$mf[\bar{a}]n.id.,Amar.)$ ; -skandha, m. 'broad-shouldered,' N. of Arjuna, L.;  $-srav\bar{a}$ , f. =  $^{\circ}ldsrav\bar{a}$ , L.; -hridaya, mfn. large-hearted, lo-minded, Bhartr. (v.l.); °ldyataksha, mfn. having large and long eyes, MW.; °lårtha-bhoga-vat, mfn. having great wealth and many enjoyments, VarBṛS.; °ldsravā, f. Aloe Perfoliata, L.; °lêkshana, mfn. large-eyed, MW.; -lôraska, mfn. broad-chested, ib.; °laujas, mfn. having great strength, very strong, R.

**Vi-pulaka**, mfn. 'very extensive' and 'without

bristling hair,' Sis. (cf. pulaka).

Vipulaya, Nom. P. vati, to lengthen, make longer, Subh.

Vipuli- / kri, P. -karoti, to extend, BhP. Vipulī-bhāva, m. spaciousness, extensiveness,

विषु  $vi - \sqrt{p\bar{u}}$ , P. -punāti, to cleanse thoroughly, purify effectually, MBh.; = vi-darayati, Nir. xii, 30, Sch.

Vi-pavya, mfn. to be thoroughly cleansed or purified, Pān. iii, I, II7, Sch.

Vi-pūya, mfn. cleansing, purifying, Bhatt.; m. Saccharum Munjia, Pāņ. iii, 1, 117.

विपूजन vi- $p\bar{v}jana$ , m.  $(\sqrt{p\bar{v}j})$  N. of a man, MaitrS.

विप्रयक vi- $p\bar{u}yaka$ , n.  $(\sqrt{p\bar{u}y})$  suppuration or an offensive smell, Susr.; a decomposed corpse, Buddh.

विपुच्*vi-√pṛic*, P.-*pṛiṇakti* (Impv.-*pṛiṅk*tam, Pot.-papricyāt, inf.-price), to isolate, separate from (instr.), VS.; to scatter, dispel, RV. iv, 13, 3; to fill, satiate, ib. iv, 24, 5. °prikta (vi-), mfn. separated, divided, ib. i, 163, 3. opríkvat, mfn. unmixed, pure, ib. v, 2, 3 (= sarvato vyāpta, Sāy.)

**Vi-pric**, mfn. isolated, separate, VS.

विपुद्धम् vi-priccham. See vi-√prach. विष्य vi-pritha, vi-prithu. See p. 951.

वियोधा vipo-dhā. See  $\sqrt{vip}$ , p. 972.

विष्र vipra &c. See √vip, p. 972.

विप्रकीर्ण vi-pra- $k\bar{i}rna$ , mfn.  $(\sqrt{kr\bar{i}})$  scattered or thrown about, dispersed, dashed to pieces, MBh.; R. &c.; dishevelled, loose (see comp.), extended, wide, spacious, R.; -siroruha, mfn. having dishevelled or flowing hair, MBh. iii, 401; onalkapārsva, mfn. having one side stretched out, Megh. 87 (v.l. for sam-ni- $k\bar{i}rn^{\circ}$ ).

विभक् vi-pra- 🗸 I. kṛi, P. -karoti, to treat with disrespect, hurt, injure, offend, oppress, MBh.; R. &c.; to appoint, admit (sākshye, as a witness), MBh. v, 1225 (prob. w.r. for adhi-\langle kri): Pass. of Caus. -kāryate, to be slighted or injured or treated disrespectfully, MW. oprakartri, mfn. injuring, an injurer, offender, ib.

Vi-prakāra, m. treating with disrespect, hurt, injury, wickedness, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; retaliation, W.; various manner, MW. (rather fr. vi-pra-\langle krī). oprakārin, mfn. treating with contempt, opposing, retaliating, W.

Vi-prakrit, mfn. hurting, injuring, offending (with gen.), BhP. oprakrita, mfn. hurt, injured, offended &c.; MBh.; Kav. &c.; thwarted, frustrated, MBh. oprakriti, f. change, variation, Yājñ. ii, 9; injury, offence, opposition, retaliation, W.

विप्रकृष् vi-pra-√kṛish, P. -karshati, to drag or draw apart, lead away or home, MBh.: to remove from (abl.), Naish.

Vi-prakarsha, m. dragging away, carrying off, MBh.; remoteness, distance (in space or time). Gobh.; Kav.; difference, contrast, MBh.; (in gram.) the separation of two consonants by the insertion of a vowel.

Vi-prakrishta, mfn. dragged or drawn apart &c.; remote, distant, a long way off, R.; Pañcat.; Suir. (with gen. or abl.; Pān. ii, 3, 34; °tād āgatah, come from afar, ib. ii, 1, 39, Sch.); remote in rank, see a-vip°; protracted, lengthened, MW.; -tva, n. remoteness, distance, MBh.; °tântara, mfn. separated by a long distance, Sak. oprakrishtaka, mfn. remote, distant, L.

विष्रक्रिपान vi-pra-klripti, f. ( $\sqrt{klrip}$ ) separate or special arrangement or preparation, KātyŚr.

विम्रगम् vi-pra- $\sqrt{gam}$ , -gacchati, to go apart or asunder, be dispersed or scattered, MBh.

विम्रगीत vi-pra-gita, mfn. ( $\sqrt{gai}$ ) that about which opinions differ, not agreed upon, Jaim.,

विप्रचिन vi-pra-vcint (only ind. p. -cintya), to meditate on, think about, MBh.

বিসভার vi-pra-cchanna, mfn. (√chad) concealed, hidden, secret, Kathās.

বিমন্ত vi- Vprach, P. -pricchati (rarely te; Ved. inf.-priccham), to ask various questions, make various inquiries, RV.; BhP.

Vi-prishta, m. N. of a son of Vasu-deva, BhP. Vi-prasna, m. interrogation of fate, Pān. i, 4, 39 (cf. vaiprašnika). °prašnika, m. a fortuneteller, Kath.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. L.

বিদ্যগিষি viprájitti, m. N. of a preceptor, SBr. (cf. vipra-citti).

বিদ্যাত্বা vi-pra-ṇas (√2. nas), P. -ṇasyati, -našati, to be lost, perish, disappear, Yājñ.; MBh.; to have no effect or result, bear no fruit, MBh.: Caus. -nāšayati, to cause to be lost or perish, SaddhP.  $^{\circ}$ pranā $\dot{\mathbf{s}}$ a, see a-v $^{\circ}$ .  $^{\circ}$ pranash $\mathbf{t}$ a, mfn. (not  $^{\circ}$ pranashta, cf. Pān. viii, 4, 36) lost, disappeared, gone, fruitless, vain, MBh.; -višeshaka, mfn. one who has lost his discriminative faculty, R.

বিষ্ণা vi-pra- $n\bar{\imath}$  ( $\sqrt{n\bar{\imath}}$ ), to turn (the mind) to (loc.), MBh.; to let elapse or pass away (time), ib.

विप्रतारक vi-pra- $t\bar{a}raka$ , m.  $(\sqrt{t}r\bar{i})$  an impostor, deceiver, L. °pratārita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) imposed upon, deceived, Satr.

विम्नातक vi-prati-√1. kṛi, P. -karoti, to counteract, oppose, MW. opratikāra, m. counteraction, opposition, reverse, retaliation, ib. opratikrita, mfn. counteracted, opposed, requited, ib.

विम्रातिपद vi-prati-  $\sqrt{pad}$ , A. -padyate, to go in different or opposite directions, turn here and there, SBr.; to roam, wander (said of the senses), Kad.; to be perplexed or confounded, be uncertain how to act, waver, hesitate, MBh.; to differ or diverge in opinion, be mutually opposed, Samk.; to be mistaken, have a false opinion about (loc.), Car.; to reply falsely or erroneously, Nyāyas., Sch.

Vi-pratipatti, f. divergence, difference or opposition (of opinion or interests), contrariety, contradiction, SrS.; Gaut.; VarBrS. &c.; incompatibility of two conceptions, opposition of one rule to another, Sarvad.; erroneous perception or notion, error, mistake, Susr.; Car.; suspicion about (loc.), Jātakam.; aversion, hostile feeling or treatment, ib.; false reply or objection (in argument), Nyäyas.; various acquirement, conversancy, W.; mutual connection or relation, ib.

Vi-pratipadya, mfn. to be opposed or contested. W.: to be variously acquired, ib.

Vi-pratipanna, mfn. gone in different directions &c.; perplexed, confounded, uncertain, Apast.; of opposite opinion, dissentient, Samk.; Sarvad.; wrong, false (as an opinion), Pat.; having a false opinion, being mistaken about or in (loc.), Car.; forbidden, prohibited, Apast.; conversant or acquainted with in various ways, W.; mutually connected, ib.; -buddhi, mfn. having a false opinion, being mistaken or in error, Pat.

विमितिभा vi-prati- √bhā, P. -bhāti, to appear as, seem to be (nom.), MBh.

विप्रतिषिद्ध vi-prati-shiddha, mfn. (√2. sidh) prohibited, forbidden, KātyŚr.; contradicted, opposed (am, ind.), Nir.; Apast. &c.; of opposed meaning, Pāņ. ii, 4, 13.

Vi-pratishedha, m. restraining, keeping in check, MBh.; opposition, contradiction, contrariety, conflict (of two statements), SrS.; Samk. &c. (esp. in gram., pratishedhe, where there is a conflict between two rules, Pān. i, 4, 2; odhena, in consequence of a conflict of two rules, iv, I, 170, Vartt. I; pūrva-vipratishedha, a conflict of two rules of which the former prohibits the latter, iv, 2, 39, Vartt. 1; para-v°, a conflict of two rules of which the latter prohibits the former, ii, 2, 35, Vartt. 1, Pat.); prohibition, negation, annulment, Nyāyas.

and the second control of the second control

√sri) repentance, Kāraņd.; evil, wickedness, L.; anger, wrath, L.; -vat, mfn. = next, Jātakam. opratisārin, mfn. full of repentance, Lalit.; afflicted, dejected, ib. °pratīsāra, m. = °pratisāra, L.

विप्रथ् vi-√prath, P. Ā. -prathati, °te, (P.) to spread (trans.), RV. vi, 72, 2; (A.) to spread out. extend (intrans.), be wide, RV.; TS.; Hcar.: Caus. -prathayati, spread out or abroad, celebrate, RV.; MBh.; to unfold, display, exhibit, MBh. oprathita, mfn. spread out or abroad, celebrated, MBh.

বিষ্ট্র vi-pra-dushța, mfn. ( $\sqrt{dush}$ ) very corrupt or corrupted, very sensual or dissolute, very bad, Mn. ix, 72 &c.; -bhāva, mfn. having a very wicked or vicious disposition, ib. ii, 97.

चिप्रदह vi-pra-√duh, P. -dogdhi (cf. pravi-\( duh \), to milk out, drain, exploit, RV. iv, 24, 9 (Sāy. 'to take').

विमद् vi-pra-  $\sqrt{dru}$ , P. -dravati, to run asunder or away, disperse, flee, PañcavBr.; MBh.; R. opradruta, mfn. fled, escaped, MBh.; R.

विप्रधर्षे vi-pra-dharsha, m. (√dhṛish) harassing, annoyance (in  $ati-v^{\circ}$ ), R..

विष्रधाव vi-pra-√1. dhāv, P. -dhāvati, to run in different directions, MBh.

বিমন্থ vi-pranashta. See vi-pra-ṇas.

विप्रपात vi-pra- $p\bar{a}ta$ , m. ( $\sqrt{pat}$ ) a partic. method of flying, Pañcat.; a precipice, abyss, MBh.

বিদৰ্ভ vi-pra-buddha, mfn. (vbudh) awakened, awake, Megh. oprabodhita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) mentioned, discussed, MBh.

विम्रमाथिन vi-pra-māthin, mfn. (√math) destroying everything, destructive, Käm.

विप्रमादिन vi-pra- $m\bar{a}din$ , mfn. ( $\sqrt{mad}$ ) heeding nothing, thoroughly heedless, ib. (v.l.)

विष्रमुच्*vi-pfa-√muc*,P.-muñcati,toloosen, unfasten, take off, MBh.; to liberate, set free, ib.; to discharge, hurl, shoot, R.: Pass. -mucyate, to be liberated or released from (abl.), get off free, MBh.; Kāv.; Pur.

Vi-pramukta, mfn. loosened &c.; discharged, shot, hurled, R.; delivered or freed from (instr. or comp.), MBh.; BhP.; v.l. for vi-prayukta (below); -bhaya, mfn. removed from danger, free from fear, Hariv. opramocya, mfn. to be liberated or freed from (abl.), R.

विष्रमुह vi-pra-√muh, Caus. -mohayati, to throw into confusion, render confused, MBh.

Vi-pramoha, m. committing a fault, transgression (in a-vipro), AsvSr. opramohita, mfn. confused, perplexed, bewildered, MBh.

विप्रमोक्ष vi-pra-moksha, m. (\square moksh) loosening, release, ChUp.; Sarvad.; deliverance from (abl. or gen.), MBh.; Hcat. opramokshana, n. (ifc.) deliverance from, Hariv.; Sarvad.

विप्रयाण vi-pra- $yar{a}$ pa,  $n.(\sqrt{y}ar{a})$  going away, flight, L. oprayata, mfn. gone apart or asunder, fled in all directions, MBh.

विष्रयुज् vi-pra- √yvj, P. -yunakti, to separate from, deprive of (instr.), MBh.: Pass. -yujyate, to be separated from (instr.), R.: Caus. -yojayati, to cause to be separated from, deprive of (instr.), R.; to release from (instr.), Hariv.

Vi-prayukta, mfn. separated or removed or absent from, destitute of, free from, without (instr. or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; not being in conjunction with, VarBrS. (v.l. opramukta).

Vi-prayoga, m. disjunction, dissociation, separation from (instr. with or without saha, gen., or comp.), Mn.; MBh.&c.; absence, want.Sah.; quarrel. disagreement, W.; the being fit or deserving, ib. prayogin, mfn. separated (from a beloved object), Kathās. cprayojita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) freed from (instr.), Hariv.

विमलप् vi-pra-√lap, P. -lapati, to discourse or speak about variously, be at variance, disagree, Pān. i, 3, 50 (also A.); to complain, lament, bewail, MBh. opralapita, mfn. discussed, debated about, MW. opralapta, n. discussion, debate, dis-विप्रतिसार vi-prati-sāra, n. (L. m., fr. | quisition, MBh. 2. °pralāpa, m. (for 1. see p. 951,

springs of the specific of the springs of the control of the specific of the s