N. of a Brāhman, Hariv. - devatā, f. the divinity of speech, Sarasvatī, Vcar.; Sāh.; Tantras.; -guru, m. 'master of words,' N. of Kāli-dāsa, Ping., Sch. (in a quot.); -stava, m. N. of wk. - devatāka, mfn. sacred to Sarasvatī, Kull. on Mn. viii, 105. -devatya, mfn. consecrated to speech, SānkhSr. - devī, f. the goddess of spo, Sarasvatī, Kāv.; Rājat. &c.; -kula, n. science, learning, eloquence, MW. -daivatya, mfn. sacred to Saro, Mn. viii, 105. -dosha, m. 'speech-fault,' speaking badly or ill, abusive or ungrammatical speech, W.; uttering a disagreeable sound, Hit. - dvāra, n. entrance to spo $(krita-v^{\circ})$, mfn. anything to the description of which a way has been facilitated), Ragh.; N. of a place, W. - baddha, mfn. suppressing spo, saying nothing, silent, Kathās. - bandhana, n. the obstruction or suppression of spo, silencing, silence (onam pra-\lambde kri, to silence), Amar. - bali, m. N. of a man, Cat. - brāhmaņa, n. a Brāhmaņa which treats of Vāc, AitAr. - bhanga, m., v. l. for $v\bar{a}k$ -sanga (q. v.) - bhata, m. N. of a writer on rhetoric (author of the Vāg-bhatâlamkāra), Cat.; of a writer on medicine, ib.; of other authors and learned men, ib.; -kosa (?). m., -sārīra-sthāna, n., -sūtra-sthāna, n.; 'tâlamkāra, m. N. of wks. - bhatta, w.r. for -bhata, Cat.; -mandana, n. N. of wk. - bhushanakāvya, n. N. of wk. - bhrit, mfn. bearing or supporting speech, SBr. - manasa, see vān-m°. -min, mfn., see below. -mula, see vān-mo. -yajña, m. an offering made in words, Sinhas. - yata, mfn. restrained in speech, reserved, silent, ŠāńkhBr.; GrŚrS. &c. - yama, m. one who has controlled his spo, a sage, A. - yamana, n. restraint of speech, silence, SrS. - yāma, mfn. = -yala, Pān. iii, 2, 40, Sch.; m. a dumb man, one silent from necessity, W. - yuddha, n. war of words, controversy, vehement debate or discussion, MW. - yoga. m. correct use of words, Pat. - rodha, m. = -bandhana, MW. - vajra, n. words which fall like a thunderbolt, violent or strong language, Siksh.; R.; BhP.; mfn. one whose words are like thunderbolts, BhP. -vata, m. N. of an author, Cat. -vat, mfn. having speech, connected with spo, AitBr.; -vatī-tīrthayātrā-prakāša, m. N. of wk. - vada, m. (prob.) a kind of bat, Gaut., Sch. (v. l. valgu-da). - vāda, m. N. of a man, Pāņ. vi, 3, 109, Vārtt. 2, Pat. - vādinī, f. N. of a goddess, Cat.; -stotra, n. N. of a Stotra. - vid, mfn. skilled in speech, eloquent, Kāvyād.; Siš. — vidagdha, mfn. id. $(-t\bar{a}, f.)$, Vet.; (\bar{a}) , f. a kindly-speaking or agreeable woman, MW. - vidheya, mfn. to be effected by (mere) words, to be recited from memory, R. -vin, mfn. eloquent, AV. - vinihsrita, mfn. emitted or put forth by speech, Mn. iv, 256. - viprusha, n. sg. (said to be a copulative comp.), Pān. v, 4, 106, Sch. - vibhava, m. stock of words, power of description, command of language, Kav. - virodha, m. verbal dispute, controversy, Hcat. - vilāsa, m. play of words, SārngP.; graceful or elegant speech, W. -vilāsin, m. a pigeon, dove, L. -visarga, m. the emitting of the voice, breaking of silence, speaking, Gobh.; BhP. - visarjana, n. id., KātySr. - vistara, m. prolixity, diffuseness, Hasy. - vīna, m. N. of a poet, Sadukt. - vīra, m. a master of speech, MBh. - vīrya (vāg-), mfn. vigorous in voice, TS. - vyaya, m. expenditure of words or spo waste of breath, MW. - vyavahāra, m. employment of many words, a long discussion or altercation, Mālav. - vyāpāra, m. the practice of speaking, talking, talk, Sah.; Hit.; manner of speaking, style

Vāgāyana, m. a patr., Samskārak. (pl.)

Vägāru, mfn. breaking promise or faith, disappointing, a deceiver, L.

or habit of speech, W.; customary phraseology, ib.

Vägāsani (?), m. a Buddha, L.

Vāgmāyana, m. patr. fr. vāgmin, g. asvadi. Vāgmi-tā, f.(Kām.; Sāh.) or mi-tva, n.(MBh.; Kām.; Rājat.) eloquence (see next).

Vāgmin, mfn. speaking well, eloquent, SBr.: Lāty.; MBh. &c.; speaking much, loquacious, talkative, wordy, L.; m. a parrot, L.; N. of Brihas-pati or the planet Jupiter, L.; of a son of Manasyu, MBh.

Vāgya(?), mfn. (perhaps fr. $v\bar{a}c + ya$ fr. \sqrt{yam} ; cf. vāg-yata) speaking little, speaking cautiously or humbly, L.; spo truly, L.; m. modesty, humility, selfdisparagement, L.; doubt, alternative, L. - tas, ind. silently, W.

Vāgvín, mfn. See under $v\bar{a}g$ above.

Van, in comp. for vac. - nidhana, mfn. having

Laty.; (with krauñca, n. or sauhavisha, n. N. of Sāmans.) - niścaya, m. settlement by word, affiance by word of mouth, marriage contract, MW. - nishtha, f. abiding by one's words, punctuality in fulfilling a promise, faithfulness, ib. - matī, f. N. of a sacred river, W. - matsara, m. envious or jealous speech, ŠānkhŠr. - madhu, n. pl. sweet words, Sak. - madhura, mfn. sweet in speech, speaking sweet words, Hit. - manas, u.du. (KathUp.; Mn.; Vās.) or -manasa, n. (sg. [Pān.; Vop.] or in comp. [Gaut.; Vedântas.] or du. [MW.]) speech and mind. - máya, $mf(\bar{i})n$. consisting of speech, depending on spo, whose essence is spo, relating to spo (also-tva, n.), SBr.; VS. Prāt.; ChUp. &c.; eloquent, rhetorical, W.; (i), f. the goddess of speech, Sarasvatī, L.; n. spo, language, Kum.; eloquence, rhetoric, manner of spo, RPrät.; Sah. &c.; -devatā, f. the goddess of spo, Sinhas.; -viveka, m. N. of wk.; oyâdhikrita-tā, f. the state of presiding over spo or eloquence (said of the goddess of sp°), MW. - mātra, n. mere words, only spo, Hariv. - madhurya, n. sweetness of speech or voice, SarngP. - mala, f. N. of wk. - misrana, n. exchanging words, conversation with (instr.), Prab. - mukha, n. the opening of a speech, an exordium, L. - murti, mfn. having sp for a body; (with devatā), f. Sarasvatī, Pracand. - mūla, mfn. having root or origin in spo, Mn. iv. 256.

Vācam, in comp. for $v\bar{a}cam$. — yama, $mf(\bar{a})n$. restraining speech or voice, silent, Br.; Up. &c.; m. a sage who practises silence, L.; N. of a man, Cat.; -tva, n. silence, Ragh.; Kuval.

Vācaka, $mf(ik\bar{a}[ak\tilde{a}, w.r.])n.$ speaking, saying, telling anything (gen.), Hit.; BhP.; speaking of, treating of, declaring (with gen. or ifc.), Rāmat Up.; MBh. &c.; expressive of, expressing, signifying, RPrāt.; RāmatUp.; MBh. &c.; verbal, expressed by words, MW.; m. a speaker, reciter, MBh.; R. &c.; a significant sound, word, W.; a messenger, ib. - ta, f. (BhP.; Sarvad.) or -tva, n. (RāmatUp.; Pat.; Sah. &c.) the speaking or treating of, expressing, significance. - pada, mfn. containing expressive (not senseless) words, Yājñ., Sch.; n. an expro or significant word, explicit term, W. - mukhya, N. of wk. - lakshaka-vyanjaka-tva, n. direct or indirect or implicit designation of a thing, Pratap. Vācakācārya, m. N. of a teacher (also umā-svātiv°), Sarvad.

Vācakūtī, f. (prob.) w. r. for next, Col.

Vācaknaví, f. (fr. vacaknu) N. of a preceptress with the patr. Gargi, SBr.; GrS.; AV. Paris.

Vacana, n. the causing to recite, SrS.; the act of reciting, recitation, Yājñ.; Vārāhīt.; the act of reading, Balar.; the act of declaring or designating, Sah.; (\bar{a}) , f. a lesson, chapter, HPariš.

Vācanaka, n. recitation (esp. of svasti), Hcat.; an enigma, riddle, MW.; a kind of sweetmeat, L.

Vācanika, $mf(\bar{i})n$. founded on an express statement, mentioned expressly, Samk.; ApSr., Sch.; VarBrS., Sch.

Vācam, acc. of vāc, in comp. - inva, mfn. 'wordmoving,' singing, reciting, MaitrS. - īnkhayá, mfn. id. (said of Soma), RV.

Vācayitri, mfo. one who causes to recite, the director of a recitation, Samskarak.

Vāca-sravas, m. N. of a man, Cat. (perhaps w. r. for *vāja-š*°).

1. Vācas. See vi-vācas and sá-vācas.

2. Vācas, gen. of $v\bar{a}c$, in comp. — pata, m. patr. fr. next, SankhBr. - páti (vācás-), m. 'lord of voice or speech,' N. of a divine being (presiding over human life which lasts as long as there is voice in the body; applied to Soma, Višva-karman, Prajā-pati, Brahmā &c., but esp. to Brihas-pati, who is lord of eloquence. preceptor of the gods, and regent of the planet Jupiter), RV.; AV. &c.; a master of speech, orator, BhP.; N. of a Rishi, a lexicographer, a philosopher &c., Sarvad.; Un., Sch. &c.; -kalpa-taru, m. N. of wk.; -govinda (Cat.), -bhattacarya, m. N. of authors; -misra, m. N. of various authors (esp. of a philosopher and celebrated lawyer), IW. 92, n. 2; 305; -vallabha, m. a topaz, L. - patya, mfn. relating to Vācas-pati (N. of Šiva), MBh.; composed by Vo, Cat.; declared by Vo, MW.; n. eloquence, Sis.; Hit.; fine language, eloquent speech, harangue, MW.

Vācasām-pati, m. N. of Brihas-pati or the planet Jupiter, L. (w. r. for vacasām-p°).

I. Vācā, f. speech, a word, Pancat.; KātySr., Sch. &c.; the goddess of spo, Un. ii, 57, Sch.; a holy word, sacred text, MW.; an oath, ib.; w.r. for vaca,

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without investiture with the sacred thread &c., L.; | vāc as the burden or refrain (in a recitation), Nid.; | MBh. xiii, 6149. - orambhana (vācāro), n. (said to be) = vāg-ālambana, ChUp.; Vedântas.; N. of wk. - viruddha, mfn. unsuitable to words, not describable with words; m. pl. a partic, class of divine beings, MBh. - vritta or -vriddha, m. pl. N. of a class of gods in the 14th Manv-antara, VP. - sahāya, m. a conversable or sociable companion, R.

> 2. Vācā, instr. of vāc, in comp. - karman, n. an act performed only by the voice, ApSr., Sch. - karmīna, mfn. performed only by the voice, ib. - stena (vācā-), mfn. (prob.) one who makes mischief by his words, RV. x, 87, 15.

Vācāṭa, $mf(\bar{a})n$. talkative (said also of birds), Kāv.; Kathās. &c.; boastful, grandiloquent (-lā, f.), Balar.; Prasannar.; (ifc.) filled with the song of, resounding with, Vās.

Vācāyana, m. N. of an author, HYog.

Vācāla, $mf(\bar{a})n$. talkative, chattering (said also of birds), Kāv.; Kathās.; boasting, VarBr., Sch.; Rājat.; full of noise and bustle, (ifc.) filled with the song or noise of, R.; Vās. &c. - tā, f. (Kāv.; Bhpr.) or -tva, n. (Viddh.) talkativeness, loquacity.

Vācālanā, f. the act of making talkative, Kād. Vācālaya, Nom. P. vati, to make talkative. cause to speak, Bālar.; Kād.; Kathās.; to make full of noise, Kād.; Rājat.

Vācika, mfn. verbal, effected or caused by words, consisting in words, communicated by speech (with abhinaya, m. a declamatory speech; with vināša, m. threatened destruction; pārushye danda-vācike, the two violences i.e. blows and words, or assault and slander), Mn.; MBh. &c.; m. a short expression for vāg-āsīr-datta, Pāņ. v, 3, 84, Vārtt. 3, Pat.; n. a verbal commission or message, Naish.; Sis.; Rājat.; news, tidings, intelligence, W. - pattra, n. a written agreement or contract, L.; a letter, dispatch, W.; a newspaper, gazette, ib. - prasna, m. N. of wk. - hāraka, m. a letter, epistle, L.; a messenger, courier, MW.

Vācin, mfn. (ifc.) asserting, supposing, Sarvad.; Kās.; expressing, signifying (°ci-tva, n.), APrāt.; TPrāt., Sch. &c.

Vācī, f. See $ambu-v^2$.

Vāco, in comp. for 2. vācas. - yukti, f. fit or appropriate speech, Mālatīm.; Pat.; mfn.(?) possessing fitness of speech, eloquent, L.; -patu, mfn. skilled in speech, eloquent, Sis., Sch.

- 1. Vācya, Nom. P. vati, fr. vāc, Pān. i, 4, 15,
- 2. Vācya, mfn. to be spoken or said or told or announced or communicated or stated or named or predicated or enumerated or spoken of, Up.; Mn.; MBh. &c. (n. impers. it is to be spoken or said &c.); to be addressed or spoken to about anything (acc. or nom. with iti), Mn.; Hariv.; Kav. &c.; to be directed that (with $yath\bar{a}$), MBh.; to be told about (=still untold), KätySr.; to be expressed or designated or meant expressly by (gen. or comp.), ChUp.; Samk.; Sāh. &c.; to be spoken against, blamable, censurable by (gen. or instr.), Mn.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; used as a substantive, Vop.; $(v\bar{a}cy\dot{a})$, belonging to the voice &c., VS.; (vācyá), m. metron. of the Rishi Prajā-pati, RV.; n. what may be said against any one or anything, blame, censure, reproach, fault (vācyam Vgam, to undergo blame), MBh.; Kāv.; that of which anything is predicated, a substantive, Vop.; a predicate, W.; the voice of a verb (e.g. kartari-v, the active voice: karmani v° , the passive voice), ib.; = pratipādana, L. - citra, mfn. fanciful in sense (as a poetical expression). MW.; n. a play upon words, Sah. - ta, f. the being to be said or spoken, the being predicated of or the quality of being predicable, BhP.; blamableness, ill repute, infamy, MBh.; VarBrS. &c.; conjugation, W. - tva, n. = prec.; (esp.) the being to be said or expressly stated, KātyŚr.; the being expressed or expressly meant by or by means of, Samk, on ChUp.: Sarvad. &c. - linga or ogaka, mfn. following or having the gender of the substantive, adjectival (ogatva, n., Pān. ii, 4, 18, Sch.), L. - vajra, n. 'thunderlike words,' violent or strong language, MW. - vat, ind. like the substantive (see above), according to the gender of the substantive, adjectively, Vop. - varjita, n. an elliptical expression, Pratap. - vācaka-tä, f. (BhP.) and -vācaka-tva, n. (RāmatUp.) and -vācaka-bhāva, m. (KapS.) the state of the signified and the signifier. Vācyartha, m. the directly expressed meaning (-tva, n. direct expression of meaning), Vedântas.