Mutta, m.(?), Subh.

मुड् mud, cl. 1. P. modati, to crush, grind, Dhātup. ix, 38 (v. l. for mut).

मुण mun, cl. 6. P. munati, to promise, Dhātup. xxviii, 44.

मुग्द munt, cl. 1. P. muntati, to crush, grind, Dhātup. ix, 38 (v. l. for mut).

Hus munth, cl. 1. A. munthate, 'to run away' or 'to protect' (palâyane, v.l. pālane), Dhātup. viii, 12.

supposed source of the words below), cl. 1. P. to cut (khandane = chidi), Dhātup. ix, 40; to crush, grind, ix, 38 (v. l. for mut); cl. 1. Ā. 'to cleanse' or 'to sink' or 'to shave' (mārjane, v.l. magne and mundane), viii, 22: Caus. mundayati (or mundāpayati, Divyâv.), see mundaya below.

Munda, $mf(\tilde{a})n$, shaved, bald, having the head shaved or the hair shorn, Mn.; MBh. &c.; having no horns, hornless (as a cow or goat), Var.; stripped of top leaves or branches, lopped (as a tree), MBh.; pointless, blunt, Kathās.; without awns or a beard (a kind of corn), L.; low, mean, W.; m. a man with a shaven head, bald-headed man, Yājñ. i, 271 (also applied to Siva), MBh.; the trunk of a lopped tree, W.; a barber, L.; N. of Rāhu, L.; of a Daitya, Hariv.; of a king, Buddh.; pl. N. of a people, MBh.; of a dynasty, VP.; (\bar{a}) , f. a (close-shaved) female mendicant, L.; a widow, Gal.; a species of plant, L.; Bengal madder, W.; (\tilde{i}) , f. Sphaerantus Hirtus, Bhpr.; N. of one of the Mātris attending on Skanda, MBh.; n. (L. also n.) a shaven head, any head, Kāv.; Rājat.; iron, L.; myrrh, L. - khandeyôpanishad (?), f. N. of an Upanishad. - canaka, m. a kind of pulse, L. - ja, n. steel, L. - dhānya, n. a kind of grain without awns, Susr. (v. l. rūdha-dho). -dharin, mfn. wearing (a garland of) heads or skulls. - prishtha, m. or n. (?) N. of a place, Cat. -phala, m. a cocoa-nut tree (the fruit being one step towards a human head made by Visvāmitra, when attempting a creation in opposition to that of Brahmā), L. - mandalī, f. a number of shaven heads, MW.; a collection of inferior troops, Hit. - mathanā, f. N. of Durgā, MārkP. - mālātantra, n. N. of a Tantra. - mālinī, f. a form of Durgā, W. -loha, n. iron, L. (cf. mundâyasa). -vedânga, m. N. of a serpent-demon, MBh. - sayanasana-vārika, m. a partic. official in a monastery, Buddh. - sāli, m. a species of rice, L. - srinkhalika, m. N. of a subdivision of the Pāsupatas, L. Mundakhya, f. a species of plant, L. Mundâyasa, n. iron, L. (cf. munda-loha). Mundasana, n. a partic. posture in sitting, Cat. Mundêsvara-tīrtha, n. N. of a place of pilgrim-

Muṇṇaka, mfn. shaved, shorn, Divyâv.; m. the lopped trunk or stem of a tree, pollard, L.; a shaver, barber, L.; (ikā), f. a species of plant, L.; n. the head, L.; N. of the chapters into which the Muṇḍa-kôpanishad is divided. Muṇṇakôpanishad, f. N. of a well-known Upanishad of the Atharva-veda (called also Ātharvaṇôpanishad and said to take its former name from the word muṇḍa, because every one who comprehends its sacred doctrine is 'shorn,' i. e. liberated from all error, a similar idea being probably involved in the name of the Kshurikôpanishad or 'Razor Upanishad;' cf. lW. 35, 39 &c.); 'shat-khaṇḍârtha, m.; 'shad-āloka, m., 'shad-dīpikā, f., and 'shad-bhāshya, n. N. of Comms. on the MuṇḍUp.

Mundana, n. shaving the head (with or scil. sirasah), tonsure, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; protecting, defending (cf. \sqrt{munth}), L.; m. N. of one of Siva's attendants, Kāšīkh. Mundanêsa, m. N. of Siva, ib.

Mundanaka, m. a species of rice, L. (cf. munda- $\dot{s}\ddot{a}l\dot{t}$); ($ik\bar{a}$), f., see mahā-m°.

Mundaya, Nom. P. "yati, to shave, shear, Hariv.; Pancat.

Mundara, n. N. of a place at which the sun is worshipped, Cat.

Mundita, mfn. shaved, bald, shorn, lopped, Kāv.; Hit.; (\bar{a}) , f. a window, Gal.; n. iron, L.—prahasana, n. N. of a drama.—munda, -mūrdhan, -siras, mfn. shaven-headed, bald-pated, Kāv.; Kathās.

Munditika, f. Sphaerantus Hirtus, L.

Mundin, mfn. shaven, bald (also applied to Šiva), MBh.; Hariv.; Kām.; hornless, Bhpr.; m. a barber, L. Mundibhá, m. N. of a man (the supposed author of VS. xxv, 9), SBr.; TBr.

Mundi-kalpa, m. N. of wk.

Mundira, m. the sun, L.

Mundīrikā and °rī, f. a species of plant, I.. Mundîsvara-tīrtha, n. (fr. mundin + īšv°) N. of a Tirtha, Cat. (cf. mundēšv°).

मृतव mutava, m. or n.(?) a species of grass, Gobh.

मुत्तल mutkala, m. N. of a man, Rājat. मृत्विलिन् mutkhalin, m. N. of a Deva-putra, Lalit.

मृत्य mutya, n. a pearl, L.

मुपशिल muthasila = مُتَمِل, (in astrol.) N. of the third Yoga.

Muthasilita and osilin, mfn. from the prec. Muthahā, an astrol. term.

मुद्द 1. mud, cl. 10. P. modayati, to mix, mingle, blend, unite, Dhātup. xxxiii, 66.

2. mud, cl. I. Ā. (Dhātup. ii, 15) módate (ep. and m. c. also P. °ti; pf. mumóda, RV.; mumude, MBh. &c.; aor. amodishta, Gr.; Pot. mudīmahi, RV.; Prec. modishīshthās, AV.; fut. moditā, Gr.; modishyate, MBh.; ind. p. -modam, MBh.), to be merry or glad or happy, rejoice, delight in (instr. or loc.), RV. &c. &c.: Caus. modayati, °te (aor. amūmudat), to gladden, give pleasure, exhilarate, MBh.; Bhaṭt.: Desid. of Caus. mumodayishati, ŚBr.: Desid. mumodishate or mumudishate, Pāṇ. i, 2, 26: Intens. momudyate, momudīti, momotti, Gr.

3. Múd, f. joy, delight, gladness, happiness (also pl.), RV. &c. &c.; Joy personified (as a daughter of Tushti), BhP.; intoxication, frenzy, W.; a species of drug (= vriddhi), W.; a woman (?), L.; pl. N. of a class of Apsaras, VP. — bhāj, mfn. feeling joy or pleasure, VarBṛS.

Muda, mfn., see hasā-mudá; m. N. of a teacher, L.; (\bar{a}) , f., see below.

Muda-kara (?), m. pl. N. of a people.

Mudā, f. pleasure, joy, gladness, MBh.; Kāv.&c. -kara, m. (with sūri) N. of an author, Cat. -onvita (odânvo), mfn. filled with joy, pleased, delighted, R. -yukta and -yuta, mfn. id., MBh. -vat, mfn. rejoicing, glad, delighted (see nâtimudāvat), MBh.; (atī), f. N. of a daughter of king Vidūratha, MārkP. -vasu, m. N. of a son of Prajāti, ib.

Mudita, mfn. delighted, joyful, glad, rejoicing in (instr. or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; m. a partic. sort of servant, R.; (ā), f. joy, gladness, complacency, Lalit.; sympathy in joy, Divyâv.; n. a kind of sexual embrace, L.; a partic. Siddhi, Sāṃkhyas., Sch.; w.r. for nudita and sūdita. — pushpā, f. N. of a female Gandharva, Kāraṇḍ. — bhadra, m. N. of a man, Buddh. — madâlasa, m. or n. (?) N. of a drama.

Mudira, m. a cloud, Gīt.; Bhām.; a lover, L.; a frog, L. — phala, m. Asteracantha Longifolia, L. Mudī, f. moonshine, L.

Mudgá, m. (accord. to Un. i, 127 fr. \(\sqrt{mud} \)
Phaseolus Mungo (both the plant and its beans), VS. &c. &c.; a cover, covering, lid, L.; a kind of seabird, L. (prob. w. r. for madgu, q. v.) = giri, m.
N. of a city, Buddh. = parnī, f. Phaseolus Trilobus, Bhpr. = bhuj or -bhojin, m. 'bean-eater,' a horse, L. = modaka, m. a kind of sweetmeat, Bhpr. = yūsha, n. bean-soup, L. = vat, mfn. having beans &c., Nir. Mudgâbha, mfn. bean-coloured, VarBṛS. Mudgârdraka-vaṭa, m. a kind of sweetmeat, Bhpr. Mudgârdana, m. a soup made of beans and rice, ŠānkhGṛ.

Mudgapa, m. N. of a man, Col.

Mudgara, m. N. of a man, Col.

Mudgara, m. (prob. fr. mudga) a hammer,
mallet, any hammer-like weapon or implement, MBh.;
Kāv. &c.; a bud, L.; a kind of jasmine (n. its
blossom), L.; a species of fish, L.; N. of a Nāga,
MBh.; n. a partic. posture in sitting, Cat.—gomin,
m. N. of a man, Buddh.—parnaka and -pindaka,
m. N. of two Nāgas, MBh.—phala, m. Averrhoa
Carambola, L. Mudgarākāra, mfn. shaped like
a hammer, MW.

Mudgaraka, ifc. (f. $ik\bar{a}$) = mudga, a hammer, Kathās.; m. Averrhoa Carambola, L.

Múdgala, m. (prob. fr. mudga) N. of a Rishi

with the patr. Bhārmyasva (the supposed author of RV. x, 102), AV.; Nir.; MBh. &c.; of a disciple of Sākalya, VP.; of a son of Visvāmitra, MBh.; of various authors and other men (also with bhatta, sūri &c.), Cat.; pl. the descendants of Mudgala, TBr.; N. of a people, MBh.; n. a species of grass, L.; = mudgalôpanishad. — deva, m. N. of an author (who translated the Prākrit passages of the Ratnâvalī), Cat. — purāṇa, n., -smṛiti, f. N. of wks. Mudgalâryā, f. N. of wk. Mudgalôpanishad, f. N. of an Upanishad.

Mudgalánī, f. the wife of Mudgala, RV. x, 102, 2 (cf. Pān. iv, 1, 49, Vārtt. 5, Pat.)

Mudgashta and taka, m. a species of bean, L. Mudgashtha and thaka, m. id., ib.

Mudrá, mfn. joyous, glad, AV.; (\tilde{a}) , f., see mu- $dr\tilde{a}$ below.

मुद्द mudara, v.l. for mridura.

मुदानाद त mudānādata, m. N. of a divine being, HPariš.

मुद्र mudga &c. See col. 2.

मुह mudda, an astrological term.

HCI $mudr\bar{a}$, f. (fr. mudra, see above) a seal or any instrument used for sealing or stamping, a seal-ring, signet-ring (cf. anguli-m°), any ring, MBh.; Kav. &c.; type for printing or instrument for lithographing, L.; the stamp or impression made by a seal &c.; any stamp or print or mark or impression, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a stamped coin, piece of money, rupee, cash, medal, L.; an image, sign, badge, token (esp. a token or mark of divine attributes impressed upon the body), Kāv.; Pur.; Rājat.; authorization, a pass, passport (as given by a seal), Mudr.; shutting, closing (as of the eyes or lips, gen. or comp.), Kāv.; a lock, stopper, bung, Amar.; Bhpr.; a mystery, Cat.; N. of partic. positions or intertwinings of the fingers (24 in number, commonly practised in religious worship, and supposed to possess an occult meaning and magical efficacy, Das.; Sarvad.; Kāraņd.; RTL. 204; 406); a partic. branch of education ('reckoning by the fingers'), Divyav.; parched or fried grain (as used in the Sakta or Tantrik ceremonial), RTL. 192; (in rhet.) the natural expression of things by words, calling things by their right names, Kuval.; (in music) a dance accordant with tradition, Samgit. - kara, m. a maker of seals, engraver, coiner, MW. - okshara (odrāksho), n. type, print (often used in the title-pages of books). - kshepa (draksh), m. taking away or removing a seal, MW. - onka (odranka), min. stamped, sealed, marked, Rājat.; m. N. of a poet, Cat. - \circ **nkita** (\circ dr \hat{a} ik \circ), mfn. = prec.mfn., Kāv.; Kathās. - dhāraṇa, n. 'wearing a seal-ring;' -māhātmya, n., -stotra, n. N. of wks. - prakāsa, m. N. of two wks. - bala, n. a partic, high number, Buddh. - mārga, m. = brahma-randhra, Cat. - yantra, n. a printing-press; otrdlaya, m. n. a printing office (often in the title-pages of books). - rakshaka, m. a keeper of seals, MW. - rākshasa, n. 'Rākshasa (N. of a minister) and the seal-ring,' N. of a celebrated drama by Visākha-datta; -kathā-samgraha, m.; -kathā-sāra, m., -pūrva-pīṭhikā, f., -prakāša, m. N. of wks. - rnava (drārno). m. (and ova-lakshana-tīkā, f.), -lakshana, n. N. of wks. - lipi, f. 'printed writing,' print, lithograph, L. - vidhi, m., - vivarana, n. N. of wks. - sthana, n, the place (on the finger) for a seal-ring, Sak.

Mudrana, n. the act of sealing up or closing or printing, Vcar.; Sāh.

Mudraņī-pattra, n. a proof-sheet, Āryav., Introd. Mudraya, Nom. P. oyati, to seal, stamp, print, mark. Hariv.; Kāv.

Mudrikā, f. a little seal, seal, seal-ring, MBh.; stamp, impression, stamped coin, L.; a sealed or signed paper, W.; a partic. surgical instrument, Sušr.; N. of partic. positions or intertwinings of the fingers (= mudrā, q. v.), Pañcar.

Mudrita, mfn. sealed, stamped, impressed, printed, marked, Kāv.; Kām.; contracted, closed, sealed up, Kāv.; Kathās. (nidrā-m°, sunk in sleep, Daš.); strung, bound, L.; unblown (as a flower), L.; intertwined in partic. forms (as the fingers; cf. mudrā), Pañcar.; n. impressing a seal on (loc.), Hit. - pānsu, mfn. making impressions on dust or sand (said of drops of water), Amar. - mukha, mfn. having the mouth closed or the lips sealed, Vikr. Mudritāksha, mf(ī)n. having the eyes closed, Subh.