a continuation of mundane existence, Mn. xii, 88; w.r. for pra-critta and pra-nritta; (°vrittá), m. = ovarta, a round ornament, SBr.; (ā, f. N. of a female demon, MärkP.); -karman, n. any act leading to a future birth, W.; -cakra, mfn. ' whose chariot wheels run on unimpeded,' having universal power (°kra-tā, f.), Yājñ.; -tva, n. the having happened or occurred, Jaim.; -pānīya, mfn. (a well) with abundant water, MBh.; -pārana, n. a partic. religious observance or ceremony, Sak. (v.l.); -vāc, mfn. of fluent speech, eloquent, MBh.; -samprahāra, mfn. one who has begun the fight ("ra-tva, n.), Kathās.; "ttāšin, m. N. of a partic. class of ascetics, Baudh. ovrittaka, n. = vartaka, n., Pratap.; N. of a metre, Col. "vritti, f. moving onwards, advance, progress, GrSrS.; MBh.; Susr.; coming forth, appearance, manifestation, SvetUp.; Kālid.; Rājat.; rise, source, origin, MBh.; activity, exertion, efficacy, function, Kap.; Sāmkhyak.; MBh.&c.(in the Nyāya one of the 82 Prameyas, IW. 63); active life (as opp. to ni-vritti [q.v.] and to contemplative devotion, and defined as consisting of the wish to act, knowledge of the means, and accomplishment of the object), W.; giving or devoting one's self to, prosecution of, course or tendency towards, inclination or predilection for (loc. or comp.), Rajat.; Hit.; Sāh.; application, use, employment, Mn.; MBh.; MārkP.; conduct, behaviour, practice, Mn.; MBh. &c.; the applicability or validity of a rule, KatySr.; Pan., Sch.; currency, continuance, prevalence, ib.; fate, lot, destiny, R.; news, tidings, intelligence of (gen. or comp.), MBh.; Kav. &c.; cognition (with vishaya-valī, 'a sensuous co'), Yogas.; the exudation from the temples of a rutting elephant, L. (cf. Vikr. iv, 47); N. of Avanti or Oujein or any holy place, L.; (in arithm.) the multiplier, W. (w.r. for pra-kriti?); -jña, m. 'knowing the news,' an emissary, agent, spy, L.; -jñāna, n. = -vijnāna, Sarvad.; -nimitta, n. the reason for the use of any term in the particular significations which it bears, MW.; -nivritti-mat, mfn. connected with activity and inactivity, BhP.; -parānmukha, mf(i)n. disinclined to give tidings, Vikr.; -pratyaya, m. a belief in or conception of the things relating to the external world, Buddh.; -mat, mfn. devoted to anything, Kaiy.; -mārga, m. active or worldly life, occupancy about the business and pleasures of the world or with the rites and works of religion, MW.; -vacana, mfn. (a word) expressing activity, Kāš. on Pān. ii, 3, 51; -vijnāna, n. cognition of the things belonging to the external world, Buddh.; otty-anga, n. N. of wk.

magnify, RV. viii, 8, 22; A. -vardhate (rarely P. oti), to grow up, grow, increase, gain in strength, prosper, thrive, RV. &c. &c.: Caus. -vardhayati, ote, to strengthen, increase, augment, extend, RV. &c. &c.; to raise, exalt, cause to thrive, Hariv.; to rear, cherish, bring up, Kathās.

Pra-vardhaka, mf(ikā)n. augmenting, increasing, enhancing, Inscr. vardhana, mfn. id., Hariv.; Sušr.; n. augmenting, increase, W.

Prá-vṛiddha, mfn. grown up, fully developed, increased, augmented, intense, vehement, great, numerous, RV. &c. &c.; swollen, heaving, R.; Kālid.; risen to wealth or power, prosperous, mighty, strong, MBh.; Var.; (also with vayasā) advanced in age, grown old, MBh.; Kathās.; expanded, diffused, W.; full, deep (as a sigh), ib.; haughty, arrogant, MW.; w.r. for pra-vritta, -viddha, -buddha. °vṛiddhi, f. growth, increase, Var.; Kālid.; Rājat.; rising, rise (arghasya, 'of price'), Var.; prosperity, increasing welfare, rising in rank or reputation, ib.; Rājat.

Pra-vridh, f. growth, RV. iii, 31, 3.

цаш pra-vrišcya. See pra-√vrašc.

to rain, rain, shed or shower abundantly with (instr), MBh.; Kāv. &c.: Caus. -varshayati, to cause to rain, TS.; SBr. ovarsha, m. (also pl.) rain, MBh.; Pañcat. ovarshana, m. N. of a mountain, BhP.; n. beginning to rain, raining, causing to rain, MBh.; Var. (Sch. 'first rain'). ovarshin, mfn. raining, causing to rain, showering, discharging, MBh.; R. &c. (cf. ūrdhva-prav'). ovrishta, mfn. begun to rain or to pour down (instr.), MBh.; R.; Kathās.; (e), ind. when it rain, Var.

up pra-\vrih, P. A. -vrihati, te, to tear out or off or asunder, destroy, RV.; TS.; Br.; Up.; (A.) to draw towards one's self, attract, SBr. varham, ind. plucking off, SBr. vridha, mfn. torn off, Kāth. (Cf. pra-\lambda I. brih.)

मने pra- ve, P. -vayati, to weave on, attach to, RV.; TS.; SBr.; Up.

2. Pra-vayana, n. (for I. see under pra-\square) the upper part of a piece of woven cloth, AitBr. vāna, n. the edging or trimming of a piece of woven cloth, Lāty. vāni or vānī, f. a weaver's shuttle, L. Prôta, see s.v.

प्रवेक pra-veka, mfn. (vic) choicest, most excellent, principal, chief (always ifc.), MBh.; R. &c.

म्बेग pra-vega, m. (√vij) great speed, rapidity, MBh.; R. (cf. šara-pr°). °vegita, mfn. moving swiftly, rapid, R.

प्रवेट pra-veța, m. barley, L. (cf. pra-vața, prāvața).

by widows and by wives in the absence of their husbands, R. (°ni, L.); a piece of coloured woollen cloth (used instead of a saddle), MBh. (°ni, L., also 'the housings of an elephant'); N. of a river, MBh.

प्रवेतृ pra-vetṛi, pra-veya. See pra-√vī. प्रवेतृ pra-vettṛi, pra-veda &c. See pra√1. vid.

प्रवेध pra-vedha. See pra-vyadh.

"ti), to tremble, shiver, quake, MBh.; Kāv.&c.: Caus. -vepayati (aor. prâvīvipat), to cause to tremble, shake, RV.&c.&c. vepa, m. trembling, quivering, R. vepaka, m. trembling, shivering, shuddering, Sušr. vepaka, m. id., ib. vepana, m. N. of a serpent-demon, MBh.; n. trembling, shuddering, tremulous motion, agitation, Car.; Pān., Sch.; Vop. (w.r. vepana). vepanin, mfn. causing (enemies) to tremble (said of Indra), RV. vepanīya, mfn. to be caused to tremble, Pān. viii, 4, 34, Sch. vepita, n. the act of trembling, Kir. vepin, mfn. trembling, shaking, tottering, Nir. ix, 8.

प्रवास pra-veraya, Nom. P. oyati (cf. /vel, vell), to cast, hurl, MBh. verita, mfn. cast, hurled, ib. (v.l.)

प्रवेल pravela, m. a yellow variety of Phaseolus Mungo, L.

प्रवेश pra-vesa &c. See pra-√vis.

प्रवेष्ट् pra-\vesht, Caus. -veshtayati, to cover, enclose, surround, TS.; to twine or fasten round, ĀpŚr.; MānGr.

Pra-veshta, m. (only L.) an arm; the fore-arm or wrist (cf. pra-koshtha); the fleshy part of the back of an elephant on which the rider sits; an e°'s housings; an e°'s gums (see also danta-pr°). °veshtita, mfn. covered with (instr.), MBh.

प्रवेष्टक praveshţaka, w. r. for pra-vishţaka (see pra-√vis).

प्रवेष्ट्य pra-veshtavya,°tri. See pra-√vis. प्रवोद् pra-vodhri. See pra-√vah.

प्रयक्त pra-vy-akta, mfn.(\anij)evident, apparent, manifest (compar. -tara), Suir. °vyakti, f. appearance, manifestation, ib.

P. °ti), to tremble, be afraid of (gen.), be disquieted or distressed, MBh.; R. &c.; = Caus., R.: Caus. -vyathayati, to frighten, disquiet, distress, MBh.; R.; Hariv. °vyathita, mfn. affrighted, distressed, pained, MBh.; Hariv.; R. &c.

प्राचि pra-√vyadh, P. -vidhyati, to hurl, cast, throw away or down, RV. &c. &c.; to hurl missiles, shoot, AV.; SBr.; to pierce, transfix, wound, MBh.; Sušr.

Prá-viddha, mfn. hurled, cast, thrown into (loc.), RV. &c. &c.; thrown asunder, spilt (as water), R.; crammed, filled, MBh.; abandoned, given up, R. °vedha, m. a bow-shot, ĀpŚr., Sch.; a partic. measure of length, Divyâv. °vyādhá, m.

मन्ह pra- vrih, P. A. -vrihati, te, to tear id., the distance of the flight of an arrow, SBr.; TBr.;

प्रवास pra-vy-√2. as, P. -asyati, to lay down, place upon (loc.), R.

forth, speak, MBh.; R.; to utter inarticulate sounds, howl, yell, roar, ib. (v.l. pratyāhri); to declare beforehand, foretell, predict, MW.: Caus.-hārayati, to speak, MBh. "vyāharaņa, n. the uttering of sounds, faculty of speech, Divyâv. "vyāhāra, m. (v.l. or w. r. pratyāh") prolongation or continuation of discourse, MBh. (= prakrishtôkti, Nīlak.); speaking to, address ("ram / kri, with gen., 'to address a person'), Kāraṇd.; sound, ib. "vyāhrita, mfn. speaking, MBh.; spoken, foretold, predicted, ib.

proceed, depart from (abl.), set out for, go to (acc., loc. or dat.), SBr.; Up.; GrSrS.; MBh. &c.; to leave home and wander forth as an ascetic mendicant, SrS.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; (with Jainas) to become a monk, HParis.: Caus. -vrājayati (w.r.-vraj°), to send into exile, banish from (abl.), MBh.; R. &c.; to compel any one to wander forth as an ascetic mendicant or to become a monk, MBh.; HParis.

Pra-vivrajishu, mfn. (from Desid.) wishing to take the vow of a monk, HParis. "vivraja-yishu, mfn. (from Desid. of Caus.) wishing to send into exile, desirous of banishing, Bhatt.

Pra-vrajana, n. going abroad, MBh. vrajika, w. r. for 'vrajitā and 'vrājikā. 'vrajita, mfn. gone astray or abroad, R.; Kāš. on Pān. ii. 3, 38; run away (said of horses), MBh.; (also with vanam) one who has left home to become a religious mendicant or (with Jainas) to become a monk, Mn.; MBh.; HParis.; m. a religious mendicant or a monk, MBh.; Var.; Sušr.; (a), f. a female ascetic or a nun, Yājñ.; Var.; Kād.; Sāh.; Nardostachys Jatamansi, L.; another plant (mundīrī), L.; n. the life of a religious mendicant, MBh. vrajya, n. going abroad, migration, MBh.; (ā), f. id., ib.; going forth from home (first rite of a layman wishing to become a Buddh. monk), MWB. 77; roaming, wandering about (esp. as a religious mendicant, in a dress not authorized by the Veda), Mn.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; the order of a relo mo, MBh.; Var.; ojyā-yoga, m. a constellation under which future relo m°s are born, Var.; 'jyavasita, m. a rel° m° who has renounced his order, Yājñ.

Pra-vrāj, m. a religious mendicant, Var.; Kathās. °vrājá, m. the bed of a river, RV. °vrājaka, m. a rel° m°, R.; Kathās.; (ikā), f. a female ascetic (also °jaka-strī), Kathās. °vrājana, n. banishment, exile, MBh.; R. °vrājita, mfn. become a monk, Divyâv. °vrājin, m. = °vrāj, ŠBr.; mfn. running after (see dvi-pravrājinī).

pra-\square, P. -vriscati (ind. p. -vriscya), to cut or hew off, cut or tear to pieces, lacerate, wound, AV.; Br.; Bhatt. vrikna, mfn. cut or hewn off, BhP. vrascana, m. an instrument for cutting fuel, a knife for cutting wood, Pān., Sch. (cf. idhma-pro). vraska, m. a cut, Kauš.

by pressure, crush, ApŚr. vlaya, m. sinking down, collapse, AitBr. vlīna (prá-), mfn. overwhelmed by pressure, crushed, sunk down, AV.; Br.

प्रशंयुवाक pra-samyuvāka, w.r. for samy°.

प्रशम pra-√sans, P. A. -sansati, °te (irreg. Pot.-sansīyāt, Cān.), to proclaim, declare, praise, laud, extol, RV.&c. &c.; to urge on, stimulate, RV. i, 84, 19; to approve, esteem, value (with na, to disapprove, blame), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to foretell, prophesy, Cān. osansaka, mfn. (ifc.) praising, commending, MBh.; R.; HYog. "sansana, n. praising, commending, Vedântas.; Pān., Sch. (w.r. 'sansana). 'sansanīya, mfn. to be praised, laudable, Kad. sansa, f. praise, commendation, fame, glory (with Buddhists one of the 8 worldly conditions, Dharmas. 61), SBr. &c. &c. (cf. aprastuta-p°, strī-p°; w.r.°sansā); -nāman, n. an expression of praise, Nir.; -mukhara, mfn. loud with praise, praising loudly (oranana, mfn. one whose mouth is low pro,' speaking loudly in praise of anything), Rājat.; -°lāpa ("sâl"), m. applause, acclamation, Das.; -vacana, n. pl. a laudatory speech, MBh.; -ovali (osavo), f. a poem of praise, panegyric, Balar.;