$sr\bar{i}$ -yut), W. -ranga, m., see col. 3. -ratna-giri, m. N. of a sacred hill, Buddh. - ratnakara, m. N. of a Tantra wk. - rasa, m. the resin of Pinus Longifolia, Suir. - raga, m. (in music) a partic. Rāga, Samgīt. - rāghavīya, n. N. of a poem by Ragu-nāthâcārya. - rāja-cūdāmani-dīkshita, m. N. of an author, Cat. - rādhāvallabha, m. a form of Vishnu, W. - rama, m. the divine Rāma, i.e. Rāma-candra (whose name in this form is used as a salutation by those who worship Vishņu in this Avatāra), W.; N. of an author, Cat.; -kalpa-druma, m. N. of wk.; -navamī, f. the ninth of the light half of the month Caitra (observed as a festival in honour of the birthday of Rāma-candra), MW. (-nirnaya, m. N. of wk.); -paddhati, f. N. of a wk. on the proper mode of worshipping Rāma (attributed to Rāmânuja); -mangala, n., -rakshā, f., -stuti, f.; omôdanta, m. N. of wks. - rāshṭramitrayush-kāma, mfn. wishing eminence and dominion and friends and long life, KātyŠr. - rudra-hridayôpanishad, f. N. of an Upanishad. - rupā, f. having the form of Srī (applied to Rādhā), Pañcar. - lakshmana, mfn. characterized by Šrī, BhP. - lakshman, m. N. of a man  $(= lakshm\bar{i}$ dhara), Vās., Introd. - latā, f. (for *šrīla-tā* see col. 3) a kind of plant (= mahā-jyotishmatī), L. -labha, m. N. of various men, Buddh.-lekha, f. N. of a princess, Rājat. — vacana-bhūshanamīmānsā, f. N. of wk. - vat, mfn. containing the word srī, Kāth. - vatsa, m. 'favourite of Šrī, N. of Vishnu, L.; a partic. mark or curl of hair on the breast of Vishnu or Krishna (and of other divine beings; said to be white and represented in pictures by a symbol resembling a cruciform flower), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; the emblem of the tenth Jina (or Vishņu's mark so used), L.; a hole of a partic. form made through a wall by a housebreaker, L.; (in astron.) one of the lunar asterisms, Col.; N. of the eighth Yoga, MW.; N. of various authors (also with ācārya and sarman), Cat.; -dhārin or -bhrit, m. 'wearing the Śri-vatsa mark,' N. of Vishnu, L.; -pinyāka, m. the resin of Pinus Longifolia, L.; -muktikanandy-āvarta-lakshîta-pāņi-pāda-tala-tā, f. having the palms of the hands and soles of the feet marked with Srī-vatsa and Muktika (for muktikā?) and Nandy-āvarta (one of the 80 minor marks of a Buddha), Dharmas. 84; -lakshman, m. 'marked with the Sri-vatsa,' N. of Vishnu, MW.; -lanchana, m. id., L.; N. of Mahêsvara, Vās., Introd.; of an author, Cat.; otsånka, mfn. having the Sri-vatsa as a mark, VarBrS.; m. a wolf, L.; N. of Vishnu, L.; of an author, Cat. - vatsakin, m. a horse having a curl of hair on his breast (resembling that of Vishnu), L. - vada, m. a kind of bird, L. - vara, m. N. of the author of the Jaina-taramgini (said to be a continuation of the Raja-taramgini up to the year A.D. 1477), Cat.; -bodhi-bhagavat, m. N. of a man, Buddh. - varāha, m. 'divine boar,' N. of Vishnu (in his boar-incarnation), L. - vardhana, m. 'increase or increaser of fortune, a kind of musical composition, Samgit.; N. of Siva, MW.; of a man, Rājat.; of a poet, Cat. - vallabha, m. a favourite of fortune, MW.; N. of various authors; (also with utprabhātīya and vidyā-vāg-īsa bhattācārva). Cat. - vallī, f. Acacia Concinna, L.; a kind of jasmine, L. - vasukra, m. N. of a grammarian, Ganar. - vaha, m. bringing fortune, N. of a serpentdemon, MBh. - vānchēsvara-māhātmya, n. N. of wk. - vāṭī, f. a species of Nāga-vallī, L. - vāraka, m. Marsilea Quadrifolia, L. - I. -vāsa, m. having a pleasant scent, the resin of Pinus Longifolia, Bhpr. - 2. -vāsa, m. 'abode of Srī or beauty,' N. of Vishnu or Siva, L.; a lotus, L. - vāsaka, m., -vāsas, m. = I.  $\dot{s}r\bar{\imath}$ - $v\bar{a}sa$ , L. - vidyā, f. a form of Durgā, Cat.; exalted science (also N. of wk.), ib.; -trisatī, f., -paddhati, f., -pūjā-paddhati, f. -orcana-candrika and -paddhati (odyarco), f., -vishaya, m., odyôttara-tāpinī, f. N. of wks. -visāla,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . abounding in good fortune, Megh. - vishnu-padī, f. clinging to the feet of the divine Vishnu, BhP. - vriksha, m. the sacred fig-tree, L.; the Bilva tree, L.; = next (see sa-srīvriksha). - vrikshaka, m. a ring or curl of hair on the chest of a horse (cf. srī-vatsa), Sch. on Sis.; -navamī-vrata, n. N. of a partic. religious observance, MW.; okshakin, mfn. marked with a curl or lock of hair (as a horse, cf. srī-vatsakin), Šis. v, 56. - vriddhi, f. N. of a deity of the Bodhi tree, Lalit. - veshta or -veshtaka, m. the resin of the Pinus Longifolia, L. - vaidya-nātha-māhātmya,

n. N. of wk. - vaishnava, m. a member of the Vaishnava sect (esp. a follower of Rāmânuja, q.v.), W. I; ovacāra-samgraha, m. N. of wk., Cat. - osa (srisa), m. 'lord or husband of Šrī,' N. of Vishņu, Prasang.; of Rāma-candra (whose wife Sītā is regarded as an incarnation of Srī or Lakshmī), L.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. N. of Rādhā, Pancar. - sataka, n. N. of an astron. wk. - salmalī-bhānda-tīrtha, n. N. of a Tīrtha, Cat. - santa, m. N. of a man, W. - suka, m. N. of a poet and an astronomer, Cat.; -tīrtha, n. N. of a Tirtha, ib. - saila, m. N. of various mountains, BhP.; (with sūri) N. of an author; -khanda, m. n. N. of ch. of the SkandaP.; -tātâcārya, m. N. of a preceptor, Cat.; -māhātmya, n.; °*lôpākhyāna*, n. N. of wks. — **syāmalâmbā**stotra, n., -sloka-paddhati, f. N. of wks. - "svara (srisv"), m. N. of a modern author (alive in 1884), Cat. - shavāyana, n. N. of a part of the spurious Romaka-siddhanta. -shena (or-sena), m. N. of a king, Kathās.; of the author of the Romaka-siddhânta (quoted by Brahma-gupta);  $(\bar{a})$ , f. N. of a woman, HParis. - samstha, f., -samhitā, f., N. of wks. - samgrāma, m. N. of a partic. Matha (q.v.), Rājat. - samjīia, n. 'called after Śrī,' cloves (the various names of Śrī being applied to cloves), L. - sambhūtā, f. (in astron.) N. of the sixth night of the Karma-māsa (q.v.) - sarasvatī, f. du. Lakshmi and Sarasvatī, MW. - sahasra, n. N. of a Stotra. - sahôdara, m. 'brother of Srī,' the moon (as produced together with Srī at the churning of the ocean; cf. srī-putra), L. - siddhi, f. (in astrol.) N. of the sixteenth Yoga. - sukha, m. N. of a medical author, Cat. - sûkta, n. N. of the hymn RV. i, 165, ŠānkhBr.; AgP.; -nyāsa, m., -vidhāna, n., -vidhi, m. N. of wks. - sena, see -shena. - stava, m., -stuti, f. N. of wks. - sthala, n. N. of a temple of Šiva: -prakāša, m., -māhātmya, n. N. of wks. - smaranadarpana, m. N. of wk. - sraja, n. Šrī (or fortune) and a garland, Pān. v, 4, 106, Sch. -svarūpa, m. N. of a disciple of Caitanya, W. -svarūpiņī, f. having the nature of Srī (applied to Rādhā), Pancar. - svāmin, m. N. of a king, Rājat.; of the father of Bhatti, Bhatt., Sch. - hatta, N. of a town (=Silhet), W. - hara, mfn. robbing (i.e. excelling all in) beauty (applied to Rādhā), Pañcar. - hari, m. N. of Vishņu (orer utthāna, n. N. of a festival on the 14th day of the month Kārttika), Col.; -stotra, n. N. of wk. - harsha, m. N. of various authors &c. (esp. of a celebrated king and poet or patron of poets, also called Srīharsha-kavi or Šrī-harsha-deva, who lived probably in the first half of the seventh century A.D. and is the supposed author of three plays, viz. Nāgânanda, Priya-daršikā, and Ratnavalī). - hastinī, f, the sunflower, Heliotropium Indicum (so called as held in the hand of Srī or Lakshmī), L.

**Śriyadhyai**, Ved. inf., Pāņ. iii, 4, 9, Sch. **Śriyáse** (dat. and Ved. inf.), for beauty or splendour or glory, splendidly, gloriously, RV.

**Sriyā**, f. (collateral form of 3.  $\dot{s}r\bar{\imath}$ ) prosperity, happiness (personified as the wife of Śri-dhara i. e. Vishņu), Kāv.; BhP. — ditya ( $\dot{s}riyad^\circ$ ), m. N. of a man, Cat. — nakula, m. or n. N. of a place, ib. — vāsa, m. abode of fortune or prosperity, MBh. — vāsin, m. 'dwelling with Śrī,' N. of Śiva, ib.

**Srīka** (ifc.; f.  $\bar{a}$ ) = 2.  $\bar{s}r\bar{i}$ , fortune, prosperity, wealth, beauty &c. (cf. gata-, nih-, punya- $\bar{s}r\bar{i}ka$  &c.); m. a kind of bird, VarBrS. (= $\bar{s}r\bar{i}$ -karna, Sch.); a kind of resin, ib. (= $\bar{s}r\bar{i}$ - $v\bar{a}saka$ , Sch.)

Srī-mat, mfn, beautiful, charming, lovely, pleasant, splendid, glorious, MBh.; Kav. &c.; possessed of fortune, fortunate, auspicious, wealthy, prosperous, eminent, illustrious, venerable (used, like srī, as a prefix before the names of eminent persons and celebrated works and sometimes corrupted into srimant), of high rank or dignity (m. 'a great or venerable person'), ChUp.; MBh.; R.&c.; decorated with the insignia of royalty (as a king). VarBrS.: abounding in gold (as Meru), Bhartr.; m. N. of Vishņu, L.; of Kubera, L.; of Šākya-mitra, Buddh.; of a son of Nimi, MBh.; of a poet, Cat.; Ficus Religiosa, L.; another tree (=tilaka), L.; a parrot, L.; a bull kept for breeding, L.;  $(at\bar{i})$ , f. N. of one of the Matris attendant on Skanda, MBh.; of various women(esp.ofthe mother of Mādhavâcārya), Buddh.; Cat.; -kumbha, n. gold, L.; -tama, mfn. (superl.) most prosperous or eminent or illustrious, Kaush Up.;

-tā, f. prosperity, thriving condition, beauty, splendour, Kāv. Śrīmac-ehata-śalākin, mfn. (fr. śrīmat + śata + ś°) furnished with a hundred beautiful ribs (as an umbrella), MBh. Śrīmad-dattô-panishad, f. N. of an Upanishad. Śrīman-nṛi-purī, f. a royal residence, Viddh. Śrīman-manya, mfn. fancying one's self possessed of Śrī, Bhaṭṭ.

Šrīya, mfn. = *śriyai hital*ı, Pat. Šrīyāka, m. N. of a son of Śakaṭāla, HParis. Šrīra. See *a-śrīrá*.

Srī-ranga, m. N. of Vishnu (accord. to some of Siva, and according to others of an ancient king who founded the city of Seringapatam'), MW.; n. N. of a town and a celebrated Vaishnava temple (established by Rāmānuja near Trichinopoly), RTL, 71, n.; 448. - gadya, n., -guru-stotra, n. N. of Stotras. -deva, m. N. of an author, Cat.; -devālaya-pradakshina, n. N. of wk. -nātha, m. N. of Vishnu, W. (cf. comp.); of the author of a Comm. on the Bhāmatī (Cat.); -kshamā-shodašī, f., -prapatti, f., -mangalâsāsana, n., -suprabhāta, n., -stotra, n.; othârādhana-krama, m., othâshiôttara-sata, n. N. of wks. - nāyakī, f. (of -nāyaka) wife of the lord of Srī-ranga, L.; -stuti, f., -stotra, n. N. of wks. - pattana, n. 'Vishnu's city,' the city of Seringapatam (situated in Mysore on an island in a channel of the Kāverī, said to have been founded by an ancient king who called it after himself, or by a devotee who dedicated it to Vishiu; cf. above), MW. - māhātmya, n., -rāja-catushtaya, n., -rāja-stava, m., -rāja-stotra, n., -vimāna-stotra, n., -sapta-prākāra-pradakshina-vidhi, m. N. of wks. Śrīrangêsa, m. lord of Śrī-raṅga (°svarī, f. wife of the lord of Śr°).

srīla, mf(ā)n. (g. sidhmādi) prosperous, happy, wealthy, beautiful, eminent, Pañcar. (cf. a-srīla).
tā, f. high rank (compared to a creeping plant; for srī-latā see col. I), Rājat. — srī-vopadeva, m. the eminent and illustrious Vopadeva, Vop. — hanumat, m. the celebrated Hanumat, Cat.

**Sry**, in comp. for 2.  $sr\bar{i}$ . —āhva, n. 'having the name of Śrī,' a lotus-flower (the goddess Śrī or Lakshmī having appeared with a lotus, the type of beauty, in her hand and being connected with it in many of her names, cf.  $padm\bar{a}$ ), L.; a kind of tree, Car.

श्रीक्जाक srīkajāka(?), n. a building of a partic. form, Heat.

श्रीणा srīṇā, f. night (v. l. for siriṇā), Naigh.

श्री बेर srībera,n. Andropogon Muricatus, L. श्रीव् srīv. See √srīv.

श्रीवभास srīvabhāsa(?), m. N. of a man, Rajat.

🛂 1. šru, cl. 5. P. (Dhātup. xxii, 44) šri-3 nóti (Ved. and ep. also A. srinute, and in RV. 3. sg. srinvé, 2. sg. vishé, 3. pl. viré [cf. below]; Impv. srinu, onudhi and onuhi, pl. srinută, onota and onotana, RV.; pf. susrava [once in R. with pass. sense], susruve [2. sg. susrotha, 1. pl. susruma, in Up. also omas; susravat, suśrūyas, RV., p. suśruvas, q.v.]; aor. Ved. aśravam, ásrot, 2. sg. sróshi; Subj. srávat, ovathah; [?] sruvam, TĀ1.; Impv. srudht, srótu, RV.; asraushīt, Br. &c.; Subj. sroshan, Impv. srashantu, RV. [cf. sroshamāna]; Prec. srūvāsam. AV. &c.; fut. śrotā, MBh.; śroshyati, ote, Br. &c.; inf. srotum, MBh. &c.; ind. p. srutvá, RV. &c.; -srútya, AV. &c.; srāvam, GrSrS. &c.), to hear, listen or attend to anything (acc.), give ear to any one (acc. or gen.), hear or learn anything about (acc.) or from (abl., gen., instr., mukhāt or šakāsat), or that anything is (two acc.), RV. &c. &c.; to hear (from a teacher), study, learn, SrS.; MBh. &c.; to be attentive, be obedient, obey, MBh.; R. &c.: Pass. srūyáte (ep. also oti; and in RV. srinve &c. [cf. above] with pass. meaning; aor. asrāvi, srāvi), to be heard or perceived or learnt about (acc.) or from (gen., abl. or mukhāt; in later language often 3. sg. srūyate, impers. 'it is heard,' 'one hears or learns or reads in a book,' = 'it is said,' 'it is written in (with loc.);' Impv. srūyatām, 'let it be heard' = 'listen!'), RV. &c. &c.; to be celebrated or renowned, be known as, pass for, be