Sarvad.; belonging to the present time, present (not past or future), comp.; (am), ind. fitly, properly, MBh.; presently, now, ib. &c. &c. - kāla, m. the present time, Sāṃkhyak. Sāmpratâdhipa, m. a present or reigning sovereign, MārkP.

Sāmpratika, mf(ī)n. suitable, fit, proper,

Uttarar.; present (not future), Kull.

साम्प्रदानिक sāmpradānika, mfn. (fr. sampradāna), g. vinayadi.

Sāmpradāyika, mfn. (fr. sam-pradāya) based on tradition, traditional (cf. a-s°), Baudh.; Jaim.; standing upon or following tradition, RāmatUp.

साम्प्रयोगिक sāmprayogika, mfn. (fr. samprayoga) relating to use or application, Cat. Sāmprayogikâdhikaraṇa, n. N. of a Kāma-šāstra.

साम्प्रिक sāmprašnika, mfn. (fr. samprašna), g. chedadi.

साम्प्रियक sāmpriyaka, mfn.(fr.sam-priya) inhabited by people who are dear to one another, g. rājanyādi.

साम्च sāmb, v.l. for √samb, q.v., p. 1177.

साम् I. sāmba, m. (also written sāmba) N. of a son of Krishna and Jāmbavatī (in consequence of the curse of some holy sages who had been deceived by a female disguise which he had assumed, he was condemned to produce offspring in the shape of a terrific iron club for the destruction of the race of Vrishni and Andhaka; he is said to have been instructed by Nārada in the worship of the sun, and by Vyāsa in the ritual of the Magi), MBh.; Hariv.; Pur.; (also with sastrin) N. of various authors and teachers, Cat.; n. = -purana, ib. - carita, n. N. of wk. - pancāsikā, f. N. of a hymn by Sāmba (also called sūrya-stotra). - pura, n. or -purī, f. N. of a city founded by Samba (said to be situated on the banks of the Candra-bhāga), Cat. - purāna, n. = sāmbôpapurāna.-pradyumna-prabandha, m., -muktavali-stotra, n. N. of wks. - murti, mfn. having the form of Samba, Cat. - vatī, f. N. of a courtezan, Rājat. - vijaya, m. N. of wk. Sāmbaditya, m. a partic. form of the sun, Cat. Sambêsvara, m. N. of a temple founded by Sambavati, Rājat. Sāmbôpapurāna, n. N. of an Upapurāna. Sāmbi, m. patr. fr. sāmba, g. bāhv-ādi.

田雪 2. sámba, mfn. attended by Ambā (q.v.), Kāsīkh. - siva, m. N. of an author, Cat.

साम्रान्धक sāmbandhika, n. (fr. sam-ban-dha) relationship by marriage, MBh.; conversation such as is fit for people related by marriage, ib.

साम्चर sāmbara, °rī. See sāmb°, p. 1065. साम्चर्य sāmbarya, m. (prob. w.r. for sām-

साम्चाधिक sāmbādhika, m. (fr. sam-bādha) the second Yāma (q.v.) of a night, L.

varya) a patr., Samskārak.

सामुवासर sâmbu-vāsara, mfn. (of doubtful meaning), Kathās. lxx, 59.

HIHI sāmbhara, n. (fr. sam-bhara) a kind of salt, L.

सामाल sāmbhala, mfn. bred in Sam-bhala (as a horse), L.

साम्भवी sāmbhavī, f. (fr. sam-bhava) possibility, probability, L.; the red Lodhra tree, W.

साम्मस् sambhas, mfn. having or containing water, watery, Bhatt.

साम्भाष sāmbhāshya, n. (fr. sam-bhāshin) conversation, g. brāhmaṇādi.

साम्भ्यि sāmbhūyi, m. patr. fr. sam-bhūyas, g. bāhv-ādi.

साम्मत्य sāmmatya, n. (fr. sam-mati) consent, agreement, g. dṛiḍhādi.

साम्मद sāmmadá, m. (fr. sam-mada) patr. of Matsya (king of the aquatic animals), SBr.; ĀsvŠr.; of the author of RV. viii, 67, Anukr.

साम्मनस्य sāmmanasyá, n. (fr. sam-manas) concord, harmony, AV.; (āni), n. pl. charms to secure harmony, AV., SBE. xlii, 134.

साम्मातुर sāmmātura and sāmmātra, m. patr. fr. 1. sam-mātri, Pat. on Pān. iv, 1, 115.

साम्माजिन sāmmārjina, n. (fr. sam-mārjin), Pāṇ. v, 4, 15, Sch.

साम्मितिकायनि sāmmitikāyani, m. a patr., Pat.

साम्मुखी sāmmukhī, f. (fr. sam-mukha) a Tithi or lunar day extending till evening (see tithi), L.

Sāmmukhya, n. the state of being present face to face or in front (°khyam ā-√dhā, Ā., with gen. = 'to go to'), Sāh.; favour, fondness for (opp. to vāimukhya), Rājat.; care for, attention to (comp.), ib.

साम्मध्य sāmmeghya, n. (fr. sam-megha) the cloudy season, TS.

साम्मोदिनिक sāmmodanika, mfn. = sammodanāya prabhavati, g. samtāpādi.

साम्य sāmya, n. (fr.2.sama) equality, evenness, equilibrium, equipoise, equal or normal state (acc. with \nī, 'to bring to that sto,' calm'), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; likeness, sameness, identity with (instr. with and without saha, or gen., or loc., or comp.), MundUp.; MBh. &c.; equality of rank or position, Mn.; Yājñ.; VarBrS.; homogeneousness (of sounds), Vop.; measure, time, MBh.; equability towards (loc. or prati), impartiality, indifference, Bhag.; Kum.; BhP.; justice (sāmyam / kri, 'to act justly towards [loc.]'), MBh.; v.l. for salyā, Kāvyad. i, 39. -grāha, m. one who beats time, R. -ta, f., -tva, n. equality, sameness, Mn.; MBh. &c. - tala-visārada, mfn. versed in time and measure, MBh. ii, 131 (B.) - bodhaka, mfn. expressive of similarity, MW. Sāmyavasthā, f. a state of equipoise (of the 3 constituent ingredients of Prakriti; see guna), Sarvad.; Sāmkhyak.; RTL. 32. Sāmyavasthāna, n. id., Samk.

साम्यक्ष sāmyaksha, sāmyeksha and okshya, (prob.) w.r. for sāmakshya.

plete or universal sovereignty, empire, dominion over (gen., loc., or comp.), RV. &c. &c.; mfn. relating to sovereignty, TS.; ("jyá, m.) a universal sovereign, RV. viii, 25, 17 (accord. to g. kurv-ādi, 'the son of a un' s'.). - krit, mfn. one who exercises imperial sway, MW. - dīkshita, mfn. consecrated to universal empire, ib. - lakshmī-pīţhikā, f., -lakshmī-pūjā, f., -siddhi, f. N. of wks. - siddhidā, f. N. of the family deity of the Uddālakas, Cat.

सामाणिकदेम sāmrāṇi-kardama, n. a perfume or mixture of fragrant substances, civet, L. Sāmrāṇi-ja, n. a kind of fruit-tree, L.

साय 1. sāyá, n. (prob. fr. vso, see avasāya, avasāna; but cf. 2. sāya, col. 3) the close of day, evening (sāyam Vkri, 'to spend the evening, make a stay'), RV. &c. &c.; Evening personified (as a son of Pushparna and Dosha or as a son of Dhātri and Kuhū), BhP.; (ám), ind. in the evening, at eventide (sāyam sāyam, 'every evening;' see also below), RV. &c. &c. [Cf., accord. to some, Lat. sērus.] - tare, ind. late in the evening, Pat. on Pān. iv, 3, 23, Vārtt. I. - dhūrta, m. a rogue, cheat or deceiver in the form of evo, Naish. - mandana, n. 'evo-ornament,' sunset, W. Sāyarambha, mfn. beginning in the evo, KātvSr., Sch. Sāyasana, n. an evo-meal, ib. Sāyâhan, n. or hna, m. eventide, TBr.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; (°hna)-samaye, ind. at eventide, R. Sāyôdbhidura, mfn. expanding or blossoming in the evening, L.

Sāyam, in comp. for sāyam, col. 3. -yāvan, mfn. going or coming in the evening, TBr. - samdhyā, f. the evening twilight, RTL. 407; -devatā, f. 'deity of the ev' to,' N. of Sarasvatī, L.; -prayoga, m. N. of wk. - sūrya, m. the evo sun, MBh.; yôdha, mfn. brought by the evo sun (said of a guest), Mn. iii, 105. - homa, m. the ev oblation, AsvSr., Sch. - kāla, m. eventide, evening, Naish., Sch. -kālika (Vās., Sch.) or -kālīna (Ragh., Sch.), mfn. belonging to evening, vespertine. - griha, mfn. = yatra-so, Prab. - goshtha, mfn. brought into the fold at evo, AitBr. - tūrya, n. drumming at evo, L. - dugdhá, mfn. milked in the evening, ib.; SBr. -doha, m. milking the cows at evening, evo milking or milk, ApSr.; -vat, ind., ib. - dhriti, f. = -homa, MW. - nivāsa, m. evo abode or resting-place, ib.

Sāyantana, mf(ī)n. relating to evening, vespertine, Kāv.; Pañcat.; ŚārngS. — mallikā, f. evening-jasmine, Ragh. — samaya, m. eventide, Pañcat.

Sāyam, ind. in comp. - adhivāsa, m. 'eveningdecoration,' decorating an image of Durga on the fifth day of the month Asvina, MW. - asaná, n. an evo meal, MaitrS. - āsa, m. id., Kaus.; -prātarāsa (only loc. e), the evoand morning mo, Gobh. -ahutí, f. an ev° oblation, SBr.; GrSrS. - upasana-vidhi, m.,-aupāsana-prayoga, m. N. of wks. - posha, m. food taken in the evo, SānkhBr. - prātar (sāyám-), ind. in the evo and mo (also sāyam prātas ca), AV. &c. &c.; -agnihotra-prayoga, m., -agnihotrahoma, m. N. of wks.; -āšin, mfn. eating (only) in the ev° and m°, SBr.; -āhuti, f. du. ev° and m° oblation, KātyŠr.; -aupāsana-vidhi, m. N. of wk.; -doha, m. evo and mo milking, ib.; -maya, mf(i)n. consisting of evo and mo, Kāšikh.; -homa, m. du. evo and mo oblation, Gobh. (also N. of wk.) - bhava, m. becoming evening, growing dark, AV. - bhojana, n. an evening meal, Kull. on Mn. iii, 105. -mantra, m. a Mantra to be used in the evening, Baudh.

Sāyamprātika, mfn. (fr. sāyam-prātar) belonging to evening and morning, Pāņ. vi, 4, 144,

Värtt. 5, Pat.

साय 2. $s\bar{a}ya$, m. (fr. $\sqrt{2}$. si; for 1. see col. 2) a missile, arrow (= $s\bar{a}yaka$), L.; ($s\bar{a}y\acute{a}$), n. unloosing, unyoking, turning in, RV. &c.

Sāyaka, mfn. intended or fitted to be discharged or hurled, RV. (Naigh. ii, 20); m. (in RV. also n.) a missile, arrow, RV. &c. &c.; m. a symbolical expression for the number 'five' (from the 5 arrows of the god of love), Sāh.; a sword, MBh.; R.; the latitude of the sky, Ganit.; Saccharum Sara, L.; N. of a man, Pravar.; (ikā), f. a dagger, L.; the being or standing in regular order (= krama-sthiti; prob. w.r. for sāyikā), L. = punkha, m. the feathered part of an arrow, Ragh.; (ā), f. a partic. plant (= sarra-punkhā), L. = pranutta (sāy°), mfn. driven away or put to flight by arrows, AV. = maya, mf(ī)n.consisting of arrows, MBh.; Hariv.

Sāyakāya, Nom. A. vate, to resemble arrows, represent the arrows of (comp.), Das.

Sāyakāyaná, m. patr. fr. sāyaka, SBr. (g. nadadi). Sāyakāyanin, m. pl. the school of Sāyakāyana, ib.

word) N. of a learned Brāhman (also called Sāyaṇa-mādhava and Sāyaṇâcārya; he was son of Māyaṇa, pupil of Vishṇu Sarva-jña and of Saṃkarânanda; and flourished under Bukka I of Vijaya-nagara or Vidyā-nagara [A.D. 1350-1379] and his successor Harihara, and died in 1387; of more than a hundred works attributed to him, among which are commentaries on nearly all parts of the Veda, some were carried out by his pupils, and some were written in conjunction with his brother Mādhavācārya or Vidyāraṇya-svāmin). — mādhavīya, mfn. written or composed by Sāyaṇa-mādhava, Sarvad.

Sāyaṇīya, mfn. relating to or composed by Sā-yaṇa; n. a work of Sāyaṇa, Cat.

सायतन sayatana, mfn. together with the place of abode &c., TS.

of an Ayana (q.v.), SānkhŚr.; connected with the word ayana, ib.; n. (in astron.) with the precession or the longitude of a planet reckoned from the vernal equinoctial point, W.

सायवस sāyavasa, m. a patr., SBr.

सायास sâyāsa, mfn. beset with difficulties or trouble, Kathās.

सायिन sāyin, m. (prob. w.r. for sādin) a horseman, W.

union, communion with (gen., loc., instr., or comp.); identification, absorption (into the divine Essence; this is one of the four grades or states of Mukti, cf. sālokya; RTL.41), Kāth.; Br.; MBh.&c.; likeness, similarity, W. — tā, f. (Hcat.), -tva, n. (MaitrUp.) = prec. — mukti, f. emancipation consisting in the above absorption, Cat.

Sāyojya, n. = sāyujya, MaitrUp. (with prânais = 'abiding in life, living on,' MārkP.)

सायुध sâyudha, $mf(\bar{a})n$. furnished with arms, armed, MBh. - pragraha, mfn. holding weapons in the hand, MW.

साय sāyya, m. a patr. (v.l. sāpya), RV vi, 20, 6.