times, like kim and kad, at the beginning of compounds) marking the strange or unusual character of anything or expressing reproach, L.; head, L.; food, Nir.; water, Nir.; Nigh.; happiness, bliss, L. Kám-vat, mfn. blissful, SBr. xiii. Kam-da, m. 'water-giver,' a cloud, L.

Kamya, mfn. happy, prosperous, L.

Kamyu, kamyya, kamyyu, kamva, mfn. id., ib.

Kanta, kanti, kantu, mfn. id., T. Kambha, mfn. id., L.

कम 2. kam, cl. 1. A. (not used in the conjugational tenses) cakame, kamită, kamishyate, acakamata, Dhatup.xii, 10; to wish, desire, long for, RV. v, 36, 1; x, 117, 2; AV. xix, 52, 3; SBr.; Ragh. &c.; to love, be in love with, have sexual intercourse with, SBr. xi; BhP.: Caus. A. (ep. also P.) kāmayate,-ti, kāmayām-cakre,acīkamata,&c.; to wish, desire, long for (with acc. or inf. or Pot., Pan. iii, 3, 157; e. g. kāmaye bhuñjīta bhavān, I wish your worship may eat; kāmaye dātum, I wish to give, Kāś.), RV.; AV.; TS.; MBh. &c.; to love, be in love with, have sexual intercourse with, RV. x, 124, 5; 125, 5; SBr.; MBh. &c.; to cause any one to love, Ritus. (in that sense, P.; Vop.); (with bahu or aty-artham) to rate or value highly, R.: Desid. cikamishate and cikamayishate: Intens. camkamyate; [cf. Lat. comis; also amo, with the loss of the initial, for camo; ca-rus for cam-rus: Hib. caemh, 'love, desire; fine, handsome, pleasant;' caomhach, 'a friend, companion;' caomhaim, '] save, spare, protect: 'Armen. kamim.]

Kamaka, as, m., N. of a man; (ās), m. pl. the descendants of this man, gaņa upakādi, Pāņ. ii, 4,

69.

Kamatha, as, m. (Un. i, 102) a tortoise, BhP.; Pañcat. &c.; a porcupine, L.; a bamboo, L.; N. of a king, MBh.; of a Muni; of a Daitya; (as or am), m. or n. a water-jar (esp. one made of a hollow gourd or cocoa-nut, and used by ascetics), L.; (i), f. a female tortoise, a small one Sāntis. — pati, m. the king of tortoises. **Kamathâsura-vadha**, m. 'the slaying of the Asura Kamatha,' N. of a section of the Ganesa-purāna.

Kama-dyū, $\bar{u}s$, f. (= $k\bar{a}masya\,d\bar{i}pan\bar{i}$, Sāy.), N. of a woman, RV. x, 65, 12.

Examana, mf(\bar{a})n. wishing for, desirous, libidinous, L.; beautiful, desirable, lovely, BhP.; (as), m., N. of Kāma, L.; of Brahmā, L.; Jonesia Asoka, L. — cchada, m. 'having beautiful plumage,' a heron, L.

Eamanīya, mfn. to be desired or wished for, desirable, Kum. i, 37; lovely, pleasing, beautiful, Sak. 62b; Bhartr. &c. -tā, f., -tva, n. desirableness, loveliness, beauty.

Kamara, mfn. (Un. iii, 132) desirous, lustful, L. Kámala, mfn. (Comm. on Un. i, 106) pale-red, rose-coloured, TS. vii, 3, 18, 1; (kamála) AV. viii, 6, 9 (desirous, lustful, BRD.); (as), m. a species of deer, L.; the Indian crane (Ardea Sibirica), L.; N. of Brahmā, L.; of a pupil of Vaisampāyana, Kāš.; of an Asura, GanP.; (in mus.) a particular Dhruvaka (q. v.); (as, am), m. n. a lotus, lotusflower, Nelumbium, Susr.; Sak.; Bhartr. &c.; (a), f., N. of Lakshmi, BhP.; Sāh.; Kathās.; wealth, prosperity, Subh.; N. of Dākshyāyanī, MatsyaP.; of one of the mothers in the retinue of Skanda, MBh.; of the wife of Jayapida, Rajat.; an excellent woman, L.; an orange, Tantras.; (i, am), f.n., N. of a metre (four times three short syllables); (am), n. a particular constellation, VarBr.; water, Kir. v, 25; copper, L.; the bladder, L.; a medicament, drug, L.; N. of a town built by Kamalā, Rājat.; a particular number, Buddh. - kīta, -kīra, m. (?), N. of two villages, gana palady-ādi, Pān. iv, 2, 110 (Kāš.) - khanda, n. a group of lotuses, Kāš. on Pān. iv, 2, 51. - garbha, mfn. 'offspring of the lotus,' N. of Brahma, Kathas.; the lotus-cup. - garbhabha, mfn. bright as the lotus-cup. - ja, m., N. of Brahmā, VarBṛS.; Kathās.; (cf. the last.) -deva, m., N. of a man; (i), f., N. of the wife of king Lalitāditya (and mother of king Kuvalāpīda). - nayana, m. 'lotus-eyed,' N. of a king. - nābha, m. 'lotus-naveled,' N. of Vishnu, BhP.; Kād. - netra, mfn. lotus-eyed, Dhūrtas. - pattra, n. leaf of the lotus-flower. - pattraksha, mfn. having eyes like leaves of the lotus-flower, R. &c. - bandhava, m. 'the friend of the lotus,' the sun, Kād. - bāla-nāla, n. the stalk of a young lotus.

- balanalaya, Nom. A. yate, to be like the stalk of a young lotus, Sinhās. - bhava, m. 'sprung from the lotus,' N. of Brahma, VarBrS. - bhavana, m. id. - bhida, f., N. of a village, gana paladyādi, Pān. iv, 2, 110. - bhū, m. 'rising out of a lotus,' N. of Brahma, Viddh. - mati, m., N. of a man, Kathās. - maya, mfn. consisting of lotusflowers, Hcar.; Kād. - yoni, m. 'lotus-born,' N. of Brahmā, VarBṛS.; Hcat. - locana, mf(a)n. lotuseyed; (a), f., N. of a woman, Kathas. - vatī, f. =-devī above, Rājat.; N. of a princess, Kathās. - vadana, mf (a) n. lotus-faced, Srutab. - vana, n. a cluster of lotuses; -maya, mfn. consisting of masses of lotuses, nothing but lotuses, Kad. - vardhana, m., N. of a king of Kampana, Rājat. - varman, m., N. of a king, Kathās. - sīla, m., N. of a scholar, Buddh. - shashthī-vrata, n., N. of a particular religious observance, BhavP. - saptamī-vrata, n. id., MatsyaP. - sambhava, m., N. of Brahmā. Kamalakara, m. a mass of lotuses; a lake or pool where lotuses abound, R.; Ratnāv. &c.; N. of the author of a commentary on the Mitāksharā, and of several other authors and men; -tīrtha-yātrā, f., N. of a work. Kamalā-kešava. m., N. of a shrine built by Kamalavati, Rājat. Kamalaksha, mf(i)n. lotus-eyed; (i), f., N. of a mother in the retinue of Skanda, MBh.; (am), n., N. of a town, MatsyaP. Kamalagraja, f. 'born before Lakshmi,' N. of A-lakshmi or Bad Luck. Kamalā-chāyā, f. (or cchāyā), N. of an Apsaras, VP. Kamalā-tīrtha, n., N. of a Tīrtha, SkandaP. Kamaladi, m., N. of a gana, Comm. on Pan. iv, 2, 51. Kamalanandana, n. 'Kamala's joy,' N. of Misra-dinakara. Kamalā-pati, m., N. of a man. Kamalāpāta, m., N. of a man. Kamalābhakta, m. id. Kamalayataksha, mfn. having large lotus eyes. Kamalayudha, m., N. of a poet. Kamalalaya, m., N. of a country, MatsyaP.; (a), f. 'abiding in a lotus,' N. of Lakshmī, R. Kamalasana, n. a lotus-flower serving as a seat, RāmatUp.; a particular manner of sitting; (as), m. 'having a lotus as seat,' N. of Brahmā, MBh.; BhP.; Kum. &c.; -stha, m. id. Kamalā-hatta, m., N. of a market-place (founded by Kamalavati), Rājat. I. Kamalahāsa, m. the 'smiling,' i. e. opening or shutting of a lotus. 2. Kamalāhāsa, Nom. (fr. the above) P. sati, to smile like a lotus, Dhūrtas.. Kamalekshana, mf(a)n. lotus-eyed, MBh.; R. &c. Kamalôttara, n. safflower (Carthamus Tinctorius), L. Kamalôtpalamālin, mfn. having garlands of Kamala and Utpala lotuses, MBh. iii. Kamalôdaya, m., N. of a man, Kathās. Kamalôdbhava, m., N. of Brahmā, Kathās.

Kamalaka, am, n., N. of a town, Rājat.

Kamalinī, f. the lotus plant, Kathās.; a number of lotus plants; a pool or place abounding with them, MBh.; Ragh. &c. - kānta, m. 'the lover of the lotus,' N. of the sun, Kathās. - bandhu, m. id.

Kamalīkā, f. a small lotus, Kād.

Kamā, f. loveliness, beauty, radiance, L. Kamitri, mfn. lustful, desirous, cupidinous,

Naish.; the male, husband, Hcar.

Kamra, $mf(\bar{a})n$. (Pān. iii, 2, 167) loving, being in loye, desirous, L.; desirable, beautiful, lovely, Kāvyād.; (\bar{a}) , f. a kind of musical instrument.

Kānta, &c. See s. v. Kāma, &c. See s. v.

Veda $\bar{u}s$, f. according to Pāṇ. iv, I, 71) a gourd or vessel made of wood or earth used for water (by ascetics and religious students), a water-jar, MBh.; BhP.; Yājñ. &c.; a kind of animal, ĀsvŠr.; (us), m. Ficus Infectoria, L.; ($\bar{u}s$), f. a kind of animal, Pāṇ. iv, I, 72.

कमन्तक kamantaka, as, m., N. of a man; (ās), m. pl., N. of his descendants, gaņa upakādi, Pāņ. ii, 4, 69.

कमन्दक kamandaka, as, m.; (ās), m. pl. id., ib.

कमन्ध kamandha, am, n. water, L.; (cf. kabandha.)

कमल kamala. See col. 1.

कमुजा kamujā, f. a tuft or lock of hair. Kamuñjā, f. id., Parāš.

कम्प kamp, cl. 1. A. (ep. also P.) kampate (-ti), cakampe, kampishyate, akampishta, kampitā (Dhātup. x, 13), to tremble, shake, MBh.; BhP.; Pañcat. &c.: Caus. P. Ā. kampayati, -te, to cause or make to tremble, shake, MBh.; R. &c.; to pronounce in a tremulous manner (i.e. with a thrill or shake): Desid. cikampishate: Intens. camkampyate, camkampti; [cf. Gk. κάμπτω; Hib. cabhôg, 'hastening.']

Kampa, as, m. trembling, tremor, trembling motion, shaking, MBh.; Sušr. &c.; earthquake (cf. bhūmi-kampa, mahī-k°, &c.); tremulous or thrilling pronunciation (a modification of the Svarita accent which may take place if the Svarita syllable is followed by an Udātta syllable), Nir. &c.; a kind of time (in mus.); N. of a man. — rāja, m., N. of a man. — lakshman, m. air, wind, L. Kampân-ka, m. id., L. Kampânvita, mfn. affected with

trembling, agitated.

Kampana, mf(ā)n. trembling, shaken, unsteady; causing to tremble, shaking, MBh.; (as), m. a kind of weapon, MBh. i, 2836; R.; a kind of fever, Bhpr.; the cool or dewy season (from about the middle of January to that of March), L.; N. of a king, MBh. ii, 117; of a country near Kāšmīra, Rājat.; (ā), f., N. of a river, MBh.; VP.; (am), n. trembling, quivering, Sušr.; an earthquake, MBh. v, 7239; quivering or thrilling pronunciation (see kampa), Comm. on RPrāt.; the act of shaking, swinging, KātyŚr.; Sušr. i, 85, 9; Tarkas. &c.

Kampaniya, mfn. to be shaken, movable, vi-

bratory.

Kampāka, a wrong reading for kampānka above. Kampāya, Nom. Ā. kampāyate, to tremble, shake, Comm. on VarBṛS.

Kampikā, f. a kind of musical instrument.

Kampita, mfn. trembling, shaking, MBh.; Ritus.; caused to tremble, shaken, swung, MBh. iv, 1290; Tattvas.; (am), n. trembling, a tremor.

Kampin, msn. trembling, quivering, Kathās.; (isc.) causing to tremble, shaking; (cf. sirah-kam-pin.)

Kampila, as, m., N. of a man, Buddh.; = the next, L.

Kampilya, as, m., N. of a pigment (produced from the plant Rottleria Tinctoria), L.

Kampilyaka, m. (Car.), kampilla, m. (Suśr.), kampillaka, m. (Suśr.), kampilvaka, m. (Car.), and kampīla, n. (L.), id.

Eampya, mfn. to be shaken or made to tremble (cf. a-kampya); to be moved away from one's place; to be pronounced in a quivering or trilling manner.

Kampra, mf(ā)n. trembling, shaken, Pān.; Bā-lar.; movable; agile, quick, KātyŚr.; Lāty.; unsteady, uncertain, Naish.

किम्पाझ kamphilla, as, m., v.l. for kapphina, q. v.

कि kamb, cl. 1. P. kambati, to go, move; (v. l. karb.)

कहार kambara, mfn. variegated, spotted, L.; (as), m. variegated colour, L.

कचल kambalá, as, am, m. n. (Vkam, Comm. on Un. i, 108), a woollen blanket or cloth or upper garment, AV. xiv, 2, 66; 67; MBh.; Hit. &c.; (as), m. a dew-lap, VarBrS.; Hcat.; a small worm or insect, L.; a sort of deer with a shaggy hairy coat, L.; N. of a teacher; of a man; of a Nāga, MBh.; MārkP. &c.; (am), n. water (cf. kamala); N. of a Varsha in Kusa-dvīpa, MBh. vi, 454. - kāraka, m. a woollen-cloth manufacturer. - cārāyanīya, ās, m. pl. a nickname of a school of the Carayanas, Pat. on Katy., on Pan. i, 1, 73; (cf. odana-paniniya.) - dhāvaka, m. one who cleans woollen clothes. - barhisha, m., N. of a man, Hariv.; BhP.; VP. - vāhya or -vāhyaka, m. = kambali-vähyaka below. - hāra, m., N. of a man; (ās), m. pl. the descendants of this man, gana yaskadi, Pān. ii, 4, 63. Kambalārņa (for kambala-rina, Vārtt. on Pān. vi, 1, 89), n. a debt consisting of a woollen blanket or garment. Kambalaluka, f. a kind of vegetable, L.

Kambalaka, as, m. a woollen eloth or garment, Suir.; (ikā), f., gaņa pakshādi, Pāņ. iv, 2, 80.

Kambalin, mfn. covered with a woollen cloth or blanket, wearing a woollen garment, Jain.; (i), m. 'having a dew-lap,' an ox, L. Kambali-vāhya-ka, n. a carriage drawn by oxen.

Kambalīya, mf(ā)n. fit for woollen blankets &c., Kāš. on Pāņ. v, I, 3.