and cyūta, v.l. for cūta, the anus, W. च्योत cyautná. See 12. cyu.

छ CHA.

T. cha, the 7th consonant (aspirate of the preceding). - kara, m. the letter or sound cha.

3 2. cha, m. (√cho) dividing, L.; a fragment, L. - mandala, n. = pradeša-višesha, L.

छ 3. cha, mfn. pure, clean, L.; tremulous, unsteady, L.; (a), f. covering, concealing (cf. 'Vchad), L.; a mark, sign, L.; cf. chā.

छग chaga, m.=chāga, a he-goat, L.

Chagalá, m. id., TS. v, 6, 22, 1; Sušr.; (Pan. iv, 1, 117) N. of a muni, VāyuP. i, 23, 198; of a locality, g. takshasiladi; pl. N. of a family, Pravar. iii, I; n. blue cloth, L.; (a), f. N. of a woman, g. bahv-ādi; = °lântrikā, L.; (ī), f. id., L.; a she-goat, Car. i, 3, 21 (-payas, n.) Chagalanghrī, v.l. for lantrī, L., Sch. Chagalanda, n. 'goat-testicle,' N. of a Tirtha, MatsyaP. xiii (v.l. chāgo); (i), v.l. for lântrī, L., Sch. Chagalântrikā, f. Argyreia speciosa or argentea (ajântrī), L. Chagalantrin, m. having goats in the bowels, a wolf, L. Chagalântrī, f. = trikā, Sušr. i, 38, 26 & 39, 2; 46, 4, 39.

Chagalaka, m. a he-goat, L.; (ikā), f. a shegoat, Divyâv. xviii, 136. Chagalin, m. N. of a teacher (pupil of Kalāpin, Pāņ. iv, 3, 104, Kāš.), 109.

छगण chagana (fr. sakn- of sakrit), m. [n., L.] dried cow-dung, Pancad. iv, 9; cf, chāgo.

छगल chagalá, &c. See chaga.

छच्छिका chacchikā, butter-milk, Bhpr. v. छजा chajjū, m. N. of a man, Katharn. xxx.

छटा chatā, f. a mass, lump, assemblage, number, Sis. i, 47; Kathās.; Rājat. v, 332; Prasannar.; Sāh.; a collection of rays, lustre, Pañcar.; Dhūrtas.; Rājat. iv, 127; Prab.; Sāh.; = chadī, L.; N. of a Comm. on Vop. (also chātā). - phala, m. the betel-nut tree, L. Chatabha, f. lightning, L. Chadi, f. a kind of palm, L.

छड़िलका chaddalikā, N. of a metre, Sāh.

छ्ड chattra, &c. See √1. chad.

T. chad, cl. 1. dati, to cover, Dhātup. xxxii, 41 (v.l.): Caus. (or cl. 10) chādáyati (once chado, AitBr. i, 30; chando [fr. 1. chand], Dhātup. xxxii, 41; ep. also A., pf. chādayām cakre, R. iv, 58, 7; p. vāna, MBh. vi, 2430), to cover, cover over, clothe, veil, RV. vi, 75, 18; AV. ix, 3, 14; TS. ii, v; SBr. &c.; to spread as a cover, AitBr. i, 30; to cover one's self, ChUp. i, 4, 2; to hide, conceal, keep secret, MBh.; R. v, 90, 16; to protect, SānkhGr. iii, 11; PārGr. iii, 9,6 (KāthGr. 47): Caus. Desid. cicchādayishati, Pān. vii, 4, 83, Vārtt. 2, Pat.; [cf. Goth. scadus.]

Chattra, m. (Pān. vi, 4, 97; often spelt chatra) a mushroom, L.; Andropogon Schoenanthus, L.; a parasol-shaped bee-hive, W.; n. a parasol, Chattar (ensign of royal or delegated power, Jain.; Rājat. v, 18; PSarv.), KātySr. xxi, 3, 6; Gobh.; Kauś.; AsvGr. iii, 8; AdbhBr.; Mn. &c. (ifc. f. a, MBh. xii, 933); an umbrella, Can.; a particular constellation, VarBr. xii, 8; Laghuj. x, 8; 'shelter (of pupils), a teacher (a meaning derived fr. chāttra), Pāņ. iv, 4, 62, Pat.; (ā), f. N. of a plant growing in Kasmīr, Susr. i, 19, 27; iv, 30; Anethum Sowa, L.; Asteracantha longifolia, L.; Rubia Munjista, L.; a mushroom, L.; cf. ati-, ahi-, eka-, gomaya-, sita-; ākriti-cchattrā. - guccha, m. 'umbrellaclustered, Scirpus Kysoor, L. - griha, n. the room in which the parasol (or badge of royalty) is kept, MBh. v, 3544. - grāhinī, f. a female parasolbearer, Kad. - cakra, n. (in astrol.) a kind of diagram. - dhānya, n. coriander, L. - dhāra, m. (Pān. vi, 2, 75, Kās.) a parasol-bearer, R. iii, 58, 3; Pañcat. (-tva, n. abstr., i, 10, 2). - dhārana, n. carrying or using a parasol, Mn. ii, 178 (ifc.); Pān. iv, 4, 62, Pat. - dhārin, mfn. bearing a parasol, Mricch. v, 12; m. N. of a son of Horila-sinha. - pa, m. = -pati, W. - pati, m. the officer watching over the royal parasol, Sinhas. xxiii, ?. - pattra, m. 'parasol-leaved,' Hibiscus mutabilis, L.; Betula

Bhojpatra, Npr. - parna, m. 'parasol-leaved,' Alstonia scholaris, L. - pushpaka, m. 'parasolflowered,' the Tilaka tree, Bhpr. - bhanga, m. destruction of the royal parasol,' loss of dominion, L.; anarchy (svātantrya), L.; widowhood, L. -mukhā, f. 'parasol-faced,' N. of a Nāga virgin, Kārand. i, 48. - yukti, f. 'use of the parasol,' N. of a chapter of Bhoja's Yukti-kalpa-taru. - vat, mfn. furnished with a parasol, Susr. i, 10, 1; (tī), f. N. of a town (Ahi-cchattra, Sch.), MBh. i, 6348. - vriksha, m. Pterospermum suberifolium, Bhpr. - sala, m. N. of prince Sabhā-sinha's father. - sinha, n. N. of a Tirtha, Rasik. xi, 38. - haya, m. pl. N. of a family, Pravar. ii, 3, 6; v, I. Chattrakarasiras, mfn. having a parasol-shaped head, Divyav. Chattrâticchattra, m. a fragrant grass, L.; (a), f. id., L. Chattradi, a Gana of Pan. (iv, 4, 62). Chattrôpānaha, n. sg. (Pān. v, 4, 106, Kās.) the parasol and the shoes, Mn. ii, 246; MBh. xiii, 4641. Chattraka, m. a parasol-shaped temple in honour of Siva, L.; a parasol-shaped bee-hive (cf. chāttro),

W.; Asteracantha longifolia, L.; a mushroom, L.; a kingfisher, L.; n. a parasol, Hcat. i, 7, 268; (ikā), f. a parasol, 323 & 1446; a small parasol, Kād. vi, 177; a mushroom, L.; candied sugar, Npr.

Chattraka, m. a plant akin to Acacia arabica, L., n. a mushroom, ShadvBr. v, 6; Mn. v, 19; Yājñ. i, 176; BhP. x, 25, 19; (1), f. the ichneumon plant, L. Chattrika, m. = 'ttra-dhara, g. purohitadi.

Chattrina, m. N. of a man, Pravar. ii, 3, 5. Chattrin, mfn. furnished with a parasol, MBh. xiii, 739; Hariv. 14205; R. i, iii; m. a barber, L. Chattri-nyāya, m. 'the manner of applying the term chattrin to a king,' permitted synonym, MBh. iii, 19, Sch.; TāṇḍyaBr. xiv, 11, 3, Sch.

Chattri, ind. in comp. for "ttra. - Vkri, to use as a parasol, Kād. iii, 983; Kathās. lxix, 150. Chattvara, m. a house, Un. iii, I; a bower, ib.

2. Chad, mfn. ifc. (Pān. vi, 4, 97) 'covering,' see dhāma- & (?) bhūte-cchád, mallikā-; cf. ā-. Chada, mfn. ifc. covering, BhP. x, 83, 36; m.

a cover, covering (ifc.), R. vii, 23, 4, 32; cf. alpa-, uttara-, uraš-, ghana-, tanu-, danta-, dašana-, vadana-; (ifc. f. a) a wing, Nal. ix, 12; a leaf, MBh.; R.; Pañcat.; BhP.; Prab. iv, ²⁷/₂₈; cf. α-yuk-, kara-, karkasa-, &c.; asra-bindu- & āyata-cchadā; the lip, L.; Xanthochymus pictorius, L.; the plant granthi-parna, L.; n. feathers, Bālar. v, 13. - pattra, m. a kind of birch, L.

Chadana, n. a cover, covering, Hariv. 12671; R. ii, 56, 32 (ifc. f. ā); cf. mallikā-; a sheath, W.; a wing, MBh. iii, 11595; a leaf, Susr.; the leaf of Laurus Cassia, L. Chadi, mfn. ifc. covering, BhP. vii, 14, 13; 'a roof,' see náva-. Chadin, mfn. ifc. covering, xii, 8, 44; 'having leaves,' see dasa-; having wheels (pattra = dhārā, Sch.), iii, 21, 18.

Chadis, n. (Pan. vi, 4, 97) a cover, roof of a carriage, roof (griha, Naigh. iii, 4), RV. x, 85, 10; AV. iii, 7, 3; VS. v, 28; TS. vi; AitBr. i, 29; SBr. iii; Lāty.i, 2, 22; iii; Kathās.ii, 49; cf. chādisheya. Chádir-darsa, m. appearance of roofs, MaitrS. ii, 2, 3; ApSr. vi, 25, 6; (a-ccho, neg.) xv, 20, 2 & 8; 21, 3 & 10; cf. AsvGr. iv, 8, 12. Chadish-mat, mfn. having a cover or roof (a carriage), ApSr. x, 24, 2. Chadih-sammita, mfn. corresponding to a cover, SBr. iii, 5, 3, 9.

Chadma, in comp. for dman. - gati, f. approaching clandestinely, Nyāyam. ix, 1, 9, Sch. -ghātin, mfn. killing deceitfully, Kathās. lxiv, 87. - tāpasa, m. a pretended ascetic, L. - dyūta, n. deceitful playing at dice, MBh. i, 146. - rupin, mfn. disguised as (in comp.), 1792; R. vi, 11, 32. -rupena, instr. ind. in disguise, W. - vallabha, m. the perfume coraka, Npr. - vesha, m. a deceptive dress, disguise, W. - veshin, mfn. of a pretended appearance, BhP. vii, 5, 27; a cheat, W. -stha, m. (Prākrit chauma-ttha) 'remaining in error,' a common man or ascetic (not possessing the knowledge of a kevalin), Jain. - sthita, mfn. ifc. pretending to practise (austerity, tapas-), Pañcat. iii.

Chadman, n. (Pān. vi, 4, 97) a roof, AsvGr. iii, 8; Laty. i, 7,15; external covering, deceptive dress, disguise, pretext, pretence, deceit, fraud, Mn.; MBh.; R.; Pañcat. iii, 15, 1; Ragh. xii, 2; (in dram.) deceitful intelligence or tidings, Dasar. i, 38; cf. kūta-.

Chadmikā, f. Cocculus cordifolius, L. Chadmin, mfn. ifc. disguised as, MBh. iii. Chadvara, m. a tooth, W.; a bower, W. I. Chanda, mfn. = nna, L., Sch.

I. Chandas, n. 'roof,' see brihac-; deceit, Un.

Channa, mfn. covered, covered over, MBh. iii, 800; R. i f.; Megh.; BhP. &c. (ifc., cf. Pān. vi, 2, 170); obscured (the moon), MBh. i, 2699; Sūryas. iv, 10 & 22; hidden, unnoticed by (dat.), secret, clandestine, disguised, MBh. iii f.; R. ii, v; BhP.; Kathās.; Rājat.; (am), ind. secretly, Mn. ix, 98 & 100; Mricch.; Das.; (in comp. nna-) Rajat. v, 467; (with \(gai\), to sing) privately, in a low voice, Lāty.iii, 1, 12ff.; (e), loc. ind. secretly, Hariv. 8686.

Chāttra, m. (fr. chattra [q.v.], Pān. iv, 4, 62) 'sheltered,' a pupil, scholar, Pañcat.; Rājat. vi, 87; Vop.; n. a kind of honey, Suir. i, 45, 8, 2 & 6; Bhpr. v, 21, 14. - ganda, m. a bad scholar (knowing only the beginnings of verses), L. - gomin, mfn. any one attendant on pupils, W. - ta, f. pupilage, Pañcat. i, 4, 1. - darsana, n. 'looked at by pupils,' fresh butter, L. - nilaya, m. 'pupils' abode,' a college, Gal. - priya, mfn. dear to pupils, Pān. vi, 2, 16, Kās. - mitra, m. 'pupils' friend,' N. of a grammarian, Un. iii, 70, Sch. - vyansaka, m. a knavish pupil, g. mayūra-vyansakādi.

Chāttraka, n. = ra-tā, g. manojnadi; = ra,

a kind of honey, L.

Chāttri, Pān. vi, 2, 86. - sāla, n., ib. (Kāš.); (ā), f., ib. Chāttry-ādi, a Gana of Pān., ib. Chāttrikya, n. the office of a parasol-bearer

(chattrika), g. purohitâdi. Chāda, n. (irr., Pān. vi, 4, 96) a roof, L. Chādaka, mfn. covering, Priy. i, 7; any ob-

scuring object (as a cloud), Sūryas. iv, 9 f. Chādana, m. 'coverer,' Barleria cærulea, L.; the skin, L.; covering, cover, MBh. i, 3685; Hariv. 3537; VarBrS. civ, 8; Pancat.; Bhartr.; concealing, W.; darkening, VarBrS. xxiv, 34; (in dram.) ignoring or tolerating offences if useful for one's aims, Sāh. vi, 107; a leaf, L., Sch.

Chādita, mfn. covered, covered over, VarBrS. lxxiii, 1; Ghat.; Rājat. i, 116; obscured (the moon), Mricch. i, 53; concealed, disguised, Kathas. xvii, 44.

Chādin, mfn. ifc. hiding, obscuring, VarBrS. xxx, 18; (ini), f. the skin, Gal.

Chādisheya, mfn. suitable for the roof of a carriage or house (chadis), Pān. v, 1, 13; 2, Vārtt. 2, Pat. Chādmika, mfn. (fr. chadman) fraudulent, Mn. Chādya, mfn. to be sheltered, Pān. iv, 4, 62, Pat.; m. the object obscured, Sūryas. iv, 10.

3. chad or 2. chand, cl. 10. chadáyati (also °te = \square, Naigh. iii, 14 [v. l. °ti]; Subj. 'yat, RV.; 2. pl. 'yātha, i, 165, 12), chandayati (twice cl. I. chándati = arcati, Naigh. iii, 14], MBh. xii; A. [Subj. 'yāte], RV.; aor. acacchadat, Nir. ix, 8; acchan, RV.; 2. pl. onta, i, 165, 12; 3. pl. ontsur, x, 119, 3; Subj. chantsat [Naigh. ii, 6], RV.; 2. sg. 'tsi, i, 163, 4; perf. cacchanda, vii, 73, 3; Pot. cacchadyāt, x, 73, 9) to seem, appear, be considered as, RV.; TāndyaBr. xiv, 5; to seem good, please (with dat.), RV.; SBr. viii; (with acc.) MBh. xii, 7379 (cf. 7376); A. to be pleased with, delight in (acc. or loc.), RV. viii, 50, 5; x, 27, 8; chandayati, to gratify any one (acc.; exceptionally gen., MBh. xii, 7275; R. iii, 3, 15) with anything (instr., esp. varena, 'with a boon,' MBh.; Hariv.; R.; BhP.); to try to seduce any one (acc.), BhP. x, 45, 36.

4. Chad, mfn. ifc. 'appearing as,' see prathamacchád; 'pleased with,' see kavi-& (?) bhūte-cchád. 2. Chánda, mfn. pleasing, alluring, inviting, RV. i, 92, 6; viii, 7, 36; ondá, praising (chánda, Naigh. iii, 16), RV. vi, 11, 3; cf. madhu-ccho; m. appearance, look, shape, Hariv. 8359 ff.; cf. prati-& vi-ccho; pleasure, delight, appetite, liking, predilection, desire, will, Yājñ. ii, 195; MBh. &c.; (ena), instr. ind. [also with svena, viii, 1249; R. ii, 83, 25; or ifc. with sva- (Hariv. 7017) or atma-, MBh. v, xiii; R. v, 26, 18] according to one's own wish, Mn. viii, 176; Nal. xxiii, 15; R. v; according to the wish of (gen.), MBh. iii, 7096; Hariv. 7097; (a-cch°, neg. 'against the wish of') 7098 & 8557; (āt), abl. ind. according to the wish of (in comp.), MBh. viii, 3542; (a-ccho, neg. 'involuntarily,' R. iii, 5, 2); poison, L.; N. of Sākya-muni's charioteer (chandaka), Lalit. xv; Divyâv. xxvii, 159; of a prince, W.; cf. sva-; indra-, kalapa-, deva-& vijaya-, various kinds of pearl-ornaments. - gati, f. interpretation of the Veda ("nda for "ndas), R. vii, 36, 45. - carin, mfn. complying with the wishes of (gen.), MBh. xiii, 2789. - ja, mfn. 'originating from one's own wish,' self-produced (gods), Hariv. 12296. - tas, ind. at will, at pleasure, KathUp. i, 25; Yājñ. iii, 203; MBh.; Hariv.;