prime vertical circle, Ganit.; Gol. - sarkara, mfn. | containing the same quantity of sugar; n. (with cūrņa) a partic. medicinal preparation, Bhpr. - sasin, m. a moon with equal horns, VarBrS. - sas, ind. (to divide) into equal parts, ApŠr. – šīrshikā, f. equality with (instr. or comp.), Rajat. - sīla,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ , having the same customs or character, MBh.; BhP. - sīlin, mfn. id., MBh. - sodhana, n. equal subtraction, so of the same quantity on both sides of the equation, Col. - sruti, mfn. having equal intervals, Samgīt. - sreni, f. a straight line (-gata, mfn. 'written in sto lines' [as letters]), MatsyaP. - samsthana, n. (with Yogins) N. of one of the 10 sitting postures, Yogas., Sch. - samsthita, mfn. being in easy circumstances, Mricch. - samkhyāta, mfn. pl. equal in number with (instr.), BhP. - samdhi, m. equalalliance, peace on equal terms, W. - samdhita, mfn. allied on eqo terms, bound or connected equally, ib.; concluded on eqo terms (as an alliance), Kam.; Hit. (accord. to Kām., Sch. read -samdhi-tas, ind.) - samaya-vartin, mfn. simultaneous;  $(^{\circ}ti)$ - $t\bar{a}$ , f. simultaneousness, Sarvad. - sarva-guṇa, mfn. pl. endowed equally with all virtues, Kathas. - siddhânta,mfn. pursuing eqo objects, AsvSr. - supti, f. equal or general sleep (= the end of a Kalpa and dissolution of the universe'), L. - sutra-ga or sutra-stha, mfn. situated on the same diameter (i.e. situated on two opposite points of the globe), living at the antipodes, Süryas. - saurabha, m. N. of a man, MBh. -stha,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ , occurring with an even number, VarBrS.; being in flourishing circumstances, MBh.; R.; being level or even, equal, level, uniform, W.; like, similar, ib. - sthala, n. even or level ground, ib.; (i), f. id.; the Doab or country between the Ganges and Jumna rivers (cf. antarvedī), L.; °lī-Vkri, to turn into level gro, make level with the gro, Sis.; oli-krita, mfn. made into level ground, levelled, filled up, W. - sthana, n. a partic. posture in Yoga (in which the legs are closely contracted), L. - sparsa, mfn. having the same contact, equal in touch, having the same effect of conto, equally defiling, MW. - svara, mfn. having the same or a similar tone or accent, RPrat. Samania, m. an equal share (as in an inheritance; ena, ind. 'in eqo shos'), Kathās.; Vajracch.; mfn. containing equal parts, Susr.; entitled to or obtaining an eqo sho, Mn. ix, 157; (ā), f. Sida Cordifolia, L.; -bhāgin, mfn. sharing in equal portions, L.; -hārin, mfn. taking an eqo porto, sharing equally, a co-heir, Dayat. Samânsaka, mf(ikā)n. obtaining an eqo share, ib.; Yājñ. Samansika, mfn. consisting of equal parts, Susr.; entitled to an equal share, MW. Samansin, min. obtaining an equal sho, Yājñ.; Dāyat. Samâkara, mfn. (ifc. orm.c.) = next, R. Samakāra, mfn. (ifc.) of like appearance, similar, like, R.; Pañcat. Samâkshara, mfn. having the same number of syllables, R.; -pada-krama, mfn. containing a succession of Padas or metrical feet of the so no of sylo, MW.; °ksharâvakara, m. a partic. Samādhi, Buddh. Samânghrika, mfn. standing evenly on (all four) feet (as a lion), Kathās. Samacāra, m. (for samācāra see sam-ā-√car) equal manners or customs, MBh.; eqo or virtuous conduct, ib.; mfn. eqo or similar in practice or in virtuous condo, ib. Samânjana, n. a partic. eye-ointment, Susr. Samatmaka, mfn. possessing equanimity, MBh. (v. l. samato). Samâtman, mfn. id., ib. (prob. w. r. for mahât°). Samanana, mfn. (for sa-manana see s. v.) having a like face with (instr.), Nalôd. I. Sámânta, m. (for 2. samânta see under samā) a borderer, neighbour, MaitrS. (cf. sámanta). 1. Samantara, mín. (for 2. samanto see under sama) being a constant unit of difference (in measurement; e.g. 'if a man forms the unit, a horse is tri-samantarah, i.e. = three men'), Kām.; parallel, A. Samā-priya, mín. = samtatāni ā samantāt priyāni yasmin. BhP. (Sch.) Samaphala, N. of wk. Samartha, w.r. for samo, MBh. Samarthaka, mfn. having the same sense, L. Samarthin, mfn. seeking or desiring equality, W.; seeking peace with (instr.), R. (perh. w.r. for samo). Samardha-ga, mfn. situated on the same side, VarYogay. Samarsha, mfn. descended from the same Rishi, MBh. Samavat &c., see col. 2. Samā-vikarta, mfn. symmetrically cut (without being notched), ApSr. Samāsana, mfn. (for sam-āso see sam- \alpha ās) sitting on even ground, MärkP. Samasama, mfn. du. equal and unequal, of eqo and uneqo rank, Gaut.; Sarvad. Samahva, mfn. having the same name as (comp.), Sis.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. a kind of plant  $(=go-jihv\bar{a})$ ,

L. Samôttara-tas, ind. directly northwards, Āryabh. Samôdaka, mfn. containing the same quantity of water, L.; n. a mixture of half buttermilk and half water, L. Samôpamā, f. = upamā (ifc. = 'like, resembling'), Divyâv.; (in rhet.) comparison expressed by sama in composition with the substantive to which an object is likened, MW. Samŵnjas, m. N. of a son of A-samañjas, VP.

Samaka, mín. equal, alike, Kav.; Divyav.

I. Samaya, P. vati (for 2. see sam-vi), to level, regulate, L.

1. Samáyā, ind. through, into the middle of or midst of anything (acc. or instr.), RV.; entirely, thoroughly, ib.; in the neighbourhood of (acc. or instr. or gen.), Šiš.; Daš.

2. Samayā, ind. See under sam-aya, p. 1164,

Samayitavya, mfn. to be levelled, to be adjusted (as a dispute), Bhar. (prob. w.r. for samo). Samas. See aishámas.

Sámā, f. (of 2. sama above) a year, RV. &c. &c. (also sama, n.in pāpa-sáma, punya-s°, su-sháma); a half-year, AV.; season, weather, AitBr.; Kaus.; Nir.; a day, MW.—'tîta ('mât'), mfn. more than one y° old, Car.—nicaya, mfn. one who has a store (of provisions) sufficient for a year, Mn. vi, 18.—2.—'nta ('mân'), m. (for 1. samân' see under 2. sama, col. 1) the end of a year, ib. iv, 26.—2.—'ntara ('mân'), n. (for 1. samân' see col. 1) the interval of a y°; (e), ind. within a y°, Car.—'rbuda ('mâr'), n. 100 millions of years, MBh.

Samām-samīnā, f. (fr. samām samām) a cow bearing a calf every year, Pān. v, 2, 12.

**Samāti.** See  $d-s^{\circ}$ .

Samālokya, n. (fr. sama-loka, m.c. for sāmal') sharing the same world with (gen.), MārkP.

Samāvac, in comp. for samāvat below. — chás (for -sas), ind. equally, similarly, in like manner, TS.; MaitrS.

Samāvaj, in comp. for next. - jāmī, mfn. uniform, AitBr.

Samāvat, mfn. similar, equally great or much, TS.; Br.; ind. equally much, TS.; Kāth.; ĀšvŠr. Samāvad, in comp. for prec. — indriya, mfn. — vīrya, TāṇḍyaBr. — bhāj, mfn. obtaining an equal share. GopBr. — vīrya, (samāvad.) mfn.

equal share, GopBr. - vīrya (samāvad-), mfn. equally strong, ApSr.

1. Samika (fr. chm

1. Samika (fr. sámā; for 2. see s. v.), see dvai-so. Samī, in comp. for sama. - karana, n. the act of making even, levelling, Kull. on Mn. vii, 184 &c.; assimilation, Vedântas.; putting on a level with (instr.), Mn., Sch.; (in arithm.) equation, Bijag.; equalizing, setting to rights, ChUp., Sch.; a roller (to level a sown field), L. - kāra, m. equation, Col. - √kri, P. A. -karoti, -kurute, to make even. level, KātyŠr.; R.; MārkP. &c.; to equalize, Heat.; to place on an equality with, declare to be equal to (instr.), Kāvyâd.; to adjust, settle, MBh.; R.; Mn., Sch.; to raze to the ground, annihilate, Kathas.; Jātakam. - krita, mfn. made even, levelled, equipoised, equalized, MW.; done in the same manner, imitated, ib.; summed up, added, ib. -kriti, f. levelling, L.; weighing, Naish. - kriyā, f. the act of equalizing, MW.; (in arithm.) equation, Col. - bhāva, m. the becoming in a normal state, Car. - Vbhū, P. -bhavati, to be or become equal, be equalized, MW.; to place one's self on an equality. Apast.; to be razed to the ground or destroyed, Jātakam. - bhūta, mfn. placed equally, Vet.; equalized, equipoised, Yājñ.; become indifferent, Bhartr.; identified, MW.

Samīna, mfn. (fr. samā, 'year'), Pān. v, 1, 85; yearly, annual, A.; hired for a year, ib.; a year hence. ib.

Samīnikā, f. (a cow) bearing a calf every year, L. I. Samīya, Nom. Ā. vate, to be treated or accounted as equal by (instr.), Pañcat.

counted as equal by (instr.), Pañcat.

2. Samīya, mfn., g. gahādi; similar, like, of like origin, MW.

सम 3. sa-ma, mfn. (fr.  $7.sa+m\bar{a}$ ) 'together with Lakshmi,' happy, prosperous, Nalôd.

समका sa-makara, mfn. (for sama-kara see p. 1152, col. 1) having marine monsters.

समक्त sam-akta. See sam-\anj, col. 3.

समञ्ज sam-akna. See sam-√añc, col. 3.

समक्ष sam-aksha, mfn. being within sight or before the eyes, present, visible, Sak.; BhP.;

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(dm, āt, e, and a-tas), ind. before the eyes, visibly, manifestly, in the sight or presence of (dat., gen., or comp.), RV. &c. &c. -tā, f. visibility, MW. -daršana, n. the act of seeing with the eyes, ocular evidence, Mn. viii, 74.

समग्र sám-agra,  $mf(\hat{a})n$ . (see 2. sam) all, entire, whole, complete, each, every (ibc. = 'fully,' 'entirely;' n. 'all, everything'), AV. &c. &c.; fully provided with (instr. or comp.), Mālav.; Kāvyād.; one who has everything or wants nothing, MBh.; R. -nī, mfn. the very first among (gen.), BhP. -dhana, mfn. possessing the whole of one's property, Mn. viii, 380. - bhakshana-sila, mfn. eating everything, Cat, -mala-haraka, mfn. taking (upon one's self) all impurity, Mn. viii, 308. - vartin, mfn. entirely resting or fixed upon (loc.), Mālav. - sakti, mfn. possessing full force, Ragh. - sampad, mfn. one who has every happiness, ib. - sauvarņa, mfn. entirely golden, Kathās. Samagrânga, mfn. one who has his body or limbs complete, MBh. Samagrêndu, m. the full moon; -nibhanana,mfn. having a face like the f°m°, MBh. Samagraya, Nom. P. vati, to make full or complete, restore, Cat.

समङ्का. sam-anká, mfn. (for 2. see sam-Vaño) bearing the same mark or sign, ŚBr.

ing all the limbs, complete, AV. (in MBh. applied to the mythical cow Bahulā); m. a kind of game, L.; N. of two men, MBh.; (pl.) of a people, ib.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. N. of various plants (accord. to L. 'Rubia Munjista and Cordifolia, Mimosa Pudica, Aloe Indica, &c.'), VarBrS.; Susr.; of a river, MBh.

Sam-angin, mfn. complete in all parts, furnished with all requisites, KätyŚr.; (inī), f. N. of a Bodhivriksha-devatā, Lalit.

समङ्गल sa-mangala, mfn. endowed with happiness, auspicious, MW.

समज  $sam-\sqrt{aj}$ , P. -ajati, to bring or collect together, RV.; to bring into conflict, ib.; to subdue, overcome, ib.

Sám-aja, m. N. of Indra, AitĀr.; a multitude of animals, L.; a number of fools, L.; n. a forest, wood, L. oajyā, f. place of meeting, Kaus.; meeting, assembly, L.; fame, celebrity (v.l. for samājāā), L.

Sam-āja, m. meeting with, falling in with (gen. or comp.), VarBrS.; BhP.; a meeting, assembly, congregation, congress, conclave, society, company (cf. dyūla-s°), association, collection (accord. to L. not applied to animals), Āpast.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; a convivial meeting, party, club, W.; a quantity, plenty, abundance (in sukha-s°), Gīt. xi, 21; a partic. conjunction of planets, VarBrS.; an elephant (prob. w.r. for sāmaja), L.; -samnivešana, n. a building or place suitable for an assembly, assembly-room, meeting-house, MW. ājika, w.r. for sāmājika.

समज्ञा samajñā, w.r. for sam-ājñā.

HH= sam-√añc (only ind. p. -acya), to bend together, SBr., Sch.: Pass.-acyate, to be pressed or thrown together, RV. v, 54, 12.

Sam-akna, mfn. bent together, Pān. viii, 2, 48, Sch.; going or moving together or simultaneously, going, moving, W.

2. Sam-anka, m. (for I. see above) a hook, crotchet (fig. = 'pain, ache'), AV.; a partic. animal destroying corn, ib.

Sam-áñcana, n. bending in, contracting, TBr.; SBr.

sam- \( a\vec{n}j\), P. \( \tilde{A}\). -anakti, -ankte, to smear over, anoint, adorn, beautify, VS.; \( \tilde{S}Br.\); to prepare, make ready, RV.; to honour, worship, ib.; VS.; TBr.; to fit or put together, unite, compose, RV.; to devour (\( \tilde{A}\). with instr., 'to feed on'), ib.

**Sám-akta**, mín. prepared, made ready, ŘV.; furnished with (instr.), ib.; combined or united with (instr.), TBr.

Sam-anjana, mfn. fitting together, AV.; n. smearing, anointing (see next); -vat, mfn. well smeared, SamhUp. anjaniya, mfn. employed in anointing, SankhGr.

Sam-anjasa, mfn. proper, right, fit, correct, sound, good, excellent (am, ind.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; m. N. of Šiva, Šivag.; (ā), f. (with vritti) N. of a Comm. on the Brahma-sūtra; n. propriety, fitness, truth, consistency, correct evidence, MW.; sârtha-dīpikā, f. N. of a Comm. on the Rasa-manjari.