Garcinia fruit, L.; (ā), f. Oxalis corniculata, L.; = °kra-candikā, L.; = °kra-vedhaka, L.

Cukraka, n. sorrel, L.; (ikā), f. Oxalis corniculata, Car. vi, 9; Bhpr. v; = kra-vedhaka, L. Cukriman, m. sourness, g. dridhadi.

चुषा cukshā, f.=sauca, g. chattrâdi.

चुक्रोभिष्य cukshobhayishu,mfn.(√kshubh, Caus. Desid.) intending to shake or disturb, MBh. vii, 1142; viii, 697.

वृचि cuci, m. the female breast, W.

चुच cucu, for cuccu, q.v., L.

चुक cucuka. See cūc°.

चुन्दरी cucundarī,=chucchuno, L.

चुप cucupa. See cūc°.

चुचक cucūka. See cūcuka.

JJ cuccu, a kind of vegetable, Car. i, 27; vi, 23. - parnikā, f. a kind of vegetable, i, 27. Cuccū, m. f. = ccu, Suir. i, 46; iv, vi.

चुच्य cucy, v.l. for √sucy, q.v.

(cf. akshara-, cāra-), Pāņ. v, 2, 26; accustomed to, Šiš. ii, 14; m. the musk-rat (cf. cucundarī), L.; a mixed caste whose business is hunting (born of a Brāhman father by a Vaideha female, Sch.), Mn. x, 48; N. of a man, VP. iv, 3, 15 (v.l. cañcu).

चुरी cumcuri, f. a kind of game played with tamarind seeds instead of dice, L.

Cuñculi, °lī, f. id., L.
चचल cuñcula, m. N. of a man, (pl

वुन्त cuñcula, m. N. of a man, (pl.) his descendants, Hariv. 1466; (i), f., see curi.

gz cut (& cunt, cund), cl. 6. 10. cutati (cunt°), cotayati (cunt°, cund°), to split, cut off, Dhātup.: cl. 1. cotati (cunt°, cund°), to become small, ib. (cf. \cutati & but).

चुट्ट cuṭṭ, cl. 10.°ṭṭayati, to become small, xxxii, 24; cf. √puṭṭ.

चुड् cud, cl. 6. odati, to conceal, xxviii.

चुड्ड cudd, cl. 1. °ddati,=√cull, ix, 63.

चुण cun, cl. 6. to split, cut off, xxviii, 84.

चुराद cunt, =√cut, q.v.

Cunță, f. a small well or reservoir near a well, L. Cunță, f. id., Susr. i, 45; cf. cauntya, cūdaka.

चुराइ cunth, cl. 10.°thayati, to hurt, Dhatup.

चुगड cund,= \cut, q.v.

Cundya, = onti, Bhpr.

चुगढी cuṇdhī, v. l. for onțī, L.

चुत् cut, v.l. for cyut, Dhātup. iii, 3.

चुत cuta, m., °ti, f.=cūta, the anus, L.

बुद्द cud, cl. 1. códati, °te (Subj. códat; Impv. °da, °data, °dasva, (2. du.) °dethām; aor. 2. sg. codīs; pr. p., see a-codát), to impel, incite, animate, RV.; to bring or offer quickly (as the Soma), RV.; A. to hasten, RV.: Caus. codáyati, rarely 'te (Subj. 2. sg. 'yāsi, 'yāse; aor. acūcudat, MBh. xiii, 35; p. codáyat; Pan. codyamāna), to sharpen, whet, RV. vi, 47, 10 (cf. 3, 5); ix, 50, 1; x, 120, 5; to impel, incite, cause to move quickly, accelerate, RV.; AV. iii, 15, 1; MBh. &c.; (with cakshus) to direct (the eye) towards (loc.), Mricch. ix, II; to inspire, excite, animate, RV.; AV. vii, 46, 3; to request, petition, ask, urge on, press or importune with a request, Laty. ii, 9, 15; Mn.; MBh. &c.; help on, assist in the attainment of (dat.), RV.; to bring or offer quickly, vi, 48, 9; vii, 77, 4; to ask for, MBh. xiii; R. vii; BhP. x; to inquire after, MBh. i, 5445; to enjoin, fix, settle, SänkhSr.; Läty.; to object, criticise, Bādar., Sch.; to be quick, RV. i, 117, 3; x, 101, 12 & 102, 12; [cf. σπεύδω, σπουδάζω; Lat. cudo.]

Códa, m. an implement for driving horses, goad or whip, v, 61, 3; (°dá), mfn. animating, inspiring, promoting, i, 143, 6; ii, 13, 9 & 30, 6; (cf. radhracodá.) — pravriddha (°dá-), mfn. exalted by the inspiring (draught of Soma), i, 174, 6.

Codaka, mfn. impelling, MBh. xiii, 71; m. direction, invitation, KātyŚr. i, 10, 1; Nyāyam. x;

(in Gr.) = pari-graha, q.v., RPrat. x, 10; xi, 14; asker, objectioner, pupil, Jain.

Códana, mfn. impelling, AV. vii, 116, 1; (cf. rishi-, eka-, kīri-, brahma-, radhra-cód); (ā, am), f. n. impelling, invitation, direction, rule, precept, VS. xxix, 7; RPrāt.; ŚāńkhŚr.; KātyŚr.; Lāty.; Mn. ii, &c.; (ā), f. reproof (as in Pāli), Divyâv. i, 54; (ī), f. N. of a plant (v. l. for rodanī), L., Sch. Codanā-guda, m. a ball to play with, L.

Codayán-mati, mfn. (fr. °dáyat, p. \(\sqrt{cud}\), Caus.) promoting devotion, RV. v, 8, 6; viii, 46, 19. Codayitavya, mfn. to be criticised, Bădar., Sch. Codayitri, mf(tri)n. one who impels or animates or promotes, RV. i, 3, 11; vii, 81, 6; Kum. iii, 21.

Codas. See a-codás.

Coditá, mín. caused to move quickly, RV. ix, 72, 5; driven, impelled, incited, MBh.; R.; carried on (a business), iv, 28, 21 (a-, neg.); invited, directed, ordered, MBh.; Ragh. xii, 59; informed, apprised, W.; inquired after, BP. vii, 15, 13; enjoined, fixed, appointed, SānkhŚr.; KātyŚr.; Mn. ii f., viii; MBh. xiii, 2439; R. (B) iii, 56, 16. — tva, n. the being enjoined, Jaim. vi, 1, 9; (a-, neg.) KātyŚr. i, 6. Coditrí, mín. = dayitri, RV. (7 times).

Codya, mfn. to be impelled or incited, MBh. v, 1404 & 4600; (a-, neg.) xiii, 4875; to be criticised, Sarvad. xiii, III; to be thrown, W.; n. raising questions, consideration, MBh. v, 1653; 'to be urged or objected,' a difficult question raised to invite for controversy (pūrva-paksha, prašna, L.), Sarvad. xiii, 2 & 22; astonishment, wonder, Siš. ix, 16.

चुनन्द cunanda, m. N. of a Buddhist mendicant, Lalit. i, 10.

चुन्द् cund, v.l. for \bund, q.v.

चुन्द cunda, m. N. of a pupil of Sākyamuni, Buddh.; (cf. mahā-); (ī), f. a bawd, L.

Jul. cup, cl. 1. copati, to move, MBh. iii, 10648 f. & 17346 f.; cf. gale-copaka.

Copana, mfn. moving, Pān. iii, 2, 148, Kāš.

च्प 2. cup, cl. 6., v. l. for √chup.

Cupa, m. N. of a man, g. I. aśvádi (cumpa, Kāś.; -dāsaka, Hemac.) - dāsaka, see cupa.

चुपणीका cupuṇikā, f. N. of one of the 7 Krittikās, TS. iv, 4, 5, 1; Kāth. xl, 4.

gga cubuka, n. (=cib°, chúb°) the chin, BhP. x, 42, 7; the top of an altar, Sulbas. iii, 164 & 168. -daghná, mfn. reaching to the chin, MaitrS. iii, 3, 4; ĀpŠr. vii, 8, 3.

चुत्र cubra, n. (√2. cumb) the face, Un. ii.

चुमुचुमायन cumucumāyana, n. itching (of a wound), Suir. i, 42, 11.

नुष्ट्रार cúmuri, m. N. of a demon (whom Indra sent to sleep to favour Dabhīti), RV. ii, vi f., x. नुष्ट्रा 1. cumb, cl. 10. to hurt, Dhātup.

2. cumb, cl. 1. bati (exceptionally Ā., Pañcat. iv, 7; pf. cucumba; Pass. p. byamāna, Dhūrtas.), to kiss, MBh.; Hariv. &c.; to touch with the mouth, MBh. viii, 5954; to touch

closely or softly: Caus. cumbayati, to cause to

kiss, Daš. vi, 6; to kiss, Dhātup. xxxii, 91 (v. l.)

Cumbaka, m. kissing, kiss, L.; (a), f. id., VarBrS. Cumbaka, mfn. one who kisses much, L.; one who has read much, superficial, L.; knavish, roguish, L.; m. = -mani, Prab. vi, 16; AdhyR. i, 1, 18; the upper part of a balance, L.; n. a parallel passage, Setub. xi, 99, Sch. — mani, m. a loadstone, Mcar.

Cumbana, n. = ba, VarBṛS.; Pañcat.; Amar.; Gīt. (ifc. f.ā, ii, 13) &c. - dāna, n. giving a kiss, 16. Cumbita, mfn. kissed, Sak. iii; Sāh. i; touched closely or softly, Mālatīm.; Vcar. xiv, 7; Sarvad. Cumbin, mfn. ifc. kissing, W.; touching closely,

Caurap.; Vcar. viii, 42; affected with, Naish. vi, 66; relating to, viii, 87; busy with, iii, 95.

Teur, cl. 10. corayati (rarely te, MBh.

xiii, 5508; MārkP. xv, 23; aor. acūcurat, Šiš. i, 16; cl. 1. corati, Vop. xvii, 1), to steal, Mn. viii, 333; MBh. &c.; to rob any one (acc.), Hariv. 11146; to cause to disappear, Sinhâs. Introd. \(\frac{2}{3}\) (1. sg. cūrayāmi). —ādi, the class of rts. beginning with \sqrt{cur} , Kāš. on Pāņ. i, 4, 36 & ii, 3, 56.

Curanya, Nom. 'yati, to steal, g. kandv-ādi.

Curā, f. theft, g. chattradi.

Corá, m. (gaṇas pacâdi, brāhmaṇâdi, manojñâdi, pāraskarâdi) = caura, a thief, TĀr. x, 64;
MBh. v, 7834; a plagiarist; the plant Kṛishṇa-ṣaṭī,
L.; a kind of perfume, L.; N. of a poet, Prasannar.
i, 22; (ā), f. = -pushpī, L.; (ī), f. a female thief,
g. pacâdi (g. gaurâdi, Gaṇar. 46); theft, Gal.
- kaṇṭaka, m. a kind of grass (the seeds of which
stick in the clothes), W. - karaṇa, n. calling anyone a thief, Pāṇ. iii, 4, 25, Kāṣ. - m-kāram, ind.
with ā- \langle kruṣ, to call any one a thief, ib. - pushpikā, shpī, f. Chrysopogon aciculatus, L. - snāyu, m. Leea hirta, W.

Coraka, m. a thief, VarBrS. xvi, 25; Trigonella corniculata, L.; a kind of perfume, L.; (ikā), f. theft, L., Sch. - bandham, ind. so as to tie in a

Coritaka, n. anything stolen, vii; petty theft, W.

चुरी curi, f.=cunți, L.

bowels, Car. i, 19, 1, 40; iii, 7; Bhpr. vii, 19, 9. Cūru, m. a kind of worm, Susr. vi, 54, 6.

Gurcura, ind., in comp. — dhvani, m. gnashing (the teeth), Sis. v, 58, Sch. — sabda, m. id., 58.

चुल cul, cl. 10. colayati, to raise, Dhātup. xxxii, 62; (for √bul) to dive into, ib.

Culaka, for °luka, q. v.; (ā), see °lukā. Culya, mfn. fr. °la, g. 1. balādi.

चुलु culu, m. a handful of water, Gal.

Culuka, m. n. (=cal°) the hand hollowed to hold water, handful or mouthful of water, draught, Bālar.; Naish. (v.l. °laka, xxii, 41); Viddh. i, 15; Kuval. 462 & Pañcad. (°laka) &c.; m. deep mud or mire, L.; a small vessel (gallipot, &c.), L.; N. of a man, g. kanvâdi (°laka, Ganaratnâv.); (ā), f. N. of a river, MBh. vi, 9, 20 (°lakā, C).

Culumpin, cullaki), L. Culuki-\kri, to swallow in one draught, cause to disappear, Bhām. i, 120. Culukya, m. N. of a race.

चुलुम्प culump, cl. 1. °pati, (pf. °pāṃ cakāra, Pāṇ. iii, 1, 35, Vārtt., Pat.) = √lul or lup, L. Culumpa, m. fondling children, L.; (ā), f. a she-goat, L. Culumpin, m. = °lukin, L.

चुल्प culya. See vcul.

चुच cull (=√cuḍḍ), to exhibit any hāva or bhāva (derived fr. culla), Dhātup. xv, 24.

Culla, mfn. = cilla, blear-eyed, Pān. v, 2, 33, Vārtt. 2, Pat.; m. a blear eye, ib.; (i), f. a fire-place, chimney, Mn. iii, 68; Lalit. xviii, 99; Pañcat.; Sušr.; Hcat.; (cūlhī) Šil.; a funeral pile, L.; a large hall composed of 3 divisions (one looking north, another east, the third west), VarBṛS. liii, 38; = griha-cullī, 42. Cullāksha, mfn. blear-eyed, L.

Cullakī, f. a kind of waterpot, L.; = "lukin, L.; N. of a race, L. Culli, f. = "llī, a fire-place, L. Culhi, f. = "llī, Pāpabuddhidharm. 26.

gar cuścushā, f: (onomat.) a smacking sound (in eating), Nyāyam. x, 2, 3, Sch. – kāra, m. id., x, 2, 3; (am), ind. (=ciścishā-; to eat) so as to smack, MānŚr. ii, 5, 4; MaitrS. Paddh.

नुस्त custa, m. n. v.l. for busta, L.

चुकृत cūm-krita, n. the call 'hallo!' Naish.

n. = °kågra (also cuc°, m. n. & cucūka, n., L.), R. vi, 23, 13; Sušr.; VarBṛS. lxviii, 27; Kathās. cxx. — tā, f. the condition of a nipple, Kautuk. Cūcukâ-gra, n. a nipple (of the breast), Vikr. v, 8; Caurap.

चुप cūcupa, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. v, 140, 26 (cuc°, C); vi, 75, 21 (cūlika, C).

99 f.; m. (cf. kūṭa) a sort of protuberance on a sacrificial brick, SBr. viii & KātyŚr. (also ifc. f. ā); m. or n. = dā-karaṇa, Yājñ. iii, 23; m. N. of a man (with the patr. Bhāgavitti), SBr. xiv, 9, 3, 17 f.; (ā), f. (beginning a Gaṇa of Gaṇar. 365; g. bhidādi) the hair