a span measured by the thumb and middle finger, | f. a spell used for opening locks, HParis. ii, 173 & Heat. i, 3, 855 & 6, 171; (=tala) the palm (of the hand), L.; a lock, bolt, W.; (=tala) the hilt of a sword, L.; a goldsmith, Gal.; Šiva, MBh. xiii, 1243; pl. N. of a people (cf. -vana & apara-), VarBrS. xiv, 22; m. n. orpiment, L.; N. of a hell, VP. ii, 6, 2 & 10; SivaP.; n. the nut of the fan-palm, MBh. iii, 8718; Hariv. 3711 (cf. kākatālīya); the throne of Durgā (cf. manas-), L. (v. l.); mf(ī, Pāņ. iv, 3, 152)n. made of palmyra wood, Mn. xi, $\frac{2}{3}$; (\bar{a}) , f. (g. kuṇḍđdi), see $m\bar{a}sa$; (\bar{i}), f. (g. kuṇḍđdi) N. of a tree (Corypha Taliera, Corypha umbraculifera, Flacourtia cataphracta, Curculigo orchioides, L.), Hariv. 6407; R.; Sušr. &c.; toddy, W.; a fragrant earth, L.; = $tallik\bar{a}$, L.; a metre of 4×3 long syllables; cf. ucca-, ut-, eka-, kara-, kānsya-, kāma-, kroša-. - ketu, m. 'palm-bannered,' Bhīshma, MBh. v f.; Bala-Rāma, VP. iv, 1, 37; N. of an adversary of Krishna, MBh. iii, 492; Hariv. 9141; 'having the tāla hell as a banner,' N. of a Dānava (younger brother of Pātāla-ketu), MārkP. xxii, 6. - kshīra, $n = tava - ksh^{\circ}$, Npr. – kshīraka, n. id., L. – garbha, palm-juice, toddy, VarBrS. 1, 24. - cara, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. v, 4751. - ja, mfn. coming from the fan-palm, Suir, i, 46, 3, 41; n = -garbha, L. - jangha, mfn. (Pāņ. vi, 2, 114, Kāš.) having legs as long as a palm-tree, R. v, 12, 35; Hariv. 9553; Tantr.; belonging to the Tala-jangha tribe, MBh. xiii, 7223; m. a prince of that tribe, iii, 17014; a Rakshas, VarYogay. iii, 21; N. of a Rakshas, R. vi, 84, 12; of a Daitya, Hariv. 12940; of a chief of the Bhūtas, Kathās. cviii, 90; of the ancestor of the Tāla-jangha tribe (descendant of Saryāti, MBh. xiii, 1946; son of Jaya-dhvaja, VP. iv, 11, 5; BhP. ix, 23, 27); pl. N. of a warrior-tribe, MBh.; Hariv.; R.; BhP. - jațā, f. the fibres of the palm-tree under the outer bark, W. - jña, mfn, knowing the measure (in music), Yājñ. iii, 115. - druma, m. the palmyra-tree. - dhāraka, m. 'keeping the measure,' a dancer, L. - dhvaja, m. '= -ketu,' Bala-Rāma, MBh. ix; N. of a mountain, Satr. i; (\bar{a}) , f. of a town, PadmaP. vi; (\bar{i}) , f. of a river, Satr. i, 54. — navamī, f. the 9th day of the light half of month Bhadra (sacred to Durgā), GarP. — pattra, n. 'a palm-leaf,' and 'a kind of ear-ornament,' Kād. ii, 28; Trigonella fænum græcum, Npr.; (\bar{i}) , f. another plant (Salvinia cucullata, L.; Anethum graveolens, Npr.; = °la-mūlī, ib.), Sušr. i, 11, 3 & 36, 29. = parņa, $\mathbf{n} = \mathbf{l} dkhy\bar{a}, L.$; (\bar{i}), f. id., L.; Anethum graveolens, L. - pushpaka, n. N. of a plant, L. - pra**lamba**, m. = $-jat\bar{a}$, L. = **phala**, n. the fruit of the fan-palm, Susr. i; iv; Gît. ix, 3. - baddha, mfn. measured, rhythmical, W. - bhanga, m. loss of the measure (in music), Pancar. i, 12, 9 f. - bhata, m. N. of a warrior, Kathās. xiii, 24. - bhrit, m. (= -dhvaja) Bala-Rāma, L. - maya, mfn. made of the palm, W. - mardaka, dala, m.a cymbal, L. - mātra, mfn. as big as a palm, MBh. i, iv f.; (am), ind. as high as a palm, R. iii, 50, 19. - mūlikā, f. Curculigo orchioides, Susr. iv, 7, 16. - muli, f. id., Npr. - yantra, n. a particular surgical instrument, small pair of pincers, Susr. i, 7, 1 f. & 7; a lock, lock and key, W. - recanaka, m. 'distinguishing the measure (in dancing), a dancer, L. (v. 1. $-vec^{\circ}$). - lakshman, m = -bhrit, L. wana, n. a grove of palmyra-trees, MBh. vi, 5441; Hariv. 3704; BhP. v (in a hell); m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. ii, 1175. -valī, f. a kind of musical composition. - vādya, n. clapping the hands together, Kathās. xxv, 136. -vrinta, n. a palm-leaf used as a fan, fan (in general), MBh.; R.; Sušr. &c.; m. a kind of Soma plant, iv, 29,4; -nivāsin, m. N. of a scholiast; ontī-√bhū, to become a fan, Balar. iii, 13. - vṛintaka, n: 2 fan, L. - vecanaka, see -reco. - sabda, m. the noise caused by the falling of a palm-fruit, Hariv. 3715; = $-v\bar{a}dya$, 4111 f. $-\dot{s}ila$, mfn, accustomed to beat time in music, Gaut. xv, 18. - suddha, mfn. = -baddha, W. = svana, m. = -vādya, Hariv. 3715. Talakhya, f. a kind of perfume, L. Talânka, m. = °la-lakshman, L.; Šiva, L.; a man marked with auspicious marks, L.; a palm-leaf (used for writing), W.; a book, L.; a saw, L.; a kind of vegetable, L. Talanga, m. Cyprinus Rohita, L. Taladi, a Gaņa of Pān. (iv, 3, 152; Gaņar. 261-264 including rajakādi, palāšādi & bilvādi). Tālådhyäya, m. 'time-chapter,' N. of Samgita-darpaņa vi (treating of musical instruments). Tālāpacara, m. = °la-dhāraka, R. ii, 3, 17. Tālāvacara, m. (cf. tādâv°) id., vii, 91, 15. Tālâvacaraņa, m. id., Rājat. iii, 335. Tālôdghāţinī,

182. Tālôpanishad, f. N. of an Up.

Tālaka, (Siddh. puml. 29) m. N. of a venomous insect, Susr. v, 8, 13; N. of a teacher, VāyuP. i, 61, 45 (v. l. lika); n. orpiment, Bhpr. v, 26, 48 & 221; a fragrant earth, L.; a lock, bolt, L.; a kind of ornament, Buddh. L.; (i), f. = $^{\circ}la$ -garbha, L.; $(ik\bar{a})$, f. the palm of the hand, Hariv. 9920; = °la-vādya, Pañcat. ii, 5, 6; a sign with the hand (?), Bălar. iii, 75; Curculigo orchioides, L.; = tāmra-vallī, L. Talakabha, mfn. 'orpiment-like,' green, L. Talakesvara, m. N. of a medicinal unguent, Bhpr.

Tālankī-√kŗi. See tāḍank°. **Tāli**, f. = $t\bar{a}di$, L.; Flacourtia cataphracta, L., Sch. **Tālika,** m. the palm of the hand, L. (v. l. for ${}^{\circ}k\bar{a}$, s. v. °laka); a cover for binding a parcel of papers or a manuscript, L.; v.l. for olaka, q. v.

Tälita, n. = tulita-paļa (dyed or coloured cloth, W.), L.; a string, L.; a musical instrument, L. -nagara, n. N. of a town. I. Tālin, mfn. furnished with cymbals (Siva), Bh. xiii, 1172.

I. Tālī, f. of ola, q. v. - paṭṭa, a kind of earornament, Kād. v, 294. - pattra, n. a leaf of the Tālī plant, VarBrS. xxvii, 3; = °līša-p°, L. - puţa, $(=t\bar{a}d\bar{i}-p^{\circ})=-patta$, Kād. iii, 973. — rasa-ja, m. sugar made of palm-juice, Gal. Tālisa, m. Flacourtia cataphracta (the leaves of which are used in med.), R. iv, 44, 55; Susr. i, iv ff.; $n_{\cdot} = -pattra$, L.; -pattra, n. the leaf of Flacourtia cataphracta, W.; = oli-po & olisa, L.; Pinus Webbiana, L. Tālisaka, m. Flacourtia cataphracta, L.

Tālīyaka, a cymbal, R. v, 13, 54.

तालय tālavya. See °lu below.

तालाकर $t\bar{a}l\bar{a}kata$, =°lik°, MBh. ii, 1169. Talikața, m. pl. N. of a people and its country, VarBrS. xiv, 11.

तालान tälāna, m. pl. N. of a family, Pravar. ii, 4, 1.

तालिन् 2. tālin, mfn. (√tal) placing upon, Siš. vi, 66.

तालिन 3. tālin, m. pl. the pupils of Tala, g. šaunakādi.

तालिश tāliša, m. a mountain, Uņ. k.

ਗੀਲੀ 2. $t\bar{a}l\bar{i}$, ind. ($=dh\bar{u}l\bar{i}$ or colour [varna, Sākat.] or uttamārtha or vistāra [Bhoj.], Ganar. 96, Sch.) with \sqrt{as} , kri, bhū, g. ūry-ādi.

तालीश tälîsa. See 1. °lī.

नालु tālu, n., rarely m. [MBh. xiv, 568; Hariv. 14273; BhP. ii] the palate, VS. xxv, 1; Kaus.; RPrāt.; Susr. &c. - kantaka, 'palate-thorn,' N. of a disease of the palate with children, Npr. - galaprasosha, m. morbid dryness of palate and throat, Sušr. ii, 11, 22. - ja, mfn. palatal, iv, 22, 57. - jihva, m. a crocodile, L.; the uvula, W. - jihvikā, f. 'uvula,' N. of a Yogini, Hcat. ii, 1,716. - nāsa, m. 'destroying the palate (by thorny food),' a camel, Gal. - pāka, m. an abscess in the palate, Sušr. ii, 16, 38; iv, 22, 56. - pāta, m. 'falling in of the palate,' N. of a disease with children, Npr. - pīdaka, another disease of the palate with children, ib. -pupputa, m. an indolent swelling of the palate. Sušr. ii, 16, 38; iv, 22, 55. - mūla, n. the root of the palate, ii, 16, 39. – vidradhī, $f_{\cdot} = -pupputa$, Car. vi, 17. - visoshana, n. the drying of the palate (through much talking), MBh. viii, 4760. - sosha, m. morbid dryness of the palate, Susr. ii, 16. - sthāna, mfn. palatal (a letter), RPrāt.; SānkhSr.

Tālavya, mfn. (cf. Pāņ. v, 1, 6) relating to the palate, Susr. iii, 8, 15; palatal (the letters i, e & ai called kantha-to, 'belonging to throat and palate,' Šiksh.], c, ch, j, jh, #, y, s), Šiksh.; RPrāt.; VPrāt.

Tāluka, n. (g. $y\bar{a}v\bar{d}di$) = °lu, Hcat. i, 9, 414 (ifc. f. \bar{a}); a disease of the palate, Npr.; (\bar{a}), f. = °lu, W.; (e), f. du. the two arteries of the palate, TUp. i, 6, 1. Tālūshaka, = °lu, Yājā. iii, 87.

तालुष्ट्य tālukshya, m. patr. fr. taluksha. Tālukshyāyaņī, f. of okshya, g. 2. lohitadi.

तालुन tāluna, mfn. fr. talo, g. utsâdi.

तालुर tālura, m. = °lūra, W. Tălura, m. a whirlpool, Hal. 37.

तालुचि tāluvi. See nāluhi.

तालूषक tālūshaka. See °lw.

ताल्प $t\bar{a}lpa$, mfn. ($=t\acute{a}lpya$) born in a marriage-bed (tálpa), Kauš. 17.

तावक $t\bar{a}vak\acute{a}$, mf(i)n. (fr. $t\acute{a}va$ [gen. of 1. tva], Pān. iv, 3, 3) thy, thine, RV. i, 94, 11; MBh. iii, 14621; R. iii, 13, 15; Kum.v, 4; EhP.; Kathäs.&c. Tāvakīna, mfn. (Pāņ. iv, 3, 3) id., Bhām. i, 4.

तावच् tāvac, in comp. for ovat. -chata $(\dot{s}ata)$, $mf(\ddot{i})n$, containing so many hundreds, Mn. i,69; MBh. iii,188, 23; Hariv. 511; 11309. **– chás** (sas), ind. (Vop.) so manifoldly, TS. i, 5, 9, 2.

Távaj-jyok, ind. so long, SBr. xi, 5, 1, 2.

Távat, mf(atī)n. (fr. 2. ta, Pāṇ.v, 2, 39; vi, 3, 91) so great, so large, so much, so far, so long, so many (correlative of *yāvat*; rarely of ya or yathôkta, Nal.&c.), RV. &c. (yāvatā kshanena tāvatā, 'after so long time, in that time,' as soon as, Rājat. v, 110); just a little, Kir. ii, 48; (in alg.) an unknown quantity (also with $y\bar{a}vat$); ind. (correlative of $y\bar{a}vat$) so much, so greatly, to such an extent, in such a number, so far, RV.; AV. &c. (tavat-tavat, SBr. i, 8, 1, 6); so long, in that time, RV. x, 88, 19; SBr. i; Mn. &c.; meanwhile, in the mean time (the correlative yāvat being often connected with a neg., e. g. tāvac chobhate mūrkho yāvat kiṃ-cin na bhāshate, 'so long a fool shines as long as he says nothing,' Hit.; šocayishyāmy ātmānam tāvad yāvan me praptam brahmanyam, 'so long I will emaciate myself, as long as [i.e. until] I have obtained the state of a Brähman,' R. i, 64, 19), SBr. xiv, 4, 2, 30; ChUp. vi, 14, 2; Mn.; MBh.&c. (also correlative of purā [R. i, 28, 21], of yāvatā na, of yāvat preceded by $pur\bar{a}$ [MBh. xiii, 4556], or without any correlative [2727; Kathās.; Hit.]); at once, now, just, first (followed by anantaram [Hit.], aparam [Pañcat.], api [ib.], idānīm [Hit.], uta [Sak.], ca [Das.; Prab.], tatas [Mn. iv, 174; Ragh. vii, 4f.], tad-anu [Megh.], tu [Das.vii; Vedântas.], paścat [R. ii], punar [Pañcat.], vā; very often connected with an Impv., rarely [MBh. iv, 888; R. ii, 56, 13] with a Pot., often with the 1st person of pr. or fut., MBh. &c.; the Impv. is sometimes to be supplied [itas tāvat, 'just come hither'; mā tāvat, 'by no means, God forbid!'], Sak.; Mālav.; Vikr.; Prab.; sometimes arhasi with the inf. is used instead, R. i f.); (with na or a-) not yet, MBh. &c. (followed by yāvat, 'while,' Kathās. xxvi, 23; tā-van na—api na, 'not only not—but also not,' Kād.); very well! all right, Hcar.; indeed, truly (e.g. dridhas tāvad bandhah, 'the knot is tight I must admit,' Hit.; gatā tāvat, 'she is indeed gone,' Kathäs. xviii, 241), R. &c.; already (opposed to 'how much more 'or 'how much less'), R. iv f.; Sak.; really (=eva, sometimes connected with this particle, e.g. vikrayas tāvad eva saḥ, 'it is τeally a sale'), Mn. iii, 53; Hariv. 7110; R. &c.; (tā), instr. ind. to that extent, RPrat. xiii, 13; BhP. v. viii; in that time, in the mean time, meanwhile, Das.; Kathās. x, 24; Bharat.; (ti), loc. ind. so far, SBr. viii, 6, 2, 8; so long, in that time, TS. ii, 4; [cf. Lat. tantus.] - kālam, ind. for so long, Kauš. 141; MBh. iii; Hit. - kritvas, ind. (Pān. i, 1, 23, Kāš.) so many times, SBr. ix, I, I, 41 (tavat-krito); Mn. v, 38; with \sqrt{kri} , (in math.) to square, - tat (tav°) , just so much, MaitrS. iii. - priya (tavo), mfn. dear to that extent, i. - phala, mfn. having such results, Sak. vi, 10. - sūtra, n. sg. so many threads, Yājū.

Tāvatika, mfn. bought for or worth so much. Pan. v, 1, 23. vatitha, mfn. (2, 53 & 77) the so manieth, KātyŠr. iii, 1, 9. vatka, mfn. = tika, Pān.

Tavad, in comp. for ovat. - guna, mfn. having so many qualities, Mn. i, 20. - ganita, mfn. (in math.) squared. - dvayasa, mfn. so large, so long. Ran. v, 2, 37, Vartt. 1. - dha, ind. in that number. in such a number, Bālar. ix, 49. — varsha, mfn. so many years old, Laty. ix, 12, 12. - vīrya-vat (tavo), mfn. having so great force or efficacy, SBr. i, 2, 3, 7. - vyakta, (in alg.) a known number annexed to an unknown quantity.

Tāvan, in comp. for vat. - mātrā, mf(i)n.(Pān.v, 2, 37, Vārtt. 1) so much, so many, ŠBr. v; Hariv. 1204; BhP. iv; (e), loc. ind. in that distance, v, 24, 4. - mana (tavo), mfn. of that measure, TS. ii, 3, 11, 5. Tāvanta, n. so much, Divyav. i, 5; xxii, 50.

तावर tāvara, n. a bow-string, L.

ताविष tāvisha, m. (=tav°) the ocean, L.; heaven, L.; gold, L.; (i), $f = tav^c$, L.