I. Vrishaya. See vrishaya.

Vṛishayú, mfn. ruttish, in heat, excitable, highspirited (as a horse), RV.

Vrishalá or vríshala, m. (fr. vríshan) a little or contemptible man, low or mean or wicked fellow (in later language 'a Sūdra'), RV. &c. &c.; a dancer, L.; N. of king Candra-gupta (who was by birth a Sūdra), Mudr.; a horse, L.; an ox, L.; a kind of garlic, L.; (i), f., see below; n. long pepper, L. -  $t\bar{a}$ , f., -tva, n. the condition of a Sūdra, state of an outcaste, Mn.; MBh. - pācaka, mfn. one who cooks for a S°, MBh. (v.1. yājaka). - yājaka, mfn. one who sacrifices for a So, ib. Vrishalatmaja, m. the son of a Vrishala or of a reprobate, W.

Vrishalaka, m. a poor or contemptible Šūdra,

Bhatt.; Kathās.

**Vṛíshalī,** f. a woman of low caste, Śūdra woman, SBr.&c.&c.(L. also 'an unmarried girl twelve years old in whom menstruation has commenced; a woman during menstruation; a barren woman; the mother of a still-born child'). - pati, m. the husband of a Sūdra woman or a Brāhman who owns such a wo as his mistress, Mn. iii, 155. — putra (or ° $ly\bar{a}h p$ °), m. the son of a S° w°, Pāṇ. vi, 3, 22, Sch. — phenapīta, mfn. one who has drunk the moisture (i. e. kissed the lips) of a So woman, Mn. iii, 19. - sevana, n. respect to or intercourse with a Sūdra woman, W.

Vrishasya, Nom. P. oyati, to desire the male, be in heat (said of human beings and animals), Mn.;

Vṛishasyantī, f. an amorous or lustful woman, L.; a cow in heat, L.

Vrishā, in comp. for vrisha or vrishan. - kapāyī, f. the wife of Vrishā-kapi (see next), RV. (by the Comm. identified with Dawn); = srī; gaurī;  $sv\bar{a}h\bar{a}$ ;  $\dot{s}ac\bar{i}$ , L.; Asparagus Racemosus and  $=j\bar{i}$ vantī, L. - kapi (vrishā-), m. 'man-ape,' N. of a semi-divine being standing in a partic, relation to Indra and Indrani, RV. x, 86 (by the Comm. identified with the Sun; also supposed to be the son of Indra and the author of the above hymn; cf. RTL. 222, n. 1); the sun, MBh.; fire, Hariv.; N. of Siva, MBh.; Kathās.; of Indra, BhP.; of Vishnu, MBh.; of one of the II Rudras, ib.; of the hymn attributed to Vrishā-kapi, AitBr.; -sastra, n. N. of wk. - gir, m. 'strong-voiced,' N. of a man (cf. varshāgiri). -darbha (BhP.), -darbhi (MBh.), m. N. of a son of Sibi (cf. vrisha-d°). - modinī, f. enjoying the male, Kāth. - yúdh, mfn. combating men, RV. - rava, m. 'roaring like a bull,' a kind of animal, ib.; a kind of mallet or drumstick, TBr.; SBr. - \$11a, mfn. (used to explain vrishala), Nir. iii, 16 (cf.  $vrisha-s^{\circ}$ ).

Vrishāņa, m.N.of Bāņa (an attendant of Šiva), L. Vrishāṇaka, m. N. of the author of RV. x, 136, 4 (having the part. Vātarasana), Anukr.; of Siva, L.; of one of Siva's attendants, L.

**Vṛishāya** (in Padap. oshaya), Nom. P. oyati, to cause any object (acc.) to rain, RV. x, 98, 1; A. vate. to burn with sexual desire, be ruttish, RV.; Car.; to long or be eager for, advance upon (acc., dat., or loc.), RV.; to roar like a bull, BhP.

Vrishāyaņa, m. a sparrow, L.; N. of Siva, MW. **Vrishin,** m. (prob.) 'fond of rain,' a peacock, L. Vrishiman, m. (fr. vrisha), g. prithv-ādi. Vrishīya, Nom. P. vati (fr. vrisha), Pān. vii, 1, 51, Sch.

Vrishtá, mfn. rained &c. (n. impers., e.g. yadi na vrishtam, if it has not rained, VarBrS.; "shte, ind. when it has rained, AV.); fallen or dropped as rain, KathUp.; one who has rained, Pan. i, 4, 88, Sch.; m. N. of a son of Kukura (cf. vrishti), VP. -dharma, m. N. of a king, VP. - vat, mfn. that has rained (as a cloud), Kathās.

Vrishtí or vríshti, f. (sg. and pl.) rain, RV. &c. &c. (ifc. often = a shower of, cf. pushpa-, saravro); (in Samkhya) one of the four forms of internal acquiescence (cf. salila), MW.; m. a partic. Ekâha, SankhSr.; N. of a son of Kukura (cf. vrishta), VP. - kara,  $mf(\bar{t})$ n, producing rain, sprinkling. raining, VarBiS.; "rendra-prakarana, n.N. of wk. - kāma (vrishti-), mfn. desirous of rain, MaitrS. - kāmanā, n. f. desire of rain, Jaim., Sch. - kāla. m. the rainy season, W. - ghnī, f. small cardamoms, L. - jīvana, mfn. 'living by rain,' (land) nourished or watered by rain  $(=deva-m\bar{a}trika)$ ,  $\hat{W}$ . -  $t\bar{a}$ , f. the condition of rain, Naish. - dyavan (vrishti-), mfn. (prob.) = next, MaitrS. - dyo (vrishti-), mfn. (only du. -dyāvā and pl. ovas), dwelling in the rain-

- bhū, m. 'rain-born,' a frog, L. - mát (or vríshti-mat), mfn. rainy, raining, RV.; SBr.; MBh.; m. N. of a son of Kavi-ratha, BhP. - maya,  $mf(\bar{\imath})n$ . consisting of rain, Hcar. - maruta, m. rain and wind, Hariv. - váni, mfn. obtaining or causing rain, RV.; TS.; Br. - vāta, m. = -māruta, Hariv. - sáni, mfn. = -váni, MaitrS.; TS.; Kāth.; pl. N. of partic. bricks(-tva, n.), TS.; Kāth.; ApSr. - sampāta, m. a shower of rain, Rājat. - hávya, m. N. of a man, RV. Vrishty-ambu, n. rain-water, L.

Vrishna, m. N. of a man (cf. vriddhá-vrishna). Vrishni or vrishni, mfn. manly, strong, powerful, mighty, RV.; angry, passionate, L.; heretical, heterodox, L.; m.a ram, VS.; TS.; SBr.; a bull, L.; a ray of light, L.; air, wind, L.; N. of Siva, MBh.; of Vishnu-Krishna, L.; of Indra, L.; of Agni, L.; of various kings, Hariv.; Pur.; pl. N. of a tribe or family (from which Krishna is descended,  $= y\bar{a}dava$ or madhava; often mentioned together with the Andhakas), MBh.; Hariv. &c.; n. N. of a Säman, ArshBr. - garbha, m. 'born in the family of the Vrishnis,' N. of Krishna, L. - pāla, m. a shepherd, Das. - pura, n. the city of Vo, MBh. - mat, m. N. of a king, VP. - varenya, m. 'best of the Vrishnis,' N. of Krishna, Bham. - vriddha, m. the eldest or best among the Vrishnis, L.

Vrishnika, m. N. of a man, g. sivadi. Vrishniya. See vriddha-vrishniya.

**Vrishnya**, mfn. manly, vigorous, mighty, RV.; n. manliness, virility, RV.; AV.; Kaus. Vrishnyavat, mfn. possessed of manly power, vigorous, strong, mighty (applied to Parjanya), RV. v, 83, 2.

Vṛishya, mfn. = varshya, Pāṇ. iii, 1, 120; productive of sexual vigour, stimulating, VarBrS.; Susr.; m. N. of Siva, MBh. 10372 (Nīlak. 'increasing merit; 'rather 'most manly or vigorous'); Phaseolus Radiatus, L.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. Asparagus Racemosus, L.; the myrobolan-tree, L.; a kind of bulbous plant, L.; n. an aphrodisiac, L. - kandā, f. Batatas Paniculata, L. - gandhä, f. Argyreia Speciosa or Argentea, L. - gandhikā, f. Sida Cordifolia or Rhombifolia, L. - tā, f. manly vigour or potency, virility, Cat. - vallikā, f. Batatas Paniculata, L.

वृषद् 2. vrishad, m. (for 1. see p. 1012, col. 3) N. of a man, Un. v, 21, Sch.

वृषदिश्च vṛishad-añji, vṛishad-gu. under 1. vrishad, p. 1012, col. 3.

नुषय 2. vrishaya, m. = āsraya, refuge, shelter, Un. iv, 100, Sch.

वसय vrisaya, vrisī. See brisaya, brisī.

वृह vrih. See VI. 2. brih &c.

न्ह vriha. See a-vriha.

नृहत् vrihat. See brihat under √2. brih.

वृ  $vr\bar{i}$  (Dhātup.xxxi, 16; 20). See  $\sqrt{2.vri}$ .

ব  $1. ve \text{ (cf. } \sqrt{\bar{u}y}), \text{ cl. } 1. \text{ P. } \bar{A}. \text{ (Dhātup.}$ xxiii, 37) váyati, te (pf. p. vavau or uväya; 2. sg. uvayitha, Gr.; 3. pl. vavuh, ib.; ūvuh, RV.; uyuh, Bhatt.; A. vave, uve, uve, Gr.; aor. avasīt, avāsta, Gr.; Prec. ūyāt, vāsīshṭa, ib.; fut. vātā, ib.; vāsyati, ote, ib.; vayishyáti, RV.; inf. ótum. ótave, ótavaí, ib.; vátave, AV.), to weave, interweave, braid, plait (fig. to string or join together artificially, make, compose, e.g. speeches, hymns), RV. &c. &c.; to make into a cover, into a web or web-like covering, overspread as with a web (said of a cloud-like mass of arrows filling the air), Bhatt.: Pass. ūyate (aor. avāyi), Gr.: Caus. vāyayati, ib.: Desid. vivāsati, ote, ib.: Intens. vāvāyate, vāveti, vāvāti, ib.

Uta, mfn. woven &c. See 1. uta, p. 175, col. 2. Ūta, ūtí. See 1. ūta &c., p. 221, col. 1.

Vatavya, mfn. to be woven or sewn, Pat.

**Vāna** &c. See 3. vāna, p. 940, col. 2. **Vema,** m. a loom (in  $su-v^{\circ}$ ), MBh. — citra or -citrin, m. N. of an Asura king, Buddh. - bhūpāla or -rāja, m. N. of a king and author, Cat.

**Vemaka**, m. a weaver, Hariv.;  $(\bar{i})$ , f. the wife of a weaver, ib.

Véman, n. (L. also m.) a loom, VS.; a slay, TBr.,

Vemana, mfn. (fr. prec.), g. pāmādi.

Vemanya, mfn. skilful in weaving, Pat.

**Veya,** mfn. to be woven &c. - gana, n. a partic. sky, RV.; AsvSr. - pata, m. a shower of rain, Ragh. | song-book or manual of singing (giving, with the | south of India, BhP.

TO DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

Aranya-gana, the various modifications of intonation for the Arcika division of the Sama-veda). -cchalā, f. N. of a ch. of the Sāma-veda-cchalā.

वे 2. vé, m. a bird (strong stem of 1. ví, q. v.)

वेकट vekața, m. (cf. vaikațika, only L.) a youth; a jeweller; a sort of fish; a buffoon (=vi $d\bar{u}shaka$ ); ind. = adbhuta (cf. 2. vi-kata).

वेक्ट्रार vekuri. See bekuri.

वेख veksh (prob. for avêksh, q.v.), cl. 10. P. vekshayati, to see, Dhātup. xxxv, 84, 6 (v.1.

Vekshana, n. looking after, care about (gen.), Mn. ix, 11 (v.l. for cêkshane).

वेग  $v\acute{e}ga$ , m. (fr.  $\sqrt{vij}$ ) violent agitation, shock, jerk, AV.; R.; a stream, flood, current (of water, tears &c.), AV.; SvetUp.; MBh. &c.; rush, dash, impetus, momentum, onset, MBh.; BhP.; impetuosity, vehemence, haste, speed, rapidity, quickness, velocity (vegād vegam Jgam, to go from speed to speed, increase one's speed), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; the flight (of an arrow), Kir.; outbreak, outburst (of passion), excitement, agitation, emotion, ib.; attack, paroxysm (of a disease), Susr.; circulation, working, effect (of poison; in Susr. seven stages or symptoms are mentioned), Yājñ.; Kāv. &c.; expulsion of the feces, Susr.; semen virile, L.; impetus, Kan.; Sarvad.; the fruit of Trichosanthes Palmata, L.; N. of a class of evil demons, Hariv. – ga,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . going or streaming fast, Hariv. - ghna, mfn. killing swiftly, MBh. - javā, f. N. of a Kim-narī, Kāraņd. - tara, m. greater swiftness (vegād vegataram √gam, to run faster and faster; cf. vega), Pañcat. (B.) - tas, ind. with a sudden impetus, R.; with speed, quickly, hastily, impetuously, Kathas. - danda, m. ( = vetanda) an elephant, Hcar. — darsin, m. N. of a monkey, R. - nāsana, m. 'preventing speed or activity,' phlegm, the phlegmatic humour, L. - nā**sya-nāsaka-bhāvārtha-rahasya**, n. N. of wk. - parikshaya, m. cessation of the paroxysm of a disease, Sušr. - rāja, m. N. of an author; -samhitā, f. N. of his wk. (composed A.D. 1494). -rodha, m. obstruction of speed or activity, retardation, check, W.; obstruction of the movement or evacuation of the bowels, ib. - vat, mfn. agitated (as the ocean), R.; impetuous, rapid, hasty, swift, violent, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; m. a leopard, L.; N. of an Asura, MBh.; of a Vidyādhara, Kathās.; of a son of Krishņa, BhP.; of a king (son of Bandhu-mat), ib.; of a monkey, R.; (vatī), f. N. of a river, R.; a partic. drug, Sušr.; a kind of metre, Ping.; N. of a Vidyādharī, Kathās.; (pl.) N. of a class of Apsarases or celestial nymphs, VP.: -tama, mfn. speediest, quickest, very quick or swift, MW.; -tara, mfn. more speedy, quicker, very quick, ib.;  $-t\bar{a}$ , f. swiftness, velocity, ib.; -stotra, n. N. of a Stotra. - vāhin, mfn. going or flowing or flying swiftly, R.; Rajat.; (ini), f. an arrow, MBh.; MārkP. - vidhāraņa, n. retardation of velocity, stopping, retarding, W.; obstruction of the natural excretions, constipation, Susr. - virodhin, mfn. obstructing the movement or evacuation of the bowels, SārngS. - vṛishṭi, f. a violent rain, L. - sampanna, mfn. endowed with swiftness, swift (said of horses), R. - sara, m. (cf. vesara) a mule, L.; (i), f. a female mule, Kathas. - sara. m. pl. N. of a people, VP. Vegåghāta, m. = vegavidhāraņa, W. Vegânila, m. a violent wind, Vikr. Vegâvatarana, n. swift descent, Sak. Vegôdagra, mfn. having rapid or intense effect (as venom), Vikr.

Vegi, in comp. for vegin. - ta, f., -tva, n. impetus, velocity, quickness, speed, W. - harina, m. a kind of antelope, L.

Vegita, mfn. agitated, rough (as the sea), MBh.; impetuous, hasty, rapid, swift, fleet, MBh.; Kav.&c.

Vegin, mfn. having velocity, swift, rapid, impetuous, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; m. a hawk, falcon, L.; an express, courier, W.; N. of Vāyu, L.; (inī), f. a river, MW.

Vegila, m. N. of a man, Kathās.

**Vejana-vat,** mfn. (fr. Caus. of  $\sqrt{vij}$ ) used to explain vājin, Nir.

Vejita, mfn. (fr. id.) agitated, frightened, terrified, Hariv.; Ragh.; enhanced, increased, MBh.

वेङ्क venka, m. pl. N. of a people in the