6825; v, 5435 (C); in the latter use also (ās), voc. pl., ib. (B); i, 6820 f.; iv, 133; [cf. Térra; Lat. tata &c.] - gu, mfn. agreeable to a father, L.; m. a paternal uncle, L. - janayitrī, f. du. father and mother, W. - tulya, mfn. like a father, fatherly, L.; m. a paternal uncle, W. Tātarya, m. N. of a prince. I. Tātala, m. a fatherly relative, L. oti, a son, L. Tātyá, mf(a)n. fatherly, RV.i, 161,12; vii, 37,6.

तातन tātana, m. a wagtail, L.

तातल 2. tātala, mfn. hot, L.; an iron club, L.; disease, L.; cooking, maturing, L.; heat, W.

तात्रीप tātripi, mfn. (vtrip, Intens.) satisfying or delighting much, iii, 40, 2.

तातृपाण tātrishāná, pf. p. √trish, q.v.

तालम्य tātkarmya, n. (fr. tat-karman)

sameness of occupation, Sah. ii, 9 %.

Tātkālika, $mf(\bar{a}, \bar{i}, g. k\bar{a}\dot{s}y-\bar{a}di)$ n. lasting (that time, tat-kāla, i. e.) equally long, Yājñ. i, 151; MBh. xii, 12785; happening at that time, Sūryas. vii, 12; Gol. vii, 27 (-tva, n. abstr.); R. vii, 36, 48; happening at the same time or immediately, simultaneous, instantly appearing, Dasar. ii, 38; Pratapar.; Mn. vii, 183; relating to or fit for a particular moment of time, MBh. iii, 22, 20.

Tātkālya, n. simultaneousness, Anup. iii, 2. Tattvika, mfn. conformable to or in accordance with reality (tat-tva), real, true, Sch. on KapS. & Prab.; knowing the Tattvas or principles (esp. those taught in Jainism), Subh. - tva, n. reality, MBh. xii, 308, 1, Sch.; Sāh. x, 38%; (a-, neg.) Naish., Sch.

Tātparya, mf(ā)n. (fr. tat-para) aimed at, Sāh.; n. devoting one's self to, Pan. ii, 3, 40, Kas.; reference to any object (loc.), aim, object, purpose, meaning, purport (esp. of speech or of a work), Bhāshāp.; Vedântas. &c.; (ena), instr. ind. = -tas, W. - tas, ind. with this intention, Rajat. i, 369. - nirnaya, m. ascertainment of meaning or purport, Vedântas. 254. - parisuddhi, f. N. of a work by Udayana. - bodhini, f. N. of a Comm. on the philosophical work Citra-dipa. - vid, mfn. knowing the meaning, Kathās. lxii, 212 (a-, neg.) Tātparyartha, m. the meaning of a sentence, W.

Tatparyaka, mfn. aiming at, Jaim. i, 14, Sch.

तात्प tātyá. See tāta.

तात्स्ताम्य tātstomya, n. the being formed in that (tad) Stoma, Anup. iv, 9; vii, 3.

Tātsthya, n. (fr. tat-stha) the residing or being contained in that, Pān. iii, I, 144, Kāš.; Kām. ii, 15.

Tāthābhāvya, mfn. (fr. tathā-bhāva) a N. for the Svarita accent put after an Ava-graha between two Udātta syllables, VPrāt. i, 120; MāndS. vii, 10. Tādarthika, mfn. intended for that, Kaus. 60.

Tādarthya, n. (g. caturvarnādi) the being intended for that, Jaim. vi, I f.; Anup. iii, 8; Pān. ii, 3, 13, Vārtt. 1; Kās.; the having that meaning, sameness of meaning, iv, 2, 60, Pat.; 'reference to that,' (ena), instr. ind. with this intention, L.

Tādavasthya, n. the remaining in the same (avasthā) condition, Sāh. vii, \$.

Tādātmaka, mf(ikā)n. (fr. tad-ātman) denoting the unity of nature, RamatUp. i, 19.

Tādātmya, n. sameness or identity of nature or character with (instr., loc., or in comp.), BhP.; Sāh. Tādāyani, m. patr. fr. tád, Pān. iv, 1, 93, Vārtt. 13, Pat. Tādītnā, ind. (fr. 'tadī-tna fr. tadi,' correlative of yádi) at that time, RV. i, 32, 4.

ताद्रों tādurī, f. (for tāturi fr. √trī, Intens. 'swimmer,' Nir. ix, 7, Sch.; but cf. dardura) N. of a female frog, AV. iv, 15, 14.

ताद्ध tādriksha, mfn. (for tad-d°, Siddh.; Vop. xxvi, 83 f.) such a one, like that, Kārand. xi,

70; Vcar. xvi, 53; Rājat. iv, 242.

Tadrig, in comp. for odris. - guna, mf(\tilde{a})n. of such qualities, Mn. ix, 22. - bhava, m. such a condition, MBh. v, 44, 22. - $r\bar{u}pa$, $mf(\bar{a})n$. of such a shape, such like, Pancat.; -vat, mf(ti)n. of such beauty, Nal. i, 13. - vidha, mfn. such like, Kathās.

Tādris, mfn. (for tad-do, Pān. iii, 2, 60; vi, 3, 91; nom. m. & f. drin [SBr.; cf. Pan. vii, 1, 83] or odrik) such like, such a one, RV. v, 44, 6 (nom. n. odrik) &c.; (odrik), ind. in such a manner, Amar.

Tādríša, $mf(\bar{i})n$. (Pān. iii, 2, 60; vi, 3, 91) = °dris, SBr. xi, 7, 3; Mn. &c.; yādrisa t° [Pañcat.] or °sa-t° [MBh. xiii, 5847], anybody whosoever.

Tāddharmya, n. (fr. tad-dharman) sameness

of law, analogy, L. Taddhita, mfn. formed with a Tad-dhita affix, Nir. ii, 5.

Tadrupya, n. sameness of (rupa) form, identity, Pān. vi, 1, 85, Vārtt. 26 (a-, neg.); Vām. ii, 2, 17; truth, Kan., Sch. Tādvidhya, n. the being such like (tad-vidha), Bādar. iii, 3, 52.

तान tāna, m. (√3. tan) a fibre, Sušr. i, 25; a tone, MBh. ii, 133 & 391; xiii, 3888; Kum. i, 8; a monotonous tone (in reciting, eka-sruti), KātySr. i, 8, 18; Vait.; Bhāshik.; Nyāyam.; VPrāt., Sch.; an object of sense (or = $t\bar{a}tparya$), L. (cf. eka-); [TÓVOS.] - karman, n. tuning the voice previously to singing, W.; running over the notes to catch the key, W. - bhatta, m. N. of a man, Uttarar., Sch. - svara, mfn. uttered monotonously, Pratijnas.

Tānava, n. (fr. tanú, g. prithv-ādi) thinness, meagreness, smallness, Amar.; Rājat. iv, 25. - krit, mfn. ifc. diminishing, Bhartr.; excelling, Bālar. i.

Tānavya, m. patr. fr. tanu, g. 2. lohitadi (not in Kās.) Tānavyāyanī, f. of vya, ib.

Tānuka. See strī-tānuka-roga.

Tānūnapāta, mf(i)n. relating or addressed to Tanū-napāt, Lāty. vi, 4, 13; Anup. iv, 6; Nidānas. Tanunaptrá, n. a ceremony in which Tanu-napat (-naptri) is invoked and the oblation touched by the sacrificer and the priests as a form of adjuration, TS. iii, I, 2, 2; Kapishth. xxxviii, 2 (-tva, n. abstr.); AitBr. i, 24 (also -tva); SBr. iii; used in that ceremony, KātySr. viii; SānkhSr. v; Lāty. v; ApSr. - pātra, n. a vessel used in that ceremony, Vait.

Tānunaptrin, m. a coadjutor in the Tānunaptra ceremony, ApSr. xi; sá-, id., MaitrS. iii, 7,10; AitBr. i, 24; SBr. iii, 4, 2, 9; KātySr. viii, 1, 26.

तान्र tānūra, m. = tālūra, L.

तान I. tánta, m. end of ta, a mystical N. of the letter th, RamatUp. i, 78. Tantanta, m. 'end of tanta,' a mystical N. of the letter d, ib.

तान्त 2. tantá, mfn. (vtam) breathing with difficulty, fainted away, languishing, drooping, TBr. ii, 3, 8, 1; SBr. iv, 2, 2, 11; languid (the eye), Amar.; wearied, fatigued, distressed, W.; faded, W. Tanti, f. suffocation, ApSr. xii, 11, §.

तान्तव tāntava, mf(i)n. made of threads (tántu), BhP. x, 64, 4; (a-, neg.) Lāty. ii, 8, 24; (ifc.) Mn. ii, 42; m. a son, Kum. xvii, 13; n. a woven cloth, Gaut.; Mn.; Grihyās.; Pān. vii, 3, 45, Vārtt. 7; Sušr.; weaving, W.; a web, W.

Tantavya, m. patr. fr. tántu, g. 2. lohitadi.

Tantavyayani, f. of vya, ib.

Tantuvayya, m. the son of a weaver (tantuvāya), Pān. iv, I, 152, Kās.

Tantra, mf(z)n. having wires (tantra), stringed (a musical instrument), W.; regulated by a general rule, ApSr. xiv, 12, 5 f.; relating to the Tantras,

W.; n. the music of a stringed instrument, R.i, 3. Tantrika, mf(ā, Sušr. i, 3; ī)n. taught in a scientific manual, Tattvas. (°kī samjñā, 'a technical N.'); taught in the Tantras, mystical, Hār. (Mn. ii, 1); Susr. &c.; m. one completely versed in any science or system, Bhāshāp.; a follower of the Tantra doctrine, BhP. xii, 11, 2; SSamkar.

I. Tanva, mf(a)n. woven, spun, RV. ix, 14, 4 & 78, 1; (fr. tanu) one's own son, iii, 31, 2.

Tānvanga, m. patr. fr. tanv-, Rājat. vii, 898. तान्व 2. tānva, m. patr. fr. tanva (author of

RV. x, 93), 93, 15; n. N. of a Saman, ArshBr. ताप tāpa, m. (v2. tap; g. uñchâdi) heat, glow, Mn. xii, 76; Sak. &c. (ifc. f. ā, Kum. vii, 84); heating, Nyāyam. x, I, 22; testing (gold) by heat, MBh. xii, 12357; Subh. (°pana, GarP.); pain (mental or physical), sorrow, affliction, MBh. &c.; fever, W.; (i), f. the Taptī river ('also the Yamuna river,' L.), Hariv. ii, 109, 30; BhP. v, 19, 18; x, 79, 20; cf. paścat-. - kshetra, n. the range of heat (caused by the sun), Sūryapr. - da, mfn. ifc. causing pain, VarBrS. v, 69. - bhrit, mfn., a-, neg., not containing heat, Naish. iv, 78. - sveda, m. sweat caused by heat, Suir. iv, 32. - harī, f. 'removing heat,' a sort of soup of pulse and grain (first fried with ghee and turmeric and afterwards boiled with salt and sugar), Bhpr. v, II, I3 f. Tapesvara-tīrtha, n. N. of a Tirtha, RevāKh. ccxxiv.

Tāpaka, mfn. heating, inflaming, refining, Sarvad. xv, 14 & 16; causing pain, RV. iii, 35, 3, Sāy.; m. fever, L.; a cooking stove, Hcar. vii; (ikā), f. a frying-pan, ib. Tapatya, mfn. relating to Tapati,

MBh. i, 387; m. metron. fr. Tapati (N. of Kuru, 6505; of Arjuna, 6509; 6514 ff.; 6632 ff.)

Tāpana, mf(i)n. ifc. illuminating, BhP. ii, 9, 8; burning, causing pain, distressing, MBh.; Hariv. 9427; R.; (cf. indra-, candra-); m. the sun, MBh. v, 1739; the hot season, Npr.; the sun-stone, L.; one of Kāma's arrows, L.; n. burning, Susr. i, 41, 3; pain, torment, MBh. xiii, 1098; (in dram.) helplessness, perplexity, Sah. v, 91; N. of a hell, Yājñ. iii, 224; gold, Npr.; (ā), f. austerity, HParis. i, 68; (i), f. N. of several Upanishads; of a river, L.

Tāpanīya, mf(a)n. golden, MBh. i, vii; Hariv.; R.; m. pl. N. of a school of the VS. (to which several Upanishads belong), Caran. (v. l. pāyana). Tāpanīyôpanishad, f. N. of several Upanishads.

Tāpayitri, mfn. causing pain, Vcar. ix, 22. Tāpayishnú, mfn. id., RV. x, 34, 7.

Tapascitá, n. (fr. tapas-cit) N. of a Sattra, AsvSr. xii, 5; SānkhSr. xiii; KātySr.; Lāty.; mfn. used in that Sattra (an Agni), SBr.x, 2, 5, 3; KatySr.

Tāpasá, mfn. (g. chattradi; Pān. v, 2, 103) a practiser of religious austerities (tápas), SBr. xiv; Mn. vi, 27 &c.; relating to religious austerity or to an ascetic, R. (G) ii, 52, 5; m. an ascetic, Mn.; Nal. &c.; the moon, Gal.; Ardea nivea, L.; = sêkshu, Suir. i, 45, 9, 2 & 6; = -pattra, L.; patr. of Agni, Gharma, and Manyu, RAnukr.; of a Hotri, Tandya-Br. xxv, 15; n. = -ja, L.; (\bar{i}) , f. (g. gauradi, Ganar.49) a female ascetic, MBh. i, 3006; Sak. iv, \$; Vikr.; Dhūrtas.; Curcuma Zedoaria, Npr.; Nardostachys Jatā-mānsī, ib. - ja, n. the leaf of Laurus Cassia, ib. - taru, m. 'tree of ascetics,' Terminalia Catappa or Putramjīva Roxburghii, L. - druma, m. id., L.; -samnibhā, f. N. of a shrub, L. - pattra, m. Artemisia indica, Npr.; (1), f. id., L. - priya, m. 'dear to ascetics,' Buchanania latifolia, L.; (a), f. a kind of sugar-cane, Npr.; a grape, L. - vriksha, m. = -taru, Sušr. i, 38; iv, 18. Tāpasādhyushita, mfn. inhabited by ascetics. Tapasaranya, n. a wood of ascetics. Tāpasēkshu, m. a kind of sugar-cane, Bhpr. v, 22, 8. Tāpasēshta, m. = $^{\circ}$ sa-priya, 6, 82.

Tāpasāyani, m. patr. fr. sa, Pān. iv, I, 158, Värtt. 4, Pat. Tāpasya, n. ascetism, Mn. i, 114; MBh.; R. Tapayana, m. pl., v. l. for paniya, q. v. Tāpika, see jala-. Tāpiccha, m. the Tamāla

plant, Mālatīm. v; Gīt. xi, II. Tāpincha, m. id., Kathās. civ, 90. Tāpinja, m. id., L.; = pyaka, L. Tāpita, mfn. heated, inflamed, VarBrS. liv, 115; pained, tormented, distressed, BhP. viii, 5, 13; Git.;

Rājat. iii f.; Bhatt.; roused, converted, Divyav. xxvii. Tapin, mfn. ifc. causing pain; exciting, Kir. ii, 42; oppressed by heat, suffering from disease (moral or physical), W.; glowing, W.; (ini), f. = pani; a mystical N. of the letter v, RāmatUp. i, 79.

Tāpī, f. of pa, q. v. - ja, mfn. found near the Taptī river, Susr. iv, 13, 15; (m.?) a kind of gem, Npr.; (n.?) = -samudbhava, ib. - tata, m. 'bank of the Taptī,' N. of a place, Romakas.; -deša, m. id., Ratnak. - māhātmya, n. 'glory of the Tapti,' N. of part of SkandaP. - samudbhava, (n.?) pyrites or another mineral substance, Npr. Tapy-utthasamjnaka, n. id., ib.

Tāpya, (fr. √tap) regret, Divyâv. xviii; m. n. (fr. °pī) = °pī-samudbhava, Car.vi, 18&24; Bhpr. v, 26, 160. Tāpyaka, n. = pī-samudbhava, L.

तान्न tābúva, n. an antidote against poison (?), AV. v, 13, 10.

ताम tāma, m. (\sqrt{tam}) = bhīshana, L.; = dosha, L.; anxiety, distress, W.; (i), f. = tami, night, L., Sch.; see also omi. - rasa, n. a day-letus, MBh. iii, 11580; Hariv. 5771; R. iii; Ragh. (ifc. f. ā, ix, 36) &c.; gold, L.; copper (cf. tāmra), L.; a metre of 4 × 12 syllables; m. Ardea nivea, L.; (i), f. a lotus pond, MBh. iv, 220; sekshanā, f. a lotuseyed woman, Bham. ii, 153. - lipta, m. pl. (= mra-1°) N. of a people and its country, AV. Paris. lvi, 4; n. N. of a city of that people, L.; (i), f. id., Var-BrS. x, 14; HParis. ii, 315; Pancad. iii, 1 & 37. - liptaka, n. = pti, VarBrS. xiv, 7 (v. l. ptika).

Tāmam, ind. = tamo, Pān. vi, 4, 93. Tāmara, n. water, L.; ghee, L.

Tāmala, mf(i)n. made of the bark of the Tamāla plant, Ap. i, 2, 37. Tāmalakī, f. Flacourtia cataphracta, Suir. vi, 39, 197 & 203; 51, 25.

Tāmasa, mf(i)n. (fr. támas) dark, L.; appertaining to or affected by the quality tamas (q. v.), ignorant, various, Mn. xii; Bhag. &c. (°sī tanū, 'the form assumed by the deity for the destruction