MBh.; mfn. (a Stobha) in which the chorus of chanting priests does not join, Drāhy. (Sch.) Anu-pālya, mfn. to be guarded or kept or maintained (as truth), Kathās. Anu-pindam, ind. at every Pinda (q.v.), ApSr. Anu-pūrana, n. subsequent filling, Samkhyas., Sch. Anu-purva (in comp.); -gātratā, f. having regular members (one of the 80 minor marks of a Buddha), Dharmas. 84; -danshtratā, f. having r eye teeth (id.), ib.; vangulitā, f. having regular fingers (id.), ib.; vena, (also) gradually, by degrees, Jatakam. An-upêta, (also) not affected by, devoid of (comp.), Bcar.; oupêya, msn. not to be married, Mn. xi, 173; upêyamāna, mfn. not being approached (sexually), MBh. An-upôpta, mfn. not filled up or covered by heaping up, TS. Anu-pradātri, m. an increaser, TS. Anu-prapattavya, n. (impers.) it is to be followed or conformed to, AitBr. Anu-pra-VI. vap (A. -vapate), to shave or be shaved in turn, TandBr. Anu-pravartana, n. urging to (loc.), Bcar.; vartita, mfn. set going again, Divyav.; vritti, f. (acc. with \( kri, 'to pay attention to'), ib. Anu-pra-√vis (Caus. -vesayati), to send home, ib. Anupra- vraj, to become an ascetic after, ib. Anupravrajana, n. the becoming an ascetic after (another), ib. Anu-prashtri, mfn. (fr. anu- / prach) inquiring after all things, desirous of knowledge, MBh. Anu-prasarpaka (Lāty., Sch.), °pin (Jaim.), mfn. creeping after; sriptin, mfn. one who has crept after, Laty. Anu-prahita, (also) shot off, Kir. Anu-prahrita (in comp.); -bhājaná, n. the substitute for what is thrown into the fire, SBr.; prahritya, mfn. to be the into the fire, ib. Anupriya, mfn. liked, dear, MBh. Anu-preshana, n. sending after, Prab., Sch. Anu-bimba, m. n. reflected image, Naish.; "mbana, n. the being a refl" im', ib.; 'mbita, mfn. reflected, ib. Anu-bodha, (also) perception, ApSr. An-ubha, mfn. (du.) neither, no one (of two), MBh.; "ubhaya, mfn.id., Sarvad.; 'yatman, mfn. of neither kind ('tma-ta, f.), Sāh. Anu-bhava, (also) cognition, consciousness, L.; custom, usage, Lalit.; (am), ind. at every birth, BhP.; bhāvya, mfn. to be (or being) perceived, Sarvad. Anu-bhāshita, n. spoken words, talk, speech, BhP. Anumata-vajra, mfn. one who has received the thunderbolt by consent (?), MaitrS. Anu-mantavya, mfn. to be consented to or acknowledged, Inscr. Anu-mātri, mfn. drawing inferences, Samk., Sch. Anu-\marg, to search through, R. Anu-marga, m. following, seeking (ena, with gen. = 'after'), Kād.; Kathās.; ogagata, mfn. met half-way, Jatakam. Anu-mā-

linī-tīram, ind. on the bank of the Mālinī, Sak. Anu-mrit, mfn. dying after, following in death, Ragh. Anu-modin, mfn. causing pleasure to (gen.), Jātakam. Anu-mroka, see mrokanumroka (p. 837). Anu-/yam, (also) to give over, Divyav. Anu-yiyasu, mfn. wishing to follow, HParis. Anu-yoktavya, mfn. to be questioned, MBh. Anuyogadvāra, N. of a sacred book, Jain. Anulamba, mfn. dependent, subordinate, TandBr. Anulepin, mfn. (ifc.) smeared or anointed with, MBh. Anuloma-pratiloma (said of a mythical sea and mountain), Divyav. Anu-lomaya, (also) to make favourable, MBh. Anu-lomikī, f. (with kshānti) resignation to natural consequences, Sukh. i (cf. an-utpattika-dharma-kshānti, and ghoshânugā, Dharmas. 107). Anu-vansa-sloka, mpl. Slokas containing genealogies (e.g. MBh.i, 3759 &c.), IW. 511, n. I. Anu-vanantam, ind. along or in the forest, Kir. Anu-vapram, ind. along the shore, ib. Anuvartita, f. compliance, Bcar.; vartya, mfn. to be followed, Kathās.; to be supplied from the preceding, Pat.; ovritti, f. (in dram.) politeness, courtesy, Sāh. Anu-17. vas (only -vāvase), to rush at, RV. viii, 4, 8. Anu-vāda (used in explaining dhvani), Kpr. Anu-vādinī, f. a lute, L. Anuvāsaram, ind. day by day, Ragh. Anu-vidha, mfn. conforming or adhering to, BhP.; vidheya, mfn. to be followed, Bhartr.; to be prescribed according to (instr.), Pat. Anu-vi-Vlok (P. -lokayati), to survey, Divyav. Anu-vishnu, ind. after Vishnu, Laghuk. 972. Anu-vyāpin, mfn. (ifc.) spreading over, covering, filling, Jātakam. Anuvyāhrita, n. curse, imprecation, MBh. Anusansa, m. speaking ill, TAr.; comfort, privilege, Divyav.; -sansana, n. subsequent recitation, Tand-Br., Sch. Anusayakshepa, m. (in rhet.) objection expressing (or resulting from) repenting, Kavyad. ii, 162. Anu-sayin, (also) indifferent to everything, Kap. Anu-sāsin, (also) ruling, VarP.; 'sāsti, f. instruction, L.; 'sishta, mfn. giving false evidence (?), L. Anu-sikshā, f. learning or striving after, Jātakam. Anu-susrūshā, f. obedience, MBh. Anu-√sru (Caus. -srāvayati), to announce, Divyav.; srotavya, mfn. to be heard, Susr. Anu-sloka, m. N. of a Saman, TS. Anusha, m. a demon, L. Anu-shakti, f. clinging to, adherence, Cat. Anu-shtubh, see 2. stubh (p. 1259); oshtup-sampád, f. completion of an Anu-shtubh, SBr. An-ushtra, (also) mfn. that from which camels are excluded, Mn. v, 18. Anu-shthanika, m. N. of a class of Theistic Reformers, RTL. 524. Anusam- varn, to approve of, Divyav. Anu-samvrijin or 'jina, mfn. blameless (?), Hir. Anu-sam-√sri, (Caus., also) to make progress through, ib. Anu-saktham, ind. along the thigh, Laty. Anusamjnapti, f. explanation, Divyav. Anu-samtāna, m. offspring, a son, Gaut. Anu-samdhānīya, mfn. to be attended to, Kāvyad. Anu-samdhi, m. (in dram.) juncture of a Patākā or episode, Bhar. Anu-sarana, (also) visiting, Vishn.; sartavya, mfn. to be followed, MBh.; n. (impers.) it is to be conformed to, Kpr.; "sartri, mfn. (ifc.) visiting in turn, MBh.; following, seeking, Dasar.; srita-vatsā, f. (scil. vivritti) hiatus between a long or short syllable, PratijnaS. Anu-sarga, m. secondary creation, BhP. Anu-sarpana, n. following, Dasar. Anu-stanita, n. continual thundering, Apast. Anu-spandyam, ind. along the cord, BaudhP. Anu-smriti, (also) N. of a poem (consisting of 72 verses from MBh. on the necessity of remembering Vishnu at death). Anu-srotasa, mfn. in the direction of the current of a river, ApGr. Anu-Vsvan (3. sg. aor. Pass. -shváni), to roar after, RV.vi, 46, 14. Anu-harana, (also) inheriting, Vishn. Anu-\hri, (also) to carry behind, ApGr. Anu-homa, m. after-oblation, SrS. Anū-kāsin, mfn. viewing, beholding, TBr. Anûtthātri, m. an attendant, Jaim.; "tthana, see an-anûtth" (add.). An-utsarga, m. non-abandonment, Apast. Anudara, mfn. having no belly, MBh.; m. N. of one of the sons of Dhrita-rāshtra, ib. Anûddesa, (also) subsequent indication, Kāvyad. An-ūdbhāsin, mfn. not shining forth, Apast. An-udhás, (also, accord. to some) having no breasts, a young girl, RV. Anuna-vastuka, mfn. complete in substance or essence, Mālav. Anūpalu, n. a kind of poisonous root, Gal. Anū-bandhya (MaitrS.). An-urdhva-jnu, mfn. not raising the knees, SānkhGr. An-usha-rih, mfn. not licking salt, MaitrS. An-ushman, mfn. not aspirated, APrat.

An-uha, (also) m. absence of modification, Sankh-Sr. An-rigveda-vinīta, mfn. not versed in the Rig-veda, R. Anringa (?), n. a small town, L. An-rinī-karana, n. releasing from debt, HParis. An-rita (in comp.); -katha, mfn. telling untruths, VP.; -pasii, m.notareal animal, MaitrS.; -samhita, mfn. not true to a contract or stipulation, AitBr.; -samgara, mfn. id., Apast.; -sarvasva, m. N. of a man, Kautukas.; ctatmaka, mf(ika)n. of faithless disposition, Mālatīm. An-ritika, mfn. untruthful, Bcar. ii, II. An-rishabha, mfn. without the male, TandBr. Aneka (in comp.); -dhrit, m. N. of Rudra-Siva, Hcat.; -varna, mfn. many-coloured, Bhag.; -varshika, mfn. many years old, R.; -samsthana, mfn. wearing various disguises (as spies), Mn. ix, 261; -samkhya, mfn. very numerous, Kir.; 'kâtma-vādin, mfn. asserting a plurality of souls, Samkhyas., Sch. An-edhas, m. fire, L.; the wind, L. Anela-mūka, (prob.) = an-eda- $m^{\circ}$ , Hcar. Anevam, ind. not so, Bādar.; (án-evam)-vidor-vidvas, mfn. not having such knowledge, SBr. An-aikantika-tā, f. variableness, Bcar. An-aidaka, mf(ī)n. not coming from the animal called Edaka, SBr. Anaitihya, mfn. not based on tradition, MBh. Anaindava, mfn. not coming from the moon, not lunar, Bālar. A-naibhritya, n. inconstancy, MBh.; want of modesty, Jatakam. A-naiscārika, mfn. not averting or distracting, Apast. An-ojas or ska, mfn. powerless, weak, Jātakam. Ano-yukta, n. a cart with a pair of oxen, Drahy., Sch. An-auciti, f. indecorous conduct, Naish. An-aupama, mfn. = mya, Hear. An-aupādhika, mfn. (with sambandha), IW. 63. An-aushadha, irremediable, incurable, Kāv. Anta (add, antena, 'finally,' MānGr.; antāya-Vkri, 'to fight obstinately,' MBh.; antād antam parikramya, 'walking to and fro,' ib.); -karana, n. causing an end of, abolishing (comp.), Bcar.; -karman, mfn. (= anta-kara), ib. iii, 59; -tvāshtrī, see tvāshtrī-sāman (p. 464); -dīpaka, n. a partic. rhetorical figure (e.g. Bhatt. x, 23); -dvipa, N. of a country to the north of Madhyadesa ("pin, m. an inhabitant of it), Cat.; -nāman (ánta-), mfn. denoting 'the end,' TS.; TāndBr.; -netra, n. the hem of a garment, Nalac.; -pluta, mfn. pronounced with prolation of the last syllable, Vait.; -sas, ind. even down to, Divyav. Antah (in comp. for antar below); -kratu, ind. during a sacrifice, Jaim.; -kraurya, n. inward cruelty, Ragh., Sch.; - \/ khyā (read 'to inquire into, investigate'); -parimārjana, n. an internal remedy, Car.; -pātin, mfn. (ifc.) occurring in the interior of anything, ApSr., Sch.; -pāršva (ántah-) = antah-pāršvyá, TS.; -puracārikā, f. a female attendant in the women's apartments, Kathas.; -pura-vriddha, f. an old female atto in the w'sap', Kād.; -puradhipatya, n. supremacy over the wo's apo, Vishn.; -puravacara, m. an attendant in the w's ap', Jātakam.; -purīya, Nom. P. 'yati, to behave as in the w's ap', Sāh.; -purevāsa, mfn. living in the w's ap, HParis.; -pūjā, f. inward or silent worship, Cat.; -pūya, mfn. containing pus, Suir.; -pracalita, mfn. inwardly moved, Mricch.; -pratihāram, ind. within the syllables forming a Pratyāhāra, Lāty.; -pramoda, m. inner joy, Mālatīm.; -praveša, m. entering within, Sušr.; -pranin, m. a worm (v.l. anu-pro), VP.; -sava, mfn. containing a corpse, Gaut.; -sānti, f. inner calm, Bham.; -sirna, mfn. withered or rotten within, Mālatīm.; -sailaja, m. a native of Antar-giri, Var-BrS.; -sri (antah-), ind. (said of a partic. pronunciation), SBr.; -sattva, n. inner nature, SārngP.; -sadas, n. the interior of an assembly hall, BhP.; ind. (=-sadasam), SānkhSr.; -salila, mf(ā)n. having its waters hidden (said of the Sarasvatī), Ragh.; (am), ind. in the wo, Venīs.; (°la-stha, mfn. standing in wo, Pañcat.); -sānu, ind. in the mountain ridge, Kir.; -sāma, ind. within a Sāman, Lāty.; -sāmika, mfn. appearing within a So, SamhUp.; -sushirin, mfn. hollow in the interior, HParis.; -stobha, mfn. containing a Stobha, ArshBr.; -stoma-bhāgám, mfn. within the bricks called Stoma-bhaga, SBr.; -sthibhāva, m. transition into a semivowel, VPrāt.; -spandya, mfn. situated within the measuring cord, Sulbas.; -smayin (see smayin, p. 1271); -smita, n.inward smile, Caurap.; -smera, mfn. smiling inwardly, Bhām. Antaka (in comp.); -pura, n. the city or dwelling of Death (acc. with Caus. of \squam, 'to kill'), Das.; 'kanana, n. the jaws of Death, ib. Antama-sthā, f. a metre of 46 syllables, Nidānas. Antar (in comp.); -antahstha, mfn. containing a semivowel, Hir.; -agamana, n. passing between,