√kṛi, 'to cast or strike down,' RV.); a dart, shot, ib.; emission or creation of matter, primary creation (as opp. to pratisarga, 'secondary creation'), creation of the world (as opp. to its pralaya, 'dissolution,' and sthiti, 'maintenance in existence;' 9 different creations are enumerated in BhP. iii, 10, 13; ā sargāt, 'from the creation or beginning of the world;' sarge, 'in the created world'), Up.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; a created being, creature (with daiva, 'a divine creation,' 'a god'), Ragh.; begetting, procreation, MBh.; origin, BhP; offspring, a child, ib.; nature, natural property, disposition, tendency, Bhag. v, 19; effort, exertion, resolution, resolve, will, Ragh.; Šiš.; a section, chapter, book, canto (esp. in an epic poem); assent, agreement, L.; fainting (=moha), L.; implement of war, MBh. xi, 2165 (Nīlak.); = visarga, the aspiration at the end of a word, Cat.; N. of Siva, MBh.; of a son of Rudra, Pur. - kartri, m. the creator (-tva, n.), Pañcar. - kālīna, mfn. relating to or happening at the time of creation, Sāmkhyapr. - krit, m. = -kariri, Hariv. - krama, m. the order of creation, MW. - takta or -pratakta (sárga-), mfn. dashing along in rapid motion, hastening, RV. - pralaya-kantakôddhāra, m. N. of wk. - bandha, m. 'chapter-construction,' any poem or composition divided into sections or chapters (esp. a Mahā-kāvya or great poem), Kāvyâd.; Sāh.

Sargaka, mfn. producing, effecting, Sarvad.

Sargya. See pāṇi-s°.

Sarja, m. one who emits or lets go, one who creates or makes (see rajju-s°); Vatica Robusta, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; the resin of V°R°, VarBṛS.; Terminalia Tomentosa, L.; (ī), f., see s. v. — gandhā, f. the ichneumon plant, L. — nāman, n. the resin of Vatica Robusta, Sušr. — niryāsaka, m., —mani, m. id., L. — rasa, m., MBh.; Sušr.; a kind of tree, Hariv. (v.l.); a partic. musical instrument, L. — vri-ksha, m. Vatica Robusta, Hcat.

Sarjaka, m. Terminalia Tomentosa, L.; Vatica Robusta, L.; n. the first change in warm milk when mixed with Takra, L.; $(ik\bar{a})$, f., see below.

Sarjana, n. abandoning, giving up or over, surrendering, ceding, MBh.; voiding (excrement &c.), L.; the act of creating, creation, Sarvad.; the rear of an army, L.; m. resin, L.; (i), f. one of the three folds of the anus, SārngS.

Sarjayitavya, mfn. to be emitted or created, Up. Sarji, f. natron, impure alkali or carbonate of soda, L. - kshāra, m. id., L.

Sarjikā, f. natron (cf. sarji), Susr. - kshāra, m. id., L.

Sarjī, f. natron, L.-kshāra, m. id., L.
Sarjya, m. the resin of Vatica Robusta, L.

सर्च sa-rca, m. (fr. 7. sa + ric) accompanied by a Ric, Gobh.

सर्ज 1. sarj, cl. 1. P. sárjati, to rattle, creak, RV.

सर्ज 2. sarj (cf. \sqrt{arj}), cl. 1. P. sarjati, to earn by labour, acquire, gain, Dhātup. vii, 50.

Sarju, m. a merchant, trader, L.; f. lightning, L. Sarjū, m. a merchant, Un. i, 82, Sch.; a necklace, L.; going, following, L.

Sarjūra, m. a day, L.

सर्गोक sarņīka, n. (perhaps connected with \sqrt{spi}) water, SBr. (Naigh. i, 12).

Sarnna, m. a kind of serpent, L.

सदिगृदि sárdigridi, m. a facetious expression for the female organ, TS.

सपे sarpá, mf(i)n. creeping, crawling, stealing along, Gaut. (cf. pītha-, vriksha-s°); m. (ifc. f. \bar{a}) a snake, serpent, serpent-demon (cf. $n\bar{a}ga$; sarpānām ayanam, 'a partic, annual festival'), tortuous motion, RV. &c. &c.; a partic. constellation (when only the three unfavourable planets are situated in the three Kendras), VarBrS.; Mesua Roxburghii, L.; N. of one of the II Rudras, MBh.; of a Rākshasa, VP.; (pl.) N. of a partic, tribe of Mlecchas (formerly Kshatriyas and described as wearing beards), Hariv.; (i), f. a female snake, MBh.; N. of the wife of a Rudra, ib.; n. = $sarpa-s\bar{a}man$, q.v. Cf. Gk. $\epsilon\rho\pi\epsilon$ τόν; Lat. serpens; see also under \sqrt{srip} .] - rishi, m. 'serpent-Rishi,' N. of Arbuda, AitBr. - kankalikā or 11, f. N. of a partic medicinal plant and antidote, L. - kotara, n. a sno's hole, Pañcat. - gati, f. a snake's tortuous movement (in wrestling), R.

- gandhā, f. the ichneumon plant, L. - ghātinī, f. a kind of plant, L. - cīra-nivāsana, m. 'clothed in a snake's skin,' N. of Šiva, MW. - cchattra (W.) or oraka (Car.), n. 'snake-umbrella,' a mushroom. -jāti, f. a species of sno (of which there are 80 varieties), L. - tanu, f. a species of Solanum (brihatī), L. - tā, f. the being a sno, Kathās. - triņa, m. = nakula, L. = tva, $n. = -t\bar{a}$; $-sambh\bar{a}van\bar{a}$, f.supposing anything to be a sno, mistaking for a sno, Vedântas. - danshtra, m. a sno's fang, W.; Croton Polyandrum or Tiglium, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. Tragia Involucrata, ib. - danshtrikā or otrī, f. Odina Pinnata or Tragia Involucrata, ib. - dandā, f. a kind of pepper, ib.; (\bar{i}) , f.a kind of plant $(=go\text{-}raksh\bar{i})$, ib. - dantī, f. Tiaridium Indicum, ib. - damanī, f. a kind of plant $(=vandhy\bar{a}\cdot karkotak\bar{\imath})$, ib. - dashta, n. a sno-bite, Susr. - deva-janá, m. pl. the Sarpas and Deva-janas (-vidyā, f.), ChUp. - devī, f. N. of a Tirtha, MBh. - dvish, m. 'snake-foe,' a peacock, Subh. - dhāraka, m. a snake-catcher or charmer, MW. - nāmá, n. pl. N. of partic. texts, SBr.; (\bar{a}) , f. a kind of plant, L. - nirmocana, n. the cast-off skin of a sno, Car. - netrā, f. an ichneumon plant (a bulb), L. - pati, m. a sno-king, Hariv. - pumgava, m. N. of a sno-demon, VP. - punya-jana, m. pl. the Sarpas and Punya-janas, GopBr.; Vait. -pura-kshetra-māhātmya,n.N.of wk. -pushpī, f. Tiaridium Indicum, L. - phana, m. a sno's hood, Suir.; -ja, m. 'produced in a sno's hood,' the sno-stone (a gem or pearl said to be found in a sno's head and to resemble the berry of the Abrus Precatorius), L. - bandha, m. 'sno-fetter,' an artifice, subtle device, MBh. - bala, n. N. of a Parisishta of the Sāma-veda. - bali, m. an offering to Serpents, Pār G_{r} .; N. of wk.; -karman, n. (=-bali), Cat.; -vidhi, m. N. of wk. - bhuj, m. 'sno-eater,' a peacock, L.; a crane, W.; a large snake or a kind of snake, L. - bhrita, f. 'supported by sn', 'the earth, L. - mani, m. 'sno-gem,' the sno-stone, a kind of carbuncle (said to be found in a sno's head and to have the power of expelling poison), W. - mālā, f. a kind of plant, L. - mālin, m. N. of a Rishi, MBh. (v.l. sarpi-m°). - mudraka, n. a seal-ring with a sno, Mālav. - yāga, m. a sno-sacrifice, BhP. - raja, m. a sno-king, Gobh.; Hariv. &c.; N. of Vāsuki, R. - rājnī, f. a sno-queen, Br.; pl. (or du.) N. of the verses RV. x, 189 (or TS. i, 5, 4), ApSr. - rupin, min. formed like a sn°, Mālav. - latā, f. Piper Betle, L. - vallī, f. id., ib. - víd, mfn. acquainted with sn°, SBr.; AsvSr.; m. one who understands sno, a sno-charmer, MW. - vidyā, f. sno-science, SBr.; SānkhSr.; the charming of sn°, MW. - vināsana, n. destruction of sno, MBh. - vivara, m. n. the hole of a sno, Hit. wisha-pratishedha, m. the keeping off or expelling of sn°-poison, Cat. **– visha-hara-mantra,** m. N. of wk. - vriscika-roma-vat, mfn. having snos and scorpions for hair, R. - veda, m. sno-science, GopBr.; N. of wk. - vyāpādana, n. the killing of a sno, MW.; the being killed by a sno, ib. - saphari, f. a kind of sno, L. - siras, m. (scil. hasta) 'snoheaded,' N. of a partic, position of the hands, Cat. - sīrshá, mfn. having a head like a sno, Vas.; m. a partic, position of the hands, Cat.; n. a partic, brick, TS.: Kath. - sīrshan or shin, m. 'sno-headed, a kind of fish, Apast. - samskara, m. N. of wk. -sattra, n. a sno-sacrifice (performed by Janamejaya), MBh.; (prob.) = sarpāṇām ayanam (see sarpá), PañcavBr.; ŠrS. - sattrin, m. performer of a sno-sacrifice,' N. of king Janam-ejaya (a legend relates that to revenge the death of his father, who was killed by a sno-bite, he employed Mantras to compel the whole serpent-race to be present at a sacrifice, where all except a few chief snakes were destroyed), L. - sahā, f. a kind of plant, L. - sāt, ind. to a sno, to the state of a serpent, MW. - saman, n. N. of various Samans, SV.; Br. - su-gandhā, f. a kind of plant, SāmavBr. - han, m. 'sn'killer,' an ichneumon, L. - hridaya-candana, m. a kind of sandal. Sarpaksha, m. the berry of the Elæocarpus Ganitrus, L.; Ophiorrhiza Mungos, ib.; (i), f. a kind of plant, Susr.; the plo Sarpa-kankālī, MW.; = gandha-nākulī, L.; = ganḍâlī, Bhpr.; = nāga-phanī, ib.; = nādī-kalāpaka, MW. Sarpakhya, m. Mesua Roxburghii, L.; a species of bulbous plant, ib. Sarpângâbhihata, n. a tumour caused by the touch of a sno, Susr. Sarpangi, f. a variety of pepper, L.; = $n\bar{a}kul\bar{i}$, Bhpr.; another plant (= ·ghātinī), L.; a variety of the Sarpa-kankālī, W. Sarpâdanī, f. the ichneumon plant, L. Sarpânta, m. N. of one of the sons of Garuda, MBh. Sarpa-

pahārin, m. N. of a robber, Virac. Sarpabha, mfn. resembling a sno, L. Sarpârāti, m. enemy of sno,' N. of Garuda, L.; an ichneumon, W.; a peacock, ib. Sarpari, m. 'id.,' a peacock, Subh.; an ichneumon, L.; N. of Garuda (in next); -ketana, m. N. of Krishna, Hariv. Sarpavali, f. a row of sno, MW. Sarpavasa, m. the abode of a sno, Hariv.; an anthill, VarBrS.; n. the Sandal tree or wood, L. Sarpâsana, m. 'sno-eater,' a peacock, L. Sarpâsya, m. 'sno-faced,' N. of a Rākshasa, R.; (ā), f. N. of a Yogini, Käsikh. Sarpahuti, f. N. of the section TS. v, 5, 10. Sarpetara-jana, m. pl. the serpentrace and the Itara-jana, GopBr.; ApSr.; Vait. Sarpêsvara, m. 'serpent-king,' N. of Vāsuki, Hit.; -tīrtha, n. N. of a Tīrtha, Cat. Sarpeshta, n. 'loved by snakes,' the Sandal tree or wood, L. Sarpaushadhi, N. of a Buddhist monastery, Buddh.

Sarpana, n. the act of creeping or gliding, stealing away, AitBr.; Nir.; MBh. &c.; (in ritual) moving softly &c., GrSrS.; going tortuously, MW.; the flight of an arrow nearly parallel with the ground, W.

Sárpat, n.the crawling creature, all that crawls, AV. Sarpāya, Nom. Ā. vate, to resemble a snake, Sringār.

Sarpi, m. N. of a man, AitBr.; n. (m.c. for sarpis) clarified butter, VarYogay. — manda, m. = sarpirm°, Divyâv.

Sarpih, in comp. for sarpis below. - samudra, m. the sea of clarified butter, L.

Sarpikā, f. a little snake (see toya-s°); N. of a

river, R.

Sarpita, n. a real snake-bite, Suir.

Sarpin, mfn. (ifc.) creeping, gliding, moving slowly (*sītânila-s*°, 'exposed to currents of cold winds'), SBr.; Hariv.; Kir.; (*inī*), f. a female serpent, Kāšīkh.; a kind of shrub (= bhujagī), L.; w.r. for

sarpa-vānī, a serpent's voice, Pañcat.

Sarpir, in comp. for sarpis below. -anna (°pir-), mfn. eating clarified butter, RV. - abdhi, m. the sea of cl° b°, MarkP. - asuti (°pir-), mfir. sipping clobo, RV.; sacrificed or worshipped with clo b°, MW.; m. N. of Agni, RV. - ilā, f. N. of the wife of a Rudra, BhP. - grīvá, mf(i)n. having a neck composed of cl° b°, TS. - dāna-ratna, n. N. of wk. - manda, m. the scum of melted butter, Susr. - mālin, m. N. of a Rishi, MBh. (v. l. sarpa-m^o). - mehin, mfn. having urine like clo butter, Susr. Sarpish, in comp. for sarpis. - kāmya, Nom.P. ovati, to like clarified butter, Pāņ. viii, 3, 39, Sch. - kuṇḍikā, f. a butter-jar, g. kaskadi. - ṭama, n. superl., Kāš. on Pāņ. viii, 3, 101. - tara, n. more genuine clob, more excellent ghee, ib.; APrāt., Sch. - tas, ind., Kāš. on Pāņ. viii, 3, 101. - tā, f. (ib.) or -tva, n. (ib.; Kāth.) the being clob. - mat (sár-

Sarpishka (ifc.) = sarpis, g. urah-prabhriti.
Sarpis, n. clarified butter (i. e. melted butter with the scum cleared off, commonly called 'ghee,' either fluid or solidified; also pl.), RV. &c. &c. = samudra, m. = sarpih-s', W. = sāt, ind., APrāt., Sch.

pish-), mfn. provided or prepared with clobo. SBr.:

Uttarar. - vat (sarpish-), mfn.id., Kāth.; TS.; TBr.

1. Sarpī, f., see under sarpā. — shṭa (pīsh), n. = sarpēshṭa, L. (prob. w.r.) 2. Sarpī, in comp. for sarpa. — hhū, P.-bha-

vati, to become a serpent, Kathās. सर्वे sarb (also written samb), cl. 1. P. sarbati, to go, move, Dhātup. xi, 30.

समें sarma. See p. 1183, col. 1.

सर्व् sarv, v.l. for √sarv, q.v.

सर्वे $s\acute{a}rva$, $mf(\bar{a})n$. (perhaps connected with sāra, q.v.; inflected as a pronoun except nom. acc. sg. n. sarvam, and serving as a model for a series of pronominals, cf. sarva-nāman) whole, entire, all, every (m. sg. 'every one;' pl. 'all;' n. sg. 'everything;' sometimes strengthened by visva [which if alone in RV. appears in the meaning 'all,' 'every,' 'every one'] and nikhila; sarve'pi, 'all together;' sarvah ko 'pi, 'every one so ever; 'gavām sarvam, 'all that comes from cows; sarva with a negation = not any,' 'no,' 'none' or 'not every one,' 'not everything'), RV. &c. &c.; of all sorts, manifold, various, different, MBh. &c.; (with another adjective or in comp.; cf. below) altogether, wholly, completely, in all parts, everywhere, RV.; ChUp. &c.; (am), ind. (with sarvena) completely, Divyav.; m. (declined like a subst.) N. of Šiva, MBh.; of Kṛishṇa, Bhag.; of a Muni, Cat.; pl. N. of a people, MarkP.;