Adhva (in comp. for adhvan). — gá, mf(ā) n. road-going, travelling; (as), m. a traveller; a camel, a mule; (ā), f. the river Ganges. — gát, m. a traveller, AV. xiii, I, 36. — gaty-anta or -gantavya, m. measure of length applicable to roads. — ga-bhogya, m. 'traveller's delight,' the tree Spondias Mangifera. — gamana, n. act of travelling. — gāmin, mfn. wayfaring. — jā, f. the plant Svarņulī. — pati, m. lord of the roads, VS. — ratha, m. a travelling car. — salya, m. the plant Achyranthes Aspera. Adhvā-dhipa or adhvēsa m. an officer in charge of the public roads, police-officer, Rājat.

Adhvanīna, as, m. a traveller, Pāņ.; Yājñ. i, 111. Adhvanya, as, m. id., Pān. v, 2, 16.

সঞ্জামে a-dhvará, mfn. (√dhvṛi), not injuring, AV.; TS.; (ás), m. a sacrifice (especially the Soma sacrifice); N. of a Vasu; of the chief of a family; (am), n. sky or air, L. - karmán, n. performance of the Adhvara or any act connected with it, SBr. - kalpā, f., N. of an optional sacrifice (Kāmyeshti). - kānda, n., N. of the book in the Šatapatha-Brāhmana which refers to Adhvaras. - krit, m. performing an Adhvara, VS. - ga, mfn. intended for an Adhvara. - dīkshanīyā, f. consecration connected with the Adhvara. - dhishnya, m. a second altar at the Soma sacrifice, SBr. - prāyascittí, f. expiation connected with the Adhvara. -vat (adhvará-), mfn. containing the word Adhvara, SBr. - sri, mfn. embellishing the Adhvara. RV. - samishṭa-yajus, n., N. of an aggregate of nine libations connected with the Adhvara. - stha or adhvare-shtha [RV. x, 77, 7], mfn. standing at or engaged in an Adhvara.

Adhvarīya, Nom. P. (2. sg. °rīyási; p. °rīyát) to perform an Adhvara, RV.

Adhvarya, Nom. P. (p. °ryát) to be engaged in an Adhvara, RV. i, 181, 1.

Adhvaryú, us, m. one who institutes an Adhvara; any officiating priest; a priest of a particular class (as distinguished from the Hotri, the Udgātri, and the Brahman classes. The Adhvaryu priests 'had to measure the ground, to build the altar, to prepare the sacrificial vessels, to fetch wood and water, to light the fire, to bring the animal and immolate it;' whilst engaged in these duties, they had to repeat the hymns of the Yajur-veda; hence that Veda itself is also called Adhvaryu); (adhvaryavas), pl. the adherents of the Yajur-veda; (us), f. the wife of an Adhvaryu priest, Pān. iv, 1, 66, Sch. — kāṇḍa, n., N. of a book of mantras or prayers intended for Adhvaryu priests. — kratu, m. sacrificial act performed by the Adhvaryu, Pāṇ. ii, 4, 4. — veda, m. the Yajur-veda.

अध्वसन् a-dhvasmán, mfn. unveiled, RV.

अध्यान a-dhvānta, am, n. (not positive darkness), twilight, gloom, shade. — sātrava, m. 'an enemy to shade,' the plant Cassia Fistula or Bignonia Indica.

মন r. an-, occasionally মন ana-, (before a vowel) the substitute for 3. a, or a privative.

2. an, cl. 2. P. ániti or ánati, āna, anishyati, ánīt [RV. x, 129, 2], to breathe, respire, gasp; to live, L.; to move, go, L. [cf. Gk. ἄνεμος; Lat.animus]: Caus.ānayati: Desid.aninishati.

Aná, as, m. breath, respiration, SBr.; ChUp. — vat-tva, n. the state of being endowed with breath or life, Nir.

Anana, am, n. breathing, living, Nir.

স্থা an-ansa or an-ansin, mfn. portionless; not entitled to a share in an inheritance.

सनंशुमत्पाला an-aṇṣumat-phalā, f. the plantain (=aṇṣumat-phalā).

सनकदुन्दुभ anaka-dundubha, as, m., N. of Krishna's grandfather.

Anaka-dundubhi or better Enakadundubhi, is, m., N. of Krishna's father (Vasudeva; said to be derived from the beating of drums at his birth).

भनकस्मात् an-akasmāt, ind. not without a cause or an object; not accidentally, not suddenly.

सनकाममार an-akāma-māra, mfn. not killing undesiredly, AitĀr.

जनहां an-áksh (nom. an-ák), mfn. blind, RV. ii, 15, 7.

An-akshá,  $mf(\hat{a})$  n.id., RV.ix, 73, 6 & x, 27, 11. An-akshi, n. a bad eye, L. An-akshika, mfn. eyeless, TS.

सनक्षरan-akshara, mfn. unfit to be uttered; unable to articulate a syllable.

अनुवासक्रम् án-aksha-sangam [MaitrS.] or án-aksha-stambham [SBr.], ind. so as not to interfere with the axle-tree.

सनगार an-agāra, as, m. 'houseless,' a vagrant ascetic, L.

An-agārikā, f. the houseless life of such an ascetic, Buddh.

ষ্ঠান á-nagna, mf( $\bar{a}$ )n. not naked. —tā (a-nagná-), f. the not being naked, ŠBr.

maira an-agni (án-agni, Nir.), is, m. non-fire; substance differing from fire; absence of fire; (mfn.), requiring no fire or fire-place; not maintaining a sacred fire, irreligious; unmarried; dispensing with fire; 'having no fire in the stomach;' dyspeptic. — trā (án-agni-), mfn. not maintaining the sacred fire, RV. i, 189, 3. — dagdha (án-agni-), mfn. not burnt with fire; not burnt on the funeral pile (but buried), RV. x, 15, 14; (ās), m. pl., N. of a class of manes, Mn. iii, 199. — shvātta, ās, m. pl. id., L. (see agni-dagdhá, agni-shvāttá).

सन्य an-agha,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . sinless; faultless; uninjured; handsome, L.; (as), m. white mustard, L.; N. of Siva and others. **Anaghâshṭamī**, f., N. of an eighth day (spoken of in the fifty-fifth Adhyāya of the Bhavishyottara-Purāṇa).

अनङ्कश् an-ankusa, mfn. unrestrained.

ञ्जनङ्ग an- $ang\acute{a}$ ,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . bodiless, incorporeal; (as), m., N. of Kāma (god of love, so called because he was made bodiless by a flash from the eye of Siva, for having attempted to disturb his life of austerity by filling him with love for Parvati); (am), n. the ether, air, sky, L.; the mind, L.; that which is not the anga. - krīdā, f. amorous play; N. of a metre (of two verses, the first containing sixteen long syllables, the second thirty-two short ones). -devī, f., N. of a queen of Kashmīr. - pāla, m., N. of a king's chamberlain at Kashmir. - m-ejaya (an-angam-), mfn. not shaking the body (?), (gana cārv-ādi, q. v.) - ranga, m., N. of an erotic work. -lekhā, f. a love letter; N. of a queen of Kashmir. - sekhara, m., N. of a metre (of four verses, each containing fifteen iambi). - senā, f., N. of a dramatic personage. Anangapīda, m., N. of a king of Kashmīr. Anangasuhrid, m. 'Kāma's enemy,' Šiva. An-angaka, as, m. the mind, L.

अनङ्गार *an-aṅgurí*, mfn. destitute of fingers, AV.

सन्द्ध an-accha, mfn. unclear, turbid.

সন্সনা an-ajakā or an-ajikā, f. a miserable little goat, Pāṇ. vii, 3, 47.

अनम्भन an-anjana, mfn. free from collyrium or pigment or paint; (am), n. the sky, atmosphere, L.

भनेड्ड anaḍ-úh, ḍvän, m. (fr. ánas, a cart, and vah, to drag), an ox, bull; the sign Taurus. Anaḍuj-jihvā, f. the plant Gojihvā, Elephantopus Scaber. Anaḍud-da, as, m. donor of a bull or ox. Anaḍutka, mfn. ifc. for anaḍuh, (gaṇa ura-ādi

and gaṇa risyddi, q.v.)

Anaduha, as, m. ifc. for anaduh; N. of the chief of a certain Gotra (?), (gaṇa šarad-ādi, q.v.)

Anaduhí [SBr.] or anadvāhi [Pāṇ.], f. a cow. अन्यु án-aṇu, mfn. not minute or fine,

coarse, SBr.; (us), m. coarse grain, peas, &c.

An-aniyas, mfn. not at all minute; vast, mighty,
Sis. iii, 4.

মনন a-nata, mfn. not bent, not bowed down; not changed into a lingual consonant, RPrāt.; erect; stiff; haughty.

wafin- an-ati-, not very-, not too-, not past-. (Words commencing with an-ati are so easily analysed by referring to ati, &c., that few need be enumerated.) An-atikrama, m. not transgressing, SBr.; moderation, propriety. An-atikramanīya, mfn. not to be avoided, not to be transgressed, inviolable. An-atidrisyá, mfn. not transparent, opaque, SBr.; (or = aty-adrisya), quite indiscernible. An-atidhuta, mfn. unsurpassed,

RV. viii, 90, 3. **An-atineda**, m. not foaming over, MaitrS. **An-atirikta**, mfn. not abundant, SBr. **An-atireca**, n. not abundance, MaitrS. **An-ativritti**, f. congruity. **An-ativritdhya**, mfn. invulnerable, AV. ix, 2, 16. **An-atyanta-gati**, f. the sense of 'not exceedingly,' sense of diminutive words. **An-atyaya**, m. the not going across, SBr.; (mfn.), unperishable, unbroken. **An-atyudya**, mfn. (= aty-an-udya), quite unfit to be mentioned, far above any expression, AV. x, 7, 28.

सनदत्त án-adat, mfn. not eating, not consuming, RV. iii, 1, 6; AV. &c.

अनहा án-addhā or (with particle u) án-addhō, ind. not truly, not really, not definitely, not clearly, SBr. — purushá, m. one who is not a true man, one who is of no use either to gods or men or the manes, SBr.; AitBr.; KātyŚr.

अनदातन an-adyatana, as, m. a tense (either past or future) not applicable to the current day, Pāṇ.

ञ्जनधस् án-adhas, ind. not below, TBr.

সন্থিকan-adhika, mfn. having no superior, not to be enlarged or excelled; boundless; perfect.

सनिधिकार an-adhikāra, as, m. absence of authority or right or claim. — carcā, f. unjustifiable interference, intermeddling, officiousness.

An-adhikārin, mfn. not entitled to.

An-adhikrita, mfn. not placed at the head of, not appointed.

सनिधिगत an-adhigata, mfn. not obtained, not acquired; not studied. — manoratha, mfn. one who has not obtained his wish, disappointed. — sās-tra, mfn. unacquainted with the Sāstras.

An-adhigamya or an-adhigamaniya, mfn. unattainable.

अनिधिष्ठान an-adhishthāna, am, n. want of superintendence.

An-adhishthita, mfn. not placed over, not appointed; not present.

अनधीन an-adhīna or an-adhīnaka, mfn. not subject to, independent; (as), m. an independent carpenter who works on his own account (see kauṭa-taksha).

সন্ধান্ত an-adhyaksha, mfn. not perceptible by the senses, not observable; without a superintendent.

अनध्ययन an-adhyayana, am, n. not reading or studying; intermission of study, Mn. &c.

An-adhyāya, as, m. id.; a time when there is intermission of study, Mn. — divasa, m. a vacation day, holiday.

स्ननक्रमेज्य an-anangamejaya, mfn. not leaving the body unshaken (?); cf. an-angamejaya.

सननुख्यानि án-anukhyāti, is, f. not perceiving, MaitrS.

अननुतात an-anujñāta, mfn. not agreed to, not permitted; denied.

ञ्चननुथ्यायन् án-anudhyāyin,mfn.not missing, not missing anything, AitBr.; not insidious, TBr.

মননুশাৰৰ an-anubhāvaka, mfn. unable to comprehend. — tā, f. non-comprehension; unintelligibility.

सननुभाषण an-anubhāshaṇa, am, n. 'not repeating (for the sake of challenging) a proposition,' tacit assent.

जननुभूत an-anubhūta, mfn. not perceived, not experienced, unknown.

अननुमत an-anumata, mfn. not approved or honoured, not liked, disagreeable, unfit.

सन्याज an-anuyājá or an-anūyājá [TS.], mfn. without a subsequent or final sacrifice.

अननुषङ्गिन् an-anushangin, mfn. not attached to, indifferent to.

ञ्चनतृष्ठान an-anushthāna, am, n. non-ob-servance, neglect; impropriety.

अनन्क án-anûkta [SBr. xiv] or an-anûkti [KātyŚr.], mfn. not recited or studied; not responded to.