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जाग jāgṛi, cl. 2. °garti (cf. Pāṇ. vi, 1, 1, 192; cl. 1. °garati, MBh. xii, 7823; 1. sg. irr. °grimi, 6518; 3. pl. jägrati, AV. &c. [Pān. vi, I, 189, Kāś.]; Impv. grihi, gritāt, gritam, °gritá; Subj. °garat; Pot. °griyāt or griy, AitBr. viii, 28 &c.; impf. ájāgar [RV. x, -104, 9]; p. jāgrat; rarely A. jāgramāna, MBh.; pf. Ved. jāgāra [RV.; AV.], 1. sg. gára [RV. x, 149, 5], p. grivás [see s. v.]; pf. class. [Pān. iii, 1, 38; vii, 3, 85; but cf. vi, 1, 8, Vartt. 1] jajagāra or jāgarām-cakāra; fut. 2nd jāgarishyáti, TS. &c. [A., R. ii, 86, 4]; fut. Ist ritā, Pān. vii, 2, 10, Vārtt. 1, Pat.; aor. ajāgarīt, vii, 2, 5; Pass. impers. ajāgāri, 3, 85; Prec. jāgaryāt, iii, 4, 104, Kāś.) to be awake or watchful, RV.; AV. &c.; to awake, Pañcat. iii, 9, 1; Hit. ii, 3, 2; to watch over, be attentive to or intent on, care for, provide, superintend (with loc. or loc. with ádhi), RV.; AV. &c. (with acc., Caurap.); (said of fire) to go on burning, AV. Prāyašc. i, 5; to be evident, W.; to look on, W.: Caus. (aor. 2. & 3. sg. ájīgar, Impv. jigritám, °tá) to awaken, RV.; jāgarayati (Pān. vii, 3, 85; aor. Pass. impers. ajāgari or gāri, Vop. xviii, 22; xxiv, 6 & 13) id., Hit. ii, 3, 4; [cf. ἐγείρω; Lat. vigilo.]

Jāgara, mfn. awake, Pāņ. vii, 3, 85, Kāš.; m. waking, wakefulness, MBh. viii, 5026; KapS. iii, 26; Ragh.&c.; a vision in a waking state, Yājñ. iii, 172; = jag°, L.; (ā), f. waking, Pāņ. iii, 3, 101, Pat.; cf. ko-. Jāgarôtsava, m. a religious festival celebrated with vigils, Rājat. ii, 141. Jāgaraka, m. (Pāņ. vii, 3, 85, Kāš.) waking, VarBṛS. lx, 15.

Jāgaraņá, mfn. awake, VS. xxx, 17; n. waking, keeping watch, KātyŚr. iv; Nir.; MBh. &c. (said of fire) going on burning, KātyŚr. xxv; Vait. Jāgaram, ind. so as to be awake, Pān. vii, 3, 85, Kāš.

Jāgaritá, mfn. (2, 11 & 3, 85) = ta-vat, Sušr. iii, 8, 1; n. waking, SBr. xii, xiv; Sušr. iii, 4, 37.

-vat, mfn. one who has long been awake or is exhausted with sleeplessness, 37. - sthāna, mfn. being awake, MāndUp. 3 & 9. Jāgaritânta, m. = grad-avasthā, KathUp. iv, 4.

Jāgaritri, mfn. waking, wakeful, L. Jāgarin, mfn. ifc. id., Pāņ. vii, 3, 85, Kāš.

Jāgarishņu, mfn. often sleepless, Sušr. i, 33, 23.

Jāgarūka, mf(ā)n. (Nir. i, 14; Pān. iii, 2, 165)

wakeful, watchful, RV. iii, 54, 7; Sušr.; Ragh. x, 25;

Sāh.; Sarvad.; ifc. intent on, occupied with, Ragh.

xiv, 85; Hcar. v, 104; ifc. looking on, Prasannar.

vi, 2; evident, W. Jāgartavya, n. impers. to be
awake or awaked, MBh. i, 5925; R. ii, 53, 3. Jāgarti, f. waking, vigilance, L., Sch. Jāgaryā, f. id.,

Pān. iii, 3, 101, Pat. Jāgritavya, n. impers. =

garto, MBh. v, 4610; xiii, 2746. Jāgrivás, mfn.

(pf. p.) watchful, RV. vii, 5, 1; x, 91, 1; active, W.

Jāgṛivi, mfn. (Pāṇ. vii, 3, 85) watchful, attentive, RV.; AV.; PārGṛ. iii, 4; going on burning, not extinguishing, RV.; active, animating (Soma, dice), RV.; VS.; m. a king, Un., Sch.; fire, L.; (i), ind. so as to watch, VS. xxi, 36.

Jágrat, mfn. pr. p. \sqrt{jagri} , q.v.; m. waking, Vedântas. 105; 108; 132; 305. — svapná, mfn. in a state of waking and sleep, RV. x, 164, 5; m. du. a state of waking and sleep, Mn. i, 57.

Jāgrad, for rat. - avasthā, f. a state of wakefulness, W. - dašā, f. id., W. - duḥshvapnyá, n. a disagreeable dream in a waking state, AV. xvi, 6, 9. Jāgran, for rat. - mišra, mfn. half awake and

half asleep, Gobh. i, 6, 6.

Jāgriyā, f. = garyā, L., Sch.

जाधनी jāghanī, f. (fr. jaghána) a tail, ŠBr. iii f., xii; AitBr. vii; KātyŚr.; Mn.; MBh.; cf. pṛi-thu-jāghana. — guda, n. sg. tail and anus, KātyŚr.

sparingly grown with trees and plants (though not unfertile; covered with jungle, W.), Mn. vii, 69; Yājñ. i, 320; Suśr. &c.; found or existing in a jungly district (water, wood, deer), Suśr.; made of arid wood, coming from wild deer, i, iii; Hcat. i, 5, 375; wild, not tame, W.; savage, W.; m. the francoline partridge, Sinhâs. xxvi, 2; N. of a man, Satr. x, 138 ff.; pl. N. of a people, MBh. v, 2127; vi, 346 & 364; (cf. kuru-); n. venison, Suśr.; meat, Bālar. iii, 3; for gula, q.v.; (ī), f. Mucuna pruritus, L.; for gulī, q.v.; cf. rishi-jāngalikī.

Jāngalapathika, mfn. going or brought through a jangala-patha, Pān. v, 1, 77, Vārtt. 1.

সাঙ্গালৈ jāngali, m.=°guli, L. Jāngalika, m.=°gul°, L., Sch. Jāngalin, m. id., Gal.

Jāngula, n. (=jang°) venom, L.; the fruit of the Jālinī, L.; (ā), f. knowledge of poisons, Kām. vii, 10; (ī), f. id., L. (v.l. °galī); Durgā (Gaurī, Gal.), L.; Luffa acutangula, W.

Jānguli, m. a snake-charmer, L.

Jāngulika, m. id., Hcar. i, 517; KāšīKh. vli, 17.

जाङ्घलायन jānghalāyana, m. patr., Pravar. v, 4 (Kāty.; v.l. oghrāyana).

Jānghāprahatika or hritika, mfn. (fr. jaighā-prahata or hrita) produced by a blow with
the leg, g. akshadyūtādi.

Jānghi, metron. fr. jánghā, g. bāhv-ādi.
Jānghika, mfn. relating or belonging to the leg,
W.; swift of foot, m. a courier, Rājat. vii, 1348; Sin-hâs. Introd. 41; m. a camel, L.; a kind of antelope, L.

जाजनाग jāja-nāga, m. N. of a man, Satr.

जाजमत् jājamat, mfn. See √jam.

সাসল jājala, m. pl. (Pāṇ. vi, 4, 144, Vārtt.

1) Jājalin's pupils (N. of a school of the AV.), Caraṇ.

Jājalāyani, m. patr. fr. °la or °li, g. tikâdi (not

in Ganap. & Ganaratnav.)

Jājali, m. N. of a teacher, Pravar. v, 4(?); MBh. xii, 9277 ff.; Hariv. 7999; BhP. iv, 31, 2; VP. iii, 6, 11; VāyuP. i, 61, 52; BrahmavP. i, 16, 12 & 19. Jājalin, m. id., Pāņ. vi, 4, 144, Vārtt. 1.

সাসল jājalla, m. N. of several princes (A.D. 1114 &c.)

जाजिन् jājin, m. = jaja, Šiš. xix, 3.

जाज्वस्पमान jājvalyamāna. See √jval.

जाटित jāṭali, m. f. = jhāṭ°, L.

जाटिलका jāṭalikā, for jaṭo, q. v.

जाटामुदि jāṭâsuri, m. patr. fr. jaṭâsura, MBh. vii, 7856. Jāṭikāyana, m. (fr. jaṭika) N. of the author of AV. vi, 116 (cf. Kauš. 9).

Jāṭilika, m. metron. fr. jaṭilikā, g. śivâdi. Jāṭya, mfn. = jaṭā-vat (Sch.), Nir. i, 14.

relating to the stomach or belly or womb (jathára), MBh. xii, 9661; MārkP. ii, 37; with agni, 'stomach-fire,' digestive faculty, MBh. iii, 149; Sušr.; hunger, Pañcat. ii, 6, 50 (iv, 8, 3); BhP. iv; m. 'womb-offspring,' a child, iii, 14, 38; N. of one of Skanda's attendants, MBh. ix, 2564.

Jātharya, n. morbid affection of the belly, Susr.

जाडायन jāḍāyana, m. patr. fr. jaḍa, g. aśvâdi (tāḍ°, Kāś.)

Jādāra, Pān. iv, I, I30, Pat. (v.l. jāndo).

Jādya, n. (g. dridhādi) coldness, W.; chilliness, KapS. i, 85; stiffness, inactivity, insensibility, Sušr.; Pratāpar.; Sāh. iii, 156; absence of power of taste (in the tongue), Sušr. iv, 24, 12 & 38, 7; dulness, stupidity, MBh. xii, 6487; Hariv. 15815; Pañcat. &c.; absence of intellect or soul, Vedântas. Jā-dyâri, m. 'enemy of coldness,' the citron tree, L.

जाराडक jāṇḍaka, m. N. of an animal, Car. vi, 21, 115; cf. sāṇḍika. Jāṇḍāra, v.l. for jāḍo.

जात jātá, mfn. (/jan; ifc., Pān. vi, 2, 171) born, brought into existence by (loc.), engendered by (instr. or abl.), RV.&c.; grown, produced, arisen, caused, appeared, ib.; ifc. (Pān. ii, 2, 5, Kās.; 36, Vārtt. I; vi, 2, 170) see māsa-, saptāha-, &c.; appearing on or in, VarBrS. lii, 5 ff.; destined for (dat.), RV. iv, 20, 6; ix, 94, 4; turning to (dat.), Sāh. iii, 58; happened, become, present, apparent, manifest, TS.; VS. &c.; belonging to (gen.), RV. i, 83, 5; viii, 62, 10; ready at hand, Pancat. ii, 16; possessed of (instr.), MBh. iv, 379; often ifc. instead of in comp. (Pān. ii, 2, 36, Vārtt. I; vi, 2, 170 f.; g. āhitâgny-ādi), e.g. kina-, danta-, &c., qq. vv.; m. a son, RV. ii, 25, 1; AV. xi, 9, 6; SBr. xiv; Pañcat.; a living being (said of men, rarely of gods), RV. iv, 2, 2; v, 15, 2; x, 12, 3; AV. xviii; VS. viii, 36; N. of a son of Brahmā, PadmaP. v n. a living being, creature, RV.; birth, origin, i, 156, 2 & 163, 1; iii, 31, 3; race, kind, sort, class, species, viii, 39, 6; AV. &c.; a multitude or collection of things forming a class (chiefly ifc., e.g. karma-, 'the whole aggregate of actions,' Mn. vii, 61; sukha-, 'anything or everything included under the name pleasure, Git. x, 3), Mn. ix; MBh. &c.; individuality, specific condition (vyakta), L.; =-karman, NärS.; (impers. with double instr.) it turned

out or happened that, Rājat. v, 364; (a), f. a daughter, W.; [cf. - yeros; Germ. Kind; Lith. gentis. - karman, n. a birth-ceremony (consisting in touching a newly-born child's tongue thrice with ghee after appropriate prayers), SānkhGr.; Grihyās.; Mn. ii, 27 & 29; Yājñ. i, 11; MBh. &c.; (cf. RTL. pp. 353 & 357.) - kalâpa, mfn. having a tail (a peacock). - kāma, mfn. fallen in love. - kopa, mfn.enraged.-kautuka, mfn. delighted.-kautuhala, mfn. being eagerly desirous, R. i, 9, 23. - krodha, mfn. enraged. - kshobha, mfn. agitated. -tokā, f. (a woman) who has borne children, L. -danta, mfn. (g. āhitagny-ādi) having teeth growing (a child), Mn. v, 70. - dosha, mfn. guilty, Mricch. viii, 32. - nashta, mfn. (no sooner) appeared (than) disappeared, Bhartr. - paksha, mfn. possessing wings, MBh. xii, 9305. - pāsa, mfn. fettered, Sak. i, 32 (v.l.) - putra, mfn. having a son, (f.) one who has brought forth a son, ManSr. i, 5, 1; Kathās. - pratyaya, mfn. inspired with confidence, Pancat. i, 4, 14; iii, 9, 1. - praya, mfn. almost happened, Sāh. iii, 195. - bala, mfn. become strong, Mn. xii, 101; Car. vi, 2. - brāhmanasabda, mfn. 'grown up with the word brahmana,' constantly devoted to the Brahmans, Mn. x, 122. - buddhi, mfn. become wise, MārkP. lxxiv, 49. -bhāva, mfn.? BhP. iii, 23, 37. -bhī, f. 'fearful,' N. of a woman, Hariv. (v.l.) - manmatha, mfn. = $-k\bar{a}ma$, MBh. - mātra, mf(\bar{a})n. just or merely born, Mn. ix, 106; MBh. i; just or merely arisen or appeared, Pañcat.; Das.; VāyuP. - māsā, f. (a woman or cow) having borne a month ago = māsa-jātā), Ganar. 91, Sch. - mrita, mfn. dying immediately after birth, Vishn. xxii, 26. - rajas, f. a female who has the catamenia. - rasa, mfn. having taste or flavour, Suir. i, 44 f. - rupa, mfn. beautiful, brilliant, MBh. xiii, 4088; golden, Hcat. i, 11, 494; n. gold, SBr. xiv (oxyt.); Naigh. i, 2 (propar.); Kaus.; Lāty. &c.; the thorn-apple, W.; -tā, f. the state of gold; -parishkrita, mfn. adorned with gold; -prabha, mfn. 'shining like gold, orpiment, Npr.; -maya, mf(i)n. golden, AitBr. viii, 13; MBh. &c.; -sila, m. N. of a golden mountain, R. iv, 40, 52. - roma, mfn. haired, MBh. iii, 10053 (a-, neg.) - rosha, mfn. = -kopa, R.i, I, 4. -vat, mfn. born, Pañcat. i, 5, 6; containing a form of Vjan, AitBr. i, 16. - vāsaka, n. a lyingin-chamber, Kathās. lv, 194. - vāsa-griha, n. id., xxiii, 61. - vidya, f. knowledge of what exists, RV. x, 71, 11 (Nir. i, 8). - vinashta, mfn. = -nashta, Pañcat. v, I, 6. - vibhrama, mfn. being in a flurry. - višvāsa, mfn. = -pratyaya. - veda, mfn. granting wages (Sch.), BhP. v, 7, 13. - vedas (°tá-), mfn. (fr. \vid, cl. 6) 'having whatever is born or created as his property,' 'all-possessor' (or fr. \vid, cl. 2. 'knowing [or known by] all created beings;' cf. Nir. vii, 19; SBr. ix, 5, 1, 68; MBh. ii, 1146 &c.; N. of Agni), RV.; AV.; VS. &c.; m. fire, MBh. &c.; -tva, n. the state of being jāta-vedas, AitBr. iii, 36. - vedasa, mfn. belonging or relating to Jata-vedas (trica), Nir. vii, 20; (1), f. Durgā, MBh. vi, 802. - vedasīya, n. '= sa,' (scil. sûkta) N. of a hymn, SBr. xiii, 5, 1, 12; SānkhSr. viii, x. - vedasya, mfn. = sa, AitBr. ii. 39; iii, 36. - vepathu, mfn. affected with tremor. - vešman, n. = -vāsaka, Kathās. xvii, lv. - šilā, f. a real or massive stone, Gobh. iii, 9, 6. - sringa, mfn. having horns, L. (a-, neg.) - smasru, mfn. one whose beard has grown, g. āhitāgny-ādi. - srama, mfn. wearied, exhausted. - samvatsarā, f. (a woman or cow) having had offspring a year ago (= samvatsara-jātā), Ganar. 91, Sch. - samvriddha, mfn. born and grown up, R. i, 8, 8. - samkalpa, mfn. feeling a desire for, Na'. iii, 8. -sa-sneha, mfn. = -sneha, MBh. iii, 11081. - sādhvasa, mfn. afraid. - sena, m. N. of a man, Pān. iv, I, II4, Vārtt. 7. - senya, m. patr. fr. -sena, ib. - sneha, mfn. feeling affection, Kathas. -spriha, mfn. = -samkalpa. -harsha, mfn. rejoiced. - hārinī, f. N. of a female demon who carries off new-born children, MärkP. li. - härda, mfn. = -sneha. Jātagas, mfn. = ta-dosha. Jātâpatyā, f. a woman who has borne a child, L. Jātaparādha, mín. = ta-dosha. Jātabhishanga, mfn. defeated, Ragh. ii, 30. Jātâmarsha, mfn. = ta-kopa. Jātasru, mfn. being in tears, Amar. 97. Jātastha, mfn. taking into consideration, Kathās. Jātêshti, f. an oblation given at a child's birth, Vedantas. 10. Jataikabhakti, mfn. devoted exclusively to, BhP. i, 13, 2. Jātôksha, m. a