सिश्चिष् abhi-srísh (abl. -sríshas), f. a ligature, RV. viii, I, I2.

अभिन्नी 2. abhi-√srī (3. pl. -srīṇanti, p. -srīṇat; plusq. 3. pl. -asisrayuh) to mix, mingle, RV.; -srīṇāti, 'to prepare or dress,' produce, cause, TBr.; (by BR. placed under abhi-√sri.)

3. Abhi-sri, nom. pl. -sriyas, f. anything added by mingling, RV. ix, 79, 5 & 86, 27.

सभिष्ण abhi-√sru (p. -srinvat) to hear, learn, Hariv. 4583; BhP.

Abhi-sravana, am, n. repeating Vedic texts (while sitting down to a Śrāddha), L.

Abhi-srāvá, as, m. hearing (a prayer), granting an answer, RV. i, 185, 10 & x, 12, 1.

Abhi-srutá, mf(a)n. renowned, AV. vi, 138, 1.
Abhi-srutya, ind. p. hearing of, learning, MBh.
i, 4427.

अभिश्वस abhi-√svas (p. -svasát; Ved. Inf. (abl.) -svásas) to blow towards or hither, RV. i, 140, 5 & 92, 8; (p. -svasat) to whistle, R.; to groan, R. Abhi-svāsa, as, m. blowing (into a flame),

सिम्पच 1. abhi-shac (√sac), Ā. -sacate, to turn to, be favourable to (acc.), RV.: P. -sisha-kti, to approach for revering, RV. vii, 67, 3.

2. Abhi-shác, m(acc. -ácam; n. pl. -ácas) fn. following, accompanying, RV. vi, 63, 9; AV. xviii, 4, 44; paying attention to, devoted to, favourable, RV.

समिषद्ध abhi-shañj (√sañj), -shajati (Pāṇ. viii, 3, 65, Sch.) 'to be in close contact with,' have a claim to or lay claim to, MBh. iv, 95 (v. l. abhi-12. pat); to put a slur upon (acc.), revile, curse.

Abhi-shakta, mfn. possessed by evil spirits, L.; humiliated, defeated, L.; reviled, cursed.

Abhi-shanga, as, m. (ifc. f. ā, Ragh. xiv, 77) propensity or inclination to, BhP.; the state of being possessed by evil spirits (cf. bhūtābhishanga) or disturbed in mind, MBh.; humiliation, defeat, MBh.; Ragh.; Kum.; curse or imprecation, MBh.; false accusation, calumny, L. (cf. mithyābhishanga); oath, L.; embracing, L, -jvara, m. a fever supposed to be caused by evil spirits.

Abhi-shangin, mfn. humiliating, defeating,

MBh. iv, 2108.

KātySr.

Abhī-shanga, as, m. curse or imprecation, L.

siege, RV. ix, 7, 5; Ved. (impf.) -ashīdat or -asī-dat, &c., Pāṇ. viii, 3, 119, in classical Sanskrit only forms with sh are allowed, Pāṇ. viii, 3, 63 & 118.

Abhí-shanna, mfn. besieged, oppressed, TS.; Kāth.

अभिषव abhi-shava, &c. See abhi-shu.

sáhat, Prec. 2. sg. -sāsahīshthās, p. P. -sāhvás & Ā. -sehāná) to overpower, conquer, RV.; (aor. Ā. 1. sg. -asākshi) to gain, win, RV. x, 159, 1; Kauš.; Nir.; to tolerate, allow, pardon, (Pass. -sahyate) Sāh.

Abhi-shaha, as, m. = nigraha (q. v.), L.

Abhi-shahya, ind. p. with $\sqrt{1. \text{kri}}$, to treat by force, commit a rape, violate (a female), Mn. viii, 367.

Abhī-sháh, m (nom. -shất) fn. overpowering, RV. vii, 4, 8; AV.; Nir.; (-sháhā), instr. ind. by force, SBr.

Abhī-shāha, ās, m. pl., N. of a people, MBh. viii, 127.

अभिषात abhí-shāta, mfn. gained, RV. v,

(e. g. MBh. vii, 4593; Bhaṭṭ.) to sprinkle, water, wet, RV. i, 121, 6 (pr. p. -siñcát), &c.; to consecrate, anoint, appoint by consecration, AV. &c.: Ā. (Imper. 2. sg. -shiñcasva, sometimes v. l. Pass. -shicyasva) to consecrate one's self or have one's self consecrated, MBh.; Hariv.; R.: Ā. or Pass. to bathe, MBh. xii, 8894 & xiii, 1702: Caus. P. to water, wet: P. (rarely Ā.) to consecrate, anoint: Ā. (with or without [Nir.] ātmānam) to have one's self consecrated: Desid. -shishikshati & Intens. -sesicyate, Pāṇ., Sch. & Comm.

Abhi-shikta, mfn. sprinkled; anointed, installed, enthroned; (cf. mūrdhâbhishikta.)

Abhi-sheká, as, m. anointing, inaugurating or

consecrating (by sprinkling water), inauguration of a king, royal unction; the water or liquid used at an inauguration, SBr. &c.; religious bathing, ablution, MBh. &c.; bathing of the divinity to whom worship is offered, L.; (cf. mahâbhisheka & mūr-dhâbhisheka.) — sālā, f. the hall of coronation.

Abhishekârdra-siras, mfn. wet on the head with the royal unction. Abhishekâha, m. day of inauguration.

Abhi-shektavya, mfn. to be consecrated or anointed, Kathās.

Abhi-shektrí, tā, m. one who consecrates (by sprinkling), VS.; SBr.

Abhisheka, mfn. worthy of inauguration (abhisheka), Kaus.; KātyŚr.; (said of the elephant) used for the inauguration, Jain. (Prākṛit abhisekka).

Abhi-shecana, am, n. sprinkling, MBh.; BhP.;

initiation, inauguration, R. &c.

Abhi-shecaniya, mfn. worthy of inauguration, SBr.; belonging to inauguration (as vessels, &c.), SBr. &c.; (as), m., N. of a sacrificial ceremony performed at the inauguration of a king, SBr.; AitBr.&c.

Abhi-shecita, mfn. caused to be sprinkled, watered, wetted, Hariv.; inaugurated.

Abhi-shecya, mfn. to be anointed, R.

अभिषध abhi-shidh, -shedhati, Pāṇ. viii, 3, 65, Sch.: Caus. Desid. -shishedhayishati, ib., 64, Sch.

Abhi-shiddha, mf(ā)n. driven hither, AitBr.

अभिष्य abhi-shiv (√siv), to sew round, SānkhŚr.

अभिषिषेणियपु abhi-shishenayishu. See abhi-shená.

ind. p. -shútya) to press out (with stones) the Soma juice (or any other juice), SBr. &c.; to press out with the help of any liquid, Mn. v, 10 (Pass. 3. pl. -shū-yante); Sušr.; (fut. p. -soshyat, cf. Pāṇ. viii, 3, 117) to moisten, Bhaṭṭ.: Caus. -shāvayati, Pāṇ. viii, 3, 65, Comm.

Abhi-shava, as, m. pressing out (the juice of the Soma plant), ĀṣvṢr.; KātyṢr.; distillation, L.; religious bathing, ablution (preparatory to religious rites), L.; drinking Soma juice, sacrifice, L.; ferment, yeast, any substance producing vinous fermentation, L.; (am), n. sour gruel, VP.

Abhi-shavana, am, n. pressing out (the juice of the Soma plant), Nir.; (abhi-shávanīs), Ved. nom. pl. f. the utensils used for pressing out (the Soma juice), AV. ix, 6, 1, 16; (cf. adhi-shávana.)

Abhi-shavanīya, mfn. to be expressed (as Soma juice).

Abhi-shāvaka, as, m. the priest (or any one) who expresses the Soma juice, L.

Abhi-shuta, mfn. expressed (as Soma juice), SBr. &c.; (am), n. (= abhi-shava, n.) sour gruel, L. Abhi-shotri, tā, m. = abhi-shāvaka, SBr.;

KātyŠr.

Abhi-sāvakīya, Nom. P. vati, to long for a sāvaka (q. v.), Pāņ. viii, 3, 65, Comm.

Abhi-susūsh, mfn. desirous of expressing Soma juice, Pān. viii, 3, 117, Sch.

अभिषुक abhi-shuka, as, m., N. of a plant, Suir.

with (instr.), Kāth.; to consecrate for a purpose (acc.), SBr.; impf. -ashuvat, Pān. viii, 3, 63: Desid. -susūshati, ib., 64, Comm.

अभिष्ट abhi-shūd (√sūd), Caus. to kill, destroy, R. i, 27, 19.

अभिषेण abhi-shená, as, m. directing arrows against, RV. vi, 44, 17.

Abhi-shishenayishu, mfn. (fr. Desid.) desirous of marching against, Sis. vi, 64.

Abhi-shenana, am, n. marching against (in comp.) with an army, Rajat.

Abhi-shenaya, Nom. P. -shenayati (impf. -a-shenayat, Pān. viii, 3, 63), to assail with an army, to march with an army against (acc.), Venīs. &c.: Desid. -shishenayishati, Pān. viii, 3, 64, Sch.

ester, chain, AV. iv, 16, 9; (pr. p. -shyat) to put an end to, destroy, Bhatt.; impf. -ashyat, Pān. viii, 3, 63.

अभिष्टन् abhi-shṭan (√stan), (Imper. 2. sg. -shṭana) to thunder, AV. vi, 126, 2: Caus. id., TS.: Intens. (Imper. 2. sg. -tanstanīhi) to roar, AV. v, 20, 1.

Abhi-shṭaná, as, m. roaring, hollow noise, RV. i, 80, 14.

अभिष्टम्भ abhi-shṭambh (√stambh), -shṭabhnoti or -shṭabhnāti, impf. -ashṭabhnāt, perf. -tashṭambha, Pāṇ. viii, 3, 63 seqq.

अभिष्टव abhi-shtava. See abhi-shtu.

I. pl. s-más, &c.) an assistant, protector ['one who is superior or victorious,' NBD.], (generally said of Indra), RV.; VS.; (abhí-shtis), f. assistance, protection, help, RV.; AV.; VS.; (cf. sv-abhishti.) - krít, mfn. procuring help, assisting, RV. - dyuma (abhishti-), mf(ā)n. whose glory is protecting or superior,' being of benevolent majesty, RV. iv, 51, 7. - pā, m(nom. -pā)fn. protecting with assistance, RV. ii, 20, 2; (the nom. -pā being irregular for -pāh, Gmn. proposes the emendation [adopted by the NBD.] abhíshti (Ved. instr.) pāsi jānān instead of abhishtipāsi jānān). - māt, mfn. rendering assistance, RV. i, 116, 11. - savas (abhíshti-), mfn. rendering powerful assistance, RV. ii, 59, 8.

ashtaut, Pāṇ. viii, 3, 63, or also -astaut, Pāṇ. viii, 3, 119, Kāš.; Subj. 1. pl. -shṭavāma, RV. viii, 100, 3; Imper. 2. sg. -shṭuhi, RV. i, 54, 2) to praise, extol, RV. &c.: Ā. (3. sg.) -shṭuvate, id., MBh. xii, 7715.

Abhi-shṭava, as, m, praise, eulogy, BhP.
Abhi-shṭuta, mfn. praised, RV.; AV. &c.;
praised or addressed (with onkāras), consecrated,

Yājñ. iii, 307.

Abhi-shtuvat, mfn. pr. p. P. praising, Hariv.
Abhi-shtuvana, mfn. pr. p. A. praising, BhP.
Abhi-shtuva, irreg. ind. p. praising, BhP. &c.

आभिष्ठभ abhi-shṭubh (√stubh), -shṭobhati (impf. -ashṭobhat, Pāṇ. viii, 3, 63) to sing or recite in addition to, Lāṭy,

-asthāt, RV., -ashṭhāt, Pāṇ. viii, 3, 63; perf. p. -tashṭhivás, RV. iv, 4,9) to tread or step upon (acc.), RV.; AV.; TS.; SBr.; to overpower, defeat, RV.; AV.; VS.; to extend or rise over (acc.), RV. i, 149, 4 & iii, 14, 4; to step or advance towards (acc.), PBr.; Kauš.; to stay, live, MBh. xii, 3316; to stop, ib., 4475.

Abhí-shthita, mfn. trampled upon, defeated, RV. x, 166, 2; AV.; stepped upon, serving as basis, SBr.

अभिष्टिच abhi-√shthiv (perf. -tishtheva, perf. Pass. p. -shthyūta) to spit upon, SBr.

अभिष्णात abhi-shṇāta, ās, m. pl. (√snā), N. of a family, Hariv. 1466 (v. l. abhi-glāna and ati-glāna).

अभिष्यत्.abhi-shyat, mfn. pr. p. fr. abhi-sho, q. v.; (an) or (abhishyantas, n. sg.), m., N. of a son of Kuru, MBh. i, 3740.

date (or also -shyandate, if said intransitively of lifeless objects, Pāṇ. viii, 3, 72) to run towards or along (generally said of liquids), AV. v, 5, 9 (perf. -sishyade, said of a plant growing or running along the stem and branches of a tree), &c.

Abhi-shyanda or -syanda, as, m. oozing or flowing, L.; running at the eyes, Susr.; great increase or enlargement, Ragh.; Kum. (Cf. pittâ-bhishyanda, raktâbh°, vātâbh°, šleshmâbh°.)

Abhi-shyandamāna, mfn. (said of a cloud) raining, Uttarar.

Abhi-shyandin or -syandin, mfn. oozing, trickling, Sušr.; laxative, Sušr.; causing defluxions or serious effusions, Sušr. Abhishyandi- or abhi-syandi-ramana, n. a smaller city appended to a larger one, suburb, L.

mpf. -ashvajata, Pān. viii, 3, 63; perf. -shasvaje or -shasvaje, ib., 118, Kāš.) to embrace, MBn. viii, 1652: (exceptionally) P. (Opt. -shvajet), id., MBh. xii, 8796.