astron. wk. -lekhā, f. N. of a woman, Rājat. -locana, mfn. lotus-eyed, MBh. -vat, mfn. full of lo-flowers, Hariv.; (i), f. N. of a wife of Ašoka (cf. padmā-vatī); of a town, BhP. - vanabandhava, m. the sun (cf. padma-bandhu); -vania, m. the race of kings descended from the sun (cf. sūrya-v°), Prasannar. - varcas, mfn. lotushued, MBh.; R. -varna, mfn. id., Hariv.; m. N. of a son of Yadu, ib. - varnaka, n. Costus Speciosus or Arabicus, L. - vāsā, f. = -grihā, L. -vāhinī, f. N. of wk. -vishaya, m. N. of a country, Kathās. - wriksha, m. Cerasus Puddum, L. - vrishabha-vikrāmin, m. N. of a future Buddha, L. - wesha, m. N. of a king of the Vidyadharas, Kathās. - vyākoša, n. a crevice shaped like a lo-bud (made by a thief in a wall), Mricch. iii, 13. - vyüha, m. N. of a Samādhi, L. - sas, ind. by thousands of billions, MBh. - sayinī, f. a species of bird, Gal. - sekhara, m. N. of a king of the Gandharvas, Kathās. - srī, 'beautiful as a lotus flower,' N. of Avalokitêsvara, Kārand.; of a Bodhi-sattva; f. N. of sev. women, Rājat.; HPariš.; of a lady who wrote on Kāma-sāstra, Cat.; -garbha, m. N. of a Bodhi-sattva. - shanda, n. a multitude of lotuses, MBh. (cf. -khanda). - samhita, f. N. of wk. - samkāsa, mfn. resembling a lotus, MW. - sadman, m. 'lo-dweller,' N. of Brahmā, Bālar. -samāsana, m. id., VP. -sambhava, m. = -ja, Hariv.; N. of a Buddhist teacher who founded the Red sect in Tibet, MWB. 272 &c. - saras, n. l°-lake, N. of sev. lakes, MBh.; Rājat.; Pañc. -sundara, m. N. of an author, Cat. -sutra, n. a lo-garland, Hariv. - sena, m. N. of sev. men, Kathās.; (a), f. N. of a woman, HParis. - saugandhika, n. pl. the flowers Nelumbium Speciosum and Nymphaea Alba, R.; mfn. (a pond) abounding in these flowers, MBh.; R. &c.; -vat, mfn. id., MBh. - snushā, f. (L.) N. of Gangā; of Srī; of Durgā. - svastika, n. a Sv° mark consisting of lotus-flowers, MW. - svāmin, m. N. of a sacred edifice built by Padma, Rājat. - hasta, m. a partic. measure of length, AgP. - hasa, m. 'smiling like or with a lotus,' N. of Vishnu, L. (cf. -bhāsa). -hema-mani, m. N. of a teacher, Cat. Padmakara, m. (ifc. f. \bar{a}) a lotus-pool or an assemblage of lotuses, Bhartr.; Kathas.; -deva and -bhatta, m. N. of authors, Cat. Padmakara, mfn. lo-shaped, MW. Padmaksha, $mf(\bar{i})n$, lo-eyed, id.; n. lo-seed, W. Padmanka-mudra, f. a partic. Mudra, Karand. Padmånghri, m. = odma-pada, Cat. Padmåcala, m. N. of a mountain, R. Padmacarya, m. N. of a teacher, Cat. Padmata, m. Cassia Tora, Bhpr. Padmadi, a lotus-flower &c.; -tva, n., Kavyad. ii, 95. Padmadhîsa, m. N. of Vishnu, Dhurtan. Padmananda, m. N. of a poet; -sataka, n. his wk. Padmantara, m. a lo-leaf, MW. Padmalamkara, f. N. of a Gandharvi, Karand. Padmalaya, m. 'dwelling in a lo,' N. of Brahma, MBh.; (ā), f. N. of Śrī, ib.; Hariv.; n. N. of a city, Sinhas. Padmā-vatī, f. (cf. odma-vo and Pāņ. vi, 3, 119 &c.) Hibiscus Mutabilis, L.; a kind of Prakrit metre, Col.; N. of Lakshmi, Git.; of the goddess Manasa, L.; of one of the Matris attending on Skanda, MBh.; of a Surangana, Sinhas.; of a Jaina deity, L.; of a wife of king Srigala, Hariv.; of a wo of Yudhi-shthira (ko of Kasmira), Rajat.; of the wo of Jaya-deva, Git.; of a wo of ko Vira-bāhu, Vet.; of a wo of ko Naya-pāla, ib.; of a poetess, Cat.; of the city of Ujjayini in the Krita-yuga, Kathās.; of another city, VP.; of a river, L.; of Kathās. xvii; -kalpa, m., -pañcânga, n., -stotra, n. N. of wks.; -priya, m. 'husband of Padmavatī (= Manasā), 'N. of Jarat-kāru, L. Padmavabhasa, m. N. of a kind of philosopher's stone, Kāraņd. Padmāvali, f. N. of wk. Padmāsana, n. a lo as seat (esp. of an idol), Hariv.; Kum.; a partic. posture in religious meditation, Bhartr. (cf. MWB. 240); a kind of coitus, L.; mf(a)n. sitting in a lo or in the position called Padmasana (-1ā, f., Cat.); m. N. of Brahmā, VP.; of Šiva, Šivag.; the sun, L.; (a), f. N. of the goddess Manasa, L. Padmahvaya, m. Cerasus Puddum, Bhpr. Padmahva, f. Hibiscus Mutabilis, L. Padme-saya, m. 'sleeping in a lotus,' N. of Vishnu, MBh.; Hariv. Padmôttama, m. N. of a Samādhi, Kārand.; of a partic. world, ib.; of a Buddha living in Padmôttama and of a future Bo, ib. Padmôttara, m. Carthamus Tinctorius, L.; N. of a Buddha, MWB. 136, n. 1; of the father of Padma, L.; ordinaja, m. patr. of the 9th Cakra-vartin in Bharata, Jain.; orikā-sāka,

n. a species of pot-herb, Car. **Padmôtpala-kumuā-vat**, mfn. furnished with the lotus flowers called Padma, Utpala and Kumuda, BhP. **Padmôdbhava**, $mf(\bar{a})n$. sprung from a 1°, MBh.; m. N. of Brahmā, ib.; of a man, Das.; (\bar{a}) , f. N. of the goddess Manasā, L.; -prādur-bhāva, m. N. of ch. of KūrmaP. **Padmôpanishad**, f. N. of an Up.; -dīpikā, f. N. of Comm. on it.

Padmaka, m. or n. red spots on the skin of an elephant, L.; the wood of Cerasus Puddum, MBh. &c.; m. an army arrayed in the form of a lotus-flower, MBh.; a species of tree, R. (B.); N. of a partic. constellation, Hcat.; of sev. men, Rajat.; n. a partic. posture in sitting, Vedântas.; Costus Speciosus or Arabicus, L.

Padmakin, m. Betula Bhojpatra, L.

Padmāya, Nom. A. vate, to resemble the flower of Nelumbium Speciosum, Kāvyad.

Padmävata, m. N. of a kingdom founded by Padma-varna, Hariv.

Padmin, mfn. spotted (as an elephant), MBh.; possessing lotuses, L.; m. an elephant, L.; (nī), f see pext

Padminī, f. (of prec.) Nelumbium Speciosum, a lotus (the whole plant, ifc. "nīka, mfn.; cf. abjinī, nalinī &c.); a multitude of lotuses or a lotus-pond, MBh.; Kāv. &c. (cf. g. pushkarddi); a lo-stalk, L.; a female elephant, L.; a partic. magical art, MārkP.; an excellent woman, a woman belonging to the first of the 4 classes into which the sex is divided, RTL. 389; N. of sev. women, Sinhâs. — kanṭaka, m. a kind of leprosy, Susr. — kānta, m. 'beloved of lotuses,' N. of the sun, L. — khanda, n. a multitude or lake of lotuses, Pañc.; N. of a city, Sinhâs. — pattra, n. a lo-leaf, R. — vallabha and — sa ("nīsa), m. the sun, L. (cf. -kānta). — shanda (and -pura), n. N. of a city, Sinhâs.

Padmishtha, f. N. of a woman, Kathas.

ur padra, m. ($\sqrt{2}$. pad?) a village or = saṃvesa, Uṇ. ii, 13, Sch. (-vaḍa, -saṇḍa and -saḍa [HParis.] perhaps w.r. for -baṭu or -baṇḍa, 'village lad or cripple'); a road in a village, L.; the earth, L.; N. of a district, L.

UE padva, n. $(\sqrt{2. pad?})$ the earth, L.; a road, L.; a car, L.; mfn., see nisarga-padva.

पड़त् pad-vat. See p. 583, col. 1.

2. pan, cl. 1. Ā. pánate (pf.-papana, papné, aor. 3. sg. panishta), to be worthy of admiration or to admire (acc.), RV.: Pass. panyáte, ib.: Caus. panáyati, ote, to regard with surprise or wonder, to admire, praise, acknowledge, RV.; (Ā.) to rejoice at, be glad of (gen.), ib. (cf. \sqrt{pan} ; panāya).

Panayayya, mfn. astonishing, surprising, RV. Panasya, Nom. A. °syáte (P. °syáti, Naigh. iii, 14), to excite admiration or praise, RV. °syú, mfn. showing one's self worthy of admiration, glorious, ib.

Panāya, Nom. P. Ā. "yáti, "te, to show ostentatiously, boast of (gen.), RV. vi, 75, 6 (cf. Nir. ix, 16). "nāyya, mfn. admirable, surprising, RV.; AitBr.

Panitá, mfn. admired, praised, RV.

Panitrí, mín. praising, acknowledging, ib.

Pánipnat, mín. (fr. Intens.) showing one's self worthy of admiration or praise, ib.

Panishṭama, (prob.) w.r., SV.
Pánishṭi, f. (prob.) admiration, praise, ib.
Pánishṭha, mfn. (superl.) very wonderful or

glorious, RV. **Pánīyas,** mfn. (compar.) more or very wonder-

ful, ib., Panu, f. admiration, ib.

Pánya, mfn. astonishing, glorious, ib. (superl.

Pányas, mfn. = $pán\bar{i}yas$, ib.

पनक panaka, m. a kind of Arum, Sīl.

पनस panasa, m. (\sqrt{pan} ?) the bread-fruit or Jaka tree, Artocarpus Integrifolia, MBh.; R. &c.; a thorn, L.; a species of serpent, Sušr.; N. of a monkey, MBh.; R.; ($\bar{\imath}$), f. = $panasik\bar{a}$, Sušr.; n. the bread-fruit, ib. — tālikā or -nālikā, f. the bread-fruit tree, L. Panasāsthi, n. the kernel of the bread-fruit, Sušr.

Panasikā, f. a kind of disease, pustules on the ears and neck, Suir. (cf. pinasa, pīnasa).

पनिषद panishpadá, mf(ā)n. (Intens. of Nspand) quivering, palpitating, AV.

yati, to go, move, Dhātup. xxxii, 39 (cf. /path).

Panthaka, mfn. produced in or on the way, Pāṇ. iv, 3, 29; m. N. of a Brāhman, L. othalikā, f. a narrow way or path, Kāraṇḍ.; Divyâv.

पन्धान panthāna, m. N. of a partic. magical spell spoken over weapons, R. (v. l. saṃdhāna).

पन्दर pandara, m. N. of a mountain, VP.

पद panna &c. See p. 584, col. 2.

पन्नडा pan-naddhā &c. See p. 584, col. 1.

पपस्य papasya, v. l. for pampasya.

ufu papi, mfn. $(\sqrt{1. p\bar{a}})$ drinking (with acc.), RV. vi, 23, 4 (cf. Pāņ. ii, 3, 69, Kāi.); m. the moon, L.

Papi, m. (nom. s) the sun or the moon, Un. iii, 159. **Papīti**, f. (fr. Intens. of $\sqrt{1. p\bar{a}}$) mutual or reciprocal drinking, W.

ug papu, m. $(\sqrt{3}. p\bar{a})$ a protector; f. a purse. L.

ugīt pápuri, mfn. $(\sqrt{p_{i}})$ bountiful, liberal; abundant, RV.

1. **Pápri**, mfn. giving, granting (with gen. or acc.; superl. -tama), RV.; VS. (cf. Pāņ. vii, 1, 103. Sch.)

पपृक्षस्य paprikshénya, mfn. (v/prach) desirable, RV. v, 33, 6.

ufu 2. pápri, mfn. (√1. pri) delivering, saving, RV.; AV.; TS.

m. pl. the descendants of Paphaka and Naraka, g. tika-kitavâdi.

u畫布 pabbeka, m. N. of the father of Kedāra-bhaṭṭa (author of the Vṛitta-ratnākara), Cat.

UHII pamarā, f. a kind of fragrant substance, L.

urutu pampasya, Nom. P. osyati, to feel pain, g. kandv-ādi (v.l. papo).

Upan pampā, f. ($\sqrt{1. p\bar{a}}$?; Up.iii, 28, Sch.) N. of a river in the south of India, MBh.; R. &c.; of a lake, Ragh., Sch. — māhātmya, n. N. of ch. of SkandaP.

पद्म pamb, cl. 1. P. pambati, to go, move, Dhātup. xi, 35, Vop.

uu pay, cl. 1. Ā. payate, to go, move, Dhātup. xiv, 3.

प्य 1. paya. See kat-payá.

uu 2. paya, in comp. for oyas. - ahuti, f. an oblation of milk, SBr. Payôpavasana, n. a kind of fast when milk is the only food, Pān. vi, 3, 109, Vārtt. 6, P. Payôshnī (MBh.; Var.; Pur.), onikā (VP.), f. N. of a river rising in the Vindhya mountain; oni-jātā, f. N. of the river Sarasvatī, L.

Payah, in comp. for °yas. - kandā, f. Batatas Paniculata, L. - kshīra, n. a partic. extract from barley, L. - payôshnī = Payôshnī, MBh. - pāna, n. drinking milk, a draught of m°, Pāṇ. vi, 2, 150, Kāš. - pāyikā, f., id. iii, 3, 111, Kāš. - pārāvara, m. the ocean of m°, Kāv. - pūra, m. flood of water, Ratnâv. - pratibimba, n. the reflected image or fancied appearance of w° (in deserts), Subh. - phenī, f. a partic. small shrub, L. - sāman, n. N. of a Sāman, ĀrshBr. - sphāti (pā°), f. abundance of milk, AV. xix, 31, 10 (printed gáyasph°).

Payas, in comp. for yas. - caya, m. a reservoir, piece of water, lake, L.

Páyas, n. (VI. pī) any fluid or juice, (esp.) milk, water, rain; semen virile, (met.) vital spirit, power, strength, RV. &c. &c.; a species of Andropogon, Bhpr.; N. of a Sāman, ŠrS.; of a Virāj, RPrāt.; night, Naigh. i, 7. — kansa, m. a cup of milk, L. — karnī, f., Pān. viii, 3, 46, Sch. (cf. dadhi-karna). — kāma, mfn. (prob.) wishing for milk, ib.—kāmya, Nom. P. °yati, to wish for m°, Pān. viii, 3, 38, Vārtt. 2, Pat. — kāra (?), viii. 3, 46, Sch. — kumbha, m. a pitcher for holding m°, ib. — kušā, f., ib. — pa, m. 'milk-drinker,' a cat, W.; night, MW.