निप्रण nipuṇa,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . (said to be from a √pun), clever, adroit, skilful, sharp, acute, Mn.; MBh.; Sušr.; Kāv. &c.; skilled in, conversant with, capable of (mostly comp. [cf. Pāņ. ii, 1, 31 and g. saundadi]; but also infin. [Kāv.], loc. [Var.], gen. [Vop. v, 29] or instr. [Pāņ. ii, 1, 31]); kind or friendly towards (loc. or prati, Pān. ii, 3, 43); delicate, tender, Jātak.; perfect, complete, absolute (as purity, devotion &c.), Mn.; BhP.; (am), ind. in a clever or delicate manner, MBh.; Kav.; completely, perfectly, absolutely, exactly, precisely, R. (also nipuna ibc. Pān. vi, 2, 24, and onena, MBh.; BhP.) - tara, mfn. more clever or perfect &c.; (am), ind. = next, Pañc. = tas, ind. wholly, completely, MBh. - ta, f. skilfulness, adroitness, carefulness, accuracy, Kav.; Pañc. - dris, mfn. sharpsighted, clever, knowing, MW. Nipunika, f. N. of a waiting-maid, Kālid.

निपुच ni- \( puth, Caus. -pothayati, to dash down, Hariv. \)

fनपुर ni-púr, f. the subtle body, VS.; AV. (= sūkshma-deha, Mahīdh.)

निपूत्र ni- $p\bar{u}ta$ , mfn. $(\sqrt{p\bar{u}})$ strained, filtered, purified, RV.

Tay ni-\(\sqrt{pri}\), P. -prināti (Pot. -prinuyāt, Lāty.), to put down, pour out, offer (esp. to deceased relatives), AV.; SBr. &c.: Intens. -popūryate, Pat. 
\(^parana, n.\) the putting down or offering (of rice &c. to deceased relatives), Nir.; ĀsvŠr., Sch. \(^p\bar{paraka}\), mfn. one who puts down &c., Pat. \(^p\bar{pita}\) (ĀsvŠr.) and \(^p\bar{urta}(Pat.)\) mfn. put down, poured out, offered.

निप्रय ni- \(\sqrt{prath}\) (Caus. aor. -paprathan), to spread or increase, RV. ii. 11, 8.

निप्रयत्न ni-prayatna, w. r. for nish-pro,

निमहन ni-pra-v'han, P. -hanti, to hurt or destroy (with gen.), Pāṇ. ii, 3, 56, Kāš.

নিমিযায ni-priyāya (fr. ni-priya), Nom. Ā. °yáte, to keep in one's possession, not to be willing to give up (acc.), AV.

निमला ni-phalā, f. Cardiospermum Halicacabum, L.

निमालन ni- $ph\bar{a}lana$ , n. seeing, sight, L. (prob. w. r. for ni- $bh^{\circ}$ ).

निर्मान ni-phena, n. opium, L. (cf. a-pho).

निबन्ध ni- Vbandh, P. -badhnāti, to bind on, tie, fasten to (loc.), AV.; Kauš.; MBh. &c.; to enchain, fetter (lit. and fig.), Mn.; MBh.; R. &c.; to contract, unite, join, close, obstruct, Kav.; Kathās.; to compose, draw up, write down, Mn.; Var.; R. &c.; to catch, win, acquire, MBh.; Pañc.; to hold fast, restrain, check, MBh.; Ragh.; to put or fix upon (foot, eye &c., i.e. undertake, begin, with loc.), Hariv.; Kāv.; Pañc.; to fix, place, locate, Rājat.; to show, exhibit, Sāh.: Pass. -badhyate, to be bound &c., Mn.; MBh. &c. baddha, mfn. bound, fettered, chained, tied or fastened to, fixed on (loc.); covered with, veiled in (instr.), MBh.; dependent on (instr.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; relating to, contained in (loc.), MBh.; Hariv.; composed or consisting of, accompanied by, furnished with, adorned or inlaid with (comp.), Mn.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; shut up, closed, obstructed, Kathās.; constructed, built, ib.; composed, written down, R.; Kālid. &c.; used, employed (as a word), Sāh.; called as a witness  $(a-n^{\circ}, Mn. viii, 76)$ ; confined, costive, W.; committed, intrusted, MW.; m. (in music) a partic, instrument, baddhavya (!), mfn. necessarily connected with (instr.), Sah. banddhri, m. binder, fastener, author, composer, Balar. i, II (printed nibaddhri). obandha, m. binding on, tying, fastening, R.; chain, fetter, bondage, MBh.; BhP.; attachment to, intentness on, L.; basis, root, origin, MBh. ii. 2532; a grant of property, an assignment of cattle or money, Yājñ. i. 317; fixed property, ib. ii. 121; restraint, obstruction, L.; constipation or suppression of urine, Suir. (v. l. for  $vi-b^{\circ}$ ); any literary composition or work, Cat.; N. of a partic. wk., ib.; Azadirachta Indica, L.; n. song, singing, L.; -candrôdaya and -tattvadipa, m. N. of wks.;  $-d\bar{a}na$ , n. grant of property, assignment or gift of a corrody, MW.; -nava-nīta,

m. or n. N. of wk.; -rāja, m. N. of an author, Cat.; •vivriti-yojanā, f., -širomany-ukta-nirnaya, m.pl., -saṃgraha, m., -sarvasva, n., -sāra, m. N. of wks. bandhaka, mfn., g. risyddi (v. l.  ${}^{\circ}dhanaka$ ).  ${}^{\circ}$ bandhana,  $mf(\bar{\imath})n$ . binding, fastening, fettering, MBh.; BhP.; m. N. of a son of Aruna, BhP. (v. l.  $tri-b^{\circ}$ );  $(\bar{i})$ , f. band, bond, fetter, MBh.; Susr.; n. tying, fastening, binding together, ligation, Mn.; Susr.; holding fast, restraining, MBh.; Kāv.&c.; constructing, building (as a bridge), MBh.; band, fetter (lit. and fig.), support, stay, ib.; Kāv.; Kathās.; BhP.; cause, origin, basis, foundation, Mn.; MBh. &c. (often ifc. = supported by, fastened to, based or dependent on, connected with, relating to); seat, receptacle (cf. ishu-n°); the peg of a lute, L.; a grant, an assignment or royal gift, Sis. ii, 112; composition, arrangement, Kum.; a literary composition or treatise, Sis. ii, 112; (in gram.) syntax; a commentary; -grantha, m. N. of a class of wks. obandhanaka, see odhaka above. Obandhaniya, mfn. good or friendly relation; acc. with  $\sqrt{kri}$ , to be on good terms with (instr.), Hear. (v. l. nir-b°). bandhika, see asvanibo. obandhita, mfn. bound, fastened, confined, tied, W. bandhin, mfn. binding, confining, fettering, MBh.; Kāv.; (ifc.) joined by, connected with, MBh., Sušr.; causing, being the cause of, Yogas.

निबहेंग ni-barhaṇa. See ni-bṛih below.

নিৰক nibala, m. or n. a partic. number, Buddh.

নিষাত ní-bāḍha or  $^{\circ}bāḷha$ , mfn. ( $\sqrt{baph}$ ) forced down, thrown into (loc.), RV. i, 106, 6.

नियाध ni-  $\sqrt{b\bar{a}dh}$ , Ā. - $b\bar{a}dhate$ , to press down or together, confine, obstruct, oppress, RV. **Ni-bādha.** See a-nibādhá.

নিষিত্র ni-bida or ni-vida, mf(ā)n. (prob. fr. bida = bila, a hole; cf. ni-khila) without spaces or interstices, close, compact, thick, dense, firm, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; full of, abounding in (instr. or comp.), Hariv.; Śak. vii, II (v.l. for ni-cita); low, Kād.; crooked-nosed, Pāṇ. v, 2, 32, Kāś.; m. N. of a mountain, MBh. vi, 460; n. crooked-nosedness, Pāṇ. v, 2, 32, Kāś.

Nibidaya, Nom. P. °yati, to make tight, embrace firmly, Bālar. ii, 62. °dita, mfn. made tight, become thick or heavy, Mālatīm.; pressed close to, Bālar. v, 19.

Nibidī- Vkri, to make tight or firm, bend (a bow), Vcar.

Nibirīsa, mfn. = ni-bida, Kāv. (-ni-tamba, Šiš. vii, 20); Pāṇ. y, 2, 32, Kāš. (W.  $nivid\bar{i}sha$ ).

figu ni-\(\sigma\) budh, P. -bodhati (aor.-bódhi-shat, RV.), to learn or hear anything (acc.) from any one (gen., rarely sakāšāt), to attend or listen to (esp. Impv. nibodha, odhata; rarely dhasva, dhadhvam); to know, understand, consider as (often with double acc.), RV.; AV.; Mn.; MBh. &c.: Caus. -bodhayati, to cause to know or learn, to inform, tell, BhP. boddhavya, mfn. to be learnt; to be regarded or considered as (with nomin.), Var. boddhri, mfn. knowing, wise, Gal.

निबुसीकृत ni-busī-kṛita, mfn. freed from chaff, husked, Kuval. (cf. nir-b°).

fige ni-√brih (vrih), P. -brihati (aor. -barhīt), to throw down, overthrow, crush, destroy, RV.: Caus. -barhayati, id., ib.; MBh. &c. barhaṇa, mfn. crushing, destroying, removing, MBh.; R. &c.; n. destruction, annihilation, ib. barhita, mfn. destroyed, removed; tânhas, mfn. destroying sin, Šiš. i, 29.

ਜਿਸ ni-bha,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . ( $\sqrt{bh\bar{a}}$ ) resembling, like, similar (ifc.), MBh.; R. &c. (sometimes pleonast. after adj., e.g.  $c\bar{a}ru$ - $nibh\bar{a}nana$ , 'handsome-faced,' Hariv., or comp. with a synonym, e.g. naga- $nibh\bar{a}pama$ , 'mountain-like,' MBh.; padma- $pattr\bar{a}bha$ -nibha, 'like a lotus-leaf,' ib.); in. or n. appearance, pretext (only ifc. instr., Daš.; abl., Kathās.). —  $t\bar{a}$ , f. similarity, likeness, RPrāt.

নিশন্ন ni-vbhañj, P. -bhanakti (aor. ny-a-bhānkshīt), to break or dash to pieces, Bhatt. ohañjana, n. breaking to pieces or asunder, AV.

निभारतन ni-bhartsana, °tsayat, w. r. for nir-bh°.

নিশক ni- \sqrt{bhal}, P. A. -bhālayati, ote, to perceive, see, ChUp.; Bālar. obhālana, n. seeing, perception, L. (w. r. ni-pho).

निभसद् ni-bhasad, mfn. (prob.) having the hinder parts directed downwards, TāṇḍyaBr.

निभिद् ni-Vbhid (Pass. -bhidyate), to be opened, open, BhP. (v. l. anu-bh°).

निभुज ni- VI. bhuj, P. -bhujati, to bend (head and knees), Pat.

निभूत ni- $bh\bar{u}ta$ , mfn.  $(\sqrt{bh\bar{u}})$  past, gone, L.; quite frightened, A.

निभूयप nibhūyapa (?), m. N. of Vishņu, VS.

निभृत ní-bhrita, mfn. ( $\sqrt{bhri}$ ) borne or placed down, hidden, secret, MBh.; Kav. &c.; nearly set (as the moon), Ragh.; firm, immovable, Hariv.; Kāv.; Pur.; shut, closed (as a door), L.; fixed, settled, decided, RV.; fixed or intent upon (comp.), Kād.; filled with, full of (instr. or comp.), BhP.; attached, faithful, MBh.; MārkP.; still, silent, Kum.; quiet, humble, modest, mild, gentle, MBh.; R. &c.; free from passions, undisturbed  $(= \dot{s}\bar{a}nta)$ , Hcar.; lonely, solitary, Git.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. a kind of riddle, Kāvyād.; (am), ind. secretly, privately, silently, quietly, Mn.; Kāv.; Pañc. &c.; n. humility, modesty, MBh. v, 1403 (Nilak, 'secrecy, silence'). - sthita, mfn. standing out of sight, unperceived, Kathās. Wibhritagata, mfn. sccretly arrived, ib. Wibhritacara, mfn. of resolute conduct, firm, R. Mibhritatman, mfn. resolute-minded, resolute, BhP. Nibhritartha, mfn. having a secret meaning, occult, Sis. **Nibhri**tôrdhva-karna, mfn. having the ears fixed and erect (said of horses), Sak. i, 8.

Nibhṛitī- 🗸 kṛi, to keep quiet or unmoved, Kāv. নিশ্বর্যা ni- 🗸 bhraṇs, Caus. -bhrāsáyati, to cause to fall, strike down, fell, RV. x, 116, 5. °bhṛishṭa, see a-nibhṛ°.

निम nima, m. a pin, stake (?), W.

निमज्ज ni- $\sqrt{majj}$ ,  $P.\bar{A}$ .-majjati, te(p.-majjat and ojjamāna, MBh.; pf. -mamajja, MārkP.; fut. -majjishyati, MBh.; -mankshye, Ait.Br.; aor. -amānkshīt, Bhatt.; -majjīh, MBh.), to sink down, dive, sink or plunge or penetrate into, bathe in (loc.), Br.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; to sink in its cavity (the eye), Susr.; to disappear, perish, MBh.; Kav. &c.; to immerse or submerge in water, cause to sink or perish, MBh.: Caus. -majjayati, to cause to dive under water, Mn. viii, 114; (with samare, samgrāme &c.) to cause to penetrate into a battle, lead into the thick of a fight, MBh. "magna, mfn. sunk, fallen into (water &c.); submerged, plunged, or immersed in, penetrated or fixed into (loc. or comp.), Br.; Up.; MBh. &c.; gone down, set (as the sun), Ragh.; Git.; (with para-lokāya) entered into the other world, MBh.; sunk in, depressed, not prominent, deep, Suir. (cf. below); overwhelmed, covered, MW.; -nābhi or -madhyā, f. (a woman) having a depressed navel or a slender waist, Vikr. omagnaka, mfn. sinking or entering deep into the flesh, MBh. i, 5601. majjathu, m. the act of diving or entering into, plunging; (with talpe) going to bed, Bhatt. "majjana,  $mf(\bar{i})n$ . causing a person (gen.) to enter or plunge into (water &c.), MBh.; n. bathing, diving, sinking, immersion, MBh.; Kāv. &c. majjita, mfn. plunged into the water, drowned, MBh.

निम प् ni-\square math (ind.p.-mathya), to strike down, kill, R.

निमद् ni-\sqrt{mad}, P.-mādayati, to pronounce distinctly but slowly, Sāy. omada, m. pronunciation which is distinct but slow (one of the 7 vācaḥ sthānāni or degrees of pronunciation), TPrāt.

निमन्  $ni-\sqrt{man}$  (aor. Ā.-amansata), to regard or consider as (with double acc.), BhP.

invite, summon, call to (loc. or infin.), Mn.; Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; to invite or entertain with (instr.) or offer anything to (acc.), ĀsvGṛ.; MBh. &c. mantraka, m. an inviter, MBh. mantrana, n. invitation, calling, a summons, Yājñ.; MBh.; R. mantrita, mfn. invited (esp. to a feast, with instr., e.g. vivāhena, Pañcar.; cf. Pañc. iii, 139);