samcayah, saro avasthitih; prob. w.r. for -niscaya) certainty about the body, MBh. - nipāta, m. collapse of the bo, falling down dead, Gaut. - nyasa, m. casting off the bo, death, Apast. - pakti, f. purification of the b° , MBh. = patana, n. = - $p\bar{a}ta$, MW. -pāka, m. 'ripening of the bo,' decline of bodily strength, decay, MW. - pāta, m. collapse of the bo, death, VarBr.; Kum. &c. - pīdā, f. bodily pain or suffering, VarYogay. - purusha, m. a soul possessed with a bo, AitAr. - pradhanata, f. the character or nature of the b° (ay \bar{a} , ind. in virtue of the b°), Vedântas. - prabhava, m. a begetter, father, R. - prahladana, m. N. of a king of the Gandharvas, Kārand. - baddha, $mf(\bar{a})n$. endowed or invested with a bo, Kum. - bandha, m. the fetters of the bo, being fettered by the bo, BhP.; assumption of a (new) body, rebirth, Ragh.; (ena), ind. in bodily form, bodily, ib. - bandhaka, m. 'personal pledge,' a hostage, W. - bhāj, mfn. having a body, embodied, L.; m. an embodied being, BhP. - bhūta, $mf(\tilde{a})n$, become or being a body, MW. - bhrit, mfn. 'containing the (future) body ' and 'endowed with a body' (said of seed and the soul), MBh. - bheda, m. dissolution of the body, death, AitUp.; Gaut. &c. - mātra, n. the mere body or person, the body only, MW. - yashti, f. 'stick-like body,' a slender bo, slim figure, Ragh. - yātrā, f. means of bodily subsistence, subso, Bhag.; Kathās. - yoga, m. bodily union; -ja, mfn. produced from bodo contact, Ragh. -rakshaka, m. a body-guard, L. -raksha, f. defence of the body, protection of the person, Ragh. - ratna, n. a jewel of a body, i. e. an excellent body, Mālatīm. - reshaņa, n. hurting or injuring the bo, sickness and death, ApGr. - lakshana, n. N. of wk. - vat, mfn. provided with a bo, Sarvad.; substantial, TBr.; m. an embodied being, MBh.; -tva, n. the being provided with a bo, Sarvad. - vada, m., -viniscayâdhikāra, m. N. of wks. - vimokshana, n. liberation from body, death, Baudh.; Mn. - vritta, mfn. occupied about bodily state, Kathas. - vritti, f. maintenance of the body, support of life, Ragh. - vaikalya, n. imperfection or indisposition of the body, Hit. - susrusha, f. attendance on the bo, personal atto, Mn.; Pañcat. - soshana, n. drying up i.e. mortification of the bo, Sarvad.; Pañcat. -samskāra, m. purification of the body (by the ceremonies at conception, birth, initiation &c.; see samsko), Mn. ii, 26; n. decoration or adorning of the person, W. - samdhi, m. a joint of the body, BhP. - sampatti, f. health or prosperity of body, MW. - sambandha, m. 'bodily connection,' relation by marriage, ib. - sada, m. exhaustion of body, Ragh. -stha, mfn. existing in the bo, Bhartr. -sthana, n. the doctrine about the human bo, Cat.; -bhāshya, n. N. of wk. - sthiti, f. = -vritti, Hcar.; Käd. -homa, m. pl. N. of partic. oblations, ApSr. Sarīrākāra, m. (Mālatīm.) or sarīrākriti, f. (Pat.) bodily gesture or mien. Sarīrātman, m. the bodily soul' (as distinguished from antarâtman, q.v.), Pat. Sarīranta, m. (ifc. f. a) the hairs on the body, Pañcat.; -kara, mfn. making an end of or destroying the bo, MBh.; R. Sarīrantara, n. another body; -cārin, mfn. acting in another b° MBh. Sarīrabhyadhika, mfn. dearer than one's own person, Kathäs. Sarīrardha, m. the half of the body, Kum. Sarīrâvayava, m. a part of the b°, member, limb, Pāṇ. v, 1, 6. Sarīrāvaraṇa, n. 'body-covering,' a shield, MBh.; the skin(?), L. Sarīrasthi, n. bones of the body, a skeleton, L.

Sarīraka, n. a small or tiny body, Šiš.; a wretched bo, Pañcat.; Kād.; Kathās. &c.; (m. c. for *šarīra*; ifc. f. *ikā*) the body, Yājñ.; Hcat.; m. the soul, A.

Sarīrin, mfn. having a body, embodied, corporeal, Mn.; Kāv. &c.; (ifc.) having anything as a body, Mn.iv, 243 (cf. kha-s°); covered with bodies, MBh.; (ifc.) exercising one's own b°, BhP.; living, MW.; m. an embodied being, creature, (esp.) a man, Mn.; Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; the soul, Bhag.; Ragh. &c. (n., W.); an embodied spirit, MW.

Sarīrī-/bhū, P. -bhavati, to become embodied, assume bodily shape (pp. -bhūta), Kathās.

शरेफ sarepha, m. N. of a poet, Subh.

शरोगृहीत saro-grihīta. See saras, p. 1056.

NAT $\dot{s}arkara$, $mf(\bar{a})n$. consisting of gravel or grit, gritty, $\dot{S}Br$.; $K\bar{a}ty\dot{S}r$.; m. a pebble, small stone, Kauš.; $(m.c.) = \dot{s}arkar\bar{a}$ (see comp.); a kind of drum, Samgīt.; N. of a fabulous aquatic being,

PañcavBr.; (pl.) N. of a people, MārkP.; (\tilde{a} and \bar{i}), f., see below. **– karshin**, mfn. = $\dot{s}arkar\bar{a}$ - k° , Hariv. **– jā**, f. ground or candied sugar, MW. **– tvá**, n. the condition or nature of grit or gravel, TS. **– varshin**, mfn. = $\dot{s}arkar\bar{a}$ - v° , MBh.

Sarkaraka, mfn. (fr. sarkarā), g. risyddi; m. a species of sweet citron or lime, L.; (ikā), f. ground or candied sugar, Param.

Sárkarā, f. (ifc. f. ā) gravel, grit, pebbles, shingle, gravelly mould or soil (mostly pl.), AV. &c. &c.; gravel (as a disease), Susr.; hardening of the flesh, ib.; hardening of the ear-wax, ib.; ground or candied sugar, Kāv.; VarBrS.; Sušr.; a fragment or piece of broken earthenware, potsherd, Naish. - karshin, mfn. attracting or carrying along gravel, SānkhGr. - ksha (râksha), m. N. of a man, g. gargâdi (°kshya [prob. w. r.], Samk. on ChUp. v, 11, 1). - °cala (°râc°), m. 'sugar-hill,' a sugar-loaf (shaped like a conical hill), Cat.; -dāna, n. the gift of the above, ib. - dhenu, f. a gift of sugar moulded in the shape of a cow, ib. - pushpa, m. a white Calotropis, L. (cf. samkara-p°). - prabhā, f. 'gravelresemblance,' N. of the second of the Jaina hells, L. - ombu (orâmbu), n. sugared water, Suir. - orbuda (°rârb°), m. n. a kind of tumour, Sušr. -vat, mfn. full of stony particles, gritty, gravelly, L. - vartā (°rav°), f. N. of a river, BhP. - varshin, mfn. raining gravel, SānkhGr. - saptamī, f. a partic. observance on the 7th day of the light half of the month Vaišākha, Cat. - osava (oraso), m. spirituous liquor distilled from sugar, rum, R. Sarkarôdaka, n. sugared water, Bhpr.

Sarkarāla, mfn. impregnated with gritty or gravelly particles (as wind &c.), Venīs.

Sarkarika, mfn. (g. kumudâdi) gritty, stony, gravelly, W.

Sarkarin, min. suffering from the disease called gravel, Car.

Sarkarila, mfn. gravelly (= sarkarā-vat), Pāņ. v, 2, 105.

Sarkarī, f. (only L.) a river; a belt; = lekhanī; a kind of metre (cf. sakvarī). - dhāna, n. N. of a village, Kāš. on Pāņ. iv, 2, 109.

Sarkarī-krita, mfn. made into gravel or grit, L. Sarkarīya, mfn., Pān. iv, 2, 84.

शकार sarkāra (and ī, f.), g. gaurādi.

siarkura, mfn. young, tender, L.

Sarkotá, m. N. of a partic. snake, ib. (cf. sār-kota and karkotaka).

श्राणेचापिति sarņacāpili(?), m. N. of a man, Pravar.

श्रादिस sardis or sárdis (of unknown meaning), AV. xviii, 3, 16.

iii, 2, 28, Vārtt. I, Pat.; m. beans or any leguminous grain, pulse, W. — mīti (sárdha-), mfn. (sárdha-), mfn

Sárdhat, mfn. (pr. p.) defiant, mocking, bold, daring, RV.

Sardhana, n. the act of breaking wind, Kull. Sárdhas, mfn. = sárdhat (only in compar. sárdhas-tara, more daring or defiant), RV.; n. a troop, host, multitude (cf. sárdha), ib.

Sardhin. See bāhu-š°. Sárdhya, mín. bold, strong, RV. i, 119, 5.

มุนัก sarpaṇā, f., g. madhv-ādi (Kās.) - vat, mfn., ib. (cf. saryaṇā-vat).

श्र इंarb (cf. \siarv, samb, samb, sarb, sarv), cl. I. P. sarbati, 'to go' or 'to kill,' Dhātup. xi, 29.

nected with 1. sarana, sarīra) shelter, protection, refuge, safety, RV. &c. &c.; a house, Naigh. iii, 4; joy, bliss, comfort, delight, happiness (often at the end of names of Brāhmans, just as varman is added to the names of Kshatriyas, and gupta to those of Vaisyas), Yājñ.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; N. of partic.

formulas, VarYogay.; identified with sarva (Kaus.) and with vac (AitBr.); mfn. happy, prosperous, W.

I. Sarma, n. = sarman, L.

2. Šarma, in comp. for sarman. – kāma, mfn. desirous of happiness, Yājň. iii, 328. – kārin (Dhūrtan.), -kṛit (BhP.), mfn. causing h°, blessing. – da (ŠārngP.), -dātṛi (BhP.), -prada (Bhartr.), mfn. conferring h°, making prosperous, propitious. – lābha, m. obtaining h° or joy, Sušr. – vat, mfn. containing the word sarman, Mn. ii, 32; possessed of h°, lucky, auspicious, W. – varma-gaṇa, m. N. of a partic. Gaṇa of verses in the Atharva-veda, AV. Pariš. – sád, mfn. sitting behind a shelter or screen, RV. Śarmôpâya, m. a means of obtaining happiness, Kathās.

Sarmaka, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. Sarmanya, mfn. sheltering, protecting, TS. Sarmaya, Nom. P. 'yati (only in pr. p. 'yat, = prec.), RV.

Sarmara, m. a sort of garment or cloth, L.; Curcuma Aromatica or another species, L.

sarmin, mfn. possessing happiness, lucky, auspicious, MBh.; m. N. of a Rishi, ib.

Sarmila. See pāndu-s'.

Sarmishthā, f. 'most fortunate,' N. of one of the wives of Yayāti (she was the daughter of Vṛishaparvan and mother of Druhyu, Anu, and Puru; cf. under yayāti and deva-yānī), MBh.; Kāv. &c. — yayāti, n. N. of a Nāṭaka (mentioned in Sāh.)

श्रमें sarya, saryaṇa, saryāṇa. See p. 1056, col. 3, and p. 1057, col. 1.

श्रयात saryāta, m. N. of a man, RV.; SBr. (cf. next and sāryāta).

Saryāti, m. N. of a son of Manu Vaivasvata, MaitrUp.; MBh. &c.; of a son of Nahusha, VP.

शर्व sarv (cf. \sqrt{sarb} , sarv), cl. I. P. sarvati, to hurt, injure, kill, Dhātup. xv, 76.

श्रव sarva, sarvaka &c. See p. 1057, col. 1.

স্থাব sarvara, mfn. variegated, spotted (=karvara; cf. also sabara, sabala), L.; (i), f., see below; n. darkness, L.; the god of love (?), L.

Sarvarin, m. (fr. next) the 34th year in Jupiter's cycle of 60 years, VarBrS. (cf. sarvarin).

Šárvarī, f. the (star-spangled) night, RV.; evening, twilight, L.; turmeric or Curcuma Longa, L.; a woman, L.; N. of the wife of Dosha and mother of Šišu-māra, BhP.; pl. the spotted steeds of the Maruts, RV. — pati, m. 'lord of night,' the Moon, L.; N. of Šiva, Šivag. Šarvarīša (Rājat.), rīšvara (Dhūrtan.), m. the Moon.

श्वेरीक sarvarīka, w.r. for sarsarīka.

श्रविला sarvalā, °lī. See sarv°.

মহাবিক sarsarīka, mfn. (fr. Intens. of virī) hurtful, mischievous, Uņ. iv, 19, Sch.

স্থাকা śarshīkā, f. (cf. sarshīkā) a kind of metre, Nidānas.

'to cover,' Dhātup. xiv, 19; cl. I. P. salati, to go, move, ib. xix, 13 (only found in comp. with prep., cf. uc-chal, prôc-chal, sam-uc-chal); cl. 10. Ā. sālayate, to praise, Dhātup. xxxiii, 18, Vop.

Salá, mfn. (connection with above very doubtful) = dravana-samartha, Nir., Sch.; m. a staff, TBr.; a dart, spear, L.; a kind of animal, Pañcar. (accord. to L. 'a camel' or 'an ass'); = kshetra-bhid, L.; = vidhi, L.; N. of Bhringi (one of Siva's attendants), L.; of Brahmā, W.; of a serpent-demon, MBh.; of a son of Dhrita-rāshtra, ib.; of a son of Soma-datta, ib.; of a son of Parīkshit, ib.; of a son of Suna-hotra, Hariv.; m. or n. the quill of a porcupine, L.; a partic. measure of length (cf. vri-, pañca
so &c.); (ī), f., see below. - kara, m. N. of a serpent-demon, MBh. - dā, f. N. of a daughter of Raudrāsva, L. - putra, N. of a place, Buddh. (v.l. sali-p°).

Salaka, m. a spider, L.; a bird, L.; (\bar{a}) , f., w.r. for $\hat{s}al\bar{a}k\bar{a}$, Pañcat.

Salala, n. the quill of a porcupine (prob. also = a boar's bristle), MBh.; Bhartr.; m.a porcupine, L.; ($\bar{\imath}$), f., see below. — cañcu, m. or n. the quill of a porcupine (used for writing), L.