haviour towards one's Guru, MBh. i, 706; -para, mfn. trying to behave respectfully towards a Guru, VP. iii, 5, 3. - vyatha, mfn. heavily distressed, Vikr. iii, 9. - sinsapā, f. = šinšapā, W. - sikharin, m. 'venerable mountain,' the Himalaya, W. - sishya-samvāda, m. dialogue between teacher and pupil,' N. of a philosophical dialogue by Carana-dasa. - susrūsha, f. obedience to one's Guru or Gurus, SānkhGr.; PārGr. ii; Vishn.; Mn. ii; MBh. &c. - susrūshu, mfn. obedient to one's Guru, Pan. iii, 1, 26, Värtt. 14, Pat. - sokanala, m. the fire of heavy sorrow, W. - srī-pādukā-pūjā, f. = -pāddsraya, Kularn. - sakhī, f. the female friend of an elder relation, Ap. i, 21, 9 (v.l. khi). - samnidhi, m. presence of one's Guru, 10, 14; Mn. &c. - samavâya, m. a number of Gurus, Ap. i, 7, 14. - sārā, f. = -šinšapā, W. - sevā, f. obsequiousness to a Guru, Mn. xii, 83. - skandha, m. 'largetrunked,' the tree sleshmana, L.; N. of a mountain, MBh. xiv, 1175. - strī-gamanīya, mfn., see gamo. - sthira, mfn. very firm, W. - ha, v. l. for guduha, q.v. - han, m. the murderer of a Guru, L. Gurûdara-tva, n. dyspepsia, Sušr. vi, 39, 102.

Guruka, mfn. a little heavy, MBh. iii, 11477; (said of limbs slightly affected with sickness) Susr. i, 31, 22; iv, 5, 41; (in prosody) long, Srut. 12 f.

Gurū, in comp. - karana, n. the making heavy or venerable, Kād. iii, 1076. - Vkri, to make any

one (acc.) one's Guru, HYog. iii, 25.

dury, in comp. for "rú, q.v. -akshara, n. a long syllable, W. -anganā, f. = "ru-dāra, W.; any woman entitled to great respect, W. -anta, mfn. = ante-guru, heavy at the end, Gaṇar. 91, Sch. -artha, mfn. one who seeks to provide a maintenance for his Guru, Gaut. v, 21; Mn. xi, 1; important, W.; m. anything of importance, MBh. vi, 120, 1; a Guru's fee for instructing a pupil, i, iii, xiv; Ragh. v, 17; AgP. iv, 9; anything relating to one's Guru, Gaut. xxiii, 30; MBh. i, ch. 3; deep meaning, BhP. iii, 16, 14; (am), acc. ind. for one's parents, R. ii, 63, 36; for or on account of one's Guru, MBh. i, ch. 3; Pāṇ. ii, 1, 36, Vārtt. 5, Pat.; Ragh. v, 24; Hcat. -āvali, f. succession of teachers,' N. of several works, Jain.

Gurvinī, f. (for "rvī formed after garbhinī) pregnant, a pregnant woman, MBh. xiv, 1843; MārkP. xxvii, 20; an irr. species of Āryā metre.

Gurvī, f. of "rú. - sakhī, f. the female friend of an elder female relation, Āp. i, 21, 9 (v. l. "khi).

गुरुशटक guruntaka, m. (cf. guru-kantha) a kind of peacock, L.

गुरदक gurețaka, a kind of grass, L.

मुर्गेशा gurgaṇa, m. pl., N. of a people, MārkP. lvii, 56.

jara or Gujarat, Pañcat. iv, 9 (14), \(\frac{1}{4}\); Rājat. &c. (pl. the people of Gujarat, W.); (\(\bar{i}\)), f. id., Sinhâs.; (in music) N. of a Rāgiņī (v.l. gujj° & guḍa-karī).

gūrd°, to play, sport, jump, Dhātup. ii, 22; cl. 10. gurdayati or gūrd°, to dwell, inhabit, xxxii, 125.

मुर्च 2. gurv (= \squar), cl. 1. P. gūrvati, to raise, lift up (or 'to make effort'), Dhātup. xv, 65.

बुक्त gula, m. (=guḍa) raw or unrefined sugar, molasses, L.; the glans penis, L.; the clitoris, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. Tithymalus antiquorum, L.; (\bar{i}) , f. any small globular substance, pill, L.; small pox, L.; (cf. gola.)

Gulikā, f. (= guḍikā) a ball (as a missile), Naish. iii, 127; a small ball or globule, Kād. (ifc.); a ball for playing with, Kathās. lxv; a pearl (v. l. for gu-tikā); a pill, Kathās. lxxxix; Kālac.; 'a kernel,' see guḍikā; a head (of cattle), Āryabh. - krīdā, f. playing with a ball (bat and ball, golf, &c.), W. Gulya, n. a sweet or saccharine taste, L.

गुलचकन्द gulañca-kanda=°luccha-k°, L.

गुलह gulaha, v.l. for guduha, q.v.

गुर्त्तिक gulika, m., N. of a hunter, BrNarP. xxxv; (ā), f., see gula.

गुतिङ्क gulinka, m. (= kul°) a sparrow, L.

गुल्गुधा gulugudhā, ind. (v. l. gulūg°) only in comp. — √kṛi (g. ūry-ādi) 'to torment' or 'to play, sport,' Gaṇar. 96, Sch.

मुल्गुला gulugulā, g. ūry-ādi, Gaņar. 96. Gulugulita, n. the roaring (of an elephant), Bālar. ii, 58.

nosegay, cluster of blossoms, L. - kanda, m., N. of a bulbous root, L. (v. l. °lañca-k°).

Guluñca, °ncha, °nchaka, = °luccha, L.

गुलुह guluha, v.l. for guduha, q.v.

गुल्गुधा gulūgudhā, for °lug°.

गुलु gúlgulu, n. (=gúgg°) bdellium, TS. vi, 2, 8, 6; ŠBr. iii; AitBr. i, 28; TāṇḍyaBr.; KātyŚr.

Tem gulphá, m. (= kulphá; \squal, Un. v)
the ancle, AV. x, 2, 1 f.; Kauš.; Yājñ. iii, 86; MBh.
&c. (ifc. f. ā [Pān. iv, 1, 54, Kāš.], MBh. iv, 253).

—jāha, n. the root of the ancle, g. karnādi.

—daghna, mfn. reaching down to the ancle, Kāth.

xxvi, 3; Mālatīm. iii, 16. — dvayasa, mfn. id., Kād.

गुल्मित gulphita, n. (=gushpitá) accumulation, ĀpŚr. x, 10, 3 (= xiii, 7, 16); (cf. vi-gulpha.) Gulphinī, f. (for °lminī?) an army, Gal.

गुल्म gúlma, m. (rarely n., MBh. x; BhP. viii, x) a cluster or clump of trees, thicket, bush, shrub, VS. xxv, 8; Mn.; Yājñ. &c.; a troop or guard of soldiers, body of troops, division of an army (consisting of 45 foot, 27 horse, 9 chariots, and 9 elephants, MBh. i, 290; or of 135 foot, 81 horse, 27 chariots, and 27 elephants, L.; cf. MBh. v, 5270), Mn. vii, ix; MBh. &c.; a fort, entrenchment, W.; disciplining an army, W.; m. a chronic enlargement of the spleen or any glandular enlargement in the abdomen (as that of the mesenteric gland &c.), Suir.; VarBr. xxi, 8; Kathās. xv; the spleen, L.; 'a wharf or stairs, Ghat,' see -tara-panya; (i), f. a cluster or clump of trees, L.; the Myrobalan tree, L.; jujube, L.; small cardamoms, L.; a tent, L. - kālânanarasa, m. (in med.) a kind of mixture. - kushtha, n. a kind of leprosy. - ketu, m. sorrel, L. - kesa, mfn. bushy-haired, L. - tara-panya, in comp. wharf- and ferry-dues, Divyav. viii, 30. - mula, n. fresh ginger, L. - vat, mfn. affected with the Gulma disease, Baudh. (Hcat. i, 11, 5). - vallī, f. Sarcostemma viminale, L. - vāta, m. a disease of the spleen, W. Gulmôdara, n. a disease of the spleen, W.

Gulmaka, m. a cluster or clump of trees, Kathās. vc; N. of a son of the Brāhman Soma-sarman, vi, 9.

Gulmin, mfn. = °lma-vat, Car. v, 9; Sušr. vi, 42,7; composed of different divisions (as force &c.), W.; growing in a clump or cluster, bushy, R. vii, 54, 11; (ini), f. a spreading creeper, L.

Gulmī-bhūta, mfn. 'become a bush,' become worthless, SamhUp. i, 14.

गुल्प gulya. See gula.

गुवाक $guv\bar{a}ka$, m. (Un. iv, 15;= $g\bar{u}v^{\circ}$) the betel-nut tree, PSarv.

मुभि gušri, m. (= kušri) 'N. of a man,' see gaušra.

गुष्पित gushpitá, n. (= guphita, gulph^o) accumulation, RV. viii, 40, 6; AV. iii, 7, 2; SBr. iii, 2, 2, 20 (°shṭitá); AV.Prāy. i, 4.

गुसायिन् gusāyin, m. Hussein.

Pān. vi, 4, 89; impf. ágūhati, °te (cf. Pān. vi, 4, 89; impf. ágūhat, RV. ii, 24, 3; perf. jugūha, Ragh. xiv; fut. gūhishyati, Bhaṭṭ. xvi, 41; aor. agūhīt, xv; Subj. 2. sg. ghukshas [vi] or Ved. guhas [RV. viii, 6, 17]; pr. p. P. gūhat, iv, 51, 9; Ā. gūhamāna, MBh. &c.; Pass. guhyamāna, RV. iv, 58, 4; VS. ii, 17; aor. guhamāna, RV. iv, 11; Ved. ind. p. gūdhvī, vii, 80, 2) to cover, conceal, hide, keep secret, RV. &c.: Desid. jughukshati (Pān. vii, 2, 12; 3. du. jugukshatas, Pada-p. jughuksh°) to wish to conceal or hide away, RV. viii, 31, 7.

2. Gúh (only acc. gúham & instr. I. guhā), f.

a hiding-place, RV. i, 67, 6.

Guha, m. (g. asmādi) 'reared in a secret place,' N. of Skanda (the god; cf. Kārttikeya), MBh. iii, ix, xiii; Hariv. 10478; Susr.; Kum. &c.; N. of Siva, MBh. xiii, 1263; of Vishņu, W.; of a king of the Nishādas (friend of Rāma), R. i f., vi; Mcar. iv, %; N. belonging to persons of the writer caste, W.; a horse ('a swift horse,' W.), L.; m. pl., N. of a people

in the south of India, MBh. xii, 7559; (2. guhā), f. (ganas vrishadi & bhidadi) a hiding-place, cave, cavern, VS. xxx, 16; TBr. i; MBh. &c. (ifc. f. ā, Hcat. i, 7 & 10); (fig.) the heart, SvetUp. iii, 20; MBh. xii; BhP. ii, 9, 24; Hemionitis cordifolia, Susr. i, 19, 27; v, 7, 1; (cf. prati-go); Desmodium gangeticum, L.; (3. guhā), Ved. instr. ind. in a hidingplace, in secret, secretly (opposed to avis, and especially with \dha, ni-\dha, \dha, \kri, 'to conceal, remove'), RV.; AV.; SBr. xi, xiii. - ka, n. pl. 'Skanda's heads,' the number 'six.' - gupta, m. 'protected by Guha,' N. of a Bodhi-sattva, Kārand. i, 4. - candra, m., N. of a merchant, Kathās. xvii, 72. -deva, m., N. of a teacher, VBr. - priya, f., N. of Indra's daughter, Gal. - rāja, m. a peculiar form or construction of a temple, VarBrS. - vaktra, n. pl. 'Skanda's faces,' the number 'six.' - vahana, n. 'Skanda's vehicle,' i. e. his peacock, Bālar. ii, 43. - siva, m., N. of a king of Kalinga. - shashthi, f. the 6th day in the light half of Margasirsha. - sena, m., N. of a prince; of a merchant, Kathas. xiii, xvii. - hata, min. 'struck by Skanda,' the Kraunca mountain, Gal. Guhagarī, f. a kind of betel, Gal.

Guhati, m. the root guh, TUp. ii, 1, Sch. Guhad-avadya, mfn. concealing deficiencies, RV. ii, 19, 5.

Guhara, mfn. fr. °ha, g. asmadi.

Guhalu, us, m., N. of a man, g. 2. lohitadi (gūh°, Hemac.; gulu & guggulu, Kāš.)

2. & 3. Guhā, see s. v. guha. - kāram, ind. so as to conceal one's self, TBr. i. - gahana-vat, mfn. furnished with caverns and thickets, R. iv, 48, 6. - gṛiha, n. a cavern, W. - cara, mfn. moving in secret i. e. in the heart, MuṇḍUp. - mukha, mfn. wide-mouthed, open-mouthed, MBh. iii, 16118; Kathās. lv. - vāsin, m. 'dwelling in secret,' N. of a Muni, VāyuP. xxiii, 164; 'si-tīrtha, n., N. of a Tīrtha, SivaP. - saya, mfn. dwelling in hiding-places or in caverns, Ragh. iv, 72; Susr.; being in the heart, Āp.; MuṇḍUp.; SvetUp.; MBh. xiv; BhP. ('N. of Vishṇu,' L.); m. a tiger, L. - hita, mfn. being in a secret place i. e. in the heart, KaṭhUp. Guhêsvara, m. 'lord of caverns,' N. of an attendant in Siva's retinue, Kathās. cxiv, 61.

Guhina, n. a wood, thicket, L.

Guhila, m., N. of a prince (descendant of Bappa), Ratnak.; n. (g. kāšādi) = hina, Un. i, 57.

Guhera, m. a smith, 62; a guardian, Un. vr. Gúhya, mfn. (Pān. iii, I, 109, Kās., g. dandadi) to be covered or concealed or hidden or kept secret, concealable, private, secret, mysterious, mystical, RV.; AV. &c.; m. hypocrisy, L.; a tortoise, L.; N. of Vishnu (RTL. p. 106), W.; (am), ind. secretly, privately, MBh. xii, 902; (am), n. a secret, mystery, MBh. (ifc. f. ā, xiii, 5876); Mn. xii, 117; Bhag. &c.; the pudenda, Susr.; VarBrS.; Kathās. ii, 56; (cf. I. grihya) the anus, W. - kālī, f. 'mysterious Durgā,' a form of Durgā, Tantras. ii. -guru, m. (cf. grihya-g°) 'the mystic Guru,' Siva (considered as the especial teacher of the Tantras), L. -tantra, n., N. of a Tantra, Anand. 31, Sch. -dīpaka, m. a flying insect which gives out light, fire-fly, L. - devi, f., N. of a goddess, Buddh. -nishyanda, m. urine, L. - pati, m. 'lord of the mysteries,' N. of Vajra-dhara, Buddh.; -vidyā, f., N. of a prayer, ib. - pattra, m. 'having concealed leaves or blossoms,' Ficus religiosa, Npr. - pattraka, m. id., Gal. - pidhāna, n. a covering for the privities, L. - pushpa, m. = -pattra, L. - bija, m. 'having concealed seeds,' Andropogon Schoenanthus, L. - bhāshita, n. secret speech, mystical prayer or incantation, L. - ruj, f. a disease of the pudenda, VarBrS. v, 86. - roga, m. id., Ashţâng. vi, ch. 33. - vidyā, f. knowledge of Mantras or mystical incantations, VP. i, 9, 117. Guhyesvarī, f. 'mystic deity,' i.e. Prajñā (female energy of the Adi-buddha), SvayambhūP.

Guhyaka, m., N. of a class of demi-gods who like the Yakshas are attendants of Kubera (the god of wealth) and guardians of his treasures (they may have received their N. from living in mountain caverns), Mn. xii, 47; MBh.; Hariv. &c. (identified with Yakshas, MBh. v, 7480; Megh. 5 &c.); the number 'eleven,' Sūryas.; N. of Kubera, L.; m. 'mystery,' see tathāgata-go. — pūjana, n. worship of the Guhyakas, VarBr. Guhyakâdhipati, m. 'lord of the Guhyakas,' N. of Kubera, MBh. ii, 1760. Guhyakêsvara, m. id., L.

Gūdhá (gūlhá, RV.), mfn. covered, hidden, concealed, invisible, secret, private, RV. &c.; disguised,