VarBrS. Māsanumāsika, mfn. performed or occurring every mo, monthly, Mn. iii, 122. Māsânta, m. the end of a month, day of new moon, Laty. Māsapavarga, mfn. lasting a mo at the most, SrS. (-tā, f., -tva, n., KātySr., Sch.) Māsâvadhika, mfn. happening in the period of a month at the latest, Das. Māsahāra, mfn. taking food only once a m°, R. Māsêsvara-phala, n. N. of wk. Māsôpavāsa or saka, m. fasting for a mo, AgP. Māsôpavāsin, mfn. one who fasts for a mo, MBh.; $(in\bar{i})$, f. a lascivious woman, procuress, L.

Māsaka, m. a month, Sūryas.; Satr.

Māsala, ni. a year, L.

Māsika, mf(i)n. relating to or connected with a month (see magha-m°); monthly (i.e. 'happening every month,' or 'lasting for a mo' or 'performed within a m°' &c.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; payable in a month (as a debt), Pān. iv, 3, 47, Sch.; engaged for a m° (as a teacher), ib. v, I, 80, Sch.; dedicated to a partic. month (as an oblation), ib. iv, 2, 34, Sch.; n. (with or scil. *srāddha*) a partic. Srāddha or oblation to deceased ancestors performed every new moon, Mn. v, 140&c. - srāddha, n. = prec. n.; -nirnaya, m., -paddhati, f., -prāyoga, m. N. of wks. Māsikânna, n. food offered monthly to deceased progenitors, Mn. xi, 157. Māsikārtha-vat, mfn. happening or being done every month, Vishn.

Māsi-srāddha, n. (fr. loc. of 2. $m\bar{a}s + s^{\circ}$) a Śrāddha or oblation to deceased ancestors performed every month, ApGr.

Māsī-√1. kṛi, P. -karoti, to turn into months,

Māsīna, mfn. monthly, Gobh.; one month old, Pān. v. 1, 81.

Māsya, mín. a month old, Pān. v, 1, 81 (cf. dvi-, *pañca-m°* &c.)

मासन māsana, n. the seed of Vernonia Anthelminthica, L.

मासर másara, n. a partic. beverage (a mixture of yeast, grapes, &c. with the water in which rice and millet have been boiled), KātySr.; Mahīdh. on VS. xix, I (accord to Say on TBr. 'm. the meal of slightly parched barley mixed with sour milk or buttermilk; accord. to L. 'm. rice-gruel').

मासुरकर्ण māsurakarņa, m. patr. fr. masurakarna, g. sivadi.

मासुरी māsurī, f. a beard, L.

मास्र māsūra, mf(ī)n. (fr. masūra) lentilshaped, Susr.; made of lentils, Bhpr.

माह māh, cl. 1. P. Ā. māhati, ote, to measure, mete, Dhātup. xxi, 29.

माहकस्थली māhaka-sthalī, f. N. of a place,

Māhakasthalaka, mfn. (fr. prec.), ib.

माहिक māhaki, m. (patr. fr. mahaka) N. of a teacher, Pravar.

माहकीप्रस्थ māhakī-prastha, mf(ī)n., Kās. on Pāņ. iv, 2, 110 (v.l. māhikī-prastha).

माहत māhata, mfn. (fr. mahat), g. utsâdi; n. greatness, g. prithv-ādi.

माहन māhana, m. a Brāhman, L.

माहनीय māhanīya, w.r. for mahanīya.

माहा 1. māhā, f. a cow, L. (cf. mahā, mahī, māheyī).

माहा 2. māhā, Vriddhi form of mahā, in comp. - kula and -kulīna, mfn. (fr. mahā-kula) nobly born, Pan. iv, 1, 114. - camasya, m. patr. fr. mahā-camasa, TUp. - citti, mfn. (fr. mahācitta), g. sutamgamadi. - janika and -janina. mfn. (fr. mahā-jana) fit for great persons or for merchants, Pān. v, 1, 9, Vārtt. 6, Pat.; g. pratijanadi. - tmika, mfn. (fr. mahatman) belonging to an exalted person, majestic, glorious, Mn. v, 94. - tmya, n. (fr. mahâtman) magnanimity, highmindedness, MBh.; Käv. &c.; exalted state or position, majesty, dignity, ib.; the peculiar efficacy or virtue of any divinity or sacred shrine &c., W. (cf. RTL. 433); a work giving an account of the merits of any holy place or object, W. (cf. devi-m° &c.) - nada, $mf(\bar{i})n$. (fr. $mah\bar{a}$ -nada) relating to a great river, g. utsâdi. = °nasa, mf(i)n. (fr. mahanasa) relating to a large carriage or to a kitchen, ib. - nā-

mana, mf(i)n, relating to the Mahā-nāmnī verses, AitBr. - nāmika or -nāmnika, mfn., id.; m. a Brāhman versed in the Mo verses, Pāņ. v, 1,94, Vārtt. 1 and 2, Pat. - putri, mfn. (fr. mahā-putra), g. sutamgamadi. - prana, mfn. (fr. mahā-pr°), g. utsddi. - bhāgya, n. = $mah\bar{a}$ - bh° , Nir. vii, 4 &c. - rajaná, $mf(\bar{i})n$. (fr. $mah\bar{a}$ - r°) dyed with saffron, SBr. – $r\bar{a}jika$, $mf(\bar{i})n$. (fr. $mah\bar{a}$ - $r\bar{a}ja$) attached or devoted to the reigning prince, Pan. iv, 2, 35. - rajya, n. (fr. id.) the rank of a reigning prince or sovereign, AitBr. - rāshṭra, mf(i)n. (fr. mahā-ro) belonging to the Marathas; (\bar{i}) , f. (with or scil. bhāshā) the Mo language (Marāthī), Cāņ.; Mricch., Introd. — vārttika, $mf(\bar{i})n$. (fr. $mah\bar{a}$ - v°) familiar with (Kātyāyana's) Vārttikas, Pāņ. iv, 2, 65, Vārtt. - vratī, f. (fr. mahā-vrata) the doctrine of the Pāsupatas, Prab.; otika, mfn. adhering to it; m. a Pāsupata (v.l. for mahā-vratika); "tīya, w.r. for mahā-vratīya. Māhendrá, mf(i)n. (fr. mahêndra) relating or belonging to great Indra, VS. &c. &c. (°dram dhanus, n. the rainbow; °dram ambhas, n. rain-water); eastern, running or flowing eastward, VarBrS.; Rājat.; m. (with or scil. graha, q.v.) a partic. ladleful, SBr.; KātySr.; = subha-danda-visesha, L.; (in astron.) N. of the 7th Muhūrta; (with Jainas) N. of a Kalpa (q.v.), Dharmas.; patr., Pravar.; pl. N. of a dynasty, VP.; (i), f. (with or scil. dis or āsā) the east, MBh.; VarBrS.; Rājat.; the Consort or Energy of Indra (one of the seven divine Mātris and one of the Mātris of Skanda), MBh.; a partic. Ishti, AsvSr.; a large banana. L.: a cow, L. (cf. maheyi); pl. (scil. ricas) N. of partic. verses in praise of Indra, VarBrS.; n. the asterism Jyeshtha, VarYogay.; -ja, m. pl. (with Jainas) N. of a class of gods; -vānī, f. N. of a river, MBh. Māhesa, m. (fr. mahesa) one of the Mānavaughas (q.v.), Cat.; (i), f. N. of Durga, Pur. Mahes**vara**, $mf(\bar{i})n$. (fr. *mahēsvara*) relating or belonging to the great lord Siva, MBh.; Hariv.; Pur.; m. a worshipper of Siva, Hariv.; Kathās.; Hcar.; (1), f., see below; -tantra, n. N. of a Tantra; -ta, f. the worship of Siva, Sivaism, Rājat.; -pada, n., -pura, n. N. of two Tirthas, MBh.; °rôpapurāna, n. N. of an Upapurāņa. Māhesvarī, f. the Consort or Energy of Siva (one of the seven divine Mātris, also = Durgā), MBh.(cf. IW. 522); N. of a river, Satr.; a species of climbing plant, L.; -tantra, n. N. of a Tantra.

माहिक māhika, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh.; VP. (v.l. māhisha).

Māhikī-prastha. See māhakī-pro.

माहित्य māhitthi, m. patr. of a teacher, SBr.

माहित्य māhitya, m. patr. fr. mahita, g. gargâdi.

Māhita, mfn. (fr. prec.), g. kanvādi.

माहिच māhitra, n. (scil. súkta) N. of the hymn RV. x, 185 (beginning with the words mahi trīnām), Mn. xi, 249.

माहिन $m \hat{a} hina$, $mf(\bar{a})n$. ($\sqrt{1. mah}$) gladsome, blithe, causing or feeling joy (others 'great, powerful'), RV.; n. dominion, L.

Mahina-vat, mfn. exhilarated, excited (others 'great, mighty'), RV.

माहिर māhira, m. N. of Indra, L. (v. Lmihira).

माहिष māhisha, mf(ī)n. (fr. mahisha, °shī) coming from or belonging to a buffalo or bo-cow, R.: MarkP.; m. N. of a district; pl. of a people. VarBrS.; n, the female apartments, L.; -sthalī, f. N. of a place, g. dhūmadi (°laka, mfn., ib.); °shaddaka (?), m. son of a Māhishya and a Karanī, L. shaka, m. a buffalo keeper, L.; pl. N. of a people, MBh.; Pur. oshika, m. = prec. sg., VP.; the paramour of an unchaste woman (others 'one who lives by the prostitution of his wife'), L.; $(\bar{a} \text{ or } \bar{i})$, f. N. of a river, osheya, m. a son of the first wife of a king, ApSr.; N. of a grammarian and Sch. on TS., Cat. shya, m. a partic. mixed caste (the son of a Kshatriya and a Vaisya mother whose business is attendance on cattle), Yājñ.; Gaut.

माहिषा māhishma, m. pl. (cf. next) N. of a people, VP.

Mahishmati, f. N. of a city (founded by Mahishmat or Mucukunda), MBh.; Kāv. &c.

Māhishmateyaka, mfn. (fr. prec.), g. kattry-ādi.

माहीन māhīna, m.(?) patr. (others mfn.= māhina), RV. x, 60, 1.

माहीयन्व māhīyatva, mfn. beginning with the word mahīya-tva (g. vimuktādi; Kāš. māhī-

माह्यादक māhuṇḍaka, m. (with bhaṭṭa) N. of a poet, Cat.

माह्रदस māhura-datta, N. of a place, ib.

माहुल māhula, m. patr., Pravar.

माहेन्द्र māhendra. See col. 2.

माहेय māheya, mf(ī)n. (fr. mahī) made of earth, earthen, MBh.; m. metron. of the planet Mars, VarBiS.; coral, L.; pl. N. of a people, MBh.; (\bar{i}) , f. a cow, L.

माहेल mahela, m. patr., Pravar.

माहेश māhesa, °svara. See col. 2.

14 1. mi (cf. $\sqrt{3}$. $m\bar{a}$ and $m\bar{i}$), cl. 5. P. \bar{A} . (Dhātup. xxvii, 4) minoti, minute (pf. P. mimāya, mimyúh, RV., mamau, Gr.; A. mimye. Gr.; aor. amāsīt, osta, ib.; Prec. mīyāt, māsīshta, ib.; fut. mātā, māsyati, ce, ib.; p.meshyat[?], AitBr.; ind. p. -mitya, ib., -māya, Gr.), to fix or fasten in the earth, set up, found, build, construct, RV.; AV.; SBr.; SrS.; to mete out, measure, VarBrS.; to judge, observe, perceive, know, MāṇḍUp.; MBh.; to cast, throw, scatter, Dhatup.: Pass. mīyáte (aor. amāyi, Gr.), to be fixed &c., AV.: Caus. mapayati (aor. amīmapat), Gr.: Desid. mitsati, cte, ib.: Intens. memīyate, memayīte, memeti, ib.

Mit, f. anything set up or erected, a post, pillar,

RV. (cf. garta-, upa-, prati-m°).

1. Mitá, mfn. (for 2. see below) fixed, set up, founded, established, RV.; AV.; ŠānkhŠr.; firm, strong (see comp.); cast, thrown, scattered, W. - jñu (mitá-), mfn. having strong or firm knees, RV. -dru (mitá), mfn. strong-legged, running well, ib.; m. (perhaps fr. 2. mita, having a measured course') the sea, ocean, L. - medha (mitá-), mfn. having firmly established power, RV.

1. Miti, f. (for 2. see p. 816, col. 1) fixing, erecting, establishing, RV.

मि 2. mi. See $\sqrt{m\bar{\imath}}$.

मिख् 1. miksh or mimiksh (prob. Desid. from a lost \(mis, \text{ contained in misra and misla;} \text{ but referred by others to \(\sqrt{mih}, \, q. v.; \) only pr. \(mimikshati, pf. mimikshátuh, oshé, oshire, and Impv. mimikshvá; cf. sam- / miksh), tomix (A.intrans.), mingle with (instr.), prepare (an oblation of Soma &c.), RV.; VS.; Br.: Caus. mekshayati, to stir up, mix, mingle, SBr.

Mimiksha, mimikshu. See s.v.

मिख् 2. miksh. See \sqrt{myaksh} .

निय migh=\dagma mih (only in ni-méghamāna and *meghá*, q.v.)

मिचिता micitā, f. N. of a river, VP. (v.l. for niscitā).

मिचक miccaka or micchaka, m. N. of the sixth patriarchal sage, Buddh.

ৰিক mich, cl. 6. P. micchati, to hurt, pain, annoy, Dhātup. xxviii, 16.

मिम्न miñj, cl. 10. P. miñjayati, to speak or to shine, Dhatup, xxxiii, 83.

मिञ्जिकामिञ्जिक miñjikā-miñjika, n. sg. N. of two beings sprung from the seed of Rudra, MBh.

मिशिमण minmina, mfn. (onomat.) speaking indistinctly through the nose (-tva, n.), Suir. (v.l. minmina).

मित् mit. See under VI. mi.

मित 2. mita, mfn. ($\sqrt{3}$. mā; for 1. mita see √1.mi) measured, meted out, measured or limited by, i.e. equal to (instr. or comp.), Sūryas.; VarBrS.; BhP.; containing a partic. measure, i.e. measuring, consisting of (acc.), RPrat.; Bhartr. (v.l.); measured, moderate, scanty, frugal, little, short, brief, Inscr.; Mn.; Kav. &c.; measured i.e. investigated, known (see -loka); m. N. of a divine being (associated with Sammita), Yājñ.; of a Rishi in the third Manv-antara, VP. - m-gama, m (\tilde{a}) n, taking measured steps, Pān. iii, 2, 38, Vārtt. 1, Pat.; m. and (ā), f. an ele-