breath or life, vivified, revived, Kathās.; n. breathing, breath, respiration, sighing, a sigh, Kav.; Pur. Svasī-vat, mfn. = svasana-vat, hissing, snort-

ing, RV. i, 140, 10 (Say.) Svāsa, m. hissing, snorting, panting, R.; Kathās.;

BhP.; respiration, breath (also as a measure of time = prâna, asu), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; breathing or aspiration (in the pronunciation of consonants), RPrāt., Introd.; inspiration, Sarvad.; sighing, a sigh, Sak.; Sāh.; affection of the breath, hard breathing, asthma (of which there are five kinds, viz. kshudra, tamaka, chinna, mahat, and ūrdhva), Sušr.; (ā), f. N. of the mother of Svasana (the god of wind), MBh.; Convolvulus Turpethum, L.; -karma-prakāša, m. N. of wk. - kāsa, m. 'breath-cough,' asthma (osin, mfn. suffering from it), Hcat. - kuthāra, m. N. of a drug used as a remedy for asthma, Bhpr. - ta, f. the being breath, the being aspirated (cf. above), RPrāt.; breathing, respiration, aspiration, MW. - dhārana, n. suppression or suspension of breath, KātySr., Sch. - prasvāsa-dhārana, n. suppression or suspension of inspiration and expiration (= pranayama, q. v.), MW. - rodha, m. obstruction of the breath, oppression of the chest, BhP. - $\dot{s}esha$, $mf(\bar{a})n$. having nothing left but breath, consisting only in breathing (as life), Rajat. - hikkā, f. a kind of hiccough (ckkin, mfn. suffering from it), Car. - heti, f. 'remedy for asthma,' sound sleep, L. Svāsakula, mfn. troubled in breathing, out of breath, Campak. Svāsanila, m. wind (caused) by breathing, breath, BhP. svasari, m. 'breath-enemy,' Costus Speciosus or Arabicus, L. Svāsôcchvāsa, m. du. inspiration and expiration, respiration, MW.

Svāsika, mfn. occurring in or resulting from asthma, Car.

Svāsita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) caused to breathe &c.; w. r. for sv-āšita, R. ii, 84, 18.

Svāsin, mfn. hissing, breathing, AsvGr.; breathing hard, asthmatic, Suir.; aspirated (as a sound or letter), Siksh.; m. wind, L.

श्वस् 2. svás, ind. to-morrow, on the following day (śváh śvah, 'day by day;' śvó bhūté, 'on the morrow,' 'next day'), RV. &c. &c.; in the future (see comp.); a particle implying auspiciousness, W.

Svah, in comp. for 2. svás. - kala, m. to-morrow's time, the morrow; (e), loc. on the morrow, to-mo, MBh. - kraya, m. a purchase (to be made) on the morrow, Laty. - prabhriti, ind. from to-m° onwards. - sreyasá, n. 'better state on the morrow,' progressive improvement, SBr.; happiness, prosperity, L.; the Supreme Spirit, L.; mfn. happy, progressively prosperous, L. - svá, n. putting off to the morrow, procrastination, SBr. - sutyā, f. 'tomorrow's preparation of the Soma, the eve of the Sutyā rite, AitBr.; SBr.; Lāty. - stotriya, n. tomorrow's Stotriya (q.v.), AitBr.

Svástana, mf(z)n. relating or belonging to the morrow (one hani, on the morrow), Kāv.; Pur. [cf. Lat. crastinus]; (i), f. the next day, the morrow, MaitrS.; (in gram.) the terminations of the first future, Pān. iii, 3, 15, Vārtt. 1; (am), n. to-morrow, next day, the future, Mn.; MBh. &c. (cf. a-svo). - vat, mfn. having a future, PañcavBr.

Svastanika. See a-svo.

Svastya, mfn. = svastana, Pān. iv, 2, 105.

Svo, in comp. for 2. svás. - bhava, m. to-morrow's state of affairs, KātyŚr.; pl. the affairs or occurrences of to-mo, KathUp. - bhāvin (MBh.; R.), -bhūta (Gaut.), mfn. what may happen to-m'. - bhūti, m. N. of a man, Pat., Sch. - marana, n. imminent death or the thought of it, MBh. - vasiya, n. future welfare or prosperity, Das.; mfn. happy for all future time,' auspicious, fortunate, MW. - vasīyas, mfn. id., ib. - vasīyasa, mf(i)n. bestowing future welfare, MaitrS.; n. future wo, auspiciousness, good fortune, L. - vasyasá, mfn. = prec., TBr. - vijayín, mfn. one who is about to conquer on the morrow, MaitrS.

श्राक्ण svā-karna, svā-kunda &c. See p. 1105, col. 2.

श्वाच svātr, cl. I. P. svātrati, to go, move, Naigh. ii, 14.

श्वाच svātrá, mfn. (prob. fr. √svi=sū)

invigorating, strengthening, strong (as Soma, the waters &c.; accord. to native authorities = kshipra or milra; accord. to others, 'savoury,' 'dainty,' fr. √svad = svad), RV.; VS.; (ám), ind. = kshipram, Nir. v, 3; (am), n. strengthening or savoury food or drink, a dainty morsel, RV.; = dhana, Naigh. ii, 10. - bhāj, mfn. = next, RV. viii, 4, 9.

Svätrya, mfn. 'strengthening' or 'savoury' (cf. śvātra), RV.

श्वान svāna &c. See p. 1105, col. 2.

श्वान्त svāntá, mfn. (fr. √svam=sam?) tranquil, placid, RV. (Say. = santa or sranta).

श्वापद svā-pada, svā-vidh &c. See p. 1105, col. 2.

श्वाश्वार svāsura, mf(ī)n. relating or belonging to a father-in-law, Kathās.; m. pl. = śvāšurer yūnas chāttrāh, Pat.

Svāsuri, m. the son of the father-in-law, ib. Svāsurya, w. r. for svasurya, Kathās.

ju śvi (connected with √śū; sometimes written śvā), cl. 1. P. (Dhātup. xxiii, 41) šváyati (pf. šišvāya or šušāva, Gr.; aor. ášvat, SBr., asvayīt, HParis.; Prec. sūyāt, Gr.; fut. svayitā, śvayishyati, ib.; inf. śváyitum, Br.), to swell, grow, increase, TS.; SBr. &c.: Pass. sūyate (aor. asvāyi), id., Car.: Caus. svāyayati (aor. asisvayat [Bhatt.] or asūšavat), id., Gr.: Desid. of Caus. sisvāyayishati or susāvayishati, ib.: Desid. sisvayishati, ib.: Intens. sesviyate (Bhatt.), sosiiyate; sesvayiti, sesveti, to swell much.

Sūtha, sūna &c. See p. 1085, col. I. Svaya, m. swelling, increase, MW.

Svayátha, m. swelling, SBr.

Svayathu, m. swelling, intumescence, Suir. - kara, mfn. causing into, ib. - cikitsa, f. the cure or treatment of swelling &c., ib. - mat, mfn. suffering from swelling or intumescence, Car.

Svayana, n. swelling, APrāt., Sch.

Svayas, n. swelling, L.; power, strength, L. Evayici, m. or f. a kind of illness, Un. iv, 71, Sch. প্রিক্ল śvikna, m. pl. N. of a people, SBr.

श्वित् 1. śvit, cl. 1. A. (Dhātup. xviii, 2) svetate (occurring only in pr.p. svetamāna, Mālatīm., and in aor. asvait or asvitat, p. svitaná [q. v.], RV.; Gr. also pf. sisvite, fut. svetitā, svetishyate, and aor. asvetishta), to be bright or white: Caus. (only aor. asisvitat; but cf. svetaya and svetita), id., RV. [Cf. Lith. szvailýti; Goth. hweits; Germ. weiss; Engl. white.]

2. Svit. See uda-svit and sūrya-svit. Svita, mfn. white, n. whiteness, Say.

Svitaná, mfn. being white, white-coloured, RV. vi, 6, 2.

Sviti, (prob.) f. whiteness, a white colour, Say. Svitīci, svitna, and svitnya, mfn. whitish, RV. Svitya, mfn. white, white-coloured, MW.; m. (cf. svaitya) N. of a man, MBh. vii, 2183 (Nīlak.) Svityáne, mf(°tīcī)n. whitish, RV.

Svitrá, mfn. whitish, white, AV.; .TS.; having white leprosy, PañcavBr.; m. a partic. who domestic animal or any who ano, VS.; m. n. morbid whiteness of the skin, white leprosy, vitiligo, Susr.; BhP.; = antariksha, Sāv. on RV. v, 19, 3; (\bar{a}) , f. N. of a woman, Say. on RV. i, 13, 14. - ghnī, f. 'removing white leprosy,' the plant Tragia Involucrata, L. - hara, mfn. removing or curing white leprosy, Svitrôpakāsa, mfn. looking whitish, ĀpŚr.

Svitrin, mfn. affected with whiteness of the skin, leprous, a leper, Gaut.; Mn. &c.

Svitrya, m. metron. fr. svitra, RV. i, 33, 15 (Sāy.)

Svetá, mf(a or švenī)n. white, dressed in white, bright (with párvata, m. 'snow-mountain,' SBr.; with katâksha,m. 'a bright side-glance, 'Samgīt.), RV.&c. &c.; m. white (the colour), L.; a white horse, SBr.; a small white shell, cowry, L.; a silver coin, L.; a white cloud, L.; the planet Venus or its regent Sukra, L.; a partic. comet (cf. -ketu), VarBrS.; a partic. plant (=jīvaka), L.; cumin seed, W.; N. of a serpent-demon (with vaidārva or vaidārvya or vaidarvya; others give svaita-vaidārava as signi-

fying 'a partic. deity connected with the sun'), GrS.; Pur.; N. of one of Skanda's attendants, MBh.; of a Daitya (son of Vipra-citti), Hariv.; of a Muni, MBh.; Kathās.; of a partic. Avatāra of Siva, Cat.; of a pupil of Siva, IW. 122, n. 3; of a manifestation of Vishnu in his Varāha incarnation (worshipped in a partic. part of India), MW.; of a Rājarshi, MBh.; of a son of the king Sudeva, R.; of a general, MBh.; of a son of Vapushmat, MarkP.; of a preceptor, Cat.; of a mythical elephant, MBh.; of the sixth range of mountains dividing the known continent (the white or 'snowy' mountains separating the Varshas of Hiranmaya and Ramyaka), MBh.; Pur. (IW. 420, n. 1); of one of the minor Dvipas or divisions of the world (cf. -dvīpa), MBh.; R.; (ā), f. one of the seven tongues of Fire, Grihyas.; a small white shell, cowry, L.; N. of various plants (accord. to L. the birch tree, a white bignonia, Bœrhavia Procumbens, Achyranthes Atropurpurea &c.), Suir.; VarBrS.; crystal, L.; alum, L.; white or candied sugar, L.; bamboo-manna, L.; a mystical term for the letter s, Up.; N. of one of the Mātris attendant on Skanda, MBh.; of the mother of the elephant Šveta (or Šankha), MBh.; R.; of a princess, Rājat.; (i), f. N. of a river, MW.; n. the white of the eye, Susr.; the growing white (of the hair), ChUp.; silver, L.; butter-milk and water mixed half and half, L. - kantakārī, f. a species of plant (= priyamkarī), MW. - kanthin, mfn. white-necked (as a jar), Hariv. - kanda, m. Allium Cepa or Ascalonicum; (a), f. Aconitum Ferox, L. - kapota, m. a kind of mouse, Cat.; a kind of snake, Susr. - kamala, n. a white lotus, MW. - karna, m. N. of a son of Satya-karna, Hariv. - kalpa, m. a partic. Kalpa or world-period, Hcat. - kāka, m. a white crow, i. e. any very unusual thing, Kautukas. - kakīya, mfn. relating to a white crow, rare, unusual, unheard of, MBh.; Mricch. - kāndā, f. who Dūrvā grass, L. - kāpotī, f. a kind of plant, Sušr.-kāmbojī, f. a white variety of Abrus Precatorius, L. -kinihī, f. a kind of tree, L. -kukshi, m. a kind of fish, L. - kunjara, m. 'white-elephant,' Indra's elo Airāvata, L. - kusa, m. who Kusa grass, L. - kushtha, n. who leprosy, Cat.; mfn. suffering from wholo (-tva, n.), Kull. on Mn. xi, 51.-krishnā, f. a kind of venomous insect, Suir. - ketu (svetá-), m. N. of a comet (also called Uddālakaśv°), VarBrS.; a Jaina saint, L.; N. of Auddalaki, SBr.; of Aruneya, ib. &c.; of a son of Sena-jit, Hariv.; of Gautama Buddha as a Bodhi-sattva, Lalit. - kesa, m. white hair, ib.; a kind of red-flowering Moringa, L. - kola or -kolaka, m. the fish Cyprinus Sophore, L. - kshāra, m. who nitre, saltpetre, alkali, L. - khadira, m. a who variety of the Khadira tree, L. - ganga, f. N. of a river, Kad. - gaja, m. a who elephant or the elo of Indra, ib. - garut (L.) or -garuta (MW.), m. 'wh'-winged,' a goose. - giri, m. who mountain, snowy range of hills (see under sveta above), Cat.; -māhātmya, n. N. of chs. of two Puranas. - gunja, f. a white variety of Abrus Precatorius, L. - gunavat, mfn. possessed of the quality of whiteness, Sah. - gokarni, f. Clitoria Ternatea, Dhanv. - godhuma, m. a kind of wheat, Vas. - ghanta, f. a kind of plant (= nagadanti), L. - ghanti, f., see mahā-sveta-gh. -ghoshā, f. a who Ghoshā plant, MW. -candana, n. white sandal, Pancar. - campaka, m. a kind of Campaka, ib. - carana, m. a kind of bird, Sušr. - cintā-mani, m. N. of wk. - cillikā or -cilli, f. a kind of vegetable, L. -cchattra, n. a who umbrella, BhP.; mfn. having a who umbo, MW. - cchattrāya, Nom. to resemble a who umbrella ('yita, mfn.), Vcar. -cchattrin, mfn. having a who umbo, ApSr. - cchada, m. 'who-winged' or 'who-leaved,' a goose, L.; a kind of plant, L.; Ocymum Album, W. - jala, N. of a lake, VP. - jīraka, m. who cumin, L. - tankaka or -tankana, n. a kind of borax, L. -tandula, m. a kind of rice, L. - tantrī, f. a kind of stringed instrument, Samgīt. -tapas, m. N. of a man, Cat. -tara, m. pl. N. of a school, Caran. - ta, f. whiteness, MW. -durvā, f. white Dūrvā grass, Bhpr. - dyuti, m. the moon, L. - druma, m. Cratæva Roxburghii, L. -dvipa, m. a white elephant or Indra's elo Airāvata, L. - dvīpa, m. n. 'who island,' N. of a mythical abode of the blessed, MBh.; Hariv.; Kav. &c. (cf. IW. 126, n. 1); of a sacred place near Kāšī, Cat. - dvīpāya, Nom. A. vate, to resemble the white isle, Hcar. - dhātu, m. chalk, L.; opal or chalcedony, W.; any who mineral, MW. - dhaman,