mf[ā]n.id., Amar.); -skandha, m. 'broad-shouldered,' N. of Arjuna, L.; -sravā, f. = °lāsravā, L.; -hri-daya, mfn. large-hearted, l°-minded, Bhartr. (v.l.); °lāyatāksha, mfn. having large and long eyes, MW.; °lārtha-bhoga-vat, mfn. having great wealth and many enjoyments, VarBṛS.; °lāsravā, f. Aloe Perfoliata, L.; °lēkshana, mfn. large-eyed, MW.; -lô-raska, mfn. broad-chested, ib.; °lāujas, mfn. having great strength, very strong, R.

Vi-pulaka, mfn. 'very extensive' and 'without

bristling hair,' Sis. (cf. pulaka).

Vipulaya, Nom. P. vati, to lengthen, make longer, Subh.

Vipuli-/kri, P. -karoti, to extend, BhP.

Vipulī-bhāva, m. spaciousness, extensiveness, VP.

fay  $vi-\sqrt{p\bar{u}}$ , P. -punāti, to cleanse thoroughly, purify effectually, MBh.; = vi-dārayati, Nir. xii, 30, Sch.

Vi-pavya, mfn. to be thoroughly cleansed or puri-

fied, Pan. iii, I, 117, Sch.

Vi-pūya, mfn. cleansing, purifying, Bhatt.; m. Saccharum Munjia, Pān. iii, 1, 117.

विपूजन vi-pūjana, m. ( / pūj) N. of a man, MaitrS.

विष्यक vi- $p\bar{u}yaka$ , n. ( $\sqrt{p\bar{u}y}$ ) suppuration or an offensive smell, Suir.; a decomposed corpse, Buddh.

fayavi- /pric, P.-prinakti (Impv.-prink-tam, Pot.-papricyāt, inf.-price), to isolate, separate from (instr.), VS.; to scatter, dispel, RV. iv, 13, 3; to fill, satiate, ib. iv, 24, 5. "prikta (vi-), mfn. separated, divided, ib. i, 163, 3. "prikvat, mfn. unmixed, pure, ib. v, 2, 3 (= sarvato vyāpta, Sāy.)

Vi-pric, mfn. isolated, separate, VS.

विपृच्छम् vi-priccham. See vi-√prach.

विष्ण vi-pṛitha, vi-pṛithu. See p. 951.

विपोधा vipo-dhā. See √vip, p. 972.

विप्र vipra &c. See √vip, p. 972.

tered or thrown about, dispersed, dashed to pieces, MBh.; R. &c.; dishevelled, loose (see comp.), extended, wide, spacious, R.; -siroruha, mfn. having dishevelled or flowing hair, MBh. iii, 401; naîka-pārsva, mfn. having one side stretched out, Megh. 87 (v.l. for sam-ni-kīrn°).

with disrespect, hurt, injure, offend, oppress, MBh.; R. &c.; to appoint, admit (sākshye, as a witness), MBh. v, 1225 (prob. w.r. for adhi-\kri): Pass. of Caus. -kāryate, to be slighted or injured or treated disrespectfully, MW. "prakartri, mfn. injuring, an injurer, offender, ib.

Vi-prakāra, m. treating with disrespect, hurt, injury, wickedness, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; retaliation, W.; various manner, MW. (rather fr. vi-pra-√kṛī). °prakārin, mfn. treating with contempt, opposing,

retaliating, W.

Vi-prakṛit, mfn. hurting, injuring, offending (with gen.), BhP. 'prakṛita, mfn. hurt, injured, offended &c.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; thwarted, frustrated, MBh. 'prakṛiti, f. change, variation, Yājñ. ii, 9; injury, offence, opposition, retaliation, W.

drag or draw apart, lead away or home, MBh.; to remove from (abl.), Naish.

Vi-prakarsha, m. dragging away, carrying off, MBh.; remoteness, distance (in space or time), Gobh.; Kāv.; difference, contrast, MBh.; (in gram.) the separation of two consonants by the insertion of a vowel.

Wi-prakṛishṭa, mfn. dragged or drawn apart &c.; remote, distant, a long way off, R.; Pañcat.; Susr. (with gen. or abl.; Pāṇ. ii, 3, 34; 'ṭād āgataḥ, come from afar, ib. ii, I, 39, Sch.); remote in rank, see a-vip'; protracted, lengthened, MW.; -tva, n. remoteness, distance, MBh.; 'ṭântara, mfn. separated by a long distance, Sak. 'prakṛishṭaka, mfn. remote, distant, L.

विष्रक्रिणं-pra-klripti, f. (√klrip) separate or special arrangement or preparation, KātyŚr.

विष्रगम् vi-pra-\gam, -gacchati, to go apart or asunder, be dispersed or scattered, MBh.

विप्रगीत vi-pra-gita, mfn. ( $\sqrt{gai}$ ) that about which opinions differ, not agreed upon, Jaim., Sch.

विप्रचिन vi-pra-\cint (only ind. p. -cint-

विप्रकास vi-pra-cchanna, mfn. (√chad) concealed, hidden, secret, Kathās.

विष्ठ vi- \prach, P.-pricchati (rarely te; Ved. inf.-priccham), to ask various questions, make various inquiries, RV.; BhP.

Vi-prishţa, m. N. of a son of Vasu-deva, BhP. Vi-prasna, m. interrogation of fate, Pān. i, 4, 39 (cf. vaiprasnika). prasnika, m. a fortune-teller, Kath.; (ā), f. L.

विप्रजिति viprájitti, m. N. of a preceptor, SBr. (cf. vipra-citti).

fanus vi-pra-nas ( $\sqrt{2.nas}$ ), P.-nasyati,
-nasati, to be lost, perish, disappear, Yājā.; MBh.;
to have no effect or result, bear no fruit, MBh.:
Caus.-nāsayati, to cause to be lost or perish, SaddhP.

pranāsa, see a-v°. pranashta, mfn. (not pranashta, cf. Pān. viii, 4, 36) lost, disappeared, gone,
fruitless, vain, MBh.; -višeshaka, mfn. one who has
lost his discriminative faculty, R.

विष्रणी vi-pra- $n\bar{i}$  ( $\sqrt{n\bar{i}}$ ), to turn (the mind) to (loc.), MBh.; to let elapse or pass away (time), ib.

postor, deceiver, L. °pratārita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) imposed upon, deceived, Satr.

विप्रतिकृ vi-prati-√1. kri, P. -karoti, to counteract, oppose, MW. °pratikāra, m. counteraction, opposition, reverse, retaliation, ib. °pratikāra, mfn. counteracted, opposed, requited, ib.

go in different or opposite directions, turn here and there, SBr.; to roam, wander (said of the senses), Kād.; to be perplexed or confounded, be uncertain how to act, waver, hesitate, MBh.; to differ or diverge in opinion, be mutually opposed, Samk.; to be mistaken, have a false opinion about (loc.), Car.; to reply falsely or erroneously, Nyāyas., Sch.

Vi-pratipatti, f. divergence, difference or opposition (of opinion or interests), contrariety, contradiction, SrS.; Gaut.; VarBrS. &c.; incompatibility of two conceptions, opposition of one rule to another, Sarvad.; erroneous perception or notion, error, mistake, Sušr.; Car.; suspicion about (loc.), Jātakam.; aversion, hostile feeling or treatment, ib.; false reply or objection (in argument), Nyāyas.; various acquirement, conversancy, W.; mutual connection or relation, ib.

Vi-pratipadya, mfn. to be opposed or contested,

W.; to be variously acquired, ib.

Vi-pratipanna, mfn. gone in different directions &c.; perplexed, confounded, uncertain, Āpast.; of opposite opinion, dissentient, Samk.; Sarvad.; wrong, false (as an opinion), Pat.; having a false opinion, being mistaken about or in (loc.), Car.; forbidden, prohibited, Āpast.; conversant or acquainted with in various ways, W.; mutually connected, ib.; -buddhi, mfn. having a false opinion, being mistaken or in error, Pat.

विप्रतिभा vi-prati-√bhā, P. -bhāti, to appear as, seem to be (nom.), MBh.

विप्रतिषड vi-prati-shiddha, mfn. (√2. sidh) prohibited, forbidden, KātyŚr.; contradicted, opposed (am, ind.), Nir.; Āpast. &c.; of opposed

meaning, Pān. ii, 4, 13.

Vi-pratishedha, m. restraining, keeping in check, MBh.; opposition, contradiction, contrariety, conflict (of two statements), SrS.; Samk. &c. (esp. in gram., pratishedhe, where there is a conflict between two rules, Pāṇ. i, 4, 2; "dhena, in consequence of a conflict of two rules, iv, I, I70, Vārtt. I; pūrva-vipratishedha, a conflict of two rules of which the former prohibits the latter, iv, 2, 39, Vārtt. I; para-v, a conflict of two rules of which the latter prohibits the former, ii, 2, 35, Vārtt. I, Pat.); prohibition, negation, annulment, Nyāyas.

विप्रतिसार vi-prati-sāra, n. (L. m., fr.

√sri) repentance, Kārand.; evil, wickedness, L.; anger, wrath, L.; -vat, mfn. = next, Jātakam. °pratisārin, mfn. full of repentance, Lalit.; afflicted, dejected, ib. °pratīsāra, m. = °pratisāra, L.

to spread (trans.), RV. vi, 72, 2; (A.) to spread out, extend (intrans.), be wide, RV.; TS.; Hcar.: Caus. -prathayati, spread out or abroad, celebrate, RV.; MBh.; to unfold, display, exhibit, MBh. °prathita, mfn. spread out or abroad, celebrated, MBh.

fauge vi-pra-dushta, mfn. (\square dush) very corrupt or corrupted, very sensual or dissolute, very bad, Mn. ix, 72 &c.; -bhāva, mfn. having a very wicked or vicious disposition, ib. ii, 97.

विषद्ध vi-pra-\duh, P. -dogdhi (cf. pravi-\duh), to milk out, drain, exploit, RV. iv, 24, 9 (Sāy. 'to take').

विषद् vi-pra- \dru, P. -dravati, to run asunder or away, disperse, flee, PañcavBr.; MBh.; R. °pradruta, mfn. fled, escaped, MBh.; R.

विषय vi-pra-dharsha, m. (√dhrish) harassing, annoyance (in ati-v°), R.

विष्णाच् vi-pra-√1. dhāv, P. -dhāvati, to run in different directions, MBh.

विप्रनष्ट vi-pranashṭa. See vi-pra-ṇas.

method of flying, Pañcat.; a precipice, abyss, MBh.

awakened, awake, Megh. prabodhita, mfn. (/budh)
Caus.) mentioned, discussed, MBh.

विष्रमाधिन vi-pra-māthin, mfn. (/math) destroying everything, destructive, Kām.

विष्रमादिन vi-pra-mādin, mfn. (√mad) heeding nothing, thoroughly heedless, ib. (v.l.)

unfasten, take off, MBh.; to liberate, set free, ib.; to discharge, hurl, shoot, R.: Pass. -mucyate, to be liberated or released from (abl.), get off free, MBh.; Kāv.; Pur.

Vi-pramukta, mfn. loosened &c.; discharged, shot, hurled, R.; delivered or freed from (instr. or comp.), MBh.; BhP.; v.l. for vi-prayukta (below); -bhaya, mfn. removed from danger, free from fear, Hariv. pramocya, mfn. to be liberated or freed from (abl.), R.

विष्ममह vi-pra-√muh, Caus. -mohayati, to throw into confusion, render confused, MBh.

Vi-pramoha, m. committing a fault, transgression (in a-vipro), AsvSr. pramohita, mfn. confused, perplexed, bewildered, MBh.

loosening, release, ChUp.; Sarvad.; deliverance from (abl. or gen.), MBh.; Hcat. pramokshana, n. (ifc.) deliverance from, Hariv.; Sarvad.

fayulu vi-pra-yāṇa, n. ( $\sqrt{y\bar{a}}$ ) going away, flight, L. °prayāta, mfn. gone apart or asunder, fled in all directions, MBh.

rate from, deprive of (instr.), MBh.: Pass. -yujyate, to be separated from (instr.), R.: Caus. -yojayati, to cause to be separated from, deprive of (instr.), R.; to release from (instr.), Hariv.

Vi-prayukta, mfn. separated or removed or absent from, destitute of, free from, without (instr. or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; not being in conjunction

with, VarBrS. (v.l. opramukta).

Vi-prayoga, m. disjunction, dissociation, separation from (instr. with or without saha, gen., or comp.), Mn.; MBh.&c.; absence, want, Sāh.; quarrel, disagreement, W.; the being fit or deserving, ib. prayogin, mfn. separated (from a beloved object), Kathās. prayojita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) freed from (instr.), Hariv.

course or speak about variously, be at variance, disagree, Pān. i, 3, 50 (also Ā.); to complain, lament, bewail, MBh. "pralapita, mfn. discussed, debated about, MW. "pralapta, n. discussion, debate, disquisition, MBh. 2. "pralāpa, m. (for I. see p. 951,