Kam. - yayin, mfn. riding on the back of (comp.), Kam., Sch. - raksha, m. = -gopa, MBh. - rakshana, n. protection or defence of the back, MarkP. - lagna, mfn. hanging about a person's (gen.) back, following, Panc. - vansa, m. the back-bone, Suir. - vāstu, n. the upper story of a house, Mn. iii, 91. -vah, mfn. 'borne on the back, riding, Hariv.; carrying a load on the back, MaitrS.; w.r. for pashtha-vo and prashtha-vo, q.v. - vaha, m. a beast of burden, draught-ox, Nilak. - vāhya, m. id., L. - samanīya, m. N. of a partic. Agni-shtoma, Nyāyam., Sch. - saya, mfn. lying on the back, g. pāršvādi. - sringa, m. 'having horns over the back,' a wild goat, L.; gin, m. (L.) 'id.,' a ram; a buffalo; a eunuch; N. of Bhīma. - sveta, m. 'white on the back or on the other side,' N. of a kind of rice, Gal. - stotra, n. N. of a partic. arrangement of Samans (= prishtha, q. v.), Br.; SrS. Prishthakshepa, m. acute and violent pain in the back, Car. Prishthanuga (R.), ogamin (Pañcat.), mfn. going behind, following. Prishthânuprishthaka, $mf(ik\bar{a})n$, being behind a person's back, pursuing, following. Prishthâvagunthana-pata, m. a horse-cloth (covering the back), Kad. Prishthashthila, m. or n. the back of a tortoise, Balar. Prishthasthi, n. the back bone, L. Prishthôdaya, min. rising from behind (applied to the zodiacal signs Aries, Taurus, Gemini, Sagittarius, and Capricorn), Var. Prishthôpatāpa, m. the shining of the sun upon the back, SāmavBr.

Prishthaka, n. the back, R.; oke Vkri, to place behind, postpone, neglect, resign, Caurap.; Pañc.

Prishthi- $\sqrt{bh\bar{u}}$, to become depressed or dejected, L. (prob. w.r. for $pisht\bar{i}-\sqrt{bh\bar{u}}$).

Prishthe, loc. of prishtha in comp. - mukha, mf(i)n. having the face in the back, MBh.

Prishthya, mfn. belonging to or coming from the heights (with payas or andhas, n. the milk or the plant from the heights, i.e. the Soma), RV.; carrying on the back; m. (with or sc. asva) a horse for riding or for draught, Lāty.; MBh.; (ā), f. the edge which runs along the back of a Vedi, KātyŠr.; Sulbas.; (prlo), mfn. forming the Stotras called Prishtha, TāṇḍBr.; having these Stotras (said of a partic. period of 6 sacrificial days [as subst. m.], viz. prishthyāhan, prishthya-tryaha, -pañcāha, -stotriya, -caturtha, -shashtha, Vait.); m. = prishthānām samūhah, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 42, Vārtt. 1, Pat. — stoma, m. N. of 6 Ekâhas or of a period of 6 sacrificial days (cf. above), ŠrS. Prishthyāvalamba, m. (sc. pañcāha), a period of 5 sacrificial days, ib.

yfun prishni, (L.) mfn.=prisni; f.=pārshni or = prisni (ray of light).

पृत्ति पर्यो $prish ni-parn \bar{n}$, w.r. for $prisn i-p^{\circ}$. पृथ्व prish va, $mf(\bar{a})n$. produced by rime or hoar-frost, TS. (Sch.)

T prī, el. 9. P. (Dhātup. xxxi, 19) pri-£ náti, RV.; cl. 6. P. (Iprin, xxviii, 40) prináti, ib.; cl. 3. P. (xxv, 4) piparti, ib. (also A.; Impv. pipīprihi, BhP. iv, 19, 38; pf. papāra, 3 pl. paparuh or papruh, Pāņ. vii, 4, 12; pupūre, rire, Bhatt.; -pupūryās, RV.; paprivas [?], MaitrS.; aor. apārīt, Gr., pūrishthās, TAr.; Impv. pūrdhi, RV.; Prec. priyāsam, AV., pūryāt, Gr.; fut. parīshyati, parītā, Gr.; ind. p. pūrtvā, Gr., -pūrya, MBh.; -pūram [in comp. with its object; cf. udara-po, goshpada-po, carmapo, and Pan. iii, 4, 31; 32]; inf. prinádhyai, RV.; -puras, Kath.; puritum, R.), to fill (A. 'one's self'), RV.; AV.; to fill with air, blow into (acc.), Bhatt.; to sate, cherish, nourish, bring up, RV.; AV.; to refresh (as the Pitris), Bhatt. (aor. apārīt, v. l. atarpsīt); to grant abundantly, bestow on (dat.), present with (instr.), RV.; AV. (often p. prinát = bounteous, liberal, ungrudging); to fulfil, satisfy (as a wish), BhP.: Pass. puryate (ep. also oti, and RV. A. pūryate, p. pūryamāna), to be filled with, become full of (instr.), be sated, RV.; VS.; SBr.; MBh. &c.; to become complete (as a number), Laty.: Caus. pārayati, to fill, Dhatup. xxxii, 15; to fulfil (only aor. piparat), RV.; pūrdyati (Dhatup. xxxiii, 126), ote (Pass. puryate [cf. above]; aor. apūri, apūrishta), to fill, fill up with (instr.), SBr.; GrSrS.; MBh. &c.; to fill (with a noise, said also of the noise itself), MBh.; R.; to fill (cf. Pers. فيروزة).

with wind, blow (a conch), ib.; to draw (a bow or an arrow to the ear), R.; to make full, complete, supplement(a sentence), Kuval.; to cover completely, overspread, bestrew, surround, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to load or enrich or present with (instr.), ib.; to fulfil (a wish or hope), AV. &c. &c.; to spend completely (a period of time), R.: Desid. piparīshati, pupūrshati, Gr.: Intens. pāparti, popūrtyate, ib. [Cf. Gk. πίμπλημι; Lat. plere, plenus; Lit. pìlti, pìlnas; Slav. plŭnŭ; Goth. fulls; Germ. voll; Eng. full.]

पेनि peki, m. or f. a species of bird, Svapnac.

पंचक pecaka, m. ($\sqrt{1. pac?}$) an owl (cf. $krishna-p^\circ$); the tip or the root of an elephant's tail, Var.; a couch, bed (=paryanka), L.; a louse, L.; a cloud, L.; ($ik\bar{a}$), f. a kind of owl, Hariv. (v.l. picaka and pecuka).

Pecakin, m. an elephant, L. (v. l. picakin). Pecila, m. id., L. (v. l. picila).

पेचु pecu, n. Colocasia Antiquorum, L. Pecuka, n., °culi, f. id., L.

पंज peja, m., see $tila-p^{\circ}$; (\bar{a}) , $f = pey\bar{a}$, L.

पेञ्च्या $pe\vec{n}j\bar{u}sh\bar{a}$, f. the wax of the ear, L. पेट peța, $mf(\bar{a} \text{ or } \bar{\imath})n.$ (\sqrt{pit} ?) a basket,

bag, L.; a multitude, L.; a retinue, L.; m. the open hand with the fingers expanded (= pra-hasta), L. - kandaka, m. a species of bulbous plant, Gal. Petalu, n. id., ib.

Petaka, $mf(ik\bar{a})n$. a little basket, casket, box, Das.; Sāy.; Kull. (cf. koša-petaka, bhūshana-petikā); m. n. = dvamdva, L.; n. a multitude, company, quantity, number, Rājat.; Kathās. (°kam \sqrt{kri} , with instr. 'to join or consort with'); (ikā), f. a species of plant, L.

Petāka, m. a basket, L.

Pettala, m. or n. id., Mālatīm. vi, † (v.1. °laka). Pedā, f. id. (?), Divyâv.

ਧੇਣਿਖਣ peṭṭi-bhaṭṭa, m. N. of the father of Viśvêśvara-bhaṭṭa, Cat.

चेडुनाचार्य peḍḍanâcārya, m. N. of an author, Cat.

पेड्रुभट्ट pedda-bhatta, m. N. of the commentator Mallinatha, Cat.

पढाल peḍhāla, m. N. of the eighth Arhat of the future Utsarpiņī, L.

un pen, cl. 1. P. penati, to go; to grind; to embrace, Dhātup. xiii, 15 (cf. pain, prain, lain).

पेसड peṇḍa, m. a way, road, Gal.

Ura $p \in tva$, m. $(\sqrt{1.p\bar{a}})$ a ram, wether, RV.; AV.; VS.; TBr.; a small part, W; n. nectar, Amrita, Un. iv, 115, Sch.; ghee or clarified butter, L.

the especial protection of the Asvins, by whom he was presented with a white horse that killed serpents), RV.

Tuliumin pepiyamāna, mfn. ($\sqrt{1. p\bar{a}}$, Intens.) drinking separately or greedily, ChUp.; Hariv.

Peya, mfn. to be drunk or quaffed, drinkable, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to be tasted, tastable, MBh. (opp. to ghreya, sprisya &c.); to be taken (as medicine), Car.; to be drunk in or enjoyed by (cf. srotra- p°); m. (sc. yajña-kratu) a drink offering, libation, ŠāṅkhŚr.; (\bar{a}), f. rice gruel or any drink mixed with a small quantity of boiled rice, MBh.; Car.; Sušr.; a species of anise (= mišreyā), L.; n. a drink, beverage, MBh.; R.; Sušr.

1. **Perú**, mfn. drinking, VS. (Mahīdh.; perhaps rather = 3. péru); (péru), thirsty (?), TS.; m. (only L.) the sun; fire; the ocean; the golden mountain (cf. meru).

पेब peb, cl. 1. A. pebate, Dhātup. x, 11 (v. l. for sev, q. v.)

पेयालम् peyālam(?), ind. once more, repeatedly, L.

प्यम peyūsha, m. or n. (= and v. l. for pīyūsha, q. v.) biestings; fresh butter; nectar, L.

परज peraja or peroja, n. a turquoise, L. (cf. Pers. فيروزة).

पेरिश perani or oni, f. (in music) a kind

परमभद्ध perama-bhaṭṭa, m. N. of the father of Jagan-nātha Paṇḍita-rāja, Cat.

परलस्थलमाहात्य perala-sthala-māhātmya, n. N. of ch. of SkandaP.

पेरा perā, f. a kind of musical instrument, Bhatt.

2. perú, mfn. ($\sqrt{1.pri}$) carrying across, rescuing, delivering, RV. (For 1. see col. 2.)

ausing to swell, RV.; TĀr.; m. seed, germ, off-spring (with $ap\bar{a}m = \text{Soma}$), ib., VS.; TS.; MaitrS.

पेह्क peruká, m. N. of a man, RV.

पेहमह peru-bhaṭṭa, m. (with lakshmī-kānta) N. of the Guru of Jagan-nātha Paṇḍita-rāja, Cat. (cf. perama-bh°).

पेल pel, cl. 1. 10. P. pelati (Dhātup. xv, 34), peláyati (Naigh. ii, 14), to go.

Pela, m. a small part, W.; going, W.; n. = next, L.

Pelaka, m. a testicle, L.

Pelava, $mf(\bar{a})n$. delicate, fine, soft, tender, Kālid.; Kathās. (ifc. 'delicate like' or 'too do for'); thin, slim, slender, Sis.; Susr. (opp. to bahala). — **kshauma**, n. fine linen, Susr. — **pushpa-pattrin**, mfn. having tender flowers for arrows, Kum.

Peli, g. chāttry-ādi. - sala, f., ib.

Pelin, m. 2 horse, W.

Pelu-väsa (?), m. a chameleon, L.

पेव pev, cl. 1. A. pevate, = sev, Dhātup. xiv, 33.

UNI $p\acute{e}sa$, m. $(\sqrt{pi\dot{s}})$ an architect, carpenter (?), RV. i, 92, 5; vii, 34, 11; ornament, decoration, AitBr.; BhP. (cf. puru- and su-; g. gaurddi and sidhmddi); $(\bar{\imath})$, f., see below.

Pésana, mf($\bar{\imath}$)n. well formed, beautiful, RV.; AV. Pesalá, mf(\bar{a})n.(g. sidhmådi) artificially formed, adorned, decorated, VS.; TBr.; beautiful, charming, lovely, pleasant, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; soft, tender, delicate, Kālid.; expert, skilful, clever, Bhartr.; fraudulent, crafty, L.; (am), ind. tenderly, delicately, Kathās.; m. N. of Vishuu, V.; n. charm, grace, beauty, loveliness, BhP. —tva, n. dexterity, skill, VarBṛS., Sch. —madhya, mfn. slender-waisted, Ragh. Pešalāksha, mfn. having beautiful eyes; -tā, f., Rājat.

Pesali-/kri, to render beautiful, R.

Pésas, n. shape, form, colour, RV.; an artificial figure, ornament, embroidery, an embroidered garment, ib.; VS.; AitBr. — karī, f. a bee (conceived of as a female), Gal. — kārīn, m. a wasp, BhP. — kārī, f. a female embroiderer, VS.; SBr. — krīt, m. the hand (as 'the artist'), BhP.; a wasp, ib. — vat (pėsas-), mfn. decorated, adorned, VS.

Pesi, m., w. r. for peshi; f. an egg or = next, L. Pesika, f. rind, shell (of fruit), Susr.

Positri, m. one who cuts in pieces or carves, a carver, VS.

1. Pešī, f. (g. gaurādi) a piece of flesh or meat (also mānsa-p° or pešī mānsa-mayī), ShaḍvBr.; Gobh.; MBh. (cf. pišita); the fetus shortly after conception (-tva, n.), Nir.; MBh.; Sušr.; a muscle (of which there are said to be 500 in the human body), Yājā.; Sušr.; the peel or rind (of fruit), Sušr. (cf. pešikā); a kind of drum, MBh.; a sheath, scabbard, L.; a shoe, L.; the egg of a bird, L.; spikenard, L.; a blown bud, L.; N. of a Pišācī and a Rākshasī, L.; of a river, L. - koša, m. a bird's egg, L.

egg, L.

2. Pešī, ind. for osa. - krita, mfn. cut into pieces, carved, R. (cf. 1. peshī).

Pesy-anda, n. 2 piece of flesh (esp. the fetus soon after conception), BhP.; a bird's egg, L.

Pešvara, mfn. (prob.) who or what grinds, Vop. Quest, cl. 1. A. peshate, to exert one's self, strive diligently, Dhātup. xvi, 14.

पेष pesha, mf(i) n. (\sqrt{pish}) pounding, grinding (ifc.), Baudh. (cf. $sil\bar{a}$ - p°); m. the act of pounding or grinding or crushing, Sis. (cf. pishta- p°).

Peshaka, $mf(ik\bar{a})n$. one who pounds or grinds (cf. gandhaka-peshikā).