the end of a verse (as Bhatt. x, 3). Pādantara, n. the interval of a step; ore, ind. close by (with gen.), MBh.; after the into of a step, Sak. (v. l. for pado). Padantikam, ind. near to or towards (the feet of) any one, MärkP. Padabhivandana or vadana, n. = °da-vandana, R. Pādâmbu, mfn. containing a fourth part of water, L. Padambhas, n. water for washing the feet, Yājñ. Pādâravinda, m. foot-lotus, the foot of a deity or a lover &c., Kav.; -sataka, n. N. of a poem. Padarghya, n. offering to the feet, a donation to Brahmans or other venerable persons, W. Pādardha, n. half a quarter, an eighth, Mn. viii, 404; half a line of a stanza, W. Padarpana, n. putting down or placing the feet, Ragh. Pādâvanāma, m. bowing to a person's feet, Sis. Pādavanektri, m. one who washes another's fo, Apast. Padavaneja (1), m. washing another's f°, BhP. **Pādâvanejana**,  $mf(\bar{i})n$ . used for washing the f°, AitBr.; Mn. &c.;  $(\bar{i})$ , f. pl. water for wo the fo, BhP. Padavanejya, n. = oja, TandBr. Padavarta, m. a wheel worked by the fo for raising water from a well, L.; a square foot, KatySr., Sch. Padavasecana, n. water used for washing the feet, Mn. iv, 151. Pādâshṭhīla, m. or n. the ankle, MBh. Padasana, n. a footstool, W. Padasphalana, n. trampling or shuffling of the feet, floundering, W. Padahata, mfn. kicked or trodden by the foot, W. Padahati, f. 'fo-blow,' a kick, treading, trampling &c., Ratnav.; Kathās. Pādėshṭakā, f. the quarter of a brick, Sulbas. Pādôtphāla, m. shuffling or moving the feet, MW. Padôdaka, n. 'f°-water,' water used for washing the feet, MBh. &c.; -tīrtha, n. N. of a Tirtha, Cat. Padôdara, m. a serpent (' using the belly in place of feet'), PrasnUp. Padôddhūta, n. stamping the fo, MBh.; VP. Padona, min. less or smaller by a quarter, Apast. Pādôpajīvin, mfn. 'living by a person's mercy (lit. feet),' a servant, messenger &c., Divyav. Padôpadhana, n., oni, f. a cushion for the fo, MBh. Padôpasamgrahana, n. clasping the fo (of a teacher), Gaut. Pādaká, m. a small foot, RV. viii, 33, 19; (ikā), f. a sandal, shoe, L.; ifc.  $(f. ik\bar{a}) = \text{foot}, R.$ ; Kathās.;

mf(ikā)n. making a quarter of anything, Var.

1. Pāda-pa (Vi. pā), m. (ifc. f. ā) 'drinking at foot or root,' a tree, plant, MBh.; Kāv. &c. (-ka, id. ifc., Kathās.) — khaṇḍa, m. a grove of trees, L. — ruhā, f. Vanda Roxburghii, L. — vivakshā, f. N.of wk. Pādapôpagata, mfn. abiding under a tree (while expecting death), HPariš. Pādapôpaga-mana, n. the abiding &c. (see prec.), ib.

2. Pāda-pa ( $\sqrt{3}$ ,  $p\bar{a}$ ), m. a foot-stool or cushion for the feet, L.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. a shoe, slipper, L.

Pādaya, Nom. P. vati, to stretch out the feet, Dhātup. xxxv, 85.

Padavika, m. a traveller, L.

Pādāt, m. a foot-soldier, footman, L.

Padata, m. id., MBh.; R. &c.; n. infantry, MBh. (g. bhikshddi).

Pādāti and otika, m. = pādāt, L. (cf. padāti). Pādāyana, m. patr. fr. pāda, g. asvādi.

Pādāvika, m. = pādātika, L.

**Pādika**, mf(i)n. lasting for a quarter of the time, Mn. iii, 1; amounting to  $\frac{1}{4}$  (n. with sata, 25 per cent, MBh.; with or sc. ahar, daily wages, Pat.); versed in or studying the Pada-pātha, g. ukthādi, Kāš.

Pādin, mfn. footed, having feet (see m.); having Pādas (as a stanza), W.; claiming or receiving a fourth part, SrS.; Mn. viii, 210; m. a footed aquatic or amphibious animal, Susr.; the heir to a fourth part of an estate, W.

Pādú, m. a foot, RV. (cf. Nir. iv, 15); a place,

**Pāduka,**  $mf(\bar{a} \text{ or } \bar{i})n$ , going on foot or with feet,

 $W_{\cdot;}(\bar{a})$ , f., see next.

Pādukā, f. a shoe or slipper, MBh.; Kāv. &c. (also °ka, m. c. and in °ka-vat, mfn. having shoes, Hcat.); impression of the feet of a god or a holy person, MWB. 508; (?) N. of Durgā or another deity (cf. comp. below). — kāra or -krit, m. a shoemaker, L. — mantra, m., -sahasra, n., -sahasra-parîkshā, f. N. of wks.

Pādukin, mfn. having shoes, shoed, Apast.
Pādū, f. a shoe or slipper, L. - krit, m. a shoemaker, Rājat.; L. (also spelt du-krit).

**Pādūna**, mfn. less or smaller by a quarter, L. (cf. pādôna).

et. padona). Pādūlaka, m. a broom, ĀpGṛ., Sch.

Pādulakā, m. a broom, Apoi., sen.

Pāde-grihya, ind.=°da-grihya, g. mayūravvansakādi.

**Pádya,**  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . relating or belonging to the foot, Br.; SrS. (n. with or sc. udaka, water used for washing the feet, ib. &c.); amounting to a quarter of anything, Sulbas.

Pādyaka, mfn. = pādya-prakāra, g. sthūlddi. पादक्रीमक pādakramika, mfn. (fr. padakrama) one who recites or knows the Pada-krama, g. ukthddi (Kaš. pada, krama for pada-k°).

पादव्याख्यान pāda-vyākhyāna, mfn.(fr. pa-da-v°), g. rig-ayanâdi.

पादारक pādāraka, m. the masts or ribs of a boat, L.

पादालिक pādālika, m.=dhundhu-māra, L. (v.l. pad°).

पादालिन्द pādālinda, m.=pādāraka, L.; (ī), f. a boat, L.

पाइत pāddhata, n. (fr. pad-dhati), g. bhik-

via pādma, mf(ī)n. (fr. padma) relating to or treating of the lotus, Pur.; m. N. of a Kalpa or cosmic period, ib.; of Brahmā, ib.; n. = padma-purāṇa. = nitya-pūjā-vidhi, m. N. of wk. = purāṇa, n. = padma-p°. = prayoga, m., -maṇḍa-larcana, n., -mantra, m., -vacana, n., -vedamantra, m., -saṃhitā, f. (°tā-prayoga, m.) N. of wks. or ch°s of wks. Pādmôttara, n. (prob.) = Padma-P° ii.

पान 1.2. pāna. See p. 613, cols. 1 and 2. पान 3. pāna, m.=apāna, breathing out, expiration, L.

pared from the fruit of the Jaka or bread-fruit tree, Kull. on Mn. xi, 95.

traveller, MBh.; Kāv. &c. (ifc.  $[f. \bar{a}] = accompanying$ , not moving from, Naish.); the sun (as the wanderer in the sky), L. -tva, n. the life of a wanderer, Kathās. -devatā, f. pl. N. of a partic. class of deities, Hcat.

Pānthāyana, mfn., g. pakshādi.

দার্ম  $p\bar{a}nnaga$ ,  $mf(\bar{i})n$ . (fr. panna-ga) formed or consisting of snakes, having serpents, snaky, Hariv.

पानागार pānnāgāra, mfn., fr. next, Pāņ. iv. 2. 113. Sch.

Pānnāgāri, m. patr. fr. pannagāra, ib. iv, 2, 60, Sch.

used for washing the feet, KātyŚr.; n. a vessel in which the feet are washed, ŚBr.; KātyŚr.

**ΨΙΨ**  $p\bar{a}p\acute{a}$  (SBr. xiv, also  $p\acute{a}pa$ ), mf( $\bar{\imath}$  older than  $\bar{a}$ ; cf. Pāņ. iv, 1, 30)n. bad, vicious, wicked, evil, wretched, vile, low, RV. &c. &c.; (in astrol.) boding evil, inauspicious, Var.; m. a wicked man, wretch, villain, RV. &c. &c.; N. of the profligate in a drama, Cat.; of a hell, VP.; (ā), f. a beast of prey or a witch, Hcat.; n. (ifc. f.  $\bar{a}$ ) evil, misfortune, ill-luck, trouble, mischief, harm, AV. &c. &c. (often santam papam, 'heaven foresend that evil!' R.; Mricch.; Kālid. &c.); sin, vice, crime, guilt, Br.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; (am), ind. badly, miserably, wrongly, AV.; (áyā), ind. id., RV.; AV.; pāpáyamuya, so badly, so vilely, ib. - kara and -kartri, mfn. 'wrong-doing,' wicked, sinful, W. - karman, mfn. id.; m. an ill-doer, criminal, sinner, Mn.; MBh. &c.; n. a wicked deed, oma-krit, min. wicked, an ill-doer, R. - karmin, mfn. 'wrong-doing,' wicked, a villain or sinner, MarkP. - kalpa, m. a rogue or villain, Mricch. - kāraka (Kautukas.), -kārin (SBr. &c.), -krit (AV. &c., superl. -tama, Mn.; Bhag.), mfn. = -karmin. - krita, n. an evil deed, sin, crime, Nal. - kritya, Nom. P. vati (fr. -krif), to do wrong, Pat. - kritya, f. an evil deed, sin, crime, AV. &c. &c. - kritvan, m. an evildoer, sinner, villain, AV. - kshaya, m. destruction of sin; -tīrtha, n. N. of a Tirtha, SkandaP. - gati, m. ill-fated, R. - gocara, mfn. evidently involved in (the consequences of) sin, W. - graha, m. an inauspicious planet (as Mars, Saturn, Rāhu, Ketu), Var. - ghna, mf(i)n. destroying sin or evil, L.; m. a sesamum plant, L.; (1), f., see under-han. - cara, m. 'walking in sin,' N. of a king in a play, Cat.

- carin, mfn. wrong-doing, criminal, MBh. - cetas, mfn, evil-minded, wicked, Mn.; MBh. - celika or °lī, f. Clypea Hernandifolia, L. -caila, n. an inauspicious garment, Kaus. - ja, mfn. springing from evil, MW. - jīva, mfn. leading an evil life, a villain, BhP. - tara, mfn. worse, more or very wicked, MBh. &c. - ta, f. inauspiciousness, VarBrS., Sch. -timira, mfn. sin-bedarkened, blinded by sin, MW. -tvá, n. evil condition, misery, poverty, R.V. -da, mfn. bringing misfortune, inauspicious, Var. - darsana or sin, mfn. looking at faults, malevolent, R. - drisvan, mfn. seeing guilt, knowing an act to be wicked, W. - desans, f. instruction of the wicked, Dharmas. xix. - drishti, mfn. evil-eyed, MW. - dhī, mfn. evil-minded, Nir. - nakshatra, n. an inauspicious constellation, Kauš. - nāpita, m. a vile or bad barber, W. - nāman (pāpá-), mfn. having a bad name, SBr. - nāsana, m. 'destroying the wicked,' N. of Siva, Sivag.; N. of a temple of Vishnu; -māhātmya, n. N.of wk. - nāsin, mfn. sin-destroying, purifying, W. -nirati, mfn. 'delighting in sin, wicked, a wretch, W.; f. attachment to evil, wickedness, ib. - niścaya, mfn. having evil designs, malevolent, MBh.; R. - nishkriti, f. atonement for sin, MW. - pati, m. 'sinful master,' a paramour, L. - parājita (ρāρά-), mfn. ignominiously defeated, TBr. - punya, n. pl. vicious or virtuous (deeds), MW. - purī, v.l. for a-pāpapo (cf. pāpāpuri). - purusha, m. a villainous man (a personification of all sin or archetype of a sinner), Tantras. - pūrusha, m. a villain, rascal, Mn. - prašamana-stava, m. N. of wk. - priya, mfn. fond of evil, prone to sin, Venis. - phala, mfn. having evil consequences, inauspicious, Var. - bandha, m. a continuous series of misdeeds, VP. - buddhi, f. evil intent, R.; mfn. evil-minded, wicked, Mn.; MBh.; m.N. of a man, Panc. - bhakshana, m. 'devouring the wicked,' N. of Kāla-bhairava (a son of Šiva), Cat. - bhañjana, m. 'breaking the wo,' N. of a Brāhman, Kathās. - bhāj, mfu. partaking of sin, guilty, Kum. - bhāva, mfn. evil-minded, MW. - mati, mfn. id., Nal. - maya, mf(i)n. consisting in evil, bad, Jätak. - mitra, n. a friend of sin; -tva, n. friendship with the wicked, I. - mukta, mfn. freed from sin, purified, W. - mocana, n. liberating from sin; N. of a Tirtha, VP.; (1), f. (with ekādašī) N. of wk. - yakshmá, m. 'the evil disease,' consumption, TS. (also oman, Var.; Hcat.); -grihīta (°kshmá-), mfn. seized by cons°, ib. - yoni, f. a bad or low birthplace (lit. 'womb,' as punishment of sin), Mn. iv, 166. - rahita, mfn. free from guilt, harmless, Hit. - rākshasī, f. an evil female demon, witch, AsvGr. - ripu, m. or n. 'enemy of sin,' N. of a sacred bathing-place, Kathās. - roga, m. any bad disease (considered as the penalty of sin in a former life), Gobh.; Mn.; smallpox, L.; hemorrhoids, Gal.; ogin, mfn. suffering from a bad do (cf. above), Mn. -radhi (r for ri), f. 'sin-thriving,' hunting, chase, Vcar.; Pañc.; odhika, m. a hunter, Nalac. - loká, m. the evil world, place of suffering or of the wicked, AV.;  $^{\circ}kya$ ,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . belonging to it, hellish, infernal, MBh. - vasīyas, mfn. 'badbetter,' inverted, confused, Gobh.; Pañc.; n. = next. - vasīyasa (Kāth.; TāṇḍBr.), -vasyasá (TS.; SBr. &c.), n. inversion, confusion. - vadá, m. an inauspicious cry (of a bird), AV. -vināša, m. destruction of sin; -tīrtha, n. N. of a Tīrtha (also osana-to), Sinhas.; Cat. - vinigraha, m. restraining wickedness, W. - viniscaya, mfn. intending evil, R. - samana, mfn. removing crime, W.; n. a sin-offering, ib.; (i), f. Prosopis Spicigera, L. - sīla,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . of bad character, wicked (-tva, n.), Venīs.; Panc. - sodhana, n. 'washing away sins,' N. of a Tīrtha, Kathās. - samsamana, mfn. removing sin, R. - samkalpa,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . evil-minded, malevolent, ib. - sama, n. a bad year, TS.; Vait. - samācāra,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . of bad conduct, MBh. - sammita, mfn. equal in sin or guilt, W. -sudanatīrtha, n. N. of a Tirtha, Rājat. (cf. -vināsana-t°). -skandha, n. pl. accumulation of sin, Kārand. -han, mf(ghnī)n. destroying sin or the wicked, Mn.; (ghnī), f. N. of a river; -ghnī-māhātmya, n. N. of wk. -hara, mfn. removing evil; n. a means of roeo, Var.; (a), f. N. of a river, MBh. -hridaya, mf(a)n. bad-hearted, Venis. Papakhyā, f. (sc. gati) N. of one of the 7 divisions of the planetary courses, Var. Papankusa, f. N. of the 11th day in the light half of the month Asvina, Cat.; (with ekādasī) N. of wk. Pāpācāra, mfn. ill-conducted, vicious, MBh.; m. N. of a king,