the Mimansa philosophy (associated with Kumarilabhatta), Col.; of sev. other teachers and authors (also Prabhākara-guru, -candra, -datta, -deva, -nandana, -mitra), Cat.; -pariccheda, m. N. of wk.; -vardhana, m. N. of a king, Hcar.; -varman, m. N. of a minister, Rājat.; -siddhi, m. N. of a scholar, Buddh.; -svāmin, m. N. of the statue of the tutelary deity of Prabhākara-varman, Rājat.; °râhnika, n. N. of wk.; (ī), f. (with Buddhists) one of the 10 stages of perfection, Dharmas. 64; n. N. of a Varsha, MBh. - kīṭa, m. 'light-insect,' a firefly, L. - "njana ("bhanj"), m. Hyperanthera Moringa, L. - tarala, mfn. tremulously radiant, flashing, Sak. -tīrtha, n. N. of a Tirtha, SivaP. - nanā (obhâno), f. N. of a Surânganā, Sinhâs. - pada-sakti, f. N.ofwk. - pallavita, mfn.overspread with lustre, Vikr. - pāla, m. N. of a Bodhisattva, Buddh. - praroha, m. a shoot i.e. flash or ray of light, Ragh. - mandala, n. (also °la-ka, n., Kathās.) a circle or crown of rays, ib.; -sobhin, mfn. shining with a circle of rays, Ragh.; N. of wk.; m. a partic. Samādhi, Kārand. - maya, mf(i)n. consisting of light, shining, MBh.; Hariv.; m. a partic. Gana of Siva, Harav. - lepin, mfn. covered with splendour, Hear. - locana (bhâl), n. N. of wk. - vat, mfn. luminous, radiant, splendid, MBh.; Kav. &c.; (1), f. the lute of one of the Ganas or demigods attendant on Siva, L.; a kind of metre, Srutab.; (in music) a partic. Sruti, Samgit.; N. of a Buddh. deity, Lalit.; of the wife of the sun, MBh.; of one of the Mātris attendant on Skanda, ib.; of an Apsaras, VP.; of a Surangana, Sinhas.; of a sister of the Asura Indra-damana, L.; of a daughter of king Vajra-nābha and wife of Pradyumna, Hariv.; of the wife of Citra-ratha king of Anga, MBh.; of the daughter of Suvira and wife of Marutta, MārkP.; of a Tāpasi, MBh.; of the mother of Malli (the 19th Arhat of present Avasarpini), L.; of the daughter of the Sreshthin Soma-datta and wife of Madana the son of Vikrama-sena, Sukas.; of a river, W.; (-parinaya, m. 'the marriage of Prabhavati,' N. of a drama by Visva-nātha). - valī (bhav), f. N. of wk. -vyūha, m. N. of a Buddh. deity, Lalit. Prabhêsvara-tīrtha, n. N. of a Tirtha, SivaP.

Prabhāta, mfn. shone forth, begun to become clear or light, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; m. N. of a son of the sun and Prabhā, VP.; (\bar{a}) , f. N. of the mother of the Vasus Pratyūsha and Prabhāsa, MBh.; n. daybreak, dawn, morning, Gaut.; MBh. &c.—karanīya, n. a morning rite or ceremony, Šak.—kalpa, mf (\bar{a}) n. nearly become light, approaching dawn (as night), R.—kāla, m. time of daybreak, early morning, Sušr.—prāya, mfn.—-kalpa, Kād.—samaya, m.—-kāla, MBh.

Pra-bhāna, n. light, radiance, shining, Pāņ. viii, 4, 34, Sch. bhānīya, mfn. to be irradiated or lighted, ib. bhānu, m. N. of a son of Krishņa, BhP. bhāpana, n. (from Caus.) causing to shine, Pāņ. viii, 4, 34, Vārtt. 2, Pat. bhāpanīya, mfn. to be caused to shine, Pāņ. ib., Sch.

प्रभाग prabhāgá. See pra-√bhaj.

ম্পাৰে prabhāraka, w.r. for prabhā-kara, MBh.

দ্যাৰ pra-bhāva &c. See pra-√bhū.

PHTE pra-\(\sqrt{bhash}\), \(\bar{A}\). -bhashate (ep. also P. \(^{\partilent{o}}ti\)), to speak, tell, declare, disclose, manifest, explain, call, name, MBh.; K\(\bar{a}\)v. &c.; to talk to, converse with (acc.), MBh. \(^{\partilent{o}}\)bhasha, m. declaration, doctrine, Hariv. (N\(\bar{a}\)lak.); w.r. for \(^{-\phaskas}\)cap a. \(^{\partilent{o}}\)bhashapa, n. explanation, Su\(\bar{s}\)r.; \(^{\partilent{o}}\)rip_a, mfn. relating to an expl\(^{\partilent{o}}\), ib. \(^{\partilent{o}}\)bhashita, mfn. spoken, uttered, declared, MBh.; K\(\bar{a}\)v. &c.; n. speech, talk, Var. \(^{\partilent{o}}\)bhashin, mfn. saying, speaking, MBh.; BhP.

pra-\sqrtbhās, \(\bar{A}\). -bhāsate (ep. also P. bi), to shine, glitter, be brilliant, MBh.; Hariv.; to appear like (iva), MBh.: Caus. -bhāsayati, to irradiate, illuminate, enlighten, MBh.; R. bhāsa, m. 'splendour,' 'beauty,' N. of a Vasu, MBh.; of a being attendant on Skanda, ib.; of a deity under the 8th Manu, MārkP.; (with Jainas) of one of the II Gaṇâdhipas, L.; of a son of a minister of Candraprabha king of Madra, Kathās.; (pl.) N. of a race of Rishis, MBh.; m. or n. N. of a celebrated place of pilgrimage on the west coast of the Dekhan near Dvārakā, MBh.; Kāv.&c. (also -kshetra, n., -kshetra-tīrtha, n., -deša, m.); -kshetra-tīrtha-yātrā-nukrama, m., -kshetra-māhātmya, n., -khanda,

m. or n., and °sėsvara-māhātmya, n. N. of wks. °bhāsana, n. irradiating, illumining, MBh. °bhāsura (R.), °bhāswat (Hariv.), mfn. shining forth, shining brightly, brilliant. °bhāswara, mfn. id., R.; Kathās.; clear, shrill (as a voice), L.; (ā), f. a partic. mythical plant, Divyâv.

प्रांभद pra-\(\square\) bhid, P. -bhinatti, to cleave, split asunder, break, pierce, open, RV. &c. &c.: Pass. -bhidyate, to be broken in pieces, crumble, SBr.; to be dissolved, open, KathUp.; to split, divide (intr.), MBh.: Caus. of Intens. -beblidayya, Pat. bhid, mfn., Pān.iii, 2,61, Sch. bhinna, mfn. split asunder, cleft, broken, pierced, opened, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; blown (as a flower), Sāh.; exuding (as blood), Sušr.; flowing with juice (cf. karata; m. an elephant in rut), MBh.; R.; broken through, interrupted, R.; disfigured, altered, depressed, MBh.; -karata, mfn. having the temples cleft and flowing with juice (as a rutting elephant), MBh.; R. (°tā-mukha, mfn. having the fissure in the temples flowing with juice, MBh.); -vish, mfn. secreting or relaxing the feces, aperient, Susr.; obhinnanjana, n. mixed collyrium, an eye-salve mixed with oil, Ritus.; Pañcat. bheda, m. splitting, piercing, cutting through, Yājñ.; MBh.; Ragh.; the flowing of juice from the temples of an elephant, Megh.; division, subdivision, variety, species, kind, sort, MBh.; Kap.; Hcat.; Susr. obhedaka, $mf(ik\bar{a})$ n, tearing asunder, cleaving, piercing (cf. carma-prabhedikā). obhedana, mfn. id., MBh.

ਸਮੀ $pra-\sqrt{bh\bar{i}}$ (only pf. -bibhayām-cakāra), to be terrified at (abl.), Bhaṭṭ. obhīta, mfn. terrified, afraid, MBh.

ਸ਼ਬ pra-bhu. See under $pra-\sqrt{bh\bar{u}}$ below.

प्रभुत pra- vi. bhuj (only ind. p. -bhujya), to bend, incline, Br.; Kauš. bhugna, mfn., Pāņ. viii, 4, 29, Sch.

मभुज्ञ pra-√3. bhuj (only pr. p. -bhuñjatī), to befriend, protect (?), RV. i, 48, 5. °bhukta, mfn. begun to be eaten (as rice), Pāṇ. i, 2, 21, Sch.

ኳዚ $pra-\sqrt{bh\bar{u}}$, P. -bhavati (rarely Ā. ote: Ved. inf. -bhūsháni), to come forth, spring up, arise or originate from (abl.), appear, become visible, happen, occur, SBr. &c. &c.; to be before, surpass (with prishtham, 'to be greater or more than the back can carry,' applied to wealth, RV. ii, 13, 4); to become or be numerous, increase, prevail, be powerful, RV. &c. &c. (3. sg. prabhavati-tarām, 'has more power,' Vikr. v, 18); to rule, control, have power over, be master of (gen., loc. or dat.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; to be equal to or capable of (dat. or loc.), ib.; to be a match for (dat.), Pān. ii, 3, 16, Vārtt. 2, Pat.; to be able to (inf.), Kālid.; Kathās. &c.; to profit, avail, be of use to (dat.), RV.; Br.; to implore, beseech (?), Hariv.: Caus. -bhāvayati, to increase, spread out, extend, augment, multiply (esp. the Soma by placing it in a greater number of vessels), Br.; to provide more amply, endow more richly, cause to thrive or prosper, cherish, nurture, ib.; MBh. &c.; (as Nom. fr. -bhāva below) to gain or possess power or strength, rule over (acc.), MBh.; R.; to recognise, R.: Desid. of Caus. -bibhāvayishati, to wish to increase or extend, AitBr.

Pra-bhavá, mín. prominent, excelling, distinguished, RV.; m. production, source, origin, cause of existence (as father or mother, also 'the Creator'), birthplace (often ifc., with f. \bar{a} , springing or rising or derived from, belonging to), Up.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; might, power $(=pra-bh\bar{a}va)$, L.; N. of a Sādhya, Hariv.; of Vishņu, A.; of sev. men, HPariš.; N. of the first or 35th year in a 60 years' cycle of Jupiter, Var.; -prabhu and -svāmin, m. (with Jainas) N. of one of the 6 Sruta-kevalins, L. bhavat, mf(anti)n. coming forth, arising &c.; mighty, powerful, potent, MBh.; Kav. bhavana, n. production, source, origin (ifc. 'springing from; 'cf. meru-prabho and Pān. viii, 4, 34, Sch.); ruling, presiding (?), W. bhavanīya, mfn., Pān.ib. bhavitri, mfn. powerful, potent; m. a great lord or ruler, Bhartr. bhavishnu, mfn. = prec. (also m.; with gen. or loc. 'lord over'), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; -tā, f. lordship, supremacy, dominion, týranny, Var.; power to (inf.), Rājat. bhavya, mfn. (fr. pra- $\sqrt{bh\bar{u}}$), Pāṇ. iii, I, 107, Sch.; (fr. pra-bhava) being at the source or origin, original, Laty.; fit for rule (?), W. obhāva, m. (ifc. f. \tilde{a}) might, power,

&c. (ovena, ovāt and ovatas, ind. by means or in consequence of, through, by); supernatural power, Kālid.; splendour, beauty, MBh.; R.; tranquillizing, conciliation (?), L.; N. of the chapters of the Rasikapriyā, Cat.; N. of a son of Manu Sva-rocis, MārkP.; -ja, mfn. proceeding from conscious majesty or power, W.; -tva, n. power, strength, Kām.; -vat, mfn. powerful, strong, mighty, MBh.; Kathās. obhavaka, mfn. prominent, having power or influence, Satr.; Sinhàs. Obhāvana, $mf(\bar{i})n$. (fr. Caus.) creating, creative, MBh.; explaining, disclosing $(=prak\bar{a}\dot{s}aka)$, R. (B.); m. creator, MBh.; R.; Hariv.; (\bar{a}) , f. disclosing, revealing, promulgation (of a doctrine), HYog. °bhāvaya, Nom. °yati, see under Caus. above. °bhāvayitri, mfn. making powerful or mighty, Das. obhāvita (Kām.), obhāvin (Sis.), mfu. powerful, mighty.

Pra-bhú, mfn. (Ved. also \vec{u} , f. $v\bar{i}$) excelling, mighty, powerful, rich, abundant, RV. &c. &c.; more powerful than (abl.), MBh.; having power over (gen.), VP.; able, capable, having power to (loc., inf. or comp.), Kāv.; a match for (dat.), Pān. ii, 3, 16, Vārtt. 2, Pat.; constant, eternal, L.; m. a master, lord, king (also applied to gods, e.g. to Sūrya and Agni, RV.; to Prajā-pati, Mn.; to Brahmā, ChUp.; to Indra, R.; to Siva, MBh.; to Vishnu, L.); the chief or leader of a sect, RTL. 142; a sound, word, L.; quicksilver, L.; N. of a deity under the 8th Manu, MarkP.; of a son of Kardama, Hariv.; of a son of Suka and Pivari, ib.; of a son of Bhaga and Siddhi, BhP.; of a poet, Cat.; of sev. other men, HParis.; (°bhvī, f. N. of a Šakti, Pañcar.); -kathā, f. N. of wk.; -tā, f. lordship, dominion, supremacy, Yājñ. (v. l.); Kathās.; power over (loc.), Sak.; possession of (comp.), Ragh.; prevalence (instr. 'for the most part'), Ratnav.; -tva, n. lordship, sovereignty, high rank, might, power over (gen., loc. or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; prevalence (instr. 'for the most part'), Susr.; -tvabodki, f. knowledge joined with supreme power, Kārand.; -tvākshepa, m. (in rhet.) an objection based on power (i.e. on a word of command), Kavyad. ii, 138; -deva, m. N. of a Yoga teacher, Cat.; (\bar{i}) , f. (with $l\bar{a}t\bar{i}$) N. of a poetess, ib.; -bhakta, mfn. devoted to his master (as a dog), Cāņ.; m. a good horse, L.; -bhakti, f. loyalty, faithfulness, MW.; -linga-caritra, n., -linga-līlā, f., -vansa, m. N. of wks.; -sabda-sesha, mfn. having only the title of lord remaining, Ragh, ${}^{\circ}\mathbf{b}\mathbf{h}\mathbf{\bar{u}} = {}^{\circ}bhu$ (cf. above); -tva, n. sufficiency, KātyŠr. (cf. prabhu-tva); -vasu (°bhú-, Padap.°bhú-), mfn. abundantly wealthy (said of Indra and Soma), RV.; m. N. of a descendant of Angiras, author of RV. v, 35, 36; ix, 35, 36.

Prá-bhūta, mfn. come forth, risen, appeared &c.; (ifc.) become, transformed into, Das.; abundant, much, numerous, considerable, high, great, SBr. &c. &c. (compar. -tara, Pancat.; superl. -tama, Das.); abounding in (comp.), R.; able to (inf.), Sāh.; governed, presided over, W.; mature, perfect, ib.; m. a class of deities in the 6th Manvantara, Hariv. (v.l. pra-sūta); n. (in phil.) a great or primary element (= $mah\bar{a}$ - $bh\bar{u}ta$), Sāmkhyak.; -jihvatā, f. having a long tongue (one of the 32 signs of perfection of a Buddha), Dharmas. 83 (also -tanu-jihv°, 'having a long and thin t°, ib.); - $t\bar{a}$, f. quantity, plenty, multitude, large number, Sis.; -tva, n. id., Pañcat.; sufficiency, KātyŠr. (v.l. for prabhū-tva); -dhana-dhānya-vat, mfn. rich in money and corn, R.; -nāgâsva-ratha, mfn. having many elephants and horses and chariots, MBh.; -bhrānta, n. much roaming, Pañcat.; -yavasêndhana, mfn. abounding in fresh grass and fuel, ib.; -ratna, m. N. of a Buddha, SaddhP.; -rūpa, n. great beauty, MW.; -vayas, mfn. advanced in years, old, Kāv.; -varsha, n.pl. many years, Pañcat.; -sas, ind. many times, often, Car.; otôtka, m. ardently desirous of or longing for, Kāvyâd. iii, 118. obhūtaka, mfn. containing the word prabhūta, g. goshad-ādi; m.pl. a partic. class of deceased relatives, KāthAnukr. obhūti (prá-), f. source, origin, TāṇḍBr.; imperious demeanour, violence, RV. iv, 54, 3; sufficiency, RV.; TBr.; a ruler, lord (?), RV. viii, 41, 1. obhuvari, f. reaching or extending beyond (acc.), VS. obhūshņu, mfn. powerful, strong, able, L. (cf. °bhavishnu).

मन् pra-√bhūsh, P. -bhūshati, to offer, present, RV. i, 159, 1.

for rule (?), W. °bhāva, m. (ifc. f. ā) might, power, majesty, dignity, strength, efficacy, Mn.; MBh. forward, place before, offer, present, RV.; AV.;