along, hasten towards (loc.), fly or fall down upon (loc.), fall, RV. &c. &c.; to fall from, be deprived of, lose (abl.), MBh.: Caus. -pātayati, to cause to fly away, AV.; SBr.; to chase, pursue, MBh.; to throw down, ib.: Desid. -pipatishati, to wish to hurry away, AV.: Intens. -pāpatīti, to shoot forth, RV. 'patana, n. flying forth or away, MBh. (cf. hansa-); flying or falling down, falling from (abl. or comp.) or into (loc. or comp.), Gaut.; MBh. &c.; a steep rock, precipice, L.; death, destruction, W. 'patita, mfn. flown away or along, fallen, come down, fallen or got into (acc.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.

Pra-pāta, m. a partic. mode of flying, Pañcat.; springing forth, Var.; an attack, L.; starting off, setting out, departure, Kathas.; falling down, falling from (abl. or comp.) or into (loc. or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; falling out (of teeth, hair &c.), Susr.; discharge, emission, flow (of semen), VP.; letting fall (a glance on anything), Kum.; a steep rock, cliff, precipice, MBh.; Hariv. &c.; a steep bank or shore, L.; a cascade, waterfall, L.; 'tâbhimukha, $mf(\bar{t})$ n. inclined to precipitate one's self from a rock, Kathās.; "tambu, n. water falling from a rock, Rājat. pātana, n. (fr. Caus.) causing to fall, throwing down, R.; throwing, casting (aksha-po, 'co-dice'), Hariv. "pātam, ind. falling down, MBh. "pātin, m. a rock, cliff, mountain, L. pitvá, see col. 2. pitsu, mfn. (fr. Desid.) wishing to fall or throw one's self down, Sis.

a distant place), RV.; AitBr.; (ifc. f. \bar{a}) a broad road or street, Kāṭh.; BhP.; mfn. 'about to go off'(?), loose, relaxed, L. 'pathin, mfn. roaming on distant paths (superl. -tama), RV.; m. N. of a man, ib. 'pathyà, mfn. being on the road, wandering (also applied to Pūshan, the protector of travellers), VS.; (\bar{a}), f. = pathyā, Terminalia Chebula or Citrina, L. 'pātha, m. a road, way, L.

प्रपद् 1. pra- v2. pad, A. -padyate (ep. also P.), to fall or drop down from (abl.), throw one's self down (at a person's feet), MBh.; to go forwards, set out for, resort to, arrive at, attain, enter (with acc., rarely loc.), AV. &c. &c.; to fly to for succour, take refuge with (acc.), TS. &c. &c.; to fall upon, attack, assail, RV.; AV.; to come to a partic. state or condition, incur, undergo (acc.), MBh.; Kāv. &cc.; (with an adv. in sat), to become, e.g. sarpasat pra- \pad, to becoa serpent, Bhatt.; to obtain, gain (patim, 'as husband'), partake of, share in (acc.), ib.; to adopt or embrace (a doctrine), Rājat.; to undertake, commence, begin, do, MBh.; Kav.; to form (a judgment), MBh.; to assume (a form), Kathās.; to enjoy (pleasure), R.; to take to (dat.), Hariv.; to come on, approach, appear, AV.; R.; Hariv.; to take effect, succeed, MBh.; to turn out (anyathā, 'differently' i.e. without any effect or consequence), Hariv.; to admit (a claim), R.: Caus. -pādayati, te, to cause to enter, introduce into (acc. or loc.), Br.: Desid. P. -pitsati, to wish to enter, SBr.; A. -pitsate (cf. Pān. vii, 4, 54), to be going to incur or undertake, Das.

Pra-patti, f. pious resignation or devotion, Sāṇḍ.; -parisīlana, n., tty-upādhitva-nishedha, m. N. of wks.

2. Pra-pad, f. a way, AitBr.; N. of partic. sacred texts, Br.; GṛŚrŚ. padana, n. entering, entrance into (comp.), AśvGṛ.; Vait.; access, approach, ŚBr.; ChUp. padam, ind. a term applied to a partic. mode of recitation (in which the Vedic verses are divided, without reference to the sense and construction, into parts of an equal number of syllables and between these parts partic. formulas inserted containing the word pa-padye), AitBr.

Pra-panna, mfn. arrived at, come to (saranam, for protection), got into (any condition), ChUp.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (with pādau) fallen at a person's feet, R.; suppliant (cf. comp.); approached, appeared, happened, occurred, R.; acknowledged (as a claim), Yājā.; provided with (instr.), Sak. I, I; effecting, producing, W.; poor, distressed, ib.; -gati-dīpikā, f., -dina-caryā, f., -dushtārishta-sānti, f., -pāri-jāta, m. N. of wks.; -pāla, m. 'protector of suppliants,' N. of Krishna, MBh.; -mālikā, f., -lak-shana, n. N. of wks.; 'nnâmrita, n. 'nectar for suppliants,' N. of a legendary biography of Rāmânuja (cf. RTL. 119 &c.); 'nnârti-hara, mf(ī)n. relieving the distress of suppliants, MW. 'pāda, see

á-prapāda. °pāduka, mfn. falling away prematurely (as a fetus), TS.; Kāth. °pitsu, mfn. desirous of plunging into (loc.), Šiš.; d° of entering upon (acc.), Kir.

प्रपद्ध 3. prá-pad, f. (fr. 3. pad) the fore part of the foot, AV.

Prá-pada, n. id. the point of the foot, tip of the toes (ais, ind. on tiptoe), RV. &c. &c.

Prapadīna, w.r. for ā-prapadīna, q.v.

प्रपन्न pra-panna &c. See col. 1.

प्रयचाड prapannāḍa, m. Cassia Tora, L. (cf. prapunāṭa &c.)

प्रपर्ध pra-parna, mfn. whose leaves are fallen, Pat.

number of pra-palây (palā = parā and \square ay = i), Ā.-palâyate (ind. p.-palâyya), to run away, flee, escape, MBh.; Hariv.; R. palâyana, n. running away, flight, rout, Pañcat. palâyita, mfn. run away; routed, defeated, Kathās.; Pañcat. palâyin, mfn. running away, flying, a fugitive, MBh.

प्रपलाश pra-palāša, mfn.=pra-parņa, Pat.

प्राप्ता pra-pavaṇa or pra-pavana, n. (√1. pū) purifying, straining (Soma juice), Pāṇ. viii, 4, 34, Sch. °pavaṇīya or °pavanīya, mfn. to be cleansed or purified, ib.

"te), to see before one's eyes, look at, observe, behold, RV. &c. &c.; to judge, discern, MBh.; to know, understand, R.; to regard as, take for (two acc.), MBh. "pasyat or "pasyamāna, mfn. well-discerning, judicious, sensible, intelligent, MBh.

प्रपा pra-√1. pā, P. -pibati (ind. p. -pāya, Pāṇ. yi, 4, 69), to begin to drink, drink, RV. &c. &c.; to imbibe (cakshushā, with the eye i.e. feast the eyes upon), MBh.

Pra-pa, f. a place for supplying water, a place for watering cattle or a shed on the road-side containing a reservoir of water for travellers, fountain, cistern, well, AV. &c. &c. (cf. Pāņ. iii, 3, 58, Vārtt. 4, Pat.); a supply of water, affluent (of a tank &c.), L.; -pālikā or °lī, f. a woman who distributes water to travellers, Vcar.; -pūrana, n. filling a cistern with water; "nīya, mfn. serving to fill a c" with w", Pān. v, I, III, Vārtt. I, Pat.; -mandapa, m. a shed with water for travellers, Vcar.; -vana, n. 'fountaingrove, a cool grove, L. pana, n. drinking, a drink or beverage (in a-prap and su-prap; cf. also prapāna). "pānīya, mfn. to be drunk, drinkable, W. pana, n. drinking, sipping, R.; the under part of a horse's upper lip (which he uses in drinking), Var. (v.l. pāna). pānaka, n. sherbet, Bhpr.; Sāh. pāyin, mfn. drinking, one who drinks, W. pīti, f. the act of drinking, Kaus., Sch.

fend from (abl.), BhP. "pāyin, mfn. who or what protects, W. "pālaka, m. (cf. \(\sqrt{pal}\)) a guardian, protector, Kāv. "pālana, n. guarding, protecting, protection, Cat. "pālin, m. 'protector,' N. of Baladeva, L.

प्रपाक pra-pāka. See pra-√2. pac.

प्रपादिका pra-pāṭikā, f. a young shoot or sprout, L.

प्रपाठक pra-pāṭhaka. See pra-√paṭh.

प्रपाणि pra-pāṇi or oṇika, m. the fore-arm, Car.

प्रपास्तु pra-pāṇḍu or oḍura, mfn. very white, of a dazzling white colour, Suir.

प्रपात pra-pāta &c. See pra-\pat.

प्रपादिक prapādika or odīka, m. a pea-

प्रपादक pra-pāduka &c. See above.

great-grandfather, VS.; TS.; (°mahá) AV.&c. &c.; N. of Kṛishṇa and Brahmā, MBh.; (ī), f. a paternal great-grandmother, ib.; m.pl. great-grandfathers, ancestors, R.; Kathās.

Pra-pitrivya, m. a paternal grand-uncle, L.

प्रापत्व pra-pitvá, n. (perhaps for pra-pit-tva

fr. \sqrt{pat} ; cf. apa-pitva) start, flight, haste, RV.; the advanced day i.e. evening, ib.

Pra-pitsu. See col. 2.

प्रापन्त pra-\pinv, P. A. -pinvati, ete, to swell, be full of, be rich, flow over, RV.

pieces, pound, Pañcat.: Caus. -peshayati, to pound, grind or crush to pieces, Suir. °pishta (prá-), mfn. crushed or ground down, SBr.; KātyŚr.; -bhāga (°tá-), mfn. whose share has been ground down, TS.

मपी pra- / pī &c. See pra- / pyai.

squeeze, SBr.; MBh.; Suir.; to suppress (the breath), ChUp.; to afflict, torment, harass, MBh.; Kav. &c. pidana, n. pressing, squeezing, Suir.; an astringent, ib. pidita, mfn. pressed, afflicted, tortured, MBh.; Kav. &c.

प्रपीति pra-pīti. See pra- 🗸 1. pā.

Hyz pra-puța, m. 'a large cornucopia,' Kaus. (dridhah puțah, Sch.)

प्रमुगडरीक pra-pundarīka, v. l. for prapaundo, q.v.

प्रच pra-putra, m. a grandson, descendant, Inscr.

away (anyo'nyam, 'each other'), R.

प्रमाट prapunāța (L.), °nāḍa (Sušr.), prapumnaḍa or °nāṭa (L.), °nāḍa (Sušr.), °nāla (L.), m. Cassia Tora or Cavia Alata.

ngtim pra-purāņa, mfn. very old, kept a long time, Car.

nāti (BhP.), to nourish, feed, support.

प्राच्यत pra-pushpita, mfn. flowering, in blossom, blooming, MBh.; R.

nya pra- pūj, P. -pūjayati, to respect, honour, esteem, MBh.; Kāv.; Samk.; to honour i.e. present with (instr.), Hcat. pūjita, mfn. honoured, respected, MBh.

My pra-√1. pri(only aor. Subj. -parshi), to carry across, bring over (ati), RV. i, 174, 9.

पप्च pra-√pric, P.-prinakti or -princati, to come in contact with (acc.), RV.; TBr.

मप्यक pra-prithák, ind. singly, one by one, AV.

nent or protuberant back, Pān. vi, 2, 177, Sch.

pra-\pri, P. -prināti (see pra-pra-\pri), Pass.-pūryate, to be filled, become full or satiated, be completed or fulfilled or accomplished, MBh.; Kāv. &c.: Caus. -pūrayati, to fill up, complete, MBh.; R.; to make rich, enrich, Mricch. "pūraka, mf(ikā)n. filling up, fulfilling, satisfying, Kāvyâd., Sch.; (ikā), f. Solanum Jacquini, L. "pūrana, mf(i)n. filling up (oil, and) increasing (love), Cat.; the act of filling up, filling, putting in, inserting, injecting (with loc. or comp.), Sušr.; satiating, satisfying, Cat.; bending (of a bow), R.; adorning, embellishing (of Indra's banner), Var. "pūrita, mfn. filled up, completed, MBh.

Hulles class pra-paundarika, n. the root of Nymphaea Lotus, Car. (v.l. prapundo); Hibiscus Mutabilis, Susr.

प्राचि pra-pautra, m. the son of a son's son, a great-grandson, Kathās.; Rājat. (also 'traka, Yājñ.); (i), f. a great-granddaughter, Hcat.

प्रयस pra-pyasá, mfn. swelling, AV. (cf. next).

मण pra-√pyai, Ā. -pyāyate, to swell out, swell up, be distended or exuberant, RV.; VS.; TS.: Caus. -pyāyayati, to cause to swell out, distend, RV.; SBr.

Prá-pīta, mfn. swollen out, swollen up, distended, RV. Prá-pīna, mfn. id., VS.

Prá-pyāta, mín. id., TS. pyāna, mín. id., Pān. vi, 1, 28, Sch.