Kutvudī, m. N. of a Sultān (Qutb-ud-dīn), Inscr. Kunapa, m. (also) a partic. hell, Buddh.; -bhuj, m. 'carcase-eater,' a Rākshasa, Mālatīm. Kunda, (also) crippled, lame, Mahāvy.; dasin, mfn. (also) one who eats out of a jar (Gaut., Sch.) or as much as a jar holds, Vishn., Sch. Kundala or laka, (also) a rope, Jātakam. Kundi, m. or f. a waterjar, L. Kutas-tana, mfn. coming from whence, i.e. not possible, Bhadrab. Kutuhala-sala, f. a room for recreation, Divyav. Kutsa, m. (also) a distance of about 30 inches, L. Kudrīcī, f. (prob.) N. of a shrub (= gudīcī), Kaus. Kuntā-kunti, ind. spear against spear, in close fight, Campak. Kuptu, f. a fire-place, hearth, ApGr. Kupyavetanin (see vetanin, p. 1014). Kubera-senā, f. N. of a courtezan, HParis. Kubjí, f. (prob.) a tiger's den, MaitrS. Kubhanyú (accord. to some = ku-bhanyú, 'chattering, noisy'). Kumāra (in comp.); -deshna (rather 'whose gifts are like those of children,' i.e. 'who gives and takes back'); -pitri-mesha, m. a partic. demon hostile to children, Suir.; -brahmacārin, mfn. chaste from infancy, Mn. v, 159; -rāja, m. N. of Harsha-vardhana, Buddh.; -vat (°rá-), m. N. of a man, MaitrS.; (°rī)bhāva, m. maidenhood, virginity, Mālatim. Kumuda (in comp.); -syenī, f. a woman with a white complexion like a lotus (cf. syeni under syeta, p. 1095), Pān. vi, 2, 2, Sch.; -sakhī, f. lotus-friend, moonshine, Jätakam. Kumba (accord. to some also, 'the horn or point of anything'). Kumbha (in comp.); -dhārikā, f. a female slave, L.; bhânta, mfn. concluding with the (ceremony of interring the) urn, HirP. Kumbhī (in comp.); -kapāla, -nadāla, and -bhagāla, n. (prob.) a potsherd or fragment of a broken jar, Pān. vi, 2, 137, Kās.; -pākya, mfn. boiled in a jar, ApSr. Kumbhya, mfn. being in jars, ApSr. Kuranga-mada, m. musk, Git. Kuru (in comp.); -kshetra, m. pl. (w.r. for kauruksh°); -pišangilá (VS.). Kurvát, vāná (AV.). Kula (in comp.); -kumārī, f. a girl of good family, Mālatīm.; -gotra, n. du. fo and tribe, Mn. iii, 109; -pānsana, mf(ī)n., sin, and sula, mfn. disgracing a fo, MBh.; R. &c.; -pālin, mfn. maintaining (the honour of) a fo, R.; -pravāla, m. the scion or offspring of a fo, Bcar.; -bhata, m. N. of a Sūrasena chief, Inscr.; -rājadhānī, f. chief residence, Ragh.; -sekhara-deva, m. N. of a king, Inscr.; -samgata, m. (= -mitra), Gaut.; -stambha(?) and 'ldditya, m. N. of chiefs, Inscr.; 'lôcita, mfn. customary in a f°, Bcar. Kulangapa-mārin, m. a kind of demon, ManGr. Kulika, (also) a judge, Nār. Kulmi, (also) cow's hair, ApSr., Sch. Kusa (in comp.); -cirin, mfn. wearing a garment of Kuša grass, MBh.; -pavitra, n. Kuša grass as a means of purification, KätySr.; -prasū, f. flowering Kogro, ib.; -bhāra, m. a load of Kogro, SānkhSr.; -mālin, m. N. of an ocean, Jātakam.; "sêndva, n. a covering for the hands made of Kogro. Kusala, n. (also) religious merit, Inscr.; MWB. 124; -campū, f., -mata-prasanga, m. N. of poems; -mūla, n. a stock of merit, Sukh. i; "lavasānatā, f. a happy result, Mālatīm.; °letara, n. misfortune, calamity, BhP. Kushapa, m. the Vindhya mountains, L. Kusuma (in comp.); -dāyin, mfn. putting forth buds, Sak.; -prabha, m. N. of a Tathagata, Sukh. i; -mālā, f. a wreath of flowers, Mālatim.; -lāvī, f. a female gatherer of flo, Sah.; -vrishty-abhiprakīrna, -sambhava, - mābhijna, m. N. of Tathāgatas, Sukh. is "māpīda, m. = "ma-mālā, Mālatīm. Kuhara-bhāj, mfn. dwelling in dens, Mālatīm. Kuharin, mfn. having holes, Cand. Kūta (in comp.); -ghatita-lakshana, n. N. of a Nyāya wk.; -danta, mfn. having prominent teeth, Hir. Kūdī (accord. to Kaus., Sch. = badarī, 'Christ's thorn'). Kūpa (in comp.); -danda, m. a mast, Das.; -yantra-ghatikā-nyāya, m. the rule of the buckets attached to a water-wheel (i.e. the vicissitudes of worldly existence), A.; -rājya, n. N. of a country, Inscr.; ("pe)-pišācaka, m. a frog in a well, L. Kūpaka, m. N. of a people, Inscr. Kūrpāsa, (also) a kind of plant, Kad. Kurma-pitta (erase the meaning 'a vessel with water'). Kulya, f. a stream, Hir. Kricchra (in comp.); -dvitīya, m. a friend in need, Car.; -vartin, mfn. performing a penance, Kām.; "rôdya, mfn. difficult to be pronounced, Kāvyad. 1. Krita (in comp.); -kshana, (also) ready to, prepared for, intent upon, engrossed by (comp.), Jātakam.; -m-jaya, m. N. of a teacher, Hir.; -pada, mfn. being about to (inf.), Subh.; -yāma, mfn. whose function is performed, useless,

Kaus.; -lakshana, (also) caused by, R.; -vadhyacihna, mfn. bearing the marks of death, Mālatīm.; -vaira, mfn. one who has become an enemy, Mricch.; -spriha, (also) desirous of (dat.), Bcar.; -smaya, mfn. awakening admiration, Jātakam.; "tâdhikāra, mfn. superintending, watching over (loc.), Bcar.; "tadhipatya, mfn. possessed of sovereignty or power, Kir.; 'tanuyatra, mfn. accompanied by, Bcar.; °tâbhiyoga, mfn.taking pains, Mālatīm.; 'tâbhyanuina, mfn.one who has obtained leave, Bcar; tavritti, mfn. moving to and fro, oscillating, ib.; "tasraya, mfn. resorted to, Jātakam.; "tôpavāsa, mfn. one who has fasted, MBh. Krita, f. (also) a skin, hide (=kriti), ManGr. Krittikanji (SBr.). Kritnú (accord. to some also, 'winning the prize, victorious'). Kritya (in comp.); -pratiharana, n. pl. N. of a series of hymns for counteracting spells, AV. Paris.; -hata, mfn. stricken by a spell, Mn. iii, 58. Kritvya (accord. to some also, 'bringing or containing a prize'). Kripāna (in comp.); -pāni, mfn. holding a sword in the hand, Mālatīm.; -pāta, m. the fall or stroke of a sword, ib.; -putrī, f. a dagger, Dharmas.; -yashti, f. a sword-blade, ib. Kripatman, mfn. tender-hearted, Bcar. Kriptu, f. a hearth (prob. w.r. for kuptu), ApGr. Krivī, f. scissors, L. Krisānu-sakala, m. a spark of fire, Sis. Krishāku, m. a ploughman, L. Krishīta, n. water, L. Krishna (in comp.); -khura, m. having black hoofs, HirP.; -gava, mfn. drawn by black oxen, ib.; -dhriti, m. (with sātyaki) N. of a teacher, JaimUp.; -nandin, m. N. of a poet, Inscr.; -padâmrita, -bhūshana, -māhātmya, n. N. of wks.; -rāja and -rāya, m. N. of various kings, Inscr.; -sakuná, m. a crow, TS.; -sīrshan (°shná-), mfn. black-headed, MaitrS.; -sūtra, (also) n. a black thread, HirP.; -stuti, f., -stotra, n. N. of hymns; "nakshi, mfn. black-eyed, HirP. Krishya-kāra, m. a ploughman, husbandman, Vet. Kekôtkantha, m. fond of uttering cries (as a peacock), Mālatim. Ketri, m. a partic. personification (perhaps Agni), PārGr. Kedārikā, f. (also) a small field, Inscr. Kenipá (accord. to some fr. keni  $[\sqrt{3}. ci] + pa$ , 'attending to the worship or sacrifice'). Kerā, f. a kind of plant, Kaus. Kesa (in comp.); -kalpanā, f. arranging a horse's mane, Mricch.; -kūta, m. braided hair, L.; -nidhāna, n. the burying of hair, ApGr.; -pratigraha, m. a barber, Gobh.; -vāpa, m. hair-cutting, MānGr.; -sesha-karana, n. leaving a remnant of hair, PārGr.; -smasru-loma-nakha, n. pl. hair and beard and down of the body and nails, Hir.; -samvardhana (see samvo, p. 1116). Kesa-vayudha, (also) n. a wheel, L. Kesānī, f. a kind of creeper, Kaus. Késara-pāsa,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . having fetters of hair, MaitrS. Kesarāya, Nom. A. vate, to become hair, Nalac. Kesarin, (also) N. of a Tathagata, Sukh.i. Kainjalka, mfn. consisting of lotus fibres, Jātakam. Kaideva, m. N. of a writer on botany, Nirnayas. Kokalla or Kokkala, m. N. of a king, Inscr. Kokkili, m. N. of a king, Inscr. Kocava or vaka, a covering of soft goat's hair, Buddh. Kotara-vat, mfn. having cavities, Mālatīm. Kottabhanja, m. N. of a chief, Inscr. Kottura, m. N. of a village, ib. Kothi, f. N. of a tank, SkandaP. Kona (in comp.); nagamana, m. (=kanakamuni), Inscr.; MWB. 136 n.; ne-pišācaka, m. a house-frog, L. Koneri-tīrtha, n. N. of a Tirtha, Inscr. Kopa-samdhukshana, mfn. inflaming anger, Uttarar. Komala, (also) of like colour, Kir. Kolamba-varsha, m. a year of the Kollam era (used in Southern India; it is converted into the corresponding A.D. by adding 824-25; thus Kollam 336 = A.D. 1160-61). Kosa (in comp.); -gata-vasti-guhyatā, f. having the pudenda hidden in the abdomen (one of the 32 signs of perfection), Dharmas. 83; -danda, m. du. treasury and army, Mn. ix, 294. Kosalā-nandinī, f. N. of Ayodhyā, L. Kaundinya, (also) one of the 24 mythical Buddhas, MWB. 136. Kautuka, (also) the place for a partic. nuptial ceremony, ManGr. Kautula, m. the husband of a ho's sister, L. Kaunritika, mf(i)n. wicked, perverse, L. Kaunteya-vritta, n. N. of wk. Kaupīnācchādana, n. a cloth for covering the pudenda, Baudh. Kauberaka, m. a servant of Kubera, Hir. Kaumāra-bandhakī, f. a courtezan, Mālatīm. Kaumudī-maha or hôtsava, m. the festival of full moon, ib. Kaurukshetra, m. pl. the inhabitants of Kuru-kshetra (w.r. kuro), Mn. vii, 193. Kaula, m. (also) a boat, raft (cf. kola), Mahāvy.; "lēšī, f. N. of a female per-

sonification, RTL. 188. Kausika-grihya-sūtra, n. N. of wk. Kausiki-vara-prasada, m. the favour of a boon from Kausikī i.e. Durgā, Inscr. Kausuma, n. a heap of flowers, Dharmas. Kaustubha-dūshana, n. N. of a Vedânta wk. Krama (in comp.); -gata, mfn. come into the way of (gen.), Mālatīm.; -vyatyaya, m. inverted order, Subh. Kramaneshtakā, f. N. of a brick (close to the Adhvaryu-patha), Drahy., Sch. Krivirdatī, f. (prob.) sharp-toothed (cf. krivī), RV. Krīdā (in comp.); -bidālikā, f. a cat to play with, Rājat.; -yoga, m. arrangement of games or sports, Mālatīm. Krusika, m. a jackal, L.; an owl, L. Vkrone, P. kroneati, to trumpet (as an elephant), Divyav. Krodha (in comp.); -vinayana, n. appeasing anger, Hir.; -vivašā, f. a bad-tempered girl (unfit for marriage), L. Krausna, m. a beast of prey, L. Kvadhastha (accord. to some read sadhastham). Kshana (in comp.); -kshapā, f. a night of full moon, Dharmas.; -dadhinatha, m. the moon, ib.; -rajanī, f. (=-kshapā), ib.; nanšu, f. lightning, L. Kshanitu, m. = kshananu. Kshatra (in comp.); -jāta or -yoni, mfn. born from the military caste, MBh. Kshatriya-yoni, f. a Kshatriya's form of existence, ChUp. Kshapā-kshaya, m. 'night's end,' morning, Mricch. Kshamā-sipha, mfn. having patience as fibres (said of the tree of knowledge), Bcar. xiii, 65. I. Ksháya (RV.). 3. Kshayá (the accent is on the last syllable in the sense 'destruction,' accord. to Pan. iii, 3, 56 and vi, 1, 63). Kshā (in comp.); -trāna, m. N. of a demon, Kaus.; -pavitra, m. or n. N. of a partic. text, Baudh. Kshanti-varna-vadin or kshānti-vādin, mfn. praising patience, Jātakam. Kshāma-kukshitā, f. having thin loins (one of the 80 minor marks of a Buddha), Dharmas. 84. Kshāra, (also) flowing water, flow, MānGr.; -lavanávaránna-samsrishta, n. salt or pungent food or such as has an admixture of inferior food, ApGr. 2. Kshiti (in comp.); -kshamā-vat, mfn. patient as the earth, R.; -vrishan, m. a king, Rajat. Kshitikā, f. a partic. part of a lute, Kaus. Kshitvari, f. night, L. Kshipana, mfn. one who throws, L. Kshipram-suvana, n. a partic. ceremony for causing easy birth, ApGr. Kshipra-prasavana, n. id., Hir. Kshīna (in comp.); -kalmasha, mfn. freed from sin, Bhag.; "nasrava, mfn. id., Divyav. Kshīrabdhi-mandira, mfn. dwelling in the ocean of milk, Pancar. Kshudra (in comp.); -misra, mfn. mixed up with small (stonec), BaudhP.; -sūtra, n. N. of wk.; dranukshudra, n. pl. (with sikshapadāni) minor observances of discipline, Divyav.; drôpâya, m. the three minor stratagems (viz. māyā, upekshā, indra-jāla), L. Kshudri, m. the ocean, L. Kshudhāru, mfn. = kshudhālu. Kshullaká-vaisvadeva, m. a small cup for the Vaisvadevas, MaitrS. Kshuna, n. transgression, offence, L. Kshetra (in comp.); -griha, n. sg. field and house, Mn. xi, 164; -ja, mfn. (a quarrel) arisen about land, Nār.; -bhāga, m. a piece of land, ChUp.; -vitrinni, f. a clod of earth taken from the field, BaudhP.; -sādhas (accord. to some, bestowing a field'); -sinha (or kheta-so), m. N. of various kings, Inscr. Kshemaniya-tara, n. better health, Divyav. Kshema-sinha (or khema-so), m. N. of a king, Inscr. Kshaitrá (accord. to some the accent should be on the last syllable). Kshaitrapatya, n. (also) a sacrifice offered to the lord of the soil, ApGr. Kshoni (accord. to some also, 'a partic. class of goddesses or semi-divine females;' accord. to others, 'flood, stream of water or Soma &c.'). Kshotri, m. a pestle, L. Kshobha, (also) a strong current of water, MBh. Kshauni (in comp.); -dhara, m. a mountain, Das.; -nātha, m. a king, Kautukas. Kshaudra-patala, m. or n. a honeycomb, Ragh. Kshauma-dasā, f. a fringed linen cloth, Gobh. Kshnū, f. the pointed end of a scraper or shovel, L. Kshmā-vrisha (read -vrishan). Kshvedita, (also) chewed, SaddhP.

Kha (in comp.); -dīna or -paridīnaka, n. a partic. mode of flying, MBh.; -puta, mfn. one who eats out of his own hands, L.; -latā, f. 'creeper in the air,' anything impossible, Sis.; -stha, mfn. standing in the air, MBh.; khânka and khâdhvanīna, m. the sun, L. Khaṭvānga (in comp.); -ghanṭā, f. a bell fastened to the Khaṭvānga staff, Mālatīm.; -hasta, mfn. = -bhrit, Bcar. Khadga (in comp.); -ratna, n. an excellent sword (one of the 7 precious things of a king), Dharmas. 85; latā-, f. a swo-blade, Mālatīm.; -vāri, n. blood dripping from a sword, Vcar.; -vi-