gani, m. N. of an author, Jain.; -shena, m. N. of a chief (cf. mihira-lakshmī), Inscr. Rasmidhāra, m. a charioteer, Bcar. Rasavaha, mfn. causing enjoyment, delighting, Kāvyad. Rahasyavid, mfn. one who knows (the texts called) Rahasya, Baudh. Rāka, m. a quiver, L.; wealth, money, ib.; the sun, ib. Raga-dosha, (prob.) = ragadvesha, Bcar. Rāja (in comp. for rājan); -prašastimahākāvya, n. N. of a poem, Inscr.; -rddhi, f. (for -ridahi) royal pomp, Bcar.; -vatsa, m. (= -putra), ib.; -varman (Kāvyad.), -sinha-pandya (Inscr.), m. N. of kings. Rājanīya-prabha, m. = amitabha, Sukh. i. Rāti-kula, n. a house (whose inhabitants are) disposed to give (alms), Hir. Rāmâdhipati, m. N. of a king, Inscr. Rāsi, (also) a division of beings, Sukh.i. Rashtrôda, m. N. of a family (= rāshtra-kūta), Inscr. Rāhu (in comp.); -sapatna-vaktra, mfn. moon-faced, Bcar.; hapasarga, m. 'contact of Rāhu,' an eclipse, ib. Ripuhana, mfn. killing enemies, MBh. Rukma-pattra, mfn. decorated with gold-leaf, Bcar. Rukmala, n. gold, L. Rudrâmbā, f. N. of a princess, Pratap., Sch. Rudralkadasika, f. = dasinī, Baudh. Rūdha-mūla, mfn. one who has taken root, Bcar. Repha-lakārôpânta, mfn. having a name whose last letter but one is r or l, ApGr.

Lakshmana-sena, m. a king of the Sena dynasty of Eastern India (founder of an era, beginning on October 7, A.D. III9). Lamba (in comp.); -sata, mfn. (a horse) with flying mane, Bcar.; -sraj, mfn. wreaths dangling down, ib. Lalaha, mfn. sportive, dallying, L. Lalita-vigraha-rāja, N. of a Nataka. Lavanôdaka-misra, mfn. mixed with salt water, Hir. Lashmi-deva, m. N. of a chief (= lakshmī-d°), Inscr. Lāngalesha, f. the pole of a plough, Lāty.; Drāhy. Lājāhuti, f. a burnt-oblation of parched grain, Baudh. Lasakayuvan, m. a young dancer, L. Linduma, m. a partic. fragrant substance, L. Loka (in comp.); -virodhin, mfn. (=-viruddha), Kāvyad.; -sakshi (= -sakshin), R.; -sīmanurodhin, mfn. conforming to ordinary limits, moderate, Kāvyad.; °kananda, (also) N. of a Buddhist drama; kêndra, m. N. of a Tathāgata, Sukh. i. Loshţa-citi, f. = smasānakarana, BaudhP. Loha (in comp.); -cumbakanyāya, m. the rule of iron and magnet (i.e. of a very close affinity between two things), A.; harya, m. N. of a Jaina teacher, Inscr. Lohita (in comp.); -bindu-citra, mfn. covered with red spots, Bcar.; -stoka, m. a drop of blood, JaimUp.

Vaktra-pāni, (in dram.) preparation of mouth and hands (a kind of introductory ceremony), Bhar. Vanka, mfn. (for vakra) crooked, deceitful, Bcar. xi, 46. Vankú (accord. to some also, 'false,' 'deceitful'). Vacatra, n. speech, L. Vajra (in comp.); -dhvani, m. the crash of a thunderbolt, Bcar.; -samsparša, mfn. as hard as adamant, MBh. Vati, = vadi, Inscr. Vatsa-bhatti, m. N. of a poet, Inscr. Vadhū-yāna, n. a woman's vehicle, Mricch. Vadhuyú (accord. to some also, 'a paramour'). I. Vana (in comp.); -cchandatā, f. longing for the forest, Bcar.; -pratishtha, mfn. abiding in a fo, ib.; -sakuni, m. a fo-bird, ib.; -samsraya, m. resort to the forest, ib. Vanitā-sakha, mfn. united with a wife, Kum. i, 10. Vandin (p. 919, col. 2, read, 'praising, honouring,'= 1. bandin, 'a praiser,' 'bard'). Vapatra, m. a field, L. Vapur-guna, m. personal beauty, ib. Vamuka, m. a cloud, L. Vayah (in comp. for vayas); -prakarsha, m. prolongation of life, ib.; -sukha, n. the pleasures of youth, ib.; ("yo) -'nurūpa, mfn. suitable to one's age, ib. Varasampad, f. the accomplishments of a bridegroom, ApGr. Varīya (read, vārīya, p. 943, col. 3). Varuna-pariyatana, mfn. enclosed by Varuna, JaimUp. Varna (in comp.); -samvarga, m. (prob. = -samsarga), Vas.; nanupūrvena, ind. according to the order of caste, ApGr. Varsha-pavitra, mfn. having the rain as means of purification, Jaim-Up. Varshimán (VS.). Vallūra, (also) m. N. of a clan of Brāhmans, Inscr. Vastī, f. an act in the practice of Yoga (see shat-karman, p. 1108). Vahni (in comp.); -dhūma-nyāya, m. the rule of fire and smoke (i.e. of invariable concomitance), A.; -stambha, m. the (magical) quenching of fire. Vak (in comp. for vāc); -pati-vāra, m. Thursday, Cat. Vākya-samcāra, m. way or manner of speaking, MBh. Vācam-niyama, mfn. silent, Hir. 1. Vāji (in comp.); -bhrit, m. a groom, Bcar.; -ratna, m. N. of a teacher, Hir. Vāta (in comp.); -cala, mfn. fluttering in the wind, Bcar.; -yana, n. (=vāta-

yana), ib. iii, 20; 'tajira, mfn. swift as wind, Hir.; 'têshu, mfn. wind-arrowed, ib. Vanara (accord. to some for vana-nara). Vārī, f. water, Kāth. Vāsa-vriksha, m. a roosting tree, Bcar. Vijayabāhu, m. N. of a king, Buddh. Vi-jāman (read, 'corresponding to each other,' i.e. 'being in pairs,' 'symmetrical'). Vidátha (accord. to some for vidhátha fr. \vidh, and orig. = 'homage, worship, sacrifice; accord to others also = 'house, household, &c.'). Ví-devam, ind. unerotically (cf. su-deva), SBr. Vidhya, mfn. (fr. \vyadh) to be pierced or perforated, MW. Vi-nivritti, (also) cessation of work, inactivity, Bcar. Vindhya-vāsaka or sin, m. N. of a Samkhya teacher. Vipas, n. inspiration (see vipas-ci &c., p. 972, col. 3). Viprasanna, mfn. tranquil, calm, Bcar. Vibhavāyu, m. morning-wind, Ragh. Vi-mrigvan, mf(arī)n. pure, AV. Viyūshka, mfn. being without gravy, HirP. Vi-rajah-prabha, m. N. of a Tathāgata, Sukh. i. Vi-luptī, f. miscarrying (conj. for vi-lipti), AV. xii, 4, 41. Vivatsā, f. (fr. Desid. of $\sqrt{5}$. vas) desire of dwelling, Bcar. Vi-vi-√han (only in pr. p. -ghnat), to scatter, disperse, Hir. Vispála (accord. to some, 'N. of a mare'). Visva (in comp.); -varman, m. N. of a prince, Inscr.; 'svâbhirakshana, mfn. alldefending, Jaim Up. Vi-shtava, m. a subdivision of the periods of a stoma, Laty. Vi-shtimin, mfn. (\stim) making or becoming wet, VS. Vi-sransika, f. N. of a plant, BaudhP. Vīnā-vat, mfn. = pravīna, Drāhy., Sch. Vīra (in comp.); -pešas, (°rá-; accord.to some, 'consisting in male children'); -ravi-varman and -raja-varman, m. N. of various kings, Inscr.; -līla, mfn. playing at being a hero, Bcar.; -sena, (also) N. of a poet (400 A.D.), Inscr. Virya-sammita, mfn. corresponding to strength, MS. Vriksha (in comp.); -nāma, mfn. having the name of a tree, ApGr.; -mūlika (also Baudh. ii, 18, 24). Vringa, m. a paramour, L. Vrittivallabha, N. of a Nāṭaka. Vritra-hátha (RV.). Vrish, to rain, add, [cf. Gaelic pas, a shower]. Vrishti-tādita, mfn. beaten by rain, Bcar. Vetasvin, mfn.=°vat, Hir. Veda (in comp.); -vikraya, mfn. = yin, Baudh.; -samnyāsin, mfn. abandoning the Veda, ib. Vedispris, mfn. touching the Vedi, KātySr. Vedyā (accord. to some also, 'art, dexterity &c.'). Vaikhānasa-sāstra, n. the institutes of Vaikhānasa, Baudh. Vaināvata (for 'a bow' read 'skill,' and cf. vīnā-vat above), Lāty.; Drāhy. (Sch.). Vaipascita (with dardha-jayanti), m. N. of a teacher, JaimUp. Vaisvantara, N. of a hermitage, Bcar. Vy-atishikta, mfn. separated, ApY. Vy-avadāra-prapaņa, n. the attainment of full age, Baudh. Vy-ava-Vstri, to spread out below, ApGr. Vy-avahārya (p. 1034, col. 3, read 'see a-vyav'). Vy-ākula-veshţana, mfn. having the hair-covering in confusion, Bcar. Vy-adhidharmin, mfn. subject or liable to pain, ib. Vyā-√bhram, to be dispersed in different directions, BaudhP. Vyeman, n. a garment, L. Vyomânta, 1900 billions, JaimUp. Vrá (accord. to some, 'that which is confined'). Vrata (in comp.); -carya, n. performance of vows, JaimUp.; 'tavritti, f. repetition of a vow, Baudh.; ctôpêta, mfn. one who has undertaken a religious vow, ib. Vra (accord. to some also, 'a woman, esp. a wanton or lustful w"). Vrīhi-sarāva, n. a shallow cup of rice, Hir. Sakuni-mitra, m. N. of a teacher, JaimUp.

Sakrid (in comp. for sakrit); -dhata, adung-heap, Hir.; -rasa, m. liquid cow-dung, Baudh.; -rīti, f. a heap of excrement, ApGr. Sakti-vishaya, m. the range of possibility (e, 'if possible'), ib. Sanku-karna, add, (becomes sankū-karna when it means 'having the ear marked with a sanku or like a so, Pān. vi, 2, 112; vi, 3-115). Sacī-puramdara, m. du. Sacī and Indra, Ragh. Sabdôpatta, mfn. stated explicitly, Kavyad. Sama (in comp.); -vihāra, mfn. living a tranquil life, Bcar.; masraya, m. the having recourse to a tro life, ib.; mepsu, mfn. desirous of a tro life, ib. Sarat-payoda, m. an autumnal cloud, ib. Sarmanya-desa, m. the country of Germany ("sīya, mfn. born in G°), Aryav. Sarma-varutha, n. du. guard and protection, Hir. Sarmishthā-vijaya, m. N. of a Nataka. Salalu-grapsa (Hir.) or -glapsa (ApGr.), m. = udumbara-phala-stabaka (Sch.). Basa (in comp.); -dhara, m. (with vāra) Monday, Inscr.; 'sankatmaia-vāsara, m. Wednesday, ib. Sasi (in comp.); -vāsara, m. Monday, ib. Sākajanjabha, m. du. Sāka and Janjabha (two divine

beings), Hir. Sandikera, m. N. of a demon, ib. Santi (in comp.); -mat, mfn. tranquil, calm, Jaim Up.; -shena (for -sena), m. N. of a Jaina scholar, Inscr. Sārada-tilaka, N. of a Bhāna by Samkara. Sāhā-jyāhām, m. Shāh Jahān (emperor), Inscr. Sikhara-svāminī, f. N. of a queen, ib. Sikhin (AV.). Sibinta, m. N. of a teacher, Hir. Silaka, m. N. of a man, ChUp. Sisu (accord. to some also = sisna, 'membrum virile'); -pramāna, mfn. of a child's size, Bcar. Sishtanusishta, mfn. taught by learned men, Kāvyâd. Sukra (in comp.); -dina, n., -vāsara, m. Friday, Inscr. Sukla (also for sukra, Venus); -dharma, m. the pure law, Sukh. i. Sundhi, (prob.) mfn. pure, bright, splendid, ManGr. Suti = sudi, Inscr. Suddha (in comp.); -rasmi-prabha, m. N. of a Tathāgata, Sukh. ii; 'ddhâdhivāsa, mfn. inhabiting pure abodes, Bcar.; oddhaujas, mfn. pure in valour, ib. Subha (in comp.); -jāla-hasta, mfn. having a hand with beautifully reticulated lines, ib.; -bhrū, mfn. fair-browed, ib.; bhorna-bhrū, mfn. having a beautiful curl of hair between the brows, ib. Sesha, add 'effect;' -vat, n. an argument from effect to cause (one of three kinds of anumana or inference, the other two being purva-vat and sāmānyato-drishta). Smasāna (in comp.); -loshta, n. a clod of earth from a cemetery, ApGr.; onâdhivyatikrama, m. passing over a cemetery, ib. Syama-jayanta and -sujayanta, m. N. of teachers, JaimUp. Syāvāsva-stuta (RV.). Syenī (accord. to Say. and others in RV. i, 140, 9 = 'black, dark'). Sravanā-paksha, m. the fortnight that precedes the Sravanā full moon, Hir. Srāddhâbhimarsana, n. touching in the way prescribed at the Sraddha ceremony, ib. Sruta-graha, m. the perception of sacred knowledge, Bcar. Srenya, (also) = bimbi-sāra, ib. Slokardha, m. n. half a Sloka, Kāvyad. Sva (in comp. for svan); -grahagrihīta, mfn. attacked by the dog-demon (epilepsy), ApGr.; -graha-prâyaścitta, n. expiation for epilepsy, Hir.; -lomini, f. N. of a female demon, ib. Svadhiti (see svadh, p. 1280). Svetardhavaktra, mfn. having half the face white, Bcar.

Shad-vishāṇa, mfn. armed with six tusks, Bcar. Shuduvadīna, m. N. of a Sultān, Inscr.

Samyuktâkshara, n. a conjunct letter, Prāt. Sam-vatsarantarhita, mfn. separated for a year, MaitrS. Sam-vanin, mfn. concordant, Hir. Samvarana-nātaka, n. N. of a drama. Sam-vartavāta, m. a whirlwind, Hir. Sam-vardhayitri, mfn. rearing, bringing up, Bcar. Sam-vadabhijayana, n. obtaining the victory in disputes, Hir. Sam-vāditri, mfn. holding a colloquy, HirP. Samsayâtisaya, m. exaggeration in the way of suggesting doubts, Kāvyâd. Samsāra-devī, f. N. of a queen or princess, Inscr. Sam-hotrá (rather, 'concourse of priests for disputations &c.'). 3. Sad (erase 'm.; sádā = 'ever' in AV. iv, 4, 7). Sanishyadá (erase and see sanishyadá under √syand, p. 1273). Sa-nisrasa, see under √srans, p. 1273. Sa-nupura, mfn. adorned with anklets, Drahy. Sánemi (accord. to some an instr. of sana = 'from of old, always'). Sam-dashtayamaka, n. a Yamaka in which each quarter of the stanza begins with a word twice repeated, Bhar. Sam-nyupta, mfn. (fr. sam-ni- 12. vap) thrown together. Sa-patnī-bādhana, n. overcoming rivals or co-wives, ApGr. Sapta-munja, mfn. formed out of seven blades of Munja grass, ManGr. Saptarshi-samvat, a year of the Saptarshi era (the 1st year of which corresponds to the expired year 26, i.e. the 27th current year of the Kali-yuga; the hundreds of this era are often omitted, e.g. the Saptarshi year 4869 will be called simply 69; the corresponding year of one of the centuries A.D. is found by adding 24-25; thus 69 [for 4869] corresponds to A.D. 1793-94). Sama (in comp.); -drishtipāta, m. 'an equal glance' and 'a glance with even (not three) eyes,' Bcar. i, 10; -m-bhūmi, mfn. being on a level with the ground, BaudhP. Samiddhārin, mfn. carrying a load of fuel, Baudh. Samunja, mfn. furnished with reeds, ManGr. Samúd (accord. to some = 'conversation,' AV. viii, I, I5). Samudra (in comp.); -vastra, mfn. (= vasana), Bcar.; -samyāna, n. going to sea, Baudh. Samudha-rupin, m. N. of a partic. form of the Dvādašāha sacrifice, Drāhy. (Sch.). Sampari-√stri, to scatter all round, Hir. Sarpir-misra, mfn. mixed with clarified butter, ib. Sárva (in comp.); -kušala-mūla-pāramitā, f. perfection