sense), Bhag.; Käm.; cleaning (the body), W.; acquittal, acquittance, ib.; correction, rectification, ib.

Sam-sodhana,  $mf(\bar{i})n$ . (fr. Caus.) completely purifying, destroying impurity (of the bodily humours), Sušr.; n. purification or a means of po, Sušr.; refining, clearing, W.; paying off, correcting, ib.; -samanīya, mfn. treating of purifying and calming remedies, Susr. sodhita, mfn. completely cleansed and purified &c.; cleared off, paid, Kathās. sodhya, mfn. to be completely cleansed &c.; to be purged, Car.; to be paid or acquitted (as a debt), W.; to be corrected or rectified, ib.

संश्रभ sam-\subh, A. -sobhate, to look beautiful, be radiant or splendid, TBr.; MBh.; to shine equally with (instr.), RV.: Caus. -sobhayati, to decorate, adorn, beautify, AV.

Sam-sobhita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) adorned or shining with (instr.), Ritus.

संग्रह sam- vi. sush, P. -sushyati (ep. also ote), to be completely dried or dried up, MBn.; Kav. &c.: Caus. -soshayati, to make dry, dry up, ib.

Sam-ŝushka,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . completely dried up or withered, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; -mānsa-tvak-snāyu, mfn. one whose flesh and skin and sinews are completely dried up or withered, MBh.; okasya, mfn. having a withered face, ib.

Sam-sosha, m. complete drying, drying up, VarBrS. "soshana, n. id., MBh.; Susr.; mfn. making dry, drying up, Car. soshita, min. (fr. Caus.) made thoroughly dry, dried up, MW. soshin, mfn. drying up, making dry, Subh. (said of a partic. form of fever, Bhpr.)

संशान sam- $\dot{s}\bar{u}na$ , mfn.  $(\sqrt{\dot{s}vi})$  much swelled, swollen, Bhatt.

संश्रङ्गी sam-sringi, f. (fr. sam and sringa) a cow whose horns are bent towards each other,

#3¶ sam-√srī, P. -sriņāti, to smash to pieces, crush, Br.; AsvGr.: Pass. -sīryate (aor. -sāri; pf. -sasre), to be crushed, break down, RV.; AV.; to be dissipated or routed, fly in different directions, MBh.: Desid., see sam-sisarishu.

Sam-sará, m. crushing, breaking, rending, VS.; TBr. osarana, n. the commencement of a combat, charge, attack, L. (prob. w.r. for sam-sarana).

Sam-sāruka, mfn. breaking down (in a-so), Kap. Sam-sisarishu, mfn. (fr. Desid.) wishing to rend or tear, Nir. vi, 31.

संशो sam-√so, P. Ā. -sisāti, -sisīte (once -syati, RV.i, 130,4), to whet or sharpen thoroughly (A. 'one's own weapons'), RV.; TS.; SBr.; to urge, excite, speed, make ready, prepare, RV.; AV.; Br.; KātySr.

Sam-sāna, n. N. of various Sāmans, ArshBr.

Sám-sita, mfn. (often wrongly written sansita or samsita) whetted, sharpened, SBr.; pointed, sharp (see comp.); ready, prepared for or resolved upon (loc.), AV.; MBh. &c.; made ready, well-prepared, all right (applied to things), VS.; AV.; fixed upon, decided, firmly adhered to, rigid (as a vow), Mn.; MBh. &c.; completing, effecting, diligent in accomplishing, W.; m. N. of a man, g. gargâdi (cf. sāmsitya); -tapas, mfn. exposed or subjected to painful austerities or mortifications (said of a Sūdra), MBh.; -vāc, mfn. using harsh or sharp language, MBh.; -vrata, mfn. (sám-s°) firmly adhering to a vow, faithful to an obligation, honest, virtuous, SBr.; Mn.: MBh. &c.; m. a Rishi, Gal.; otatman, mfn. one who has completely made up his mind, firmly resolved, MBh.

Sam-siti, f. excessive sharpening, AitBr.

सञ्चत sam-s-cat, m. (prob. fr.  $\sqrt{cat}$ ) a juggler, rogue (= kuhaka), Un. ii, 85, Sch. (v.l. sam-svat); n. deceit, trick, illusion, juggling, W.

Sam-scaya, Nom. (fr. prec.) A. vate, g. bhri-

संज्ये sam-√syai, cl. 1. P. Ā. -syāyati, °te, only in the forms below.

Sam-sīta, mfn. congealed, frozen, cold, cool, SārngS.

Sam-sīna, mfn. id., Car.

Sam-syana, mfn. id.; contracted, shrunk or rolled up together, collapsed, Kāš. on Pān. vi, 1, 24.

संश्रहा sam-srad-√dhā (only ind. p. -dhāya), to have complete faith in, believe, BhP.

सन्नान sam-srānta, mfn. (√sram) completely wearied, languid, exhausted, MBh.; BhP.

संश्राव sam-srāva &c. See sam-srāva.

Ħf匆 sam-√sri, P. Ā. -srayati, ote (aor. -asret, RV.), to join together with, furnish with (A. 'to join one's self or connect one's self with'), RV.; AV.; TāṇḍBr.; to join or attach one's self to, go for refuge or succour to, resort or betake one's self to, cling to for protection, seek the help of (acc.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; to approach, go to any one with (instr.), R.; to approach for sexual union, MBh.; to rest or depend on (acc.), Malatim.; to obtain, acquire, Mn. x, 60; to serve, MW.

Sam-sisrīshu, mfn. (fr. Desid.) wishing to have

recourse to (acc.), Bhatt.

Sam-sraya, m. (ifc. f.  $\bar{a}$ ) conjunction, combination, connection, association (ifc. 'joined or connected with'), relationship or reference to (ifc. 'relating to,' 'referring to;'  $\bar{a}t$ , ind. 'in consequence of'), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; going or resorting or betaking one's self to any person or place (loc. or comp.), going for refuge or protection, having recourse to (cf. kali-so), MBh.; Pañcat. &c.; league, alliance, leaguing together for mutual protection (one of the 6 Gunas of a king), Mn. vii, 160; Yājñ. &c.; a refuge, asylum, shelter, resting or dwelling-place, residence, home (ifc. 'residing with,' 'living or dwelling or resting in or on'), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; devotion to, attachment to (ifc. 'devoted or attached to; 'āt, ind. 'by means or help of'), MBh.; R.&c.; an aim, object, MW.; a piece or portion belonging to anything, MBh.; N. of a Prajā-pati, R.; -kārita, mfn. caused by alliance, Mn. vii, 176. srayana, n. (ifc.) clinging to, attachment, MBh. 'srayaniya, mfn. to be resorted to, to be sought for protection (-tā, f.), Kām.

Sam-srayitavya, mfn. to be sought for refuge

(as a fortress), Pañcat.

Sam-srayin, mfn. having recourse to, seeking protection; m.a subject, servant, Kām.; (ifc.) dwelling or resting or being in, Ragh.; Rajat.; Kathas.

Sám-srita, mfn. joined or united with (instr. or comp.), AV. &c. &c.; leaning against, clinging to (acc.), MBh.; R.; clung to, embraced, Kum.; one who has gone or fled to any one for protection, one who has entered the service of (acc. or comp.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; one who has betaken himself to a place, living or dwelling or staying or situated or being in (loc. or comp.), MBh.; Kav. &c.; resorted to, sought for refuge or protection, MBh.; one who is addicted to, indulging in (acc.), Bhag.; Pañcat.; one who has laid hold of or embraced or chosen, MBh.; inherent in, peculiar to (acc. or comp.), MBh.; R.; relating to, concerning (loc. or comp.), ib.; BhP.; suitable, fit, proper, MBh. xii, 4102; m. a servant, adherent, dependant, Mn.; MBh. &c.; -vat, mfn. one who has joined or united himself with (instr.), Sak.; otanuraga, m. the affection of dependants, MW. ośritavya, w.r. for ośrayitavya, Pancat.

संश्री sam-√srī, P.-srīnati, to join or unite or connect with, cause to partake of (instr.), TandBr.

संशु sam-VI. sru, P. A. -srinoti, -srinute, to hear or learn from (e.g. mukhāt, 'from any one's mouth'), attend or listen attentively to (acc.), MBh.; Kāv.&c.; to assent, promise (loc. or dat.), ib.; (A.) to be distinctly heard or audible, SānkhBr. (cf. Pān. i, 3, 29, Värtt. 2, Pat.): Pass. - srūyate, to be heard or talked about or read about (yathā samsrūyate, 'as people say' or 'as we read in books'), MBh.: Caus. -srāvayati, to cause to hear or to be heard, proclaim, announce (nāma, 'one's name'), relate or report anything (acc.) to any one (acc. or dat.), Yājñ.; to read out (see sam-śrāvita); to make resound, MBh.

Sam-srava, m. hearing, listening (loc., 'within hearing'), MBh.; Mālatīm.; assent, promise, agreement, L.; mfn. audible (see vidūra-samsrava). "sravana, n. the act of hearing or listening, MBh.; Susr.; Sarvad.; (ifc.) hearing about, Hariv.; range of hearing, earshot (loc., 'within hearing, aloud'), MBh.; R.; Car. osrávas, n. perfect glory or renown, Vait.; (sám-), m. N. of a man (having the patr. Sauvarcanasa), TS.; °saḥ sāma, N. of a Sāman, ArshBr.

Sam-srāva, m. (ifc.) hearing, listening to, Kaus.

°śrāvaka, m. a hearer, disciple, Kāraṇḍ. °śrāvam, see a-samirāvam. °srāvayitri, m. (fr. Caus.) an announcer, crier, proclaimer, KaushUp.; -mat, mfn. having an announcer, ib. srāvita, mfn. (fr. id.) read out or aloud, Kathās. srāvya, mfn. audible (in a-samsrāvyam, v.l. for osrāvam, q.v.); not to be caused to hear anything, not to be informed of (acc.), R.

Sam-sruta, mfn. well heard, learnt, Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; read about in (loc.), MBh.; agreed, promised to (gen.), MBh.; R. &c.; m. N. of a man, Pāņ. vi, 2, 148, Sch. srutya, m. N. of a son of Visvā-

mitra, MBh.

संश्रीषण sam-sreshina, m. perhaps the N. of a combat in which Indra is said to have engaged on a certain occasion,' AV.

सञ्चाध् saṃ-√slāgh, Ā. -slāghate, to vaunt or boast of (instr.), MBh.

संस्थिष sam-√slish, P. Ā. -šlishyati, ote, to stick or attach one's self to (acc.), Baudh.; Kām.; R. (cf. Pān. iii, 1, 46, Sch.); to clasp, embrace, MBh.; R. &c.; to bring into close contact or immediate connection with (instr.), MBh.: Caus. -sleshayati, to connect, join, put together, unite or bring into contact with (instr. or loc.), Apast.; Hariv.; Kathās.; to transfer to (loc.), Kull. on Mn. viii, 317; to attract, Kām.

Sám-slishta, mfn. clasped or pressed together, contiguous, coherent, closely connected with (instr. with and without saha, acc., or comp.), SBr. &c. &c.; coalescent, blended together, Prāt.; confused, indeterminate (as an action which is neither good nor bad), MBh.; endowed with, possessed of (instr.; kimcij jīvitāsayā, 'having a slight hope of life'), Pañcat.; m. a kind of pavilion, Vāstuv.; n. a heap, mass, multitude, R.: -karman, mfn. not distinguishing between good and evil actions, MBh. xii, 4220 (v.l.  $sam-klishta-k^{\circ}$ );  $-sarīra-k\bar{a}rin$ , mfn. (pl.) putting their bodies together, i.e. dwelling or living together, MBh.

Sam-slesha, m. (ifc. f.  $\bar{a}$ ) junction, union, connection, close contact with (instr. or comp.; osham √labh, 'to attain, participate in'), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; embracing, an embrace, Kālid.; a joint, SāmavBr.; a bond, thong, MBh. "sleshana, mf(i)n. joining, connecting, SānkhBr.; n. clinging or sticking to, Dhātup.; the act of putting together or joining, Susr.; a means of binding together, bond, cement &c., ŚāṅkhBr.; ĀpŚr.; Uttarar. ośleshita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) joined together, united, attached, MBh. osleshin, mfn. clasping, embracing, joining together, SänkhBr.

संश्लोक sam-√slok, P. -slokayati, to celebrate in Slokas or hymns, praise, BhP.

संश्वत saṃ-svat. See saṃ-s-cat, col. 1.

संश्वायन् saṃ-svāyin, mfn. (√svi) swelling (see ubhayataḥ-s°).

संदुल saṃshṭhula. See vi-so, p. 953, col. I.

संसंयु sam-sam-√2. yu (only Ā. 2. sg. pr. -yuvase), to unite completely with one's self, consume, devour, RV. x, 191, 1.

संसच् sam-√sac, A. -sacate, to be connected with (instr.), RV. vi, 55, I.

ससञ्ज sam-√sañj, Pass. -sajyate, -sajjate (°ti; pf. sam-sajjatuh, MBh.), to adhere, stick to (loc.), MBh.; to encounter, engage in close combat with (instr.; also 'to attack,' with acc.), ib.; BhP.; to hesitate, falter (in voice), MBh.; R.; to flow together, be joined, MBh.; to be occasioned, arise (as a battle), ib.; (P.) to attach to a yoke, harness, ib.; MBh. ix, 819 (B.)

Sam-sakta, min. adhered or stuck together, met, encountered (also as enemies), MBh.; Hariv. &c.; sticking fast, faltering (speech), Hariv.; closely connected, united, Pancar.; VayuP.; fixed on or directed towards, occupied with, devoted to, intent upon, fond of (loc. or comp.), MBh.; Kav. &c.; given to the world or mundane pleasures, BhP.; enamoured, MarkP.; endowed or furnished with (comp.), Hariv.; HParis.; close, near, adjoining, contiguous, MBh.; Kāv.; VarBṛS.; compact, dense, uninterrupted, continuous, R.; Kālid.; Kathās.; dependent, conditional, R.; -citta, mfn. (pl., with itarêtaram) having their hearts (mutually) joined, heartily devoted to