

kā, f., -*khaṇḍa*, n., -*gadya-nirūpana*, n., -*tantra*, n. N. of wks. - *trītiyā*, f. N. of a partic. third day; -*vrata*, n. a partic. religious ceremony, Cat. - *tri-satī*, f. N. of wk. - *°dikīrti* (*°tād*), m. N. of a man, Bhadrab. - *°di-pūjā-vidhi* (*°tād*), m. N. of wk. - *pañcamī*, f. the 5th day of the moon's increase in the month Āsina (when the goddess Lalitā or Pārvatī is worshipped), MW. - *pañca-satī*, f., -*pañcāṅga*, n., -*paddhati*, f., -*pūjā-khaṇḍa*, n., *°jā-vidhāna*, n., -*bhaṭṭa-bhāṣakā*, m., -*bhāṣya*, n., -*mādhava*, n. (= *lālita-m*), -*māhātmya*, n., -*rahasya*, n.; -*°rcana-candrikā* (*°tār*), f., *°na-dīpikā*, f., *°na-vidhi*, m.; -*°ryā-dvi-satī* (*°tār*), f. N. of wks. - *vrata*, n. a partic. religious observance, Cat. - *shashthī*, f. a partic. sixth day; -*vrata*, n. a partic. rel. obs., Cat. - *°śhōttara-sata-nāman* (*°tāsh*), n. pl., -*saparyā-paddhati*, f. N. of wks. - *saptamī*, f. N. of the 7th day in the light half of the month Bhādra, L. - *sahasra*, n., *°sra-nāman*, n. pl., *°ma-bhāṣya*, n., -*siddhānta*, m., -*stavaratna*, n., -*hṛdaya*, n. N. of wks. **Lalitōpākhyāna**, n. N. of wk. and of chs. of Purāṇas.

Lalitoka, m. N. of a poet, Cat.
Lalittha, m. pl. N. of a people (sg. a prince of this people), MBh.

Lalitikā, f. N. of a place of pilgrimage, MBh.
Lāla, m. the son of a Maitreya and a Brāhmaṇī, L.; N. of an astronomer in Kānyakubja, Cat.; (with *paṇḍita* and *vihārin*) of two other authors, ib.; (*ā*), f., see below; n. (only L.) persuasion; a secret matter; the wife of another. - *candra*, m. N. of an author, Cat. - *bhārata-kāvya*, n. N. of a poem. - *maṇi*, m. N. of various authors (also with *tri-pāṭhin* and *bhaṭṭācārya*), Cat. - *matī*, f. N. of a princess, Inscr. - *miśra*, m. N. of a man, Cat. - *vat*, mfn. (for *lālā-vat*) causing saliva to flow, Suśr. - *siṅha*, m. N. of an astronomer, Col. (cf. *lalla*).

Lālaka, mf (*ikā*) n. (fr. Caus.) fondling, caressing, Nalōd.; m. a king's jester, VarBrS., Sch.; also (n. and *ikā*), f. an infant's attempts at speaking, L.; (*ikā*), f. a rope round the nostrils of a horse, L.; a jesting or evasive reply, equivoque, W.

Lālana, mfn. caressing, fondling, coaxing, L.; m. a partic. venomous animal resembling a mouse, Suśr.; resin, L.; n. the act of caressing, fondling, coaxing, indulging, Kāv.; BhP.; Rājat.

Lālaniya, mfn. to be caressed or fondled or indulged, Hariv.; R.; Kathās.

Lālayitavya, mfn. id., MBh.; Hariv.

Lālā, f. saliva, spittle, slobber, Kāv.; Var.; Suśr. &c.; a species of myrobolan, L. - *klinna*, mfn. wet with saliva, Bhartṛ. - *pāna*, n. drinking saliva, sucking the thumb, Subh. - *pūrnārnava*, m. a sea full of s°, BhP. - *bhāksha*, m. 'having s° for food,' N. of a partic. hell (assigned to those who eat their meals without offering portions of food to the gods, deceased ancestors, and guests), Pur. - *meḥa*, m. passing mucous urine, ŚārngS. - *viśha*, mfn. having poisonous saliva (said of venomous insects), L. - *srava*, m. 'distilling saliva,' a spider, L. - *srāva*, m. id., L.; flow of saliva, Suśr.; *°vin*, mfn. causing a flow of saliva, ib.

Lālāya, Nom. Ā. *°yate*, to let saliva fall from the mouth, slobber, drivel, Bhartṛ.

Lālāyita, mfn. emitting saliva, slobbering, drivelling, L.

Lālālu, id., Car.

Lālīka, m. a buffalo (cf. *lāvīkā*), L.; (*ā*), f., see under *lālaka*.

Lālita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) caressed, fondled, coaxed, indulged, cherished, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; n. pleasure, joy, love, MW.

Lālītaka, m. a favourite, pet, Rājat. (perhaps in some places a proper N.)

Lālitya, n. (fr. *lālita*) grace, beauty, charm, amorous or languid gestures, Inscr.; Sāh.; Hcat.

Lālin, mfn. caressing, fondling, coaxing, Śiś.; m. a seducer, W.; (*ini*), f. a wanton woman, ib.

Lālilā, m. N. of Agni, TĀr.

Lālya, mfn. = *lālaniya*, Hit.

ललाट *lālāṭa*, n. (later form of *ravāṭa*, q.v.) the forehead, brow, AV. &c. &c. (*e*, ind. on the forehead, in front; the destiny of every individual is believed by the Hindūs to be written by Brahmā on his forehead on the 6th day after birth, see RTL. 370). - *taṭa*, m. the slope or surface of the forehead, Rājat. - *deśa*, m. the region of the f°, Pañcat. - *m-tapa*, mfn. scorching the f° (as the sun), Kālid.;

Hcar. - *paṭṭa* or -*paṭṭaka*, m. (Kād.), -*paṭṭikā*, f. (Pārśvan.) the flat surface of the f°; a tiara, fillet, W. - *pura*, n. N. of a town, Pāṇ. v, 4, 74, Sch. - *phalaka*, n. the flat surface of the f°, MārKP. - *rekhā*, f. (only W.) a line on the f° supposed to indicate long life; a wrinkled or corrugated brow; a coloured sectarian mark on the f°. - *likhita*, mfn. written (by Brahmā) on the f° (see above), Bhartṛ. - *lekḥā*, f. the lines written on the f°, Mahān.; a line-like or very narrow forehead, Śiś. **Lalāṭāksha**, mf (*ī*) n. having an eye in the forehead, MBh.; m. N. of Śiva, ib.

Lalāṭaka, n. the forehead, brow, AgP.; a beautiful f°, L.; (*ikā*), f. an ornament worn on the f°, L. (cf. Pāṇ. iv, 3, 65, Sch.); a mark made with sandal or ashes on the forehead, Kād.

Lalāṭika, mfn. being in front, ĀpŚr.; (*ā*), f., see prec.

Lalāṭikāya, Nom. Ā. *°yate*, to represent or be like a mark on the forehead, Cat.

Lalāṭūla, mfn. having a high or handsome forehead, g. *śidhmādi*.

Lalāṭya, mfn. (cf. *ravāṭya*) belonging to the forehead, frontal, Pāṇ. iv, 3, 55, Sch.; suitable for the forehead, ib. v, 1, 6, Sch.

ललाम *lālāma*, mf (*ī*) n. having a mark or spot on the forehead, marked with paint &c. (as cattle), AV.; TS.; having any mark or sign, MBh.; beautiful, charming, L.; eminent, best of its kind (f. *ā*), L.; m. n. ornament, decoration, embellishment, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (*ī*), f. N. of a female demon, AV.; a kind of ornament for the ears, L.; n. (only L.) a coloured mark on the forehead of a horse or bull; a sectarian mark; any mark or sign or token; a line, row; a flag, banner; a tail; a horse; = *prabhāva*. - *gu* (*lālāma*), m. a facetious term for the penis, VS. - *vat*, mfn. having a mark or spot or ornament, L.

Lālāmaka, n. a chaplet or wreath of flowers worn on the forehead, L. - *rūpaka*, n. (in rhet.) a flowery metaphor.

Lālāman, n. an ornament, decoration, Vcar.; (only L.) a sectarian mark; any mark or sign; a banner, flag; a tail; a horn; a horse; chief or principal; a species of stanza (having 10 syllables in the first two Pādas, 11 in the third, and 13 in the fourth); = *ramya* or *sukha*.

ललित *lālita* &c. See p. 897, col. 3.

लल्यान *lalyāna*, m. or n. (?) N. of a place, Rājat.

लल्ल *lalla*, m. N. of an astronomer, Gol.; of a writer on law, Cat.; of a minister, Rājat.; (*ā*), f. N. of a courtesan, ib. - *vārāha-suta*, m. N. of an astronomer, Cat.

Lālā-dīkṣita, m. N. of a modern commentator on the Mṛicchakaṭikā.

लल्लर *lallara*, mf (*ā*) n. (onomat.) stammering, L.

लल्लिय *lalliya*, m. N. of a man, Rājat.

लल्लुजीलाल *lallujī-lāla*, m. N. of an author, Cat.

लव *lava*, m. (√ *l*. *lū*) the act of cutting, reaping (of corn), mowing, plucking or gathering (of flowers &c.), Daś.; Nalōd.; that which is cut or shorn off, a shorn fleece, wool, hair, Mn.; Ragh.; anything cut off, a section, fragment, piece, particle, bit, little piece (*am*, ind. a little; *lavam api*, even a little), MBh.; Kāv. &c. (cf. *padāti-l*); a minute division of time, the 60th of a twinkling, half a second, a moment (accord. to others ४००० or ४४०० or ४०२०० of a Muhūrta), ib.; (in astron.) a degree, Gol.; (in alg.) the numerator of a fraction, Col.; the space of 2 Kāshthās, L.; loss, destruction, L.; sport, L. (cf. *lala*); Perdix Chinensis, W.; N. of a son of Rāmacandra and Sītā (he and his twin-brother Kuśa were brought up by the sage Vālmiki and taught by him to repeat his Rāmāyaṇa at assemblies; cf. *kuśī-lava*), R.; Ragh.; Uttarar.; Pur.; of a king of Kāśmīra (father of Kuśa), Rājat.; n. (only L.) nutmeg; cloves; the root of Andropogon Muricatus; a little (cf. m.). - *rāja*, m. N. of a Brāhmaṇ, Rājat. - *vat*, mfn. lasting only for a moment, Śāntiś. - *śas*, ind. in small pieces, bit by bit, Mn.; MBh.; in minute divisions or instants, after some moments, MBh. **Lavā-pavāha**, m. (in alg.) subtraction of fractions, Līl. **Lavēpsu**, mfn. wishing to cut or reap.

Lavaka, mfn. reaping, a reaper, Pāṇ. iii, 1, 14; N. of a partic. substance (see *sa-l*).

Lavāṅga, m. (Uṇ. i, 119) the clove tree; n. cloves, Kāv.; Var.; Kathās.; (*ī*), f. N. of an Apsaras, Bālar.; of another woman, Nalac. - *kalikā*, f. cloves, L. - *pushpa*, n. the flower of the clove tree, Ragh. - *latā*, f. Limonia Scandens, L.

Lavāṅgaka, n. cloves, L.; (*ikā*), f. N. of a woman, Vās., Introd.

Lavana, mfn. one who cuts &c., a cutter, reaper, g. *nandy-ādī*; (*ī*), f. Anona Reticulata, L.; n. the act of cutting, reaping, mowing &c., KātyŚr.; an implement for cutting, sickle, knife &c., Kauś. (see *darbhā-l*). - *karṭṛi*, m. a mower, reaper, Kull. on Mn. vii, 110. - *kalāyī*, -*sādhikā*, see *lavāna-k*, *lavāna-s*.

Lavāniya, mfn. to be cut or reaped or mown, Bhartṛ., Sch.

Lavanya, m. N. of a partic. tribe of men, Rājat.

Lavaya, Nom. P. *°yati* = *lavam ācashṭe*, Pāṇ. i, 1, 58, Vārt. 2, Pat.

Lavāka, m. (prob. w. r. for next) an implement for cutting, sickle, reaping-hook, L.; the act of cutting, L.

Lavānaka, m. an implement for cutting, sickle reaping-hook &c., Uṇ. iii, 83, Sch.

Lavi, mfn. cutting, sharp, edged (as a tool or instrument), W.; m. an iron instrument for cutting or clearing, Uṇ. iv, 138.

Lavitavya, mfn. to be cut (-*tva*, n.), Nyāyam., Sch.

Lavitra, n. = *lavānaka* above, Pāṇ. iii, 2, 184.

Lavya, mfn. to be cut or mown or hewn down, Bhartṛ. (cf. *eka-* and *duḥkha-l*).

लवट *lavaṭa*, m. N. of a man, Rājat.

लवण *lavaṇa*, mf (*ā*) n. (derivation doubtful) saline, salt, briny, brinish, ŚBr. &c. &c. (*°ṇam kṛitvā* or *kṛitya*, g. *sākshādi*); tasteful, graceful, handsome, beautiful, W.; m. saltiness, saline taste, W.; the sea of salt water (in MBh. vi, 236 &c. one of the seven oceans which surround the Dvīpas in concentric belts), IW. 420; N. of a hell, VP. (v. l. *savana*); of a Rākshasa or Daitya, MBh.; Hariv.; Pur.; of a king belonging to the family of Hariścandra, Cat.; of a son of Rāma (= *lava*, q.v.), Śatr.; of a river, L.; = *bala* and *asthi-deva*, L.; (*ā*), f. lustre, grace, beauty, L. (cf. *lāvanya*); Cardiospermum Halicacabum, L.; N. of a river, Mālatīm.; (*ī*), f. (g. *gaurādi*) N. of various rivers, L.; n. (according to some also m. and *ā*, f.) salt (esp. sea-salt, rock or fossil salt; but also factitious salt or salt obtained from saline earth), AV. &c. &c.; over-salted food, L.; lustre, beauty, charm, grace (ifc., see *nir-l* and *lava-nākara*); a partic. mode of fighting (prob. w. r. for *lavāna*), Hariv. - *kaṭuka*, mfn. saline and acrid, Suśr. - *kalāyī* (prob. w. r. for *lavāna-kalāpī*), f. (perhaps) a trough, Hcar. (v. l. -*sādhikā*). - *kashāya*, mfn. saline and astringent, Suśr. - *kiṃsukā*, f. Cardiospermum Halicacabum, L. - *kṛitaka*, m. a Cākrika (q.v.) who sells salt, L. - *kshāra*, m. a kind of salt, L.; a partic. preparation made of sugar-cane juice, L. - *khāni*, f. a salt-mine, L.; the district of Sambher in Ajmere celebrated for its fossil salt, W. - *jala*, mfn. having salt water, MBh.; m. the sea, ocean, ib.; -*dhi* (BhP.) or -*nidhi* (R.), m. 'receptacle of s° w°', sea, ocean; *°lōdbhava*, m. 'sea-born,' a muscle, shell, MBh. - *tā*, f. saltiness, brinishness, Suśr. - *tilkta*, mfn. saline and bitter, ib. - *triṇa*, n. a kind of grass, L. - *toya*, mfn. having salt water; m. the sea, ocean, R. - *tva*, saltiness, MBh. - *dāna-ratna*, n. N. of sev. wks. - *dhenu*, f. an offering of salt, a cow symbolically represented with salt, Cat. - *parvata*, m. a mountain symb^o repr^o with salt, Cat. - *pāṭalikā*, f. a salt-bag, Buddh. - *pura*, n. N. of a town, Cat. - *pragādhā*, mfn. strongly impregnated with salt, Suśr. - *mada*, m. a kind of salt, L. - *mantra*, m. a prayer accompanied with an offering of salt, Cat. - *meḥa*, m. a kind of urinary disease (discharging saline urine), L.; *°hin*, mfn. suffering from it, Suśr. - *lāyikā*, f. an instrument by which salt is given to a horse, L. - *vāri*, mfn. having salt water; m. sea, ocean, ŚārngP. - *śrāddha*, n. N. of wk. - *samudra*, m. the salt-sea, sea, ocean, Sūryapr. - *sādhikā*, f. (prob. for *lavāna-s*), see *-kalāyī*. - *sindhu*, m. the salt-sea, sea, ocean, Śiś., Comm. - *sthāna*, n. N. of a place, Cat. **Lavāṇākara**, m. a salt-mine, L.; (met.) treasure of grace or beauty, Daśar. **Lavāṇācala**, m. = *lavāna-parvata*, q.v., Cat. **Lavāṇā-**