आनुचारक ānucāraka, mfn. (fr. anu-cāraka), belonging to an attendant, ib.

आनुजावर ānujāvará, mfn. (fr. anu and  $\sqrt{jan}$ ), posthumous [BRD.]; common, TS.; TBr.

स्नानुडुह ānuḍuha, am, n., v. l. for ānaḍuha, q. v.

सानुतिस्य ānutilya, mfn. (fr. anu-tila), belonging or conformable to grains of Sesamum, Comm. on Pān.

सानुदृष्टिनेय ānudrishtineya, m.f. a descendant of Anu-drishti, q.v., ib.

स्नानु दृष्टेय ānudrishţeya, mfn. id., Pāņ.

श्चानुदेशिक ānudešika, mfn. belonging to an Anu-deša (q. v.) rule, L.

स्नानु नाइय ānunāsya, mfn. (fr. anu-nāsa), belonging or conformable to destruction, Pāņ.

ञ्चानुनासिक्य ānunāsikya, am, n. (fr. anu-nä-sika), nasality (of a sound), RPrät.

ञ्चानुपथ्य ānupathya, mfn. (fr. anu-patha), along the way, Comm. on Pāṇ.

ञानुपदिक ānupadika, mfn. (fr. anu-pada), following, pursuing, tracking; knowing or studying the anupada (q. v.) song, ib.

Anupadya, mfn. being behind any one's steps, ib.

श्चानुपूर्व ānupūrva, am, n. and ī, f. (fr. anupūrva), order, series, succession, MBh.; R. &c.; (in law) direct order of the castes, Mn.; Yājñ. &c.; (generally only instr. -eṇa and -yā, one after the other, in due order.)

Anupūrvya, am, n. order, succession, KātyŠr.; Mn.; Yājñ. &c.; (generally abl. -āt, in due order.)

स्नानुमत ānumatá, mf(ī)n. belonging to the goddess Anu-mati (q. v.), TBr.

ञ्चानुमानिक ānumānika, mf(ī)n. (fr. anumāna), relating to a conclusion, derived from inference, subject to inference, inferable, inferred, Āp.; SāṅkhŚr.; making conclusions, BhP. — tva, n. the state of being inferable, KātyŚr.

স্থানুদাম ānumāshya, mfn. (fr. anu-māsha), belonging or conformable to kidney-beans, Comm. on Pāṇ.

ञ्चानुयव्य ānuyavya, mfn. (fr. anu-yava), belonging to barley, ib.

आनुपातिक ānuyātrika, mfn. (fr. anu-yā-tra), belonging to a servant; belonging to a retinue; a servant, ib.

ञ्चानुयूप ānuyūpya, mfn. (fr. anu-yūpa), being along or belonging to a sacrificial post, ib.

ফানু ক্লেanurakti, is, f. (=anu-rakti, q. v.), passion, affection, L.

ञ्चानुराहित ānurāhati, is, m. f. a descendant of Anu-rahat, Pāṇ. (cf. ānuhārati).

মানু চন্দ্ৰ ānurūpya, am, n. (fr. anu-rūpa), conformity, suitableness, Sāh.

ञ्चानुरोहित ānurohati, is, m. f. a descendant of Anu-rohat (according to T., v.l. for °hārati, q.v.)

चानुरोहिंग ānurohiņa, mf(i)n. belonging to the constellation Rohiņi.

आनुलोमिक ānulomika,  $mf(\bar{\imath})n$ . (fr. anu-loma), in the direction of the hair, in natural or regular order, in due course; conformable, favourable, benevolent, L.

Anulomya, mf(i)n. in the direction of the hair, produced in natural or direct order; (am), n. a direction similar to that of hairs, natural or direct order, Mn.; Yājñ.; Pāṇ.; the state of being prosperous, doing well, Sušr.; Pāṇ.; bringing to one's right place, Sušr.; favourable direction, fit disposition, favourableness, L.; regular series or succession, L.

आनुवंश्य ānuvaṇṣˈya, mfn. (fr. anu-vaṇṣʾa), belonging to a race, conformable to a genealogical list (according to T., 'behind a bamboo'), L.

ञ्चानुवासनिक ānuvāsanika, mfn. (fr. anuvāsana), suitable for an oily enema.

ञ्चानुविधित्सा anuvidhitsa, f. (probably for

an-anuvi $^{\circ}$ , fr. anu-vi- and the Desid. of  $\sqrt{dh\bar{a}}$ ), ingratitude, L.

ञ्चानुवेश्य ānuvesya, mfn. (fr. anu-vesa, Pāņ. iv, 3, 59), a neighbour living on the same side, Mn.

মানুমানিক ānušātika, mfn. (fr. anu-satika, Pāṇ. vii, 3, 20), belonging to a person or thing accompanied with or bought for a hundred.

ञ्चानुशासनिक ānusāsanika, mfn. (fr. anusāsana), relating to or treating of instruction, MBh.

सानुश्क ānusūka, mfn. (fr. anu-sūka), being with or within the awns (as rice).

মানুস্থৰ ānusrava, mfn. according to hearing, resting on tradition, derived from the Veda or tradition, BhP.

Ānuśravika and ānuśrāvika, mfn. id.

श्चानुषक ānushák, ind. (fr. anu-√sañj [gaṇa svarddi]), in continuous order, uninterruptedly, one after the other, RV. v, 16, 2, &c. (cf. anushak).

Anushangika, mf(ī)n.(fr. anu-shanga), closely adherent, following, concomitant, inherent, implied, BhP.; Pañcat.; consistent; lasting, enduring, Rājat.; necessarily following, necessary as a result or consequence, inevitable; occasional, unimportant, secondary, Sāh.; (in Gr.) elliptical, including or agreeing with words not comprised in the sentence.—tva, am, n. the being occasional, secondary, Siddh. on Pāṇ. ii, 2, 29 (p. 430).

ञ्चानुषराड ānushaṇḍa, mfn. belonging to the country Anu-shaṇḍa (q. v.), L.

মানুদ্রক ānushūká, mfn. (probably fr. anushūka, 'after-shoot of rice' [according to native interpretation from  $anu-\sqrt{s\bar{u}}$ ]), 'in the manner of the after-shoot of rice,' i. e. shot after, TS. ii, 3, 4, 2.

आनुष्ट्रभ anushtubha, mf(i)n. consisting of Anu-shtubhs; formed like the Anu-shtubh metre (e.g. composed of four divisions), RV. x, 181, 1; VS.; SBr.; RPrat.

Anushtubhaushniha, mfn. consisting of the two metres Anu-shtubh and Ushnih, RPrāt.

श्चानुसाय्य ānusāyya, mfn. (fr. anu-sāya), being every evening, Comm. on Pāṇ.

ञ्चानुसीत्य ānusītya, mfn. (fr. anu-sīta), being along the furrow, ib.

ञ्चानुसीय ānusīrya, mfn. (fr. anu-sīra), being along the plough, ib.

ञ्चानुसुक ānusuka, mfn. studying or knowing the work Anusū (q. v.), L.

सानुसूक  $\bar{a}nus\bar{u}ka = \bar{a}nush\bar{v}ka$  (?), q.v.

आनुसूय ānusūya, mfn. given by Anu-sūyā (Atri's wife), Ragh. xiv, 14.

ञ्चानुसृतिनेय ānus ritineya, m. f. a descendant of Anu-sriti, Pāņ.

आनुसृष्टिने य ānusrishţineya, m. f. a descendant of Anu-srishţi, ib.

श्चानुहारित ānuhārati, m. f. a descendant of Anu-harat, ib.

आनूक ānūká, am, n. (fr. anv-añc), 'lying close to,' ornament, jewels, RV. v, 33, 9 [according to NBD. ānūkam, ind. subsequently; but Sāy. explains the word by ābharaṇa].

Eliquanupa, mfn. (fr. anupa, gaṇa kacchâdi [Pāṇ. iv, 2, 133]), belonging to a watery place; wet, watery, marshy, Susr.; (as), m. any animal frequenting watery or marshy places, as fishes, buffaloes, &c. (cf. anupa), ib.; a descendant of Anupa; (am), n., N. of a Sāman, Lāṭy. iv, 6, 1.—mānsa, am, n. the flesh or meat of animals frequenting watery or marshy places.

Ānupaka, mfn. living in marshy places, Pān.

चानृ एय ānṛiṇya, am,n.(fr. an-ṛiṇa), acquittance of debt or obligation, the not being indebted to (gen.), Mn.; MBh.; R.; Ragh.; Pañcat. &c.

भानृत  $\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{nrit}$ , P. (aor. 3. pl.  $\bar{a}$ -nritus, RV. v, 52, 12; p. -nrityat, AV. iv, 37, 7) to dance towards, hasten near, jump near: Caus. (impf. 3. pl. -nartayan) to agitate gently, Ritus.; Ragh.

A-narta, as, m. dancing-room, dancing academy,

T.; a stage, theatre, L.; war, L.; N. of a king (son of Saryāti), Hariv.; N. of a country (northern Kāthiavād), ib.; (ās), m. pl., N. of the inhabitants of the above country; of the kings of that country; (am), n. the empire of the Anartas; water, L.; dancing, T. — pura, n. the capital of Anarta, i. e. Dvāravatī, L.

Anartaka, mfn. dancing towards, T.; belonging to the inhabitants of Anarta, (gana dhūmddi, Pān. iv, 2, 127.)

A-nartana, am, n. the act of dancing towards or near, dancing, SankhGr. i, 11, 5.

A-nartita, mfn. agitated gently. Bhartr.
Anartīya, mfn. belonging to the country (and the people of) Anarta.

মানুন ānṛita, mf(i)n. (fr. en-ṛita, gaṇa chattrādi, Pāṇ. iv, 4,62), untruthful, lying, false.
Ānṛitaka,mfn.belonging to or occupied byliars, L.

आनुशंस ānrišansa, am, n. (fr. a-nrišansa), absence of cruelty or harm, absence of injury, mildness, kindness, benevolence, MBh.; Gaut. v, 45.

Anrisansi, m. f. (Pāṇ. iv, 1, 95) the descendant of a benevolent person, T.; a benevolent person, L. Anrisansiya, mfn. belonging to a benevolent

person, (gaṇa gahâdi, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 138.)

Ānṛiṣanṣya, mf(ā)n. merciful, mild, kind, MBh.;
(am), n. absence of cruelty or harm, kindness, mercy, compassion, benevolence, MBh.; Mn.; Āp. — tas, ind. from harmlessness, through kindness.

श्चाने मिमग्न  $\bar{a}$ -nemi-magna, mfn. sunk up to the rim or felloe (as a wheel).

सानेपुण ānaipuṇa, am, n. (fr. a-nipuṇa, Pāṇ. vii, 3, 30), unskilfulness, clumsiness (cf. a-naipuṇa).

ञ्चानेश्वयं ānaisvarya, am, n. (fr. an-īsvara [Pāṇ. vii, 3, 30]), absence of power or supremacy (cf. an-aisvarya).

ञ्चाना 1. anta. See under 3. am (p. 80).

ञ्चान 2. anta, mfn. final, terminal, relating to the end.

Antya, as, m. one who finishes, personified as Bhauvana, VS.; TS.

Antyāyaná, as, m. a descendant of the above, TS. স্থান: মুণিক āntaḥpurika, mfn. (fr. antaḥ-pura), belonging to the women's apartments; (am), n. anything done in the women's apartment.

खानम् ântám, ind. (for ā-antam), to the end, completely, from head to foot, SBr.; TS.; Gaut.

internal, inward, Bhaṭṭ.; native, indigenous, MBh.; being inside, within (a palace &c.), MBh.; (as), m. an intimate friend; (am), n. the heart, Naish.—prapañca, m. (in phil.) 'the inward expansion;' the fantasies of the soul produced by ignorance.

Antaratamya, am, n. (fr. antara-tama), nearest or closest relationship (as of two letters), Siddh.
Antarya, am, n. near relationship (of two letters).

स्थानारागारिक āntarāgārika, mfn. (fr. antarāgāra), belonging to the inner or women's apartments; (as), m. the keeper of a king's wives; (am), n. the office of the above.

ञ्चानरायिक āntarāyika, mfn. (fr. antar-āya), returning at intervals, repeated from time to time.

মানানে āntarāla, mfn. (ir. antar-āla), (in phil.) 'those who know the condition of the soul within the body,' N. of a philosophical sect.

सानारिक्ष āntarikshá or āntarīksha, mf(ī)n. (fr. antariksha), belonging to the intermediate space between heaven and earth, atmospherical, proceeding from or produced in the atmosphere, VS.; TS.; MBh.; VarBṛS.; Suṣr.; (am), n. rain-water.

आनारीपक āntarīpaka, mfn. (fr. antar-īpa, gaṇa dhūmādi, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 127, where [in Böhtlingk's edition] antarīpa is to be read instead of antarīya), belonging to or being :n an island.

आनगेणिक antargaṇika, mf(i)n. (fr. antar-gaṇa), included or comprehended in a class or troop, L.

आनगेहिक āntargehika, mf(i)n. (fr. antargeha), being inside a house, ib.