KaushUp.; the inner or women's apartments (in a royal palace); $(\bar{a}ni)$, n. pl. = $ava-rodh\bar{a}s$, m. pl.

Ava-rodhika, as, m. a guard of the queen's apartments, L.

Ava-rodhin, mfn. (ifc.) obstructing, hindering, Naish.; wrapping up, covering, Kād.

**Truhya; also Ā., e. g. MBh. ix, 3470; R. ii, 7, 11 & iv, 49, 25) to descend, alight, dismount, RV. v, 78, 4, &c.; 'to descend from,' i. e. to be deprived of (one's dominion, aisvaryāt), BhP.: Caus. (impf. avâropayat [v. l. orohayat], Ragh. i, 54; Imper. 2. sg. -ropaya, MBh. iv, 1318 & ix, 3468, 2. pl. Ā.-rohayadhvam, MBh. iii, 15609) to cause to descend, take down from (abl.): Pass. -ropyate, to be lowered or lessened, MBh. xii, 8501.

Ava-rūdha, mfn. come near, approached, AV. vi, 140, 1; descended, dismounted, alighted.

2. Ava-rodha, as, m. $(\sqrt{1.rudh} = \sqrt{ruh})$, 'moving down,' see 1. rodha; (=ava-roha below) a shoot or root sent down by a branch (of the Indian fig-tree), AitBr.

2. Ava-rodhana, am, n. descending motion (opposed to ud-rodhana, q. v.), AitBr.

Ava-ropana, am, n. planting, MBh. xiii, 2991; causing to descend, L.; depriving, diminishing, L.

Ava-ropita, mfn. caused to descend; taken down from (abl.); deprived of (as of one's dominion, rājyāt &c.), MBh. iv, 2101; R.; MārkP..; lowered, lessened, Mn. i, 82; curtailed, lost (as dominions, rāshṭrāni), BhP.; silenced (in dispute), BhP.

Ava-ropya, ind. p. having made or making to descend, Gobh.; Hariv. 9721; planting, MBh. i,

Ava-roha, as, m. descent, L.; (in music) descending from a higher tone to a lower one, Comm. on Mricch.; mounting, L.; a shoot or root sent down by a branch (especially of the Indian fig-tree; cf. 2. ava-rodha), Kauš.; PārGr.; R. ii, 52, 96; (= latôdgama) a creeping plant climbing up to the top of a tree, L.; heaven, L. —vat, mfn. possessed of avaroha-shoots (as the Indian fig-tree), (gaṇa balâdi, q.v.), Pat. —šākhin, m. 'having branches with avaroha-shoots,' the Indian fig-tree, L.

Ava-rohaka, as, m., see $a\dot{s}v\hat{a}v^{\bar{o}}$; $(ik\bar{a})$, f. the plant Physalis Flexuosa, L.

Ava-rohana, mf(i)n. alighting, descending, MārkP.; (am), n. descending, alighting from (abl. [MBh. i, 462], or in comp. [Kathās.]); (in music

[MBh. 1, 462], or in comp. [Kathas.]); (in music = ava-roha) descending from a higher tone to a lower one, Comm. on Mricch.; the place of descending BhP.

Ava-rohita and otīya, mfn. (gaņa utkarādi,

Ava-rohin, mfn. descending, VarBrS.; = ava-roha-vat, q. v. (gana balâdi, q. v.); (ī), m. the Indian fig-tree, L.

संवर्ष ava- $r\bar{v}pa$, $mf(\bar{a})n$. mis-shapen, deformed, degenerated, Kaus. 136.

स्रवरोकिन ava-rokín, &c. See ava-√ruc. सवर्चेस् a-varcás, mfn. having no vigour or energy, AV. iv, 22, 3; SBr. v.

अवजेनीय a-varjanīya, mfn. inevitable.
-tā, f. or -tva, n. inevitableness, Jaim.; Comm.
on Nyāyad.

A-varjushī, f., AV. vii, 50, 2, v. l. for vavarjú-shī, perf. p. f. fr. \sqrt{vrij} , q. v.

सवर्षे 1. a-varṇa, mfn. having no outward appearance, SvetUp.; colourless (Comm.; said of Nara and Nārāyaṇa), MBh. iii, 8384; (as), m. 'no praise,' blame, speaking ill of, Ragh. xiv, 38 & 57; Rājat. — kāraka, mfn. 'not praising,' speaking ill of, Buddh.; Jain. — vāda, m. censure, blame, L. — saṃyoga, m. no connection with any caste, Āp.

A-varnya, mfn. indescribable, Up.; not to be predicated, Comm. on Nyāyad. — sama, m. a sophism in which the argument still to be proved is confounded with the admitted one, Nyāyad.; Sāh.

सवर्ण 2. a-var, as, m. the vowel a or \bar{a} , APrāt.

अवतेमान a-vartamāna, mfn. 'not belonging to the present time,' (gana cārv-ādi, q. v.)

श्चर्ति áva-rti, is, f. (riti fr. √ri), bad fortune, poverty, distress, RV.; AV.; (cf. áva-riti.)

सवर्ते a-vartrá, mfn. having nothing that restrains, unimpeded, RV. vi, 12, 3.

A-varmán, mfn. having no armour, AV. xi, 10, 23.

श्चर्यमान a-vardhamāna, mfn. 'not growing,' (gaṇa cārv-ādi, q. v.)

स्वर्ध a-varsha, am, n. want of rain, drought, MBh. xii, 1208; R.; (a), f. id., MBh. xiii, 4579.

A-varshana, am, n. id., Vet. A-varshin, mfn. not raining, Heat.

A-varshuka, mfn. id., TS.; SBr.

A-varshtos, Ved. Inf. not to rain, AitBr.

A-varshyá, mf(a)n. being active in rainless bright weather, VS. xvi, 38; MaitrS.; not coming from rain (as water), TS. vii.

স্থাৰ প্ৰাথমিক প্ৰাথমিক প্ৰাথমিক নিৰ্ভাগ আৰু নিৰ্ড

স্থান নাম ava- Vlag, Caus.-lagayati, to fasten to, Comm. on KātyŚr.

Ava-lagita, am, n. an addition made in the prologue of a drama and not having any particular reference to the latter, Sāh.

Ava-lagna, mfn. hanging down from (in comp.), Ragh. xvi, 68, &c.; (as, am), m.n. the waist, Sis. ix, 49, &c.

স্থাবন ক্লি ava-√langh, (ind. p. -langhya) to pass or spend (time).

Ava-langhita, mfn. passed (as time), Kathās.

ava-\(\sqrt{lamb}, \) -lambate (ind. p. -lambya; exceptionally P., e.g. Pot.-lambet, MBh. i, 8443, ed. Bomb.) to hang down, glide or slip down, descend, TUp. &c.; (pr. p. P. -lambat) to set (as the sun), MBh. iv, 1040; to catch hold of, cling to, hang to, hold on or support one's self by, rest upon as a support, depend upon (generally acc.; but also loc. [MBh. i, 8443] or instr. [Megh. 108]); to hold up anything (to prevent its falling down), Sak.; Ragh. vii, 9, &c.; to enter a state or condition (as māyām, mānushyatvam, dhairyam, &c.); to devote one's self to (acc.), Kum. ii, 15; 'to incline towards,' choose as a direction, Kathās.: Caus. (ind. p. -lambya) to hang up, Pañcat.; Kathās.; to grasp (for support), Mālav.

Ava-lamba, mf(\tilde{a})n. hanging down from (loc., R.) or to (in comp., MBh. xiii, 982); (as), m. hanging on or from, Megh.; depending, resting upon, L.; dependance, support, a prop, a stay, Ragh. xix, 50, &c. (cf. nir-aval°); a perpendicular, L.; (cf. prishthyâval°.)

Ava-lambaka, mfn. hanging down, Heat.; (as), m. (in geom.) a perpendicular; (am), n., N. of a

Ava-lambana, $mf(\bar{\imath})n$. hanging on, clinging to, Bhpr.; leaning against (loc.), BhP.; (αm) , n. hanging down, L.; depending upon, dependance, support, Sak. &c.; making a halt, stopping at (loc. adv.), Hit.

Ava-lambita, mfn. hanging down, hanging on, suspended from, clinging to, Sak. &c.; crouching or settling down, Hit.; depending upon, resting upon as a support, Ragh. ix, 69; Vikr. &c.; placed upon, Susr.; supported or protected by; (in Pass. sense) clung to, caught hold of, Šis. vi, 10; (fr. Caus.) having been made to hang down, let down (as a basket by a string), Kathās.

Ava-lambitavya, mfn. to be caught hold of or grasped, to be clung to.

Ava-lambin, mfn. hanging down so as to rest upon, hanging on or from, depending on; clinging to, reclining, resting upon.

सर्वालख् ava-√likh (Pot. -likhet; ind. p. -likhya) to scratch, graze, Sušr.

Ava-lekha, as, m. anything scraped off, Sušr.; (ā), f. drawing, painting, BhP.

Ava-lekhana, am, n. brushing, combing, ĀsvŠr.; Āp.; Gaut.; (i), f. brush, comb, Kauš.

ञ्चवित्रप् ava- \lip, P. (ind.-lipya) to smear, KaushBr.; ŠānkhŠr.; Sušr.: Ā. (p. -limpamāna) to smear one's self, BhP.

Ava-liptá, mfn. smeared, MBh. i, 6391; viii, 2059; Sušr.; Vet.; furred (as the tongue), Sušr.; (=ápi-ripta, q.v.) blind (?), VS. xxiv, 3; Kauš.; proud, arrogant, Mn. iv, 79; MBh. &c. -tā, f. or -tva, n. [R.] pride, arrogance.

Ava-lepa, as, m. glutinousness (as of the mouth),

Susr.; ointment, L.; ornament, L. pride, haughtiness, BhP.; Ragh. &c.; (cf. an-neg.)

Ava-lepana, am, n. ointment; proud behaviour, R. i, 44, 9 & 36.

भवितह ava- Vlih, P. -ledhi (impf. avâlet; Pot. -lihet [MBh. xiii, 2286; VarBṛS.] or -lihyāt; ind. p. -lihya; rarely Ā. 1. sg. -lihe, MBh. i, 667) to lick, lap, AitBr.; Kāṭh. &c.: Intens. (p. -lelihat) to flicker (as a flame), MBh. i, 1131.

Ava-līdha, mfn. licked, lapped, MBh. &c.; touched (by a flickering object). R. iii, 43, 3; touched (as by a finger-nail), Hariv. 7050; (cf. ar-dhâval°); (ā), f. disregard, L.

Ava-leha, as, m. licking, lapping, VarBrS.; an

extract, electuary, Susr.

Ava-lehaka. mfn. licking, MBh. xiii, 2173;

(ikā), f. (=-leha before) an extrac;, electuary, Sušr.

Ava-lehana, am, n. licking; =-lehikā, Bhpr.

Ava-lehin, mfn. lickerish, fond of dainties [BR.;

'srikkinī lelihāna, i. e. sadā kruddha,' Comm.],

MBh. xiii, 519.

अवली ava- $\sqrt{l\bar{\imath}}$, \bar{A} . (p. - $l\bar{\imath}yam\bar{a}na$; impf. 3. pl. avâl $\bar{\imath}yanta$) to stick to (loc.), Sušr.; to bow, stoop, MBh. viii, 939; to hide one's self in (loc.), R. vi, 99, 43 (pr. p. P. - $l\bar{\imath}yat$).

Ava-līna, mfn. sitting down (as a bird), VarBṛS.; cowering down in, hiding one's self in (loc.), R. v, 25, 13; 'engaged in' (in comp.), beginning to, Nalod. ii, 46.

জ্বলীলা $ava-līl\bar{a}$, f. 'play', sport,' $(ay\bar{a})$, instr. ind. quite easily.

ষবন্ত ava- Vlunc (ind. p. -luncya) to tear out (as hairs), MBh. iii, 10760 seqq.; MārkP. Ava-luncana, am, n. tearing out (of hairs), R. vi, 98, 25; opening or unstitching (of a seam), Susr.

ञ्चलुराउन ava-lunthana, am, n. (√lunth), robbing, Kathās.; wallowing on the ground, L.

Ava-lunthita, mfn. robbed, L.; rolled or wallowed on the ground, L.

अवतुष् ava- \sqrt{lup} , P. A. (3. pl. -lumpanti) to cut or take off, TS.; TAr.; ShadvBr.; to take away by force, wrest, MBh. vi, 38ा; to suppress, extinguish; to rush or dash upon (as a wolf on his prey); (cf. vrikâvalupta.)

Ava-lupti, is, f. falling off, PBr.

Ava-lumpana, am, n. rushing upon (as of a wolf), MBh. i, 5586.

Ava-lopa, as, m. interruption, BhP. Ava-lopya, mfn. to be torn off, Bhatt.

ञ्जवलून $ava-l\bar{u}na$, mfn. $(\sqrt{l\bar{u}})$, cut off, L.

ञ्चवलेख ava-lekha, &c. See ava-√likh.

ञ्चवलेप ava-lepa, &c. See ava-√lip.

स्रवलेह ava-leha, &c. See ava-√lih.

ভাৰ কাৰ ava- \langle lok, cl. 1. A. -lokate, to look, Sāh.; Hit.: cl. 10. P. -lokayati (p. -lokayat; ind. p. -lokya) to look upon or at, view, pehold, see, notice, observe, MBh. &c.

Ava-loka, as, m. looking upon or at, viewing, Vikr.; Siż. ix, 71; Sāh.; look, glauce, BhP.; (eshu), loc. pl. ind. before the (looks or) eyes of (gen.), MBh. i, 7902.

Ava-lokaka, mfn. wishing to view (as a spy), R. vi, 101, 13.

Ava-lokana, am, n. seeing, beholding, viewing, observing, Ragh. xi, 60, &c.; a look, glance, Ragh. x, 14, &c.; 'looking like,' appearance of (in comp.), BhP.; (ā), f. the aspect (of planets), VarBrS.

Ava-lokanīya, mfn. worthy to be looked at, Lalit.

Ava-lokayitavya, mfn. to be observed, VarBrS.
Ava-lokayitri, mfn. one who views.

Ava-lokita, mfn. seen, viewed, observed; viewed by, i.e. being in sight of a planet, VarBrS.; MārkP.; (as), m. = avalokitēšvara below; (ā), f., N. of a woman, Mālatīm.; (am), n. looking at, beholding, L. - vrata, m., N. of a Buddhist. Avalokitēšvara, m., N. of a Bodhi-sattva worshipped by the northern Buddhists.

Ava-lokin, mfn. looking, Kum. v, 49; looking at, beholding (ifc.), Kathās.

Ava-lokya, mfn. to be locked at, MBh. xiii, 5001; PSarv.

अवलोप ava-lopa, &c. See ava-\lup.