Pardakī, f. a species of plant, ib.

पार्दायनी pārdāyanī, f. (fr. pardi or pardin), Pāņ. iv, 2, 99, Pat.

पार्पर pārpara, m. (only L.) a handful of rice; consumption or some other disease; a filament of the Nauclea Cadamba; ashes; N. of Yama; = jarāta(?).

पार्च pārya. See under 1. pāra, p. 620. पार्यन्तिक pāryantika &c. See under pāry, p. 621, col. 2.

पार्वेस pārvaņa, mf(i)n. (fr. parvan) belonging or relating to a division of time or to the changes of the moon (such as at new or full moon); increasing, waxing, full (as the moon; pārvanau sasi-divakarau, mo and sun at the time of full mo, Ragh. xi, 82), GṛŚrS.; Kāv.; Pur. &c.; m. a halfmonth (=paksha), Jyot.; oblations offered at new and full moon, GrS. - cața-sraddha-prayoga, m. N. of wk. -candrikā, m. N. of wk. -srāddha, n. a ceremony in honour of ancestors performed at the conjunction of sun and moon i.e. at new mo and at other periods of the mo's changes, RTL. 305; N. of wk.; -paddhati, f., -prayoga, m., -vidhi, m. N. of wks.

Pārvāyanāntīya,  $mf(\bar{a})$ n. belonging to the days of new and full moon and to the solstices, Mn.

पार्चत pārvata, mf(ī)n. (fr. parvata) being in or growing on or coming from or consisting of mountains; mountainous, hilly, MBh.; Hariv.; Pur. (cf. Pāṇ.iv, 2, 67, Sch.); m. Melia Bukayun, L.; (ī), f., see below.

Pārvatāyana, m. patr. of a chamberlain, Šak. vi, 7 (v.l. Parvo and Vatāyana); cf. Pān. iv, 1, 103. Pārvati, m. patr. of Daksha, SBr.; cf. Pāņ. ib. Parvatika, n. a multitude of mountains, mountain-range, L.

Párvatī, f. (of ota) a mountain stream, Naigh. i, 13; Boswellia Thurifera, L.; Grislea Tomentosa, L.; a kind of pepper, L.; =  $kshudra-pash\bar{a}na-bhed\bar{a}$ or fivani, L.; a kind of fragrant earth, L.; a female cowherd or Gopi, L.; N. of the god Siva's wife (as daughter of Hima-vat, king of the snowy mountains), Up.; MBh.; Kav. &c. (RTL. 79); of Draupadi, L. (w. r. for parshatī); of sev. other women, Cat.; of a river, VP.; of a cave in mount Meru, Hariv. -kshetra, n. 'district of Pārvatī (Durgā),' N. of one of the 4 esp. sacred districts of Orissa, L. -dharma-putraka, m. 'adopted son of Po,' N. of Parašu-rāma, Bālar. - nandana, m. 'son of Po,' N. of Kārttikeya, L. - nātha, m. 'lord of Po,' N. of sev. men (the father of Tripurâri and the f° of Dharma-sinha), Cat. - netra, m. (in music) a kind of measure. - pati, m. 'husband of Po,' N. of Siva, Balar. - parinaya, m. 'marriage of Po,' N. of a poem and a drama. - pascāttāpa-varņana, n., -pravartana, n., -prasadana, n. N. of wks. -prana-natha, m. 'lord of the life of Po,' N. of Siva, Balar. - mokshana, n. N. of ch. of GanP. -locana, m. (in music) a kind of measure. - svara (°tîiv°), m. = °tī-nātha; -linga, n. N. of a Linga, SkandaP. - sakha, m. 'friend of Po,' N. of Siva, L. - sampradana, n. N. of ch. of BrahmavP. -sahasra-nāman, n., -stotra, n. N. of wks. - svayamvara, m. N. of a drama.

Parvatīya, mfn. living or dwelling in the mountains, mountainous; m. a mountaineer, MBh.; R. &c.; Juglans Regia, L.; N. of a sovereign ruling in the mountains, MBh.; (pl.) of a mo tribe, L.

**Pārvateya**,  $mf(\vec{i})n$ , belonging or relating to the mountains, mo-born, W.; m. N. of a prince of mountaineers, MBh. (cf. otiya); (1), f. N. of the smaller or upper mill-stone, VS.; n. antimony, L.

पाइवि I. pāršava, m. (fr. I. paršu) a prince of the Parsus, Pan. v, 3, 117.

Pāršukā, f. =  $paršuk\bar{a}$ , a rib, L.

Pāršvá, n. (rarely m., g. ardharcadi; itc. f.  $\vec{a}$ ; fr. 1. parsu) the region of the ribs (pl. the ribs), side, flank (either of animate or inanimate objects), RV. &c. &c.; the side = nearness, proximity (with gen. or ifc.; ayoh, on both sides; am, aside, towards; e, at the side, near [opp. to dura-tas]; at, away, from; by means of, through), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a curved knife, SBr.; a side of any square figure, W.; the curve or circumference of a wheel, ib.; (only

n.) a multitude of ribs, the thorax, W.; the extremity of the fore-axle nearest the wheel to which the outside horses of a four-horse chariot are attached, L.; a fraudulent or crooked expedient, L.; m. the side horse on a chariot, MBh.; N. of an ancient Buddhist teacher; (with Jainas) N. of the 23rd Arhat of the present Ava-sarpini and of his servant; (du.) heaven and earth, L.; mfn. near, proximate (cf. comp. below). - ga, mfn. going at a person's side, accompanying, being in close proximity to (gen. or comp.), an attendant; m.pl. attendants, retinue, Kav.; Rajat. - gata, mfn. being at the so, attending, accompanying, being close to or beside, Kav.; Var.; sheltered, screening, MW. - gamana, n. the act of going by the so, accompanying, Kathas. - candra, m. N. of an author, Cat. - cara, m. an attendant; pl. attendants, retinue, Ragh. - tás, ind. by or from the side, at the so, near, sideways, aside (with gen. or ifc.), VS.; Br. &c. - da, m. 'turning the so towards another,' an attendant; pl. attendants, retinue, MBh. (v.l. parshada). - dāha, m. a burning pain in the so, L. -deva, m. N. of an author, Cat. -desa, m. the region of the so, the ribs, L. - druma, m. pl. the trees at the so or on every so, MW. - natha, m. N. of a Jaina teacher(predecessor of Mahā-vīra), MWB. 530; -kāvya, n., -gītā, f., -caritra, n., -dasa-bhāva-visaha, m., -namaskāra, m., -purāna, n., -stava, m., -stuti, f. N. of wks. - parivartana, n. 'turning round, N. of a festival on the 11th day of the light half of the month Bhādra (on which Vishņu is supposed to turn upon the other side in his sleep), Col. - parivartita, min. turned sidewards, Malav. - parivartin, mfn. being or going by the side of (comp.), Ragh. - pippala, n. a species of Haritaki, Bhpr. -bhanga, m. pain in the so, Suir. -bhaga, m. 'so-portion,' the side or flank (of an elephant), L. - mandalin, m. N. of a partic. posture in dancing, Cat. - mani, f. the longer side of an oblong or the so of a square, Sulbas. -ruj, f. = -bhanga, Suir. -vaktra, m. 'whose face is in his side,' N. of one of Šiva's attendants, Hariv. - vartin, mfn. standing by the so, an attendant; m.pl. attendants, retinue, Kav. - vivartin, mfn. being by the so of, living with (gen.), Kathas. - saya, mfn. lying or sleeping on the so, Pān. iii, 2, 15, Vārtt. 1. - sāyin, m. id., N. of a partic. position of the moon, Var. - sula, m. a shooting pain in the side, stitch, pleurisy, Susr. - samstha, mfn. lying on the so, Vet. - samhita, min. laid together (so by so), Laty. - samdhana, n. laying together (bricks) with their sides, Sulbas. - sūtraka, m. or n. a kind of ornament, L. - stha,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ , standing at the side, being near or close to, adjacent, proximate, MBh.; Kav. &c.; m. an associate, companion; (esp.) a stage manager's assistant (said to serve as a sort of chorus, sometimes an actor in the prelude who explains the plot), L. - sthita, mfn. standing at the side, being near or close, Rajat. Pārsvanucara, m. 'attending at the so,' an attendant, body-servant, Ragh. Parsvayata, mfn. one who has approached close to, Kathās. Pāršvārti, f. pain in the so, pleurisy, Car. Pāršvâvamarda, m. id., ib. Pāršvâsanna, mfn. sitting by the so, standing next, present, Kathās. Pārsvasīna, mfn. sitting by the so, ib. Pārsvāsthi, n. 'so-bone,' a rib, Sāy. Pārsvaikādašī, f. = °sva-parivartana, L. Pārsvôdarapriya, m. 'fond of (moving) sideways on the belly,' a crab, L. Pārsvôpapārsva, m. du. flank and shoulder-blade, Nal. Parsvôpapidam, ind. (to laugh) so as to hold one's sides, Kathas. (cf. Pan. iii, 4, 49, Kāś.)

Pāršvaka, m. a rib, Yājň.; n. a by-way, dishonest means, Hcat.; mfn. one who seeks wealth or other objects by indirect or side means, Pan. v, 2, 75.

Pārsvatīya, mfn. (fr. pārsva-tas) being on or belonging to or situated at the side, g. gahadi.

Pārsvala, mfn., g. sidhmādi.

Pārsvika, mfn. lateral, belonging to the side, W. =°svaka, mfn., L.; m. a sidesman, associate, W.; a juggler, ib.; N. of an ancient teacher, Buddh.; n. =°ivaka, n., Vishn.; Nār.

Pārsvya, m. du. heaven and earth, Naigh. iii, 30 (v.l. for pārsvau). Cf. antah-pārsvya.

पार्शेव 2. pāršava, m. (fr. 2. paršu) a warrior armed with an axe, W.

पार्श्व pāršva. See col. I.

पार्विक pārshaki, m. patr., Pravar.

पाचेत pārshata, mf(i)n. (fr. prishata) be-

longing to the spotted antelope, made of its skin &c., Kaus.; Mn.; Yājñ.; MBh.; m. patr. of Dru-pada and his son Dhrishta-dyumna, MBh.; (ī), f. patr. of Draupadi, ib.; of Durgā (w.r. for pārvatī), L.; Boswellia Thurifera, L.; = jīvanī, L.

1. Pārshad, Vriddhi form of prishad in comp. - ansa, min., g. utsadi. - asva, m. patr., AsvGr.

- vāṇá, m. a patron., RV.

पाघेद्र 2. pārshad, f. (cf. next) an assembly, L.; pl. the attendance or retinue of a god, BhP.

Parshada, m. (fr. parshad) an associate, companion, attendant (esp. of a god), RāmatUp.; MBh.; Susr. (pl. attendance, retinue, Hariv.; BhP.; Lalit.); a member of an assembly, spectator, Prasannar.; n. a text-book received by any partic grammatical school (a N. given to the Prātišākhyas), Nir. i, 17; N. of wk. - tīkā, f. N. of wk. - tā, f. the office of an attendant (esp. of the att° of a god), BhP. -parisishta, n., -vritti, f., -vyākhyā, f. N. of wks.

Pārshadaka, v.l. for pārishadaka, g. kulālddi. dīya, mfn. conformable to the received text-book of any partic. grammatical school, RPrät. odya, m. = pārishadya, a member of an assembly, assessor; m. pl. = pārshada, pl., L.

पाधिक  $p\bar{a}rshika$ , m. metron. of  $(\bar{a})$ , f. N. of a woman, g. sivâdi.

Pārshikya, n. (fr. parshika), g. purohitadi. पार्ची pārshī (?), f. dung, L.

पार्धिक pārshţika, w. r. for pārshţhika.

पार्धेय parshteya, mf(i)n. (fr. prishti) being within the ribs, AV.

पारिक pärshthika, mfn. being after the manner of the Prishthya (Shad-aha), SrS.

पारिको pārshņi, f. (L. also m.; rarely pārshnī, f.; fr. Aprish?; cf. Un. iv, 52, Sch.) the heel, RV.&c. &c.; the extremity of the fore-axle to which the outside horses of a four-horse chariot are attached (the two inner horses being harnessed to the dhur or chariot-pole), MBh.; the rear of an army (onim √grah with gen., to attack in the rear), MBh.; Hariv.; Kav.; the back, W.; a kick; ib.; enquiry, asking, ib.; a foolish or licentious woman, L.; N. of a plant  $(=kunt\bar{\iota} \text{ or } kumbh\bar{\iota})$ , L. -ksheman, m. N. of a divinity, MBh. - ga, mfn. following a person's heels or the rear of an army, L. -graha, mfn. seizing or threatening from behind, BhP.; m. a follower, either an ally who supports or an enemy who attacks the rear of a king, MW. - grahana, n. attacking or threatening an enemy in the rear, MBh. - graha, mfn. attacking in the rear; m. 'heel-catcher,' an enemy in the rear or a commander in the rear of an army (applied also to hostile planets), Mu.; MBh. &c. - ghāta, m. a kick with the heels, Kathās. - tra, n. a rear-guard, reserve, L. - prahāra, m. = -ghāta, Kathās. - yantri, m. a charioteer who drives a side-horse, MBh. - vah or-vaha, m. 'drawing (i.e. harnessed to) the extremities of the axle-tree; an outside horse, MBh. - sarathi, m. du. the two charioteers who drive the outside Pārshņy-abhighāta, horses (cf. prec.), MBh. m. = ni-ghāta, Kathās.

Pārshņīla, mfn., g. sidhmādi. Parshnuvi (!), m. a patron., Cat.

पाल pāl, cl. 10. P. (Dhātup. xxxii, 69) pālayati (°te; also regarded as Caus. of \( \sqrt{2}. \) pā [Pāņ. vii, 3, 37, Vārtt. 2, Pat.], but rather Nom. of pāla below; p. P. pālayat, A. °layāna; pf. °layām āsa; aor. apīpalat), to watch, guard, protect, defend, rule, govern; to keep, maintain, observe (a promise or vow), AV.; Mn.; MBh.; Kav. &c.

Pāla, m. (ifc. f.ā) a guard, protector, keeper, R.; Hariv.; a herdsman, Mn.; Gaut.; Yājň.; MBh.; protector of the earth, king, prince, BhP.; (also n.) a spitting spittoon (as 'recipient'?), L.; N. of a serpent-demon of the race of Vasuki, MBh.; of a prince, Cat.; (with bhatta) N. of an author, ib.; (7), f. a herdsman's wife, MBh. v, 3608; an oblong pond (as 'receptacle' of water?), Var. (cf. pali). - kavi-rāja, m. N. of a poet, Cat. (cf. srī-ko-ro). -kāvya, n. N. of a poem, Cat. (w. r. for \*kāpya?; cf. below). - ghna, m. a mushroom, L. - vaṇij, w.r. for  $p\bar{a}na$ - $v^{\circ}$ .

Pālaka, mf(ikā)n. guarding, protecting, nourishing, W.; m. a guardian, protector, MBh. (ikā, f.); a foster-father, Rajat.; a prince, ruler, sovereign,