सूपवञ्चन súpavañcaná, mf(a)n. easy of approach or access, not repellent, friendly, RV.

स्पविष्ट súpavishta, mfn.comfortably seated, BhP.

स्पसंस्कृत súpasamskrita, mfn. well prepared, Car.

स्पसद्न súpasadaná, mfn. good or easy to be approached or stayed with, TS.

सूपसम्पन्न súpasampanna, mfn. duly initiated, Buddh.

सूपसर्पण súpasarpaṇa, mf(a)n. easy of access, AV.

स्पासड súpasiddha, mfn. well-seasoned, made savoury or relishable, Car.

स्पस्कर súpaskara, mfn. furnished with good implements or a good equipment, MBh.

सपस्या súpasthá, mfn. forming a good place of rest or shelter, RV.; VS.; ŠānkhSr.

Sûpasthāná, mfn.willingly or gladly approached,

स्पाय sûpâya, m. a good means or expedient, Kām.

Sûpâyaná, mf(a)n. easily accessible, RV.

स्पावसान súpávasāná, mf(á)n. offering good rest or repose, TS.

स्पानृत sûpâvrít, mfn. willingly turning towards, MaitrS.; ApSr.

सभव sū-bharva, mfn. (for su + bho fr. Nharv) eating or feeding well (as a bull; others 'well nourished,' fr. \bhri), RV.

सम 2. sūma, m. (said to be fr. 12. su; for 1. sūma see p. 1241, col. 3) the sky, heaven, Un. 1, 144.

समय sū-máya, mfn. (for su-m°) well shaped or fashioned (as a bow), RV. (= su-sukha, Nir.)

स्य sūya. See p. 1241, col. 3.

स्यवस sū-yávasa &c. See su-y°, p. 1231, col. 3.

#II. sūr &c. See √sūr, p. 1086, col. I.

सूर 2. sūr, weak form of 2. svàr, q.v.

1. Sūra, m. the sun, RV.; AV.; Calotropis Gigantea (= arka), MW.; a wise or learned man, teacher (= sūri), L.; N. of the father of Kunthu (the 17th Arhat of the present Avasarpini), L.; of various authors (also with bhatta and misra), Cat.; (i), f. N. of Kunti (as married to the Sun before her marriage with Pāndu), Pān. iv, I, 48, Vārtt. 9, Pat. -kanda, m. Amorphophallus Campanulatus, L. -krit, m. N. of a son of Visvāmitra (v. l. surakrit), MBh. - cakshas (sūra-), mfn. radiant as the sun, RV. - candra, m. N. of the Guru of Bhanucandra, Cat. - jī, m. (with ganaka) N. of an author, ib. - dāsa, m. N. of a Commentator on Hari-vansa. - masa (?), m. pl. N. of a people (cf. saunamasā), Pān. iv, I, 170. - vat, mfn. containing the word sūra, PancavBr. - varman, m. N. of a poet, Cat. - suta, m. 'son of the Sun,' the planet Saturn, Mricch. - sūta, m. 'charioteer of the Sun,' N. of Aruna (or the Dawn personified), L. - sena, n, pl.

šūrasena-deša. Sūrana, n. (also written sūr) Amorphophallus Campanulatus (cf. sūra-kanda), L.

N. of a people (prob. w.r. for sūra-so), AV. Paris.

Suracarya, m. N. of an author, Ganar. Sura-

paga, w.r. for sur. Surasana-desa, w.r. for

names, esp. as a title given to Jaina teachers), Kālid.; VarBrS. &c.; N. of Brihas-pati (the sage among the gods) or the planet Jupiter, VarBrS.; of Krishna, W.; of a poet, Cat.; =  $y\bar{a}dava$  and  $s\bar{u}rya$ , L.;  $(\bar{i})$ , f., Un. iv, 64, Sch. - deva, m. (with budhêndra) N. of a man (the father of Kesavarya), Cat. - bhatta, m. N. of an author, ib. - samtosha, m. N. of wk. Sūrin, m. a wise or learned man, scholar, L.

Surya, m. the sun or its deity (in the Veda the name Sūrya is generally distinguished from Savitri [q.v.], and denotes the most concrete of the solar gods,

whose connection with the luminary is always present to the poet's mind; in Nir. vii, 5 he is regarded as one of the original Vedic triad, his place being in the sky, while that of Agni is on the earth, and that of Indra is in the atmosphere; ten hymns in the RV. are entirely in praise of Sūrya, e.g. i, 50, i, 115 &c., also AV. xiii, 2; he moves through the sky in a chariot drawn by seven ruddy horses or mares [see saptâsva, harit, harid-asva]; in the later mythology Sūrya is identified with Savitri as one of the 12 Adityas or emblems of the Sun in the 12 months of the year, and his seven-horsed chariot is said to be driven by Aruna or the Dawn as its charioteer, who is represented without legs; the Sun, whether named Sūrya or Vivasvat, has several wives, see sūryā below), RV. &c. &c. (cf. IW. 11; 16 &c.; RTL. 341); a symbolical expression for the number 'twelve' (in allusion to the sun in the 12 signs of the zodiac), Jyot.; Hcat.; the swallow-wort (either Calotropis or Asclepias Gigantea, = arka), L.; N. of the son of Bali, L.; of a Dānava, VahniP.; of an astronomer (= sūrya-dāsa), Cat.; epithet of Siva, MBh.; (a), f. the wife of Sūrya or the Sun (also called Samjñā, q. v.); the daughter of Sūrya or the Sun (see RV.i, 116, 17; also described as daughter of Prajāpati or of Savitri and wife of the Asvins, and in other places as married to Soma; in RV. i, 119, 2 she is called Urjānī, and in vi, 55, 4, vi, 58, 4 the sister of Püshan [q.v.], who is described as loving her, and receiving her as a gift from the gods; accord, to some she represents a weak manifestation of the Sun; Sūryā Sāvitrī is regarded as the authoress of the Sūryā-sûkta, RV.x, 85), RV.; AV.; AitBr.; Kauš.; = vāc, Naigh. i, II; = sūryā-sûktā (q.v.), SānkhGr.; a new bride; a drug, L.; the colocynth or bitter gourd, L.; nifn. solar (perhaps w.r. for saurya), Jyot. [For cognate words see under 2. svar.] - kamala, n. the sunflower, heliotrope, MW. - kara, m. a sunbeam, Pañcat.; -misra, m. N. of an author, Cat. - kalpa, m., -kavaca, n. N. of wks. - kavi, m. N. of an author, Cat. - kanta, m. 'sun-loved,' the sun-stone, sun-crystal (a kind of crystal supposed to possess fabulous properties as giving out heat when exposed to the sun; there is a corresponding moonstone, see candra-ko; also ta-mani), MBh.; Kāv.; VarYogay.; crystal, W.; a kind of flower (= ādityaparnī), Car.; Hibiscus Phœniceus, W.; N. of a mountain, MārkP. - kānti, f. sunlight, sunshine, W.; a partic. flower, L.; the flower of sesamum, W. - kala, m. 'sun-time,' day-time, day, L.; 'lânala or 'lânalacakra, n. a kind of astrological diagram for indicating good and bad fortune, L. - ketu (sūrya-), mfn. having the sun for a flag (or 'bright as the sun'), AV.; m. N. of a king, Buddh. - - krānta, m. (in music) a kind of measure, Samgīt. - kshaya, m. the sun's mansion, Brih. - gangā-tīrtha, n. N. of a Tirtha, Cat. - garbha, m. N. of a Bodhi-sattva, Kārand.; of a man, Buddh.; of a Buddhist Sūtra. - gupta (?), m. N. of a man, Buddh. - graha, m. 'sun-planet,' the sun, W.; 'sun-seizure,' an eclipse of the sun, Tithyad.; 'sun-seizer,' N. of Rahu and Ketu, W.; the bottom of a water-jar, ib. - grahana, n. 'sun-seizure,' a solar eclipse, VarBrS.; Inscr.; N. of wk. - cakshus, m. N. of a Rākshasa, R. - candra, m. N. of a man, Kathās.; du. the sun and moon, A.; -grahana, n., -vrata, n., -vrata-kalpa, m., -stotra, n., candrôparāga-sānti, f. N. of wks. - candramas, masa, see saurya-candramasa. - ja, m. 'sun-born,' N. of the planet Saturn, VarBrS.; of the monkey Su-griva, L.; of the hero Karna, W.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. the river Yamunā, L. - jyotis, mfn. having the sun's light, Vait. - tanaya, m. 'son of the Sun,' N. of Manu, MärkP.; of the planet Saturn, VarBrS.; of Karna, W.; of Su-grīva, ib.; (a), f. 'daughter of the Sun, the river Yamuna, L. - tapas, m. N. of a Muni, Kathās. - tāpinī, f. N. of an Upanishad. - tīrtha, n. N. of a Tirtha, MBh. - tejas, n. sunshine, Hit.; 1. Sūri, m. a learned man, sage (often ifc. after | (sūrya-), mfn. having the power or radiance of the sun, AV. -tvac (sūrya-), mfn. having a skin or covering as bright as the sun, RV.; AV.; TBr. - tvaca, mfn. id., MW. - tvacas (sūrya-), mfn. id., VS.; AV.; PancavBr. - datta, m. N. of various men, MBh.; Cat. - dasā-phala, m. N. of wk. -dāsa, m. N. of various men, Col.; Cat. -dris, mfn. looking at the sun, Yājñ. - deva, m. the god Sūrya, Kālac.; Buddh.; N. of an author, Cat. - devatyà, mfn. having the sun as a deity, MaitrS.; Kāth. - dvādasaryā, f. pl. N. of wk. - dhara, m. N. of a poet, Sadukt. - dhyāna, n. N. of wk. I

-dhvaja, m. 'sun-bannered,' N. of a man, MBh.; -patākin, mfn. having the sun on his standard and flag (said of Siva), MBh. - nakshatra (sūrya-), n. 'sun-asterism,' a radiant ast', SBr.; that Nakshatra in which the sun happens to be, Sūryapr.; -yoga, m. the conjunction of the sun with a No, ib. - nagara, 'city of the Sun,' N. of the capital of Kasmīr (commonly called Siri-nagar or Seri-nagar), MW. - nandana, m. 'son of the Sun,' N. of the planet Saturn, Hāyan. - namaskāra, m. adoration of the sun; -mantra, m., -vidhi, m. N. of wks. - nādī, f. N. of wk. - nabha, m. N. of a Danava, Hariv. - narāyaṇa, m. the Sun personified, MW.; N. of various authors and other men (also ona-kavi), Cat.; -kavaca, n., -pūjā, f., -vrata, n., -stotra, n. N. of wks. - netra, m. N. of a son of Garuda, MBh. -paksha-karana, n., -paksha-sarana, n., -pañcânga, n., -pañcânga-stotra, n. N. of wks. -pandita, m. N. of a scholar (=-kavi), Cat. - pati, m. the god Sūrya, W. - pattra, m. Calotropis Gigantea, L. - patnī (sūrya-), f. having the Sun for husband, AV. - parnī, f. a kind of plant, MBh.; Car. (w.r. sūrpa-); Vāgbh.; Phaseolus Trilobus, Bhpr.; Glycine Debilis, ib. - parvan, n. the moment when the sun enters a new sign, Pañcar.; a solar festival (on the days of the solstices, equinoxes, eclipses &c.), MW. - pāda, m. a sunbeam, Hariv. - putra, m. patr. of the Asvins, MBh.; of the planet Saturn, MBh.; VarBrS.; of Yama, Tithyad.; of Varuna, L.; of Karna, W.; of Su-grīva, ib.; (i), f. 'daughter of the Sun,' lightning, L.; the river Yamunā, Bālar. - pura, n. city of the Sun,' N. of a city (cf. -nagara above), Rājat. - purāna, n., -pūjā, f., -pūjā-vidhi, m., -prakāsa, m., -prajnapti, f. N. of wks. - pratishtha, f. the setting up of an image of the sun (-māhātmya, n.), Cat. - pradīpa, m. a kind of Samādhi, Buddh. - prabha, mfn. bright as the sun; m. a kind of Samādhi, Kārand.; N. of the palace of Lakshmanā (wife of Krishna), Hariv.; of a serpent-demon, Buddh.; of a Bodhi-sattva, ib.; of various kings, Kathās.; Cat.; of the king after whom the 8th Lambaka of the Kathā-sarit-sāgara is called (-tā, f.), Kathās.; obhātejas, m. a partic. Samādhi, Buddh. - prabhava, mfn. sprung from the Sun, Ragh. - prabhiya, mfn. belonging to king Sūrya-prabha, Kathās. - prasishya, m. N. of Janaka, Bālar. - phani-cakra, n. a kind of astrological diagram for indicating auspicious and inauspo moments for doing anything, MW. - bali, m. N. of wk.; -rāma, m. N. of an author, Cat. - bimba, m. or n. the disc of the sun, VarBrS.; N. of a sacred place, Cat.; -tīrtha, n. N. of a Tirtha, MW. - bhakta, mfn. worshipping the sun, one who worships the sun, Cat.; m. Pentapetes Phoenicea, L.; (a), f. a kind of plant, ib. - bhaktaka, m. a sun-worshipper, W.; Pentapetes Phœnicea, L. - bhatta, m. N. of an author, Cat. -bhattīya, n. N. of wk. -bhā, mfn. bright as the sun, MW. - bhaga, f. N. of a river, L. - bhanu, m. N. of a Yaksha, R.; of a king, Inscr. - bhas, m. N. of a man, MBh. - bhrāj, mfn. radiant as the sun, Kāth. -bhrātri, m. N. of Airāvata, L. - maņi, m. the sun-stone, sun-gem  $(=-k\bar{a}nta)$ , L.; a kind of flower  $(=-k\bar{a}nta)$ , ib.; Hibiscus Phœniceus, ib.; -vriksha, m. the shrub Hibo Pho, MW. - mandala, m. N. of a Gandharva, R.; n. the orb or disc of the sun, TAr.; MaitrUp. &c. - matī, f. N. of a princess, Rājat. - mantra, m. N. of wk. - marut or 'ta, see sauryamārutaka. - malla, m. N. of a king, Satr.; Inscr. - māla, mfn. sun-garlanded (said of Siva), MBh. - māsa, m. a solar month, Sūryapr., Sch. - mukhī, f. Helianthus Annuus, MW. - mpasya, in a-so, mfn. never seeing the sun, Pat.; Viddh. (cf. a-sūryam-pasyā, f.) - yantra, n. 'sun-instrument,' a representation of the sun (used in worshipping the Sun or in taking solar observations), MW. - yama, see sauryayāma. - ratha, m. the chariot of the sun, R.; BhP. - rasmi, m. a sunbeam, Mn. v, 133; (sūrya-), mfn. having the rays of the sun, RV.; VS.; m. N. of Savitri, MW. - rahasya, n. N. of wk. - rajya, n. the sun's dominion, Maitr-S. - rāma, m. N. of an author, Cat. - ruc, f. sunlight, Sis. - rksha ('ya + riksha), n. the Nakshatra in which the sun happens to be, Jyot. -rc ("ya + ric), f. a hymn addressed to the sun, BhP. - lata, f. Polanisia Icosandra, L.; Calotropis Gigantea, Npr. - loka, m. the sun-world (a region or space supposed to exist round the sun, constituting a heaven of which the sun is regent), Inscr.; Kāšikh. -locana, f. N. of a Gandharvi, Karand. - vansa,