gone to bed, being in bed), SBr. &c. &c.; copulation, sexual intercourse, L.; N. of a Soman, L. - griha, n. 'sleeping-house,' a bed-chamber, Sak. v, $\frac{29}{30}$ (v.l.) - tala-gata, mfn. gone to bed, lying in bed, Subh. - pālikā, f. the (female) keeper of a (royal) couch, Jātakam.—bhūmi,f.'sleeping-place,'a bed-chamber, Sak. - racana, n. the preparation of a bed or couch (one of the 64 arts), Cat. - vasas, n. a sleepinggarment, Ritus. - vidha, mfn. having the form of a bedstead, Kaus. - sakhī, f. the female bed-fellow (of a woman), Kathās. - stha, mfn. being or reclining on a couch, Mn. iv, 74. -sthāna, n. = -bhūmi, L. Sayanagāra, m. (L.), onavāsa, m. (Rājat.) = na-griha, L. Sayanasana, n. sleeping and sitting (see comp.); 'sleeping or resting place,' a dwelling, cell, Buddh.; -vārika, m. a partic. official in a convent, ib.; -sevana, n. the enjoyment of sleeping and sitting, VarBrS. Sayanaspada, n. = $^{\circ}na$ - $bh\bar{u}mi$, L. Sayanaıkadasi, f. the 11th day of the light half of the month Ashādha (on which Vishnu's sleep begins), L.

Sayanī- \(\kri, P. -karoti, to make into a couch or resting-place, Kād.

Sayanīya, mfn. to be slept or lain on, fit or suitable for sleep or rest (am, ind. 'it should be slept or rested'), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; n. a bed, couch, ib.—griha, n. 'sleeping-house,' a bed-chamber, Kathās.—tala, n. (the surface of) a bed or couch, R.—vāsa, m.—-griha, Vet. Sayanīyāsrita, mfn. gone to bed, R.

Śayanīyaka, n. a bed, couch, Kathās.

Sayanda (cf. sayanda), g.aishukāry-ādi (ī, f., g. varanddi). — bhakta, mfn. ib.

f wāṇḍaka, m. (cf. sayaṇḍaka) a kind of bird,

sayana, mfn. lying down, resting, sleeping, Mn.; MBh. &c.; m. a lizard, chameleon, L.

Sayānaka, mfn. lying, resting (see *prati-sūrya-s*°); m. a lizard, chameleon, L.; a snake, L.

Sayālu, mfn. sleepy, inclined to sleep, sluggish, slothful, Pañcar.; Šiš.; m. a dog, L.; a jackal, L.; the boa snake, L.

Sayita, mfn. reposed, lying, sleeping, asleep, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; m. the plant Cordia Myxa, W.; n. the place where any one has lain or slept, Kās. on Pān.ii, 3, 68. — vat, mfn. one who has laindown, gone to sleep, sleeping, asleep, W.

Šayitavya, mfn. to be lain or slept, Pañcar.; Kathās. (n. impers.; mayā hutavahe šayitavyam, 'it must be lain down by me in the fire,' Vās.)

šayitri, m. one who sleeps or rests, Pān. iv, 2, 15. Sayīci, m. N. of Indra, L.

Sayú, mfn. lying down, sleeping, resting, RV.; m. the boa snake, L.; N. of a person protected by the Asvins, RV.

Sayutrá, ind. on or to a couch, RV. Sayuna, m. the boa constrictor, L.

Sayyam-bhadra or Sayyam-bhava, m. N. of one of the 6 Sruta-kevalins (with Jainas), HParis.

Sayya, f. (ifc. f. \bar{a}) a bed, couch, sofa (acc. with sam- vis or adhi-shtha [vstha], 'to go to bed or to rest; with Caus. of a- \ruh, to take [a woman] to bed, have sexual intercourse with '[acc.]; sayyāvām ā-rūdha, mfn. 'gone to bed, lying in bed'), ShadvBr. &c. &c.; lying, reposing, sleeping, KätySr.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; resort, refuge (see comp.); stringing together (esp. of words, = gumphana or sabdagumpha), rhetorical composition or a partic. rhetor. figure, L. ('couch' and 'rhetor. composition,' Kad., Introd., v. 8). - kāla, m. sleeping-time, ApGr. - gata, mfn. gone to bed, lying on a couch, MW. -griha. n. 'sleeping-house.' a bed-chamber, MBh.; Kāv.; Kathās. - occhādana (sayyaccho), n. a bedcovering, counterpane, sheet, MW. - tara, mf(i)n. affording refuge, HParis. - dana, n. 'offering a couch or resting-place,' N. of wk.; -paddhati, f. N. of wk. -°dhyaksha($\dot{s}ayy\hat{a}dh$ °),m.=- $p\bar{a}la$,MW.-°ntara (sayyant^o), n. the interior or middle of a bed (ore, in bed), Kam. - pala or -palaka, m. the guardian of the (royal) couch, Pañcat,; °la-tva, n. the office of go of the bed-chamber, ib. - prayoga, m. N. of wk. - prânta-vivartana, n. rolling from one side to another of a couch, Sak. -mūtra, n. wetting a bed with urine, SarngS. - ovasa-vesman (sayyavo), n. a bed-chamber, Kathas. - vesman, n. id., ib. = sana ($\dot{s}ayy\dot{a}s$), n. du. a couch and a seat, Mn. ii, 119 (-stha, mfn. occupying a)

couch or seat, ib.); lying and sitting (-bhoga, m. enjoyment of lo and so, Nal.; cf. sayanasana-sevana). Sayyôtthāyam, ind. at the time of rising from bed, early in the morning, Kathās. (cf. Pāņ. iii, 4, 52, Sch.) Sayyôtsanga, m. = sayyântara, Megh.

 $\mathfrak{M} \dot{s}ar\dot{a}, \mathfrak{m}.(\mathrm{fr.}\sqrt{\dot{s}r\bar{\imath}}, \mathrm{torend'or'})$ a sort of reed or grass, Saccharum Sara (used for arrows), RV. &c. &c.; an arrow, shaft, MundUp.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; N. of the number 'five' (from the 5 arrows of the god of love), VarBrS.; (in astron.) the versed sine of an arc (accord. to Aryabh. also 'the whole diameter with subtraction of the versed sine'); a partic. configuration of stars (when all the planets are in the 4th, 5th, 6th, and 7th houses), VarBrS.; the upper part of cream or slightly curdled milk (v.l. sara), ĀpŠr.; Car.; mischief, injury, hurt, a wound, W.; N. of a son of Ricatka, RV.; of an Asura, Hariv. (v. l. šuka); (ī), f. Typha Angustifolia, L.; n. water (see sara-varsha and shin). - kanda, m. the stem of the Saccharum Sara, Susr.; the shaft of an arrow, W. - kāra, m. a maker of arrows, Sāh. - kunde-saya, mfn. lying in a hollow place covered with Sara grass, R. - kūpa, m. N. of a well, Buddh. - ketu, m. N. of a man, Hcar. - kshepa, m. the range of an arrow-shot, Daš. **– gulma**, m. a clump of reeds, MBh.; N. of a monkey, R. -gocara, m. the range of an ar^o, Pañcat. **– ghāta,** m. an ar^o-shot, MBh. - ja, mfn. born in a clump of reeds, Pān. vi, 3, 16; m. = -janman, L.; n. 'produced from sour cream,' butter, L. - janman, m. 'reed-born,' N. of Kārttikeya, Ragh.; Kathās. - jāla, n. 'net-work of arrows,' a dense mass or multitude of aros, R. (pl.); -maya, $mf(\bar{\imath})n$ consisting of a dense mass of ar's, Sis. - jālaka, m. (?) a multitude of aros, L. - talpa, m. a couch formed of aros (esp. for a dead or wounded warrior), MBh.; Vās.; Gīt. (cf. -pañjara, -sayana, -sayyā). - tā, f. the state of an aro, R. - tvá, n. the state of a reed, TS. - daksha, m. (or sarad-a°?) N. of the author of a law-book, Cat. - danda, m. a stalk of reed, MBh.; (pl.) N. of a country belonging to Salva in Madhyadeša, L.; (ā), f. N. of a river, R. (v. l. sarado). - dānava-rātra-pūjā, f. N. of wk. - durdina, n. a shower of arrows, R. - deva, m. N. of a poet, Subh. - dvīpa, m. N. of an island, Hariv. - dhāna, m.pl. N. of a people, VarBrS. (cf. sava-dho). - dhi, m. an aro-case, quiver, Vikr.; Kuval. - nikara, m. a multitude of aros, shower of aros, Vās. - nivāsa, m. and -nivesa, m., g. -kshubhnddi. - panjara, $n_{\cdot} = -talpa$, BhP. - pattra, m. Tectona Grandis, L. - parnikā (L.) or -parnī (Pāņ. iv, I, 64, Sch.), f. a kind of plant. - pata, m. an aro's fall or flight, W.; the range of an arrow-shot, MBh.; -sthāna, n. the place of an aro's fall, an aro's flight or range, a bowshot, W. - punkha, m. the shaft or feathered part of an aro (see punkha), Sušr:; Vāgbh.; (ā), f. id., W.; Galega Purpurea, Bhpr. — puccha, $mf(\bar{i})n.$, Pān. iv, 1, 55, Vartt. 2. - pravega, m. the rush or rapid flight of an arrow, a swift aro, MBh.; R. - phala, n. the iron point or barb of an arrow, W. - bandha, m. a continuous line of arrows, MBh.; R. - barhis, n.a layer of reed, SBr. - bhanga, m. N. of a Rishi, MBh.; $Kav. - bh\bar{u}, m. = -janman, L. - bhrishti(sará-),$ f. the point of a reed, SBr.; Kaus.; the point of an aro MW. - bheda, m. 'a wound made by an aro,' and 'deficiency of cream,' Vas. - máya, mf(z)n. consisting or made of reeds, Kath.; TS. &c. - marīcimat, mfn. having ar's for rays, MBh. - malla, m. 'arrow-fighter,' an archer, MW.; a kind of bird, L. -mukha, n. the point of an aro, L. -yantraka, n. the string on which the palm-leaves of a manuscript are filed, Vas. - loma, m.pl. the descendants of Sara-loman, Pat. on Pan. iv, 1, 85, Vartt. 8. - 10man, m. N. of a Muni, Car.; Bhpr. - vana (see -vana), n. a thicket or clump of reeds, MBh.; R.; Kathās.: Sušr.: -bhava (with deva, Megh.), ondlaya (MBh.) or onôdbhava (ib.), m. born in a tho of ro, 'N. of Karttikeya. - vat, mfn. filled with aros, Hariv.; (also used in explaining salmali and said to be = kantakair hinasti, Nir.) - vana, w. r. for -vana. - varsha, n. a shower of arrows, MBh.; R. (pl.); a sho of water, rain, Sis. (pl.) - varshin, mfn. raining or showering down aros, Sis.; Kathās.; discharging water, Sis. - vāṇi, m. (only L.) the head of an aro; a maker of aros; an archer; a foot soldier; $=p\bar{a}pishtha$ (prob. w. r. for $pad\bar{a}ti$). - $v\bar{a}rana$, n. 'warder off of aros,' a shield, MBh. (v.l. sarâvara). - viddha, $mf(\bar{a})n$. pierced with aros, R. - vrishti, m. N. of a Marutvat, Hariv.; f. a shower of aros, L. -vega, m. 'swift as an arc',' N. of a steed, Kathas.

- vrāta, m. a mass of arrows, MBh.; Hariv.; Kāv. - sayana,n.(Daš.)or-sayyā,f.(Kathās.) = -talpa. - sāstra, n. N. of wk. - samdhāna, n. taking aim with an ar^o, Sak. - sambādha, mf(\bar{a})n. covered with aros, MW. - sat, ind. (with \sqrt{kri}) to hit with an aro, Naish. - stamba, m. a clump or thicket of reeds, MBh.; Hariv. &c.; N. of a place, MBh.; of a man, Cat. Sarâkshepa, m. flight of aros, MW. Sarâgni, g. kshubhnâdi; -parimāņa, n. an aggregate of thirty-five, MBh. sarâgrya, m. an excellent aro, MW. Saraghata, m. an aro-shot, L. Sarânkusa-vyākhyā (?), f. N. of wk. Sarâdāna, n. taking hold of an aro, L. Sarabhyasa, m. practice with bow and arrow, L. Sarâyudha, n. 'arrow-weapon,' a bow, L. Sarâropa, m. 'that on which arrows are fixed,' a bow, L. Sarârcis, m. N. of a monkey, R. Sara-vatī, f. (for sara-vo) 'full of reeds,' N. of a river, MBh.; VP.; of a town, Ragh. Sarâvara,m. a quiver,R.; n. a shield,MBh.; (accord. to Nīlak. also 'a coat of mail'). Saravaraņa, n. 'warder off of aros,' a shield, MBh. saravapa, m. 'casting aros,' a bow, ib.; (prob.) a quiver, ib. Sarâsani, m. or f. an aro like a thunderbolt, Šiš. Sarāsari, ind. arrow to arrow, aro against aro, Campak.; Uttamac. Sarâsraya, m. 'aro-receptacle,' a quiver, L. Sarâsa, m. a bow, BhP. Sarâsana, m. 'shooting aros,' N. of a son of Dhrita-rāshtra, MBh.; n. a bow, ib.; Kāv. &c.; -jyā, f. a bow-string, MW.; -dhara, m. 'arrow-holder,' an archer, Mudr.; -vid, mfn. skilled in archery, Pracand. Sarasanin, mfn. armed with a bow, MBh.; Hariv.; MārkP. Sarâsāra, m. a shower of aros, Vās. Sarasya, n. a bow, MärkP. Sarâhata, $mf(\bar{a})n$, wounded by an aro, W. Śarêshīkā (ŚBr.; R.) or śaraishīkā (R.), f. a stalk of reed; (°rêshīkā) an ar°, MW. Sarêshta, m. 'desired by ar's,' the mango tree (the m' being one of the blossoms which tip the aros of Kāma-deva), W. Sarôttama, n. best of arrows, a very good arrow, MW. Sarangha, m. a shower of arrows (pl.), Sis. Saraka, mfn. (fr. šara), g. rišyādi.

1. Sarana, m. (for 2. see p. 1057, col. 1) one of the arrows of Kāma-deva, Cat.; n. falling asunder, bursting, falling in, Vop.; killing, slaying, L.; what slays or injures, MW.

1. Saráni, f. (for 2. see under 2. sarana) refractoriness, obstinacy, RV.; AV. (others 'hurt, injury, offence').

1. Śaranya, n. (for 2. see ib.) injury, hurt, W. Śaravya, mf(ā)n. (fr. saru below) capable of wounding or injuring, MW.; (°vyà), f. 'an arrowshot' or 'a shower of arrows,' RV.; AV. &c.; an ar°, missile, an ar° personified, MW.; n. a butt or mark for ar°s, aim, target, Kāv.; -tā, f. the condition of a target, Kād. —vyadha, mfn. hitting a mark, Šiš.

Saravyaka, n. = saravya, an aim, L.

Saravyaya, Nom. P. vyayati, to aim at a mark, take aim at (ati-so), Naish.

Šaravyāya, Nom. Ā. vyāyate, to form a mark or object aimed at, Das.

Śaravyī-karana, n. the act of taking aim, Naish. Śáras, n. cream, film on boiled milk, VS.; TS. &c. (°ro-grihīta, mfn. covered with a skin or film, AitBr.); a thin layer of ashes, TBr.; ĀpŠr.; w. r. for saras, BhP.

Sarāya, Nom. Ā. vate, to become or represent an arrow, Śringār.; Naish.

Saráru, mfn. injurious, noxious, RV.; Nir.; Hcar.; Sis.; m. any mischievous creature, MW.

Sarāsari, ind. See under *sara* above.

Sari, mfn. = *hinsra*, Un. iv, 127, Sch.; m. a wild beast, beast of prey, L.

Sarin, mfn. provided with arrows, MBh.; R. **Sarī-** \sqrt{kri} , P. -karoti, to make anything into

an arrow, Kuval. **Šáru**, m. or (more frequently) f. a missile, dart, arrow, AV.; m. any missile weapon (esp. the thunderbolt of Indra and weapon of the Maruts; f. also that weapon personified), RV.; a partridge, L.; anger,

weapon personified), RV.; a partridge, L.; anger, passion, L.; N. of Vishnu, L.; of a Deva-gandharva, MBh.; of a son of Vasu-deva, MW. [Cf. Goth. hairus.] - mat (sáru-), mfn. armed with missiles, RV.

Sare-ja, mfn. = sara-ja. See col. 2.

Sárya, m. an arrow, missile, RV. (Sāy. a fighter,