Kshipa, mfn. 'throwing, casting,' see giri-ksh'; (as), m. a thrower, W.; (ā), f. throwing, sending, casting, g. bhidâdi; (for kshapā) night, Comm. on L.; (kshipā), f. only instr. pl. 'pābhis, see 2. kship.

Kshipaka, as, m. an archer, L.; (\bar{a}) , f.?, Pāṇ. vii, 3, 45, Vārtt. 5; g. prêkshâdi.

Kshipakin, mfn. fr. °kā, g. prêkshâdi.

Kshipani, is, f. 'moving speedily, 'gallop [NBD.], RV. iv, 40, 4; a missile weapon, Un.; a kind of net, L.; = mantra, L.; = adhvaryu, L.; an oar, Comm. on L. (also 'nī, f., ib.)

Kshipanú, us, m. 'an archer,' or (ú), n. 'a missile weapon,' RV. iv, 58, 6; (us), m. air, wind, Un. iii, 52.

Eshipanyu, mfn. diffusive, what may be sent or scattered, fragrant, L.; (us), m. the body, L.; spring, Un iii 51 Sch

Kshipati, \bar{i} , du. the arms, Naigh. ii, 4, Sch. Kshipasti, \bar{i} , du. id., Naigh. ii, 4.

Kshiptá, mfn. thrown, cast, sent, despatched, dismissed, RV. i, 129, 8; MBh. &c.; reviled, despicable (on account of, instr. or -tas), Pan. v, 4, 46, Kāš; (\tilde{a}) , f. (for $kshap\tilde{a}$) night, L.; $(\tilde{a}m)$, n. a wound caused by shooting or throwing, AV. vi, 109, 3; 'scattered,' distraction or absence of mind, Sarvad. - citta, mfn. distracted in mind, absent; -tā, f. absence of mind, MBh. ii, 241. — deha, mfn. one who prostrates the body, who lies down. - bhe**shaja**, mf(i)n. healing wounds caused by missile weapons, AV. vi, 109, 1. - yoni, mfn. of despicable descent (one for whom a Brāhman is not allowed to act as Ritv-ij), AsvGr. i, 23. - laguda, mfn. one who flings the staff, W. Kshiptôttara, n. (scil. vacas, speech) 'the answer of which is destroyed or rendered impossible, unanswerable speech, Kām. v, 26.

Kshipti, is, f. sending, throwing, W.; solving a riddle, W.; explaining or understanding a hidden meaning, W.; (in dram.) the becoming known or exposure of a secret, Sāh. 373; (in alg.) = kshiptikā.

Kshiptikā, f. (in alg.) the quantity to be added to the square of the least root multiplied by the multiplicator (to render it capable of yielding an exact square root).

Kshipnu, mfn. (Pāṇ. iii, 2,140) = nirākarishņu (* throwing obstacles in the way, * obstructive, W.; scornful or fond of abusing, BRD.), L.

Kshipyat, mfn. pr. p. Pass., see $\sqrt{1. kship}$; (pr. p. P.) throwing, sending, W.

Kshipyamāṇa, mfn. (pr. p. Pass.) being thrown &c.; (pr. p. A.) throwing, tossing, W.; casting aside,

throwing off, W.; sending, directing, W. **Kshiprá**, $mf(\bar{a})$ n. (compar. $ksh\acute{e}p\bar{i}yas$, superl. kshépishtha, qq. vv.) springing, flying back with a spring, elastic (as a bow), RV. ii, 24, 8; quick, speedy, swift, SBr. vi; ix; (said of certain lunar mansions) VarBrS.; (as), m., N. of a son of Krishna, Hariv. 9195; (ám), ind. (Naigh. ii, 15) quickly, immediately, directly, AV.; SBr. iv; v; xiii; Mn.; MBh. &c.; (am), n. a measure of time $(=\frac{1}{15} \text{ Mu})$ hūrta or 15 Etarhis), SBr. xii, 3, 2, 5; the part of the hand between the thumb and forefinger and the corresponding part of the foot, Susr.; (\vec{a}) , ind. (Ved. acc. pl. n.) with a shot, RV. iv, 8, 8; (at), abl. ind. directly, immediately, Kathās.; (é), loc. ind. id., ŠBr. i; iv; v; x; [cf. Gk. κραιπνός.] - kāma, mfn. one who wishes to obtain anything speedily, Sāmav-Br. - kārin, mfn. acting or working quickly, skilful, MBh.; R.; Sāh.; cri-tā, f. working quickly, skill, Uttarar. - gati, mfn. going quickly, DaivBr. -garbha, m. Myrica sapida, Npr. -dhanvan (°prá-), mfn. armed with an elastic bow which flies back with a spring, RV. ix, 90, 3; AV. xi, 4, 23. - niscaya, mfn.one who decides or resolves quickly, Mn. vii, 179. - pākin, m. 'ripening quickly,' Hibiscus populneoides, L. - mūtra-tā, f., N. of a disease of the bladder, SarngS. - syená, m. a species of bird, MaitrS. iii, 14, 11; SBr. x. - samdhi, m. a species of Sandhi (cf. kshaipra) produced by changing the first of two concurrent vowels to its semivowel, SankhSr. xii, 13, 5; (mfn.) changed by that Sandhi (as a vowel or syllable). - hasta, m. 'swifthanded,' N. of Agni, AV. Paipp.; of a Rakshas, R. vi, 18, 41. - homa, m. a speedy sacrifice (in which several ceremonies are omitted), Comm. on Gobh. i, 3, 1. Kshiprårtha, m. any affair which requires speedy action, MBh. v, 1004. Kshipréshu, mfn. one who has quick arrows (Rudra), RV. vii, 46, 1. Kshepa, as, m. a throw, cast, W.; throwing, 17, 20.

casting, tossing, W.; stretching (as of the legs), Susr.; a clap (of wings), R. iv, 62, 12; a stroke (of an oar &c.), L.; (cf. apaţī-ksh^o, drishţi-ksh^o, bhrū ksh° , $sat\bar{a}$ - ksh°); moving to and fro, Megh. 47; sending, dismissing, W.; laying on (as paint &c.), besmearing, L.; transgressing (langhana), L.; delay, procrastination, dilatoriness, Sarvad.; 'loss,' see manah-ksho; accusation, Yājñ. ii, 210; (Pāņ. ii, 1, 26 & v, 4, 46) insult, invective, abuse, reviling, MBh. i, 555; iii, 631; Yājñ. ii, 204 & 211; disrespect, contempt, L.; pride, haughtiness, L.; application of a term to something else, Bādar. iv, 1, 6, Sch.; a nosegay, L.; (in arithm.) an additive quantity, addendum; the astronomical latitude, Sūryas.; Gol. - dina, n = kshayaha (q. v.), Gol. - pāta, m. the point where the planets and the moon pass the ecliptic, Gol. vi, 14 & 20. - vritta, n. the course of the planets and of the moon, ib. v, 13 ff.

Kshepaka, mfn. ifc. one who throws or sends, Kathās. lxi, 9; destroying, Bādar., Sch.; inserted, interpolated, R. ii, ch. 96, Sch.; Naish. xxii, 48, Sch.; abusive, disrespectful, W.; (as), m.a spurious or interpolated passage, W.; (in arithm.) an additive quantity; a pilot, helmsman, Gal.

Kahepana, am, n. the act of throwing, casting, letting fly or go (a bow-string), Nir. ii, 28; MBh. iv, 352 & 1400; throwing away (in boxing), VP. v, 20, 54; sending, directing, W.; sending away, MBh. iii, 13272; passing away or spending time (v.l. kshapana); 'omitting,' for 1. kshapana, Mn. iv, 119; a sling, BhP. iii, 19, 18; x, 11, 38; (i), f. id., R. vi, 7, 24; an oar, L.; a kind of net, L. — sāra, m., N. of a work.

Kshepaņi, is, $f = {}^{\circ}n\bar{i}$, an oar, L.

Kshepaņika, as, m. a boatman, navigator, Vāsav.; (mfn.) destroying (nāsaka), ib.; = karkarādi, L.

Kshepanīya, mfn. to be thrown or cast; (am), n. a sling, Ragh. iv, 77.

Eshepan, \bar{a} , m. 'throw, cast,' only (° $pn\bar{a}$), instr. ind. quickly, TāṇḍyaBr. vii, 6, 4.

Kshepāya, Nom. Ā. 'yate (p. 'yamāṇa), to abuse, revile, W.

Kshepiman, \bar{a} , m. great velocity, speed, Pāņ. vi. 4. 156: g. prithv-ādi.

vi, 4, 156; g. prithv-ādi. Kshépishtha, mfn. (see kshiprá; Pāņ. vi, 4,

156) quickest, speediest, TS. iii, 4, 3, 2. **Kshépīyas**, mfn. (see ib.; Pāṇ. vi, 4, 156) more quick, speedier, SBr. vi. 3, 2, 2; (as), ind. as quickly

quick, speedier, SBr. vi, 3, 2, 2; (as), ind. as quickly as possible, Sāntiš. iii, 6.

Ksheptavya, mfn. to be cast or thrown into,

Kathās. lxxi, 174; to be reviled or abused, MBh. i, 1467.

Ksheptri, mfn. (Pāņ. iii, 1, 94, Sch.) a thrower,

caster, R. iv, 9, 84 & 18, 21.

Kshepnú, us, m. springing or flying (of a bowstring), RV. x, 51, 6.

Kshepya, mfn. to be thrown or being thrown, Hariv. 7524; to be thrown (into, loc.), Susr.; to be placed into, Kathās. lxxxix, 26; to be put on (as an ornament), Sak., Sch.; to be destroyed, Bādar. iv, 3, 14, Sch.; (in arithm.) to be added, Gol. vi, 19; Gaņit.

िक्षया kshiyā. See √4. kshi.

सिद्धिका kshillikā, f., N. of the grandmother of king Cakra-varman, Rājat. v, 289.

ষিষ্ kshiv, cl. 1. 4. P. kshevati, kshīvyati, to eject from the mouth, spit, vomit, Dhātup. xv, 59 (v. l. kshev); xxvi, 4; (cf. \shthiv & kshīb.)

स्त्री $ksh\bar{\imath}$, $= \sqrt{4}$. kshi (derived fr. $ksh\bar{\imath}n\acute{a}$, $-ksh\acute{\imath}ya$), Dhātup. xxxi, 35 (v. l.)

kits kshīj, cl. 1. P. ojati, to sound inarticulately, sigh or groan (as in distress), Dhātup. vii, 63. **Kshījana**, am, n. the whistling of hollow reeds or bamboos, L.

स्रीण kshīṇá. See 🗸 4. kshi.

kshīb (or kshīv), cl. 1. P. kshībati (or kshīvati), to eject from the mouth, spit, Dhātup. xv, 59; to be drunk or intoxicated, W.: Caus. kshībayati, to excite, Bālar. viii, 62; [cf. √kshiv &c.; cf. also Hib. siobhas, 'rage, madness.']

Kshība (or kshīva), mf(ā)n. (pf. p. Pass. √kshīb, Pāṇ. viii, 2, 55) excited, drunk, intoxicated, MBh.; R.; Bhartṛ.; BhP.&c. - tā, f. intoxication, drunkenness, Kathās. xiii, 10; lvii, 8. - tva, n. id., ib. xxvi 87

Kshīban (or $ksh\bar{v}an$), mfn. = ${}^{\circ}ba$ BhP. v, 17. 20.

Eshībika (or kshīvika), mfn. = kshībeņa tarati, Pāņ. viii, 2, 6, Vārtt. 7, Pat.

स्रोर kshīrá, am, n. (fr. √syai i ; fr. √kshar or \sqrt{ghas} , Nir. ii, 5; fr. \sqrt{ghas} , Un. iv, 34; g. ardharcadi), milk, thickened milk, RV.; AV.; VS.; TS. &c. (ifc. f. \bar{a} , MBh. xiii, 3700); the milky juice or sap of plants, R.; Sušr.; Megh. 106; Šak. (v.l.); =-sirsha (q.v.), L.; water, L.; (as), m., N. of a grammarian (cf. -svāmin), Rājat. iv, 488; (\bar{a}) , f., N. of a plant $(=kakol\bar{i})$, L.; (\bar{i}) , f. a dish prepared with milk, Bhpr.; N. of several plants containing a milky sap (Asclepia rosea, Mimosa Kauki, gigantic swallow-wort, Euphorbia, &c.), L. - kañcukin, m. (=kshīriša, q. v.) Lipeocercis serrata, L. = kantha, m. 'having milk in his throat,' a youngling, Balar.iv, 1; vi, 30; Prasannar. - kanthaka, m. id., L. - kanda, m. Batatus paniculata, L.; (ā), f. id., L. - kalambha, m. 'N. of a man,' see kshairakalambhi. — kākolikā, f., N. of a root from the Himâlaya (yielding a milky juice and used by the Hindus as one of the 8 principal medicaments), L. - kakoli. f. id., Susr. i, iv. $= k \bar{a} n \bar{d} a k a$, m. $= -d \bar{a} r u$, q.v., L.; =-cchada, L. - kāshthā, f. '(a plant) the wood of which yields a milky juice,' a variety of the figtree, L. - kīṭa, m. an insect or animalcule generated by the fermentation of milk, L. - kunda, n. a milkpot, Kathās, lxiii, 189. - kshaya, m. drying up of the milk (in the udder), Pañcat, ii. - kshava, for -yava, q. v. - kharjūra, m. a variety of date tree, L. - garbha, m., N. of a certain Brāhman who was born again as a flamingo, Hariv. - gucohaphala, m. Mimusops Kauki, L. - ghrita, n. purified butter mixed with milk, Susr.; (cf. -sarpis.) -cchada, m. Calotropis gigantea (the leaves of which yield a milky juice), Gal. - ja, n. coagulated milk, L. - jala, m. akind of fish, Gal. - taramginī, f., N. of a grammar (by Kshīra-svāmin). - taru, m. a tree with a milky juice, VarBrS.; VarYogay. - tumbī, f. the bottle-gourd, L. - taila, n. a kind of unguent prepared with milk, oil, &c., Susr. - toyadhi, m. = $ksh\bar{i}ra$ -dhi (q.v.), R. vi, 26, 6. - da, mfn. milk-giving, (anything) that yields milk, W. - dala, m. = -cchada, L. - datri, f. (a cow) who yields milk, MBh. xiii, 4919. – dāru, m. $(=-k\bar{a}n$ daka) Tithymalus antiquorum, Car. vii, 10. - druma, m. the holy fig-tree, L. - dhara, m., N. of a prince. - dhātrī, f. a wet-nurse, Buddh. L. - dhi, m. the ocean of milk. - dhenu, f. a milk-cow(symbolically represented by milk &c. offered as a gift to a Brahman), VarP.; BhavP. - nadī, f., N. of a river in the south (Pālār.) - nāśa, m. Trophis aspera. – nidhi, m. = -dhi, Ragh. i, 12; Pāṇ. i, 4, 51, Siddh. - nīra, n. (in comp.) milk and water, Vet.; 'union like the mixing of milk and water,' embracing, embrace, L.; -nidhi, m. = $ksh\bar{i}ra$ -dhi. - pa, mfn. drinking only milk (said of infants. Sušr. i, 35, 25; of a class of ascetics, MBh. xiii, 646); m. an infant, young child, xiii, 5986. - parnin, m. = -cchada, L. - palāndu, m. a kind of onion, Sušr. – pāká, mfn. cooked in milk, RV. viii, 77, 10; -vidhi, m. preparing of medicinal drugs by cooking them in milk, Bhpr. - pāṇa, mf(i)n. (any vessel) out of which milk is drunk, L. (also -pāna, id.); (ās), m. pl. 'milk-drinkers,' N. of the Ušīnaras, Pāņ. viii, 4, 9, Kāš. - pāņi, m., N. of a physician, Bhpr. – pāna, $mf(\bar{\imath})n. = -p\bar{\alpha}na$ (q. v.), L. - pāyin, mfn. drinking milk, W.; drinking or imbibing water repeatedly, W.; (inas), m. pl. (= -pāṇa) 'milk-drinkers,' N. of the Usinaras, Pāṇ. iii, 2, 81, Kāš. - pushpikā, f. a white variety of Vishnu-krāntā, Npr. - pushpī, f. Andropogon aciculatus, Npr. - phala, m. Carissa Carandas, Npr. - bhatta, m. = -svāmin. - bhrita, mfn. supported by milk, receiving wages in the form of milk, Mn. viii, 231. - madhurā, f. = $-k\tilde{a}kol\tilde{i}$, L. - maya, mfn. representing milk (as wishes or desires), BhP. iv, 18, 9. - maharnava, m = -dhi, Kād. - mritsna, m., N. of a tree, Hcar., Sch. - mocaka, m. a variety of Moringa (M. hyperanthera), L. - morața, m. a kind of creeping plant, Sušr. - yava, m. dolomite, L. - yashtika, m. (for -shāsht $^{\circ}$?) a dish of liquorice and milk, W. - yājín, mfn, presenting oblations of milk (to the gods), SBr. i, 6, 4, 14. -latā, f = -kanda, L. -leham, ind. so as to lap milk, Kauš. 30. - vat (°rá-), mfn. furnished with milk, AV. xviii, 4, 16; $(t\bar{\imath})$, f., N. of a river, MBh. iii, 8046. - vanaspati, m. = -taru, Hcat. - vallikā, $f = -k\bar{a}kol\bar{i}$, Bhpr. — vallī, f = -kanda, L. - vaha, $mf(\bar{a})n$. running with milk (as a river).