(acc.), shake off, MBh.; cl. 10. P. (Dhātup. xxxiii, 57; rather Nom. fr. moksha, below), mokshayati (m. c. also Ā. ote; Impv. mokshayadhvam, MBh.; fut.mokshayishyati, te, ib.; inf. mokshitum, Hariv., v. l.), to free or deliver from (abl.), Gaut.; Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; to liberate, emancipate (from transmigration), Hariv.; to loosen, untie, undo, Sušr.; to detach, extract, draw out of (abl.), AitBr.; to wrest or take away anything from (abl.), Hariv.; to shed, cause to flow (blood), Sušr.; to cast, hurl, fling, Dhātup.

Mumokshayishu, mfn. See under √2. muc, p. 821, col. 2.

Moksha, m. (ifc. f. \bar{a}) emancipation, liberation, release from (abl., rarely gen. or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; release from worldly existence or transmigration, final or eternal emancipation, Up.; Mn.; MBh. &c. (IW. 39); death, L.; N. of partic. sacred hymns conducive to final emano, Yājñ.; (in astron.) the liberation of an eclipsed or occulted planet, the last contact or separation of the eclipsed and eclipsing bodies, end of an eclipse, Sūryas.; VarBṛS.; falling off or down, Kum.; VarBrS. (cf. garbha-); effusion, VarBrS.; setting free, deliverance (of a prisoner), Gaut.; loosing, untying (hair), Megh.; settling (a question), Kathās.; acquittance of an obligation, discharge of a debt (cf. rina-); shedding or causing to flow (tears, blood &c.), MarkP.; Susr.; casting, shooting, hurling, MBh.; Kāv.; Pur.; strewing, scattering, Kum.; Kathäs.; utterance (of a curse), R.; relinquishment, abandonment, Kathās.; N. of the Divine mountain Meru, L.; Schrebera Swietenioides, L. - kānkshin, mfn. desirous of liberation or of final emancipation, MW. - kānda, N. of ch. of the Kritya-kalpataru by Lakshmi-dhara. - kāranatā-vādārtha, m., -kārikā, f. pl. N. of wks. - kriyā-samācāra, mfn. accomplishing the act of liberation, Pañcat. - khanda, m.orn. N.ofwk. - jñāna, n. knowledge of final beatitude or emancipation, MW. - tīrtha, n. N. of a Tirtha, Cat. - dā, f. N. of a female ascetic, Kathās. - deva, m. N. of Hiouenthsang, Buddh. - dvāra, n. 'gate of eman',' N. of the sun, MBh. - dharma, m. law or rule of emano, MBh.; N. of a section of the 12th book of the Mahābhārata (from Adhyāya 174 to the end; also -parvan, n.), IW. 374; -tīkā, f., -dīpikā, f., -vyākhyā, f., -vyākhyāna, n., -sārôddhāra, m.; °mârtha-dīpikā, f.N. of wks. - nirnaya, m.N. of wk. - pati, m. (in music) a kind of measure, Samgit. - parâyana, mfn. having emano as chief object, Bhag. - puri, f. 'city of eman',' N. of the city of Kanci, Cat. - pravesa-vyavasthāna, m. a partic. Samādhi, Kāraṇḍ. - bhāgīya, mfn. having to do with emano, Divyav. - bhāj, mfn. attaining final emano, Cat. - bhāva, m. liberation, final emano, MBh. - mahāparishad, f. 'great eman'-assembly,' the Buddhist general council, Buddh. - mārga, m. N. of a Jaina wk. - lakshmī-vilāsa, m. N. of a temple, Cat.; N. of wk. — lakshmī-sāmrājya-tantra, n.,°yasiddhi, f. N. of wks. - vat, mfn. connected with final emano, MārkP. - vāda, m., oda-mīmānsā, f. N. of wks. - vārttika, mfn. reflecting upon final eman°, MBh. - vinsaka or °ka-stotra, n. '20 verses on emano, N. of the verses Hariv. 14348 &c. -sastra, n. the doctrine of final emano, Up. - sadhana, n. means of emano, ib.; onopadesa, m. N. of wk. - samrājya-siddhi, f., -siddhi. f., -hetutā-vāda, m., -mokshâgama, m. N. of wks. Mokshântaranga, mfn. nearest or next to final emano, MW. Mokshavalambin, m. resting (hopes) on emano, a heretic, L. Mokshêcchā, f. desire of eman°, MBh. Mokshêsvara, m. N. of a man; of an author, Cat. Mokshôpāya, m. means of emano, Hariv.; a sage, saint, devotee (?), W.; -niscaya, m., -sāra, m. or n.(?) N. of wks.

Mokshaka, mfn. one who looses or unties or sets free, Mn.; (ifc.) final emancipation, L.; m. a species of tree, VarBrS.; Susr.; Bhpr.; Schrebera Swietenioides, Bhpr.

Mokshana, mfn. liberating, emancipating, Cat.; n. liberation, releasing, rescuing, MBh.; Mricch.; setting at liberty (a criminal), Mn. ix, 249; loosing, untying, Pañcat.; shedding, causing to flow, Mālav.; Sušr. (cf. rakta-m°); giving up, abandoning, deserting, Pañcat.; Hit. (v. l.); squandering, W.; (i), f. the magic art of releasing any one, HPariš.

Mokshaniya, mfn. to be given up or resigned, to be disregarded or neglected (a-m°, inevitable), MBh.; R.

Mokshayitavya, mfn. to be emancipated, Bādar.,

Mokshayitri, mfn. one who frees or liberates from (abl.), R.

Mokshāya, Nom. A. vate, to become a means of emancipation, Cat.

Mokshita, mfn. set free, liberated, MBh.; Hariv.; wrested away, Hariv.

Mokshin, mfn. striving after emancipation, MBh.; MārkP.; emancipated, RāmatUp.

Mokshya, mfn. to be liberated, to be saved, Hariv. मोग moga, m. the chicken-pox or some similar disease, L.

HIE mógha (or moghá, MaitrS.), mf(ā)n. (\$\sqrt{1.muh}\$) vain, fruitless, useless, unsuccessful, unprofitable (ibc. and am, ind. in vain, uselessly, without cause), RV. &c. &c.; left, abandoned, MBh.; idle, ib.; m. a fence, hedge, L.; (ā), f. Bignonia Suaveolens, L.; Embelia Ribes, L. - karman, mfn. one whose actions are fruitless, observing useless ceremonies, Bhag. - jñāna, mfn. one whose knowledge is useless, cultivating any but religious wisdom, ib. - tā, f. vainness, uselessness, Kathās. - pushpā, f. a barren woman, L. - hāsin, mfn. laughing causelessly, Kāth. Moghāsa, mfn. one whose hopes are vain, Bhag.

Moghāya, Nom. A. vate, to become vain or useless or insignificant, Alamkārav.

Moghī, in comp. for mogha. — √1. kṛi, P. -karoti, to make vain, frustrate, disappoint, Kālid.
— bhūta, mfn. become useless, rendered vain, MBh.
Mogholi, m. an enclosure, hedge, fence, L.

Hid moca, m. ($\sqrt{2.muc}$) the juice of a tree; L.; Moringa Pterygosperma, MBh.; (prob.) Musa Sapientum, Sušr.; (\bar{a}), f. Musa Sapientum, Naish.; the cotton shrub, L.; the indigo plant, L.; ($\bar{\imath}$), f. Hingtsha Repens, L.; n. a plantain, banana (the fruit), Vāgbh. — niryāsa, m., -rasa, m., -sāra, m., -srāva, m., -srut, m. the resin of Gossampinus Rumphii, L. Mocahva, m. id., Bhpr.

Mocaka, mfn. liberating, emancipating, Pañcar.; one who has abandoned all worldly passions and desires, an ascetic, devotee, L.; m. (only L.) Moringa Pterygosperma, L.; Musa Sapientum, L.; Schrebera Swietenioides, L.; $(ik\bar{a})$, f. a species of plant, L.; a species of fish, Bhpr.; n. a kind of shoe, L.

Mocana, $mf(\bar{\imath})n$. (ifc.) releasing from, BhP.; casting, darting, Gīt.; ($\bar{\imath}$), f. a species of plant (= $kanṭa-k\bar{a}r\bar{\imath}$), L.; n. release, liberation, freeing or delivering from (abl. or comp.), Das.; Sukas. (cf. $rina-m^{\circ}$); unyoking (a car), MBh.; (ifc.) discharging, emitting, Gobh.—paṭṭaka, m. or n. 'a clearing cloth,' filter, L.

Mocanaka, $\inf(ik\bar{a})$ n. releasing, setting free (see bandha-m°); $(ik\bar{a})$, f. N. of a woman, Kathās.

Mocanīya, mfn. to be released or set free, Pañcat, Mocayitavya, mfn. id., Mālav. (v. l. mocit^o). Mocayitri, mfn. freeing, releasing, Kull. on Mn. viii, 342.

Mocāṭa, m. (only L.) the pith or core of the banana; the fruit of the banana tree; Nigella Indica; sandal wood.

Moci. See hila-m°.

Mocika, m. a tanner or shoemaker (cf. Hind. mochi), L.

Mocita, mfn. caused to be released, set free, Hit. Mocin, mfn. setting free, liberating (see bandhamocinī).

Mocya, mfn. = $mocan\bar{i}ya$, Yājň.; to be given up or restored, ib.; to be deprived of (acc.), Gaut.

मोजकेशिन mojakesin, w.r. for muñja-k°.

मोट moța, m. or n. a bundle (=Hindī moțh), Divyâv. (also written mūḍha, muṭa, mūṭa).

मोदन moṭaka, m. n. (\sqrt{mut}) a globule or pill to be used as a remedy against (gen.), Cat. (cf. mo-daka); m. N. of an author, Cat.; (\bar{z}), f. (in music) a partic. Rāgiṇī, L.; n. a broken or crushed leaf, L.

Moṭana, mfn. crushing, grinding, destroying (see gaja-m²); m. wind, air, L.; n. the act of crushing, breaking, snapping, wringing, strangling, Mricch.; Sukas. (cf. ainguli-m²).

Moțanaka, n. crushing, entire destruction, Chandom.; a kind of metre, ib.

Moțamāna, n. a partic. Siddhi, Sāṃkhyas., Sch. मोटपह्नी moța-palli, f. N. of a country, मोटा moțā, f. Sida Cordifolia, L.; Sesbania Aegyptiaca, L.

मोरि moți or moți. See karņa-mo.

मोहायित moțțāyita, n. showing affection in the absence of a loved object, the silent expression of returned affection, Dašar.; Sāh.

मोट modha, m. N. of a family, Cat. - sataka, n. N. of a poem.

Modhaka, m. N. of a man, Cat.

Hill moņa, m. dried fruit, L.; a kind of fly, L.; a basket in which snakes are carried, L. Moņaka, a word used to explain dimbikā, L.

मोतीराम motīrāma, m. (with kavi) N. of a poet (author of the Krishna-vinoda-kāvya), Cat.

Hit móda, m. (√2. mud) joy, delight, gladness, pleasure, RV. &c. &c.; fragrance, perfume, BhP. (cf. āmoda); N. of a partic. formula, ĀpŚr.; of a Muni, Cat.; (ā), f. a species of plant (=ajamodā), L.; a kind of Andropogon, L. — kara, m. N. of a Muni, R. — nātha, m. N. of an author, Cat. — marjarī-guṇa-leṣa-mātra-sūcakāshṭaka, n. and -mañjarī-guṇa-leṣa-sūcaka-daṣaka, n. N. of Stotras. — modinī, f. Eugenia Jambolana, L. (prob. w.r. for megha-m²). Modākhya, m. the mango tree, L. Modā-giri, m. N. of a country, MBh. Modāḍhyā, f. a species of plant (=ajamodā), L. Modā-pura, n. N. of a town, MBh.

Modaka, mfn. (ifc.) gladdening, exhilarating, MBh.; m. n. a small round sweetmeat, any sweetmeat, MBh.; R. &c.; (in medicine) a kind of pill, Sušr.; Bhpr.; m. a partic. mixed caste (the son of a Kshatriya by a Sūdra mother), L.; (i), f. N. of a partic. mythical club, R.; n. a kind of metre, Col.—kāra, m. a sweetmeat-maker, confectioner, R.—maya, mf(i)n. composed of sweetmeats, Pān. v, 4, 22, Sch.—vallabha, m. fond of sweetmeats, N. of Ganêsa, Gal.

Modakikā, f. a sweetmeat (only ifc. after numerals, e. g. dvi-modakikām dadāti, he gives always two sweetmeats), Pān. v. 4. 1. Vārtt. 1. Pat.

sweetmeats), Pāṇ. v, 4, 1, Vārtt. 1, Pat.

Modana, mfn. (fr. Caus.) gladdening, delighting, gratifying (mostly ifc.), MBh.; R.; Hariv.; (ī), f. musk, L.; n. the act of gladdening &c., Dhātup.; wax (=ucchishta-m°), L.

Modanīya, mfn. to be rejoiced at, delightful, KathUp.

Modamāna, mfn. rejoicing, being glad, ChUp.; m. (prob.) a proper N. (cf. maudamānika).

Modayat, mín. (fr. Caus.) rejoicing, delighting; (antī), f. Ptychotis Ajowan, L. (also otikā).

Modāki and okin, v.l. for maudākin.

Modāyani, m. patr. fr. moda, Prav. (prob. w.r. for maudāyani).

Modita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) pleased, delighted, W.; n. pleasure, delight, ib.

Modin, mfn. rejoicing, glad, cheerful, MaitrUp.; (ifc.) gladdening, delighting, MBh.; (inī), f. Jasminum Zambac or Auriculatum, L.; = aja-modā, L.; musk, L. (cf. modana); an intoxicating drink, L. Modiniša, n. N. of a Tantra, Āryav. (cf. mediniša).

मोदोप modosha, m. N. of a preceptor, BhP.

मोमहरा momahana, m. N. of an author (15th century), Cat. - vilāsa, m. N. of Mo's wk.

मोमुघ momughá, mfn. (fr. Intens. of $\sqrt{1}$. muh) mad, insane, SBr.

FIT mora, m. a peacock ($= may\bar{u}ra$), L.; ($\bar{\imath}$), f. N. of a family, Cat. Morêsvara, m. (with bhatta) N. of an author, ib.

भारक moraka, n. a kind of steel, L.; the milk of a cow seven days after calving, L. (cf. next).

witz morața, m. a species of plant with sweet juice, L.; (also n.) the milk of a cow seven days after calving, Suir. (also 'sour buttermilk' = moraņa, Bhpr.); (ā), f. Sanseviera Roxburghiana, L.; n. the root of the sugar-cane, L.; the flower and root of Alangium Hexapetalum, L.

Morațaka, n. the root of the sugar-cane, L.

मोरण moraņa, m. sour buttermilk, Sušr., Sch. (cf. morața).

मोराक morāka, m. N. of king Pravara-3 H 2