ful or painful surprise) Ah! (of enjoyment or satisfaction) Oh! (of fatigue, discontent, compassion, sorrow, regret) Alas! Ah! (of praise, cf. Pāṇ. viii, I, 40 seq.) Bravo! (of reproach) Fie! (of calling, Kum. iii, 20) Ho! Halo! (of contempt) Pshaw! Often combined with other particles of similar signification, as aho dhik or dhig aho, aho bata, &c. -purushikā, f. for āho-puro, q. v., L. -bala, m., N. of a commentator; N. of a place. -vīrya, m., N. of a man, MBh. xii, 8900.

सहोतृ á-hotri, mfn. not sacrificing, not competent to sacrifice, AV. ix, 6, 52; SBr.

A-homa, as, m. no oblation, SBr. xii.

सहोपुरुषिका aho-purushikā,&c. See 2. aho.

सहोदन aho-ratna, &c. See áhar. Aho-rātrá and aho-rūpa. See ib.

सहोवीर्य aho-vīrya. See 2. aho.

ষ্ট্ৰ ahna, only (like ahá) ifc. for áhan (or áhar), q.v., e.g. aty-ahna, aparáhná, pūrváhná, &c., qq.vv.; (āya), dat. ind. formerly, Naigh.; instantly, speedily, MBh.; Kum.; Ragh.

सहवाय्य ahnavāyyá (5), mfn. (\sqrt{hnu}), not to be denied or set aside, RV. viii, 45, 27.

ञ्जहिन ahni-ja. See áhan.

Ahnya, am, n. daily course (of the sun), PBr.; BṛĀrUp.; (cf. rathâhnyā); (see also tiró-ahnya.)

षदाष्ट्रं ahy-árshu. See áhi.

अह्य \acute{a} -hraya, mfn. (\sqrt{hri}), not bashful, bold, conscious of one's power, RV.; abundant, RV. **K-hrayāṇa**, mf(\bar{a})n. bold, keen, RV. i, 62, 10;

iv, 4, 14; vii, 80, 2. **A-hri**, mfn. id., RV.

A-hrī, mfn. shameless (as a beggar), SBr. xi; (īs), f. shamelessness, MBh. iii, 8494.

A-hrīka, mfn. 'shameless beggar,' a Buddhist mendicant, L.

stumbling, going in a straight line, RV.; VS. i, 9; not crooked, straight, AV. vi, 120, 3; VS. viii, 29. — psu (áhr°), mfn. of straight or upright appearance (N. of the Maruts), RV. i, 52, 4; viii, 20, 7.

ভাল, firmness, SBr.; the plant Semecarpus Anacardium, L.

आ Ā.

WII 1. \bar{a} , the second vowel of the alphabet corresponding to the a in far.

i, 1, 14, Pat.; also of compassion or pain [more correctly written 1. ās, q. v.], and of assent, L. [This particle remains unaltered in orthography even before vowels (which causes it to be sometimes confounded with 1. ās), Pāņ. i, 1, 14.]

आ 3. ā, ās, m., N. of Šiva, L.; grand-father, L.; (ās), f., N. of Lakshmi, L.

M 4. a, (as a prefix to verbs, especially of motion, and their derivatives) near, near to, towards (see \bar{a} - \sqrt{kram} &c.; in the Veda, of course, the prefix is separable from the verb; in a few cases, RV. i, 10, 11 & v, 64, 5, a verb in the imperative is to be supplied; with roots like gam, $y\bar{a}$, and i, 'to go,' and 1. $d\bar{a}$, 'to give,' it reverses the action; e. g. \bar{a} -gacchati, 'he comes;' \bar{a} -datte, 'he takes').

(As a prep. with a preceding acc.) near to, towards, to, RV.; (with a preceding noun in the acc., as jósham or váram) for, RV.; (with a following acc.) up to . . . exclusively, AitBr.; (with a preceding abl.) from, RV.; AV.; out of, from among (e.g. bahúbhya ā, 'from among many'), RV.; towards (only in asmád ā, 'towards us'), RV.; (with a following abl., cf. Pān. ii, I, I3 & 3, I0) up to, to, as far as, RV.; AV. &c.; from, RV. i, 30, 21; (with a preceding loc.) in, at, on, RV.; AV.

(As an adv. after words expressing a number or degree) fully, really, indeed (e. g. trír á divás, 'quite or fully three times a day;' mahimá vām Índrágnī pánishtha á, 'your greatness, O Indra and Agni, is most praiseworthy indeed,' &c.), RV.; (after a

subst. or adj.) 'as, like,' (or it simply strengthens the sense of the preceding word), RV., (after a verb) RV. v, 7, 7 & KenaUp.; (as a conjunctive particle) moreover, further, and (it is placed either between the two words connected [rarely after the second, RV. x, 16, 11, or after both, RV. x, 92, 8] or, if there are more, after the last [RV. iv, 57, 1 & x, 75, 5]; see also âtas ca s.v.)

In classical Sanskrit it may denote the limit 'to,' 'until,' 'as far as,' 'from,' either not including the object named or including it (sometimes with acc. or abl. or forming an adv.), e. g. a-maranam or ā-maranāt, 'till death,' Pañcat. (cf. ā-marananta &c.); ā-gopālā dvijātayah, 'the twice-born including the cowherds,' MBh. ii, 531; ā-samudram or ā-samudrāt, 'as far as the ocean' or 'from the ocean' (but not including it); ā-kumāram, 'from a child' or 'from childhood' or 'to a child' (cf. Lat. a puero), MBh. iii, 1403; ā-kumāram yašaļi Panineh, 'the fame of Panini extends even to children; 'ājānu-bāhu, mfn. 'one whose arms reach down to the knees, 'R.i, 1, 12; (see also ākarņa- and ājanma-); (cf. ā-jarasám, ā-vyushám, ā-saptama, ôtsūryám.)

Prefixed to adj. [rarely to subst.; cf. \bar{a} -kopa] it implies diminution, Pān. ii, 2, 18, Comm. 'a little,' e. g. \bar{a} -piñjara, mfn. a little red, reddish, Ragh. xvi, 51; (see also \bar{a} -pakva, \bar{o} shṇa, &c.) Some commentaries (e. g. Comm. on Ragh. iii, 8) occasionally give to \bar{a} in this application the meaning samantāt, 'all through, completely,' as \bar{a} -nīla, 'blue all round.'

 \bar{A} - \sqrt{i} ,- \sqrt{i} ndh,- \sqrt{i} nv,- \sqrt{i} sh. See \hat{e} , \hat{e} ndh, \hat{e} nv, \hat{e} sh.

Ā-√īksh, -√îr, -√īsh. See êksh, êr, êsh. Ā-√1. uksh, -√ūrņu. See ôksh, ôrnu.

A-√1. uksh, -√urnu. See öksh, örnu. **Ā-**√ri,-√riñj,-√ridh. See ā-r,ā-rñj,ā-rdh.

সাঁহা āṇṣa, as, m. a descendant of Aṇṣa, Comm. on Uṇ. v, 21.

Āņšya, mfn. relating to ánša (q. v.), (gaņa sam-kāšādi, q. v.)

आंहस्पत्य ānhaspatya, mfn. belonging to the dominion of Anhaspati (as the intercalary month), Gobh.

साकच् \bar{a} - \sqrt{kac} , \bar{A} . (perf. -cakace) to tie or fasten on, Bhatt.

Akantha (in comp. for ā-kantham). - tripta, mfn. satiated up to the throat, MBh. iii, 15551.

खाक त्यन ā-katthana, mfn. boasting, swaggering, R. vi, 3, 28.

সাকাৰ ākatya, am, n. the being a-kata, Pāņ. v, 1, 121.

धाकन \bar{a} - \sqrt{kan} , Intens. (Impv. 2. sg. - $c\bar{a}$ -kandhi) to be pleased with (loc.), RV. x, 147, 3; (cf. \bar{a} - $\sqrt{k}\bar{a}$.)

ञ्चाकिपल ā-kapila, mfn. brownish, Kād.

साकम्प ā- \sqrt{kamp} , Ā. (perf. -cakampe) to tremble (as the earth), Kād.: Caus. P. Ā. -kampa-yate (p. -kampayat, MBh. i, 1165, &c.) to cause to tremble, ChUp. &c.

A-kampa, as, m. trembling motion, shaking, R. iii, 62, 31; Vikr.

A-kampana, am, n. id., Car.; (as), m., N. of a Daitya, Kathās.

A-kampita, mfn. caused to tremble, shaken, agitated, VarBiS.; Ragh. ii, 13.

शाकर ā-kará, ākarika, &c. See ā-√1. kṛī. शाकरोन ā-karṇana, am, n. (fr. ā-karṇaya below) hearing, Kathās.

A-karnam, ind. 'up to the ear' or 'from the ear' (generally said of an arrow reaching to or being discharged from the ear in drawing a bow).

Akarna (in comp. for ā-karnam). — mukta, mfn. discharged from the ear (as an arrow), R. iii, 69, 16.

Ā-karṇamūlam, ind. up to the ear, R. iv, 9, 106. Ā-karṇaya, Nom. P. °yati, (ind. p. ā-karṇya) to give ear to, listen to, hear, R.; BhP.; Sak. &c. Ākarṇin, mfn. ifc. hearing, Naish. i, 28.

चाकर्षे ā-karsha, °rshaka, &c. See ā-√kṛish. चाकल ā-√3. kal, (impf. âkalayat) to tie, fasten, Šiś. ix, 45; (ind. p. -kalayya) to surrender, transfer, BhP.; to observe, notice, examine, take into consideration, reckon, consider, suppose, take for, BhP.; Šiś. iii, 73; Kathās. &c.

A-kalana, am, n. fastening, Šiš. v, 42; reckoning, L.; wish, desire, L.

A-kalita, mfn. shaken, MBh. i, 2853; laid hold of, seized, MBh. iv, 762; Sis. vii, 21 & ix, 72; tied, fastened, Sis. i, 6; Kathās.; reckoned, L.; observed, examined, considered, L.

आकर्ष 1. ā-kalpa, as, m. = kalpana, q. v., L.; ornament, decoration, MBh. iii, 13373; BhP.; Ragh. &c.

A-kalpaka, as, m. (=utkanthā or utkalikā) remembering with regret, missing, Kād.; (= mud) joy, L.; (= moha) loss of sense or perception, L.; (= tamas) darkness, L.; (= granthi) a knot or joint, L.

A-kalpam, ind. till the end of the world (lit. of a Kalpa), BhP.; Kathās. &c.

2. Akalpa (in comp. for \tilde{a} -kalpam). — sthāyin, mfn. lasting till the end of the world, Kād.

Ā-kalpântam, ind. = ā-kalpam, q.v., Ratnāv. স্থাক্ত্ৰ ākalya, am, n. (fr. a-kalya) sickness. L.

সান্ধ ākalla, as, m. the plant Anthemis Pyrethrum, L.; (cf. ākula-kṛit.)

आक्रापिय ākašāpeya, as, m. a descendant of Akašāpa, (gaņa *šubhrādi*, q. v.)

आकष ā-kasha, as, m. (\sqrt{kash} , 'to rub'), a touchstone, L.; (v. l. for ākarsha, Pāṇ. iv, 4, 9, Siddh. & v, 2, 64, Siddh.)

Ā-kashaka and shika, mfn. vv. ll. for ā-kar-shaka and rshika, q.v., s. v. ā-\krish.

सार्कासक ākasmika, mf(ī)n. (fr. a-kasmāt, gaņa vinayddi, q. v.), causeless, unforeseen, unexpected, sudden, Susr.; Pañcat. &c.; accidental, casual, BhP.; Sarvad.

भाका \bar{a} - $\sqrt{k\bar{a}}$, (perf. \bar{A} . 1. & 3. sg. -caké) to endeavour to obtain, desire, love, RV.: Intens. (Impv. 3. pl. -cakantu; cf. \bar{a} - \sqrt{kan}) to be pleased with (loc.), RV. i, 122, 14.

Ā-kāyyà (4), mfn. desirable, RV. iv, 29, 5.

to desire, long for, endeavour to gain (with acc.), AitBr.; Mn. x, 121, &c., (rarely with gen.) Mn. ii, 162; (perf. -cakānksha, R.; Ragh.) to expect, wait for or till, Lāṭy.; MBh. xiv, 1279, &c.; to endeavour to reach a place, turn to (acc.), Mn. iii, 258; (in Gr.) to require some word or words to be supplied for the completion of the sense, Pān. Sch.

A-kānksha, mfn. (in Gr.) requiring a word or words to complete the sense, Pān. viii, 2, 96 & 104; (ā), f. desire, wish, Sušr.; Sāh. &c.; (in Gr.) need of supplying a word or period for the completion of the sense, Sāh. &c.

Ākānkshin, mfn. ifc. wishing, desirous, hoping, expecting, MBh. xii, 4289; R.; Ragh. xix, 57; (see a-phalākānkshin.)

Ā-kānkshya, mfn. ifc. 'desirable.' See drisd-kānkshya.

साकाय \bar{a} - $k\bar{a}ya$, as, m. See \bar{a} - $\sqrt{1.}$ ci.

स्राकाय्य \bar{a} - $k\bar{a}yy\hat{a}$, mfn. See \tilde{a} - $\sqrt{k\bar{a}}$.

श्वाकार ā-kāra, °raṇa, &c. See ā-√1. kṛi.

धाकाल \bar{a} - $k\bar{a}l\acute{a}$, as, m. 'the right time,' see $\acute{a}n$ - $\bar{a}k$ '; (\acute{e}), loc. just at the time of (gen.), TS. ii.

A-kālam, ind. until the same time on the following day, Ap.; Gobh. &c.

I. Ākālika, mfn. (fr. \bar{a} - $k\bar{a}lam$) lasting until the same time on the following day, Mn. iv, 103 seqq.; Gaut.; (fr. \bar{a} - $k\bar{a}l\dot{a}$ [Pāṇ.] or perhaps = 2. $\bar{a}k\bar{a}lika$) momentary, instantaneous (as lightning), Pāṇ. v, I, 114 (f. \bar{i} ; also \bar{a} , Comm.); (\bar{i}), f. lightning, L.

साकाल्डिक 2. $\bar{a}k\bar{a}lika$, $mf(\bar{\imath})n$. (fr. $a-k\bar{a}la$) not happening in the right time, unexpected, Mricch.; Kum. iii, 34, &c.

खाकालिकातीरम् ā-kālikā-tīram, ind. as far as the bank of the Kālikā river, Rājat.

স্থাকায় \bar{a} - $\sqrt{k\bar{a}}\dot{s}$ (ind. p. $-k\bar{a}\dot{s}ya$) to view, recognize, SBr. vii.

Ā-kāśá, as, m. (Ved.) or (later) am, n. (ifc. f. ā)