आनुचारक ānucāraka, mfn. (fr.anu-cāraka), belonging to an attendant, ib.

भानुजाबर ānujāvará, mfn. (fr. anu and \sqrt{jan}), posthumous [BRD.]; common, TS.; TBr.

आनुड्ड ānuduha, am, n., v. l. for ānaduha, q. v.

आनुतिस्य ānutilya, mfn. (fr. anu-tila), belonging or conformable to grains of Sesamum, Comm. on Pāṇ.

आनुदृष्टिनेय ānudrishtineya, m.f. a descendant of Anu-drishti, q. v., ib.

सानुदृष्टेय ānudrishteya, mfn. id., Pāņ.

आनुदेशिक ānudešika, mfn. belonging to an Anu-deša (q. v.) rule, L.

आनुनाइय ānunāsya, mfn. (fr. anu-nāsa), belonging or conformable to destruction, Pān.

आनुनासिक्य ānunāsikya, am, n. (fr. anu-nā-sika), nasality (of a sound), RPrāt.

आनुपथ्य ānupathya, mfn. (fr. anu-patha), along the way, Comm. on Pāṇ.

चानुपदिक ānupadika, mfn. (fr. anu-pada), following, pursuing, tracking; knowing or studying the anupada (q. v.) song, ib.

Anupadya, mfn. being behind any one's steps, ib.

भानुपूर्व ānupūrva, am, n. and ī, f. (fr. anupūrva), order, series, succession, MBh.; R. &c.; (in
law) direct order of the castes, Mn.; Yājñ. &c.;
(generally only instr. -ena and -yā, one after the
other, in due order.)

Anupūrvya, am, n. order, succession, KātyŚr.; Mn.; Yājñ. &c.; (generally abl. -āt, in due order.)

आनुमत ānumatá, mf(ī)n. belonging to the goddess Anu-mati (q. v.), TBr.

आनुमानिक ānumānika, mf(ī)n. (fr. anumāna), relating to a conclusion, derived from inference, subject to inference, inferable, inferred, Āp.; ŚāṅkhŚr.; making conclusions, BhP. — tva, n. the state of being inferable, KātyŚr.

भानुमाध्य ānumāshya, mfn. (fr. anu-māsha), belonging or conformable to kidney-beans, Comm. on Pāṇ.

आनुयव्य ānuyavya, mfn. (fr. anu-yava), belonging to barley, ib.

आनुपादिक ānuyātrika, mfn. (fr. anu-yā-tra), belonging to a servant; belonging to a retinue; a servant, ib.

भानुयूप्प ānuyūpya, mfn. (fr. anu-yūpa), being along or belonging to a sacrificial post, ib.

आनुरिक्त ānurakti, is, f. (=anu-rakti, q. v.), passion, affection, L.

आनुराहति ānurāhati, is, m. f. a descendant of Anu-rahat, Pāṇ. (cf. ānuhārati).

आनुरूप ānurūpya, am, n. (fr. anu-rūpa), conformity, suitableness, Sāh.

आनुरोहति ānurohati, is, m. f. a descendant of Anu-rohat (according to T., v.l. for hārati, q.v.)

आनुरोहिश ānurohina, mf(i)n. belonging to the constellation Rohini.

आनुलामिक ānulomika, mf(ī)n. (fr. anu-lo-ma), in the direction of the hair, in natural or regular order, in due course; conformable, favourable, benevolent, L.

Anulomya, mf(i)n. in the direction of the hair, produced in natural or direct order; (am), n. a direction similar to that of hairs, natural or direct order, Mn.; Yājñ.; Pāņ.; the state of being prosperous, doing well, Suśr.; Pāņ.; bringing to one's right place, Suśr.; favourable direction, fit disposition, favourableness, L.; regular series or succession, L.

आनुवर्ष ānuvaņšya, mfn. (fr. anu-vaņša), belonging to a race, conformable to a genealogical list (according to T., 'behind a bamboo'), L.

आनुवासनिक ānuvāsanika, mfn. (fr. anuvāsana), suitable for an oily enema.

आनुविधित्सा ānuvidhitsā, f. (probably for

an-anuvio, fr. anu-vi- and the Desid. of $\sqrt{dh\bar{a}}$), ingratitude, L.

आनुवेश्य ānuvesya, mfn. (fr. anu-vesa, Pān. iv, 3, 59), a neighbour living on the same side, Mn.

भानुशातिक ānušātika, mfn. (fr. anu-šatika, Pāṇ. vii, 3, 20), belonging to a person or thing accompanied with or bought for a hundred.

ञ्चानुशासनिक ānušāsanika, mfn. (fr. anušāsana), relating to or treating of instruction, MBh.

आनुश्क ānušūka, mfn. (fr. anu-šūka), being with or within the awns (as rice).

आनुश्रव ānusrava, mfn. according to hearing, resting on tradition, derived from the Veda or tradition, BhP.

Anusravika and anusravika, mfn. id.

आनुषक ānushák, ind. (fr. anu- √sañj [gaṇa swarddi]), in continuous order, uninterruptedly, one after the other, RV. v, 16, 2, &c. (cf. anushak).

Anushangika, mf(i)n.(fr. anu-shanga), closely adherent, following, concomitant, inherent, implied, BhP.; Pañcat.; consistent; lasting, enduring, Rājat.; necessarily following, necessary as a result or consequence, inevitable; occasional, unimportant, secondary, Sāh.; (in Gr.) elliptical, including or agreeing with words not comprised in the sentence. — tva, am, n. the being occasional, secondary, Siddh. on Pān. ii, 2, 29 (p. 430).

आनुषाड ānushaṇḍa, mfn. belonging to the country Anu-shaṇḍa (q. v.), L.

आनुष्क ānushūká, mfn. (probably fr. anu-shūka, 'after-shoot of rice' [according to native interpretation from anu-√sū]), 'in the manner of the after-shoot of rice,' i. e. shot after, TS. ii, 3, 4, 2.

Anu-shtubhs; formed like the Anu-shtubh metre (e.g. composed of four divisions), RV. x, 181, 1; VS.; SBr.; RPrāt.

Anushtubhaushniha, mfn. consisting of the two metres Anu-shtubh and Ushnih, RPrāt.

आनुसाय्य ānusāyya, mfn. (fr. anu-sāya), being every evening, Comm. on Pāņ.

भानुसोत्य ānusītya, mfn. (fr. anu-sīta), being along the furrow, ib.

आनुसीय ānusīrya, mfn. (fr. anu-sīra), being along the plough, ib.

आनुसुक ānusuka, mfn. studying or knowing the work Anusū (q. v.), L.

स्रानुसूक ānusūka = ānushūka (?), q.v.

आनुस्य ānusūya, mfn. given by Anu-sūyā (Atri's wife), Ragh. xiv, 14.

आनुमृतिनेयānusritineya, m. f. a descendant of Anu-sriti, Pāņ.

आनुमृष्टिनेय ānusrishtineya, m.f. a descendant of Anu-srishti, ib.

आनुहारति ānuhārati, m. f. a descendant of Anu-harat, ib.
आन्क ānūká, am, n. (fr. anv-añc), 'lying

close to, ornament, jewels, RV. v, 33, 9 [according to NBD. ānūkam, ind. subsequently; but Sāy. explains the word by ābharaṇa].

Pāṇ. iv, 2, 133]), belonging to a watery place; wet, watery, marshy, Susr.; (as), m. any animal frequenting watery or marshy places, as fishes, buffaloes, &c. (cf. anūpa), ib.; a descendant of Anūpa; (am), n., N. of a Sāman, Lāṭy. iv, 6, 1.—mānsa, am, n. the flesh or meat of animals frequenting watery or marshy places.

Ānūpaka, mfn. living in marshy places, Pān.

आन्। य ānṛiṇya, am, n. (fr. an-ṛiṇa), acquittance of debt or obligation, the not being indebted to (gen.), Mn.; MBh.; R.; Ragh.; Pañcat. &c.

भानृत ā- \sqrt{nrit} , P. (aor. 3. pl. ā-nritus, RV. v, 52, 12; p. -nrityat, AV. iv, 37, 7) to dance towards, hasten near, jump near: Caus. (impf. 3. pl. -nartayan) to agitate gently, Ritus.; Ragh.

A-narta, as, m. dancing-room, dancing academy,

T.; a stage, theatre, L.; war, L.; N. of a king (son of Saryāti), Hariv.; N. of a country (northern Kāṭhiavāḍ), ib.; (ās), m. pl., N. of the inhabitants of the above country; of the kings of that country; (am), n. the empire of the Ānartas; water, L.; dancing, T. — pura, n. the capital of Ānarta, i. e. Dvāravatī, L.

Anartaka, mfn. dancing towards, T.; belonging to the inhabitants of Anarta, (gana dhūmādi, Pān. iv, 2, 127.)

A-nartana, am, n. the act of dancing towards or near, dancing, SānkhGr. i, 11, 5.

A-nartita, mfn. agitated gently, Bhartr.
Anartiya, mfn. belonging to the country (and the people of) Anarta.

आनृत ānṛita, mf(i)n. (fr. an-ṛita, gaṇa chattrādi, Pāṇ. iv, 4,62), untruthful, lying, false. Ānṛitaka, mfn. belonging to or occupied byliars, L.

आन्श्रम ānrisansa, am, n. (fr. a-nrisansa), absence of cruelty or harm, absence of injury, mildness, kindness, benevolence, MBh.; Gaut. v, 45.

Anrisansi, m. f. (Pān. iv, I, 95) the descendant of a benevolent person, T.; a benevolent person, L. Anrisansiya, mfn. belonging to a benevolent

person, (gaṇa gahâdi, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 138.)

Ānṛiṣanṣya, mf(ā)n. merciful, mild, kind, MBh.;
(am), n. absence of cruelty or harm, kindness, mercy, compassion, benevolence, MBh.; Mn.; Āp. — tas, ind. from harmlessness, through kindness.

खाने मिमग्न ā-nemi-magna, mfn. sunk up to the rim or felloe (as a wheel).

आनेपुण ānaipuna, am, n. (fr. a-nipuna, Pān. vii, 3, 30), unskilfulness, clumsiness (cf. a-naipuna).

भानेश्वयं ānaisvarya, am, n. (fr. an-īsvara [Pāṇ. vii, 3, 30]), absence of power or supremacy (cf. an-aisvarya).

आना 1. ānta. See under 3. am (p. 80).

भाना 2. anta, mfn. final, terminal, relating to the end.

Antya, as, m. one who finishes, personified as Bhauvana, VS.; TS.

Antyayaná, as, m. a descendant of the above, TS.

भाना:पुरिक āntaḥpurika, mfn. (fr. antaḥpura), belonging to the women's apartments; (am),
n. anything done in the women's apartment.

आनाम ântám, ind. (for ā-antam), to the end, completely, from head to foot, SBr.; TS.; Gaut.

internal, inward, Bhatt.; native, indigenous, MBh.; being inside, within (a palace &c.), MBh.; (as), m. an intimate friend; (am), n. the heart, Naish.—prapañca, m. (in phil.) 'the inward expansion;' the fantasies of the soul produced by ignorance.

Antaratamya, am, n. (fr. antara-tama), nearest or closest relationship (as of two letters), Siddh. Antarya, am, n. near relationship (of two letters).

unification antaragarika, mfn. (fr. antaragara), belonging to the inner or women's apartments; (as), m. the keeper of a king's wives; (am), n. the office of the above.

आनारायिक āntarāyika, mfn. (fr. antar-āya), returning at intervals, repeated from time to time.

भानाराल āntarāla, mfn. (fr. antar-āla), (in phil.) 'those who know the condition of the soul within the body,' N. of a philosophical sect.

Elimites āntarikshá or āntarīksha, mf(ī)n. (fr. antariksha), belonging to the intermediate space between heaven and earth, atmospherical, proceeding from or produced in the atmosphere, VS.; TS.; MBh.; VarBṛS.; Suṣr.; (am), n. rain-water.

gaṇa dhūmâdi, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 127, where [in Böht-lingk's edition] antarīpa is to be read instead of antarīya), belonging to or being in an island.

आनगिणिक āntargaṇika, mf(ī)n. (fr. antar-gaṇa), included or comprehended in a class or troop, L.

आनागिहिक āntargehika, mf(i)n. (fr. antargeha), being inside a house, ib.