bhrū-k°.

कुस kuns. See √kuns. Kunsa. See kunsa.

कुक kuk, cl. 1. A. kokate, to take, accept, seize, Dhātup. iv, 17.

Kuka, mfn. taking, accepting, W.

कुक्या ku-kathā, &c. See 1. ku.

কুকাৰ kukabha, am, n. a kind of spirituous liquor, L.

क्रकर ku-kara, &c. See 1. ku.

कुकुट kukuṭa, as, m. (= kukkuṭa), N. of a pot-herb (= sitavara, commonly called sushanišāka, Marsilea quadrifolia), L.

कुकुदुिम्ननी ku-kuṭumbinī, &c. See 1. ku. कुकुद  $kukuda = h\bar{u}kuda$ , q.v., L.

जुकुटू ku-ku-dru. See 1. ku.

कुकुन्दनी kukundanī, f. the plant Cardiospermum halicacabum, Bhpr.

कुकुन्दर kukundara, e, n. du. [au, m. du., L.] = kakundara, q.v., Sušr.; VarBṛS. (ifc. f.  $\bar{a}$ ); (as), m = ku - ku - dru, q.v., Bhpr.

Kukundura, am, n. = kakundara, L.

कुकुन्ध kukúndha, as, m., N. of a kind of evil spirit, AV. viii, 6, 11.

कुकुभा  $kukubh\bar{a}$ , f. one of the female personifications of music or Rāgiņīs, L.

কুকু kukura, as, m.(Un. i, 41) = kukkura(a dog), L.; N. of a plant and perfume (= granthi-parni), L.; N. of a prince (son of Andhaka), MBh. xiii, 7679; Hariv.; BhP.;  $(\bar{a}s)$ , m. pl. the descendants of that prince, Hariv. 2030; N. of a people (branch of the Yadu race), MBh.; R. &c. (often named in connection with the Andhakas or Andhas); the country of the Kukura people. - jihvā, f. a species of fish (Acheiris Kookur Zibha), L.; the plant Leea staphylea, L.; the plant Ixora undulata, L. Kukurâdhinātha, m. 'lord of the Yādavas,' N. of Krishna.

कुकुवाच् ku-ku-vāc. See 1. ku.

कुक्टो  $kuk\bar{u}t\bar{i}$ , f. ( $=kukkut\bar{i}$ ) the plant Salmalia malabarica, L.

क्रमाक kukūṇaka, as, m. a kind of disease of the eyes in infants, Susr.

कुक्नन kukūnána, mf(ā)n. (onomat.) gargling, VS. viii, 48.

कुक्रभ kukūrabha, as, m. a kind of evil spirit, AV. viii, 6, 11.

कुक्त kukūla, as or am, m. or n. chaff, Prab.; conflagration or fire made of chaff, L.; (am), n. a hole filled with stakes, L.; armour, mail, L. murmura, m. a fire made of chaff, Bālar. Kukūlâgni, m. id., Kathās. cxvii, 92.

कुक्वाच kukū-vāc, k, m.=kukku-vāc, Gal.; (cf. ku-ku- $v\bar{a}c$ .)

कुक्त ku-kṛita, &c. See 1. ku.

कुकोल kukola. as, m. the jujube (Zizyphus Jujuba), L.; (cf. koli.)

कुङ्ग्र kukkut, ind. an onomatopoetic word imitating the cock's cry, Pān. i, 3, 48, Pat.

Kukkutá, as, m. (ifc. f. ā, Pān. iv, 1, 14, Kāš.) a cock, VS. i, 16; Mn.; MBh. &c.; a wild cock (Phasianus gallus); (=kukuta) the plant Marsilea quadrifolia, L.; a whisp of lighted straw or grass, L.; a firebrand, spark of fire, L.; the offspring of a Nishāda by a Sūdra woman (cf. kukkura), L.; (ī), f. (Pāņ.iv, 4, 46) a hen, VarBrS. lxiii, 3; a small houselizard, L.; the plant Dolichos pruriens, Susr.; (=ku $k\bar{u}t\bar{i}$ ) the plant Salmalia malabarica (or the silk-cotton tree Bombax heptaphyllum), Susr.; hypocrisy (cf. kaukkutika), L.; (am), n. = kukkutasana, Tantras. - kantha, n., N. of atown, gana cihanâdi. - dhvani, m. the crowing of a cock, cackling of fowls. - nādīyantra, n., N. of an instrument. - pakshaka, m. a knife shaped like the wing of a cock, L. - pada, m. 'cock-foot,' N. of a mountain, Buddh. - mañja-

Kunsa, kunsa. See bhrik', bhrak', bhru-k', | rī, f. a sort of pepper (Piper Chaba), Npr. - mandapa, m., N. of a sanctuary in Benares (standing on the right side of a statue of Siva, a place where final emancipation may be attained), SkandaP.; (cf. mukti-mandapa.) - mardaka, m., N. of a plant (with fragrant leaves), L.;  $(ik\bar{a})$ , f. id., L. - mardana, m. id., L. – mastaka, m. =  $-ma\tilde{n}/ar\bar{i}$ , L. -misra, m. a fictitious nickname ('Mr. Cock'), Sah. - vrata, n. a religious observance (worship of Siva, on the seventh of the light fortnight of the month Bhādra, by women, especially for the sake of offspring), BhavP. - sikha, m. 'cockscomb,' safflower (Carthamus tinctorius), L. Kukkuṭā-giri, m., N. of a mountain, gana kimsulakadi. Kukkuţânda, n. (Pān. vi, 3, 42, Vārtt.) a fowl's egg, Susr.; (as), m. a species of rice, Gal.; -sama, m., N. of a plant (having a white fruit), Npr. Kukkutândaka, m. a species of rice, Susr.; Bhpr. Kukkutabha, m. 'resembling a fowl,' a kind of snake, L. Kukkutarāma, m., N. of a grove (celebrated hermitage near Gayā), Buddh. Kukkuţârma, n., N. of a place, Pan. vi, 2, 90, Kas. Kukkutasana, n. a particular posture of an ascetic in religious meditation. Kukkuţâhi, m. = ctâbha, L. Kukkutêsvara, m., N. of a Mantra; (am), n., N. of a Linga, SkandaP.; -tantra, n., N. of a Tantra. **Kukkutôraga**, m. =  $\dot{t}ahi$ , Npr.

Kukkutaka, as, m. a wild cock (Phasianus gallus), L.; the offspring of a Nishāda by a Sūdra woman, Mn. x, 18;  $(ik\bar{a})$ , f., N. of one of the mothers in Skanda's retinue, MBh. ix, 2633.

Kukkuti, is, f. hypocrisy, L.

Kukkutī, f. of ota, q. v. - markatī-vrata, n. a religious observance (in honour of Siva and Durgā), BhavP.; (cf. kukkuta-vrata.) - vrata, n. id., ib. Kukkuty-ādi, N. of a Gana (Pān. vi, 3, 42, Kāś.; Ganar. 140b).

Kukkubha, as, m. the wild cock (Phasianus gallus), MBh. xiii, 2835; varnish, oily gloss, W.

कुइर kukkura, as, m. (Uņ. i, 41; fr. kurkurá), a dog, Mricch.; PSarv.; Hit.; a despicable man of a mixed caste (= kukkuļa), Kārand.; N. of a Muni, MBh. ii, 113; of a prince (son of Andhaka), VP.; of an author, Tantr.; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people, MBh. ii, 1872; vi, 368; VP.; VarBrS.; (i), f. a bitch, VarBrS.; (am), n. a vegetable perfume, L.-dru, m. the plant Blumea lacera, L.

कुक्कवाच kukku-vāc, k, m. (fr. kukku, an onomatopoetic word), a kind of deer ( = sārasigamriga), L.; (cf. kukū-vāc and ku-ku-v°.)

क्राक्रया ku-kriyā. See 1. ku.

कुक्ष kuksha, am, n. the belly, Un. iii, 67;  $(ar{\imath})$ , f. id., Var ${
m B}ar{\imath}{
m S}$ .

Kukshi, is, m. [f., L.] the belly, cavity of the abdomen (in the earlier language generally used in du., RV.; VS.; AV.); the interior of anything, W.; the womb, R.; Ragh. x, 60 &c.; a cavity in general (e. g. adri-kukshi, cavity of a mountain, Ragh. ii, 38), MBh. iii, 10694 &c.; a valley, Kathās. lxv, 214; (with sagara or samudra) an ocean-cavity, i. e. a bay, gulf, MBh.; Pancat.; the sheath of a sword, L.; steel, L.; N. of a son of Priya-vrata and Kamya, Hariv. 59; of Bali, Hariv. 191; of a king, MBh. i, 2692; of a son of Ikshväku and father of Vikukshi, R.; of a teacher, BhP.; of a region, gaṇa dhāmâdi; (is), f., N. of a daughter of Priyavrata and Kāmyā, VP.; [cf. Lat. coxa, coxendix; Gk, κοχώνη? Old Germ. bûh; Mod. Germ. Bauch.] -gata, mfn. being in the belly;  $t\bar{i}-\sqrt{1.kri}$ , to devour, Naish. ii, 83. - ja, m. 'born from the womb,' son, Ragh. xv, 15. - bheda, m., N. of one of the ten ways in which darkness terminates, VarBrS. - m-bhari, mfn. one who nourishes only his belly, filling or pampering the belly, gluttonous, Pān. iii, 2, 26, Vartt. - randhra, m. a kind of reed (Amphidonax Karka), L. - randhraka, m. id., Gal. - śūla, m. n. belly-ache, colic, Susr. Kukshyāmaya, m. disease of the belly, VarBrS.

क्रांशल kukshila, as, m. a species of evil spirit, AV. viii, 6, 10.

कुख्यु kuksheyu, v.l. for kaksho, BhP.

कुलारि ku-khāṭi. See 1. ku.

Ku-khyāti, -gaņin, &c. See ib.

कुङ्ग kunkuna, N. of a locality, AV. Paris.

कुङ्गम kunkuma, am, n. saffron (Crocus sativus, the plant and the pollen of the flowers), Suir.; Ragh.; Bhartr. &c. - tamra, mfn. red, coppery red. -panka, m. saffron used as an unguent, Bhartr. - repu, f. the pollen of saffron. Kunkumakriti, m. 'resembling saffron,' a kind of rice, Gal. Kunkumâkta, mfn. dyed with saffron, orange. Kunkumânka, mfn. marked or dyed with saffron, orange. Kunkumaruna, mfn. red, ruddy.

कुन्नी kunganī, f., N. of a plant (=mahājyotishmatī), L.

कुच् kuc, cl. 1. P. kocati, to sound high, utter a shrill cry (as a bird), Dhātup.; to polish, ib.; to go, ib. vii, 2; to connect, mix, ib.; to bend, make curved, ib.; to be curved or crooked, ib.; to oppose, impede, ib.; to mark with lines, write, ib. xx, 27: cl. 6. P. kucati, to contract, Dhātup. xxviii, 75; to be or make small, ib. vii, 3; (cf. √kuñc.)

**Kuca**, as, m. (generally du.  $\alpha u$ ; ifc. f.  $\bar{a}$ ), the female breast, teat, Sušr.; Šak. &c. - kumbha, m. the female breast. - tata, n. id.; otâgra, n. 'point of the breast,' a nipple. - phala, m. 'having fruits shaped like the female breast,' the pomegranate, L.; the plant Feronia elephantum, L. - mukha, n. 'breast-top,' a nipple, L. - hara, f., N. of an evil spirit who deprives women of their breasts, MarkP. Kucâgra, n. a nipple, L.

Kucita, mfn. contracted, Dhātup. vii, 3; small, Un. iv, 187.

क्रचि गडका ku-candikā. See 1. ku. Ku-candana, -cará, &c. See ib.

का चिक kucika, as, ā, m. f a kind of fish (in shape like an eel, commonly Kuñciya, Unibranchapertura Cuchiya, or Muræna apterygia synbrache: the Hindus affirm that its bite is mortal to cows, though perfectly harmless to men), L.; (ās), m. pl. (v. l. for kušika), N. of a people, VarBrS.; (ā), f., N. of a plant, L. - rņa (°ka-rina), m., N. of a man, HYog.

कुचौरा ku-cīrā. See 1. ku.

कुच्राटक kucuntaka, as, m. a kind of pot-

कुचुमार kucumāra, as, m., N. of the author of the Aupanishadadhikarana.

क्रूचेल ku-cela, &c. See 1. ku.

as kuccha, am, n. the white water-lily, L.

क्रां and kucchilā, f., N. of a river, VP.

कुन् kuj, cl. 1. P. kojati, to steal, Dhātup. vii, 19: cl. 6. P. kujati, to be crooked, Nir. vii, 12.

क्रजन ku-jana, &c. See 1. ku.

क्र ku-ja. See 2. ku.

कुजम्मल kujambhala, as, m. a thief who breaks into a house, L. (vv. ll. ombhira and ombhila; cf. kumbhila).

कुडिजाश kujjiša, as, m. a sort of fish, L.; (cf. kudiša.)

कुड्मिट kujjhati, is, f. a fog or mist, L. Kujjhatikā, otī, f. id., L.

कुज्या ku-jyā. See 2. ku.

and kuñc, cl. 1. P. kuñcati, to make crooked, Dhatup.: to bend or curve, move crookedly, Susr.: Caus. kuñcayati, to curl, crisp, frounce, Comm. on Un. iv, 117; [cf. Hib. cuachaim, 'I fold, plait;' cuach, 'a curl;' cuachach, 'curled.']

Kuncana, am, n. curving, bending, contracting; contraction (of a vein), Susr.; a particular disease of the eyes (contracting the eyelids).

Kuñca-phalā, f. a kind of gourd (Beninkasa cerifera), L.

Kuñci, is, f. a measure of capacity (equal to eight handfuls, = kim-cid), Heat.; Comm. on Mn.vii, 126.

Kuñcikā, f. a key, Bhartr.; Prasannar.; N. of a fish (= kucika, q.v.), L.; a plant bearing a red and black seed used as a weight (Abrus precatorius), L.; fennel-flower seed (Nigella indica), Car.; a reed (Trigonella fænum græcum), L.; the branch or shoot