°sansôpamā, f. (in rhet.) laudatory comparison, comparing to anything superior, Kāvyād. °sansita, mfn. praised, commended, Pañcar. °sansitavya, mfn. to be praised, praiseworthy, W. °sansin, mfn. (ifc.) praising, commending, eulogizing, MBh.; R. °sanstavya, mfn. to be praised, praiseworthy, R. (cf. °sastavya). °sansya, mfn. to be pro, praisewo, RV.; MBh.; R.; Uttarar. (v.l.); preferable to, better than (abl.), Mn. ii, 95, Kull.; (cf. 1. °sasya.)

Prasastá, mfn. praised, commended, considered fit or good, happy, auspicious (as stars, days &c.), RV.; AsvGr.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; better, more excellent, Gaut.; best, Apast.; consecrated (as water), Var.; m. N. of a man, Kathās.; of a poet, Cat.; (\bar{a}) , f. N. of a river, MBh.; -kara, m. N. of an author (perhaps the writer of a wk. entitled Prasasta), Cat.; -kalaša, m. N. of a man, Rājat.; -tā, f. (MW.) or -tva, n. (Mcar.) excellence, goodness; -paribhāshā, f. N. of wk.; -pāda, m. N. of an author, Sarvad.; Cat.; -bhāshya, n. N. of wk., Cat.; -vacana, n.pl. laudatory words, praises, Mricch.; "sastâdri, m. N. of a mountain to the west of Madhya-desa, Var. sastavya, mfn. to be praised, praiseworthy, R. (cf. -sanstavya). sasti (prá-), f. praise, fame, glorification, RV.; Uttarar.; Dasar.&c. (otim \dha.) to bestow pro upon, value highly [with loc.], RV.); liking, desire (as of food), RV.; (in dram.) a benediction (praying for peace &c. in the reign of a prince), Sāh.; instruction, guidance, warning, RV.; an edict, Vcar.; Bālar.; (metrical) eulogistic inscription, Ml.; excellence, eminence, W.; N. of a guide to letter-writing, Cat. (also °tikā); -kāsikā, f. N. of wk.; -krit, mfn. bestowing praise, praising, RV.; -gāthā, f. a song of praise, Cand.; -taramga, m. N. of wk.;-patta, m. a written edict, Rājat.;-prakāšikā, f. N. of wk. $(=-k\bar{a}\dot{s}ik\bar{a})$; $-ratn\hat{a}kara$, m. N. of wk.; -rainavalī, f. N. of a poem by Višva-nātha, Sāh. 1. sasya, mfn. to be praised, praiseworthy, excellent, eminent, RV.; Nir.; MBh. &c.; to be called happy, to be congratulated, MBh. (cf. osansya); -ta, f. excellence, eminence, Hemac. 2.° sasya, ind. having praised or commended, MBh.; R.; Pañcat.; BhP.

PINA pra-√sak, P. -saknoti (fut. also Ā. -sakshye, MBh.), to be able to (inf.), MBh.; Hariv. °sakta, mfn., w.r. for °sakta, MBh. °sakya, mfn. one who does his utmost, Kauš., Sch.

মহাক prašaka, w. r. for pra-šākha, col. 2.

মহাব pra-šaṭha, mfn. very false or wicked (-tā, f.), L.

মহাই $pra-\sqrt{\dot{s}ad}$, only Caus. $-\dot{s}\bar{a}tayati$, to cause to fall down, break off, pluck, Vcar. \circ sattvan, m. the ocean, Uṇ. iv, 116, Sch.; $(ar\bar{\iota})$, f. a river, ib.

प्रशम् pra- √sam, P. -sāmyati, to become calm or tranquil, be pacified or soothed, settle down (as dust), Mn.; MBh. &c.; to be allayed or extinguished, cease, disappear, fade away, ib.: Caus. -samayati (rarely $s\bar{a}m^{\circ}$), to appease, calm, quench, allay, extinguish, terminate, ib.; to make subject, subdue, conquer, MBh. sama, m. calmness, tranquillity (esp. of mind), quiet, rest, cessation, extinction, abatement, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; m. N. of a son of Anaka-dundubhi and Šānti-deva, BhP.; (i), f. N. of an Apsaras, MBh.; -m-kara, mfn. causing the cessation of (gen.), disturbing, interrupting, R.; -rati-sūtra, n. N. of wk.; -sthita, mfn. being in a state of quiescence, Ragh.; omáyana, mfn. walking in tranquillity, BhP. osamaka, mfn. one who brings to rest, quenching, allaying, Kātaṇḍ. osamana, mfn. tranquillizing, pacifying, curing, healing, MBh.; Hariv.; Susr.; n. the act of tranquillizing &c., MBh.; Kām.; Daš.; Pur.; Sušr.; securing, keeping safe (of what has been acquired), Mn. vii, 56 (others 'bestowing aptly;' others 'sanctification;' cf. Ragh. iv, 14); killing, slaughter, L.; (scil. astra) N. of a weapon, R. samita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) tranquillized, relieved, quelled, quenched, allayed, MBh.; Hariv. &c.; atoned for, expiated, Uttarar.; -ripu, mfn. one who has all enemies pacified, Mricch.; °târi, mfn. id., Ragh.; °tôpadrava, mfn. one who has all calamities quelled, MW.

Pra-sān, ind., g. svar-ādi (cf. 'sām). 'sānta, mfn. tranquillized, calm, quiet, composed, indifferent, Up.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; (in augury) auspicious, boni ominis, Var.; extinguished, ceased, allayed, removed, destroyed, dead, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; -kāma, mfn. one whose desires are calmed, content, BhP.; -cāritramati, m. N. of a Bodhi-sattva, Lalit.; -cārin, m. pl. frozen, ŠBr.

'walking tranquilly,' (prob.) N. of a class of deities, ib.;-citta, mfn. 'tranquil-miuded,' calm, Vedântas.; -ceshta, mfn. one whose efforts have ceased, resting, MW.; $-t\bar{a}$, f. tranquillity of mind, MBh.; $-dh\bar{i}$, mfu. =-citta, BhP.; $-b\bar{a}dha$, mfn. one who has all calamities or hindrances quelled, MW.; -bhūmipāla, mfn. 'having the kings extinguished,' without a king (said of the earth), Rajat.; -mūrti, mfn. of tranquil appearance, Var.; -rāga, m. N. of a man, Cat.; -viniscaya-pratihārya-nirdeša, m. N. of a Buddh. Sūtra; -vinītėsvara, m. N. of a divine being, Lalit.; "tatman, mfn. 'tranquil-souled,' composed in mind, peaceful, calm, Bhag.; BhP.; otârāti, mfn. one whose enemies have been pacified or destroyed, Prab.; "tôrja, mfn. one whose strength has ceased, weakened, prostrated, W.; °tôlmuka, mfn. extinguished, W.; °taujas, mfn. = °tarja, MW. °santaka, mfn. tranquil, calm, Bhar. "santi, f. sinking to rest, rest, tranquillity (esp. of mind), calm, quiet, pacification, abatement, extinction, destruction, MBh.; Kav.&c.; -dūtī, f. 'messenger of rest,' N. of old age, Kathās. °sām, mfn. (nom. °sān) painless, unhurt, ŠBr. (cf. osān above). sāma, m. tranquillity, pacification, suppression, W. samita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) pacified i.e. subdued, conquered, Hariv.

प्रशर्भ pra-sardha, mfn. (√sridh) bold, daring, RV.

प्रशाल prašala, w.r. for prasala.

Fig. pra-sas, f. ($\sqrt{1. sas}$) a hatchet, axe, knife, AitBr. (Nir., Sch.; others = pra-sasta, pra-krishta-cchedana &c.)

प्रशस्त pra-sasta &c. See pra-√sans.

PATES $pra-\dot{s}\bar{a}kha$, mfn. having great branches (as a tree), Pāṇ. vi, 2, 177, Sch.; (also $\dot{s}aka$) N. of the 5th stage in the formation of an embryo (in which the hands and feet are formed), Buddh.; (\bar{a}) , f. a branch or twig, MBh.; R.; (prob.) extremity of the body, Susr.; $\dot{s}kha-vat$, mfn. (m.c. for $\dot{s}kh\bar{a}-v\hat{s}$) having numerous branches, R. $\dot{s}khik\bar{a}$, f. a small branch, twig, MBh.

प्रशातिका prašātikā. See prasātikā.

प्रशान pra-santa &c. See under pra- √sam.

मशास $pra-\sqrt{\dot{s}as}$, P. $-\dot{s}asti$ (ep. also \bar{A} .), to teach, instruct, direct, RV.; SBr.; R.; to give instructions to, order, command (acc.), MBh.; R.; MarkP.; to chastise, punish, MBh.; Kathas.; to govern, rule, reign (also with rājyam), be lord of (acc. with or without adhi), SBr.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; to decide upon (loc.), MBh. osasaka, m. = osastri, Pañcat. (B.) sasana, n. guidance, government, rule, dominion, RV.; SBr.; ChUp.; MBh.; enjoining, enacting, W. "sasita, mfn. governed, administered, R.; enjoined, enacted, W. säsitri, m. a governor, ruler, master, dictator, Mn.; MBh.; Samk. "sāsta, w.r. for "sasta, ĀpŠr. "sāstri. m. 'director,' N. of a priest (commonly called Maitrāvaruna, the first assistant of the Hotri), RV. &c. &c.; a king, Un. ii, 94, Sch. sāstrá, n. the office of the Prasastri, RV. ii, 2, 1; ApSr.; his Soma vessel, ib. ii, 36, 6. 1. sasya, ind. having ruled or commanded, MBh. 2. sāsya, mfn. one who has to receive orders from (gen.), Balar.

Prasishţa, mfn. ruled over, reigned, governed, commanded, MW. "sishţi (prá-), f. injunction, command, order, TBr.; ĀsvŠr. "sis, f. order, direction, precept, RV.; AV.; TBr.; ĀsvŠr.

দহিদিক pra-sithila, mf(ā)n. very loose, relaxed, lax, Hariv.; Kāv.; Sušr.; very feeble, hardly perceptible, Samk. — bhuja-granthi, mfn. one who loosens the clasp of the arms, Sāh.

Prasithili, in comp. for °la. — krita, mfn. rendered very loose, greatly loosened, Ritus. — bhūta, mfn. become loose or lax, Sušr.

म्रीज्ञ प prasisha, m. N. of a man; pl. N. of his descendants, Cat.

प्राप्य pra-sishya, m. the pupil of a pupil, BhP. —tva, n. the condition of a pupil's pupil, L.

प्रशी $pra-\sqrt{\hat{s}i}$, \bar{A} . - $\hat{s}ete$, to lie down upon (acc.), RV.

प्रशीत $pr\acute{a}$ - $\acute{s}ita$, mfn. ($\sqrt{\dot{s}yai}$) congealed, frozen, ŠBr.

प्रशीर्ण pra-šīrņa. See pra-√sṛī.

मशुक्रीय prašukrīya, mfn. beginning with pra šukrā (said of RV. vii, 34, 1), ŠāńkhBr.

मशुच् pra-√suc, Ā. -socate, to glow, beam, radiate, RV. °socana, mfn. burning on, continuing to burn, AV.

मशुचि pra-suci, mfn. perfectly pure, R.

प्रशुद्धि pra-suddhi, f. (√sudh) purity, clearness, MBh.

पशुH $pra-\sqrt{subh}$ (only \vec{A} . 3. sg. pr. - $\dot{s}obhe$ = $\dot{s}obhate$), to be bright, sparkle, RV. i, 120, 5.

मशुक्त pra-√sumbh (only 3.pl.-sumbhante), to glide onwards, fly along, RV. i, 85, 1 (Say. 'to adorn one's self highly').

प्रशुक्त prašušruka, m. N. of a prince (a son of Maru), R. (B. prašušruva; cf. pra-sušruta).

प्रमु pra-√sush, P. -sushyati, to dry up, become dry, Kām. °sosha, m. dryness, aridity, Susr. °soshana, m. 'drying up,' N. of a demon producing illness, Hariv.

मञ्ज pra-sūna, mfn. (√svi) swollen, Sušr.

प्रज् pra-√sṛī, P. -ṣṛiṇāti, to break in pieces, break off, crush, RV.; ŚBr.; KātyŚr. °௲īrṇa, mfn. broken, smashed, ŚBr.; KātyŚr.; MBh.

मञ्जत pra-viscut (or -icyut), P. -icotati (-icyotati), to trickle forth, drip down, Mālatīm.; to pour forth, shed, spill, Bhaṭṭ. 'icutita, mfn. dripped down, Gobh. 'icotana, n. trickling, dripping, Uttarar.

দম I. prašna, m. basket-work, a plaited basket, Kauš. (Sch. 'a turban').

퇴정 2. prašná, m. (\sqrt{prach}) a question, demand, interrogation, query, inquiry after (comp.; cf. kusala-p°), SBr.&c.&c.; judicial inquiry or examination (cf. $s\hat{a}kshi-p^2$); astrological inquiry into the future (cf. divya-, deva-, daiva-p°); a subject of inquiry, point at issue, controversy, problem, SBr. &c. &c. (prasnam pra-\sqrt{br\bar{u}}, 'to decide a controverted point; ' $nam\sqrt{i}$, with acc. or $nam \bar{a}\sqrt{gam}$, with loc. of pers., 'to lay a question before any one for decision; 'prasnas tava pitari, 'the point at issue is before thy father'); a task or lesson (in Vedic recitation), RPrāt.; a short section or paragraph (in books), Col. &c. - katha, f. a story containing a question, Kathas. - kalpalata, f., -kṛishṇīya, n., -koshṭhī, f., -kaumudī, f., -grantha, m., -caṇḍêsvara, m., -candrikā, f., -cintāmaņi, m., -cūdāmaņi, m., -jñāna, n., -tantra, n., -tilaka, n., -dīpikā, f. N. of wks. - dūtī, f. a riddle, enigma, perplexing question, L. - nidhi, m., -nirvācana, n., -nīlakantha, m., -panjika, f. N. of wks. - pūrvaka, mfn. preceded by a question, Kāš, on Pāņ, iii, 2, 120; (ckam or -pūrvam), ind. with a preceding question, after examination, Hcat. - prakarana, n., -prakasa, m., -pradīpa, m., -brahmârka, m., -bhāga, m., -bhārgava-kerala, m., -bhairava, m., -mañjūshā, f., -manoramā, f., -māṇikya-mālā, f., -mārga, m., -mārtanda, m., -ratna, n., -ratnasāgara, m., -ratnânkura, m., -ratnâvalī, f., -rahasya, n., -lakshana, n. N. of wks. - vadin. m. a fortune-teller, astrologer, Gal. - vidyä, f., -vinoda, m. N. of wks. - vivāká, m. one who decides controversies, an arbitrator, VS. - vivāda, m. a controverted question, controversy, MBh. - viveka, m., -vaishnava, m., -vyākaraņa, n., -sataka, n., -sāstra, n., -siromaņi, m., -sekhara, m., -slokàvalī, f., -samgraha, m., -saptati, f.. -sāra, m., -sāra-samuccaya, m. -sāra-samudra, m., -sārâmnāya, m., -sārôddhāra, m., -sudhâkara, m. N. of wks. - Prasnakhyana, n. du. question and answer, Kas. on Pān. ii, 3, 28. Prasnâdika, m. or n., onânushthana-paddhati, f., "narnava, m. (="navaishnava or vaishnava-sāstra), onaryā, f., onavalī, f. N. of wks. Prašnôttara, n. question and answer, a verse consisting of qo and ao, Cat.; -tantra, n., -maṇi-mālā, f., -mālā, f., -mālikā, f., -ratna-mālā, f., -ratndvalī, f. N. of wks. Prasnôpadeša, m., Prasnôpanishad, f. N. of wks.