dotum), to be burnt, to be consumed with internal heat or sorrow (Pres. dunoti, MBh. iii, 10069; BhP. iii, 2, 17; Gīt. iii, 9; but oftener dūyate, which is at once Pass.), MBh.; Sušr.; Kāv.&c.; (only dunoti) to burn, consume with fire, cause internal heat, pain, or sorrow, afflict, distress, AV. ix, 4, 18; MBh.; VarBṛS.; Kāv.: Caus. dāvayati, aor. adūduvat: Desid. dudūshati: Intens. dodūyate, dodoti. [Cf. δaίω for δa fιω; δύη, pain; Lit. davyti, to torment; Sl. daviti, to worry.]

Dut, f. anxiety, uneasiness. Dud-da and dud-dadin, mfn. giving pain, cruel, wicked, L. Duta, mfn. pained, afflicted, Sis. vi, 59.

Dunvat, mfn. afflicting, injuring, W. \mathbf{z} : duh, in comp. for $dus(p.488; for <math>duh-k^{\circ}$, $duh - p^{\circ}$, see $dush - k^{\circ}$, $dush - p^{\circ}$). - $\dot{s}\dot{a}\underline{n}sa$, mfn. wishing or threatening evil, malicious, wicked, RV.; AV. &c. - saka, mfn. impracticable, impossible; -tva, n., Comm. - sakta and oti, mfn. powerless, Pan. v. 4, 121, Sch. - sala, m. N. of a son of Dhritarāshṭra, MBh. i; (\bar{a}) , f. of the only daughter of Dh° wife of Jayad-ratha, ib. - sasta, mfn. badly recited; n. a bad recitation, Br. - sākam, ind. ill with vegetables, Pāņ. ii, I, 6, Sch. - sāsa, mfn. difficult to be controlled, Vop. - sāsana, mfn. id., Pāņ. iii, 3, 130, Vārtt. 1, Pat.; m. N. of a son of Dhrita-rāshtra, MBh. i. - sāsus, mfn. malevolent, RV. x, 33, 1. - sikshita, mfn. ill-bred, impertinent, Bālar. ii, $\frac{22}{3}$. - sishya, m. a bad scholar, Kathās. - sīma, mfn. bad to lie upon, SānkhBr. ii, 7; m. N. of a man, RV. x, 93, 14. - sīrtatanu, mfn. having an indestructible body, MaitrS. i, 8, 6. - sīla, mfn, badly disposed, ill-behaved, MBh.; R. &c. (- $t\bar{a}$, f. Kull.); (\bar{a}), f. N. of a woman, Kathās.; -citta, mfn. bad-hearted, Subhāsh. - sringi, f. a disloyal wife, L. - srita (dih-), mfn. not well cooked, underdone, MaitrS. i, 4, 13. - śéva, mfn. envious, malignant, RV. i, 42, 2. - sodha, mfn. difficult to be cleaned, Susr. - sosha, mfn. difficult to be dried, MBh. vii, 856. - srava, mfn. unpleasant to be heard; n. and -tva, n. cacophony, Sāh. - sruta, mfn. badly or wrongly heard, R. iii, 41, 10 &c. - shanta, m. older form for dushyanta (q.v.) - I. -shama, n. a partic. weight (= 6 Dānaka), Car. viii, 1 (printed $^{\circ}h$ - kh°). - 2. - sháma, n. a bad year, SBr. iii, 2, 1, 10; AitBr. ii, 29; (am), ind. unevenly, improperly; at a wrong time (g. $tishthadgv-\bar{a}di$); (\bar{a}), f. (with Jainas) N. of two spokes in the wheel of time (viz. the 5th in the Ava-sarpini and the 2nd in the Ut-s°), L.; oma-sushamā, f. (with Jainas) id. (the 4th and 3rd resp.), L. - sháha, mfn. irresistible, RV. ix, 91, 5 (cf. duh- s°). - shupta, mfn. sleeping badly, having bad dreams, L. - shtuta, n. faulty recitation of a Stotra, AitBr. iii, 38. - shtuti or (dúh)shtuti, f. a faulty or bad hymn, RV. i, 53, 1 &c. - shthu, mfn. ill-behaved, Un. i, 26, Sch.; ind. badly (g. svar-ādi). - shparša, see -sparša. - shvanta, w.r. for dushyo. - shvapnya, n. bad sleep or dreams, RV.: AV. - samrakshya, mfn. difficult to be guarded, Nīlak. - samlakshya, mfn. difficult to be observed or recognised, Rājat. - samskāra, m. a bad custom or practice, ib. - samsthita, mfn.deformed, R. ii, 8, 40. - saktha or othi, mfn. having deformed thighs, Pān. v. 4, 121, Kāš. - sanga, m. bad inclination, BhP. - samcara, mfn. difficult to be walked or passed, Pañc. i, 189; Bālar. vi, $\frac{38}{39}$. — samcintya, mfn. difficult to be conceived or imagined, Rājat. - sattva, n. evil being, noxious animal; -vat, mfn. filled with wild beasts (wood), R. ii, 28, 17. - samdhana, mfn. do to be united, Pañc. ii, 36. - samdheya, mfn. id., MBh. v, 5827. - sama, mfn. unequal, uneven, unfit, perverse, bad, L. (cf. duhsho). - samatikrama, mfn. do to be surmounted, L. - samartha, mfn. do to be conceived, Sarvad. - samī**kshya**, mfn. d° to be perceived, MBh. vii, 1928. - sampāda (Daš.) and dya (Samk., -tva, n.), mfn. do to be attained or arrived at. - sarpa, m. a vicious serpent, Kathās. — saha, mfn. do to be borne, unbearable, irresistible (-tva, n.; comp. -tara), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; m. N. an evil demon, MarkP.; of a son of Dhrita-rāshtra, MBh. i; of Puru-kutsa, Pur.; (ā), f. N. of Sri, MBh. xii. 8154; of a shrub (= $n\bar{a}gn$ -damanī), L. - sahāya, mfn. having bad companions, forsaken by all, MBh. v, 1861. - sākshin, m. a false witness, R. iii, 18, 34. - sadhya, mfn. difficult to be performed or accomplished, Hariv.; Kām.; Pañc. &c.; do to be managed or dealt with, Pañc.

i, $\frac{258}{558}$; d° to be reconciled, Bhartr. i, 49; d° to be 1 cured, Hariv. 16132; do to be conquered, MW. - sevya, mfn. do to be managed, intractable, MBh. xiii, 2225. - strī, f. a bad woman (g. yuvddi). - stha, mfn. 'standing badly,' unsteady, disquieted (lit. and fig.); uneasy, unhappy, poor, miserable, Pur.; Rājat.; ignorant, unwise, a fool, L.; covetous, W.; (am), ind. badly, ill; with \sqrt{stha} , to be unwell, Amar. 29. - sthita, mfn. = -stha, Kathās.; Pur.; Rājat.; n. an improper manner of standing, MBh. iii, 14669. — sthiti, f. ill condition, Kathās. lxxi, 240. - stheya, mfn. difficult to be stood; n. d° standing, MBh. xii, 11090. — snāna, n. defective or inauspicious ablution, Hariv, 3413. - sparsa. mfn. difficult to be touched or unpleasant to the touch, MBh.; BhP.; m. Alhagi Maurorum (also °saka, Cār.); Guilandina Bonduc, L.; (ā), f. A° M°; Solanum Jacquini; Mucuna Pruritus; Cassyta Filiformis, Sušr.; Bhpr.; L. — spṛiša, mfn. difficult or unpleasant to be touched, Hariv. 3645. — **spṛi**shṭa, n. slight contact, the action of the tongue which produces the sounds y, r, l, v, RV. Prāt.; m. a sound thus produced, Siksh. – sphota, m. 'difficult to be burst,'a sort of weapon, L. - smara, mfn. unpleasant to be remembered, Uttarar. vi, 32. - svana, mfn. sounding badly, cacophonous, MBh. v, 7241. - svapna, m. a bad dream, GS.; -daršana, n. seeing a b° d°, ŚāńkhGr.; -nāša, m. removal of bo dos, BhP.; mfn. = next, Hariv.; -nāsana and osin, mfn. removing bodos, MBh.; Hariv.; -pratibodhana, mfn. difficult to be awakened from sleep, R. v, 81, 53; - $\dot{s}\bar{a}nti$, f. (lit. = the next) N. of wk.; "pnôpasānti, f. the cessation of a bod", BhP. viii,

दुःख 1. duḥkhá, mfn. (according to grammarians properly written dush-kha and said to be from dus and kha [cf. su-kha]; but more probably a Prakritized form for duh-stha, q.v.) uneasy, uncomfortable, unpleasant, difficult, R.; Hariv. (compar. -tara, MBh.; R.); n. (ifc. f. \bar{a}) uneasiness, pain, sorrow, trouble, difficulty, SBr. xiv, 7, 2, 15; Mn.; MBh. &c. (personified as the son of Naraka and Vedanā, VP.); (am), ind, with difficulty, scarcely, hardly (also at and ena), MBh.; R.; impers. it is difficult to or to be (inf. with an acc. or nom., R. vii, 6, 38; Bhag. v, 6); $duhkham - \sqrt{as}$, to be sad or uneasy, Ratn. iv, $\frac{19}{20}$; $-\sqrt{kri}$, to cause or feel pain, Yājñ. ii, 218; MBh. xii, 5298. — kara, $mf(\tilde{i})n$. causing pain to (gen.), afflicting, MBh. i, 6131. - karin, mfn. id., Ratn. iv, 19. - gata, n. adversity, calamity, MBh. xii, 5202. - graha, mfn. difficult to be conceived, Ratn. iv, 12. - carin, mfn. going with pain, distressed, R. iii, 23, 14. - cchinna, mfn. cut with difficulty, tough, hard; pained, distressed, W. - cchedya, mfn. to be cut or overcome with difficulty, Hit. iv, 24. - jata, mfn. suffering pain, distressed, Pān. iv, I, 52, Vārtt. 5, Pat.; vi, 2, 170. - jīvin, mfn. living in pain or distress, Mn. xi, q. - tara, n. greater pain, a greater evil than (abl.), Nal. xi, 17 (cf. above). - ta, f. uneasiness, pain, discomfort, ChUp. vii, 26; R. - dagdha, mfn. 'burnt by affliction,' pained, distressed, W. -duhkha, n. (instr.) with great difficulty, Megh. 90; $-t\tilde{a}$, f. the uneasiness connected with pain, SaddhP. - duhkhin, mfn. having sorrow upon sorrow, BhP. xi, 11, 19. -dohya, f. difficult to be milked (cow), L. - nivaha, mfn. carrying pain with or after it, painful (thirst), BhP. ix, 19, 16; m. a multitude of pains or evils, ib. iii, 9, 9. - parîtânga, mfn. whose limbs are surrounded or filled with pain, MBh.; otâtman, mfn. whose soul is affected with anguish, ib. - pātra, n. a vessel or receptacle (=object) for sorrow, Jain. - prāya or -bahula, mfn. full of trouble and pain, W. - bo**āha**, mfn. difficult to be understood, Nyāyas. i, 1, 37. - bhāgin, mfn. having pain as one's portion, unhappy, Mn. iv, 157. - bhāj, mfn. id., Venīs. iv, $\frac{1}{1}\frac{1}{1}$. - bheshaja, $mf(\bar{i})n$. healing woe (Krishna), MBh. xii, 1624. — maya, $mf(\bar{i})n$. consisting in suffering; -tva, n. Sāh. - maraņa, mfn. having a painful death, Malatim. viii, §. - moksha, m. deliverance from pain, MW. - moha, m. perplexity from pain or sorrow, despair, Das. - yantra, n. application of pain, torture, ib. -yoga, m. infliction of pain, Mn. vi, 24. - youi, m. or f. a source of misery, Bhag. v, 22. - labdhikā, f. 'gained with difficulty,' N. of a princess, Kathas. -lavya, mfn. hard to be cut or pierced (aim), Bālar. iv, II. -loka, m. 'the world of pain' (= samsāra), L.

- vasati, f. and -vasa, m. a difficult abode, MBh. - vega, m. a violent grief, Kav. - vyabhashita, mfn. pronounced with difficulty, MBh. xiii, 4485. - sīla, mfn. bad-tempered, irritable, MBh.; -tva, n. irritability, Susr. - soka-paritrana, n. a shelter from pain and sorrow (Krishna), MBh. xii, 1681. - soka-vat, mfn. feeling pain and sorrow, R.iv, 19, 11. - soka-samanvita, mfn. id., MW. - samyoga, m = duhkha-yoga, W. - samvardhita, mfn. reared with difficulty, W. - samsthiti, mfn. in a wretched condition, poor, miserable, W. - samsparsa, mfn. unpleasant to the touch, MBh. v, 2046. - samcāra, mfn. passing unhappily (time), R. iii, 22, 10. - samāyukta, min. accompanied with pain, affected by anguish, MW. - sagara. m. 'ocean of pain,' great sorrow; the world, W. - sparsa, mfn. = $-samsp^{\circ}$, Kull. ii, 98. - han, mfn. removing pain, W. Duhkhakara, m. a multitude of sorrows, Das. Duhkhakula, mfn. filled with sorrow, Kathas. Duhkhacara, mfn. difficult to be dealt with, hard to manage, MBh. iv, 274. Duhkhatîta, mîn. freed or escaped from pain, W. Duh**khātmaka**, mfn. whose essence is sorrow; -tva, n. Sarvad. **Duhkhânarha**, mfn. deserving no pain, MBh. iii, 998. Duhkhânta, m. 'the end of pain or trouble,' (with the Mâhêsvaras) final emancipation, Madhus. Duhkhânvita, mfn. accompanied with pain, filled with grief, distressed, W. Duhkhâbhijña, mfn. familiar with pain or sorrow, MBh. i, 745. Duhkharta, mfn. visited by pain, distressed, MBh. i, 1860. Duhkhalidha, mfn. consumed with grief, MW. Duhkhasika, f. a condition of uneasiness or discomfort, Subh. 156; Kād. **Duhkhôcchedya**, mfn. = $duhkha-cch^{\circ}$ (v. l.) Duhkhôttara, mfn. followed by pain, Sak. v, §. **Duhkhôdarka**, mfn. having pain as result, BhP. xi, 20, 28. Duhkhôpaghāta, m. violent pain or grief, MBh. xii, 7460. Duhkhôpacarya, mfn. = *khācāra*, Mudr. iii, 5. **Duḥkhôpahata-cetas,** mfn. having the heart stricken with sorrow, MBh. xiii, 1801. Duhkhôpêta, mfn. affected by pain, suffering distress, MW.

2. **Duhkha**, Nom. P. °khati, to pain, SaddhP. °khaya, Nom. P. °yati, (Dhātup. xxxv, 76), id.

Duḥkhā- √kṛi, to cause pain, afflict, distress, Sis. ii, 11. °khāya, Nom. Ā. °yate, to feel pain, be distressed, Mālav. v, 3.

Duhkhita, mfn. pained, distressed; afflicted, unhappy, Mn.; MBh.; R. &c.; -citta, mfn. grieved in mind, MW.

Duḥkhin, mfn. pained, afflicted, grieved, Kathās.; Hit. &c. khitā, f., Kathās.; khitva, n. Vedântas. Duḥkhīya, Nom. P. yati, to feel pain, be distressed, Hit. ii, 25.

Duhkhya, Nom. P. vati, to cause pain (g. kanvadi).

can dukūla, m. a kind of plant, Hariv. 12680; n. very fine cloth or raiment made of the inner bark of this plant, MBh.; Hariv.; Sušr.; Kāv. &c. (different from kshauma, MBh. xiii, 7175, opp. to valkala, Bhartr. iii, 54). — paṭṭa, m. a head-band of fine cloth, Hariv. 7041. — vat, mfn. wearing a garment of fine cloth, Ragh. xvii, 25. Dugūla, n. = °kūla, n., L. (Megh. 64 as v. l.)

द्रम्थ $dugdh\acute{a}$, mfn. $(\sqrt{2}, duh)$ milked, milked out, extracted, RV.; AV. &c.; sucked out, impoverished, Das.; milked together, accumulated, filled, full, BhP.; L.; n. milk, AV.; TS.; SBr.; Sušr.; Pañc. &c.; the milky juice of plants, sap (cf. go-raksha- and $t\bar{a}mra$ -); (\bar{i}) , f. a kind of Asclepias (=kshīrāvikā), L. - kūpikā, f. a cake made of ground rice and filled with coagulated mo, Bhpr. -caru, m. m°-food, Gal. -ta, f. and -tva, n. milkiness, milky nature, W. - tāliya, n. the froth of m°, cream, L.; m° and mangoes, mango fool, W. - tumbi, f. a kind of gourd, L. - da, mfn. giving m°, Panc., Intr. 5; increasing m°, Bhpr. -doha, mfn. milked out, Kath Up. i, 3. - padī (°dhá-), f. whose footstep is m°, Suparn. ix, 4. -pācana, n. a kind of salt (=vajraka), L.; a vessel for boiling m°, W. - pātra, n. a m°-pan, MW. - pāyin, mfn. drinking m°, ib. - pāshāṇa, n. calcareous spar, L. - pucchī and -peyā, f. a kind of Curcuma, L. - poshya, m. a suckling, MW. - phena, m. the froth of m°, cream, L.; (i), f. a kind of small shrub (=gojā-parņī, payaḥ-phenī, &c.), L. - bandhaka, m. the pledging of mo, L. - bijā, f. rice mixed with mo, L.; a kind of gourd, L. - bhrit, m. bear-