RV. vii, 69, 1; hemmed in, pent up, i, 52, 10 &c. [Cf. \sqrt{vadh} , also for kindred words.]

1. Bādhá, m. a harasser, tormentor, Hariv.; annoyance, molestation, affliction, obstacle, distress, pain, trouble, RV. &c. &c.; (also a, f.; cf. Vam. v, 2, 44) injury, detriment, hurt, damage, MBh.; Kav. &c.; danger, jeopardy (see prâna-); exclusion from (comp.), Pañcat.; suspension, annulment (of a rule &c.), Sāh.; Pān., Sch. &c.; a contradiction, objection, absurdity, the being excluded by superior proof (in log., one of the 5 forms of fallacious middle term), Kap.; Bhashap. &c. - cintamani, m., -ta, f., -pūrva-paksha-grantha-kroda, m., otha-tīkā, f., otha-prakāsa, m., otha-vivecana, n., othânugama, m.; -buddhi-pratibadhyatâvāda, m., -buddhi-pratibadhya-pratibandhaka-bhāva-vāda, m., -buddhi-pratibandhakatā-vicāra, m., -buddhi-vāda, m., -buddhi-vādârtha, m., -buddhi-vicāra, m., -rahasya, n., -vāda, m., -vicāra, m., -vibhājaka, m. or n., -siddhânta-grantha-ṭīkā, f., othakroda, m., otha-prakāsa, m., otha-vivecana, n., othānugama, m. N. of wks. Bādhânta, m.

2. Bādha, m. (prob.) urging, impulse (Naigh. ii, 9 = bala; Sāy. = $b\bar{a}dhaka$, $b\bar{a}dhana$), RV. vi, II,

5; i, 61, 2; 132, 5 (?). **Bādhaka**, mf($ik\bar{a}$)n. oppressing, harassing, paining (see $\dot{s}atru$ - b°); opposing, hindering, injuring, prejudicing, MBh.; Pur. ($-t\bar{a}$, f.); setting aside, suspending, annulling, Samk.; Sarvad. (-tva, n.); m. a partic. disease of women, L.; a kind of tree, Gobh.; mf($\bar{\imath}$)n. belonging to or derived from the Bādhaka tree, ShadvBr.; SrS. — maya, mf($\bar{\imath}$)n. = prec. mfn., SāmayBr

Bādhana, mfn. oppressing, harassing (see *šatru-b*°); opposing, refuting, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. uneasiness, trouble, pain, Nyāyas.; n. opposition, resistance, oppression, molestation, affliction (also pl.), R.; Sak.; removing, suspending, annulment (of a rule &c.), Vedântas.; Pāṇ., Sch.

Bādhanīya, mfn. to be removed, Nyāyam., Sch. Bādhayitri, m. an injurer, opposer (°trī, f.), Sāy. Bādhitá, mfn. pressed, oppressed &c., RV. &c. &c.; (in gram.) set aside, annulled; (in logic) contradictory, absurd, false, incompatible (cf. a-bādhita). —tva, n. the being suspended or refuted or contradicted, Vedântas.

Bādhitavya, mfn. to be pressed hard or harassed or pained, MBh.; to be suspended or annulled, KātyŚr., Sch.

Bādhitri, m. an oppressor, harasser, annoyer, MBh.; Bālar.; Prab.

Bādhitvā, ind. having pressed hard or harassed, MW.; (in gram.) destroying or neutralizing the effect of a previous rule.

Bādhin, mfn. (ifc.) injuring, impeding, Jātakam.

Bādhya, mfn. to be (or being) pressed hard or harassed or distressed or pained or checked or suppressed, Kāv.; Kathās.; Pur. &c.; to be (or being) set aside or suspended or annulled, Vop. —tva, n. the state of being set aside, suspension, annulment, Kap. —bādhakatā, f. the condition of oppressed and oppressor, BhP.; the co of one who pains such as deserve to be pained, ib. —retas, m. one whose generative fluid is obstructed, impotent, Kull. on Mn. ix, 79.

Bādhyamāna-tva, n. the condition of being suspended or set aside, suspension, annulment, Nilak.

वाधिरक bādhiraka, mfn. (fr. badhira), g. arīhanddi.

Bādhirika, m. metron. fr. badhirikā, g. sivadi. Bādhirya, n. deafness, MBh.; Susr.

ৰাষুল bādhūla, m. N. of a family, Cat. — sishya, m. N. of an author, ib. — smṛiti, f. N. of wk.

वाध्योग bādhyoga (SBr.), bādhyauga (Kāš. on Pāṇ. vii, 3, 20), patr. fr. badhyoga.

Badhyaugāyana, m. patr. fr. badhyoga, g. haritadi.

ৰাহ্ব bādhva, m. patr., N. of a Rishi, AitĀr. (w. r. bādhya).

बान्धिक bāndhaki, m. patr. or metron., g. taulvaly-ādi.

Bāndhakineya, m. (fr. bandhakī) the son of an unmarried woman, a bastard, L. (g. kalyāny-ādi).
Bāndhakeya, m. id., g. subhrādi.

man, relation (esp. maternal r°), friend (ifc. f. \bar{a}), Mn.; MBh. &c.; a brother, A.; $(\bar{\imath})$, f. a female relative, Kathās. — jana, m. relatives, kinsmen (collectively), Mṛicch.; Pañcat. — $t\bar{a}$, f. relationship, Caṇḍ. — $dhur\bar{a}$, f. a friendly turn, kindness, Mālatīm. vii, 4 (= mitra-kritya, Sch.)

Bāndhavaka, mfn. belonging or relating to kinsmen, kindred, Hariv.

Bāndhavya, n. connection by blood, relationship, Kathās.

बान्धुक $b\bar{a}ndhuka$, $mf(\bar{i})n$. belonging to or derived from the Bandhuka tree, Kāṭh. (ĀpŚr. $m\bar{a}ndhuka$).

बान्धुकिनेय bāndhukineya, m. metron. fr. bandhukī, g. kalyāny-ādi.

Bandhukya, n. marriage, Gal.

Bāndhupata, $mf(\bar{\imath})n.$, fr. bandhu-pati, g. asvapaty- $\bar{a}di.$

चापसभट्ट bāpaṇṇa-bhaṭṭa, m. N. of an author, Cat.

चापय bāpaya, m. N. of Kāšī-nātha-bhaṭṭa, q. v.

ৰাষ্ট্ৰপষ্ট bāpu-bhaṭṭa, m. N. of an author (also called Ananta-bhaṭṭa), Cat.

बापूदेव $bar{a}par{u}$ -deva, m. N. of an author,

बाप्पदेव bāpya-deva, m. N. of the writer of a partic. inscription, Inscr.

वाबलानचर्ति bābakhāna-caritra, n. N. of wk.

ৰাবা bābara, n. (fr. babara) N. of a Pañca-rātra, ĀśvŚr.; of a place, Cat.

बाबुजीव्यास bābujī-vyāsa, m. N. of an author, Cat.

बाबेरी bāberī, f. N. of a city, Cat.

ৰাশ্বৰ babhrava, mf($\bar{\imath}$)n. belonging or relating to Babhru, PañcavBr.; m. patr. fr. babhru, SBr. (cf. Pāṇ. iv, I, 106); ($\bar{\imath}$), f. N. of Durgā, L.; n. N. of various Sāmans, ĀrshBr. — dāna-cyuta and -sālankāyana ($babhr^\circ$), m.pl., g. $k\bar{a}rta$ -kaujapa.

Bābhravāyaņi, m. (patr. fr. babhru) N. of a son of Visvā-mitra, MBh.

Bābhravīya, mfn. relating or belonging to Bābhravya, Cat.; m. pl. his disciples, ib.

Bābhravya, m. N. of various authors and teachers (also with kaušika and pañcāla, and šāndilā, pl.), GṛS.; Hariv.; Cat. (cf. Pāṇ. iv, I, 106); of other men, Ratnav.; MārkP.; (ā), f. N. of a woman, L.

Bābhravyaka, mfn. inhabited by Bābhravyas, g. rājanyādi.

Bābhravyāyaṇī, f. of bābhravya, g. lohitddi. Bābhruka, mfn. (fr. babhru) like an ichneumon i.e. (prob.) brown, brownish, g. anguly-ādi.

बायभट्ट bāya-bhaṭṭa, m. N. of a son of Kṛishṇa and father of Advaita, Cat.

बार $b\bar{a}ra$, m. or n.(?) an opening, aperture (see jihmá- and nīcina- b°).

বাহেট bārahaṭa, m. N. of Nara-hara-dāsa (the author of the Hindī work Avatāra-caritra or Caturviņšaty-avatāra-caritra), Cat.

बारेज्य bārejya, N. of a town, Cat.

बार्टी bārḍhya or vārḍhya, n., fr. bṛiḍha (vṛiḍha), g. dṛiḍhâdi.

बार्बर bārbara, mfn. born in the country of the barbarians, g. takshasīlādi.

Bārbaraka, mfn. (fr. barbara), g. dhūmādi.

वार्वरीट bārbarīṭa, m. (only L.) the kernel of the mango fruit; a young shoot; tin; the son of a harlot.

बाई bārha, mfn. (fr. barha) made of the feathers of a peacock's tail, BhP.

Bārhiṇa-lakshmaṇa, mfn., (prob.) w.r. for barhina-l^o, q. v.

वाह्न bārhat, Vriddhi form of brihat in comp. — sāmā, f. (-sāman) N. of a woman, AV. Bārhata, mf(ī)n. relating to the Sāman Brihat,

VS.; TS.; Br.; ŠrS.; relating to the metre Brihatī, TS.; RPrāt. &c.; m. pl. the Soma keepers, RV. x, 85, 4 (Sāy.); n. the fruit of the Brihatī (a variety of the Solanum).

Bārhataka, m. N. of a man, Mālav. i, $\frac{6}{7}$ (w. r. $v\bar{a}hataka$).

Bārhatānushṭubha, mfn. consisting of a Bṛihatī and an Anushṭubh, RPrāt.

Bārhad, in comp. for bārhat. — agna, m. pl. the descendants of Bṛihad-agni, g. kanvādi. — īshava (m. c.), m. patr. fr. Bṛihad-ishu (also pl.), BhP. — ukthá, m. patr. fr. Bṛihad-uktha, Br.; n. N. of various Sāmans, ĀrshBr. — gira, mf(ī)n. relating to Bṛihad-giri; n. N. of various Sāmans, ĀrshBr. — daivata, n. N. of a wk. (= bṛihad-devatā and ascribed to Saunaka), Shadguruš. — bala, mf(ī)n. relating to Bṛihad-bala, BhP. — ratha, mf(ī)n. relating to Bṛihad-ratha, MBh.; m. patr. of Jarāsamdha, ib.; Hariv.; pl. (with bhū-pālāh), Pur. — rathi, m. pl. patr. of Jarā-saṃdha, L.

Bārhas, Vṛiddhi form of bṛihas in comp. — pata, mf(ī)n. relating to or descended from Bṛihas-pati, MBh.; R. — patyá, mfn. id., AV. &c. &c. (with bha or nakshatra, n. the constellation Pushya, Sūryas.; with māna, n. 'Jupiter's measure,' a method of reckoning time, ib.); m. patr. fr. Bṛihas-pati (N. of Ṣaṃyu, Agni, Tapur-mūrdhan, Bharad-vāja), TS.; ŚBr.; Nir. &c.; a pupil of B°, BhP.; an infidel, materialist, ib.; Hariv.; n. the Artha-ṣāstra of B°, ethics, morality, Lalit.; N. of various Sāmans, ĀrshBr.; -jyotiḥ-ṣāstra, n., or otir-grantha, m., -tantra, n., -mahiman, m., -muhūrta-vidhāna, n., -saṃhitā, f., -sūtra-ṭīkā, f., -smṛiti, f. N. of works.

वार्हवत $b\bar{a}rhavata$, $mf(\bar{i})n$. containing the word barha-vat, g. vimukt adi.

वाहिषद bārhishada or bārhiḥshada, m. patr. fr. barhi-shad or barhiḥ-shad (also pl.), BhP.

ৰান্ত $ballow{a}l$, ind. onomat. an interjection imitating the sound of a falling body, AV.

ৰান্ত $b\bar{a}la$, mf(\bar{a})n. (cf. $v\bar{a}la$) young, childish, infantine, not full-grown or developed (of persons and things), GrS.; Up.; Mn.; MBh.&c.; newly risen, early (as the sun or its rays), Ragh.; new or waxing (as the moon), ib.; Kum.; puerile, ignorant, simple, foolish, Mn.; Hariv.; Kāv.; pure (as an animal fit for sacrifice), L.; m. a child, boy (esp. one under 5 years), Mn.; MBh. &c.; (in law) a minor (minors are classified as kumāra or boys under 5 years of age, sisu under 8, poganda from the 5th to the end of the 9th or till the 16th year, and kisora from the 10th to the 16th year); a fool, simpleton, Mn.; Pañcat.; any young animal, L.; a colt, foal, L.; a five years old elephant, L.; Cyprinus Denticulatus or Rohita, L.; N. of a Rakshas, VP.; of a prince, Rājat.; (\tilde{a}) , f. a female child, girl, young woman (esp. one under 16 years), Mn.; MBh. &c.; a one year old cow, L.; small cardamoms, L.; Aloe Indica, L.; a kind of metre, L.; a partic. mystical prayer, Cat.; N. of the mother of Vālin and Su-grīva (said to have been formed by Prajā-pati out of some dust which had fallen into his eyes), R.; n. Andropogon Muricatus, L.; heat, L. - kadalī, f. a young plantain tree, Musa Sapientum, Mricch. - kamalinī, f. a yo lotus plant, Mālatīm. - kavi, m. N. of an author, Cat. - kanda, m. 'the boy (Rāma) section,' N. of the first book of the Rāmāvana (ādi-k° in B.) and of the Adhyātma-rāmāyaņa (s. v.) - kāvya, n. N. of a poem. - kunda, m. a young jasmine; odânuviddha, mfn. adorned with vo jasmine blossoms, Megh. - krishna, m. the boy Krishna or K° as a boy, RTL. 136; N. of a man also called Gangā-dhara, W.; of various authors (also -dāsa, -dīkshita, -bhat'ı and -misra-), Cat.; -krīdā-kāvya, n. and -campū, f. N. of 2 poems; ondnanda, m. N. of an author, Cat.; onashtaka, n. N. of a Stotra. - keli or -keli, f. child's play or amusement, Das. - kriyā, f. doings or conduct of children, MārkP. - krīdana, n. = -keli, Kāv.; onaka, n. id., Hariv.; (pl.) N. of ch. of Vātsyāyana's Kāmasūtra; m. a child's toy or plaything, MBh.; a ball, L.; N. of Siva, MBh.; Cypraea Moneta, L. - krīdā, $f_{\cdot} = -keli$, Cat.; $-k\bar{a}vya$ and -varnana, n. N. of wks. - khilya, see $vala-kh^\circ$. - gaja, m. a young elephant, BhP. - ganapati-pūjā, f. N. of work. -garbhinī, f. a cow with calf for the first time, L. - gada-dhari, f. N. of wk. (= tarka-samgraha-