मेपूरण meshūrana, n. (Gk. μεσουράνημα) N. of the 10th astrological house, VarBrS.

मध्य meshka, m. a partic. beast of prey, ApŚr.

The meha, m. (\square) urine (meham \square) kri, to make water), Br. (cf. \(\alpha - meha\)); M\(\text{arkP.}\); urinary disease, excessive flow of urine, diabetes, Susr.; a ram (=mesha), L. -ghnī, f. 'curing diabetes,' Indian saffron, L. -p\(\text{ata}\), m, or n. N. of a place, Cat. (cf. meda-\(\phi^\circ\)). -mudgara-rasa, m. a partic. mixture serving as remedy against urinary disease, L. -vat, mfn. suffering from uro do, Heat.

Mehatnu, f. N. of a river, RV.

Méhana, n. membrum virile, RV. &c. &c.; the urinary duct, AV.; urine, Susr.; the act of passing uro, W.; copulation, L.; m. Schrebera Swietenioides, L.; (ā), f. = mahilā, L.

Mehánā, ind. in streams, abundantly, RV. - vat (mehánā-), mfn. bestowing abundantly, ib.

Mehala, m. the smell of urine, L.; mfn. having the smell of urine, L.

Mehin, mfn. (only ifc.) voiding urine, making water; suffering from a partic. urinary disease (cf. ikshu-, udaka-, geha-, nīla-m° &c.); m. a species of small tiger or panther, L.

मध maigha. See p. 832, col. 2.

मेरिमण्य mainminya, n.=minmina-tva, Car.

मैच maitrá, mf(ī)n. (fr. mitra, of which it is also the Vriddhi form in comp.) coming from or given by or belonging to a friend, friendly, amicable, benevolent, affectionate, kind, Mn.; MBh. &c.; belonging or relating to Mitra, VS. &c. &c.; m. 'friend of all creatures,' a Brāhman who has arrived at the highest state of human perfection, L.; a partic. mixed caste or degraded tribe (the offspring of an out-caste Vaisya; cf. maitreyaka), Mn. x, 23; (scil. samdhi) an alliance based on good-will, Kām.; a friend = mitra), Pān. v, 4, 36, Vārtt. 4, Pat.; N. of the 12th astrol. Yoga, Col.; the anus, Kull. on Mn. xii, 72; a man's N. much used as the N. of an imaginary person in giving examples in gram, and philos. (cf. Caitra and Lat. Caius); N. of an Aditya (= mitra), VP.; of a preceptor, Cat.; (i), f., see below; n. (isc. ā) friendship, SBr. &c. &c.; a multitude of friends, MBh. (Nīlak.); =-nakshatra, Sūryas.; an early morning prayer addressed to Mitra, BhP.; evacuation of excrement (presided over by Mitra; maitram VI. kri, to void excr°), Mn. iv, 152; = -sūtra. - kanyaka, m. N. of a man, Buddh. - citta, n. benevolence, Kārand.; mfn. benevolent, kind, Lalit. - ta, f. friendship, benevolence, L. - nakshatra, n. the Nakshatra Anurādhā (presided over by Mitra), MBh. - bala, m. N. of a man, Jātakam. - bha, n. = -nakshatra, L. - vardhaka, mfn. (fr. mitra-v°), g. dhumddi. - vardhraka, mfn. (fr. mitra-v°), ib. (v. l.) - sākhā, f. N. of a school, Cat. - sūtra, n. N. of a Sūtra. Maitraksha-jyotika, m. N. of a partic. class of evil beings, Mn. xii, 72. Maitrābārhaspatyá, mfn. belonging to Mitra and Brihas-pati, SBr. 1. Maitrayana, n. (for 2. see below) 'kind or friendly way,' benevolence, MBh. Maitrāvaruná, mf(i)n. descended or derived from Mitra and Varuna, belonging to them, AV.; TS.; VS.; Br.; relating to the priest called Maitrāvaruna, PancavBr.; m. a patr., RV. vii, 33, II (of Agastya or of Vālmīki, L.; ī, f., SBr.); N. of one of the officiating priests (first assistant of the Hotri), Br.; SrS.; -camasiya, mfn. being in the cup of this priest, ApSr.; -prayoga, m., -sastra, n., -sruti, f., -soma-prayoga, m., -hautra, n. N. of wks.; 'ni, m. a patr. of Mänya or Agastya, RAnukr.; MBh.; of Vasishtha, ib.; of Vālmīki, Uttarar.; nīya, mfn. relating to the priest called Maitrāvaruna, SānkhBr.; n. his office, Siddh.

Maitraka, m. a person who worships in a Buddhist temple, L.; n. friendship, Uttarar.

Maitrāya, P.-yati, to be kind or friendly, Divyâv.

2. Maitrāyana, m. (for 1. see under maitra)
patr. fr. mitra, g. nadādi; pl. N. of a school (called after Maitri), MaitrUp., Introd.; (i), f., see below.

— grihya-paddhati, f. N. of wk. Maitrāyanô-panishad, f. = maitry-up°.

Maitrāyaṇaka, mfn. (fr. 2. maitrāyaṇa), g. arīhanādi.

Maitrāyani, m. N. of Agni, MānGr.; N. of an Upanishad (prob. w. r. for oni).

Maitrāyanī, f. of 2. maitrāyana, q.v.; N. of the mother of Pūrņa, Buddh.; of a female teacher, Col. — parisishţa, n. N. of wk. — putra, m. metron. of Pūrņa, Buddh. — brāhmaṇa-bhāshya-dīpikā, f., -brāhmaṇôpanishad, f. N. of wks. — sākhā, f. N. of a branch of the Black Yajur-veda. — saṃhitā, f. N. of the Saṃhitā of the Maitrā-yaṇiyas (q. v.) Maitrāyaṇy-upanishad, f. = maitry-up°.

Maitrāyanīya, m. pl. N. of a school of the Yajur-veda (closely connected with the Kathas and Kalāpas), Caran. — sākhā, f. and -samhitā, f. = °nī-s° and -s°. Maitrāyanīyôpanishad, f. = maitry-up°. Maitrāyanīyanīdhvadehika-paddhati, f. N. of wk.

Maitri, m. a metron. of a teacher, MaitrUp.

Maitry-upanishad, f. N. of an Upanishad, IW.44.

Maitrika, (ifc.) a friendly office, Pancar.

Maitrin, mfn. friendly, benevolent, Pancar. Maitri, f. friendship, friendliness, benevolence, good will (one of the 4 perfect states with Buddhists, Dharmas. 16; cf. MWB. 128), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; Benevolence personified (as the daughter of Daksha and wife of Dharma), BhP.; close contact or union, Megh.; Vcar.; (ifc.) equality, similarity, Prasannar.; N. of the Nakshatra Anurādhā, L.; N. of an Upanishad (cf. under mailri). - karunā-mudita, m. a partic. Samādhi, Kārand. - dāna, n. friendliness (with Buddhists, one of the three forms of charity), Dharmas. 105. - nātha, m. N. of an author, Buddh. - paksha-pāta, m. a partiality for any one's friendship, Pañcat. - pūrva, mfn. preceded by friendship, MW. - bala, m. 'whose strength is benevolence,' a Buddha, L.; N. of a king (regarded as an incarnation of Gautama Buddha), Buddh.; v. l. for maitra b° , Divyâv. - maya, mf(\bar{i})n. benevolent, friendly,

Maitreya, mfn. (fr. maitrī) friendly, benevolent, MBh.; m. (fr. mitrayu, Pān. vi, 4, 174) patr. of Kaushārava, AitBr.; of Glāva, ChUp. (accord. to Sch. metron. fr. mitrā); of various other men, MBh.; Pur.; N. of a Bodhi-sattva and future Buddha (the 5th of the present age), Lalit. (MWB. 181 &c.); of the Vidūshaka in the Mric-chakaţikā; of a grammarian (=-rakshita), Cat.; of a partic. mixed caste (= maitreyaka), Kull. on Mn. x, 33; (ī), f., see below. - rakshita, m. N. of a grammarian, Cat. - vana, n. N. of a forest, ib. - sūtra, n. N. of a Sūtra wk. Maitreyôpanishad, f. = maitry-up°.

kind, Hcar.

Maitreyaka, m. N. of a partic. mixed caste or degraded tribe (the offspring of a Vaideha and an Ayogavī, whose business is to praise great men and announce the dawn by ringing a bell), Mn. x, 33; (ikā), f. descent from Mitrayu, Pāņ. vii, 3, 2, Sch.; a contest between friends or allies, L.

Maitreyī, f. N. of the wife of Yājñavalkya, SBr.; of Ahalyā, ShadvBr.; of Sulabhā, ĀsvGṛS. — brāh-maṇa, n. N. of SBr. xiv, 5 &c. — sākhôpanishad, f. — next. Maitreyy-upanishad, f. = maitry-up³.

Maitrya, n. friendship, Kāv.; Kathās.; Pañcat. Maitryâbhimukha, m. a partic. Samādhi, Kārand. Maitry-upanishad. See maitri above.

ing to Mithila, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; m. a king of M° (pl. the people of M°), ib.; (\(\bar{\ell}\)), f., see below. -kāyastha, m. N. of a poet, Cat. -padchati, f. N. of wk. -vācaspati and -srī-datta, m. N. of two men, Cat. -samgraha, m. N. of wk.

Maithilika, m. pl. the inhabitants of Mithila, MW.

Maithilī, f. N. of Sītā (daughter of Janaka, king of M°), R.; Kālid. — nāṭaka, n., -pariṇaya, m., -saraṇa, n. N. of wks.

Maithileya, m. metron. fr. maithili, Ragh.

read maithuná, mf(i)n. (fr. mithuna) paired, coupled, forming a pair or one of each sex, BhP.; connected by marriage, PārGṛ.; relating or belonging to copulation, KaṭhUp.; Mn.; MBh. (with bhogu, m. carnal enjoyment; with dharma, m. 'sexual law,' copulation; with vāsas, n. a garment worn during cop^o); n. (ifc. f. ā) copulation, sexual intercourse or union, marriage, SBr. &c. &c. (acc. with \sqrt{as} , i, gam, car; dat. with upa- \sqrt{gam} or upa- \sqrt{kram} , to have sexual intercourse); union, connection, L. - gata, mfn. engaged in copulation, MBh. - gamana, n. sexual intercourse, Suṣr. - jvara, m. sexual passion, MBh. - dharmin,

mfn. cohabiting, copulating, BhP. - vairāgya, n. abstinence from sexual intercourse, MW. Maithunabhāshaṇa, n. a conversation in which allusions are made to sexual into, Mahāvy. Maithunabhighāta, m. prohibition of sexo into, Susr. Maithunabhinopagamana, n. = na-gamana, ib.

Maithunika, (ifc.) having sexual intercourse, MBh.; (ikā), f. union by marriage, Pāņ. iv, 3, 125. Maithunin, mfn. = prec. mfn., Mn.; MārkP.;

m. Ardea Sibirica, L.

Maithuni-bhāva, m. copulation, sexual union, R. Maithunya, mfn. proceeding from or caused by or relating to copulation, Mn.; BhP.

मधातिष maidhātitha, mf(ī) n. relating to Medhâtithi, SānkhŚr.; n. N. of a Sāman, ĀrshBr. (also maidhyātitha).

Maidhāva, m. (fr. medhā-vin) the son of a wise man, Pān. vi, 4, 164, Sch. vaka, n. intelligence, wisdom, g. manojnādi.

मैनवी mainavī, f. (prob. fr. mīna) a kind of gait or movement, Samgīt.

tain (son of Hima-vat by Menā or Menakā, and said to have alone retained his wings when Indra clipped those of the other mountains; accord. to some this mountain was situated between the southern point of the Indian peninsula and Lankā), TĀr. (v.l. maināgā); AVPariš.; MBh. &c.; N. of a Daitya, Hariv. — prabhava, m. N. of the river Šona, VP. — bhaginī and -svasri, f. 'sister of Maināka,' N. of Pārvatī, L.

मैनाल maināla, m. (fr. mīna) a fisherman, VS. (Sch.)

Mainika, m. id., Pān. iv, 4, 35, Sch.

मैनेय maineya, m. pl. N. of a people, Lalit.

मेन्द् mainda, m. N. of a monkey-demon killed by Krishna, MBh.; R. - mardana and-han, m. 'slayer of Mainda,' N. of Krishna, L.

मेमत maimata, m. patr. fr. mimata, Pāņ. iv, 1, 150.

Maimatāyana (g. nadādi) and oni (Car.; cf. Pāņ. iv, I, I50), m. patr. fr. mimata.

म्द्रव mairava, mf(i)n. (fr. meru) relating to mount Meru, Prab.

मेराल mairāla, m. N. of a mythical being, L.

मरावण mairāvaņa, m. N. of an Asura (-caritra, n. N. of wk.), Cat.

मेर्य maireya, m. n. a kind of intoxicating drink (accord. to Susr., Sch. a combination of surā and āsava), MBh.; R. &c.

Maireyaka, m. n. id., MBh.; m. pl. N. of a mixed caste, MBh. (cf. maitreyaka).

मेलिन्द mailinda, m. (fr. milinda) a bee, L.

मैश्रधान्य maisradhānya, n. (fr. misra-dhānya) a dish prepared by mixing various grains, Kaus.

मेहिक maihika, mf(ī)n. (fr. meha) relating to urinary disease, Suir.

Hì $m\tilde{o} = m\tilde{a} + u$ (see under 3. $m\tilde{a}$).

skin of an animal, MBh. (cf. $nir-m^{\circ}$); a quadruped, L.; a pupil, L.; $(m\delta k\bar{\imath})$, f. 'releaser,' night, RV. ii, 38, 3 (Naigh. i, 7).

Moktavya, mfn. to be set free or liberated, MBh.; Kāv.; to be let go or given up or delivered, Mn.; Yājñ.; to be renounced or resigned, Campak.; to be flung or hurled or thrown upon or against (loc. or acc. with prati), MBh.; MārkP.

Moktu-kāma, mfn. wishing to let go, desiring to shoot or cast, MW.

Moktri, mfn. one who releases or liberates &c.; one who pays or discharges, Susr.

Mokya. See a-mokyá.

मोकलिन mokalin, m. N. of a man, Cat.

Desid. fr. $\sqrt{2.muc}$; fut. mokshishyate, MBh.), to wish to free one's self, seek deliverance, Kāṭh. (cf. Pāṇ. vii, 4, 57); to free one's self from