of a particular fracture of the bones, Suir.; (as); m. 1 the tree Vatica Robusta (so called from the shape of its leaves), R.; Susr.; N. of a mountain, Buddh. - karnaka, mfn. (=-karna, mfn.) said of a particular fracture of the bones, Susr.; (as), m. the tree Vatica Robusta, Susr. - kašā, f. a whip for a horse, Nir. ix, 19. - kutī, f. a stable for horses, Pañcat. - kunapá, n. the carcass of a horse, TS. vii. - keša, ās, m. pl., N. of a people, MärkP. - kovida, mfn. skilled in horses, N. - kranda (ášva-), m., N. of a mythical being, Suparn.; MBh. i, 1488 ('N. of Yaksha,' Comm.) **– krīta**, $mf(\bar{i}, P\bar{a}n.iv, 1, 50)$ n. bought (in exchange) for a horse, Pāņ. vi, 2, 151, Sch. — kshabhá, $mf(\tilde{a})$ n.? AV. xix, 49, 1. — khura, m. a horse's hoof, Susr.; Pañcat.; a perfume (apparently a dried shell-fish), L.; (i), f. the plant Clitoria Ternatea, L. - gati, f. 'the pace of a horse,' N. of a metre (containing four verses of eighteen [or sixteen?] syllables each). - gandha, f. the plant Physalis Flexuosa, Sušr.; Comm. on KātySr. - gupta, m., N. of a teacher, Buddh. - goyuga, n. a pair of horses; (cf. Pan. v, 2, 29, Comm.) - goshtha, n. a stable for horses, Pan. v, 2, 29, Comm. -grīva, m. 'horse-neck,' N. of an Asura, MBh.; R.; of a son of Citraka, Hariv. 1920. - ghama, m., N. of a place, Rājat. - ghāsa, m. (Pāņ. ii, I, 36, Comm.) fodder for horses, Kathas. - ghosha, m., N. of a Buddhist patriarch. - ghna, m. 'horsebane,' a kind of Oleander (Nerium Odorum), L. -cakra, m., N. of a man, MBh. iii, 10272. -calana-sala, f. a riding-house, Pancat. - cikitsa, f. 'veterinary art,' a work of Jayadatta. - jaghana, mfn. having the lower limbs like those of a horse, VarBr. - jít, mfn. gaining horses by conquest, RV. ii, 21, 1; ix, 59, 1; AV.; (t), m., N. of a Buddhist Bhikshu. - tará, see below s.v. - tīrtha, n., N. of a place of pilgrimage near Kanyakubja on the Gangā, MBh. iii, 11052; xiii, 216. - ttha, -tthāma, -tthäman, see ss. vv. below. - trirātra, m. (gaṇa yuktdrohyādi, q. v.) N. of a ceremony, Sāṅkh-Śr.; Lāty. - tvá, n. the state of a horse, ŚBr. xiii. -da, mfn. giving horses, Mn. iv, 231. -danshtrā, f. (= sva-danshtrā, q. v.) the plant Tribulus Lanuginosus, L. $-d\hat{a}$, mfn. =-da, q. v., RV.; (cf. αn -asva-d \bar{a} .) - d \bar{a} van, mfn. id., RV. v, 18, 3 (voc.) -dūta, m. a messenger on horseback, Lalit. - nadī, f., N. of a river, MBh. iii, 17132. - nāya, m. a horse-herd, one who has the charge of a drove of grazing horses, ChUp. - nāšaka, m. = -ghna, L. - nibandhika, m. 'a horse-fastener,' groom, Inscr. - nirnij (dšva-), mfn. decorated with horses, RV. x, 76, 3. – pá, m. a groom, VS. xxx, 11. – pati (ásva-), m. lord of horses, RV. viii, 21, 3 (voc.; said of Indra); VS. xvi, 24; N. of a Kaikeya, SBr. x; of a brother-in-law of Dasaratha, R. ii, 1, 2; of an Asura, MBh.; Hariv.; of a king of Madras and father of Savitri, MBh.; (asvapaty)-ādi, a gaņa of Pān. (iv, 1, 84). - parņa (ásva-), mfn. having horses for wings, RV. i, 88, 1; vi, 47, 31; (1), f., N. of a river, SivaP. Rev. - pastya (ásva-, 5), mfn. having horses in the stable, filling the stable with horses, RV. ix, 86, 41. - pada, mfn. horse-footed, (gaṇa hasty-ādi, q. v.); (as), m., N. of a Siddha, Rājat. - pāla, m. (f. ī, gaņa revaty-ādi, q. v.) a groom, Ratnav.; one who has to guard the sacrificial horse, SankhSr. - pucchaka, m., N. of a plant, L.; $(ik\bar{a})$, f. the plant Glycine Debilis, L. - prishtha (ášva-), mfn. carried on horseback, RV. viii, 26, 24; (am), n. horseback. - peja or -peya, m., N. of a man, Pāṇ. iv, 3, 106, Kāš. — pešas (ášva-), mfn. decorated with horses, RV. ii, 1, 16. - pranîta (ásva-), mfn. carried near by a horse, SBr. vii. - prapatana, n., Pān. v. I, III, Comm.; canīya. mfn. referring to it, ib. - bandha, m. = -nibandhika, q.v., MBh. iv, 62; R. - bandhaka, m. id., R. - bandhana, n. fastening of horses; $(mf(\vec{i})n.)$ used for fastening horses. - bala, f. the vegetable Trigonella Fœnum Græcum, Susr. - bāhu, m., N. of a son of Citraka, Hariv. 1920 & 2088. - budhna $(\dot{a}\dot{s}va-)$, mf(\dot{a})n. 'based on horses,' carried by horses, RV. x, 8, 3. - budhya (ášva-), mfn. based on horses, consisting of horses (as wealth), RV. i, 92, 7 & 8; 121, 14. - bhāra, m. the load of a horse, (gaņa vansdai, q. v.) - mandurā, f. = -goshtha, q. v., Kad. - mahishika, f. the natural enmity of a horse and a buffalo, L. - māra or -māraka, m. =-ghna, q. v., Sušr. - māla, m. a kind of serpent, L. -mitra, m., N. of a teacher of the Gobbila family, VBr. - m-ishţi (ásvam-ishţi), mfn. wishing for horses, RV. viii, 61, 7; procuring horses, | yana), VarP. - sīrsha, m. having the head of a | strength of a horse, Pat.

RV. ii, 6, 2. - mukha, mf(i)n. having the head of a horse, VarBrS.; (ds), m., N. of a mythical being, Suparņ.; a Kimnara, Kād.; (i), f. a Kimnarī, R.; Kum. i, 11; $(\bar{a}s)$, m. pl., N. of a people, VarBrS. (v.l. *šva-mukha*). — J.-medhá, m. the horse-sacrifice (a celebrated ceremony, the antiquity of which reaches back to the Vedic period; the hymns i, 162 & 163 of the RV. [= VS. xxii seqq.], referring to it, are however of comparatively late origin; in later times its efficacy was so exaggerated, that a hundred such sacrifices entitled the sacrificer to displace Indra from the dominion of Svarga; kings who engaged in it spent enormous sums in gifts to the Brahmans; it is said that the horse was sometimes not immolated, but kept bound during the ceremony), VS. xviii, 22; TS.; Ragh. &c., (cf. arkāsvamedhā); (asvamedha)-kānda, n., N. of SBr. xiii (treating of the Asvamedha); -ja, m., N. of a king, BhP.; -tvá, n. the state of an Asv., SBr. x; -datta, m., N. of a king, MBh. i, 3838; VP.; -yājín, m. engaged in an Asv., SBr. xiii, xiv; (asvamedha)-vat, mfn. receiving an Asv.; ind. as with the Asv., KatySr.; asvamedhesvara, m., N. of a king, MBh. ii, 1066. - 2.-medha (*diva*-), m., N. of a descendant of Bharata, RV. v, 27, 4-6. - medhaka, m. (= asvamedha-ja above) N. of a king, BhP. - medhika, mfn. relating to the Asvamedha, MBh. i, 354 & 605; (cf. āšvamedhika); (as), m. a horse fit for the Asv., L. - medhin, mfn. engaged in an Asv., PBr. - medhīya, m. = -medhika (q. v.), m., L. - mohaka, m. = -ghna, q.v., L. - yajña, m. a sacrifice offered for the benefit of one's horses, Gobh. - yúj, mfn. harnessing horses, RV. v, 54, 2; having horses put to (as a carriage), R. v, 27, 14; born under the constellation Asvayuj, Pāņ. iv, 3, 36 (cf. āsvayuja); (k), f. sg., N. of a constellation (the head of Aries), Pan. iv, 3, 36; VarBrS. &c.; (-yújau), f. du. id., AV. xix, 7, 5; TBr.; (k), m. the month Asyina (Sept.-Oct.), Var-BrS. - yuja, m. the month Asvina, Kaus.; VarBrS. - yūpá, m. the post to which the sacrificial horse is bound, RV. i, 162, 6. - yoga (dsva-), $mf(\bar{a})n$. 'having horses put to,' reaching quickly, RV. i, 186, 7. – raksha, m. a groom, L. – rathá, m. a carriage drawn by horses, SBr. v; KatySr.; (mfn.) driving in such a carriage, PBr.; (\bar{a}) , f., N. of a river, MBh. iii, 11681. - rāja, m. 'king of horses,' N. of the horse Uccaihsravas (q.v.), MBh. i, 1007; N. of Sākyamuni, Lalit. - rādhas (ášva-), mfn. equipping or furnishing horses, RV. v, 10, 4; x, 21, 2. - ripu, m. 'enemy of horses,' a buffalo, Bhpr. - rodhaka, m. = -ghna, q. v., L. -lalita, n. a species of the Vikriti metre. - 1515, f. a kind of snake, L. -loman, m. horse-hair, L. -vaktra, m. (= -mukha, q.v.) a Kiṃnara, L. 🗕 vaḍava, am, n. sg. or au, m. du. a horse and a mare, Pāṇ. ii, 4, 12; $(\tilde{a}s)$, m. pl. horses and mares, Pan. ii, 4, 27, Kas. - vat ($\dot{a}\dot{s}va$ -), mfn. rich in horses, AV. vi, 68, 3; (t), n. consisting of horses, possession of horses, RV. viii, 46, 5; ix, 105, 4; AV. xviii, 3, 61; (cf. dšvā-vat); (mfn.) containing the word asva, PBr.; (tī), f., N. of a river, MBh. xiii, 7651; of an Apsaras, VP. -vadana, ās, m. pl., N. of a people, VarBṛS. - vahs, m. a horseman, L. - I. -vāra, m. $(=-v\bar{a}-v\bar{a})$ lá, q. v.) Saccharum Spontaneum, Pāņ. viii, 2, 18, Comm.; (cf. āsvavāra.) - 2. -vāra, m. a horseman, R.; Šiš. iii, 66, &c.; a groom, L. -vāraka, m. a groom, L. - vārana, m. = $-ri\rho u$, q. v., L. - vālá, m. hair from the tail of a horse, KātyŠr.; the reed Saccharum Spontaneum, SBr. iii. - vaha. m. a horseman, L. - vikrayin, m. a horse-dealer, L. - I. -vid, m. $(\sqrt{1. vid})$, 'skilled in training horses,' a N. of Nala, L. -2.-vid, mfn. ($\sqrt{3}.$ vid), procuring horses, RV. ix, 55, 3; 61, 3. - vrishá, m. a stallion, SBr. xiv. - vaidyh, m. a veterinary surgeon. - vrata, n., N. of a Saman. - šaká, n. excrements of a horse, SBr. vi. - sakrit, n. id., KātyŠr.; f., N. of a river, Hariv. 6445. - sanku, m., N. of a Danava, MBh. i, 2531. - satru, m. = -ripu, q.v., L. - saphá, m. a horse's hoof, SBr. xiii; KātySr.; (ašvašapha)-budhna, mfn. having ground shaped like a horse's hoof, ApSr.; -mātrá, having the measure of a horse-hoof, SBr. i. - sakhota, m., N. of a plant. - sala, f. a stable for horses, MBh. - śāva, m. a foal. - śāstra, n. a text-book of veterinary science; N. of a work of Nakula. - siras, n. a horse's head, MBh.; (mfn.) having the head of a horse (N. of Nārāyaṇa), MBh. xii, 13100 seqq.; $(\bar{a}s)$, m., N. of a Dānava, MBh.; Hariv.; of a king (named in connection with Nārā-

horse,' a form of Vishnu, AgP. - ice.ndra (ášva-), brilliant with horses, RV. vi, 35, 4. - shadgava, n. a set or team of six horses, Pan. v. 2, 29, Comm. **- shā**, mfn. (Ved.) = $-s\hat{a}$, q. v., Pāṇ. viii, 3, 110, Pat. - sáni, mín. gaining or procuring horses, VS. viii, 12; (cf. gana savanddi, q.v.) - sa, mfn. id., RV. - sādá, m. a horseman, VS. Exx, 13. - sādin, m. id., Ragh. vii, 44. - sarathya, n. management of horses and cars, horsemanship and driving, Mn. x, 47. -sûkta, n., N. of a Siman. -sûktin, m., N. of the author of the hymns RV. viii, 14 & 15. - sūtra, n. a text-book on the management of horses, MBh. ii, 255. — stinrita, $mf(\bar{a})n$. pleased with horses, RV. v, 79, 1-10 (voc.) - srigālikā, f. the natural enmity between the horse and the jackal, L. 🗕 sena, m., N. of a Naga, MBh. i, 803, 8237; of a son of Krishna, BhP.; of the father of the twenty-third Arhat of the present Avasarpinī, L. -stomfya, n. relating to the praise of the sacrificial horse,' N. of the hymn RV. i, 162, SBr. xiii; (as), m. (sc. homa), N. of an oblation, ApSr. - sthāna, n. a stable for horses, Yājñ. i, 278; (mfn.) born in a stable, Pāņ. iv, 3, 35, Sch. — hana, m. = -ghna, q. v., Car. - hanu, m., N. of a man, Hariv. 1943. - hantri, m. = -ghna, q. v., Sušr. - hayá, mfn. driving horses, RV. ix, 96, 2; x, 26, 5. - havis, n., N. of a sacrificial ceremony, MaitrS. - hāraka, m. a horse-stealer, Mn. xi, 51. - hṛidaya, n. horsemanship, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. a N. of the Apsaras Rambhā, Kād. Ašvāksha, m., N. of a plant, L. Aśvájani, f. a whip, RV. v, 62, 7; vi, 75, 13. **Asvadi**, two ganas of Pan. (iv, I, IIO & v, I, 39). Ašvadhika, mfn. superior in horses, strong in cavalry. Asvâdhyaksha, m. a guardian of horses, N.; Pañcat. Aśvânīka, n. cavalry, Mālav. Aśvantaka, m. = ašva-ghna, q. v., I.. Ašvabhidhānī, f. a halter, AV.; SBr.; asvābhidhāni-krita, mfn. having the halter put on, SBr. vi. Asva-magha, mfn. rich in horses, RV. vii, 71, 1. Asvayurveda, m. veterinary science. Aśvayus, m., N. of a king, MatsyaP. Asvari, m. = asva-ripu, q.v., L. Asvarūdha, mfn. mounted, sitting on horseback, Kathās. Ašvāroha, m.a horseman, Kathäs.; (\bar{a}) , f. = $a\dot{s}va$ -gandh \bar{a} , q. v., L. A $\dot{s}v\bar{s}$ -vat, mfn. (Pāņ. vi, 3, 131) furnished with horses, together with a horse or horses, RV.; consisting of horses, RV.; (t), n. (= asva-vat, q.v.) possession of horses, RV.; $(t\bar{z})$, f., N. of a river, SivaP. Rev. Asvavatāna, m., N. of a man, (gaņa goparanādi and vidddi, q. v.) Ašvāvarohaka, m. or hikā, f. = ašva-gandhā, q. v. Ašvēshita, rafn. driven by horses, RV. viii, 46, 28. Asvôrasa, n. a principal horse, Pan. v, 4, 93, Sch.

2. Asva, Nom. P. asvati, to behave like a horse. Pān. iii, 1, 11, Sch.

Aśvaká, as, m. a small or bad horse, VS. xxiii, 18; a sparrow, L.; $(\bar{a}s)$, m. pl., N. of a people, MBh. vi, 351, &c. (cf. asmaka); ($ik\bar{a}$), f. a little mare, Pan. vii, 3, 46.

Ašvakinī, f. the Nakshatra Ašvinī, L.

Asvatará, as, m. (Pān. v, 3, 91) a mule, AV. iv, 4, 8; SBr. &c.; (compar. of asva) a better horse, Pat.; a male calf, L.; one of the chiefs of the Nagas, MBh.; Hariv. &c.; N. of a Gandharva, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. a better mare, Pat.; (i), f. a she-mule, AV. viii, 8, 22; MBh. &c. Aśvatarâśva, m, N. of a man, Comm. on ChUp.; (cf. āšvatarāšvi.) Ašvatarīratha, m. a car drawn by a she mule, AitBr.; ChUp.; KātySr.

Asvatthá, as, m. (ttha = stha, 'under which horses stand') the holy fig tree, Ficus Religiosa, AV.; SBr. &c.; a vessel made of its wood, RV. i, 135, 8; x, 97, 5; the upper (or male) arani made of its wood, AV. vi, 11, 1; SBr. xi; KātyŠr.; the plant Thespesia Populneoides, L.; N. of a Nakshatra (also called Śrouā), Pāņ. iv, 2, 5 & 22; a N. of the sun, MBh. iii, 151; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people, VarBrS.; (\bar{a}) , f. day of full moon in the month Asvina (in which month the fruit of the Ficus Religiosa generally becomes ripe); (i), f, the small Pippala tree, L.: (mfn.) 'relating to the Nakshatra Asvattha,' (with muhūrta) the moment in which the moon enters that Nakshatra, Pān. iv, 2, 5, Sch. - kuna, m. the fruit season of the holy fig tree, (gana pilv-ādi, q. v.) - bheda, m. the tree Ficus Benjamina.

Asvatthaka, mfn. to be done (as paying debts) when the Asvattha tree bears, Pan. iv, 3, 48; $(ik\bar{a})$, $f_{\cdot} = a svatth \bar{i}, q. v., L.$

Asvatthama, mfn. (for asva-strio) having the