(cf. a-prayāsena); high degree, Jātakam.; -bhāj, mfn. capable of exertion, active, energetic, W. oyāsita, n. (fr. Caus.) effort, exertion, Mālatīm. (v.l. ā-yāsita).

ment, delight, RV. (prāyase, iv, 21, 7 = prāyase); object of delight, pleasant food or drink, dainties, libations (prāyānsi nadīnām, 'refreshing waters'), ib.; mfn. valuable, precious (?), W. — vat (prāyas-), mfn. having or bestowing pleasant food, offering libations, RV. ("svanto 'trayah, N. of the authors of v, 20); n. N. of a Sāman, ĀrshBr.

1. **Prayo-gá** (Padap. $pra-y\delta ga$), mfn. (for 2. see under $pra-\sqrt{yuj}$) coming to a meal, RV. x, 7, 5 (Sāy. = pra-yoktavya); m. N. of a Rishi, TS.; (with $Bh\tilde{a}rgava$) author of RV. viii, 91, Anukr.

out, progress, advance towards or against, go or repair to (acc., also with accha or prati, or loc.), RV. &c. &c.; to walk, roam, wander, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to part, go asunder, be dispersed, pass away, vanish, die, ib.; to get into a partic. state or condition, enter, undergo, incur (acc.), ib.; to proceed i.e. behave, Bhartr. (v.l.); to cause to go i.e. to lead into (acc.), Hcat.: Caus. $-y\bar{a}payati$, to cause to set out, SBr. (cf. Pān. viii, 4, 29; 30, Sch.): Desid. $-yiy\bar{a}sati$, to wish to set out, ib.: Caus. of Desid. $-yiy\bar{a}sayati$, to cause a person to wish to set out, Bhatt.

Pra-ya, f. onset, RV.

Pra-yana, n. (Kās. on Pan. viii, 4, 29) setting out, starting, advancing, motion onwards, progress, journey, march, invasion, RV. &c. &c. (with gardabhena, 'riding on an ass,' Pañcat.); departure, death (cf. prana-pray); onset, beginning, commencement, Kāth.; ŠBr.; -kāla, m. time of departure, death, Bhag.; -pataha, m. a drum beaten while marching, Hear.; -purī, f. N. of a town (°rī-māhātmya, n. N. of wk.); -bhanga, m. the breaking or suspending of a journey, a halt, Pañcat.; -vicāra, m. N. of wk.; onarha, mfn. deserving death, W. yanaka, n. a journey, march, Kav.; Pañcat. &c. (cf. a-pray). oyani, see a-prayani. oyaniya or oyaniya, mfn., Pān. viii, 4, 30, Sch. vata, mfn. set out, gone, advanced, MaitrUp.; R. &c.; arrived at, come to (acc.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; gone or passed away, vanished, deceased, dead, Kathās. 'yātavya, mfn. to be attacked or assailed, MBh.; n. (impers.) one should set out, ib.; R.; Kathās. "yātri, m. one who goes or can go or fly, Kathās.; setting out on a march or journey, Var. "yātrā, f., see prāyātrika. "yāpaņa or "yāpana, n. (fr. Caus.), Pān. viii, 4, 30, Sch. oyapani, see a-prayapani. oyapaniya or °yāpanīya, mfn., Pāņ. viii, 4, 30, Sch. °yāpita, mfn. driven or sent away, made to go or pass away, W. 'yāpin, mfn. (du. 'pinau or 'pinau), Pān. viii, 4, 30, Sch. oyapya, mfn. to be caused to go, to be sent away, AitBr. oyapyamana or oyapyamana, mfn., Pan. viii. 4, 30, Sch. 'yāman (prá-), n. setting out, start, RV. 'yāyin, mfn. (du. 'yinau, Kās, on Pān, viii, 4, 29) going forwards, marching, driving, riding, MBh.; R. van, see vrishaand supra-yāvan. ogiyu, mfn. (fr. Desid.) used for driving (as a horse), RV. (Nir. iv, 15).

प्रयाग pra-yāga, °yāja. See pra-√yaj.

para pra-\(y\bar{a}c, P.\bar{A}. -y\bar{a}cati, ote, to ask for, beg, solicit, request (with acc. of pers. and thing), MBh.; Hariv.; R.\(\forall y\bar{a}caka, \text{mfn. asking, requesting, imploring (with artham ifc.), MBh.\(\forall y\bar{a}cana, n. asking, begging, imploring, ib. \)

प्रयास $pra-y\bar{a}na$ &c. See under $pra-\sqrt{y\bar{a}}$.

pra-\(\sqrt{1}\). yu (only aor. Subj. -yoshat), to remove, keep away, RV. viii, 31, 17. 1. "yuta (prá-), mfn. absent in mind, inattentive, heedless, careless (cf. a-pray"), RV.; VS.; (pra-yúta), n. (also m., Siddh.) a million, VS. &c. &c. (cf. 2. a-yúta). "yuti (prá-), f. absence (with manasaḥ = thoughtlessness), RV. "yutvan, see á-prayutvan. "yotrī, m. a remover, expeller, RV.

TS.; MaitrS.; to disturb, destroy, Nir. "yút, mfn. stirring, mingling, TBr. 2. "yuta (prá-), mfn. mingled with (instr.), MānŠr.; confused (as a dream), MānGr.; destroyed, annihilated, MaitrS.; m. N. of a Deva-gandharva, MBh.; "têšvara-tīrtha, n. N. of

a place of pilgrimage, SkandaP. oyuvana, n. stirring, mingling, Hcat.

मयुङ् $pra-\sqrt{yuch}$, P.-yucchati, to be absent; (with or scil. $manas\bar{a}$) to be absent in mind, be careless or heedless, RV.

प्रयुज्ञ $pra-\sqrt{yuj}$, A. - $yu\dot{n}kte$ (rarely P. -yunakti; cf. Pāņ. i, 3, 64), to yoke or join or harness to (loc.), RV.; to unite with (instr.), AV.; to turn (the mind) to (loc.), RV.; to prepare for (dat.), ib.; to set in motion, throw, cast (also dice), discharge, hurl at (loc. or dat.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to utter, pronounce, speak, recite, ib.; to fix, place in or on (loc.), BhP.; to direct, order, urge to (dat. or loc.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to choose for (two acc.), Kum.; to lead towards, bring into (acc.), BhP.; to use, employ, practise, display, exhibit, perform, accomplish, contrive, do, Br. &c. &c.; to undertake, commence, begin, Vait.; R.; to cause, effect, produce, Kum.; BhP.; Sarvad.; to represent on the stage, act, Mricch.; Kālid.; to lend (for use or interest), Mn.; Yājñ.: Pass. -yujyate, to be fit or suitable, conduce to (dat.), Kāv.; Pañcat.: Caus. -yojayati, to throw, discharge, hurl at or against (loc.), MBh.; to utter, pronounce, R.; to show, display, exhibit, BhP.; (with manas) to concentrate the mind, Svet-Up.; to urge, direct, appoint to (loc.), MBh.; BhP.; to transfer or entrust to (dat.), MBh.; to undertake, begin, Kām.; to represent on the stage, Hariv.; Sāh.; to cause to be represented by (instr.), Uttarar.; to use, employ, MBh.; Kām.; Sušr. &c.; to perform, practise, Mn. iii, 112; (with vriddhim) to take interest, ib. x, 117; (with prayogam) to invest capital, SaddhP.; to be applicable, g. kshubhnadi; to aim at, have in view, Pan. vi, 3, 62, Sch.: Desid. -yuyukshate, to wish to use, want, require, Pat.

Pra-yukta, mfn. yoked, harnessed, MBh.; R. &c.; stirred (by wind), Ragh.; directed, thrown, hurled, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; drawn (as a sword), BhP.; vented (as anger), MBh.; uttered, pronounced, recited, Up.; Siksh. &c.; urged, ordered, bidden, Gobh.; Bhag. &c.; used, employed, practised, performed, done, Br.; Kauš.; MBh. &c.; undertaken, begun, contrived, R.; Mālav.; Prab.; made, prepared, Kum.; (n. impers.) behaved or acted towards (loc. or acc. with prati), Sak.; lent (on interest), Yājā.; suitable, appropriate, Pañcat. (see a-prayo); resulting from (comp.), ib.; n. a cause, W.; -tama, mfn. most used, AitBr.; -samskāra, mfn. to which polish has been applied, polished (as a gem), Ragh. yukti (prá-), f. impulse, motive, RV.; setting in motion, employment, TBr.; Samk.; Rājat. yuga, n., orig. form of praiiga (q. v.), VPrat.

Pra-yúj, (prob.) f. a team, RV.; impulse, motive, VS.; AV.; acquisition, RV.; ("yujām havīnshi or oyug-ghavo, N. of 12 oblations, one of which is offered each month, SBr.); mfn. joining, connected with (lit. or fig., as a cause, motive &c.), W. voktavya, mfn. to be thrown or discharged, MBh.; to be used or employed, applicable, suitable, ib.; R. &c.; to be exhibited or represented, Mālav.; to be uttered or pronounced or recited, Siksh.; Samk. 'yoktri, m. a hurler, shooter (of missiles), MBh.; R.; an executor, agent (of an action), MBh.; Ragh. &c.; an undertaker (of a sacrifice), KātyŠr., Sch.; a procurer, MBh.; an employer, ib.; Kām.; an actor, mime, Ragh.; a speaker, reciter, RPrāt.; Kāvyād.; a performer (of music), R.; a composer, author, poet, Uttarar.; a money-lender, Yājñ., Sch.; -tā, f., -tva, n. the state or condition of an employer, Sarvad. °yoktra, n. harness, Divyâv.

2. Prayoga, m. (for I. see under 2. práyas, col. I) joining together, connection, Var.; position, addition (of a word), VPrāt.; Pāņ. (loc. often = in the case of, Kās. on Pān. i, 4, 25; 26 &c.); hurling, casting (of missiles), MBh.; R. &c.; offering, presenting, Hariv.; undertaking, beginning, commencement, SBr.; SrS.; a design, contrivance, device, plan, Mālav.; Rājat.; application, employment (esp. of drugs or magic; cf. IW. 402, 1), use, GṛŚrS.; MBh. &c. (ena, $\bar{a}t$ and ${}^{\circ}ga$ -tas, ifc. = by means of); practice, experiment (opp. to 'theory'), Mālav.; a means (only ais, by use of means), MBh.; Susr.; (in gram.) an applicable or usual form, Siddh.; Vop.; exhibition (of a dance), representation (of a drama), Mricch.; Kālid. (°ga-to \dris, to see actually represented, see on the stage, Ratnav.); a piece to be represented, Kalid.; Prab.; utterance, pronuncia-

a formula to be recited, sacred text, Siksh.; lending at interest or on usury, investment, Mn.; MBh.; principal, loan bearing interest, Gaut.; an example, L.; cause, motive, affair, object, W.; consequence, result, ib.; ceremonial form, course of proceeding, ib.; a horse (cf. pra-yaga), L. - kārikā, f., -kaustubha, m. or n. N. of wks. - grahana, n. acquirement of practice, Das. - candrika, f., -cintāmaņi, m., -cūdāmaņi, m. N. of wks. -jña, mfn. skilful in practice, Susr. - tattva, n., -darpana, m., -dīpa, m., -dīpikā and kā-vritti, f. N. of wks. - nipuna, mfn. = $-j\tilde{n}a$, Bhartr. - pancaratna, n., -paddhati, f. N. of wks. - pāda, n. smoking for the sake of one's health, Car. - pārijāta, m., -pustaka, m. or n. N. of wks. - pradhāna, min. consisting chiefly in practice (not in theory), Mālav. - manjarī, f., -mani-mālikā, f., -mantra, m., -mayūkha, m., -muktâvalī, f., -mukha-vyākaraņa, n., -ratna, n., -ratna-kroḍa, m., -ratna-mālā or likā, f., -ratna-samskāra, m., -ratnakara, m., -ratnavalī, f., -vidhi, m., -viveka and oka-samgraha, m. N. of wks. - vīrya, n. (with Buddhists) energy in practice (one of the 3 energies), Dharmas. 108. – vritti, f., -vaijayanti, f., -sikhāmaņi, m., -samgraha and oha-viveka, m., -sarani, f., -sāra, m., -sāraņī, f., -sāra-samuccaya, m. N. of wks. **Prayogâṇḍabilā**, f. N. of wk. **Prayogâtisaya**, m. (in dram.) 'excess in representation,' pronouncing the name of a character the moment that he enters the stage, Pratap.; the useless appearance of a character on the stage during the prelude, Sāh. **Prayogâmrita**, n. N. of wk. **Pra**yogârtha, mín. having the sense of prayoga, L.

Prayogin, mfn. being employed or used, applicable, usual (°gi-tva, n.), KātySr.; having some object in view, W.; performing (on the stage); m.an actor, Bhar. 'yogīya, mfn. treating of the application (of medicines &c.), Cat. oyogya, m. any animal harnessed to a carriage, draught animal, ChUp. oyo**jaka,** $mf(ik\bar{a})n$ causing, effecting, leading to (gen. or comp.), MBh.; Rājat.; Sarvad.; (ifc.) prompting, instigating, instigator, promoter, Pāņ. i, 4, 55; effective, essential, Sah.; deputing, anointing, W.; m. an author, composer, Yājn.; a money-lender, creditor, ib.; a founder or institutor of any ceremony, W.; an employer, A.; -kartri-tva, n. the acting as instigator or promoter, W.; -ta, f. (Nyāyam., Sch.), -tva, n. (Kāš.) agency; kâdhyāya-bhāshya, n. N. of wk.

Pra-yojana, n. (ifc. f. \bar{a}) occasion, object, cause, motive, opportunity, purpose, design, aim, end, Prāt.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; prayojanena, with a particular intention, on purpose, MBh.; "na-vašāt, id., Pañcat.; kena onena, from what cause or motive? Prab.; kasmai onāya, kasmāt onāt, kasya onasya and kasmin one, id., Kās. on Pāņ. ii, 3, 27; onam ati-\(\seta kram\), to neglect an opportunity, MBh.; profit, use or need of, necessity for, Kav.; Pancat. &c. (with instr., tarunā kim prayojanam, what is the use of the tree? Kuval.; bhavatv etaih kusumaih prayojanam, let these flowers be used, Sak.: with gen. or dat., Kās. on Pān. ii, 3, 27; ii, 3, 72); means of attaining, Mn. vii, 100; (in phil.) a motive for discussing the point in question, IW. 64; -vat, mfn. having or connected with or serving any purpose or interest, interested, R.; serviceable, useful, Suir. (ttva, n., Sarvad.); having a cause, caused, produced, W. oyojayitri, m. (fr. Caus.) a causer, occasioner, Apast. oyojya, mfn. to be cast or shot (missile), MBh.; Hariv.; to be used or employed or practised (-tva, n.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; to be appointed or commissioned, dependent, a servant or slave, Sarvad.; to be represented (on the stage), Sāh.; n. capital (to be lent on interest); -tva, n. the state of being used or employed (a-pray°), Vām.; the state of being appointed or commissioned, dependence (a-pray°), Sarvad.

rayudh, Ā. -yudhyate (rarely P. °ti), to begin to fight, attack, fight with (acc.), RV.; MBh.; R.; Hariv.: Caus. -yodhayati, to cause to begin to fight, ĀṣvGṛ.; to attack, combat, Hariv.: Desid. Ā. -yuyutsate, to wish to fight with (instr.), MBh. °yutsu, m. (only W.) a warrior; a ram; an ascetic; air, wind; N. of Indra (for °yuyutsu). °yuddha, mfn. fighting, one who has fought, MBh.; Hariv.; R.; Kathās.; n. fight, battle, Kathās.; °yuddhartha, mfn. having the sense of pra-yuddha (accord. to others, m. = pratyutkrama, war, battle,