**Rāsmīraka**, mfn. (gaņa kacchādi) born or produced in Kasmīra, relating to Kasmīra, MBh.; Rājat.: (as), m. a prince of Kasmīra, VarBṛS.; (ās), m. pl. the inhabitants of Kasmīra, MBh. iii, 1991; (ikā), f. a princess of Kasmīra, Rājat. vi, 254.

Kāsmīrika, mfn. born or produced in Kasmīra, Rājat. — nivāsa, m. the residence of the Kasmīras, Rājat. iii, 480.

Kāsmīrya, mfn., gana samkāsadi.

काउप 2. kāšya, am, n.=kašya, a spirituous liquor, L.

काइयप kāsyapa, mf(ī)n. betonging to Kasyapa, relating to or connected with him (e.g. kāsyapī devī, the earth, Hariv. 10645; see kāsyapī below), MBh. &c.; (gana bidadi) a patr. fr. Kasyapa (designating an old grammarian [VPrāt.; Pān. viii, 4, 67] and many other persons, including some whose family-name was unknown [Comm. on KātyŠr.]; many subdivisions of Kāsyapa families are known, e.g. Urubilvā-ko, Gayā-ko, Dasabala-ko, Nadī-ko, Mahā-ko, Hasti-ko); N. of Aruna (the sun), VP. iii, 12, 41; of Vishnu, L.; a sort of deer, L.; a fish, L.; (ī), f. a female descendant of Kasyapa, VarBrS.; the earth (according to a legend of the Purānas, Parasu-rāma, after the destruction of the Kshatriya race and the performance of an Asvamedha sacrifice, presented the sovereignty of the earth to Kasyapa), MBh. viii, 3164; Hcar.; (am), n., N. of different Samans, ArshBr. - dvīpa, m., N. of a Dvipa, MBh. vi. - nandana, as, m. pl. the children of Kasyapa,' N. of the gods, MBh. xiii, 3330. - parivarta, m., N. of a section of the Ratnakūta-text, Buddh. - smriti, f., N. of a work.

Kāsyapaka, mf(ikā)n. relating to or connected with Kasyapa, VāyuP.

Kāsyapāyana, as, m. a patr. fr. Kāsyapa, gaņa 1. nadādi.

Kāsyapi, is, m. id., N. of Tārkshya, Kathās. xc, 110; of Garuda, L.; of Aruna, L.

Kāsyapin, inas, m. pl. the school of Kāsyapa, Pān. iv, 3, 103.

Kāsyapī (f. of kāsyapa, q. v.) - bālākyā-mātharī-pútra, m., N. of a teacher, SBr. xiv. - bhuj, m. enjoying the earth, a king, Rājat. i, 45.

Kāsyapīya, ās, m. pl. the school of Kāsyapa, Buddh.

Kāsyapeya, as, m. a patr. of the twelve Ādityas, MBh. xiii, 7094; of Garuda, MBh. i, 1247; of Aruna (the sum), L.

काज्यायन kāsyāyana. See p. 280, col. 3.

काश्वरी kāsvarī, f.= kāsmarī, L.

काप kāsha. See kapola-ko. Kāshana, mfn. unripe, Divyav.

red, dyed of a reddish colour, ĀśvGr.; Kauś.; MBh. &c.; (ī), f. (with makshikā) a sort of fly or wasp, Suśr.; (am), n. a brown-red cloth or garment, MBh.; R.; Yājñ. iii, 157. — grahaṇa, n., N. of a Caitya, Lalit. — dhāraṇa, n. wearing a brown-red garment, MBh. xii, 11898. — vasana, mf(ā)n. = -vāsas, Nal. xxiv, 9; (ā), f. a widow, L. — vāsas, mfn. wearing a brown garment, MBh.; Hariv. — vāsika, m. (= kash°) a kind of poisonous insect, Sušr.

Kāshāyaná, as, m. (a patr. fr. kashāya or kāsh°), N. of a teacher, SBr. xiv.

Kāshāyin, ī, m. wearing a brown-red garment,' a Buddhist monk, Car.; Vishn.; (inas), m. pl. the school of Kashāya, gaņa saunakādi.

काधिन kāshin. See pat-k°.

Kāsheya, ās, m. pl., N. of a dynasty, VP.

काष्टायन kāshṭāyana, as, m. a patr. fr. ka-shta, Pravar.

attendants, MBh. ii, 415; (ám), n. a piece of wood or timber, stick, SBr.; KātyŚr.; Mn. &c.; wood or timber in general; an instrument for measuring lengths; a kind of measure, SaddhP.; [kāshtha-, in comp., or kāshtham, ind. with a verb expresses excellence or superiority, Pān. viii, 1, 67 & 68.] - kadalī, f. the wild plantain, L. - kīta, m. a small insect or worm found in decayed wood, L. - kutta, m. a sort of woodpecker (Picus bengalensis), Pañcat. - kuddāla, m. a kind of wooden shovel or scraper (used for baling water out of a

boat, or for scraping and cleaning its bottom), L.; (vv.ll.-kudāla and-kūddāla.) - kūta, m. = -kutta, Pañcat. - khanda, n. a stick, spar, piece of wood, Megh.; Sis.; Hit. - garbha, mfn. woody in the interior, Bhpr. - ghatana, m. framing and joining timber. - ghatita, mfn. framed or formed of wood, wooden. - cita, f. a funeral pile, Pañcad. - jambu, f. the plant Premna herbacea, L. - taksh, m. 'cutting and framing timber, a carpenter, L. - takshaka, m. id., L. - tantu, m. a caterpillar (which secretes itself in wood and there passes into a chrysalis), L.; a small worm found in timber, W. - daru, m. the tree Pinus Deodora, L. - dru, m. the plant Butea frondosa, L. - dhatri-phala, n. the fruit of the plant Emblica officinalis, L. - patta, m. a wooden board, Bhpr. - pattrôpajīvin, mfn. living by working on wood and leaves, Sah. - pātalā, f., N. of a plant (= sita-pātalikā), L. - pāshāna-vāsas, ānsi, n. pl. wood, stone, and clothes. - puttalikā, f. a wooden image. - pushpa, ani, n. pl. a kind of flower, Karand. - pradana, n. piling up wood, forming a funeral pile, Pañcat. - bhakshana, n. 'devouring of wood (of the funeral pile),' = oshthadhirohana, Pañcad. - bhāra, m. a particular weight of wood, Hariv. 4356; R. i, 4, 21. - bhārika, mfn. a wood-carrier, bearer of wood, Kathās. vi, 42. - bhid, mfn. cleaving wood, Pān. iii, 2, 61, Kāš. - bhūta, mfn. one who has become wood or stands stock still (as an ascetic), R. i, 65, 3; (as), m., N. of a demon who causes diseases, Hariv. 9559. - bhrit, see s. v. kāshthā. - bheda, m. cleaving of wood, Pān. vi, 2, 144, Kās. - mathī, f. a funeral pile, L. -maya,  $mf(\bar{i})n$ . made of wood, wooden, consisting of pieces of wood, Mn. ii, 157; MBh. &c. -malla, m. a bier or plank &c. on which dead bodies are carried, L. - rajanī, f. = dāru-haridrā, L. - rajju, f. a cord for binding together a load of wood, R. i, 4, 20. -lekhaka, m. a small worm found in wood, L. - loshta-maya, mfn. made of wood or clay, Mn. viii, 289. - lohin, m. a club, short cudgel (especially if bound with iron), L. - vat, mfn. having wood for fuel, &c.; (t), ind. like a piece of wood, like a stick (as when petrified with fear, &c.) - vallikā, f., N. of a plant (= katukā), L. - vallī, f. id., L. - vāta, m. a wall made of wood, Rājat. vi, 202. - vāstuka, n. a sort of spinage, Npr. - vivara, n. the hollow of a tree, Comm. on Sak. - sārivā, f. the plant Ichnocarpus frutescens, L. - stambha, m. a beam of wood, Hit. Kashthagāra, m. a wooden house, L. Kāshthâguru, m. Agallochum, L. Kāshthadi, a Gaņa of Pāņ. (viii, 1, 67). Kāshthâdhirohana, n. ascending the funeral pile, Pañcad. Kāshthâmbu-vāhinī, f. a wooden bucket or baling vessel, L. Kāshthâluka, n.a species of Aluka, Susr.; Hcar. Kāshthī- Vbhū, to stand stock still or become immovable like a piece of wood, Bhpr. Kashthi-rasa, m. the wild plantain, Musa sapientum, L.; (cf. kashthīla.) Kāshthêkshu, m. a kind of sugar-cane, L.

1. Kāshthaka, as, m. a kind of wheat, L.; (ikā), f. a small piece of wood, Pañcat.; Kathās.; wild Pisang, L.; (am), n. aloe wood or Agallochum, L.

Kāshthika, as, m. a bearer of wood, Kād.; Kathās.; (ā), f., see oshthaka.

Kāshthin, mfn. wooden, W.; having wood, W.

काश kāshthā, f. a place for running, raceground, course (also the course, path or track of the wind and clouds in the atmosphere), RV.; the mark, goal, limit, VS.; TS.; SBr. &c.; the highest limit, top, summit, pitch, Kum.; Das. &c.; a quarter or region of the world, cardinal point, Naigh.; Nir.; MBh. &c.; the sixteenth part of the disk of the moon, BhP. i, 12, 31; a measure of time  $(=\frac{1}{30})$ Kalā, Mn. i, 64; Sušr.; =  $\frac{7}{12}$  Kalā, Jyot.; =  $\frac{1}{15}$ Laghu, =  $\frac{1}{225}$  Nādikā, =  $\frac{1}{450}$  Muhūrta, BhP. iii, 11, 7), MBh. i, 1292 &c.; form, form of appearance, BhP. iii, 28, 12; vii, 4, 22; the sun, Nir. ii, 15; water, ib.; the plant Curcuma xanthorrhiza, L.; N. of a daughter of Daksha and wife of Kasyapa (mother of the solidungulous quadrupeds), BhP. vi, 6, 25 ff.; N. of a town. Kāshtha-bhrit, mfn. leading to a mark or aim, SBr. xi.

2. Kāshthaka, mfn. relating to kāshthakīya, gaņa bilvakādi.

Kāshṭhakīya, am, n. [Kās.], ā, f. fr. kāshṭhā (a mark, goal), gaṇa 2. naḍādi.

काष्ट्रोल kâshthīla, as, m. a large kind of Calotropis, L.; (तं), f.a plantain, Musa sapientum, L.

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2. Kas, f. cough, AV. i, 12, 3; v, 22, 10 & 11. I. Kāsa, as, m.id., Sušr.; BhP.; (ā), f. id., AV. vi, 105, 1-3. - kanda, m. aspecies of root (=  $k\bar{a}s\bar{a}lu$ ), L. - kara, mfn. producing cough or catarrh. - kuntha, mfn. 'afflicted with cough,' N. of Yama. -ghna, mf(i)n. removing or alleviating cough, pectoral, Susr.; (i), f. a sort of prickly nightshade (Solanum Jacquini), L. -jit, f. 'removing cough,' Clerodendrum siphonanthus, L. - nāsinī, f., N. of athornyplant (= karkata-sringi), L. - marda, m. 'cough-destroying,' Cassia Sophora, Suir.; a remedy against cough (an acid preparation, mixture of tamarinds and mustard), L. - mardaka, m. Cassia Sophora, L. - mardana, m. Trichosanthes diœca, L. - vat, mfa. having a cough, Car.; Suir. Kāsari, m. 'enemy of cough,' Cassia Sophora, L. Kāsalu, m. an esculent root (sort of yam), L.

Kásikā, f. cough, AV. v, 22, 12; xi, 2, 22.

Kāsin, mfn. having a cough, Sušr.

Kāsundī-vaţikā, f. a remedy against cough (= kāsa-marda), L.

कास 2. kāsa, as, am, m. n. for kāsa (the grass Saccharum spontaneum), L.; (as), m. the plant Moringa pterygosperma, L.

THE 3. kāsa, mfn. fr. √kas, Pān. iii, 1, 140.

Kāsaka, ās, m. pl., N. of a dynasty, VP.

कासकिक kā-saktika. mfn. wearing a turban (or = baddha-parikara kañcukin), Gobh. i, 2, 25.

कासर kā-sara, as, m. (cf. kā-sriti) a buffalo, L.

pool, Hariv.; Daš.; Bhartr.; Gīt.; N. of a teacher, BhP. xii, 6, 59.

कासिका kásikā, kāsin. See Vkās.

कासीस kāsīsa, am, n. green vitriol, green sulphate of iron, Car.; Suir.

कासुन्दीवरिका kāsundī vatikā. See Vkās.

or lance, Pāṇ. v, 3, 90; Uṇ. i, 85; indistinct speech, L.; speech in general, L.; light, lustre, L.; disease, L.; devotion, W.; understanding, L.—tarī, f. a short spear, javelin, L.

कासृतिkā-sriti,is,f.aby-way,secret path,L. कासेर्याज्ञक kāseruyajnika. See kāšo.

कास्तम् kāstambara, as, m., N. of a man, (pl.) his family, Saṃskārak.

कास्तीर kāstīra, am, n., N. of a village of the Bāhīkas, Pān. vi, I, 155.

स्त्रद्धाराक्षेत्र, mf(ikā, ikī)n., Pāṇ. iv, 2, 104, Pat. कास्त्रिक kāstūrika. mf(ā)n. (fr. kastūrikā),

made or consisting of musk, Heat.

काहका kāhakā, f. (cf. kāhalā) a kind of musical instrument, L.

काहन káhan, káhas, n. (fr. 3. ká), a day of Brahmā (or one thousand Yugas, see kalpa), Āryabh.

काह्य kāhaya, as, m. a patr. fr. kahaya, gaņa šivādi.

ly, HYog.; speaking indistinctly, L.; mischievous, L.; large, excessive, L.; dry, withered, L.; (as), m. a large drum, Pañcat.; a sound, L.; a cat, L.; a cock, L.; N. of an author; (ā), f. a kind of musical instrument, Rājat. v, 464; N. of an Apsaras, L.; (ī), f. a young woman, L.; N. of Varuṇa's wife, L.; (am), n. unbecoming speech, SāmavBr.; a kind of, musical instrument, L. Kāhalā-pushpa, n. a thorn-apple (Datura Metel, = dhustūra), L.

Kāhali, is, m., N. of Siva, MBh. xiii, 1179. Kāhalin, ī, m., N. of a Rishi, Tantr.

काह्स kâhas. See kâhan.

काहाबाह kāhābāha, am, n.arumbling noise in the bowels, AV. ix, 8, 11.