podium, L. - vaidehī, f. the plant Scindapsus officinalis, L. - sankha, m. a small conch shell, L. - saņa-pushpikā, f. a variety of Crotolaria, L. - sarkarā, f. a kind of sugar (coming from the Yavanāla), L. - sarkarikā, f. id., L. - sārdūla, m. 'a small tiger,' leopard, L. - sīrsha, m. the tree Celosia cristata (= mayūra-sikhā), L. - sīla, mfn. of a vile character, R. iii, 35, 60. - sukti, f. a bivalve shell $(=jala-s^{\circ})$, L. = suktikā, f. id., L. - syāmā, f. the tree Katabhī, L. - sleshmântaka, m. the plant Cordia Myxa, L. - svāsa, m. short breath, Susr. — sveta, f. = -syama, Susr. — samācāra, mfn. proceeding in a vile manner, Pañcat. - sahā, f. Phaseolus trilobus, Car. (v. l. -mahā); Susr.; = -ruhā, L. - suvarņa, n. bad gold, prince's metal, L. - sûkta, n. a short hymn, SānkhGr. ii, 7; (as), m. an author of short hymns, AsvGr. iii, 4, 2; SānkhGr. iv, 10. - sphoţa, m. a pustule, L. - svarna, n. = -suvarna, Gal. - han, m. 'killing the wicked,' N. of Siva. - hingulika, f. = -kantakārī, L. - hingulī, f. id., W. - Kshudrâksha, mfn. having small eyes, i.e. holes (as a net), MBh. v, 1160 & 4340 (v. l. kshudreksha). Kshudragni-mantha, m. Premna spinosa (used for kindling fire), L. Kshudracarita, mfn. visited by common people (as a country), Ap. Kshudranjana, n. a kind of unguent (applied to the eyes in certain diseases), Suir. Kshudranda, m. 'born from minute eggs,' in comp. -matsyasaṃghāta, m. small fry, L. Kshudratman, mfn. of a low character, R. iii, 35, 68. Kshudrantra, n. the small cavity of the heart, W. Kshudrapāmārga, orgaka, m. Desmochæta atropurpurea (=raktap°, a biennial plant), L. Kshudramalaka, n. Myrobalan, L.; -samjña, m., N. of a tree (=karkata), L. **Kshudrâmbu-panasa**, m., v. l. for kshudrâmla-p°, L. Kshudrâmra, m. Mangifera sylvatica (kośâmra), L. Kshudrâmlapanasa, m. = kshudra-panasa, L. Kshudrâmlā, f. wood-sorrel, L.; a species of gourd, L. Kshudrâmlikā, f. = $kshudra-pattr\bar{a}$, L. Kshudrêksha, for odrâksha, q.v. Kshudrêngudī, f. Alhagi Maurorum, L. Kshudrêrvāru, m. a species of gourd, L. Kshudralla, f. small cardamoms (different from those called sūkshmállā), Sušr. Kshudrôdumbarikā, f. Ficus oppositifolia (= $k\bar{a}k\delta d^{\circ}$), L. Kshudrôpodaka-nāmnī, f., N. of a pot-herb (a variety of Basella), L. Kshudrôpodaki, f., N. of a pot-herb, L. Kshudrôlūka, m. a kind of small owl, L.

Kshudraka, mfn. small, minute, Mn. viii, 297; short (as the breath), Sušr.; (as), m., N. of a prince (son of Prasenajit), BhP. ix, 12, 14; VP. (v. l. kshudra-baka); (ās), m. pl., N. of a people living by warfare (the 'Οξυδρακοι), MBh. ii, 1871; vi, 2106; Pāṇ. v, 3, 114, Kāš.; (ikā), f. a kind of gad-fly, L.; small bells employed for ornament (cf. kshudra-ghanṭikā), L.; (am), n., N. of a collection of Buddhist works. — mānasa, n., N. of a lake (in Kašmīr), Sušr.

Kshudrala, mfn. minute, small, unimportant (applied to animals and diseases), g. sidhmâdi.

Kshudrīya, mfn., fr. °drá, g. utkarādi.

Kshottavya, mfn. to be mashed (as a louse &c.), Pat. on Pāņ. ii, 4, 8.

Kshottri, ttā, m. a pestle, any implement for grinding, Comm. on Un. ii, 94.

Kshoda, as, m. stamping, shattering, crushing into pieces, Bālar.; pounding, grinding, W.; the stone or slab on which anything is ground or powdered, mortar &c., W.; any pounded or ground or pulverized substance, flour, meal, powder, dust, R. ii, 104, 12; Kād.; SkandaP.; Kathās.; a drop, Kād.; a lump, piece, ib.; multiplication, Gaņit.—kshama, mfn. '(anything) that endures stamping or pounding,' solid, valid, Naish. vi, 113; Sāh.—raja, mfn. ground to dust, W.

Kshódas, n. (Naigh. i, 12) water in agitation, swell of the sea, rushing or stream of water, RV.

Kshodita, mfn. pounded, ground, W.; (am), n. any substance pulverized or ground, powder, dust, flour, meal, L.

Kshodiman, \bar{a} , m. minuteness, excessive smallness or inferiority, g. $prithv-\bar{a}di$.

Kshódishtha, mfn. (see kshudrá; Pān. vi, 4, 156) smallest, thinnest, MaitrS. i, 8, 6; GopBr. ii, 1, 9; very small or minute, W.

Kshodīyas, mfn. (see kshudra; Pan. vi. 4,

156) smaller, still inferior, Kāth. xv, 5; Hcar.; very fine or minute, Šiš. ii, 100 (Sāh.); Hcat. i, 1, 1.

Kshodya, mfn. to be stamped or trampled on, R. ii, 80, 10; to be pounded, W.

खुद्ध kshud. See 1. kshut & √1. kshudh.

1. kshudh, cl. 4. P. kshúdhyati (p. kshúdhyat; impf. ákshudhyat; aor. Subj. kshudhat; fut. 1st kshoddhā, Pāņ. vii, 2, 10, Siddh.; ind. p. kshudhitvā, Pāņ. vii, 2, 52; Bhaṭṭ. ix, 39), to feel hungry, be hungry, RV. i, 104, 7; AV. ii, 29, 4; TS. v, 5, 10, 6; vii, 4, 3, 1; Bhaṭṭ.

2. Kshut (in comp. for 2. kshiidh). - kshāma, mfn. emaciated by hunger, MBh. i, 50, 1; Pañcat.; Bhartr.; Rājat.; -kantha, mfn. id., Pāñcat. - tritparîta, mfn. suffering from hunger and thirst, W. - trid-udbhava, mfn. beginning to feel hungry and thirsty, W. - trishanvita, mfn. suffering from hunger and thirst, W. - trishnôpapīdita, mfn. id., Mn. viii, 67. - para, mfn. very hungry, MBh. xiii, 4463. - parîta, mfn. overcome with hunger, W. - pipāsā-parisrānta, mfn. wearied by hunger and thirst, R. - pipāsā-parîtânga, mfn. one whose body is affected with hunger and thirst, W. - pipasarta, mfn. afflicted with hunger and thirst, W. - pipāsita, mfn. hungry and thirsty, Mn. viii, 93. - pratīkāra, m. allaying hunger, eating, Mn. x, 105. - sambādha (kshút-), mfn. suffering from famine, TS. vii, 4, 11, 2.

Kshud (in comp. for 2. kshúdh). - roga, m. pain of hunger, Pañcat. - vat, mfn. hungry, L.

2. Kshúdh, t, f. hunger, RV.; AV. &c. Kshudhā, f. (g. ajādi, Ganar. 40) id., Nal.; Pañcat.; a mystical N. of the letter y, RāmatUp. - kara, mfn. causing hunger, Vedântas.; Dhūrtas. -kusala, m., N. of a tree, L. - dhvansa, m. allaying hunger, W. - nāsana, n. 'allaying hunger, food, Gal. - onvita (odhāno), mfn. afflicted with hunger, W. - pīdita, mfn. id., W. - bhijanana (°dhâbh°), for kshutâbh° (q.v.), L. - mārá, m. death caused by starvation, AV. iv, 17, 6 f. - rta $(^{\circ}dh\hat{a}r^{\circ})$, mfn. = $^{\circ}dh\hat{a}nvita$, Mn. x, 107; MBh.; Hit. - ordita (odhâro), mfn. id., MBh. - vat, mfn. =-kara, W. - vishta ($^{\circ}dh\hat{a}v^{\circ}$), mfn. affected by hunger, W. - santi, f. allaying hunger, satiety, satisfaction, Bhartr. ii, 23. - sāgara, m. a kind of drug (used to stimulate the appetite), L.

Eshudhālu, mfn. hungry, continually hungry, Pañcat. i; VarBṛS. lxviii, 110 & 114; ci, 9.

Kshudhi, is, m., N. of a son of Krishna, BhP. x, 61, 16.

Kshudhita, mfn. hungered, Pān. vii, 2, 52; (g. tārakādi) hungry, ChUp.; MBh.; R.; Sušr.; Ragh. Kshun (in comp. for 2. kshúdh). — nivṛitti, f. cessation of hunger, appeasing of appetite, W. — mat, mfn. hungry, Venīs. vi.

kshódhuka, mfn. hungry, TS. i, v, vi; ŠBr. xii. खुन kshudhuna, ās, m. pl., N. of a bar-

barous race, Un. iii, 55.

kshup, cl. 6. P. kshupati, to be depressed or afraid, R. vii, 76, 34.

kshupa, as, m. a bush, shrub (a small tree with short branches and roots, W.), Yājñ. ii, 229; MBh.; R. ii, 25, 7; VarBṛS.; N. of an old king (son of Prasaṃdhi and father of Ikshvāku), MBh.; N. of a son of Kṛishṇa by Satya-bhāmā, Hariv. 9183 (v. l. kṛipa); N. of a mountain westward from Dvārakā, ib. 8950 (v. l. a-kshaya); (ā), f. a bush, shrub, Sušr. — doḍa-mushṭi, m. Hoya viridiflora, L. Kshupâlu, for anūpālu.

Kshupaka, as, a, m. f. a bush, shrub, Sušr. Kshúmpa, as, m. id., RV. i, 84, 8 (=ahi-cchattraka, Nir. v, 16).

1. kshubh, cl. 1. Ā. kshobhate (only once, ChUp.), cl. 4. P. Ā. kshubhyati [MBh. &c.], cte [Nir. v, 16; MBh. &c.], cl. 5. P. (only Pot. 3. pl. kshubhnuyur, JaimBr.), cl. 9. P. kshubhnāti (only Bhaṭṭ. according to Pāṇ. viii, 4, 39; perf. P. cukshobha, BhP.; cukshubhe, MBh.; R.; Ragh. &c.: Cond. Ā. akshobhishyata, Bhaṭṭ. xxi, 6), to shake, tremble, be agitated or disturbed, be unsteady, stumble (literally and metaphorically): Caus. P. kshobhayati, rarely Ā. cte, to agitate, cause to shake, disturb, stir up, excite, Mn. viii; MBh.; R. &c.: Desid. of Caus., see cukshobhayishu; [cf. Cambro-Brit. hwbiau, 'to make a sudden push;' Gk. κοῦφος; Mod. Germ. schiebe.]

Kshubdha, mfn. agitated, shaken, MBh. iii, 12544; expelled (as a king), Pān. vii, 2, 18, Siddh.; agitated (mentally), excited, disturbed (in comp. with citta or manas), Susr.; (as), m. the churningstick, Pān. vii, 2, 18; a kind of coitus. — tā, f. agitation, Bhartr. iii, 94. Kshubdhârnava, m. a stormy ocean, W.

2. **Kshúbh**, f. (only instr. °bhā) a shake, push, RV. v, 41, 13.

Kshubhā, f. a kind of weapon ['the deity that presides over punishment,' Sch.], MBh. iii, 199.

Kshubhita, mfn. agitated, shaken, tossed, set in motion, MBh.; R.; Susr.; Vikr.; Kathäs.; agitated (mentally), disturbed, frightened, alarmed, afraid (mostly in comp.), R.; Pañcat.; Kathäs.; angry, enraged, W.

Kshobha, as, m. shaking, agitation, disturbance, tossing, trembling, emotion, MBh.; R.; Ragh.; Vikr.; Megh. &c.; (in dram.) an emotion that is the cause of any harsh speeches or reproaches, Sāh. 471 & 480; (cf. bala-ksh².)

Kshobhaka, mfn. shaking, causing agitation, VP. i, 2, 31; (as), m., N. of a mountain in Kāmâ-khyā (sacred to the goddess Durgā), KālP.

Kshóbhana, mfn. shaking, agitating, disturbing, causing emotion, RV. x, 103, 1; R. iii, 36, 10; (as), m., N. of Siva, MBh. xii, 10384; of Vishnu, ib. xiii, 6990; N. of one of the five arrows of the god of love, Git. viii, 1, Sch.

Kshobhayitri, mfn. one who gives the first impulse for anything, Bādar. ii, 2, 8, Sch.

Kshobhin, f. (in music) N. of a Sruti. **Kshobhya**, mfn. to be agitated or disturbed (ifc.), Kathās. lv, 120.

खुमत kshu-mát. See 2. kshú.

to tremble,' for kshubhā?, Comm.), VS. x, 8; N. of several plants (linseed, Linum usitatissimum; a sort of flax, Bengal San, sana; the Indigo plant; a sort of creeper), L.; (cf. kshauma.)

सुम्प kshump, cl. 1. P. kshúmpati, to go, Naigh. ii, 14.

सुम्प kshúmpa. See kshupa.

scratch, Dhātup. xxviii, 54; to make lines or furrows, ib.; (cf. \sqrt{chur} .)

Kshurá, as, m. (fr. √kshnu?; cf. Gk. ξυρόν) a razor, RV. i, 166, 10; viii, 4, 16; x, 28, 9; AV.; SBr. &c.; a razor-like barb or sharp blade attached to an arrow, R. iii, 72, 14; (cf. -pra); Asteracantha longifolia, L.; = -pattru, L.; a thorny variety of Gardenia or Randia, L.; Trilobus lanuginosus, L.; (for khura) the hoof of a cow, W.; (for khura) a horse's hoof, W.; (for khura) the foot of a bedstead, L.; ($\bar{\imath}$), f. a knife, dagger (cf. $chur\bar{i}$), L.; (mfn.) = kshurq-vat, 'having claws or hoofs,' Say. on RV. x, 28, 9. - karnī, f., N. of one of the mothers in Skanda's retinue, MBh. ix. 2643. - karman, n. the operation of shaving, VarBrS. — kritya, n. id., Gobh. iii, 1, 22. — klripta, min. shaved, Kathās. xii, 108. — kriyā, i. the employment of a razor, Pancat. - catushtaya, n. the four things necessary for shaving (viz. kshura, nava-kuša-triņāni, try-eņī šalalī, āpaḥ), Kāty-Šr. v, 1, Paddh. – dhāná, n. a razor-case, SBr. xiv. - dhāra, mfn. razor-edged, sharp as a razor, MBh. iv, 168; xiii, 3259; (as), m. a sharp-edged arrow, ib. iv, 2063. - dhārā, f. the edge of a razor, MBh. xiii, 2230; (pl.) R. vii, 21, 15; N. of a hell, Buddh. L. - nakshatra, n. any lunar mansion that is auspicious for shaving, VarBrS. iic, 12. - pattra, n. Saccharum Sara (sara), L. - pattrika, f., N. of a pot-herb (Beta bengalensis), L. - pavi (°rá-), mfn. sharp-angled, sharp-edged, very sharp, AV. xii, 5, 20 & 55; TS.; SBr.; Suparn.; (is), m. a sharpedged wheel-band, MaitrS. i, 10, 14 (= Kāth. xxxvi, 8; = Nir. v, 5); N. of a sacrifice performed in one day (ekâha), SānkhSr.; (am), n., N. of several Sāmans, ĀrshBr. - pra, mfn. sharp-edged like a razor, BhP. iii, 13, 30; (as), m. a sharp-edged arrow, MBh. iii, 14892; iv, 1732: Ragh. ix, 62; xi, 29; BhP.; Sāntiš.; Devīm.; a sharp-edged knife (tīkshṇa-sastra, ed. Bomb.), Pañcat. i; a sharpedged arrow-head, SarngP.; a sort of hoe or weeding spade, W.; -ga, n. a sharp-edged arrow, L. -bhatta, m., N. of a man, Say. (v.1. pur°). - bhānda, n. = -dhāná, Pañcat. i. - bhrishti