Mādhurya, n. sweetness, Kāv.; Sušr.; loveliness, exquisite beauty, charm, MBh.; Kāv. &cc.; (with Vaishnavas) a feeling of tender affection (for Krishna like that of a girl for her lover), RTL. 141; (in rhet.) grace of style (esp. consisting in the employment of separated words in a sentence, as opp. to slesha, q.v.), Vām.; Kpr. &c.; mfn. sweetly speaking, Kull. on Mn. x, 33. — kadambinī, f. N. of wk

from Bassia Latifolia, Kull. on Mn. xi, 95; (= madhura-bhāshin) sweet-voiced (said of the Maitreyakas), Mn. x, 33 (Kull.; cf. mādhuka); n. a kind of mead, Yājñ., Sch.

माधूची mādhūcī, f. du. (prob. formed after the analogy of mādhvī, q.v.) N. of the Asvins, VS.

माधूल mādhūla, m. patr. fr. madhūla (also pl.), Saṃskārak.

माध्य mādhyà, mfn. (fr. madhya, of which it is also the Vriddhi form in comp.) middle, central, mid, TS. - m-dina  $(m\hat{a}dh^{\circ})$ , mf $(\vec{i})$ n. (fr. madhyam-dina) belonging to midday, meridional, RV. &c. &c.; m. = mādhyamdinah pavanah, ŠānkhŠr.; pl. N. of a branch of the Vājasaneyins, Inscr. &c. (cf. IW. 150; 245, 2); of an astron. school who fixed the starting-point of planetary movements at noon, Col.; of a family, Pravar.; (i), f. (with  $siksh\bar{a}$ ) N. of wk.; n. =  $m\bar{a}dhyamdinam$ savanam, KātySr.; N. of a Tirtha, Cat.; -grihya, n. N. of wk.; -vat, ind. as at the midday oblation, KātySr.; -šākhā, f. the school of the Mādhyamdinas ("khīya, mfn. belonging to it), Cat.; -samhitā, f., -samdhyā-prayoga, m.; ondranyaka-vyākhyā, f. N. of wks. - m-dināyana, m. (prob. fr. madhyam-dina) N. of a teacher, BrĀrUp. - m-dini, m. (fr. id.) N. of a grammarian, Kār. on Pāņ. vii, I, 94. –  $\mathbf{m}$ -dinīya,  $\operatorname{mf}(\bar{a})$ n. (fr.  $m\bar{a}dhyamdina$ ) usual at the midday oblation (also vaka), SrS.; belonging to the school of the Mādhyamdinas, Cat. - m-dineya, m. pl. the school of the Mo, ib. - stha, mfn, (fr. madhya-stha) being in a middle state, indifferent, impartial, Kam.; n. indifference, impartiality, Mn. iv, 257. - sthya, n. (fr. madhya-stha) = prec. n., Dhūrtas.; intercession, mediation, W. Mā**dhyāhnika,**  $mf(\bar{i})n$ . (fr. madhyāhna) belonging to midday, taking place at noon, MarkP.; -mantra, m. or n., -samdhyā-prayoga, m. N. of wks.

Mādhyama, mfn. (fr. madhyama) relating to the middle, middlemost, central (also applied to the composers of the middle portion of the Rig-veda i.e. of books ii-vii), SānkhBr.; GrS.; Pat.; middleborn, W.; m. pl. N. of a race, Pravar. — sthya, n. (fr. madhyama-stha) g. brāhmanâdi.

Mādhyamaka, mf(ikā)n. (fr. madhyama) relating to the middle region (i.e. the atmosphere), Nir.; (ikā), f. N. of the middle portion of the Kāthaka. keya, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. (v. l. madhyamakeya).

Mādhyamika, mfn. (fr. madhyama) = mādhyamaka, Nir. (also applied to a kind of cloth, Pat.); m. pl. N. of a Buddhist school, MWB. 157; 159; of a people in central India, VarBiS. \*kīya, mfn. = madhyamikāyām bhavah, Pat.

Mādhyamineya, m. metron. fr. madhyamā, g. kalyāny-ādi.

দালে mādhva, m. an adherent of Madhva (see p. 782, col. 3), W. — siddhânta-sāra, m. N. of wk.

मध्यक mādhvaka, ovika, mādhvī. See p. 808, col. 3.

मान् mān, el. 1. 10. P. mānati, mānayati, to honour, respect, Dhātup. xxxiv, 36 (cf.  $\sqrt{man}$ , of which mānayati is the Caus.)

**417** 1.  $m \dot{a} n a$ , m.  $(\sqrt{man})$  opinion, notion, conception, idea, Tattvas. (cf.  $\bar{a}tma-m^{\circ}$ ); purpose, wish, design, AitBr.; self-conceit, arrogance, pride, KaushUp.; Mn. &c. (with Buddhists one of the 6 evil feelings, Dharmas. 67; or one of the 10 fetters to be got rid of, MWB. 127); (also n.) consideration, regard, respect, honour, Mn.; MBh. &c.; a wounded sense of honour, anger or indignation excited by jealousy (esp. in women), caprice, sulking, Kāv.; Dašar.; Sāh.; N. of the father of Agastya (perhaps also of  $A^{\circ}$  himself; pl. the family of Māna), RV.; (in astron.) N. of the tenth house, VarBṛS.

(W. also 'a blockhead; an agent; a barbarian'). - kalaha, m. quarrel arising from jealousy, rivalry, Kathās.; pl. N. of a people, MārkP. - kali, m. mutual disdain or ill-will, Amar. - krit, mfn. showing honour or respect (to others), MBh. - kshati, f. injury to ho, mortification, insult, Rajat. - griha, n. N. of a place in Nepal. - granthi, m. violent or lasting anger, Cand. - grahana, n. fit of sulkiness, Ratnav. - tantavya, prob. w.r. for mānut, Gobh. - tas, ind. from or through honour, for honour's sake, MBh. - ta, f, the being a proof, Nyāyam. - tunga, m. 'a man high in ho,' N. of various authors (also -sūri and ogâcārya), Cat. - 1. -tva, n. haughtiness, arrogance, MW. - 1. -da, mfn.  $(\sqrt{d\bar{a}})$  giving or showing honour (esp. voc. sg. 'honour-giver' in respectful address), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; m. a mystical N. of the letter  $\bar{a}$ , RāmatUp.; pl. N. of a people, MārkP.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. the second Kalā or digit of the moon, Cat.; n. (scil. astra) N. of a partic. magical weapon, R. -2. -da, mfn. ( $\sqrt{do}$ ) destroying arrogance or pride, MW. - deva, m. N. of a prince, L. - dhana, mfn. rich in honour, Ragh. - dhmāta, mfn. puffed up with pride, MW. - para,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ , wholly addicted to pride, very proud or arrogant, Sis.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. N. of a woman, Kathās. — parikhandana, n. = -bhanga, Can. - purahsaram, ind. with (lit. 'preceded by ') honour, Pancat. - prana, mfn. valuing ho like one's life, Kathās. — bhanga, m. breach or loss of honour, Can, - bhaj, mfn. receiving ho from (comp.), Mn. ii, 139. - bhrit, mfn. possessing pride, Kir. - mandara or -mandira, m. N. of Rāvaņa, L. - maya, m. a partic. article of enjoyment or luxury (?), Hariv. 8455 (Nīlak.) - mahat, mfn. great in pride, extremely proud, Bhartr. - mātra, n. mere honour, Pañcat. - mānya, mfn. (to be) held in ho, MBh. - mau**na,** n. silence caused by pride, MBh. **– yajña,** m. a sacrifice instituted through pride, ib. - ratha, m. N. of a king, VP. - vat, mfn. enjoying honour, rich in h<sup>o</sup>,TUp.; (atī), f. (a woman) angry from jealousy, Siš.; Kathās. – varjaka, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh.; Pur. (v.l. -vartika and -valaka). - var**jita**, mfn. destitute of h°, MBh.; dishonouring, BhP. - vardhana, mfn. increasing (a person's) ho, indicating respect, Mn. ix, 115. - vikrayin, mfn. selling one's ho, Kathās.; Rājat. - 1. -sāra, m. or n. a high degree of pride, Das.; m. N. of a king of Mālava, ib. - sinha, m. N. of a king and various authors, Cat.; -kīrti-muktāvalī, f. N. of wk. - sthiti, f., see under 2. māna. - svarūpa, n. the nature of honour; "pabhijna-tva, n. knowledge of the no of ho, Rajat. - han, mf(ghni)n. destroying pride, MarkP. - hani, f. loss of honour, A. Mānāgnihotra, n. an Agnihotra instituted through pride, MBh. Mānānka, m. N. of an author, Cat. Mānananda, m. N. of a teacher of Yoga, ib. Mānândha, mfn. blinded by pride, Venīs. Mānâpamāna, n. du. honour and dishonour, Bhag.; w.r. for manavabhanga. Manarha, mfn. worthy of ho, Mn. ii, 137. Manavabhanga, m. destruction of pride or anger, Vikr. iv, 25. Manasa, mfn. driving away pride or arrogance, Sis. Manasakta, mfn. given to pride, haughty, VarBrS. Manôtsaha, m. energy arising from self-confidence, Pañcat. Manôtseka-parākrama-vyasanin, mfn. possessing intense diligence, prowess, haughtiness and pride, Hit. Mānônnata, mfn. (a head) uplifted in pride, Ragh. Manônnati, f. high honour, great respect, Bhartr. Manônmada, m. infatuation of pride, Pancat. Manônmukta, mín. destitute of honour, VarBrS.

**Mānana**, mfn. (fr. Caus.) honouring, serving as a token of respect, Nir.; n. and  $(\bar{a})$ , f. paying honour, showing respect, MBh.; Kāv. &c.

Mananiya, mfn. to be honoured, deserving honour from (gen.), Kav.; Pur.; Rajat.; m. an honourable man, Kad.

Mānayāna, mfn. (for mānayamāna, cf. Vām. v, 2, 83) showing honour or respect, MBh.; BhP. Mānayitavya, mfn. to be honoured, deserving honour or respect, MBh.

Manayitri, mfn. one who honours or respects, ib., Hariv. &c.

**Māni**, in comp. for I.  $m\bar{a}nin$ . —  $t\bar{a}$ , f. (ifc.) the fancying that one possesses, imaginary possession of  $(j\bar{n}\bar{a}na-m^{\circ})$ , MBh.; honouring, esteeming, ib.; pride, Kir. — tva, n. (ifc.) the thinking one's self to be or have, MBh.; pride, arrogance  $(a-m^{\circ})$ , Bhag.; the being honoured, receiving honour, MBh.

Mānika = 1. mānin in pandita-mānika, q. v. Mānita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) honoured, respected, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; n. showing honour or respect, Hariv. - sena, m. N. of a king, Buddh.

1. Mānin, mfn. (fr. \( \sqrt{man} \) or fr. 1. māna) thinking, being of opinion, KathUp.; high-minded, haughty, proud towards (\( \textit{prati} \)) or of (\( -tas \), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; highly honoured or esteemed, ib.; (ifc.) thinking (esp. one's self) to be or have, appearing as or passing for (see \( \textit{darsanīya-, pandita-m}^\circ &c. \); highly esteeming or honouring (see f.); m. Marsilia Dentata, L.; (\( ini \)), f. a disdainful or sulky woman, Kāv.; (ifc.) the wife of (see \( madhu-māninī \), lit. 'highly esteeming her husband'); Aglaia Odorata, L.; a kind of metre, W. (prob. w.r. for \( malini \); N. of an Apsaras, VP.; of a daughter of Vidūrastha and wife of Rājya-vardhana, MārkP.

Mānya, mfn. to be respected or honoured, worthy of honour, respectable, venerable, Mn.; MBh. &c.; (mānyá), m. patr. fr. 1. māna, RV. i, 163, 14, &c.; N. of Maitrāvaruņi (author of RV.viii, 67), RAnukr.—tva, n. the being honoured by (gen.), respectability, worthiness, VarBṛS.—sthāna, n. a title to respect, Mn. ii, 136.

मान 2.  $m\bar{a}na$ , m.  $(\sqrt{3}.m\bar{a})$  a building, house, dwelling, RV.; an altar, Apast.; (mānā) a preparation, decoction (?), RV. x, 144, 5;  $(\bar{i})$ , f. measure (see tiryan-m°); a partic. measure (= 2 Añjalis), L.; n. measuring, meting out, KātyŠr.; Hariv. &c.; measure, measuring-cord, standard, RV. &c. &c.; dimension, size, height, length (in space and time), weight, ib. (ifc. = fold, see  $\dot{s}at\dot{a}-m^{\circ}$ ); a partic. measure or weight  $(=krishnala \text{ or } raktik\bar{a}; \text{ accord.}$ to Sch. on TS. and KātyŚr. 100 Mānas = 5 Palas or Panas); form, appearance, RV.; likeness, resemblance, Šiš.; (in phil.) proof, demonstration, means of proof  $(=pra-m\bar{a}na, q.v.)$  - kathana, n. N. of wk. - kanda, m. Arum Indicum, Bhpr. - 2. -tva, n. the being a measure or standard, L. - 3. -da. mfn. (for I. and 2. see under I. mana) measuring. W. - dīpikā, f. N. of a Vedânta wk. - dhānikā. f. a species of gourd or cucumber, L. - bhadraka. m. a kind of pavilion, Vāstuv. - manjarī, f. a dictionary of Sanskrit and Bhāshā; -guna-leša-sūcaka-dasaka, n. N. of wk. - manohara, m. or n. (?) N. of a wk. on the Mimānsā by Vāg-isvara. - m-paca, mfn. (a vessel) cooking a partic. quantity of anything, Vop., Sch. - yoga, m. pl. the various methods or applications of measuring and weighing, Mn. ix, 330. - randhrā or -randhrī, f. a kind of water-clock or clepsydra, L. - veda-campū, f., -samuccaya-tīkā, f. N. of wks. - 2. -sāra. m. N. of a wk. on architecture (or of a sage, its reputed author), IW. 185. - sūtra, n. a measuringcord. Das.; a cord or chain worn round the body, L. - sthalaka, mfn. (fr. māna-sthalī), g. dhūmddi. - sthiti, f. 'right measure' or 'strong sentiment of honour' (the latter fr. 1. māna), Sinhas. Mānangula-mahā-tantra, n. N. of a Tantra. Mānâdhika, mfn. exceeding all measure, too large. VarBrS. Mānādhyāya, m. 'measurement-chapter,' N. of ch. of Sūryas. Mānônmānikā, f., g. *šāka-pārthivādi*, Siddh.

**Mānaka**, n. measure, weight, Hcat. (esp. ifc.); m. n. Arum Indicum (cf.  $m\bar{a}naka$  and  $m\bar{a}na-kan-da$ );  $(ik\bar{a})$ , f. a partic. weight or measure (= 2 Añ-jalis), Siddh. (cf.  $m\bar{a}n\bar{i}$ ); a partic. spirituous liquor, L. 2. **Mānin**, mfn. measuring, applying a measure, measurable, VP.

मान: शिल mānaḥsila, mf(i)n. consisting of realgar or red arsenic, MBh.

मानन mānana, mānanīya &c. See col. 2.

मानव mānavá, mf(i)n. (fr. mánu) descended from or belonging to man or Manu, human, RV. &c. &c.; favouring men, RV. ix, 98, 9; m. a human being, man, RV. &c. &c.; patr, fr. mánu (N. of Nābhā-nedishtha, Sāryāta, Cakshus, Nahusha, Bhrigu, Su-dyumna, Karūsha, and Deva-hūti), Br.; Pur. &c.; N. of a cosmic period, VP.; pl. the children of men, mankind, RV. &c. &c.; the races of men (of which 5 or 7 are reckoned), AV.; Br.; the subjects of a king, Mn.; R.; N. of a school of the black Yajurveda, Hcat.;  $(\bar{i})$ , f. a daughter of man, a woman, RV. &c. &c.; Jasminum Auriculatum, L.; N. of a Vidyā-devī, L.; of a goddess (executing the commands of the 11th Arhat of the present Avasarpini), L.; of a river, MBh. (v.l. tāmasī); pl. N. of partic. verses, Gaut.; n. a man's length (as a measure), VarB<sub>1</sub>S.; a partic. penance, Prâyasc.; N. of various