sonified as a Yoginī), Prab.; -kalpa-latā, f., -candrôdaya, m., -prabandha, m., -māhātmya, n., -rahasya, n., -latā, f., -stuti, f. N. of wks. -bhāgavata-purāṇa, n. N. of wk. - bhujam-ga, gastotra, n., gī, f. N. of Stotras. - mat, mfn. containing the word 'Vishnu,' PancavBr.; (atī), f. N. of a princess, Kathas. - mantra, m. a hymn addressed to Vo, Cat.; ·vidhānādi, -višesha, m. N. of wks. - mandira, n. Vo's temple, Cat.; = -griha, MW. - maya,  $mf(\bar{i})n$ . emanating from  $V^{\circ}$ , belonging to V°, having the nature of V°&c., MBh.; Hariv.; R.; VP. - mahiman, m. the glory or majesty of V°, Cat.; N. of wk.; °himnah stava, m. N. of a Stotra in praise of V°. — mānasa, n. N. of a Stotra. māyā, f. 'Vo's illusion,' a form of Durgā, KālP. - māhātmya, n., °ya-paddhati, f. N. of wks. -mitra, m. a common name (used like the Latin Caius), Kan.; BhP.; N. of a priest, Cat.; (with kumāra) N. of a Scholiast, RPrāt., Introd. - mukha (vishnu-), mfn. pl. having V° as chief, TS.; MaitrS. - yantra-prakarana, n. N. of wk. - yasas, m. N. of Kalkin or Kalki, MBh.; Hariv.; of the father of Kalkin, Pur.; Pancar.; of a teacher, Cat. - yaga, m., ga-prayoga, m., -yāmala or la-tantra, n., or 'yāmila, n. N. of wks. -ratha, m. 'V''s chariot,' N. of Garuda (the bird and vehicle of Vishnu), Cat. -rahasya, n. N. of various wks. -raja, m. N. of a king, Buddh. - rāta, m. 'Vishņu-given,' N. of Parikshit, BhP. (cf. -datta). - rāma, -rāma-siddhânta-vāg-īsa, m. N. of authors, Cat. - laharī, f. N. of wk. -lingi, f. a quail, L. -loka, m. Vo's world, Rājat.; VP.; Pañcar. (accord. to some = brahma-lo, or accord. to others, 'placed above it,' MW.) - 1. -vat (vishnu-), mfn. attended by V° RV.; n. (with ahar) a partic, 11th or 12th day, Cat. - 2. -vat, ind. as with Vishnu, ApSr. - varnanadhyānâdi, N. of wk. - vardhana, m. N. of various kings (also kali-vishņu-vao, kubja-vishņu $va^{\circ}$ ), Inscr. - varman, m. N. of aking, ib. - valla**bha**, mfn. beloved by  $V^{\circ}$ ,  $W_{\cdot}$ ;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. N. of Lakshmi, Tantras.; basil, L.; = agni-sikhā (a kind of plant), L.; Echites Caryophyllata, W.; Ocymum Sanctum, ib.; N. of wk. - vāhana, n. (Sinhas.) or -vāhya, m. (L.) 'Vo's vehicle,' N. of Garuda. - vigrahasansana-stotra, n., -vijaya, m. N. of wks. - vriddha, m. N. of a man; (pl.) his descendants, AśvŚr.; Inscr.; -sahasra-nāma-stotra, n. N. of ch. of the Padma-purāņa. - vrata-kalpa, m. N. of wk. - sakti, f. 'Vo's energy,' Lakshmī, Rājat.; m. N. of a king, Kathās. - sata-nāma-stotra, n. N. of a Stotra. - sayana-bodha-dina, n. (ifc.) the day of Vishnu's lying down and of his awaking, SānkhGr., Sch. - sarman, m. N. of various authors and other persons (esp. of the narrator of the Pañcatantra and the Hitôpadesa), IW. 531; ma-dīkshita, oma-misra, m. N. of authors, Cat. - sila, f. the sacred stone of V° which contains an ammonite (= sāla-grāma, q. v.), L. - srinkhala, m. a partic. astrologicalYoga, L. - srāddha, n., dha-paddhati. f. N. of wks. - sruta, m. N. of a man, Pāņ. vi, 2, 148, Sch. - shatpadī, f., -samhitā, f., -samuccaya, m. N. of wks. - saras (Cat.) or oras-tīrtha (MW.), n. N. of a Tīrtha. - sarvajana, w. r. for next, Cat. - sarva-jna, m. N. of a teacher (also sarvajna-vishnu), Cat. - sahasranāman, n. the thousand names of Vishnu, Cat.; N. of a portion of the Anusasana-parvan (ii, 6936-7078) of the Mahā-bhārata (also ma-kathana or mastotra, n.) and of a ch. of the PadmaP.; oma-bhāshya, n. N. of Samkara's Comm. on the thousand names of V°. - sinha, m. N. of a man, Cat. - siddhânta, m., ota-lîlā-vatī, f. N. of wks. - sûkta, n. a hymn addressed to Vo, Cat. - sūtra, n. = -smriti. - stava, m.,°va-rāja, m.,-stuti, f.,-stotra, ⊓., -smṛiti, f., -sva-rūpa-dhyānâdi-varṇana, n. N. of wks. - svāmin, m. a temple or statue of Vo, Rājat.; N. of various men, Kathās.; Sarvad. &c. (esp. of a celebrated Vaishuava teacher, predecessor of Vallabhâcārya, RTL.134). - hari, m.N. of a poet, Sadukt. - hara-deva, m. N. of a man, Inscr. - hita, f. basil, L. - hridaya or ya-stotra, n. N. of a Stotra. Vishpûttara, a grant of land rent-free for the worship of Vo, MW. Vishnûtsava, m. a festival in honour of Vo, Vop.; a partic day sacred to Vo, MW. Vishnûpâdhyāya, m. N. of a teacher, Cat. Vishnū-varuņa, m. du. Vishņu and Varuņa, TBr.

Vishnüya, Nom. P. vati, to act towards any one (loc.) as towards Vishnu, Vop.

Vishnv, in comp. before vowels for vishnu.
-angiras, m. N. of an author, Cat. -atikrama,

m. pl. N. of partic. texts of the Taittiriya-samhitā (iii,5,3),ĀpŚr.—anushṭhita (vishṇv-, MaitrS.) or -anusthita (vishṇv-, TS.),mfn.attended by Vishṇu.—avatāra, m. a descent or incarnation of V°, MW.—ashṭôttara-sata-nāman, n., -ādi-devatā-pūjā-prakāra, m., -āvaraṇa-pūjā, f. N. of wks.

prob. w. r. for *vi-spanda*, m. (see *vi-\square spand*; prob. w. r. for *vi-spanda*) throbbing, beating, W.; a partic. dish (prepared from wheat-flour, Ghrita, and milk), L. (prob. w. r. for *vi-shyanda*).

Famule vi-shpardhas, mfn. ( $\sqrt{spardh}$ ; cf. vi- $\sqrt{spardh}$ ) emulating, vying, envious, RV. (Sāy. 'free from emulation'); VS.; m. N. of a Rishi, Br.; n. N. of a Sāman, ib. 'shpardhā, f. (cf. vi-spardhā) contest for superiority, Vait.

বিষয় vi-shpás, m. (nom. vi-shpát; fr. √spas) one who espies, a spy, RV, i, 189, 6.

विष्पत vi-shpitá, n. ( $\sqrt{sphay}$ ?) straits, peril, difficulty, RV.

faufnossa vi-shpulingaká, mfn. (cf. vi-shphulinga below) sparkling, RV. i, 191, 12 (Sāy. 'a tongue of fire' or 'a sparrow').

चिष्य vi-shpri (for vi-√spri; only aor. Subj. -shparat), to tear asunder, separate, AV.

विष्मार vi-shphar, vi-shphāra. See vi-√sphar.

বিষ্দাল vi-shphāla. See vi-√sphal.

निष्मुर vi-shphur, vi-shphul. See vi-√sphur and vi-√sphul.

विष्कृतिङ्ग vi-shphulinga ( $\sqrt{sphul}$ ; see vi- $\sqrt{sphul}$  and vi-sphulinga), a spark of fire, RV.;

Vi-shphulingaka, m. id., AV.Pariš.

विष्य vishya. See p. 996, col. 2.

Faure vi-shyand (for vi-√syand, q.v.), Ā.

-shyandate (accord. to Pāṇ. viii, 3, 72, vi-syandate
is the only correct form when the reference is to
living beings), to overflow, flow out (of a vessel; pr.
p. vi-shyandamāna), VS.; Br.; ŠrS.; to flow in
streams or abundantiy, Hariv.; Bhaṭṭ.; to dissolve,
melt (intr.), Car.; to cause to flow, MBh.: Caus.
-shyandayati, to cause to overflow (in a-vishyandayat), ĀpŠr.; to pour out, sprinkle, ŠBr.; Kauš.;
to dissolve, melt (trans.), Car.

Vi-shyanna, mfn. overflowed, overflowing, TBr. Vi-shyanda, m. (also written vi-syanda and vi-spanda, cf. also vi-shpanda) a drop, MBh.; R.; flowing, trickling, issuing forth, W. shyandaka (or sy), m. or n. (?) N. of a place, Pancar. shyandana (or sy), m. a kind of sweetmeat, Madanav. (cf. vi-shpanda); dripping, liquid state, MBh.; Susr.; overflowing, ApSr., Sch.; dissolving, melting (trans.), Car. shyandin (or sy), mfn. liquid, Susr.

বিচৰ vishva, mfn. injurious, hurtful, mischievous (= hinsra), L.

বিচৰক vishvak, vishvañc &c. See p. 998.

বিচ্ছা vi-shvañj (√svañj), Ā. -shvajate (impf. vy-ashvajata or vy-asvajata, Pāṇ. viii, 3, 70; pf. vi-shasvaje or vi-shasvañje, Vop.), to embrace, R.

ri-shvan (for vi-\svan, q.v.), P.
-shvanati (impf. vy-ashvanat), to make a sound in eating, smack the lips (in any other sense the dental s must be used, accord to Pān. viii, 3, 68 &c.), Sis. xviii, 77. \*\*shvana, see nara-vishvana. \*\*shvanana, n. smacking the lips in eating, L. \*\*shvana, m. noisy eating, L. (cf. ava-shvāna).

विस vis, visa &c. See bis, bisa.

विसंयुक्त vi-sam-yukta, mfn. (√yuj) disjoined, detached or separated from, omitting, neglecting (instr.), Mn. ii, 80.

Vi-samyoga, m. liberation from worldly fetters, Buddh.; disjunction, separation, omission, W.

fakia vi-sam- vad, P. -vadati, to break one's word or promise, Mn. viii, 219; to fail in an agreement, contradict, raise objections, Kathās.; Kull.: Caus., see -samvādita. samvāda, m. false assertion, breaking one's word, disappointing, MBh.;

contradiction, disagreement with (instr. with or without saha, loc., or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c. \*sam-vādaka, mfn. breaking one's word (in a-vis\*), MBh. \*samvādana, n. the breaking one's word or promise, ib.; Jātakam. \*samvādita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) disappointed, dissatisfied, R.; not generally proved, objectionable, Šak.; MārkP. \*samvādin, mfn. breaking one's word, disappointing, deceiving (see \*di-tā); contradicting, disagreeing, Ragh.; Rājat.; (\*di)-tā, f. the breaking one's word, breach of promise (in a-vis\*), Kām.; contradiction, disagreement with (instr.), Sāh.

विसंशय vi-saṃsaya, vi-saṃshṭhula, vi-saṃsthita &c. See p. 953, col. 1.

विसंसिपन vi-sam-sarpin. See tiryag-vis°.

विसंहत vi-sam-hata, mfn. ( $\sqrt{han}$ ) disjoined, loosened, Suir. (v.1. °hita).

विसंचारिन् vi-sam-cārin, mfn. ( $\sqrt{car}$ ) moving hither and thither, MBh.

विसप्य vi-saparya (see saparya), P. oyati, to worship at different places, RV. i, 70, 10.

विसम्भरा vi-sam-bharā, f. ( $\sqrt{bhri}$ ) the domestic lizard, L.

विसम्भोग vi-sam-bhoga, m. (√3. bhuj) separation, HParis.

विसम्मृढ vi-sam- $m\bar{u}dha$ , mfn. ( $\sqrt{muh}$ ) utterly bewildered, Hariv.

विसर vi-sara, vi-sāra. See below.

विसर्ग vi-sarga, vi-sarjana. See p. 1001.

विस स्प vi-salya, vi-sāmagrī, vi-sārathi &c. See p. 953, col. 1.

विस्च visic, m. a Jaina, Badar., Sch.

विसिध vi- V1. sidh, P. -sedhati, to resort to (acc.), Pāṇ. viii, 3, 113, Sch.

विस्तिप्यिषु vi-sismāpayishu, mfn. (fr. Desid. of Caus. of vi-\squaressim) wishing to astonish or surprise, MBh.

विसिस्मारियपु vi-sismārayishu, mfn. (fr. Desid. of Caus. of vi- \sim smṛi) wishing to make forget, HParis.

चिसुकस्प vi-sukalpa, vi-sukrit, vi-sukha, vi-suta, vi-suhrid &c. See p. 953, col. 1.

বিম্বনvi-sūcana,n. $(\sqrt{s\bar{u}c})$ making known, MW. Vi-sūcikā, vi-sūci, w. r. for vi-sh°.

away, remove, Vās.; Bālar.; to throw into confusion, Rājat. °sūtra, mfn. confused, disordered, disconcerted, Rājat.; -tā, f. confusion, disorder, ib.; confusion of the mind, perplexity, ib. °sūtraņa, n. driving away, Vcar.; throwing into confusion or disorder, Rājat.

विस्रण vi-sūraṇa, n. ( $\sqrt{s\bar{u}r}$ ) sorrow, distress, Vikr. iv, 19 (see the Prākṛit). °sūrita, n. id., L.; ( $\bar{a}$ ), f. fever, L.

विसूर्थ vi-sūrya. See p. 953, col. 1.

ep. also A. perf. vi-sasre, RV.), to run or flow through, RV.; to spread out in various directions, exfend (intr.), R.; Sis.; (A.) to open or unfold one's self (with tanvàm), RV. x, 71, 4; to be separated, part from (instr.), AV.; to go forth in various directions, disperse, MBh.; to come forth, issue from (abl. or -tas), ib.; to rush upon (acc.), MBh.: Caus. -sārayati, to send forth, R.; to stretch forth, extend, MW.

Vi-sara, m. going forth or in various directions, spreading, extension, L.; a multitude, quantity, plenty, abundance, Kāv.; Kathās.; a partic. high number, Buddh.; bitterness, L.; mfn. bitter, L. °saraṇa, n. the act of going forth or out; spreading (of a cutaneous eruption), Suśr.; becoming loose or slackened or relaxed, ib. °sarmán, m. flowing asunder, dissolving, melting (acc. with √kṛi, to dissolve), RV. v, 42, 9.

Vi-sārá, m. spreading, extension, diffusion, RV.; Nalôd.; a fish, L.; n. a wood, timber, W.; (i), f. the region of the winds, ib. sārita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) made to go forth or spread, set on foot, occasioned,