giving or bringing in a dakshina or present to the priest, RV. x, 61, 10, &c. - tva, n. awkwardness; not bringing in a dakshina.

Adakshinīyá, mfn. not entitled to a dakshinā, SBr. Adakshinyá, mfn. not fit to be used as a dakshina, TS.

सदम्ध a-dagdha, mfn. not burnt.

सद्गड a-daṇḍa, mfn. exempt from punishment; (am), n. impunity.

A-dandanīya, mfn. = a-dandy \acute{a} .

A-dandya, mfn. not deserving punishment. PBr.: Mn. &c.; exempt from it, SBr.; Mn. viii, 335.

ञ्चदत् 2.a-dát[RV.]or adatka[ChUp.],mfn. toothless. (For 1. adát, see above.)

खदत्त á-datta, mfn. not given; given unjustly; not given in marriage; one who has given nothing, AV.; (\bar{a}) , f. an unmarried girl; (am), n. a donation which is null and void, Comm. on Yājñ.

A-dattvā, ind.not having given, AV. xii, 4, 19,&c. A-datraya, ind. not through a present, RV. v. 49, 3.

षदद्भव adadry-añc, añ, īcī, ak (fr. adas+ anc), inclining or going to that, L.

सदन ádana, adanīya. See √ad.

सदना 1. a-danta, mfn. toothless; (as), m. a leech, L.

A-dantáka [TS.] or a-dántaka [ŠBr.], mfn.

A-dantya, mfn. not suitable for the teeth; not dental; (am), n. toothlessness.

श्रद्रेना 2. ad-anta, mfn. (in Gr.) ending in at, i. e. in the short inherent vowel a.

सह्य á-dabdha, mfn. (√dambh or dabh), not deceived or tampered with, unimpaired, unbroken, pure, RV. - dhīti (ádabdha-), mfn. whose works are unimpaired, RV. vi, 51, 3. - vrata**pramati** (ádabdha-), mfn. of unbroken observances and superior mind (or 'of superior mind from having unbroken observances'), RV. ii, 9, 1. Adabdhâyu, m. having unimpaired vigour (or 'leaving uninjured the man who sacrifices'), VS. Adabdhasu, mfn. having a pure life, AV. v, I, I.

A-dábha, mfn. not injuring, benevolent, RV. v. 86, 5.

A-dabhra, mfn. not scanty, plentiful, RV. viii, 47, 6; strong.

A-dambha, mfn. free from deceit, straightforward; (as), m., N. of Siva; absence of deceit; straightforwardness.

A-dambhi-tva, am, n. sincerity.

षद्भुद्धाच् adamudry-añc, ah, īcī, ak, going to that, L.

Adamuy-año or adamūy-año, id., L.

जदम्य a-damya, mfn. untamable.

खट्य a-dayá, mfn. (\sqrt{day}), merciless, unkind, RV. x, 103, 7; (am), ind. ardently.

A-dayalu, mfn. unkind.

खदर a-dara, mfn. not little, much. Adaraka, as, m., N. of a man.

खदशा. a-darsa(for ā-darsa),as,m.a mirror.

अदश 2. a-darsa, as, m. day of new moon. A-darsana, am, n. non-vision, not seeing; disregard, neglect; non-appearance, latent condition, disappearance; (mfn.), invisible, latent. - patha, n. a path beyond the reach of vision.

A-daršanīya, mfn. invisible; (am), n. invisible condition.

चादल a-dala, mfn. leafless; (as), m. the plant Eugenia (or Barringtonia) Acutangula; (ā), f. Socotorine Aloe (Perfoliata or Indica).

सदशन á-dasan, a, not ten, SBr. K-dasamāsya, mfn. not ten months old, SBr.

श्रदस् adás, nom. m. f. asaú (voc. ásau, MaitrS.), n. adás, (opposed to idám, q.v.), that; a certain; (adas), ind. thus, so; there. Adahkritya, having done that. Ado-bhavati, he becomes that. Ado-máya, mfn. made of that, containing that, SBr. xiv. Ado-mula, mfn. rooted in Adayīya, mf(i)n, belonging to that or those,

Adasya, Nom. P. adasyati, to become that. सदास्थिय a-dākshinya, am, n. incivility.

जरातृ a-dātri, mfn. not giving; not liberal, miserly; not giving (a daughter) in marriage; not paying, not liable to payment.

चरान \acute{a} - $d\ddot{a}na$, am, n. ($\sqrt{1}$. $d\ddot{a}$), not giving, act of withholding, AV. &c.; (mfn.), not giving.

A-dānyá, mfn. not giving, miserly, AV. **A-dāmán**, mfn. not liberal, miserly, RV.

A-dāyin, mfn. not giving, Nir.

A-dāsu [RV. i, 174, 6] or **á-dāsuri** [RV. viii, 45, 15] or á-dāsvas [RV.; Compar. ddāsūshtara, RV. viii, 81, 7], mfn. not worshipping the deities,

1. A-diti, is, f. having nothing to give, destitution, RV.; for 2. aditi, 3. á-diti, see below.

खदान्त a-dānta, mfn. unsubdued.

चाराभ्य \acute{a} - $d\ddot{a}bhya$ (3, 4), mfn. free from deceit, trusty; not to be trifled with, RV.; (as), m., N. of a libation (graha) in the Jyotishtoma sacrifice.

सदायाद a- $d\bar{a}y\bar{a}d\acute{a}$, mf(\dot{i} , in later texts \bar{a}) n. not entitled to be an heir; destitute of heirs.

A-dāyika, mfn. unclaimed from want of persons entitled to inherit; not relating to inheritance.

घटार a-dāra, as, m. having no wife.

चदारमृत् á-dāra-srit, mfn. not falling into a crack or rent, AV.; N. of a Saman, PBr.

घटास a-dāsa, as, m. not a slave, 'a free man.

'सदाहक á-dāhuka, mfn. not consuming by fire, MaitrS.

A-dāhya, mfn. incombustible.

सरिक्क a-dikka, mfn. having no share in the horizon, banished from beneath the sky, SBr.

सदिति 2. aditi, is, m. (\sqrt{ad}) , devourer, i. e. death, BrArUp.

सदिति 3. á-diti, mfn. (√4. dā or do, dyati; for 1. á-diti, see above), not tied, free, RV. vii, 52, 1; boundless; unbroken, entire, unimpaired, happy, RV.; VS.; (is), f. freedom, security, safety; boundlessness, immensity; inexhaustible abundance; unimpaired condition, perfection; creative power; N. of one of the most ancient of the Indian goddesses ('Infinity' or the 'Eternal and Infinite Expanse,' often mentioned in RV., daughter of Daksha and wife of Kasyapa, mother of the Adityas and of the gods); a cow, milk, RV.; the earth, Naigh.; speech, Naigh. (cf. RV. viii, 101, 15); (\bar{i}) , f. du. heaven and earth, Naigh. - ja, m. a son of Aditi, an Aditya, a divine being. - tvá, n. the condition of Aditi, or of freedom, unbrokenness, RV, vii, 51, 1; the state of the goddess Aditi, BrArUp. — nandana, m. = $-j\alpha$, q.v.

स्रदित्सत् á-ditsat [RV. vi, 53, 3, &c.] or aditsu, mfn. (Desid. fr. $\sqrt{1}$, $d\bar{a}$), not inclined to give.

सदिप्रभृति adi-prabhriti=ad-ādi. See√ad.

खदोखित á-dīkshita, mfn. one who has not performed the initiatory ceremony (diksha) connected with the Soma sacrifice; one who is not concerned in that ceremony; one who has not received Brāhmanical consecration.

सदीन á-dīna, mfn. not depressed; nobleminded; (as), m., N. of a prince (also called Ahina). - sattva, mfn. possessing unimpaired goodness. Adīnātman, mfn. undepressed in spirit.

सदोपित a-dipita, mfn. unilluminated.

सदीय á-dīrgha, mfn. not long. - sutra, mfn. not tedious, prompt, L.

ष्ट्रदेश्व a-duḥkha, mfn. free from evil or trouble, propitious. - navamī, f. the propitious ninth day in the first fortnight of Bhadrapada (when women worship Devi to avert evil for the ensuing year).

चदुग्ध á-dugdha, mfn. not milked out, RV. vii, 32, 22; not sucked out, Susr.

सदुद्धन a-ducchuná, mfn. free from evil, propitious, RV. ix, 61, 17.

खदुगे a-durga, mfn. not difficult of access;

destitute of a strong hold or fort. - vishaya, m. an unfortified country.

च्चदुमें ख á-durmakha, mfn. not reluctant, unremitting, cheerful, RV. viii, 75, 14.

भट्टमें क्रल á-durmangala, mf(nom.īh)n. not inauspicious, RV. x, 85, 43.

ञ्जदुवृत्त a-durvritta, mfn. not of a bad character or disposition.

अदुष्कृत् á-dush-krit, mfn. not doing evil, RV. iii, 33, 13.

ষ্ট্ৰ a-dushta, mfn. not vitiated, not bad, not guilty, Mn. viii, 388; innocent. - tva, n. the being not vitiated; innocence.

মার \acute{a} - $d\ddot{u}$, mfn. dilatory, without zeal, not worshipping, RV. vii, 4, 6.

भटून d- $d\bar{u}na$, mfn. ($\sqrt{2}$. du), uninjured.

सदूर a-d $\bar{u}ra$, mfn. not distant, near; (am), n. vicinity; (e), $(\bar{a}t)$, (atas), ind. (with abl. or gen.) not far, near; soon. - bhava, mfn. situated at no

ऋद्धित a-dūshita, mfn. unvitiated; unspotted, irreproachable. - dhī, mfn. possessing an

खदढ a-drigha, mfn. not firm; not decided. खद्पित á-dripita, mfn. not infatuated, not

A-dripta, mfn. id., RV. - kratu (ádripta-), mfn. sober-minded, RV.

Adripyat, mfn. not being infatuated, RV. i, 151,8. **सद्श** a-dṛis, mfn. (√dṛis), blind, L.

A-drisya, mfn. invisible, latent; not fit to be seen; (cf. a-dresya.) - karana, n. act of rendering invisible; N. of a part of a treatise on magic.

A-drisyat, mfn. invisible, L.; (atī), f., N. of

Vasishtha's daughter-in-law. A-drishta or á-drishta [SBr.], mfn. unseen, unforeseen; invisible; not experienced; unobserved, unknown; unsanctioned; (as), m., N. of a particular venomous substance or of a species of vermin, AV.; (am), n. unforeseen danger or calamity; that which is beyond the reach of observation or consciousness (especially the merit or demerit attaching to a man's conduct in one state of existence and the corresponding reward or punishment with which he is visited in another); destiny, fate: luck, bad luck. -karman, mfn. one who has not seen practice. -kāma, m. passionate attachment to an object that has never been seen. - ja, mfn. produced or resulting from fate. - nara or -purusha, m. a treaty concluded by the parties personally (in which no third mediator is seen). - para-sāmarthya, m, one who has not experienced the power of an

enemy. - pūrva, mfn. never seen before. - phala, mfn. having consequences that are not yet visible; (am), n. a result or consequence which is not yet visible or hidden in the future. - rupa, mfn. having an invisible shape. - vat, mfn. connected with or arising from destiny; lucky or unlucky; fortunate. - hán, m. destroyer of venomous vermin, RV. i, 191, 8 & 9. Adrishţârtha, mfn. having an object not evident to the senses (as a science), transcendental. Adrishţâsrutapurvatva, n. the state of never having been seen or heard before. A-drishti, is, or a-drishtika, f. a displeased

ऋदेय a-deya, mfn. improper or unfit to be given; (am) or -dana, n. an illegal gift.

or malicious look, an evil eye, L.

भद्द á-deva, mfn. not divine, not of divine origin, not referring to any deity, RV.; godless, impious, RV.; (as), m. one who is not a god, SBr. xiv; Mn. - mātrika, mfn. 'not having the gods or clouds as mothers, not suckled by any deity,' not rained upon.

A-dévaka, $mf(\bar{a})n$ not referring to or intended for any deity, SBr.

A-devata, f. one who is not a deity, Nir. A-devatra, mfn. not devoted to the gods, RV. v,

61.6. A-devayat [RV. ii, 26, 1] or ádevayu [RV.], mfn. indifferent to the gods, irreligious.

A-daiva, mfn. not referring to or connected with the gods or with their action; not predetermined by them or by fate.