pratici, pratici [and pratyañci, Vop.]; pratyák) turned towards, facing (acc.), RV.; AV.; VS.; coming (opp. to arvanc, 'going'), RV.; being or coming from behind, turning the back, averted, moving in an opposite direction, ib.; Br.; KātySr.; westward, western, occidental, to the west of (abl.), VS.; AV.; Br.; Mn. &c.; turned back or inward, inner, interior, Prab.; BhP.; Vedântas.; equal to, a match for (acc.), AV.; past, gone, L.; m. the individual soul, Prab. vi, &; (pratici), f. (with or scil. dis) the west, AV. &c. &c.; N. of a river, BhP.; (pratyák), ind. backwards, in an opposite direction, RV.; AV.; behind (abl.), KātyŚr.; down (opp. to ūrdhvam), KathUp.; westward, to the west of (abl.), SrS.; MBh.; BhP.; inwardly, within, BhP.; Vedântas.; in former times, L.

Prátika,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . (for praty-aka; cf. anūka, apāka, abhīka) turned or directed towards; (ifc.) looking at, BhP.; (prob.) going uphill, MBh.; adverse, contrary, inverted, reversed, L.; n. exterior, surface, RV.; outward form or shape, look, appearance, face (cf. ghrita-po, caru-po, tvesha-po), ib.; Nir.; the face (esp. the mouth), RV.; SBr.; ParGr.; the front, MW.; an image, symbol, ChUp., Sch.; a copy, Vām.; (also m.) the first part (of a verse), first word, Br. &c. &c.; m. a part, portion, limb, member, L. (cf. prati-pro, p. 662, col. 2); N. of a son of Vasu and father of Ogha-vat, BhP.; of a son of Maru, VP. - tva, n. the being an image or symbol, ChUp., Sch. - darsana, n. a symbolic conception, Bādar., Sch. - vat (prátīka-), mfn. having an outward form or face or mouth; m. N. of Agni, TS. Pratīkāsva, m. N. of a prince, BhP. Pratīkôpāsana, n. image-worship, the service of idols, Mn., Kull.

Pratīcī, f. of pratyánc. - pati, m. 'lord of the west,' N. of Varuna, the ocean, Prasannar. - 'sa ('cîsa), m. id., L.

Pratīcīná, mfn. turned towards, going or coming to, RV.; (ocina), mfn. turned away from, turning the back, RV.; being behind, coming from bo, AV.; turning westward, western, TS.; Br.; subsequent, future (with abl.), RV.; TBr.; (am), ind. back to one's self, TBr.; backwards, behind, TS.; TBr.; Kāth.; BhP. — grīva (pratīcīna-), mfn. having the neck turned westward, Br. — prajana-na (pratīcīna-), mfn., SBr. — phala (pratīcīna-), mfn. having fruit turned or bending backwards, ib.; AV. — mukha, mf(i)n. having the face turned westward, SBr. — siras (pratīcīna-), mfn. having the head turned westward, ib. — stoma, m. a partic. Ekâha, Vait. Pratīcīnēda, mfn.; n. (with Kāšīta) N. of a Sāman, ĀrshBr.

**Praticya**, mfn. being or living in the west, MBh.; R.; (ibc.) the west, western country, MBh.; ( $\bar{a}$ ), f. N. of the wife of Pulastya, ib.; (praticya), n. a designation of anything remote or concealed, Naigh. iii, 25 (perhaps w. r. for pratitya).

Pratyak, in comp. for 'tyanc. - cintamani, m. N. of wk. - cetana, mfn. one whose thoughts are turned inwards or upon himself, Yogas.; (ā), f. thoughts to io or uo one's self, ib. - tattva-dipika (or -pradīpikā), f., -tattva-viveka, m. N. of philos. wks. -tva, n. backward direction, do towards one's self, BhP., Sch. - parni, f. Achyranthes Aspera (=apamārga), L.; Anthericum Tuberosum =  $dravant\bar{i}$ , ib. - pushkara, mf( $\bar{a}$ )n. having the bowl turned westward (as a ladle), AitBr. - pushpī, f. Achyranthes Aspera, L.; (accord. to Pān. iv, I, 64, Vārtt. I the correct form would be -pushpa). - prakasa, m. N. of a teacher, Cat. - pravana, mfn. devoted to the individual soul; (-ta, f.), Prab. - siras, mfn. (ApSr. &c.) and -sīrshī, f. (Kaus.) having the head turned towards the west. - srenī, f. N. of various plants (Anthericum Tuberosum, Croton Polyandrum or Co Tiglium, Salvinia Cucullata &c.), Car.; L. - srotas, mfn. w.r. for -srotas. - sarasvatī, f. the western Sarasvati, BhP. - sthali, f. N. of a Vedi, R. - srotas, mfn. flowing towards the west, MBh.; R.; Sis., Sch. - svarupa, m. N. of an author, Cat.

Pratyag, in comp. for 'tyañc. -aksha, n. an inner organ, BhP.; mfn. having inner organs, ib.; -ja, mfn. discerned by the internal faculties, visible to the eye of the soul, MW. -ātma, mfn. concerning the personal soul or self, R. -ātman, m. the individual soul, KaṭhUp.; Vedântas.; BhP. &c.; an individual, Bādar., Sch.; 'ma-tā, f. being an individual soul, RāmatUp.; 'ma-tva, n. universal

permeation of spirit, MW. - ananda, mfn. inwardly rejoicing, appearing as inward delight, Vedântas. - asa-pati, m. 'lord of the western quarter, N. of Varuna, L. - asis, f. a personal wish, KātySr., Sch.; mfn. containing a pow, ApSr. - udak, ind. towards the north-west, AsvSr. - ekarasa, mfn. having taste or pleasure only for the interior, delighting only in one's own soul, RamatUp. -jyotis, n. the inward light, Mcar. - dakshinatas, ind. towards the south-west, KatySr. - dakshina, ind. towards the south-west, AsvSr.; -pravana, mfn. sloping to the so-wo, AsvGr. - dis, f. the western quarter, AV.; AitBr.; MBh.&c. - dris, f. a glance directed inwards, BhP.; mfn. one whose glance is do io, RamatUp. - dhaman, mfn. radiant within, internally illuminated, BhP. - ratha, m. N. of a prince, VP.; pl. N. of a warrior-tribe (also called Ahi-cchattra; cf. prātyagrathi), Pān. iv, I, 173. - vahana-prayoga, m. N. of wk.

**Pratyan**, in comp. for tyanc. - mukha, mf(i)n. having the face turned away or westward, GrŚrS. &c.; -tva, n. facing the west, Hcat.

प्रत्यम् praty- vanj, P. -anakti or -anjati, to smear over, besmear, SBr.; to decorate, adorn, RV. anjana, n. smearing, anointing, Suir.; Bhpr.

प्रत्यद्ध praty- vad, P. -atti, to eat in return or in compensation for anything, SBr. adams, n. eating, food, L.

प्रतिष्ठ praty-adhi-√sri, P. -srayati, to put down beside (the fire), KatyŚr.

प्रत्यभी praty-adhi (adhi-√i), A. -adhiyate, to read through or study severally, MBh.

प्रत्यनुद्धा praty-anu-√jñā, P.-jānāti, to refuse, reject, spurn, R.

प्रतिष् praty-anu-\tap, Pass. -tapyate, to feel subsequent remorse, repent, regret, R.

प्रत्ने praty-anu-\nī, P. Ā. -nayati, ete, to speak friendly words, induce to yield, persuade, MBh.; (Ā.) to bega person's (acc.) pardon for (acc.), ib.

प्रत्नेम् praty-anu-√bhū, P. -bhavati, to enjoy singly or severally, PrasnUp.; Divyav.

प्रत्यन्याच praty-anu-√yāc, P. -yācati, to beseech, implore (with acc.), R.

प्रत्यनुवाजित praty-anu-vāsita, mfn. ( vās) roared against, answered by roaring, Var.

प्रत्यनुस्मृ praty-anu-√smri, P. -smarati, to remember, R.

uruu praty-apa-√kri (only ind. p.-kritya), to take vengeance on (acc.), Das. °apakāra, m. offending or injuring in return, retaliation, Kum.

धारपपा praty-apa-√yā, P. -yāti, to go back, withdraw, retreat, flee into (acc.), MBh.

प्रत्यपवह praty-apa-√vah, P. -vahati, to drive back, repel, BhP.

प्रत्यपस्य praty-apa-√srip, Caus. -sarpayati, to cause to go back, put to flight, MBh.

मत्यपोण praty-apôrņu (-apa-√ūrņu), Ā. -apôrņute, to uncover one's self in the presence of (acc.), TS.

प्रतिमध् praty-abhi-√ghri, Caus. -ghārayati, to sprinkle over repeatedly, GrS. °abhighārana, n. sprinkling over afresh, GrŚrS.

urafirat praty-abhi-\car, P. -carati, to use spells or charms against, AV.; SānkhSr. abhi-cárana, mfn. using spells or charms against, AV.

प्रत्यभिनित praty-abhi-cita, mfn. ( / 1. ci) built up in defence, GopBr. (w. r. -jita).

unding! praty-abhi-vjñā, P.Ā.-jānāti,
-jānīte, to recognize, remember, know, understand,
MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to come to one's self, recover
consciousness, Kathās.: Caus. -jñāpayati, to recall
to mind, Samk. abhijñā, f. recognition, Kap.;
Bhāshāp. &c. (ifc. 'jña, mfn., Das.; Rājat.); regaining knowledge or recognition (of the identity
of the Supreme and individual soul), Sarvad.; -darsana, n. N. of a philos. system, IW. 118; -vimarsinī, f. N. of Comm. on -hridaya; -sāstra, n. N.

of a philos. manual; -sūtra, n., -hridaya, n. N. of wks. abhijāta, mfn. recognized, known, MBh.; Sak. &c.; -vat, mfn., Kathās. abhijāna, n. recognition, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a token of rec (brought by a messenger to prove that he has accomplished his mission), R.; reciprocity, AšvŠr., Sch.; -ratna, n. a jewel (given as token) of recognition, MW. abhijānana, n. causing to recognize, Samk. abhijānanana-tva, n. the being recognized, Kap., Sch.

unditul praty-abhi-\(\sqrt{1}\). dhā, P. Ā. -da-dhāti, -dhatte, to take or draw back, re-absorb, BhP.; (Ā.) to reply, answer, ib. abhihita, mfn. answered, having received an answer from (instr.), Sak.; approved, MBh.

प्रत्यभिधाच् praty-abhi-√1. dhāv, P. -dhāvati, to run or hasten towards, R.

unditated praty-abhi-√nand, P. -nandati, to greet in return, return a salutation, MBh.; to bid welcome, Sak. (v.l. for abhi-n°). °abhinandin, mfn. saluted, welcomed, MBh. °abhinandin, mfn. receiving thankfully (ifc.), Ragh.

प्रत्यभिप्रस्था praty-abhi-pra-√sthā,Ā.-tishthate, to set out for, depart, MBh.

प्रत्यभिभाषिन praty-abhi-bhāshin, mfn. (\shāsh) speaking to, addressing (acc.), R.

प्रत्यभिभूत praty-abhi-bhūta, mfn. (√bhū) overcome, conquered, Prab. v, 8 (v.l. aty-abhibh°).

प्रतिमिध praty-abhi-\mith, P. -methati, to answer scornfully or abusively, SBr. °abhime-thana, n. a scornful reply, SānkhSr.

undings praty-abhi-/mris, P. -mrisati, to stroke or rub over, touch, lay hold of, Gobh.; Vait. abhimarsa, m. (AitBr.), sana, n. (Lāty.) stroking or rubbing over, rubbing, touching. abhimarshta, mfn. touched (a-praty-abho), AitBr.

प्रत्यभिया praty-abhi-√yā, P. -yāti, to go against (acc.), BhP.

make a counter attack against (acc.), Bālar.: Caus. -yojayati, to make a counter plaint or charge against (acc.), Yājñ. abhiyukta, mfn. attacked by (instr.), Prab. (-vat, mfn., Kathās.); accused in return or by a counter plaint, MW. abhiyoga, m. a counter plaint or charge, recrimination, Yājñ.

प्रतिमलेख्य praty-abhi-lekhya, n. (√likh) a counter document, a document brought forward by the opposing party, Vas.

undiser praty-abhi-\vad, P. -vadati, to return a salute, greet in return, Apast.: Caus. A. -vādayate, id., Mricch. abhivāda, m. return salutation, Pān. viii, 2, 83. abhivādaka, mfn. returning a so, Kull. abhivādana, n. the act of reta so, Mn. ii, 126. abhivādayitri, mfn. one who returns a salutation, Kull.

प्रतिमस्कन्दन praty-abhi-skandana, n. (√skand) a counter plaint or charge, an accusation brought against the accuser or plaintiff, Yājñ., Sch. (cf. praty-abhiyoga).

प्रत्यभिद्ध praty-abhi-√hri, Caus. -hārayati, to offer, present, Gobh. (v.l.)

प्रत्यभ्यनुज्ञा praty-abhy-anu-jñā, f. (√jñā) leave, permission, ĀsvGr. °anujñāta, mfn. dismissed on taking leave, allowed to depart, MBh.

प्रत्यान praty-abhy-utthāna, n. (√sthā) rising from a seat through politeness (ifc. f.ā), Kād.

प्रत्यय pratyaya &c. See p. 673, col. 3.

(acc.), RV.: Caus. -arcayati, to greet in return or one by one, MBh.; R. °arcana, n. returning a salutation or obeisance, MBh. °arcita, mfn. saluted in return, MBh.

India praty- arth, P.-arthayati, to challenge (to combat), Bhatt. arthaka, m. an opponent, adversary, L. arthika (ifc.), id., MBh. arthin, mfn. hostile, inimical; (ifc.) opposing, rivalling, emulating, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; m. an adversary, opponent, rival, ib.; (in law) a defendant, Mn.; Yājā. &c.; thi-tā, f. and thi-tva, n. the state of a defendant at law, MW.; thi-bhūta, mfn. become an X x 2