सूपवद्धन súpavañcaná,  $mf(\hat{a})n$ . easy of approach or access, not repellent, friendly, RV.

सूपविष्ट súpavishṭa, mfn.comfortably seated, BhP.

सूपसंस्कृत súpasamskrita, mfn. well prepared, Car.

सूपसद्न súpasadaná, mfn. good or easy to be approached or stayed with, TS.

सूपसम्पन्न súpasampanna, mfn. duly initiated, Buddh.

सूपसर्पण súpasarpaņa, mf(a)n. easy of access, AV.

सूपसिड súpasiddha, mfn. well-seasoned, made savoury or relishable, Car.

सूपकार súpaskara, mfn. furnished with good implements or a good equipment, MBh.

place of rest or shelter, RV.; VS.; ŠāńkhŚr.

Sûpasthāná, mfn. willingly or gladly approached, TS.

सूपाय súpáya, m. a good means or expedient, Kām.

Sûpâyaná, mf(á)n. easily accessible, RV.

सूपावसान  $s \hat{u} p \hat{a} v a s \bar{a} n \hat{a}$ ,  $mf(\hat{a}) n$ . offering good rest or repose, TS.

स्पानृत súpâvrít, mfn. willingly turning towards, MaitrS.; ĀpŚr.

ਸਮਰ  $s\bar{u}$ -bharva, mfn. (for  $su + bh^{\circ}$  fr.  $\checkmark bharv$ ) eating or feeding well (as a bull; others 'well nourished,' fr.  $\checkmark bhri$ ), RV.

Here 2.  $s\bar{u}ma$ , m. (said to be fr.  $\sqrt{2}$ . su; for 1.  $s\bar{u}ma$  see p. 1241, col. 3) the sky, heaven, Un. i, 144.

सूमय  $s\bar{u}$ - $m\acute{a}ya$ , mfn. (for su-m°) well shaped or fashioned (as a bow), RV. (=su-sukha, Nir.)

सूय sūya. See p. 1241, col. 3.

सूयवस sū-yávasa &c. See su-y°, p. 1231,

सूर 1.  $s\bar{u}r$  &c. See  $\sqrt{s\bar{u}r}$ , p. 1086, col. 1.

HI 2. súr, weak form of 2. svàr, q.v.

1. Sūra, m. the sun, RV.; AV.; Calotropis Gigantea (= arka), MW.; a wise or learned man, teacher (= sūri), L.; N. of the father of Kunthu (the 17th Arhat of the present Avasarpini), L.; of various authors (also with bhatta and misra), Cat.; (ī), f. N. of Kuntī (as married to the Sun before her marriage with Pāṇdu), Pāṇ. iv, 1, 48, Vārtt. 9, Pat. -kanda, m. Amorphophallus Campanulatus, L. - krit, m. N. of a son of Visvāmitra (v. l. surakrit), MBh. - cakshas (sūra-), mfn. radiant as the sun, RV. - candra, m. N. of the Guru of Bhanucandra, Cat. - jī, m. (with ganaka) N. of an author, ib. - dāsa, m. N. of a Commentator on Hari-vansa. - masa(?), m. pl. N. of a people (cf. saunamasā), Pān. iv, I, 170. - vat, mfn. containing the word sūra, PancavBr. - varman, m. N. of a poet, Cat. -suta, m. 'son of the Sun,' the planet Saturn, Mricch. - suta, m. 'charioteer of the Sun,' N. of Aruna (or the Dawn personified), L. - sena, n, pl. N. of a people (prob. w.r. for sūra-s°), AV. Paris. Suracarya, m. N. of an author, Ganar. Surapaga, w.r. for suro. Surasana-desa, w.r. for šūrasena-deša.

Sūraņa, n. (also written sūr°) Amorphophallus Campanulatus (cf. sūra-kanda), L.

1. Sūri, m. a learned man, sage (often ifc. after names, esp. as a title given to Jaina teachers), Kālid.; VarBṛS. &c.; N. of Bṛihas-pati (the sage among the gods) or the planet Jupiter, VarBṛS.; of Kṛishṇa, W.; of a poet, Cat.; = yādava and sūrya, L.; (ī), f., Uṇ. iv, 64, Sch. — deva, m. (with budhêndra) N. of a man (the father of Kesavârya), Cat. — bhaṭṭa, m. N. of an author, ib. — saṃtosha, m. N. of wk.

Sūrin, m. a wise or learned man, scholar, L. Sūrya, m. the sun or its deity (in the Veda the name Sūrya is generally distinguished from Savitri [q.v.], and denotes the most concrete of the solar gods,

whose connection with the luminary is always present to the poet's mind; in Nir. vii, 5 he is regarded as one of the original Vedic triad, his place being in the sky, while that of Agni is on the earth, and that of Indra is in the atmosphere; ten hymns in the RV. are entirely in praise of Sūrya, e.g. i, 50, i, 115 &c., also AV. xiii, 2; he moves through the sky in a chariot drawn by seven ruddy horses or mares [see saptâsva, harit, harid-asva]; in the later mythology Sūrya is identified with Savitți as one of the 12 Adityas or emblems of the Sun in the 12 months of the year, and his seven-horsed chariot is said to be driven by Aruna or the Dawn as its charioteer, who is represented without legs; the Sun, whether named Sūrya or Vivasvat, has several wives, see sūryā below), RV. &c. &c. (cf. IW. 11; 16 &c.; RTL. 341); a symbolical expression for the number 'twelve' (in allusion to the sun in the 12 signs of the zodiac), Jyot.; Hcat.; the swallow-wort (either Calotropis or Asclepias Gigantea, = arka), L.; N. of the son of Bali, L.; of a Danava, VahniP.; of an astronomer  $(= s\bar{u}rya-d\bar{a}sa)$ , Cat.; epithet of Siva, MBh.;  $(\acute{a})$ , f. the wife of Sūrya or the Sun (also called Samjñā, q.v.); the daughter of Sūrya or the Sun (see RV.i, 116, 17; also described as daughter of Prajāpati or of Savitri and wife of the Asvins, and in other places as married to Soma; in RV. i, 119, 2 she is called Urjānī, and in vi, 55, 4, vi, 58, 4 the sister of Pūshan [q.v.], who is described as loving her, and receiving her as a gift from the gods; accord, to some she represents a weak manifestation of the Sun; Sūryā Sāvitrī is regarded as the authoress of the Sūryā-sûkta, RV. x, 85), RV.; AV.; AitBr.; Kauš,; = vāc, Naigh. i, I I; = sūryā-sûktā (q.v.), ŠānkhGr.; a new bride; a drug, L.; the colocynth or bitter gourd, L.; nifn. solar (perhaps w.r. for saurya), Jyot. [For cognate words see under 2. svar.] - kamala, n. the sunflower, heliotrope, MW. - kara, m. a sunbeam, Pañcat.; -misra, m. N. of an author, Cat. - kalpa, m., -kavaca, n. N. of wks. - kavi, m. N. of an author, Cat. - kanta, m. sun-loved, the sun-stone, sun-crystal (a kind of crystal supposed to possess fabulous properties as giving out heat when exposed to the sun; there is a corresponding moonstone, see candra-ko; also ota-mani), MBh.; Kāv.; VarYogay.; crystal, W.; a kind of flower (= adityaparnī), Car.; Hibiscus Phœniceus, W.; N. of a mountain, MarkP. - kanti, f. sunlight, sunshine, W.; a partic. flower, L.; the flower of sesamum, W. - kala, m. 'sun-time, 'day-time, day, L.; 'lânala or 'lânalacakra, n. a kind of astrological diagram for indicating good and bad fortune, L. - ketu (sūrya-), mfn. having the sun for a flag (or 'bright as the sun'), AV.; m. N. of a king, Buddh. - - krānta, m. (in music) a kind of measure, Samgīt. - kshaya, m. the sun's mansion, Brih. - gangā-tīrtha, n. N. of a Tirtha, Cat. - garbha, m. N. of a Bodhi-sattva, Kāraṇḍ.; of a man, Buddh.; of a Buddhist Sūtra. - gupta(?), m. N. of a man, Buddh. - graha, m. 'sun-planet,' the sun, W.; 'sun-seizure,' an eclipse of the sun, Tithyad.; 'sun-seizer,' N. of Rahu and Ketu, W.; the bottom of a water-jar, ib. - grahana, n. 'sun-seizure,' a solar eclipse, VarBrS.; Inscr.: N. of wk. - cakshus, m. N. of a Rākshasa, R. - candra, m. N. of a man, Kathās.; du. the sun and moon, A.; -grahana, n., -vrata, n., -vrata-kalpa, m., -stotra, n., °candrôparāga-sānti, f. N. of wks. - candramas, omasa, see saurya-candramasa. -ja, m. 'sun-born,' N. of the planet Saturn, VarBrS.; of the monkey Su-grīva, L.; of the hero Karņa, W.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. the river Yamunā, L. - jyotis, mfn. having the sun's light, Vait. - tanaya, m. 'son of the Sun, N. of Manu, MarkP.; of the planet Saturn, VarBrS.: of Karna, W.; of Su-grīva, ib.; (ā), f. 'daughter of the Sun, the river Yamuna, L. - tapas, m. N. of a Muni, Kathās. - tāpinī, f. N. of an Upanishad. - tīrtha, n. N. of a Tirtha, MBh. - tejas, n. sunshine, Hit.; (súrya-), mfn. having the power or radiance of the sun, AV. - tvac (sūrya-), mfn. having a skin or covering as bright as the sun, RV.; AV.; TBr. - tvaca, mfn. id., MW. - tvacas (sūrya-), mfn. id., VS.; AV.; PañcavBr. - datta, m. N. of various men, MBh.; Cat. - dasā-phala, m. N. of wk. -dasa, m. N. of various men, Col.; Cat. -dris, mfn. looking at the sun, Yājñ. - deva, m. the god Sūrya, Kālac.; Buddh.; N. of an author, Cat. - devatyà, mfn. having the sun as a deity, MaitrS.; Kāth. - dvādasaryā, f. pl. N. of wk. - dhara, m. N. of a poet, Sadukt. - dhyāna, n. N. of wk.

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-dhvaja, m. 'sun-bannered,' N. of a man, MBh.; -patākin, mfn. having the sun on his standard and flag (said of Siva), MBh. - nakshatra (sūrya-), n. 'sun-asterism,' a radiant ast', SBr.; that Nakshatra in which the sun happens to be, Sūryapr.; -yoga, m. the conjunction of the sun with a No, ib. - nagara, 'city of the Sun,' N. of the capital of Kasmīr (commonly called Siri-nagar or Seri-nagar), MW. - nandana, m. 'son of the Sun,' N. of the planet Saturn, Hāyan. - namaskāra, m. adoration of the sun; -mantra, m., -vidhi, m. N. of wks. - nādī, f. N. of wk. - nabha, m. N. of a Danava, Hariv. - narāyaņa, m. the Sun personified, MW.; N. of various authors and other men (also ona-kavi), Cat.; -kavaca, n., -pūjā, f., -vrata, n., -stotra, n. N. of wks. - netra, m. N. of a son of Garuda, MBh. - paksha-karana, n., -paksha-sarana, n., -pañcânga, n., -pañcânga-stotra, n. N. of wks. -pandita, m. N. of a scholar (=-kavi), Cat. - pati, m. the god Sürya, W. - pattra, m. Calotropis Gigantea, L. - patnī (sūrya-), f. having the Sun for husband, AV. - parnī, f. a kind of plant, MBh.; Car. (w.r. sūrpa-); Vāgbh.; Phaseolus Trilobus, Bhpr.; Glycine Debilis, ib. - parvan, n. the moment when the sun enters a new sign, Pañcar.; a solar festival (on the days of the solstices, equinoxes, eclipses &c.), MW. - pāda, m. a sunbeam, Hariv. - putra, m. patr. of the Asvins, MBh.; of the planet Saturn, MBh.; VarBrS.; of Yama, Tithyad.; of Varuna, L.; of Karna, W.; of Su-grīva, ib.; (1), f. 'daughter of the Sun,' lightning, L.; the river Yamuna, Balar. - pura, n. 'city of the Sun,' N. of a city (cf. -nagara above), Rājat. - purāņa, n., -pūjā, f., -pūjā-vidhi, m., -prakāša, m., -prajñapti, f. N. of wks. - pratishtha, f. the setting up of an image of the sun (-māhātmya, n.), Cat. - pradīpa, m. a kind of Samādhi, Buddh. - prabha, mfn. bright as the sun; m. a kind of Samādhi, Kārand.; N. of the palace of Lakshmanā (wife of Krishna), Hariv.; of a serpent-demon, Buddh.; of a Bodhi-sattva, ib.; of various kings, Kathās.; Cat.; of the king after whom the 8th Lambaka of the Kathā-sarit-sāgara is called (-tā, f.), Kathās.; Ohhātejas, m. a partic. Samādhi, Buddh. - prabhava, mfn. sprung from the Sun, Ragh. - prabhīya, mfn. belonging to king Sürya-prabha, Kathās. - prasishya, m. N. of Janaka, Bālar. - phani-cakra, n. a kind of astrological diagram for indicating auspicious and inauspo moments for doing anything. MW. - bali, m. N. of wk.; -rāma, m. N. of an author, Cat. - bimba, m. or n. the disc of the sun, VarBrS.; N. of a sacred place, Cat.; -tīrtha, n. N. of a Tirtha, MW. - bhakta, mfn. worshipping the sun, one who worships the sun, Cat.; m. Pentapetes Phoenicea, L.;  $(\tilde{a})$ , f. a kind of plant, ib. - bhaktaka, m. a sun-worshipper, W.; Pentapetes Phœnicea, L. - bhatta, m. N. of an author, Cat. -bhattīya, n. N. of wk. -bhā, mfn. bright as the sun, MW. - bhaga, f. N. of a river, L. - bhanu, m. N. of a Yaksha, R.; of a king, Inscr. - bhās, m. N. of a man, MBh. - bhrāj, mfn. radiant as the sun, Käth. -bhrātri, m. N. of Airāvata, L. - maņi, m. the sun-stone, sun-gem  $(=-k\bar{a}nta)$ , L.; a kind of flower  $(=-k\bar{a}nta)$ , ib.; Hibiscus Phœniceus, ib.; -vriksha, m. the shrub Hibo Pho, MW. - mandala. m. N. of a Gandharva, R.; n. the orb or disc of the sun, TAr.; MaitrUp. &c. - matī, f. N. of a princess, Rājat. - mantra, m. N. of wk. - marut or ota, see sauryamārutaka. - malla, m. N. of a king, Satr.; Inscr. - mala, mfn. sun-garlanded (said of Šiva), MBh. - māsa, m. a solar month, Sūryapr., Sch. - mukhī, f. Helianthus Annuus, MW. - mpasya, in a-so, mfn. never seeing the sun, Pat.; Viddh. (cf. a-sūryam-pašya, f.) - yantra. n. 'sun-instrument,' a representation of the sun (used in worshipping the Sun or in taking solar observations), MW. - yama, see sauryayāma. - ratha, m. the chariot of the sun, R.; BhP. - rasmi, m. a sunbeam, Mn. v, 133; (súrya-), mfn. having the rays of the sun, RV.; VS.; m. N. of Savitri, MW. - rahasya, n. N. of wk. - rajya, n. the sun's dominion, Maitr-S. - rama, m. N. of an author, Cat. - ruc, f. sunlight, Sis. - rksha ("ya + riksha), n. the Nakshatra in which the sun happens to be, Jyot. -re  $(^{\circ}ya + ric)$ , f. a hymn addressed to the sun, BhP. -lata, f. Polanisia Icosandra, L.; Calotropis Gigantea, Npr. - loka, m. the sun-world (a region or space supposed to exist round the sun, constituting a heaven of which the sun is regent), Inscr.; Kāšīkh. -locanā, f. N. of a Gandharvī, Kāraṇḍ. - vaṇṣa,