injury, Bhpr. - vrata, mfn. one who has violated a vow or religious engagement, L. - sarpana, n. loss of the faculty of moving, Suśr. - hara, n. 'removing sores,' Agallochum or Aloe wood, L. Kshatâbhyanga, m. 'mutilated portion of a Havis,' i.e. the portion from which anything has been taken away, KātyŚr. iii, 3, Paddh. Kshatâri, mfn. 'one whose enemies are destroyed,' victorious, triumphant. Kshatôttha, mfn. produced by injury (as cough), Sušr. Kshatôdara, n. injury of the bowels by any indigestive substance, flux, dysentery, Bhpr. Kshatôdbhava, mfn. produced by injury, Sušr.; (am), n. (=kshata-ja) blood, MBh. xiii, 2797. Kshatânjas, mfn. 'of diminished power,' impaired, weakened, reduced.

Kshati, is, f. injury, hurt, wound, MBh. &c.; loss, want (of the means of living. cf. kshata-vrit-ti), Hit.; damage, disadvantage, MBh. &c.; defect, fault, mistake, Sāh.; destruction, removal of (in comp.), Kum. ii, 24; Rājat. v, 234; Šāntiš. — mat,

mfn. wounded, Sis. xix, 78.

Kshatin, mfn. wounded, injured, Car. vi, 17; (for kshata-kāsin) one who has a cough produced by an injury, Bhpr. i.

खन् 2. kshan, aor. Subj. 3. pl. /ghas, q. v.

ह्यानाच्य kshantavya, ontri. See Vksham.

I. kshap, cl. I. P. A. kshapati, te (pr. p. kshápamāna; inf. kshapitum, BhP.iii, 23,6), to be abstinent, fast, do penance, SV.; Kauš.; Mn. v, 69; MBh. &c.; (for \sqrt{kship}, Ritus. v, 9.)

Kshapa, mfn., v. l. for kshama, q. v.

Kshapaka, mfn. one who is abstinent, HParis.

1. Kshapana, as, m. 'fasting,' a religious mendicant, Jaina (or Buddhist) mendicant, L.; N. of a Samādhi, Kārand.; (ās), m. pl., N. of a Buddhist school, L.; (ā), f., N. of a Yogini, Hcat.; (am), n. abstinence, chastisement of the body ['pause, interruption (of study), defilement, impurity,' Comm.; cf. 2. kshapana], PārGr.; Gaut.; Mn. iv, 222; v, 71; MBh. xiii, 5145.

Kshapanaka, as, m. a religious mendicant, (especially a) Jaina mendicant who wears no garments, MBh. i, 789; Cān.; Pañcat.; Kād. &c.; N. of an author supposed to have lived at the court of king Vikramâditya (perhaps the Jaina astronomer Siddha-sena). — vihāra, m. a Jaina monastery, Daš.

Kshapani-bhūta, mfn. one who has adopted the habit or appearance of a religious mendicant, Das.

1. **Kshapayishņu**, mfn. one who intends to efface or do penance for (acc.), BhP. x, 82, 6.

ख्य 2.kshap, cl. 10. P. kshapayati, tothrow, cast, Dhātup. xxxv, 84; (cf. √kship.)

Kshapani, $f. = kshep^{\circ}$, W.

ख्य 3. kshap=Caus. V4. kshi, q. v.

2. **Kshapana**, mfn. ifc. (cf. aksha-ksh^o) one who destroys, destructive, BhP.; (as), m., N. of Siva; (am), n. destroying, diminishing, suppressing, expelling, MBh.; Sušr.; BhP.; 'passing (as time), waiting, pause,' = 1. kshapana, q. v.

Kshapanyu, us, m, an offence, L.

2. Kshapayishnu, mfn. destroying, BhP. x, 37, 22.

Eshapita, mfn. destroyed, ruined, diminished, suppressed, Ragh. viii, 46; BhP. iv, 31, 6.

Kshapitavya, mfn. to be passed away or finished, Kād.

& Q 4. ksháp, p, f. night, RV.; a measure of time equivalent to a whole day of twenty-four hours, RV.; darkness, RV. i, 64, 8; water, Naigh. i, 12; kshápah, kshapáh, 1. kshapá, acc. pl., gen. sg., instr. ind. at night, RV.; [cf. Gk. κνέφας; Lat. crepus-culum.]

2. Kshapā, f. (Naigh. i, 7; for 1. ksho see 4. ksháp) night, RV. iv, 53, 7 (instr. pl. pábhis); AitBr. i, 13; MBh. &c.; a measure of time equivalent to a whole day of twenty-four hours, Jyot.; turmeric, L. - kara, m. 'making the night,' the moon, VarBrS.; VarBr.; Das.; Kād. - krit, m. id., Šis. xiii, 53: - ghana, m. a dark cloud or dark nocturnal clouds. - cara, m. 'night-walker,' a Rakshas, goblin, MBh.; R.; HYog.; any animal that goes out for prey in the night (as owls, jackals, &c.), VarBrS. vli, 66. - jala, n. night-dew, Kād. Kshapāta, m. 'night-walker,' a Rakshas, goblin, Bhatt. ii. 30. Kshapātyaya, m. end of the night,

dawn, R.; Ragh.; Das. Kshapā-nātha, m. 'lord of the night,' the moon, VarBr. v, 2; Sis. iii, 22. Kshapandhya, n. night-blindness (= kshanadandhya), Sušr.vi, 17, 23. Kshapā-pati, m. = -nātha, L.; camphor, L. Kshapapaha, m. 'removing night,' the sun, R. vii, 23, 2, 12. Kshapā-ramana, m. 'night-lover,' the moon; -sekhara, m. 'wearing the moon on his head,' N. of Siva, Rājat. iii, 269. Kshapardha, n. midnight, Sūryas. Kshapavasana, n. end of the night; (e), loc. ind. on the following morning, Das. Kshapā-vritti, mfn. going out for food in the night, VarBrS. Kshapavyapáya, m. = pátyaya, R. v, 19, 35. Kshapāsaya, mfn. lying on anything (in comp.) during night, MBh.iv, 597. Kshapaha, n. aday and night, Mn. i, 68. Kshapësa, m. = kshapā-nātha, Vāsant.

स्पण kshapana, see $\sqrt{1. & 3. kshap}$; (i), ind., see 1. kshapana; f., see $\sqrt{2. kshap}$.

Kshapanyu, payishnu. See V1.&3.kshap.

खपा kshapá. See 4. ksháp.

ख्यावत् ksha-pavat. See 2. ksham.

स्वितव्य kshapitavya. See √3. kshap.

also P. °ti; Ved. cl. 2. P. kshamiti, Pān. vii, 2, 34; cl. 4. P. kshāmyati [cf. Impv. A. 3. sg. kshamyatām, BhP. vi, 3, 30], Pān. vii, 3, 74; perf. cakshame, MBh. &c., 3. pl. mire, SBr.; 1. du. cakshanvahe & I. pl. nmahe, Pān. viii, 2, 65, Sch.; fut. 2nd kshansyate, 'ti, kshamishyati; aor. 2. sg. akshansthās, Bhatt.; inf. kshantum, MBh. &c.), to be patient or composed, suppress anger, keep quiet, RV. x, 104, 6; MBh.; R. &c.; to submit to (dat.), SBr. iii; iv; to bear patiently, endure, put up with (acc.), suffer, MBh.; R.; Ragh.; to pardon, forgive anything (acc.) to (gen. or dat.), MBh.; R. &c. (e. g. kshamasva me tad, forgive me that, Ragh. xiv, 58); to allow, permit, suffer, Sāh. (Kuval.); (with Pot.) Das.; to bear any one, be indulgent to, MBh. iii, 13051; R. iv, 27, 22; VarBrS.; Pañcat. (Pass.); Hit.; to resist, Pān.i, 3, 33, Sch.; to be able to do anything (inf.), Sis. i, 38 & ix, 65; to seem good, Divyav. iv: Caus. P. A. kshamayati, kshāmayate, to ask any one (acc.) pardon for anything (acc.), MBh.; Bhag.; Pañcat.; (perf. kshamayam āsa) to suffer or bear patiently, R. v, 49, 11; (cf. kshamāpaya); [cf. Goth. hramja(?); Angl. Sax. hremman, 'to hinder, disquiet.']

Eshantavya, mfn. to be borne or endured or suffered or submitted to patiently; to be pardoned or forgiven, Mn.; MBh.; R. &c.; (am), n. impers. pardon to be given by any one (gen.) for (abl.),

MBh. i, 40, 53; Kathās. cxix, 53.

Kshantri, mfn. one who pardons or bears pa-

tiently, MBh. xiii, 4873.

2. **Kshám**, f. (nom. kshás, acc. kshám, instr. kshamá, once jmá [RV. vi, 52, 15], dat. kshe [?RV. iv, 3, 6], gen. abl. gmás, jmás, once kshmás [RV. i, 100, 15], loc. kshámi; du. nom. kshámā [RV. ii, 39, 7; x, 12, 1; cf. dyávā-kshámā]; pl. nom. kshāmas [RV. viii, 70, 4; kshámīs fr. mi, SV.], kshás [RV. iv, 28, 5], acc. kshás [RV. x, 2, 6], loc. kshásu, RV. i, 127, 10 & v, 64, 2) the ground, earth, χθών, RV.; AV.; VS.; SBr. vi; [cf. kshmā; cf. also Gk. χαμαί, χθαμαλόs; Lat. humus, homo.] **Ksha-pávat** & **kshá-p**, m. earth-protector, ruler, governor, RV. i, 70, 3 & x, 29, 1; (kshá-p) iii, 55, 17; vii, 10, 5 & viii, 71, 2.

Kshamá, mf(a)n. (g. pacadi) patient (said of the earth, perhaps with reference to 2. ksham), AV. xii, I, 29; ifc. (Pān. iii, 2, I, Vārtt. 8) enduring, suffering, bearing, submissive, resisting, MBh.; Sak.; Kum. v, 40; adequate, competent, able, fit for (loc. or inf. or in comp., e. g. vayam tyaktum kshamāh, 'we are able to quit,' Santis.), Nal.; R.; Ragh. &c.; favourable to (gen.), R. ii, 35, 31; bearable, tolerable, Sak.; Pancat. (=Subh.); fit, appropriate, becoming suitable, proper for (gen., dat., loc., inf. or in comp.), MBh. (e.g. kshamam Kauravānām, proper for the Kauravas,' iii, 252); R. (e.g. na sa kshamah kopayitum, 'he is not a fit object for anger,' iv, 32, 20) &c.; (as), m. 'the patient,' N. of Siva; a kind of sparrow, L.; (a), f. patience, forbearance, indulgence (one of the samanya-dharmās, i. e. an obligation to all castes, Vishn.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; kshamām Vkri, to be indulgent to, have patience or bear with (prati, MBh. iii, 1027; orgen., Santis.); 'Patience' (personified as a daughter

of Daksha and wife of Pulaha, VP.), Hariv. 14035; Prab.; tameness (as of an antelope), R. iii, 49, 25; resistance, Pāṇ. i, 3, 33, Sch.; (=2. kshám) the earth, VarBṛS.; Pañcat. &c.; (hence) the number 'one;' N. of Durgā, DevīP.; the Khadira tree (Acacia Catechu), L.; N. of a species of the Atijagatī metre; N. of a female shepherd, BrahmaP.; of a Śākta authoress of Mantras; of a river (=vetravatī), Gal.; for kshapā (night), L.; (am), n. propriety, fitness, W. [cf. Hib. cam, 'strong, mighty; power;' cama, 'brave.'] = tā, f. ability, fitness, capability. = tva, n. id. (with loc. or ifc.), Sāh.; Sarvad.; Comm. on KapS. & on Mn. ix, 161. = vat, mfn. knowing what is proper or right, R. v, 89, 68; for kshām°, q. v.

Kshamanīya, mfn. to be suffered or patiently

borne, R. v, 79, 9; vii, 13, 36.

1. **Kshamā** (instr. of 2. kshám, q. v.), ind. on the earth, on the floor, gana svar-ādi; [cf. Gk. $\chi \alpha \mu \hat{\alpha} - \zeta \epsilon$, $\chi \alpha \mu \hat{\alpha} - \theta \epsilon \nu$.] — cará, mfn. being in the ground or under the earth, VS. xvi, 57.

2. Kshamā (f. of má, q. v.) - kara, mfn. 'one who has patience with any one or is indulgent,' N. of a Yaksha, Gal. - kalyāna, m., N. of a pupil of Jinalābha-sūri (who composed 1794 A.D. a Comm. on the Jiva-vicāra). Kshamâcārya, m., N. of a Sākta author of Mantras. Kshamā-tanaya, m. 'son of the earth,' the planet Mars, VarBrS. vi, II. Kshamā-tala, n. the surface of the earth, ground, Bālar. iii, 79. Kshamā-dansa, m. Moringa pterygosperma, L. Kshamanvita, mfn. endowed with patience, patient, forgiving (with loc.), Mn. vii, 32, &c. Kshamā-pati, m. 'lord of the earth, a king, Rājat. v, 126. Kshamapanna, mfn. = manvita. Kshama-para, mfn. very patient, forbearing. Kshamā-bhuj, m. patient, W.; (k), m. 'earth-enjoying,' a prince, king, W. Kshamā-bhrit, m. 'earth-supporter,' a mountain, Kād.; a prince, Sis. xix, 30. Kshamā-mandala, n. the orb, whole earth, Prab. Kshamā-yukta, mfn. = omanvita. Kshamā-lingatma-pīdā-vat, mfn. (anylegal affair) in which testimonies for patience practised and an estimate of one's damage or loss are given, Comm. on Yājñ. ii, 6. Kshamā-vat, mfn. patient, enduring, forbearing, MBh.; R. &c.; tame (as elephants), MBh. ii, 1878; (tī), f., N. of the wife of Nidhi-pati. Kshamavarta, m. 'whirlpool of patience,' N. of a son of Devala, VP. Kshamā-sīla, mfn. practising patience, patient, MBh. Kshamāsramana, m. a Jaina ascetic, HParis. Kshamashodasī, f., N. of a work.

Kshamāpaņa, am, n. the begging pardon, Bhām. Kshamāpaņa, Nom. P. Ā. vati, vate, to ask any one's (acc.) pardon, BhP. iv; v, 10, 16; ix, 4, 71. Kshamita, mfn. pardoned, MBh. ii, 1582.

Kshamitavya, mfn. to be endured or patiently

borne or pardoned, R. v, 24, 7.

Kshamitri, mfn. enduring, patient, L.

Kshamin, mfn. (Pāṇ. iii, 2, 141) id. (with loc.), Yājñ. i, 133; ii, 200; MBh.; BhP.; Bhartr.; Vet. Kshamī-√bhū, to become able to do anything

(dat.), HParis. i, 229.

Kshámya, mfn. being in the earth, terrestrial, χθόνιος, RV. ii, 14, 11 & vii, 46, 2.

Kshā, f. (derived fr. some forms of 2. kshám)

the earth, ground, Naigh. i, I; Nir. ii, 2; Sāy.

1. **Kshānta**, mfn. (gaṇa priyâdi) borne, endured (=soḍha), L.; pardoned, MBh.; Pañcat.;
(Pāṇ. iii, 2, 188, Kār.) enduring, patient, Mn. v,
158; Yājñ.; R.; Ragh. (compar. -tara); (as), m.
(gaṇa utkarâdi) N. of a man, gaṇa aṣvâdi; of a hunter, Hariv. 1206; of Siva (cf. kshama); (ā), f.
'the patient one,' the earth, L.; (am), n. patience, indulgence, R. i, 34, 32 & 33.

Kshāntāyana, as, m. patr. fr. 'ta, g. asvādi.
Kshānti, is, f. patient waiting for anything,
Vop. xxiii, 3; patience, forbearance, endurance, indulgence, Mn. v, 107; MBh.; R. &c.; the state
of saintly abstraction, Divyâv. vi, xii, xviii; (in music)
N. of a Śruti; N. of a river, VP. - pāramitā, f.
the Pāramitā or accomplishment of indulgence, Kāraṇḍ. - pāla, m., N. of a prince, Buddh. - priyā,
f., N. of a Gandharva girl, Kāraṇḍ. i. - mat, mfn.
patient, enduring, indulgent, Rājat. v, 4. - vādin,
m., N. of a Rishi, Kāraṇḍ. x. - sīla, m., N. of a man,
Kathās. lxxv, 23.

Kshāntīya, mfn. fr. ta, gaņa utkarādi.
Kshāntu, mfn. patient, enduring, Un.; (us), m. a father. L.

Kshāman, a, n. earth, soil, ground, RV.