n. a drinking-house, tavern, L. - madândha, mfn. blind through drunkenness, dead drunk, BhP. - maya, mf(i)n. consisting of intoxicating liquor, Hear. - rnava (rârn°), m. N. of wk. - vatī, f. N. of a girl (and of Kathās. xiii so called after her); of another girl, Hcar. - vasa-ga, mfn. subdued by i.e. drunk with wine, Hariv. - sala, f. = -griha, MW. - sakha, m. 'friend of wine,' the mango tree, L. - sava (râs), m. any intoxicating liquor, R. Madirôtkata, mfn. excited or intoxicated with spirituous liquor, R. Madirônmatta, mfn. drunk with wine or spirituous liquor, MaitrUp.

Mádishtha, $mf(\bar{a})n$. (superl. of madin) very intoxicating or exhilarating &c., RV.; AV.; Pañcav-Br.; (\bar{a}) , f. any intoxicating beverage, L.

Madishnu, mfn. = mandu, Nir. iv, 12.

Madúgha, m. N. of a plant yielding honey or a species of liquorice, AV.; Kaus.

Madura, m. a bird, L.; N. of a prince, VP. Maderú, mfn. 'very intoxicating' or 'worthy

of praise,' RV. x, 106, 6 (Say.)

2. **Mádya**, $mf(\bar{a})n$. (for 1. see p. 777, col. 2) intoxicating, exhilarating, gladdening, lovely, RV.; n. any intoxicating drink, vinous or spirituous liquor, wine, Mn.; MBh. &c. - kīṭa, m. a kind of insect or animalcule bred in vinegar &c., L. - kumbha, m. a vessel for intoxicating liquors, brandy-jar, Kāv. -druma, m. Caryota Urens, L. -pa, $mf(\bar{a})n$. drinking intoxicating liquor, a drunkard, ChUp.; Mn. &c.; m. N. of a Dānava, Hariv.; -°pâšana, n. a drunkard's meal, L. - panka, m. vinous liquor for distilling, mash, L. - pana, n. the drinking of intoxicating liquors, MBh.; Pañcat.; Susr.; any into drink, MārkP. **- pīta**, mfn. = $p\bar{i}ta$ -madya, g. $\bar{a}hit\hat{a}$ gny-ādi. - pura, n. du. (?), Divyâv. - pushpā or -pushpī, f. Grislea Tomentosa, L. - bīja, n. lees of wine, ferment, L. - bhājana (L.), -bhānda (Vas.). n = -kumbha, q. v. — manda, m. yeast, barm, froth, L. - maya, mf(i)n, consisting of intoxicating liquors, Jātakam. — lālasa, m. Mimusops Elengi, L. - vāsinī, f. = - $pushp\bar{a}$, L. - vikraya, m. the sale of into liquors, Yājn., Sch. - vīja, see -bīja. - saṃdhāna, n. distillation of spirit, L. Madyakshepa, m. addiction to drink, Car. Madyamoda, m. Mimusops Elengi, L. Madyasattaka, m. N. of a man, Rājat. (prob.w.r. for madydsaktaka).

Madrá, m. a country to the north-west of Hindustan proper, or a king (pl. the people) of this co, SBr. &c. &c.; N. of a son of Sibi (the progenitor of the Madras), Pur.; (\tilde{a}) , f. N. of a daughter of Raudrāsva, Hariv.; (in music) a personification of the first Mūrchanā in the Gāndhāra-grāma; (\bar{i}) , f. a princess of Madra, Pān. iv, I, 177, Sch.; n. joy, happiness (madram tasya or tasmai, 'joy to him!' cf. n. of bhadra), Pāņ. ii, 3, 73. - kāra, mfn. causing joy or happiness, Pan. iii, 2, 44; m., v.l. for madra-gāra, VBr. - kūla, g. dhūmddi. - gāra or -gāri, m. N. of a man, VBr.; Pravar. - m-kara, $mfn. = {}^{\circ}dra-k\bar{a}ra$, Pāṇ. iii, 2, 44. — jā, mfn. born in Madra, VP. - nagara, n. the city of the Madras, Pāņ. vii, 3, 24, Sch. - nābha, m. a partic. mixed caste, MBh. - pa, m. a ruler of the Madras, ib. - rāja, m. a king of the Madras, Hariv. - vānija, m. a merchant who goes to Madra, Pāņ. vi, 2, 13 Sch. - sadesa, -sanīda, -samaryāda, -savidha, -savesa, n. neighbourhood of the Mo, Pan. vi, 2, 23, Sch. - suta, f. 'daughter of the king of M', N. of Mādrī (the second wife of Pāṇḍu), L. - strī, f. a Madra woman, MBh. - hrada, m. N. of a lake, Pat. Madrârma and odrâsmârma, n., Pan. vi, 2, 91. Madrêsa or osvara, m. a sovereign of the Madras, Hariv.; Pur.

Madraka, mfn. = $m\bar{a}dro\ m\bar{a}drau\ v\bar{a}\ bhaktir$ asya, Pan. iv, 3, 100, Vartt. 2, Pat.; belonging to or produced in Madra, W.; m. (pl.) N. of a degraded people (= madra), MBh.; Hariv.; Pur.; (sg.) a prince or an inhabitant of Madra, MBh.; N. of Šibi (see under madra), Hariv.; of a poet, Cat.; (ikā), f., see below; n. N. of a kind of song, Yājñ.; a kind of metre, Col. - pati, m. a ruler of the Madras, VarBrS. -gīti, f. the song called Madraka, L. Madrakâdhama, mfn. the lowest or meanest of the Madras, MBh.

Madrā-√kri, P. -karoti, to shear, shave, Pāṇ. v, 4, 67 (cf. $bhadra-\sqrt{kri}$).

Madrāya, Nom. A. vate, to be glad, rejoice, g.

Madrikā, f. a Madra woman, MBh. - kalpa, mfn. resembling a M° w°, Pān.vi, 3, 37, Sch. - bhār-

ya, m. 'having a Mow for wife,' the husband of a M°w°, ib. - mānin, mfn. thinking (a person to be) a Madra woman, ib.

Madrikāya, Nom. A. vate, to be like a Madra woman, Pān. vi, 3, 37, Sch.

2. Madvat, mfn. (for 1. see p. 777, col. 2) intoxicating, gladdening, SankhBr. (Sch.); containing a form or derivative of $\sqrt{2}$. mad, Br.

Mádvan, mfn. addicted to joy or intoxication, RV. viii, 81, 19; gladdening, intoxicating, ib. ix, 86, 35; m. N. of Siva, Un. iv, 112, Sch.

मददिन madadin, g. pragady-ādi.

मद्र्पतपुर madarpata-pura or opita-pura, n. N. of a town, Rājat.

मदामेद madārmada, m. a species of fish, L. (cf. mahônmada).

मदि madi or madikā, f. a kind of harrow or roller, Krishis. (cf. matya).

मदौषु madīņu, N. of a place (Medina?),

मदोय madiya. See p. 777, col. 2.

मझ madga. See puru-madga.

मह madgú, m. (accord. to Un. i, 7 fr. √majj) a diver-bird (a kind of aquatic bird or cormorant; cf. Lat. mergus), VS. &c. &c. (also oguka, R.); a species of wild animal frequenting the boughs of trees (=parna-mriga), Susr.; a kind of snake, L.; a partic. fish, Nīlak.; a kind of galley or vessel of war, Das.; a partic. mixed caste, Mn. x, 48 (the son of a Nishtya and a Varuțī, a Māhishya who knows medicine, or a Pāra-dhenuka who proclaims orders, L.); a person who kills wild beasts, L. (cf. Mn. x, 48); N. of a son of Svaphalka, Hariv. - bhūta, w. r. for manku-bho, Divyav.

Madgura, m. (Un. i, 42) a species of fish, Macropteronatus Magur, Lalit.; Bhpr. (-priyā, f. a female Mo, L.); a diver, pearl-fisher (as a partic, mixed caste), MBh.; Hariv.

Madguraka, m. Macropteronatus Magur, L. Madgurasi, f. a species of fish, L.

महक maddhaka, m. (with pandita) N. of a poet, Cat. (cf. madraka).

मङ्ग $mad-\sqrt{bh\bar{u}}$. See p. 777, col. 2.

मद्य 1. 2. madya. See pp. 777 ध्राप्त 779.

मद madra &c. See col. 1.

मद्भिक् madrik. See p. 777, col. 2.

मदूकस्थलो madruka-sthalī, f., g. dhūmâdi. मदुमरकन्य madrumara-kantha, n., g. ciha-

मद्भाव madryànc. See p. 777, col. 2.

महचन mad-vacana &c. See p. 777, col. 2.

मध्य madhavyà. See p. 781, col. 1.

मधु mádhu, mf(ŭ or vī)n. (gen. n. Ved. mádhvas, mádhos or mádhunas ; instr. mádhvā ; dat. mádhune; loc. mádhau) sweet, delicious, pleasant, charming, delightful, RV.; TS.; bitter or pungent, L.; m. N. of the first month of the year (= Caitra, March-April), SBr. &c. &c.; the season of spring, Var.; Kālid.; Bassia Latifolia, L.; Jonesia Asoka, L.; liquorice, L.; N. of Siva, MBh.; of two Asuras (the one killed by Vishnu, the other by Satru-ghna), MBh.; Hariv.; Pur.; of one of the 7 sages under Manu Cākshusha, MārkP.; of a son of the third Manu, Hariv.; of various princes (of a son of Vrisha, of Deva-kshatra. of Bindu-mat. of Ariuna Kartavirva). Hariv.; Pur.; of a son of Bhatta-nārāyaṇa, Kshitîš.; of a teacher (= Madhva or Ananda-tīrtha), Col.; of a mountain, MarkP.; (pl.) the race of Madhu (= the Yādavas or Māthuras), MBh.; Hariv.; BhP.; (u), f. a partic, plant $(=jiv\bar{a} \text{ or } jivant\bar{i})$, L.; n. anything sweet (esp. if liquid), mead &c., RV.; AV.; TBr.; Soma (also somyanı madhu), RV.; honey (said to possess intoxicating qualities and to be of 8 kinds; madhuno leha, m. licker of honey, a bee, W.), RV. &c. &c.; milk or anything produced from milk (as butter, ghee &c.), RV.; VS.; GrŚrS.; the juice or nectar of flowers, any sweet in-

Var.; Sāh.; sugar, L.; water, L.; pyrites, Bhpr.; N. of a Brāhmana, SBr.; a kind of metre, Col. [Cf. Gk. μέθυ, μέθη; Slav. medű; Lith. midùs, medùs; Germ. Meth; Eng. mead.] - kantha, m. the Indian cuckoo (= kokila), L.; N. of a poet, Cat. -kara, m. 'honey-maker,' a bee, Hariv.; Kāv. &c.; a lover, libertine, L.; Eclipta Prostrata or Asparagus Racemosus, L.; Achyranthes Aspera, W.; the round sweet lime, W.; (\bar{i}) , f. a female bee, Kāv.; Pañcat. (v.l.) &c.; N. of a girl, Hcar.; -gana, in. a swarm of bees, SarngP.; -maya, mfn. consisting of bees, Kad.; -rajan, m. the king of bees i.e. the queen bo, PrasuUp.; -sreni, f. a line of bos, Megh.; -sāha (Cat.) and -sāhi (Inscr.), m. N. of two kings. - karāya, Nom. A. vate, to represent a bee, Das. - karikā, f. N. of woman, Mālav. - karin, m. a bee, Pañcat. (v.l.) - karkațikā, f. the sweet lime, L.; the date, L. - karkați, f. the sw° l°, L.; the sw° cucumber, L. - karņa, g. kumudadi. - kasa, f. 'whip of sweetness,' a kind of whip or lash belonging to the Asvins with which they are said to sweeten the Soma juice (afterwards a symbol of plenty), RV.; AV.; TāṇḍyaBr.; KātySr. - kāṇḍa, n. N. of the first Kāṇḍa of the Brihad-āraṇyakôpanishad. - kanana, n. the forest of the Asura Madhu, Pañcar. - kāra, m. 'honey-maker,' a bee, BhP.; (\bar{i}) , f. a female bee, R.; a partic. wind-instrument, Samgit. - kārin, m. a bee, W. - kirī, f. N. of a Rāga, Samgit. - kukkuţikā, f. = -kukkuţi, L.; another plant (= madhurā), L. - kukkuṭī, f. a kind of citron tree with ill-smelling blossoms, L. - kumbhā, f. N. of one of the Mātris attending on Skanda, MBh. - kulya, f. a stream of honey, ho in stros, SBr.; N. of a river in Kusa-dvipa, BhP. - kūta, m. N. of a poet. - kūla $(m\acute{a}dhu)$, mf (\vec{a}) n. whose banks consist of butter, AV. - krit, min. making honey or sweetness; m. a bee, AV.; TS.; Br.; ChUp. - kesata, m. 'honey-insect,' a bee, L. - kaitasa-sūdana, m. N. of Vishņu, Vishņ. (w.r. for -kai(abha-so). - kosa, m. 'ho-receptacle,' a beehive, L.; N. of sev. wks.; n. a honeycomb, ApSr., Comm. - krama, m. a bee-hive, L.; a honeycomb, MW.; pl. a drinking bout, L. - kroda, m. or n. (?) a fritter with sweet stuffing, Car. - kshīra (L.) or °raka (A.), m. Phoenix Silvestris. —kharjūrikā or ojūrī, f. a kind of date, L. - gandhika, mfn. sweet-swelling, Suir. - gāyana, m. the Indian cuckoo, L. - guñjana, m. Hyperanthera Moringa, L. - grahá, m. a libation of honey, SBr.; KātySr. -gluntha, m. a lump of honey (honeycomb?), ApŚr. - ghosha, m. 'sweetly-sounding,' the Indian cuckoo, L. - cchattra, m. or n. (?) = vrikshâdana, L. - cchada, m. Flacourtia Sapida, L. (also \bar{a} , f.; Bhpr.) - cchanda, m. (mostly m. c.) = next. MBh.; Hariv.; R. - cchandas, m. N. of the 51st of Visvā-mitra's 101 sons, AitBr.; ŠānkhŠr. &c.; pl. N. of all the sons of Vo, BhP. -cyut, mfn. (MBh.; R. &c.) or -cyuta, $mf(\tilde{a})n$. (R.; BhP.) dropping sweets or honey. -ja, $mf(\bar{a})n$, obtained from honey, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. sugar made from ho, so-candy, L.; the earth, L.; n. bees-wax, L. - jambīra, -jambha or -jambhala, m. a kind of sweet citron, L. - jāta $(m\acute{a}dhu$ -), mf (\bar{a}) n. sprung or produced from ho, AV. - jālaka, n. a ho-comb, AVParis. - jit, m. 'conqueror of the Daitya Madhu,' N. of Vishnu, L. -jihva (mádhu-), mfn. ho-tongued, sweet-to, sweetly-speaking, RV.; VS.; SBr. - taru, m. (Vas., Comm.) and -trina, m. n. (Vās.) sugar-cane. - traya, n. the three sweet things (viz. sitā, mākshika and sarpis, q.v.), L. -tva, n. sweetness, MaitrUp. - dalā, f. Sanseviera Roxburghiana, L. - dīpa, m. 'lamp of spring,' the god of love, L. -dúgha, $mf(\bar{a})n$, milking (i.e. yielding) sweetness, RV. - dūta, m. 'messenger of spring,' the mango tree, L.; (i), f. Bignonia Suaveolens, Bhpr. - doghá, mfn. = -digha, RV. - doham, ind. milking out or obtaining honey, MBh. - dra, m. $(\sqrt{2}. dr\bar{a})$ 'hastening after honey or sweets,' a bee, L.; a libertine, L. -drava, m. a red-blossomed Hyperanthera Moringa, L. - druma, m. the mango tree, L.; Bassia Latifolia, L. - dvish, m. 'foe of the Daitya Madhu,' N. of Vishnu-Krishna, Sis.; BhP. - dhá, mfn. dispensing sweetness, RV. - dhātu, m. pyrites, L. – dhāna ($m\acute{a}dhu$ -), mf(\bar{a})n. pouring out sweetness, RV.; AV. - dhārā, f. a stream of honey, Kād.; BhP. &c.; a stream or plenty of sweet intoxicating drinks, Vcar.; N. of a mythical river, Hariv.; of wk. -dhuli, f. molasses, unrefined brown sugar, L. -dhenu, f. honey offered to Brahmans in the form toxicating drink, wine or spirituous liquor, Kav.; of a cow, Hcat. - dhvaja and -nandi, m. N. of