(Impv. 3. sg. á-runddhām, AV. iii, 20, 10; pf. á-runddhre, AV. iv, 31, 3) to shut up, lock in, BhP.; to blockade, besiege, Hariv.; to keep off, ward off, RV.; AV.; SBr.: Caus. -rodhayati, to obstruct, impede, MBh.; R.; Hariv.

A-rodha, as, m. siege, Hit.

A-rodhana, am, n. innermost part, secret place [Sāy.]; (fr. $\sqrt{1}$. $rudh = \sqrt{ruh}$), mounting, ascent [Pischel and NBD.], RV.

सार्हीपत \acute{a} rupita, mfn. = \ddot{a} -ropita [Sāy.?], RV. iv, 5, 7.

আছ্ ā- \(\sqrt{rush}\), Caus. to make furious. Ā-roshita, mfn. made furious, Hariv.

आह्मी ārúshī, f. (fr. \sqrt{rush} ?), hitting, killing [Sāy.], RV. x, 155, 2; N. of a daughter of Manu and mother of Aurva, MBh.

साह्यीय ārushīya, mfn. (fr. arus), belonging to a wound, (gaṇa krisāsvādi, Pān. iv, 2, 80.)

Arushkara, am, n. the fruit of the Semecarpus Anacardium, Susr.; (cf. arush.)

and Ved. -ruhat [Pāṇ. iii, 1, 59]; Inf. -ruham, RV. x, 44, 6), Ā. (2. sg. ā-rohase, RV. i, 51, 12) to ascend, mount, bestride, rise up, RV.; AV.; SBr.; MBh.; R.; Hariv.; Sak.; Kathās. &c.; to arise, come off, result, Kathās.; Kum. &c.; to venture upon, undertake; to attain, gain, RV.; MBh.; Kathās.; Ragh. &c.: Caus. -rohayati & -ropayati, to cause to mount or ascend; to raise, RV.; KātyŚr.; R.; BhP.; Pañcat. &c.; to string (a bow), MBh.; Hariv.; Kum.; Sak. &c.; to cause to grow; to plant, Kathās. &c.; toplace, deposit, fasten, MBh.; R.; BhP.; Yājñ.; to produce, cause, effect, Kathās.; Prab.; MārkP.; to attribute, BhP.; Vedāntas.; Sāh. &c.: Desid. P. -rurukshati, to wish to ascend or mount, RV.; BhP.; MBh.

A-rurukshu, mfn. desirous to rise or ascend or advance, MBh.; Ragh.; Bhag.; Kād.

2. A-rúh, mfn. ifc. ascending, RV. i, 124, 7; (k), f. excrescence, shoot (of a plant), AV. xiii, 1, 9.

A-ruha, ifc. mfn. leaping up, mounting, ascending.
A-ruhya, ind. p. having mounted or ascended.

A-rūdha, mfn. mounted, ascended, bestridden (as a horse &c.), MBh.; Hariv.; BhP.; risen; raised up, elevated on high, VarBṛS.; Pañcat.; Hit.; Kathās. &c.; undertaken; reached, brought to (often used in compounds, e.g. indriyārūdha, brought under the cognizance of the senses, perceived), BhP.; having reached or attained, come into (a state), BhP.; Prab.; Sak.; Kathās. &c.; (am), n. the mounting, arising. — vat, mfn. mounting, rising, N. of a Sāman.

Ā-rūdhi, is, f. ascent, mounting, Sak.

A-rodhavya, mfn. to be ascended or mounted, MBh.; Kathās.; Pañcat.

A-rodhri, $dh\bar{a}$, m. one who ascends or rises, Yājñ.

Ā-ropa, as, m. imposing (as a burden), burdening with, charging with; placing in or on; assigning or attributing to; superimposition, Vedānt.; Sāh.&c.

A-ropaka, mfn. ifc. planting, Mn.; fixing; causing to ascend, L.

A-ropana, am, n. causing to mount or ascend, Kathās.; raising up, elevating, Kathās.; the act of placing or fixing in or on, R.; Ragh.; Kum.; the stringing of a bow, R.; assigning, attribution, imposition, substitution, Sāh.; planting, L.; trusting, delivering, L.

A-ropaṇīya, mfn. to be made to ascend; to be raised or placed, Kathās.; to be planted, L.; to be strung, Pras.; to be inserted or supplied, Comm. on TPrāt. xiv, 9.

A-ropita, mfn. raised, elevated, Kum.; fixed, placed, Kād.; made; charged with; strung (as a bow); deposited, intrusted; interposed, supplied; accidental, adventitious, L.

1. A-ropya, mfn. to be placed or fixed in or on; to be planted, VarBrS.; to be strung (as a bow), Hariv.; to be attributed, interposed, supplied, Sarvad.

2. A-ropya, ind. p. having made to ascend or mount &c.

A-ropyamāna, mfn. being strung (MBh. i, 7032 in the sense of trying to string [Comm.]; perhaps straining at or making great exertions with?).

A-roha, as, m. one who mounts or ascends, a rider (on a horse &cc.), one who is seated in a carriage, R.; ascent, rising, creeping up, mounting, Sak.; Kathās.; R.; haughtiness, pride, Kathās.; elevation, elevated place, altitude, R.; a heap, mountain, R.; increase, Sāh.; a woman's waist, the swell of the body, R.; BrahmaP.; Siš.; length, L.; a particular measure, L.; descending (= ava-roha?), L.

A-rohaka, mfn. ascending, rising; raising up; (as), m. a rider, Pañcat.; a tree, L.

A-rôhaṇa, mf(ī)n. arising, ascending, MārkP.; (am), n. the act of rising, ascending, SBr.; KātyŚr.; Sak.; MBh. &c.; a carriage, SBr.; KātyŚr.; an elevated stage for dancing, MBh.; a ladder, staircase, L.; the rising or growing of new shoots, growing (of plants), L.; a particular measure, L. -vāhá, mfn. drawing a carriage, TS.

Arohanika, mfn. relating to ascent or mounting, MBh.

Arohanīya, mfn. (gaņa anupravacanādi, Pāņ. v, 1, 111) helping to ascend or mount.

Arohin, mfn. ascending, mounting; one who mounts, rides, Pañcat.; VarBr.; leading to, helping to attain, Pañcat.

মাত $\bar{a}r\bar{u}$, mfn. (\sqrt{ri} [Un. i, 87]), tawny; ($\bar{u}s$), m. tawny (the colour), L.

outside, without, RV.; AV.; near, L.—agha, mfn. having evil far removed, RV. vi, I, I2; 56, 6.—avadya, mfn. one from whom blame or insult is far removed, RV. x, 99, 5.—satru, mfn. one whose enemies are driven far away, AV. vii, 8.

सारहण ā-rehaņa. See ā-√rih.

सारोक \bar{a} -roka. See \bar{a} - \sqrt{ruc} .

ञ्चारोग ā-roga. See ā-√ruj.

dom from disease, health, MBh.; R.; Sušr.; Mn.; Gaut.; Āp.; a particular ceremony; (ā), f., N. of Dākshāyaṇi; (mfn.) healthy; giving health, L.—cintā-maṇi, m., N. of a work.—tā, f. health, R.—pañcaka, n. a remedy against fever, Bhpr.—pratipad-vrata, n. a ceremony for gaining health.—mālā, f., N. of a work.—vat, mfn. healthy, L.—vrata, n. an observance for procuring health.—šālā, f. a hospital, L. Ārogyâmbu, n. healthful water, Bhpr.

Arogyaya, Nom. to wish health.

सारोचक ā-rocaka. See ā-√ruc.

स्रारोध \bar{a} -rodha, &c. See \bar{a} - $\sqrt{2}$. rudh.

आरोप ā-ropa, ā-roha, &c. See ā-√ruh.

দাৰ ārka, mfn. (fr. arka), belonging or relating to the sun, BhP.; coming from the plant Calotropis Gigantea, VarBiS.

Ārkalūsha, as, m. (fr. arkalūsha, gaņa vidādi, Pāņ. iv, 1, 104), a descendant of Arkalūsha.

Ārkalūshāyaņa, as, m. (gaņa haritādi, Pāņ. iv, 1, 100) a descendant of Ārkalūsha.

Ārkalūshāyaṇi, m. f. (gaṇa karṇādi, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 80) a descendant of Ārkalūsha.

Ārkāyaṇa, mfn. (fr. arka, gaṇa asvadi, Pāṇ. iv, I, IIO) and ārkāyaṇi, mfn. (gaṇa karṇadi, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 80) coming from or relating to Arka or the sun; (as), m. a ceremony, MBh.

Arki, is, m. a son or descendant of Arka or the sun; N. of the planet Saturn, VarBrS.; of Yama, T.; of a Manu, T.; of Sugrīva, T.; of Karna, T.

सार्कम् ârkam (for ā-arkam), ind. as far as the sun, even to the sun inclusively, BhP. x, 14, 40.

शक्त $\bar{a}rksh\acute{a}$, mf($\bar{\imath}$)n. (fr. riksha), stellar, belonging to or regulated by the stars or constellations; ($\acute{a}s$), m. a son or descendant of Riksha, RV. viii, 68, 16; MBh. — varsha, m. a stellar year or revolution of a constellation, L.

Ārkshya, as, m. and ārkshyāyaņī, f. (fr. ri-ksha, gaņa gargādi, Pāņ. iv, 1, 105), a descendant of Riksha.

आहाँ त्वrkshoda, mfn.(fr.rikshoda), coming from or inhabiting the mountain Rikshoda, L.

आर्गेयन ārgayana (fr. rigayana, Pāņ. iv, 3, 73) or ārgayana (gaṇa girinady-ādi, Kāty. on

Pāņ. viii, 4, 10) contained in or explanatory of the book Rigayana, T.

सागैल ārgala, as, m. and ī, f. a bolt or bar (= argala, q. v.), L.

स्राग्वेध ārgvadha = āragvadha, q. v.

आर्वेदिक ārgvaidika, mfn. belonging to the Rig-veda, Comm. on KātySr. v, 1, 5, &c.

আথা ārghā, f. a sort of yellow bee, L. Ārghya, mfn. relating to or coming from the above bee, Sušr.; (am), n. its honey, L.

মার্ব 1. ārca, mfn. (fr. arcā, Pāṇ. v, 2, 101) = arcāvat (q. v.), worshipping, doing homage.

सार्च 2. $\bar{a}rca$, mf(\bar{i})n. (fr. ric), relating to the Ric or Rig-veda.

Arcayana, as, m. (fr. ric, gaṇa nadadi, Pāṇ. iv, 1,99), a descendant of Ric; (mfn.) belonging to the Rig-veda [T.]

Arcika, mfn. relating to the Rig-veda or connected with a Ric-verse; (am), n., N. of the Sāmaveda.

आचेत ārcatká, as, m. (fr. icatka, Sāy.), N. of Šara, RV. i, 116, 22.

सार्चाभिन् ārcābhin, inas, m. pl., N. of a school founded by Ricābha (a pupil of Vaisampāyana), (gaṇa kārtakaujapādi, Pāṇ. vi, 2, 37), Nir. &c.

आर्थिकपवेत ārcīka-parvata, as, m., N. of a mountain, MBh.

মার্ছ ārch (ā- \sqrt{rich}), P. ārcchati, to fall into (calamity or mischief), AV. ii, 12, 5; ŚBr. i; AitBr.; to obtain, partake of, ŚBr.; MBh.

साजेव ārjava, mfn. (fr. riju, gana prithv-ādi, Pān. v, 1, 122), straight; honest, sincere, Kathās.; (as), m., N. of a teacher, VP.; (am), n. straightness, straight direction, Sāh.; rectitude, propriety of act or observance; honesty, frankness, sincerity, ChUp.; Ap.; Gaut.; MBh.; R.; Mn. &c.

Arjavaka, mfn. straight, direct; (as), m., N. of the ninth Sarga or creation, MBh. xii, 11566.

Arjavin, mfn. having or showing honest behaviour, MBh.

आर्जीक ārjīká, mfn. (fr. rijīka [Sāy.], q.v.), belonging to the country Rijīka; (as), m. a particular Soma vessel [NBD.], RV.

Ārjīkiya, as, m., N. of a country [Sāy.]; a Soma vessel [NBD.], RV. viii, 64, 11; (\bar{a}) , f., N. of a river, RV. x, 75, 5.

आर्ज़ न ārjuna, as, m., N. of Indra (= arjuna, q. v.), Kāth. 34, 3.

Arjunāyana, as, m. (gaņa asvādi, Pāņ. iv, I, 110) a descendant of Arjuna; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people, VarBrS.

Ārjunāyanaka, mfn. (gaņa rājanyādi, Pāņ. iv, 2, 53) inhabited by the Arjunāyanas.

Ārjuni, is, m. (fr. arjuna, gaņa bāhv-ādi, Pāņ. iv, 1, 96), a descendant of Arjuna, MBh.

Ārjuneyā, as, m. (fr. ārjuni), N. of Kutsa, RV. আরু ārñj (ā- \sqrt{r} iñj), Ā. (only irr. aor. 1. sg. ā-riñjase, RV. v, 13, 6 & x. 76, 1) to strive after, endeavour to obtain, wish to possess.

स्रातं $\bar{a}rta$, &c. See 2. $\bar{a}r$ (\bar{a} - \sqrt{ri}).

भातना artanā, f. [connected with ārta, Sāy.] a destructive battle, or ártana, mfn. [connected with ārāt and ārē, BRD.] uncultivated, waste, desert, RV. i, 127, 6.

श्चातेपण ārtaparņa, as, m. the son of Ritaparņa, N. of Sudāsa, Hariv.

স্থানিশান ārtabhāga, as, m. and ī, f. (fr. ritabhāga, gaṇa vidâdi, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 104), a descendant of Ritabhāga, SBr. — ा-putra, m., N. of a teacher, SBr. xiv.

or conforming to the seasons or periods of time, seasonable, R.; Kum.; Ragh.; Vikr. &c.; menstrual, relating to or produced by this discharge, Susr.; (as), m. a section of the year, a combination of several seasons, AV.; TS.; VS. &c.; (ī), f. a mare, L.; (am), n. the menstrual discharge, SBr.; Susr.; Mn.; the ten days after the menstrual discharge fit for genera-