L. - mātamga, m. = -karin, Das. - mānusha, m. 'wild-man,' the orang-utang, MW.; oshikā (Kād.), oshī (Hcar.), f. a (little) fowoman. - māya, m. aloe wood, Agallochum, L. - māla, mfn. wearing a garland of fo-flowers (said of Vishnu-Krishna), Hariv. - mālā, f. a garland of f°-flowers, (esp.) the chaplet worn by Krishna, Kav.; VarBrS. &c.; a kind of metre, Col.; N. of a wk. on Dharma; of various women, HParis.; -dhara, (prob.) n. a kind of metre; -misra, m. N. of an author, Cat. (°rīya, n. his wk.); -vijaya, m., -stotra, n. N. of wks. - mālikā, f. a garland of wild flowers, BhP.; yam, L.; a kind of metre, Ping., Sch.; N. of one of Rādhā's female attendants, Pañcar.; of a river, Hariv. - mālin, mfn. =-māla (said of Vishņu-Krishņa), MBh.; Kāv.&c.; m. (in music) a kind of measure, Samgit.; N. of various authors (also with bhatta), Cat.; (inī), f. Dioscorea or =  $var\bar{a}h\bar{i}$  (prob. a kind of plant, accord. to others 'the female energy of Krishna'), L.; N. of the town Dvārakā, L.; "li-kīrti-chando-mālā, f. N. of a poem; "li-dāsa and "li-misra, m. N. of two authors, Cat.; °lisā, f. 'having Krishna as husband,' N. of Rādhā, Pañcar. - muc, mfn. pouring forth rain, Ragh.; m. a cloud, L. - mudga, m. Phaseolus Trilobus (also  $\bar{a}$ , f.) or Aconitifolius, L. - mūta, m. a cloud, L. - mūrdhajā, f. gall-nut, L. -mūla, m. Tetranthera Lanceifolia, MW.; -phala, n. roots and fruits of the forest, VarBrS. - mṛiga, m. a forest deer, R. - methikā, f. Melilotus Parviflora, L. - moca, f. wild plantain, L. - yamānī, f. Cnidium Diffusum, L. - rakshaka, m. a forest-keeper, MW.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. N. of a woman, Vrishabhân. - rāja, m. 'forest-king,' a lion, L.; Verbesina Scandens, L. - rāji, mf(z)n. embellishing or beautifying a f°, W.; (°jī), f. a row of trees, a long track of f° or a path in a f°, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (only ojī), a female slave belonging to Vasu-deva, VP. - rājya, n. N. of a kingdom, VarBrS. - rāshtra or raka, m. pl. N. of a people, VarBrS.; MarkP. - rddhi (for -riddhi), f. an ornament of the forest, BhP. - lakshmī, f. 'fo-ornament,' Musa Sapientum, L. - lata, f. a fo-creeper, Sak. - lekha, f. = -rāji, Sis. - varāha, m. a wild hog, MW. - vartikā, f. a kind of quail, Mālatīm. - vartin, mfn. residing in the forest, W. - varbara, -varbarikā, -varhina, see -barbara &c. - vallarī, f. a kind of grass, L. - vahni, m. a forest-conflagration, Kathās. - vāta, m. a f°-wind, Šak. - vāsa, m. dwelling or residence in a forest, wandering habits, R.; Kām.; MarkP.; N. of a country, Cat.; mfn. residing in a f°, wood-dweller, Sak.; saka, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. (B. osika). - vāsana, m. fo-dweller, a civetcat, L. - vāsin, mfn. living in a fo; m. a forestdweller, hermit, anchorite, Mn.; MBh. &c.; N. of various plants or roots (= rishabha, mushkaka, varāhī-kanda &c.), L.; a crow, L.; N. of a country in the Dekhan (also osimandala), Inscr.; osī, f. N. of the chief town of that country, ib. - vasya, (prob.) n. N. of a country, Hariv. (cf. -vāsin). - vāhyaka, -vidāla, see  $-b\bar{a}h^{\circ}$ ,  $-bid^{\circ}$ . - virodhin, m. 'forestenemy,' N. of one of the Hindu months (that succeeding the Nidagha, q. v.), L. - vilasini, f. Andropogon Auriculatus, L. - vīja &c., see -bīja. - vritti,  $f. = -j\vec{v}vik\vec{a}$ , HParis. — vrintākī, f. the egg-plant, L. - vrīhi, m. wild rice, L. - sikhandin, m. = -barhina, L. - sūkarī, f. Mucuna Pruritus, L. - sūrana, n. a kind of bulbous plant, L. - sringâța and oțaka, m. Tribulus Lanuginosus, L. - sobhana, n. 'water-beautifying,' a lotus-flower, L. - svan, m. 'fo-dog,' a jackal, Sis.; a tiger, L.; a civet-cat, L. - shanda, see -khanda. - shad, v.l. for -sad, PärGr. - samkata, m. lentil, L. - sád, mfn. abiding in wood or in a f°, VS.; PārGr.; m. a forest-dweller, forester, Kir. - samnivāsin, mfn. dwelling in a forest; m. a forester, Kir. - samuha, m. a thick forest or wood, L. - sampravesa, m. = vana-pravesa, VarBrS. - sarojinī, f. the wild cotton plant, L. - sahvaya, f. a kind of creeping plant, L. - sindhura, m. = -karin, HParis. - stamba, m. N. of a son of Gada, Hariv. - stha, mfn. forest-abiding; m. a fo-dweller, hermit, ascetic, Mn.; R. &c.; a deer, gazelle, L.; (with gaja) a wild elephant, Hariv.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. the holy fig-tree, L.; the small Pippala tree, L.; a kind of creeper, L. - sthali, f. fo-region, a wood, Hariv.; Kālid. - sthāna(?), n. N. of a country, Buddh. - sthāyin, mfn. being or abiding in a forest, W.; m. a hermit, anchorite, ib. - sthita, mfn. situate or being in a fo, ib. - s-páti (vánas-), m. (vanas prob. a form of the gen.; cf. 2. van and ráthas-páti) 'king of the wood,' a forest-

tree (esp. a large tree bearing fruit apparently without blossoms, as several species of the fig, the jack tree &c., but also applied to any tree), RV. &c. &c.; a stem, trunk, beam, timber, post (esp. the sacrificial post), RV.; VS.; Br.; 'lord of plants,' the Soma plant, ib.; GrS.; BhP.; the Indian fig-tree, L.; Bignonia Suaveolens, L.; an offering made to the sacrificial post, SBr.; SrS.; anything made of wood (esp. partic. parts of a car or carriage, a wooden drum, a wooden amulet, a block on which criminals are executed, a coffin &c.), RV.; AV.; VS.; an ascetic, W.; N. of Vishņu, Vishņ.; of a son of Ghritaprishtha, BhP.; du, pestle and mortar, RV, i, 28, 6; f. N. of a Gandharvi, Kārand.; n. N. of the Varsha ruled by Vanas-pati, BhP.; -kaya, m. the whole body or world of plants, L.; -yāga, m. and -sava, m. N. of partic. sacrificial rites, Vait. - sraj, f. a garland of forest-flowers, BhP. - hari, m. (prob.) a lion, Rājat. - haridrā, f. wild turmeric, L. - hava, m. a partic. Ekâha, SrS. - hāsa, m. Saccharum Spontaneum (also osaka), L.; a kind of jasmine, L. - hutâsana, m. = vana-dāha, Cat. - homa, m. a partic. oblation, ApSr. Vanakampa, m. the shaking of fo-trees by the wind, W. Vanakhu, m. 'forest rat,' a hare, L.; okhuka, m. Phaseolus Mungo, L. **Vanâgni**, m. = *vana-dāha*, R. **Vanācārya**, m. N. of an author, Cat. Vanâja, m. the wild goat, L. Vanâtana, n. roaming about in a fo (also pl.), Rājat. Vanâţu, m. 'forest-roamer (?), 'a kind of blue fly. L. Vanâdhi-vāsin, mfn. dwelling in a forest, Kir. Vanânta, m. 'forest-region,' a wood, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; mfn. bounded by a f°, Hariv.; -bhū, f. neighbourhood of a fo, Kir.; -vāsin, mfn. dwelling in a fo, Rājat.; -stha, mfn. standing or situate in a forest (as a town), Kathās.; -sthalī, f. a forest-region, Bhartr. Vanântara, n. interior of a forest, Kāv.; VarBrS.; Kathās. (°re, in the f°; °rāt, out of the f°; °ram, into the f°, with pra-\vis or \var\alpha p, to enter or reach a fo); ani, pl. forests, Vcar.; -cara and -cārin, mfn. roaming about in a fo, Kāv.; VarBrS. **Vanàpaga** (ibc. for  ${}^{\circ}g\bar{a}$ ), a forest stream, river, R. Vanâbjinī, f. lotus growing in a fo, Kathās. Vanâbhilāva, mín. fo-destroying, W. Vanâmala, m. Carissa Carandas, L. Vanâmbikā, f. N. of a tutelary deity in the family of Daksha, Cat. Vanâmra, m. Mangifera Sylvatica, L. Vanârishtä, f. wild turmeric, L. Vanârcaka, m. 'f'-worshipper,' a florist, maker of garlands, L. Vanardraka. n. the root of wild ginger, L.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. wild ginger, L. Vanâlakta or oktaka, n. 'wild lac,' red earth, ruddle, L. Vanâlaya, m. forest-habitation; -jīvin, mfn. living in f°s, Hariv. Vanalika, f. Heliotropium Indicum, L. Vanalī, f. = vana-rāji, Prab. Vanâlu, m. Marsilia Dentata, L. Vanâsa, mfn. living on water, MBh. (Nîlak.); m. a kind of small barley, L. Vanasrama, m. abode in the fo (the third Asrama [q. v.] in a Brāhman's life), Hariv.; -nivāsin (ib.) or sramin (BhP.), m. a Vānaprastha or Brāhman dwelling in a forest, an anchorite. Vanāsrava, mfn. living in a fo; m.a fo-dweller, MarkP.; a sort of crow or raven, L. Vanejya, m. a highly valued species of mango, L. Vanaika-desa, m. a part or spot of a fo, Hit. Vanôtsarga, m. N. of a wk. (on the dedication of temples, tanks, groves &c.) by Vishnu-sarman. Vanôtsāha, m. a rhinoceros, L. Vanôddesa, m. a partic. spot in a fo, MBh. Vanôdbhava, mfn. produced or existing in a fo, growing wild, MBh.; m. (with marga) a path in a  $f^{\circ}$ , ib.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. the wild cotton plant, L.; Phaseolus Trilobus, L.; the wild citron, L. Vanôpaplava,  $m_{\cdot} = vana - d\bar{a}ha$ , Megh. Vanôpala,  $m_{\cdot}$ 'forest-stone,' shaped and dried cow-dung, Bhpr. Vanôpêta, mfn. one who has retired to the forest, VarBrS. Vanôrvī, f. = vana-bhū, Rājat. Vanauka, m. = next, MBh.; BhP. Vanaukas, mfn. living in a forest; m. a fo-dweller, anchorite, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a fo-animal, (esp.) a wild boar, BhP.; an ape, L. Vanaugha, m. a mass of water, Sis.; 'thick fo,' N. of a district or mountain in the west of India, VarBrS. Vananshadhi, f. a medicinal herb growing wild, Cat.

Vanád (only pl. vanádah), longing, earnest desire, RV. ii, 4, 5 (Sāy. = vanantaḥ = sambhaktāraḥ; others translate me van-ádah, 'of me, the wooddevourer').

Vanana, n. longing, desire, Nir. v, 5; (ánā), f. (prob.) wish, desire, RV. ix, 86, 40.

Vananīya, mfn. to be desired, desirable, Nir.; Samk.

Vánanya, Nom. P. ovati, to be in possession, be

at hand, RV. viii, 102, 19; x, 92, 15; pr. p. onvat, possessing, ib. vii, 81, 3; viii, 6, 34; being in possession, ib. viii, 1, 31.

Vanayitri, mfn. (superl. otri-tama) one who

causes to ask &c., Nir.

**Vanar**, in comp. for  $vanas(=vana) = g\acute{\mathbf{u}}$ , mfn. moving about in woods, wandering in a forest or wilderness, a savage, RV.; AV.; a thief or robber, Naigh. - ja, m. a kind of plant (= sringī), L. -shád, mfn. sitting on trees or in the forest (as birds), RV.; MaitrS.

Vánas, n. loveliness, RV. x, 172, 1; longing, desire (cf. yajña-vanas and gir-vanas); =vana,

a wood (cf. vanar).

Vanasa, mfn., g. trinadi. Vánas-páti. See col. 1. Vanasyá. See sajāta-v°.

Vanasyú. See gir-vanasyú.

Vanāyu, m. N. of a country (see comp.); of a son of Purū-ravas, MBh.; Hariv. (also yus, VP.); of a Dānava, MBh. - ja (Hcar.) or -desya (Ragh.), mfn. produced or bred in Vanāyu (as horses).

Vaní, f. wish, desire, AV.; m. fire, L.; (váni, ifc.) procuring, bestowing (cf. rāyas-posha-v° and Pān. iii, 2, 27).

Vanika, f. a little wood, grove, MBh.; R. &c. (only in asoka-v°; once in R. -vanika, n.)

Vanikāvāsa (or °kdv°?), m. N. of a village, Rājat.

Vanita, mfn. solicited, asked, wished for, desired, loved, L.; served, W.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. a loved wife, mistress, any woman (also applied to the female of an animal or bird), MBh.; Kav. &c.; a kind of metre, Col.

Vanita, f. (see prec.) in comp. -dvish, m. hating women, a misogynist, MBh. - bhogini, f. a woman like a serpent, MW. - mukha, m. pl. 'woman-faced,' N. of a people, MarkP. - rajya, n. the kingdom of women, L. (cf. strī-r°). - vilāsa, m. the wantonness of women, MW.

Vanitāya, Nom. A. vate, to be or act like a woman, Sringar.

Vanitāsa, m. N. of a family, Cat.

Vanitri, mfn. one who owns or possesses (with acc.), RV. (cf. vantri).

I. Vanín, mfn. (fr. \(\sqrt{van}\)) asking, desiring, RV.; granting, bestowing, ib.

2. Vánin, m. (fr. 1. vana) a tree, RV.; the Soma plant, ib. iii, 40, 7; (perhaps) a cloud, ib. i, 73, 8; 130, 4; 'living in a wood,' a Brāhman in the third stage of his life, a Vanaprastha, Kull. on Mn. vi, 38.

Vanína, n. a tree or a wood, RV. x, 66, 9. Vanila, mfn. (fr. 1. vana), g. kāšādi.

Vánishtha, mfn. (superl.) obtaining or imparting most, very munificent or liberal, RV.

Vani. See under I. vana.

Vanīka (L.) or vanīpaka (L. and Sinhâs., v. l.), m. a beggar, mendicant.

Vanīya, Nom. P. vati, to beg, ask alms, Un. iv,

Vanīyaka, m. a mendicant, beggar, R. (B.); Dhurtan.; Sinhas. (v. l. vanīpaka). - jana, m., id.,

Vánīyas, mfn. (compar.) obtaining most, imparting more, RV.; very munificent or liberal. BhP. Vánīvan, mfn. (an intens. form) asking for,

demanding, RV. x, 47, 7.

Vanú, m. 'zealous, eager,' (either) an assailant, injurer, enemy, RV. iv, 30, 5; (or) an adherent, friend, ib. x, 74, 1.

Vanusha (fr. vanús), Nom. A. shate (only vanushanta), to obtain, acquire, RV. x, 128, 3. Vanushya (fr. vanús), Nom. P. A. oshyáti, ote,

to plot against, attack, assail, RV. i, 132, 1 &c.;  $(\bar{\mathbf{A}}.)$  to wish for, desire, ib. ix, 7, 6.

Vanús, mfn. zealous, eager: (either) anxious for, attached or devoted to, a friend; (or) eager to attack, a foe, enemy, RV.

Vane, loc. of 1. vana, in comp. - kimsuka, m. pl. 'Butea Frondosa in a wood,' anything found unexpectedly, Pān. ii, 1, 44, Sch. (cf. -bilvaka). - kshudrā, f. Pongamia Glabra, L. - cara, mf(i)n. wandering or dwelling in a wood, inhabitant of a forest (applied to men, animals and demons), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; oragrya, m. 'chief of forest-dwellers,' an ascetic, anchorite, sage, W. - ja, mfn. born or existing in woods, RV. - bilvaka, m. pl. 'Aegle Marmelos in a forest,' anything found unexpectedly, Pān. ii, I, 44, Sch. (cf. -kimsuka). - raj, mfn. shining or blazing in a wood, RV. vi, 12, 3. - vāsin, m. 'forest-dweller,' a Brahman in the third stage of his