चावद्गक $v\bar{a}vad\bar{u}ka$, mfn. (fr. Intens. of \sqrt{vad}) talking much, eloquent, garrulous, disputatious, MBh.; Samk.; m. N. of a man, g. kurv-ādi. - tā, f. garrulity, loquaciousness, MW. - tva, n. id., eloquence, Pañcar.

Vāvadūkya, m. patr. fr. vāvadūka.

वावय vāvaya, m. a sort of basil, Ocymum Sanctum, L.

वावर *vāvara*, m. a partic. Pañca-rātra, ĀsvŠr.

বাৰল vāvala (?), m. a kind of plant, L.

वावझ vāvalla, m. a kind of arrow, L.

वावशत् vāvašat. See √vāš.

वावज्ञान vāvašāná. See \sqrt{va} s and $v\bar{a}$ s.

वावसान vāvasāná. See √5. vas.

वावहि vavahi, mfn. (fr. Intens. of \sqrt{vah}) carrying or conducting well, RV.

वावात vāvāta, mfn. (Padap. vavāta; fr. \sqrt{van}) beloved, dear, RV.; (\bar{a}) , f. a king's favourite wife (accord, to Sch. inferior to the mahishī, but superior to the pari-vrikti, Br.; GrSrS.; R. Vāvātri, m. an adherent, follower, RV.

বার্ট vāvuṭa, m. (cf. vārbaṭa) a raft, boat, vessel, L.

वावृत् vāvrit, cl. 4. Ā. (Dhātup. xxvi, 51, rather Intens. fr. a lost $\sqrt{3}$. vrit) vāvrityate (only pr. p. vāvrityamāna), to choose, select, Bhatt.

Vāvritta, mfn. chosen, selected, appointed, L.

বাৰ্ড vāvriddha, v.l. for vācā-vriddha, q.v.

वाव्धध्ये vävridhadhyai. See \sqrt{vridh} . Vāvridhénya, mfn. (Padap. vavo) to be increased or comforted, RV.

বাহা $var{a}\dot{s}$, cl. 4. Ā. (Dhātup. xxvi, 54) vāšyate (ep. also vāšyati, Ved. and ep. also vāšati, te; pf. vavāše, sire; in RV. also vāvaire and p. vāvaiāná; aor. avāsishta, Br.; fut. vāsitā, vāsishyate, Gr.; ind. vāsitum, ib.; ind. p. vāšitvā, -vāšya, VarBrS.), to roar, howl, bellow, bleat, low (as a cow), cry, shriek, sing (like a bird) sound, resound, RV. &c. &c.: Caus. vāšayati (aor. avavāšat, in RV. also avīvašat, avīvašanta), to cause to roar or low or resound or thunder, RV.; (A.) to roar or sound aloud, ib.: Desid. vivāšishate, Gr.: Intens. vāvāšyate (v.l. rārāšyate, MBh.), vāvashti (impf. aor. ávāvašanta, vāvašanta, avāvasītām; p. vāvašat), to roar or scream or sound aloud, RV. [$V\bar{a}\dot{s}$ is sometimes wrongly written $v\bar{a}s$.]

1. Vāśá, mfn. roaring, sounding, RV. viii, 19, 31; $(v\bar{a}\dot{s}a)$, id. (only \vec{a} and \vec{i} , f. pl. applied to water), VS.; TS.

I. Vāsaka, mfn. (for 2. see below) croaking,

screaming, warbling (said of birds), Mricch. Vāsana, mfn. id., Bhatt.; m. (samjñāyām), g. nandy-ādi; n. the act of roaring, bleating &c., TBr., Sch. (cf. ghora- v°).

Vāsi, m. 'roaring,' fire or the god of fire, Un. iv,

124, Sch.

1. Vāsita, mfn. roared, cried, sung, MBh. &c.; n. roaring, croaking, yelling, howl, cry, scream, MBh.; R.; VarBrS.; Kathās.

Vāsin, mfn. (also written vāsin) howling, croak-

ing &c., Kām. (cf. ghora-v°).

 $\forall \ddot{a} \dot{s} \dot{r} \dot{a}$, mf(\dot{a})n. roaring, lowing, howling, thundering, sounding, whistling &c., RV.; BhP. (compar. -tara, Kāth.); m. a day, L.; (ā), f. (scil. dhenú) a lowing cow, any cow, RV.; AV. (also written vāsrā); a mother, MW.; n. (only L.) a building; a place where four roads meet; dung.

বায় 2. vāša, m. patr. fr. vaša, ŠānkhŠr.; n. N. of a Sāman, ĀrshBr.

वाशक 2. vāšaka, m. (and oikā, f.) Gendarussa Vulgaris, L. (cf. 1. vāsa, vāsaka).

বায়াৰ $v\bar{a}\dot{s}ava$, m. $=v\bar{a}sava$, L.

বায়া vāsā, f. a species of plant, Kaus.

वाशित 2. vāsita = 1. vāsita, L.

वाज्ञिता vāsitā, f. (also written vāsitā, prob. fr. \sqrt{vas}) a cow desiring the bull (also applied to

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other animals desiring the male, esp. to a female elephant), AV. &c. &c.; a woman, wife, MBh. -grishti, f. a young female elephant, MBh. xi, 642 (cf. Pān. ii, 1, 65).

বাজিষ vāsishtha, incorrect for vāsishtha.

বায়া vāsī, f. (also written vāsī; accord. to some connected with \sqrt{vrasc}) a sharp or pointed knife or a kind of axe, adze, chisel (esp. as the weapon of Agni or the Maruts, and the instrument of the Ribhus, while the parasu or axe is that of Tvashtri), RV.; AV.; MBh.; sound, voice, Naigh. (cf. under 1. $v\bar{a}sa$). - mat $(v\bar{a}s\bar{i})$, mfn. having a sharp knife, armed with an axe, RV.

वाश्वरा $v\bar{a}\dot{s}ur\bar{a}$, f. (said to be fr. $\sqrt{v\bar{a}\dot{s}}$) night, Un. i, 39, Sch. (cf. vāsurā).

বাষ্কেল vāshkala. See bāshkala.

वाष्ट्रका vāshṭukā, f. N. of a village, Rājat.

वाष्प vāshpa &c. See bāshpa.

वास् 1. $v\bar{a}s$. See $ni-\sqrt{5}$. vas.

वास 2. vās, cl. 10. P. (Dhātup. xxxv, 32; perhaps only Nom, fr. next) vāsayati (ep. also ote; aor. avavāsat), to perfume, make fragrant, scent, funigate, incense, steep, MBh.; Kāv. &c.

I. Vāsa, m. perfuming, perfume, Vikr.; Mālatīm.; Car.; Gendarussa Vulgaris, L. (also a, f.) - tāmbūla, n. perfumed betel, Das. - dhūpi, m. patr., Samskārak. - yoga, m. a powder formed of various fragrant substances (esp. the red powder scattered about and sprinkled on the clothes at the Holi festival, RTL. 430), L. Vāsā-khaņda-kushmāņdaka, m. a partic. mixture or compound, L.

I. Vāsaka, m. scent, Pancar.; (also akā and ikā, f.) Gendarussa Vulgaris or Adhatoda Vasica, VarBrS.; Susr. &c.; mfn. perfuming, fumigating, MW.

I. Vāsana, n. the act of perfuming or fumigating, infusing, steeping, Gît., Sch.; (\bar{a}) , f. id., Sis., Sch.

Vāsikā. See 1. vāsaka above.

I. Vāsita, mfn. infused, steeped, perfumed, scented, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; affected with, influenced by (instr. or comp.), Samk.; spiced, seasoned (as sauces), W.; (\bar{a}) , f., see $v\bar{a}sit\bar{a}$.

1. **Vāsin**, mfn. fragrant; $(in\bar{i})$, f. a Barleria with white flowers, L.

वास 2. vāsa, m. (fr. 🗸 4. vas) a garment, dress, clothes (m. c. for vāsas), MBh. (cf. krishņavāsa). - dhrik, mfn. wearing a garment, Hariv.

Vasah, in comp. for I. vasas. - kutī, f. a tent, L. - khanda, m. n. a piece of cloth, a rag, SārngP. - palpūli, m. a washer of clothes, VS. - satá, n. a hundred garments, SBr.

2. Vāsaka (ifc.) = 2. $v\bar{a}sa$, clothing, clothes, Yājā.; MBh. &c. (cf. asuddha-v°).

2. Vāsana, n. covering, clothing, garment, dress, Kāv.; an envelope, box, casket, Yājñ. - stha, mfn. being in a box or casket, ib.

Vāsayitri, m. one who clothes or supports or preserves, MBh. iv, 420 (used also by Comm. to explain vasu and vasuka).

I. Vásas, n. (for 2. see col. 2) cloth, clothes, dress, a garment (du. an upper and under garment; cf. vāso-yuga), RV. &c. &c.; the 'clothing' or feathers of an arrow, MBh.; R. &c. (only ifc.: cf. barhina-v°); cotton, L.; a pall, MW.; a screen, ib.; (with markatasya) a cobweb, L.; du. (with samudrasya) N. of two Sāmans, ĀrshBr.

2. Vāsita, mfn. clothed, dressed, L.; (\bar{a}) , f., see vāšitā.

2. Vāsin, mfn. having or wearing clothes, (esp. ifc.) clothed or dressed in, wearing, AitBr.; MBh. &c.

Vaso, in comp. for 1. vasas. - da, mfn. giving clothes, Mn. iv, 231. - da, mfn. id., RV. - bhrit, mfn. wearing clothes, Bhartr.; (gender unknown) the hip, VarBrS. - yuga, n. a pair of garments, suit of clothes (the dress of the Hindus usually consisting of two pieces of cloth, viz. a lower garment fastened round the waist, and an upper one thrown loosely over the shoulders), MBh. - vāyá, mfn. weaving cloth, RV.

I. Vāsya, mfn. to be (or being) covered or enveloped, IsUp.; being worn (see prathama-vāsyà).

नास 3. vāsá, m. (fr. $\sqrt{5}$. vas) staying, remaining (esp. 'overnight'), abiding, dwelling, residence, living in (loc. or comp.; cf. Pāņ. vi, 3, 18, Sch.), abode, habitation, RV. &c. &c.; ifc. = having one's abode in, dwelling or living in; vāsam \vas. to take up one's abode, abide, dwell; place or seat of (gen.), R.; a day's journey, ib.; state, situation, condition, Hariv.; = $v\bar{a}sa$ -griha, bed-chamber (see -sajj \bar{a}); = $v\bar{a}$ san \bar{a} , imagination, idea, semblance of, MBh. – karņī, f. = $yaj\tilde{n}a$ - $s\tilde{a}l\tilde{a}$, a sacrificial hall, L.; a place where public exhibitions (as Nāches &c.) are held, W. - griha or-geha, n. 'dwelling-house,' the inner part of a house, sleeping-room, bed-chamber, MBh.; Kāv. &c. - paryaya, m. change of residence, VarBrS. - pushpā, f. a kind of cress growing in gardens, L. - pushpi, m. patr. (also pl.), Samskārak. - prāsāda, m. a palace, Kathās. - bhavana, n. = -griha, Kād. - bhūmi, f. dwellingplace, homestead, Hit. - yashti, f. a pole or stick serving as a perch for tame birds to rest upon, a roosting perch, Megh. - vesman, n. = -griha, Kathās., Sch. - sajjā, f. 'ready in her chamber,' a woman ready to receive her lover (cf. vāsaka-s°), Vāsagāra, n. = vāsa-griha, Vās.; Prab. Vāsaukas, n. id., L.

3. Vāsaka, $mf(ik\bar{a})n$. causing to dwell or inhabit, populating, MW.; (ifc.) abode, habitation, Yājñ.; n. (ifc. f. \bar{a}) a sleeping-room, bed-chamber, Kathās. - sajjā or -sajjikā, f. a woman ready to receive her lover (cf. vāsa-sajjā), Kāv., Sch.

Vāsatīvara, mfn. (fr. *vasatī-varī*) relating to

water left standing overnight, Brih.

Väsateya, mfn. (fr. vasati) to be lodged or sheltered, AV.; affording shelter, Bhatt.; (i), f. night,

3. Vāsana, mfn. belonging to an abode, fit for a dwelling, W.; n. causing to abide or dwell, Bālar.; abiding, abode, L.; a receptacle for water, L.; knowledge, L.; a partic. posture (practised by ascetics during abstract meditation, and by others; described as sitting on the ground with the knees bent and the feet turned backwards), W.; (ā), f.,

Vāsanā, f. the impression of anything remaining unconsciously in the mind, the present consciousness of past perceptions, knowledge derived from memory, Samk.; Kāv.; Kathās.; fancy, imagination, idea, notion, false notion, mistake (ifc., e.g. bheda-v°, the mistake that there is a difference), ib.; Rājat.; Sarvad. &c.; thinking of, longing for, expectation, desire, inclination, Kathās.; liking, respectful regard, Bhām.; trust, confidence, W.; (in math.) proof, demonstration (= upapatti), Gol.; a kind of metre, Col.; N. of Durgā, BhP.; of the wife of Arka, ib.; of a Comm. on the Siddhanta-siromani. — tattva**bodhikā**, f. N. of a Tantric wk. (= tārā-rahasyavrittikā). — bhāshya, n. N. of various wks. — maya, $mf(\bar{i})n$ consisting in notions or ideas or in impressions of (comp.), Vedântas. (-tva, n.) - vārttika, n., -vāsudevasyêtipadya-vyākhyā, f. N.

Vāsanīya, mfn. intelligible only by much reflec-

Vāsayitavya, mfn. to be taken in or lodged,

2. Vāsas, n. lodging for the night, night-quarters, PrasnUp.

Vāsāyanika, mfn. (fr. 3. *vāsa* + *ayana*) going from house to house, making visits, MBh. **Vāsi**, m. abiding, dwelling, W.; (i), f., see $v\bar{a}s\bar{i}$.

3. Vāsita, mfn. caused to stop or stay (esp. 'overnight'), caused to dwell or live in (loc.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; peopled, populous (as a country), W.; n. the art of rendering populous or causing to be inhabited, W.; knowledge (esp. derived from memory, $=v\bar{a}san\bar{a}$, ib.)

3. Vāsin, mfn. staying, abiding, dwelling, living, inhabiting (often ifc. = living in or among or in a partic. manner or condition), TS. &c. &c.

2. Vāsya, mfn. to be caused to dwell or settle down, VarBrS.

वासक 4. vāsaka, m. (in music) a species of dhruvaka (q.v.), Samgīt.

वासक 5. vāsaka, m. N. of a serpent-demon, MBh.; pl. N. of a people, MārkP.

नासत väsata, m. an ass, L.; Terminalia Bellerica, L.

वासना vāsantá, mf(ī)n. (fr. vasanta) relating to or produced in the spring season, vernal, AV. &c. &c.; being in the spring of life, young, W.; = avahita or vihita, L.; m. (only L.) a camel; the Indian cuckoo; a young elephant, any young animal;