पहेरक patteraka, m. Cyperus Hexastachyus Communis, L.

पर path, cl. 1. P. (Dhātup. ix, 45) pathati (°te, MBh. &c.; pf. papātha, ib.; aor. apathīt, Gr.; fut. pathishyati, pathitā, ib.; ind. p. pathitvā, Kāv.), to read or repeat aloud, to recite, rehearse, TAr.; MBh. &c.; to repeat or pronounce the name of a god, to invoke (acc., also with nāmabhis), MBh.; Hariv.; to read or repeat or recite to one's self, to peruse, study, Mn.; R.; BhP.; Hit.; to teach, cite, quote, mention, express, declare, Laty.; MBh.; BhP.; Susr.; to learn from (abl.), BhP.: Pass. pathyate, to be read or recited or taught or mentioned &c.; MBh.; Hariv.: Caus. pāțhayati (aor. apīpațhat, Pāņ. vii, 4, 1, Sch.; fut. pāthayishyati, Kathās.; Pass. pāthyate, Hit.). to cause or teach to speak or read, to teach, instruct in (with double acc., Kāš. on Pāņ. i, 4, 52); to read, recite, Kathäs.: Intens. pāpathīti, pāpathyate, to recite often or repeatedly, Kathas.; to read or study diligently, Var.

Patha, m. reading, recitation (?, see comp.); N. of a serpent demon, MBh. — mañjarī, -samañjarī, f. (in music) N. of Rāgiņis. — hansikā, f. N. of a Rāga.

Pathaka, m. a reader, reciter.

Pathana, n. reciting, reading, studying, mentioning, Kāv.; Pur., Sch.; Cat. Pathanâdhinātha, m. a master in reading or studying, Cat.

Pathaniya, mfn. fit to be read or studied, legible, readable, Vop.; Mricch., Sch.

Pathi, f. = pathana, L.

Pathita, mfn. recited, read, studied, mentioned, MBh.; Kāv.; Sušr. &c. -tva, n. the being mentioned, Hcat. -siddha, mfn. effective on being (merely) recited, Kathās.; -sārasvata-stotra, n. N. of wk. Pathitânga, m. or n. a kind of girdle, BhavP.

Pathitavya, mfn. to be studied or read or mentioned, Pat.; MārkP. -tva, n. the being to be studied &c., Nyāyam., Sch.

Pathiti, f. N. of a partic. figure of speech, Cat. Pathitri, mfu. reading, a reader, W.

पडवेन pátharvan, m. N. of a man, RV.

Ψξ pad, in comp. for pad or pas, q.v. - gṛibhi (pád-), m. N. of a demon or a man, RV. - bīśa (RV.; TS.; AV), -vīśa (VS.) or -vinśa (pád-), n. a fetter, (esp.) a fo for the foot of a horse; (-sanku, m. a post for tying to, SBr.); m. a place for fettering, halting-place, TBr. [Lat. vincio, vinculum?]

paņ, cl. 1. Ā. (Dhātup. xii, 6) pánate (ep. also 'ti; pf. peņe, Gr.; aor. apaņishṭa, Bhaṭṭ.; fut. paṇishyate, 'ṇitā, ib.), to honour, praise, Naigh. iii, 14; to barter, purchase, buy,Br.; MBh.; to negotiate, bargain,Āpast.; to bet, stake, lay a wager, play for (with gen. [e.g. prāṇānām, Bhaṭṭ.; cf. Pāṇ. ii, 3, 57, Kāš.] or acc.[e.g. kṛishṇām], MBh.); to risk or hazard (as a battle), MBh.; to win anything (instr.) from (acc.), ib.: Caus. paṇayati (aor. apīpaṇat), to negotiate, bargain, Kāv. (Cf. paṇāya and \sqrt{pan} .)

Paṇa, m. (ifc. f. ā) play, gaming, playing for a stake, a bet or a wager (with gen.; loc. or ifc.; panam \(kri\), to make a bet; pane ni-\(\sqrt{as}\), to stake at play), Yājñ.; MBh.; R. &c.; a compact, stipulation, agreement, treaty, Kathās.; Vet.; Hit.; the thing staked or the sum played for, wages, hire, reward, MBh.; Mricch.; Kathās.; a weight of copper used as a coin $(=20M\bar{a}shas=4K\bar{a}kin\bar{s}),Mn.;$ Yājā.; a partic. measure, Pāņ. iii, 3, 66 ('a handful,' Sch.); a commodity for sale, L.; price, L.; wealth, property, L.; business, L.; a publican or distiller, L.; a house, dwelling (griha, w.r. for glaha?), L. - kāla, m. time for playing, MBh. - kriyā, f. putting in a stake, play or contest for (comp.), Balar. -krīta, min. received as hire or reward, Heat. - granthi, m. a fair, market, L. - ta, f., -tva, n. the state or condition of a pledge or stake; price, value, W. -dhā, f. Panicum Verticiliatum, L. (cf. panyam-dha and panyandha), - bandha, m. making a treaty, making peace, Ragh.; a bet or wager (also -na, n.), Das. - sundarī (HParis.), -strī (Mricch.), f. a venal woman, a prostitute, harlot. Panânganā, f. id., L. Panârdha, m. or n. (?) half a Pana (coin), Kāv. Panarpana, n. making an agreement, contract, W. Panarha, mfn. fit to be laid as a wager, MW. Panasthi and sthika, n. Cypraea Moneta, a cowrie, L.

Páṇana, n. purchasing, buying, SBr.; sale, selling, dealing in (comp.), L.; betting, W.

Paṇanīya, mfn. to be laid as a wager, negotiable,

Paṇayitri, m. a seller, Mālatīm.

Panasa, m. a commodity, an article of sale or commerce, L.; Artocarpus Integrifolia, L.

Paṇasya, Nom. P. °syati, to honour, praise, L. Paṇāya, Nom. P. Ã. °yati, id., Pāṇ. iii, 1, 28; Naigh. iii, 14 (v. l. °te); to sell (inf. °yitum), Kathās.

Paṇāyā, f. business, transaction, L.; a market-place, W.

Paṇāyita, mfn. praised, transacted, W. Paṇāyitri, m. a seller, Mālatīm.

Panáyya, mín. praiseworthy, laudable, SBr.

Paní, m. a bargainer, miser, niggard (esp. one who is sparing of sacrificial oblations), RV.; AV.; N. of a class of envious demons watching over treasures, RV. (esp. x, 108); AV.; SBr.; a thief appearing as a Purohita, BhP.; a market, L.

Panika. See pañcāsat-p°.

Panita, mfn. praised or transacted as business,
L.; betted, staked, MBh.; one who has betted or
wagered, ib. i, 1225; n. (also -ka, L.) a bet, wager,
stake, MBh.

Panitavya, mfn. vendible, negotiable, Pān. iii, I, 101; to be praised, W.

Paņitri, m. a trader, seller, Naish.

Paṇin, m. N. of a man, Pān. vi, 4, 165 (cf. Pāṇina and oni).

Panī-√kri, to bet or stake at play (-krita, mfn., Cat.)

Panya, infn. to be praised or commended, ApSr.; to be bought or sold, vendible (see n. and comp.); to be transacted, L.; (ā), f. Cardiospermum Halicacabum, L.; n. (ifc. f. d) an article of trade, a ware, commodity, SBr.; Kauš.; Gobh.; MBh.&c.; trade, traffic, business, Kām.; Kāv. (cf. jnana-); a booth, shop, Daš. **– kambala,** m., Pāņ. vi, 2, 42, Vārtt. 2, Pat. - jana, m. a trader, Var. - ta, f. the being praiseworthy or (and) an article of trade, Kav. - dāsī, f. a hired female servant, Das. - m-dha, m. (or -dhā, f.) Panicum Verticillatum, L. (cf. pa $ny\hat{a}ndh\bar{a}$ and $pana-dh\bar{a}$). - pati, m. a great merchant, large trader (-tva, n.), R. - parinītā, f. a concubine, Divyav. - phala-tva, n. prosperity or profit in trade, W. - bhūta, mfn. being an article of trade, Mricch. - bhūmi, f. a place where goods are stored, a warehouse (guna-panya-bho, receptacle of all virtues), Inscr. - mūlya, n. the price of a commodity, W. - yoshit, f. a venal woman, courtesan, harlot, Mn. - vat, mfn. furnished with many goods or commodities, R. - varcas, n., Vop. vi, 78. - vikraya, m. trade, commerce, Car.; -sālā, f. a market-place, bazar, L.; 'yin, ni. a trader, merchant, R. - vilāsinī, f. = -yoshit, Kathās.; Unguis Odoratus, L. - vīthikā (L.), -vīthī (Vāsav.), f. a place of sale, market. - sala, f. a bazar or shop, L. - strī, f. = -yoshit, Var.; Kāv.; Rājat. - homa, m. a sacrifice consisting of wares, ApGr. Panyanganā, f. = -yoshit, Bhartr.; Kathās. Paņyajira, n. a market, L. Panyajīva, m. 'living by trade,' a tradesman, L.; n. (also-Ra) a market, W. Panyandhā, f. Panicum Verticillatum, L. (cf. pana-dhā and panyam-dha). Panyarha, mfn. fit for sale, vendible, W.

पणभ paṇaphara, n. (fr. ἐπαναφορά) the astrological house following upon a Kendra (q.v.), Var.

small drum or a kind of cymbal (used to accompany singing), MBh.; Kāv. (also ā, f., L.); a kind of metre, Col. (v.l. pan°); N. of a prince, VP.

Panavin, mfn. possessing a drum (applied to Siva), MBh.

root of the words below), cl. I. A. paṇḍate, to go, move, Dhātup. viii, 29; cl. 10. P. paṇḍayati, to heap together, pile up (v.l. for piṇḍ), xxxii, 130, Vop.; cl. 1. or 10. P. paṇḍati, oḍayati, to destroy, annihilate, xxxii, 73 (v.l. for paṇs).

Panda, m. a eunuch, weakling, Nar. (cf. pandra, shanda); (\bar{a}) , f., see below. **Pandapūrva**, n. non-occurrence of the results of fate or destiny, L.

Páṇḍaka, m. = paṇḍa, MaitrS.; Yājñ.; Kām.; Dašar. (-tva, n., Kāṭh.); m. N. of one of the sons of the third Manu Sāvarṇa.

Pándaga, m. (prob.) = panda, odaka, AV.

PaṇḍĒ, f. wisdom, knowledge, learning, L. (cf. g. tārakādi). - vat, m. a learned man, I.

Panditá, mín. (according to some, for spandita) learned, wise, shrewd, clever, skilful in, conversant with (loc. or comp.; cf. Pān. ii, 1, 40); SBr.; Up.; MBh. &c.; m. a scholar, a learned man, teacher, philosopher, a Pandit, MBh.; Kav. &c.; N. of a man $(= {}^{\circ}taka)$, MBh.; of a Brāhman changed into an antelope, Hariv.; incense, L. - kara-bhindipāla, m. N. of wk. - jātīya, mfn. of a clever sort, rather learned, wise, Divyâv. (cf. Pan. v, 3, 69). - ta, f. (Bhartr.), -tva, n. (Mricch.) learning, knowledge, wisdom, cleverness, skill. - paritosha, m. N. of wk. - pīdā-visārada, m. N. of a man, Kautukas. - prašnôttara, n. N. of wk. - mānika (MBh.), -mānin (ib.; R.), -m-manya (Kād.; Prab.), -m-manyamāna(KathUp.), mfn. fancying one's self learned or clever, an ignorant and conceited person. - rāja, m. 'prince of learned men,' N. of any great scholar; (esp.) of Jagan-natha (1600); of another man, BhP.; -kriti, f., -sataka, n. N. of wks. - vādin, mfn. pretending to be wise, MW. - vaidya and -sasin, m. N. of authors, Cat. - siromani, m. N. of Rāmakrishna-bhatta, Cat. - srī-vara, m. N. of an author, ib. - sabhā, f. an assembly of Pandits or literati, MW. - sarvasva, n. N. of wk. - sūri and -svāmin, m. N. of authors, Cat. Panditahladini, f. N. of wk.

Paṇḍitaka, mfn. wise, learned, pedantic, MBh.; m. N. of a son of Dhṛita-rāshṭra, ib.

Panditāya, Nom. A. vate, to become learned or wise, g. bhrisadi.

Panditiman, m. wisdom, learning, scholarship, g. dridhadi.

Pandu, m. (prob.) w.r. for next.

Pandra or odraka, m. a eunuch, impotent man, Säh.; MärkP. (cf. panda, shanda).

पराञ्च paṇḍālu, m. or f. or n. a kind of pot-herb, Šrīkaṇṭh.

vat. 1. pat, cl. 4. A. (Dhātup. xxvi, 50) pátyate, to be master, reign, rule, govern, control, own, possess, dispose of (acc. or instr.), RV.; to partake of, share in (loc.), ib.; to be fit or serve for (dat.), ib. [Prob. Nom. of páti; cf. Lat. potiri.]

पत् 2. pat, cl. 1. P. (Dhātup. xx, 15)
pátati (ep. also °te; pf. papāta, paptimā, petátur, paptúr; paptivás, RV.; papatyāt, AV.; aor. apaptat, RV.; Pass. apāti, Br.; fut. patishyáti, AV.; °te, patitā, MBh.; Cond. apatishyat, Br.; inf. patitum, ib. &c. &c.; ind. p. patitva, AV.; Br.; -pátya or -pātam, Br.), to fly, soar, rush on, RV. &c. &c.; to fall down or off, alight, descend (with acc. or loc.), fall or sink (with or without adhas or narake, 'to go down to hell;' with caranau or "nayoh, ' to fall at a person's feet '), Mn.; MBh.; Kav. &c.; to fall (in a moral sense), lose caste or rank or position, ChUp.; Mn.; Yājñ. &c.; to light or fall upon, fall to a person's share (loc.), MBh.; Kav. &c.; to fall or get into or among (loc.), Kathās.; Hit.; to occur, come to pass, happen, Pañc.: Caus. patáyati, to fly or move rapidly along, RV.; VS.; to speed (trans.; cf. patayát); °te, to drive away or throw down (?), RV. i, 169, 7; pātáyati (ep. also "te; aor. apīpatat, AV.; Pass. pātyate, MBh. &c.), to let fly or cause to fall, to fling, hurl, throw, AV. &c. &c.; to lay low, bring down (lit. and fig.), overthrow, ruin, destroy, MBh.; R. &c. to throw upon or in, lay on (loc.), Kav.; Sušr.; (with or scil. atmanam) to throw one's self, MBh.; Mricch.; to cut off (a head), Hariv.; to knock out (teeth), BhP.; to pour out or shed (water, tears), MBh.; Hariv.; to kindle (fire), Panc.; to cast (dice), Hariv.; Kathās.; to turn, direct, fix (eyes), R.; to impose or inflict (punishment), Mn.; Yājñ.; to set in motion, set on foot, Rajat. v, 173; to seduce to, betray into (loc.), Kathas.; (with dvedha) to divide in two, SBr.; to subtract, Jyot., Sch.; (A.) to rush on, hasten, RV. viii, 46, 8: Desid. pipatishati (AV.; MaitrS.; SBr.) and pitsati (Pāņ. vii, 4, 54), to be about to fly or fall: Intens. panīpatyate or °pātīti, Pān. vii, 4, 84. [Cf. Zd. pat; Gk. πέτομαι, πί-πτω; Lat. peto.]

3. Pat, mfn. flying, falling (ifc.; cf. akshi-pat).

Pata, m. flying, falling (cf. g. pacadi and jvaladi). — ga, m. a winged or flying animal, bird, Mn.; MBh. &c.; the sky-flying luminary, i.e. the sun, MBh.; N. of one of the 5 fires in the Svadhā-kāra, Hariv.; -pati, m. 'lord of birds,' N. of Garuda.