gas-ka, mfn. id., BhP. x, 88, 29. Kritagni, m., N. of a son of Kanaka or Dhanaka, Hariv. 1850; BhP. ix, 23, 22. Kritagni-karya, m. a Brahman who has offered the usual fire-oblation. Kritanka, min. marked, branded, Mn. viii, 281; R. ii, 15, 37; numbered, W. Kritanjali, mfn. one who joins the hollowed palms in reverence or to solicit a favour (holding the hollowed palms together as if to receive alms or an offering), standing in a reverent or respectful posture, Mn.; MBh.; R.; (as), m. a shrub used in medicine and in magical potions, L.; -puta,  $mf(\tilde{a})n$ , joining the palms of the hands for obeisance or for holding offerings of water &c., R. i, 39, 9. **Kritatithya**, mf( $\vec{a}$ )n. one who has practised hospitality; one who has received hospitality, regaled, R. iii, 7, 1; Das. Kritatman, mfn. one whose spirit is disciplined, MundUp.; Mn.; MBh. &c. **Kritadara**,  $mf(\bar{a})n$  one to whom regard or attention has been paid, Kathās. Kritanati, mfn. one who bends in reverence, bowing, paying homage or respect; one to whom homage is paid, Rājat. v, 215. Kritanana, mfn. possessing a great experience, Gal. Kritanukara, mfn. imitating what has been done by another, following another's example, not independent, SBr.; KātySr. Kritanukūlya, mfn. compliant, kind, favouring. Kritanukrita-kārin, mfn. doing anything before and after, R. vi, 91, 28. Kritanuvyadha, mfn. mixed, combined, W. Kritanusara, m. established practice, custom. Kritanta, mfn. causing an end, bringing to an end, leading to a decisive termination, BhP. ix, 6, 13; whose end is action, W.; (as), m. 'the inevitable result of actions done in a past existence,' destiny, fate, R.; Pañcat.; Megh.; Vet.; death personified, N. of Yama (god of death), MārkP.; Hit.; a demonstrated conclusion, dogma, Bhag. xviii, 13; a conclusion, MBh. xii, 218, 27; (in Gr.) a fixed form or name (?), Pat. Introd. (on Vārtt. 1) & on Pān. i, 1, 1, Vārtt. 4; a sinful or inauspicious action, L.; 'closing the week,' Saturday, L.; (a), f. a kind of medicinal drug or perfume (= renukā), L.; -kālāsura, m., N. of an Asura, GanP.; -janaka, 'father of Yama,' N. of the sun, L.; -samtrāsa, m., N. of a Rākshasa, Kathās. lxxxvi, 137. Kritantara, mfn. one who has prepared a passage to any object (gen.), Kad. Kritânná, n. prepared or cooked food, SBr. xiii; KātyŠr.; Lāty.; Mn.; Sušr.; digested food, excrement; (mfn.) eating, W. Kritapakara, mfn. injured, wronged, discomfited, overpowered; doing wrong, offending. Kritapakrita, mfn. done for and against, done well and done wrong, gana sākapārthivadi. Kritapadāna, mfn. one who has completed a great or noble work. Kritaparadha, mfn. one who has committed an offence against (gen.), guilty, culpable, Vikr.; Mālav. Kritabhaya, mfn. saved from danger or fear, W. Kritabharaņa, mfn. adorned. Kritabhisheka, mfn. one who has performed a religious ablution, R. i, 44, 30; consecrated, inaugurated; (as), m. a prince who has been inaugurated;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. the consecrated wife of a prince, Gal. Kritabhisarana-vesha, mfn. attired in the dress of a maiden who goes to meet her lover, Vikr. Kritabhyasa, mfn. trained, exercised, practised. Kritaya, m. the die called Krita, Comm. on ChUp. (in the text kritaya is dat. of  ${}^{\circ}ta$ ). Kritayasa, mfn. labouring, suffering. Kritargha, mfn. received or welcomed by the Argha offering, ParGr.; (as), m., N. of the nineteenth Arhat of the past Utsarpini, L. (v. l. kritartha). Kritarta-nada, mfn. one who makes cries of pain. **Kritartha**,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ , one who has attained an end or object or has accomplished a purpose or desire, successful, satisfied, contented, MundUp.; SvetUp.; MBh. &c.; clever, Comm. on L.; (as), m., v. l. for kritargha, q. v.; -tā, f. accomplishment of an object, success, Ragh. viii, 3; Git. v, 19; Kathās.; -tva, n. id., Sāh.; kritarthī-Vkri, to render successful, content, satisfy, Kathās. lxxiv, 125; orthī-karana, mfn. rendering successful, Kathās.; orthīkrita, mfn. rendered successful, Dhürtas.; Amar.;  $^{\circ}rth\bar{\imath}$ - $\sqrt{bh\bar{u}}$ , to become successful, be contented, Mālatīm.; orthī-bhūta, mfn. become successful. Kritarthaniya, mfn. to be rendered successful, Naish. ix, 51. Kritarthaya, Nom. P. vati, to render successful, content, satisfy, Mālatīm.; Kād.; Sis.; Naish.; Viddh. Kritâlaka, m., N. of one of Siva's attendants, Comm. on L. Kritalaya, mfn. one who has taken up his abode in any place (loc. or in comp., e. g. svarga-k°, an inhabitant of heaven), R.

&c.; (as), m. a dog, L. Kritâloka, mfn. supplied with light, lighted, W. Kritavadhana, mfn. one who takes care, careful, cautious, attentive. Kritavadhi, mfn. having a fixed limit, fixed, appointed, agreed upon; bounded, limited. Kritavamarsha, mfn. one who has effaced from recollection; intolerant. Kritavasyaka, mfn. one who has done all that is necessary. Kritavasakthika, mfn. seated on the hams with the knees tied together or the hips and knees surrounded by a cloth, Kāty-Šr. Kritavastha, mfn. settled, received (as a guest). Ap.: Mn. viii, 60. Kritavasa, m. a lodging, W.; (mfn.) lodging. Kritasa, mfn. one who forms hopes, hoping for anything ['despairing, Comm.], MBh. iii, 31, 37. Kritasansa, mfn. one who forms hopes or expectations, hoping, Kad. Kritasana, mfn. one who makes a meal, feeding upon. Kritasana-parigraha, mfn. one who has taken a seat. Kritaskandana, mfn. one who has made an attack, assailing, attacking; effacing from recollection (?), W. Kritastra, mfn. one who has exercised himself in throwing arrows or other weapons, skilled in archery, MBh.; R.; armed; (as), m., N. of a warrior, MBh. ii, 127; -tā, f. consummate skill or proficiency in the use of arms, MBh. i, 5156. Kritaspada, mfn. one who takes up a station or residence or abode; supporting, resting on; governed, ruled. Kritahaka, mfn. (fr. ahan), one who has performed the daily ceremonies or devotions. Kritahara, oraka, mfn. one who has eaten food or made a meal. Kritahvana, mfn. summoned, called, challenged. Kritershya, mfn. envious, jealous. Kritomkāra, mfn. (cf. Pāņ. vi, 1, 95) one who has pronounced the holy syllable om, Vet. v, 1. Kritôccais, ind. raised on high (?), cf. gaņa svar-ādi and Pān. v, 4, 57. Kritôtsāha, mfn. one who has made effort, striving. Kritôdaka, mfn. one who has performed his ablutions, MBh. iii, 8141; one who has offered a libation of water to the dead, MBh.; R. Kritôdvāha, mfn. performing penance by standing with uplifted arms, W.; married, MBh.; R.; Kathās. Kritônmāda, mfn. one who feigns to be insane, Kathās. xviii, 250. Kritôpakāra,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ , assisted, befriended, Kum, iii, 73; one who has rendered a service, giving aid, friendly. Kritôpacāra, mfn. served, waited upon. Kritôpanayana, m. one who has been invested with the sacrificial cord, Mn. ii, 108 & 173. Kritôpabhoga, mfn. used, enjoyed. Kritaujas, m., N. of a son of Kanaka or Dhanaka, Hariv. 1850; BhP. ix, 23, 22. Kritaka, mfn. artificial, factitious, done artificially, made, prepared, not produced spontaneously, Nir.; MBh. &c.; not natural, adopted (as a son), MBh. xiii, 2630; Megh.; assumed, simulated, false, MBh.; Pañcat.; Ragh. xviii, 51 &c.; (am or a- in

comp.), ind. in a simulated manner, Sis. ix, 83; Kathās.; (as), m., N. of a son of Vasu-deva, BhP. ix, 24, 47; of a son of Cyavana, VP.; (am), n. a kind of salt (=vid-lavana), L.; sulphate of copper, L.

Kritaya, Nom. P. vati (aor. acīkritat or acako, Vop.), to take the die called Kṛita, Pāṇ. iii, 1,21. Kritânta, kritârtha, &c. See kritá.

Kritāvin, mfn. skilled, Divyâv.

I. Kriti, is, f. the act of doing, making, performing, manufacturing, composing, SBr. x; ChUp.; Pañcat.; Kāš. &c.; action, activity, MBh. iii, 12480; Bhāshāp.; Tarkas.; creation, work, Vop.; literary work, Mālav.; Ragh.; Pāņ. vi, 2, 151, Kāś.; a house of relics, Divyav.; 'magic,' see -kara; a witch (cf. kritvā), Devīm.; a kind of Anushtubh metre (consisting of two Padas of twelve syllables each and a third Pāda of eight syllables), RPrāt.; another metre (a stanza of four lines with twenty syllables in each), RPrāt.; (hence) the number twenty, VarBr.; a collective N. of the metres kriti, prako, āko, viko, samko, abhiko, and utkriti; a square number, Var-Br.; (in dram.) confirmation of any obtainment, Sāh.; Dasar.; Pratāpar.; N. of the wife of Samhrāda and mother of Pañca-jana, BhP. vi, 18, 13; (is), m., N. of several persons, MBh. ii, 320 & 1882; Hariv.; BhP.; MārkP.; of a pupil of Hiranya-nābha, VāyuP. - kara, m. 'practising magic or enchantment,' N. of Rāvaņa, L.; (cf. krityā-rāvaņa.) -mat, m., N. of a prince (son of Yavi-nara), BhP. ix, 21, 27. - ratha, m., N. of a prince, VP. -rāta, m., N. of a prince, R.; VP.; BhP. -roman, m., N. of a son of Kriti-rata, R. i, 73, 10 & II. - sadhya-tva, n. the state of being accomplished by exertion.

Kritin, mfn. one who acts, active, MBh. xii,

8682; xiii, 305; expert, clever, skilful, knowing, learned (with loc. or ifc.), MBh.; Ragh.; Bhartr. &c.; good, virtuous, L.; pure, pious, L.; obeying, doing what is enjoined, W.; one who has attained an object or accomplished a purpose, satisfied, Sak.; Ragh.; Vikr. &c.; (1), m., N. of a son of Cyavana and father of Upari-cara, BhP. ix, 22, 5; N. of a son of Samnatimat, ib. 21, 28. Kriti-tva, n. the state of one who has attained any object, Kathas.

**Kritī**, in comp. for oti. - suta, m. 'the son of Kṛitī (= Kṛiti),' N. of Ruci-parvan, MBh.vii, 1177. Krite, kritena, loc. instr. ind., see s. v. kritá. Kriteyu, us, m., N. of a son of Raudrasva, VP. **Kriteyuka**, as, m. id., BhP. ix, 20, 4.

Kritnú, mfn. working well, able to work, skilful, clever, an artificer or mechanic, artist, RV.; (us), m., N. of a Rishi (author of RV. viii, 79), RAnukr.

**Kritya**, mfn. 'to be done or performed,' (am), n. ind. anybody (gen.) is concerned about (instr.), Mricch.; practicable, feasible, W.; right, proper to be done, MBh.; R. &c.; one who may be seduced from allegiance or alliance, who may be bribed or hired (as an assassin), Rājat. v, 247; (in med.) to be treated or attended with (in comp.), Suir.; (as), m. (scil. pratyaya) the class of affixes forming the fut. p. Pass. (as tavya, anīya, ya, elima, &c.), Pāņ.; a kind of evil spirit (named either with or without the addition of yaksha, mānusha, asura, &c.), Buddh. (perhaps v. l. for  ${}^{\circ}ty\bar{a}$  below);  $(\bar{a})$ , f. (Pān. iii, 3, 100) action, act, deed, performance, achievement, AV. v, 9, 8; Mn. xi, 125; MBh. xii, 3837; (with gen. rujas) ill usage or treatment, Mn. xi, 67; magic, enchantment, AV. &c.; (especially personified) a kind of female evil spirit or sorceress, RV. x, 85, 28 & 29; VS. &c.; a female deity to whom sacrifices are offered for destructive and magical purposes, L.; N. of a river, MBh. vi, 9, 18; (am), n. what ought to be done, what is proper or fit, duty, office, Mn.; R. &c.; action, business, performance, service, Sak.; Sarvad. &c.; purpose, end, object, motive, cause, MBh. &c. - kalpa-taru, m., N. of a work on jurisprudence. - kalpa-druma, m. id. - kalpalata, f., N. of a work by Vacaspati-misra. - kaumudī, f., N. of a work. - cintā, f. thinking of any possibility, Nyāyam. - cintāmaņi, m., N. ofa work by Siva-rāma. - jña, mfn. one who knows what is to be done, learned. - tattva, n. 'the true nature of duty or obligation,' N. of a work. - tama, n. anything most proper or fit, MBh. - ta, f. seduction from allegiance or alliance, Susr. - pradīpa, m., -mañjarī, f., -mahârņava, m., -ratna, n., -ratnakara, m., -ratnavalī, f., -rāja, m., N. of works. - vat, mfn. having any business, engaged in any occupation, MBh. i, 5153 ff.; having any request, MBh. iii, 270, 6; wanting, longing for (instr.), R. vii, 92, 15; having the power to do something (loc.), R. iii, 75, 66. - vartman, n. the right way or manner in which any object is to be effected. - vid, mfn. knowing duty, Das. - vidhi, m. the way to do anything, rule, precept. - sesha, mfn. one who has left some work to be done, who has not finished his task, BhP. iii, 2, 14. - sāra, m. 'essence of what is to be done,' N. of a work. Krityakritya, n. what is to be done and what is not to be done right and wrong, Susr.; Pañcat.; Sāh.

Krityakā, f. an enchantress, witch, woman who is the cause of injury or destruction, Nal. xiii, 29.

Kritya, f. of kritya, q. v. - krit, mfn. practising magic or sorcery, bewitching, AV. - dushana, mf(i)n. counteracting magic, destroying its effect, AV. - dūshi, mfn. id., AV. ii, 4, 6. - rāvaņa, m., N. of a work, Sāh. - rūpa (°tyā-), mfn. looking like a phantom, SBr. iv. Krityastra, n., N. of a Mantra, Tantr.

**Kritríma**,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ , made artificially, factitious, artificial, not naturally or spontaneously produced, RV.; AV. &c.; falsified, Yājñ. ii, 247; Kathās.; not natural, adopted (as a son), Mn.; Yājñ. ii, 131; MBh.; Kathās.; assumed, simulated; not necessarily connected with the nature of anything, adventitious, Pañcat.; (as), m. incense, olibanum, L.; an adopted son, L.; (am), n. a kind of salt (the common Bit Noben, or Bit Lavan [vid-lavana], obtained by cooking), L.; a kind of perfume (=javādi), L.; sulphate of copper (used as a collyrium), L.; (ā), f. a channel, Gal. - ta, f. shrewdness, cunningness, Mcar. - tva, n. the being made, factitiousness. -dhūpa, m. incense, olibanum, L. -dhūpaka, m. compound perfume (containing ten or eighteen ingredients). - putra, m. an adopted son, W. - pu-