Nyāya phil. - jñāna, n. knowledge obtained by reasoning or philosophical inquiry, Badar. ii, 1, 12. -jvālā, f. 'flame of speculation,' N. of a Buddh. work. - taramgiņī, f. N. of a work by Guna-ratna. - dīpikā, f. N. of a Comm. on Tarkas. - pañcânana, m. N. of several writers on Nyāya phil. - paribhāshā, f. = $-bh\bar{a}sh\bar{a}$; -vritti, f. N. of a Comm. by Vimmi-bhatta. - prakāsa, m. N. of a Comm. by Śri-kantha; = -bhāshā-sāra-mañjari. - pradīpa, m. N. of a Vaišeshika manual by Kondabhatta. - bhāshā, f. N. of a Nyāya manual by Kesava-bhatta; -prakāša, m. N. of a Comm. by Go-vardhana; -prakāšikā, f. another Comm.; -bhāva-prakāsikā, f. another Comm.; -sāra-mañjarī, f. another Comm. by Mādhava (of Kāšī). - mañja**rī**, f. N. of a Comm. on -kārikā by its author. - mudrā, f. a particular position of the hand, BhP. iv, 6, 38. - yukta, mfn. conjectured, suspected, R. (G) ii, 109, 16; together with the philosophical systems, MBh. ii, 11, 35. - ratna, n. N. of a Vaišeshika disquisition by Konda-bhatta. - rahasya, n. N. of a work; -dīpikā, f. another N. of Gunakara's Shad-darsana-samuccaya-tikā. — vāg-īsa, m. N. of several writers on Nyāya phil. - vid, m. 'knowing logic,' a philosopher, Bādar. ii, 1, 112. - vidyā, f. 'science of reasoning,' a manual of logic, philosophical treatise, MBh. xiii, 2195; Prab. - sāstra, n. id., MBh. xii, 9678 f.; Hariv. 1506; Prab. - samgraha, m. N. of a manual of the Vaiseshika branch of the Nyāya phil. by Annam-bhatta; $-d\bar{\imath}\rho ik\bar{a}$, f. N. of a Comm. on that work by its author. - samaya, m. N. of a work, Bādar. i, I, 4. - sādhya, n. N. of a Kalā (cf. °rku-karman), Gal. Tarkāta, m. 'inquiry-walker,' a beggar, L. Tarkânubhāshā, $\mathbf{f.} = {}^{\circ}rka-bh\bar{a}sh\bar{a}-prak\bar{a}sa$. Tarkabhāsa, m. apparent reasoning or confutation, W. Tarkâmrita, n. 'logic-nectar,' N. of an elementary Vaiseshika manual by Jagad-īša Tarkālamkāra Bhaṭṭâcārya; -cashaka, N. of a Comm. on that manual by Gangarāma Jatī; -taramginī, f. another Comm. on the same by Mukunda Bhatta Gādegila. Tarkâlamkāra, m. N. of several philosophers.

Tarkaka, m. = rkata, MBh. xii, 1537.

Tarkana, n. conjecturing, Sāh.; reasoning, W.

Tarkanīya, mfn. to be suspected, MBh. v, 1093. Tarkita, mfn. considered as, R. iv, 11, 9; investigated, W.; see a-; n. conjecture, Hariv. 9467.

Tarkin, mfn. skilled in speculation, Mn. xii, 111.

Tarku, (m. n., L.; √3. krit, Nir. ii, 1, but cf. nish-tarkyà, ἄτρακτος & torqueo &c. s. v. √tark)

a spindle, PārGr. i, † .— karman, n. 'spindlework,' N. of a Kalā (q. v.).— pāṭhī, v. l. for -pīṭhī.

— piṇḍa, m. a ball (of clay &c.) at the lower end of a spindle to assist in giving it a rotatory motion, L.—pīṭha, m. id., L.; (ī), f. id., L.—lāsaka, m. a concave shell or saucer serving to hold the lower end of a spindle when whirled round, L.—śāna, m. a small whetstone for sharpening spindles, L.

Tarkuka, m. = ${}^{\circ}$ rkaka, Rājat. iii, 254; cf. para-, pinda-. Tarkuṭa, n. spinning, L.; $(\bar{\imath})$, f. = ${}^{\circ}$ rku, L. Tarkya, mfn., see a-; nish-ṭarkyà.

नकारि tarkāri, f. = °rī, Sušr. vi, 17, 49. Tarkārī, f. (g. gaurādi) Sesbania ægyptiaca, i, vi; Premna spinosa, VarBṛS. xliv, 10; a kind of gourd, Npr. 'kiṇa, m. Cassia Tora, L. (v.l. 'kila).

तर्खु tarkshu, m. = tarákshu, L.

तस्य tarkshya, m. saltpetre, L.

tarj, cl. 1. °jati (ep. also Ā.; pf. ta-tarja, Bhaṭṭ.) to threaten, MBh.; R.; to scold, MBh. viii, 1543; Bhaṭṭ. xiv, 80: Caus. tarja-yati (ep. also Ā.) to threaten, R. iii (Pass. p. °rjya-māna); Sak.; Ragh.; to scold, Hariv. 11166; Das.; BhP. &c.; to frighten, MBh.; R.; Susr.; Rājat.; to deride, MBh. v, 2485; Bhaṭṭ. vii, 36; for \$\sqrt{tark}\$, Caus., MBh. iv, 567; [cf. Germ. drohen &c.]

Tarjaka, mfn. one who threatens, Pañcar. iv, 3. **Tarjana**, n. threatening, scolding, R. iii, v; Ragh. xix, 17; Kum. vi, 45 &c.; (ifc.) frightening, MBh. iii, 12569; derision, W.; putting to shame, surpassing, W.; anger, W.; (\bar{a}) , f. scolding, Sāh.; (\bar{z}) , f. 'threatening finger,' the fore-finger, Kathās. xvii, 88; KātyŚr., Sch.; = onikā, Hcat. ii, I.

Tarjanikā, f. a kind of weapon (?), ii, 1, 953. Tarjanīya, mfn. to be threatened or scolded.

Tarjita, mfn. threatened, R. vi; Ragh. xi, 78; scolded, reviled, Bhatt.; Rājat. iii, 34: Sāh.; frightened, Hariv. 3911; Sušr.; Rājat. v, 398; n. threat, R.

तिजैक tarjika, m. $pl. = t\bar{a}j^{\circ}$, L.

nu tarņa, m. (for oruņa?) a calf, L. Tarņaka, m. id., Kād.; Hcar. ii, 11 (ifc.); Hcat. Rājat. v. 431; any young animal, Dhūrtan. i, 19.

निर्ण tarņi, ortarīka. See p. 439, col. 1.

The tard (= \sqrt{trid}), cl. 1. P. ordati, to injure, kill, Dhātup. iii, 21. Tardá, m. a kind of bird (cf. Lat. turdus), AV. vi, 50, 1 f. Tardā-pati, m. lord of the female Tarda bird, 3 (voc.)

Tardana, n. opening, hole, SBr. iii, 2, 1, 2, Sāy.; sewing with stitches, AitĀr. iii, 2, 5, 4, Sch.

Tardū, f. (\sqrt{tri} , Un.) a wooden ladle, L. Tardma, ifc. (nava-, sata-) for odman, KātyŚr. xv, 5, 27. — vat, mfn. 'furnished with (openings, i.e.) stitches,' bound tight, AitĀr. iii, 2, 5, 4. — samutá, mfn. sewed with stitches, ŚBr. iii, 2, 1, 2.

Tárdman, n. (\sqrt{trid}) a hole, cleft, AV. xiv, 1, 40; Kauš. 50 & 76; KātyŚr. vi, 1, 30; vii, 3, 20.

तपैक tarpaka, mfn. ifc. satiating, satisfy-

ing, BhP. vii, 15, 10, Sch.

Tárpaṇa, mf(i)n. id., Suir.; (cf. ghrāṇa-); (m. or n.) N. of a plant, iv, 5, 13 & 18; 16, 3; n. satiety, MBh. xiv, 673; satiating, refreshing (esp. of gods and deceased persons [cf. rishi-, pitri-] by presenting to them libations of water; a particular ceremony performed with a magical Mantra, Sarvad.; cf. RTL. p. 394 & 409), PārGṛ. iii, 3, 11; Mn. iii, 70; Yājñ. i, 46; MBh. xiii &c.; gladdening (ifc.), BhP.iii, 1, 27; refreshment, food, AV. ix, 6, 6; MBh. xviii, 269 & 275; Car.; Pāṇ. ii, 3, 14, Kāš.; Hcat. (ifc. f. ā); fuel, L.; (satiating, i.e.) filling the eyes (with oil &c.), Suir.; (i), f. N. of a plant, L. vidhi, m. a ch. of Smṛity-artha-sāra. Tarpaṇēcchu, m. 'desirous of a Tarpaṇā libation,' Bhīshma, L.

Tarpaņīya, mfn. to be satisfied, KathUp. i, 27. Tarpayitavya, mfn. id., Kāth. xxxii, 1.

Tarpita, mfn. satisfied, MBh. v; R. i, 53 (su-). **Tarpin**, mfn. satisfying, W.; offering oblations (to the manes), W.; (inī), f. Hibiscus mutabilis, L.

तपेर tarpara, m. a bell hanging down from the throat of cattle, g. kapilakādi (Gaṇar. 446).

तिर्फितृ tarphitri, mfn. (\sqrt{triph}) one who kills, W.; cf. turphári &c.

तर्ब tarb, cl. 1. P. obati, to go, Vop.

तर्बेट tarbața, m. a year, L.; for ora-vața, L. तमेन tarman, tárya. See p. 439, col. 2.

तवेन tarvan, wrong pronunciation for tad-van, Pat. on Pān. Introd. Vārtt. 9.

तर्घ 2. tarsha, m. (\sqrt{trish}) thirst, wish, desire for (in comp.), MBh. xii; R. ii, 100, 3; BhP. v, 8, 12 (ati-, 'excessive desire'); Desire (son of Arka [the sun] and Vāsanā), vi, 6, 13; (\bar{a}), f. thirst, desire, xi, 9, 27.—cetas, mfn. eagerly desirous of (arthe ifc.), viii, 8, 38.

Tarsham, n. thirst, L.; desire, iii, 25, 7. Tarsham, ind. (Pāņ. iii, 4, 57). See dvy-aha-.

Tarshita, mfn. thirsty, BhP. ix, 6, 27; ifc. desirous of, R. ii, 104, I; cf. trish.

Tarshuka, mfn. thirsty, Gal.

Tarshula, mfn. 'desiring,' a-tarshulam, ind. without desire, MBh. xii, 7762.

Tarshyā-vat, mfn. = trish°, RV. x, 28, 10.

तसे tarsa, n., Pāņ. viii, 3, 59, Vārtt. 1, Pat. तहें tarha. See sata-tarhá & -tárham.

Tárhana, mf(t)n. (\sqrt{trih}) crushing, RV. vii, 104, 4; AV. ii, 31, 1; cf. dasyu-tárh.

The tárhi, ind. (fr. tád-hí, see tarvan; Pāṇ. v, 3, 20 f.) at that time, then, at that moment, in that case (correlative of yád [TBr. ii, 1, 10, 1], yadá [AV. iii, 13, 6; BhP.], yárhi [TS. i; AitBr. i, 27], yátra [SBr. ii; BhP. v], yadi [Sak. v. l.; Pañcat.; Kathās. &c.], ced [Prab.; Sāh.]; often connected with an Impv. [Sak.; Pañcat. &c.] or interrogative pron. [Pat.; Kāś.; Siddh.; Sāh.]), RV.x, 129,2; AV. &c. (not in MBh. & R.); cf. etár°, kár°.

तेल tal, cl. 1. 10. talati, tālayati (fr. tarati, tārayo, \sqrt{tri}) to accomplish (a vow), L.; to establish, fix (derived fr. 1. talita), Dhātup. xxxii, 58.

flat roof (of a house), MBh. &c. (chiefly ifc. [f. ā, R. v, 13], cf. nabhas-, mahī- &c.); the part under- body, AV. vii, 76, 3.

neath, lower part, base, bottom, Mn. ii, 59; VarBrS.; Pañcat. &c. (cf. adhas-, taru- &c.); (m. n.) the palm (of the hand, see kara-, pāṇi-), R. ii, 104, 17; Sak.; Ragh. vi, 18; the sole (of the foot, anghri-, pāda-), MBh. i; VarBṛS.; (without kara- &c.) the palm of the hand (anyo 'nyasya or parasparam $talam \text{ or } {}^{\circ}l\bar{a}n \sqrt{d\bar{a}}$, to slap each other with the palms of the hands), MBh.; Hariv.; R.; Sušr.; (n., L.; m.) the sole of the foot, R. v, 13, 47; (m.) the fore-arm, L.; $= t\tilde{a}la$ (a span, L.; the handle of a sword, L.; the palmyra tree, Viddh. ii, 13); pressing the strings of a lute with the left hand, MBh. viii; m. N. of a hell, Arun Up.; Siva P.; (cf. talatala); Siva, MBh. xiii, 17, 130; N. of a teacher, g. saunak ddi; n. = -hridaya, L.; = talka, L.; = talaka (q.v.), L.; = talla (q.v.), L.; the root or seed of events, L.; = -tra, AsvGr. iii, 12, 11 (tala); MBh.; R.; (ā), f. id., L.; N. of a daughter of Raudrâsva, VāyuP. ii, 37, 122; cf. a-, jihvā-, ni-, nis-, pra-, mahā-, rasā-, vi-, su-, - kota, N. of a plant, Susr. vi, 51, 43 (v.l.) - gata, mfn. 'being in one's palm,' °tam √kri, to call together, Vcar. xiv, 11. - ghāta, m. a slap with the palm or paw, Hariv. 16027. — tas, ind, from the bottom. - täla, m. clapping the hands, MBh. iii f.; Jain. - tra, 'arm-guard,' a leathern fence worn by archers on the left arm, iii, vi; Hariv. 13373; -vat, mfn. furnished with that fence, 14465. -trāṇa, =-tra, MBh. iii, vii. - nishpesha, m. striking (of the bow-string) against the tala(-tra), v, 48, 52. - pushpa-puta, n. a particular position in dancing. - prahāra, m. = -ghāta, R. vi, 76, 37 ff.; Pañcat. iv; N. of a hero (also oraka, ori), Virac. ix, xvi f., xx. - baddha, mfn. = baddha-tala, having fastened round one's arm the tala(-tra), MBh. vi, 621; Hariv. 12529 & 13246. – mīna, m. v. l. for nalo, L., Sch. - mukha, m. a particular position of the hands in dancing. - yukta, mfn. furnished with a handle, W. - yuddha, n. 'palm-fight,' see -sabda. - loka, m. 'the lower world,' -pāla, m. a guardian of that world, BhP. ii, 6, 42. - vara, m. =°ldraksha, Jain. - vāraņa, n. = -tra, Kir. xiv, 29; = tara-vāri, W. = sabda, m. = -tāla, Hariv. 15742; VarBrS. xliii, 28 (v. l. °la-yuddha). - sampāta, $m. = -t\bar{a}la$, R. vi, 70, 44. — sāraka, n. a horse's food-receptacle, L. - sāraņa, n. id., Gal. - sārika, m. id. or = urah-pattikā (Sch.), Hear. vii. - stha, mfn. remaining beneath, W. - sthita, mfn. id., W. - hridaya, n. the centre of the sole of the foot, L. Talanguli-tra-vat, mfn. furnished with a tala(-tra) and anguli-tra, R. ii, 87, 23. Talâcī, f. 'spread on the ground,' a mat, L. Talâtala, n. N. of a hell, ArunUp.; BhP. ii, 1 & 5; v; BrahmôttKh. xviii; Vedântas. 121. Talā-tali, ind. (to fight) with the palms of the hands, Bālar. x, 19. Talâraksha, m. a body-guard $(=a\dot{n}ga-r^{\circ}?)$, Campak. 286. Talâsi, m. pl. strokes with the palms and with swords, MBh. ii, 70, 17. Talâhvaya, m. Flacourtia cataphracta, L. Talekshana, m. 'looking downwards,' a hog, L. Talôdara, v. l. for tilo.

Talôdā, f. 'whose water flows downwards,' a river, L.

Talaka, m. a small cart with burning coals, Hear.
vii; a pot of clay, HParis. ii, 473; N. of a prince,
BhP. xii, 1; n. = tadaga, a pond (also tala & talla),
L.; a kind of salt, Gal.; (ikā), f. = °la-sāraka, L.

I. Talita, mfn. 'bottomed,' fixed, placed, W.

Talin, mfn. = °la-tra-vat, MBh. v, 5367; xiv. ਜਲ਼ਮ talabha, n., Siddh. puml. 47.

not talavá, m. a musician, VS. xxx, 20. - kāra, m. pl. N. of a school of the SV.; -kalpa, m. the ritual of the Talava-kāras, ĀpŠr. i, 20, 13; -brāhmaṇa, n. another N. of JaimBr.; °rōpanishad, f. another N. of JaimUp. or KenUp.

নলায়া talasā, f. a kind of tree, AV. vi, 15, 3; Kauš. 8.

तिलत 2. talita, mfn. fried, Bhpr.

गिलन talina, mf(ā)n. thin, fine (cf. oluna), Vcar. xi, 80; 'slender, meagre,' in comp.; small, little, L.; separate, having spaces, L.; clear, L.; ifc. (fr. ola) covered with, xiv, 61; m. N. of a man, Pravar. i, 1 (v. l. nalo); n. a couch, Dharmasarm, v, vii. Talinodarī, f. a slender-waisted woman, Vcar. x, 88.

तिलम talima, n. (fr. °la?) ground prepared for the site of a dwelling (kuṭṭima), Viddh.; a couch, L.; an awning, L.; a sword (cf. °la-vāraṇa), L.

तलीस talīdyà, n. a particular part of the body, AV, vii, 76, 3.