a continuation of mundane existence, Mn. xii, 88; w.r. for pra-critta and pra-nritta; (°vritta), m. =°varta, a round ornament, SBr.; (\bar{a} , f. N. of a female demon, MarkP.); -karman, n. any act leading to a future birth, W.; -cakra, mfn. 'whose chariot wheels run on unimpeded,' having universal power ($^{\circ}kra-t\bar{a}$, f.), Yājñ.; -tva, n. the having happened or occurred, Jaim.; -pānīya, mfn. (a well) with abundant water, MBh.; -pāraṇa, n. a partic. religious observance or ceremony, Sak. (v.l.); -vāc, mfn. of fluent speech, eloquent, MBh.; -samprahāra, mfn. one who has begun the fight ("ra-tva, n.), Kathās.; ottāšin, m. N. of a partic. class of ascetics, Baudh. ovrittaka, n. = ovartaka, n., Pratap.; N. of a metre, Col. ovritti, f. moving onwards, advance, progress, GrSrS.; MBh.; Susr.; coming forth, appearance, manifestation, SvetUp.; Kālid.; Rājat.; rise, source, origin, MBh.; activity, exertion, efficacy, function, Kap.; Sāmkhyak.; MBh.&c.(in the Nyāya one of the 82 Prameyas, IW. 63); active life (as opp. to *ni-vritti* [q.v.] and to contemplative devotion, and defined as consisting of the wish to act, knowledge of the means, and accomplishment of the object), W.; giving or devoting one's self to, prosecution of, course or tendency towards, inclination or predilection for (loc. or comp.), Rājat.; Hit.; Sāh.; application, use, employment, Mn.; MBh.; MārkP.; conduct, behaviour, practice, Mn.; MBh. &c.; the applicability or validity of a rule, KātyŠr.; Pāņ., Sch.; currency, continuance, prevalence, ib.; fate, lot, destiny, R.; news, tidings, intelligence of (gen. or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; cognition (with vishaya-vatī, 'a sensuous co'), Yogas.; the exudation from the temples of a rutting elephant, L. (cf. Vikr. iv, 47); N. of Avanti or Oujein or any holy place, L.; (in arithm.) the multiplier, W. (w.r. for pra-kriti?); -jña, m. 'knowing the news,' an emissary, agent, spy, L.; -jñāna, n. = -vijnāna, Sarvad.; -nimitta, n. the reason for the use of any term in the particular significations which it bears, MW.; -nivritti-mat, mfn. connected with activity and inactivity, BhP.; -parānmukha, $mf(\bar{i})n$, disinclined to give tidings, Vikr.; -pratyaya, m. a belief in or conception of the things relating to the external world, Buddh.; -mat, mfn. devoted to anything, Kaiy.; -mārga, m. active or worldly life, occupancy about the business and pleasures of the world or with the rites and works of religion, MW.; -vacana, mfn. (a word) expressing activity, Kāš. on Pān. ii, 3, 51; -vijnāna, n. cognition of the things belonging to the external world, Buddh.; "tty-anga, n. N. of wk.

magnify, RV. viii, 8, 22; A. -vardhate (rarely P. °ti), to grow up, grow, increase, gain in strength, prosper, thrive, RV. &c. &c.: Caus. -vardhayati, °te, to strengthen, increase, augment, extend, RV. &c. &c.; to raise, exalt, cause to thrive, Hariv.; to rear, cherish, bring up, Kathās.

Pra-vardhaka, $mf(ik\bar{a})n$. augmenting, increasing, enhancing, Inscr. ovardhana, mfn. id., Hariv.; Sušr.; n. augmenting, increase, W.

Prá-vṛiddha, mfn. grown up, fully developed, increased, augmented, intense, vehement, great, numerous, RV. &c. &c.; swollen, heaving, R.; Kālid.; risen to wealth or power, prosperous, mighty, strong, MBh.; Var.; (also with vayasā) advanced in age, grown old, MBh.; Kathās.; expanded, diffused, W.; full, deep (as a sigh), ib.; haughty, arrogant, MW.; w.r. for pra-vritta, -viddha, -buddha. ovṛiddhi, f. growth, increase, Var.; Kālid.; Rājat.; rising, rise (arghasya, 'of price'), Var.; prosperity, increasing welfare, rising in rank or reputation, ib.; Rājat.

Pra-vridh, f. growth, RV. iii, 31, 3.

प्रवृक्ष्य pra-vṛiscya. See pra-√vrasc.

pra-\(\sqrt{vrish}\), P. -varshati, to begin to rain, rain, shed or shower abundantly with (instr), MBh.; Kāv. &c.: Caus. -varshayati, to cause to rain, TS.; SBr. ovarsha, m. (also pl.) rain, MBh.; Pañcat. ovarshaṇa, m. N. of a mountain, BhP.; n. beginning to rain, raining, causing to rain, MBh.; Var. (Sch. 'first rain'). ovarshin, mfn. raining, causing to rain, showering, discharging, MBh.; R. &c. (cf. \(\var{u}rdhva-prav^{\gamma}\)). ovrishta, mfn. begun to rain or to pour down (instr.), MBh.; R.; Kathās.; (e), ind. when it rains, Var.

ut or off or asunder, destroy, RV.; TS.; Br.; Up.; (A.) to draw towards one's self, attract, SBr. varham, ind. plucking off, SBr. vridha, mfn. torn off, Kāṭh. (Cf. pra-VI. bṛih.)

म्बे pra- \sqrt{ve} , P. -vayati, to weave on, attach to, RV.; TS.; SBr.; Up.

2. **Pra-vayaṇa**, n. (for I. see under *pra-√vī*) the upper part of a piece of woven cloth, AitBr. °vāṇa, n. the edging or trimming of a piece of woven cloth, Lāṭy. °vāṇi or °vāṇī, f. a weaver's shuttle, L. **Prôta**, see s.v.

प्रवेक pra-veka, mfn. (\sqrt{vic}) choicest, most excellent, principal, chief (always ifc.), MBh.; R. &c.

प्रवेग pra-vega, m. (\sqrt{vij}) great speed, rapidity, MBh.; R. (cf. sara-pr°). vegita, mfn. moving swiftly, rapid, R.

म्बेट pra-veța, m. barley, L. (cf. pra-vața, prāvața).

by widows and by wives in the absence of their husbands, R. (°ni, L.); a piece of coloured woollen cloth (used instead of a saddle), MBh. (°ni, L., also 'the housings of an elephant'); N. of a river, MBh.

प्रवेतृ pra-vetri, pra-veya. See pra- \sqrt{vi} .

प्रवेत्तृ pra-vettṛi, pra-veda &c. See pra-√1. vid.

प्रवेध pra-vedha. See pra-√vyadh.

"ra-\sqrt pra-\sqrt vep, \bar{A}. -vepate (m. c. also P. oti), to tremble, shiver, quake, MBh.; K\bar{a}v.&c.: Caus. -vepayati (aor. pravivipat), to cause to tremble, shake, RV.&c.&c. ovepa, m. trembling, quivering, R. ovepaka, m. trembling, shivering, shuddering, Susr. ovepathu, m. id., ib. ovepana, m. N. of a serpent-demon, MBh.; n. trembling, shuddering, tremulous motion, agitation, Car.; P\bar{a}n., Sch.; Vop. (w.r. ovepana). ovepanin, mfn. causing (enemies) to tremble (said of Indra), RV. ovepaniya, mfn. to be caused to tremble, P\bar{a}n. viii, 4, 34, Sch. ovepita, n. the act of trembling, Kir. ovepin, mfn. trembling, shaking, tottering, Nir. ix, 8.

yati (cf. √vel, vell), to cast, hurl, MBh. verita, mfn. cast, hurled, ib. (v.l.)

प्रवेल pravela, m. a yellow variety of Phaseolus Mungo, L.

प्रवेश pra-veša &c. See pra-√viš.

प्रवेष्ट् pra-\square, Caus. -veshtayati, to cover, enclose, surround, TS.; to twine or fasten round, ApŚr.; ManGr.

Pra-veshṭa, m. (only L.) an arm; the fore-arm or wrist (cf. *pra-koshṭha*); the fleshy part of the back of an elephant on which the rider sits; an e°'s housings; an e°'s gums (see also *danta-pr*°). oveshṭita, mfn. covered with (instr.), MBh.

प्रवेष्टक praveshtaka, w. r. for pra-vishtaka (see pra-√vis).

प्रवेष्ट्य pra-veshtavya,°tri. See pra-√vis. प्रवोद pra-vodhri. See pra-√vah.

प्रयक्त pra-vy-akta, mfn. $(\sqrt{a}nj)$ evident, apparent, manifest (compar. -tara), Suir. \circ vyakti, f. appearance, manifestation, ib.

P. °ti), to tremble, be afraid of (gen.), be disquieted or distressed, MBh.; R. &c.; = Caus., R.: Caus. -vyathayati, to frighten, disquiet, distress, MBh.; R.; Hariv. °vyathita, mfn. affrighted, distressed, pained, MBh.; Hariv.; R. &c.

म्बाध pra-√vyadh, P. -vidhyati, to hurl, cast, throw away or down, RV. &c. &c.; to hurl missiles, shoot, AV.; SBr.; to pierce, transfix, wound, MBh.; Suśr.

Prá-viddha, mfn. hurled, cast, thrown into (loc.), RV. &c. &c.; thrown asunder, spilt (as water), R.; crammed, filled, MBh.; abandoned, given up, R. vedha, m. a bow-shot, ApŚr., Sch.; a partic. measure of length, Divyâv. vyādhá, m.

id., the distance of the flight of an arrow, SBr.; TBr.; SrS.

प्रवास pra-vy-12. as, P. -asyati, to lay down, place upon (loc.), R.

forth, speak, MBh.; R.; to utter inarticulate sounds, howl, yell, roar, ib. (v.l. pratyāhri); to declare beforehand, foretell, predict, MW.: Caus.-hārayati, to speak, MBh. "vyāharaṇa, n. the uttering of sounds, faculty of speech, Divyâv. "vyāhāra, m. (v.l. or w. r. pratyāh") prolongation or continuation of discourse, MBh. (= prakrishtôkti, Nīlak.); speaking to, address ("raṃ \kri, with gen., 'to address a person'), Kāraṇḍ.; sound, ib. "vyāhrita, mfn. speaking, MBh.; spoken, foretold, predicted, ib.

pra- \sqrt{vraj} , P. -vrajati, to go forth, proceed, depart from (abl.), set out for, go to (acc., loc. or dat.), SBr.; Up.; GṛŚrS.; MBh. &c.; to leave home and wander forth as an ascetic mendicant, SrS.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; (with Jainas) to become a monk, HPariš.: Caus. -vrajayati (w.r.- $vraj^{\circ}$), to send into exile, banish from (abl.), MBh.; R. &c.; to compel any one to wander forth as an ascetic mendicant or to become a monk, MBh.; HPariš.

Pra-vivrajishu, mfn. (from Desid.) wishing to take the vow of a monk, HParis. "vivrāja-yishu, mfn. (from Desid. of Caus.) wishing to send into exile, desirous of banishing, Bhatt.

Pra-vrajana, n. going abroad, MBh. vrajikā, w.r. for °vrajitā and °vrājikā. °vrajita, mfn. gone astray or abroad, R.; Kāš. on Pān. ii. 3, 38; run away (said of horses), MBh.; (also with vanam) one who has left home to become a religious mendicant or (with Jainas) to become a monk, Mn.; MBh.; HParis.; m. a religious mendicant or a monk, MBh.; Var.; Sušr.; (\bar{a}) , f. a female ascetic or a nun, Yājñ.; Var.; Kād.; Sāh.; Nardostachys Jatamansi, L.; another plant (mundīrī), L.; n. the life of a religious mendicant, MBh. ovrajya, n. going abroad, migration, MBh.; (\bar{a}) , f. id., ib.; going forth from home (first rite of a layman wishing to become a Buddh. monk), MWB. 77; roaming, wandering about (esp. as a religious mendicant, in a dress not authorized by the Veda), Mn.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; the order of a relo mo, MBh.; Var.; °jyā-yoga, m. a constellation under which future rel° m°s are born, Var.; "jyāvasita, m. a rel" m" who has renounced his order, Yājñ.

Pra-vrāj, m. a religious mendicant, Var.; Kathās. °vrājā, m. the bed of a river, RV. °vrājaka, m. a rel° m°, R.; Kathās.; (ikā), f. a female ascetic (also °jaka-strī), Kathās. °vrājana, n. banishment, exile, MBh.; R. °vrājita, mfn. become a monk, Divyâv. °vrājin, m. = °vrāj, ŠBr.; mfn. running after (see dvi-pravrājinī).

pra-√vrasc, P. -vriscati (ind. p. -vriscya), to cut or hew off, cut or tear to pieces, lace ite, wound, AV.; Br.; Bhaṭṭ. °vrikṇa, mfn. cut or hewn off, BhP. °vrascana, m. an instrument for cutting fuel, a knife for cutting wood, Pāṇ., Sch. (cf. idhma-pr°). °vraska, m. a cut, Kauš.

प्रवा $pra-\sqrt{vl\bar{i}}$, P. $-vl\bar{i}n\bar{a}ti$, to overwhelm by pressure, crush, ĀpŚr. °vlaya, m. sinking down, collapse, AitBr. °vlīna ($pr\dot{a}$ -), mfn. overwhelmed by pressure, crushed, sunk down, AV.; Br.

प्रशंयुवाक pra-samyuvāka, w.r. for samyo.

प्रशंस pra-vsans, P. A. -sansati, ote (irreg. Pot.-sansīyāt, Cān.), to proclaim, declare, praise, laud, extol, RV.&c.&c.; to urge on, stimulate, RV. i, 84, 19; to approve, esteem, value (with na, to disapprove, blame), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to foretell, prophesy, Cān. osansaka, mfn. (ifc.) praising, commending, MBh.; R.; HYog. osansana, n. praising, commending, Vedântas.; Pān., Sch. (w.r. "sansana). "sansanīya, mfn. to be praised, laudable, Kād. sansa, f. praise, commendation, fame, glory (with Buddhists one of the 8 worldly conditions, Dharmas. 61), SBr. &c. &c. (cf. aprastuta-p°, strī-p°; w.r.°sansā); -nāman, n. an expression of praise, Nir.; -mukhara, mfn. loud with praise, praising loudly (ordnana, mfn. one whose mouth is lowopro, speaking loudly in praise of anything), Rājat.; - lāpa (sālo), m. applause, acclamation, Das.; -vacana, n. pl. a laudatory speech, MBh.; -ovali (osavo), f. a poem of praise, panegyric, Balar.;