mfn. living at the end of a Kalpa, R. iii, 10, 4; -sthāyin, mfn. lasting to the end of time, Hit. i, 50; BhP. Kalpantara, n. another Kalpa. Kalpatara, mf(ā)n. having or requiring a different kind of treatment, Susr. ii, 216, 8. Kalpôtthāyin, mfn., MBh. v, 135, 35, misprint for kalyôtthāyin. Kalpôpanishad, f. 'science of medicine,' pharmacology, Car. i, 4.

2. Kalpa, Nom. A. °pāyate, to become a Kalpa,

to appear as long as a Kalpa, Hear.

Eálpaka, mfn. conforming to a settled rule or standard, BhP. i, 8, 6; ix, 11, 1; adopting, Hariv.; (as), m. a rite, ceremony, MBh. [TBr. ii, 7, 18, 4 of doubtful meaning, Comm. kaplaka]; a barber (cf. kalpanī; Lith. kerpikas), L.; a kind of Curcuma (commonly karcūra), L.—taru, m. = kalpataru above.

Kalpana, am, n. forming, fashioning, making, performing, L.; 'forming in the imagination, inventing,' composition of a poem, Prab.; cutting, clipping, working with edge-tools, VarBṛS.; N. of a religious ceremony; anything put on for ornament, MBh. xiii, 2784; (ā), f. making, manufacturing, preparing, Sušr.; BhP.; practice, Car.; fixing, settling, arranging, Mn.ix, 116; Yājñ.; creating in the mind, feigning, assuming anything to be real, fiction, KapS. &c.; hypothesis, Nyāyam.; caparisoning an elephant, Daš.; form, shape, image; a deed, work, act, Mṛicch.; (ī), f. a pair of scissors or sheers, L. — vidhi, m. a particular method of preparing (food), Bhpr. **Kalpanā-šakti**, f. the power of forming ideas, MW.

Kalpanīya, mfn. to be accomplished, practicable, possible, Sch. on SBr. ii, 4, 3, 3; to be assumed, to be supposed, Sarvad.; Comm. on Nyāyam. and Bādar.; to be arranged or settled, VarBṛS.

Kalpayitavya, mfn. to be assumed, to be supposed, to be conceived, Comm. on Bādar. ii, 2, 13. Kalpika, mfn. fit, proper, Buddh.

Ealpita, mfn. made, fabricated, artificial; composed, invented; performed, prepared; assumed, supposed; inferred; regulated, well arranged, Yājñ.; having a particular rank or order, MBh.; Mn. ix, 166; caparisoned (as an elephant), L.; (as), m. an elephant armed or caparisoned for war, W.; (ā), f. a kind of allegory, Vām. iv, 2, 2. — tva, n. the existing merely as an assumption or in the imagination, Comm. on Vām. iv, 2, 2.

Kalpin, mfn. forming plans, contriving, designing (applied to a gambler), VS. xxx, 18.

Kalpya, mfn. (Pān. iii, I, 110; Vop. xxvi, 17, 18) to be formed from (inst.), Naish. viii, 21; to be performed, to be prescribed; to be settled or arranged, VarBṛS.; to be conceived or imagined, VarBṛS.; to be substituted, W.; relating to ritual, W.

viii, 2, 18; cf. Pat. (K.), vol. i, p. 336, and vol. iii, p. 398, gana kapilakâdi.

dispelling darkness,' T.) splendour, brightness, sparkling, AV. xv, 2, 1.

Kalmalīka, n. (artificially formed to serve as source of the next) = tejas, Say. on RV. ii, 33, 8.

Kalmalikin, mfn. (Naigh. i, 17) flaming, burning, RV. ii, 33, 8.

7, 43 = karmasha, am, n. (as, m., BhP. viii, 7, 43 = karmasha fr. karma + \sqrt{so}, 'destroying virtuous action,' Kāš. on Pān. viii, 2, 18) stain, dirt; dregs, settlings (cf. jala-k°); darkness; moral stain, sin, MBh.; R.; BhP.; Mn. iv, 260; xii, 18, 22; ifc. f. ā, Bhag. iv, 30 &c.; mf(ā)n. dirty, stained, L.; impure, sinful, L.; (am), n. the hand below the wrist, L.; (as), m. or (am), n. a particular hell, L.—dhvansa, m. destruction of darkness or sin; -kārin, mfn. causing the destruction of darkness or sin, preventing the commission of crime, Comm. on Hit. i, 17.

gaṇa gaurādi, Pāṇ. iv, I, 41) variegated, spotted, speckled with black, VS.; TS.; SBr.; AśvGṛ.; MBh.; black, L.; (as), m. a variegated colour (partly black, partly white), L.; a Rakshas, L.; a species of fragrant rice, L.; N. of a Nāga, MBh.; a form of Agni, Hariv.; N. of an attendant on the Sun (identified with Yama), L.; a kind of deer, T.; N. of Sākya-muni in a former birth; (i), f. the speckled cow (of Jamad-agni, granting all desires), MBh.; R.; N. of a river (the Yamunā), MBh. i, 6360; (am),

n. a stain, SBr. vi, 3, 1, 31; N. of a Sāman. - kaṇtha, m. 'having a stained neck,' N. of Siva; (cf.
nīla-kaṇtha.) - grīva (kalmāsha-), mfn. having
a variegated neck, AV. iii, 27, 5; xii, 3, 59, TS. v.
-tantura, m., N. of a man. - tā, f. spottedness,
the state of being variegated, BhP. - pāda, mfn.
having speckled feet, R.; (as), m., N. of a king of
Saudāsa (descendant of Ikshvāku transformed to a
Rākshasa by Vasishtha), MBh.; R.; Hariv.; VP.;
-carita, n., N. of a work. - puccha, mfn. having
a speckled tail, Up. Kalmāshânghri, m., N. of a
king (= sha-pāda), BhP. Kalmāshâbhibhava,
n. sour boiled rice, L.

Kalmāshita, mfn. speckled, bespotted with (inst.), Kād.

कल्प kalya, $mf(\bar{a})n$. ($\sqrt{3}$. kal, T.) well, healthy, free from sickness (cf. a-k°, Gaut. ix, 28); hale, vigorous, MBh. ii, 347; Naish.; Yājñ. i, 28; sound, perfect, strong, MBh.; clever, dexterous, L.; ready or prepared for (loc. or inf.), MBh.; agreeable, auspicious (as speech), L.; instructive, admonitory, L.; deaf and dumb (cf. kala and kalla), L.; (am), n. health, L.; dawn, morning, L.; yesterday, L.; (am, e), ind. at day-break, in the morning, tomorrow, MBh.; Nal. xxiv, 14; R.; BhP.; (am, a), n. f. spirituous liquor, L. (cf. kadambari); (ā), f. praise, eulogy, T.; good wishes, good tidings, L.; Emblic Myrobalan (harītakī, q.v.), [cf. Gk. καλόs.]

—jagdhi, f. 'morning-meal,' breakfast, L. —tā, f., -tva, n. health, convalescence, Hit. - pāla, $mf(\bar{i})$. or -pālaka, mf. a distiller or seller of spirituous liquors, Rājat. v, 202; [cf. sandika.] - varta, m. a morning meal, any light meal, L.; (am), n. anything light, a trifle, trivial matter, Mricch.; (Prākrit kalla-vatta.) Kalyôtthayin, mfn. rising at day-break, MBh. v, 4616.

Kalyana, $mf(\hat{i})n$. (gaņa $bahv-\bar{a}d\hat{i}$) beautiful, agreeable, RV.; SBr. &c.; illustrious, noble, generous; excellent, virtuous, good (kalyāṇa, voc. 'good sir; 'kalyāṇi, 'good lady'); beneficial, salutary, auspicious; happy, prosperous, fortunate, lucky, well, right, RV. i, 31, 9; iii, 53, 6; TS.; AV.; SBr.; Nir. ii, 3; MBh.; R.; (as), m. a particular Rāga (sung at night); N. of a Gandharva; of a prince (also called Bhatta-srī-kalyāna); of the author of the poem Gītā-gangā-dhara; (ī), f. a cow, L.; the plant Glycine Debilis, L.; red arsenic, L.; a particular Rāgiņī; N. of Dākshāyaņī in Malaya; N. of one of the mothers attending on Skanda, MBh. ix, 2625; N. of a city in the Dekhan and of one in Ceylon; a river in Ceylon; (am), n. good fortune, happiness, prosperity; good conduct, virtue (opposed to $p\bar{a}pa$), SBr.; Bhag.; R.; Ragh.; Pañcat.; Mn. iii, 60, 65; Susr.; a festival, Mn. viii, 292; gold, L.; heaven, L.; N. of the eleventh of the fourteen Pūrvas or most ancient writings of the Jainas, L.; a form of salutation ('Hail!' 'May luck attend you!'), Santis. - kataka, m., N. of a place, Hit. - kara, -kara, $mf(\tilde{i})n$. causing prosperity or profit or good fortune. - kāraka, mín. id., Yājñ. ii, 156; (as), m., N. of a Jaina work by Ugradityacarya. - kīrti, mfn. having a good reputation, AitAr. - krit, mfn. doing good, virtuous; propitious, Bhag. vi, 40. - giri, m. 'mountain of good conduct,' N. of an elephant, Kathas. -candra, m., N. of an astronomer in the twelfth century; of a king. $-c\bar{a}ra$, $mf(\bar{i})n$. following virtuous courses. - tara, mfn. more agreeable, SBr. xiv, 7, 2, 5. - devī, f., N. of the wife of Jayapīda, Rajat. -dharman, mfn. of virtuous character or conduct. - pañcaka-pūjā, f., N. of a Jaina work. - pañcamīka, mfn. (scil. paksha) any fortnight the fifth lunar day of which is lucky, W. - puccha, $mf(\bar{\iota})n$. having a beautiful tail, Pan. iv, 1, 55. - pura, n., N. of a town, Rājat. - bīja, m. = $-v\bar{\imath}/a$, q.v. - bhatta, m., N. of a man. - mandira, n. temple or abode of health or prosperity; N. of a work; $-tik\bar{a}$, f. the commentary on it; -stotra, n., N. of a Jaina work. -maya, mfn. abounding in blessings, prosperous, Kathās. - malla, m., N. of a prince; of the author of the work Ananga-ranga; of a son of Gaja-malla (author of the comm. called Mālatī). - mitra, n. a friend of virtue; a well-wishing friend, Karand. lxvii, I; a good counsellor (opposed to pāpa-mitra), Buddh.; N. of Buddha; otra-ta, f. the perfect life of Buddhism; otra-sevana, n. the becoming a disciple of Buddha. - raja-caritra, n. 'the life of king Kalyāna' by Madana. - rāya, m., N. of a man. - vacana, n. friendly speech, good wishes. - vat.

-vartman, m. 'walker on a noble path,' N. of a king; f., N. of a princess who erected an image of Vishnu (see kalyāna-svāmi-kešava). - vardhana, m. 'increase of prosperity,' N. of a man, Buddh. -varman, m., N. of an astronomer; of a man, Kathās. - vīja, m. a sort of lentil (Ervum Hirsutum, $= mas\bar{u}ra$), L. - vritta, mfn. of virtuous conduct. - sarman, m., N. of a commentator on Varāha-mihira. - sattva, mfn. of noble character. - saptamī, f. an auspicious seventh day; -vrata, n. a religious observance on that day. - sūtra, m., N. of a Brahman. - sena, m., N. of a king. - svāmi-kesava, n., N. of an image of Vishnu, Rājat. Kalyāņācāra, mfn. following good practices, W. Kalyānābhijana, $mf(\bar{i})n$. of illustrious birth, Nal.; R. Kalyanabhinivesin, mfn. intent on virtue or on benefiting others, Kad. 153.

Ralyāṇaka, $mf(ik\bar{a})$ n. auspicious, prosperous, happy; efficacious; $(ik\bar{a})$, f. red arsenic, L. — guda, m. a particular drug, Sušr. — ghṛita, n. a kind of clarified butter, Sušr. — lavaṇa, n. a kind of salt, Sušr.

Kalyānin, mfn. happy, lucky, auspicious, prosperous; illustrious; virtuous, good, Kathās.; (inī), f. the aquatic plant Sida cordifolia, L.

Kalyāṇī, in comp., gaṇa priyâdi. — dašama, mfn. having the tenth night lucky, Kāš. on Pāṇ. v, 4, 116. — pañcama, mfn. having the fifth lucky; (ās), f. pl. (scil. rātrayas) nights of which the fifth is lucky, Vop. vi, 15. — pañcamīka, mfn. (scil. paksha) a fortnight having the fifth night lucky, Vop. vi, 16. — priya, mfn. having a beloved one worthy of honour, Pāṇ. v, 4, 116; Sch. on Vop. vi, 15. — stotra, n., N. of a work. Kalyāṇy-ādi, m. a gaṇa of Pāṇ. (iv, 1, 126).

कल्पापाल kalyā-pāla = kalya-pāla, q.v., L.

कहा kall, cl. 1. A. kallate, to utter an indistinct sound, Dhātup. xiv, 27; to be mute, ib.

Kalla, mfn. deaf, L.; also v. l. for kanna, q. v. — tā, f., —tva, n. stammering, hoarseness, L.; a sound, L.; deafness, L. — mūka, mfn. deaf and dumb, L. — vīra-tantra, n., N. of a Buddhist work (also called Caṇḍā-mahā-roshaṇa-tantra). Kallarya, m., N. of an author.

कहार kallata, as, m., N. of a king, Rājat. iv, 461; of a pupil of Vasu-gupta (q. v.) and father of Mukula (q. v.), Rājat. v, 66 (srī-k°).

कहार kallāṭa, ās, m. pl. (probably) N. of a tribe, Inscr.

कञ्चार्य kallarya, m. See kalla.

कह्मालेश kallāleša, as, m., N. of a god (Lakshmī-kānta).

कि kalli, ind. to-morrow, W.

कञ्चिनाय kallinātha, as, m., N. of a writer on music.

महोल kallola, as, m. (1. kam, water, +lola, T., but according to Un. i, 67 fr. \sqrt{kall}) a wave, billow, Bhartr. iii, 37; Pañcat.; gambol, recreation, L.; an enemy, L.; mfn. hostile, L.

Kallolita, mfn. surging, billowing (gana tāra-kādi).

Kallolinī, f. a surging stream, river, Prab. (gaņa pushkarādi).

क स्ट्रा kalhaṇa, as, m. (also spelt kahlaṇa), N. of the author of the Rāja-taraṅgiṇī.

कल्हार kalhāra, v.l. for kahlāra, q.v.

कल्होडीगङ्गेश्वरतीर्थ kalhodī-gangesvaratīrtha, am, n., N. of a Tirtha.

poet), W.; to praise, T.; to paint, picture, W.: cl. 10. P. A. kāvayati, te, to compose (as a poet), W.;

Kavayitri, tã, m. 2 poet, Viddh. ix, 12; Comm. on Kum.

and 1. ku, to express depreciation or deficiency, Pāṇ. vi, 3, 107, 108; Vop. vi, 97. — patha, m. a bad way, Pāṇ. vi, 3, 108. Kavâgni, m. a little fire, Vop. vi, 97. Kavôshṇa, mfn. slightly warm, tepid; (am), n. slight warmth; -tā, f. slight warmth, Kād.

कव 2. kava, mfn. ($\sqrt{1.ku}$) 'miserly' (perhaps originally 'provident'), 'selfish,' in \acute{a} -kava, q.v., and $kav\bar{a}$ - $sakh\acute{a}$ below; [cf. $kavatn\acute{u}$ and $kav\bar{a}r\acute{t}$.]