Sarvad. okshepana, n. contradiction, opposing, contesting, Prab.

प्रतिक्षुत prati-kshuta, n. (\sqrt{kshu}) sneezing, wheezing, W.

प्रांतिस्या prati-√khyā, P. -khyāti (impf. -akhyat), to see, behold, RV.; AV.; Br. okhyāti, f. renown (v. l. for pra-vikho), L.

प्रतिगद् prati-\(\squad{gad}\), P. -gadati, to speak in return, answer, MBh.

प्रांतगम् prati-\(\sqrt{gam}\), P. -gacchati, to go towards, go to meet, RV.; MBh. &c.; to go back, return, go home, MBh.; Kāv. &c. \(\sqrt{gata}\), mfn. gone towards or back, MBh.; flying backwards and forwards, wheeling in flight, W.; lost from the memory, R. \(\sqrt{gati}\), f. (I..), \(\sqrt{gamana}\), n. (R.) return.

unity prati- /garj, P. -garjati, to roar against or in return, answer with roars, MBh.; to resist, oppose, Hariv.; Ragh.; to vie with (instr. or gen.), Kāvyâd. "garjana, n. (AVParis.), "garjanā, f. (MBh.) thundering or roaring against or in return, an answering roar.

ম্নিনা $prati-\sqrt{g\bar{a}}$ (only aor. $-ag\bar{a}t$), to go back, return.

प्रतिगाह prati- $\sqrt{g\bar{a}h}$, \bar{A} . - $g\bar{a}hate$, to penetrate, enter, R.

म्रातगु prati-√3. gu (only Intens. -jóguve), to proclaim, RV.

मित्रुम prati-gupta, mfn. (\sqrt{gup}) guarded, protected, Inscr. $^{\circ}$ gúpya, mfn. to be guarded; (am), ind. one must guard against (abl.), $^{\circ}$ Br.

प्रतिगृथ prati- \(gridh, P. -gridhyati, to be greedy or eager for (acc.), MBh.

प्रतिगुभाय prati-gribhāya, Nom. P. oyati, to take, receive; (esp.) to take into the mouth, eat, RV.

uning prati- \(\sqri_n, P. \) \(\bar{A}. \) -grināti, -grinīte, to invoke, salute (acc.), RV.; (with dat.; cf. Pāṇ. i, 4, 41, Sch.) to respond in recitation or chanting (also with prati-garam), ib.; TS.; Br.; ŠrS.; to agree with (dat.), Vop. 'gará, m. the responsive call of the Adhvaryu to the address of the Hotri, TS.; Br.; ĀsvŠr. 'garitri, m. one who makes a responsive cry or chant, AitBr.; ŠānkhŠr. 'gīrya, mfn. to be answered in recitation or chanting, AitBr.

प्रतिग्रह prati- √grah, P. Ā. -gṛihṇāti, -gṛihnīte (irreg. 2. sg. Impv. -grihņa, R.; aor. -ajagrabhat, AitBr.), to take hold of, grasp, seize (in astrol. = to eclipse, obscure), AV. &c. &c.; to take (as a present or into possession), appropriate, receive, accept, RV.&c.&c.(sirasa,'with the head'i.e.'humbly, obediently, 'R.); to gain, win over, R.; to take as a wife, marry, Mn.; MBh. &c.; to take = eat, drink, RV.; VS.; TBr.; to receive (a friend or guest), RV. &c. &c.; to receive (anything agreeable as a good word or omen), R.; Kālid.; to assent to, acquiesce in, approve, MBh.; R.; (rarely) to receive (an enemy), oppose, encounter, MBh.; Ragh.: Caus. -grāhayati, to cause to accept, present with (2 acc.), MBh.; R.; Kālid.; to answer, reply, BhP.: Desid. -jighrikshati, to wish to accept, Gaut. ogrihīta, mfn. taken, received, accepted, married, MBh.; Kāv. &c. grihītavya, grihītri, w.r. for °grahītavya, °grahītri. °grihya, mfn. to be accepted, acceptable, TS. ('from, gen., Pan. iii, 1, 118, Värtt. 1, Pat.); one from whom anything may be accepted (see a-pratigrihyá). °grahá, m. receiving, accepting, acceptance of gifts (as the peculiar prerogative of Brāhmans; cf. IW. 237; 262), SBr.; SrS.; Mn.; MBh. &c. (°graham \(\sigma kri\), to receive presents, Mn.); friendly reception, MBh.; favour, grace, MBh.; taking a wife, marrying, R.; receiving with the ear i. e. hearing, Kathās.; a grasper, seizer (keśa-, a hair-cutter, barber), Gobh.; a receiver, KātyŠr.; R.; a chamber-vessel or any similar convenience for sick persons, Car.; a spittoon, L.; a gift, present (esp. a donation to a Brahman at suitable periods), Yājñ.; MBh. &c. (instr. 'as a present,' Kathās.); N. of the objects or functions corresponding to the 8 Grahas, L.; = kriyā-kāra, L.; the reserve of an army (a detachment posted with the general 400 yards in the rear of a line), W.; the sun near the moon's node, ib.; -kalpa, m. N. of Paris. of ManGrS.; -dhana, n. money re-

ceived as a present, Kathas.; msn. one whose wealth consists only in presents, Pañcat.; -prâpta, mfn. received as a present, Kathās.; -prāyascitta-prakāra, m. N. of wk. ograhana, min. accepting, SānkhGr. (perhaps w. r.); n. receipt, acceptance, ib.; Lāty.; taking a wife, marrying, R. (cf. á-pratig"); a vessel, ŠānkhGr. "grahanīya, mfn. to be taken or accepted, acceptable, W. ograhin, mfn. one who receives, a receiver (opp. to dātri), MBh. °grahītavya, mfn. to be received, Kull. grahītri, mfn. id., AV. &c. &c.; m. one who takes a wife, one who marries (nom. otā, also as 3. sg. fut.), MBh.; R. ogrāha, m. a spittoon, L.; accepting gifts, W. ogrāhaka, mfn. one who receives or accepts (see á-pratigo). ogrāhín, infin. id., TS. ograhya, min. to be taken or accepted, acceptable, MBh.; R. (cf. a-pratig°); one from whom anything may be received, MBh. (cf. grihya and Pan. ib.); m. N. of partic. Grahas, TBr., Sch.

प्रतिष prati-gha, m. (\sqrt{han}) hindrance, obstruction, resistance, opposition (cf. α - p°); struggling against (comp.), Car.; anger, wrath, enmity, Mcar.; Lalit. (one of the 6 evil passions, Dharmas. 67); = mūrchā, L.; combat, fighting, W.; an enemy, ib.; opposition, contradiction, L. oghāta, m. (cf. prati-gho) warding off, keeping back, repulse, prevention, resistance, opposition, MBh.; Kav. &c.; rebound, Kum.; -krit, mfn. depriving any one (gen.) of (gen.), Yājñ.; -vid, mfn. knowing how to resist, apt to resist, MBh. oghātaka, $mf(ik\bar{a})n$. disturbing, MBh.; (ifc.) = ${}^{\circ}gh\bar{a}ta$, ib. oghātana, n. warding off, repulsing, ib.; killing, slaughter, L. oghātaya (Caus. of prati- Vhan), oyati, to ward off, MBh. oghātin, mfn. keeping off, repulsing, disturbing, injuring, Das.; Kam.; dazzling (netra-), Kum. oghna, n. the body, L.

प्रतिघोषिन् prati-ghoshin, mfn. (\sqrt{ghush}) roaring or crying out against; ($in\bar{i}$), f. N. of a class of demons, SāṅkhSr.

प्रतिङ्गरा pratingirā, f. N. of a Buddh. deity, W.

perceive, RV.; BhP.; to expect, BhP.; to cause to see, let appear, show, RV. °caksha, see su-praticakshá. °cákshana, n. looking at, viewing, RV.; BhP. (showing, displaying, Sch.); appearance, look, aspect, AV. °cakshin, mfn. regarding, observing, AVPaipp. °cákshya, mf(ā)n. visible, conspicuous, RV.

wint at prati-√car, P.-carati, to advance towards, approach, RV.; TS.: Caus. -cārayati, see below. °cāra, m. personal adornment, toilet, Šīl. °cārita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) circulated, proclaimed, published, MBh. °cārin, mfn. exercising, practising, L.

प्रतिचिकी प्रprati-cikīrsh. See prati- 1. kṛi. प्रतिचिक्त prati- \(\script{cint}, P. \bar{A}. \)-cintayati, ote, to consider again, reflect upon, remember, R.; Caur. ocintana, n. thinking repeatedly, considering, W. ocintanīya, mfn. to be thought over again, Kāv.

uninge prati-\(\sigma\) cud, Caus. -codayati, to drive or urge on, impel, R. °codanam, see p. 662, col. I. °codanā. f. prevention, prohibition, BhP. (= nishedha, opp. to vidhi, or = smriti, opp. to sruti, Sch.) °codita, mfn. impelled or excited against (acc.), R.

yati, to cover, envelop, hide, conceal, Kaus.; MBh. &c. °cchadana, n. a cover, covering, L. °cchanna, mfn. covered, enveloped, hidden, concealed, disguised, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; endowed or furnished with (ifc.), MBh. iii, 1268.

मिति छिट्prati-cchid (\sqrt{chid}), P.-cchinatti, to cut or tear off, SāńkhŚr. (v.l. pra-cch°); to retaliate by cutting to pieces, MBh. °ccheda, m. cutting off; resistance, opposition, W.

प्रतिच्यवीयस् prúti-cyaviyas, mfn. (√oyu) pressing closer against or towards, RV. x, 86, 6.

प्रतिजाध práti-jagdha, mfn. (va. jaksh) caten, consumed, Maitis.

प्रतिजन prati- \(\sqrt{jan}, \bar{A}. -j\bar{a}yate\), to be born or produced again, PrasnUp. ojanman, n. re-birth,

Kathās. ojāta, mfn. born again, renewed; -kopa, mfn. once more angry, MBh.

प्रांतजप prati- \sqrt{jap} , P. -japati, to mutter in response, Gobh. ojāpa, m. the act of muttering against, Kauš.

प्रतिज्ञ ल्प् prati- \(jalp, P.-jalpati, to answer, reply, MBh.; R. °jalpa, m. an answer, reply, L. °jalpaka, m. a polite but evasive answer, L.

beside (acc.), RV.; VS.; AV.; to keep (?), Divyâv. jāgara, m. watchfulness, attention, L. jāgaraņa, n. watching, guarding, attending to, MārkP. jāgaraņaka, m. or n. (?) a district, Inscr. jāgrivi, mfn. watchful, attentive, Cat.

unified prati- \sqrt{ji} , P. -jayati, to conquer, defeat (in battle or at play), TS.; MBh.: Desid. -jigīshati, to wish to conquer or defeat, attack, assail, MBh.

प्रतिज्ञिहोषु prati-jihīrshu, mfn. (√hṛi, Desid.) wishing to return or requite, MBh. (v. 1. °cikīrshu; cf. p. 664, col. 3).

प्रतिजीवन prati-jīvana, n. (√jīv) returning to life, resuscitation, R. ojīvita, n. id., Bālar.

प्रातज्ञम् prati-\(\sqrt{jush}, \bar{A}.\)-jushate, to be kind or tender towards (acc.), honour, serve, RV.; to be gratified by, delight in (acc.), ib.

प्रांतज्ञ prati- $\sqrt{2.jri}$, \bar{A} . -jarate (inf. -jará-dhyai), to roar (as fire) in the direction of, to call out to, salute (acc.), RV.

प्रतिज्ञा prati- vjñā, P. Ā. -jānāti, -jānīte, to admit, own, acknowledge, acquiesce in, consent to, approve, RV.; AV.; MBh.; to promise (with gen., dat. or loc. of pers., and acc. with or without prati or dat. of thing, also with inf., MBh.; Kav. &c.; with vākyam and gen. 'to promise fulfilment of a person's word,' MBh.; with satyam 'to promise verily or truly, 'ib.); (A.) to confirm, assert, answer in the affirmative, SBr.; AsvGr.; MBh. &c.; to maintain, assert, allege, state, MBh.; R. &c. (sabdam nityatvena, 'to assert the eternity of sound,' Pāņ. i, 3, 22, Sch.); (A.) to bring forward or introduce (a topic), Nyāyam., Sch.; to perceive, notice, learn, become aware of, MBh.; Hariv.; to remember sorrowfully (only in this sense P. by Pān. i, 3, 46; but really A., MBh. xii, 8438). ojna, mfn. acknowledging (ifc.), Vajracch.; (\bar{a}) , f., see below.

Pratijna, f. admission, acknowledgment, assent, agreement, promise, vow, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a statement, assertion, declaration, affirmation, ib.; (in logic) a proposition, the assertion or proposition to be proved, the first member or avyaya of the fivemembered Nyāya syllogism, IW. 61; (in law) a plaint, complaint, indictment, prosecution, Yājñ. - kara, m. N. of Sch. on Nalod. (usually called Pra $j\tilde{n}\tilde{a}-k^{\circ}$). - ntara (${}^{\circ}j\tilde{n}\tilde{a}nt^{\circ}$), n. (in logic) a subsequent proposition on failure of the first, Nyāyas. - pattra or otraka, n. a promissory note, a written contract, bond, W. - paripālana, n. adherence to a promise, keeping one's word, VP. - parisishta. n. N. of Paris. of the white Yajur-veda. - paraga. mfn. one who keeps his word, R. -- pāraņa, n. fulfilment of a vow, MBh. - pālana, n. = -paripālana, MBh. - pūrvakam, ind. so as to begin with the plaint, Yājñ., Sch. - bhanga, m. breach of a promise; -bhīru, mfn. apprehensive of breaking a promise, MW. - lakshana, n. (prob.) 'the characteristic of a proposition; '-kroda, m., -tīkā, f., -dīdhiti-tīkā, f., -rahasya, n., -vivecana, n., onanugama, m., onaloka, m. N. of wks. - vāda and -vadartha, m. N. of wks. - virodha, m. contradiction between a logical proposition and the argument, Nyāyas.; acting contrary to a promise or agreement, W. - vivāhita, mfn. promised in marriage, betrothed, ib. - samnyāsa, m. abandonment of one's own proposition (after hearing the argument of the opponent), Nyāyas.; breaking a promise, W. - sutra, n. N. of Paris, on the white Yajur-veda. - hāni, f. giving up a proposition or argument, Nyāyas.

Prati-jñāta (práti-), mfn. admitted, acknowledged, KātyŚr.; Mn.; promised, agreed, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; declared, stated, asserted, proposed, alleged, ib.; agreeable, desirable, ŚBr.; °târtha, m. a statement, averment, Yājñ. °jñātavya, mfn. to be promised