বহু vaṭku, prob. w. r. for barku, Nyāyam., Sch.

बहु vațț, cl. 1. P. vațțati, Pat. on Pāņ. i, 3, 1, Vārtt. 12.

ৰম্ভ vațța or bațța, m. N. of a man (also -deva), Rājat.

बहुक vaṭṭaka, m. a pill, bolus, Bhadrab. (cf. vaṭaka).

বৃত্ত vath (also written bath), cl. 1. P. va-thati, to be big or fat, Dhātup. ix, 46; to be powerful or able, ib.

Tal vaihara, mfn. stupid, dull, a fool, blockhead, Hcar.; (only L.) wicked, vile (cf. vaiara); m. a physician; a water-pot; = vakra; = ambash-tha; = sabda-kāra.

वडच $vadab\acute{a}$, m. (also written $vadav\acute{a}$, $badav\acute{a}$, $badav\acute{a}$) a male horse resembling a mare (and therefore attracting the stallion), Vait.; (\tilde{a}) , f., see next. — **dhenu**, f. a mare, KātyŚr.

Vádabā, f. (also written vádavā, bádavā, bádabā) a female horse, mare, TS. &c. &c.; the nymph Asvini (who, in the form of a mare as wife of Vivasvat or the Sun, became the mother of the two Asvins; cf. asvinī), Pur.; Das.; a partic. constellation represented by a horse's head, W.; a female slave, L.; a harlot, prostitute, L.; = dvija-strī, L.; N. of a woman (having the patr. Prätitheyī), GṛS.; of a wife of Vasu-deva (called Paricārikā), Hariv.; of a river, MBh.; of a place of pilgrimage, Vishn. - gni (°bagni or °vagni), m. 'mare's fire,' submarine fire or the fire of the lower regions (fabled to emerge from a cavity called the 'mare's mouth' under the sea at the South pole; cf. aurva), MBh.; Kathās.; -mala, n. a partic. foamy substance on the sea, L. - onala $(^{c}b\hat{a}n^{\circ})$, m. = $vadab\hat{a}gni$, Gol.; Kāv. (also personified, Virac.); a partic. powder (prepared from pepper and other pungent substances to promote digestion), Bhpr. - bhartri, m. 'mare's husband,' N. of the mythical horse Uccaih-sravas (q. v.), Sis. - bhrita, v.l. for -hrita (q.v.) - mukha, n. 'mare's mouth, N. of the entrance to the lower regions at the South pole, Aryabh.; MBh.; Hariv.; m. (with or scil. agni) = vadabagni (also identified with Siva or the Maharshi Nārāyaṇa), ib.; R.; Kathās.; pl. N. of a mythical people, VarBrS.; MarkP.; (î), f. N. of a Yogini, Hcat. - ratha, m.a chariot drawn by mares, L. - vaktra, n. = -mukha, n., MBh.; -huta-bhuj, m. = vadabāgni, Uttarar. - suta, m. du. 'the two sons of Vadaba,' N. of the Asvins, L. - hrita, mfn. said of a kind of slave, Yājñ., Sch.

Vadabin, mfn. (fr. vadabā), g. vrīhy-ādi.

ing to the class Pratuda, q.v.), Car.

বঙ্গানি vaḍabhi or °bhī, f.=valabhi, °bhī (q.v.), Hariv.; R.; Megh.

Vadabhī-kāra, m. N. of a man, g. kurv-ādi (cf. bāḍabhī-kara).

चडव vaḍavá, váḍabā. See vaḍabá, váḍabā.

वडहंसिका vaḍahansikā or °sī, f. (in music) a partic. Rāgiņī, Saṃgīt.

चडा vaḍā, f. (cf.=vaṭa) a small lump, globule, round mass or cake, L.

विदश् vadiša. See badiša.

वडेर vaderu, m. N. of a man, Cat.

वडोसक vadausaka, m. or n.(?) N. of a place, Rājat.

वह vaḍḍh, cl. 1. P. vaḍḍhati, Pat. on Pāṇ. i, 3, 1, Vārtt. 12.

बड़ vadra, mfn. large, great, L.

nati (pf. vavāņa &c.; Caus. 201. avīvaņat or avavānat), to sound, Dhātup, xiii. 3.

vāṇat), to sound, Dhātup. xiii, 3.

Vaṇa, m. sound, noise, MW. (cf. dhig-v°).

Vaṇita, mfn., v.l. for veshṭita, KātyŚr., Sch.;

= vyūta, ib.

वरायलग्राम vaṇathala-grāma, m. (prob. for vana-sthala-gro) N. of a village, Cat.

chant, trader, RV. &c. &c.; the zodiacal sign Libra, VarBrS.; N. of a partic. Karana (q.v.), ib.; trade, traffic, commerce, Gaut.; Mn.

Vaṇik, in comp. for vaṇij. — kaṭaka, m.a company of merchants, caravan, Daś. — karman, n. (Pañcat.), -kriyā, f. (VarBṛS.) the business or occupation of a mo, trade. — tva, n. the position of a mo, Mudr. — patha, m. 'mo's path,' trade, traffic, Mn.; MBh. &c.; a mo's shop, Śiś.; Rājat.; a mo, BhP.; the zodiacal sign Libra, ib. — putra, m. a mo's son, mo, Kathās.; Kāraṇd. — purusha, m. a mo, Kāraṇd. — sârtha, m. = -kaṭaka, BhP. — suta, m. a mo's son, Kathās.; (ā), f. a mo's daughter, ib. — sūnu, m. = -suta, ib.

Vanig, in comp. for vanij. — griha, n. a merchant's house, L. — grāma, m. an association or guild of merchants, Daš. — jana, m. a commercial man, merchant, the mo-class, Var Yogay. — bandhu, m. 'mo's friend,' the indigo plant, L. — bhāva, m. 'condition of a mo,' trade, L. — vaha, m. 'mo's vehicle,' a camel, L. — vīthī, f. a market-street, bazaar, Caṇḍ. — vṛitti, f. 'mo's business,' trade, traffic, business, Bhartr.

Vanin, in comp. for vanik fr. vanij. — mārga, m. a market-street, bazaar, L.

Vanija, m. = vanij, a merchant, trader, L.; N. of Šiva, MBh.; the zodiacal sign Libra, Laghuj.; N. of a Karana (q.v.), VarBrS.; (a), f. traffic, commerce, L.

Vanijaka, m. a merchant, trader, L.

Vanijya, n. trade, traffic, L.; (a), f. id., SBr. &c. &c.

P. vant (also written bant), cl. I. 10.
P. vantati or vantayati (accord. to some also vantapayati), to partition, apportion, share, divide, Dhātup. ix, 43; xxxii, 48 (only vantyate, Cān., and vantyamāna, Hcar., v.l.)

Vanta, mfn. tailless, having no tail, Gaut. (cf. banda); unmarried, L.; m. an unmarried man, L.; a portion, share, L.; the handle of a sickle, L.

Vantaka, m. a portion, share, L.; dividing, MW.; an apportioner, distributer, ib.

Vantana, n. apportioning, distributing, partition, dividing into shares, L.

Vantanīya, mfn. to be apportioned or divided, W. Vantita, mfn. divided into shares, partitioned, MW.

(only L.) a spade, shovel, hoe; a boat; a kind of contest or partic. mode of fighting.

&c.), to go or move alone, go unaccompanied, Dhātup. viii, 9.

Vantha, mfn. crippled, maimed, L.; unmarried, L.; m. an unmarried man, L.; a servant, L.; a dwarf, L.; a javelin, L.

Vanthara, m. (only L.) the new shoot of the Tal or palm tree; the sheath that envelopes the young bamboo; a rope for tying a goat &c.; the female breast; a dog's tail; a dog; a cloud.

A. vandate, to partition, share, divide, Dhātup. viii, 18; to surround, cover, ib. (v.l. veshtane for vibhājane); cl. 10. P. vandayati, to partition, share, divide, xxxii, 48 (v.l.)

miser, W.; a eunuch or attendant on the women's apartments, ib.

vati; see Pāṇ. v, I, II5 &c.) added to words to imply likeness or resemblance, and generally translatable by 'as,' 'like' (e.g. brāhmaṇa-vat, like a Brāhman; pitri-vat = pitêva, pitaram iva, pitur iva and pitarîva). - kāra, m. the affix vat, Šaṃk.

वत् 2. vat. See $api-\sqrt{vat}$.

वत vata. See I. bata.

For the special control appropriate control of post and control of

वर्तस va-tansa, m. (ifc. f. \bar{a}) = ava-tansa, a garland, ring-shaped ornament, crest (also °saka), Kāv.; Chandom.

Va-tansita, mfn. = ava-tansita, Harav.

वत्राड vataṇḍa, m. N. of a man, g. lohitâdi on Pāṇ. iv, 1, 18; pl. his descendants, Pravar. (cf.

taṇḍa-vataṇḍa); (ī), f. a female descendant of Vataṇḍa, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 109.

वतरणी vataraṇī, w.r. for vaitaraṇī.

वतायन vatāyana, w.r. for vātāyana.

वित vati. See under $\sqrt{1. van}$, p. 917.

वतु vatu or $vat\bar{u}$, ind. an interjection == hush! silence! Hcar.

বনু vatū, f. a river of heaven, L.; m. (only L.) one who speaks the truth; a road; a disease of the eyes.

वतोका va- $tok\bar{a}$, f. = ava- $tok\bar{a}$, a cow miscarrying from accident, L.

नस vatsá, m. (prob. originally "yearling," fr. a lost word vatas) a calf, the young of any animal, offspring, child (voc. vatsa often used as a term of endearment = my dear child, my darling), RV. &c. &c.; a son, boy (see $b\bar{a}la-v^{\circ}$); a year (see $tri-v^{\circ}$); N. of a descendant of Kanva, RV.; PancavBr.; SānkhSr.; of an Agneya (author of RV. x, 187), Anukr.; of a Kāsyapa, Kathās.; of the step-brother of Maitreya (who passed through fire to prove the falseness of Maitreya's allegation that he was the child of a Sūdrā), Mn. viii, 116 (Sch.); of a son of Pratardana, MBh.; Hariv.; of a son of Sena-jit, Hariv.; of a son of Aksha-mālā, Cat.; of a son of Uru-kshepa, VP.; of a son of Soma-sarman, Kathās.; of the author of a law-book, Cat.; (with carakadhvaryu-sūtra-krit) of another author, ib.; of a serpent-demon, VP.; N. of a country (whose chief town is Kausāmbī), Kathās.; Nerium Antidysentericum, L.; the Kutaja tree, L.; pl. the descendants of Vatsa, AsvSr. (cf. Pan. ii, 4, 64, Sch.); the inhabitants of the country called Vatsa, MBh.; Kathās.; (a), f. a female calf, little daughter (voc. vatse = my dear child), Kālid.; Uttarar.; Prab.; m. n. the breast, chest, L. [Cf. vaisara and eros for Féros; Lat. vetus, vetus-tus, vitulus; Germ. widar, Widder; Eng. wether.] - kāmā, f. 'affectionate towards offspring, a cow longing for her calf or a mother for her child, L. - guru, m. a teacher of children, preceptor, W. - cchavī, f. a calf's skin, SānkhBr.; SrS. - jānu or-jñu, mfn. formed like a calf's knee, SrS. - tantī (Apast.; Gaut.) or -tantrī (Vas.; Vishn.; Mn.), a long rope to which calves are tied (by means of shorter ropes). - tará, m. (and i, f.) more than a calf, a weaned calf, a young bull or heifer (also applied to goats and exceptionally to sucking calves and even to full grown animals which have not yet copulated), TS.; VS.; AitBr. &c.; otararna (ora-rina), n. the debt or loan of a bullock (?), Pān. vi, 1, 89, Vārtt. 7, Pat. - tva, n. the state or condition of a calf, BhP. - danta, m. 'calf-toothed,' a kind of arrow (having a point like a calf's tooth), MBh.; R. (also otaka); N. of a mythical person, Virac.; n. an arrow point like a calf's tooth, SārngP. - devī, f. N. of a princess of Nepal, Inscr. - napat (vatsá-), m. N. of a descendant of Babhru, SBr. - nābha, m. a partic. tree, MBh.; Hariv. (also obhaka); N. of a mythical being, Hariv. (v.l. rajata-n°); m. n. (also obhaka) a partic strong poison prepared from the root of a kind of aconite (said to resemble the nipple of a cow; it is also called Mīthā zahr), Sušr.; Bhpr.; n. a cavity of a partic. shape in the frame of a bedstead, VarBrS. -nābhi, m. a calf's navel, Bhpr. -nikānta (vatsá-), mfn. affectionate towards offspring, MaitrS. - pa (vatsá-), m. a keeper of calves, BhP.; N. of a demon, AV. - pati, m. a king or lord of the Vatsas, (or) N. of a king, Vas., Introd.; N. of Udayana, Hcar. - pattana, n. 'Vatsa town,' N. of a city in the north of India (also called Kaušāmbī), L. - pāla or olaka, m. a keeper of calves (also applied to Krishna and Bala-deva), Hariv.; BhP.; HParis.-palana, n. the keeping or tending of calves, Pañcar. - pītā, f. (a cow) at which a calf has sucked, MBh. - pracetas, mfn. mindful of Vatsa or the Vatsas, RV. - pri (Say.), -pri (TS.) or -priti (BhP.), m. N. of the author of RV. ix, 68; x, 43; 46 (his patr. is Bhālandana). - prīya, n. N. of the hymn RV. ix, 68, Sāy. (cf. prec. and vātsaprīya). - bandhā, w.r. for baddha-vatsā (q.v.), MBh. - bālaka, m. N. of a brother of Vasu-deva, VP. - bhūmi, f. the country of the Vatsas, MBh.; m. N. of a son of Vatsa, Hariv. - mitra, m. N. of a certain Gobhila, VBr.; (\bar{a}) , f. N. of a celestial virgin (Dik-kumārī), Harav. - mukha, mfn. calf-faced, Pān. vi, 2, 168. - rāja, m. a king of the Vatsas,