samcayah, sar avasthitih; prob. w.r. for -niscaya) certainty about the body, MBh. - nipāta, m. collapse of the bo, falling down dead, Gaut. - nyāsa, m. casting off the bo, death, Apast. - pakti, f. purification of the bo, MBh. - patana, n. = -pata, MW. - pāka, m. 'ripening of the bo,' decline of bodily strength, decay, MW. - pāta, m. collapse of the bo, death, VarBr.; Kum. &c. - pīdā, f. bodily pain or suffering, VarYogay. - purusha, m. a soul possessed with a bo, AitAr. - pradhanata, f. the character or nature of the bo (aya, ind. in virtue of the b°), Vedântas. - prabhava, m. a begetter, father, R. - prahlādana, m. N. of a king of the Gandharvas, Kārand. - baddha, $mf(\tilde{a})n$. endowed or invested with a bo, Kum. - bandha, m. the fetters of the b°, being fettered by the b°, BhP.; assumption of a (new) body, rebirth, Ragh.; (ena), ind. in bodily form, bodily, ib. - bandhaka, m. 'personal pledge,' a hostage, W. - bhāj, mfn. having a body, embodied, L.; m. an embodied being, BhP. - bhūta, $mf(\bar{a})n$, become or being a body, MW. - bhrit, mfn. 'containing the (future) body 'and 'endowed with a body' (said of seed and the soul), MBh. - bheda, m. dissolution of the body, death, AitUp.; Gaut. &c. - mātra, n. the mere body or person, the body only, MW. - yashti, f. 'stick-like body,' a slender bo, slim figure, Ragh. - yātrā, f. means of bodily subsistence, subso, Bhag.; Kathās. - yoga, m. bodily union; -ja, mfn. produced from bodo contact, Ragh. -rakshaka, m. a body-guard, L. -raksha, f. defence of the body, protection of the person, Ragh. - ratna, n. a jewel of a body, i. e. an excellent body, Mālatīm. - reshana, n. hurting or injuring the bo, sickness and death, ApGr. -- lakshana, n. N. of wk. - vat, mfn. provided with a bo, Sarvad.; substantial, TBr.; m. an embodied being, MBh.; -tva, n. the being provided with a bo, Sarvad. - vada, m., -viniscayadhikara, m. N. of wks. - vimokshana, n. liberation from body, death, Baudh.; Mn. - vritta, mfn. occupied about bodily state, Kathās. - vritti, f. maintenance of the body, support of life, Ragh. - vaikalya, n. imperfection or indisposition of the body, Hit. - susrūshā, f. attendance on the b°, personal att°, Mn.; Pañcat. - soshana, n. drying up i.e. mortification of the bo, Sarvad.; Pañcat. - samskāra, m. purification of the body (by the ceremonies at conception, birth, initiation &c.; see samsko), Mn. ii, 26; n. decoration or adorning of the person, W. - samdhi, m. a joint of the body, BhP. - sampatti, f. health or prosperity of body, MW. - sambandha, m. 'bodily connection,' relation by marriage, ib. - sada, m. exhaustion of body, Ragh. - stha, mfn. existing in the bo, Bhartr. - sthana, n. the doctrine about the human bo, Cat.; -bhāshya, n. N. of wk. - sthiti, f. = -vritti, Hcar.; Kād. -homa, m. pl. N. of partic. oblations, ApSr. Sarīrākāra, m. (Mālatīm.) or sarīrākriti, f. (Pat.) bodily gesture or mien. Sarīrātman, m. 'the bodily soul' (as distinguished from antarâtman, q.v.), Pat. Sarīranta, m. (ifc. f. a) the hairs on the body, Pañcat.; -kara, mfn. making an end of or destroying the bo, MBh.; R. Sarīrântara, n. another body; -carin, mfn. acting in another bo, MBh. Sarīrabhyadhika, mfn. dearer than one's own person, Kathas. Sarīrardha, m. the half of the body, Kum. Sarīravayava, m. a part of the b°, member, limb, Pān. v, I, 6. Sarīrāvarana, n. 'body-covering,' a shield, MBh.; the skin (?), L.

Sarīrasthi, n. bones of the body, a skeleton, L. Sarīraka, n. a small or tiny body, Sis.; a wretched bo, Pañcat.; Kād.; Kathās. &c.; (m.c. for sarīra; ifc. f. ikā) the body, Yājñ.; Hcat.; m. the soul, A.

Sarīrin, mfn. having a body, embodied, corporeal, Mn.; Kāv. &c.; (ifc.) having anything as a body, Mn.iv, 243 (cf. kha-so); covered with bodies, MBh.; (ifc.) exercising one's own bo, BhP.; living, MW.; m. an embodied being, creature, (esp.) a man, Mn.; Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; the soul, Bhag.; Ragh. &c. (n., W.); an embodied spirit, MW.

Sarīrī- / bhū, P. -bhavati, to become embodied, assume bodily shape (pp. -bhūta), Kathās.

शांपा sarepha, m. N. of a poet, Subh.

शरोगृहोत saro-grihita. See saras, p. 1056.

शकेर sarkara, mf(ā)n. consisting of gravel or grit, gritty, SBr.; KātySr.; m. a pebble, small stone, Kaus.; (m.c.) = sarkarā (see comp.); a kind of drum, Samgit.; N. of a fabulous aquatic being, PañcavBr.; (pl.) N. of a people, MärkP.; (ā and i), f., see below. - karshin, mfn. = $\dot{s}arkar\bar{a}-k$, Hariv. - jā, f. ground or candied sugar, MW. - tvá, n. the condition or nature of grit or gravel, TS. - varshin, mfn. = sarkarā-v, MBh.

Sarkaraka, mfn. (fr. sarkarā), g. rišyddi; m. a species of sweet citron or lime, L.; (ika), f. ground or candied sugar, Param.

Sárkarā, f. (ifc. f. ā) gravel, grit, pebbles, shingle, gravelly mould or soil (mostly pl.), AV. &c. &c.; gravel (as a disease), Suir.; hardening of the flesh, ib.; hardening of the ear-wax, ib.; ground or candied sugar, Kāv.; VarBrS.; Sušr.; a fragment or piece of broken earthenware, potsherd, Naish. - karshin, mfn. attracting or carrying along gravel, SānkhGr. - ksha (raksha), m. N. of a man, g. gargadi ("kshya [prob. w. r.], Samk. on ChUp. v, 11, 1). - cala (râc), m. sugar-hill, a sugar-loaf (shaped like a conical hill), Cat.; -dana, n. the gift of the above, ib. - dhenu, f. a gift of sugar moulded in the shape of a cow, ib. - pushpa, m. a white Calotropis, L. (cf. samkara-p°). - prabha, f. gravelresemblance,' N. of the second of the Jaina hells, L. - mbu ("rambu), n. sugared water, Susr. - "rbuda (°rarb°), m. n. a kind of tumour, Suir. -vat, mfn. full of stony particles, gritty, gravelly, L. - varta (°rav°), f. N. of a river, BhP. - varshin, mfn. raining gravel, SānkhGr. - saptamī, f. a partic. observance on the 7th day of the light half of the month Vaišākha, Cat. - sava (rās), m. spirituous liquor distilled from sugar, rum, R. Sarkarôdaka, n. sugared water, Bhpr.

Sarkarāla, mfn. impregnated with gritty or gravelly particles (as wind &c.), Venīs.

Sarkarika, mfn. (g. kumudadi) gritty, stony, gravelly, W.

Sarkarin, mfn. suffering from the disease called gravel, Car.

Sarkarila, mfn. gravelly (= sarkarā-vat), Pān. v, 2, 105.

Sarkarī, f. (only L.) a river; a belt; = lekhanī; a kind of metre (cf. sakvarī). - dhāna, n. N. of a village, Kās. on Pān. iv, 2, 109.

Sarkarī-krita, mfn. made into gravel or grit, L. Sarkarīya, mfn., Pān. iv, 2, 84.

शकार sarkāra (and ī, f.), g. gaurādi.

शक sarku, m. N. of an evil demon, AV. Sarkura, mfn. young, tender, L.

Barkotá, m. N. of a partic. snake, ib. (cf. sarkota and karkotaka).

शर्णचापिति sarnacāpili(?), m. N. of a man, Pravar.

शदिस sardís or sárdis (of unknown meaning), AV. xviii, 3, 16.

श्राध sárdha, mfn. (vsridh) defiant, bold (orig. 'breaking wind against another'), RV.; m. breaking wind, flatulence, Vop.; a (defiant or bold) host, troop (esp. the host of the Maruts), RV. - mjaha, mfn. (jaha fr. \square, ha) causing flatulence, Pān. iii, 2, 28, Vārtt. I, Pat.; m. beans or any leguminous grain, pulse, W. - nīti (sardha-), mfn. 'acting boldly' or 'leading the host (of Maruts),' RV. - vat, mfn. containing (the word) sardha, ApSr.

Sárdhat, mfn. (pr. p.) defiant, mocking, bold, daring, RV.

Sardhana, n. the act of breaking wind, Kull. Sárdhas, mfn. = sárdhat (only in compar. sárdhas-tara, more daring or defiant), RV.; n. a troop, host, multitude (cf. sárdha), ib.

Sardhin. See bahu-so.

Sárdhya, mín. bold, strong, RV. i, 119, 5.

शपणा sarpanā, f., g. madhv-ādi (Kās.) -vat, mfn., ib. (cf. šaryanā-vat).

श्र व sarb (cf. /sarv, samb, samb, sarb, sarv), cl. I. P. sarbati, 'to go' or 'to kill,' Dhātup. xi, 29.

शर्मन sarman, n. (prob. fr. viri and connected with I. sarana, sarīra) shelter, protection, refuge, safety, RV. &c. &c.; a house, Naigh. iii, 4; joy, bliss, comfort, delight, happiness (often at the end of names of Brāhmans, just as varman is added to the names of Kshatriyas, and gupta to those of Vaisyas), Yājñ.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; N. of partic.

formulas, VarYogay.; identified with sarva (Kauś.) and with vāc (AitBr.); mfn. happy, prosperous, W.

I. Sarma, n. = sarman, L.

2. Sarma, in comp. for sarman. - kama, mfn. desirous of happiness, Yājñ. iii, 328. - kārin (Dhurtan.), -krit (BhP.), mfn. causing ho, blessing. -da (SarngP.), -datri (BhP.), -prada (Bhartr.), mfn. conferring ho, making prosperous, propitious. - labha, m. obtaining ho or joy, Suir. - vat, mfn. containing the word sarman, Mn. ii, 32; possessed of ho, lucky, auspicious, W. - varma-gana, m. N. of a partic. Gana of verses in the Atharva-veda, AV. Paris. - sad, mfn. sitting behind a shelter or screen, RV. Sarmôpâya, m. a means of obtaining happiness, Kathās.

Sarmaka, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh.

Sarmanya, mfn. sheltering, protecting, TS.

Sarmaya, Nom. P. vati (only in pr. p. vát, = prec.), RV.

Sarmara, m. a sort of garment or cloth, L.; Curcuma Aromatica or another species, L.

Sarmin, mfn. possessing happiness, lucky, auspicious, MBh.; m. N. of a Rishi, ib.

Sarmila. See pandu-s'.

Sarmishtha, f. 'most fortunate,' N. of one of the wives of Yayati (she was the daughter of Vrishaparvan and mother of Druhyu, Anu, and Puru; cf. under yayāti and deva-yānī), MBh.; Kāv. &c. - yayāti, n. N. of a Nāṭaka (mentioned in Sāh.)

श्रय sarya, saryana, saryana. See p. 1056, col. 3, and p. 1057, col. 1.

श्रयात saryāta, m. N. of a man, RV.; SBr. (cf. next and saryata).

Saryāti, m. N. of a son of Manu Vaivašvata, MaitrUp.; MBh. &c.; of a son of Nahusha, VP.

श्रव sarv (cf. /sarb, sarv), cl. I. P. sarvati, to hurt, injure, kill, Dhātup. xv, 76.

श्रव sarva, sarvaka &c. See p. 1057, col. 1.

शवर sarvara, mfn. variegated, spotted (= karvara; cf. also šabara, šabala), L.; (ī), f., see below; n. darkness, L.; the god of love (?), L.

Sarvarin, m. (fr. next) the 34th year in Jupiter's cycle of 60 years, VarBrS. (cf. sarvarin).

Sarvarī, f. the (star-spangled) night, RV.; evening, twilight, L.; turmeric or Curcuma Longa, L.; a woman, L.; N. of the wife of Dosha and mother of Sisu-māra, BhP.; pl. the spotted steeds of the Maruts, RV. - pati, m. 'lord of night,' the Moon, L.; N. of Siva, Sivag. Sarvarisa (Rājat.), orisvara (Dhūrtan.), m. the Moon.

श्वरोक sarvarīka, w.r. for sarsarīka.

श्रवला sarvalā, °lī. See sarv°.

शशीक saršarīka, mfn. (fr. Intens. of Viri) hurtful, mischievous, Un. iv, 19, Sch.

श्रापाका sarshīkā, f. (cf. sarshīkā) a kind of metre, Nidānas.

शल I. sal, cl. I. A. salute, to shake ' or 'to cover,' Dhātup. xiv, 19; cl. I. P. salati, to go, move, ib. xix, 13 (only found in comp. with prep., cf. uc-chal, prôc-chal, sam-uc-chal); cl. 10. A. šālayate, to praise, Dhātup. xxxiii, 18, Vop.

Salá, mfn. (connection with above very doubtful) = dravana-samartha, Nir., Sch.; m. a staff, TBr.; a dart, spear, L.; a kind of animal, Pañcar. (accord. to L. 'a camel' or 'an ass'); = kshetrabhid, L.; = vidhi, L.; N. of Bhringi (one of Siva's attendants), L.; of Brahmā, W.; of a serpent-demon, MBh.; of a son of Dhrita-rāshtra, ib.; of a son of Soma-datta, ib.; of a son of Parikshit, ib.; of a son of Suna-hotra, Hariv.; m. or n. the quill of a porcupine, L.; a partic. measure of length (cf. 171-, pañcaso &c.); (i), f., see below. - kara, m. N. of a serpent-demon, MBh. - da, f. N. of a daughter of Raudrāsva, L. - putra, N. of a place, Buddh. (v.l. sali-p°).

Salaka, m. a spider, L.; a bird, L.; (a), f., w.r. for salākā, Pañcat.

Salala, n. the quill of a porcupine (prob. also = a boar's bristle), MBh.; Bhartr.; m.a porcupine, L.; (i), f., see below. - cancu, m. or n. the quill of a porcupine (used for writing), L.