

त्रिपु tripú. See tripú.

त्रियूह triyūha, m. a chestnut-coloured horse, L.; cf. ukanāha, urāha, kiyāha, kokāha.

त्रिल्लक trillaka, N. of a man, Rājat. viii, 1684; 1709; 2497. °lla-sena, another man's N., vii.

त्रिशट trīṣaṭa, m. = tīsaṭa.

त्रुट trut, cl. 6. 4. °tati, °tyati (Pāṇ. iii, 1, 70) to be torn or split, tear, break, fall asunder, Bhartṛ.; Mālatīm.; Bālar.; Rājat. (pf. tutroṭa); Hit.; Kuval.; Caus. troṭayati (ind. °yitvā; A. °yate, Dhātup. xxxiii, 25) to tear, break, Pañcat. ii, 6, 88; v, 10, 4; Rājat. vi, 248; Pañcat.; cf. ut-.

Truṭi, f. (Siddh. stry. 26) an atom (= 7 Reṇus, Lalit. xii, 176); a very minute space of time, MBh. i, 1292; Hariv. 9529; VarBṛS. ii, 4; Sūryas.; BhP. iii, 11, 6; x; small cardamoms, Suśr. vi; doubt, L.; cutting, breaking, W.; loss, destruction, W.; breaking a promise, W.; N. of one of the mothers attending on Skanda, MBh. ix, 2635; see troṭi. — pattra, n. (?), Kapiśth. xxx, 7. — bīja, m. Arum Colocasia, L. — sas, ind. in very short spaces of time, MBh. v, xii. Truṭy-avayava, m. half a T°, VarBṛS. ii, 4.

Truṭita, mfn. broken, divided, chapped, Pañcat.; Uttarar. i, 29; Kathās.; Sāh. iii, 88; n. mṛṇālikā & bāhu-rakshikā, Śil. Truṭi, f. = °ti, L., Sch.

त्रुप trup, cl. 1. tropati, to hurt, Dhātup. Truph, trump, °ph, trophati, trump°, °ph°, id.

त्रेणी treṇī. See try-eṇī.

त्रेता trētā, f. (fr. trayā) a triad, triplet, MBh. xiv, 2759; the 3 sacred fires (= agni-), v, 1559; Hariv. 1410; trey (throw at dice or the side of a die marked with 3 spots), VS. xxx, 18; TS. iv; Mṛicch. ii, 9; 'age of triads,' the 2nd Yuga (or silver age), AitBr.; MuṇḍUp.; ŚāṅkhŚr.; Mn. &c. — °gni (tāg°), m. = agni-tretā, Hariv. 1409; MBh. xiii; Ragh. xiii; -hotra, n. id., MBh. xii, 6001. — cha-ndas, n. pl. a class of metres, Nidānas. i, 6, 3. — tva, n. the condition of the fire-triad, Hariv. 11863. — ya (tāya), m. the cast trey, ChUp., Sch. — yu-ga, n. the T° age, MBh. &c. — stoma, m. pl. a class of Stomas, Nidānas. i, 9. Tretinī, f. the three-fold flame of the 3 fires of the altar, RV. x, 105, 9.

Tredhā, ind. = trī-dhā, RV.; VS. &c. — bhāva, m. dwelling in 3 places, Nir. vii, xii. — vihitā, mfn. divided into 3 parts, ŚBr. — samnaddhā, mfn. triply bound, MaitrS. i. — sthita, mfn. = -vhitā, Ragh.

त्रै trai, cl. 1. A. trāyate (Impv. °yatām, 2. sg. yasva & trāsava, pl. °yadhvam & trādhvam, RV.; ep. trāti, trātu, trāhi; aor. Subj. trāsate, 2. du. trāsāthe, Prec. trāsīthām, RV.; inf. trātum, MBh. &c.; ind. p. trātva, BhP. ii, 7, 9) to protect, preserve, cherish, defend, rescue from (gen. or abl.); cf. pari-, sam-.

त्रैश traiṣa, n. a Brāhmaṇa containing 30 (trīṣāt) Adhyāyas (ŚāṅkhBr.), Pāṇ. v, 1, 62. °śi-ka, mf(ā)n. consisting of 30, ĀtrAnukr. i, 16; 23; 25.

Traikakudā, mfn. coming from the mountain Tri-kakud, AV.; ŚBr.; TĀr.; KātyŚr. °kakubha, mfn. coming from the mountain Tri-kakubh, MānGr. i, 11; n. N. of a Sāman, TāṇḍyaBr.; Lāṭy. °kaṇṭaka, mfn. coming from the plant Tri-kaṇṭa-ka, g. rajatādi. °kālika, mf(ā)n. relating to the 3 tenses (pf., pr., fut.), MBh. xii; BhP. iii, xi; Kāśi-Kh.; Tarkas. °kāliya, n. the 3 tenses (pf., pr., fut.), VPṛāt.; MBh. xii; Hariv.; dawn, noon, and sunset, Yājñ. iii, 308; growth, maintenance, and decay, Hariv. 7446. °kuntaka, a kind of ornament, Buddh. L.

Traigarta, mfn. = °taka, MBh. iv, 1117; m. (g. yaudheyādi; Pāṇ. iv, 1, 111) a Trigarta prince, MBh. iv, vi; Rājat. v; pl. the Trigartas, VarBṛS. x, xvi f.; (ī), f. (g. yaudheyādi) a Trigarta princess, MBh. i. °taka, mfn. belonging to the Trigartas, vii, 726; xiv; VarBṛS. iv, 24; Pāṇ. iv, 2, 124, Kāś. tāyana, mfn., °naka, n. fr. °ta, g. arihanādi.

Traigupika, mfn. relating to the 3 Guṇas, W.; thrice repeated, W. °nya, n. the state of consisting of 3 threads, tripleness, Mn. ii, 42, Kull.; 3 qualities (śaitya, saugandhya, māndya), Śivarātrivṛ.; the 3 Guṇas, MBh.; Sāṃkhyak. 14; 18; Tattvas.; Mālav. i, 4; MārkP. 1, 3; mfn. having the 3 Guṇas, BhP. xi, 25, 30; -vat, mfn. id., Sarvad. xiv, 63.

Traicivarika, mfn. possessing the tri-civara, L. Traitā, m. (fr. tritā) a triplet (one of three at a birth), TS. ii, 1, 1, 6; MaitrS. ii, 5, 1; n. 'relating to Trita,' N. of a Sāman, TāṇḍyaBr. xiv; Lāṭy. vii, 3.

°tanā, m. N. of a deity (connected with Trita; = Zend Thraetaona, Pers. Feridun), RV. i, 158, 5.

Traidaśika, mfn. relating to the (tri-daśa) gods, Mn. ii, 58 (°śaka, Hcat. iii, 1, 10).

Traidha, mfn. (fr. trī-dhā or tredhā) triple, Pāṇ. v, 3, 45, Vārtt., Sch.; (am), ind. (v, 3, 45) = tredhā, KātyŚr.; ŚāṅkhŚr.; Lāṭy.; Kaus.; MBh.

Traidhātavi, f. (scil. ishṭi) N. of a closing ceremony (fr. tri-dhātu), ŚBr. v, xiii; KātyŚr.; ŚāṅkhŚr. °viya, n. (scil. kārman) id., TS. ii, 4, 11; (ā), f. id., Nyāyam. ix, Sch. °vyā, f. id., MaitrS. ii, 4, 3.

Traidhātuka, n. the 3 worlds, SaddhP. iv. °tva, m. 'son of Tri-dhātu,' = traivṛishṇā, TāṇḍyaBr.

Trainishkika, mfn. = tri-nishka, Pāṇ. v, 1, 30. Traipakshika, mfn. lasting 3 half months, Prāyaśc. Traipatha, n. N. of a manner of sitting, BṛNārP. xxxi, 115. °pada, n. three-fourths, TāṇḍyaBr. xvi, 13, 12; ŚāṅkhŚr. xiv, 41, 11.

Traipārāyanika, mfn. performing the Pārāyana 3 times, Pāṇ. v, 1, 20, Vārtt. 2, Pat. Traipishṭapa, n. (fr. tri-p°) N. of a Liṅga, KāśiKh.

Traipura, mfn. relating to Tri-pura, Śārad. xii; n. Śiva's conquest of T°, Bālar. ii, 4; m. pl. the inhabitants of T°, Hariv. 7443; the inhabitants of Tri-puri or the Cedis, MBh. vi, 3855; sg. a Cedi prince, ii, 1164. °riya, n. N. of an Up.

Traipurusha, mfn. = tri-paur°, xiii, 4322.

Traiphala, mfn. coming from (tri-phalā) the 3 myrobalans, Suśr. iv, 5 & 9; vi, 17 & 39. Traibali, m. (fr. tri-bala) N. of a man, MBh. ii, 108.

Traibhāvya, n. threefold nature, g. brāhmaṇādi.

Traimātura, mfn. having 3 (mātri) mothers, Pāṇ. vi, 3, 48, Kāś. °māsika, mfn. 3 months old, lasting 3 months, quarterly, BhP. ii, 7, 27; Mn. xi, 127, Kull. °māsī, mfn. 3 months, Divyāv. xix. °māsya, n. id., KātyŚr. xx, 3, 6. Traiyaksha, mfn. belonging to (try-) Śiva, Bālar. vii, 30.

Traiyambakā, mfn. relating or belonging or sacred to Try-ambaka, VS. xxiv; Lāṭy.; KātyŚr. & Gobh. iii, 10, 14 (scil. apūpa, 'cake'); MBh. vii, 169 & 2778. — mantra, m. N. of a Mantra, Śārad. xxiii. — saras, n. N. of a lake, ŚrīmMāh. xiv f.

Traiyalinda, mfn. fr. try-, Pāṇ. vii, 3, 3, Kār., Pat.

Traiyāhāvaka, mfn. coming from or relating to a try-āhāva village, g. dhūmādi.

Trairātri, mfn. of 3 days, 15, Vārtt. 2, Pat.

Trairāśika, mfn. 'relating to 3 (rāśi) numbers,' with or without gaṇita or kārman, the rule of three (in arithm.; cf. krama-, viloma-, vyasta-), Laghuj., Sch.; Sūryapr., Sch.; relating to 3 zodiacal signs, Hāyan. °śya, n. sg. the 3 groups, Nyāyad. iv, 1, 3.

Trairūpya, n. tripleness of (rūpa) form, three-fold change of form, Pāṇ. vii, 3, 49, Sch. (not in Kāś.)

Trailāṭa, a sort of horse-fly, Buddh. L.

Trailiṅga, mfn. having 3 (liṅga) sexes, MBh. xii, 11353 (v.l. °gya, n. 'tripleness of sex').

Trailokya, n. (g. caturvarṇādi) the 3 Lokas or worlds, Mn. xi, 237; MBh. &c.; a mystic N. of some part of the body; m. N. of a man, Rājat. vii f. — kartṛi, m. 'T°-creator,' Śiva, MBh. — cintāma-ṇi-rasa, m. N. of a mixture. — dambara, N. of a med. work. — dipikā, f. N. of a Jaina work. — de-
vi, f. N. of the wife of King Yaśaḥ-kara, Rājat. vi.

— nātha, m. 'T°-lord,' Rāma, R. i, 76, 19; N. of a mixture. — prakāśa, m. N. of an astron. work.

— prabhava, m. 'T°-son,' Rāma, Ragh. x, 54.

— prabhā, f. N. of the daughter of a Dānava, Kathās. cviii. — bandhu, m. 'T°-friend,' the sun, Prasannar. vi, 39. — bhaya-kāraka, mfn. causing fear to the 3 worlds. — mālin, m. N. of a Daitya, Kathās.

— rāja, m. N. of a man, Rājat. vii f. — rājya, n. T°-sovereignty, Bhartṛ. — vikramin, m. 'striding through the 3 worlds,' N. of a Bodhi-sattva, SaddhP. i. — vijayā, f. 'T°-conqueror,' a sort of hemp (from which an intoxicating infusion is prepared), L. — sā-
gara, m. N. of a work, Dvaitanirṇ. — sāra, N. of a work, Hcat. i, 3, 932 ff. — sundara, m. N. of a mixture, Rasar.; (ī), f. N. of a work, Gaṇar. Trailokyādhipati-tva, °patya, n. for °kya-rājya.

Trailocana, n. fr. tri-l°, = traipishṭapa, KāśiKh.

Traivapa, m. (g. sīvādi) metron. fr. tri-venī, Pravar. vi, 2 (v.l. °varṇa). Traivani, m. id., ŚBr. xiv, 5, 5 & 7, 4. °vaniya, fr. °ṇa, g. utkarādi.

Traivargika, mf(ā)n. relating to tri-gaṇa, BhP. iif., vi, xif. °gya, mfn. belonging to tri-gaṇa, iv.

Traivarna, m. a member of the first 3 (varṇa) castes, Hcat. °ṛnika, m. id., Mn.; Āryabh., Sch.

Traivarshika, n. a triennial performance, ĀśvŚr. xii, 5, 6; mfn. sufficient for 3 years, Pāṇ. vii, 3, 16, Kāś. °vārsh°, mfn. id., Gaut. Mn.; Yājñ.; MBh.

Traivikrama, mfn. belonging to (tri-v°) Viṣṇu, Ragh. vii, 32; m. a kind of cohabitation, Hāl. 411, Sch.; n. (Viṣṇu's) act of taking the 3 strides, Hariv. 3168; (ī), f., see tri-vikrama.

Traivida, v.l. for trayi-v°, Sch. on TS. & KātyŚr.

Traividya, mfn. (Pāṇ. iv, 2, 60, Pat.) familiar with tri-vidyā, Lāṭy. viii, 6, 29; Mn.; Yājñ.; MBh.; n. = tri-vidyā, Āp.; Gaut. Gṛhyās.; Mn. &c.; an assembly of Brāhmins familiar with tri-vidyā, Yājñ.; Hariv. 9578; MārkP. xxiii, 35. °dyaka, mfn. practised by Brāhmins familiar with tri-vidyā, Āp. i, 1, 23 & 2, 6; n. = tri-vidyā, MānGr. i, 23.

Traividhya, n. triplicity, Bādar. i, 31; Suśr. v; KapS. i, 70; Bhāṣāp. &c.; mfn. triple, BhP. vi, 3, 4.

Traivishṭapa, m. pl. 'inhabitants of tri-v°,' the gods, Ratnāv. iv, 22; BhP. i f. °peya, m. pl. id., viii.

Traivṛita, mfn. coming from (tri-vṛit) Ipomoea Turpethum, Suśr. i, 44, 3; vi, 17, 3 & 26, 8. °vṛishṇā, m. (fr. tri-vṛishan) patr. of Try-aruna, RV. v, 27, 1. °vedika, mf(ā)n. relating to the 3 Vedas, Mn. iii, 1; VāyuP. i, 1, 65.

Traisāṅkava, mfn. belonging to Tri-sāṅku, Hcar.; Bālar.; m. patr. of Hari-ścandra, Hariv. 755; BhP. ix. °śabḍya, n. 3 kinds of (śabda) expression, Pat. on Pāṇ. i, 4, 74, Vārtt. 4 & iii, 1, 44, Vārtt. 7. °sāṇa, mf(ā)n. = tri-s°, Pāṇ. °sāni, m. patr. fr. tri-sānu, Hariv. °sāmba, for °sāni, VP. iv, 16, 2. °sāli, id., AgP. °śirsha, mf(ā)n. relating to (i. e. committed against) the three-headed (tri-śirshan) Viṣva-rūpa (a murder), MBh. v, 335. °śrīṅga, m. patr. fr. tri-s°, Pravar. vi, 4 (°gāyana, MatsyaP.); n. 'coming from tri-s°,' (with ājya) semen virile, MantraBr. — °śoka, n. 'Tri-śoka's melody,' N. of a Sāman, TāṇḍyaBr. viii, xii, xviii, xxi; Lāṭy. vi, 11.

Traishṭubha, mf(ā)n. (g. utsādi) relating to or composed in the Tri-shṭubh metre, RV. v, 29, 6; VS. &c.; n. (= tri-shṭubh, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 55, Vārtt., Pat.) the Tri-shṭubh metre, RV. i, 164, 23 f.; ii, 43, 1.

Traisamika, mfn. (fr. samā) triennial, Pāṇ. vii, 3, 15, Vārtt. 2, Pat. °sānu, v.l. for °sāni. °srota-sa, mfn. belonging to (tri-srotas) the Ganges, Ragh. xvi, 34. °svarya, n. (g. caturvarṇādi) the 3 accents, Pāṇ. i, 2, 33, Kāś.; Nyāyam. ix, 2, 15; Sch. on VPṛāt. i, 129; 132 & Bhāṣik. ii, 36.

Traihāyanā, n. (v.l. °yana, Pāṇ. v, 1, 130, Kāś.) a period of 3 years, AV. x, 5, 22; xii, 4, 16.

त्रोटक troṭaka (= toṭ°), mfn. destroying (fr. √truṭ), Chandaḥs. vi, 31, Sch.; m. N. of a venomous insect, Suśr. v, 8; of a pupil of Śaṃkarā-cārya, SŚaṃkar. xii; n. a kind of drama, Vikr. i, 4; Sāh. vi, 273 (v.l. toṭ°); angry speech, 99; (ī), f. (in music) N. of a Rāgini, L. °ṭi, f. a beak, L.; the mouth of a fish, L.; N. of a bird, L.; = kaṅka, L.; the Kaṭphala tree (also truti, Npr.), L.; -hasta, m. 'beak-handed,' a bird, L. °ṭita, mfn. broken, Kathās.

त्रोटल trotala, n. N. of a Tantra, Ānand. 31, Sch.; cf. toḍala. °lōttara, n. another Tantra, ib.

त्रोत्र trotra, n. a weapon, Up., Sch.; (= tōttra) a goad, W.; N. of a disease, Up. vṛ.; ārūpa-kriyā, ib.

त्रौक trauk (= dhauk), cl. 1. A. (pf. tutrauke, Kāś.) to go, Dhātup. iv, 25; Caus. aor. atutrauakat, Pāṇ. vii, 4, 59, Kāś.; Desid. tutroki-shate, ib.; Intens. totraukeyate, 82, Vārtt. 1, Pat.

त्र try, before vowels = trī, sometimes resolved into triy, q. v. — aṇṣa, m. sg. 3 shares, Mn. ix, 151; mfn. having 3 shares, Jyot., Sch.; m. a 3rd part, VarBṛS.; Laghuj.; the 3rd part of a zodiacal sign (= drīkāṇa) xii, 2 ff. & VarBṛ. xxiii, 14 f. (also -nātha, m. 'the regent of a Drīkāṇa'). — aksha, mf(ā) or [Hcat. i, 5, 1202] ān. three-eyed, MBh. iif.; Hariv.; Kathās. cxviii; m. Śiva, MBh.; Hariv. 15415 (triy, v.l. tri-yajña); BhP.; Kathās.; Kaśyapa, Gal.; N. of an Asura, BhP. vii, 2, 4; -patnī, f. 'Śiva's wife,' Pārvatī, Hariv. 10000. — akshaka, m. Śiva, ŚivaP. — akshan, m. id., MBh. xiv, 193. — akshara, mfn. (or n. a word) consisting of 3 sounds or syllables, VS. ix; ŚBr. vi, xiv; TāṇḍyaBr.; Lāṭy.; Mn. xi, 266; m. a matchmaker ('a genealogist,' W.), L. — aṅkaṭa, v.l. for -aṅgaṭa. — aṅgā, n. pl. the 3 portions of a victim belonging to Sviṣṭa-kṛit (upper part of the right fore-foot, part of the left thigh, and part of the intestines), TS. vi; ŚBr. iii; Kaus.; KātyŚr., Sch.; sg. a tripartite army (chariots, cavalry, and infantry), MBh. viii, 2526; (ix, 1388?). — aṅgaṭa, n. 3 strings suspended to either end of a pole for carrying burdens, L.; a kind of collyrium,