Ajātašātrava, mf(i)n. belonging to or ruled over by (Ajāta-šatru) Yudhishthira, Šiš. ii, 114.

स्राजाति ā-jāti. See ā-√jan.

म्राजाद्य ājādya. See āja.

साजान  $\bar{a}j\dot{a}na$ ,  $\bar{a}j\dot{a}ni$ . See  $\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{jan}$ .

आजानिका ājānikya, am, n. (fr. a-jānika), the not possessing a wife, (gaṇa purohitadi, q. v.)

far as the knee. - bāhu, mfn.; see s. v. 3. á. - lambin, mfn. reaching down to the knee, Kād. - sama, mfn. as high as the knee, Susr.

आजानेय ājāneya and oneyya. See ā-√jan. आजायन ājāyana and ājāvika. See āja.

आजि 1. ājí, m., rarely f., only once in RV. i, 116, 15,  $(\sqrt{aj})$ , a running-match; a fightingmatch, prize-fight, combat, RV.; AV. &c.; [ājim  $\sqrt{aj}$  or  $\sqrt{i}$  or  $\sqrt{dhav}$  or  $\sqrt{sri}$ , to run with or against any one for a prize, SBr.; AitBr. &c.]; war, battle (ajau, in battle, MBh.; R.; Ragh. xii, 45, &c.); place for running, race-course, RV. iv, 24, 8; AV. xiii, 2, 4;  $(=\bar{a}ksh\bar{e}pa)$  abuse, L.; (=kshana)an instant, L. - krit, mfn. fighting or running for a prize, RV. viii, 45, 7. -ga, n., N. of a Saman, TāṇdyaBr.; LāṭySr. - jityā, f. victory in a running-match, TandyaBr. - túr, mfn. victorious in battles, RV. viii, 53, 6. - pati, m. lord of the battle, RV. viii, 54, 6 (voc.) - mukha, n. the front or first line in a battle, Ratnav. - siras, n. id., MBh. iii, 16479; =  $\bar{a}jy$ -anta below, Comm. on TS. - srit, mfn. = -krit, q. v., SBr. - hīna, m. 'defeated in battle,' N. of a man;  $(\bar{a}s)$ , m. pl. his descendants. Ajy-anta, m. the goal in a race-course, Nir. ii, 15.

श्वाजि 2.ā-√ji (p.-jáyat; impf. 3. du. âjayatām) to conquer, win, RV. ii, 27, 15; AitBr.; TāṇḍyaBr.: Desid. p.-jigīshamāṇa, trying or desiring to win, RV. i, 163, 7.

 $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ -jayana, am, n. (only for the etym. of  $\mathbf{I}$ .  $\overline{a}$ ) conquering, Nir. ix, 23.

Ā-jigīshu, mfn. wishing to excel or overcome, L. आजिगिमिषु ā-jigamishu. See ā-√gam.

ञ्चाजियुखु ā-jighṛikshu. See ā-√grah.

श्वाजिक्कासेन्या  $\bar{a}$ - $jij\bar{n}\bar{a}seny\bar{a}$ . See  $\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{j\bar{n}\bar{a}}$ .

स्राजिन्य  $\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{jinv}$  (2. du. -jinvathas) to refresh, RV. iv, 45, 3.

आजिरि ājiri, mfn. fr. ajira, (gaṇa sutaṃ-gamādi, q.v.)

Ajireya, as, m. a descendant of Ajira, (gana subhradi, q.v.)

श्वाजिही षु ā-jihīrshu. See ā-√hṛi.

साजीकूल ājī-kūla, v. l. for āñjī-k°, q. v.

भाजीगत ājīgarta, am, n., N. of a Sāman. Ajīgarti, is, m. (gaṇa bāhv-ādi, q. v.) a descendant of Ajīgarta (q. v.), Sunaḥsepa, TS. v; AitBr.

आजीव  $\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{j\bar{i}v}$ , P.(3. pl.- $j\bar{i}v$ anti; ind. p.- $j\bar{i}v$ -ya) to live by (acc.), subsist through (acc.), MBh. v, 4536; BhP.; (p. - $j\bar{i}v$ at; Pass. p. - $j\bar{i}v$ yamāna) to use, have the enjoyment of (acc.), Yājñ. ii, 67; MārkP.

**Ā-jīva**, as, m. livelihood, ŠvetUp.; Mn. xi, 63; MBh. &c.; = ājīvika, q. v., L.

Ājīvaka, as, m. = vika below, Lalit.

Ā-jīvana, am, n. livelihood, Mn. x, 79; Pañcat. Ājīvanika, mfn. looking for a livelihood, Kād. Ā-jīvam, ind. for life, Kathās.

Ajīvika, as, m. following special rules with regard to livelihood, a religious mendicant of the sect founded by Gosāla (Makkhaliputra), Jain.; VarBr.

Ā-jīvitantam, ind. for life, Vcar. (Sārng.) Ājīvin, ī, m. = ājīvika, VarBr.

 $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ j $\overline{\mathbf{i}}$ vya, mfn. affording a livelihood, Y $\overline{\mathbf{a}}$ j $\overline{\mathbf{n}}$ . i, 320; MBh. xiv, 1330; (am), n. means of living, MBh. iii, 8452; BhP.; (cf.  $sv-\overline{a}$ j $\overline{\phantom{a}}$ ).)

সাসু  $\bar{a}$ -jur,  $\bar{u}r$ , f. (? $\sqrt{jr\bar{i}}$ ),=vishti, L.

সারা  $1.\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{j}\bar{n}\bar{a}$ ,  $-j\bar{a}n\bar{a}ti$  (Impv. 2. pl.  $-j\bar{a}-n\bar{t}ta$ ; perf.  $-jaj\bar{n}au$ ; p.  $-j\bar{a}ndt$ ) to mind, perceive, notice, understand, RV. i, 94, 8; 156, 3; SBr.; TāṇḍyaBr.; (cf.  $an-\bar{a}j\bar{a}nat$ ): Caus.  $-j\bar{n}\bar{a}payati$ , te (Inf.  $-j\bar{n}aptum$ , R. iv, 40, 8) to order, command, direct, MBh. &c.; to assure, R. vi, 103, 10.

A-jijñāsenyā, ās, f. pl. (fr. Desid.) scil. ricas, 'liable to investigation,' N. of some of the Kuntāpa hymns (of the AV.), AitBr.

A-jñapta, mfn. ordered, commanded, Mn. ii, 245;

A-jñapti, is, f. command, Comm. on AitUp.

2. A-jña, f. order, command, Mn. x, 56; MBh. &c.; authority, unlimited power, Bālar.; N. of the tenth lunar mansion, VarBr.; permission (neg. anājnayā, instr. ind. without permission of (gen.), Mn. ix, 199). - kara, m. 'executing an order,' a servant, R. iv, 9, 4, &c.;  $(\bar{i})$ , f. a female servant, Sak.;  $(\bar{a}$ jñākara)-tva, n. the office of a servant, Vikr. - kārin, mfn. one who executes orders, a minister, L. - cakra, n. a mystical circle or diagram (one of the six described by the Tantras.) - dana, n. giving an order, Rājat. - pattra, n. a written order, edict, L. - parigraha, m. receiving an order, Rajat. - palana, n. 'guarding,' i. e. executing the orders, VP. -pratighata, m. disobedience, insubordination, L. -bhanga, m. 'breaking,' i.e. not executing an order, Hit.; (ājñābhanga)-kara [Hit.] or -kārin [VP.], mfn. not executing an order. - vaha, mfn. one who obeys orders, a minister, L. - sampādin, mfn. executing orders, submissive, Yājñ. i, 76.

 $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ -j $\widetilde{\mathbf{n}}$  $\overline{\mathbf{a}}$ ta, mfn.; see an- $aj\widetilde{n}$ °. — kaundinya, m., N. of one of the first five pupils of  $\widetilde{\mathbf{S}}$ akyamuni.

A-jñatrí, tā, m. one who directs, RV. x, 54, 5.
A-jñana, am, n. noticing, perceiving, AitUp.

 $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ -j $\widetilde{\mathbf{n}}$ apaka, mf $(ik\overline{a})$ n. giving orders, commanding, Hariv. 6518 (v. l.  $j\widetilde{n}$  $\overline{a}$ paka).

A-jñapana, am, n. ordering, commanding. A-jñapita, mfn. ordered, commanded, MBh. i, 6310 (loc. ašane, 'to eat'); R. &c.

Ā-jñāpya, mfn. to be directed or commanded by (gen.), expecting an order from (gen.), R. i, 66, 3.
Ā-jñāya, ind. p. having noticed or perceived;

having heard, MBh.; BhP.; R. &c. **Ā-jñāyin**, mfn. perceiving.

भाज्य 2. ājya, am, n. (  $\sqrt{a}$ ñj, Vārtt. on Pāņ. iii, 1, 109), melted or clarified butter (used for oblations, or for pouring into the holy fire at the sacrifice, or for anointing anything sacrificed or offered), RV. x; AV.; VS. &c.; (in a wider sense) oil and milk used instead of clarified butter at a sacrifice; N. of a sort of chant (sastra) connected with the morning sacrifice, AitBr.; SBr.; Kaush-Br.; N. of the Sukta contained in the aforesaid sastra, KaushBr.; N. of a Stotra connected with that sastra, TandyaBr. - graha, m. a vessel of clarified butter, KātyŠr.; (ās), m. pl., N. of certain formulæ, ApSr. - doha, n., v. l. for âcyā-do, q. v. -dhanvan, mfn. having the clarified butter for its bow, AitBr. - dhānī, f. receptacle of clarified butter, Kaus. - pá, mfn. drinking the clarified butter, VS.: SBr.: (ās), m. pl. a class of Manes (who are the sons of Pulastya [Mn. iii, 197 seq.] or of Kardama [VP.] and the ancestors of the Vaisya order). -pātra, n. a vessel for clarified butter. - bhāga (ajya-), m. a portion of clarified butter, SBr.; (au), m. du. the two portions of clarified butter belonging to Agni and Soma, SBr.; KātySr. &c.; MBh. xiv, 722;  $(mf(\bar{a})n.)$  partaking of the clarified butter, TS. ii. - bhuj, m. 'consumer of clarified butter,' Agni, R. iii, 20, 38. – lipta (*ájya*-), mfn. anointed with clarified butter, SBr. - lepa, m.an unguent made of clarified butter, SankhGr. - vāri, m. 'sea of clarified butter,' one of the seven mythical seas, L. - vilapanī, f. the vessel containing the clarified butter, SBr. - sthālī, f. = -pātra above, MānŠr.; MānGr. - havis (ajya-), mfn. having an oblation consisting of clarified butter, SBr.; AitBr. - homa, m. an oblation consisting of clarified butter, Gaut. Ajyā-doha, n., v. l. for  $\hat{a}cy\bar{a}-d^{\circ}$ , q. v. **Ajyâhutí**, f. =  $\bar{a}jya$ -homa above, SBr.; AitBr. &c.

আন্থ  $\tilde{a}\tilde{n}c$  ( $\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{a}\tilde{n}c$ ), (Impv.  $\tilde{a}\tilde{n}catu$ ) to bend, curve, AV. xi, 10, 16; (cf.  $\hat{a}c$ .)

cha or anāncha, Pān. Siddh.) to stretch, draw into the right position, set (a bone or leg), Susr.

Anchana, am, n. stretching, drawing, setting (a bone or leg), Susr.; Balar.

মাস্থ âñj (ā- $\sqrt{a}$ ñj), (Impv. 2. sg. Ā. ākshva; ind. p. ājya; Impv. -anaktu; impf. 3. pl. á āñjan) to anoint, AV. xix, 45, 5; ĀsvGr.; to polish, prepare, RV. vii, 44, 5; to honour, receive respectfully, RV. vi, 63, 3; vii, 43, 3; viii, 60, 1; (cf. ākta.)

Änjana, am, n. ointment (especially for the eyes), AV.; TS.; SBr. &c.; fat, RV. x, 18, 7; (mfn.) having the colour of the collyrium used for the eyes, MBh. v, 1708; (i), f. collyrium for the eyes or a box filled with that ointment, R. ii, 91, 70. — gandhi (änjana-), mf(acc. im) n. smelling of ointment, RV. x, 146, 6. — giri, m., N. of a mountain, Kāth.; (cf. anjana.) Ânjanâbhyanjana, e, r. du. ointment for the eyes and for the feet, KātyŚr.; (ās), f. pl., N. of a Sattra (which lasts for forty-nine days), Lāty. Ânjanâbhyanjanīya, am, n. sg. [KātyŚr.] or nīyā, ās, f. pl. [KātyŚr.; ĀsvŚr.] another N. of the above Sattra. Ânjanī-kārī, f. a woman who anoints or makes ointments, VS. xxx, 14.

Anjanya, mfn. one whose eyes are to be anointed with ointment, TBr.

श्चाञ्चलेय āñjaneya, as, m. son of Añjanā,' N. of the monkey Hanumat, Mcar.

সাম্বানিকা āñjalikya, am, n. fr. añjalika, (gaṇa purohitâdi, q. v.)

आञ्चस  $\tilde{a}\tilde{n}jasa$ , mf ( $\tilde{i}$ ) n. (fr.  $u\tilde{n}jas\tilde{a}$ , q. v.), immediate, direct, Comm. on Bād.

**Anjasya,** am, n.  $(\bar{a}t, ena)$  abl. instr. immediately, unhesitatingly, Kap.

মান্ত্ৰিক āñjika, as, m., N. of a Dānava, Hariv. 216.

Ānjiga, as, m., N. of a Dānava, ĀrshBr.

आञ्चिनेय āñjineya, as, m. a kind of lizard, L.; (cf. añjanikā.)

সাল্লীকুল  $\bar{a}\tilde{n}j\bar{i}-k\bar{u}la$ , am, n. (v. l.  $\bar{a}j\bar{i}-k^{\circ}$ ) N. of a country, (gana  $dh\bar{u}m\bar{d}di$ , q. v.)

Ānjīkulaka, mfn. (v. l.  $ajik^{\circ}$ ), ib.

স্থাই  $\bar{a}t$ , ind. a croak (imitation of the sound uttered by a frog), TāṇḍyaBr.

সাত  $\bar{a}ta$ , mfn. ( $\sqrt{at}$ ), going, going after, only ifc., e. g. kanyāta, kshapāta, patny-āta &c.; (as), m., N. of a Nāga demon, TāṇḍyaBr.; (cf. ātaka.)

**Āṭaka**, mf $(ik\bar{a})$ n. going. See  $k\bar{a}raskaratik\bar{a}$ .

सारहष āṭarūsha, as, m. = aṭo, q. v., L.

সাত্রিক āṭavika, as, m. (fr. aṭavī), the inhabitant of a forest, Mn. ix, 257; MBh. &c.; a forester, Sāh.; (mfn.) consisting of inhabitants of the forest (as an army), Kām.

Āṭavin, ī, m., N. of a teacher, VāyuP. Āṭavī, f., N. of a town, MBh. ii, 1175. Āṭavya, as, m., v. l. for āṭavin, q. v.

ginianus, PārGr.; (cf. ādi and āti.) Ātī-mukha, n. 'the top of which is like the beak of the āti,' a surgical instrument employed in blood-letting, Suir. Ātī-meda, m., N. of a bird, L.

आदिको āṭikī, f., N. of the wife of Ushasti, ChUp. ['marriageable' or 'strolling about (fr. √aṭ),' Comm.]

साटीकन  $\bar{a}$ - $\bar{t}ikana$ , am, n.  $(\sqrt{t}ik)$ , the leaping motion of a calf, L.; (cf.  $\bar{a}t\bar{t}laka$  and  $\bar{a}dh\bar{t}l^{\circ}$ .)

ञ्चाटीकर āṭīkara, as, m. a bull, L.

आटी मुख āṭī-mukha, &c. See āṭi.

স্থাতীলক āṭīlaka, am, n. = ā-ṭīkana, q. v., L.

sii, 11587; Pañcat. &c.; a multitude, redundancy, BhP.; flatulence, borborygmi, Susr.; pride, self-conceit, Mricch. &c.; (cf. satopam.)

आहस्य लीक āṭṭasthalīka,mfr...fr.aṭṭa-sthalī, (gaṇa dhūmādi, q. v., not in Kās.)

N. of Para, TS. v; SBr. xiii; TāṇḍyaBr.; = aṭana-sīla, 'fond of wandering' (Comm.), Nir. i, 14.

SBr. xiv; MBh.; R.; a great noise, Sārng.; noisy behaviour, speaking loud or much, bombast, Kathās.; Sāh. &c.; the roaring of elephants, Kād.; the sounding of a trumpet as a sign of attack, L.; ifc. immensity, sublimity, the highest degree of, Uttarar.; Kathās.; Bālar.; pleasure, L.; the eyelid; (the war-drum personified) N. of a being in the retinue of Skanda, MBh. ix, 2541. — vat, mfn. making much noise,