Go-sirsha, &c., go-shaka, &c. See ib. Go-shthá, &c., gósh-pada, &c. See ib.

गोस 2. gosa, m. myrrh, L. - gṛiha, n. an inner apartment, W. - sasa, m. myrrh, L., Sch.

गोसिंख gó-sakhi, &c. See gó, p. 367, col. 2.

गोह g6ha, m. (\sqrt{guh}) a hiding-place, lair, RV. iv, 21, 6-8; 'a secret place for hiding refuse or filth,' see $\bar{u}badhya$ -.

Gohana, mfn., see avadya-.

Gohi, g. suvāstv-ādi, v. l.

Gohira, n. 'hidden part (?),' the heel, L.

Gohila, m., g. sakhy-ādi (Kāš.)

Gohilla, m., N. of a man, Jyotirv. x, 112, Sch. Gohya, mfn. (Pāṇ. iii, 1, 109; g. suvāstv-ādī, Kāš.) 'to be concealed,' see á-; m., N. of an Agni in the water, MantraBr. i, 7, 1.

गोहत्या go-hatyā, -hán, &c. See gó, p. 367. गोहालिया gohāliyā, f., N. of a plant, GarP. गोहर gohira, &c. See góha.

गोकस gaukaksha, m. pl. of okshya, g. kanvadi; Pāṇ. iv, 3, 130, Kāš.; (ī), f. of okshya, only in comp.

Gaukakshī, f., see oksha. — pati, m. the husband of Gaukakshī, Gaṇar. 37, Sch. — putra, m. the son of Gaukakshī, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 74, Pat.

Gaukakshya, m. a patr. fr. go-kaksha, g. gar-gadi; (ā), f., g. kraudy-ādi.

Gaukakshyā, f. of °kshya, q. v. — pati, m. = °kshī-p°, Gaṇar. 37, Sch. — putra, m. = °kshī-p°, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 74, Pat.

Gaukakshyāyana, m. patr. fr. °kshya, f. ī, a female descendant of °kshya, 75, Pat.

Gaukakshyāyaṇi, m. = ${}^{\circ}$ na, g. $tik\hat{a}di$.

मौग्युलव gauggulava, mfn. (fr. gúggulu), made from bdellium (an unguent), TāṇḍyaBr. xxiv, 13, 4 (v. l. gaulg°); m. patr., f. ī, g. šārngaravādi.

মান্ধৰ gaungava, n. (fr. gungú), N. of several Sāmans, xiv, 3, 18 f.

गौद्भिक gauñjika,m.(fr.guñjā),ajeweller,L.

गाँड gauda, mf(i)n. (fr. guda), prepared from sugar or molasses, MBh. viii, 2050; Sušr.; Hcat.; relating or belonging to the Gaudas, Vātsyāy.; Kāvyad. i, 35; Sarvad. xv; (esp. f. ī with rīti, the Gaudian style of poetry, viz. the bold and spirited style, Kāvyad. i, 40; Vām.; Pratāpar. &c.); m. (scil. deša) or n. (scil. rāshṭra) 'sugar country,' N. of a country (district of Gaur, central part of Bengal, extending from Vanga to the borders of Orissa; the ruins of its capital called by the same N. are still extensive), Rājat.; Prab. ii, 7; Hit.; m. pl. the inhabitants of that country, Vātsyāy.; Rājat.; Sūdradh.; m. sg. a prince of the Gaudas, Kathās. cxxii, 3; N. of a lexicographer; n. sweetmeats, R. i, 53, 4; vii, 92, 12; (\bar{i}) , f. with $r\bar{i}ti$, see before; rum or spirit distilled from molasses (RTL. p. 193), Mn. xi, 95; MBh. viii, 2034; Grihyās. ii, 16; (in music) N. of a Rāgiņi. - grantha, m., N. of a work. - tithitattva, n., N. of a work. -desa, m. the Gauda country, SkandaP. - desiya, mfn. coming from the Gauda country, Pancad. - nibandha, m., N. of a work. - pada, m., N. of a commentator on several Upanishads and on Sāmkhyak. - pura, n., N. of a town, Pan. vi, 2, 100. - bhritya-pura, n., N. of a town, ib., Siddh.; (cf. andhra-bhritya.) - mālava, m. (in music) N. of a Rāga. - vyavahāra-nirnaya, m., N. of a work. - suddhitattva, n., N. of a work. - sārangī, f. (in music) N. of a Rāgiņī. Gaudabhinanda or odana, m. N. of a poet, SarngP. Gaudesvaracarya, m. N. of a teacher. Gaudôrvī-kula-prasasti.f.N.ofa work.

Gaudaka, m. pl., N. of a people living to the east of Madhya-desa, VarBrS. xiv, 7. — mriga, m. a wild horse, L.; (cf. gaura-khara.)

Gaudika, mfn. prepared with sugar or molasses, Sušr. i, 46, 9, 3; fit for the preparation of sugar, Pāņ. iv, 4, 103; n. rum (prepared with sugar), Sušr. vi. 58, 28.

Gaudīya, mfn. relating to Gauda or Bengāi (as mārga [Kāvyad. i, 40] or rīti [Vām.; Pratāpar. &c.], 'the Gaudian style').

a quality, MBh. xii, 13138f.; having qualities, attributive, W.; subordinate, secondary, unessential,

MBh. xii, xiii; Pat.; KapS. &c. (with karman, [in Gr,] the less immediate object of an action, Vop. xxiv, 13); metaphorical, figurative, W.; secondary (applied to the month reckoned from full moon to full moon), W.; relating to multiplication or enumeration, W. — tva, n. the state of being subordinate or secondary, Vop.; KātyŚr., Sch. — paksha, m. the minor or weaker side of an argument, W. — sādhy-avasānā, f. (scil. lakshaṇā) a kind of ellipse, Sarvad. xv, 289. — sāropā, f. (scil. lakshaṇā) a kind of ellipse, ib.

1. Gaunika, mf(i)n. relating to the three qualities (of sattva, rajas & tamas), Mn. xii, 41; = gune sādhu, g. kathâdi; = gunam adhîte veda vā, gaṇas ukthâdi & vasantâdi; relating to or connected with qualities, W.; subordinate, W.

Gaunya, m. merit, Hariv. 5907; n. subordination, secondariness, Vop.; the being a merit, Hariv. 14240.

मौिशक 2. gaunika, $mf(\bar{i})n$. (fr. $gon\bar{i}$), resembling a sack, g. $ainguly-\bar{a}di$.

गौराडिकरी gaunda-kirī, f. (in music) N. of a Rāgiņī (cf. gondo).

गौतम $gautam\acute{a}$, $mf(\bar{\imath})n$. relating to Gotama (with pada-stobha, m. pl., N. of a Sāman); m. patr. fr. Gotama (N. of Kusri, Uddālaka, Aruna, SBr.; of Saradvat, Hariv.; Mricch.v, 30; VP.; of Satananda, L.; of Sākya-muni; of Nodhas & Vāma-deva, RAnukr.; of a teacher of ritual, Laty.; AsvSr.; AsvGr.; of a grammarian, TPrāt.; Lāty. [with the epithet sthavira]; of a legislator, Yājñ. i, 5; the father of Ekata, Dvita, and Trita, MBh. ix, 2073); $(=got^{\circ})$ N. of the first pupil of the last Jina (one of the three Kevalins); N. of a Nāga (also omaka), Divyav. ii; m. pl. Gautama's family, Hariv. 1788; Pravar.; a kind of poison, L.; n., N. of several Samans, ArshBr.; Lāty. iv, 6, 16; fat (cf. bhāradvāja, 'bone'), L.; (gaútamī), f. (gaņas gaurādi & sārngaravādi) a female descendant of Gotama (N. of Kripī, Hariv.; BhP.; of Mahā-prajāpatī, Lalit. vii, xv), MBh. xiii, 17 ff.; Sak.; N. of Durgā, Hariv. 10236; of a Rākshasī, L.; of a river $(=go-d\bar{a}var\bar{i}$ or $go-mat\bar{i})$, MBh. xiii, 7647; R. vi, 2, 27; the bile-stone of cattle (go-rocanā), L.; = rājanī, L. - nyagrodha, m. 'Gautama's Nyagrodha,' N. of a fig-tree near Vaisālī, Divyâv. xvii, 6 & 12. - pricchā, f. = goto. - vana, n. 'Gautama's grove,' N. of a locality, TBr. iii, 8, 1, 2, Say. - sa, mfn. with arka, N. of two Samans. - sambhava, f. the Gautamī river, L. - saras, n. 'Gautama's pond,' N. of a lake, SkandaP. - svāmin, m. = goto, HParis. Gautamâraṇya, n., N. of a forest, Hit. iv. Gautamârdhika, mfn. belonging half to the Gautama family, Pāņ. iv, 3, 4, Vārtt. 1, Pat. & Kāš. Gautamāšrama, m. N. of a hermitage, GanP. ii, 95. Gautamesa, m. N. of a Linga. Gautamêsvara-tīrtha, n., N. of a Tirtha, RevaKh. ciic, cclvi.

Gautamaka, m. N. of a Nāga king, Divyâv. ii. Gautami, m. patr. fr. omá, SānkhGr. iv, 10, 3; Parāš. Introd. 4.

Gautami-nandana, m. (metrically for ${}^{\circ}m\bar{\imath}-n{}^{\circ}$) metron. of Asvatthāman, MBh. vii, 6847.

Gaútamī, f. of °má, q. v. - tantra, n., N. of a Tantra. - pútra (gaút°), m. 'son of Gautamī,' N. of a teacher, ŠBr. xiv, 9, 4, 31. - suta, m. = °mi-nandana, MBh. vii, 6857.

Gautamīya, mfn. belonging to or coming from Gautama, Lāty. &c. (f. °yā with mitāksharā, N. of Hara-datta's Comm. on Gaut.)

गौतमस $gautamasa = {}^{\circ}ma-sa \ (q. v.) \ or \ fr.$ go-tamas?

गोदन्तय gaudanteya, m. patr. fr. go-danta, g. subhrâdi (not in Kāš., but in Gaņar. 223).

गौदपरिणाद्ध gaudapariņaddhi, m. patr. fr. guda-pariņaddha, Gaņar. 33, Sch. (svāgudap°, Kās.)

Gaudāyana, m. patr. fr. guda, Pravar. i, 4 (v.l. god); also godāyani, pl. iv, 8.

Gaudeya, m. metron. fr. gudā, g. šubhrādi

गौदानिक gaudānika, mfn. (g. mahānāmnyādi) relating to the Godāna ceremony, ĀsvGṛ. iii, 8, 6; (god°, Gobh.)

সাধার gaudhāra, m. (metron. fr. godhā, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 130) = godh°, an Iguana, L.

Gaudhâsanika, v. l. for gauvāsan°.

Gaudheya, m. (g. $\dot{s}ubhr\dot{a}d\dot{i}$) = $^{\circ}dh\bar{a}ra$, L.; pl. N. of a school of the black Yajur-veda (v. l. $baudh^{\circ}$).

Gaudhera, m. (Pāṇ. iv, I, I29) = ${}^{\circ}dh\bar{a}ra$, L. Gaudheraka, m. a kind of small venomous animal, Sušr. v, 8, 26; cf. $godh^{\circ}$.

Gaudherakāyaṇi, m. patr. fr. °ra, g. vākinddi.

गाधिल gaudhili, pl. patr., Pravar. vi, 1.

गोधूम gaudhūmá, mf(ī, g. bilvûdi)n. made of wheat, MaitrS. i; Hcat. i, 7 (f. ā); made of wheat straw, SBr. v, 2, 1, 6; KātyŚr. xiv, 1, 22 & 5, 7.

Gaudhumra, N. of the author of part of Satar Up. Gaudhenuka, n. (fr. go-dhenu), a herd of milchcows, L.

गौधेय gaudheya, &c. See odhāra.

गौनदें gaunarda, mfn. fr. go-n°, Pāṇ. i, 1, 75, Siddh.

गोप gaupa, m. patr. fr. go-pá, TāṇḍyaBr. xiii, 12, 5, Sch. (for go-pa?).

Gaupatyá, n. (fr. gô-pati); the possession of cattle, VS. iii, xi; TS. i, iii; Gobh. iv, 5, 13.

Gaupanya, m. pl. patr., Pravar. iii, I (gopana, MatsyaP. cvci, 3).

Gaupavana, m. (g. bidddi) patr. fr. go-p°, BṛAr-Up.; Pravar. iii, 1 & 5; (pl.) Pāṇ. ii, 4, 67; n., N. of a Sāman.

Gaupāyana, m. pl. the descendants of go-pά (or gaupa, TāṇḍyaBr., Sch.), TāṇḍyaBr. xiii; Pravar. vi, I (gop°); (authors of RV. x, 57-60) RAnukr.

Gaupālapasupālikā, f. the state or office of Gopālas (cowherds) and Pasupālas (herdsmen), Pāņ. v, I, 133, Kāš.

Gaúpālāyana, m. patr. fr. go-pälá, MaitrS. iii, 10, 4; AitBr. iii, 48, 9.

Gaupāli, m. id., Pāņ. ii, 4,9, Kāš. (mentioned as having had a quarrel with the Sālankāyanas); cf. gop°. Gaupālika, m. (fr. go-pālikā) = °pika, g. šivādi

(Gaṇar. 217).

Gaupāleya, m. id., TāṇḍyaBr. xii, 13, 11.

Gaupika, m. (fr. gopikā), the son of a herds-

man's wife, g. sivadi (not in Kās.)

Gaupuccha, mf(ī)n. (fr. go-p°), resembling a

cow's tail, g. sarkarādi.

Gaupucchika, mfn. = go-pucchena tarat, Pāņ.
iv, 4, 6; v, 1, 19.

Gaupeya. See gaupteya.

Gaubhrita, mfn. fr. go-bhrit, g. samkaladi. Gaumathika. See mathika.

Gaumata, mfn. coming from the Gomati village, g. palady-ādi; being in the Gomati river (as fishes),

Pāṇ. i, 1, 75, Kāŝ.; (i), f. for gautami (N. of a river).

Gaumatāyana, mfn. fr. go-mat, g. arīhaṇâdi.

Gaumatāyanaka, mfn. fr. ona, ib.

Gaumathika, mfn. fr. go-matha (= parvata or hrada or go-medha, Gaṇar., Sch.), g. 2. kumu-dâdi (°mathika, Hemac. & Gaṇar.)

Gaumaya, mfn. (fr. go-m°) coming from cowdung (as ashes), Pāṇ. iv, 3, 155, Vārtt. 5, Pat.

Gaumāyana, m. (g. asvādi), patr. fr. go-min, Pravar. v, I (v.l. °mayāna; °majāta, Kāty.)

गोन्नेय gaupteya, m. metron. fr. guptā, Pāņ. iv, 1, 114, Vārtt. 2, Pat.; 121, Sch. (gaupeya, Kāš.)

गौिफल gauphila. See °laka.

Gauphilaka, m. patr., g. šivddi (Ganar.; °la & gauhila, Hemac.; °lika, Kāš., v. l. gaubhilika).
Gauphileya, mfn. fr. gophila, g. sakhy-ādi (gaubhil', Bhoj.)

Gaubhila, n. Gobhila's Grihya-sūtra, Grihyās. ii, 94 (v. l. gobh°).

Gaubhileya. See gauphilo.

गौभृत gaubhrita, &c. See before.

rite gaurá, mf(i)n. (in comp. or ifc., g. kadārādi) white, yellowish, reddish, pale red, RV. x, 100, 2; TS. v &c.; shining, brilliant, clean, beautiful, Caurap.; m. white, yellowish (the colour), W.; a kind of buffalo (Bos Gaurus, often classed with the Gavaya), RV.; VS. &c.; white mustard (the seed of which is used as a weight, = 3 Rāja-sarshapas), Yājñ. i, 362; Grislea tomentosa (dhava), L.; a species of rice, Gal.; the moon, L.; the planet Jupiter, L.; N. of the Nāga Šesha, Gal.; of Caitanya (cf. -candra); of a Yoga teacher (son of Šuka and Pivarī), Hariv. 981; pl. N. of a family (cf. râtreya), Pravar. iv, 1; n. white mustard, L.; N. of a pot-