Khanī (f. of ona, q.v.) - netra, m. (=oni-no) N. of the prince Karamdhama, MBh. xiv, 70 f.

Khánya, mf(ā)n. (Pān. iii, 1, 123) coming from excavations or ditches, TS. vii, 4, 13, 1.

Khā, mfn. digging (ifc., e. g. kūpa-; bisa-khā),

Pān. iii, 2, 67.

Khātá, mfn. (Pāṇ. vi, 4, 42) dug, dug up, excavated, RV. iv, 50, 3; AV.; SBr. iii &c.; diggedinto the earth, buried, MBh. xiii, 3089; torn, rent, W.; m. a ditch, Hcat. i, 3, 921; n. (Naigh. iii, 23) a ditch, fosse, moat, well, pond, SBr. ix, 4, 3, 9; Sānkh-Śr.; Pañcat.; BhP. &c.; an excavation, cavern; digging a hole, W.; (ā), f. an artificial pond, L.; (cf. deva-kh°, vishama-kh°, sama-kh°, sūcī-kh°.)

-bhū, f. a moat, ditch, L. - mūla, mfn. anything the root of which is dug up, AV. Paipp. xiii, I, 5.

- rūpa-kāra, m. a potter, L.

Khātaka, m. a digger, delver, W.; a debtor (cf. khādaka), L.; n. a ditch, moat, BhP. vi, 12, 22; Kathās.; Hcat. i, 5, 869; (ikā), f. a ditch, L.

Khātana, mfn., see bhitti-kho.

Khāti, is, f. digging, Pān. vi, 4, 42, Kāš.

Khātri, tā, m. a digger, Cān.

Khātra, n. a spade, shovel, Un. iv, 161; a moat, square or oblong pond, ib. (=khānika); a wood, L.; a thread, L.; horror, L. = khanana, n. digging holes in a wall or breaches, HParis. ii, 170.

Khānaka, mfn. ifc. one who digs or digs out, Mn. viii, 260; (cf. kūρα-); m. a house-breaker, thief, VarBṛS. lxxxix, 9; (ikā), f. a ditch, Gal.

Khānam, ind. p. so as to dig, HParis. ii, 376. Khāni, is, f. a mine, Satr. x, 112 (ifc.) Khānika, n. an opening in a wall, breach, L.

Khanika, n. an opening in a wall, breach, L. Khanina, mfn., v. l. for onila, L.

Khānila, mfn. a house-breaker, L.

Khānya, mfn. (Pān. iii, I, 123) anything that is being digged out, Lāty. viii, 2, 4 f.

Kheya, mfn. (Pāṇ. iii, I, III; Bhaṭṭ.) to be digged out, that can be digged, Nār. (Yājñ. ii, 156, Sch.); ĀpŚr. xv, I, Sch.; n. a ditch, L.

खपराग kha-parāga. See 3. khá, p. 334.

स्रोत-pura, -pushpa, &c. See ib. खम kham, ind., g. câdi (v. l.)

खर्माण kha-mani, &c, See 3. khá, p. 334.

西景 khamb, cl. I. P. °bati, to go or move, Dhātup. xi, 35 (v. l.)

खयोग kha-yoga. See 3.khá, p. 334, col. 3.

Tex khára, mf(ā)n. hard, harsh, rough, sharp, pungent, acid (opposed to mridú and šlakshná), MBh.; R. &c.; solid (opposed to drava, fluid), Pān. vii, 3, 69, Pat.; Kās. on Pān. ii, 1, 35 & iv, 2, 16; dense (clouds), R. vi, 87, 3; sharp, hot (wind), Susr. i, 20, 22; hurtful, injurious, cutting (as speech or word), MBh.; R. &c.; sharp-edged, L.; cruel, W.; (as), m. a donkey (so called from his cry), KātySr.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; a mule, L.; an osprey, L.; a heron, L.; a crow, L.; a thorny plant (sort of prickly nightshade or perhaps Alhagi Maurorum), L.; N. of a fragrant substance, Gal.; a quadrangular mound of earth for receiving the sacrificial vessels (cf. ἐσχάρα), SBr. v, 1, 2, 15; xiv; AsvSr.; KātySr.; a place arranged for building a house upon, N. of the 25th year of the sixty years' Brihaspati cycle, VarBrS.; a Daitya or demon, L.; N. of the Asura Dhenuka, Hariv. 3114; BhP. ii, 7, 34; N. of a Rakshas slain by Rāma (younger brother of Rāvana), MBh. iii, 15896; R.; BhP.; Ragh.; N. of an attendant [of the Sun (= Dharma), L.; of Siva, L.]; of a Rudra (?), Hariv. (v.l.); (am), ind. in a sharp way, R. iii, 29, 9; (a), f. Andropogon serratus, L.; (i), f. (Pān. iii, 2, 30, Siddh.) a sheass, Kathās. lxiii; 'a she-mule,' see kharī-vātsalya; N. of one of the mothers in Skanda's retinue, MBh. ix, 2624. - kantha (khará-), m., N. of a mythical being, Suparn. xxiii, 4. - kanduyana, n. 'scraping or rubbing with a sharp object,' making worse any evil, MBh. iii, 33, 66. - kandūyita, n. id., ib. (C). - karnī, f. 'ass-eared,' N. of one of the mothers in Skanda's retinue, MBh. ix, 2644. - kashthika, f. 'having hard wood,' Sida cordifolia, L. - kuțī, f. a barber's shop, L.; used also as an epithet of a man, Pan. iv, I, 3, Kar. (Pat.); v, 3, 98, Vartt.1, Pat.; vi, I, 103, Kar., Pat.; 204, Kas. - ketu, m., N. of a Rakshas, R. vi, 74, 4. - kona, m. the francoline partridge, L. - komala, m. 'bracing yet mild,' the month Jyaishtha, L. - kwāna, m. =

-kona.W. - kshaya, m. = -sāda, Gal. - gandhanibhā, -gandhā, f. Uraria Lagopodioides, L. -griha, n. = -geha, L.; a tent, Gal. - geha, n. a stable for asses, L. - go-yuga, n. a pair of donkeys, Pān. v, 2, 29, Vārtt. 3, Pat. - graha, m. id., L. -ghātana, m. 'destroying asses,' Mesua ferrea, L. -cchada, m. 'sharp-leaved,' N. of a tree (= bhūmī-saha), Bhpr. v, 5, 75; a kind of grass (ulūka or kundara), L.; a kind of reed (itkata, commonly Okera), L.; N. of a small shrub (kshudra-gholī), L. - janghā, f., N. of one of the mothers in Skanda's retinue, MBh. ix, 2640. -jru (°rá-), mfn. sharp or quick in motion, RV. x, 106, 7. - nas, m. 'sharp-nosed,' N. of a man, Pān. v, 4, 118, Pat. - nasa, m. id., ib., Kāś. & Siddh.; Pān. viii, 4, 3, Kās. - tara, mfn. sharper, very sharp, R. iii, 28, 1; N. of Jinêsvara (who in 1024 A.D. overcame the Caitya-vāsins and founded the gaccha of the Svetâmbaras called after him). -tva, n. the state of an ass, Hcat. -tvac, f. having a rough bark,' N. of a plant (= alamhushā), Bhpr. - danda, n. 'rough-stemmed,' the lotus, BhP. iv, 6, 29. - dala, f. 'sharp-leaved,' the opposite-leaved fig-tree, L. - dushana, m. 'killing asses,' the thornapple, L.; m. du. the two demons Khara and Düshana, R. iii, 23, 39; -vadha, m. slaughter of those demons, N. of PadmaP. iv, 17. - dhāra, mfn. having a harsh edge or one full of notches (like that of a saw), Suir. - dhvansin, m. 'destroyer of the demon Khara,' N. of Rāma, L. - nakhara, m. 'having sharp claws,' N. of a lion, Pañcat. iii. - nāda, m. the braying of an ass, W.; N. of a medical author, Bhpr. - nādin, mfn. braying like an ass, Pān. vi, 2, 80, Kāš.; m., N. of a man, g. bāhv-ādi; of a Rishi, Buddh. L.; (ini), f. a kind of perfume or drug, L. - nāla, n. = -danda, BhP. iii, 8, 19. - pa, m., N. of a man, g. I. nadddi; (ās), m. pl. the descendants ofthat man, g. yaskadi. - pattra, m. 'sharp-leaved,' a kind of Ocimum ($tulas\bar{i}$); = maruvaka (another kind of Ocimum), L.; a kind of cane, L.; a variety of Kusa grass, L.; Trophis aspera, Gal.; Tectona grandis (v. l. sara-p°), L.; (ā), f. a variety of the fig-tree, L.; (i), f. = -parnini, L.; the oppositeleaved fig-tree, L. - pattraka, m. a variety of Ocimum, L. - parninī, f. 'sharp-leaved,' Phlomis esculenta, Bhpr. v, 3, 297. - pātra, n. an iron pot, L. - pādadhya, m. the elephant or wood apple, L. - pāla, m. a wooden vessel, W. - pushpa, m. a variety of Ocimum, Susr. i, 46, 4, 11; (ā), f. id., L. -prâna, a particular vessel, Hcar. -priya, m. 'the donkey's friend,' a pigeon, L. - majrá, mfn. one who cleans very sharply (Sāy.), RV. x, 106, 7. - manjari, rī, f. Achyranthes aspera (apamārgá), Sušr.iv, vi; Pañcar: - mayūkha, m. 'hot-rayed,' the sun, Dhurtan. - mukhika, f. a kind of musical instrument, Jain. Sch. - yashtika, f. 'rough-stemmed,' N. of a plant, L. - yana, n. vehicle drawn by a donkey, donkey-cart, Mn. xi, 202. - rasmi, $m. = -may\bar{u}kha$, L. -roman, m. 'having rough hair,' N. of one of the Naga chiefs inhabiting hell, L. - loman, v. l. for -roman, W. - vallika, f. = -gandha-nibhā, L. - vrishabha, m. a jackass, Car. iv, 8. - sabda, m. 'harsh-voiced,' an osprey, L.; the braying of an ass, W. - sāka, m. Clerodendrum siphonanthus, Bhpr. - sāla, m. produced in a donkey-stall, Pān. iv, 3, 35; (a), f. a donkeystable, L. - sāda, m. swooning, fainting-fit, Gal. -soni, m. an iron vessel, L. -sonda, m. id., L. - solla, m. id., W. - skandha, m. having a rough stem,' Buchanania latifolia, Bhpr.; N. of a demon, SaddhP.; (a), f. Phœnix sylvestris, L. - sparsa, $mf(\bar{a})$ n. sharp, hot (as wind), MBh. iii, 11396; BhP. i, 14, 16. - svarā, f. wild jasmine (vana-mallikā), L. Kharansu, m. = ra-mayūkha; -tanaya, m. 'son of the sun,' the planet Saturn. Kharagarī, f. Andropogon serratus, L. Kharandaka, m., N. of one of Siva's attendants, L. Kharabdankuraka, n. lapis lazuli, L. (v. l. kha-sabdânkura-ja.) Kharalaka, v. l. for 'lika, q. v. Kharalika, m. an iron arrow (v. 1. olaka, W.), L.; a pillow, L.; a barber (grāmanī), L.; a razor-case, L. Kharâsvā, f. = rahvā, Bhpr. v, I, 78; Celosia cristata, L.: $= aja-gandh\bar{a}$ or $karav\bar{i}$ (commonly $vanayam\bar{a}n\bar{i}$), L. Kharasya, f. 'donkey-faced,' N. of a sorceress, Vīrac. xxii. Kharahva, f. the plant aja-modā, L. Kharôshtra, n. sg. ass and camel, Yājñ. ii, 160. Kharāyita, n. behaviour of an ass, Kathās. lxiii.

Kharikā, f. powdered musk, L. Kharita, as, m. the brother's son, Gal.

Kharim (in comp. for "rīm, acc. of "rī, q.v.)

-dhama, mfn.?, Pān. iii, 2, 30, Siddh.; (cf. khā-rim-dh°.) - dhaya, mfn.? drinking ass's milk, ib.; (cf. khārim-dh°.)

Kharī, f. of ra, q.v. - khan, m., N. of a man, & (ānas), m. pl. his descendants, g. upakādi (Ganar. 31). - jangha, m., N. of a man, & (ās), m. pl. his descendants, g. upakādi. - vātsalya, n. maternal love of a she-mule, motherliness not wanted, MBh. v, 4587. - vishāna, n. an ass's horn, anything not existing, SSamkar. i, 8. - vrisha, m. a jackass (cf. ra-vrishabha), Pān. vi, 2, 144, Kās.

Kharī-√bhū, to become acute (as a disease), Car. vi, 18.

Kharya, mfn. fr. °ra, g. gav-ādi.

only in comp. with - 1. kri, to make the sound kharata, Pān. v, 4, 57, Kāš.

खरणस् khara-nas, &c. See khára.

खरनराय kharana-rāya, as, m., N. of a son of Satananda, Samkaracetov. ii.

खरनाद khara-nāda, &c. See I. khára.

Un.; harsh, cruel, ib.; desirous of improper or prohibited things, L.; (us), m. a tooth, L.; a horse, L.; Un.; pride, L.; love or Kāma (the god of love), Un.; N. of Siva, L.; (us), f. (Pān. iv, I, 44, Vārtt.) a girl who chooses her own husband, Pān. Siddh.

racter or alphabet, Lalit. x, 29; "rotthi, Jain.

खबाद kharkhoda, a kind of magic, Rājat. v, 238; (khārkhota) Car. vi, 23.

dyaBr. xvii, 4, 3, Sch.; (ā), f. an owl or any similar night-bird, RV. vii, 104, 17; Kauš.; (cf. khríg .)

kharj, cl. 1. P. 'jati, to creak (like a carriage-wheel), KātyŚr.; to worship, treat with respect or courtesy, Dhātup. vii, 54; to pain, make uneasy, ib.; to cleanse, ib.

Kharja, mfn., Pān. vii, 3, 59, Kāš.

Kharjikā, f. a relish that provokes drinking, L. Kharju, us, f. scratching, itching, itch, scab, L.; a kind of insect, worm, L.; the wild date tree, L. -ghna, m. 'itch-remover,' the thorn-apple, Gal.; Cassia Alata or Tora (cakra-marda), Gal.

Kharjura, as, m. a kind of date, L.; (am), n. silver, L. - karna, v. l. for rjūra-k, q. v.

Kharjū, ūs, f. (=°ju) itching, Un.; a kind of insect, worm, Un. - ghna, m. (=°rju-gh°) the thorn-apple, L.; Cassia Alata or Tora, L.; Calotropis gigantea, L.

Kharjūra, m. Phœnix sylvestris, TS. ii, 4, 9, 2; Kāṭh.; MBh. &c.; a scorpion, L.; N. of a man, g. ašvādi; (i), f. Phœnix sylvestris, VarBṛS.; Kathās. lxi; the wild date tree, L.; (am), n. the fruit of Phœnix sylvestris, Kathās. lxi; (=kharjura) silver, L.; yellow orpiment; L.; =khala, L.; the interior part of a cocoa-nut, L.—karna, m., N. of a man, g. šivādi (Kāš.; Gaṇar. 216).—pura, n. the town Khajurāho in Bundelkhand, Inscr.—rasa, m. the juice or extract of the wild date or Tāḍi (used to leaven bread and as an intoxicating liquor), W.

Kharjūraka, m. a scorpion, Vasantar. xv, 8; (ikā), f. a sweetmeat; (cf. pinda-, muni-.)

Kharjūrī, f. of ora, q. v. - rasa-ja, m. 'made from the juice of the wild date,' a kind of sugar, Gal. Kharjūla, m., N. of a man, g. ašvādi (Kāš.)

Kharjya, mfn., Pān. vii, 3, 59, Kāš.

सदे khard, cl. r. P. odati, to bite, sting, sting venomously, Dhātup. iii, 23.

cheat, L.; the skull, L.; the half of a skull, W.; a beggar's bowl or dish, L.; an umbrella or parasol, L.; N. of a man, Virac. xviii; n. & (i), f. a kind of mineral substance (used as a collyrium), Bhpr. v, 7, 145; 26, 118 & 232; (cf. karpara.)

Kharparikā, f. an umbrella, Gal.; = rī, L. Kharparī, f. of ra, q. v. - tuttha, n. a kind of collyrium, L. - rasaka, n. id., L.

विपाल kharparāla, as, m. (=kandar°) N. of a plant, W.

खर्ब kharb, cl. 1. P. obati, to go or move.