Beta Bengalensis.

प্তায় palaksha, mf(i)n. white, VS. (cf. balaksha).

पलङ्कार palankața, mfn. shy, timid, L.

पलव palava, m., plava (Vplu), a basket of wicker-work for catching fish, L.; N. of a man, Prav.

पलस palasa, w. r. for panasa, R.

पलिस्तिजमदिम् palasti-jamadagní, m. pl. the grey-haired Jamad-agnis (prob. a branch of this family of Rishis), RV. iii, 53, 16 (Say.)

पलाक palāka, m. n., Siddh.

पलागु palāṇḍu, m. (rarely n.) an onion, Mn.; MBh.; Susr. &c. (cf. Un. i, 38, Sch.) - bhak**shita**, $mf(\bar{a} \text{ or } \bar{i})n$, one who has eaten onions, Pāņ. iv, 1, 53, Sch. - mandana, n. N. of a comedy.

पलाप palāpa, m. a halter, L.; an elephant's temples, L.

पलापहा palāpahā, w. r. for malo.

पलाय् palay (fr. pala = para and $\sqrt{ay} = i$; cf. Pan. viii, 2, 19, Sch.), A. pálayate, TS.; Br.; MBh. &c. (ep. also P.; pf. palâyām cakre, Pañc.; aor. apalayishta, Bhatt.; fut. palayishyate, Hit.; oti, Satr.; ind. p. palayya, SBr. &cc.; inf. palayitum, Pañc.); to flee, fly, run away, escape, cease, vanish, TS. &c. &c. oyaka, mfn. fleeing, a fugitive, SaddhP. 'yana, n. fleeing, flight, escape, MBh.; Kāv. &c. (-kriyām /kri, to take to flight, Panc.); a saddle, TS., Sch. (cf. paly-ayana, paryāna); -parâyana, mfn. occupied in flight, fugitive, W.; -manas, mfn. thinking of flo, MW.; -vishaya, mfn. having flo for an object, bent on flo, ib. Pálayita, mín. flown, fled, defeated, TS.; Kathās. &c.; n. gallop, L. (v.l. pul°). Palâyin, mfn. fleeing, flying, taking to flight, MBh.

पलाश 2. palāšá, n. (for 1. see under pala) a leaf, petal, foliage (ifc.f. ī), \$Br.; Gr\$rS.; MBh.&c.; the blade of a sharp instrument (cf. parasu-p°); the blossom of the tree Butea Frondosa, Pañc.; = smasāna, L.; = paribhāshana, L.; m. (ifc. f. ā) the tree Bo Fo (its older name is parna, q.v.), Br.; MBh. &c.; Curcuma Zedoaria, L.; N. of Magadha, L.; (ifc. it denotes beauty, g. vyāghrādi); (i), f. a species of climbing plant, L.; cochineal, L.; red lac, L.; mfn. green, L. (w.r. for pālāsa). - tā, f. the state of foliage, foliation, Kathas. - nagara, n. N. of a town, Sinhas. - pattra, n. a single leaf (esp. of the Butea Frondosa), Hariv.; Pañc.; m. N. of a Nāga, L. - parņī, f. Physalis Flexuosa, L. - puţa, m. n. a receptacle made of a folded leaf, KātyŚr. - intana, m. an instrument for lopping foliage, L Palaeakhya, m. the resin of Gardenia Gummifera, L. Palāsangā or santā, f. a kind of Curcuma, L.

Palāsaka, m. Butea Frondosa or Curcuma Zedoaria, L.; pl. N. of a place, MBh.; (ikā), f. a species of climbing plant, L.

Palasana, n. (?), Nir. xii, 29. Palāsāmbhā, f. = $\circ s \hat{a} \hat{n} g \hat{a}$, L.

2. Palasin, mfn. (for I. see under pala) leafy, covered with foliage, MBh.; m. a tree, Prasannar.; a species of tree (=kshīra-vriksha), L.; N. of a city or village (said to be the modern Plassey), Kshitîs.; (ini), f. N. of sev. rivers, MBh.; MarkP.

Palāšila and šīya, mfn.,g. kāšādi and utkarādi. पलिक्री paliknī. Sec palita below.

प्रतिष pali-gha, m. a water-pot, pitcher, glass water-vessel, L.; a wall, rampart, L.; the gateway of a building, L.; an iron club or one studded with iron, L. (=pari-gha; cf. Pan. viii, 2, 22).

पलिङ्ग palingu, m. N. of a man, HirGr.

पालत palitá, mf(ā or páliknī, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 39, Vārtt. 1. 2, Pat.) n. grey, hoary, old, aged, RV. &c. &c.; = pālayitri, Nir. iv, 26; m. N. of a mouse, MBh.; of a prince, Hariv.; VP. (v.l. pālo); (palikni), f. a cow for the first time with calf, L.; n. grey hair (also pl.), AV. &c. &c.; a tuft of hair, Das.; mud, mire, L.; heat, burning, L.; benzoin, L.; pepper, L. [Cf. Gk. πελιτνός, πολιός &c.; Lat. palleo, pallidus, pallus; Lith. pàlvas; Slav. plavu; HGerm. falo, val, fahl; Angl. Sax. fealo; Eng.

पलका palakyā (L.), palaikyā (Bhpr.), f. | fallow.] - m-karaņa, mf(i)n. rendering grey, Vāsav. (cf. Pāņ. iii, 2, 56). - cchadman, mfn. (old age) lurking under grey hair, Ragh. xii, 2. -darsana, n. the sight or appearance of go ho, Susr. - m-bhavishpuor-m-bhavuka, mfn. becoming grey, Pān. iii, 2, 57. -mlāna, mfn. grey and withered, Kathās. - vat, mfn. grey-haired, HParis. Palitin, mfn. grey-haired, MBh.

पिलयोग pali-yoga, m. = pari-y°, Pāṇ.viii, 2, 22, Pat.

पलीजक palijaka, m. (fr. pali = pari and $\sqrt{ij} = ej$) 'stirrer, disturber,' N. of a demon, AV.

पलीश palīša, m. = palāša, Bhpr.

पलेशिनी palešinī, prob. w.r. for palāšinī,

पट्यूलन pálpūlana, n. lye, water impregnated with alkaline salt, TS.; AV.; Kaus.

Palpulaya, Nom. P. °láyati, to wash with alkaline water, to tan, TS.; TBr. 11ta, mfn. washed, tanned, SrS.; Baudh.

पुल्प palya &c. See under pala.

पट्यङ्क paly-anka, m. = pary-anka (Pāṇ. viii, 2, 22) a bed, couch, bedstead, Sinhas.; Pañcad.; a cloth wound round the loins while sitting on the heels and hams, L.; so sitting, squatting (cf. pary-anka), L.

पल्यङ्ग paly-ang (pali = pari and \sqrt{ang}), Ā. paly-angayate (ind. p. -angya), to cause to go round, stir round, SBr.: Pass. -angyate, to turn round, revolve, ib.

पट्यय् $paly-\sqrt{ay}$ (paly=pari and $\sqrt{ay}=$ √i), A. paly-ayate, SBr. (cf. Pān. viii, 2, 19).

Paly-ayana, n. a saddle (=paryana), L.; a rein, bridle, Vcar.

प्रत्याण palyāṇa, n. a saddle, L. (also ona, Gal.) onaya, Nom. oyati, to saddle, Bhojacar.

प्युल palyula or oyūla, Nom. P. olayati, v.l. for palpūla, Dhatup. xxxv, 29.

पद्म pall, cl. 1. pallati, to go, move, Dhātup. xv, 34, Vop. (invented after /pal, prob. to explain the following words).

Palla, m. a large granary, barn, Sušr.; (i), f., see below. Pallaranya-mahatmya, n. N. of wk.

Pallaka. See dattairanda-po under datta. Palli, f. a small village, (esp.) a settlement of wild tribes, L.; a hut, house, ib. - pañjaka, m.pl. N. of a people, VP. - vaha, m. a species of wild grass, L.

Pallika, f. a small village &c. (=palli), L.; a small house-lizard, L.

Palli, f. a small village &c. (=palli), Kathäs.; a hut, house, L.; a city (esp. ifc., in N. of towns, e.g. Trisira-p°, = Trichinopoly); a partic. measure of grain, KātySr., Sch.; a small house-lizard, L. -desa, m. N. of a district, Cat. - patana, n. (prob.) prognostication by observing the falling of houselizards; -kārikā, f., -phala, n., -vicāra, m., -sānti f. N. of wks. - pati, m. the chief of a village or station, Kathas. - vicara, m., -vidhana, n. N. of wks. - 'sa (pallisa), m. = -pati, L. - saraţa(?), in otayoh phalaphala-vicara, m., otayoh santi, f., -kāka-bhāsadi-sakuna and -vidhāna, n. N. of wks.

पञ्चव I. pallava, m. n. (ifc. f. ā) a sprout, shoot, twig, spray, bud, blossom (met. used for the fingers, toes, lips &c.), MBh.; Kav. &c.; a strip of cloth, scarf, lappet, Kad.; Balar.; Rajat.; spreading, expansion, L. (cf. below); strength, L. (=bala; v. l. = vana, a wood); red lac (alakta), L.; a bracelet, L.; sexual love, L.; unsteadiness, L.; m. a partic. position of the hands in dancing, Cat.; a libertine, catamue, L.; a species of fish, L.; pl. N. of a people, MBh.; Pur. (v.l. for pahlava); of a race of princes, Inscr. - grahin, mfn. putting forth young shoots, sprouting in all directions, diffusive, superficial (as knowledge), Hit.; (with dosha), m. the fault of prolixity or diffusiveness, Git., Sch.; °hi-tā, f. superficial knowledge, sciolism, MW. -dru, m. the Asoka tree, L. -dharin, mfn. bearing blossoms (as a flower), Ragh. -pura, m. N. of a man, L. - maya, $mf(\bar{z})n$. consisting of young shoots or twigs (cf. sulalita-lata-po). - ragatamra, mfn. red-coloured like a young sho or to, Ragh. Pallavânkura, m. a leaf-bud, L. Pal- of wo, VS.; TS.; Kav.; Rajat.; N. of a partic. Agni

lavânguli, f. a young shoot like a finger, Mālav. Pallavâda, m. 'twig-eater,' a deer, L. Pallavâdhāra, m. 'to-holder,' a branch, L. Pallavapīdita, mfn. bud-laden, MBh. Pallavâstra, m. having blossoms for missiles,' N. of the god of love, L.

2. Pallava, Nom. P. ovati, to put forth young shoots, Satr.

Pallavaka, m. a libertine, gallant, Hcar.; a species of fish (Cyprinus Denticulatus), L.; (akā), f. N. of a woman, Mricch.; $(ik\bar{a})$, f. a kind of scarf, L.; N. of a female attendant, Kathās.

Pallavana, n. prolixity, useless speech, Naish. Pallavaya, Nom. P. oyati = 2. pallava, Kāv.; to spread, divulge (as news), Vcar.; to make diffuse or prolix (= vi-stāraya), Git., Sch.

Pallavika, m. = (or v. l. for) pallavaka, m., L. Pallavita, mfn. sprouted, having young shoots (°tam vrikshaih, 'young shoots have been put forth by the trees'), Kav.; spread, extended, Inscr. (alam otena, 'enough of further amplification,' A.); (ifc.) filled, full of, Kad.; dyed red with lac, L.; m. the red dye of the lac insect, W.

Pallavin, mfn. sprouting, having young shoots, Kum.; m. a tree, L.

Pallavi-Vkri (ind. p. -kritya), to make or change into a very young shoot, Kavyad.

पास palli, palli. See under \sqrt{pall} .

पलल palvala, n. (m., Siddh.) a pool, small tank, pond. [Cf. Gk. πηλός; Lat. pains; Lith. purvas (?).] - karshaka, mfn. ploughing a pool, Hariv. - tīra, n. the bank or margin of a p°, Pañc. - panka, m. the mud of a p°, Kālid.

Palvalâvāsa, m. 'po-dweller,' a tortoise, L. Palvalī-√bhū, to become a pool, Jātakam. Palvalyà, $mf(\hat{a})n$, marshy, boggy, TS.

पव pav, cl. 1. A. pavate, to go, Dhatup. xiv, 40 (v.l. for plav).

पव pava, m. $(\sqrt{p\bar{u}})$ purification, winnowing corn, Pan. iii, 3, 28, Sch.; air, wind, L.; a marsh, L.; N. of a son of Nahusha, VP.; (a), f. purification, RV.; n. cow-dung, L. - nāla, (prob.) w.r. for yava-nāla.

Pávana, m. 'purifier,' wind or the god of wind, breeze, air (ifc. f. ā), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; vital air, breath, Susr.; Sarvad.; the regent of the Nakshatra Svāti and the north-west region, Var.; N. of the number 5 (from the 5 vital airs), ib.; a householder's sacred fire, Har.; a species of grass, L.; N. of a son of Manu Uttama, BhP.; of a mountain, ib.; of a country in Bharata-kshetra, W.; (ī), f. a broom, L.; the wild citron-tree, L. (v.l. pacanī); N. of a river, VP.; n. or m. purification, winnowing of corn, L.; a potter's kiln, Śringar.; n. an instrument for purifying grain &c., sieve, strainer, AV.; AsvGr.; blowing, Kan.; water, L.; mfn. clean, pure, L. - kshipta, mfn. tempest-tossed, MW. -cakra, n. whirlwind, BhP. (cf. cakra-vāta). -ja, m. 'son of the wind,' N. of Hanu-mat, Dhurtan. - java, m. 'swift as wind,' N. of a horse, Kathās. - tanaya, m. = -ja, Ragh.; N. of Bhīmasena, Megh. - dūta, m. or n., -paūcāsikā, f. N. of 2 poems. - padavī, f. path of the wind, the air, Megh. - pāvana, m. or n. N. of wk. - prabhava, m. (disease) coming from the wind of the body, Suir. - bhū, m. = -ja, MW. - yoga-samgraha, m. N. of wk. - ranhas, min. swift as wind, Pracaud. - vahana, m. 'having w' as vehicle, fire, L. - vijaya, m. 'victory over the wo or breath,' N. of sev. Tantric wks. - vyādhi, m. disease or morbid state of the wo of the body, rheumatism, W.; N. of Uddhava (the friend and counsellor of Krishna), L. Pavanaghata, m. gust of wind, Rajat. Pavanatmaja, m. = na-ja, L.; N. of Bhima-sena, Rajat.; fire, MatsyaP. Pavanasa, m. 'feeding on air,' a serpent, snake, L. Pavanasana, m.id., L.; "sanasa, m. 'snake-eater," a peacock, L.; N. of Garuda, L. Pavanasin, m. = ondsa, MarkP. Pavanahata, mfn. struck or shaken by the wind, rheumatic, W. Pavaneshta, (prob.) w.r. for yavo. Pavanôtkampin, min. trembling in the wind, Sak. Pavanôdbhranta, in -kārin, mfn. 'agitating the air,' N. of a partic. mode of fighting, MW.; -vīci, f. a wave raised by the winds, ib. Pavano'mbuja (!), m. Grewia Asiatica, L.

Pavamana, mfn. being purified or strained, flowing clear (as Soma), RV.; m. wind or the god