Sarita, mfn. flowing, fluent (as speech), Māhāvy. Sarid, in comp. for sarit. —adhipati, m. lord of rivers, the ocean, Sukas. —āsrita, see arṇava-sarid-āsrita. — ubhaya, (prob. n.) the bank of a river, VarYogay. — dvīpa, m. N. of a son of Garuda (v. l. pari-dvīpa), MBh. —bhartri, m. —-adhipati; N. for the number 'four,' Ked. — vadhū, f. a woman compared to a river, MW. — varā, f. 'best of rivers,' the Ganges, MBh.

Sárin, mfn. approaching, coming to aid, RV.
 Sarin, in comp. for sarit.—nātha, m. 'riverlord,' the ocean, L. —maru-vanâśraya, mfn.

protected by a river and a desert and wood, MW.

- mukha, n. the mouth or source of a river, W.

Sariman, m. wind, air, Un. iv, 147, Sch.; going,

proceeding, W.

Sarirá, n. (cf. salila) the heaving sea, flood, tide, VS.; TBr.; = bahu, Naigh. iii, I; the universe

(=loka or tri-loka), VS., Sch. Sarila, n.=salila, water, L.

Sárīman (only loc. omani) the course or passage of the wind, RV.; = sariman, Un. iv, 147, Sch

Saro, in comp. for saras. - ja, mfn. produced or found in lakes or ponds, Tarkas.; n. a lotus, Kāv.; VarBrS.; m. a prosodial foot containing 6 instants (accord. to some '6 long syllables'), Col.; -kalikā, f. N. of wk.; -khanda, n. a group of lotuses, Kās. on Pān. iv, 2, 51; -ta, f. the being a lotus, Naish.; -dris, -nayanā, and -netrā, f. a lotuseyed woman, Kav.; -raga, m. a ruby (cf. padmar°), Hcat.; -sundara, m. or n. (?) N. of wk. -janman, n. 'lake-born,' a lotus, L. -jala, n. the water of a pond or lake, W. - jin, mfn. (fr. saroja) having lotuses; m. N. of Brahma (connected with a lotus), L.; of a Buddha, L.; (ini), f. a pond abounding in 1°s or a multitude of 1°s (also incorrectly = 'a lo-flower'), Kāv.; Sāh. - jīya, Nom. (fr. saro-ja), P. oyati, to be like a lo, Kāv. - bindu, m. a kind of song $(g\bar{\imath}taka)$, Yājñ. - raksha, m. the guardian of a pool, MW. -ruh, n. 'lakegrowing, a lotus, L. - ruha, n. id.; Kāv.; Kathās. &c.; m. N. of a poet, Cat.; -dris, f. a lotus-eyed woman, Bhām.; -vajra, m. N. of a man, Buddh.; °hâkshī, f. (= °ha-dris), Uttarar.; °hâsana, m. 'sitting on a lo,' N. of Brahma (as having appeared sitting on the lotus which grew from the navel of Vishnu), L. - ruhinī, f. = sarojinī, Kir. - vara, n. (accord. to some also m.) a lake or large pond, any piece of water deep enough for the lotus, Kav.;

Sártave, sártavai. See \sqrt{sri} .

Sártri, m. a courser (horse), SBr.

Sárma, m. going, running, flowing, RV.i, 80, 5. [Cf. Gk. ὁρμή.]

सरक sa-rakta, mfn. (i.e. $7.sa + r^{\circ}$) bleeding, bloody, Susr.

ing, bloody, Susr. Sa (to be similarly prefixed to the following): - rakta-gaura, mfn. being of a red and whitish colour, Laghuj. - ranga, mfn. (for saranga see s. v.) having colour, Kāv.; having a nasal sound, Siksh.; (also ogaka) a kind of metre, Col. - raja, min. dusty, dirty, BhP.; m. pl. N. of a people, MarkP. - rajas, mfn. having dust or pollen, Pāņ. v, 4, 77, Sch.; f. a woman in her monthly period, L. - rajasa, mín. dusty, dirty, PañcavBr. (-tā, f., Kir.); (am), ind. with the dust, i.e. with the last remnant, Pāņ. v, 4, 77, Sch. — rajaska, $mf(\tilde{a})n$. 'having pollen' and 'having the menses,' Bham. -rana, mfn. (for sarana see p. 1182, col. 1) connected with war or conflict, Lalit. - raparani**kam**, ind. (perhaps w. r. for onakam) with longing, regretfully, Sukas. - ratha $(s\hat{a})$, $mf(\hat{a})$ n. together with the chariot, SBr.; MBh.; (sa-rátham), ind. on the same chariot with, (or simply) together with, accompanied by (instr.), RV.; m. a warrior or Kshatriya (as riding in a cho), MW.; -pādāta, mfn. accompanied by or along with chariots and infantry, ib. - rathin, mfn. riding on the same chariot, VS. - randhra, mfn. having holes or openings or apertures, perforated, Ragh.; having a loop (for pulling anything through), Apast Pray.-rabhasa, mfn. possessing speed or impetuosity, impetuous, speedy, quick, agitated, eager, passionate (am, ind. impetuously, hurriedly, passionately; also ibc.), Kav.; Kathās.; Vet. - rasana, mfn. having a girdle or together with the g°, $\bar{A}p\dot{S}r$. - rasmi (sá-), mfn. having rays, radiant, RV. - rasa &c., see s. v.

doctrine (i.e. with the Upanishads, Mn. ii, 140, 165); possessing anything secret or mystical, MW. - raga, mfn. having colour (sometimes = 'not quite clean'), Kād.; reddened, MBh.; Kālid.; charming, lovely (am, ind.), Bhatt.; enamoured, impassioned, passionate (am, ind.), Kām.; Gīt.; -tā, f. (Pañcat.), -tva, n. the being coloured or flushed with passion, impassioned, redness, passion, love; -netra, mfn. red-eyed, MBh. - rājaka (MBh.; ikā, f., Jātakam.), -rājan (KātySr.), mfn. possessing a king, along with the king. - \mathbf{rati} ($s\acute{a}$ -), mfn. equal in (bestowing) gifts, equally kind, RV. - rātri. mfn. = samāna-r°, Pān. vi, 3, 85. - rāshtra or °traka, mfn. possessing or along with a kingdom, MW. -rāhu, mfn. possessed or held by Rāhu (q.v.), eclipsed, BhP. -ridham, ind. with contempt or neglect, Käšikh. - ruc, mfn. possessing splendour, splendid, magnificent, Šiš. - ruj, mfn. feeling the same pain, Sāh.; suffering pain, sick, ill, Hāsy. - ruja, mfn. having pain, causing it, Car.; suffering pain or sickness, ill, diseased, MBh.; R. &c.; -tva, n. sickness, illness, Mālav.; -siddhācārya, m. N. of a teacher, Cat. - rudhira, mfn. bloody (am, ind.), Susr.; -mūtra, mfn. discharging bloody urine $(-t\bar{a}, f.)$, ib. - rush, mfn. angry, enraged, Sis.; Pañcat. \rightarrow **rūpa** ($s\acute{a}$ -), mfn. having the same shape or form, uniform, similar, like, resembling (gen. or comp.), RV. &c. &c.; having the same sound, identical in so, consonant, Kavyad.; having shape or form, embodied, VP.; shapely formed, beautiful, handsome (prob.also w.r. for $su-r^{\circ}$), PañcavBr.; Kāv.; m. a partic. mythical being, Suparn.; (\bar{a}) , f. N. of the wife of Bhūta and mother of innumerable Rudras, BhP.; $({}^{\circ}pa)$ -krit, mfn. producing the same form or colour, AV.; (°pam)-kárana, $mf(\bar{i})$ n. id., ib.; -tā, f., -tva, n. identity of form, likeness, resemblance to (comp.), AitBr.; MBh.; Kām. &c.; assimilation to the deity (one of the four stages in the progress towards final emancipation), RTL. &c.; -vatsā, f. a cow with a calf of the same colour, GrSrS.; °pôpamā, v. l. for samāna-rūp°, Kāvyad.-rūpaya, Nom. (fr. sa-rūpa), P. vati, to make equal in form, Sarvad. - rupin, mfn. equally shaped or formed, Kāšīkh. — **retas** ($s\acute{a}$ -), mfn. having semen, possessing seed, Br. - repha, mfn. together with the sound or letter r, RPrat. - roga, mfn. affected with disease, sick, diseased; -tā, f. (v.l. ogi-tā) sickliness, Hit. orogin, mfn. (and cgi-ta, f.) = prec., W. -rodha, mfn. having hindrance or obstruction or opposition, MW.; having destruction or loss, ib.; m. obstruction, opposition, W. -roma, mfn. having hair, hairy, VarBrS.; -kantaka, mfn. having the hair bristling or thrilling with ecstacy, MW.; -vikriya, mfn. id., ib.; omañca, mfn. id. (am, ind.), Kathās.; Prab. - rosha, mfn. full of anger, angry, wrathful (am, id.), R.; Kālid.; Pur.; -rāgôpahata, mfn. suffused with a flush of anger, MW.; -sambhrama, mfn. wrathful and agitated, Sis.; -smitam, ind. with an angry smile, Ratnav. - rksha, -rca &c., see sa-rksha, sa-rca, s.v.

- rahasya, mfn. along with the secret or mystical

arágh, f. (of unknown derivation; only in nom. sg. sarát, dat. pl. sarádbhyah, and nom. pl. sarághah) a bee, RV.; TS.; SBr.

Sarághā, f. id., TBr.; PañcavBr.; Ragh.; Pongamia Glabra, L.; N. of the wife of Bindumat and mother of Madhu, BhP.

Sarát, f., see sarágh; (prob.) m. 'wind' or 'a cloud,' Un. i, 133, Sch.

Sarața, m. a lizard, chameleon, Mn.; VarBṛS.; wind, Uṇ. iv, 105, Sch. — patana-prasanti, f. N. of a wk. (on removing the evil consequences of a lizard falling on one's head). — sastra, n. N. of a wk. (on prognostics derived from the movements of lizards).

Sarataka, m. N. of a Bharataka, Cat.

Saratu, m. a lizard, chameleon, L.

Sarad, (prob.) m. a kind of tree, L.; a cloud, L.; a kind of camel, L.

Sarada, m. the crawling of a serpent, L.; a tree, L.

HIF saranga, m. (for sa-ro see col. 1) a kind of bird, L.; a kind of antelope (cf. sāranga), L.

सरजत sarájat, mfn. (of unknown meaning; Sāy. = saha-rajat; others = srijat; accord. to others saraj-=Gk. δρεγ-), RV. x, 115, 3.

सरण saraṇa, oni &c. See p. 1182, col. I. stream, gush, rush, downpour (of any fluid; acc. with

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सर्खं saraṇḍa, m. (cf. saraṇḍa) a bird, Uņ. i, 128, Sch.

सर्वि saratni, mf. (cf. ratni, aratni) a partic. measure (from the elbow to the closed hand), L.

सर्थ sa-ratha, othin. See col. 1.

सरपाञ्चका sara-pattrikā, f. a lotus-leaf (prob. w.r. for sara-p°), L.

सरपस sarapas. See p. 1182, col. 1.

सर्भ sarabha, m. N. of a monkey (prob. w.r. for sarabha), RāmatUp.

Sarabhaka, m. a kind of insect infesting grain, AdbhBr.

सरभस sa-rabhasa &c. See col. 1.

सरमा saramā. See p. 1182, col. 1.

सर्षट्ट sarashatta, N. of a place, Cat.

HIH sa-rasa, $mf(\bar{a})n$. (for sarasa see p. 1182, col. 2) containing sap, juicy, pithy, potent, powerful, TS.; Br.; GrSrS.; Megh.; moist, wet, Hariv.; Kāv.; Kathās.; fresh, new, Mālav.; Sis.; Sāh.; tasty, tasting like (comp.), Kathās.; elegant, beautiful, charming, gracious, Kāv.; Kathās.; expressive of poetical sentiment (see rasa); passionate, impassioned, enamoured, full of love or desire, ib.; (am), ind. with rapture, Vikr.; (\bar{a}) , f. = saral \bar{a} , Ipomœa Turpethum, L. - kavi-kulananda, m. N. of a Bhāṇa (q. v.) by Rāma-candra. — tā, f. juiciness, AitBr.; ŚāńkhBr. - tva, n. id., Kāth.; freshness, novelty, Subh. - bhāratī, f. N. of a poem. - vāṇī, f. N. of the wife of Mandana-misra, Cat. - sabdasarani, f. N. ofa vocabulary. Sarasânga-yashţi, mfn. one whose delicate body is moist with perspiration (cf. 2. yashti), MW.

Sarasī- / kri, P. -karoti, to moisten, refresh, comfort, Prasannar.

सरसम्प्रत sarasamprata(?), m. Asteracantha. Longifolia, L.

सर्सिक sarasika, sarasi-ja &c. See p. 1182.

सरखती sarasvatī &c. See p. 1182, col. 2.

सरह saraha, m. N. of a man, Buddh.

सराट sarāṭa, N. of a place, Cat. सरारी sarārī. See kṛimi-so.

सराव sarāva, m. a kind of venomous insect, Sušr.; w. r. for šarāva.

सर्दि sari, sarit &c. See p. 1182, col. 3.

सरिएयु sarinyu, w.r. for saranyu.

सरिषप sarishapa, m.=sarshapa, mustard, a mustard seed, L.

सरिसर sarisrará (?), m.(fr. Intens. of \sqrt{sri}) going or flowing apart, TBr.

सारमृत sarisrut(?), f. (fr. id. or \sqrt{sru} ?) = $sur\bar{a}$, Harav.

सरोस्प $sar\overline{i}$ -srip, m. (fr. Intens. of \sqrt{srip}) = $sar\overline{i}$ sripa, any creeping animal, BhP.

Sarīsripá, mín. crawling, creeping; m. or n. (ifc. f. \bar{a}) a creeping animal, reptile, snake, RV. &c. &c.; m. N. of Vishnu, L.

How sáru, mfn. (for saru fr. \sqrt{sri} , p. 1056) minute, thin, fine; m. = sáru, m. an arrow = tsaru, the hilt or handle of a sword, L.

सरुच् sa-ruc, sa-ruj &c. See col. 2.

सहज्ञव sarudbhava, (prob.) w.r. for sarôd-bhava, a lotus.

सरोज saro-ja &c. See col. I.

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सर्के sarka, m. (of unknown derivation) the wind, air, L.; the mind, L.; N. of Prajā-pati, L.

सर्ख sa-rksha, $mf(\bar{a})n$. (i.e. 7. sa + riksha) joined or united with a Nakshatra, Krishnaj.

HÑ sárga, m. (ifc. f. ā; fr. \sqrt{srij}) letting go, discharging, voiding (as excrement), MBh.; R.; starting (a race-horse), racing, RV.; a herd let loose from a stable, any troop or host or swarm or multitude, ib.; Rājat.; a draught of air, gust of wind, RV.; a stream gush rush downpour (of any fluid: acc. with