Ajātašātrava, mf(i)n. belonging to or ruled over by (Ajāta-satru) Yudhishthira, Sis. ii, 114.

आजाति ā-jāti. See ā-√jan.

आजाद्य ājādya. See āja.

आजान ājāna, ājāni. See ā-√jan.

आजानिका ājānikya, am, n. (fr. a-jānika), the not possessing a wife, (gana purohitadi, q. v.)

आजान् ā-jānu, ind. (generally in comp.) as far as the knee. - bahu, mfn.; see s. v. 3. a. - lambin, mfn. reaching down to the knee, Kād. - sama, mfn. as high as the knee, Suir.

आजाने य ājāneya and oneyya. See ā-√jan. आजायन ājāyana and ājāvika. See āja.

आजि 1. ājí, m., rarely f., only once in RV. i, 116, 15, (Vaj), a running-match; a fightingmatch, prize-fight, combat, RV.; AV. &c.; [ājim Vaj or Vi or Vdhāv or Vsri, to run with or against any one for a prize, SBr.; AitBr. &c.]; war, battle (ajau, in battle, MBh.; R.; Ragh. xii, 45, &c.); place for running, race-course, RV. iv, 24, 8; AV. xiii, 2, 4; $(=\bar{a}kshepa)$ abuse, L.; (=kshana)an instant, L. - krit, mfn. fighting or running for a prize, RV. viii, 45, 7. - ga, n., N. of a Saman, TāndyaBr.; LātySr. - jityā, f. victory in a running-match, TāndyaBr. - túr, mfn. victorious in battles, RV. viii, 53, 6. - pati, m. lord of the battle, RV. viii, 54, 6 (voc.) - mukha, n. the front or first line in a battle, Ratnav. - siras, n. id., MBh. iii, 16479; = $\tilde{a}jy$ -anta below, Comm. on TS. - srit, mfn. = -krit, q. v., SBr. - hīna, m. 'defeated in battle,' N. of a man; (ās), m. pl. his descendants. Ajy-anta, m. the goal in a race-course, Nir. ii, 15.

आजि 2. ā- /ji (p. -jáyat; impf. 3. du. âjayatām) to conquer, win, RV. ii, 27, 15; AitBr.; TāndyaBr.: Desid. p. -jigīshamāna, trying or desiring to win, RV. i, 163, 7.

A-jayana, am, n. (only for the etym. of I. ají)

'conquering,' Nir. ix, 23.

A-jigīshu, mfn. wishing to excel or overcome, L. आजिगिमिषु ā-jigamishu. See ā-√gam.

आजिघ्सु ā-jighrikshu. See ā-√grah.

चा जिज्ञासेन्या ā-jijñāsenyā. See ā-√jñā.

आजिन्व ā-√jinv (2. du. -jinvathas) to refresh, RV. iv, 45, 3.

आजिरि ājiri, mfn. fr. ajira, (gaņa sutamgamadi, q. v.)

Ajireya, as, m. a descendant of Ajira, (gana subhradi, q. v.)

म्याजिही पुँ ā-jihīrshu. See ā-√hṛi.

आजीकल ājī-kūla, v. l. for āñjī-k°, q. v.

आजीगते ājīgarta, am, n., N. of a Sāman. Ajīgarti, is, m. (gaņa bāhv-ādi, q. v.) a descendant of Ajīgarta (q. v.), Sunahsepa, TS. v; AitBr.

स्थाजीव् \bar{a} - $\sqrt{j\bar{\imath}v}$, P.(3.pl.- $j\bar{\imath}vanti$; ind.p.- $j\bar{\imath}v$ ya) to live by (acc.), subsist through (acc.), MBh. v, 4536; BhP.; (p. -jīvat; Pass. p. -jīvyamāna) to use, have the enjoyment of (acc.), Yājñ. ii, 67; MärkP.

Ā-jīva, as, m. livelihood, SvetUp.; Mn. xi, 63; MBh. &c.; = ājīvika, q. v., L.

Ajīvaka, as, m. = vika below, Lalit.

Ā-jīvana, am, n. livelihood, Mn. x, 79; Pañcat. Ajīvanika, mfn. looking for a livelihood, Kād.

A-jīvam, ind. for life, Kathās.

Ajīvika, as, m. 'following special rules with regard to livelihood,' a religious mendicant of the sect founded by Gosāla (Makkhaliputra), Jain.; VarBr. A-jīvitantam, ind. for life, Vcar. (Sārng.)

Ajīvin, \bar{i} , m. = $\bar{a}j\bar{i}vika$, VarBṛ.

Ājīvya, mfn. affording a livelihood, Yājñ. i, 320; MBh. xiv, 1330; (am), n. means of living, MBh. iii, 8452; BhP.; (cf. sv-ājo.)

आजुर ā-jur, ūr, f. (? √jṛī),= vishṭi, L.

आज्ञा 1. ā-√jñā, -jānāti (Impv. 2. pl. -jānīta; perf. -jajñau; p. -jānát) to mind, perceive, notice, understand, RV. i, 94, 8; 156, 3; SBr.; TāṇḍyaBr.; (cf. án-ājānat): Caus. -jñāpayati, te (Inf. -jñaptum, R. iv, 40, 8) to order, command, direct, MBh. &c.; to assure, R. vi, 103, 10.

A-jijnasenya, as, f. pl. (fr. Desid.) scil. ricas, 'liable to investigation,' N. of some of the Kuntapa hymns (of the AV.), AitBr.

A-jñapta, mfn. ordered, commanded, Mn. ii, 245; R. &c.

A-jñapti, is, f. command, Comm. on AitUp.

2. A-jñā, f. order, command, Mn. x, 56; MBh. &c.; authority, unlimited power, Bālar.; N. of the tenth lunar mansion, VarBr.; permission (neg. anājñayā, instr. ind. without permission of (gen.), Mn. ix, 199). - kara, m. 'executing an order,' a servant, R. iv, 9, 4, &c.; (1), f. a female servant, Sak.; (ajñākara)-tva, n. the office of a servant, Vikr. - kārin, mfn.one who executes orders, a minister, L. - cakra, n. a mystical circle or diagram (one of the six described by the Tantras.) - dana, n. giving an order, Rājat. - pattra, n. a written order, edict, L. - parigraha, m. receiving an order, Rājat. - pālana, n. 'guarding,' i. e. executing the orders, VP. -pratighata, m. disobedience, insubordination, L. -bhanga, m. 'breaking,' i.e. not executing an order, Hit.; (ājñābhanga)-kara [Hit.] or -kārin [VP.], mfn. not executing an order. - vaha, mfn. one who obeys orders, a minister, L. - sampādin, mfn. executing orders, submissive, Yājñ. i, 76.

Ā-jnāta, mfn.; see an-ājno. - kaundinya, m., N. of one of the first five pupils of Sākyamuni.

A-jñātrí, tá, m. one who directs, RV. x, 54, 5. A-jñāna, am, n. noticing, perceiving, AitUp. Ā-jñāpaka, mf(ikā)n. giving orders, commanding, Hariv. 6518 (v. l. jñāpaka).

A-jñapana, am, n. ordering, commanding. A-jñāpita, mfn. ordered, commanded, MBh. i, 6310 (loc. asane, 'to eat'); R. &c.

A-jñāpya, mfn. to be directed or commanded by (gen.), expecting an order from (gen.), R. i, 66, 3. A-jñāya, ind. p. having noticed or perceived;

having heard, MBh.; BhP.; R. &c.

A-jñāyin, mfn. perceiving. आज्य 2. ājya, am, n. (anj, Vārtt. on Pān. iii, I, 109), melted or clarified butter (used for oblations, or for pouring into the holy fire at the sacrifice, or for anointing anything sacrificed or offered), RV. x; AV.; VS. &c.; (in a wider sense) oil and milk used instead of clarified butter at a sacrifice; N. of a sort of chant (sastra) connected with the morning sacrifice, AitBr.; SBr.; Kaush-Br.; N. of the Sūkta contained in the aforesaid

sastra, KaushBr.; N. of a Stotra connected with that sastra, TāndyaBr. - graha, m. a vessel of clarified butter, KātyŚr.; (ās), m. pl., N. of certain formulæ, ApSr. - doha, n., v. l. for âcyā-do, q. v. -dhanvan, mfn. having the clarified butter for its bow, AitBr. - dhānī, f. receptacle of clarified butter, Kaus. - pá, mfn. drinking the clarified butter, VS.; SBr.; (ās), m. pl. a class of Manes (who are the sons of Pulastya [Mn. iii, 197 seq.] or of Kardama [VP.] and the ancestors of the Vaisya order). -pātra, n. a vessel for clarified butter. -bhāga (ajya-), m. a portion of clarified butter, SBr.; (au), m. du. the two portions of clarified butter belonging to Agni and Soma, SBr.; KatySr. &c.; MBh. xiv, 722; (mf(\tilde{a})n.) partaking of the clarified butter, TS. ii. - bhuj, m. 'consumer of clarified butter,' Agni, R. iii, 20, 38. - lipta (ajya-), mfn. anointed with clarified butter, SBr. - lepa, m.an unguent made of clarified butter, SānkhGr. - vāri, m. 'sea of clarified butter,' one of the seven mythical seas, L. - vilapani, f. the vessel containing the clarified butter, SBr. - sthālī, f. = -pātra above, MānSr.; MānGr. - havis (ajya-), mfn. having an oblation consisting of clarified butter, SBr.; AitBr. - homa, m. an oblation consisting of clarified butter, Gaut. Ajyā-doha, n., v. l. for acya-do, q. v. Ajyahutí, f. = ajya-homa above, SBr.; AitBr. &c.

आच anc (ā-√anc), (Impv. ancatu) to bend, curve, AV. xi, 10, 16; (cf. âc.)

आङ्ख् āñch, āñchati (Pot. āñchet; perf. āñcha or anāncha, Pān. Siddh.) to stretch, draw into the right position, set (a bone or leg), Susr.

Anchana, am, n. stretching, drawing, setting (a bone or leg), Susr.; Bālar.

आञ्च âñj (ā- /añj), (Impv. 2. sg. Ā. âkshva; ind. p. ajya; Impv. -anaktu; impf. 3. pl. a anjan) to anoint, AV. xix, 45, 5; AsvGr.; to polish, prepare, RV. vii, 44, 5; to honour, receive respectfully, RV. vi, 63, 3; vii, 43, 3; viii, 60, 1; (cf. akta.)

Anjana, am, n. ointment (especially for the eyes), AV.; TS.; SBr. &c.; fat, RV. x, 18, 7; (mfn.) having the colour of the collyrium used for the eyes, MBh. v, 1708; (i), f. collyrium for the eyes or a box filled with that ointment, R. ii, 91, 70. - gandhi (anjana-), mf(acc.oim)n. smelling of ointment, RV. x, 146, 6. - giri, m., N. of a mountain, Kāth.; (cf. añjana.) Âñjanâbhyañjana, e, n. du. ointment for the eyes and for the feet, KātyŠr.; (ās), f. pl., N. of a Sattra (which lasts for forty-nine days), Lāty. Anjanabhyanjanīya, am, n. sg. [KātySr.] or onīyā, ās, f. pl. [KātyŚr.; AśvŚr.] another N. of the above Sattra. Anjani-kari, f. a woman who anoints or makes ointments, VS. xxx, 14.

Anjanya, mfn. one whose eyes are to be anointed

with ointment, TBr.

आञ्चनेय āñjaneya, as, m. 'son of Añjanā,' N. of the monkey Hanumat, Mcar.

आञ्चलिक्प āñjalikya, am, n. fr. añjalika, (gana purohitadi, q. v.)

आञ्चस āñjasa, mf(ī) n. (fr. añjasā, q. v.), immediate, direct, Comm. on Bad.

Anjasya, am, n. (āt, ena) abl. instr. immediately, unhesitatingly, Kap.

आद्रिक āñjika, as, m., N. of a Dānava, Hariv. 216.

Anjiga, as, m., N. of a Danava, ArshBr.

आजिनेय āñjineya, as, m. a kind of lizard, L.; (cf. anjanikā.)

आञ्चीक्ल āñjī-kūla, am, n. (v. l. ājī-k°) N. of a country, (gana dhūmadi, q. v.) Anjīkulaka, mfn. (v. l. ajīk°), ib.

आर āt, ind. a croak (imitation of the sound uttered by a frog), TāndyaBr.

आर āṭa, mfn. (vaṭ), going, going after, only ifc., e. g. kanyâta, kshapâta, patny-āta &c.; (as), m., N. of a Nāga demon, TāndyaBr.; (cf. ātaka.)

Āṭaka, mf(ikā)n. going. See kāraskarātikā.

आटहम āṭarūsha, as, m. = aṭ°, q. v., L.

आटविक āṭavika, as, m. (fr. aṭavī), the inhabitant of a forest, Mn. ix, 257; MBh. &c.; a forester, Sāh.; (mfn.) consisting of inhabitants of the forest (as an army), Kām.

Atavin, ī, m., N. of a teacher, VāyuP. Atavi, f., N. of a town, MBh. ii, 1175. Atavya, as, m., v. l. for atavin, q. v.

आदि āti, is, f., N. of the bird Turdus Ginginianus, PārGr.; (cf. adi and ati.) Atī-mukha, n. 'the top of which is like the peak of the āti,' a surgical instrument employed in blood-letting, Suir. Atī-meda, m., N. of a bird, L.

आदिकी āṭikī, f., N. of the wife of Ushasti, ChUp. ['marriageable' or 'strolling about (fr. \at),' Comm.

आटोकन ā-tīkana, am, n. (/tīk), the leaping motion of a calf, L.; (cf. ātīlaka and ādhīlo.)

आदीकर āṭīkara, as, m. a bull, L. आटोमुख āṭī-mukha, &c. See āṭi.

भारोलक āṭīlaka, am, n. = ā-ṭīkana, q. v., L.

आटोप āṭopa, as, m. puffing, swelling, MBh. iii, 11587; Pañcat. &c.; a multitude, redundancy, BhP.; flatulence, borborygmi, Susr.; pride, self-conceit, Mricch. &c.; (cf. satopam.)

चाट्टस्यलीक āṭṭasthalīka,mfn.fr.aṭṭa-sthalī, (gana dhūmādi, q. v., not in Kāś.)

आद्वार āṭṇārá, as, m. a descendant of Aṭṇāra, N. of Para, TS. v; SBr. xiii; TandyaBr.; = atanašīla, 'fond of wandering' (Comm.), Nir. i, 14.

आडसूर āḍámbara, as, m. a kind of drum, SBr. xiv; MBh.; R.; a great noise, Sārng.; noisy behaviour, speaking loud or much, bombast, Kathās.; Sāh. &c.; the roaring of elephants, Kād.; the sounding of a trumpet as a sign of attack, L.; ifc. immensity, sublimity, the highest degree of, Uttarar.; Kathas.; Balar.; pleasure, L.; the eyelid; (the war-drum personified) N. of a being in the retinue of Skanda, MBh. ix, 2541. - vat, mfn. making much noise,