Gaut. &c.; of an attendant of Siva, Kathās.; of an attendant of the Sun, L.; of a Rudra, VP.; of a Yaksha, MBh.; of a Dānava, Kathās.; of a Nāga or serpentdemon, MBh. i, 1554 (the supposed author of the Chandas or treatise on metre regarded as one of the Vedângas, identified by some with Patanjali, author of the Mahā-bhāshya); of sev. ancient sages, MBh.; R. &c.; pl. N. of a people, Mark P.; (\bar{a}) , f. a species of bird, L.; a kind of owl, Var.; Dalbergia Sissoo, L.; = karnikā, L.; a kind of brass, L.; a partic. vessel of the body (the right of 3 tubular vessels which according to the Yoga philosophy are the chief passages of breath and air; cf. ChUp. viii, 6, 1); a kind of yellow pigment (= go-rocanā), L.; N. of Lakshmi, Gal.; of a courtezan who became remarkable for her piety, MBh.; of the female elephant of the South quarter, L.; of an astrological house or period, W.; heartpea, W.; n. a partic. metal, L.; yellow orpiment, L. - kānva, m. N. of a teacher, Pat. - gāndhāra, m. N. of a Vidyā-dhara, Kathās. - cchandahsūtra, n. N. of Pingala's work on metrics; odovritti and odo-vritti-vyākhyā, f. N. of Comms. on this wk. -jya, mfn. having a brown string (Šiva's bow), MBh. vii, 6148 (cf. pingā). - tattva-prakasikā (and osinī), f. N. of wks. -tva, n. a tawny or yellow colour, R. - naga, m. the serpentdemon Pingala, IW. 153. - prakāsa, m., -pranavôpanishad, f., -pradīpa, m., -bhāvôddyota, m., -mata-prakāsa, m. N. of wks. -roman, mfn. tawny-haired (said of a Pisāca), Hariv. -loha, n. a kind of metal, L. -vatsajīva, m. N. of a man, Divyav. - varttika, n., -vritti, f., -sāra, m. (and -vikāsinī, f.), -sūtra, n. N. of wks. Pingalaksha, mfn. having reddish-brown eyes, TPrat., Sch.; m. N. of Siva, MW. Pingalatantra, n., Pingalā-mata, n., Pingalâmrita, n., **Pingalârtha-dīpa,** m., **Pingalâryā,** f. N. of wks. Pingalêsvara, n. N. of a Linga, Cat. (-tīrtha, n. N. of a Tīrtha, ib.; -māhātmya, n. N. of wk., ib.); (1), f. a form of Dākshāyaņi, ib.

Pingalaka, $mf(ik\hat{a})$ n. reddish-brown, yellow, tawny, AV.; m. N. of a Yaksha, MBh.; of a man (pl. his descendants), g. upakādi; of a lion, Pañc.; (ikā), f. a variety of the owl (=pingalā), Var.; a sort of crane, L.; a kind of bee, Susr.; N. of a woman, Kathas. °galita, $mf(\bar{a})n$. made reddishbrown, become tawny, Kathās. ogalin, mfn. reddish-brown, R. ogaliman, m. tawny or yellow colour, Kāv.

Pingasa, m. (only L.) the chief of a community of wild tribes; the head man or proprietor of a village; a kind of fish, Pimelodius Pangasius (= pin $g\hat{a}sya$); (\bar{i}) , $f. = n\bar{a}lik\bar{a}$ or $n\bar{i}lik\bar{a}$; n. virgin gold. Pingiman, m. tawny or yellow colour, Hariv.

Pinja, mfn. confused, disturbed in mind, L.; full of (cf. pari-po); m. the moon, L.; a species of camphor, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. hurting, injuring, L.; turmeric, L.; cotton, L.; a species of tree resembling the vinepalm, L.; a switch, L.; (i), f., see tila-pinji; n. strength, power, L.

Piñjata, m. the concrete rheum of the eyes, L. Piñjana, n. a bow or bow-shaped instrument used for cleaning cotton, L.

Pinjara, $mf(\tilde{a})$ n. reddish-yellow, yellow or tawny, f a golden colour, MBh.; Kav. &c.; m. a tawnybrown colour, W. (also -ta, f., Kathas.; -tva, n., Kad.); a horse (prob. bay or chestnut), L.; N. of a mountain, MarkP.; n. (only L.) gold; yellow orpiment; the flower of Mesua Roxburghii; w. r. for panjara ('skeleton' or 'cage'). "raka, m. N. of a Naga, MBh.; n. orpiment, L. "raya, Nom. P. "yati, to dye reddish-yellow, Ratnav.; "rita, min. coloured ro-yo, Das. orika, n. a kind of musical instrument, Kathas. oriman, m. a ro-yo colour, Kad. °rī-vkri, to dye r°-y°, ib.

Piñjala, mín. (fr. piñja) extremely confused or disordered (cf. ut-pinjala); (ā), f. N. of a river, MBh.; (1), f. a bunch of stalks or grass, Gobh. (cf. pinjula); n. (L.) id.; Curcuma Zerumbet; yellow orpiment. laka, mfn., see ut-pinjalaka, samut-po.

Piñjāna, n. gold, L.

Piñjikā, f. a roll of cotton from which threads are spun, L.

Piñjula, n. a bunch of stalks or grass (in darbhapinjula), MaitrS. "jūla, n., "jūlī, f. id., Br.; GrSrS. jūlaka, m. N. of a man; pl. his descendants, g.

Pinjusha, m. the wax of the ear, L. Pinjeta, n. the excretion or concrete rheum of the eyes, L. (cf. piñjaļa).

Piñjota, f. the rustling of leaves, L.

पिट pit, cl. 1. P. petati, to sound, to assemble or heap together, Dhātup. ix, 24.

Pita, m. or n. a basket, box, L.; a roof, L.; a sort of cupboard or granary made of bamboos or canes, W.

Piṭaka, $mf(\bar{a})n$. (usually n.) a basket or box, MBh.; R.; &c. (ifc. f. ikā, MānGr.); a granary, W.; a collection of writings (cf. tri-p°); a boil, blister, Car. (printed pithaka); Jātak.; a kind of ornament on Indra's banner, MBh.; Var.; m. N. of a man (also piṭāka), g. sivâdi, L.

Pițăkyā, f. a multitude of baskets, g. pāsādi.

पिटङ्काकी piṭaṅkākī or piṭaṅkokī, f. Cucumis Colocynthis, L.

पिटङ्काश piṭaṅkāśa, m. Silurus Pabda, L.

पिट्टक pittaka, n. the tartar or secretion of the teeth, L. (cf. kiţţa, kiţţaka, pippikā).

पिट्टय pitṭaya, Nom. P. (fr. piṭṭa = pishṭa?) "yati, to stamp or press into a solid mass, KātyŠr., Sch. Piţţita, mfn. pressed flat, L.

पिट् pith, cl. 1. P. pethati, to inflict or feel pain, Dhātup. ix, 54.

Pitha, m. pain, distress, W.

Pithaka, w. r. for pitaka.

Pithana, n. = anu-sāsana (?), Lalit.

Pithara, mf(i)n. a pot, pan, MBh.; Var. &c.; m. an addition to a building shaped like a hollow vessel, L.; a kind of hut or store-room, W.; N. of a partic. Agni, Hariv.; of a Dānava, MBh.; Hariv.; n. a churning stick, L.; the root of Cyperus Rotundus, L. - pāka, m. the union of cause and effect (i. e. of atoms) by means of heat, Sarvad.

Pitharaka, m. or n. (ikā, f., Divyâv.) a pot, pan (cf. next); m. N. of a Nāga, Hariv. - kapāla, n. a fragment of a pot, potsherd, Bhartr.

पिठीनस् pithinas, m. N. of a man, RV. (cf. paithīnasi).

पिडक pidaka, m. (and \bar{a} , f.) a small boil, pimple, pustule, Rajat.; Susr. oka-vat and okin, mfn. having boils or pustules, Susr.

पिगड् pind, cl. 1. A. 10. P. pindate, odayati, to roll into a lump or ball, put together, join, unite, gather, assemble, Dhātup. viii, 21; xxxii, 110 (prob. Nom. fr. next).

Píṇḍa, m. (rarely n.) any round or roundish mass or heap, a ball, globe, knob, button, clod, lump, piece (cf. ayah-, mānsa- &c.), RV. (only i, 162, 19 and here applied to lumps of flesh), TS.; SBr. &c. &c.; a roundish lump of food, a bite, morsel, mouthful; (esp.) a ball of rice or flour &c. offered to the Pitris or deceased ancestors, a Śrāddha oblation (RTL. 293; 298-310), GrSrS.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; food, daily bread, livelihood, subsistence, MBh.; Kav. &c.; any solid mass or material object, the body, bodily frame, Ragh.; Samk.; Vajracch.; the calf of the leg, Mālatīm. v, 16; the flower of a China rose, L.; a portico or partic. part of a house, L.; power, force, an army, L.; m. (du.) the fleshy parts of the shoulder situated above the collar-bone, MBh.; (du.) the two projections of an elephant's frontal sinus, L.; the embryo in an early stage of gestation, L.; a partic. kind of incense, Var. ('myrrh' or 'olibanum,'L.); meat, flesh, I..; alms, Mālatīm. (cf. -pāta below); Vangueria Spinosa, L.; quantity, collection, L.; (in arithm.) sum, total amount; (in astron.) a sine expressed in numbers; (in music) a sound, tone; N. of a man, g. nadddi; n. (L.) iron; steel; fresh butter; (\bar{a}) , f. a kind of musk, L.; (i), f., see 1. pindi. - kanda, m. a species of bulbous plant (=pindalu), L. - karana, n. = -nirvapana, ParGr. - kharjura, m. (Kād.), orikā and rī, f. (L.) a species of date tree. -gosa, m. gum myrrh, W. -tarkaka, m. pl. 'inquirers for the Sraddha oblation (?),' ancestors preceding the great-grandfather (who eat the remnants of the oblation made to the Pitris), Grihyas.; Baudh. (v. l. -tarkuka [also para-tarkaka or okuka], -takshaka, -takshuka, pinda-tarkya, pindôdaka). -tas, ind. from a ball or lump, MW. -ta, f. condition of a body, Mcar. - taila, n., laka, m. incense, olibanum, L. - tva, n. being a lump or ball, density, condensation (-tvam ā- \sqrt{gam}, to become thick or intense), Kathās. - da, mf(\bar{a})n. offering or qualified to offer oblations to deceased ancestors, Yajn.; MBh.;

m. the nearest male relation, W.; a son, Gal.; a patron or master, Bhartr.; (\tilde{a}) , f. a mother, MBh. (Nīlak.) Cf. sa-pinda. - dātri, mfn. = -da, mfn., Yājñ.; Kārand. - dāna, n. the offering of balls of rice &c. (to deceased ancestors), Baudh.; Sāh.; the offering of Srāddha oblations on the evening of new moon, Nir.; KātyŚr., Sch.; Kull.; giving alms, Kāv. - nidhāna, n. = -nirvapana, ApGr. - niryukti, f. N. of wk. - nirvapana, n. the oblation of balls of rice &c. to deceased ancestors, Mn. iii, 248; 261. - nivritti, f. cessation of relationship by the Śrāddha oblations (cf. -sambandha), Gaut. - pada, n. a kind of arithmetical calculation, Jyot. - pāta, m. giving alms; -velā, f. the hour for go a, Mālatīm. iii, 0; otika, m. a receiver of ao, Buddh. - pātra, n. the vessel in which Sraddha oblations are offered, L.; an alms-dish, Kārand.; alms, ib.; -nirhāraka, m. a class of attendants in a monastery, Divyav. - pāda and odya, m. 'thick-footed,' an elephant, L. - pitri-yajña, m. the oblation to deceased ancestors on the evening of new moon, Gr\$rS.; -prayoga, m. N. of wk. - pushpa, m. (L.) Jonesia Asoka; the China rose; the pomegranate tree; n. (L.) the flower of J° A°; of the Ch° r°; of Tabernaemontana Coronaria; of a lotus. - pushpaka, m. Chenopodium Album, L. - prada, mfn. = -da, mfn., Kad. -phala, mfn. bearing (long) round fruits, MBh.; (\bar{a}) , f. a kind of bitter gourd, Car. -bīja, m. Nerium Odorum, L. -bījaka, m. Pterospermum Acerifolium, L. - bhanjana-santi, f. N. of wk. - bhāj, min. partaking of the Śrāddha oblation; m. pl. deceased ancestors, Sak.; -bhak-tva, n., Samk. - bhriti, f. means of subsistence, livelihood, R. - maya, mf(z)u. consisting of a lump of clay, Mricch. - mātrôpajīvin, min. subsisting on a mere morsel, Yājñ. - mustā, f. Cyperus Pertenuis, L. - mula and laka, n. Daucus Carota, L. - yajña, m. oblation of balls of rice &c. to deceased ancestors, Yājñ. - rohiņika, m. Flacourtia Sapida, L. - lakshana, n., -siksha, f. N. of wks. -lepa, m. the particles or fragments of the Śrāddha oblations which cling to the hands (they are offered to the three ancestors preceding the great-grandfather), Kull. on Mn. v, 60 (cf. -tarkaka). -lopa, m. a neglect or cessation of Soo, MW. - visuddhidīpikā, f. N. of wk. - veņu, m. a species of bamboo, L. - sarkara, f. sugar prepared from Yavanāla, Gal. — sīrsha, mfn. having a (long) round head, MBh. - sambandha, m. relationship qualifying a living individual to offer Srāddha oblations to a dead person, Gaut.; odhin, mfn. qualified to receive the So of from a living person, MarkP. - sektri, m. N. of a serpent-demon, MBh. - stha, mfn. 'mingled in a lump,' mixed together, Var. - sveda, m. a hot poultice, Car. - haritāla, n. a partic. kind of orpiment, Bhpr. Pindakshara, mfn. containing a conjunct consonant, Vam. Pindagra, n. a small morsel of a Pinda, Mn. Pindanvaharya or °yaka, n. a partic. Śrāddha ceremony in which meat is eaten after offering the balls of rice &c., Mn. iv, 122; 123. Pindâbhra, n. hail, L. Pindâyasa, n. steel, L. Pindâlaktaka, m. a red dye, Mālatīm. Pindalu, m. a species of Cocculus, L.; Dioscorea Globosa, L.; °luka, n. a kind of bulbous plant, L.; °lūka, m. or n. a batatas, L. Piņdasa, °saka, and osin, m. 'eating morsels,' a beggar, L. Pindâsma, m., Pan. v, 4, 94, Kas. Pindahva, f. the resin of Gardenia Gummifera, L. Pindôdaka-kriyā, f. the ceremony of offering balls of rice &c. and water, MW. Piņāôdāharaņa, u. participating in Śrāddha offerings, presenting them to common ancestors, W. Pindopajīvin, mfn. living on morsels offered by another, nourished by another, Mcar. Pindôpanishad, f. N. of an Up.

Pindaka, m. n. a lump, ball, knob, Hariv.; Susr.; a fragment, morsel, L.; a round protuberance (esp. on an elephant's temples), MBh.; the ball of rice &c. offered at Srāddhas (cf. tri-p°); m. a species of bulbous plant (= pindalu), L.; Daucus Carota, L.; incense, myrrh, L.; a sine expressed in numbers, Sūryas.; a Pisāca, L.; (ikā), f. a globular fleshy swelling (in the shoulders, arms, legs, &c.; esp. the calf of the leg), Vishn.; Yājn.; MBh. &c.; a base or pedestal for the image of a deity or for a Linga, Var.; Kād.; AgP.; a bench for lying on, Car.; the nave of a wheel, L.; a species of musk, L.

Pindana, n. forming globules or round masses, BhP.; forming balls of rice &c. for a Srāddha (?), Cat.; m. a mound or bank, W. (cf. pindala).