finger]; prākāmya, irresistible will; mahiman, illimitable bulk; īšitā, supreme dominion; vašitā, subjugating by magic; and kāmâvasāyitā, the suppressing all desires), ib.; a partic. Sakti, Hcat.; the might of a king or great lord, sovereign power, greatness, Kālid.; Pañcat.; Kathās. &c.; successful issue (of a sacrifice), MBh.; R.; splendour, glory, magnificence, Hariv.; Ragh.; VarBrS.; fortune, welfare, prosperity, PrasnUp.; MBh. &c.; (also pl.) riches, wealth, opulence, Kām.; Kāv.; Kathās.; N. of Lakshmi (the goddess of fortune and welfare), BhP.; the ashes of cow-dung &c. (with which Siva is said to smear his body, and hence used in imitation of him by devotees), Pañcar.; Sāh.; (in music) a partic. Sruti, Samgit.; -grahana, n. taking up ashes (at the Vaisvadeva ceremony), RTL. 420; -candra, m. N. of an author, Cat.; -dvādašī, f. a Vrata or religious observance on a partic. twelfth day (in. honour of Vishnu), ib.; -dhārana-vidhi, m. N. of wk.; -bala, m. N. of a poet, Cat.; -mat, mfn. mighty, powerful, superhuman, Bhag.; BhP.; smeared with ashes, W.; -mādhava, m. N. of a poet, Cat.; -māhātmya, n. N. of a ch. of the PadmaP.; -yoga, m. N. of the 6th canto of the Siva-gītā.

Vi-bhuman, m. extension, greatness, might, TS.; N. of Krishna, BhP. (prob. = 'appearing in manifold form' or 'omnipotent').

Vi-bhūr-asi, m. (lit. 'thou art mighty') a form

of Agni or the god of fire, MBh.

Vi-bhūvas, mfn. (prob.) powerful, MaitrS.; m. N. of a man, Sāy.

**Vibhva**, in comp. for vi-bhvan below. -tashtá, mfn. cut out or furnished by a skilful artificer, very perfect or handsome, RV.

Vi-bhvan, mfn. far-reaching, penetrating, pervading, RV.; m. N. of one of the Ribhus, ib.; (án), mfn. skilful, ib.; m. an artificer, ib.

Vibhvā-sáh, mfn. (vibhvā for vi-bhvan) conquering or overcoming the rich, RV.

fare vi- /bhūsh, P. -bhūshati, to be brilliant, appear (?), RV. i, II2, 4 (Sāy. vyāpto bhavati); to adorn, decorate, ib. vi, I5, 9: Caus. -bhūshayati, to adorn, decorate, MBh.; Kāv. &c.

Vi-bhūshaṇa, mfn. adorning, R.; m. N. of Mañju-srī, L.; n. (ifc. f. ā) decoration, ornament, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; splendour, beauty, Dasar.; -kalā, f. a partic. Samādhi, Kāraṇḍ.; -vat, mfn. adorned, decorated, Mricch.; 'nôdbhāsin, mfn. glittering with ornaments, Kum. 'bhūshā, f. ornament, decoration, VarBrS.; Kām.; light, splendour, beauty, L. 'bhūshita, mfn. adorned, decorated, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; n. an ornament, decoration, R.; 'tânga, mfn. decorated about the body, MW.; 'tâlamkārā, f. N. of a Gandharvī and of a Kim-narī, Kāraṇḍ. 'bhū-shin, mfn. adorned, decorated (ifc.), MBh.; adorning, MW. 'bhūshnu, mfn. (prob.) 'omnipresent' or 'omnipotent' (said of Siva; cf. vi-bhū), Sivag.

out, spread asunder, RV.; AV.; (A.) to distribute, diffuse, ib.; VS.; to bear, endure, MBh.: Intens. (only -bháribhrat and -jarbhritás), to move hither and thither or from side to side (as the tongue), RV. ii, 4, 4; to open the mouth, gape, ib. i, 28, 7.

**Ví-bhrita**, mfn. spread out, distributed, RV. x, 45, 2&c.; upheld, supported, maintained, W. bhritra (vi-), mf( $\bar{a}$ )n. to be (or being) borne about or in various directions, RV. bhritvan, mfn. bearing hither and thither, ib.

विभाक vibhoka, m. N. of a poet, Cat.

विश्रंश vi- Vbhrans (sometimes written bhrans), A. -bhransate, to fall off (fig.), be unfortunate, fail or be unsuccessful in (loc.), PañcavBr.; to be separated from, desert (abl.), KātySr.: Caus. -bhransayati, to cause to fall, MBh.; to strike or break off, R.; to cause to disappear or vanish, destroy, annihilate, BhP.; to divert from, deprive of (abl.), MBh.; BhP. obhransa, m. diarrhœa, laxity of the bowels (see manda-v°); decline, cessation, end, MBh.; Kathās.; Pur.; disturbance, perturbation (see citta-v°); fall, decay, ruin, MBh.; VarBrS.; BhP.; (ifc.) being deprived of, loss, Pur.; Rājat.; a precipice, MW.; -yajña, m. a partic. Ekâha, Vait. bhransita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) caused to fall &c.; -jnana, mfn. deprived of reason or consciousness, BhP.; -pushpa-pattra, mfn. having the flowers and leaves knocked off, R. bhransin, mfn. crumbling to pieces (see a-v°); falling down, dropping from (ifc.), Megh.

Vi-bhrashṭa, mfn. fallen, sunk, MBh.; disappeared, vanished, gone, lost, R.; MārkP.; useless, vain, PañcavBr.; (ifc.) strayed from, Kathās.; deprived of, MBh.; R.; unsuccessful in, TS.; -timira, mfn. freed from darkness (as the sky), R.; -harsha, mf(ā)n. deprived of joy, ib.; 'têshti-prayoga, m. N. of wk.

yati, to wander or roam or fly about, roll, hover, whirl, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to reel, quiver, shake, BhP.; to roam over, wander through (acc.), MBh.; to fall into disorder or confusion, be disarranged or bewildered, MBh.; Hariv. &c.; to drive asunder, disperse, scare away, MBh.; to move about (the tail), R.: Caus. -bhramayati or -bhrāmayati (Pass. -bhrām-yate), to confuse, perplex, MārkP.; Hcat.

Vi-bhrama, m. (ifc. f.  $\bar{a}$ ) moving to and fro, rolling or whirling about, restlessness, unsteadiness, Kāv.; VarBrS.; Rājat.; violence, excess, intensity, high degree (also pl.), Kāv.; Kathās. &c.; hurry, rapture, agitation, disturbance, perturbation, confusion, flurry, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; doubt, error, mistake, blunder (with dandasya, 'erroneous application of punishment'), Mn.; MBh. &c.; illusion, illusive appearance or mere semblance of anything, Kāv.; Kathās. &c. (cf. -bhāshita); beauty, grace, Kālid.; Mālatīm.; feminine coquetry, amorous gestures or action of any kind (esp. play of the eyes), perturbation, flurry (as when a woman in her confusion puts her ornaments in the wrong places), Bhar.; Dašar.; Sāh.; caprice, whim, MW.; (ā), f. old age, L.; -tantra, n. (=-sūtra); -bhāshita, n. pl. language in appearance, Subh.; -vatī, f. a girl, Harav.; N. of a female servant, Prab.; -sūtra, n. N. of a treatise on grammar (attributed to Hema-candra); omârka, m. N. of a man, Rājat.

Vi-bhramin, mfn. moving hither and thither, Chandom.

Wi-bhrānta, mfn. wandered or wandering about &c. (n. impers. 'it has been roamed,' Nalôd.); rolling or ogling (as the eyes; see below); spread abroad (as fame), Prab.; confused, bewildered, MBh.; -nayana, mfn. one who rolls the eyes or casts side glances, R.; -manas, mfn. bewildered or confused in mind, MBh.; -sīla, mfn. confused in mind or disposition, intoxicated or insane, W.; m. a monkey, ib.; the disc of the sun or moon, ib. bhrānti, f. whirling, going round, W.; hurry, agitation, ib.; error, delusion, Prab.

P.), to shine forth, be bright or radiant, RV. &c. &c.; to shine through (acc.), RV.; AV.; Caus. -bhrājayati, to cause to shine or beam, MBh.; Hariv.; BhP.

2. **Vi-bhrāj**, mfn. (nom. t) shining, splendid, luminous, RV.; m. (with Saurya) N. of the author of RV. x, 170, Anukr. bhrāja, m. N. of a king, Hariv. bhrājita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) made splendid or bright, caused to shine, MBh.

Ví-bhrāshti, f. radiance, flame, blaze, RV.

विश्व vibhru, m. (perhaps w.r. for vi-bhu)
a prince, king, MBh. iii, 12705 (B. -babhru).

fand vi-bhresha, m. (√bhresh) commission of an offence, transgression (used to explain vi-pramoha), AšvŠr., Sch.

विभ्वन vi-bhvan &c. See col. I.

विमंह vi-√manh, Ā. -manhate, to distribute, bestow, RV.

or dive into, enter into, MBh. vii, 9223 (perhaps w.r. for ni-majj): Caus. -majjayati, to submerge, cause to plunge, lead into (loc.), ib. vi, 538. "majjita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) submerged, drowned, ib. iii, 10612.

विमत vi-mata. See under vi-\squam, col.3. विमति 1. vi-mati, vi-matsara &c. See p. 951, col. 3. For 2. vi-mati, see col. 3.

faru vi-\(\sqrt{math}\) (or manth), P. \(\bar{A}\). -mathati, \(^ote, -mathnāti\), \(^onite &c.\) (in Veda generally \(\bar{A}\).; inf. -mathitos, AitBr.; \(^otum, BhP.\)), to tear off, snatch away, TS.; \(^sBr.\); to tear or break in pieces, rend asunder, bruise, ib.; AitBr.; Kāth.; to cut in pieces, disperse, scatter, MBh.; R.; to confuse, perplex, bewilder, BhP. \(^omathita\), mfn. crushed or

dashed to pieces, scattered, dispersed, destroyed, ŚāṅkhŚr.; MBh. &c. mathitri, m. a crusher, destroyer, ŚāṅkhŚr.

Vi-manthana, n. churning, R.

Vi-māthá, m. the act of crushing or destroying utterly, TBr.; SBr. māthin, mfn. crushing down, destroying, Kathās.

निमद 1. vi-\mad, P. -mādyati (Ved. also -madati), to be joyful or merry (only p. -mádat), AV.; to become perplexed or discomposed, AitBr.; to confound, embarrass, disturb, SānkhBr.: Caus. (only aor. vy-amīmadam), to confuse, perplex, bewilder, AV.

Vi-matta, mfn. discomposed, perplexed, AitBr.; being in rut, ruttish, ib.; Kir.; intoxicated, MW.

2. Vi-mad, f. pl. N. of partic. verses or formulas, SānkhBr.

Vi-mada &c. See p. 951, col. 3.

Vi-madita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) discomposed, bewildered, confused, AitBr.

विमध्य vi-madhya, vi-madhyama. See p. 951, col. 3.

विमन् vi-√man (only 1. pl. pr. Ā. -man-mahe), to distinguish, RV. x, 92, 3: Caus. -māna-yati, to dishonour, slight, treat with disrespect, SamhitUp.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.

Vi-mata, mfn. disagreed, at variance, of a different mind or disposition, hostile, ĀsvŠr.; slighted, offended, BhP.; any that may please (= 'every'), Sarvad.; m. an enemy, W.; m. or n. (?) N. of a place on the river Go-mati, R. 2. mati, mfn. of different opinion, g. dridhādi; f. difference of opinion, dissent, disagreement about (loc.), Pān.; Naish.; Sāh.; dislike, aversion, R.; doubt, uncertainty, error, Lalit; Saddh.; -tā, f. (MW.), -man, m. (g. dridhādi) difference of opinion; -vikīrana, m. a partic. Samādhi, Buddh.; -samudghātin, m. N. of a prince, ib.

2. Vi-māna, m. (for I. see p. 951, col. 3; for 3. under  $vi-\sqrt{m\bar{a}}$ ) disrespect, dishonour (see a-vi-māna). "mānana, n. (and  $\bar{a}$ , f.) disrespect, contempt, slight, humiliation, MBh.; Kāv.&c.; refusal, denial, Sušr. "mānita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) dishonoured, slighted, treated with disrespect, MBh.; R. &c. "mānya, mfn. to be dishonoured or offended, Sak."

विमनस् 1. 2. vi-manas, vi-manthara, vimanyu &c. See p. 951, col. 3.

विमभूपाल vima-bhūpāla (?), m. N. of a Scholiast, Cat.

विमय vi-maya. See under vi- √me, p. 981.

विमदे vi-marda, vi-marsa. See under vi-√mrid and vi-√mris, p. 981, col. 1.

विमर्ष vi-marsha, °shana, °shin, w.r. for vi-marsa &c.

विमल vi-mala, mf(ā)n. stainless, spotless, clean, bright, pure (lit. and fig.), MBh.; Kav. &c. (e, ind. at daybreak, MBh. v, 7247); clear, transparent, Sarvad.; white (see 'lêbha); m. a magical formula recited over weapons, R.; a partic. Samādhi, Buddh.; a partic. world, ib.; a lunar year, L.; N. of an Asura, Kathās.; of a Deva-putra and Bodhimanda-pratipāla, Lalit.; of a Bhikshu, ib.; of a brother of Yasas, Buddh.; (with Jainas) N. of the 5th Arhat in the past Utsarpini and of the 13th in the present Avasarpinī, L.; of a son of Su-dyumna, BhP.; of the father of Padma-pada, Cat.; of various authors (also with sarasvatī), ib.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. a species of Opuntia, L.; a partic. Sakti, Hcat.; N. of Dākshāyanī in Purushôttama, Cat.; of a Yogini, Hcat.; of a daughter of Gandharvī, MBh.; (with Buddhists) N. of one of the 10 Bhūmis or stages of perfection, Dharmas. 64; n. silver gilt, L.; N. of a town (see -pura); of a Tantra; -kirīta-hāra-vat, mfn. having a bright crest and pearl-necklace, R.; -kīrti, m. 'of spotless fame,' N. of a Buddhist scholar; -nirdeša, m. N. of a Mahāyāna-sūtra; -garbha, m. a partic. Samādhi, Buddh.; of a Bodhi-sattva and a prince, ib.; -candra, m. N. of a king, Buddh.; -ta, f., -tva, n. stainlessness, cleanliness, brightness, clearness, purity, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; -datta, m. a partic. Samādhi, Buddh.; N. of a prince, ib.; (a), f. N. of a princess, ib.; -dāna, n. a gift or offering to a deity, MW.; -nātha-purāna, n. N. of a Jaina wk.; -nirbhāsa, m. a partic. Samādhi, SaddhP.; -netra, m. N. of a Buddha, ib.; of a prince, ib.; -pindaka, m. ! N. of a serpent-demon, MBh.; -pura, n. N. of a city, 3 R 2