at (comp.), Hariv.; Kathās.; Sāh.; N. of a Rishi, Br.; of a king of the fish, VP.; mfn. = next, W.; -maya, mf(i)n. greatly exhilarated, happy, glad, Kathās.; -vat, mfn. 'being together in rut or sexual passion,' and 'feeling delight,' Bālar. omadīn, mfn. gladdening, exhilarating, Bhām.

Sam-māda, m. great exhilaration, intoxication,

frenzy, L.

Remains sam-\sqrt{man}, \overline{A}. -manyate (ep. also P. \circ{\sigmati}), to think together, agree, assent to, approve (see sam-mata below); to think, fancy, MBh.; to regard or consider as (acc. or two acc.), ib. &c.; to mean, contemplate, intend, resolve, R.; to think highly of, esteem, value, honour, MBh.; R.: Caus.-mānayati, to honour, reverence, respect, Yājā.; MBh. &c.; to regard, consider, Bhaṭṭ.; to assure any one (gen.) of (acc.), MārkP.: Desid. of Caus., see sam-mimānayishu below.

Sam-mata, mfn. thinking together, being of the same opinion, agreed, consented or assented to, concurred in, approved by (gen. or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (ifc.) agreeing with, BhP.; thought, supposed, considered or regarded as (nom.), R.; thought highly of, esteemed, renowned, celebrated, highly honoured by (gen.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; allowed, authorized (see a-sammata); m. N. of a son of Manu Sāvarņa, Hariv.; (pl.) of a school, Buddh.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. N. of a daughter of Marutta, Hariv.; of a treatise on the Dhātu-pātha; (am), n. opinion, impression (e or ena with gen., 'in the opinion of,' 'under the idea of'), MBh.; consent, assent, approval, acquiescence, concurrence (e, 'with the consent or approval of'), MW. mati, f. sameness of opinion, harmony, agreement, approval, approbation, AsvSr.; Prab.; Hit.; opinion, view, Siddh.; respect, homage, R.; Kir.; wish, desire, L.; self-knowledge, L.; regard, affection, love, W.; order, command, ib.; N. of a river, VP.; mfn. being of the same opinion, agreeing, g. dridhadi (-man, m., ib.); m. N. of a son of Harsha, VP. omatīya, m. N. of one of the four divisions of the Vaibhāshika system of Buddhism (said to have been founded by Upāli, a disciple of Gautama Buddha), MWB. 157, n. 1 &c.

Sám-manas, mfn. unanimous, AV.; SBr. omaniman, m. unanimousness, harmony, g. dridhâdi. omantavya, mfn. to be highly valued, MBh.

1. Sam-māna, m. or (accord. to some) n. (for 2. see col. 2) honour, respect, homage, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; -kara, mfn. doing honour, honouring, RPrāt. 'mānana, n. (or ā, f.; fr. Caus.) the act of honouring, worshipping, homage, Nir.; Pān.; MBh. &c. 'mānanīya, mfn. (fr. id.) to be honoured or respected, BhP. 'mānita, mfn. (fr. id.) honoured, treated with reverence or respect, Kāv.; Kathās.; -vimānita, mfn. (first) honoured and (then) disgraced, Ml. 'mānin, mfn. having a sense of honour, Kāv. 'mānya, mfn. to be (or being) highly honoured by (gen.), R.

Sam-mimanayishu, mfn. (fr. Desid. of Caus.) wishing to honour or revere, MBh.

p.-mantrya or-mantrayitvā), to consult together, take council with (instr. with or without saha or samam), MBh.; R. &c.; to hold a council, deliberate, advise, express an opinion, R.; to salute, greet, address, MBh.

Sam-mantranīya, mfn. to be consulted, MW.; to be saluted, MBh.

Sam-mantrita, mfn. deliberated, considered, Kathās.

joice at, delight in (instr.), RV. viii, 12, 16; (aor. -amandishuh), to intoxicate, exhilarate, ib. 52, 10.

सम्मय sam-maya,°yana. See sam-√1. mi.

सम्मद sam-marda, odana &c. See sam-~mṛid, p. 1181, col. 1.

सम्मर्शन sam-maršana, °šin. See sam-√mriš, p. 1181, col. 1.

सम्मद्ग sam-marsha, m. = marsha, patience, endurance, BhP.

सम्महस् sam-mahas, n. (prob.) common or mutual joy (see mahas), ŠrS.

**RFFI**  $sam-\sqrt{3}$ .  $m\bar{a}$ , P.  $\bar{A}$ .  $-m\bar{a}ti$ ,  $-mim\bar{i}te$ , to measure out, measure, RV. &c. &c.; to make of the same measure, make equal, equalize (in size,

number, quantity &c.), AV.; TS.; ŠBr.; to compare with (instr.), BhP.; to mete out, distribute, bestow, RV. iii, 1, 15; v, 4, 2; (with srávānsi) to direct one's course or flight towards, ib. iii, 34, 22; to be of the same capacity with, be contained in (loc.), Kuval.: Pass. -mīyate, to be of the same measure, be contained in (loc.), Nīlak.

Sam-mā, f. equality in size or number, symmetry, AitBr.; PañcavBr.; a kind of metre, RPrāt.

1. Sam-mātri, mfn. (for 2. see below) one who measures &c., Pat. on Pāņ. iv, 1, 115.

2. Sam-mana, n. (for 1. see sam-\man) the act of measuring out, equalizing, comparing, MW.;

Sám-mita, mfn. measured out, measured, meted; BhP.; measuring so much, just so much (no more nor less), MBh.; BhP.; of the same measure or extent, equal, like, same (in length, height, number, value &c.), corresponding to, resembling, passing for (instr., rarely gen.; or comp.), AV. &c. &c.; reaching up to (comp.), SBr.; AsvSr.; symmetrical (?), Pañcar.; consisting of, furnished or provided with (instr. or comp.), MBh.; Pañcar.; destined for (comp.), MBh. v, 2462 (B. samdhita); (am), ind. perpetually, incessantly, Kārand. (prob. w.r. for samitam); m. N. of a mythical being, Yājñ.; of a son of Vasishtha, VP.; (am), n. distance (e, ifc. = 'at adistance from '), VarBrS.; -tva, n. (in rhet.) universal analogy, Pratāp.; -varņā, f. N. of a Commentary. omiti, f. equalization, comparison, Pan. iv, 4, 35 (v.l. sam-iti).

सम्मातुर sammātura, w.r. for sāmmātura,

समातृ 2. sam-mātri or sám-mātri, mfn. (for 1. see above) having the same mother, twin, RV.; AV.; Kāth.

सम्मान 1. 2. sam-māna. See sam-√man and sam-√3. mā, col. 1.

सम्मार्ग sam-mārga, sam-mārjaka &c. See sam-√mṛij, p. 1181, col. 1.

### sam-√1. mi, P. Ā. -minoti, -minute, to fasten at the same time or together, fix, erect, TS.; SBr.; SānkhGr.

Sam-maya, m. (of unknown meaning), Vop. xxvi, 171 (v.l.) mayana (sám-), n. erection of a sacrificial post, SBr.

### sam-√1. miksh (or -mimiksh; cf. √1. miksh; only Impv. -mimikshvá and 2. du. pf. -mimiksháthuh, but accord. to some referable to sam-√1. mih, q. v.), to mix with, furnish or endow with (instr.), RV. i, 48, 16; to prepare (an oblation), ib. viii, 10, 2.

सम्मित sam-mita &c. See above.

सम्मिद्ध sam-mimardishu. See sam-√mrid, p. 1181, col. 1.

सिममानिष्षु sam-mimānayishu. See sam-√man, col. I.

meet or assemble together, be present, associate with, Kathās.

Sam-milita, mfn. met together, assembled, collected, ib.; Pañcat.

**Sam-melana**, n. mingling or meeting together, mixture, union, Uttarar.; Sah.

THE sam-misra,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . commingled, mixed together, joined, connected, furnished or endowed with (instr. or comp.), MBh.; R. &c. misrana, n. the act of commingling or mixing together, Kull. on Mn. vii, 193. misrita, mfn. mixed together, mingled, intermixed with (instr.), MBh.

**Sám-mišla**,  $mf(\bar{a})n = sam\text{-mišra}$  above, RV.; m. 'universal mingler,' N. of Indra, MBh.

सिम्मह  $sam-\sqrt{mih}$ . See  $sam-\sqrt{1}$ . miksh and  $\sqrt{1}$ . miksh,  $\sqrt{1}$ . mih.

eyes, RV.; Br.; GṛŚrS.; to close up (as a flower), Sak.; Sušr.: Caus. -mīlayati (with or without netre), to close the eyes, Kālid.; Kathās.; Sušr.; to cause to close the eyes, i.e. make insensible, kill, Uttarar.; Sāh.

Sam-milana, n. closing (of a flower, of the

eyes &c.), Susr.; cessation of activity, Dasar.; covering up, obscuring, a total eclipse, Sūryas. 'mīlita (sám-), mfn. one who has closed the eyes, TS.; closed (as eyes &c.), asleep (opp. to vi-buddha, 'awake'), Susr.; Ragh.; -druma, m. a Punarnavā with red flowers, L. 1. 'mīlya, ind. having closed or shut or covered, RV. &c. &c. 2. 'mīlya, n. N. of a Sāman, Br.

सम्मुख sam-mukhá,  $mf(\bar{i}, rarely \bar{a})$ n. facing, fronting, confronting, being face to face or in front of or opposite to (gen. or ifc. or ibc.), present, before the eyes, SBr. &c. &c.; being about to begin or at the beginning of (comp.), Hariv.; directed or turned towards, SBr.; KātyŠr.; inclined or favourable to (gen. or comp.), propitious, Kāv.; Kathās.; Pañcat.; intent upon (loc. or comp.), Satr.; Kathās.; adapted to circumstances, fit, suitable, Lalit.; with the mouth or face, ApSr.; (am), ind. towards, near to (atmanah, 'one's self'); opposite, in front or in presence of (gen.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (e), ind. opposite, before, face to face, in front or in presence or in the beginning of (gen. or comp.; with  $\sqrt{bh\bar{u}}$ , 'to oppose, resist;' with √sthā, 'to look any one in the face'), ib. - vinaya, m. (prob.) reproving any one face to face (i.e. when he is alone and no one else present), Mahāvy.

Sam-mukhaya, Nom. P. oyati, to aim at (loc.),

Sam-mukhin, m. a looking-glass, mirror, L. Sammukhi, in comp. for \*kha. - \*\kri, P. -karoti, to place facing, make one's chief aim (\*khī-krita, mfn. 'aimed at'), Rāghav. - \*\bhū, P. -bhavati, to be or stand face to face or opposite, be opposed to, Bālar.

**Sammukhīna,**  $mf(\bar{a})$ n. facing, confronting, opposite, Bhaṭṭ.; Hcar. &c.; propitious, favourable to (gen.), Ragh.; -tva, n. the being in front, Kull. on Mn. iv, 52; presence, Sāh.

Hard sam- muc, P. -muñcati, to let loose together, pour out, discharge, shed (tears), MBh.: Caus. -mocayati, see next.

Sam-mocita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) set free, liberated, released, Ragh.

सम्मुद्द sam-√mud (only in pr.p.-modamāna,

Sam-múd, f. joy, delight (cf. svādu-s), AV. Sam-moda, m. id., L.; odour, fragrance, MBh. (v.l.); -gandha, m. id., Jātakam. omodana, mf(ī)n. friendly, kind (onī-kathā, f. complimentary talk), Divyâv. omodanīya (Mahāvy.), omodamāna (Divyâv.), mfn. friendly, ib. omodika, m. a kind or friendly person, comrade, companion, SaddhP.

thicken, coagulate, Kāv.; VarBṛS.; Susr.; to become stupid or senseless (see -mūrchita); to acquire consistency or firmness or strength, increase, expand, become powerful, make a loud sound, Ragh.: Caus. -mūrchayati, to cause to assume consistency, form, fashion (see -mūrchita-vat); to stupefy, cause to faint, Uttarar.

Sam-mūrcha, m. (prob.) thickening, augmenting, increase, expansion, spreading, L.; -ja, m. grass or any gramineous plant, ib. 'mūrchana, n. the act of congealing or thickening, increasing, spreading, accumulating, Kan.; stupefaction, insensibility, fainting away, L.; height, elevation, W.; 'nôd-bhava, m. a fish or other aquatic animal, L. 'mūrchita, mfn. coagulated, congealed, thickened, strengthened, intensified (ifc.='filled with'), R.; Sušr.; stupefied, senseless, unconscious, MBh.; R.; reflected (as rays), VarBṛS.; modulated (as tone), Bhar.; -vat, mfn. one who has (or=he has) formed or shaped, Saṃk.

समुद्  $sam-\sqrt{mush}$ , P.  $-mushn\bar{a}ti$ , to steal, rob, take away, Hariv.

moha or -mumuhe), to become quite stupefied or bewildered or unconscious, MBh.; R.; BhP.; to become confused or unrecognizable (as the quarters of the sky), MBh.: Caus. -mohayati, to stupefy, make unconscious, perplex, bewilder, lead astray, MBh.; Kāv. &c.

**Sam-mugdha**, mfn. gone astray (see  $a-s^\circ$ ); perplexed, bewildered, stupefied, Uttarar.; not clearly understood, Nilak.; (am), ind. furtively, Git.