नग ná-ga, m. 'not moving' (ef. á-ga), a mountain (ifc. f. ā; cf. sa-naga), AV.&c. &c.; the number 7 (because of the 7 principal mountains; cf. kula-giri), Sūryas.; any tree or plant, MBh.; Kav. &c.; a serpent, L.; the sun, L. - karnī, f. Clitoria Ternatea, L. - ja, mfn. mountain-born, mountaineer; m. elephant, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. a kind of plant, L. - nadī, f. 'mo-river,' N. of a river, Megh. - nandinī, f. 'mo-daughter,' N. of Durgā (do of Himalaya), L. -nimna-gā, f. 'mo-river,' torrent, Šiš. ii, 104. - pati, m. 'm'-chief,' the Himâlaya, L. - bhid, m. 'rock-splitter,' (L.) an axe; a crow; Indra; a kind of plant. - bhū, mfn. = -ja; m. a kind of plant, L. - murdhan, m. 'mo-crest,' W. - randhra-kara, m.'mo-splitter,' N. of Karttikeya, Ragh.ix, 2. - vat. mfn. abounding in mountains or trees, R. - vahana. m.'mo-borne,' N. of Siva, Sivag. - vrittika, m. (and °kā, f.) a kind of plant, Sušr. - šreshthá, m. the finest tree, Suparn. - svarūpinī, f. a kind of metre, Srutab. Magagra, n. mo-top, MBh. Nagatana, m. 'tree-wanderer,' monkey, L. **Wagâdhipa,** m. = ga-pati, L. Nagadhirāja, m. id., MW. Nagapaga, f. = ${}^{\circ}ganimnag\bar{a}$, Šiš. ii, 100. Nagari, m. N. of a man, MBh. iv, 1294. Magalika, see nagānikā. Magāvāsa, m. 'tree-dweller,' a peacock, L. **Nagâsman**, m. a piece of rock, Sis. xv, 10. Wagasraya, mfn. living in mountains, W.; m. a kind of plant, L. Wagahvaya, m. N. of a man, MBh. iv, 1294. Wagendra, m. 'mo-lord,' N. of Himalaya, Ragh. ii, 28; of Kailasa, Megh. 63; of Nishadha, Ragh. xviii, I. Magesa, m. id., N. of a partic, mo, Satr.; of Kailasa or of Siva, MW. Magêsvara, m. id., N. of Himâlaya, L. Magôcchraya, m. mo-elevation, W. Magôdara, n. m°-rift, BhP. Wagankas, m. 'mountain- or treedweller, (L.) lion; the fabulous animal Sarabha; a crow (cf. agaukas); any bird.

नगणा nagaṇā, f. Cardiospermum Halica-cabum, L. (v.l. nagnā).

नगर nágara, n. (m. only MBh. iii, 3014; ifc. f. \bar{a} , Hariv. 2951; prob. not ft. naga + ra, but cf. g. asamadi; the n cannot be cerebralized, g. kshubhnadi) a town, city, N. of sev. cities, TAr.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; (i), f., see below. - kāka, m. 'a town-crow,' a term of contempt, L. - koti, N. of a town (Nagar-kot), and of another place, Cat. -khanda, N. of ch. of the SkandaP. -gamin, mfn. (road) going or leading to a to, Mālatīm. i, 27. - ghāta, m. 'to-destroying, (also -ka), an elephant, L. - catush-patha, m. or n. meeting of 4 ways in a to, ManGr. - jana, m. pl. townsfolk, sg. a citizen, Hit. - daivata, n. presiding deity of a to; -vat, ind. Mricch. i, 19. -dvāra, n. togate, Hit.; -kūṭaka, n. a kind of fence on a to-go, L. -dhana-vihāra or -dhana-saṃghârāma, m. N. of a Buddh. monastery. - pati, m. to-chief, L. -pura, n. N. of a to, L. -pradakshinā, f. carrying an idol round a to in procession, MW. - prânta, m. the outskirts of a to, ib. - bāhu, m. 'to-arm,' N. of a man, L. - bāhya, mfn. situated without the town, MW. - mandana, f. 'to-ornament, a courtezan, Vāsav. - mardin, m. 'tocrusher,' N. of a man, g. bāhv-ādi. - mālin, mfn. garlanded with cities, MW. - mustā, f. = $^{\circ}r\hat{o}ttha$. - rakshadhikrita, m. the chief of the to-guard, Mricch. - rakshin, m. to-watchman, ib. - vayasa, m. = -kāka, L. - vāsin, mfn. 'to-dwelling,' a citizen, MW. - vriddha, m. to-senior, Das. - sammita, mfn. equal to a to, MW. - stha, m. = $-v\bar{a}sin$, Hit. -svāmin, m. 'to-chief,' N. of a man, Kathas. - hāra, 'to-taking,' N. of a kingdom, L. Magarâdhikrita (Rājat.), râdhipa & pati (Kathās.), orâdhyaksha (Hariv.), m. to-chief, head policeofficer. Magarabhyāsa, m. neighbourhood of a to, MW. Magarôttha, f. a kind of plant, L. Nagarôpânta, n. = ra-prânta, MW. Nagarankas,m. = °ra-vāsin, Rājat. Magaranshadhi, f. Musa Sapientum, L.

Magaraya, Nom. A. cyate, to look like a town, MBh.; Hariv.

Magarin, m. lord of a town, Car.; N. of a man, AitBr. v, 30. "ry-anna, n. food given by the lord of a town, Mn. iv, 213.

Nagarī, f. = °ra, Mn.; MBh. &c. - nirodha, m. N. of ch. of GanP. ii. - baka, m. 'town-crane,' a crow, L. - yukti, f. N. of ch. of the Yukti-kalpataru. - rakshin, m. town-watchman, MBh.

Magarīya, mfn. belonging to a town, civic, urban, Kāv.

नगानिका nagānikā, onī or nagālikā, f. a kind of metre, Col.

नम्र nagna. See under \sqrt{naj} below.

नग्रह nagnáhu (or ohū, L.), m. ferment, a drug used for fermenting spirituous liquor, VS.; ŠBr.

नथमार nagha-mārá & naghā-rishá, m. N. of the plant kushṭha = Costus Speciosus, AV. (cf. nakhá).

नपुष naghusha, m. N. of a man = nahusha, MaitrUp.; Ragh.; n. Tabernaemontana Coronaria, Bhpr.

नह nankh. See √nakh.

निवेत na-ciketa, na-cira &c. See under 2. na, p. 523.

नज् naj, cl. 6. A. najate, to be ashamed (v. l. for lajj, Dhātup. xxviii, 10; probably invented to explain nagna).

Nagná, mf(a)n. naked, new, bare, desolate, desert, RV.&c.&c.; m, a naked mendicant (esp. a Bauddha, but also a mere hypocrite), Var.; VP.; a bard accompanying an army, L.; N. of Siva, Sivag.; of a poet, Cat.; (a), f. a naked (wanton) woman, AV. v, 7, 8; a girl before menstruation (allowed to go naked), Pañc. iii, 217; Cardiospermum Halicacabum, L. (cf. $nagan\bar{a}$); = $v\bar{a}c$ (v. l. for $nan\bar{a}$), Naigh. i, 11, Sch. [Cf. Zd. maghna for naghna; Lith.nugas; Slav.nagu; Goth.nagaths; Angl.Sax. nacod; Engl. naked; Germ. nackt.] - kshapanaka, m. a naked mendicant, Kād.; mfn. (place) containing (only) $n^{\circ}m^{\circ}s$, $C\bar{a}n$. — m-karana, $mf(\bar{i})n$. making no, Pān. iii, 2, 56. - caryā, f. vow to go n°, Divyav. - jít, m. N. of a prince of the Gandhāras (father of one of Krishņa's wives), Br.; MBh.; of a writer on architecture (?), VarBrS. lviii, 4; 15; of a poet, Cat. - tā (°gná-), f. (RV.; ŠBr.), -tva, n. (Hit.) nakedness. - dhara, m. N. of Sch. on Ragh.; Cat. - nīlapatādika, n. nick-name of Kanada's wks., Cat. - bhupati-graha, m. N. of a drama. - mushita, mfn. stripped bare, g. rājadantadi. - m-bhavishnu, mfn. (Pān. iii, 2, 57) =-m-bhāvuka, mfn. (ib.) becoming naked, uncovering one's self in a shameless manner, TS.; Kāth. - vritti, f. N. of Comm. on Un. - vrata**dhara**, mfn. observing the vow of a no mendicant (Šiva), Šivag. – šramaņa (VarBṛS., Sch.) & -šravaņa (Kāraņd.), m. a no ascetic. Magnācārya, m. a bard, VarBrS., Sch. (cf. nagná above). Nagnâța & ctaka, m. a no wanderer, (esp.) a Buddh. or Jain. mendicant, Rājat.; L.

Nágnaka, $mf(ik\bar{a})n$. naked, wanton, AV.; HPariš.; m. a n° mendicant, Pañc.; a bard, L.; $(ik\bar{a})$, f. a n° or wanton woman, L.; a girl before menstruation, MBh.; Pañc.

Nagnī, in comp. for ona. - karaņa, n. stripping, undressing, W. - \sqrt{kri} , to render naked; -krita, mfn. converted into a no mendicant, Bhartr. i, 64.

可知 nañ, ind. N. of the negat. particle na, negation, Pāṇ.ii, I, 6o; Vām. v, 2, 13 &c. — artha, m. the meaning of na; -nirṇaya & -vāda, m. (da-ṭīkā & vivṛiti, f.) N. of wks. & Comms. — vāda, m. N. of wk.; -ṭippanī, f., -viveka, m. N. of Comm.'s on it. — viveka, -siro-maṇi, -sa-māsa & -sūtrârtha-vāda, m. N. of wks.

नम्राज nañja-rāja, m. N. of a king and author(?). — yašo-bhūshaņa, n. N. of wk.

nat (Prākṛ. for nṛit, q. v.), cl. 1. P. naṭati (Dhātup. xix, 19; ix, 23) to dance, Kāv.; to hurt or injure, Vop. (cf. un-\(\sigma nat)): Caus. nāṭayati (Dhātup. xxxii, 12) to represent anything (acc.) dramatically, act, perform, imitate, Mṛicch.; Sak. &c.; to fall (cf. \(\sigma nad)\); to shine, Vop.

Nața, m. (fr. prec.; but cf. Un. iv, 104) actor, dancer, mime, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; N. of a partic. caste (sons of degraded Kshatriyas, Mn. x, 22); Colosanthes Indica, L.; Jonesia Asoka, L.; a sort of reed (=kishku-parvan), L.; (in music) N. of a Rāga; N. of a man (who with his brother Bhaṭa built a Vihāra), Buddh.; (ā), f. Caesalpina Banducella, L.; (ī), f. an actress (g. gaurddi), Sak.; Sāh. &c.; a dancer, Nauch girl, courtezan, L.; a partic. fragrant plant, Bhpr.; red arsenic, L.; (in music) N. of a Rāgiṇī. — gaṅg'oka, m. N. of a poet, Cat. — gati, f. a kind of metre, Col. — caryā, f. an actor's performance, BhP. — tā, f. office or condition

of an a°, Hariv.— nārāyaņa, m. (in music) N. of a Rāga.—pattrikā, f. Solanum Melongena, L.—parna, n. 'a°s wing,' the skin, W.—baṭu, m. a young a°, L.—bhaṭikā-vihāra, m.,—bhaṭikā, f. 'temple of Naṭa & Bhaṭa,' N. of a t°, Buddh.—bhūshaṇa and -maṇḍana, n. 'a°s ornament,' orpiment, L.—raṅga, m. 'a°s arena,' anything illusory, Buddh.—vara (W.) or-sreshṭha (MW.), m. chief a° or dancer.—saṃjñaka, m. orpiment, L. an a° or d°, W. (cf. -bhūshaṇa).—sūṭra, n. rules for a°s, Pāṇ. iv, 3, 110. Naṭântikā, f. 'a°-killing, a°-spoiling,' shame, modesty, L. (v. 1. °ndhikā). Naṭêsvara, m. 'lord of dancers,' N. of Śiva, W.

Nataka, m. an actor, L. - melaka, n. 'company of actors,' N. of a comedy.

Națana, n. dancing, dance, pantomime, Kautukas. Onânanda-nātha, m. N. of an author, Cat. Națanīya, mfn. to be danced, Gīt.

Natita, mfn. disgusted with, tired of (instr.), HParis.; n. acting, representation, MW.

Natī, f., see nata, above. - suta, m. the son of a dancing girl, MW.

Natya, f. a company of actors, g. pāšādi.

N. of a Rāgiņi. — kalyāņa & -nārāyaņa (cf. naṭa-n°), m. id. — paṭṭa-grāma, m. N. of a village, Cat. — mallārikā, -varāṭikā & -ham-bīrā, f. N. of Rāgiņīs.

नड् 1. nad, cl. 10. P. nādayati, to fall, Vop. in Dhātup. xxxii, 12 (cf. \sqrt{nat}).

2. Nad, in comp. and word-formation for nada.

-antikā, f. 'reed-destroying,' N. of a river, Vishņ. (cf. natānt'). -bhuvaka, m. N. of a poet, Cat.

-vat, mfn. covered with reeds, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 87.

-vala, mf(ā)n. =-vat, iv, 2, 88; n. a quantity of r's, r'-bed, MBh.; Ragh.; (á), f. id., VS.; N. of the wife of Manu Cākshusha, Hariv.; Pur. (v. l. navalā; cf. nādvaleya). - vābhū(?), f. = kuttima, L.

Madá or nalá, m. (L. also n.) a species of reed, Arundo Tibialis or Karka, RV.; AV.; SBr.; N. of a prince with the patr. Naishidha, SBr. (= Nala Naishadha, Sch.); of a Nāga, L.; of a partic. tribe whose employment is making a sort of glass bracelet, W. (cf. nala). — kūbara, m. N. of a son of Kubera, Kathās. (cf. nala-). — neri, f. (in music) a kind of dance. — prâya, mfn. abounding in reeds, L. — bhakta, mfn. inhabited by Nada (?), g. aishukāry-ādi (v.l. nada-). — maya, mf(ī)n. consisting or made of ro, Kaus. — mīna, m. 'ro-fish,'a kind of sprat, L. — vana, n. 'ro-thicket,' L.; N. of a place, Rājat. — saṃhati, f. 'id.,' L. Madā-gāra, n. ro-hut, MW. Madā-gīri, m. (g. kim-sulakādi) N. of an elephant, Kathās.

Madaka, n. the hollow of a bone, KātyŠr. dakīya, mfn. abounding in reeds, Pāņ. iv, 2, 91. dasa, mfn. id., g. trinddi.

Madinī, f. a reed bed, g. pushkarādi. odila, mfn. reedy, covered with reeds, g. kāsādi.

Madya, f. a reed bed, L.

नडह nadaha, mfn. lovely, beautiful (prob. w. r. for ladaha).

नडुवाह $nadu-v\bar{a}ha$, m. N. of a poet, Cat. (for $nad-v^\circ$ or $nada-v^\circ$?).

नत् nat, mfn. (\sqrt{nam}) bowing, bowing one's self (ifc.), MW.

Matá, mfn. bent, bowed, curved, inclined, inclining, RV. &c. &c.; bowing to, saluting (acc. or gen.), BhP. vi, 9, 40; v, 18, 4; depressed, sunk, flat; deep, hanging down, MBh.; Kav. &c.; ifc. bent down by or turned towards (cf. vāma-, add.); cerebralized (as the letter n, cf. nati), RPrat.; m, n. Tabernaemontana Coronaria, L.; n. zenith-distance at meridian transit, Sūryas.; hour-angle or distance in time from meridian, ib.; inclination, ib. - kamdhara, mfn. bowing (the neck), MW. - kala, m. hour-angle (see above), Sūryas., Sch. - ghațikā, f. id., ib. -jyä, f. the sine of the hour-angle, MW. - druma, $m = lat\bar{a}-s\bar{a}la$ (bower?), $L = n\bar{a}dik\bar{a}$ or -nādī, f. = $-k\bar{a}la$, L.; any hour of birth after noon or before midnight, W. - nabhi, mfn. 'deepnaveled,' thin, slender, Kum. i, 38. - nasika, mfn. flat-nosed, Var. - parvan, mfn. (arrow) flat-jointed, smooth, MBh. v, 7143; Sak. vii, 162 (read adhunā nata°). - bhāga, m. zenith-distance at meridian transit, Sūryas. - bhrū, mfn. having arched brows or bending the brows, frowning, Vikr. iv, 28. - mukha, $mf(\bar{i})n$, bending down the face, looking