सहो 2. aho, ind. a particle (implying joyful or painful surprise) Ah! (of enjoyment or satisfaction) Oh! (of fatigue, discontent, compassion, sorrow, regret) Alas! Ah! (of praise, cf. Pan. viii, I, 40 seq.) Bravo! (of reproach) Fie! (of calling, Kum. iii, 20) Ho! Halo! (of contempt) Pshaw! Often combined with other particles of similar signification, as aho dhik or dhig aho, aho bata, &c. - purushika, f. for aho-pur, q. v., L. - bala, m., N. of a commentator; N. of a place. - vīrya, m., N. of a man, MBh. xii, 8900.

अहोत á-hotri, mfn. not sacrificing, not competent to sacrifice, AV. ix, 6, 52; SBr.

A-homa, as, m. no oblation, SBr. xii.

खहोपुर्मिका aho-purushikā,&c. See 2. aho.

सहोरत aho-ratna, &c. See áhar. Aho-rātrá and aho-rūpa. See ib.

सहोवीये aho-vīrya. See 2. aho.

अह ahna, only (like ahá) ifc. for áhan (or áhar), q.v., e.g. aty-ahna, aparahná, pürváhná, &c., qq. vv.; (āya), dat. ind. formerly, Naigh.; instantly, speedily, MBh.; Kum.; Ragh.

सद्भाय ahnavāyyá(5), mfn. (√hnu), not to be denied or set aside, RV. viii, 45, 27.

खद्भिन ahni-ja. See áhan.

Ahnya, am, n. daily course (of the sun), PBr.; BṛĀrUp.; (cf. rathahnya); (see also tiro-ahnya.)

खद्म व ahy-árshu. See áhi.

अह्य á-hraya, mfn. (√hrī), not bashful, bold, conscious of one's power, RV.; abundant, RV. K-hrayāṇa, mf(ā)n. bold, keen, RV. i, 62, 10; iv, 4, 14; vii, 80, 2.

A-hri, mfn. id., RV.

A-hrī, mfn. shameless (as a beggar), SBr. xi; (is), f. shamelessness, MBh. iii, 8494.

A-hrīka, mfn. 'shameless beggar,' a Buddhist mendicant, L.

सहत á-hruta, mfn. not fluctuating, not stumbling, going in a straight line, RV.; VS. i, 9; not crooked, straight, AV. vi, 120, 3; VS. viii, 29. - psu (áhr°), mfn. of straight or upright appearance (N. of the Maruts), RV. i, 52, 4; viii, 20, 7.

सहलाá-hvalā, f. not fluctuating, not stumbling, firmness, SBr.; the plant Semecarpus Anacardium, L.

आ A.

wi I. a, the second vowel of the alphabet corresponding to the a in far.

आ 2. ā, ind. a particle of reminiscence, Pān. i, I, I4, Pat.; also of compassion or pain [more correctly written I. ās, q. v.], and of assent, L. [This particle remains unaltered in orthography even before vowels (which causes it to be sometimes confounded with 1. ās), Pān. i, 1, 14.]

आ 3. ā, ās, m., N. of Siva, L.; grandfather, L.; (ās), f., N. of Lakshmī, L.

आ 4. a, (as a prefix to verbs, especially of motion, and their derivatives) near, near to, towards (see a-\lambda kram &c.; in the Veda, of course, the prefix is separable from the verb; in a few cases, RV. i, 10, 11 & v, 64, 5, a verb in the imperative is to be supplied; with roots like gam, ya, and i, 'to go,' and I. da, 'to give,' it reverses the action; e.g. agacchati, 'he comes;' ā-datte, 'he takes').

(As a prep. with a preceding acc.) near to, towards, to, RV.; (with a preceding noun in the acc., as jósham or váram) for, RV.; (with a following acc.) up to . . . exclusively, AitBr.; (with a preceding abl.) from, RV.; AV.; out of, from among (e.g. bahúbhya a, 'from among many'), RV.; towards (only in asmád á, 'towards us'), RV.; (with a following abl., cf. Pāņ. ii, I, I3 & 3, Io) up to, to, as far as, RV.; AV. &c.; from, RV. i, 30, 21; (with a preceding loc.) in, at, on, RV.; AV.

(As an adv. after words expressing a number or degree) fully, really, indeed (e. g. trir à divás, quite or fully three times a day;' mahimā vām Indragnī pánishtha a, 'your greatness, O Indra and Agni, is most praiseworthy indeed,' &c.), RV.; (after a

subst. or adj.) 'as, like,' (or it simply strengthens the sense of the preceding word), RV., (after a verb) RV. v, 7, 7 & KenaUp.; (as a conjunctive particle) moreover, further, and (it is placed either between the two words connected [rarely after the second, RV, x, 16, 11, or after both, RV. x, 92, 8] or, if there are more, after the last [RV. iv, 57, 1 & x, 75, 5]; see also âtas ca s. v.)

In classical Sanskrit it may denote the limit 'to,' 'until,' 'as far as,' 'from,' either not including the object named or including it (sometimes with acc. or abl. or forming an adv.), e.g. ā-maranam or ā-maranāt, 'till death,' Pañcat. (cf. ā-marananta &c.); ā-gopālā dvijātayah, 'the twice-born including the cowherds,' MBh. ii, 531; ā-samudram or ā-samudrāt, 'as far as the ocean' or 'from the ocean' (but not including it); ā-kumāram, 'from a child' or 'from childhood' or 'to a child' (cf. Lat. a puero), MBh. iii, 1403; ā-kumāram yašah Pānineh, 'the fame of Pānini extends even to children; ajānu-bāhu, mfn. one whose arms reach down to the knees,' R.i, I, I2; (see also akarna- and ājanma-); (cf. ā-jarasám, ā-vyushám, ā-saptama, ôtsūryám.)

Prefixed to adj. [rarely to subst.; cf. a-kopa] it implies diminution, Pān. ii, 2, 18, Comm. 'a little,' e. g. ā-piñjara, mfn. a little red, reddish, Ragh. xvi, 51; (see also ā-pakva, ôshna, &c.) Some commentaries (e. g. Comm. on Ragh. iii, 8) occasionally give to a in this application the meaning samantat, 'all through, completely,' as ā-nīla, 'blue all round.'

 $\overline{A}-\sqrt{i}$, $-\sqrt{i}$ ndh, $-\sqrt{i}$ nv, $-\sqrt{i}$ sh. See \hat{e} , \hat{e} ndh, env, esh.

A-√īksh, -√īr, -√īsh. See êksh, êr, êsh.

A-√1. uksh, -√ūrnu. See ôksh, ôrnu. A-√ri,-√riñj,-√ridh. Seeā-r,ā-rñj,ā-rdh.

साश āṇṣa, as, m. a descendant of Aṇṣa, Comm. on Un. v, 21.

Ansya, mfn. relating to ánsa (q. v.), (gana samkāšādi, q. v.)

आहस्पाय anhaspatya, mfn. belonging to the dominion of Anhaspati (as the intercalary month), Gobh.

साकाच् ā-√kac, Ā. (perf. -cakace) to tie or fasten on, Bhatt.

खाकराउम् ā-kaṇṭham, ind. up to the throat. Akantha (in comp. for ā-kantham). - tripta, mfn. satiated up to the throat, MBh. iii, 15551.

आकत्यन ā-katthana, mfn. boasting, swaggering, R. vi, 3, 28.

साकत्प ākatya, am, n. the being a-kata, Pān. v, I, I2I.

स्राकन ā-√kan, Intens. (Impv. 2. sg. -cākandhi) to be pleased with (loc.), RV. x, 147, 3; (cf. ā-√kā.)

आकि पल ā-kapila, mfn. brownish, Kād.

आकम्प ā-√kamp, Ā. (perf. -cakampe) to tremble (as the earth), Kad.: Caus. P. A. -kampayate (p.-kampayat, MBh. i, 1165, &c.) to cause to tremble, ChUp. &c.

A-kampa, as, m. trembling motion, shaking, R. iii, 62, 31; Vikr.

A-kampana, am, n. id., Car.; (as), m., N. of a Daitya, Kathās.

A-kampita, mfn. caused to tremble, shaken, agitated, VarBrS.; Ragh. ii, 13.

आकर ā-kará, ākarika, &c. See ā-√1. krī. आकर्णन ā-karṇana, am, n. (fr. ā-karṇaya below) hearing, Kathas.

A-karnam, ind. 'up to the ear' or 'from the ear' (generally said of an arrow reaching to or being discharged from the ear in drawing a bow).

Akarna (in comp. for a-karnam). - mukta, mfn. discharged from the ear (as an arrow), R. iii, 69, 16.

A-karnamülam, ind. up to the ear, R. iv, 9, 106. A-karnaya, Nom. P. vati, (ind. p. ā-karnya) to give ear to, listen to, hear, R.; BhP.; Sak. &c. Akarnin, mfn. ifc. hearing, Naish. i, 28.

साक्ष ā-karsha, °rshaka, &c. See ā-√krish. आकल् ā-√3. kal, (impf. âkalayat) to tie,

fasten, Sis. ix, 45; (ind. p. -kalayya) to surrender, transfer, BhP.; to observe, notice, examine, take into consideration, reckon, consider, suppose, take for, BhP.; Sis. iii, 73; Kathās. &c.

A-kalana, am, n. fastening, Sis. v, 42; reckon-

ing, L.; wish, desire, L.

A-kalita, mfn. shaken, MBh. i, 2853; laid hold of, seized, MBh. iv, 762; Sis. vii, 21 & ix, 72; tied, fastened, Sis. i, 6; Kathās.; reckoned, L.; observed, examined, considered, L.

आकल्प I. ā-kalpa, as, m. = kalpana, q. v., L.; ornament, decoration, MBh. iii, 13373; BhP.; Ragh. &c.

A-kalpaka, as, m. (=utkanthā or utkalikā) remembering with regret, missing, Kad.; (= mud) joy, L.; (= moha) loss of sense or perception, L.; =tamas) darkness, L.; (=granthi) a knot or joint, L.

A-kalpam, ind. till the end of the world (lit. of

a Kalpa), BhP.; Kathās. &c.

2. Akalpa (in comp. for ā-kalpam). - sthāyin, mfn. lasting till the end of the world, Kad.

 \bar{A} -kalpântam, ind. = \bar{a} -kalpam, q.v., Ratnāv. आकल्प ākalya, am, n. (fr. a-kalya) sick-

ness, L. आक इ ākalla, as, m. the plant Anthemis Pyrethrum, L.; (cf. ākula-krit.)

आक्शापेय ākašāpeya, as, m. a descendant of Akašāpa, (gaņa subhrādi, q. v.)

आकष ā-kasha, as, m. (√kash, 'to rub'), a touchstone, L.; (v. l. for ākarsha, Pān. iv, 4, 9, Siddh. & v, 2, 64, Siddh.)

A-kashaka and shika, mfn. vv. ll. for a-karshaka and orshika, q.v., s.v. a-V krish.

स्राकिस्मिक ākasmika, mf(ī)n. (fr. a-kasmāt, gana vinayadi, q. v.), causeless, unforeseen, unexpected, sudden, Suir.; Pañcat. &c.; accidental, casual, BhP.; Sarvad.

आका ā-√kā, (perf. A. 1. & 3. sg. -caké) to endeavour to obtain, desire, love, RV .: Intens. (Impv. 3. pl. -cakantu; cf. a-\/kan) to be pleased with (loc.), RV. i, 122, 14.

A-kāyyà (4), mfn. desirable, RV. iv, 29, 5.

आकाङ्क ā-√kānksh, P. Ā. -kānkshati, °te, to desire, long for, endeavour to gain (with acc.), AitBr.; Mn. x, 121, &c., (rarely with gen.) Mn. ii, 162; (perf. -cakānksha, R.; Ragh.) to expect, wait for or till, Laty.; MBh. xiv, 1279, &c.; to endeavour to reach a place, turn to (acc.), Mn. iii, 258; (in Gr.) to require some word or words to be supplied for the completion of the sense, Pan. Sch.

A-kānksha, mfn. (in Gr.) requiring a word or words to complete the sense, Pān. viii, 2, 96 & 104; (a), f. desire, wish, Susr.; Sah. &c.; (in Gr.) need of supplying a word or period for the completion of the sense, Sāh. &c.

Akānkshin, mfn. ifc. wishing, desirous, hoping, expecting, MBh. xii, 4289; R.; Ragh. xix, 57; (see a-phaldkānkshin.)

A-kānkshya, mfn. ifc. 'desirable.' See drisakānkshya.

साकाय ā-kāya, as, m. See ā-√1. ci.

भाकाय्य ā-kāyyà, mfn. See ā-√kā.

खाकार ā-kāra, °raṇa, &c. See ā-√1. kṛi. आकाल ā-kālá, as, m. 'the right time,' see

án-āko; (é), loc. just at the time of (gen.), TS. ii. A-kalam, ind. until the same time on the fol-

lowing day, Ap.; Gobh. &c.

I. Akālika, mfn. (fr. ā-kālam) lasting until the same time on the following day, Mn. iv, 103 seqq.; Gaut.; (fr. \bar{a} - $k\bar{a}l\acute{a}$ [Pāṇ.] or perhaps = 2. $\bar{a}k\bar{a}lika$) momentary, instantaneous (as lightning), Pān. v, I, 114 (f. ī; also ā, Comm.); (ī), f. lightning, L.

स्राकात्त्रिक 2. ākālika, mf(ī)n. (fr. a-kāla) not happening in the right time, unexpected, Mricch.; Kum. iii, 34, &c.

खाकालिकातीरम् ā-kālikā-tīram, ind. as far as the bank of the Kālikā river, Rājat.

आकाश् ā-√kās (ind. p. -kāsya) to view, recognize, SBr. vii.

A-kāsá, as, m. (Ved.) or (later) am, n. (ifc. f. a)