जेहिल jehilu, m. N. of a Jain Sūri (successor of Nāga), Kalpas. sthavir. xii f.

त्र jai, cl. 1. jāyati, to wane, perish, Dhātup. xxii, 17; cf. √kshai.

जैक श्रून्य jaikašūnya, m. N. of a man, Pravar. i, I (vv.ll. jek' & jihvāš').

(g. gargādi), N. of an ancient Rishi (named along with Asita Devala), MBh. ii, ix, xii f.; Hariv. 952; VarBṛS. iil, 62; BhP. ix, 21, 26. Jaigīshavyê-èvara, n. N. of a Linga in Bārāṇasī, KāšīKh. lxiii. Jaigīshavyāyaṇī, f. of vya, g. lohitādi.

author on medicine, Todar.; Bhpr.; (jejj°) Nid., Sch.

riumphant, superior, RV.i, 102, 3; x, 103, 5; MBh.; Ragh. &c.; leading to victory, RV.; SBr. xiii; ĀśvŚr. iv, 13; MBh. &c.; m. a conqueror, W.; N. of a son of Dhrita-rāshṭra, ix, 1404; n. victory, triumph, superiority, RV.; AV. xx; TBr. ii; (i), f. Sesbania ægyptiaca, L. — ratha, m. a triumphant car, Daś. Jaitrāyana, patr., Pravar. iii, I (v. l. caitr).

Jaitrāyani, fr. otra, g. karnadi.

Jaitriya, n. victory, ApSr.vi, 20. Jaitva, mfn., see jėtva. Jaitvayani, fr. jitvan, g. karnadi.

Jaina, mf(ī)n. relating to the Jinas, Sarvad. iii f.; Pāršvan. ii, 36; m. a worshipper of the Jinas, Jaina, Sarvad. iii, vii, xi; = ;, N. of a prince of Kašmīr; (ī), f. the Jaina doctrine, Hcar. viii. — taramginī, f. a history of Kašmīr by Šri-vara. — nagara, n. N. of a town built by prince Jaina. — pāla, m. N. of a man. Jaināyatana, n. a Jaina monastery, Daš. vii. Jaināsrama, m. id., L. Jaināndra, m. N. of a grammarian; cf. jin°; n. Jinēndra's grammar; -vyā-karana, n. N. of a grammar by Abhaya-nandi (commented on by Deva-nandi, Abhaya- & Soma-deva). Jainya, mfn. relating to the Jainas.

Jaipāla, °laka, irr. for jaya-p°, Croton, Bhpr. Jaimani, m. patr. fr. jėman, Pravar. iv, 1 & vi, 3 (v. l.) Jaimantāyana, v. l. for jīvantyāy°

Jaimini, m. (= mani) N. of a celebrated sage and philosopher (he was a pupil of Vyāsa [who made over to him the SV., BhP. i, 4, 21; VāyuP.], Sāmav-Br.; MBh. if., xii; and was Udgātri priest at Janamejaya's snake-sacrifice, i, 2046; and was founder of the Pūrva- or Karma-Mīmānsā, Pañcat.; Madhus.), ĀsvGr. iii, 4; ŠānkhGr.; Pravar. i, 4; iv, 1; Hariv.; Bādar. &c. -kadāra, m. = kadāra-jaimini, the red Jaimini, Pān. ii, 2, 38, Kās. -kosa-sūtra, n. N. of a work. -bhāgavata, n. N. of a modern revision of BhP. -bhārata, n. N. of a modern revision of MBh. -sūtra, n. N. of a work, Praudh.

Jaimini (a Dharma-sästra), Sarvad. xii, 19; m. an adherent of Jaimini, SSamkar. xvi, 79; pl. N. of a school of the SV., Caran.; n. Jaimini's work, Sarvad. iv, 195.—nyāya-mālā-vistara, m. N. of a compendium of the Mīmānsā philosophy by Mādhava.

जिम्त jaimūta, mfn. relating to the sage Jimūta, MBh. v, 3845.

जयर jaiyata, N. of Kaiyata's father.
Jaiyyata, v.l. for jaijjata.

personal soul (jīva), Bādar. ii, 3, 47, Sch.; relating to Jupiter (Thursday, Vishņ.lxxviii, 5); VarBṛ.; Sūryas.

Jaivantāyaná, m. (Pāņ. iv, 1, 103) = ti, SBr.

xiv, 7, 3, 26; Pravar. i, 4 (v.l.)

Jaivantāyani, fr. jīvanta, g. karnādi.

Jaivanti, m. patr. fr. jīvanta, Pāņ. iv, 1, 103.

Jaivantyāyani, v.l. for jīvantyāyana.

Jaivala, m. patr. fr. jīv, SBr. xiv, 9, 1, 1.

Jaivali, m. id., ChUp. i, 8, 1; v, 3, 1.

Jaivātrika, mfn. (cf. jīvātu) long-lived, one for whom long life is desired, Das. viii, 4 (voc.); thin,

lean, L.; m. the moon, Bhām. ii, 76; camphor, L.; a peasant, Un., Sch.; a medicament, L.; a son, L. Jaivi, fr. jīva, g. sutamgamādi.

Jaiveya, m. patr. fr. jīva, g. subhrādi.

जेणाव jaishņava, mfn. fr. jishņu, W.

Jihnus, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 104, Vārtt. 28, Pat.

Jaihmākani, m. patr., ib. (vv. ll. °māshmani

[for omasmani?] & jihmaka). Jaihmäsineya, m. patr. fr. jihmäsin, Pān. vi, 4, 174; g. subhrādi. Jaihmi, m. patr. fr. jihmá, Pravar. vi, 3 (v.l.) Jaihmya, n. (fr. jihmá) 'crookedness,' deceit, falsehood, Mn. xi, 68; Yājñ. iii, 229; Vyavahārat.

the tongue (jihvá), Suparņ. xvii, I; Bālar. i, 14.

Jaihvalāyani, patr. fr. jihvala, Pravar. ii, 2, 1.

Jaihvākāta, mfn. fr. jihvā-kātya, Pāņ. i, 1, 73,

Vārtt. 8. Jaihvya, n. the sense of taste in the tongue, BhP. iv, 29, 54; vii, 6, 13 & 15, 18.

जोग jógű, mfn. ( $\sqrt{gu}$ ) praising, RV. x, 53. जोज jonga, n. (cf. junga) aloe wood, L. Jongaka, n. id., Bhpr. v, 2, 21; cf. °gala.

जोङ्गर jongața, m. = dohada, L.

जोङ्गल jongala, m. = ogaka, Npr.

नोटिङ्ग jotinga, m. an ascetic who subjects himself to severe penances, L.; Siva, L.

Jotin, 'tinga, m. Siva, L.

जोड joda, ifc. the chin (e.g. a-, aśva-, eka-, khara-, go-, markața-, sūkara-, hasti-; jahi-), L.

जोतिक jotika, m. N. of a family, Ratnak. जोनराज jona-rāja, m. N. of the author of Rājat. (commenced A.D. 1148).

जोना jonnālā, f. = yavanāla, L. जोमा jomā, f. a kind of broth, Divyâv.

जोल jola, N. of a mixed caste, BrahmavP. i, 9, 121 (also °lā jāti).

proval, pleasure, RV. i, 120, 1; jósham á or ánu jo, 'according to one's pleasure, to one's satisfaction,' RV.; silence, Naish. v, 78; (am), ind. (g. svar-ādi) according to one's wish or liking, RV.; with  $\sqrt{as}$  [MBh. ii, vii f., xii, xv; Sak. v,  $\frac{18}{19}$ ],  $\sqrt{1.}$  as [Naish. vi, 107; Pāršvan. iii, 168],  $\sqrt{sthā}$  [KāšīKh.], to remain quiet or silent; cf. á-, sa-jósha, yathā-jo-sham. — vāká, m. chattering nonsense, RV. vi, 59, 4. Joshaka. See kāla-, s. v. 2. kālá.

Joshana, n. ifc. liking, BhP. iii, 25, 25; 'choosing,' see bhūmi-joshaná; approval, W.; (ā), f. expression of satisfaction by the word jush, KātyŚr. v.

Joshayitavya, mfn. to be approved without reflection, Nir. v, 21. Jóshayitri, mfn. = joshtrí, ŠBr. ix, 2, 3, 10 (superl. -tama); Nir. ix, 41f. (f. trī). Joshas. See ví-, sa-jóshas.

Joshtrí & jóshtri, mf(nom. du. °shtrí)n. loving, cherishing, fostering, RV. iv, 41, 9; VS.; ĀśvŠr. ii, 16; ŠānkhŠr. viii, 18, 6; MānGr.; Nir. Jóshya, mfn. delightful, RV. i, 173, 8; BhP.; cf. á-.

जोषा joshā, f. = yoshā, a woman, L.

जोषिका joshikä, f. a cluster of buds, L. जोषित joshit, °shitä, f. = yoshit, L.

जोह न johútra, mfn. (√hve) making noise, RV. ii, 10, 1; challenging, 20,3; neighing, i, 118,9.

जोमर jaumara, n. Jumara's grammar; m. pl. the followers of Jumara, Durgād. on Vop.

जोलायनभक्त jaulāyana-bhakta, mfn. inhabited by the Jaulāyanas, g. aishukāry-ādi.

जोहब jauhava, mfn. relating to the sacrificial ladle (juhú), KātyŚr. vi, 7, 6.

जोहोत्पादिक jauhotyādika, mfn. belonging to juhoty-ādi, Pāṇ. iii, 1, 56, Siddh.

a 1. jña, for 1. jñu. See ūrdhva-.

1. Jñu, in comp. & ifc. (see abhi- & asita-jñú, ūrdhvá-, pra-, mitá-, sam-) for jánu. - bádh, mfn. bending the knees. RV. vi. 1. 6.

mfn. bending the knees, RV. vi, 1, 6.

3. 2. jñá, jñaka, jñapita, &c. See below.

i, 3, 76; Subj. °nāt; Impv. °nītāt, 2. sg. °nīhi, onceirr. jña, BhP. x, 89, 46; [fr. cl. 3.] jijāhi, MBh. xiii, 4493; 2. pl. irr. °nata. ii, 2397; 2. sg. Ā. irr. °nase, Divyâv. xviii; p. °nát, °nāná, 1rr. °namāna [MBh.]; pf. jajňau, °jňe [Pass., Rājat. v, 481], 3. pl. °jňúr, RV. vii, 79, 4; ŠBr. xi; p. °jňāná, RV. x, 14, 2; fut. jňāsyati, °te; aor. ajňāsīt, °sta, Pass. ájňāyi, vi, 65, 1 &c.; Pot. jňāyāt or jňey°,

Pān. vi, 4, 68; 2. sg. jneyas = γνοίης, RV. ii, 10, 6; inf. jñātum) to know, have knowledge, become acquainted with (acc.; rarely gen., MBh. iii, 2154; Hariv. 7095), perceive, apprehend, understand (also withinf. [Pān. iii, 4, 65], MBh. ii, v; Das.), experience, recognise, ascertain, investigate, RV. &c.; to know as, know or perceive that, regard or consider as (with double acc., e.g. tasya mām tanayām jānīta, 'know me to be his daughter,' MBh. iii, 2476; with mrishā, 'to consider as untrue,' Ratnav. ii, 18), Mn. &c.; to acknowledge, approve, allow, VS. xviii, 59f.; AV. ix, 5, 19; SBr. i, xi, xiv; to recognise as one's own, take possession of, SaddhP.; to visit as a friend, AV. x, 1, 25; to remember (with gen.), MBh. xii, 5169; A. to engage in (gen., e.g. sarpisho, 'to make an oblation with clarified butter'), Pān. i, 3, 45; ii, 3, 51: Caus. jnapayati, to teach any one (acc.), Sankh-Sr. xv; jñāpo (Pass. jñāpyate) to make known, announce, teach anything, MBh. ii, xii; Käty. & Pat.; to inform any one (gen.) that (double acc.), MBh.i, 5864; A. to request, ask, ChUp. ii, 13, 1 (jnapo); MBh. iii, 8762 (jñāp°): Desid. jijnāsate (Pān. i, 3, 57; ep. also P.) to wish to know or become acquainted with or learn, investigate, examine, Mn. ii, 13; MBh. &c.; to wish for information about (acc.), Kathās. xxii, 84; to conjecture, AV. xiv, 1, 56: Caus. Desid. jijnapayishati (also 'jnap', Siddh.) & jñīpsati (cf. psyamāna), to wish to make known or inform, Pāṇ. vii, 2, 49 & 4, 55; [cf. γνω-θι &c.]

2. Jná, mf(a)n. (iii, I, 135) knowing, familiar with (chiefly in comp.; rarely gen. or loc., MBh.xii, 12028; R. vii, 91, 25), SBr. xiv, 7, 2, 3; Mn. &c.; intelligent, having a soul, wise, (m.) a wise and learned man, SvetUp.; PrasnUp.; Bādar.; VarBr.; BhP. vii; having Jñā as deity, Pān. vi, 4, 163, Pat.; m. the thinking soul (= purusha), Sāmkhyak.; Nyāyad. iii, 2, 20, Sch.; the planet Mercury, VarBrS.; VarBr.; Laghuj.; Süryas.; the planet Mars, L.; Brahmā, L.; (ā), f. N. of a woman, Pān. vi, 4, 163, Pat.; [cf. Lat. mali- & beni-gnu-s.] -ta, f. intelligence, Yājñ. iii, 142; Nyāyad., Sch.; ifc. knowledge of, Nal. xix, 24. - tva, n. intelligence, Nyāyad., Sch. - m-manya, mfn. thinking one's self wise, Rajat. iii, 491. - sakti, f. the intellectual faculty, Bādar. ii, 2, 9.

Jñaka, mf(akā or ikā)n. dimin. fr. 2. jñá, Pāņ. vii, 3, 47. Jñapita, mfn. = ptá, 2, 27.

Jñaptá, mfn. (2, 27) instructed, SBr. xi, 5, 3, 8 ff.
Jñapti, f. understanding, apprehension, ascertainment of (in comp.), VarBr. i, 2; Kathās.; BhP. x, 89, 2; Sarvad. xi f. (ifc. \*tika\*); the exercise of the intellectual faculty, intelligence, BhP. x; Jaim. i, 1, 5, Sch. — caturtha, mfn. scil. karman, Divyâv. xxvi.
Jñaptika, see \*pti. 2. Jñā, mfn. ifc. \*knowing,

familiar with,' see rita-, pada- & pra-jñā, á-sam-.

3. Jñā, f. for ā-j° (by irr. Sandhi after e and o),

MBh. i, 3168; iii, 16308.

Jñātá, mfn. known, ascertained, comprehended, perceived, understood, AV. xix, 15, 6; SBr. &c. (ām jñātam, 'Ah! I know,' Mricch. i, \( \frac{9}{7}; \) Sak. &c.); meant (mayā jñātam, 'I meant'), Kād. vi, 995; taken for (nom.), Pañcat. i, 2, 2; known as (nom.) to (gen.), Vop. v, 27; m. pl. N. of Mahā-vīra's family, Jain. — kulīna, mfn. belonging to a known family, SBr. iv, 3, 4, 19. — tā, f. the being known or understood, Sarvad. — nandana, m. 'son of the Jñāta family,' Mahā-vīra, Jain. — putra, m. id., ib. — mātre, loc. ind. on its being merely ascertained, Nal. xvi, 4. — sarvasva, mfn. all-knowing, Caurap. — siddhânta, mfn. completely versed in any science, L. Jñātā-dharma-kathā, f. the 6th Anga of the Jains. Jñātânvaya, m. = 'ta-nandana, W.

Jñātaka, mfn. known, &c., g. yāvādi.
Jñātavya, mfn. to be known or understood or investigated or inquired after, MBh.; Hariv.; perceptible III.

ible, III43; to be considered as, Cāṇ.; Mn., Sch. Jñātí, m. 'intimately acquainted' (cf. Goth. knō-di), a near relation ('paternal relation,' L. & Sch.; cf. sam-bandhin), kinsman, RV.; AV. xii, 5, 44; TBr. i &c. = karman, n. the act or duty of a kinsman, Gobh. ii, I, Io. = kārya, n. id., Mn. xi, 188; Hariv. 9085. = tva, n. consanguinity, relationship, Mn. xi, 173. = dāsī, f. a female house-slave, R. ii, 7, I. = putra, m. the son of a relative, Pāṇ. vi, 2, 133; for ta-p, Buddh. = prabhuka, mf(ā)n. foremost among relations, Yājñ. ii, §, 28. = prāya, mfn. chiefly destined for kinsmen, Mn. iii, 264. = bhāva, m. relationship, Hit. ii, 5, 8. = bheda, m. dissension among relatives, Hariv. 7304. = mat, mfn. having near relations, ŠānkhGṛ. i, 9. = mukhá, mfn. having