4. Pat, in comp. for 3. pad. - kashin, mfn. rubbing or galling the feet, walking painfully, Sarvad.; Pān. vi, 3, 54 (W. 'going on foot; m. a footman, foot-soldier'). - tás, ind. from or at the feet, RV.; Br.; SrS. (also -tatás, AV. vi, 131, 1); -to-dāša, mfn. lined with fringes at the fo, ApSr. - sangin, mfn. sticking or adhering to the fo, AV. - sukha, mfn. pleasant to the fo, Hariv.

I. Patti, f. (fr. 12. pad) going, moving, walk-

ing, L.

2. Patti, m. (prob. fr. 3. pad) a pedestrian, footman, foot-soldier, infantry, VS. &c. &c. (m. c. also tī, R. [B.]); a hero, L.; (pl.) N. of a people, MBh. (v.l. pasu); f. the smallest division of an army (I chariot, I elephant, 3 horsemen and 5 footsoldiers; according to others = 55 foot-soldiers), MBh. - karman, n. the business or operations of infantry, MW. - kāya, m. (body of) info, L. - kāra, w.r. for patti-k°. - ganaka, m. (prob.) an officer whose business is to number or muster the info, L. - pankti, f. a line of info, W. - samhati, f. (L.), -sainya, n. (MBh.) a body or troop of infantry.

Pattika, mfn. going on foot, pedestrian, Hariv. Pattin, m. = 2. patti, a foot-soldier, footman, ib. Patsu-tás, ind. (from loc. of 3. pad + tas) at the feet, RV. viii, 43, 6. tah-sī, mfn. lying at

the feet, ib. i, 32, 8.

3. Pád, m. (in strong cases pad; ifc. f. pad or padī) a foot (padā, padbhyām and bhis, also on foot,' RV. &c. &c.; ifc. also 'sticking to the feet of; cf. srī-vishnu-padī); a step, R.; a fourth part, a quarter, AV.; SBr. [Cf. pada; Gk. πούς, ποδ-όs; Lat. pes, ped-is; Goth. fôtus; Angl. Sax. fôt; Eng. foot; Germ. Fuss.] - anushanga, m. anything appended to a Pada or quarter of a verse, SBr. (cf. padânush°). - āsa, -āsana, see padâsa, sana under pada. - ga, mfn. going on foot, pedestrian; m. a f°-soldier, L. - ghoshá, m. the noise of feet or footsteps, AV. - dhadī, f. (in music) a kind of composition (prob. Prakr. = -dhati, see next). - dhati (for -hati), f. 'foot-stroke,' a way, path, course, line, Hariv.; Kav. &c. (also ti, g. bahv-ādi); sign, token, Jātak.; N. of a class of writings (described as guide-books or manuals for partic, rites and ceremonies and the texts relating to them) and of sev. wks.; a family N. or title (or rather the characteristic word denoting caste or occupation in comps. serving as proper names, e.g. -gupta, -dasa at the end of Vaisya and Sūdra names), L.; -candrikā, f., -cintāmani, m., -prakāša, m., -prakāšikā, f., -bhūshana, n., -ratna, n., -sāra, m. N. of wks. -dhima (for -hima), n. coldness of the feet, Pan. vi, 3, 54. - ratha, m. a footman, foot-soldier, BhP. - vát, mfn. having feet, running; n. an animal that uses its feet for locomotion, RV.; AV. Padavihāra, m. paying honour by walking round, Divyav.

Padá, n. (rarely m.) a step, pace, stride; a footstep, trace, vestige, mark, the foot itself, RV. &c. &c. (padena, on foot; pade pade, at every step, everywhere, on every occasion; trīni padāni Vishnoh, the three steps or footprints of Vishnu [i. e. the earth, the air, and the sky; cf. RV. i, 154, 5; Vikr. i, 19], also N. of a constellation or according to some 'the space between the eyebrows;' sg. Vishnoh padam, N. of a locality; padam \ \da, padāt padam Vgam or Vcal, to make a step, move on; padam / kri, with loc. to set foot in or on, to enter; with murdhni, to set the foot upon the head of [gen.] i. e. overcome; with citte or hridaye, to take possession of any one's heart or mind; with loc. or prati, to have dealings with; padam ni-\dha with loc., to set foot in = to make impression upon; with padavyām, to set the foot on a person's [gen. or ibc.] track, to emulate or equal; padam ni-\bandh with loc., to enter or engage in); a sign, token, characteristic, MBh.; Kathās.; Pur.; a footing, standpoint; position, rank, station, site, abode, home, RV. &c. &c. (padam ā-√tan, to spread or extend one's position; padāt padam bhrāmayitvā, having caused to wander from place to place); a business affair, matter, object or cause of (gen. or comp.), Kāv.; Pañc. &c.; a pretext, L.; a part, portion, division (cf. dvi-, tri-); a square on a chess-board, R.; a plot of ground, Inscr.; the foot as a measure of length (= 12 or 15 fingers' breadth, or 1 or 1 or 7 of a Prakrama), KātySr.; a ray of light (m., L.); a portion of a verse, quarter or line of a stanza, RV. &c. &c.;

in the middle cases and before some Taddhitas, Pān. (nom. s) a leader, guide, forerunner, RV.; AV. i, 4, 14 &c.; = pada-pātha, Prāt.; common N. of the P. and A., Cat.; any one in a set of numbers the sum of which is required; a period in an arithmetical progression, Col.; a square root, Sūryas.; a quadrant, ib.; protection, L. [Cf. Gk. πέδον; Lat. peda; op-pidum for op-pedum.] - kamala, n. a lotus-like foot, L. - kara, m. the author of the Pada-pātha, Pān.; Mahidh. - kārikā-ratnamālā, f. N. of wk. - kāla, m. = -pātha, Sāy. - krit, m. = -kāra, L. - kritya, n. N. of Comm. on Tarkas. - kaumudī, f. N. of wk. - krama, m. a series of steps, pace, walking, Sis. i, 52 (cf. citra-padakramam); a series of quarters of verses, R.; a partic. method of reciting or writing the Veda (see krama); m. pl. (or ibc.) the Pada-patha and the different Krama-päthas, MBh.; -lakshana, n. N. of wk.; -vid, mfn. familiar with the Po- and Ko-pātha, Hariv. - kramaka, n. the Pada- and Krama-pātha, Pān. ii, 4, 5, Sch. - ga, mfn. going on foot; m. a footman, foot-soldier, L. - gata, mfn. gone on foot; described or recorded in a line or stanza, W. - gati, f. going on foot, manner of going, gait, Panc. - gadha, m. orn. N. of wk. - gotra, n. a family supposed to preside over a partic. class of words, VPrāt. (cf. -devatā). - ghātam, ind. (with \(\lambda han \) to strike with the feet upon (acc.), Pāņ. iii, 4, 37. - catur-ūrdhva, n. a kind of metre (in which every Pada is 4 syllables longer than the preceding), Col. - candrika, f. 'elucidation of words,' N. of sev. wks. - cihna, n. a footmark, footstep, Das. - ccheda, m. separation of words (in speaking), parsing, Siksh. - cyuta, mfn. fallen from a position, dismissed from office, BhP. -jāta, n. a class of words, Prāt.; a group of (connected) words, a sentence or period, L. - jña, mfn. knowing places or one's own place (i.e. home), RV.; AV. -jyotis, n. N. of wk. -ta, f. the original form of a word, RPrāt.; = next, Sis. - tva, n. the state of (being) a word, APrāt.; Pān. i, 2, 45, Sch. - tvarā, f. 'foot-speeder (?), 'a shoe, L. - dārdhya, n. fixedness or security of text, APrat. - dipikā, f. N. of sev. wks. - devatā, f. a deity supposed to preside over a partic. class of words, VPrāt. (cf. -gotra). - dyotini, f. N. of Comm. on Git. - nidhana, mfn. having the Nidhana (q. v.) at the end of every quarter of a verse (as a Saman), TandBr.; Laty. - nī, mfn. following the steps of another, AV. xi, 2, 13. - nyāsa, m. putting down the feet, step, footmark, MBh.; R. &c.; position of the feet in a partic. attitude, W.; conduct, procedure (?), id.; writing down (quarters of) verses, Kav.; Asteracantha Longifolia or Tribulus Lanuginosus, L. - pankaja, n. = -kamala, L. - pankti, f. a series of footsteps, track, Kālid.; Pañc.; a series of words, Kir.; a kind of metre (of 5 Padas of 5 syllables each), RPrāt.; a sacred brick called after this metre, KātySr. - pancaka, m. orn. N. of wk. - paddhati, f. a series or row of footsteps, R. - padma, n. = -kamala, L. - patha, m. the Pada method of recitation or writing (a mo of arranging each word of a Vedic text separately in its original form [cf. pada] without regard to the rules of Samdhi; cf. kramaand samhitā-pātha), VPrāt., Sch. - pāta, m. footfall, tread, step, W. - purana, mfn. filling out or completing a verse, Nir.; n. the action of completing a verse, L. - bandha, m. a footstep, pace, L. - bhañjana, n. separation or analysis or explanation of words, L. - bhanjika, f. a commentary which separates or analyses or explains words, L.; a register, journal, calendar or almanac, W. - bhāvartha-candrika, f. N. of wk. - bhransa, m. loss of a place, dismissal from an office, Prasannar. -manjari, f. N. of various wks. -mala, f. 'word-wreath,' a magical formula, an incantation, DeviP. - yojana, n., na and nika, f. N. of wks. - yópana, $mf(\bar{i})n$. destroying (n. the act of do) the footsteps, AV. - racana, f. arrangement of words, literary composition, Vam. - ratnavali, f., -vākya-ratnakara (and ra-kārikā-samgraha), m., -vākyartha-panjikā, f. N. of wks. - vādya, n. (in music) a sort of drum. - vāyá, m. (\square vi) a leader, guide, forerunner, AV. - vi, f. = -vi, a way, path, L. -vikshepa, m. a step, pace, walking; a horse's paces, W. - vigraha (Hariv.), -viccheda (VPrāt.), m. separation of words. - víd, mfn. conversant or familiar with (gen.), SBr. (cf. -jna). - virama, m. the pause after a quarter of a verse, TPrat. - vishtambha, a word or an inflected word or the stem of a noun | m. tread, step, stamp with the foot, W. - vi, m.

(cf. -vāya); f. (nom. vī) a road, path, way, track, reach, range; acc. with \squam, y\alpha &c., to go the way of (cf. under artha-padavī, ghana-, pavana-, moksha-, yauvana-, sadhu-, smarana-, hāsya-; padam Vdhā or ni-Vdhā padavyām [comp. or gen.], to tread in the footsteps of a person i. e. imitate or rival him), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; station, situation, place, site, R.; Pañc.; - viya, n. footsteps, track, RV. x, 71, 3 (if not acc. for vyam). - vritti, f. the hiatus between two words in a sentence, RPrat.; N. of Comm. on Kpr. - vedin, m. 'acquainted with words,' a linguist or philologist, Kuttanim. - vyākhyāna, n. explanation of words, g. rig-ayanâdi. - sabda, m. the noise of footsteps, Mālatīm. - sas, ind. step by step, gradually, R.; word by word, APrat., Sch. - sastra, n. the science of separately written words, APrat., Sch. - sreni, f. a series of steps, Kathas. - shthiva, n. sg. the feet and knees, Pan. v, 4, 77. - samhitā, f. = -pātha, TPrāt. - samghāta, m. connecting those words together which in the Samhită are separated by a kind of refrain, Pan. iii, 2, 49, Vārtt. 3, Pat. - samghāta, m. id., ib.; VPrāt.; a writer, an annotator, one who collects or classifies words, W. - sadhātu, n. a manner of singing, Laty. - samdarbha, m. N. of wk. - samdhi, m. the euphonic combination of words, R. - samaya, m. = -pātha, TPrāt., Sch. - samuha, m. a series of words or parts of verses, Git., Sch.; = -pātha, VPrāt. - stobha, m. N. of sev. Sāmans, ArshBr.; N. of wk. - stha, mfn. standing on one's feet, going on foot, R.; =-sthita, MBh.; R. - sthāna, n. footprint, footmark, Hariv. - sthita, mfn. being in a station or office, Kathas. Padakranta, mfn. following at one's heels, Sak. Padaghāta, m. a stroke with the foot, a kick, L. Padânka, m. footmark; -dūta, m. the messenger of the fo (Krishna), N. of a poem. Padangī, f. Cissus Pedata, L. Padangushtha, m. the great toe, MBh. (v. l. pādo). Padaji, Padati &c., see sv. Padadi, m. the beginning of a verse or of a word, Prāt.; 'dy-avid (or 'dya-vid), m. a bad student (lit. who does not know or who knows only the beginning of verses or words), L. Padadhyayana, n. the recitation of the Veda according to the Pada-pātha, APrāt.; dhyāyin, mfn. reciting the V° in this way, ib. Padadhyahara-vada, m. N. of wk. Padanuga, mfn. following at one's (gen.) heels, an attendant or companion, MBh.; R. (ifc.); suitable, agreeable to, R. Padânurāga, m. a servant; an army, W. Padanusasana, n. the science of words, grammar, L. Padânushanga, m. anything added or appended to a Pada, SānkhSr. (cf. pad-anush). Padanusara, m. following at one's heels; "rena upa- \ labh, to overtake, Mālatīm. Padânusvāra, n. N. of partic. Samans, Laty., Sch. Padanta, m. the end of a line in a stanza, Laty.; the end of a word, VPrat.; Păn.; mfn. ending with the word pada, Păn. vii, 3, 9; -suddhasuddhīya, n. N. of a Saman, Arsh Br.; °tīya (R and VPrāt.), °tya (APrāt.), mfn. being at the end of a word, final. Padântara, n. an interval of one step ("re sthitvā, stopping after taking one step), Sak. (cf. a-pado); another word, Vedântas. Padânveshin, mfn. following a footmark, Das. Padabja, n. = pada-kamala, L. Padabhilashin, mfn. wishing for an office, MW. Padabhihoma, m. pouring out the oblation (homa) upon a footprint, Vait. Padamnāya-siddhi, f. N. of wk. Padambhoja, n. = pada-kamala, L. Padayata, mfn. as long as a f°, L.; (a), f. a shoe, L. Padaravinda, n. = pada-kamala, L. Padartha, m. the meaning of a word, VPrāt.; Prab.; BhP. &c. (ifc. also -ka, Pat.); that which corresponds to the mo of a wo, a thing, material object, man, person, Var.; Kav.; Pur.; a head, subject (16 with Naiyāyikas); a category, predicament (7 with Vaiseshikas, 25 with Sāmkhyas, 7 with Vedântins); a principle (-tritaya, n. a triad of principles, RTL. 119); -kaumudī, f. (°dī-koša and -sāra-koša, m.), -khandana, n. (na-tippanavyākhyā, f.), -guna-cintāmani, m., -candrikā, f., -tattva, n. ("tva-nirūpana, n., -nirnaya, m., -vivecana, n.), -dīpikā, f., -dīpinī, f., -dharmasamgraha, m., -nirūpana, n., -pārijāta, m., -prakāša, m., -prakāšikā, f., -pradeša, m., -bodha, m., -bhāskara, m., -manimālā or -mālā, f., -mālävritti, f., -ratna-manjūshā, f., -ratnamālā, f., ·vidyā-sāra, m., ·viveka, m., ·samgraha; m.,