तलुख taluksha, m. N. of a man (cf. tá-ruksha), g. 2. lohitâdi (not in Kāš.)

तत्तुन ṭaluna, mfn. (= taruṇa, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 15, Vārtt. 6, Pat.; g. kapilakādi, Gaṇar. 447) young, L.; m. (g. utsādi) a youth, L.; wind, L.; (i), f. (g. gaurādi; proparox., Pāṇ. iv, 1, 15, Vārtt. 6, Pat.) a maiden, L.

तन्त talka, n. a forest (cf. tala), L.

तंस्प tálpa, (n., L.) m. (\sqrt{trip}) a couch, bed sofa, AV.; TS. vi; TBr. &c. (ifc. f. a, Rajat. ii, 166; "lpam ā-√vas, 'to defile any one's marriage-bed," ChUp. v, 10,9; olpam adhi-\(gam, 'to have sexual intercourse with' [in comp.], Mn. iii, 250); the seat of a carriage, MBh. iii, 14917; vii, 1626; an upper story, room on the top of a house, turret, i, 7577; = guru-, Gaut. xxiii, 12; a raft, boat, L.; a wife, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. a couch, AV. xiii, I, I7. - kīṭa, m. bedinsect,' a bug, BrahmavP. - ga, mfn. ifc. having sexual intercourse with, Gaut.; MBh. xiii, 4281; see guru-. - giri, m. N. of a mountain, W. - ja, mfn. born (on a marriage-bed, i. e.) of a wife (by an appointed substitute), Mn. ix, 167 & 170. - sívan, mf(vari)n. resting or lying on a couch, RV. vii, 55, 8. - sádya, n. resting on a couch, TBr. i, 2, 6, 5 f.

Talpaka, m. (for $kalp^o$, a barber?), Kām. xii.

Talpana, n. the exterior muscles of an elephant's back, L. Talpala, m. (g. kapilakddi, Ganar. 446; Hemac.) id., Sis. xviii, 6.

Talpī-kṛita, mfn. made into a couch, Rājat. iii. **Talpe**, loc. of ${}^{\circ}pa$. **– ja**, mf(\bar{a})n. produced on a bed or couch, TĀr. iv, 39, 1. **– sayá**, mf(\hat{a})n. = ${}^{\circ}pa$ -sivan, AV. iv, 5, 3.

Tálpya, mfn. belonging to a bed, VS. xvi, 44; worthy of a couch, TāndyaBr. xxiii, 4, 5; xxv, 1, 10; = tālpa, ŚBr. xiii, 1, 6, 2.

南麗 talla, (Vām. ii, 1, 7) m. = talaka (q. v.), L.; n. '=ālavāla' or 'a pit,' L. (also tala); (ī), f. a young woman, L.; Varuṇa's wife, L.; a boat, W.

तज्ञक्ष्ण tal-lakshana. See p. 435, col. 1.

নপ্লন tallaja, m. ifc. an excellent specimen of, e.g. kumārī-, 'an excellent maiden,' L., Sch.; cf. go-; matallikā.

तिस्त्रका tallikā, f. = tālī, a key, W.

तत्व talva, n. scent arising from the rubbing of fragrant substances, W.

तवक tavaka, a grammatical base formed for tāvaka & °kīna, Pāṇ. iv, 3, 3; Vop. vii, 22.

নৰস্বাধ tava-kshīra, m. (for tvak-ksh°) manna of bamboo (commonly Tabāshīr), L.; (ī), f. a kind of Curcuma (°rī eka-pattrikā, 'one-leaved Tavakshīrī,' Curcuma Zedoaria), Npr.

तर्वाप्रय tava-priya, n. the bark of Laurus Cassia, Gal.

নৰ tavara, a particular high number, L. নৰােল tava-rāja, = -kshīra, L.

तवस्रवीय tavasravīya, n. N. of a Sāman (made of RV. x. 140, 1, beginning with Agne táva srávo), SāmavBr. ii, 1, 8.

ray tavás, mfn. (\sqrt{tu}) strong, energetic, courageous, RV. (compar. °vás-tara [cf. távīyas], i, 30, 7; superl. °vás-tama, 190, 5; ii, 33, 3); m. power, strength, courage, RV. iii, 1, 1 & 30, 8; AV. xi, 1, 14; cf. $pr\acute{a}$ -, $sv\acute{a}$ -. — vat $(t\acute{a}v°)$, mfn. strong, RV. ix, 97, 46. Tavā-gā, mfn. or -g6, m. (acc. -gám) 'strong (a bull)' or 'a strong bull,' iv, 18.

Tavasyà, n. strength, ii, 20, 8.

Tavishá, mfn. strong, energetic, courageous, RV.; m.theocean, Un., Sch.; heaven, ib.; n. power, strength (also pl.), RV. i, 166, 1 & 9; iii, 12; viii.

Távishī, f. power, strength, violence, courage (also pl.; instr. ind. $^\circ$ shībhis, 'powerfully, violently'), RV.; the earth, Un., Sch.; a river, ib.; a heavenly virgin ('N. of a daughter of Indra,' L.), ib. — mat $(t dv^\circ)$, mfn. strong, violent, RV. v, 58, I. — vat $(t dv^\circ)$, mfn. id., iv, 20, 7; vii, 25, 4; x, 105, 3.

Tavishīya, Nom. P. A. (2. sg. °yáse, p. °yát, °yámāṇa) to be strong or violent or courageous, ii, 30, 8; v, 85, 4; viii, 6. 26.

Tavishiyú, mfn. spirited (a horse), 23, 11; vio-

lent (the Maruts), 7, 2.

Tavishya, Nom. váte (p. vámāna) = shīya,

ix, 76, 3 & 86, 45; x, 11, 6; AV. xx, 34, 16 (MS. stav°). **Tavishyá**, f. violence, RV. ix, 70, 7. **Távīyas**, mfn. compar. of °vás, stronger, RV.

(tavdsas tdvīyān, 'stronger than the strong'). **Tavīsha**, m. (= $t\bar{a}v^{\circ}$) the ocean (cf. $tar\bar{\imath}sha$), L.; heaven (v.l. $tar\bar{\imath}sha$), L.; gold, L.; ($\bar{\imath}$), f. = ${}^{\circ}vish\bar{\imath}$, N. of a daughter of Indra (v.l. $tar\bar{\imath}sh\bar{\imath}$), L.

Távya, mfn. strong, RV. i, 54, 11; ($^{\circ}vy\lambda$) TS. ii, 3, 13, 1. **Távyas**, mfn. = $^{\circ}v\bar{\imath}yas$, RV.; cf. d-.

तश्ची tašlī, f. in astron. = تثليث, trigon.

ne tashṭá, mfn. (√taksh) pared, hewn, made thin, L.; fashioned, formed in mind, produced, RV.; AV.xi, 1, 23; cf. sú-, stóma-; vibhva-tashṭá.

Tashṭi, f. v.l. for tvashṭi, q.v.

Táshtri, m. 2 carpenter, builder of chariots, RV. i, 61,4; 105, 18; 130, 4; iii f., vii, x; Visva-karman (cf. tváshtri), L.; N. of one of the 12 Adityas, L.

THE 1. tas, cl. 4. syati, to fade away, perish, Dhātup. xxvi, 103; (cf. syati) to cast upwards (or 'to throw down'), ib. (Vop.); to throw, Pān. iii, 4, 61, Kāš. 2. Tas, mfn. 'throwing;' see sukha-.

Tāsara, (m., L.) n. (stans?) a shuttle, RV. x, 130, 2; VS. xix, 83 ('the clothin the loom,' TBr., Sch.)

Tasarikā, f. weaving, Divyav. vii, 64.

तसीर tasīra, in astron. = tāso, تسيير.

Tent táskara, m. (for tat-ko, Nir. iii, 14; VPrāt. iii, 51) a thief, robber, RV.; AV.; VS. &c. (ifc. f. ā, Hariv. 5180; Kām. iv, 53; cf. a-taskará; ifc. used as a term of contempt [Kathās. ci, 140], Gaṇar. 114); Trigonella corniculata, Sušr. iv, 37, 15; Vanguiera spinosa, L.; Ardisia humilis (?), L.; the ear (derived fr. Ragh. i, 27), W.; pl. N. of particular Ketus, VarBṛS. xi, 20; (ī), f. a passionate woman, L.; a kind of Mimosa, Npr. —tā, f. thievishness, thieving, Ragh. i, 27.—tva, n. id., Daš.—vat, ind. like a thief, W.—vṛitti, m. a purse-cutter, Bhpr. vii, 59, 15.—snāyu, m. Leea hirta, L.

Taskarāya, Nom. yate, to behave like a thief, Kathās. lvi, 13.

तस्तुव tastúva, n. N. of an antidote against poison (?), AV. v, 13, 11.

तस्यान tasthāná, mfn. (pf. p. Ā. √sthā) pliable, suiting, ŠBr. iii, 9, 4, 14f.; xii, 5, 1, 1 f. & 2, 2; (AitBr. vi, 5, 2 tat-sth°; cf. vii, 18, 8); cf. á-. Tasthivás, mf(°thúshī)n. pf. p. P. √sthā, q. v. Tasthu, mfn. stationary, BhP. vii, 7, 23.

तस्पी tasthī. See tanthī.

तस्दी tasdī, in astron. __تسديس, hexagon.

nterin tásmāt, ind. (abl. of 2. tá) from that, on that account, therefore (correlative of yád, yasmāt), AV.; SBr.; AitBr.; Mn.; Nal. &c.

Tasyâsitīya, mfn. beginning with tasyâsita (an Adhyāya), Car. i, 6.

तास्क tākshaka, mfn. relating or belonging to Takshakīyā, g. bilvakādi.

Tākshanya, m. (fr. tákshan) a carpenter's son, Pān. iv, 1, 153, Vārtt. 2. Tākshasila, mf(ī)n. coming from Taksha-silā, g. takshasilādi.

Tākshṇa, mf(i)n. fit for a carpenter (tákshan), ŠānkhŚr. ii, 3, 14; m. = kshanya, g. sivddi; Pān. iv, 1, 153, Vārtt. 1.

form of a word (tad sabda), 2, 60, Pat.; Anup.

Tācchīlika, mfn. (2n affix) denoting a particular disposition or custom (\$\silda\), Pān. iii, 1, 94, Paribh. 1.

Tācchīlya, n. the being accustomed to that, 2, 11; i, 3, 21, Vārtt. 5; a- neg., iii, 2, 79, Kāš.

ताजक tāják, ind. (g. câdi) suddenly, TS.; Kāṭh.; MaitrS. i f.; iv, 8, 9; TāṇḍyaBr. xvii, 12. Tāját, ind. (Naigh. ii, 15) id., AV. viii, 8, 3 (°jád-bhánga, m. = eraṇḍa, Kauŝ., Sch.)

ता नक tājaka, n. N. of certain astronomical books translated or derived from translations from the Arabic and Persian (e.g. -kalpa-latā, -kešavī, -kaustubha, -cintāmaṇi, -tantra, -tilaka, -dīpa-ka, -paddhati, -bhāva, -bhūshaṇa, -muktâvalī, -yoga-sudhâkara, -ratna-mālā, -sāstra, -sarva-sva-sāra, -sāra, -sudhā-nidhi, °kâlaṃkāra).

Tājika, m. a Persian, pl. the Persians (cf. tarjo & tāyika), Kathās. xxxvii, 36; Romakas. (also ojīka); n. = ojaka (e. g. -jyotir-mani, -prašnā-dhyāya, -šāstra, okālamkāra).

नारङ्क tāṭaṅka, (m., L.) n. a kind of earornament, Prasannar. ii, ी.

Tațankin, mfn. decorated with oka, iii, 1.

ing aloof, indifference, Sch. on KapS. 1, 135 & Yogas. 1, 33; proximity, W.

ntā-; m. a blow, AV. xix, 32, 2; whipping, W.; sound, noise, L.; a handful of grass &c., L.; a mountain, L.; Lipeocercis serrata, W.; (i), f. a kind of ornament, L.; = di, Rājat. iii, 326; (am), ind. udara-, so as to beat the stomach or breast, Prab. v, 28.—gha, m. a kind of artificer (blacksmith?), Pān. iii, 2,55.—ghāta, mfn. beating or hammering, ib., Kāš.—pattra, n.=tātanka, L.—vakra, N. of a district, Inscr. (380 A.D.) Tādāvacara, n. a kind of musical instrument, Lalit.vii, 73 & 298; viii, 12; xiii.

Tāḍaka, m. a murderer, Vcar. xviii, 57; a kind of key, Divyâv. xxxvii; (\bar{a}) , f. N. of a Yakshinī (changed into a Rākshasī by Agastya for having disturbed his devotions, afterwards killed by Rāma), R. i, 26, 26 ff. (G 27, 25 ff.); Hariv. 218; Ragh. xi, 14 ff.; VāyuP. ii, 6, 72 f. (wife of Mārīca); the large dark-green pumpkin, Npr.; $(ik\bar{a})$, f. the middle part of the handle of a sword, Gal.

Tādakā-phala, n. large cardamoms, L.

Tādakāyana, m. N. of a Rishi, MBh. xiii, 255.

Tādakeya, m. metron. fr. kā, Bālar. iii, \$; \frac{1}{3}.

Tādahka, m. = tātahka, Rājat. vii, 750. hkī
krī, to make an ear-ornament out of, Kād.v, 815.

Tādana, mfn. beating, striking, hitting, hurting, R. (G) i, 30, 17; BhP. viii, 11, 9; n. striking, beating, thumping, whipping, chastising, hammering (of gold &c.), Yājñ. i, 155; MBh. &c. (often ifc. with the instrument, once [Pañcat.] with the object); (in astron.) touching, partial eclipse, VarBṛS. xxiv, 34;

v, 3; or with Mantras, Sarvad.); (i), f. a whip, L. **Tāḍanīya**, mfn. to be beaten or whipped, Pañcat.; VarBṛS. xliv, 7. oḍayitri, mfn. one who strikes any one (gen.), Yājñ. ii, 303. oḍi, f. Corypha Taliera, L.

a kind of solemn act (performed with Kundas, Sarad.

Tāḍita, mfn. struck, beaten, chastised, R. v, 26, 12; VarBṛS.; Kum. v, 24; Šak. ii, 6; Ragh. &c. Tāḍī, f. of °da, q.v. — dala, n. a kind of earornament, Vcar. xii, 12. — puṭa, a palm-leaf, Kād.; = tālī-p°, q.v. Tāḍula, mfn. beating, Uṇ. vṛ. Tāḍya, mfn. to be beaten or chastised, Mn. viii, 299; Yājñ. ii, 161; n. = tāmya, Gal.

ताडाग tāḍāga, mfn. (water) being in or coming from ponds (taq°), Suir. i, 45, 1, 1 & 22.

arus tāṇḍa, m. (cf. taṇḍa) N. of an old sage (supposed author of oṇḍi), L.; n. - oṇḍaka, Lāṭy. vii, 10, 18. oḍaka, n. part of a Brāhmaṇa, ib.

Tāṇḍava, (m. n., g. ardharcadi; fr. tandu?) dancing (esp. with violent gesticulation), frantic dance (of Siva and his votaries), Mālatīm.; Kathās.; BhP. x; MatsyaP.; Rājat. &c. (cf. RTL. p. 84); (in prosody) a tribrach; Saccharum procerum, L.—otālika, m. 'dancing and clapping the hands (fr. tāla),' Siva's door-keeper Naudin, L.—priya, m. 'fond of the Tāṇḍava dance,' Siva, L.

Tandavika, f. a dancing mistress, Naish. xxii.
Tandavita, mfn. 'moving round in a wild dance,'
fluttering, Prab. ii, \(\frac{5}{6}; \) v, \(\frac{5}{6}; \) Prasannar. i, \(\frac{5}{4}. \)

Tāṇḍi, n. N. of a manual of the art of dancing (said to be composed by onda), L., Sch. Tāṇḍin, m. N. of a writer on prosody, Chandaḥs.; pl. (Pravar. ii, 2, 2) N. of a school of the SV. (founded by a pupil of Vaisampāyana, Pāṇ. iv, 3, 104, Kāš.; cf. 2, 66, Kāš.), Sch. on Bādar. iii, 3, 24-28 & (onām Up. = ChUp.) 36. Tāṇḍi-brāhmaṇa, n. = oṇḍya-bro.

Tăndya, m. (fr. tanda, g. gargadi) patr. of a teacher, SBr. vi, 1, 2, 25; VBr.; MBh. ii, xii; n. =-brāhmaṇa. - brāhmaṇa, n. N. of a Brāhmaṇa of the SV. Tāṇdyāyana, m. patr. fr. ndya, Prasannar, iv, & ff.; (ī), f. of ndya, g. 2. lohitādi.

নান tat, ind. (obs. abl. of 2. tat) thus, in this way, RV. vi, 21, 6; x, 95, 16; obs. acc. pl. [!] of 2. tat, Pāṇ. vii, 1, 39, Kāš.; cf. adhás-tat &c.

R.; Vikr.; Šak. iv, † (in comp.) &c.; (táta), voc. a term of affection addressed to a junior [SBr. xiv; AitBr. vii; ChUp.; MBh. &c.] or senior [i, 6796; Ragh. &c.], addressed to several persons, MBh. i,