Dhātup. xi, 27; scf. Old Germ. hwarb, hwarp, hwirbu, &c.; Goth. bi-hvairba, 'to go round.']

सर्वेज kharbūja, am, n. (fr. the Pers. خربوزی, kharbūza), the water-melon, Bhpr. v, 6, 43 f.

खर्म kharma, n. harshness, Vāsav. 288; = paurusha (virility, for pārushya?), L.; wove siłk, Vāsav. 288.

सर्पे kharya. See khára.

सर्व kharv ($=\sqrt{garv}$), cl. 1. P. ovati, to be proud or haughty, Dhātup. xv, 73.

खब kharvá, mfn. (cf. á-, tri-) mutilated, crippled, injured, imperfect, TS, ii, 5, 1, 7; low, dwarfish, L.; (as, am), m.n. a large number (either 10,000,000,000 [L.], or 37 cyphers preceded by 1, R. vi, 4, 59); (as), m., N. of one of the nine Nidhis or treasures of Kubera, L.; Rosa moschata, L. - pattrā, f. 'having imperfect leaves,' a kind of low shrub, L. - vāsin, mfn. being or abiding in a mutilated object, AV. xi, 9, 16. - sākha, mfn. 'having small branches,' dwarfish, small, L.

Kharvaka, mf(khárvikā)n, mutilated, imperfect, AV. xi, 9, 16; (ikā), f. (scil. paurnamāsī) not quite full (as the moon), Sch. on KātySr. &c. Kharvita, mfn. (anything) that has become

dwarfish, Kathās. li, I.

Kharvi-krita, mfn. made low, pressed down, Amar. 36, Sch.

खबेट kharvata, m. (n., L.) a mountain village $(=karv^{\circ})$, BhP. i, 6, 11; iv, 18, 31; vii, 2, 14.

खबुरा kharvurā, f., N. of a thorny plant, L. Kharvūrā, f. id., Gal.

बल khal, cl. 1. P. olati (Nir. iii, 10), to move or shake, Dhātup. xv, 38; to gather, ib.; (cf. $\sqrt{khall.}$

ৰেল khála, as, m. (am, n., g. ardharcâdi) a threshing-floor, granary, RV. x, 48, 7; AV.; ŠāńkhŠr. &c.; earth, mould, soil, L.; place, site, L.; (as), m. contest, battle, Naigh.; Nir.; sediment or dregs of oil, Pañcat. ii, 53; (=khada) butter-milk boiled with acid vegetables and spices, Susr. i, vi; a mischievous man, Mricch.; Cān.; BhP.; Pañcat.&c.; the sun, L.; Xanthochymus pictorius (tamāla), L.; the thorn-apple, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. a mischievous woman, Amar.; N. of a daughter of Raudrasva, Hariv.; VāyuP. ii, 37, 122; (\bar{i}) , f. sediment or deposit of oil, Car.; Bhartr. ii, 98. – kula (khalá-), n. a low or base family, VarBr.; m. (=kulattha) Dolichos uniflorus, SBr. xiv, 9, 3, 22; Kauš. - já, mfn. produced on a threshing-floor, AV. viii, 6, 15. - ta, f. wickedness, villainy; filthiness, W. - tula-parni, f. (perhaps) N. of a plant, Kaus. -tva, n. $=-t\bar{a}$, W. -dhāna, onya, n. a threshing-floor, L. (v.l. khalâdhāna). - pū, mfn. (Kās. on Pāņ. vi, I, 175 & viii, 2, 4) 'one who cleans a threshing-floor,' a sweeper, cleaner, Mehter or Ferash, L. - prīti, f. the friendship or favour of low or wicked persons, W. - mālin, mfn. garlanded with threshing-floors, PārGr. - mūrti, m. quicksilver, L. - yajña, m. a sacrifice performed on a threshing-floor, Gobh. iv. - samsarga, m. associating with bad company, W. Khalâjina,?, g. utkarâdi. Khalâjinīya, mfn., ib. **Khalàdhāna**, v. l. for *khala-dh* $^{\circ}$, q. v. Khaladhara, f. a kind of cockroach, L. Khaledhānī, &c., see s. v. khale. Khalôkti, f. low or wicked language, abuse, W.

Khalāya, Nom. A. yate, to act like a wicked person, Bhartr.

Khali, is, m. sediment of oil or oil-cake, L.; =-druma, Npr. -druma, m. (=khalla) Pinus longifolia, Npr.

Khalin, mfn. one who possesses threshing-floors (said of Siva), MBh. xiii, 1172; (inas), m. pl., N. of a class of Dānavas, 7282 ff.; (inī), f. a multitude of threshing-floors, Pan. iv, 2, 51; Anethum graveolens, L.; Curculigo orchioides, L.

1. Khalina, as, m., N. of a place (named after

the Khalins), MBh. xiii, 7288.

Khalī, ind. fr. °la, q. v. - kāra, m. ill-treatment, abusing, reviling, Kād.; Šāntiš.; Kathās. - √kri, 'to reduce to sediment, crush,' to hurt, injure, treat ill, Mricch.; Kād.; Hcar.; Kathās.; (sometimes confounded with $khili-\sqrt{kri}$.) - kriti,

f. = $-k\bar{a}ra$, Kathās. xiii, 157. **Khale**, loc. of °la, q. v. - dhānī, f. = $-v\bar{a}l\bar{i}$, L.

- bugam, ind. at the time when the chaff is on the threshing-floor, at the threshing-time, g. tishthadgv- $\bar{a}di$. - yavam, ind. at the time when barley is on the threshing-floor, at the barley threshing-time, ib. - vālī, f. the post of a threshing-floor, TāndyaBr. xvi, 13, 8; AsvSr. ix, 7, 15; KātySr.; Nyāyam. x.

Khálya, mfn. being on a threshing-floor, VS. xvi, 33; MaitrS. ii; fit for a threshing-floor ('fit for oilcake '&c.?), Pāṇ. v, I, 7; (\bar{a}) , f. a multitude of threshing-floors, Pān. iv, 2, 50; N. of a woman, g. tikâdi (v. l.) Khalyânga, m., N. of a fish, Gal.

Khalyakā, f., N. of a woman, g. tikādi.

बलखलाय khalakhalāya (onomat.), Ā. °yate,?, Cāņ.

ৰাজান khalatí, mfn. (g. bhīmādi; ifc. or in comp., g. kadārādi; \(\sqrt{khal}\), Un.) bald-headed, bald, VS.; TS.; SBr. xiii; KātyŠr. &c.; (is), m. baldness, Say. on RV. viii, 102; (cf. kulva, khallita,&c.)

Khalatika, as, m. the sun; Gal.; N. of a mountain, Pat. on Pan. i, 2, 52, Vartt. 4; Inscr.; (am), n., N. of a forest situated near that mountain, Pat. on Pān. i, 2, 52, Vārtt. 4.

खालन 2. khalina, as, am, m. n. (cf. χαλινός) the bit of a bridle, VarBrS. xliv, 22; xciii, 9. Khalīna, am, n. (g. ardharcadi), id., MBh. i, 7343; vi, 2293; Pañcat. iv, $6, \frac{9}{1}$; v, 11, $\frac{9}{1}$.

ৰভিন্ন khalisa, as, m. a kind of fish (Trichopodus Colisa, W.; or = kanka-trota, Esox Kankila), L.; (v. l. khallisa; cf. khaseta.)

Khalesa, saya, as, m. id., L.

खलीन khalīna. See 2. khalina.

बल् khálu, ind. (as a particle of asseveration) indeed, verily, certainly, truly, R.; Sak. &c.; (as a continuative particle) now, now then, now further, RV. x, 34, 14; TS. &c.; (as a particle in syllogistic speech) but now, = Lat. atqui, TBr.; SBr. &c.; [khalu is only exceptionally found at the beginning of a phrase; it is frequently combined with other particles, thus átha kho, u kho, vai kho, $kh^{\circ} vai$, = now then, now further, TS.; TBr.; SBr. &c.; in later Sanskrit khalu frequently does little more than lay stress on the word by which it is preceded, and is sometimes merely expletive; it is also a particle of prohibition (in which case it may be joined with the ind. p. [khalu kritvā, 'desist from doing that'], Nir. i, 5 [also otam]; Pān. iii, 4, 18; Šiš. ii, 70); or of endearment, conciliation, and inquiry, L.; na khalu, by no means, not at all, indeed not, R. &c.] - tas, ind. (=khalu) certainly, Samh-Up. v, 8.

खलूज khaluj, m. (kha-luk?) darkness, L. खल्देष khaluresha, as, m. a kind of wild

quadruped, L. Khalureshaka, as, m. id., W.

खलूरिका khalūrikā, f. a parade, place for military exercise, L.; (cf. khuralī.)

Khalūrī, f. id., Gal.

सलेश khalesa, °saya. See khalisa.

खल्प khálya, &c. See khála.

to shake, be loose, Suir. ii, 15, 5.

Khalla, as, m. a little case or cap formed by rolling up paper &c. (used for holding any small articles of grocery), Suir. i, vi; (=khalva) a mill, stone or vessel for grinding drugs, Bhpr.; a kind of cloth or clothes, L.; leather, leather garments, L.; a leather water-bag, L.; a canal, cut, creek, trench, L.; the Cataka (kind of cuckoo), L.; n. a slender waist, L.; (1), f. shooting pain in the extremities, Car. i, 14, 21 & 28, 16; vi; Bhpr. vii, 36, 160 f.; (=khali) Pinus longifolia, Npr.

Khalli, is, f. (=kalli) shooting pain in the extremities. Car. vi. 26.

Khallita, mfn. slack (as a female breast), Bhpr. खङ्कारक khallāṭaka, m. (for °lvāṭ, 'bald ') N. of the first minister of king Bindu-sāra, Divyav. xxvi, 456.

खज्ञासर khallāsara, the 10th Yoga (in astr.) खिद्यका khallikā, f. a frying-pan, L.

বিল্লিট khalliṭa, mfn. (=khalatí) bald, L. खित्रा khallisa. See khalisa.

सम्बोट khallīṭa = °lliṭa, L.

खल khálva, m. a kind of grain or leguminous plant, AV.; VS.; SBr. xiv; Kauš.; Grihyās.; (=khalla) a mill or stone for grinding drugs, Bhpr. **Khalvakā**, f. = $^{\circ}$ lyakā, Gaņar. 230.

खलढ khalvaṭa, as, m. a severe cough, W.

ৰেলে khalvala, ās, m. pl., N. of a school of the SV., Caran.

ৰভাৱ khalvāṭa, mfn. (=khalliṭa) baldheaded, bald, Bhartr.; Kathās. lxi, 53 & 184. - bilvīya, g. kākatālādi (Gaņar. 195).

खब khav (cl. o. P. khaunāti or khunāti), v. l. for √khac, Dhātup. xxxi, 59.

खबद्धी kha-vallī, &c. See 3. khá, p. 334.

खश khasa, for khasa, q.v.

खश्य kha-saya, &c. See 3. khá, p. 334. ৰয়া khašīra, ās, m. pl., N. of a people, MBh. vi, 375 (v. l. $kh\bar{a}\bar{s}^{\circ}$).

खशेट khaseta, as, m.=khalisa, L.

Khasera, as, m. id., Gal.

खश्चास kha-svāsa. See 3. khá, p. 334.

खप् khash, cl. 1. P. oshati, to hurt, injure, kill, Dhātup. xvii, 35; (cf. √kash.)

खप khashpa, as, m. (Vkhan, Un.) violence, oppression, Un.; anger, passion, ib.

खस khasa, m. itch, scab, any irritating disease of the skin, L.; $(\bar{a}s)$, m. pl., N. of a people and of its country (in the north of India), Mn. x, 44; MBh.; Hariv.; AV.Paris.&c.; (as), m. a native of that country (considered as a degraded Kshatriya), Mn. x, 22; (\bar{a}) , f. a kind of perfume $(mur\bar{a})$, L.; N. of a daughter of Daksha (one of the wives of Kasyapa and mother of the Yakshas and Rākshasas), Hariv. - kanda, m., N. of a bulbous plant, Npr. $(v. i. \circ nna)$. - gandha, m. id., L. (v. i.) -tila, m. poppy (khaskhasa), Bhpr. - phala-kshīra, n. poppy-juice, opium, ib. - bīja, n. = -tila, ib. Khasâtmaja, m. 'born by Khasā,' a Rakshas, L.

खसम kha-sama, &c. See 3. khá, p. 334.

खसाक khasāka, v.l. for khasīra.

खसात्मज khasâtmaja. See khasa.

खिसन्धु kha-sindhu. See 3. khá, p. 334. खसीक khasīka, v.l. for khašīra.

सम्चि kha-sūci. See 3. khá, p. 334.

खस्म khasrima, as, m., N. of a Daitya (son of Vipracitti and Sinhika), Hariv. 2288; N. of a son of Kaušika (or Višvā-mitra), 1190.

खस्त्रम khaskhasa, as, m. (=khasa-tila) poppy, L. - rasa, m. poppy-juice, opium, L. - sara, m. id., Npr.

Khākhasa, as, m. poppy, Bhpr. - tila, m. id., ib.

खस्तनी kha-stanī, &c. See 3. khá, p. 334.

खा $kh\bar{a}$. See \sqrt{khan} , p. 337, col. 1.

खास khākhasa. See khaskhasa.

खागि khāqi, is, f., N. of an Agra-hāra, Rājat. i, 90.

Khāgikā, f. id., ib. 342.

खाजिक khājika, as, m =khadikā, L.

साञ्चार khānjāra, as, m. patr. fr. khanjo, g. šivādi.

Khānjārāyana, as, m. id., g. asvādi.

Khānjāla, as, m. patr. fr. khanjo, g. šivadi.

खाइच khāñjya, am, n. (fr. khañja), limping, Sāṃkhyak. 49, Sch.

खार् khāṭ, ind. (onomat.) 'the sound made in clearing the throat,' in comp. with - Vkri, to clear the throat, Pāņ. i, 4, 62, Kāš. & Siddh.

ৰাত khāṭa, as, m. (=khaṭṭi) a bier, cot or bedstead on which dead bodies are conveyed to the pyre, L.; (ā), f. id., L.; (ī), f. id., Gal.

Khāţi, f. id., L.; a scar, L.; Un., Sch.; caprice, L. **Khāṭikā**, f. $(=khatt^{\circ})$ a bier, L.