breath or life, vivified, revived, Kathās.; n. breathing, breath, respiration, sighing, a sigh, Kāv.; Pur. **Švasī-vat**, mfn. = *svasana-vat*, hissing, snort-

ing, RV. i, 140, 10 (Sāy.)

Svāsa, m. hissing, snorting, panting, R.; Kathās.; BhP.; respiration, breath (also as a measure of time =prâṇa, asu), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; breathing or aspiration (in the pronunciation of consonants), RPrāt., Introd.; inspiration, Sarvad.; sighing, a sigh, Sak.; Sah.; affection of the breath, hard breathing, asthma (of which there are five kinds, viz. kshudra, tamaka, chinna, mahat, and $\bar{u}rdhva$), Susr.; (\bar{a}) , f. N. of the mother of Svasana (the god of wind), MBh.; Convolvalus Turpethum, L.; -karma-prakāsa, m. N. of wk. - kāsa, m. 'breath-cough,' asthma (osin, mfn. suffering from it), Hcat. - kuthāra, m. N. of a drug used as a remedy for asthma, Bhpr. - ta, f. the being breath, the being aspirated (cf. above), RPrāt.; breathing, respiration, aspiration, MW. - dhārana, n. suppression or suspension of breath, KātySr., Sch. - prasvāsa-dhārana, n. suppression or suspension of inspiration and expiration (= prândyāma, q. v.), MW. - rodha, m. obstruction of the breath, oppression of the chest, BhP. - sesha, $mf(\bar{a})n$. having nothing left but breath, consisting only in breathing (as life), Rajat. - hikkā, f. a kind of hiccough (°kkin, mfn. suffering from it), Car. - heti, f. 'remedy for asthma,' sound sleep, L. Svāsākula, mfn. troubled in breathing, out of breath, Campak. Svāsanila, m. wind (caused) by breathing, breath, BhP. svāsari, m. 'breath-enemy,' Costus Speciosus or Arabicus, L. Svāsôcchvāsa, m. du. inspiration and expiration, respiration, MW.

Śvāsika, mfn. occurring in or resulting from asthma, Car.

śvāsita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) caused to breathe &c.; w. r. for sv-āšita, R. ii, 84, 18.

Svāsin, mfn. hissing, breathing, ĀsvGr.; breathing hard, asthmatic, Susr.; aspirated (as a sound or letter), Siksh.; m. wind, L.

श्रस् 2. svás, ind. to-morrow, on the following day (sváh svah, 'day by day;' svó bhūté, 'on the morrow,' 'next day'), RV. &c. &c.; in the future (see comp.); a particle implying auspiciousness, W.

Svah, in comp. for 2. svás. - kāla, m. to-morrow's time, the morrow; (e), loc. on the morrow, to-m', MBh. - kraya, m. a purchase (to be made) on the morrow, Lāṭy. - prabhṛiti, ind. from to-m' onwards. - sreyasá, n. 'better state on the morrow,' progressive improvement, ŚBr.; happiness, prosperity, L.; the Supreme Spirit, L.; mfn. happy, progressively prosperous, L. - śvá, n. putting off to the morrow, procrastination, ŚBr. - sutyā, f. 'to-morrow's preparation of the Soma,' the eve of the Sutyā rite, AitBr.; ŚBr.; Lāṭy. - stotriya, n. to-morrow's Stotriya (q.v.), AitBr.

Svástana, $mf(\bar{z})n$. relating or belonging to the morrow ("ne'hani," on the morrow'), $K\bar{z}v$.; Pur. [cf. Lat. crastinus]; (\bar{z}), f. the next day, the morrow, MaitrS.; (in gram.) the terminations of the first future, $P\bar{z}n$. iii, 3, 15, $V\bar{z}$ rtt. 1; (am), n. to-morrow, next day, the future, Mn.; MBh. &c. (cf. a- $\bar{s}v$). —vat, mfn. having a future, $P\bar{z}n$ cavBr.

Švastanika. See a-sv°.

Śvastya, mfn. = svastana, Pān. iv, 2, 105.

Švo, in comp. for 2. svás. — bhāva, m. to-morrow's state of affairs, KātyŠr.; pl. the affairs or occurrences of to-m°, KathUp. — bhāvin (MBh.; R.), -bhūta (Gaut.), mfn. what may happen to-m°. — bhūti, m. N. of a man, Pat., Sch. — marana, n. imminent death or the thought of it, MBh. — vasīya, n. future welfare or prosperity, Das.; mfn. 'happy for all future time,' auspicious, fortunate, MW. — vasīyas, mfn. id., ib. — vasīyasa, mf(i)n. bestowing future welfare, MaitrS.; n. future w°, auspiciousness, good fortune, L. — vasyasá, mfn. = prec., TBr. — vijayín, mfn. one who is about to conquer on the morrow, MaitrS.

श्राकर्षा svā-karņa, svā-kunda &c. See p. 1105, col. 2.

মাৰ śvātr, cl. 1. P. śvātrati, to go, move, Naigh. ii, 14.

ম্মান $\dot{s}v\bar{a}tr\acute{a}$, mfn. (prob. fr. $\sqrt{\dot{s}vi}=\dot{s}\bar{u}$)

invigorating, strengthening, strong (as Soma, the waters &c.; accord. to native authorities = kshipra or mitra; accord. to others, 'savoury,' 'dainty,' fr. $\sqrt{svad} = svad$), RV.; VS.; $(\acute{a}m)$, ind. = kshipram, Nir. v, 3; (am), n. strengthening or savoury food or drink, a dainty morsel, RV.; = dhana, Naigh. ii, 10. = bhāj, mfn. = next, RV. viii, 4, 9.

śvátrya, mfn. 'strengthening' or 'savoury' (cf. śvātra), RV.

श्वान svāna &c. See p. 1105, col. 2.

মান $\dot{s}v\bar{a}nt\acute{a}$, mfn. (fr. $\sqrt{\dot{s}vam} = \dot{s}am$?) tranquil, placid, RV. (Sāy. = $\dot{s}anta$ or $\dot{s}r\bar{a}nta$).

श्वापद $\dot{s}v\ddot{a}$ -pada, $\dot{s}v\ddot{a}$ -vidh &c. See p. 1105, col. 2.

યામુ $\dot{s}v\bar{a}\dot{s}ura$, mf(\bar{i})n. relating or belonging to a father-in-law, Kathās.; m. pl. = $\dot{s}v\bar{a}\dot{s}urer$ yūna \dot{s} chāttrā \dot{h} , Pat.

Švāsuri, m. the son of the father-in-law, ib. Švāsurya, w. r. for *švasurya*, Kathās.

written svā), cl. I. P. (Dhātup. xxiii, 41) svāyati (pf. šišvāya or sušāva, Gr.; aor. ášvat, ŠBr., asvayīt, HPariš.; Prec. sūyāt, Gr.; fut. švayitā, svayishyati, ib.; inf. švāyitum, Br.), to swell, grow, increase, TS.; ŠBr. &c.: Pass. šūyate (aor. ašvāyi), id., Car.: Caus. švāyayati (aor. ašišvayat [Bhaṭt.] or ašūšavat), id., Gr.: Desid. of Caus. šišvāyayishati or šušāvayishati, ib.: Desid. šišvayishati, ib.: Intens. šešvīyate (Bhaṭt.), šošūyate; šešvayīti, šešveti, to swell much.

Śūtha, śūna &c. See p. 1085, col. 1. Śvaya, m. swelling, increase, MW.

Svayátha, m. swelling, SBr.

Svayathu, m. swelling, intumescence, Susr. -kara, mfn. causing into, ib. -cikitsa, f. the cure or treatment of swelling &c., ib. -mat, mfn. suffering from swelling or intumescence, Car.

švayana, n. swelling, APrāt., Sch. švayas, n. swelling, L.; power, strength, L. švayīci, m. or f. a kind of illness, Un. iv, 71, Sch.

পিন্ধ śvikna, m. pl. N. of a people, SBr.

fran 1. śvit, cl. 1. A. (Dhātup. xviii, 2) svetate (occurring only in pr.p. švetamāna, Mālatīm., and in aor. ašvait or ašvitat, p. švitāná [q. v.], RV.; Gr. also pf. šišvite, fut. švetitā, švetishyate, and aor. ašvetishta), to be bright or white: Caus. (only aor. ašišvitat; but cf. švetaya and švetita), id., RV. [Cf. Lith. szvaitýti; Goth. hweits; Germ. weiss; Engl. white.]

2. Svit. See uda-svit and sūrya-svit. Svita, mfn. white, n. whiteness, Sāy.

Svitaná, mfn. being white, white-coloured, RV. vi, 6, 2.

Šviti, (prob.) f. whiteness, a white colour, Sāy. Švitīci, švítna, and švitnyá, mfn. whitish, RV. Švitya, mfn. white, white-coloured, MW.; m. (cf. švaitya) N. of a man, MBh. vii, 2183 (Nīlak.) Švityáňc, mf(°tīcī)n. whitish, RV.

Švitrá, mfn. whitish, white, AV.; .TS.; having white leprosy, PañcavBr.; m. a partic. who domestic animal or any who ano, VS.; m. n. morbid whiteness of the skin, white leprosy, vitiligo, Suśr.; BhP.; = antariksha, Sāy. on RV. v, 19, 3; (ā), f. N. of a woman, Sāy. on RV. i, 13, 14. — ghnī, f. 'removing white leprosy,' the plant Tragia Involucrata, L. — hara, mfn. removing or curing white leprosy, Sušr. Svitrôpakāsa, mfn. looking whitish, ĀpŚr.

Svitrin, mfn. affected with whiteness of the skin, leprous, a leper, Gaut.; Mn. &c.

Švítrya, m. metron. fr. *švitra*, RV. i, 33, 15 (Sāy.)

Švetá, mf(\hat{a} or $\hat{s}ven\bar{\imath}$)n. white, dressed in white, bright (with $p\hat{a}rvata$, m. 'snow-mountain,' $\hat{S}Br$.; with $kat\hat{a}ksha$, m. 'a bright side-glance,' $Samg\bar{\imath}t$.), RV.&c.&c.; m. white (the colour), L.; a white horse, $\hat{S}Br.$; a small white shell, cowry, L.; a silver coin, L.; a white cloud, L.; the planet Venus or its regent $\hat{S}ukra$, L.; a partic. comet (cf. -ketu), VarBrS.; a partic. plant ($=j\bar{\imath}vaka$), L.; cumin seed, W.; N. of a serpent-demon (with $vaid\bar{a}rva$ or $vaid\bar{a}rvya$ or vaidarvya; others give $\hat{s}vaita-vaid\bar{a}rava$ as signi-

fying 'a partic, deity connected with the sun'), GrS.: Pur.; N. of one of Skanda's attendants, MBh.; of a Daitya (son of Vipra-citti), Hariv.; of a Muni, MBh.; Kathās.; of a partic. Avatāra of Siva, Cat.; of a pupil of Siva, IW. 122, n. 3; of a manifestation of Vishņu in his Varāha incarnation (worshipped in a partic. part of India), MW.; of a Rājarshi, MBh.; of a son of the king Sudeva, R.; of a general, MBh.; of a son of Vapushmat, MärkP.; of a preceptor, Cat.; of a mythical elephant, MBh.; of the sixth range of mountains dividing the known continent (the white or 'snowy' mountains separating the Varshas of Hiranmaya and Ramyaka), MBh.; Pur. (IW. 420, n. 1); of one of the minor Dvīpas or divisions of the world (cf. $-dv\bar{\imath}\rho\alpha$), MBh.; R.; $(\bar{\alpha})$, f. one of the seven tongues of Fire, Grihyas.; a small white shell, cowry, L.; N. of various plants (accord. to L. the birch tree, a white bignonia, Boerhavia Procumbens, Achyranthes Atropurpurea &c.), Susr.; VarBrS.; crystal, L.; alum, L.; white or candied sugar, L.; bamboo-manna, L.; a mystical term for the letter s, Up.; N. of one of the Matris attendant on Skanda, MBh.; of the mother of the elephant Sveta (or Šańkha), MBh.; R.; of a princess, Rājat.; (\bar{i}) , f. N. of a river, MW.; n. the white of the eye, Susr.; the growing white (of the hair), ChUp.; silver, L.; butter-milk and water mixed half and half, L. - kantakārī, f. a species of plant (=priyamkarī), MW. - kapthin, mfn. white-necked (as a jar), Hariv. - kanda, m. Allium Cepa or Ascalonicum; (\bar{a}) , f. Aconitum Ferox, L. - kapota, m. a kind of mouse, Cat.; a kind of snake, Susr. - kamala, n. a white lotus, MW. - karna, m. N. of a son of Satya-karna, Hariv. - kalpa, m. a partic. Kalpa or world-period, Heat. - kāka, m. a white crow, i. e. any very unusual thing, Kautukas. - kākīya, mfn. relating to a white crow, rare, unusual, unheard of, MBh.; Mricch. - kāndā, f. who Dūrvā grass, L. - kāpotī, f. a kind of plant, Sušr.-kāmbojī, f. a white variety of Abrus Precatorius, L. -kiuihī, f. a kind of tree, L. -kukshi, m. a kind of fish, L. **– kuñjara,** m. 'white-elephant,' Indra's el^o Airāvata, L. – kuša, m. wh^o Kuša grass, L. - kushtha, n. who leprosy, Cat.; mfn. suffering from wholo (-tva, n.), Kull. on Mn. xi, 51.—**krish**nā, f. a kind of venomous insect, Susr. - ketu (svetá-), m. N. of a comet (also called Uddālakašvo), VarBrS.; a Jaina saint, L.; N. of Auddālaki, SBr.; of Aruneya, ib. &c.; of a son of Sena-jit, Hariv.; of Gautama Buddha as a Bodhi-sattva, Lalit. - keša, m. white hair, ib.; a kind of red-flowering Moringa, L. - kola or - kolaka, m. the fish Cyprinus Sophore, L. - kshāra, m. who nitre, saltpetre, alkali, L. - khadira, m. a who variety of the Khadira tree, L. - gangā, f. N. of a river, Kād. - gaja, m. a who elephant or the elo of Indra, ib. — garut (L.) or **-garuta** (MW.), m. 'who-winged,' a goose. - giri, m. who mountain, snowy range of hills (see under *šveta* above), Cat.; -māhātmya, n. N. of chs. of two Purāṇas. - guñjā, f. a white variety of Abrus Precatorius, L. - gunavat, mfn. possessed of the quality of whiteness, Sah. - gokarni, f. Clitoria Ternatea, Dhanv. -- godhuma, m. a kind of wheat, $V\bar{a}s. - ghant\bar{a}$, f. a kind of plant (= $n\bar{a}ga$ danti), L. = ghanți, f., see mahā-sveta-gh. - ghoshā, f. a who Ghoshā plant, MW. - candana, n. white sandal, Pañcar. - campaka, m. a kind of Campaka, ib. — carana, m. a kind of bird, Sušr. — cintā-maṇi, m. N. of wk. — cillikā or -cilli, f. a kind of vegetable, L. -cchattra, n. a who umbrella, BhP.; mfn. having a who umbo, MW. -cchattrāya, Nom. to resemble a who umbrella ("yita, mfn.), Vcar. -cehattrin, mfn. having a who umbo, ApSr. - cchada, m. 'who-winged' or 'who-leaved,' a goose, L.; a kind of plant, L.; Ocymum Album, W. - jala, N. of a lake, VP. - jīraka, m. who cumin, L. - tankaka or -tankana, n. a kind of borax, L. -tandula, m. a kind of rice, L. - tantrī, f. a kind of stringed instrument, Samgīt. -tapas, m. N. of a man, Cat. -tara, m. pl. N. of a school, Caran. - ta. f. whiteness, MW. - durvā, f. white Dūrvā grass, Bhpr. - dyuti, m. the moon, L. - druma, m. Cratæva Roxburghii, L. -dvipa, m. a white elephant or Indra's elo Airāvata, L. - dvipa, m. n. 'who island,' N. of a mythical abode of the blessed, MBh.; Hariv.; Kav. &c. (cf. IW. 126, n. 1); of a sacred place near Kāšī, Cat. - dvīpāya, Nom. Ā. vate, to resemble the white isle, Hcar. - dhātu, m. chalk, L.; opal or chalcedony, W.; any who mineral, MW. - dhaman,