निपुण nipuṇa,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . (said to be from a Voun), clever, adroit, skilful, sharp, acute, Mn.; MBh.; Sušr.; Kav. &c.; skilled in, conversant with, capable of (mostly comp. [cf. Pān. ii, 1, 31 and g. saundadi]; but also infin. [Kāv.], loc. [Var.], gen. [Vop. v, 29] or instr. [Pān. ii, 1, 31]); kind or friendly towards (loc. or prati, Pan. ii, 3, 43); delicate, tender, Jātak.; perfect, complete, absolute (as purity, devotion &c.), Mn.; BhP.; (am), ind. in a clever or delicate manner, MBh.; Kāv.; completely, perfectly, absolutely, exactly, precisely, R. (also nipuna ibc. Pān. vi, 2, 24, and nena, MBh.; BhP.) - tara, mfn. more clever or perfect &c.; (am), ind. = next, Panc. - tas, ind. wholly, completely, MBh. - ta, f. skilfulness, adroitness, carefulness, accuracy, Kāv.; Pañc. - dris, mfn. sharpsighted, clever, knowing, MW. Wipunika, f. N. of a waiting-maid, Kalid.

निपुष् ni- /puth, Caus. -pothayati, to dash down, Hariv.

निपुर ni-púr, f. the subtle body, VS.; AV. (=sūkshma-deha, Mahīdh.)

निप्त ní-pūta, mfn.( $\sqrt{p\bar{u}}$ )strained, filtered, purified, RV.

Laty.), to put down, pour out, offer (esp. to deceased relatives), AV.; SBr. &c.: Intens. -popuryate, Pat. parana, n. the putting down or offering (of rice &c. to deceased relatives), Nir.; AsvSr., Sch. paraka, mfn. one who puts down &c., Pat. prita (AsvSr.) and purta (Pat.) mfn. put down, poured out, offered.

निषय ni- \prath (Caus. aor. -paprathan), to spread or increase, RV. ii. 11, 8.

निप्रयत्न ni-prayatna, w. r. for nish-pro, Hariv.

निप्रहन् ni-pra-v'han, P. -hanti, to hurt or destroy (with gen.), Pāṇ. ii, 3, 56, Kāš.

निप्रियाय ni-priyāya (fr. ni-priya), Nom. Ā. °yáte, to keep in one's possession, not to be willing to give up (acc.), AV.

निपाला ni-phalā, f. Cardiospermum Halicacabum, L.

निफालन ni-phālana, n. seeing, sight, L. (prob. w. r. for ni-bh°).

निफान ni-phena, n. opium, L. (cf. a-pho).

निवन्ध ni- / bandh, P. -badhnāti, to bind on, tie, fasten to (loc.), AV.; Kauš.; MBh. &c.; to enchain, fetter (lit. and fig.), Mn.; MBh.; R. &c.; to contract, unite, join, close, obstruct, Kav.; Kathās.; to compose, draw up, write down, Mn.; Var.; R. &c.; to catch, win, acquire, MBh.; Pañc.; to hold fast, restrain, check, MBh.; Ragh.; to put or fix upon (foot, eye &c., i.e. undertake, begin, with loc.), Hariv.; Kāv.; Pañc.; to fix, place, locate, Rājat.; to show, exhibit, Sāh.: Pass. -badhyate, to be bound &c., Mn.; MBh. &c. baddha, mfn. bound, fettered, chained, tied or fastened to, fixed on (loc.); covered with, veiled in (instr.), MBh.; dependent on (instr.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; relating to, contained in (loc.), MBh.; Hariv.; composed or consisting of, accompanied by, furnished with, adorned or inlaid with (comp.), Mn.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; shut up, closed, obstructed, Kathas.; constructed, built, ib.; composed, written down, R.; Kālid. &c.; used, employed (as a word), Sāh.; called as a witness (a-n°, Mn. viii, 76); confined, costive, W.; committed, intrusted, MW.; m. (in music) a partic. instrument. baddhavya (!), mfn. necessarily connected with (instr.), Sah. banddhri, m. binder, fastener, author, composer, Bālar. i, II (printed nibaddhri). bandha, m. binding on, tying, fastening, R.; chain, fetter, bondage, MBh.; BhP.; attachment to, intentness on, L.; basis, root, origin, MBh. ii. 2532; a grant of property, an assignment of cattle or money, Yājñ. i. 317; fixed property, ib. ii. 121; restraint, obstruction, L.; constipation or suppression of urine, Suir. (v. l. for vi-b°); any literary composition or work, Cat.; N. of a partic. wk., ib.; Azadirachta Indica, L.; n. song, singing, L.; -candrôdaya and -tattvadīpa, m. N. of wks.; -dāna, n. grant of property, assignment or gift of a corrody, MW.; -nava-nīta,

m. or n. N. of wk.; -raja, m. N. of an author, Cat.; -vivriti-yojanā, f., -siromany-ukta-nirnaya, m.pl., -samgraha, m., -sarvasva, n., -sāra, m. N. of wks. bandhaka, mfn., g. rišyddi (v. l. "dhanaka). "bandhana, mf(i)n. binding, fastening, fettering, MBh.; BhP.; m. N. of a son of Aruna, BhP. (v. l. tri-b°); (ī), f. band, bond, fetter, MBh.; Susr.; n. tying, fastening, binding together, ligation, Mn.; Susr.; holding fast, restraining, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; constructing, building (asa bridge), MBh.; band, fetter (lit. and fig.), support, stay, ib.; Kāv.; Kathās.; BhP.; cause, origin, basis, foundation, Mn.; MBh. &c. (often ifc. = supported by, fastened to, based or dependent on, connected with, relating to); seat, receptacle (cf. ishu-no); the peg of a lute, L.; a grant, an assignment or royal gift, Sis. ii, 112; composition, arrangement, Kum.; a literary composition or treatise, Sis. ii, 112; (in gram.) syntax; a commentary; -grantha, m. N. of a class of wks. bandhanaka, see dhaka above. bandhaniya, mfn. good or friendly relation; acc. with \square, to be on good terms with (instr.), Hcar. (v. l. nir-b°). bandhika, see asvanibo. obandhita, mfn. bound, fastened, confined, tied, W. bandhin, mfn. binding, confining, fettering, MBh.; Kāv.; (ifc.) joined by, connected with, MBh., Susr.; causing, being the cause of, Yogas.

निबहेण ni-barhana. See ni-brih below. निबल nibala, m. or n. a partic. number, Buddh.

निवाट ní-bāḍha or °bāļha, mfn. (√banh) forced down, thrown into (loc.), RV. i, 106, 6.

नियाध ni- √bādh, Ā. -bādhate, to press down or together, confine, obstruct, oppress, RV. Ni-bādha. See a-nibādhá.

fr. bida = bila, a hole; cf. ni-khila) without spaces or interstices, close, compact, thick, dense, firm, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; full of, abounding in (instr. or comp.), Hariv.; Sak. vii, II (v.l. for ni-cita); low, Kād.; crooked-nosed, Pāņ. v, 2, 32, Kāš.; m. N. of a mountain, MBh. vi, 460; n. crooked-nosedness, Pāņ. v, 2, 32, Kāš.

Nibidaya, Nom. P. 'yati, to make tight, embrace firmly, Bālar. ii, 62. 'dita, mfn. made tight, become thick or heavy, Mālatīm.; pressed close to, Bālar. v. 19.

Nibidī-√kri, to make tight or firm, bend (a bow), Vcar.

Mibirīša, mfn. = ni-bida, Kāv. (-ni-tamba, Šiš. vii, 20); Pāņ. y, 2, 32, Kāš. (W. nividīsha).

figu ni-\(\sigma\) budh, P. -bodhati (aor.-bódhi-shat, RV.), to learn or hear anything (acc.) from any one (gen., rarely sakāšāt), to attend or listen to (esp. Impv. nibodha, "dhata; rarely "dhasva, "dhadhvam); to know, understand, consider as (often with double acc.), RV.; AV.; Mn.; MBh. &c.: Caus. -bodhayati, to cause to know or learn, to inform, tell, BhP. "boddhavya, mfn. to be learnt; to be regarded or considered as (with nomin.), Var. "boddhri, mfn. knowing, wise, Gal.

निवुसीकृत ni-busī-kṛita, mfn. freed from chaff, husked, Kuval. (cf. nir-b°).

fage ni-\square brih (vrih), P. -brihati (aor. -barhīt), to throw down, overthrow, crush, destroy, RV.: Caus. -barhayati, id., ib.; MBh. &c. barhana, mfn. crushing, destroying, removing, MBh.; R. &c.; n. destruction, annihilation, ib. barhita, mfn. destroyed, removed; tânhas, mfn. destroying sin, Sis. i, 29.

fix ni-bha, mf(ā)n. (vbhā) resembling, like, similar (ifc.), MBh.; R. &c. (sometimes pleonast. after adj., e.g. cāru-nibhānana, 'hand-some-faced,' Hariv., or comp. with a synonym, e.g. naga-nibhôpama, 'mountain-like,' MBh.; padma-pattrābha-nibha, 'like a lotus-leaf,' ib.); m. or n. appearance, pretext (only ifc. instr., Daš.; abl., Kathās.). — tā, f. similarity, likeness, RPrāt.

first ni- v bhañj, P. -bhanakti (aor. ny-a-bhānkshīt), to break or dash to pieces, Bhatt. bhañjana, n. breaking to pieces or asunder, AV.

निभक्तन ni-bhartsana, °tsayat, w. r. for nir-bh°.

निभल् ni- \bhal, P. A. -bhālayati, ete, to perceive, see, ChUp.; Bālar. bhālana, n. seeing, perception, L. (w. r. ni-phe).

निभसद् ni-bhasad, mfn. (prob.) having the hinder parts directed downwards, TāṇḍyaBr.

निभिद् ni-\bhid (Pass. -bhidyate), to be opened, open, BhP. (v. l. anu-bho).

निमुज ni- 1. bhuj, P. -bhujati, to bend (head and knees), Pat.

निभूत ni-bhūta, mfn. (√bhū) past, gone, L.; quite frightened, A.

निभूयप nibhūyapa (?), m. N. of Vishņu, VS.

निभृत ní-bhrita, mfn. (√bhri) borne or placed down, hidden, secret, MBh.; Kav. &c.; nearly set (as the moon), Ragh.; firm, immovable, Hariv.; Kāv.; Pur.; shut, closed (as a door), L.; fixed, settled, decided, RV.; fixed or intent upon (comp.), Kad.; filled with, full of (instr. or comp.), BhP.; attached, faithful, MBh.; MarkP.; still, silent, Kum.; quiet, humble, modest, mild, gentle, MBh.; R. &c.; free from passions, undisturbed = sānta), Hcar.; lonely, solitary, Gît.; (ā), f. a kind of riddle, Kāvyād.; (am), ind. secretly, privately, silently, quietly, Mn.; Kāv.; Pañc. &c.; n. humility, modesty, MBh. v, 1493 (Nîlak. 'secrecy, silence'). - sthita, mfn. standing out of sight, unperceived, Kathas. Nibhritagata, mfn. secretly arrived, ib. Wibhritacara, mfn. of resolute conduct, firm, R. Wibhritatman, mfn. resolute-minded, resolute, BhP. Wibhritartha, mfn. having a secret meaning, occult, Sis. Nibhritôrdhva-karna, mfn. having the ears fixed and erect (said of horses), Sak. i, 8.

Nibhṛitī- vkṛi, to keep quiet or unmoved, Kāv. निमंश् ni- vbhraṇs, Caus. -bhrāsáyati, to cause to fall, strike down, fell, RV. x, 116, 5. °bhṛishṭa, see a-nibhṛ°.

निम nima, m. a pin, stake (?), W.

निमक्त ni-\majj, P.A.-majjati, te(p.-majjat and 'jjamāna, MBh.; pf.-mamajja, MārkP.; fut. -majjishyati, MBh.; -mankshye, Ait.Br.; aor. -amānkshīt, Bhatt.; -majjīh, MBh.), to sink down, dive, sink or plunge or penetrate into, bathe in (loc.), Br.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; to sink in its cavity (the eye), Susr.; to disappear, perish, MBh.; Kav. &c.; to immerse or submerge in water, cause to sink or perish, MBh.: Caus. -majjayati, to cause to dive under water, Mn. viii, 114; (with samare, samgrame &c.) to cause to penetrate into a battle, lead into the thick of a fight, MBh. magna, mfn. sunk, fallen into (water &c.); submerged, plunged, or immersed in, penetrated or fixed into (loc. or comp.), Br.; Up.; MBh. &c.; gone down, set (as the sun), Ragh.; Git.; (with para-lokāya) entered into the other world, MBh.; sunk in, depressed, not prominent, deep, Suir. (cf. below); overwhelmed, covered, MW.; -nābhi or -madhyā, f. (a woman) having a depressed navel or a slender waist, Vikr. magnaka, mfn. sinking or entering deep into the flesh, MBh. i, 5601. majjathu, m. the act of diving or entering into, plunging; (with talpe) going to bed, Bhatt. majjana, mf(i)n. causing a person (gen.) to enter or plunge into (water &c.), MBh.; n. bathing, diving, sinking, immersion, MBh.; Kāv. &c. majjita, mfn. plunged into the water, drowned, MBh.

निम प् ni-√math (ind.p.-mathya), to strike down, kill, R.

निमद्द्र ni-\mad, P.-mādayati, to pronounce distinctly but slowly, Sāy. mada, m. pronunciation which is distinct but slow (one of the 7 vācaḥ sthānāni or degrees of pronunciation), TPrāt.

निमन् ni-\man (aor. A.-amansata), to regard or consider as (with double acc.), BhP.

invite, summon, call to (loc. or infin.), Mn.; Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; to invite or entertain with (instr.) or offer anything to (acc.), ĀšvGr.; MBh. &c. mantraka, m. an inviter, MBh. mantrana, n. invitation, calling, a summons, Yājñ.; MBh.; R. mantrita, mfn. invited (esp. to a feast, with instr., e. g. vivāhena, Pañcar.; cf. Pañc. iii, 139);