f. Ficus oppositifolia, L. - bhūmi, m., N. of a prince, VāyuP. (v. l. deva-bh). - mūrti, m., N. of a prince, MBh. i, 2700 (v. l. -dhūrti) & 2735; -tīrtha, n., N. of a Tirtha, SkandaP. - yuktam, ind. in a prosperous way, R. i, 13, 10. - yoga, au, m. du. rest and exertion, AitBr. - rāja, m. (probably = omêndra, q. v.) N. of a Saiva philosopher (pupil of Abhinava-gupta and author of the Stavacintāmaņi-vritti, the Sva-cchandôddyota, the Paramêsa-stotrâvalī-vritti, the Paramartha-samgrahavivritti, the Pratyabhijñā-hridaya, the Sāmba-pañcāsikā-vivaraņa, and of other works). - vat, mfn. attended with tranquillity and security, prosperous, Pāṇ. Siddh.;  $(\bar{a}n)$ , m., N. of a prince, VP.;  $(at\bar{i})$ , f., N. of a woman, Buddh.; of a locality. - varman, m., N. of a prince, VP. - vāha, m., N. of an attendant of Skanda, MBh. ix, 2568. - vid, m., N. of a prince, VP. - vriksha, m. = -taru, VarBrS., Sch. - vriddhi, m., N. of a Salva general, MBh. iii, 669 ff.; (ayas), m. pl., N. of a warrior family (the women are called tanu-kesyas), Pāņ. vi, 3, 35, Vārtt. 5, Pat. - vriddhin, m., N. of a man, g. bāhv-ādi. - sarman, m., N. of an author. - sūra, m. 'a hero in a safe place,' a boaster, BhP. x, 4, 36. Kshemåditya, m., N. of a man. Kshemådhi, m., N. of a prince of Mithila, BhP. ix, 13, 23; (cf. kshemâri.) Kshemananda, m., N. of an author. Kshemā-phalā, for  ${}^{\circ}ma$ - $ph^{\circ}$ , L. Kshemâri, m. = kshemddhi, VP. Kshemârcis, v. l. for oma-jit, q.v. Kshemā-vatī, f., N. of a town, Divyâv. xviii. Kshemêndra, m., N. of a celebrated poet of Kasmir (surnamed Vyāsa-dāsa and flourishing in the middle of the eleventh century, author of the Brihat-kathā(-mañjarī), Bhāratamañjarī, Kalā-vilāsa, Rāmāyaņa-mañjarī or -kathāsāra, Dašavatāra-carita, Samaya-mātrikā, Vyāsashțaka, Suvritta-tilaka, Loka-prakāsa, Nīti-kalpataru, Rājāvalī); N. of a Šaiva philosopher (who is probably identical with  $-r\bar{a}ja$ ; he is the author of the Spanda-nirnaya and Spanda-samdoha); N. of the author of the Aucityâlamkāra and of the Kavikanthabharana. **Kshemesvara,** for °misv°, q.v.

**Kshemaka**, as, m. a kind of perfume (=caura), L.; N. of a Nāga, MBh. i, 1556; of a Rakshas, Hariv.; of an attendant of Siva, L.; of an old king, MBh. ii, 117; of a son of Alarka (also called Sunītha), Hariv. 1749; of a son of Nirāmitra, MatsyaP.; of the last descendant of Parīkshit in the Kali-yuga, VP.; BhP. ix, 22, 42 f.; (am), n., N. of a Varsha in Plaksha-dvīpa ruled by Kshemaka, VP. ii, 4, 5.

**Kshemayát,** mfn. (pr. p. fr. Nom. P. "ya fr. kshéma) resting, RV. iii, 7, 2; granting rest or an abode, RV. iv, 33, 10 & v, 47, 4.

Kshemin, mfn. enjoying peace or security, safe, secure, MBh. (e. g. Nal. xii, 90); BhP. x, 88, 39; Kām. Kshemišvara, m., N. of the author of the Canda-kaušika.

**Kshemyá,**  $mf(\bar{a})n. (={}^{\circ}ma, P\bar{a}n. v, 4, 36, V\bar{a}rtt. 5, Pat.)$  resting, at leisure, at ease, RV. x, 28, 5; AV. xii, 2, 49; VS. xvi, 33 (kshémya); SBr. vi, 7, 4, 7; xiii, 1, 4, 3; PārGr.; yielding peace and tranquillity (as a country; 'healthy,' W.), Mn. vii, 212; giving peace and tranquillity, MBh. xiv, 1691; prosperous, auspicious, VarBrS.; (as), m., N. of Siva, MBh. xiv, 194; N. of several princes [a son of Sunītha and father of Ketumat, Hariv. 1592 f.; 1750; a son of Ugrâyudha and father of Su-vīra, ib. 1084; VP.; BhP. ix, 21, 29; (= kshema) a son of Suci and father of Suvrata, VP.]; ( $\bar{a}$ ), f. a form of Durgā, VP. v, 1, 83; ( $\bar{a}m$ ), n. resting, TS. v, 2, 1, 7.

स्रेय ksheya. See 🗸 4. kshi.

स्त्रेव् kshev, for  $\sqrt{kshiv}$ , q.v.

संस्पु kshcshņú. See 14. kshi.

kshai, cl. 1. P. kshāyati, to burn, catch or take fire, KātyŠr. xxv, 8, 21, Sch.; =  $\sqrt{4}$ . kshi, Dhātup. xxii, 16: Caus. kshāpayati (Impv. kshāpáya), to singe, burn, AV. xii, 5, 51; TāṇḍyaBr. xvii, 5, 7.

Kshātí, is, f. singeing, heat, RV. vi, 6, 5.

Kshāmá, mf(ā)n. burning to ashes, charring, MaitrS. i, 8, 9; (Pāṇ. viii, 2, 53) scorched, singed, KātyŠr.; Jaim.; dried up, emaciated, wasted, thin, slim, slender, Yājñ. i, 80; MBh.; R.; Megh. &c.; weak, debilitated, infirm, slight (especially applied to the voice), R. iii, 58, 14; Sušr.; Amar.; Rājat. v, 219. — karsha-mišrá, mfn. (=så-kshāma-karsha, ŠBr.iii) mingled with scorched or singed par-

ticles that have been scratched off, SBr. ii, 5, 2, 46.

- kshāma, mfn. quite emaciated, Sak. iii, 7. - tā, f. emaciation, thinness, W.; debility, W. - tva, n. id., W. - vat (kshāma-), mfn. burnt to coal, charred (said of Agni), MaitrS.; TS. ii; AitBr. vii, 6; Kāty-Sr. xxv; ŠānkhŚr.; (tī), f. (scil. ishṭi) N. of a particular sacrificial ceremony, BhavP. Kshāmānga, mfn. having a slender body, Bhām. Kshāmā-prastha, m., N. of a town, g. mālādi. Kshāmāsya, n. any diet or any state of the body (as menstruation) incompatible with a particular medical treatment, L. (v. l. kshamasya).

Kshāmi, is, m. patr. fr. ma, Pāṇ.viii, 2, 1, Kās.
 Kshāmin, mfn. (=kshāmo 'syāsti), ib. Kshāmi-mat, mfn. ib.

Kshāmī-√kri, to shorten, ŚārngP.

स्रोप्य kshainya, am, n. (fr. kshīṇa), destruction, wasting away (ifc.), Rāj. v, 262; leanness, slenderness, emaciation, W.

Kshaiti, patr. fr. kshitá, Pāṇ. viii, 2, 42, Vārtt. 4.

Kshaita, as, m. (fr. 2. kshití), the chief of a race, prince, RV. ix, 97, 3.—vat (kshaita-), mfn. princely, RV. vi, 2, 1.

**Kshaítra**, n. (fr. kshétra), landed property, RV. viii, 71, 12; a multitude of fields, g. bhikshâdi.

**Kshaitrajitya**, am, n. (fr. kshetra-jit), acquisition of land, victorious battle, VS. xxxiii, 60.

**Kshaitrajña**, am, n. (fr. kshetra-jña, g. yu-vadi), spirituality, nature of the soul, W.; the know-ledge of the soul, W.

Kshaitrajñya, am, n. (g.  $br\bar{a}hmanddi$ ), id., W. Kshaitrapata, mf( $\bar{i}$ , g.  $asva-paty-\bar{a}di$ )n. relating to the owner of a field (kshetra-pati),  $\bar{A}p\dot{S}r$ .

**Kshaitrapatya**, am, n. (fr. kshetra-pati), dominion, property, RV. i, 112, 13; (°tyά), mfn. belonging to the lord of the soil, TS. i, 8, 20, 1; ii, 2, 1, 5; SBr. v, 5, 2, 7; TBr. i, 4, 4, 2; KātyŚr. xv.

by speaking quickly, a term for a kind of Sandhi produced by changing the first of two concurrent vowels to its semivowel, RPrāt.; the Svarita accent on a syllable formed with that Sandhi, RPrāt.; VPrāt.; APrāt.; (am), n. quickness, speediness, g. prithv-ādi. — yukta, mfn. joined by the Kshaipra Sandhi, W. — varṇa, mfn. containing a semivowel, RPrāt. Kshaiprī-bhāvya, mfn. id., RPrāt. vii, 5.

Kshaiprya, n. quickness, Bādar. iv, 3, 1, Sch. सम्वृद्धि kshaimavriddhi, is, m. a patr. fr. kshema-vriddhin, gaṇas gahâdi and raivatikâdi. Kshaimavriddhīya, mfn. fr. °ddhi, ib.

हारकाभ kshairakalambhi, is, m. a patr. fr. kshīra-kalambha, N. ofateacher, Lāty. x, 10, 20. **Kshairahrada**, as, m. patr. fr. kskīra-hro, g. sivâdi.

**Kshaireya**,  $mf(\bar{i})n$ , prepared with milk, milky, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 20;  $(\bar{i})$ , f. a dish prepared with milk, L.

स्रोट kshot, cl. 10. P. kshotayati, to throw, cast, Dhātup. xxxv, 23; (cf. Vkhot.)

स्रोड kshoda, as, m. the post to which an elephant is fastened, L.; (cf. a-kshobha.)

\*\*a kind of lute, 'Sāy.; = kshayaṇa, Nir. v, 6], RV. i, 117, 8; (i), f. (nom. sg. also 'nis, nom. pl. 'nis, once 'nayas, RV. x, 22, 9) a multitude of men, people (as opposed to the chief), RV.; the earth, R. i, 42, 23; BhP. v, 18, 28 & viii, 6, 2; (i), f. Ved. nom. du. 'the two sets of people,' i. e. the inhabitants of heaven and earth ['heaven and earth,' Naigh. iii, 30], RV. ii, 16, 3; viii, 7, 22; 52, 10; 99, 6.

Kshoni, is, f. (= 'nī) the, earth, BhP. iv, 21, 35; (dyas), f. pl., see kshoná. - pati, m. 'earth-lord,' a king. - pāla, m. 'earth-protector,' id., Prasannar. vii, 65. Kshonindra, m. = 'ni-pati.

**Kshoṇī** (f. of °ná, q.v.) — deva, m. 'earth-god,' a Brāhman. — dhara-miṣra, m., N. of a commentator. — pati, m. = °ni-p°, Kathās. vc, 92. — maṇ-ḍala, n. the orb of the earth, Bālar. — maya, mfn. containing or representing the earth (said of Vishnu in his fish-incarnation), BhP. ii, 7, 12. — ramaṇa, m. 'earth-lord,' a king, Vāsant. — ruh, m. 'growing from the earth,' a tree, Prasannar. iv, 6.

Kshaunī, f. the earth, BhP. iii, 14, 3 & 24, 42.

-tala, n. the surface of the earth, W. - prācīra,
m. 'surrounding the earth,' the ocean, L. - bhuj,

m. 'enjoying the earth,' a king, Šāntiš. i, 10. - bhrit, m. 'upholder of the earth,' mountain, Uttarar. ii, 29.

ह्योत्तव्य kshottavya, &c. See √kshud.

Kshoda, kshódas, odita, &c. See ib. स्थापन kshódhuka. See  $\sqrt{1. kshudh}$ .

खोभ kshobha, °bhaka, &c. See \langle kshubh.

सोम kshoma, as, am, m. n. ( $\sqrt{kshu}$ , Un. i, 138) a room on the house-top (ntta), Comm. on L.; (am), n. (for kshauma) linen ( $duk\bar{u}la$ ), L.

Kshomaka, as, m. = kshaumo, L.; (cf. kshema.)

खोर kshora. See Vkshur.

खोगी kshauni. See kshoná above.

Michelia Campaka, MBh. iii, 11569; N. of a mixed caste (son of a Vaideha and a Māgadhī), MBh. xiii, 2584; (am), n. smallness, minuteness, g. prithvādi; honey, species of honey, L.; water, L.; N. of a Sūtra of the SV. —jā, f. honey-sugar, L.—dhātu, m. a kind of mineral substance (= mākshika), L.—priya, m., N. of a tree (species of Bassia), L.—meha, m. the disease diabetes mellitus, Sušr.—mehin, mfn. affected with that disease, ib.—sarkarā, f. =-jā, L.

Kshaudraka, as, m. patr. fr. kshudr<sup>o</sup>, Pāṇ. iv, I, 168, Vārtt. I, Pat. (pl.); (i), f. of kshaudrakya, Pāṇ. v, 3, 114, Kāš.; (am), n. (fr. kshudrā), honey, Gal.

Kshaudrakamālava, mf(i) n. formed by Kshudrakas and Mālavas (an army), Pāṇ. iv, 2, 45, Pat. Kshaudraka-mālavaka, mfn., ib.

**Kshaudrakya**, as, m. patr. fr. (or a servant of) ka, Pān. iv, 1, 168, Vārtt. 1, Pat.; (mfn.) small, L. **Kshaudreya**, am, n. (fr. kshudrā), wax, L.

ma, Un. i, 138), made of linen, linen, Läty.; Gobh.; PārGṛ. &c.; covered with linen, W.; prepared from linseed (as oil), Sušr.; (as, am), m. n. = atta (an airy room on the top of a house, apartment on the roof, back of an edifice, fortified place in front of a building, building of a particular form, W.; cf. kshoma), L.; (i), f. flax (Linum usitatissimum), L.; (am), n. linen cloth or garment, KātyŚr.; Gaut.; Mn. &c. (also = dukūla, L.); linseed, Sušr.; the flower of flax, L. = maya, mfn. made of linen, Hcat. Kshaumaka, as, m. (cf. kshom°) a kind of per-

fume, L.

**Kshaumika**, mf(i)n. made of linen, Kauš. 57.

with a razor (with karman, 'shaving'), VarBiS. iic, 12; (as), m. = -mantra, Sāy. on TS. i; (\bar{\ellip}), f. a razor, W.; (am), n. shaving the head, shaving in general ("ram \sqrt 1. kri, to shave, Hit.; "ram, Caus. \sqrt 1. kri, to have one's self shaved, Hit.), Cān. = karaṇa, n. shaving, Hit. = karman, n. id., Cān.; (see also s. v. kshaura.) = nakshatra, n. (= kshu-ra-n") any lunar mansion auspicious for shaving, cf. VarBiS. iic, 12. = nirṇaya, m., N. of a work. = mantra, ās, m. pl., N. of the formulas TS. i, 2, I, I ff., Sāy. = rksha (-riksha), n. = -nakshatra, VarYogay. ii, 35. = vidhi, m. = -karaṇa.

**Kshaurapavya**, mfn. (fr. kshurá-pavi), very sharp-edged, very sharp, BhP. vi, 5, 8 ('formed out of razors and thunderbolts,' Burnouf).

Kshaurika, as, m. a barber, shaver, L.

kshņu, cl. 2. P. kshņauti (Dhātup. xxiv, 28; fut. Ist kshņavītā, Pāņ. vii, 2, 10, Siddh.; pr. p. kshņuvāņā), to whet, sharpen, AV. v, 20, 1; [cf. Gk. ξύω, ξυρόν, kshurā.]

Kshņut. See anyatah- & ubhayatah-kshņút. Kshņutá, mfn. whetted, sharpened, SBr. vi. Kshņótra, am, n. a whet-stone, RV. ii, 39, 7.

Nir.x,7) the earth, R.iii, 35,63; BhP.; Ragh.; Bhartr. &c.; (ayá), instr. ind. (= 1. kshamá) on the earth, RV.; VS. xxxiii, 92. — nša (mân), m. a district of land, L.—cakra, n. the orb, Bālar. iii, 70.—ja, m. 'earth-born,' the planet Mars; n. the horizon, Gol.—tala, n. the surface of the earth, MārkP. xxiii, 47.—dhara, m. 'upholder of the earth,' a mountain, Mālatīm.; Bālar.; (hence) the number 'seven,' Ganit.—dhriti, m. 'one who has to support the earth,' a king, Rājat. v, 476.—nta (mân), m. 'the ends of the earth,' i.e. the whole earth, Pañcat.—pa, m. 'earth-protector,' a king, Rājat. v, 314 & 457.—pati, m. 'earth-lord,' id., v, 59;