Svasa, f. (m. c.) = svasri, MBh.

**Svasriya**, m. a sister's son, nephew, TS. &c. &c.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. a sister's daughter, niece, Mn. xi, 171. **Svasreya**, m. (and  $\bar{i}$ , f.) = prec., MW.

Svāsrika, mfn. (fr. svasri), Pat. Svāsrīya, m.pl. = svāsrīyer yūnas chāttrāḥ, ib. Svāsrīyi, m. a son of a sister's son, ib.

**ख**स् svask. See √shvashk.

खस्तक sv-astaká, mfn. having a good or comfortable home, AV.

खस्तिमत sv-astamitá, n. a beautiful sunset, AV.

खांस्त sv-astí, n. f. (nom. svastí, otís; acc. svastí, otím; instr. svastí, otyá; dat. svastáye; loc. svastaú; instr. svastíbhis; also personified as a goddess, and sometimes as Kalā, cf. svasti-devī), wellbeing, fortune, luck, success, prosperity, RV.; VS.; SBr.; MBh.; R.; BhP.; (1), ind. well, happily, successfully (also = 'may it be well with thee! hail! health! adieu! so be it!' a term of salutation [esp. in the beginning of letters] or of sanction or approbation), RV. &c. &c. - kara, m. N. of a man, Pravar. - karman, n. causing welfare or success, R. - kara, m. the bard who cries svasti, R.; = prec., MBh.; the exclamation svasti, Kathās. - kṛit, mfn. causing welfare or prosperity (said of Siva), Sivag. - gavyūti (svasti-), min. having happy pastures or fields, MaitrS. - ga, mfn. leading to fortune or prosperity, RV. - ta, f. a state of welfare, AitBr. - da (Sivag.), -dá (RV.), mfn. conferring happiness. - devī, f. N. of a goddess (represented as wife of Vayu and said to have sprung from the essence of Prakriti), MW. -pura, n. N. of a Tirtha, MBh. -bhāva, m. N. of Siva, ib. - mát, mfn. being or faring well, happy, fortunate, RV. &c. &c.; conferring happiness, RV.; containing the word svasti, AitBr.; (ati), f. N. of one of the Mätris attending on Skanda, MBh. - mukha, mfn. having the word svasti in the mouth, wishing joy or fortune, L.; m. a Brāhman or a bard, L.; a letter (beginning with svasti), L. - vacana, n. pronouncing the word svasti, benediction, MBh. -vah (or -vah), mfn. carrying auspiciously (as a carriage; others, 'conferring happiness'), RV. - vāc, f. (Vcar.) or -vacaka, m. (BhP.) benediction, congratulation. - vācana or onaka, n. a religious rite preparatory to a sacrifice or any solemn observance (performed by scattering boiled rice on the ground and invoking blessings by the repetition of certain Mantras; also applied to the fee or complimentary present of flowers, sweetmeats &c. offered to Brāhmans on such occasions), MBh.; Kav. &c.; -paddhati, f., -mantra, m. pl. N. of wks. - vācanika, mfn. pronouncing a blessing on anything, Mcar. - 1. -vacya, mfn. to be called upon to pronounce a blessing on anything, MBh.; n. =-vācana, Yājñ. - 2. -vācya, ind. calling upon any one to pronounce a blessing on anything, Gobh. - vāda, m. = -vāc, Dhanamj. - váhana, mfn. leading auspiciously (as a road), AV.

Svastika, m. a kind of bard (who utters words of welcome or eulogy), R.; any lucky or auspicious object, (esp.) a kind of mystical cross or mark made on persons and things to denote good luck (it is shaped like a Greek cross with the extremities of the four arms bent round in the same direction; the majority of scholars regard it as a solar symbol; that is, as representing a curtailed form of the wheel of the Solar Vishnu, consisting of four spokes crossing each other at right angles with short fragments of the periphery of the circle at the end of each spoke turning round in one direction to denote the course of the Sun; accord to the late Sir A. Cunningham it has no connexion with sun-worship, but its shape represents a monogram or interlacing of the letters of the auspicious words su asti [svasti] in the Asoka characters; amongst Jainas it is one of the 24 auspicious marks and is the emblem of the seventh Arhat of the present Avasarpiņī), Hariv.; Kāv.; Pur.; the crossing of the arms or hands on the breast, MBh.; Mālatīm.; Kathās.; a bandage in the form of a cross, Susr.; a dish of a partic. form, MBh.; R.; Pañcar.; a kind of cake, ib.; a triangular crest-jewel, L.; the meeting of four roads, W.; a partic. symbol made of ground rice and formed like a triangle (it is used in fumigating the image of Durga, and is said to symbolize the Linga), MW.; a species of garlic, L.; a cock, L.; a libertine, L.; N. of a serpent-demon,

nava, Hariv.; of a poet, Cat.; of another man, Buddh.; m. n. a mansion or temple of a partic. form, VarBrS.; Marsilea Quadrifolia, L.; a partic. mode of sitting practised by Yogins (in which the toes are placed in the inner hollow of the knees), MārkP.; Pañcar.—karna, mfn. marked on the ear with the figure called Svastika, L.—dāna, n. crossing the hands, Bālar.—yantra, n. a surgical instrument of a partic. form, Suisr. Svastikānka, mfn. marked with the Svastika cross, Bc. Svastikādi-cakra, n. pl. N. of wk. Svastikāsana, n. a mode of sitting (see above), Sarvad.

Svastikī-kṛita, mfn. crossed (as hands), Cat. Svastī, ind. (with  $\sqrt{as} = svastī$ ), Siddh.

Svasty, in comp. for svasti. - akshara, n. expressing thanks for anything, Hcat. -ayana, n. sg. and pl. (ifc. f. ā) auspicious progress, success, Jātakam.; blessing, benediction, congratulation (with Caus. of √vac, 'to ask for a blessing'), AV. &c. &c.; a Mantra recited for good luck or the recitation of such a Mantra, W.; a means of attaining prosperity, Jātakam.; a vessel full of water borne in front of a procession, L.; mf(i)n. bringing or causing good fortune, auspicious (°tama, superl.), TBr. &c. &c.; -gana, m. a collection of Mantras recited for good luck, AV. Paris. - artha-carita, mfn. one who has happily attained his aim, SāmavBr. - ātreya, m. N. of an ancient sage (supposed author of RV. v, 50, 51; pl. = 'the family of Svo-atro'), MBh.; Hariv.; the hymn composed by Sv°-ātr°, ĀsvŠr.; a mirror, Lāty. Svastya, mfn. happy, fortunate, Kaus.

खस्य sva-stha &c. See p. 1277, col. 1.

खहतवासम् sv-ahata-vāsas, mfn. clothed

in beautiful and unwashed (i.e. new) garments, Hcat. स्न sva-hantri, sva-harana &c. See p. 1277, col. 1.

eight sv-ākāra, mfn. (for svâkāra see p. 1277, col. 2) of decent or respectable appearance, Hcar.

sv-ākṛiti, mfn.good-looking, handsome, Kathās. खाकृति sv-ākūti, m. N. of a divine being

enumerated among the Jayas, Cat. 包括 sv-akta, n. good ointment (for the eyes), AV.

खाद्यर svákshara, svánga &c. See p. 1277, col. 2.

खास्पात sv-ākhyāta, mfn. well proclaimed (often applied to dharma), Divyâv.

P. 1277, col. 2) well come, welcome, R.; lawfully-earned (as money), Mn. iv, 226; m. N. of a Buddha, Lalit.; of a king, VP.; of another man, Buddh.; (ā), f. a kind of metre, Srutab.; (am), n. welcome, greeting, salutation (svāgatam te with or without astu, 'I wish you welcome'), VBh.; Kāv. &c.; welfare, health (see next).—prašna, m. enquiry as to health, Šukas.—vacana, n. the uttering of welcome, the word welcome, MW.

Svāgatika, mfn. bidding welcome to any one, Pān. vii, 3, 7, Sch.

Svägatī-Vkri, P. -karoti (ind. p. -kritya), to make into a cry of welcome, Megh.

Svāgama, m. welcome, salutation, MBh. खाग्रयंग sv-agrayaṇa, mfn. forming a good

Agrayaṇa (Graha), VS. स्वाद्धिक svānkika, m. (perhaps fr. sva +

खांचरण sv-ācaraņa, n. good conduct or behaviour, MBh.; mfn. well-conducted, ib.

anki) a drummer, L.

**Sv-ācāra**, m. (Subh.) and  $mf(\tilde{a})n$ . (Yājñ.) = mrec = wat mfn well behaved  $V_0 V_0 = v_0 v_0$ 

prec. - vat, mfn. well-behaved, VarYogay.

ভাষাৰ sv-ācānta, mfn. one who has sip-

ped water well or according to rule, Vishn.

Wisself svācchandya, n. (fr. sva-cchanda)
independence, freedom (instr. = 'by one's own will,
voluntarily'), Mn. iii, 31.

खानय svājanya, n. (fr. sva-jana) kinship, relationship, HPariš.

a cock, L.; a libertine, L.; N. of a serpent-demon, MBh.; of one of Skanda's attendants, ib.; of a Dā- yielding an easy subsistence.

सादाकर sv-āḍhyaṃ-kara, mfn. easy to make rich, Pāṇ. iii, 3, 127, Sch.

Svādhyam-karana, mfn. easily enriching, Pān. i, 1, 72, Vārtt. 9, Pat.

Svādhyam-bhava, mfn. easy to become rich, Pāņ. iii, 3, 127, Sch.

खात sv-atata, mfn. well stretched or fixed, RV.; well aimed, ib.

following one's own will, freedom of the will, independence (āt and ena, 'by one's own will, of one's own free choice, voluntarily, freely'), Lāty.; Maitr-Up.; MBh. &c.

of the star Arcturus (as forming the 13th and 15th lunar asterism; also svāti, pl. svātyah), AV. &c. &c.; N. of one of the wives of the Sun, L.; a sword, L.; m. N. of a son of Uru and Āgneyī (v.l. khyāti), Hariv.; VP.; of Megha-svāti, VP.; mfn. born under the star Arcturus, Pān. iv, 3, 34. — kar. 1a, m. N. of a king, VP. — kārī, f. (?) N. of a goddess presiding over agriculture, PārGr. — giri, f. N. of a serpentmaiden, Kārand. — mukha, m. a partic. Samādhi, ib.; N. of a Kim-nara king, ib.; (ā), f. N. of a serpent-maiden, ib. — yoga, m. conjunction with Svāti, MW.—shena, m. (for -sena), N. of a king, VP.

खात्र svāttá, mín. (fr.  $\sqrt{svad}$ ) seasoned, spiced, VS. (cf. agni-shvāttá).

खात्मन् svâtman &c. See p. 1277, col. 2. खाद svāda, svādu &c. See p. 1279, col. 3.

खादर sv-ādara, mfn. very regardful, very considerate, MBh.

सादान sv-ādāná, mfn. (for svâdāna see p. 1277, col. 2) easy to be taken, MaitrS.

खादित्य sv-ādityá, mfn. any one befriended by the Ādityas, RV.; n. the favour or protection of the Ādityas, ib.

साधी sv-ādhi, mfn. well-minded, thought-ful, heedful, devout, pious, RV.

साधीन svádhīna, svádhyāya &c. See p. 1277, col. 2.

**खाध्वरिक** svādhvarika, mfn. (fr. sv-adhvara), g. svāgatâdi.

खान  $sv\bar{a}na$ . See  $\sqrt{3}$ . su, and p. 1280, col. 2.

स्वातम sv- $\bar{a}nama$ ,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . easy to be attracted or captivated,  $\dot{S}i\dot{s}$ .

स्तानत svānta. See Vsvan and p. 1277, col. 3.

स्वाप svāpa &c. See p. 1280, col. 3.

खापतेय svāpateya, n. (fr. sva-pati) one's own property, wealth, riches, MBh.; Kāv. &c.

खापद svāpada. See švā-pada.

RV.; VS.; AitBr. - mat, mfn. containing the word svāpi, AitBr.

Svāpika, n. N. of a fortress, Rājat.

खाणिश svāpiši, m. patr. fr. sva-piš, g. raivatikādi.

Svāpisīya, mfn. (fr. prec.), ib.

very skilful or trustworthy, Kām. - vacana, mfn. (used in explaining sv-apivāta), Nir. x, 7.

bhāva) belonging to or arising from one's own nature, natural, native, spontaneous, original, peculiar, inherent (-tva, n.), Up.; MBh. &c.; m. pl. N. of a Buddhistic school (cf. Buddhac. ix, 48; 51). Svābhāvikêtara, mf(ā)n. not natural or inherent, Sāh.

Svābhāvya, mfn. self-existent, existing spontaneously (said of Vishņu), MBh.; n. own peculiarity, own nature, Samk.

खाभास sv-ābhāsa, mfn. very illustrious or splendid, Kir.

खाभील sv-ābhīla, mfn. very formidable, MBh.

1 1 2