खपद्य sva-paksha, sva-pancaka &c. See p. 1276, col. 1.

खपर्य sv-apatyá, n. good offspring (also applied to good work or deeds; dat. "tyai), RV.; mfn. having good offspring, ib.

खप्राह sv-aparāddha, mfn. very faulty,

खपस sv-ápas, mfn. doing good work, skilful, artistic (said of Tvashtri, the Ribhus &c.), RV.; VS.; artificially fashioned (superl.-tama, said of Indra's thunderbolt), RV. i, 61, 6; m. a good artificer, RV.; N. of a man, IndSt.

I. Svapasya, mfn. active, industrious (said of Indra), RV.; SBr.

2. Svapasya, Nom. A. váte, to work well, be active or industrious, RV.; TS.

Svapasya, f. (only in instr. which is of the same form) activity, diligence, skill, RV.

Svapāka, mfn. (su-ap° in Padap.) skilful, industrious, RV. iv, 3, 2 (Say.; others, 'coming willingly from afar, fr. 5. $su + ap\bar{a}ka$).

खिपवात sv- $apiv\bar{a}ta$, mfn. (see api- \sqrt{vat}) understanding or meaning well (said of Rudra), RV. vii, 46, 3 (accord. to Nir. 'whose speech is trustworthy or authoritative; accord. to others, much desired, fr. $api-\sqrt{van}$).

खपू sva-pū, f. (prob.) a broom, RV.

₩ sv-ápna, mfn. (for svapna see p. 1280) = next (accord. to some), RV. i, 120, 12; viii, 2, 18. Sv-apnas, mfn. wealthy, rich, RV.

खाँच्यन svabdin, mfn. (prob.) roaring, panting, RV. viii, 33, 2 (= svabhūta-sabda, sabdam kurvat, Sāy.)

ব্ৰেশব্য sva-bhaksha, sva-bhadrā &c. See p. 1276, col. 1.

स्मिग्त sv-àbhigūrta, mfn.wellapplauded, greeted with acclamations or cheers, TBr.

खिभराम sv-abhirāma, mfn. very pleasant or delightful, R.

ব্ৰ**পিচ্চি** sv-abhishtí, mfn. helpful, favourable, RV.; favoured, well-aided, ib. - sumna (oshti-), mfn. affording favourable assistance, ib.

खभीश sv-abhīšú, mfn. well bridled or caparisoned, RV.

खभ्यक्त sv-àbhyakta, mfn. well anointed,

स्वभ्यम् sv-abhyagra, mfn. very imminent or impending or near at hand, MBh.; very swift, AsvSr. (Sch.)

खभ्यस्त sv-abhyasta, mfn. much practised, Jātakam.

खमनीषा sva-manīshā &c. See p. 1276. खमेक svameka (?), m. n. (cf. su-mekha) year, L.

खंपवर svayam-vara &c. Seep. 1278.

खयशस् sva-yašas, sva-yāvan &c. See p. 1276, col. 2.

বা $1. svar (= \sqrt{sur}), cl. 10. P. svarayati,$ to find fault, blame, censure, Dhātup. xxxv, 11.

বা 2. svar (prob. = a lost \sqrt{sur} ; cf. √svri), cl. I. P. svarati, Caus. svarayati, to shine.

Svah, in comp. for 3. svar below. - kamya. Nom. P. vati, to wish for heaven, Siddh. - pati. m. the lord of ho, MW. - patha, m. way to ho, death, BhP. - pala, m. a guardian of ho, ib. - prishtha. n. N. of various Samans, ArshBr. - siras, mfn. having ho for a head, Hariv. - sad, m. dwelling in heaven,' a god, Naish. - sarit, f. river of ho, the Ganges, Bh. - sāman, n. N. of a Sāman, IndSt. - sindhu, f. = -sarit, Bhartr. - sundarī (Bālar.), -strī (R.), f. 'celestial woman,' an Apsaras. - syandana, m. celestial chariot, Indra's chariot, BhP. - sravantī, f. = -sarit, Cat.

3. Svar (in Yajur-veda also súvar), ind. (used in Veda as nom., acc., loc., or gen., in Naish. vi, 99 also as abl.; from the weak base sur the RV. the sun, sunshine, light, lustre, RV.; AV.; VS.; bright space or sky, heaven (as distinguished from div, which is regarded as the vault above it; often 'heaven' as a paradise and as the abode of the gods and the Blest, in AV. also of the Asuras; svah prayātah, 'gone to heaven,' i.e. 'departed this life'), RV. &c. &c.; the space above the sun or between the sun and the polar star, the region of the planets and constellations (regarded as the 3rd of the 7 worlds [see loka] and the 3rd of the three Vyāhritis [i. e. bhúr bhúvah sváh]; svar is pronounced after Om and before the Gayatri by every Brahman on beginning his daily prayers), Mn.; MBh. &c.; water, Naigh. i, 12; N. of Šiva, MBh. [Cf. Gk. ήέλιος, ήλιος; Lat. sol; Lith. saule; Goth. sauil; Angl. Sax. sôl.] – atikrama, m. stepping beyond heaven, i. e. reaching Vaikuntha, BhP. - adhita, mfn. 'reaching ho, the mountain Meru, Vagbh.; -sara, m. N. of Indra, ib. - apaga, f. 'river of ho,' = -ganga, L. - ārūdha, mfn. ascended to ho, Bhatt. - ālu, m. a kind of root $(=vac\bar{a})$, L. - ingana, m. shaking h, a strong wind, L. - ga, see below. - gangā, f. the heavenly Ganges, the Milky Way, L. - gata, mfn. being in ho, BhP.; gone to ho, dead, MBh.; R. &c. - gati, f., -gamana, n. 'going to ho, death, future felicity, ib. - giri, m. mountain of ho, Su-meru, L. - cakshas (svar), mfn. brilliant as light, RV. - canas (svàr-), mfn. 'lovely as light 'or 'pleasing to ho,' ib. - jít, mín. winning or procuring light or heaven, RV.; m. a kind of sacrifice, Mn. xi, 74; N. of a man (with patr. Nagnajita), SBr. - jeshá, m. the winning of light &c., RV. - jyotis (svàr-), mfn. shining with ho's light, VS.; n. N. of two Sāmans, ArshBr.; (°tir)-nidhana (svàr-), mfn. having svar-jyotis as final part, SBr.; n. N. of a Sāman, ĀrshBr. - nadī, f. = $-\hat{a}pa$ gā, Šāntiš.; Pañcar.; a kind of shrub (prob. w. r. for svarna-da), L. - nara (svdr-), m. lord of ho (applied to Agni, the sun, Soma &c.), RV.; a partic. sun, TAr.; n. bright space, ether, RV. - nidhana, n. svar as a conclusion, TāṇḍBr.; Lāṭy. - nīta, mfn. led to ho, Pañcar. - nri (svàr-), m. lord of ho (applied to Agni and the Maruts), RV. - netrí, mín. guide to heaven (as a N. of a king), MBh. - da, mfn. bestowing heaven, Hariv. **– dantin**, m. a celestial elephant, Dharmas. – dā, mfn. bestowing h°, ĀpŠr. -dris, mfn. (nom. k) seeing light or the sun (applied to gods and men), RV. -deva, m. N. of a man, Cat. - dhāman (svár-), mfn. abiding in light, TS. - dhuni, f. = $-\bar{a}pag\bar{a}$, BhP. - dhenu, f. = kāma-dhenu, Kāv. - nagarī, f. 'town of ho,' N. of Amaravatī, Kathās.; -krita, mfn. turned into Amo, ib. - nadī, f. = -nadī, L. - nayana, mfn. leading to ho, R. - pati (svàr-), mfn. lord of light, RV.; N. of Indra, BhP. - bhānu, m. = -bhānu, i.e. Rāhu, HPariš. - bhānava, m. a kind of gem, L.; (ī), f. adaughter of Svar-bhānu, MBh. - bhānavīya. mfn. relating or belonging to Svar-bhānu, Subh. - bhānu (svar-), m. N. of a demon supposed to eclipse the sun and the moon (in later language applied to Rāhu or the personified ascending node), RV. &c. &c.; of a Kasyapa, VP.; of a son of Krishna, BhP.; -sūdana, m. 'destroyer of Raha,' N. of the Sun, MBh. -maṇi, m. 'sky-jewel,' the sun, Bālar. -madhya, n. the central point of the sky, zenith, MW. - mīļha, mfn. having light or the sun as its reward or prize, RV.; n. a contest for light, ib. - yasas, n. the glory of heaven, BhP. - yāta, mfn. gone to ho, dead, Yājñ.; MBh. &c. - yātri, mfn. going to h°, dying, MBh. - yāna, n. the act of going to h°. dying, death, Cat. - yoshit, f. a celestial woman, an Apsaras, Bālar. - līna, N. of a place, Cat. - loka, m. the world of ho, a partic. ho, the region called Svar (cf. bhuvar-, bhūr-lo), R.; Pur.; N. of mount Meru (also -sikhara), Das.; m. an occupant of ho. a god, one of the Blest (-ta, f.), BhP. - vat (svaror súvar-), mfn. bright, shining, celestial, RV.; TS.; containing the word svar (ovan-nidhana, mfn. applied to a Saman; cf. svar-nidhana), PancavBr.; Laty. - vadhū, f. = -yoshit, HParis. - vāpī, f. 'stream of ho,' the Ganges, L. - vāhinī, f. = -āpa $g\bar{a}$, Bälar. - víd, mfn. winning or possessing or bestowing light or ho, celestial, RV.; VS. -vīthi, f. N. of the wife of Vatsara, BhP. - vesyā, f. 'courtezan of ho, an Apsaras, Rajat. - vaidya, m. physician of ho, N. of either of the two Asvins (-pratima, 'A'-like'), Git. - shā, mfn. = -vid, RV. - shāti

(svàr-), f. the acquiring light or heaven, ib. Svargá (or suvargá), mfn. going or leading to forms the gen. suras and the dat. suré [iv, 3, 8]), or being in light or heaven, heavenly, celestial (with

The control of the co

loká, m. or pl. = 'the world of light, heavens'), AV. &c. &c.; m. heaven, the abode of light and of the gods, heavenly bliss, (esp.) Indra's heaven or paradise (to which the souls of virtuous mortals are transferred until the time comes for their re-entering earthly bodies; this temporary heaven is the only ho of orthodox Brāhmanism; it is supposed to be situated on mount Meru, q.v.; acc. with $\sqrt{g\bar{a}}$, \bar{a} - $\sqrt{sth\bar{a}}$, or \tilde{a} - \sqrt{pad} , 'to go to heaven,' 'die'), RV. (only x, 95, 18), AV. &c. &c.; a partic. Ekâha, SānkhSr.; N. of a son of the Rudra Bhīma, VP. - kāma, mfn. desirous of heaven, Br.; Up. - khanda, n. N. of the 3rd book of the Padma-purāna. - gata, mfn. gone to ho, W. - gati, f., -gamana, n. going to ho, death, MBh.; R. &c. - gāmin, mfn. going to ho, Hit.-giri, m. 'mountain of ho,' Meru, MW.-cyuta, mfn. fallen or descended from ho, Can. -jit, mfn. winning ho (superl. -tama), MBh. - jīvin, mfn. dwelling in ho, Apast. - taramgini, f. 'river of ho, the Ganges, Kathas. - taru, m. a tree of ho, Sarasv. - tarsha, m. eager desire for heaven, Bcar. - da, mfn. ho-giving, procuring paradise, Pañcat. - dvāra, n. heaven's gate, Apast.; N. of a Tirtha, MBh.; of Siva, ib.; oreshti, f. N. of wk. - naraka, n. pl. the hos and hells, JaimUp. - pati, m. 'lord of ho, Indra, Hit. - patha, m. 'road of ho,' (prob.) the Milky Way, R. - pada, m. N. of a Tirtha, Vishn. - para, mfn. desirous of heaven, W. - parvan, n. N. of the 18th book of MBh. (in which is described the journey of the five Pandava princes towards Indra's ho in mount Meru). - purî, f. 'city of ho,' Amaravatī, R. - prada, mfn. = -da, Kāv. - pradhana, mfn. having heaven as the best, Pcar. -bhartri, m. = -pati, Sis. - mandākinī, f. the celestial Ganges, Pancar. - marga, m. the road to ho, MBh.; road of ho, Milky Way, R.; Sak.; N. of a Tirtha, MBh.; -didrikshu, mfn. wishing to see the road to h° , $MW.-y\bar{a}na$, $mf(\bar{z})n$. going or leading to heaven, AitAr.; n. the road to heaven, AitBr. - yoni, f. cause or source of h, MBh. - rājya, n. kingdom of h, Pañcat. - rodah-kuhara, m. the void or hollow space between ho and earth, Bālar. i, 49. - loka, m. (also in pl.) the celestial world, Indra's ho, AsvGr.; MBh. &c.; (svargá-), mfn. belonging to or dwelling in h°, SBr.; KathUp.; *kėsa, m. 'lord of h°,' Indra, MW.; the body (as enjoying felicity in Indra's ho), L. - vat, mfn. possessing or enjoying heaven, R. -vadhū, f. celestial nymph, an Apsaras, L. -vasa, m. residence in heaven, Suir. - irī, f. the glory of ho, MW. - samkrama, m. a bridge or ladder to ho, Pañcat. - sattra-prayoga, m. N. of wk. - sad, m. 'heaven-dweller,' a god or one of the Blest, MBh. - sampādana, mfn. procuring or gaining heaven, MBh. - sarid-varā, f. 'best of heavenly rivers,' the Ganges, L. - sadhana, mfn. means of attaining ho, MW. - sukha, n. the bliss of heaven, MBh. = strī, f. = -vadhū, Rājat. = stha, mfn. 'dwelling in h° , dead, R. = sthita, mfn. id., Sarvad.; = -sad, Subh. - hetau, ind. for the sake of heaven, Bcar. -hvāya, mfn., Pāp. iii, 2, 2, Sch. Svargapagā. f. 'heavenly river,' the Ganges, L. Svargapavarga, m. du. ho and emancipation, Bcar. Svargâbhikāma, mfn. desirous of ho, ib. Svargârūdha, mfn. ascended to ho, W. Svargarohana, n. ascension to ho, N. of partic. funeral ceremonies. Cat.; -parvan, n. = svarga-parvan (q.v.), MBh.; hanika, mfn. relating to the 18th book of MBh. (with parvan = prec.), ib. (IW. 374). Svargårgala, m. or n. bar to (the gate of) ho, Hit. Svargartham, ind. for the sake of ho, Bc. Svargavāsa, m. abode in ho, Hariv. Svargepsu, mfn. desirous of obtaining ho, MW. Svargepaga, mfn. going or coming to ho, Karand. Svargankas, m. 'ho-dweller,' a god, one of the Blest, Hariv.; Kum. Svargaya, Nom. A. vate, to be like heaven,

Mricch.

Svargi, in comp. for svargin. - giri, m. the heavenly mountain, Meru, L. - vadhū and -strī, f. a celestial woman, Apsaras, L.

Svargin, mfn. belonging to or being in heaven, SamhUp.; gone to heaven, deceased, dead, Ragh.; m. an occupant of heaven, a god, one of the Blest, MBh.; Hariv. &c.

Svargīya, mfn. relating or belonging to heaven, leading to heaven, heavenly (with $k\bar{\alpha}rya$, n.= 'cremation of the dead'), MBh.; Hariv.; R.

Svargyà, mfn. = prec., VS. &c. &c.; occupying or dwelling in heaven, MarkP.; n. (with setu-sha man) N. of a Saman, IndSt.

Svaryú, mfn. desirous of light or splendour, RV.