and day, i, 113, 2. - kshame, f. du. heaven and earth, L. - kshāmā (dyāo), f. du. id., RV. - prithivī (dyā°), f. du. id., RV.; AV. &c. (°vyaú, Suparn); -vat, mfn. connected with ho & eo, RV.; thiviya, mfn. relating or sacred to them (also vya), Br.; n. (scil. sūkta) a partic. hymn, SānkhBr. - bhūmī (dya), f. du. heaven and earth, RV.; AV. &c.

Dyumná, n. splendour, glory, majesty, power, strength, RV.; AV.; SrS.; MBh. i, 6406; enthusiasm, inspiration, RV.; VS.; wealth, possession = dhana, Naigh. ii, 10), Das.; food, L.; N. of a Saman, ArshBr.; m. N. of the author of RV. v, 53; of a son of Manu and Nadvala, BhP. - vat ("mná-), mfn. inspired or clearly sounding, RV. iii, 29, 15; strong, powerful, v, 28, 4 &c. - várdhana, mfn. increasing strength, ix, 31, 2. - sravas (°mná-), mfn. producing a strong or clear sound, v, 54, I. - sāti (°mná-), f. receiving inspiration or power, i, 131, 1. - hūti (°mná-), f. inspired invocation, i, 129, 7 &c. Dyumnā-sah (strong -sāh), mfn. bearing strength, i, 121, 8. Dyumno-da (fr. a stem mnas), mfn. granting splendour, NarUp.

Dyumni, m. N. of a prince, VP. omnin, mfn. majestic, strong, powerful, inspired, fierce, RV. mnīka, m. N. of a son of Vasishtha and author of RV. viii, 76.

Dyus. See anye-, apare-&c.

Dyo, Guna form of dyu in comp. - kara, m. maker of brightness,' builder of splendid edifices, Nīlak. on MBh. xii, 1799 (v. l. jyā-). - druma, m. the heavenly tree = kalpa-do, Naish. - bhūmi, m. 'moving between heaven and earth,' a bird, L.; (1), f. du. ho and eo, W. - shad, m. sitting in ho, a deity, L.

Dyau, Vriddhi form of dyu in comp. - kāmi, m. patr. fr. Dyu-kāma. - sansita (dyaú-), mfn. impelled or incited by heaven, AV. x, 3, 25. Dyaur-da, mfn. giving ho, ApSr. xvii, 5. -loka, m. the heavenly world, SBr. xiv, 6, 1, 9.

द्यक dyuka & °kári, w.r. for ghūka & °kári.

द्युत 1. dyut, cl. 1. A. dyótate, AV.; MBh. (also °ti) &c. (pf. didyute, p. °tāná, RV. [cf. Pān. vii, 4, 67], didyóta, AV.; dyutur, TS.; aor. adyutat and ádidyutat, Br.; ádyaut, RV.; Br., adyotishta, Pān. i, 3, 91; iii, 1, 55, Kāś., p. P. dyutat, A. 'tāná or dyútāna, RV.; fut. dyotishyati, Br.; ind. p. dyutitvā or dyoto, Pan. i, 2, 26, Kāš.; -dyutya, AitBr.) to shine, be bright or brilliant: Caus. dyotayati (°te, Bhatt.) to make bright, illuminate, irradiate, MBh.; Kāv.; to cause to appear, make clear or manifest, express, mean, Shadv-Br.; Laty.; Samk.; Sah.: Desid. didyutishati or didyot, Pān. i, 2, 26, Kāš.: Intens. dávidyot, 3 pl. 'dyutati, RV.; AV.; Br.; dedyutyate, Pān. vii, 4, 67, Kāš., to shine, glitter, be bright or brilliant.

2. Dyút, f. shining, splendour, ray of light, RV.; MBh. &c. (cf. danta-). "tat, mfn. shining; "tádyāman, mfn. having a shining path, RV. 'tāná, mfn. shining, bright, RV.; m. N. of a Rishi (with the patr. Māruta or 'ti, author of RV. viii, 85) and the hymn ascribed to him.

Dyuti, f. splendour (as a goddess, Hariv. 14035), brightness, lustre, majesty, dignity, Mn.; MBh.; Var.; Kāv. &c.; (dram.) a threatening attitude, Dašar.; Sāh.; m. N. of a Rishi under Manu Merusāvarņa, Hariv.; of a son of Manu Tāmasa, ib. - kara, mf(i)n. producing splendour, illuminating, bright, handsome, W.; m. the polar star or (in myth.) the divine sage Dhruva, L. -dhara, m. N. of a poet, Cat. - mat, mfn. resplendent, bright, Var.; Rajat.; splendid, majestic, dignified, MBh.; R. &c.; m. N. of a prince of the Madras and father-in-law of Saha-deva, MBh.; of a prince of the Salvas and father of Ricīka, ib.; of a son of Madirâsva and father of Su-vīra, ib.; of a son of Priya-vrata and king of Kraunca-dvipa, Pur.; of a son of Prana (Pandu), VP.; of a Rishi under the first Manu Meru-savarna (Hariv.) or under Manu Dākshasāvarni, BhP.; of a son of Manu Svāyam-bhuva, Hariv.; of a mountain, MBh.; (ī), f. N. of a woman, Cat. - mati, mfn. of brilliant understanding, clear-minded, R. iii, 78, 16.

Dyutita, mfn. enlightened, illuminated, shining (cf. dyotita and Pān. i, 2, 21, Kās.)

Dyutilā, f. Hemionitis Cordifolia, L.

I. Dyota, m. light, brilliance (cf. kha-, cintya-, nakha-); sunshine, heat, W.; (a), f. a squinting or a red-eyed or a red-haired woman, GrS., Comm. taka, mfn. shining, illuminating (cf. kha-); (ifc.)

making clear, explaining, Rājat. iii, 158; expressing, meaning, Sarvad.; -tva, n. ib.

1. Dyótana or dyotaná, mf(ā or ī)n. shining, glittering, RV.; illuminating, enlightening (cf. kha-); explaining, meaning, MW.; m. a lamp, Un. ii, 78, Sch.; N. of a man, RV. vi, 20, 8 (Say.); n. shining, being bright, Samk.; Kull.; illumination, BhP.; making manifest, explaining, showing, Samk.; Sarvad.; seeing, sight, L. otanaka, mf(ikā)n. making manifest, explaining; (ikā), f. explanation (ifc.), Cat. 'tani, f. splendour, brightness, RV. 'tita, mfn. shone upon, illustrated, bright (cf. dyuto); -prabha, mfn. resplendent, W. tin, mfn. shining, brilliant, Megh. 18; meaning, expressing (ifc.), Sarvad.

Dyotis, n. light, brightness; a star; "ir-ingana, m. a shining insect, fire-fly, L.; oish-patha, m. 'starpath,' the upper part of the air, Ragh. xiii, 18 (v. l. jyotish-).

Dyotman. See su-do.

Dyotya, mfn. to be expressed or explained, Pan. ii, 3, 26; 27, Kāš.

Dyauta, n. N. of sev. Samans, ArshBr. 'tana, n. N. of a Sāman, TāndBr.; Lāty. ottra, n. light, splendour, Un. iv, 160; forked lightning, W.

शुत् 3. dyut, Caus. dyotayati, to break, tear open, AV. iv, 23, 5 (cf. abhivi-, a-).

Dyuttá, mfn. broken, torn or rent asunder, AV. iv, 12, 2; Xii, 3, 22.

2. Dyota and tana. See hrid-do.

द्युत dyuta, n. N of the 7th mansion (= δυτόν), Var. (v. l. dyuna or dyūna).

द्यन dyuna. See prec.

v dyū, mfn. (fr.√2. div) playing or sporting with, delighting in (cf. aksha-, eka-, kama-, mṛiga-); f. game at dice (only dyúvam & dyuvé),

AV. vii, 50, 9; 109, 5 (cf. div).

Dyūtá, n. (m. only MBh. ii, 2119; cf. Pān. ii, 4, 31) play, gaming, gambling (esp. with dice, but also with any inanimate object), AV.; SrS.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; (fig.) battle or fight, contest for (comp.), MBh. iii, 3037 &cc.; the prize or booty won in battle, ib. vii, 3966; ix, 760. - kara, m. a gambler, Mricch.; -mandalī, f. a gambler's circle (cf. dyūtamandala), ib. ii, 5. - kāra, m. = -kara, Pañc.; = next, L. - kāraka, m. the keeper of a gaming-house, L. - kimkarī, f. = -dāsī, Pracand. ii, 42. - krit, m. a gambler, L. - krīdā, f. playing with dice, gambling, MW. - jita, mfn. won at dice, MBh. - ta, f. =  $-kr\bar{i}d\bar{a}$ , MBh. xii, 2519. - dāsa, m. a slave won at dice, Venīs. v, 32; (ī), f. a female slo won at dice, 29. - dharma, m. the laws concerning gambling, Mn. ix, 220. - palāyita, mfn. one who has run away from a game, Mricch. - pūrnimā or -paurnimī, f. the day of full moon in Kārttika (spent in games of chance in honour of Lakshmī), L. - pratipad, f. the first day of the bright half of the month Kārttika (celebrated by gambling), L. - priya, mfn. fond of gambling, MW. - phalaka, n. gambling-board, Pañcad. - bija, n. a cowrie (a small shell used as a coin and in playing), L. - bhumi, f. gambling-ground, playing-place, KātySr. - mandala, n. a circle or party of gamblers; a gamblinghouse, Nār. xvi, 5,6; MBh. ii, 2615; a circle drawn round a gambler (to make him pay), Mricch, ii, &. -lekhaka, m. or n. a gambling-bill, Mricch, it, 16. - vartman, n. method of go, Das. - visesha, m. pl. 'different kinds of go,' N. of ch. of Vatsyay. - vritti, m. a professional gambler; the keeper of a go-house, Mn.iii, 160. - vaitansika, m. pl. men who live by go and bird-catching, R. ii, 90,28. - sala, f. (Kathās.), -sadana, n. (BhP.), -sabhā, f. (W.), -samāja, m. (Daš.) a go-house; an assembly of gamblers. - samāhvaya-prakaraņa, n. 'a treatise on the law-suits arising from go,' N. of ch. of Visvesvara's Su-bodhini. Dyūtadhikarin, m. the keeper of a go-house, W. Dyūtâdhyaksha, m. superintendent of go, Das.

Dyūtya and °tvā. See a-dyūtyá and 2. div.

द्यन 1. dyūna, mfn. (fr. 1. and 2. div) lamenting, sorrowful, Bhojapr. (cf. pári-); playing, sportive, W.

द्यन 2. dyūna (ifc. also -ka), n. the 7th sign of the zodiac reckoning from that which the sun has entered, Var. (cf. dyuta & dyuna).

TI. dyai, cl. 1. P. dyāyati (Dhātup. xxii, 9), to despise, ill-treat.

2. Dyai, ind. fie! for shame! W.

En dyo, dyota &c. See under dyu and I. dyut.

द्याचित् dyaush-pitri. See under 3. div.

₹ drá, m. (fr. 2. drā?) AV. xi, 7, 3 (cf. uttara-drá [or -drú?], krishna-, madhu-).

हकर drakata or dragada, m. a kettle-drum for awakening sleepers, L.

द्रञ्चण drankshana, n. a measure of weight = tolaka), SarngS.

ইন্ন dranga, m. a town, city, Satr.; Rājat.; (ā), f. id., Rājat. (cf. udro [for ud-dro], ku-dro; tranga).

दृदय dradhaya (fr. dridha), Nom. P. °yati, to make firm, fasten, tighten, strengthen, Uttarar. ii, 27; confirm, assert, L.; Sch.; to stop, restrain, Sārng. (cf. dridhaya).

Dradhika, m. N. of a man, Panc. dhiman, m. firm place, stronghold against persecutors, Sch. on Yājň. iii, 227; firmness, resolution, Bālar.; Kathās.; BhP.; affirmation, assertion, Samk.

Dradhishtha and odhiyas, mfn. superl. and compar. of dridha, Pān. vi, 4, 161, Pat.

Drádhas, n. (for dhas?) garment, TS. iii, 2, 2, 2.

द्रम drapsá, m. ( v2. dru?) a drop (as of Soma, rain, semen &c.), RV.; SBr.; Gr. & SrS.; a spark of fire, RV. i, 94, 11; x, 11, 4; the moon (cf. indu), vii, 87, 6; flag, banner, iv, 13, 2; n. thin or diluted curds, L. - vat, mfn. ("psá-) besprinkled, AV.; containing the word drapsa, ApSr. Drapsin, mfn. falling in drops, RV. i, 64, 2; flowing thickly, SBr. xi, 4, 1, 15; distilling, MW. Drapsya, n. thin or diluted curds, L.

दुबुद्ध drabuddha, m. or n. a partic. high number, Buddh.

द्रम dram, cl. I. P. drámati (Naigh. ii, 14) to run about, roam, wander, Dhatup. xiii, 23; pf. dadramur, Bhatt.: Intens. dandramyate, id., KathUp. ii, 5. [Cf. √drā and 2. dru; Gk. ε-δραμ-ον, δέ-δρομ-α, δρόμος.

दामट dramita or 'ta, m. N. of a serpentking, L.

द्रामंड dramida, m. pl. N. of a school of grammarians (opposed to the Aryas), Cat. (cf. next and dravida). - bhashya, n. N. of Comm. on the Brahma-sutra.

द्रामल dramila, m. N. of a country (also =dravida), L.; of a lexicographer (v.l. drimo); pl. his school, L.; Cat.

द्भा dramma, fr. and = Gk. δραχμή, Cat.;

द्व dravá, mfn. (fr. 12. dru) running (as a horse), RV. iv, 40, 2; flowing, fluid, dropping, dripping, trickling or overflowing with (comp.), Kāth.; Mn.; MBh.; Kāv.; fused, liquefied, melted, W.; m. going, quick motion, flight, Hariv.; play, sport, Jātakam.; distilling, trickling, fluidity, Bhāshāp.; juice, essence, decoction; stream or gush of (comp.), Kav.; (dram.) the flying out against one's superior, Dasar.; Sāh.; N. of one of the Visve Devās, Hcat. - ja, m. treacle, L. - ta, f. (Kād.; Sis.), -tva (Hit.) and -tvaka (Bhāshāp.), n. natural or artificial fluid condition of a substance, fluidity, wetness. - dravya, n. a fluid substance, Suir. - prâya, mfn. chiefly fluid (food), ib. - maya,  $mf(\bar{i})$ n. liquid, soft, Mālatīm. iii, 4. - mūrti, f. fluid condition, Pān. vi, I, 24. - rasa, f. 'having fluid essence,' lac, gum, extract, L. - vasu, m. N. of a prince, VP. - sveda, m. a hot bath, Suir. Dravadhara, m. fluid-holder, a small vessel or receiver, L. Dravêtara, mfn. 'other than fluid,' hard, solid, congealed, Kir. xvii, 60. Dravôttara, mfn. chiefly fluid, very fluid, Susr.

Dravaka, mfn. running, Vop. vana, n. running, TBr.; Hariv.; melting, becoming fluid, SarngP.; dropping, exuding, W.; heat, W.

Drávat, mfn. running, swift, RV. &c.; trickling, oozing, W.; (antī), f. a river, L.; Anthericum Juberosum, Suir.; (át), ind. quickly, speedily. Dravác-cakra, mfn. having rapid wheels, RV.viii, 34, 18. Dravat-pattrī, f. a kind of shrub (= simridī), L. Dravát-pāni, mfn. swift-footed, RV. viii,