(shoes), Divyav. (prob. for pronch, q.v.)

Q12 pota, m. (/put?) the foundation of a house, L. (cf. pota); putting together, uniting, mixing, L.; = sakala(?), Hcar., Sch.; (ā), f. a hermaphrodite or a woman with a beard, Hcar.; a female servant or slave, L.; (ī), f. the rectum, PārGr., Sch.; a large alligator, L. = gala, m. (only L.) a species of reed; Saccharum Spontaneum; a fish; = pañcajanya.

Potaka, m. a servant, KātyŠr., Sch.; (ikā), f. a

species of plant, L.

Potāya, Nom. Ā. vate = potām karoti, Pān. iii, 1, 17, Vārtt. I.

पोटल poțala (Car.) and °laka (KātyŚr., Sch.), m., °likā (L.), f. a bundle or packet.

Pottalaka, m. or n. id., Car.

Pottali-Vkri, to put together into a bundle or packet, Car.

पोटिक poțika, m. a pustule, boil, L.

uliges pottila, m. (with Jainas) N. of the ninth Arhat of the future Utsarpini, L.

forming the upper part of the skull, L.

पात pota, m. (hardly fr. $\sqrt{p\bar{u}}$; but cf. Un. iii, 86) a young animal or plant (mostly ifc., e.g. mriga-p° 'a v° deer,' cūta-p° 'a y° mango tree'), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a fetus which has no enveloping membrane, L.; cloth, a garment, L.; the foundation of a house, L. (cf. pota); m. n. a vessel, ship, boat, MBh.; Hariv.; Var.; Kav. [Cf. Lat. putus; Lit. pautas.] -ja, mfn. produced from a fetus which has no enveloping membrane (opp. to jarāyu-ja), L. -tva, n. the state or condition of (being) a ship, Mcar. - dhara (Gal.), rin (Satr.), m. a ship-owner, master of a vessel. - plava, m. 'floating in a ship,' a seaman, mariner, Var. - banij, see -vanij. - bhanga, m. shipwreck, Kathās.; Pañc. - raksha, m. 'ship-governing,' the rudder of a boat, L. - vanij, m. 'ship-merchant,' a voyaging merchant, Hit. -vāha (L.), haka (Pañcad.), m. boat-conductor, a boatman, steersman. - sali, m. small or young rice, L. Potacchadana, n. 'cloth-covering,' a tent, L. Potadhana, n. small fry, a shoal of young fish, Vasav. Potabha, m. a species of camphor, Gal. (cf. potāsa).

Potaka, m. a young animal or plant (mostly ifc.; cf. pota), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; N. of a serpent-demon, MBh.; the site or foundation of a house, L. (cf. griha-p°); (ikā), f. (only L.) cloth, a garment; Basella Lucida or Rubra; Anethum Sowa; = mūla-potī; (ī), f. Turdus Macrourus or Basella Lucida, L.

Potāya, Nom. Ā. vate, to be a ship, Sinhas.
Potya, f. = potānām samūhah, g. pāšādi.

पोतन potana, n. N. of a town, HParis.

Potala, m. or n. N. of a seaport on the Indus (=Πατάλα; later applied to the residence of the Dalai Lama in Lhassa), Buddh. (cf. MWB. 292 &c.)

Potalaka, m. or n. N. of a mountain (= potala?), L.; (ikā), f., see go-potalikā. — priya, m. 'fond of the mountain Po,' N. of a Buddha or of a Jina, L.

w.r. for potala.

पोतास potāsa, m. a species of camphor, L. (Eng. potash?).

पोतिमासक potimatsaka, m. N. of a prince, MBh. (v.l. pautimatsyaka and yotimatsaka).

ung potu, m. (VI. pū) = mānabhānda-so-dhaka, L.

Pótri or potri, m. 'Purifier,' N. of one of the 16 officiating priests at a sacrifice (the assistant of the Brāhman; = yajñasya sodhayitri, Sāy.), RV.; Br.; SrS.; Hariv.; N. of Vishņu, L.; (trī), f. N. of Durgā, Gal. (cf. pautrī). - tva-prayoga or 'tri-prayoga, m. N. of wk.

Potrá, n. the Soma vessel of the Potri, RV.; the office of the Po, ib.; KātyŠr.; the snout of a hog, Rit.; Hear.; a ploughshare, L.; a garment or a thunderbolt (=vastra, v. l. vajra, L.); a ship or boat, L. (cf. pota). = maṇḍala, n. 'snout-orb,' the round snout

(of a hog &cc.), Rit. Potrayudha, m. armed with a snout, a hog, boar, L.

Potri, in comp. for 'trin. - danshtrā-ja, m. a kind of gem (supposed to be produced in the tusk of a boar), L. - rathā, f. 'hog-vehicled,' (with Buddhists) N. of Māyā; (with Jainas) N. of a Sakti or female divinity.

Potrin, m. 'snouted,' a wild boar, Vcar.

Potrī, f. a garment (?), Divyav.

Potrīya, mfn. relating or belonging to the Potri, AitBr.; KātyŚr.

Ponaka. See sata-po.

Popuva, mfn. (fr. Intens.) purifying much or repeatedly, Pān. i, I, 4, Sch.

Pothaki, f. a kind of ulcer on the eyelids, Suir. (cf. potika).

Pothika. See ava-po.

पोनूहस्थलमाहात्य ponnūru-sthala-māhātmya, n. N. of wk.

पोया poyā, f. a kind of wind instrument, Kalpas.

पोपालदह poyāladaha, m. or n. N. of a tank or pool, Kshitîs.

पोर pora = parvan, in nīla-p° and sata-p°,

Poraka, id. in sata-po.

पोल pola, m. (/pul) magnitude, bulk, heap, L. (g. jvalddi); (i), f., see next.

Polikā (Bhpr.), II (L.), a kind of cake (cf. pūlikā, paulī, pūpālī).

पोलिन्द polinda, m. the mast or the ribs of a ship or boat, L. (cf. padāra, raka, pādālinda).

पोविष poviya, m. N. of the father of Ganga-dāsa, Cat.

perity, abundance, wealth, growth, increase, RV.; AV.; Br.; GṛŚrS.; nourishing, nurture, rearing, maintaining, supporting, Kāv.; Pur. &c. *shaka, mf(ikā)n. nourishing, feeding, a nourisher, supporter, breeder, keeper, Mn.; MBh. &c.; (ifc.) subsisting on or by, Hariv. *shana, mfn. nourishing, cherishing (cf. paksha-p*); n. the act of nourishing, fostering, keeping, supporting, MBh.; Kāv. &c. *shanīya, mfn. to be nourished or kept or protected, MārkP. *sham, ind. (with *push*) to thrive or prosper in (comp.), Pat.

Poshayitri, mfn. (fr. Caus.) one who nourishes or cherishes or rears, L. shayitnú, mfn. causing to grow or thrive, nourishing, fostering, RV.; m. the Indian cuckoo, L. shayishnú, mfn. causing to thrive, advantageous, beneficial, AV.

Poshas. See visvayu-poshas.

Poshita, mfn. nourished, cherished, supported, MW. shitavya, mfn. to be cherished or protected, W. shitri, mfn. one who breeds or rears, Kull. Poshin, mfn. nourishing, rearing, Kathās.

Poshuka, mfn. prospering, growing, ShadvBr.

Poshtri, mfn. = 'shitri, MBh.; Var.; m. grey
bonduc, W.; -vara, mfn. the best of nourishers,
nourishing best, W.

Póshya, mfn. thriving, well fed, RV.; abundant, copious, ib.; causing wealth or prosperity, AV.; to be nourished or fed or brought up or taken care of, MBh.; Kāv.; Pur.; -putra (W.), -putraka (Pur.), m. an adopted son; -putra-karana, n. adoption, MW.; -varga, m. a class of persons or objects to be cherished (as parents, children, guests, and the sacred fire), W. shyā-vat, mfn. causing prosperity, beneficial, RV.

ing, a fasting day, Lalit.; sacred day, Jātak.; dhôtsava, m. sacred festival, Jātak.; dhôtsava, mfn. keeping the fast, Divyâv. Poshadhika, mfn. relating to fasting or a fo day (?), L. Poshadheya, n. fasting must be observed, Lalit.

belonging or relating to harlots, meretricious; -vidyā, f. knowledge concerning h°s, Rājat. °caleyá, m. the son of a h°, TBr. °calya, n. female incontinency, harlotry, Mn.; Hariv.

पोंसवन paunsavana, n. fr. and = punsavana, L. (See p. 630, col. 3.)

पोंसायन paunsāyaná, m. patr. fr. 2. puns, SBr.

Paunsna, mf(i)n. worthy of or fit for or relating to aman, manly, human, BhP.; n. manhood, virility, ib. Paúnsya, mfn. belonging to men, manly, Samk.; n.

manhood, virility, manly strength or a manly deed, RV.

ulast paukkasa, v. l. for paulkasa, BrahmUp.

पौगराड pauganda, odaka. See poganda.

the tail, caudal, Kathas.

पौद्धिष्ठ pauñjishthá, m. (fr. puñjishtha) a fisherman (v.l. °shta), AV.; TBr.; patr. (v.l. pauj°), Saṃskārak.

पौरति pauțali, m. a patr., Samskarak.

पौटायन pauțāyana, m. a patr. fr. puța, g. asvâdi.

पाँड pauda. See pakta-p°.

पौराकि pauṇaki, m. patr. fr. puṇaka, Hear. पौराकि pauṇiki, m., kyā, f. patr. fr. pu-nika, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 79, Sch.

पौणिकेर paunikera, m. metron. (fr.?), Pat.

rīka) made or consisting of lotus-flowers (as a garland), Mālatīm.; m. a kind of Soma sacrifice lasting II days, ShadvBr.; ŠrS. &c.; patr. of Kshema-dhritvan, TāṇḍBr.; n. (sc. kushtha) a kind of leprosy, Sušr. — kārikā, f., -klripti-prayoga, m., -daša-divasa-paddhati, f., -paddhati, f., -prayoga, m., -ratnākara, m., -sāman, n.pl., -hotri-saptaka, n., -hautra-prayoga, m. N. of wks.

पौराउदीय pauṇḍarīya, °rīyaka and °rya, n. a kind of drug used as a remedy for diseased eyes (=puṇḍarya), L.

of sugar-cane of a pale straw colour, Suir.; (pl.) N. of a people and of a country (said to include part of South Behar and Bengal), MBh.; Hariv.; Pur.; (sg.) a king of this country (regarded as a son of Vasudeva), ib.; N. of the conch-shell of Bhīma, MBh.; n. a sectarian mark, KātyŚr., Sch. — rāja, m. a king of the Paundras, Kathās. — vishaya, m. the country of the Pos, ib.

2. Panndra, Vriddhi form of pundra in comp.

- nāgara, mfn., Pān. vii, 3, 24, Sch. - matsyaka,
m. N. of a prince, MBh. - vatsa, m. N. of a Vedic
school, L. (v.l.-vaccha). - vardhana, n. N. of a city
(= pundra-v°), R.; Kathās. (also -vivardhana, Un.
ii, 13, Sch.); m. N. of a country (Behar), L.

Paundraka, m. the pale straw-coloured species of sugar-cane, Bhpr.; a prince or (pl.) the people of the Paundras, Mn.; MBh.; Hariv.; Pur.; N. of a partic. mixed caste of hereditary sugar-boilers (the son of a Vaisya by a woman of the distiller class, regarded as one of the degraded races of Kshatriyas), Mn.x, 44; n. (as mfn. ifc.) a sectarian mark, BhP.

Paundrika, m. a species of sugar-cane, L.; pl. N. of a people, MBh.

पौराह paundhra, w. r. for paundra.

पायम paunya, mfn. (fr. punya) acting rightly, virtuous, worthy, TāṇḍBr.; KātyŚr.

पौतक्रत pautakratá, m. metron. fr. pūtakratā, RV.

पौतन pautana, m. (fr. pūtanā?) N. of a country or people, Suir. (Sch. = mathurā-pradeia).

Pautanya, n. (fr. pūtanā), Pat.

पौतरीय pautariya, mfn. (fr. pūtara), Gaņ. पौतव pautava, n. a kind of measure, L. (cf. potu).

- nāsikya, n. fetor of the nostrils, Mn. xi, 50.

- māsikya, n. fetor of the nostrils, Mn. xi, 50.

- māsha, mfn. (fr. -māshya), g. kanvādi. - māshya, m. (g. gargādi) patr. or metron. of a teacher,
BṛĀrUp. (also °shī-putra); (ā), f., Pāṇ. iv, I, 74,
Vārtt. I, Pat. - māshyāyaņa (patiti-), m. patr.
fr. prec., SBr.; (ī), f., Pat.