Rājat. - smašānam, ind. beyond or behind the burial-place, Mālatīm. - sindhu, ind. on the other side of the Sindhu, beyond the Indus, MBh.

Parya, mfn. being on the opposite side or bank, TS.; upper, VS.; last, final, decisive, R.; helping through, effective, successful, ib.; n. end, issue, decision, ib.

पार 2. pāra (for 1. see p.619), Vriddhi form of para in comp. - kulina, mfn. = para-kule sādhuh, g. pratijanddi. - kshudra (with yajus), n. N. of a partic. text, ApSr., Sch. - grāmika, $mf(\bar{i})n.(-gr\bar{a}ma)$ belonging to another village, hostile, inimical; (with vidhi), m. hostile action, hostility, Das. – janmika, $mf(\bar{i})n.$ (-janman) relating to a future birth, Buddh. - jāyika (MBh.), -jāyin (Vishn.), m. (-jāyā) one who intrigues with another's wife, an adulterer. -tantra, w. r. for °trya. - tantrika, mf(\tilde{i})n. (-tantra) belonging to or enjoined by the religious treatises of others, Grihyās. - tantrya, n. dependence on others, MBh.; Pur.; Rājat. - talpika, n. (-talpa) adultery, Das. - trika, mf(i)n.(-tra) relating to or advantageous in another world, MBh. - trya, $mf(\bar{a})n$. (-tra), id.; Mn.; MBh.; MarkP. - dandaka, see under 1. $p\bar{a}ra.$ - dērika, mf(\bar{i})n.(- $d\bar{a}ra$)relating to another's wife, Cat.; m. = -jāyika, Yājñ.; MBh.; Kathās. -dārin, m. = prec. m., MBh. -dārya, n. adultery, Mn.; Yājñ.; MBh. - dešika (W.), -dešya (Yājñ.), mfn. (-deša) outlandish, foreign, abroad; m. a traveller or a foreigner. - daurbalya, n. the inferiority of each following member of a series to the preceding, Jaim. - dhenu or onuka, m. N. of a low mixed caste, an Ayogava (q. v.), W. - bhrita, n. a present, offering (prob. w.r. for prā-bhrita), W.; otiya, mfn. relating to a present or offering, sacrificial; belonging to or coming from a cuckoo, Mricch. - m-para, mfn. further, future (world), Kad. - m-pari, f. regular succession, order, Subh. -m-parina, mfn. passing from one to another, hereditary, L. - m-pariya, mfn. handed down, traditional, Kull. -m-parya, n. uninterrupted series or succession, tradition, intermediation, indirect way or manner (ena, ind. successively, by degrees), Mn.; MBh. &c.; -kramagata, mfn. derived from tradition, Mn. ii, 18; -prakarana, n. N. of wk.; °rydgata, mfn. = -kramdgata, MBh.; °ryôpadesa, m. traditional instruction, Suryas. -yugīņa, mfn. (-yuga), Gan. 338, Sch. - lokya, mfn. (-loka) relating to the next world, MBh. - lauki**ka.** $mf(\bar{i})n$, id., ib. (with sahāya, m. a comrade on the way to the next world); N. of a place where pearls are found and the pearls found there, VarBrS.; n. things or circumstances relating to the next world, MBh.; Hariv. - vargya, mfn. (-varga) belonging to another party, inimical, MBh. - vasya, n. (-vasa) dependence, Kap. - straineya, m. (-strī) a son by another's wife, g. kalyany-adi. - hansya, mfn. (-hansa) relating to an ascetic who has subdued all his senses. BhP. Pararthya, n. (2. parartha) dependence on or devotedness to another, altruism, disinterestedness, Kathas.; -nirnaya, m. or -vivecana, n. N. of wk. Paravarya, n. (paravara) comprehensiveness, allsidedness, Hariv.; (ena), ind. on all sides, completely, MBh.

Pārakya, mfn. = parakīya, belonging to another or a stranger, alien (opp. to sva), hostile, Mn.; MBh. &c.; m. an enemy, Hit.

Pārasyakulīna, mín. = parasya kule sādhuh, g. pratijanādi.

TIT 3. $p\bar{a}ra$, m.= $p\bar{a}la$, a guardian, keeper (see brahma-dvāra- p°).

पारक pāraka. See under 1. pāra.

पारकाङ्किन pārakānkshin, m.=pāriko, L.

पारज pāraj (nom. orak, according to Uņ. i, 135, Sch. fr. 1. pāra), gold.

पारदीर pāraṭīṭa, m. (fr. 1. pāra?) a stone, rock, L. (cf. pārāruka).

पारण pāraņa, oṇīya. See under 1. pāra, p. 619, col. 3.

TITA pārata, m. (cf. 2. pārada) quicksilver, Kathās. xxxvii, 232; pl. N. of a people, Var. (also otaka, v. l. in VP.)

पारतस् pāra-tas. See p. 619, col. 2.

पारितक pāratrika, otrya. See under 2. pāra.

Var.; Suir. (-tva, n., Sarvad.); m. N. of a partic. personification, SāmavBr.; pl. N. of a people or of a degraded tribe, Mn.; MBh. &c. (cf. IW. 229, n. 1).—kalpa, m. N. of wk.

पारवव pārabava,n.N. of 2 Sāmans, ĀrshBr.

पारम pārama, Vriddhi form of parama in comp. - gopucchika, mfn. = parama-gopucchena kritam, Pat. - rsha (po + rishi), mfn.coming from a great Rishi, Sarvad. - sthya, n. (fr. paramastha), g. brāhmanddi-. - hansa, mf(t)n. relating to Parama-hansa (s.v.), BhP. - hansya, mfn. id., ib.; n. the state or condition of a Po-ho, ib.; -pari, ind. relating to the most sublime meditation, MW. Pāramārthika, mf(i)n. (fr. paramārtha) relating to a high or spiritual object or to supreme truth, real, essential, true, Samk.; BhP.; Kull. (cf. IW. 108); one who cares for truth, Panc.; excellent, best, W.; othya, n. the real or full truth, BhP. **Pāramešvara**, $mf(\bar{i})n$. relating or belonging to or coming from the supreme god (Siva), Prab.; Kathās.; Pur.; m. or n. N. of wk.; -punyâha-vacana, n., -samhitā, f., orarādhana-vidhi, m., °rīya, and °rya, n. N. of wks. Pāramešvaraka, $\mathrm{mf}(ik\bar{a})\mathrm{n}$. composed by Paramêsvara (= Paramâdîsvara), Aryabh., Comm. Pārameshtha, m. (fr. parame-shthin) patr. of Nārada, MBh.; oshthya, min. relating or belonging to or coming from the supreme god (Brahmā), MBh.; Hariv.; Pur.; relating to a king, royal (cf. below); m. patr. of Nārada, MBh. (v. l. oshtha); n. highest position, supremacy, AitBr.; MBh.; Pur.; pl. the royal insignia, BhP. Pāramaišvarya, n. (paramēšvara) supremacy, divinity, Sarvad.

Pāramaka, $mf(ik\bar{a})n = (and v. 1. for)$ parama-

ka, supreme, chief, best, MBh.; R.

Parami, f. (?) extremity, Divyav.

पारिमत pāram-ita, pāraya &c. See under

पार्वत pāravata,m.=pārāvata,a pigeon,L

पारवर्गे pāravargya, ovašya. See under 2. pāra, col. 1.

also written $p\bar{a}rasava$, $mf(\bar{\imath})n$. (fr. parasu; but also written $p\bar{a}rasava$) made of iron (only in $sarva-p^{\circ}$); N. of a mine in which pearls are found and of the pearls found there, VarBṛS.; m. or n. iron, L.; m. N. of a mixed caste, the son of a Brāhman by a Sūdra woman (f. $\bar{\imath}$), Mn.; MBh. (-tva, n.); Var.; a son by another's wife, a bastard, L.; pl. N. of a people in the south-west of Madhya-desa, Var.; MārkP.

Pārašavāyana, m. patr. fr. pārašava; g.bidadi. Pārašavya, m. patr. of Tirindira, ŠānkhŠr.

पारशीक pārašīka=pārasīka.

বাসেয় pārašvadha and odhika, mf(i)n. (fr. parašvadha) armed with an axe, L.(cf. Pāṇ.iv, 4, 58).

पार्षद pārashada, v. l. for pārishada, n.

below. "sika, mf(\(\bar{i}\))n. id., Col. (v. l. "s\(\bar{i}ka\)); m. pl. the P's, MBh.; VP. "s\(\bar{i}\), f. (with or sc. bh\(\bar{a}sh\bar{a}\)) the P' language; -j\(\bar{a}taka\), n. N. of wk.; -n\(\bar{a}ma-m\bar{a}l\bar{a}\), f. a Sanskrit-P' vocabulary; -prak\(\bar{a}sa\) or -kosa, m. P' words explain in S'; -vinoda, m. P' and Arab terms of astron. and astrol. explained in S'. "s\(\bar{i}ka\), mfn. Persian (cf. below), m. (pl.) the Persians, Ragh.; Kath\(\bar{a}s\). &c.; a P' horse, L.; (prob. n.) Persia, Bhpr.; -taila, n. 'Persian oil,' Naphtha, Vcar.; -yam\(\bar{a}n\), f. Hyoscyamus Niger, L. "s\(\bar{i}keya\), mf(\(\bar{i}\))n. Persian, Bhpr.

पारस्कन्द pāraskanda, v.l. for pari-skanda.

vicat pāraskara, m. (rather fr. paras + kara than fr. pāra + kara; but cf. Pāṇ. vi, I, I57) N. of the author of a Grihya-sūtra (forming a supplement to KātyŚrS.) and of a Dharma-šāstra; N. of a district or a town, Gaṇar. 150, Sch.; mf(ī)n. composed by Pāraskara. — grihya-sūtra, n., -grihya-parišishţa, n., -paddhati, f., -grihya-mantra, m., -smriti, f. N. of wks.

पारस्त $p \acute{a} rasvata$, mf(i)n. (fr. parasvat) relating &c. to the wild ass, AV.

vata, a pigeon, Kad. - vadī, f. Cardiospermum Halicacabum or Leea Hirta, L.

Pārāpataka, m. a kind of rice, Sušr.

पारापार pārāpāra, pārāyaņa. See under 1. pāra, p. 619, col. 3.

पाराहक pārāruka, m. a rock, L. (ef. pa-raṭīṭa).

पारावत pārāvata, mf(ī)n. (fr. parā-vat) remote, distant, coming from a distance, foreign, RV. (instr. pl. 'from distant quarters,' AV.); m. N. of a tribe on the Yamuna, RV.; TandBr.; (ifc. f. ā) 2 turtle-dove, pigeon, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a kind of snake, Suśr.; N. of a Nāga of the race of Airāvata, MBh.; a monkey, L.; Diospyros Embryopteris, MBh.; Hariv.; Susr.; a mountain, L.; pl. N. of a class of deities under Manu Svārocisha, Pur.; (ī), f. the fruit of the Averrhoa Acida, L.; a form of song peculiar to cowherds, L.; N. of a river, L.; n. the fruit of Diospyros Embryopteris, Hariv.; Suir. - ghní, f. (of han) striking the distant (demon) or at a distance, RV. vi, 61, 2. - desa, m. N. of a country, Cat. - padī, f. Cardiospermum Halicacabum, Bhpr.; Car. - mālāya, Nom. A. vate, to resemble a flock of turtles, Kad. - savarna, m.pl. 'dovecoloured,' N. of the horses of Dhrishta-dyumna, MBh.; onâsva, m. N. of Dho, ib. Paravataksha, m. 'dove-eyed,' N. of a serpent-demon, Kathas. Parāvatânghri-piccha, m. a kind of pigeon, L. Paravatabha, mfn. pigeon-like, Susr. Paravatâiva, m. 'having doves for horses,' N. of Dhrishtadyumna, MBh. (cf. ota-savarna).

Pārāvati, m. patr. of Vasu-rocis, L. पारावदमी pārāvada-ghnī, w.r. for pārāva-

ta-ghnī.

पारावर्ष pārāvarya. See under 2. pāra.

पाराचार pārāvāra. See under 1. pāra.

पाराश्वर $p\bar{a}r\bar{a}\dot{s}ara$, mf(\bar{i})n. proceeding or derived from Parāšara or Pārāšarya, Var.; Pur. (cf. g. kanvadi); m. patr. (fr. parā-sara, and N. of the poet Vyāsa; pl. N. of a school), Pravar.; Pur.; L.; (i), f., see s.v.; n. the rules of Parasara for the conduct of the mendicant order, W.; -kalpika, mfn. one who studies the Po-kalpa; m. a follower of Po, Pat. on Pān. iv, 2, 60; -jātaka, n., -šikshā, f., -sūtra, n., -horā, f. N. of wks. sari, m. patr. of Vyāsa, L. osarin, m. a mendicant of the order of Pārāšarya, L. (cf. Pān. iv, 3, 110); pl. N. of a phil. school, RāmatUp. sarī (pārā-), f. patr. of Parāsara, SBr.; a wk. of Po; -kaundinī-pútra and °rī-pútra (pa), m. N. of 2 teachers, ŠBr.; -paddhati, f., -mukura, m., -mūla, n., -vyākhyā, f., -horā, f. N. of wks. sarīya, n. a wk. of Parāsara, Cat. °sarya (pārā-), m. patr. fr. parā-sara (N. of Vvāsa), SBr. &c. &c. (cf. Pān. iv. 3, 110); n. a wk. of Parasara, Cat.; -vijaya, m.N. of wk. $(=par\bar{a}$ šara-v°). °saryāyaņa (pārā-), m. patr. fr. pārāsarya, SBr.

पारि pāri, Vriddhi form of pari in comp. - kānkshaka and okshin, m. a contemplative Brāhman (in the fourth period of life), L. - kārmika, m. (-karman) one who takes charge of the lesser vessels or utensils, L. - kuta, m. an attendant, servant, AitBr. (Say.) - kshi(1), m. N. of a man, L. - kshit (m.c.) and -kshita, m. (-kshit) patr. of Janam-ejaya, Br.; MBh.; (°tī), f. N. of AV. xx, 127,7-10; otiva, m. the brother of Pari-kshit, SBr.; SankhSr., Sch. - kshepaka (or opika), m. or n. (\sqrt{kship}) objection (?), Car. - kha (fr. pari-khā), g. palady-ādi. - khīya, mfn. (fr. pārikha), Pāņ. iv, 2, 141, Sch. - kheya, $mf(\bar{i})n$. (fr. pari-kha) surrounded by a ditch, ib. v, I, I7. - grāmika, $mf(\bar{i})n$. (-grāmam) situated round a village, ib. iv, 3, 61. -jāta, m. the coral tree, Erythrina Indica (losing its leaves in June and then covered with large crimson flowers), MBh.; Kāv.; Sušr. &c.; the wood of this tree, R.; N. of one of the 5 trees of paradise produced at the churning of the ocean and taken possession of by Indra from whom it was afterwards taken by Krishna), MBh.; Kav. &c. (cf. IW. 519); fragrance, Var.; N. of sev. wks. (esp. ifc.; cf. dana-); of a Naga, MBh.; of a Rishi, ib.; of an author of Mantras (with Śāktas), Cat.; -ka, m. the coral tree or its wood, Susr.; Pur.; N. of a Rishi, MBh.; of other men, Hcar. (-ratndkara, m. N. of wk.); m. or n.