paka, mfn. one who throws together, destroyer, MBh. kshepana, n. throwing or heaping together, compression, abridgment, brief exposition, L.; throwing, W.; taking away, ib. kshepaniya, mfn. to be thrown together or abridged, MW. kshepam, ind. briefly, concisely, Pancar. ksheptri, mfn. = kshepaka, MBh.

संखुद sam-\/kshud, P.-kshodati, to crush together, pound, bruise, MBh.; R. &c.

Hay sam-\(\lambda\) kshubh, Caus.-kshobhayati, to shake about violently, agitate, toss, excite, BrahmaP. Sam-kshubdha(R.), samkshubhita (MBh.), mfn. tossed together, violently shaken or agitated.

Sam-kshobha, m. a violent shock or jolt, jerk, overturning, upsetting, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; commotion, disturbance, agitation, excitement, ib.; pride, arrogance, W. *kshobhana, n. a violent shock or commotion (in ati-s'), Susr. *kshobhita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) shaken or tossed about, MW. *kshobhin, mfn.shaking about, jolting, jerking (as a carriage), Car.

HEU sam-\/kshnu, A. -kshnute (Pān. i, 3, 65; pr. p. -kshnuvāna, ind. p. -kshnutya), to sharpen well or thoroughly (lit. and fig.), whet, point, stimulate, excite, intensify, ShadvBr.; Bhatt.

Here sam-\langle khād, P. -khādati, to chew thoroughly, eat up, devour, consume, SrS.; Mricch. Sam-khādaka, m. 'chewer,' a tooth, Pat., Sch. 'khādakin, mfn. toothed, fanged (in reproach), Pat.

संस्टि sam- /khid, P. -khidati, to press or force together, RV.; TS.; todrag or tear away, ChUp.

Teur sam- whyā, P. -khyāti, to reckon or count up, sum up, enumerate, calculate, ŚBr.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; to estimate by (instr.), MBh.; Ā. (only aor. sam-akhyata) to appear along with, be connected with, belong to (instr.), RV.; VS.: Caus. -khyāpayati, to cause to be looked at or observed by (instr.), TS.; ŚBr.

Sam-khya, mfn. counting up or over, reckoning or summing up, Pān. iii, 2, 7, Sch. (ifc.; cf. go-so); m. N. of a man, Cat.; (ā), f., see below; n. conflict, battle, war (only in loc.; cf. Naigh. ii, 17), MBh.; Kāv.; Rājat.; -tā, f., -tva, n. numerableness, numeration, MW. chyaka, mfn. numbering,

amounting to (ifc.; cf. sahasra-so).

Sam-khyā, f. reckoning or summing up, numeration, calculation (ifc. = 'numbered or reckoned among'), R.; Ragh.; Rājat.; a number, sum, total (ifc. 'amounting to'), SBr. &c. &c.; a numeral, Prāt.; Pān. &c.; (in gram.) number (as expressed by caseterminations or personal to), Kāš. on Pān. ii, 3, 1; deliberation, reasoning, reflection, reason, intellect, MBh.; Kāv.; name, appellation (=ākhyā), R.; a partic. high number, Buddh.; manner, MW.; (in geom.) a gnomon (for ascertaining the points of the compass), RāmRās. - kaumudī, f. N. of wk. - onka-bindu ("khyank"), m. a cipher, Kav. - tas, ind. from a number, MW. - "tiga ("khyat"), mf(a)n. going beyond numeration, innumerable, Bhartr. - naman, n. a numeral, Nir. - nidāna-tīkā, f. N. of wk. - pada, n. a numeral, VPrāt. (v. l.) - parityakta, mfn. 'deserted by numeration,' innumerable, Pancat. - parimāna-nibandha, m. N. of a work on ceremonial law considered by number and measure (by Kesava Kavindra). - mangala-granthi, m. the auspicious ceremony of tying knots in a thread corresponding to the number of the past years of one's life, Uttarar. - mātra, n. the amount of, MW.; mere numeration, ib. - mushty-adhikarana-kshepa, m. N. of wk. - yoga, m. a partic. constellation (relating to the number of Nakshatras in which a planet is situated), VarBrS. - ratna, n., -ratna-kosa, m. N. of wks. - lipi, f. a partic. mode of writing, Lalit. - I. -vat, mfn. having number, numbered, Vas.; possessing reason or intellect, intelligent, discriminating, ib.; Mcar. - 2. -vat, ind. like number, MW. - vācaka, mf(ikā)n. expressive of number; m. a numeral, ib. - vidhana, n. the making of a calculation, VarBrS. - vritti-kara ("khyavr"), mfn. 'causing repetition of counting,'difficult to be counted, very numerous, Hariv. - sabda, m. a numeral, L. - sas, ind. in great numbers, BhP. - samāpana, m. N. of Siva, MBh.

Samkhyāka, mfn. amounting to (ifc., e.g. sap-tati-so, q.v.), Hariv.

Sam-khyāta, mfn. reckoned up, enumerated,

numbered, counted, measured, AV. &c. &c.; estimated by, R.; considered (see comp.); m. pl. N. of a people, VarBṛS.; (ā), f. (scil. prahelikā) a kind of riddle based on counting, Kāv. iii, IOI; n. number, multitude, BhP.; -samkhyeya, mfn. one who has considered what is to be considered, Car.; 'tânudeša, m. a subsequent enumeration the members of which correspond successively to those of a previous one, Kāš. on Pān. ii, 3, 7. 'khyāna, n. becoming seen, appearance, BhP.; reckoning up, enumeration, calculation, Kāṭh.; ŚrS.; MBh. &c.; a number, multitude, Hcat.; measurement, Hariv.; MārkP.

Sam-khyeya, mfn. to be numbered or enumerated, definite in number, calculable, not numerous, Pān.; MBh. (cf. a-s²); to be considered (see samkhyāta-s²).

संग sam-ga and sanga. See below and √sanj.

सङ्गढ sangata. See p. 1133, col. 1.

संगणना sam-gananā, f. counting together, enumeration, MBh.

Sam-ganikā, f. society, the world, Divyâv.

सगम् sam-\gam, A. -gacchate (rarely P. 'ti, and accord. to Pan. i, 3, 29 only with an object; pf. -jagme; Vedic forms &c. -gamemahi, -gamāmahai, -ajagmiran, -agata [3. sg.], -aganmahi, -agasmahi or -agansmahi, -gmishīya, -gasīshta or -gansishta, -gansyate &c.; cf. VI. gam and Pān. i, 2, 13; vii, 2, 38), to go or come together, come into contact or collision, meet (either in a friendly or hostile manner), join or unite with (instr. with and without saha or sardham), RV. &c. &c.; to unite sexually with (acc.), Bhatt.; to harmonize, agree, fit, correspond, suit, R.; Kathās.; Vedântas.; to go to or towards, meet (acc.), BhP.; to come together or assemble in (loc.), AV.; to undergo or get into any state or condition, become (e.g. with visrambham, 'to become trustful, confide'), BhP.; (P.) to partake of (instr.), RV.; to go away, depart (this life), decease, die, Lāty.; (P,) to visit (acc.), Pān. i, 3, 29, Sch.: Caus. -gamayati (ind. p. -gamayya), to cause to go together, bring together, connect or unite or endow or present with (instr. of pers. and acc. of thing), AV. &c. &c.; to lead any one to (two acc.), Hit., Introd.; to deliver or hand over to (loc.), transfer, bestow, give, MBh.; Ragh.; to connect, construe (words), Sāh.; to cause to go away or depart (this life), kill, MBh. (Nīlak.): Desid. -jigansate, to wish to meet with (instr.), Pat.; -jigansati, to wish to attain to (acc.), ib.

Sam-gá, m. (for sanga see \sanj) 'coming together,' conflict, war, RV. (cf. Naigh. ii, 17).

Sam-gat, See Vop. xxvi, 78.

Sam-gata, mfn. come together, met, encountered, joined, united, AV. &c. &c.; allied with, friendly to (instr. or comp.), Gaut.; Rājat.; fitted together, apposite, proper, suitable, according with or fit for (comp.), Kāv.; Kathās.; contracted, shrunk up, MBh. (cf. comp.), in conjunction (as planets), W.; m. (scil. samdhi) an alliance or peace based on mutual friendship, Kām.; Hit.; N. of a king (belonging to the Maurya dynasty), Pur.; (am), n. coming together, meeting with (instr., loc., gen., or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; frequent meeting, intercourse, alliance, association, friendship or intimacy with (instr., gen., or comp.), KathUp.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; addiction or devotion to (gen.), Kāvyad.; agreement, MBh.; -gātra, mfn. having contracted or shrivelled limbs, MBh.; -samdhi, m. a friendly alliance (see above), MW.; 'tartha, mfn. containing a fit or proper meaning, KātySr. °gataka, m. contact (see bhrū-so); N. of a story-teller, Kathās.

Sám-gati, f. coming together, meeting with (gen. or comp.), RV. &c. &c.; going or resorting to (loc.), Cāṇ.; Hit.; association, intercourse, society, company (with instr. with and without saha or samam; loc., gen., or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a league, alliance, Cāṇ.; sexual union, L.; meeting or coming to pass accidentally, chance, accident (°tyā, ind. 'by chance, haply'), MBh.; R. &c.; adaptation, fitness, appropriateness, applicability, Kathās.; Sarvad.; connection with, relation to (instr. or comp.), Kāvyâd.; becoming acquainted, knowledge, L.; questioning for further information, W.; (in the Pūrva-mīmāṇsā) one of the 5 members (Avayavas) of an Adhikaraṇa, Sarvad.; -prakāša, m., -mālā, f., -lakshaṇa, n., -vāda, m., -vicāra, m.; (°ty)-anumiti, f., -anu-

miti-vāda, m.N. of wks. °gatika (ifc.) = sam-gati, Sarvad. °gatin, mfn. come together, met, assembled, MārkP.

Sam-gathá, m. meeting-place, centre, RV.; TBr.; conflict, war, Naigh.; (a), f. confluence, MW.

Sam-gamá, m. (or n., g. ardharcadi; ifc. f. a) coming together, meeting (in a friendly or hostile manner), union, intercourse or association with (instr. with and without saha, gen., or comp.), RV. &c. &c.; connection or contact with (instr. or comp.; with anarthena, 'coming to harm,' 'injury'), R.; Kām.; sexual union, L.; confluence (of two rivers as of the Ganges and the Jumna, or of a river, at its mouth, with the ocean; such confluences are always held sacred, RTL. 347), Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; conjunction (of planets), VarBrS.; harmony, adaptation, W.; point of intersection, Gol.; an uninterrupted series of (comp.), RPrāt.; acquirement of (gen.), Pancat.; -jñāna, m. N. of a scholar (cf. - srī-jñ°), Buddh.; -tantra-rāja, N. of wk.; -datta, m. N. of a man, Kathās.; -mani, m. a jewel effecting union (of lovers), Vikr.; -srī-jñāna, m. N. of a scholar (cf. samgama-jño), Buddh.; -sādhvasa, n. perturbation in regard to sexual union, Mālav.; -svāmin, m. N. of a man, Kathās.; °maditya, m. N. of a man, Cat.; °mesa, n. N. of a Linga, Kāšīkh.; "mešvara, m. a surname of Visva-nātha (the author of the Vrata-rāja), Cat.; N. of a Linga, Käšīkh.; (°ra-māhātmya, n., -stotra, n. N. of wks.; -svāmin, m. N. of a man, ib.) gamaka, mfn. leading to, showing the way, Nilak. on Hariv. 8992. "gámana, mf(z)n. gathering together, a gatherer, RV.; AV.; m. N. of Yama (q.v.), MW.; n. coming together, coming into contact with, meeting with (comp.), AV.; TBr.; partaking of (instr.), MBh. gamaniya, mfn. leading to union, effecting union, Vikr. °gamita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) brought together, united, ib.; -vat, mfn. one who has brought together or united, Das. gamin, mfn. associating with (comp.), MarkP.

Samgin, mfn. (for sangin see \sanj) going with or to, uniting with, meeting, W.

संगमनेर samgamanera, N. of a place, Cat.

संगर sam-gara &c. See sam- 1. 2. grī.

संगर्ज sam- \garj, P. -garjati, to roar together, shout at or against (acc.), MBh.

time when grazing cows are collected for milking or when they are together with their calves (the second of the five divisions of the day, three Muhūrtas after Prātastana, q.v.), RV.; AV.; Br.; SrS. - kāla, m. (JaimBr.), -velā, f. (ChUp.) the time when cows are collected for milking.

Sam-gavinī, f. the place where cows come together for milking, AitBr. (Sāy.)

Him sam- $\sqrt{g\bar{a}}$, P.-jigāti, to come together, AV.; to go to, approach (acc.), BhP.

सगायन sam-gāyana. See sam-√gai.

सगाह sam-\gāh, Ā. -gāhate (only aor. sam-agāhishta), to plunge into, enter, go into (acc.), Bhatt.

संगिर sam-gir, sam-gira. See sam-√1. 2. grī, p. 1129, col. 1.

सगात sam-gīta &c. See sam-√gai.

संगुण sam-guna, mfn. multiplied with (comp.), VarBrS.; Ganit.

Samgunaya, Nom. (fr. prec.) P. vati, to multiply, Sūryas.

Samguni-krita, mfn. multiplied, Gol.

ry sam-gupta, mfn. (\squp) well guarded or protected or preserved, MBh.; well hidden, concealed, kept secret, ib.; m. a partic. Buddha or Buddhist saint, L.; 'târtha, m. a secret matter, hidden meaning; mfn. having a hidden meaning (-lekha, m. a letter having a hidden meaning), Kull. on Mn. vii, 153. 'gupti, f. guarding, protection, MBh.; concealment, Pratāp.

Sam-gopana, mfn. hiding or concealing well, Pañcar.; n. the act of hiding or concealing well, complete concealment, Sāh. gopanīya, mfn. to be completely hidden or concealed, Pañcar.

संगृह sam-gūdha, mfn. (vguh) completely concealed or hidden from view &c.; contracted, abridged, W.; heaped up, arranged, ib.