ind. every night, Kathās. - yuvati, f. a concubine, female rival, Vcar. - yuvam, ind. towards the young man, Sis. viii, 35. - yūthapa, m. the leader of a hostile herd (of elephants), MBh. - yūpam, ind. post by post, ApSr. - yogam, ind. rule by rule, Pat. - yoni, ind. according to source or origin, SBr. -rajani, ind. every night, Naish. - ratha, m. an opposite fighter in a war-chariot, an adversary in war, equal a° , Kathās. (cf. $a-p^{\circ}$); N. of a descendant of Atri (author of the hymn RV. v, 47), RAnukr.; of a son of Mati-nāra and father of Kanva, Hariv.; of a son of Vajra and father of Sucāru, ib. - rathyam, ind. in every road, Kāv. - rāja (Kull.) or ojan (R.), m. a hostile king, royal adversary. - rājam, ind. king by king, for every k°, Pat. - ratram (Hit.) or ctri (Vcar.), ind. each night, nightly. - ripu, ind. against the enemy or the enemies, Sis. - rupa, n. the counterpart of any real form, an image, likeness, representation, MBh.; Var.; BhP. (also \bar{a} , f., KaushUp.); a pattern, model for imitation (cf. -dhrik below); anything falsified, a counterfeit of (gen.), Vishn.; $mf(\tilde{a})n$. like, similar, corresponding, suitable, proper, fit, RV. &c. &c. (°pam akurvan, not requiting, MārkP.); agreeable, beautiful, MBh.; m. N. of a Danava, ib.; (\bar{a}) , f. N. of a daughter of Meru, BhP.; -carya, mfn, exemplary in conduct, worthy of imitation, MW.; -caryā, f. suitable or exemplary conduct, SBr.; -tā, f. resemblance, Harav.; -dhrik, mfn. offering (i.e. being) a model or pattern, BhP. - rūpaka, n. an image, a picture, L.; forgery, Nār.; (prob.) a forged edict, MBh.; $mf(ik\bar{a})n$, similar, corresponding, having the appearance of anything (generally ifc.), MBh.; Mn.; Šak. &c.; m. a quack, charlatan, Car. – \mathbf{rupya} , in $a \cdot p^{\circ}$, w.r. for $a \cdot pr\bar{a}ti$ rūpya, see prātir. - raudra-karman, mfn. acting cruelly against others, R. - lakshana, n. 'a counter-mark, 'mark, sign, MBh.; R. - lingam, ind. at every Linga, Rajat. - lipi, f. a copy, transcript, written reply, L. -loka, m. every world, Heat. -lomá, $mf(\tilde{a})n$, against the hair or grain (opp. to $anu-l^{\circ}$), contrary to the natural course or order, reverse, inverted; adverse, hostile, disagreeable, unpleasant; low, vile, SBr.; RPrāt.; SrS. &c.; left, not right, W.; contrary to caste (where the mother is of a higher caste than the father), ib.; (ibc. and dm, ind.) against the hair, ag? the grain, in reversed or inverted order, TS.; Br.; AsvSr.&c.; m. N. of a man; pl. his descendants, g. upakādi; (\bar{a}) , f. a partic, incantation (to be recited from the end to the beginning), Kathās.; n. any disagreeable or injurious act; (ena), ind. in an unfriendly manner, unpleasantly, Cān.; -ja, mfn. born in the inverse order of the classes (as of a Kshatriya father and Brāhmanī mother, or of a Vaisya fo and Kshatriyā m° or B° m°, in which cases the wife is of a higher caste than the husband; cf. Mn. x, 16), W.; -tas, ind, in consequence of the inverted order or course, Mn. x, 68; invertedly, in inverted order or series, Yājñ.; MBh.; Pañcat.; -rūpa, mfn. inverted, KaushUp.; omânuloma, mfn. speaking against or for anything; (ibc. and am, ind.) in inverted order or course and in the natural oo or co, Mn.; Yājā.; ema-tas, ind. in an unfriendly and friendly manner, R. -lomaka, mfn. against the hair or grain, reverse, inverted, BhP.; n. inverted order, perversion, Pañcat. - vaktram, ind. on every face, Hcat. -vat, mfn. containing the word prati, AitBr. - vatsara, m. a year, MBh.; (am), ind. every y° , yearly, Rājat.; Kathās. - vanam, ind. in every wood or forest, Bhartr. - vanita, f. a female rival, Šiš. - vargam, ind. group by gro, KātyŠr. - varņa, m.every caste, Hcat.; (am), ind. coby co, Gaut. - varnika, mfn. having a corresponding colour, similar, L. - vartmán, mfn. taking an opposite road or course, AV. - varman, see su-prati-vo. - varsha (ibc.) or osham (ind.), every year, yearly, MarkP.; Pañcat. - vallabhā, f. = -yuvati, Vcar. - vashatkāram, ind. at each exclamation Vashat, AsvSr. - vasati, ind. in every habitation or house, Kathās. - vastu, n. a counterpart, equivalent; anything given in return, anything contrasted with another, Kathās.; Pratāp.; -vastûpamā, f. (rhet.) a simile or parallel (in which a po is drawn between two different objects by stating some common characteristic belonging to both), Kāvyad.; Sāh.; Kuval. &c. - vahni-pradakshinam, ind. at each perambulation from left to right of the sacred fire, Kathās. - vākyam, ind. in every sentence, L.

- I.-vāni, mfn. unseemly, unsuitable, L. - 2.-vāni, f. n. an answer, L.; opposition, L. (w.r. vāni); f. = paribhāshā, prajnapti &c., Gal. - vāta, m. a contrary wind, Mn; Susr.; (am), ind. against the wind, KätyŠr.; Šak.; Pañcat.; (e), ind. on the lee side, MW. - I. -vāraņa, m. (for 2. see under prati-1. vri) a hostile elephant, Hariv.; a sham or mock elo; (with daitya), a Daitya in the form of an el^o, BhP. - vārttā, f. account, information, Šak. - vāsaram, ind. every day, daily, Rājat.; Kathās.; Heat.; (e), ind. = tad-dinam, L. = $v\bar{a}sa$ rika, mfn. daily, Hcat. - vāsudeva, m. 'opponent of a Vāsudeva,' (with Jainas) N. of nine beings at enmity with V° (= Vishnu-dvish), Col. - vitapam. ind. to every branch, Santis. - vidyam, ind. in every doctrine, Gaut. - vindhya, m. N. of a king who ruled over a particular part of the Vindhya mountains, MBh.; of a son of Yudhi-shthira; pl. N. of his descendants, MBh.; Pur. - vipāsam, ind, along the Vipāš river, Laghuk. - vimba &c. = -bimba &c. - 1. -virati, ind. (for 2. see prati-vi-√ram) at every pause, at each cessation or disappearance, Šāntiš. - višva, mfn. pl. one and all; (eshu), ind. in all cases, Cat. - visha, n. 'counter-poison,' an antidote, L.; $mf(\bar{a})n$, containing an ant^o, Rājat.; (\bar{a}) , f. Aconitum Heterophyllum, Car.; Bhpr. - vishaya, m. pl. the various objects of sense, L.; (ibc. and am, ind.) in relation to each single object of so Sāmkhyak. - vishņu, ind. at every (image of) Vishnu, Vop.; towards Vo, in place of Vo, W. -vishnuka, m. Pterospermum Suberifolium, L. - vīra, m. an antagonist, a well-matched opponent, MBh.; Vcar.; BhP.; -tā, f. the being a wo-mo antagonism, Prab. - vīrya, n. (the being a match for in valour) in $a-p^{\circ}$, mfn. unequalled, matchless, irresistible, MBh.; R.; a-prativīrydrambha, not having sufficient strength to undertake anything, SaddhP. - vritta, n. an eccentric circle, Gol. -vrittantam, ind. according to the saying, as they say, Rajat. - vritti, ind. according to the modulation (of the voice), RPrat. - vrisha, m. a hostile bull, Hariv. - vedam, ind. at or for every Veda, Yājā.; Bādar.; oda-sākham, ind. for every branch or school of the Vo, Madhus. - vedântam, ind. in every Upanishad, Bādar., Sch. - velam, ind. on every occasion, MBh. - veša (práti- or pratī-; cf. Pāņ. vi, 3, 122, Vārtt. 3), $mf(\bar{a})n$. neighbouring, a neighbour, RV.; TS.; SBr. &c.; auxiliary, Br.; TBr., Comm.; m. a neighbouring house, L.; -tás, ind. from the neighbourhood, SBr.; - $v\bar{a}sin$, $mf(n\bar{\iota})n$. living in the neighbourhood; m.f. a neighbour, Alamkārak. **-vešin** (or $prati-v^{\circ}$), mfn. neighbouring; m. and $(n\bar{i})$, f. a neighbour, Dhūrtas.; Mricch.; Sah. - vesma, ind. in every house, Šiš. – vešman, n. a neighbour's house, Pañcat. -vešya, m. a neighbour, MBh. -vaira, n. requital of hostilities, revenge, MBh. - vyoma or °man, m. N. of a prince, Pur. — satru (práti-), m. an adversary, opponent, enemy, AV.; Kuval., Sch. - sabda (or odaka, Kad.; Hear.), m. echo, reverberation, MBh.; R.; Ragh. &c.; -ga, mfn. going after a sound or in the direction of a so, MBh.; -vat, mfn. re-echoing, resounding, Kathās. - 1. sa**rana**, n. (for 2. see under *prati-* $\sqrt{s_{i}}$) confidence in (ifc.), Divyav.; -bhūta, mfn. resorted to (acc.), ib. (cf. -sarana under prati- Vsri). - sarâsana, n. an adversary's bow, Vas. - sarīram, ind. concerning one's own body or person, Pat. - sasin, m. a mock moon, paraselene, Var. - sakhani, ind. for every branch or school (of the Veda), Bādar., Sch. - sākha-vat, see - sākhā. - sākhā, f. a side branch, so shoot (pl. all the schools of the Veda, BhP.); -nādī, f. a branch vein, PrasnUp.; °khavat, mfn. having anything as side branches, MBh. - I. - sāsana, n. (for 2. see prati- \sqrt{sas}) a rival command or authority (cf. $a-p^{\circ}$), Ragh. - silpa, n. a counter-Šilpa, ŠāńkhŚr. - sishya, m. under-disciple (?), Divyâv. - sukra-budha (ibc.), towards the planets Venus or Mercury, Var. - sukram (perhaps two words), ind. towards the planet Venus, R. - sulka, w. r. for -srutkā (see under prati- \sqrt{sru}), Lalit. - sringena, ind. horn by ho, Heat. - srotas, ind. w.r. for -srotas, q.v. - sloka, m. a counter-Śloka, Sinhâs.; L.; (am), ind. at every Ślo, BhP. -shka &c., see prati-shkasa, p. 671. - samyoddhri, m. an adversary in war, MBh. - samvatsaram, ind. every year, yearly, Yājñ.; ĀpSr., Comm. - samskāram, ind. at every ceremony,

dust (worn by Buddhist mendicauts), L. (prob. w.r. for -sankakshika). - sadanam, ind. every one to his dwelling, Mcar. - sadriksha or -sadris (práti-), mfn. similar, VS. - sadma, ind. at or in every house, BhP. - sama, mfn. equal to, a match for, MBh.; Nāg. - samantam (práti-), ind. on every side, everywhere, SBr. - sambandhi. ind, according to the respective connection, Sah. - sarga, see under prati- \sqrt{srij} . - sargam, ind. in every creation, Mn., Kull. - savya, mfn. in inverted order, inverted, reverse, L. - sama, mfn. (prob.) unkind, unfriendly, Pāņ. v, 4, 75. - sāmanta, m. 'a hostile neighbour,' enemy, adversary, Kuval.; Hcar. - sāmarthya, n. relative suitableness, R. - sāyam, ind. towards evening, Gobh. -sinha, m. a hostile lion, Kathās. -sīrā, f. a curtain, L.; a screen or wall of cloth, an outer tent, W. - sundarī, f. = -yuvati, q. v., Vcar. - sūrya (or 'yaka), m. a mock sun, parhelion, Var.; a kind of lizard, a chameleon (which lies or basks in the sun), Uttarar.; Susr.; (am), ind. opposite to the sun, Mn.; -matsya, m. a partic. appearance in the sun; (accord. to Comm.) a mock sun and a comet, Ap.; -sayānaka, m. 'lying or basking in the sun,' a kind of lizard, a chameleon, L. -senā, f. an opposing or hostile army, Hariv. - somā, f. a kind of plant (= mahisha-valli), L. - somôdakadvijam, ind. against the moon or water or a Brāhman, Mu. iv, 52. - skandha, m. every shoulder (instr. 'each on his sho'), Hit.; N. of an attendant of Skanda (v.l. kapi-sko), MBh.; (am), ind. upon the shoulders, W.; in every section of a book, Pratāp. - strī, mfn. lying on a woman, ChUp. -sthanam, ind. in every place, everywhere, Prab., Sch. - sneha, m. (prob.) w.r. for pati-so, Kathās.—**srota,** $mf(\bar{a})n.=mext(Mandakinīm^{\circ}t\bar{a}m$ anuvraja, go up the M° i.e. up or against the stream), R. - srotam (BhP.) or -srotas (Mn.; MBh.; Hariv. &c.), ind. against the stream, up the s°; (w.r. *srotas*). - svam, ind. 'each for itself,' one by one, singly, AsvSr.; RPrat., Comm. - svahakāram, ind. at every exclamation Svāhā, ĀpGr. - hasta (-tva, n., Vcar.), -hastaka (Hit.), m. a deputy, substitute, proxy. - hasti, ind. towards elephants, MBh. - hastin, m. the keeper of a brothel, Das. (Sch. 'a neighbour'). - hridayam, ind. in every heart, BhP., Sch.

Praty, in comp. before vowels for prati above. - ansa, m. a portion, share, Buddh. - ansu, m. = pratigato 'nsuh, Pan. vi, 2, 193; mfn. = prati $gat\bar{a} a\underline{n} \dot{s} avo'sya$, ib., Sch. — ansa, m. = -a $\underline{n} \dot{s} a$, q.v. -ansam, ind. on the shoulders, Sis. - ak, see pratyáñc. - aksha, see s.v. - akshara, (ibc.) in each syllable, Vās.; -slesha-maya, $mf(\bar{i})n$. containing a Slesha in each so, ib. - agam, ind. on every mountain, Dharmasarm. - agni, ind. towards the fire, Kaus.; at or near or in every fire, KātySr.; MBh. - agra, $mf(\bar{a}, n)$, fresh, recent, new, young, MBh.; R.; Kāv. &c.; repeated, reiterated, Hariv.; Kathās.; pure, W.; (ibc. and am, ind.) recently, Mricch.; Kathās.; m. N. of a son of Vasu Upari-cara and prince of the Cedis, BhP. (cf. -agraha below); -ksharat, mfn. fresh-flowing, flowing freshly, Prab.; -gandhā, f. a species of shrub, Rhinacanthus Communis, L.; -tā, f. or -tva, n. newness, freshness, W.; -prasavā, f. recently delivered, having lately brought forth, Pān. ii, 1, 65, Sch.; -yauvana, $mf(\bar{a})$ n. being in the bloom of youth, Kathās.; $-r\bar{u}pa$, mf(\bar{a})n. juvenile, young, MBh.; -vayas, mfn. young in age, youthful, MBh.; R.; n. youth, W.; -sodhita, mfn. recently purified, pure, L. -agraha, m. N. of a son of Vasu and king of the Cedis, MBh.; Hariv.; (=-agra; prob. a contracted form for pratyaggraha). -anka, $\inf(\bar{a})$ n. recently marked (as cattle), Pāņ. ii, I, I4, Kāš. -ankam, ind. in every act (of a drama), Sah. - anga, n. a minor or secondary member of the body (as the forehead, nose, chin, fingers, ears &c.; the 6 Angas or chief members being the trunk, head, arms and legs), MBh.; R.; Susr. &c.; a division, section, part, Susr.; Nir.; a subdivision (of a science &c.), W.; a weapon, BhP.; m. a kind of measure, Samgit.; N. of a prince, MBh.; (ibc. or am, ind.) on every part or member of the body, on the limbs severally, Pancat.; Hit.; Git.; Kathas.; for one's own person, Pat. (cf. -vartin); for every part or subdivision (of a sacrifice &c.), Mn.; (in gram.) in each base, Pān. i, 1, 29, Pat.; -tva, n. the belonging to, TPrāt.; $\bar{\mathbf{A}}$ pŠr. - sangakshikā, f. a cloak to keep off the $|-dakshin\bar{a}|$, f. a fee for each part (of a sacrifice),