Mricch. Anu-nadi, ind. along the river, Dharmas. Anu-nidhanam, ind. according to position, in right order, Gobh. Anu-ninīshā, f. the wish to propitiate, HParis. An-upakiñca, mfn. 'having nothing defective, not hoarse, not faltering (voice), Hir. Anupagata-jara, mfn. not impaired by old age or infirmity, Bcar. An-upagrihīta, mfn. unchanged, SamhUp. An-upacarita, mfn. not transferred, Samkhyas., Sch. An-npadeshtavya, mfn. not to be commended, Mālatīm. An-upadhmāta, mfn. not blown upon, SBr. An-upanata, mfn. not occurred, AsvSr., Sch. An-upanaha, m. not a perpetual enmity, Lalit. An-upayat, mfn. not going to (a wife; v.l. vāt), Mn. ix, 4. An-uparāga, mfn. free from passion, MBh. Anu-pari- / grah, to grasp all round, surround, Divyav.; to favour, befriend, Vajracch. Anu-pari-\plu (Caus. -plavayati), to wash, Hir. Anu-pari- / mrij (Caus. ind. p. -mārjya), to wipe all round, Divyav. Anupari-vārita, mfn. surrounded, ib. Anu-pari-√sic, to pour round, MaitrS. An-uparodha, m. not prejudicing or injuring (-tas, with gen. = 'without prejudice to'), PārGr.; Mn. Anuparvata, m. a promontory, headland, Hcat. Anupalipta, m. N. of a Tathagata, Sukh. i. Anupalīdha, mfn. unlicked, Kaus. An-upastīrņasāyin, mfn. lying upon the bare ground, Kathās. An-upahata-karnêndriyata, f. having the organ of hearing uninjured (one of the 80 minor marks of a Buddha), Dharmas. 84. An-upahita, mfn. unconditioned, Venīs. An-upakrushţa, min. irreproachable, Jātakam. Anu-pāṭa, m. splitting or cutting down (a kind of torture), Divyav. Anupatta, mfn. not caught (as fire), Nir. vii, 23; not mentioned explicitly, Sah. An-upadana, n. not mentioning, omission, ib. Anu-pade, ind. behind (a person's feet), MBh. An-upadhi-ramaniya, see I. upâdhi (p. 213). An-upâya, m. bad means (ena, 'to no purpose'), MBh.; mfn. (a Stobha) in which the chorus of chanting priests does not join, Drāhy. (Sch.) Anu-pālya, mfn. to be guarded or kept or maintained (as truth), Kathas. Anu-pindam, ind. at every Pinda (q.v.), ApSr. Anu-pūraņa, n. subsequent filling, Sāmkhyas., Sch. Anu-pūrva (in comp.); -gātratā, f. having regular members (one of the 80 minor marks of a Buddha), Dharmas. 84; -danshtrata, f. having roeye teeth (id.), ib.; vangulitā, f. having regular fingers (id.), ib.; vena, (also) gradually, by degrees, Jätakam. An-upêta, (also) not affected by, devoid of (comp.), Bcar.; "upeya, mfn. not to be married, Mn. xi, 173; oupeyamāna, mfn. not being approached (sexually), MBh. An-upôpta, mfn. not filled up or covered by heaping up, TS. Anu-pradātri, m. an increaser, TS. Anu-prapattavya, n. (impers.) it is to be followed or conformed to, AitBr. Anu-pra- 1. vap (A. -vapate), to shave or be shaved in turn, TandBr. Anu-pravartana, n. urging to (loc.), Bcar.; ovartita, mfn. set going again, Divyâv.; ovritti, f. (acc. with  $\sqrt{kri}$ , 'to pay attention to'), ib. Anu-pra-√vis (Caus. -vešayati), to send home, ib. Anupra- vraj, to become an ascetic after, ib. Anupravrajana, n. the becoming an ascetic after (another), ib. Anu-prashtri, mfn. (fr. anu- / prach) inquiring after all things, desirous of knowledge, MBh. Anu-prasarpaka (Lāty., Sch.), °pin (Jaim.), mfn. creeping after; osriptin, mfn. one who has crept after, Laty. Anu-prahita, (also) shot off, Kir. Anu-prahrita (in comp.); -bhājaná, n. the substitute for what is thrown into the fire, SBr.; oprahritya, mfn. to be tho into the fire, ib. Anupriya, mfn. liked, dear, MBh. Anu-prêshana, n. sending after, Prab., Sch. Anu-bimba, m. n. reflected image, Naish.; ombana, n. the being a reflo imo, ib.; ombita, mfn. reflected, ib. Anu-bodha, (also) perception, ApSr. An-ubha, mfn. (du.) neither, no one (of two), MBh.; "ubhaya, mfn. id., Sarvad.; "yātman, mfn. of neither kind ("tma-tā, f.), Sāh. Anu-bhava, (also) cognition, consciousness, L.; custom, usage, Lalit.; (am), ind. at every birth, BhP.; obhāvya, mfn. to be (or being) perceived, Sarvad. Anu-bhāshita, n. spoken words, talk, speech, BhP. Anumata-vajra, mfn. one who has received the thunderbolt by consent (?), MaitrS. Anu-mantavya, mfn. to be consented to or acknowledged, Inscr. Anu-mātri, mfn. drawing inferences, Samk., Sch. Anu-\marg. to search through, R. Anu-marga, m. following, seeking (ena, with gen. = 'after'), Kād.; Kathās.; ogalgata, mfn. met half-way, Jatakam. Anu-ma-

linī-tīram, ind. on the bank of the Mālinī, Sak. Anu-mrit, mfn. dying after, following in death, Ragh. Anu-modin, mfn. causing pleasure to (gen.), Jātakam. Anu-mroka, see mrokanumroka (p. 837). Anu-/yam, (also) to give over, Divyav. Anu-yiyasu, mfn. wishing to follow, HParis. Anu-yoktavya, mfn. to be questioned, MBh. Anuyogadvāra, N. of a sacred book, Jain. Anulamba, mfn. dependent, subordinate, TandBr. Anulepin, mfn. (ifc.) smeared or anointed with, MBh. Anuloma-pratiloma (said of a mythical sea and mountain), Divyav. Anu-lomaya, (also) to make favourable, MBh. Anu-lomiki, f. (with kshānti) resignation to natural consequences, Sukh. i (cf. an-utpattika-dharma-kshänti, and ghoshânugā, Dharmas. 107). Anu-vansa-sloka, mpl. Slokas containing genealogies (e.g. MBh.i, 3759 &c.),IW. 511, n. 1. Anu-vanântam, ind. along or in the forest, Kir. Anu-vapram, ind. along the shore, ib. Anuvartita, f. compliance, Bcar.; ovartya, mfn. to be followed, Kathās.; to be supplied from the preceding, Pat.; ovritti, f. (in dram.) politeness, courtesy, Sāh. Anu-17. vas (only -vāvase), to rush at, RV. viii, 4, 8. Anu-vāda (used in explaining dhvani), Kpr. Anu-vādinī, f. a lute, L. Anuvāsaram, ind. day by day, Ragh. Anu-vidha, mfn. conforming or adhering to, BhP.; vidheya, mfn. to be followed, Bhartr.; to be prescribed according to (instr.), Pat. Anu-vi- /lok (P. -lokayati), to survey, Divyav. Anu-vishnu, ind. after Vishņu, Laghuk. 972. Anu-vyāpin, mfn. (ifc.) spreading over, covering, filling, Jātakam. Anuvyāhrita, n. curse, imprecation, MBh. Anusansa, m. speaking ill, TAr.; comfort, privilege, Divyav.; -sansana, n. subsequent recitation, Tand-Br., Sch. Anusayakshepa, m. (in rhet.) objection expressing (or resulting from) repenting, Kāvyâd. ii, 162. Anu-sayin, (also) indifferent to everything, Kap. Anu-sasin, (also) ruling, VarP.; osasti, f. instruction, L.; sishta, mfn. giving false evidence (?), L. Anu-sikshā, f. learning or striving after, Jatakam. Anu-susrusha, f. obedience, MBh. Anu-√sru (Caus. -srāvayati), to announce, Divyav.; "srotavya, mfn. to be heard, Susr. Anu-sloka, m. N. of a Saman, TS. Anusha, m. a demon, L. Anu-shakti, f. clinging to, adherence, Cat. Anu-shtubh, see 2. stúbh (p. 1259); oshtup-sampád, f. completion of an Anu-shtubh, SBr. An-ushtra, (also) mfn. that from which camels are excluded, Mn. v, 18. Anu-shthānika, m. N. of a class of Theistic Reformers, RTL. 524. Anusam-√varn, to approve of, Divyâv. Anu-samvrijin or ojina, mfn. blameless (?), Hir. Anu-sam-√sri, (Caus., also) to make progress through, ib. Anu-saktham, ind. along the thigh, Laty. Anusamjñapti, f. explanation, Divyâv. Anu-samtāna, m. offspring, a son, Gaut. Anu-samdhānīya, mfn. to be attended to, Kāvyad. Anu-samdhi, m. (in dram.) juncture of a Patākā or episode, Bhar. Anu-sarana, (also) visiting, Vishn.; osartavya, mfn. to be followed, MBh.; n. (impers.) it is to be conformed to, Kpr.; "sartri, mfn. (ifc.) visiting in turn, MBh.; following, seeking, Dasar.; osrita-vatsā, f. (scil. vivritti) hiatus between a long or short syllable, PratijñāS. Anu-sarga, m secondary creation, BhP. Anu-sarpana, n. following, Dasar. Anu-stanita, n. continual thundering, Apast. Anu-spandyam, ind. along the cord, BaudhP. Anu-smriti, (also) N. of a poem (consisting of 72 verses from MBh. on the necessity of remembering Vishnu at death). Anu-srotasa, mfn. in the direction of the current of a river, ApGr. Anu-Vsvan (3. sg. aor. Pass. -shváni), to roar after, RV.vi, 46, 14. Anu-harana, (also) inheriting, Vishn. Anu-/hri, (also) to carry behind, ApGr. Anu-homa, m. after-oblation, SrS. Anu-kasin. mfn. viewing, beholding, TBr. Anûtthātri, m. an attendant, Jaim.; otthana, see an-anûttho (add.). An-ütsarga, m. non-abandonment, Apast. Anudara, mfn. having no belly, MBh.; m. N. of one of the sons of Dhrita-rāshtra, ib. Anûddesa, (also) subsequent indication, Kāvyâd. An-ūdbhāsin, mfn. not shining forth, Apast. An-udhás, (also, accord. to some) having no breasts, a young girl, RV. Anuna-vastuka, mfn. complete in substance or essence, Mālav. Anūpâlu, n. a kind of poisonous root, Gal. Anū-bandhya (MaitrS.). An-urdhva-jñu, mfn. not raising the knees, SankhGr. Kn-usha-rih, mfn. not licking salt, MaitrS. An-ushman, mfn. not aspirated, APrat.

An-uha, (also) m. absence of modification, Sankh-Sr. An-rigveda-vinīta, mfn. not versed in the Rig-veda, R. Anringa(?), n. a small town, L. An-rinī-karana, n. releasing from debt, HParis. An-rita (in comp.); -katha, mfn. telling untruths, VP.; -pasú, m.notareal animal, MaitrS.; -samhita, mfn.not true to a contract or stipulation, AitBr.; -samgara, mfn. id., Apast.; -sarvasva, m. N. of a man. Kautukas.; ctatmaka, mf(ika)n. of faithless disposition, Malatim. An-ritika, mfn. untruthful, Bcar. ii, 11. An-rishabha, mfn. without the male, TandBr. Aneka (in comp.); -dhrit, m. N. of Rudra-Siva, Hcat.; -varna, mfn. many-coloured, Bhag.; -varshika, mfn. many years old, R.; -samsthana, mfn. wearing various disguises (as spies), Mn. ix, 261; -samkhya, mfn. very numerous, Kir.; °katma-vadin, mfn. asserting a plurality of souls, Sāmkhyas., Sch. An-edhas, m. fire, L.; the wind, L. Anela-mūka, (prob.) =  $an - eda - m^{\circ}$ , Hear. Anevam, ind. not so, Badar.; (an-evam)-vid or -vidvas, mfn. not having such knowledge, SBr. An-aikāntika-tā, f. variableness, Bcar. An-aidaka, mf(i)n. not coming from the animal called Edaka, SBr. Anaitihya, mfn. not based on tradition, MBh. Anaindava, mfn. not coming from the moon, not lunar, Bālar. A-naibhritya, n. inconstancy, MBh.; want of modesty, Jātakam. A-naiścārika, mfn. not averting or distracting, Apast. An-ojas or ska, mfn. powerless, weak, Jātakam. Ano-yukta, n. a cart with a pair of oxen, Drahy., Sch. An-auciti, f. indecorous conduct, Naish. An-aupama, mfn. = mya, Hear. An-aupādhika, mfn. (with sambandha), IW. 63. An-aushadha, irremediable, incurable, Kav. Anta (add, antena, 'finally,' ManGr.; antāya-Vkri, 'to fight obstinately,' MBh.; antād antam parikramya, 'walking to and fro,' ib.); -karana, n. causing an end of, abolishing (comp.), Bcar.: -karman, mfn. (= anta-kara), ib. iii, 59; -tvāshtrī, see tvāshtrī-sāman (p. 464); -dīpaka, n. a partic. rhetorical figure (e.g. Bhatt. x, 23); -dvīpa, N. of a country to the north of Madhyadesa (°pin, m. an inhabitant of it), Cat.; -nāman (ánta-), mfn. denoting 'the end,' TS.; TāndBr.; -netra, n. the hem of a garment, Nalac.; -pluta, min. pronounced with prolation of the last syllable, Vait.; -sas, ind. even down to, Divyav. Antah (in comp. for antar below); -kratu, ind. during a sacrifice, Jaim.; -kraurya, n. inward cruelty, Ragh., Sch.; -√khyā (read 'to inquire into, investigate'); -parimarjana, n. an internal remedy, Car.; -pātin, mfn. (ifc.) occurring in the interior of anything, ApSr., Sch.; -pārsva (ántaḥ-) = antaḥ-pārsvyá, TS.; -puracārikā, f. a female attendant in the women's apartments, Kathās.; -pura-vriddhā, f. an old female atto in the wo's apo, Kad.; -puradhipatya, n. supremacy over the wo's apo, Vishn.; -puravacara, m. an attendant in the wo's apo, Jatakam.; -puriya, Nom. P. oyati, to behave as in the wo's apo, Sāh.; -purevāsa, mín. living in the wo's apo, HParis.; -pūjā, f. inward or silent worship, Cat.; -pūya, mfn. containing pus, Susr.; -pracalita, mfn. inwardly moved, Mricch.; -pratiharam, ind. within the syllables forming a Pratyāhāra, Lāty.; -pramoda, m. inner joy, Mālatīm.; -pravesa, m. entering within, Susr.; -prâṇin, m. a worm (v.l. aṇu-prº), VP.; -sava, mfn. containing a corpse, Gaut.; -sānti, f. inner calm, Bham.; -sīrṇa, mfn. withered or rotten within, Mālatīm.; -sailaja, m. a native of Antar-giri, Var-BrS.; -sri (ántah-), ind. (said of a partic. pronunciation), SBr.; -sattva, n. inner nature, SarngP.; -sadas, n. the interior of an assembly hall, BhP.; ind.(=-sadasam),ŠānkhŠr.;-salila,mf(ā)n.having its waters hidden (said of the Sarasvatī), Ragh.; (am), ind. in the wo, Venīs.; (ola-stha, mfn. standing in wo, Pañcat.); -sānu, ind. in the mountain ridge, Kir.; -sāma, ind. within a Sāman, Lāty.; -sāmika, mfn. appearing within a So, SamhUp.; -sushirin, mfn. hollow in the interior, HParis.; -stobha, mfn. containing a Stobha, ĀrshBr.; -stoma-bhāgám, mfn. within the bricks called Stoma-bhaga, SBr.; -sthibhāva, m. transition into a semivowel, VPrāt.; -spandya, mfn. situated within the measuring cord, Sulbas.; -smayin (see smayin, p. 1271); -smita, n.inward smile, Caurap.; -smera, mfn. smiling inwardly, Bham. Antaka (in comp.); -pura, n. the city or dwelling of Death (acc. with Caus. of \( \sqrt{gam}, 'to kill'), Das.; okanana, n. the jaws of Death, ib. Antama-sthā, f. a metre of 46 syllables, Nidānas. Antar (in comp.); -antahstha, min. containing a semivowel, Hir.; -āgamana, n. passing between,