सां निवेशिक sāmnivešika, mfn. = sam-nivešam samavaiti, Pāņ. iv, 4, 43, Sch.

सांनिहित्य sāmnihitya, n. (fr. sam-nihita) close vicinity, anything near at hand, Samskārak.

सांन्यासिक sāṃnyāsika, mfn. (fr. saṃ-nyā-sa) forming the original or correct text, Pat. on iii, 2, 107, Vārtt. 2; m. a Brāhman in the fourth stage of his life, religious mendicant, L.

सान्मातुर sānmātura, m. (cf. san-m° and sāmm°) the son of a virtuous mother, L.

सान्यपुत्र sānya-putra, m. N. of a teacher, Cat.

descendants, Mn. ii, 168 &c.; being of the same family, of kin, related to or closely connected with, ib. viii, 198 ib.; full of meaning, significant, Das.; having the same business (= sa-kārya or karaṇa-sahita), BhP.(Sch.); public, in presence of all, Kāty.

सान्वारम्भणीय sánvārambhaṇīya, mfn. having the Anvārambhaṇīyā (q. v.), ĀpŚr.

HIU $s\bar{a}p$, strong form of 2. sap, q.v.

सापगम sapagama, mfn. attended with or involving departures, Pancat.

#IUA sāpatná, mfn. (fr. sa-patna or sa-patnī) coming or derived from a rival, AV.; based on rivalry (as enmity), MBh.; born of a rival or co-wife; m. (with or without bhrātri, 'a half-brother on the mother's side'), R.; (pl.) the children of different wives of the same husband, MBh.

Sāpatnaka, n. rivalry among the wives of the same husband, MBh.; rivalry in general, enmity, ib.; Bālar.

Sāpatneya, $mf(\tilde{z})n$. born from a rival wife, Kull. on Mn. ix, 198.

Sāpatnya, $mf(\bar{a})n$. based on rivalry (as enmity), Kām.; born from a rival or fellow-wife, R.; m. a half-brother, ib.; a rival, enemy, L.; n. enmity or rivalry among wives of the same husband, Šiš.; relationship of children born from different wives of the same husband, R.

Sāpatnyaka, n. rivalry, enmity, Bālar.

দাঘন I. sdpatya, $mf(\bar{a})n$. possessing off-spring, having progeny, MBh.; accompanied or attended by one's children, BhP.

सापत्य 2. sāpatya, m. = sāpatnya, the son of a rival wife, half-brother, Pat. on Pāṇ. vi, 3, 35,

साप्त्रप s d p a t r a p a, $m f(\bar{a}) n$, ashamed, embarrassed, Sis.

सापद्ध sâpad, mfn. being in distress or misery, Pañcat.

सापदेशम् sapadesam, ind. under a pretext or pretence, Das.

सापमान sapamāna, mfn. treated or attended with contempt, Bharty. (v.l.); (am), ind. contemptuously, MW.

HIUT sapara, $mf(\bar{a})n$. together with the west, VarBrS.

सापराध saparādha, mf(ā)n. having faults, crīminal, guilty, Kathās.; Rājat.; faulty, false, erroneous, VarBṛS., Sch.

सापरान्त sáparánta, mfn. together with the country of Aparânta, Kathās.

सापनादक sapavādaka, mfn. having exceptions, liable to exception, Pat.

Sapavadam, ind. with blame, reproachfully, Malatim.

सापहर sapahnava, $mf(\bar{a})n$. with dissimulation, dissembling, feigning, MBh.; Kathās.; dissembled, concealed, veiled, Sāh.

सापाय sapaya, $mf(\bar{a})n$. one who contends with adversity, Dasar.; attended with danger, dangerous, Kāv.; Pañcat.; Rājat.

सापाश्रय sapasraya, n. (scil. vāstu) a house with an open gallery at the back, VarBiS.

सापिस sāpinda, n. = sāpindya, Dattakac.

Sāpindi, m. (prob.) patr. fr. sa-pinda, g. aishukāry-ādi. — bhakta, mfn. inhabited by Sāpindis, ib.

Sāpiṇḍī-mañjarī, f.N. of a wk. on law by Nāgêša. Sāpiṇḍya, n. (fr. sa-piṇḍa) connection or relationship by presenting offerings to the same deceased ancestors, consanguinity or relationship of a Sapiṇḍa, Saṃskārak.; Dattakac. — kalpalatā, f., -kalpalatikā, f., -dīpikā, f., -nirṇaya, m., -mīmānsā, f., -vishaya, m. N. of wks.

सापीड \hat{sapida} , mfn. (perhaps w.r.for \hat{sotpo}) emitting or discharging a stream of water, R.

respect to (loc. or acc. with prati), MBh.; R.; requiring or presupposing anything, dependent on (comp.), Kathās.; Sāh.; Sarvad. — tā, f., -tva, n. dependence on, Sāh.; Sarvad.

HIN 1. sapta or sapta, n. (fr. saptan, of which it is also the Vriddhi form in comp.) the number seven, a heptade, RV.; TS.; a team of seven horses (accord. to others m. and a proper N.), RV. viii, 55, 5. - tantava, m. pl. (fr. sapta-tantu) N. of a partic. sect, Vas., Introd. - dasya, n. (fr. saptadasan) the number seventeen, SankhSr. - pada, mfn. (fr. sapta-pada) belonging to seven steps, based or depending on seven steps (='sincere,' true'), MBh.; Pancat.; BrahmaP. - padina, mfn. = prec., Bālar.; n. friendship (formed with any one after taking seven paces together, or, accord. to others, after uttering only seven words), intimacy, Kum.; Pancat.: circumambulation of the nuptial fire by the bride and bridegroom in seven steps, advance of the bride to meet the bridegroom in seven steps, MW. -purusha, mfn. (fr. sapta-p°) extending to or comprising seven generations, Samskarak. - paurusha, $mf(\bar{i})n$. (fr. id.) = prec., Mn. iii, 146.—rathavāhani, m. a patr., SBr. — rātrika, mf(i)n. (fr. sapta-rātra) lasting seven nights or days, Sāmav Br.;

Sāptatika, mfn. (fr. saptati) worth seventy &c., Pāņ. v, I, 19, Sch.

Saptamika, mfn. (fr. saptamī) relating to the seventh day, Lāty.; relating to the seventh case, RPrāt.; taught in the seventh (Adhyāya of Pānini's grammar), Pat.

Sāptalāyana, m. patr. fr. saptala, g. nadādi. Sāptaleya, mfn. (fr. id.), g. sakhy-ādi. Sāpti, m. patr. fr. saptan, g. bāhv-ādi.

RTH 2. $s\bar{a}pta$, n. (fr. sapti) a horse-race, running-match for horses or the prize given for one, RV. ii, 19, 7.

साप sāpyá, m. patr. of Namī (v.l. sāyyá), RV.; PañcavBr.

साम्राध्य sāprāyya, n. (fr. sa-prâya) likeness, homogeneousness, Lāty.

सामरोगण sapsaro-gaṇa, mfn. attended by a number of Apsarases, MW.

सामान्य sāphalya, n. (fr. sa-phala) fruitfulness, profitableness, advantage, result, success, Mn.; MBh. &c.

साविश्व sābarņika(?), a proper N., Rājat. सावाध sâbādha, mfn. suffering pain, unwell. Sak.

सान्दी sābdī, f. a kind of grape, L.

साव्रसचार sābrahmacāra, n. (fr. sa-brahmacārin), g. yuvâdi.

साभयदक्षिणम् sábhaya-dakshinam, ind. with the gift of fearlessness or security, Jātakam.

साभापत sābhāpata, mfn. (fr. sabhā-pati), g. asvapaty-ādi.

साभाव sābhāvya, n. (fr. sa-bhāva) homogeneousness, identity of nature, Bādar.

साभासंनयन sābhāsamnayana, mfn. (fr. sa-bhā-s°), Pat. on Pāņ. i, 1, 73, Vārtt. 2.

कार्त-ङ), Fat. on Fan. 1, 1, 13, vart. 2. साभिकाम sābhikāma, $mf(\bar{a})n$. having affection, loving, affectionate, Nal.

साभिचरिएक sâbhicaranika, mfn. possessing the same rules for exorcising or counteracting enchantments, ĀpŚr.

साभिज्ञान sábhijñāna (ibc. or am, ind.), to-

gether with tokens of recognition, Megh.; Kathās. - yuta, mfn. furnished with tokens of ro, Pañead.

साभिताप sábhitāpa, mfn. suffering pain, distressed, afflicted, Kathās.

साभिनयम् sábhinayam, ind. with dramatic gesture or gesticulations, pantomimically, Šak.

साभिनिवेश sábhinivesa, mfn. having or attended with a great inclination or predilection for anything, Sāh,

साभिप्राय sábhipráya, mfn. having a distinct aim or purpose, persevering, resolute, Kathās.; betraying a certain purpose, intentional, Pañcat.

साभिमान $sdbhim\bar{a}na$, $mf(\bar{a})n$. having pride, haughty, proud of (loc.; am, ind.), R.; Kathās.; Pañcat.; causing pride or self-satisfaction, MBh.; self-interested, egoistical (as an action), SārnġP.

सामिलाप sābhilāsha, $mf(\bar{a})$ n. having a desire or longing for (loc., acc. with prati, or comp.; am, ind.), Šak.; Kathās.; MārkP.

साभिशङ्क sábhisanka, mfn. distrustful, suspicious, Jatakam.

साभिसंस्कारपरिनिवायिन sábhisaṃskāraparinirvāyin, mfn. (said of a kind of Anāgāmin, q.v.), Buddh.

साभिसर sabhisara, mfn. along with followers or companions, Hcar.; Sis.

साभ्यर्थन sábhyarthana, mfn. with entreaties, Kād.

साभ्यसूय sábhyasūya, mfn. envious, malicious, jealous of (loc.; am, ind.), Ragh.; Sis.

साभ्यास sabhyāsa, mfn. reduplicated, Nir.

Megh. - matī, f. N. of a river flowing through Ahmedābād (commonly 'Sabermattee'), Satr.; -māhātmya, N. of wk. - vatī, f. = -matī, Sinhâs.

साभिङ्गिका sābhrangikā, f. a kind of metre, Col.

साधि sábhri, mfn. together with a hoe or spade, KātyŚr.

साम् sām. See 1. sāmaya, p. 1205, col. 1.

is also the Vriddhi form in comp.) likeness, similarity, L. — pushpi, m. (prob. fr. sama-pushpa) a patr., Pravar. — yugīna, mfn. (fr. sama-pushpa), g. pratijanddi. — vaša, mfn. serving for or caused by the equality of the metre, RPrāt. — stambi, m. (prob. fr. sama-stamba) a patr., Pravar. — sthya, n. (fr. sama-stha) comfort, ease, welfare, g. brāhmanādi, Sāmācārika, mfn. (fr. samācāra), g. vinayādi. Sāmācārī, f. (fr. id.) customary practice or usage, right conduct or behaviour, HPariš.

1. Sāmaka, n. (for 2. see p. 1205, col. 2) the principal of a debt, Vishn.; m. (thought by some to be for sāmaka fr. \sqrt{so}) a whetstone (esp. one for sharpening spindles), L.

sāmātsāmya, n. (fr. samāt-sama) a series or succession of equal or similar beginnings and terminations. Lāty.

HIH 2. sâma, mfn. undigested, crude, not sufficiently prepared or matured (a morbid state of the humours), Car.; Bhpr.

सामक्ष sāmaksha, n. (fr. sam-aksha) the being before the eyes, MaitrS.

Samakshya, n. id., TBr.; PañcavBr. (wrongly printed sāmyaksha).

entirety, completeness, (esp.) a complete collection or assemblage of implements or materials, apparatus, baggage, goods and chattels, furniture, effects, Rājat.; Kathās.; Sarvad.; a means for (kā te sāmagrī, 'what means have you at your disposal?'), Hit.—pratibadhyatā, f.,-pratibandhakatā-vāda, m.,-vādartha, m., -vicāra, m.,-vyāpti, f.,-vyāpti-vicāra, m.,-sahacāra, m. N. of wks. Sāmagrya, n. = sāmagrī, MBh.; Hariv. &c.

सामञ्जस्य sāmañjasya, n. (fr. sam-añjasa) fitness, propriety, equity, justice, R. (B.), Sch. (a-s° Vedântas., Sch.)