having the size of a berry, Susr. Pippalada, mfn. eating the fruit of the Peepal tree, BhP.; given to sensual pleasures, ib.; m. N. of an ancient teacher of the AV.; PrasnUp.; MBh. &c.; pl. his school (also odaka); -tīrtha, n. N. of a Tīrtha, SivaP.; -srāddha-kalpa, m., -sruti, f., -sūtra, n., dôpanishad, f. N. of wks. Pippala-vatī, f. N. of a river, VP. - Pippalasana, mfn. = pippalada, CulUp. Pippalêsa, m. N. of a man, Sinhâs.

Pippalaka, m. a pin, Car.; n. a nipple, L.;

sewing thread, L.

Pippaladi, m. N. of a man, Hariv. (v. l. paippo). Pippalayana, m. N. of a man, BhP.

Pippalāyani, m. N. of a teacher, ib. (v.l. paippo). Pippali, f. long pepper, Apast.; n. (with Vasishthasya) N. of a Saman. - sroni, f. N. of a river, MārkP.

Pippali, f. a berry, AV.; Piper Longum (both plant and berry), R.; Var.; Susr. -mūla, n. the root of long pepper, Bhpr.; °līya, mfn., g. utkaradi. - lavana, n. du. pepper and salt, R. - vardhamāna and onaka, n. N. of a partic. kind of medical treatment in which grains of pepper are given in increasing and decreasing quantity, Susr.

Pippalikā, f. the small Peepal tree, L.

Pippalīya, mfn., g. utkarādi.

Pippalū, m. N. of a man, g. gargadi.

पिष्पका pippikā, f. the tartar of the teeth, L. (cf. pittaka).

पिप्पीका pippīkā, f. a species of bird, Var. पिष्परा pipyaṭā, f. sugar, L.

पिप्रोमा piprīshā, f. (\sqrt{pri} , Desid.) desire of pleasing or showing kindness, R.; Var., Car. shu, mfn. wishing to give pleasure, MBh.; Hariv.

fun pípru, m. (\sqrt{pri}) N. of a demon conquered by Indra, RV.

fun piplu, m. (pi for $api + \sqrt{plu}$?) a freckle, mark, mole, Nal. - karna, mfn. having a mark on the ear, Kathas. - pracchadana, mfn. covering or concealing a mole, Nal.

पिन piba, mfn. ($\sqrt{1. p\bar{a}}$) drinking, who or what drinks, Pān. iii, I. 137 (cf. tri-).

Piba-vat, mfn. containing a form of the verb pibati, AitBr.

1पन्स् pibd (prob. = pi-pad), only pr. p. \overline{A} . pibdamāna, becoming or being firm or solid, SBr. Pibdaná, mfn. firm, hard, solid, compact, SBr.

िपयार $piy\bar{a}ru$, mfn. (\sqrt{piy}) censuring, mocking, overbearing, mischievous, RV.; AV.

पियाल piyāla, m. (for priyāla, q. v.) the tree Buchanania Latifolia (in Bengal commonly called Piyal); n. its fruit, MBh.; Hariv.; R. - bīja, n. the seed of the Piyal tree, R. - majjā, f. the marrow of the Piyal tree, ib.

पिम्परिpimparior ori,f. Ficus Infectoria, L. पिम्पला pimpalā, f. N. of a river, Rājat. (perhaps w.r. for $pippal\bar{a}$).

पियाक piyāka, m. N. of a poet, Cat. (cf. priyāka).

पित्र pil, cl. 10. P. pelayati, to throw, send, impel, incite, Dhātup. xxxii, 65 (cf. pel, vil).

Pilu or oluka, m. a species of tree $(=p\bar{\imath}lu)$, Suir. - parni, f. Sanseviera Roxburghiana, Car.

पिति pili, m. N. of a man, Samskārak.

पिलिन्दवत्स pilinda-vatsa, m. N. of a disciple of Gautama Buddha, SaddhP.

पिलिपिक pilipiccha, °picchi, °picchika or piñja, m. N. of a demon, Hcat.; AgP.

ਪਿਲਿਘਿਲ pilippila, $mf(\hat{a})$ n. slippery, VS.

Pilpilá, mf(\tilde{a})n. id., MaitrS.; (\tilde{a}), f. N. of Lakshmī, Gal.

पिन्न pilla, mfn. blear-eyed; m. a bleared eye, L. (cf. paillya).

Pillaka, f. a female elephant, W.

Tun 1. piś (pinś), cl. 6. P. (Dhātup. xxviii, 143) pinšati, Ved. also A. ote (pf. pipėša, pipisė, ošre, RV.; aor. p. pišana, ib.; any flesh or meat, AV. &c. &c.; a small piece, AV.

apesīt, Gr.; fut. pesishyati, pesitā, Gr.), to hew out, carve, prepare (esp. meat), make ready, adorn (A. also 'one's self'); to form, fashion, mould, RV.; TBr.: Pass. pisyáte, AV.: Caus. pesayati, aor. apīpisat, Gr.: Desid. pipisishati or pipesishati, ib.: Intens., see pépisat, sana. [Cf. Gk. ποικίλος; Slav. pišati; Angl. Sax. fâh.]

2. Pis, f. ornament, decoration, RV. vii, 18, 2 (cf. višva-, šukra-, su-).

Pisá, m. = ruru, a sort of deer (probably so called from its colour; cf. next), RV. i, 64, 8 (Say.); (i), f. Nardostachys Jatamansi, L.

Pisánga, mf(i)n. reddish, ro-brown or -yellow, tawny, RV. &c. &c.; m. a ro or tawny colour, W.; N. of a serpent-demon, TāṇḍBr.; MBh. - jaṭa, m. 'having a reddish braid or hair,' N. of an ascetic, Kathās. – tā, f. (Šiš.), -tva, n. (Mcar.), r^o or tawny colour. - bhrishti (pisánga-), mfn. having ro prongs, RV. i, 133, 5. - rati, mfn. giving roi.e. golden gifts, RV. - rupa and -samdris (pisánga-), of a ro or yellow appearance, RV.; AV. Pisángâsva, mín. having ro or tawny horses, RV.

Pisangaka, m. N. of an attendant of Vishnu,

Pisangaya, Nom. P. oyati, to dye reddish, Kir. Pisangita, mfn. dyed reddish-yellow, Kad.

Pisangilá, mf(a)n. reddish, VS.

Pisangī-√kri, to dye reddish, Mudr.

Pisācá, m. (ifc. f. \bar{a}) N. of a class of demons (possibly so called either from their fondness for flesh [pisa for pisita] or from their yellowish appearance; they were perhaps originally a personification of the ignis fatuus; they are mentioned in the Veda along with Asuras and Rākshasas, see also Mn. xii, 44; in later times they are the children of Krodha, cf. IW. 276); a fiend, ogre, demon, imp, malevolent or devilish being, AV. &c. &c. (ifc. 'a devil of a -,' Kād.); N. of a Rakshas, R.; (\hat{a}) , f. N. of a daughter of Daksha and mother of the Pisācas, VP.; (i), f. a female Po, a she-devil, AV. &c. &c. (also ifc. = m.); excessive fondness for (ifc.; e.g. āyudha-po, eo fo for fighting), Bālar.; Anarghar.; a species of Valerian, L.; N. of a Yogini, Hcat. - kāla-cakra-yuddha-varņana, n. N. of wk. - ksháyana, mín. destroying Pisacas, AV. - grihītaka, m. one possessed of Pos or demons, Kād. -carya, f. the practice of Pos, BhP. -catana, mfn. driving away Pos, AV. -jámbhana, mfn. crushing Pos, ib. - ta, f., -tva, n. the state or condition of a Po, demoniacal nature, Kav.; Kathas. -dakshinā, f. a gift (such as given) among Pos, MBh. - dīpikā, f. 'lamp of the Pos,' an ignis fatuus, MW. - dru, m. Trophis Aspera (the favourite

haunt of Pos), L. - pati, m. 'lord of Pos,' N. of Siva, Kav. - badha, f. demoniacal possession, MW. -bhasha, f. 'Po language,' a corrupt dialect or gibberish (mostly used in plays), Kathās. - bhāshya, n. N. of Comm. on Bhag. (cf. paisāca-bh°). -bhikshā, f. alms (such as given) among Pos, Apast. (cf. -dakshinā). - mocana, n. 'deliverance of the Pos,' N. of ch. of SkandaP.; = -tīrtha, ib.; -kathana, n. N. of ch. of KūrmaP.; -tīrtha, n. N. of a sacred bathing-place, SkandaP. - vadana, mfn. having the face of a Po, Mcar. - vidya-veda, m.the Veda of the Pos, AsvSr. - vriksha, m. = -dru, L. - veda, m. = $-vidy\bar{a}-veda$, GopBr. - svan, m. 'dog-Pos,' N. of a demon malevolently disposed towards children, ApGr., Sch. - samcara, m. = -bādhā, MW. - zabha, n. assemblage of Pos or fiends, pandemonium, L. -han, mfn. slaying Pos,' Kath. Pisacangana, f. a female Po, a she-

sa, m. pl. Pos, serpents, and Rākshasas, Nal. Pisācaka, $mf(ik\bar{a})n. = pisāce kusalah, g. \bar{a}kar$ shādi; m. a Pisāca, MBh.; Var. &c.; (ikā), f. = pišācī (esp. ifc.; cf. āšā-, āyudha-, gandha- &c.); N. of a river, MarkP.; (sc. bhāshā) f. = pišāca-bho, L. * ka-pura, n. N. of a village, Rajat.

devil, Prab. Pisacalaya, m. 'abode of Pos,

phosphorescence, Var. Pisacôdumbara, m. a

species of tree, ApGr., Sch. Pisacôraga-raksha-

Pisācakin, m. N. of Kubera (Vaisravaņa), Pat.

on Pāņ. v, 2, 129. Pisāci, m. = pisāca or N. of a demon, RV. i, 133,5. Pisācikī, f. N. of a river (= dasārņā), Gal. (cf.

under *pišācaka*). Pisaci-karana, n. transforming into a Pisaca, Cat. Pisita, mfn. made ready, prepared, dressed, adorned, AV.; (ā), f. Nardostachys Jatamansi, L.; n. (also pl.) flesh which has been cut up or prepared,

vi, 127, 1. - nibha, mfn. resembling flesh, Susr. —pankâvanaddhâsthi-pañjara-maya, $\min(ar{i})$ n. consisting of a skeleton of bones covered with flaccid flesh, Prab. - pinda, m. a piece of fo, ib. - praroha, m. a fleshy excrescence, Susr. - bhuj, mfn. eating flesh, a fo-eater, Var. - locana, mfn. having fleshy eyes, Sarvad. - vasā-maya, mf(i)n. consisting of fo and fat, Prab. Pisitakankshin, mfn. greedy for fo, MBh. Pisitama, (prob.) n. raw fo, SānkhGr. Pisitasa, m. a fo-eating demon, a Pisaca or Rakshas, Hariv.; Rājat; (ā), f. N. of a Yogini, Hcat. Pisitaiana, mfn. fo-eating, MBh.; Suir.; m. a wolf, MBh.; = prec. m., R. Pisitasin, min. = prec. mfn., MBh.; m. a fo-eating demon, R.; N. of a demon, Hariv. Pisitêpsu, min. eager for fo or meat, MW. Pisitandana, m. or n. boiled rice with meat, Bhpr.

Pisī, f. of pisa, q. v.

Písuna, mín. backbiting, slanderous, calumnious, treacherous, malignant, base, wicked; a backbiter, informer, betrayer, RV. &c. &c.; (ifc.) showing, betraying, manifesting, telling of, memorable for, Kālid.; Kathās.; Pur.; m. cotton, L.; a crow, L.; N. of Nārada; of a goblin dangerous to pregnant women, MārkP.; of a Brāhman, Hariv.; of a minister of Dushyanta, Śak.; (ā), f. Medicago Esculenta, L.; n. informing against, betraying, MBh.; saffron, L.; (i), f. N. of a river (described as the Mandakini), R. (cf. IW. 351, 2). - ta, f. slander, scandal, detraction, Bhartr. - vacana, -vākya, n. (W.); -vāda, m. (Hit.) evil speech, detraction, slander.

Pisunaya, Nom. P. vati, to betray, manifest,

show, indicate, Sak.; Ratnav.

Pisunita, mfn. betrayed, shown, Ratnav.; Balar. 1. Pishtá, mfn. (for 2. see \sqrt{pish}) fashioned, prepared, decorated (superl. -tama), RV.; AV.; VS.; $n = r\bar{u}pa$, Naigh, iii, 7.

पिशिक pišika, m.pl. N. of a people in the south, Var.; MarkP.

ি pisīla, n. a wooden vessel or dish, SBr. (also -ka, KātySr., Sch.); ($\bar{\imath}$), f. = $pi\bar{s}\bar{\imath}la$ - $v\bar{\imath}n\bar{a}$, Lāty. - mātra, n. = bāhvor antarālam, ApSr., Sch. - vīṇā, f. a kind of stringed instrument, Lāṭy.

fue pish, cl. 7. P. (Dhātup. xxix, 15) pinashti (rarely A.; Subj. 2. 3. sg. pinak, RV.; Impv. pinshá, AV.; pinshe; apinshat; pisheyam, MBh.; pf. pipesha, pipishe, RV.; aor. apikshan, SBr.; fut. pekshyati, Up.; peshta, Gr.; ind. p. pishtva, -pesham, Br.; pishya, MBh.; inf. péshtum, péshtavai, Br.), to crush, bruise, grind, pound, hurt, injure, destroy (fig. also with gen., Pan. ii, 3,56), RV.&c.&c.: Caus. peshayati(201. apīpishat, Gr.), to crush, bruise, grind &c., GrS.; MBh.; Car. (Gr. also 'to give; to be strong; to dwell'). [Cf. Zd. pish; Gk. πτίσσω[?]; Lat. pinsere, pīsere.] 2. Pishtá, mfn. (for 1. see above) crushed, ground &c., RV. &c. &c.; clasped, squeezed, rubbed together (as the hands), W.; kneaded, ib.; m. a cake, pastry, L.; N. of a man, g. sivadi; pl. his descendants, g. upakādi; (i), f., see s. v.; n. flour, meal, anything ground (na pinashti pishtam, 'he does not grind flour' i. e. he does no useless work), BhP.; lead, L. -ja, mfn. made of flour, Hcat. -pacana, n. a pan for baking fo, Susr. - pasu, m. an effigy of a sacrificial animal made with fo or dough, Mn. v, 37; -khandana-mīmānsā,f.,-tiraskarinī,f.,-nirnaya, m., -sarani, f., -sādhaka-grantha, m. N. of wks. - paka, m. a quantity of baked flour; -bhrit, mfn.containing bofo, L.; m. a boiler, A. - pacaka, n. = -pacana, L. - patri, f. a pastry-dish, L. - pinda, m. a cake of flour, TBr., Sch. - pura, m. a sort of cake (made of fo and butter), L. (cf. ghrita-po). -pesha, m. grinding foor what is already ground, useless labour, BhP. - peshana, n., id.; -nyāya, m. the rule of go fo (oyena, on the principle of grinding the ground' i. e. labouring uselessly), ApGr., Sch. - bhajana, mfn. receiving meal, GopBr. -bhuj, mfn. eating mo, BhP. -maya, mf(i)n. made of or mixed with flour, SamavBr.; MBh. &c.; (with jala), n. water sprinkled with fo, MBh. - meha, m. f°-like diabetes; °hin, mfn. suffering from it, Susr. - rasa, m. water mixed with fo, MBh.; Suir. - ratrī, f. an effigy made of fo symbolizing an inauspicious night, AV. Paris.; otryāh kalpa, m. N. of 5th Paris. of AV. -lepa, m. fo-blot, impurity from meal or fo sticking to clothes &c., ManGr. - varti, f. a sort of cake made of fo, L. - saurabha, n. pulverized sandal-wood, L. - svedam, ind. (with