or error, unintentionally. - uddharana, n. bringing out of trouble, Hit. - gata, mfn. fallen into misfortune, unhappy. - grasta, mfn. seized by misfortune, unfortunate, in misfortune. - dharma, m. a practice only allowable in time of distress, Mn.; misfortune, MBh. [NBD.] - vinīta, mfn. disciplined or humbled by misfortune, Bālar. 193, 17.

A-pada, f. misfortune, calamity, L.

**A-panna**, mfn. entered, got in, SBr.; KātyŚr. &c.; afflicted, unfortunate, Sak.; Kathās. &c.; gained, obtained, acquired; having gained or obtained or acquired. — jīvika, mfn. having obtained a livelihood, Comm. on Pān. i, 2, 44. — sattvā, f. a pregnant woman, Ragh. x, 60; Sak. Apannārti-prasamana-phala, mf(ā)n. having as result the relieving of the pains of the afflicted, Megh. 54.

1. A-pāda, as, m. reward, remuneration, ChUp.; arriving at, L.; (for 2. ā-pāda see below.)

A-padaka, mfn. causing, effecting.

Ā-pādana, am, n. causing to arrive at; bringing any one to any state; producing, effecting, Siddh.

god of water (Varuna), T.; N. of an author; (i), f., N. of a book written by the above (the Mimānsanyāya-prakāša).

आपन् ā- √pan, Ā. (ā-pananta, RV. x, 74, 4), P. (pf. ā-papana, RV. viii, 2, 17) to admire, praise.

आपन āpana, &c. See under 1. āp.

आपभट्ट āpa-bhaṭṭa, as, m., N. of an author (=Āpa-deva).

आपमित्यक āpamityaka, mfn. (fr. apa-mitya [Pāṇ. iv, 4, 21], ind. p. of apa-√mā), received by barter; (am), n. property &c. obtained by barter, L.

आपया āpayā (fr. 3. āpa and  $\sqrt{y\bar{a}}$ ; cf. āpa-gā), a river, L.; N. of a river, RV. iii, 23, 4.

आपरपक्षीय āparapakshīya, mfn.(fr.aparapaksha), belonging to the second half (of a month), BhP.

आपराध्य āparādhayya, am, n. (fr. aparā-dhaya, gaṇa brāhmaṇādi, Pāṇ. v, 1, 124), wrong-ing, offending, L.

आपराह्मिक āparāhņika, mfn. (fr. aparāhņa), belonging to or occurring in the afternoon, Pāṇ.; KātyŚr.

आपतुक āpartuka, mfn. (fr. apartu = aparitu), not corresponding to the season.

आपल āpala, am, n., N. of a Sāman (cf. āpāla).

आपव āpava, as, m., N. of Vasishtha, MBh.; Hariv. (said to be a patron. fr. āpu=Varuna?).

आपविगिक āpavargika, mfn.(fr. apa-varga), conferring final beatitude, BhP.

Apavargya, mfn. id., ib.

आपश् ā-√pas, P. ā-pasyati [AV. iv, 20, 1], to look at.

आपस् 1. apas, n. (connected with 1. ap), a religious ceremony, RV.

स्रापस् 2. āpas, n. (fr. 2. ap), water, ChUp.

3. Apas, Nom. (rarely acc.) pl. of 2. ap, q.v.

Apo (in comp. for 2. & 3. āpas). — devata, mfn.
having the water as deity, ĀsvŠr. — devatya, mfn.
id., ŠānkhŠr. — maya, mfn. consisting of water,
ŠBr.; ChUp.; MBh. — mātrā, f. the subtle elementary principle of water. — mūrti, m., N. of a son of
Manu Svārocisha, Hariv.; N. of one of the seven Rishis of the tenth Manvantara. — 'šāna, mfn. 'taking
water' [āpas being a rare form of the acc. for apas],
i. e. sipping water; (am), n. sipping water before
and after eating. — hishthīya, mfn. belonging to
the hymn x, 9 of the RV. (which begins with āpo
hi shṭhā); (am), n., N. of a Sāman.

nowned sage and writer on ritual; (as, i), m. f. a descendant of Apastamba, gana vidâdi [Pān. iv, 1, 104]; (ās), m. pl. the pupils of Apastamba. — gri-hya, n., -dharma, m., -srauta, n., -sūtra, n., &c., N. of works by Apastamba and his school.

Apastambi, is, m. a descendant of the above.

Apastambiya, mfn. belonging to or descended from Apastamba.

आपस्तम āpastambha, as, m., v. l. for āpastamba.

Apastambhinī, f., N. of a plant, L.

mul ā-√1. pā, P.-pibati (Impv. 2. du. āpibatam, RV. ii, 36, 6; pf. -papau: Pass. -pīyate,
&c.) to drink in, suck in or up; to sip, RV.; MBh.;
Ragh.; to drink in with ears or eyes, i. e. to hear
or see with attention, hang on, BhP.; Ragh.; to
absorb, take away: Caus. -pāyayati, to cause to
drink or suck in, BhP.

2. Ā-pāna, am, n. the act of drinking, a drinking-party, banquet, MBh.; (for 1. āpāná see p. 142, col. 2.) — goshthī, f. a banquet, carouse, Kathās. — bhūmi, f. a place for drinking in company, Ragh.; Kum, — sālā, f. a tavern, liquor shop, R.

Ā-pānaka, am, n. a drinking-bout; drinking liquor, Kād.

A-pānta-manyu, mfn. giving zeal or courage when drunk (said of the Soma juice), RV. x, 89, 5.

A-pāyin, mfn. fond of drinking, AitBr.

I. A-pīta, mfn. drunk up, exhausted. A-pīya, ind. p. having drunk in, Hariv.

will in a pāka, as, m. (√pac), a bakingoven, potter's kiln; baking, T.; = putapāka, q. v., T. Āpāke-sthá, mfn. standing in an oven, AV. viii, 6, 14.

आपाक 2. ā-pāka, as, m. slight baking, T.

आपाइड्डा āpāngya, am, n. (fr. apānga), anointing the corners of the eyes, Suist.

आपादल ā-pāṭala, mf(ā)n. reddish, Kād. आपादलिपुतम् ā-pāṭaliputram, ind. as far as or to Pāṭaliputra, L.

सापाराइ ā-pāṇḍu, mfn. slightly pale, palish, pale, VarBṛS. — tā, f. paleness.

A-pāṇdura, mfn. palish, pale, white. - rī
/bhū, to become pale, Kum.

आपात ā-pāta. See under ā-√1. pat.

आपातिलका āpātalikā, f., N. of a Vaitālīya metre.

आपाद ā-pāda, &c. See under 1.ā-√pad. आपाल āpāla, am, n., N. of a Sāman (cf. āpala).

आपालि āpāli, is, m. a louse, L.

आपि āpi, &c. See under √1. āp.

आपिङ्गā-pinga,mfn.reddish-brown,Bhatt.

आपिचा ā-piñjara, mfn. somewhat red, reddish, Ragh.; Kād.; (am), n. gold, L.

आपि द ā- \pibd, p. ā-pibdamāna, making a noise, crackling, RV. x, 102, 11 [Sāy.]

सापिश ā-√pis, P. (Impv. 2. pl. ā-piņšata, RV. x, 53, 7), Ā. (p. -pišāná, RV. vii, 57, 3) to decorate, ornament, colour.

আি বিহান্ত ā-pišanga, mfn. slightly tawny, gold-coloured, Kād.

आपिश्वेर āpišarvará, mfn. (fr. api-šarvara), nightly, nocturnal, TS.

आपिशालि āpisali, is, m., N. of an ancient grammarian mentioned by Pāṇ. [vi, 1, 92], &c.

Āpišala,  $mf(\bar{i})$ n. belonging to or coming from Āpišali; (as), m. a pupil of the same.

आपिष ā- √pish, P. (ā-pinashṭi, AV. xx, 133, 1; pf. -pipésha, VS. ix, 11) to press or rub against, to touch.

A-pésham, ind. p. having pressed or rubbed against, touching, SBr.

आपी ā- $\sqrt{p\bar{\imath}}$ , &c. See under ā- $\sqrt{pyai}$ .

आपोइ ā- \/pīd, Caus. -pīdayati, to press against or out; to press, crush, ĀsvGr.; R. &c.; to press hard, give pain, perplex, MBh.

A-pīda, as, m. (ifc. mf(ā)n., L.) compressing, squeezing, Susr.; giving pain, hurting, L.; a chaplet tied on the crown of the head, MBh.; R.; Ragh.; N. of a metre.

A-pidana, am, n. the act of compressing, squeez-

ing, drawing tightly; embracing, clasping; hurting, giving pain, L.

A-pīdita, mfn. compressed, squeezed, R.; Sak.; Prab. &c.; bound tightly, embraced, overlaid, covered, Rājat.; hurt; decorated with chaplets, MBh.

भाषीत 2.  $\bar{a}$ - $p\bar{\imath}ta$ , mfn. yellowish, R.; (as), m., N. of a species of tree, Comm.; (am), n. filament of the lotus, ib.; a pyritic mineral, L.; (for I.  $\bar{a}$ - $p\bar{\imath}ta$  see under  $\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{p\bar{a}}$ , and for 3.  $\bar{a}$ - $p\bar{\imath}ta$  under  $\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{pyai}$ .)

A-pītaya, Nom. P. to make yellowish, dye with

any yellow substance, Kād.

खापीन ā-pīna. See under ā-√pyai.

आपुष ā- /puth, Caus. -pothayati.

A-pothya, ind. p. having squeezed or compressed, Suir.

Fig.  $\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{p\bar{u}}$ ,  $\bar{A}$ . (Impv.  $\dot{a}$ -pavasva, RV. ix, 70, 10; once P.  $\dot{a}$ -pava, RV. ix, 49, 3; p. -pun $\bar{a}$ -na) to be pure; to flow towards after purification; to carry towards in its course (as a stream), RV.; VS.

unufum āpūpika, mfn. (fr. apūpa), relating to cakes (as selling or eating or making cakes), Comm. on Pāņ.; (as), m. a baker, confectioner, L.; (am), n. a multitude of cakes, L.

Apūpya, am, n. meal, flour, L.

आपूर्य ā- \puy, P. (impf. âpūyat) to puttrify, SBr.

Āpūyita, mfn. stinking. See an-ā-pūyita.

सापूर ā-pūra, &c. See under ā-√pṛī.

आपूष āpūsha, am, n. tin, L.

आप् 1.ā- 1. pṛi, P. (aor. Subj. 2. du.-par-shathas, RV. x, 143, 4) to give aid, protect.

आपृ 2. ā- 1/2. pṛi, P. (-pṛiṇoti) to employ one's self, to be occupied, BhP.

A-prita, mfn. occupied, engaged, BhP

Price, P. (Impv. ā-prinaktu; pf. -papricus; Inf. -price, RV. v, 50, 2, and -pricas, RV. viii, 40, 9) to fill, pervade; to satiate, RV. i, 84, 1; TBr.; to mix with, AitBr.: Ā. (aor. Pot. ā-pricī-mahi) to satiate one's self, RV. i, 129, 7.

A-prik, ind. in a mixed manner, in contact with, RV. x, 89, 14.

आपृच्छा ā-pṛicchā. See under ā-√prach.

nati, to fill up, fulfil, fill, RV.; AV.; VS.; to do any one's desire, satisfy any one's wish, RV.: Ā.-prinate, to surfeit one's self, satiate or satisfy one's self, RV.: Pass. -pūryate, to be filled, become full, increase; to be satiated, satisfied, RV.; SBr.; BhP.; MBh.; Kathās. &c.: Caus. -pūrayati, to fill up, fulfil, fill, SBr.; Hariv.; Rājat. &c.; to fill with noise, MBh.; R.; to fill with air, to inflate, R.; to cover; to load anything with, MBh.; R.; Ritus.; Kathās.

A-pūra, as, m. flood, flooding, excess, abundance, Kathās.; Sis. &c.; filling up, making full, L.; filling a little, T.

Ā-pūraņa, mfn. making full, filling up, Hit.; (as), m., N. of a Nāga, MBh.; (am), n. filling, making full, satiating; drawing a bow; flooding. Ā-pūrita, mfn. filled up, full.

Ā-pūrta, am, n. fulfilling; a meritorious work, Kād.

A-pūrya, ind. p. having filled, filling.

A-pūryamāna, mfn. becoming full, increasing.

-paksha, m. [scil. candra] the moon in her increase, the waxing moon, AsvGr.; PārGr.; Sānkh-Gr. &c.

urur a āpekshika, mfn. (fr. apekshā), relative, having relation or reference to, Siddh. (p. 418, l. 10). — tva, am, n. the state of being relative, Nyāyad.

आपय āpeya, ās, m. pl. (fr. 1. ap?), a particular class of gods. — tva, am, n. the being of this class, MaitrS.; (cf. āpyeya.)

आपेषम् āpesham. See under ā- /pish.

आपोक्सिम āpoklima, am, n. (in astron.) = ἀπόκλιμα.