PārGṛ. ii, 2; Mn. iv, 178; Vop. v, 7; on that account, for that reason, therefore (correl. to yena [Mn.; MBh.], yád [ŠBr. iv, 1, 5, 7; Mn. i, iii; R. ii], yasmāt [MBh.; R.], yatas [Sāh. i, 2; Hit.]); tena hi, therefore, now then, Sak.; Vikr. i, \frac{3}{4}.

nu tep, cl. 1. opate, to distil, ooze, drop, Dhātup. x, 2; to tremble, Kavikalpadr.

तेम tema, omana. See vtim.

तेर tera, oraņa, m. balsamine, L.; cf. tairo. तेल tela, m.N. of a high number, Buddh.L.

तेलु telu, g. rājanyâdi.

तेव tev, cl. 1. ovate, to sport, Dhātup. xiv. Tevana, n. sport, L.; a pleasure-garden, L.

तकायन taikāyana, m. patr. fr. Tika, g. naḍddi. ani, m. id., Pāṇ. iv, 1, 154. nīya, m. a descendant or pupil of ni, 90, Kāš.

तेष्ट्णायन taikshnāyana, m.patr.fr.Tīkshna, g. asvadi. Taikshnya, n. sharpness (of a knife), Susr. i, 5; pungency (of drugs), i, iii f.; R.; fierceness, severity, Mn. iv, 163; MBh.; R.; Sāh.; pain, Priyad. i, 4. Taigmya, n. (fr. tigmá) sharpness, pungency, W. Taijana, mfn. coming from the plant tejanī, Kāth. xxi, 10 (ApSr. xvii, 14). Taijani-tvac, a kind of lute, Lāty.iv. Taijasá, $mf(\bar{i})n$. originating from or consisting of light (tejas), bright, brilliant, SBr. xiv; MāndUp.; MBh. &c.; consisting of any shining substance (as metal), metallic, AsvGr.; Gaut.; Mn.; KātySr., Sch.; said of the gastric juice as coloured by digested food, Susr. i, 14; passionate, Sāmkhyak.; Tattvas.; Vedântas.; Sušr.; BhP.; n. metal, L.; vigour, W.; N. of a Tīrtha, MBh. iii, 7035; ix, 2723; (i), f. Scindapsus officinalis, Npr.; long pepper, Gal.; °savartanī, °tinī, f. 2 crucible, L.

तैतल taitala, °lāyani, °li. See °til°.

तिहा taitiksha, mfn. (fr. titikshā) patient, g. chattradi; relating to °kshya, g. kanvadi. Taitikshava, m. patr. fr. Titikshu, Hariv. 1681. Taitikshya, m. patr. fr. Titiksha, g. gargadi.

nīno taitila, m. N. of a man (v.l. otala), g. tikādi; a rhinoceros, L.; a god, Daš. xii, 129; kalinga, 129, Sch.; n. (m., Sch.) a pillow, Kshur Up.; n. N. of the 4th Karaņa (in astr.), Var BṛS. iiic, 4 & 6; -kadrū, Pāṇ. vi, 2, 42. Taitilāyani, m. patr. fr. Taitila, g. tikādi (v.l. otalo). Taitili, m. N. of a man, Pravar. v, 4 (Kāty.); (otali [in Prākṛit Teyali, Jñātādh. xiv; Āv. viii, 182] Jain.) Taitilin, m. N. of a man (= ola), Pāṇ. vi, 4, 144, Vārtt. I.

तैचिडीक taittiḍīka, mf(ī)n. prepared with tamarind-sauce, iv, 3, 156, Vārtt. 2, Pat.; 4, 4, Kāš.

from a partridge (tittiri), AsvGr.; ŠānkhGr.; R.; Sušr.; sprung from the sage Tittiri, Un. k.; m. a partridge, L.; n. a flock of partridges, L. Taittiri, m. N. of a sage (elder brother of Vaisampāyana, MBh. xii, 12760), Pravar. ii, 2, 3 (v. l. titto pl.); of a son of Kapota-roman, Hariv. 2016; MatsyaP. (not in ed.); (titto) AgP. & BrahmaP. Taittirika, m. one who catches partridges, R. (G) ii, 90, 13.

Taittiriya, m. pl. 'pupils of Tittiri,' the Taittirīyas (a school of the Yajur-Veda), Pāņ. iv, 3, 102; R. ii, 32, 15; VP. &c. - carana, n. the school of the To. - prātišākhya, n. the Prātišākhya of the To (commented on by Tri-bhāshya-ratna). - brāhmana, n. the Brahmana of the To. - yajur-veda, m. the YV. according to the T° . - vārttika, n. N. of a commentary. - veda, m. the Veda according to the To. - sākhā, f. = -carana, ĀtrAnukr. - sā**khin**, mfn, belonging to ${}^{\circ}kh\bar{a}$, ib., Sch. - samhitā, f. the Samhita of the To (chief recension of the Black YV., on the origin of which VP. iii, 5, 1-29 has the following legend: the YV. was first taught by Vaisampāvana to 27 pupils, among whom was Yājñavalkya; subsequently V. being offended with Y. bade him disgorge the Veda committed to him, which he did in a tangible form; whereupon the older disciples of V. being commanded to pick it up, took the form of partridges, and swallowed the soiled texts, hence named 'black;' the other name taittiriya referring to the partridges. Y. then received from the Sun a new or white version of the YV., called from Y.'s patr. vajasaneyin). yaranyaka, n. the Āraņyaka of the T°. "yôpanishad, f. the Up. of the T°.

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manual of the T°, Say. on RV. i, 65, 2 & 5; iv, 42, 8. °kôpanishad, f. = °rīyôp°, Sarvad. v.

Taittirya, mfn. coming from a partridge, ApGr. तेन्द्रक tainduka, mf(i)n. derived from Diospyros embryopteris (tind°), Susr. vi, 40, 36.

तैमात taimātá, m. N. of a snake, AV. v. तैमित्य taimitya, n. fr. timita, dulness, Gal

affit taimira, mfn. fr. timita, with roga, = rya, Sušr. iv, 13. rika, mfn. = timira nayana, Kād. iii. rya, n. dimness of the eyes, Hāsy. i, 39.

तेर taira, oraņa, m., oraņī, f. = tero, L.

तेरसक्त tairabhukta, mfn. fr. tīra-bhukti.

Tirašci,'N. of a Sāman, Tāṇḍya Br. xii; Lāṭy.vi,8,12.

Tairovirāma, m. 'extending beyond (tirás) a pause (vir°),' the dependant Svarita in a compound when the Udātta upon which it depends stands on the last syllable of the 1st member of the compound, VPrāt. i, 118; (called prātihata, TPrāt.) Tairovyañjana, m. 'extending beyond the consonant (vy°) ,' the dependant Svarita when separated by one or more consonants from the Udātta syllable upon which it depends, RPrāt. iii, 10; APrāt. iii, 62; VPrāt. i, 117. Tairo'hnya, mfn. = tir° , ĀšvŠr. v, 5.

ndi tairtha, mf(i)n. relating to a Tīrtha, g. sundikādi & vyushṭādi. othaka, mfn., g. dhū-mādi. othika, mfn. (g. chedādi) = tīrtho, addicted or relating to another creed, heterodox, Kāraṇḍ. xi, 62; m. a dignified person, authority, Prab. ii, 13; n. water from a Tīrtha, MBh. iii, 8085; = tīrtha-caryā (?), xiii, 6066. othya, g. saṃkāšādi.

तेर्गयनिक tairyagayanika, mfn. measured by the revolution (tiryag-ayana) of the sun (a year), Lāty. iv, 8, 7; Nidānas. v, 12.

Tairyagyona, mfn. = tir°, of animal origin, (m.) animal, Mn. vii, 150; Sušr. vi, 39; see °nya. °ni, mfn. id., MBh. v, 97, 6; relating to the animals (creation), Sāṃkhyak. 54, Gauḍap. °nya, mfn. id., 53 (v. l. °na); VP. i, 5, 21; MārkP. vlii, 33.

ਜੋਲ tailá, n. (fr. tíla) sesamum oil, oil, AV. i, 7, 2(?); Kaus.; Gobh.; Mn. &c. (ifc. Pan. v, 2, 29, Vārtt. 4, Pat.; ifc. f. ā, Kum. vii, 9); olibanum, VarBrS. lxxvii, 4 & 6. - kanda, m. N. of a bulb, L. - kalka-ja, m. = -kitta, L. - kalpanā, f. N. of SārngS. xvi, 90-178. - kāra, m. an oil-miller, BrahmavP. i. - kiţţa, n. oil-cake, L. - kīţa, m. N. of an insect, L. - kunda (tail), n. an oil-pot, AV. xx, 136, 16 (v.l.-kumbha). - caurikā, f. 'stealing oil,' a cock-roach, L. - tva, n. oily state, Susr. i, 45. - dronī, f. a tub filled with oil, R. ii, 66, 14ff. - pa, m. 'oil-drinker,' N. of a man; (\bar{a}) , f. = -caurikā, L. - paka, see -pāyika. - parņa, m. camphor, Gal.; (i), f. sandal, L.; turpentine, L.; olibanum, L. - parnaka, n. N. of a fragrant grass, Bhpr. v, 2, 108; sandal-wood, Npr. - parnika, m. N. of a sandal tree, Hariv. 12680; Bhpr.; n. the wood of that tree, L. - patra, n. an oil-vessel, Gobh. iii, 5, 8. - pāyika, m. = $-p\tilde{a}$ (or 'N. of a bird, 'Sch.) Vishn. xliv, 23; Mn. xii, 63 (v. l. -paka); (\bar{a}) , f. $=-p\bar{a}$, MBh. xiv, 5069. – pāyin, m. id., xiii; Yājñ. iii, 211; MārkP. xv, 23; ? MBh. vii, 6713; (inī), f. id., Npr. - piñja, white sesamum, ib. - pipīlikā, f. a small red ant, L. - pīta, mfn. one who has drunk oil, g. āhitāgny-ādi. - pūra, m. 'oil-filling,' a- [Kum. i, 10] or apavarjita- [Bhaktâm. 15], mfn. (a lamp) that wants no oil-filling. - pesham, ind. (with \sqrt{pish} , to grind) so as to extract oil ('with oil,' Sch.), Pān. iii, 4, 38, Kāš. - pradīpa, m. an oil-lamp, Kathās. ic, 4. - phala, m. the sesamum plant, Npr.; Terminalia Catappa, L.; Terminalia Bellerica, L. - bīja, m. Semecarpus Anacardium, L. - mālin, m. or 11, f. a wick, L. - m-pātā, f. Pān. iv, 2, 58; vi, 3, 71. - yantra, n. an oil-mill, BhP. v (-cakra, n. 'wheel of an oil-mill,' 21, 13). - vallī, f. a kind of Asparagus, L. - sālikā, f. = -yantra, Gal. - sādhana, n. N. of a perfume, L. - spandā, f. Cucurbita Pepo, Npr.; Clitoria ternatea, ib.; kākolī, ib. - sphatika, m. N. of a gem, L. Tailakhya, m. olibanum, L. Tailaguru, n. a kind of Agallochum, L. Tailâți, f a wasp, L. Tailâbhyanga, m. anointing with oil. Tailâmbukā, $f_{\cdot} = {}^{\circ}la - p\bar{a}$, L. **Tailôtsava**, m. oil-festival (held in honour of Minakshi), RTL. p. 442.

ka of the T°. °yôpanishad, f. the Up. of the T°.

Tailaka, n. a small quantity of oil, W. Tailakya,

Tailtirīyaka, mfn. = °ya-šākhin, TPrāt.; n. the

n. adorning with the Tilaka, g. purohitādi; the

being adorned with the T°, ib. **Tailika**, m. an oilmiller, Mn.; MBh.; VarBṛS.; Vīrac.; cf. mūrdha-; (ī), f. an oil-man's wife, Parāš. Paddh.; -cakra, n. = °la-yantra-c°, Divyâv. iv. **Tailin**, m. = °lika, L.; (inī), f. a wick, L.; = °la-kīṭa, L.; °li-šālā, f. = °la-šālikā, L. **Tailīna**, mfn. grown with sesamum, (n.) a s° field, Pāṇ. v, 2, 4.

নৈতক্ল tailaiga, mfn. relating to the Telinga country; m. pl. its inhabitants, Kuval., Sch.

तैलवक tailavaka, mfn. inhabited by the Telus, g. rājanyadi.

ते स्वक tailvaka, mfn. coming from or made of the Tilvaka tree, ShadvBr. iii, 8; KātyŚr.; Suśr.

तेवक taivraka, mfn. inhabited by the Tīvras, g. rājanyadi. Taivradārava, mfn. coming from or made of the tree Tīvra-dāru, g. rajatadi.

तेष taisha, mf(i)n. (Pāṇ. vi, 4, 149) relating to the asterism Tishya, Āp.; m. the month (December-January) in which the full moon stands in the asterism Tishya (= pausha & sahasya), ŠānkhŠr. xiii, 19; (i), f. (scil. tithi or rātri) the day of full moon in month Taisha, ĀsvŠr.; Gobh.; Anup.

तैसृक taisrika, mfn. made in Tisrikā, Kāt. ii, 5, 14, Sch.

dren, race, child (often joined with tánaya; rarely pl., AV. i, v; BhP. vi), RV.; AV.; Kāth.; ŠBr., AitBr.; Pān. iii, 3, 1, Kār.; BhP.; a new-born child; ii, x; m. ifc. the offspring of an animal (e.g. aja-, a young goat), iii, x; cf. ava-, jīvat- & sa-tokā; \(\sqrt{tvaksh.} = t\bar{a}\), f. childhood, 13, 25. — vat (\(^k\dat{a}\)), mfn. possessing offspring, RV. iii, 13, 7; (t\(\bar{t}\)), f. (a woman) having children, BhP. i. — sāti (\(^k\dat{a}\)), f. acquisition of offspring, RV. vi, 18, 6; x, 25, 9; (\(^k\dat{a}\)sya s\(^o\), ii, 30, 5; iv, 24; vi, ix); TBr. i, 2, 1, 1.

Tokāya, Nom. (ind. \(^y\)itvā\) to represent a new-

born child, BhP. x. **Tokinī**, f. = °ka-vatī, MānGṛ. **Tokma**, m. see °man; a young shoot, BhP. x; green colour, L.; n. ear-wax, L.; a cloud, L. **Tók-man**, m. a young blade of corn, esp. of barley, malt, RV. x, 62, 8; VS.; AitBr. viii, 5 & 16; (°kma, m., KātyŚr. xix, 1; BhP. iv); offspring, Naigh. ii, 2.

Tiza toṭaka (= troṭ^o), mfn. quarrelsome, Chandaḥs,vi, 3I, Halāy.; m. N. of a venomous insect, Sušr. v, 3; of a pupil of Saṃkarâcārya, SSaṃkar.; n. angry speech, Dašar. i, 40; Pratāpar.; a metre of 4 × 12 syllables; see also troṭ^o.

nis tod, cl. 1.°date, to disregard, Dhātup.
Todana, n. (√tud) splitting (?), viii f., xxviii.
Todikā, °dī, f. (in music) N. of a Rāgiņī.

तांडरानन्द todarânanda, for todo.

नोडलन्स todala-tantra, n. N. of a work.

নানল totala, m. N. of a writer on med., Todar.; (ā), f. N. of a goddess (tott^o?), W. Totilā, f. a form of Durgā, Pañcad. ii, 35.

कोते tóte [TS. i, 2, 5, 2] & tóto [VS. iv, 22] for táva tava [MaitrS. i, 2, 4; Kāṭh. ii, 5].

तोत्तला tottalā, f. = totalā, BrahmaP. ii.

तोत्रायन tottāyana, m. pl. N. of a branch of the AV. (v. l. tautt°).

নাই tottra, n. ($\sqrt{1.tud}$) a goad for driving cattle or an elephant, MBh.; Pāṇ.; R.; BhP.—pra-jita ($t\delta t^{\circ}$), mfn. goad-driven, SBr. xii, 4, 1, 10.

Todá, m. a driver (of horses &c.), RV. iv, 16, 11; Nir.; Kauš.; 'instigator, exciter,' the Sun, RV. i, 150, 1; vi, 6 & 12; pricking pain, BhP. iii, 18, 6; Sušr.; Gotamasya to, N. of a Sāman. — parnī, f. 'prick leaf,' a bad kind of grain, i, 46, 1, 18.

Todana, n. = tottra, L.; pricking pain, i, 22, 5; (m.) N. of a tree and (n.) its fruit, 46, 3, 25 & 29.

Todita, mfn. goaded, R. ii, 74, 31. **Todya,** n. a kind of cymbal; cf. \bar{a} -.

javelin, MBh. &c.; m. pl. N. of a people, vi, 377; sg. N. of the ancestor of a commentator on Devim.; n. a metre of 4×9 syllables. — graha, m. a lance-bearer, Pāṇ. iii, 2,9, Vārtt. I; lance-throwing, Divyâv. iii, 59; viii. — dhara, m. a lance-bearer, L.; fire, L.

तोमराण tomarāṇa, N. of a man, Rājat. v. तोमरिका tomarikā, f. = tūbar°, L.