Vām. v, 2, 79; to keep distant, remove, Kum. viii, 31 (v. l. dhūnayati).

Dūrī, ind. in comp. for dūra. - karaņa, n. the making distant, removing, W. - \/kri, to make distant, remove, repel, Pāņ. i, 3, 37, Sch.; -krita, mfn. repelled, surpassed, exceeded, Kāv. - \/bhū to withdraw, retire, stand back; -bhūta, mfn. distant, removed, far off, Kāv.; Pur.

Duré, loc. of dura (q. v.) in comp. - anta, mfn. ending in the remote distance, boundless (heaven and earth), RV.; AV. - amitra (°ré-), mfn. whose enemies are far away, VS. xvii, 83. - artha (°ré-), mfn. whose aim is far off, RV. vii, 63, 4. - gavyūti (°ré-), mfn. whose domain is or reaches far, AV. iv, 28, 3. - cara, mfn. going or being far, distant, Kam. - janânta-nilaya, mfn. living far away from men, Suir. -tya, mfn. being far off, distant, Pan. iv, 2, 104, Vartt. I, Pat. - dris, mfn. visible far and wide, RV. - pasya, f. far-seeing, N. of an Apsaras, TBr. iii, 7, 12, 3. - pānīya-gocara, mfn.having remote watering places (said of animals), Suir. - bandhava, m. a distant kinsman, Vas. xv, 7. - bhā (°ré-), mfn. shining to a distance, RV. i, 65, 10. - yama, mfn. one from whom Yama is distant, BhP. iii, 15, 25. - vadhá, mfn. far-striking, VS. xvi, 40. - sravas, mfn. far-renowned, SānkhSr. viii, 17, 11 (cf. ra-sr); m. N. of a man (see dauresravasa). - sruta, m. N. of a man (cf. daure-). - heti (ore-), mfn. whose arrows fly to a distance, ParGr. iii, 14; m. a partic. form of Agni, TS.; Comm.

द्राक्त dū-rakta, -rakshya &c. See 1. dū.

ह्यं $d\bar{u}rya$, n. (fr. 1. dur?) feces, ordure; a kind of Curcuma (= $\dot{s}at\bar{\imath}$), L.

of Nripam-jaya and father of Timi, BhP. ix, 22, 41.

द्वा dürvä, f. (√durv?) bent grass, panic grass, Dürb grass, Panicum Dactylon, RV.; VS.; Br.; MBh. &c. (cf. ali-, ganda-, granthi-, mālā-). - kānda, n. a quantity or heap of Do grass, Pān. iv, 2, 51, Kāš. - kshī (vako), f. N. of the wife of Vrika, BhP. ix, 24, 42. - gana-pati-vrata, n. N. of a partic. observance, Cat.; -kathā, f. N. of wk. -loshta, n. lump of earth from a Do field, ManGr. i, 7. - vana or na, n. a thicket of Do grass, Pan. viii, 4, 6, Kāš. - vat, mfn. intertwined or joined with Do grass, Kum. vii, 14. - vināyakavrata, n. N. of wk. - vrata, n. N. of a partic. observance, Cat. - "shtamī ("vāsh"), f. N. of a festival on the 8th day of the light half of the month Bhadra on which the D° is worshipped as a deity, BhavP. - vrata-katha, f. N. of wk. - soma, m. a species of Soma plant. Dürveshtaka, f. Do grass used like bricks in erecting an altar, SBr.; TS.

हुई। dūršá, n. a kind of woven cloth or vesture, AV. (cf. dūšya, 2. dūshya).

दूलाल dūlāla, m. N. of an author; '।pattra and 'līya, n. N. of wks, Cat.

दलास dūlāsa (?), m. a bow, W.

द्रिका dūlikā and dūlī, f. the Indigo plant, L. (cf. tūlī, dolā, taru-dūlikā).

दूष dūsya, n. a tent (cf. dūrša, 2. dūshya). दूष dūsha, °shaka, °shana, °shita. See under √2. dush.

or a kind of cloth, cotton, calico, Divyâv. (cf. kalpa-, dūrša and dūšya); (ā), f. an elephant's leathern girth (cf. cūshā, °shyā, kakshyā).

द्रस dūsa. See avi-do.

₹ dri, cl. 6. Ā. driyáte (ep. also °ti), to respect, honour (Dhātup. xxviii, 118); occurring only with prep. ā, cf. ā-√dri; Desid. didarishate, Pāņ. vii, 2, 75.

Drita, mfn. respected, honoured, W.; (ā), f. cumin, L.

**Edrinh or drih, cl. I. P. drinhati, to make firm, fix, strengthen, RV.; AV.; VS. &c. (p. drinhantam, AV. xii, 29); A. **te, to be firm or strong, RV. &c. (trans. = P. only in drinhathe, RV. vi, 67, 6, and drinhamahai, SBr. ii, I, 1, 9); cl. 4. P. A. only Impf. drihya and hyasva, be strong, RV.; cl. I. darhati, to grow, Dhatup.

xvii, 84; pf. dadarha or dadrinha; p. Ā. dādrihāná, fixing, holding, RV. i, 130, 4; iv, 26, 6; fixed, firm, i, 85, 10; aor. ádadrihanta, they were fixed or firm, x, 82, 1: Caus. P. Ā. drinhayati, te, to make firm, fix, establish, AV.; Kaus.; Gobh.

Drinha in bhūmi-do (q. v.) Drinhana, n. making firm, fastening, strengthening, AV.vi, 136, 1 (cf. keša-do); means of sto, TBr. ii, 8, 3, 8. ohitá (or drihita, Pān. vii, 2, 20, Sch.), mfn. made firm, fortified; n. stronghold, RV. ohitrí, m. strengthener, fortifier, ib., TBr.

ener, fortifier, ib., TBr. Dridha (or drilha), mfn. fixed, firm, hard, strong, solid, massive, RV.; AV.; SBr.; MBh. &c.; firmly fastened, shut fast, tight, close (e.g. ship, 52, 5; bonds, fetters, chains, Hit. i, 67; Mricch. vii, 7; fist, MBh.iv, 1976); whole, complete (opp. to bhinna), MBh. xiii, 7453; difficult to be bent (bow, ChUp. i, 3, 5); steady, resolute, persevering, Hariv.; Kathās.; confirmed, established, certain, sure, Mn.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; intense, violent, mighty, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (in mathem.) reduced to the last term or smallest number by a common divisor; m. (in music) a kind of Rupaka; N. of a son of the 13th Manu, Hariv.; of a son of Dhrita-rāshtra, MBh. vii; (ā), f. N. of a Buddh, goddess; n. anything fixed or firm or solid; stronghold, fortress, RV. &c.; iron, L.; (ám), ind. firmly, fast, AV.; MBh.; R. &c. (comp. -taram, Prab. iv, 11); steadily, perseveringly, thoroughly, much, very well, MBh.; Kav.; BhP.&c. - kantaka, m. 'hard-thorned,' a kind of plant, L.; (a), f. Phoenix Sylvestris, L. - kanda, m. strongstemmed, a bamboo, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. a kind of creeping plant, L.; n. a kind of fragrant grass, L. - kārin, mfn. 'acting firmly,' resolute, persevering, Mn.; Gaut. - kuttaka, m. (math.) a multiplier admitting of no further simplification or reduction. - krodha, mfn. having violent anger, MBh. iii, 1972. -kshatra, m. 'having strong prowess,' N. of a son of Dhrita-rāshtra, MBh. i. - kshurā, w. r. for dridhêksho, q. v. - gatrika, f. 'having hard particles,' granulated sugar, L. - granthi, m. 'hardknotted,' a bamboo, L. - grāhin, mfn. seizing firmly, pursuing an object with untiring energy, MBh. xii, 7184. - cchada, m. 'hard-leaved,' m. Borassus Flabelliformis, L.: n. a kind of fragrant grass, L. - cyuta (also dhā-c and drilha-c), m. N. of a son of Agastya or author of a hymn of the RV.; Prav.; BhP.(cf. dārdha-c°). - jñāna, n. certain knowledge, firm conviction, MW. - tara, mfn. compar. firmer, harder; "rī- \kri, to strengthen, confirm, Das. -taru, m. 'strong tree,' Grislea Tomentosa, L. - ta, f., -tva, n. firmness, hardness, solidity, strength; steadiness, perseverance, MBh.; Kav. &c. - trina, n. 'strong grass,' Saccharum Munjia, L.; (a), f. Eleusine Indica, L. - toranargala, mfn. having the bars of the gates firmly fastened (town), R. i, 6, 26. - tvac, m. 'tough-barked,' a kind of reed, L. -dansaka, m. 'strong-toothed,' a shark, L. - dasyu, m. N. of an old sage, also named Idhmavāha (son of Dridha-cyuta, see above), Kād.; BhP. (cf. dridhasyu). - dvāra, mfn. having strong or well-secured gates, R. i, 5, 10. - dhana, m. 'having secure wealth,' N. of Gautama Buddha, Lalit. -dhanus, m. 'having a strong bow,' N. of an ancestor of Gautama (v. l. -hanu and odhasva), VP. -dhanvan, mfn. having a strong bow, MBh. iii, 13553; m. a good archer, ib. i, 6995. - dhanvin, mfn. id., MBh. iii, 1348 &c.; furnished with strong archers, R. v, 72, 13. - dhur, mfn. having a strong pole or beam, Pān. v, 7, 74, Kās. - dhriti, mfn. 'strong-willed,' resolute, Apast. - nabha, m. a spell for restraining magical weapons, R. i, 30, 5. - niscaya, mfn. 'having fixed certainty,' certain, undoubted, W. - nīra, m. 'strong-juiced,' the cocoanut tree, L. - netra, m. 'strong-eyed,' N. of a son of Visvā-mitra, R. i. - nemi, m. N. of a prince (son of Satya-dhriti), Hariv.; Pur. - pattra, m. 'strong-leaved,' a bamboo, L.; (ī), f. Eleusine Indica, L. - pāda, m. 'firm-footed,' N. of Brahmā, Hariv.; (ā), f. Andrographis Paniculata, L.; (ī), f. Phyllanthus Niruri, L. - pratijna, mfn. firm in keeping a promise or agreement, Sak. ii, * (v. l.) - pratyaya, m. firm confidence, Bhartr. iii, 14. - praroha, m. 'growing strongly,' Ficus Infectoria, L. - prahāra, m. a hard or violent stroke, Sak. i, 32, Sch. - prahārin, mfn. striking hard, shooting surely (°ritā, f. Mcar. i, 30; Divyav. 58 &c.); m. N. of a man, HYog. - phala, m. 'having hard fruit,' the cocoa-nut tree, L. - baddha, mfn. firmly

bound, tied tightly, W. - bandhana-baddha, mfn.

caught fast in a snare, MW. - bandhini, f. winding closely round,' a kind of creeper (= syāmā), L. -bala, m. 'of firm strength,' N. of a medical author. - bīja, m. 'having hard seeds,' Cassia Tora, L.; Zizyphus Jujuba, L.; Acacia Arabica, L. - buddhi, m. 'firm-minded,' N. of a man, Kathās. - bhakti, mfn. 'firm in devotion,' faithful, R. (-ta, f. Kām.); "ktika and kti-mat, mfn. id., R. - mati, mfn. firm-minded, strong-willed, resolute, Bhag.xviii, 64. - manyu, mfn. having intense anger or grief, Ragh. xi, 46. - mushti, m. a strong fist, Kathās. cix, 148; a sword, L. (cf. gadha-m°); N. of a man, Kathās.; mfn. strong-fisted, whose grasp is difficult to unloose, MBh.; Hariv. (-tā, f. MW.); close-fisted, i.e. miserly, niggardly, L. - mula, m. having a hard root, the cocoa-nut tree, L.; Saccharum Munjia, L.; another kind of grass (= manthānaka), L. - ranga, f. having a fast colour, alum, L. - ratha, m. 'having a strong chariot,' N. of a son of Dhritarāshtra, MBh. i, vii (°thāsraya, i, 4551, prob. id.); of a son of Jayad-ratha and father of Visva-jit, Hariv.; of the father of the 10th Arhat of the present Ava-sarpini, L. - ruci, m. 'of great glory,' N. of a prince and of a Varsha in Kuia-dvipa, BhP. -lata, f. 'having strong branches,' a kind of plant, L. - loman, mfn. coarse-haired, bristled; m. coarse hair, bristles; a hog, L. - vajra, m. having a strong thunderbolt,' N. of a king of the Asuras, L. - vapus, mfn. 'strong-bodied,' hale and hearty, Subh. - varman, m. 'having strong armour,' N. of a son of Dhrita-rāshtra, MBh. i; of a king of Prayaga, Priy. - valka, m. 'hard-barked,' the Areca-palm, L.; (ā), f. Hibiscus Cannabinus, L. - valkala, m. 'id.', Artocarpus Locucha, L. - vāda-parākrama, mfn. firm in words and acts, MBh. xii, 201. - vikrama, mfn. of firm fortitude, MBh. i, 7636. - vriksha, m. 'firm tree,' the cocoa-nut, L. - vedhana, n. piercing strongly, MBh. vii, 2635. - vairin, m. a relentless foe, MW. - vrata, mfn. 'firm-vowed,' firm in austerity or resolution, Mn.; MBh. &c.; persevering in, intent upon, devoted to (loc. or comp.), R. - saktika, mfn. of great power; strong-willed, L. - samdha, m. 'faithful to engagements,' N. of a son of Dhrita-rāshtra, MBh. i. - samdhi, m. firmly united, closely joined; strong-knit, thick-set; close, compact, L. - samādhāna, mfn. paying fixed attention, Nag. v, 37. - sūtrikā, f. 'having strong fibres, Sanseviera Zeylanica, L. - sena, m. 'having a strong army,' N. of a prince, Pur. - sauhrida, mf(i)n. firm in friendship, constant, Panc.; Hit. - skandha, m. 'strong-stemmed,' a sort of Mimusops, L. - sthuna, mfn. having firm posts or columns, R. - hanu, m. 'strong-jawed,' N. of a prince, BhP. (cf. odha-dho). - hasta, m. stronghanded,' N. of a son of Dhrita-rāshtra, MBh. i. Dridhaksha, m. 'strong-eyed,' N. of a prince, Hariv. (v. l. dhasva). Dridhanga, mf(a or i)n. 'firm-bodied,' hard, strong; n. a diamond, L. Dridhânutāpa, mfn. deep repentance, Kum. iii, 8. Dridhayu or 'yus, m. 'firm-lived,' N. of the son of Purū-ravas and Urvašī, MBh. i; of a prince, ib. v; of one of the 7 sages of the south, ib. xiii; of a son of the 3rd Manu Savarna. Dridhayudha, mfn. having strong weapons, MBh.; m. N. of Siva; of a son of Dhrita-rāshtra, MBh. i. Dridhasva, m. 'strong-horsed,' N. of a son of Dhundhu-māra, MBh. &c.; of a son of Kāsya, Pur. (v. l. dha-dhanus and -hanu). Dridhekshura, f. Eleusine Indica, L. Dridhêshudhi, m. 'having a strong quiver,' N. of a prince, MBh. i, 231. Dridhaya, Nom. P. vati = dhi- kri, Kav.;

Dridhaya, Nom. P. 'yati = 'dhī-\/kri, Kāv.; Sch. (cf. dradhaya). 'dhavya, w.r. for 'dhâyus (q.v.), MBh. xiii, 7112. 'dhasyu, m. N. of an ancient sage (= 'dha-dasyu, q.v.), MBh. iii, 8640. 'dhishtha, w.r. for dradh'. 'dheyu, m. N. of one of the 7 sages of the west, MBh. xiii, 7114.

Dṛidhī, ind., in comp. for otha. - karaṇa, n., -kāra, m. strengthening, corroboration, confirmation, MBh.; R. - \/kri, to make firm or fast, strengthen, corroborate, confirm, Kāv.; Sch. - \/bhū, to become strong, increase, Pañc. iii, 258.

दुक drika, n. a hole, opening, L.

द्भाग dṛikāṇa, m. (δέκανος) the third part of a sign of the zodiac or a demi-god presiding over it, Var. (v. l. dṛikkāṇa, drekk°, dreshk°).

दृक्कण drik-karna &c. See 2. dris.

दृक्ष driksha, mf(i)n. looking like, appearing as (in amū-, i-, $k\bar{i}$ -, $t\bar{a}$ -; cf. 2. dris and drisa).