odoratissimus, MBh.; R.; Megh. &c.; (i), f. (g. gaurâdi, Gaṇar. 46) id., Gīt.; Vet.; Sāh.; SivaP. **Ketaki**, metrically for  ${}^{\circ}k\bar{i}$ , f., Susr.; Bhartr.; Git.

केतन ketana, °taya, &c. See kéta.

केति क्विति ketali-kīrti, is, m., N. of the author of the work Megha-mālā.

केतु  $ket\acute{u}$ , us, m.(fr.  $\sqrt{4.cit}$ ), bright appearance, clearness, brightness (often pl., 'rays of light'), RV.; VS.; AV.; lamp, flame, torch, ib.; day-time, SānkhBr.; (Naigh. iii, 9) apparition, form, shape, RV.; PārGr.; sign, mark, ensign, flag, banner, RV.; AV.; MBh. &c.; a chief, leader, eminent person, RV.; R. iv, 28, 18; Ragh. ii, 33; BhP.; intellect, judgment, discernment (?), RV. v, 66, 4; AV. x, 2, 12; any unusual or striking phenomenon, comet, meteor, falling star, AdbhBr.; Mn. i, 38; VarBrS.; BhP. &c.; the dragon's tail or descending node (considered in astron, as the 9th planet, and in mythol. as the body of the demon Sainhikeya [son of Sinhika] which was severed from the head or Rahu by Vishnu at the churning of the ocean, but was rendered immortal by having tasted the Amrita), Hariv. 4259; R.; VP.; 'a pigmy race,' see -gana below; disease, L.; an enemy, L.; N. of a son of Agni (author of RV. x, 156), RAnukr.; (with the patr. Vājya), VBr.; N. of a Dānava, Hariv. 198; of a son (of Rishabha, BhP. v, 4, 10; of the 4th Manu, viii, I, 27); arunāh ketávah, 'red apparitions,' a class of spirits (a kind of sacrificial fire is called after them āruņaketuka, q. v.), AV. xi, 10, 1 f. & 7; TAr.; MBh. xii, 26, 7. - gana, m. the dwarfish inhabitants of Kuša-dvīpa (children of Jaimini), Tāj. -graha, m. the descending node (see above s. v. ketu), L.; -vallabha, m. = vallabha, m. = vallabha, Npr. - cakra, n. a kind of diagram. - tārā, f. a comet, W. -dharman, m., N. of a man (v.l. -varman), MBh. xiv, 2154. - bha, m. a cloud, L. - bhūta, mfn. being or become a banner, Nal. xii, 28. - mát, mfn. endowed with brightness, AV.; (interpolation after RV. viii, 56); clear (as a sound), RV. vi, 47, 31; AV. iii, 19, 6;  $(\bar{a}n)$ , m. a Yaksha, Gal.; N. of a Muni, VāyuP.; of a Dānava, MBh.; Hariv.; of a regent of the western part of the world (son of Rajas), VP.; of a son of Kshema and father of Suketu, Hariv. 1593; of a son of Kshemya and father of Varsha-ketu, 1750; of a warrior, MBh. ii, 122 & 127; of a son of Dhanvantari, BhP. ix, 17, 5; of Ambarisha, ix, 6, 1; N. of a mountain, Buddh.; of a palace of Väsu-deva's wife Sunandā, Hariv. 8989;  $(t\bar{t})$ , f. a metre (of  $2 \times 21$  syllables); N. of the wife of Sumālin, R. vii, 5, 37; N. of a locality, W. - māla, m., N. of a son of Agnīdhra, VP.; of a boar, R. v, 9, 66; BhP.; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people, Hariv. 8227 & 8654; (as, am), m. n. one of the nine great divisions of the known world (the western portion or Varsha of Jambū-dvīpa, called after Ketu-māla), Sūryas.; VP.; BhP.; (ā), f., N. of a Tīrtha, MBh. iii, 8368 ff. **– mālaka**, m. or n. the Varsha called Ketu-māla (q. v.), VP. **– māli,** see *lin.* – mālin, m., N. of a Dānava, Hariv. (metrically also oli); of a Muni, VāyuP. - yashţi, f. a flag-staff, Ragh. xii, 103. - ratna, n. 'Rāhu's favourite, beryl, L. - varman, see -dharman. -vīrya, m., N. of a Dānava, Hariv. 198. - sringa, m., N. of a king, MBh. i, 230; of a Muni,

कदर kedara, mfn. = kekara, L; (as), m., N. of a plant, L.

केदार kedāra, as, m. (am, n., L.) a field or meadow, especially one under water, Mn. ix, 38 & 44; MBh.; R. &c.; Kapilasya ko, 'Kapila's field,' N. of a Tirtha, MBh. iii, 6042 ff.; Matangasya  $k^{\circ}$ , 'Matanga's field,' another Tirtha, 8159; a basin for water round the root of a tree, L.; a bed in a garden or field, W.; plain, area, KātyŚr. xviii, 5, 4, Sch.; N. of a particular constellation, VarBr.; of a Rāga (in music); of a mountain country (the modern Kedar, part of the Himâlaya mountains, W.), MBh. vi, 427; NandiP.; N. of Siva as worshipped in the Himalaya; of the author of a work entitled Abdhi; (i), f., N. of a Rāgiņi; (am), n., N. of a Tirtha, MatsyaP.; of a Linga, ib.; (in the Himâlaya) SivaP. - kaţu, f. (?) a kind of plant, Gal. - kaţukā, f. a kind of Helleborus, L. - kalpa, m., N. of a section of the SkandaP., NandiP. - khanda, n. a small dyke (earth raised to keep

a field (to keep out water), MBh. i, ch. 3. -ja, n. the fruit of Cerasus Puddum, L. - tīrtha, n., N. of a Tirtha, SivaP. - deva, m., N. of a man. - nātha, m., N. of Šiva as worshipped in the Himâlaya. — purāņa, n., N. of a Purāņa. — bhatta, m., N. of an author. - malla, m., N. of Mandanapāla. - māhātmya, n., N. of a section of the VāyuP. - linga, n., N. of a Linga, Samkar. - sambhu, m., N. of a Tirtha, Rasik. - setu, m. a dyke raised round a field, Car. iii, 3. Kedārēša, m., N. of a statue of Siva in Kāšī, SkandaP.; (am), n., N. of a Linga, Nandi P. **Kedārēšvara**, m.  $(= {}^{\circ}r\dot{e}\dot{s}a)$ , Šiva's statue in Kāšī, SkandaP.; (am), n., N. of a Tīrtha in the Himalaya; -linga, n., N. of a Linga, SkandaP.; -sthalī, f., N. of a locality, KapSamh.

**Kedāraka**, as, m. a kind of rice, Sušr.;  $(ik\bar{a})$ , f. (in music) N. of a Rāgiņī.

केन kéna, instr. ind. (fr. 2. ká), by what? SBr. iv; MBh. i, ch. 3; whence? MBh. xiii, 2167; R. vi, 12, 4; how? why? Pancat.; Bhartr. Kenêshitôpanishad, t, f., N. of an Up. (beginning with the word kenêshitam). Kenôpanishad, t, f. id. (beginning with kena).

कनतो kenatī, f., N. of the wife of Kāma (the god of love), L.

कनव kenava, as, m., N. of a teacher (pupil of Sākapūrņi), VP.

केनार kenāra, as, m. the head, L.; 'a skull' or 'the temples, upper part of the cheek' (kapāla or kapola), L.; a joint, L.; a division of hell, hell compared to a potter's kiln, L.

केनिप kenipá, as, m. a sage, RV. x, 44, 4; (cf. āke-nipá.)

केनिपात kenipāta, as, m. the helm, rudder, large oar used as a rudder, L.

Kenipätaka, as, m. id., L.

Kenipātana, am, n. id., Gal.

केन्द्र kendu, us, m. a kind of ebony (Diospyros embryopteris), L. - villa, v. l. for kindu-

**Kenduka**, as, m. another variety of ebony (yielding a species of tar, Diospyros glutinosa), L.; (in music) a kind of measure.

केन्द्र kendra, am, n. (borrowed fr. Gk. κέντρον), the centre of a circle; the equation of the centre; the argument of a circle; the argument of an equation, W.; the distance of a planet from the first point of its orbit in the fourth, seventh, or tenth degree, Süryas. &c.; the first, fourth, seventh, and tenth lunar mansion, VarBrS.; VarBr.; (cf. dvitiya-k°, patana-k°, manda-k°, sīghra-k°.)

**Kendrakā**, f. for kecukā (q. v.), Susr.

केप kep, cl. 1. Ā. kepate, to shake or tremble, Dhātup. x, 7; to go, ib.; (cf. √gep.)

Képi, mfn. trembling, shaking, RV. x, 44, 6; unclean, Nir. v, 24.

केमद्रम kema-druma, as, m. in astron. = κενο-δρόμος, VarBr. xiii, 3 & 6.

केमुक kemuka, as, m. (=kecuka) Colocasia antiquorum, Bhpr.; Costus speciosus, L.

कचुक kembuka, am, n. cabbage, Car.; the kernel of the Areca nut, Npr.

कयूर keyūra, am, n. a bracelet worn on the upper arm, MBh.; R.; Ragh. &c.; (as), m. id., Bhartr. ii, 16; a kind of coitus; N. of a Samādhi, Kārand. - dharā, f. 'wearing a bracelet on the upper arm,' N. of an Apsaras, Kārand. - bala, m., N. of a Deva-putra, Lalit.

Keyūraka, as, m., N. of a Gandharva, Kād. Keyūrāya, Nom. A. vate, to represent a ke-

**Keyūrin**, mfn. decorated with a bracelet on the upper arm, Kād.; Hcar.; MārkP. xxiii, 102.

करक keraka, for kerala, q. v.

करल kerala, ās, m pl., N of the inhabitants of Malabar, MBh. (once keraka, ii, 1173): Hariv.; R.; VarBṛS.; (as), m. (gaṇa kambojādi) the king of the Keralas, MBh. iii, 15250; N. of a son of Akrida (from whom the people of Kerala is derived), Hariv. 1836;  $(\bar{i})$ , f. a Kerala woman, Kād.;

of time equal to about one hour, L.; (am), n., N. of the country inhabited by the Keralas, MBh. vi, 352. – jātaka, -tantra, n., -siddhânta, m., N. of works. Keralôtpatti, f., N. of a work.

Keralaka, ās, m. pl., N. of the inhabitants of Malabar, VarBrS. xiv, 12; (as), m., N. of a Nāga demon, VāmP.;  $(ik\bar{a})$ , f., N. of a woman, Vāsav.

केह keru. See mahi-k°.

play, gana kandv-ādi.

কান্ত kel, cl. 1. P. kelati, to shake, tremble, Dhātup. xv, 30; to go or move, ib.; to be frolicsome, sport (cf. Prākrit  $\sqrt{k\bar{\imath}l} = kr\bar{\imath}d$ ), W.

**Kelaka**, as, m. a dancer, tumbler, one who walks or dances on the edge of a sword, L.; (cf. kekala.) **Kelāya**, Nom. Ā.  $^{\circ}$ *yate* (fr.  $\sqrt{kr\bar{\iota}d}$ ), to sport,

Keli, is, m. f. play, sport, amorous sport, pastime, amusement, Mn. viii, 357; Mricch. &c.; disguise, concealment, Gal.; (is), f. the earth, L. - kadam**ba,** m. (=-vriksha) a variety of the Kadamba, L. - kamala, n. a lotus flower for playing with, Caurap. - kala, mfn. amusing one's self, Hariv. ii, 75, 55 (v. l. -kila);  $(\bar{a})$ , f. amorous or sportive accents or address, W.; sportive skill, wantonness, W.; the Vîṇā or lute of Sarasvatī, L. - kalaha, m. a quarrel in jest or joke, L. - kānana, n. a pleasuregrove, L. - kila, mfn. sporting, amusing one's self, Hariv. 3380 (v. l. -kala); finding pleasure in (in comp.), 7671; wanton, arrogant; litigious, quarrelsome, 3209; (as), m. the confidential companion of the hero of a drama (in general a sort of buffoon), L.; N. of one of Siva's attendants, L.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. sport, amusement, Comm. on L.; N. of Rati (the wife of Kāma-deva), L.; N. of a town, VP. - kīrņa, m. 'full of amusement,' a camel, L. - kuncikā, f. a wife's younger sister, L.; (cf. kal<sup>o</sup>.) - kailāsa, m. a mountain that is to represent the Kailasa mountain, Viddh. - kosa, m. 'receptacle of amusement,' a dancer, actor, L. - griha, n. a pleasure-house, private apartment, Comm. on Amar. - nagara, m. a sensualist, enjoyer of worldly pleasures, L. -niketana, n. = -griha, Amar. - para, mfn. wanton, sportive, W. - palvala, n. a pleasure-pond, Naish.i, 117. - mandapa, -mandira, n. = -griha, Sāntiš.; Caurap. - mukha, m. pastime, sport, L. - ranga, m. a pleasure-ground, Dhūrtas. - raivataka, n., N. of a treatise, Sāh. - vana, n. =  $-k\bar{a}nana$ , Sarng P. - vriksha, m. a species of the Kadamba (commonly Keli-kadamba. Nauclea cordifolia, being abundant in the scene of Krishna's sports with the Gopis), L. - sayana, n. a pleasure-couch, Git. xi, 2. - sushi, f. the earth, W. - saila, m. a pleasure-hill, Dhūrtan. - sveta-sahasra-pattra, Nom. P. ottrati, to represent a white lotus for playing with, Prasannar. - saciva, m. minister of the sports, master of the revels, L. - sadana, n. = -griha, Git. xi, 14. - sāra, m., N. of a Vidyā-dhara, Bālar. - sthalī, f. a place of pleasure, play-ground, Sāntis. i, 16.

Kelika, mfn. sporting, sportive, W.; the tree Jonesia Asoka, L.

**Kelita**, n. ifc., kali-keli-kalita, Subh. Kelī, f. rarely for keli (play, sport). - kalita, . amusement, jest, play, Bālar. - pika, m. a cuckoo kept for pleasure, Sāh. - vanī, f. a pleasure-park, Sāh. - sāla-bhañjikā, f. a small statue, Das.

केल kela, olu, a particular high number, Buddh, L.

केलटक kelataka = kemuka (q. v.), Npr.

केलाय kelāya, °li, &c. See √kel.

केलास kelāsa, as, m. crystal, W.

केलूट kelūța, am, n. a kind of pot-herb, Car. i, 27; = kemuka or a kind of Udumbara, Npr.

केव् kev, cl. 1. A. kevate, to serve, attend to, Dhatup. xiv, 39; (cf. \sev.)

केवट kévața, as, m. a cave, hollow, RV. vi, 54, 7; (cf. avatá.)

केवर्ते kevárta, as, m. (=kaiv°) a fisherman, VS. xxx, 16.

केवल kévala, m(nom. pl. e, RV. x, 51, 9) f(i, RV. x, 73, 6; AV.; SBr.; a, Mn. &c., see Pan. iv, I, 30)n. (in comp., Pan. ii, I, 49) exclusively one's own (not common to others), RV.; AV.; alone, only, mere, sole, one, excluding others, RV.; AV.; out water), W.; a break in the dyke raised round N. of an astronomical treatise, L.; a Horā or period TS. &c.; not connected with anything else, isolated,