प्रतिश्रम prati-srama, m. (√sram) toil, trouble, Divyâv.

Lineau prati-śraya, m. (√śri) refuge, help, assistance, MBh.; a place of refuge, shelter, asylum, house, dwelling, Mn.; MBh. &c.; a receptacle, recipient (tvam tasya pratiśrayah, 'you know all this'), MBh.; a Jaina-monastery, HPariš.; an almshouse, a place where food &c. is given away, L.; a place of sacrifice, L.; an assembly, L. °śrita, n. a place of refuge, MBh.

प्रात्य prati-vsru, P. -srinoti, to hear, listen, RV. i, 25, 20 (A. 3. sg. srinve, 'to be heard' or 'audible,' i, 169, 7); to listen, give ear to (gen.), Vajracch.; to assure, agree, promise anything (acc.) to any one (gen. or dat.), RV. &c. &c.: Desid. -susrūshati, to wish to promise, Pān. i, 3, 59. sravá, mfn. answering, VS. xvi, 34 (Mahīdh. 'echo, reverberation'); m. (ifc. f. ā) promise, assurance, R.; Rājat.; MārkP.; vante, ind. after the expiration of a promise i.e. the lapse of a promised period, R. sravana, n. hearkening to, listening cf. below); answering, Gaut.; assenting to, agreeing, promising, Mn. ii, 195 (others 'hearkening' or 'answering'); MBh. (-pūrva, mfn. promised, assured); Pān. viii, 2, 99 (Kās. 'hearkening'); (prob.) a partic. part of the ear, ShadvBr. sravas, m. N. of a son of Bhīma-sena, MBh. srut, f. an echo, resonance, Ragh.; a promise, assurance, Sinhas. sruta, mfn. heard, R.; promised (also in marriage), assented, agreed, accepted ("te, 'the promise having been made'), GrS.; Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; echoing, resounding, R.; m. N. of a son of Anakadundubhi, BhP.; n. a promise, engagement (see above). sruti, f. an answer, Hariv.; Satr.; a promise, assent, Vait.; = next, Sis. srútka, f. an echo, reverberation, VS.; ChUp. "srotas, w.r. for srotas. srotri, mfn. one who promises or assents, MW.

मितिश्वस prati-√svas (only pr. p. -svasat), to breathe fiercely or with a snorting sound towards or against, RV.

प्रतिषञ्च prati-shanj (√sanj), P. A. -shajati, °te, to attach something to (loc.; A. 'to one's self'), TS.; Lāṭy. (cf. prati-sangin).

pour upon, mix together, TS.; SrS.; (-sincati), to besprinkle or moisten in return, BhP. "shicya, mfn. to be besprinkled or moistened, TBr. "sheka, m. besprinkling, moistening, TBr., Sch. "sheka, mfn. accompanied by the act of bespr" or m", MaitrS.

प्रातिष्य prati-shidh (v2. sidh), P. -shedhati (ep. also A. °te), to drive away, RV.; to keep back, ward off, prevent, restrain from (abl.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; to forbid, prohibit, disallow, Nir.; MBh.; R. &c.: Caus. -shedhayati, to keep back, prevent, restrain, AsvGr.; MBh. &c.; to prohibit, interdict, Apast.; MBh.; Hariv.; to deny, Sarvad. shiddha, mfn. driven back, kept off, prevented, omitted, MBh.; Kav. &c.; forbidden, prohibited, disallowed, refused, denied, Mn.; MBh. &c.; -vat, mfn. one who has forbidden or interdicted something, Rajat.; -vāma, mfn. refractory when driven back, Sak. vi, 18 (v.l.); -sevana, n. doing what is prohibited, W.; -sevin, mfn. following or doing what is forbidden, ib. "sheddhavya, mfn. to be warded off or kept back or prohibited or forbidden, MBh.; R.; to be denied, Nyāyas. sheddhri, mfn. one who wards off or keeps back &c., MBh.; R.; resisting (with acc.), BhP. shedha, m. keeping back, warding off, prevention, repulsion (of a disease), Mn.; MBh.; Susr.; prohibition, refusal, denial, SrS.; Nir.; Kälid.; contradiction, exception, W.; (in (gram.) negation, a negative particle, VPrāt.; Pān.; Vām.; (in rhet.) enforcing or reminding of a prohibition, Kuval.; (in dram.) an obstacle to obtaining the desired object, Sah.; "dhakshara, n. 'words of denial,' a negative answer, Sak. iii, 22 (v. l.); dhâtmaka, mfn. having a no form or character, Yājñ., Sch.; °dhāpavāda, m. annulment of a prohibition, Kāš. on Pāņ. ii, 3, 68; dharthīya, mfn. having the meaning of a negation, Nir.; "dhôkti, f. expression of denial or refusal, Kāvyad.; "dhôpamā, f. a comparison expressed in a negative form, ib. shedhaka, mf(ikā)n. keeping off, prohibiting, preventive, MBh.; denving, negative, TPrat. shedhana, mfn. keeping or v. arding off, MBh.; n. the act of ko or wo off, restraining from (abl.), preven-

tion, repulsion (of a disease), Mn.; MBh.; Sušr.; rejection, refutation, Sušr. "shedhanīya, mfn. to be kept back or restrained or prevented, Ragh.; Pañcat. "shedhayitri, mfn. denying, negative, Samk. "shedhya, mfn. to be prevented or rejected or prohibited, Pat.; to be denied or negatived, Nyāyas., Sch.

प्रतिषिच् prati-shiv (√siv), P. -shīvyati, to sew on, Kāth. °shevaṇa, n. sewing on, ĀpŚr., Sch.

und prati-shkabh (√skabh), only inf.
-shkábhe, for leaning or pressing one's self against,
RV. i, 39, 2.

Pāṇ. vi, I, 152 fr. $\sqrt{ka\dot{s}}$ a messenger or guide or spy, L.; a whip or leather thong, W. (cf. $ka\dot{s}a$). shka, m. (abridged fr. prec.) a messenger or spy, L. shkasha, m. a leather thong, L. shkasa, m. = shka, L.

unot, to cover in return (with arrows &c.), Bhatt.

shkuta, see á-prati-shkuta.

structed, impeded, stopped, withstood, W. shtambha, m. obstruction, impediment, hindrance, Ragh. shtambhin, mfn. impeding (ifc.), R. (cf. pratistambh).

unity in práti-shtuti, f. (\sqrt{stu}) praise or a song of praise, RV.; TāṇḍBr. shtotri, m. one who rivals in praising, ĀsvŠr.

bhati, to shout in return, answer with a shout, RV.

प्रात्तश prati-shthā (√sthā), P. Ā. -tishthati, 'te, to stand, stay, abide, dwell, RV. &c. &c.; to stand still, set (as the sun), cease, MBh.; BhP.; to stand firm, be based or rest on (loc.), be established, thrive, prosper, RV. &c. &c.; to depend or rely on (loc.), Vajracch.; to withstand, resist (acc.), MBh.; Hariv.; to spread or extend over (acc.), MBh.: Caus. -shthātayati, to put down, place upon, introduce into (loc.), Br.; GrSrS.; to set up, erect (as an image), Ratnav.; to bring or lead into (loc.), MBh.; to establish in, appoint to (loc.), ib.; R. &c.; to transfer or offer or present to, bestow or confer upon (dat. or loc.), AsvGr.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; to fix, found, prop, support, maintain, TS.; Br.; MBh.; Hariv.; to hold against or opposite, R. shthá, mf(ā)n. standing firmly, steadfast, SBr.; MBh.; resisting, Kaus.; (ifc.) ending with, leading to, Jātak.; famous, W.; m. N. of the father of Su-pāršva (who was 7th Arhat of present Avasarpini), L.; (\bar{a}) , f., see next; n. point of support, centre or base of anything, RV. x, 73, 6 (pratishthā hridyā jaghantha, 'thou hast stricken to the quick;' pratishthā may also be acc. pl. of next).

Prati-shtha, f. (ifc. f. a) standing still, resting, remaining, steadfastness, stability, perseverance in (comp.), VS. &c. &c.; a standpoint, resting-place, ground, base, foundation, prop, stay, support, RV. &c. &c.; a receptacle, homestead, dwelling, house, AV. &c. &c. (ifc. abiding or dwelling in, Ragh.; Pur.); a pedestal, the foot (of men or animals), AV.; Br.; SankhSr.; limit, boundary, W.; state of rest, quiet, tranquillity, comfort, ease, MBh.; Kav.; setting up (as of an idol &c., RTL. 70); pre-eminence, superiority, high rank or position, fame, celebrity, Kāv.; Kathās.; Rājat.; establishment on or accession to (the throne &c.), Hariv.; Sak.; Var.; Rājat.; the performance of any ceremony or of any solemn act, consecration or dedication (of a monument or of an idol or of a temple &c.; cf. prana-pro), settling or endowment of a daughter, completion of a vow, any ceremony for obtaining supernatural and magical powers, Var.; Kathās.; Rājat.; Pur.; a mystical N. of the letter a, L.; N. of one of the Mätris attending on Skanda, MBh.; of sev. metres, RPrat.; (with Praja-pateh) N. of a Saman, Arsh Br.; = hrasva, Naigh. iii, 2; = yoga-siddhi or -nishpatti, L.; -kamalakara, m., -kalpalatā, f., -kalpadi, m. pl. N. of wks.; -kāma (°shthā-), mfn. desirous of a firm basis or a fixed abode or a high position, TS.; TāṇḍBr.; GṛŚrS.; BhP.; -kaumudī, f., -kaustubha, m. or n., -cintāmani, m., -tattva, n., -tantra, n., -tilaka, n. N. of wks.; -tva, n. the being a basis or foundation, Samk.; -darpana, m.,

-darša, m., -dīdhiti, f., -dyota, m., -nirnaya, m.

N. of wks.; - nvita ("shthanv"), mfn. possessed of fame, celebrated, MW.; -paddhati, f., -mayūkha, m., -ratna, n., -rahasya, n., -lakshana, n. N. of wks.; -vat, mfn. having a foundation or support, TUp.; -vidhi, m., -viveka, m., -samgraha, m., -samuccaya, m., -sāra, m., -sāra-samgraha, m., -hemâdri, m., shthôddyota, m. N. of wks. shthātri, m. N. of a partic. priest (= prati-prasthātri), Hariv. "shthana, n. a firm standing-place, ground, foundation, PārGr.; MBh. &c.; a pedestal, foot, TBr.; MBh.; R.; the foundation (others 'consecration') of a city, SkandaP.; N. of a town at the confluence of the Ganga and Yamuna (on the left bank of the Goopposite to Allahabad, the capital of the early kings of the lunar dynasty), MBh.; Hariv.; Kathās. &c. (IW. 511, n. 1); m. N. of a locality on the Go-dāvarī, Kathās.; (du.) of the constellation Proshtha-pada, L. shthapana, n. fixing, placing, locating; (esp.) the erection or consecration of the image of a deity, Var. (-paddhati, f. N. of wk.); establishment, corroboration, Sarvad.; (\bar{a}) , f. counter-assertion, statement of an antithesis, Car. oshthapam, ind. p. (of Caus.) placing, locating, SBr.; (as inf.) for founding or establishing, TāndBr. "shthāpayitavya, mfn. to be placed or fixed or established, Karand. (w.r. sthapo). shthapayitri, m. a founder, establisher, VPrat. shthapita, mfn. set up, fixed, erected, Kathas. shthapya, mfn. to be placed or located or fixed, TS.; AitBr.; to be consigned or transferred or entrusted to (loc.), MBh. shthi, f. resistance, RV. vi, 18, 12 (Sāy. 'āsraya'). "shthikā, f. a basis, foundation, Hcat. shthita (práti-), mfn. standing, stationed, placed, situated in or on (loc. or comp.), MBh.; R. &c.; abiding or contained in (loc.), SBr. &c. &c.; fixed, firm, rooted, founded, resting or dependent on (loc. or comp.), AV. &c. &c.; established, proved, Mn. viii, 164; ordained for, applicable to (loc.), ib., 226; secure, thriving, well off, ChUp.; Hariv. &c.; familiar or conversant with (loc.), MBh.; transferred to (loc.), Hariv.; undertaken, Pañcat. (B. anu-shthita); ascended into, having reached (comp.), Sak. vii, & (v.l.); complete, finished, W.; consecrated, ib.; endowed, portioned, ib.; established in life, married, ib.; prized, valued, ib.; famous, celebrated, ib.; m. N. of Vishnu, A.; -pada, mfn. containing verses of a fixed or constant number of syllables, AitBr.; -mātra, mfn. having just got a firm footing, Mricch.; -yasas, mfn. one whose renown is well founded, Ratnav. (su-pro); -samtāna, mfn. one who has progeny or offspring secured, MW. "shthiti (práti-), f. standing firmly, a firm stand or footing, VS.; Br.

प्रतिष्ठामु pra-tishthāsu,mfn.(√sthā, Desid.)
wishing to start, Šiš.; wishing to stay or remain, W.

unise prati-√shthiv, P. -shthivati, to spit upon (acc.), AV.

un prati-shņā and oshņikā, f. (/snā), g. sushāmādi, Kāš. oshņāta (with sūtra) and snāta, mfn., Pāņ. viii, 3, 90, Kāš.

प्रतिष्वद prati-shvad (√svad), Caus.-shvā-dayati, to taste, relish, Kām., Sch.

प्रतिसंयत prati-sam-\yat, A. -yatate, to fight against, SBr. °samyatta, mfn. completely prepared or armed, MBh.

प्रतिसंयात prati-sam-yāta, mfn.(√yā) going against, assailing (with acc.), MBh.

मतिसंयुक्त prati-sam-yukta, mfn. (√yuj) bound or attached to something else, MBh. (B.)

usaniya prati-sam-\/yudh (only pf. -yuyudhuh), to resist an attack together, BhP. samyoddhri, m. an adversary in war, MBh.

unati-sam-\rabh, A.-rabhate, to seize, take hold of, MBh. vii, 3169 (B. -sam-carate). samrabdha, mfn. (pl.) holding one another by the hands, MBh.; excited, furious, ib.; R.

प्रतिसंहड prati-sam-ruddha, mfn. (√rudh) contracted into itself, shrunk, BhP.

प्रतिसल्यन prati-sam-layana, n. (√lī) retirement into a lonely place, privacy, Lalit.; Divyâv.; complete absorption, SaddhP. samlīna, mfn. retired, in privacy, Divyâv.; complete retirement for the sake of meditation, Lalit.