Rottleria tinctoria, Mimusops Elengi, and Mesua ferrea, MBh. xiii, 5042; R.; Lalit.; Kum.; Megh.; (am), n. the flower of those plants, L.; (as, \bar{a}, am) , m. f. n. Asa fœtida, L.; (am), n. gold, L.; sulphate of iron, L.; N. of a metre (of 4×18 syllables); (as), m., N. of a mountain, MBh. vi, 11, 23; [cf. Lat. easaries; Angl. Sax. haer; Engl. hair; Germ. Haar.] - grāma, m., N. of a village, Kshitis. -pura, n., N. of a town, Vāsant. - prābandhā (kés°), f., N. of a woman, AV. v, 18, 11. - mālā, f., N. of a work. — vat $(k\acute{e}s^{\circ})$, mfn. having a mane, SBr. vi. - vara, n. saffron, L. Kesaragra, n. the tips of a mane, Hit. Kesarâcala, ās, m. pl. 'the filament mountains,' N. of the mountains situated round Meru (which is called 'the seed-vessel of the earth: 'see karnikacala'), BhP. v, 17, 6. Kesarapīda, m., N. of an art (kalā), Gal. Kesarâmla, m. the citron tree, L. Kesarôccațā, f. a variety of Cyperus, L.

Kesarāla, mfn. rich in filaments, Vām. v, 2, 34. **Kešari**, is, m. (=°rin), N. of the father of Hanumat, R. iv, 33, 14; vi; vii, 40, 7.

Kesarikā, f. = kesa-vardhanī, L.; a clout for

cleaning vessels, HParis. i, 249.

Kešarin or **kesarin**, mfn. having a mane, MBh. i, iii; (\bar{i}), m. a lion, MBh.; Sušr.; Bhartr. &c.; a horse, TBr., Sch.; N. of an aquatic bird, Car. i, 27; the plant Rottleria tinctoria, L.; the plant Mesua ferrea, L.; a citron tree, L.; a variety of Moringa with red flowers (= rakta-sigru), L.; N. of a monkey (husband of the mother of Hanumat), MBh. iii, 11193; R.; Daš.; N. of a prince, Lalit.; of a mountain, VP.; ($in\bar{i}$), f. a lioness, Kathās. lxx, 102. **Kesari-suta**, m. 'son of Kesarin,' N. of Hanumat, L.

कसार्का kesārukā (or kešār°), f. for kašer° the back-bone, L., Sch.

केह्नदेव kehla-deva, as, m., N. of a man.

क kai, cl. 1. P. kāyati, to sound, Dhātup. xxii, 19.

केश्वक kaimšuka, mfn. belonging to or coming from a Kiṃšuka tree (or Butea frondosa), Sušr.

केक्स kaikaya, as, m. the king of the Ke-kayas, BhP. ix, 24, 37; $(\bar{a}s)$, m. pl. the sons of that king, ib.; $(=kek^\circ)$ the Kekayas, MBh.; Hariv. &c.; $(\bar{\iota})$, f. the daughter of a king of the Kekayas, R.

Kaikeya, as, m. (Pāṇ. vii, 3, 2) 'a descendant of Kekaya,' prince of the Kekayas, SBr. x; ChUp.; N. of a son of Sivi (from whom the Kaikeyas are derived), Hariv. 1680; BhP.ix, 23, 3; N. of Dhrishṭaketu (king of the Kaikeyas and father of the five Kaikeyas), VP.; (\bar{as}), m. pl. the Kekayas, R.; (\bar{i}), f. the daughter of a prince of the Kekayas (one of the wives of Daša-ratha and mother of Bharata, R.; Ragh.), MBh.; Daš.; (am), n. the language of the Kekayas.

केकस kaikasa, as, m. patr. fr. kīkasa, gaņa sārngaravādi; (ī), f., N. of a daughter of the Rākshasa Sumālin, R. vii, 5, 40 & 9, 7.

केकेय kaikeya. See °kaya.

नेंकरायण kaimkarāyaņa, as, m. patr. fr. kimkara, gaņa 1. naḍddi.

Kaimkarya, am, n. the office of a servant, servitude, BhP. iii, 2, 22.

केंकलायन kaimkalāyana, as, m. patr. fr. kimkala, gaņa 1. naḍddi.

कि कि kaimkirāta, mfn. coming from the tree kim-kirāta (or Jonesia Asoka), Ratnàv.

केडिंडिक kaicchikila, ās, m. pl., N. of a people, VP.; (cf. kailik'.)

कैजव kaijava, as, m., N. of a teacher (for kaitava?), VāyuP.

केट kaiṭa, mfn. (fr. kīṭa), coming from an insect, Suśr.

may Raitabha, as, m., N. of an Asura (slain by Vishnu), MBh. iii; Hariv.; Sušr.; BhP.; Brahmay P. &c.; (ā or ī), f., N. of Durgā, L.; (am), n., N. of a class of writings, Divyâv. xxxiii (Pāli keṭubha); Var Yogay. — jit, m. 'conqueror of the Asura Kaiṭabha,' N. of Vishnu, Siš. ix, 30. — dvish, m. 'enemy of Kaiṭabha,' id., i. 23. — bhid, m. 'slayer of Kaiṭabha,' id., Ānand. — han, m. id., L. Kaiṭa-

bhâri, m. = °bha-dvish, Kād. Kaiṭabhârdana, m. = °bha-jit, BhP. iii, 24, 18. Kaiṭabhêsvara-lakshana, n. (= kaiṭabha, n.), N. of a class of writings, Lalit. Kaiṭabhêsvarī, f. = °bhī, DevîP.

कट्ट kaiṭarya, m., N. of a medicinal plant (Azadirachta indica, L.; Melia Bukayun, L.; Vangueria spinosa, L.; Myrica sapida, Comm. on Car. i. 4). Susr.

Kaidarya, as, m., N. of a plant (Cardiospermum Halicacabum, L.; Myrica sapida, L.), Car. vi, 15.

कतक kaitaka, mfn. (fr. ket^o), coming from the tree Pandanus odoratissimus, Ragh. iv, 55; (am), n. the flower of that tree, L.

नेतव kaitava, mf(ī)n. (fr. kit°), deceitful, Hariv. 7095; (as), m. patr. of Ulūka, MBh. i, 7002; (ī), f. fraud, deceit, Bālar.; (am), n. the stake in a game, MBh. ii, 2163; Nal. xxvi, 10; gambling, L.; deceit, fraud, cheating, roguery, R. v, 86, 19; Kum.; Bhartṛ. &c.; beryl, L. — prayoga, m. a trick, device. — vāda, m. falsehood, evasion, Gīt. viii, 2. Kaitavāpahnuti, f. a kind of rhetorical figure, Comm. on Vāsav.

Kaitavaka, am, n. a trick in gambling, MBh. ii, 2060.

Kaitavāyana, m. patr. fr. kitava, g. asvādi. Kaitavāyani, is, m. id., gaņa tikādi.

Kaitaveya, as, m. patr. of Ulūka, Hariv. 5019 & 5500.

Kaitavya, as, m. id., MBh. v, 5412; 5535 & 5579-

केतायन kaitāyana, as, m. patr. fr. kita, gaņa ašvādi.

Kaiti-putra, as, m., N. of a teacher, VāyuP. केंद्रभे kaidarbha, as, m. a patr. fr. kido, gaṇa bidddi (Kāš.)

in a kedāra field, Suir.; (as), m. rice, L.; (am), n. a multitude of kedāra fields, Comm. on L.

Kaidāraka, am, n. a multitude of kedāra fields, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 40 f.

Kaidārika, am, n. id., ib ; Šiš. xii, 42. Kaidārya, am, n. id., Pāņ. iv, 2, 40 f.

केंद्रभे kaimdarbha, v.l. for kaido, q.v.

केंद्रास kaimdāsa, as, m. patr. fr. kim-dāsa, gaņa bidādi.

Kaimdāsāyana, as, m. patr. fr. odāsa, gaņa haritādi.

केंनर kaimnara, mfn. coming from Kimnara, gana takshasilâdi.

कमर्थक kaimarthakya, am, n. asking the reason (kim-artham, 'why?'), Pat. on Pāṇ. iii, 1, 46, Vārtt. 1 & 2, 127, Vārtt. 1; Bādar. i, 3, 33, Sch.

Kaimarthya, am, n. id., Pāņ. i, 4, 3, Pat. (°thakya, ed. K.); Pratāpar.; Kāvyad. ii, 123, Sch. Kaimāyani, is, m. patr. fr. kim, Pat. on Pāņ. iv, 1, 93, Vārtt. 13.

Kaimutika, mfn. relating to or based on the 'how much more?' or 'how much less? (kim uta),' only in comp. -nyāya, m. the rule of 'how much more?' or 'how much less?' arguing a fortiori, Kuval.; Saṃskārak.; Comm. on Kir. vii, 27 & BhP. x. 33, 39.

Kaimutya, am, n. the relation of 'how much more?' or 'how much less?' Kuval. - nyāya, m. = otika-nyo (q. v.), Pratāpar.; Comm. on BhP.

क्रयट kaiyaṭa, as, m., N. of a son of Jaiyaṭa (author of a Comm. on Pat.)

Kaiyyata, as, m. id.

केरणक kairaņaka, fr. kiraņa, gaņa arīhaņādi.

केरली kairalī, f. (fr. kerala), the plant Embelia Ribes, L.; (cf. kairāla.)

Kairaleya, as, m. a king of the Keralas, Hariv. 5501.

an enemy, L.; for kaur°, Hariv. 5020; ($\bar{\imath}$), f. moonlight, L.; Trigonella fœnum græcum, L.; (am), n. (gaṇa pushkarddi) the white lotus-flower (blossoming at night), MBh. i, 86; Bhartṛ.; Kathās. &c. — korakīya, Nom. P. 'yati, to resemble a lotus bud, Sārṅg P. — bandhu, m. 'friend of the lotus-flower,' N. of the moon, L.

Kairavin, \bar{i} , m. the moon, L.; $(in\bar{i})$, f. the white water-lily or lotus, Bhām.; (gaṇa pushkaradi) a place or pond abounding in water-lilies, assemblage of lotuses, L. **Kairaviņī-khaṇḍa**, n. a multitude of spots filled with water-lilies, g. kamaladi (Kāš.)

कराटक kairāṭaka, as, m. a species of vegetable poison, L.

ing to the Kirātas, MBh.; Kathās.; (as), m. a prince of the Kirātas, MBh. ii, 1869; N. of a serpent, AV. v, 13, 5; of a bird (belonging to the class called Pratuda), Car. i, 27; a strong man, L.; (am), n. the plant Agathotes Chirayta, L.; a kind of sandal wood, L.—saras, n., N. of a lake or pond, SkandaP.

Kairātaka, mfn. belonging to the Kirātas, AV. x, 4, 14 (f. °tikā); MBh. ii, 1867 (f. °takī).

कराल kairāla, am, n. Embelia Ribes (used as a remedy for worms), L.; (ī), f. id.; (cf. kairalī.)

करिशि kairisi, is, m. (fr. kirisa), patr. of Sutvan, AitBr. viii, 28, 18.

कैमेंदर kairmedura, v.l. for kaumedo.

কল kaila, as, m. patr, Pravar.; (am), n. (fr. keli), sport, pleasure, W.

कैलकिल kailakila, v.1. for kailik°.

केलात kailāta, as, m. patr. fr. kil°, gaņa bidādi.

Kailātaka, mfn. (for °lālaka?, fr. kīlāla)?, n. with madhu, honey, MBh. vii, 4353.

केलावत kailāvata, ās, m. pl., N. of a people, VarBṛS. xiv, 26.

fabulous residence of Kubera and paradise of Siva; placed in the Himalaya range and regarded as one of the loftiest peaks to the north of the Mānasa lake), MBh. iii, 503 & 1697; Hariv.; R. iii, iv, 44, 27; VarBṛS. &c.; a particular form of temple, VarBṛS. —nātha, m. 'sovereign of the Kailāsa mountain,' N. of Kubera, Vikr.; Ragh. v, 28. —niketana, m. 'having his abode on the Kailāsa,' N. of Siva, L. —paṇḍita, m., N. of a copyist. —pati, m. 'lord of the Kailāsa,' N. of Siva, L. — sikharavāsin, m. 'dwelling on the summit of the Kailāsa,' N. of Siva. Kailāsankas, m. 'having his abode on the Kailāsa,' N. of Kubera, L.

কালিকৈ kailikila, ās, m. pl., N. of a people (perhaps a Yavana tribe; v. l. kailak?), VP.

केलिझ $kaili\tilde{n}ja$, $mf(\bar{i})n$. made of a thin plank $(kili\tilde{n}ja)$, Suir.

कर्ने kaivarta, as, m. (cf. kev°) a fisherman (born of a prostitute by a Kshatriya or of an Ayogava female by a Nishāda father), Mn. viii, 260; x, 34; MBh.; R. &c.; (ī), f. the wife of a fisherman, L.; the grass Cyperus rotundus, L. — musta, n. the grass Cyperus rotundus, L.; (ā), f. id., Bhpr. — mustaka, n. id., Comm. on Car. i, 3. Kaivartī-mustaka, n. id., L.

Kaivartaka, as, m. a fisherman, R. ii, 83, 15; Kathās. exii, 113; (ikā), f., N. of a plant, L.

Kaivarti-mustaka, am, $n = {}^{\circ}rt\bar{i}-m{}^{\circ}$ above, L. **Kaivartīya**, mfn. relating to a fisherman (as a tale), Kathās. cxii, 111.

केवल kaivala, am, n. = kairāla, L.

Tarel kaivalya, am, n. (fr. kévala), isolation, Vām.; absolute unity, Vedântas.; BhP.; perfect isolation, abstraction, detachment from all other connections, detachment of the soul from matter or further transmigrations, beatitude, MBh.; KapS.; Sāmkhyak. &c.; for vaikalya, Rājat. vii, 1149; (mf(ā)n.) leading to eternal happiness or emancipation, MBh. xiii, 1101.—kalpa-druma, m., N. of a Comm.—tantra, n., N. of a Tantra.—dīpikā, f., N. of a Comm. by Hemâdri. Kaivalyânanda, m., N. of a teacher. Kaivalyâsrama, m., N. of a pupil of Govinda (author of a Comm. on Ānand.) Kaivalyêndra, m., N. of the instructor of Rāyanendra. Kaivalyôpanishad, f., N. of an Up.

केशव kaisava, mf(i)n. (fr. keso), relating or belonging to Krishna, Hariv. 15377; Ragh. xvii, 29.

Kaišika, $mf(\bar{\imath})n$. (fr. $ke's\bar{a}$), hair-like, fine as a hair, Susr.; (as), m. (in music) N. of a Rāga; love, passion, lust, L.; N. of a prince (son of Vidarbha