सरिक a-rikta, mfn. not empty, KātyŠr.; BhP.; not with empty hands, SankhGr.; abundant, BhP. iv, 22, 11.

A-riktha-bhāj, mfn. not entitled to a share of property, not an heir, (in a verse quoted by the) Comm. on Yājñ.

A-rikthīya, mfn. id., Mn. ix, 147.

खरित aritri, ta, m. (\sqrt{ri}) , a rower, RV. ii, 42, 1 & ix, 95, 2; [cf. Gk. ἐρέτης, ἐρετμόν, &c.; Lat. ratis, remex, &c.]

Aritra, mfn. (Pān. iii, 2, 184) propelling, driving, RV. x, 46, 7; (aritra), as, m. an oar, SBr. iv; (aritra [RV. i, 46, 8] or áritra [AV. v, 4, 5]), am, n. (ifc. f. \tilde{a}) an oar; (cf. $d\acute{a}s\^{a}ritra$, $nity\^{a}r^\circ$, $s\acute{a}$ târo, sv-aritra); [Lat. aratrum.] - gadha, mfn. oar-deep, shallow, Pāņ. vi, 2, 4, Kāš. - páraņa, mf(i)n. crossing over by means of oars, RV. x, 101, 2.

ष्ट्रान् arin, i, n. See ara.

সামে a-riprá, mf (\dot{a}) n. spotless, clear, RV. & AV.; faultless, blameless, RV.

स्रारिकत a-riphita, mfn. (said of the Visarga) not changed into r, Prät.

A-repha, mfn. without the letter r. -jāta, mfn. id., Up. - vat, mfn. id., RPrāt.

A-rephin, mfn. = a-riphita, RPrāt.

स्रोद्याय á-rishanya, mfn. not failing, certain, to be depended upon, RV. ii, 30, 4.

A-rishanyat, mfn. id., RV.

A-rishta, $mf(\bar{a})$ n. unhurt, RV. &c.; proof against injury or damage, RV.; secure, safe, RV.; boding misfortune (as birds of ill-omen, &c.), Adbh-Br.; Hariv.; fatal, disastrous (as a house), R. ii, 42, 22; (as), m. a heron, L.; a crow, L.; the soapberry tree, Sapindus Detergens Roxb. (the fruits of which are used in washing, Yājñ. i, 186); cf. arishtaka; Azadirachta Indica, R. ii, 94, 9; garlic, L.; a distilled mixture, a kind of liquor, Susr.; N. of an Asura (with the shape of an ox, son of Bali, slain by Krishna or Vishnu), Hariv.; BhP.; of a son of Manu Vaivasvata, VP. (v. l. for dishta); ill-luck, misfortune (see arishta, n.), MBh. xii, 6573; (ā), f. a bandage, Susr.; a medical plant, L.; N. of Durgā, SkandaP.; N. of a daughter of Daksha and one of the wives of Kasyapa, Hariv.; (am), n. bad or ill-luck, misfortune; a natural phenomenon boding misfortune, VarBrS.; BhP. &c.; sign or symptom of approaching death; good fortune, happiness, MBh. iv, 2126; buttermilk, L.; vinous spirit, L.; a woman's apartment, the lying-in chamber (cf. arishtagriha & -sayyā below), L. - karman, m., N. of a prince, VP. - gātu (árishta-), mfn. having a secure residence, RV. v, 44, 3. -gu (árishta-), mfn. whose cattle are unhurt, AV. x, 3, 10. - griha, n. a lying-in chamber, L. - grāma (árishta-), mfn. (said of the Maruts) whose troop is unbroken, i. e. complete in number, RV. i, 166, 6. - tāti (arishtá-), f. safeness, security, RV. x & AV.; (mfn.) = arishtasya kara, making fortunate, auspicious, Pāņ. iv, 4, 143. — dushţa-dhī, mfn. (=vivasa)apprehensive of death, alarmed at its approach, L. - nemi (árishta-), mfn. the felly of whose wheel is unhurt (N. of Tārkshya), RV.; (is), m., N. of a man (named together with Tārkshya), VS. xv, 18; (said to be the author of the hymn RV. x, 178) RAnukr.; N. of various princes, MBh.; VP.; of a Gandharva, BhP.; of the twenty-second of the twenty-four Jaina Tirthamkaras of the present Avasarpiņi. - nemin, m., N. of a brother of Garuda (= Aruna, Comm.), R. v, 2, 10; of a Muni, R. vii, 90, 5; of the twenty-second Tirthamkara (see -nemi), L. -pura, n., N. of a town, Pan. vi. 2. 100. - bharman, mfn. yielding security, RV. viii, 18, 4 (voc.) - mathana, m. 'killer of the Asura Arishta, N. of Siva (i. e. Vishnu). - ratha (árishta-), mfn. whose carriage is unhurt, RV. x, 6, 3. - vīra (drishta-), mfn. whose heroes are unhurt, RV. i, 114, 3 & AV. iii, 12, 1. - sayyā, f. a lying-in couch, Ragh. iii, 15. - sūdana or -han, m. (= -mathana, q.v.) N. of Vishnu, L. Arishtasritapura, n., N. of a town, Pān. vi, 2, 100, Sch. Rrishţâsu, mfn. whose vital power is unhurt, AV. xiv, 2, 72.

A-rishtaka, as, m. $(= \acute{a}$ -rishta, m.) the soapberry tree (the fruits of which are used in washing, Mn. v, 120), Susr.; $(ak\bar{a} \text{ or } ik\bar{a})$, f., N. of a plant, VarB₁S.

A-rishti, is, f. Ved. safeness, security, RV. &c. A-rishyat, mfn. not being hurt, RV. & AV.

श्ररीळह á-rīļha, mfn. (for á-rīḍha, √rih =lih), not licked, RV. iv, 18, 10.

ऋरोति a-rīti, f. (in rhetoric) deficiency of style, a defect in the choice of expressions.

A-rītika, am, n. id., L.

स्रोहण arīhaṇa, as, m. the first N. of the following gaņa. Arīhanādi, a gaņa of Pāņ. (iv,

सह aru, us, m. the sun, L.; the redblossomed Khadira tree, L.; for arus, n. only in comp. with - m-tuda, mf(\bar{a})n. (Pan. iii, 2, 35 & vi, 3, 67) 'beating or hurting a wound,' causing torments, painful, Mn. ii, 161, &c. Arū- 1. kri, to wound, L.

Arunshikā, f. (fr. arūnshi, pl. of arus, n.), scab on the head, Susr.

श्रहण á-rugna, mfn. unbroken, RV. vi, 39, 2.

A-ruj, mfn. painless (as a tumour), Susr.; free from disease, sound, healthy.

A-ruja, $mf(\bar{a})n$. painless (as a tumour, &c.), Susr.; free from disease, sound, Suir. &c.; brisk, gay, R. vii, 84, 16; (as), m. the plant Cassia Fistula; N. of a Dānava, Hariv. 14286.

ম্বাচৰ a-rúc, mfn. lightless, RV. vi, 39, 4. A-ruci, is, f. want of appetite, disgust, Susr.; aversion, dislike, Sah.; Kad. (with upari).

A-rucita, mfn. not agreeable or suitable to, SBr.

A-rucira, mfn. disagreeable, disgusting. A-rucya, mfn. id., L.

सहज् a-ruj & a-ruja. See á-rugņa.

सहर्ण aruṇá, mf(á [RV. v, 63, 6, &c.] or i [RV. x, 61, 4, & (nom. pl. arunáyas) 95, 6])n. (\(\sigma ri, \text{Un.}\), reddish-brown, tawny, red, ruddy (the colour of the morning opposed to the darkness of night), RV. &c.; perplexed, L.; dumb, L.; (as), m. red colour, BhP.; the dawn (personified as the charioteer of the sun), Mn. x, 33, &c.; the sun, Sāk.; a kind of leprosy (with red [cf. AV. v, 22, 3 & vi, 20, 3] spots and insensibility of the skin), L.; a little poisonous animal, Susr.; the plant Rottleria Tinctoria, L.; molasses, L.; N. of a teacher, TS.; SBr.; TBr.; of the composer of the hymn RV. x, q1 (with the patron. Vaitahavya), RAnukr.; of the Nāga priest Ata, PBr.; of a son of Krishna, BhP.; of the Daitya Mura, ib.; of an Asura, MBh. xvi, 119 (v. l. varuna); of the father of the fabulous bird Jatayu, MBh. iii, 16045; (áruna), as, m., N. of a pupil of Upaveši (cf. aruná, m. above), SBr. xiv; (ās), m. pl., N. of a class of Ketus (seventy-seven in number), VarBrS.; (named as the composers of certain Mantras) Kāth.; (ā), f. the plants Betula, madder (Rubia Manjith), Téori, a black kind of the same, Colocynth or bitter apple, the plant that yields the red and black berry used for the jewellers' weight (called Retti), L.; N. of a river, MBh. iii, 7022 & ix, 2429 seq.; (is), f. red cow (in the Vedic myths), RV. & SV.; the dawn, RV.; (ám), n. red colour, RV. x, 168, 1; gold, AV. xiii, 4, 51; a ruby, BhP. - kamala, n. the red lotus. - kara, m. 'having red rays,' the sun, Kād. - kiraņa, m. id., VarBrS. - ketu-brāhmana, n. the Brāhmana of the Arunah Ketavah (see arunas above), AitrAnukr. - cūda, m. 'red-combed,' a cock, L. - jyotis, m., N. of Siva. - tā, f. red colour, Šiš. ix, 14; Sušr. - tva, n. id., Hcat. - datta, m., N. of an author, Comm. on Un. iii, 159; iv, 117 & 184. - dūrva, f. reddish fennel, SBr; KātyŠr. - netra, m. 'redeyed,' a pigeon, L. - pisangá, mfn. reddish-brown, TS. - pushpa (aruná-), mfn. having red flowers, SBr.; the blossom of a certain grass, KātySr.; (i), f. the plant Pentapetes Phœnicea, L. - priyā, f., N. of an Apsaras, Hariv. 12470. - psu (aruná-), mfn. of a red appearance, RV. - babhru (aruná-), mfn. reddish-yellow, VS. xxiv, 2. - yúj, mfn. furnished with red (rays of light), RV. vi, 65, 2. -locana. mfn. red-eyed (as in anger), MārkP.; (as), m. = -netra, q. v., L. - sārathi, m. 'whose charioteer is Aruna,' the sun, L. - smriti, f., N. of a work. Arunagraja, m. 'the first-born of Aruna,' Garuda (the bird of Vishnu), L.; (cf. arunânuja below.) Arunatmaja, m. 'son of Aruna,' Jatayu (see aru-

na, m. above), L. Arunaditya, m. one of the twelve shapes of the sun, SkandaP. Arunanuja. m. 'the younger brother of Aruna,' Garuda, Kad. (cf. arunâgraja above & arunâvaraja below). Arunamnaya-vidhi, m., N. of part of the Kath. (cf. arunīya-vidhi). Arunarcis, m. the rising sun, Das. Arunavaraja, m. = arunanuja above, L. Arunasva, mfn. driving with red horses (N. of the Maruts), RV. v, 57, 4. Aruni-krita, mfn. reddened, turned or become red, Kad.; Sah. Arunaîtá, mfn. yellow-dappled, TS. Arunôda, n., N. of a lake, VP.; of one of the seas surrounding the world, Jain. Arunôdaya, m. break of day, dawn, Mn. x, 33; -saptamī, f. the seventh day in the bright half of Māgha, L. Aruņôpala, m. a ruby, L.

Arunaya, Nom. P. vati, to redden, Kad.; (perf. Pass. p. arunita) reddened, Sis. vi, 32; Kum. v, 11. Aruni, is, m., N. of a Muni, BhP. (cf. āruni). Aruniman, ā, m. redness, ruddiness, Sāh.; Bālar. Aruniya-vidhi, is, m. = arunamnaya-vidhi above, Say. on TAr.

स्तहनु á-ruta-hanu, mfn. one whose cheeks or jaws are not broken, RV. x, 105, 7.

सर्ड a-ruddha, mfn. not hindered.

सहित्द arum-tuda. See aru.

चरन्यती a-rundhatt, f. a medicinal climbing plant, AV.; the wife of Vasishtha, R, &c.; the wife of Dharma, Hariv.; the little and scarcely visible star Alcor (belonging to the Great Bear, and personified as the wife of one of its seven chief stars, Vasishtha, or of all the seven, the so-called seven Rishis; at marriage ceremonies Arundhatī is invoked as a pattern of conjugal excellence by the bridegroom), AsvGr. &c.; N. of a kind of supernatural faculty (also called kundalini). - jāni or -nātha, m. 'husband of Arundhatī,' Vasishtha (one of the seven Rishis or saints, and stars in the Great Bear), L. - vața, m., N. of a Tīrtha, MBh. iii, 8019. - sahacara, m. 'companion of Arundhatī,' Vasishtha.

अरुम्ख arun-mukha, ās, m. pl. (an irregular form developed fr. arur-magha below), N. of certain Yatis, KaushUp.

Arur-magha, ās, m. pl. (cf. púnar-magha), N. of certain miserly evil spirits (as the Panis, &c.),

सहश arusa, am, n., N. of a Tantra. **- hán,** m. (arusa = arushá?) striking the red (clouds), N. of Indra ['killing enemies,' Say.], RV. x, 116, 4.

अर्ष 1. a-rush, mfn. not angry, good-tempered, Pañcat.

अहम 1. arushá, mf(árushī, RV. i, 92, 1 & 2; x, 5, 5)n. red, reddish (the colour of Agni and his horses; of cows; of the team of Ushas, the Asvins, &c.), RV. & VS.; $(\acute{a}s)$, m. the sun, the day, RV. vi, 49, 3 & vii, 71, 1 (cf. arūsha); (as, asas), m. pl. the red horses of Agni, RV.; AV.; (árushī), f. the dawn, RV.; a red mare (a N. applied to the team of Agni and Ushas, and to Agni's flames), RV. ; (ám), n. shape, Naigh. – stūpa (arushá-), mfn. having a fiery tuft (as Agni), RV. iii, 29, 3.

2. Arusha, Nom. P. árushati, to go, Naigh. Arushya, Nom. P. arushyati, v. l. for árushati.

अहस árus, mfn. wounded, sore, SBr.; (us), n. a sore or wound, AV. v, 5, 4; SBr. &c.; the sun, Un.; ind. a joint, L. - srana, n. (defectively written aru-sro) a kind of medical preparation for wounds, AV. ii, 3, 3 & 5.

Aru (& arū-√1. kri). See s. v. Arush (in comp. for árus). - kara, mfn. causing wounds, wounding, Susr.; (as), m, the tree

tree, Susr. - krita (árush-), mfn. wounded, SBr. Arushka, ifc. for drus. Car.: (as), m. (=arush-kara above) Semecarpus Anacardium, L.

Semecarpus Anacardium; (am), n. the nut of that

भ्रहा a-ruhā, f., N. of a plant, L.

ম্ভান্ত ব্ল á-rūksha, mfn. soft, MaitrS. 🗕 tā (a*rūkshá-*), f. softness, ŠBr.

A-rukshita, mfn. soft, supple, RV. iv, 11, 1. A-rükshna, mfn. soft, tender, AV. viii, 2, 16.

জাভ্য a- $r\tilde{u}pa$, $mf(\tilde{a})n$. formless, shapeless,