who knows how to arrange, MW.; n. ordinance, regulation, rule, AgP.; distress, pain (=vyathā), L. odhāyaka, mfn. enjoining, containing an injunction, Samk.; KātyŚr., Sch.; performing, exhibiting, Rājat.; consigning, delivering, one who entrusts or deposits anything (-tva, n.), W.; m. a founder, builder, establisher, Pañcar.; Rājat. odhāyin, mfn. regulating, prescribing, containing an injunction or ordinance with regard to (comp.), Nyāyas.; Rājat.; performing, accomplishing, Hariv.; Kathās.; causing, occasioning, Hariv.; Rājat.; placing, fixing, securing, W.; delivering, entrusting, ib.; m. a founder, builder, establisher, Rājat.

builder, establisher, Rājat. 2. Vidhi, m. (for I. see p. 967, col. 2) a rule, formula, injunction, ordinance, statute, precept, law, direction (esp. for the performance of a rite as given in the Brāhmaṇa portion of the Veda, which accord. to Say. consists of two parts, I. Vidhi, 'precepts or commandments,' e.g. yajeta, 'he ought to sacrifice, 'kuryāt, 'he ought to perform;' 2. Artha-vāda, 'explanatory statements' as to the origin of rites and use of the Mantras, mixed up with legends and illustrations), GrSrS.; Mn.; MBh. &c. (cf. IW. 24); a grammatical rule or precept, Pān. i, 1, 57; 72; any prescribed act or rite or ceremony, Mn.; Kālid.; Pañcat.; use, employment, application, Car.; method, manner or way of acting, mode of life, conduct, behaviour, Mn.; MBh. &c.; a means, expedient for (dat., loc., or comp.; adhvavidhinā, by means of i. e. along the road), Hariv.; Kav.; Pur.; Hit.; any act or action, performance, accomplishment, contrivance, work, business (ifc. often pleonastically, e. g. mathana-vidhi, the [act of] disturbing), Yājñ.; Sak. &c.; creation (also pl.), Kum.; Kir.; fate, destiny, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; the creator, Pancar.; N. of Brahmā, Sak.; Naish.; of Vishnu, L.; of Agni at the Prâyascitta, Grihyas.; a physician, L.; time, L.; fodder, food for elephants or horses, L.; f. N. of a goddess, Cat. **- kara**,  $mf(\tilde{i})n$ . executing commands; m. a servant, BhP. - krit, mfn. or m. id., ib. - ghna, mfn. 'rule-destroying,' one who deviates from or disregards rules or disturbs modes of proceeding, W. - jna, mfn. 'rule-knowing,' one who knows the prescribed mode or form, ib.; learned in ritual, ib.; m. a Brāhman who knows the ritual, ib. - tas, ind. according to rule, ib. - traya-paritrana, n. N. of wk. - tva, n. the state of being a rule, Sarvad. - daršaka or sin, m. 'rule-shower,' a priest who sees that a sacrifice is conducted according to prescribed rules and corrects any derivation from them, L. - drishta, mfn. prescribed by rule, MBh.; R. - dešaka, m. = -daršaka, L. - dvaidha, n. diversity of rule, variance of rite, Laty. - nirupana, n. N. of wk. - nishedha-ta, f. the being precept and prohibition, BhP. - paryagata, mfn. come into possession through destiny, MBh. - putra, m. N. of Nārada, Pañcar. — pūrvakam (Mn.; R.; Susr.) or -purvam (Gaut.; MBh.), ind. according to rule, duly. - prayukta, mfn. performed according to rule, MW. - prayoga, m. the application of a rule, acting according to rule, W. - prasanga, m. id., ib. - bhushana, n. N. of wk. - mantra-puraskritam, ind. in accordance with rule and with the due recitation of Mantras or mystical texts, MBh. - yajña, m. a sacrifice performed according to rule, Mn. ii, 85, 86; a ceremonial act of worship, W. -yoga, m. the observance of a rule, Mn. viii, 211; dispensation of fate  $(=\bar{a}t \text{ or } -tas, \text{ ind. according to }$ the ruling of fate), Hit.; Kathās.; combining for any act or rite, W. - ratna, n. N. of various wks.; -krit, m. N. of an author, Hcat.; -mālā, f. N. of wk. - rasâyana, n., °na-dūshaṇa, n., °na-vyākhyā, f., ona-sukhôpajīvinī, f., payoginī, f., -rūpa-nirūpaņa, n. N. of wks. - lopa, m. transgression of a commandment, MBh. - lopaka, mfn. transgressing como, ib. - vat, ind. according to rule, duly, MundUp.; Mn.; MBh. &c. - vaahū, f. wife of Brahmä, Sarasvatī, Cat. - vasāt, ind. through the power of fate or destiny, Megh. - vāda, m. N. of wk.; °da-vicāra, m. id.; °dârtha, m. id. -vicāra, m. N. of wk. -viparyaya, m. contrariety of fate, misfortune, Vikr. - viveka, m. N. of wk. - vihita, mfn. established by rule, MW. - sonitiva, mfn. treating of the blood in its normal state, Cat. - shedha (only -tas, ind.), commandment and prohibition, BhP. - sara, m. N. of a king, ib. (w.r. for bimbi-so). - sudhakara, m., -svarūpa-vādârtha, m., opa-vicāra, m. N. of wks. - hīna, mfn. destitute of rule, unauthorised, irregular, W.

Vi-dhitsamāna, mfn. (fr. Desid.) wishing to distribute or bestow &c.; intending to do, scheming, planning, interested, selfish, MBh. °dhitsā, f. intention to do, intention, design, purpose, desire for (comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; the wish to make or turn into (comp.), Rājat. °dhitsita, mfn. intended; n. intention, purpose, BhP. °dhitsu, mfn. wishing to do or make, purposing to perform (acc.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.

**Vi-dheya**, mfn. to be bestowed or procured, BhP.; to be used or employed (a-vidh°), MBh.; to be (or being) enjoined (as a rule), ParGr.; to be stated or settled or established, VarBrS.; Kām.; to be performed or practised or done, MBh.; Kav. &c.; to be drawn (as a line), Gol.; to be kindled (as fire), MBh.; to be exhibited or displayed or shown or betrayed, Kāv.; Rājat.; Hit.; docile, compliant, submissive, liable to be ruled or governed or influenced by, subject or obedient to (gen. or comp.), MBh.; Kav. &c.; (ifc.) subdued or overcome by, Ragh.; Prab.; Rājat.; n. what is to be done, duty, necessity, Rājat.; -jña, mfn. knowing what ought to be done, Pañcat.; -tā, f. fitness to be (or state of being') prescribed or enjoined, Prāyasc. (opp. to nishiddha-tā); docility, submission, Car.; -tva, n. applicability, usefulness, MBh.; dependency, submission, Rājat.; necessity of being established or stated, Sāh.; -pada, n. an object to be accomplished, W.; -mārga, m. the seeking to do a necessary act, ib.; -vartin, mfn. submissive to another's will, obedient, Sis.; vâtman, mfn. having the soul (well)

subdued or controlled, Bhag.

Vidheyī, in comp. for dheya. - krita, mfn. subdued or subject to another's will, dependent, Mālatīm. - bhūya, ind. (ifc.) submissive or subject to Inser

Vidhy, in comp. before vowels for 2. vidhi.
— anta, m. a concluding act, Nyāyam.; KātyŚr., Sch.; -tva, n., Nyāyam. — aparādha, m. transgression of a rule, ŚrS.; Jaim.; -prâyaścitta, n.; tta-prayoga, m., tta-sūtra, n. N. of wks.—apāśraya, m. adherence to a rule, Bhar.—alam-kāra, m. or -alam-kriyā, f. a kind of rhetorical figure, Vās., Sch. — ātmaka, mfn. consisting of a positive injunction (opp. to pratishedhātmo), Yājñ., Sch.—ādi, m. the commencement of an action, Nyāyam.

faula vi- 1. dhāv, P. -dhāvati, to run or flow off, trickle through, RV.; to flow away, disappear, Kāth.; to run away, be scattered or dispersed, RV; AV.; Br.; to run between (antar, said of a road), Kāth.; to run through, perambulate, R.; to rush upon, Bhatt. (aor. vy-adhāvishṭa, v.l. vy-abādhishṭa). dhāvana, u. running hither and thither, Nir. iii, 15. dhāvita, mfn. run in different directions, dispersed, MBh.

Vi-hita. See s. v.

বিধাৰ vi- 12. dhāv (only Pass. pf. - dadhāvire), to wash off, Sis.

Vi-dhauta, mfn. cleansed by washing, ib.

বিষা  $vi-\sqrt{1}$ .  $dh\bar{i}$  (or  $d\bar{i}dh\bar{i}$ , only Subj.  $-d\bar{i}-dhayah$  and  $-d\bar{i}dhyah$ ), to be uncertain, hesitate, RV.; AV.

विधु 1. vidhú, mfn. (prob. fr. 12. vidh; for 2. vi- $dh\vec{u}$  see vi- $\sqrt{dh\vec{u}}$ , col. 3) lonely, solitary, RV. x, 55, 5 (applied to the moon; accord. to Say. = vi-dhātri, vi-dhārayitri); m. the moon, Mn.; Bhartr.; Git.; (L. also 'camphor; N. of Brahmā and of Vishnu; a Rākshasa; wind; an expiatory oblation; time;  $= \bar{a}yudha'$ ); N. of a prince, VP. (v.l. vipra). - krānta, m. (in music) a kind of measure, Samgit. - kshaya, m. the wane of the moon, the dark nights of the month, Mn, iii, 127. - gupti, m. N. of a man, Bhadrab. - tva, n. the state or condition of (being) the moon, Naish. - dina, n. a lunar day, Ganit. - m-tuda, m. 'moon-troubler,' N. of Rāhu or the personified ascending node (causing the mo's eclipses), Kāv, - panjara, m. a scimitar, sabre, L. - paridhvansa, m. distress i.e. eclipse of the m°, Śringār. - priyā, f. 'dear to the moon,' a lunar mansion or Nakshatra (personified as a nymph, the daughter of Daksha and wife of the Mo), W. - mandala, n. the moon's disc,  $K\bar{a}v$ , - maya,  $mf(\bar{\imath})n$ , consisting of moons, Hcar. - māsa, m. a lunar month, Ganit. - mukhī or -vadanā, f. a moon-faced woman, Kāv.

2. **Vidhura**,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . (for 1. see p. 951, col. 1) bereft, bereaved (esp. of any loved person), alone,

solitary, Kāv.; Rājat.; (ifc.) separated from, destitute of, wanting, BhP.; Sarvad.; suffering from want, miserable, helpless, distressed, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; perplexed. troubled, depressed, dejected (am, ind.), Kāv.; Kathās.; Rājat.; adverse, unfavourable, hostile, ib.; m. a Rākshasa, L.; a widower, MW.; (ā), f. curds mixed with sugar and spices, L.; n. adversity, calamity, distress, Kathās. (L. also = vi-slesha, pravišlesha or parišlesha); du. N. of two partic. joints of the body, Bhpr. — tā, f., -tva, n. want, trouble, distress, Kāv.; Sarvad. — daršana, n. the sight of anything alarming, agitation, uneasiness, MW.

Vidhuraya, Nom. P. 'yati, to put in a miserable condition, deject, depress, Hcar.; Gīt.; Subh. 'rita, mfn. dejected, depressed, Šiš.; n. pl. adversities, calamities, Rājat.

Vidhurī-krita, mfn. dejected, distressed, ib.

(later also  $-dh\bar{u}noti$ ,  $-dh\bar{u}noti$ ,  $-dh\bar{u}nute$  (later also -dhunoti, -dhunute; inf. -dhavitum or -dhotum), to shake about, move to and fro, agitate, toss about ( $\bar{A}$ . also 'one's self'), RV. &c. &c.; to fan, kindle (fire), MBh.; to shake off, drive away, scatter, disperse, remove, destroy, R.; Kathās.; BhP. &c.; ( $\bar{A}$ .) to shake off from one's self, relinquish, abandon, give up, AV.; Mn.; MBh. &c.: Pass.  $-dh\bar{u}yate$  (ep. also 'ti), to be shaken or agitated, MBh.: Caus.  $-dh\bar{u}nayati$ , to cause to shake about &c.; to shake violently, agitate, harass, annoy, MBh.; R. &c.

Vi-dhavana, n. shaking off, Nir. iii, 15; agitation, trembling, W. °dhavya, n. agitation, trembling, tremor, ib. °dhāvya, n. shaking, agitation, ib. 2. Vi-dhú, m. (for 1. see col. 2) palpitation, throbbing (of the heart), AV. ix, 8, 22. °dhuta, mfn. shaken about or off, dispersed, removed, abandoned, relinquished, Inscr.; VarBrS.; BhP.; -trilinga, mfn. liberated from the three qualities, BhP.; -paksha, mfn. shaking one's wings, VarBrS.; -bandhana, mfn. released from bonds, Rājat.; -mārtya, mfn. one who has shaken off what is human or corporeal, BhP. °dhuti, f. shaking, agitating, tossing about, Kāv.; BhP.; removal, destruction, BhP. °dhunana, n. = °dhūnana, L. °dhuvana, n. trembling, tremor, W.

Vi-dhuta, mfn. shaken or tossed about &c.; shaken off, dispelled, removed, discarded, abandoned, relinquished, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; trembling, tremulous, W.; unsteady, ib.; n. the repelling of affection, repugnance, Bhar.; Dasar.; -kalmasha, mfn. having sin dispelled or removed, delivered from sin, MW.; -keša, mfn. having hair tossed about or dishevelled, Kir.; -nidra, mfn. roused from sleep, awakened, Ragh. (v.l. vi $n\bar{\imath}ta$ - $n^{\circ}$ ); - $p\bar{a}pman$ , mfn. delivered from evil or sin, MBh.; -veša, mfn. shaking one's garment, R. odhūti, f. shaking or tossing about, Sis.; tremor, agitation, W. "dhūnana,  $mf(\bar{z})n$ . (fr. Caus.) causing to move to and fro, Naish.; n. shaking, agitation, Sāh.; waving, undulating, Cat.; repugnance, repulsion (as of love), Dasar., Sch. odhunita, mfn. shaken, agitated, harassed, annoyed, W.

**વિશૂપ** vi-√dhūp, P.-dhūpāyati, to emit vapour, smoke, AV.; Pass. -dhūpyate, id., Sušr.

fay vi-\( dhri, P. \bar{A}. \)-dharati, \( \text{ote} \) (only pf. \)-dadhāra), to hold, bear, carry, BhP.: Caus. \( -dharrati \) (rarely \( \text{ote} \); Ved. inf. \( -dhartari \)), to keep as under or apart, separate, divide, distribute, RV.; \( \text{SBr.}; \) Kaus.; to arrange, manage, contrive, MBh.; to keep off, withhold from (abl.), T\( Ar.; \) Hariv.; R.; to lay hold of, seize, hold fast, Hariv.; to check, restrain, Susr.; to support, maintain, PrasnUp.; (with \( vap\bar{unshi} \)) to possess or have bodies, MBh.; (with \( manas \)) to keep the mind fixed upon (loc.), BhP.; to preserve, take care of, BhP.: Intens. (only impf. \( vy-\) ddardhar \( ) to divide, separate, RV.

Vi-dharana, mf( $\bar{\imath}$ )n. checking, restraining, SBr.; ( $\bar{\imath}$ ), f. maintaining, supporting, ib. odhartri, m. a distributer, arranger, supporter, RV.; VS.; AV.

2. Ví-dharman, m. (for 1. see p. 951, col. 1) a maintainer, arranger, disposer, RV.; AV.; n. that which encircles or surrounds, receptacle, boundaries, circumference, RV.; AV.; PañcavBr.; disposition, arrangement, order, rule, RV.; AV.; N. of a Sāman, ĀrshBr. odhāra, m. (prob.) a receptacle, RV. ix, 110, 4 (others 'running through,' fr. √1. dhāv). odhāraṇa, mf(ī)n. dividing, separating, Vas.; BhP.; n. stopping, detaining (a carriage), Kathās.; checking, restraining, retention, suppression, APrāt.; MBh. &c.; bearing, carrying, MBh.; Hariv. &c.;