ganas vrīhy-ādi & purohitādi.

Carmin, mfn. (g. vrīhy-ādi) id., MBh.; Hariv. 1863; covered with a hide, Caran.; made of leather, W.; m. = orma-druma,L.; (= orman-vatī) Musa sapientum, L.; N. of an attendant of Siva, L.; of a man, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 158, Vārtt. 2, Pat. Carmivriksha, m. = ${}^{\circ}ma$ - v° , Susr. iv, II, 7.

चमेरी carmarī, f. N. of a plant, v. 2, 5. चर्षे carya, caryā. See √car.

चर्व carv (cf. $\sqrt{c\bar{u}rn}$), cl. 10. carvayati (inf. °vitum; Pass. °vyate, cl. 1. °vati, Dhatup. xv, 70) to grind with the teeth, masticate, chew, Mricch.ii, 12; Pañcat.v, 11, 0; Devim.; Bhpr.; Sch. on KātySr. & PārGr.; to taste, Sah. iii, 16.

Carvana, n. 'chewing,' see carvita-; tasting, Sāh. iii, 26; 'to be chewed,' solid food, BhP. iii, 13, 35; (\bar{a}) , f. tasting, Sāh. iii, 26; a molar tooth, Gal.; v. l. for ormana, L.

Carvaniya, mfn. proper to be chewed, W. Carvita, mfn. chewed, SarngP. lxiii, 9. - carvana, n. 'chewing the chewed,' tedious reiteration, BhP. vii, 5, 30; Pāṇ. iii, 1, 15, Siddh. - pātra, n. a spitting-pot, W. - pātraka, n. id., Rāsal. Carvya, mfn. chewable, BrahmavP.

चवेन् carvan, m. = capeța, L.

चर्षेण carshana. See ratha-. Carshani, mfn. (Vkrish) 'cultivating,' active, agile, swift, RV.; (AV. vii, 110, 2); MBh. i, 726; seeing (fr. \(\sigma caksh?\), Naigh. iii, 11; Nir. v, 24; f. pl. 'cultivators (opposed to nomads),' men, people, race, RV. (páñca co = po krishtáyas [q. v.], v, 86, 2; vii, 15, 2; ix, 101, 9); AV. xiii, 1, 38; BhP. x, 29, 2; N. of Aryaman's children by Matrika (progenitors of the human race), BhP.vi, 6, 40; (cf. prá-, ratha-,vi-,visvá-). - prá,mfn. satisfying men,RV.

Carshani, in comp. for oni; f. a disloyal wife, Rājat. vii, 102; N. of Varuņa's wife (mother of Bhrigu), BhP. vi, 18, 4. - dhrit, mfn. supporting or protecting men, RV. - dhriti, f. support or protection of men, viii, 90, 5 (loc. ${}^{\circ}t\tilde{a}$, = instr. of -dhrit, scil. vájrena, Gmn., but SV. has the nom. otih; SV. (see -sáh). - sáh, mfn. ruling over or overpowering men, RV. (ix, 24, 4 dat. -sáhe, SV. -dhrítih).

चल् cal (cf. \sqrt{car} & also \sqrt{cat}), cl. 1. $^{\circ}lati$ (metrically also \bar{A} . $^{\circ}te$; perf. $cac\bar{a}la$, pl. celur; fut. calishyati; aor. acālīt), to be moved, stir, tremble, shake, quiver, be agitated, palpitate, MBh. &c.; to move on or forward, proceed, go away, start off, depart, MBh. (āsanebhyo 'calan, 'they rose from their seat,' v, 3114) &c.; to set (said of the day), Kathās. lxxii, 406; to be moved from one's usual course, be disturbed, become confused or disordered, go astray, MBh. &c.; to turn away from, swerve, deviate from (abl., e.g. dharmāt, to swerve from virtue, Mn. vii, 15; MBh. ii, 2629), fall off (with abl.), MBh. &c.; to sport about, frolic, play(Dhātup.xxviii,64), Kuval. 320: Caus. calayati (Pan. i, 3, 87), to cause to move, move, shake, jog, push, agitate, disturb, Ragh. viii, 52; Ritus.; BhP.; Bhatt.; to cause to deviate, turn off from (abl.), Mricch. ix, 21: Caus. cālayo (Pass. cālyate) to cause to move, shake, jog, push, agitate, MBh. &c.; to drive, drive away, remove or expel from (abl.), MBh. i, 5743; xiii, 3336; Hariv. 2697; to disturb, make confused or disordered, MBh. xii; Vedântas.; BhP. iii, 1, 42; to cause to deviate from (abl.), MBh. iii, 1504; R. iii; to cherish, foster, Dhātup. xxxii, 68 (v.1. for \(\sigma bal\): Intens. cancalyate (cf. cancala) or cāco (cf. ά-vicācala ff.). Vop. xx, 8 f.; [cf. κέλω, κέλλω, ὀκέλλω, κέλης; Lat. celer, pro-cello, ex-.]

Cala, $mf(\tilde{a})n$. (g. pacddi) moving, trembling, shaking, loose, MBh. &c.; unsteady, fluctuating, perishable, ib.; disturbed, confused, ib.; m. 'agitation, shaking,' see bhūmi-; wind, L.; wind (in med.), Ashtang. i, 11, 1; quicksilver, L.; a sprout, shoot, Gal.; n. water, Gal.; (a), f. lightning, L.; incense, L.; the goddess of fortune, Kathās. lx, 119; a metre of 4×18 syllables; (cf. a-, nis-, punscalī, cāla.) - karņa, m.(in astron.) the changeable hypothenuse ('the true distance of a planet from the earth, 'W.), Sūryas. ii, 41 & 51. - kundala, m. N. of a man, Pravar. i, I (MatsyaP.) - ketu, m. (in astron.) N. of a moving Ketu, Var Br S. xi, 33. - ghnī, f. Trigonella corniculata, L. - cañcu, m. 'moving its beak,' the Greek partridge, L. - citta, $mf(\bar{a})n$.

Carmika, mfn. armed with a shield, shield-bearer, | fickle-minded, MBh. xiii; R. iii, v; (ifc.) Bhartr. iii, 78; m. N. of a man, Tantr.; n. fickleness of mind, Mn. ix, 15; -tā, f. id., Hit. i, 4, 43; frivolity, R. vi, 111, 19. - ta, f. shaking, tremulous motion, Sušr. i, 32, 1. - tva, n. id., Hariv. 2893; Megh. 94. - danta, m. a loose tooth, W. - dala, m. 'tremulous-leaved, 'Ficus religiosa, L. - druma, m. Tribulus lanuginosus, L. - niketa, mfn. having a perishable abode, Ap. i, 22, 4. - pattra, m. = -dala, L. -puccha, m. Coracias indica, Npr. - prakriti, mfn. of unsteady or wanton nature, Pañcat. ii, 267. -samdhi, m. loose articulation of the bones, diarthrosis, Susr. — svabhāva, $mf(\bar{a})n. = -prakriti$, MBh. xiii, 2225. I. Calâcala, mfn. movable and immovable, locomotive and stationary, W. Calàtanka, m. 'fluctuating disease,' rheumatism, L. Calàtman, mfn. fickle-minded, R. iv, 55, 7. Calêndriya, mfn. having unsteady organs, W. Calêshu, for calācat°, Pāņ. vi, 2, 108, Sch. Calôrmi, mfn. having agitated waves, R. i, 14, 18; Megh. 25.

Calat, pr. p. \(\sigma cal\), q. v. - padam, ind. so as to move, W. - pūrņimā, f. the fish Candraka, L.

Calad, in comp. for clat. -anga, gaka, m. of a palpitating body,' the fish Ophiocephalus aurantiacus, L. - gu, mfn. one under whom the earth trembles, BhP. i, 9, 37.

Calana, $mf(\bar{a})n$. moving, movable, tremulous, shaking, Pan.iii, 2, 148; KapS. i, 129, Sch.; moving on feet, Gaut. viii, 2; wanton (2 woman), xxii, 26; m. a foot, L.; an antelope, L.; n. shaking motion, shaking, trembling, Pān. i, 3, 87; iii, 2,148; R. v, 36, 21; Pancat. &c.; 'motion,' action, function, Vedântas.; Tarkas.; walking about, wandering, roaming, MBh. xii, 3708; turning off from (abl.), iii, 1319; (a-, neg.) Kathās. ic, 8 & Sāh. iii, 53; the being disturbed, Sarvad. iii, 174; (ī), f. = naka, HParis. viii, 267; the rope for tying an elephant, L.

Calanaka, m.n. a short petticoat (worn by dancing girls, &c.), SBr. v, 2, 1, 8, Say.; KatySr. xiv, 5, 3, Sch.; $(ik\bar{a})$, f. silken fringes, Buddh. L.

Calaniya, mfn. to be moved or shaken, W. 2. Calācalá, mfn. (\squared cal redupl. Pān. vi, 1, 12, Vārtt. 6; vii, 4, 58, Pat.) ever-moving (the wheel of Samsāra), Divyav. xiii, 267; xix; moving to and fro, movable, tremulous, unfixed, loose, RV. 1, 164, 48; R.v, 42, 11; Nît.; unsteady, changeable, MBh. v, 2758; xii, 4169; m. a crow, L.; N. of a man, Tantr. Calācalêshu, mfn. one whose arrow

wavers or flies unsteadily, Pāņ. vi, 2, 108, Kāš. Calita, mfn. shaking, tremulous, unfixed, MBh. &c.; one who has moved on, MBh.; Sūryas. iii, 11; gone, departed (e.g. sa calitah, 'he started off,' Pañcat.; Gīt. iii, 3; Hit.); walked, Vet. iii, ½ (v.l.); being on the march (an army), L.; moved from one's usual course, disturbed, disordered (the mind, senses, fortune, &c.), Hariv. 5669; R. &c.; caused to deviate, turned off from (abl.), Yājñ. i, 360; Bhag. vi, 37; n. unsteady motion (of eyes), Bhartr. i,4. - sthāna, mfn. changing its place, R(B)iv,1,14. Calitavya, n. impers. to be gone away, R. iii.

Cali-Vkri, to cause to move, Naish. i, 114. चलस् calas, n. wood-sorrel, L.

বানি cali, m. a cover, W.; a surtout, W.

चित्रत calita, &c. See √cal.

चलु calu, m. a mouthful of water, L. Caluka, m. (= cul°) id., Pañcat. i; a small pot, gallipot, L.; N. of a man, W.

चवन cavana, n. Piper Chaba, L.

Cavi. f. id., L. Cavika, n. id.; (a), f. id., Sušr.vi, 39,225; 42,93.

Cavī, f. id., Kathās. vi, 151. Cavya, n. id., Sušr. i, iv, vi; (ā), f. id., 41, 39; the cotton plant, L.; = vacā, L. - jā, f. Scindapsus

officinalis, L. - phala, m. id., L. चष् cash, cl. 1.°shati, to hurt, Vop. (Dhātup. xvii, 43); P. & A. to eat, Dhātup. xxi, 24.

Cashaka, m. n. (g. ardharcadi) a cup, wineglass, Ragh. vii, 46; Hcar. viii; Sis. x &c. (ifc. f. a, Kathās. xxi, 10); spirituous liquor ('honey,' W.), L.; m. a second, Sch. on VarBr. vii, 1 & 12 & xxiv.

ਚਥਾਨ cashāla, m. n. (g. ardharcādi) a wooden ring on the top of a sacrificial post, RV. i, 162, 6; TS. vi; Kāth. xxvi, 4 (casāla); SBr. &c.; m. a hive, L.; n. the snout of a hog, MaitrS. i, 6, 3. - mukha, m. N. of an Ekâha, ŠānkhŠr. xiv, 73, 3. - yūpa, m. a sacrificial post furnished with a | jat. viii, 766.

wooden ring at the top, BhP. iv, 19, 19. -vat (°shala-), min. fornished with a wooden ring at the top, RV. iii, 8, 10.

चष्ट cashta, mfn. (√caksh) spoken, W.

चह cah, cl. 1. 10.°hati, °hayati (aor. acahīt, Vop. viii, 80), to cheat, Dhātup. xvii, xxxv.

चाकचक्य cākacakya, n. = ujjvala-tā, Vedântaparibh.

Cākacikya, n. illusion, Nyāyak. Cākaciccā, f. N. of a plant, L.

चाक्र cākrá, mfn. (fr. cakrá) carried on (a battle) with the discus, Hariv. 5648; belonging to a wheel, W.; circular, W.; m. N. of a man, SBr. xii. Cākragartaka, mfn. fr. cakra-garta, Pāņ. iv, 2, 126, Kāś.

Cākrapāleya, fr. cakra-pāla, g. sakhy-ādī. Cakravarmana, m. (patr. fr. cakra-varman, vi,4,170,Kāś.) N. of a grammarian,1,130; Un. Sch. Cākravāka, mfn. proper for the Cakra(-vāka) bird, MānGr. i, 14.

Cākravākeya, fr. cakra-vāka, g. sakhy-ādi vāleya [fr. cakra-vāla], Kāš.)

Cākravāleya, see vākeya.

Cakrayana, m. (fr. cakrá, g. asvádi; Pravar. v, 1) patr. of Ushasta, SBr. xiv, 6; ChUp. i, 10, 1.

Cākrika, mfn. circular, W.; belonging to a wheel or discus, W.; relating to a company or circle, W.; m. a coachman, driver, MBh. xii, 2646; a potter, VarBrS. x, 9; 'an oil-maker' and 'a companion,' Rājat. vi, 272; a companion, v, 267; a proclaimer, Yājñ. i, 165; Hariv. 9047; a bard, W. - tā, f. companionship, Rājat. iv, 688.

Cākriņa, m. patr. fr. cakrin, Pān. vi, 4, 166, Sch. Cākreya, fr. cakrá, g. sakhy-ādi (not in Kās.)

चासुष cākshushá, mf(i)n. (fr. cákshus) consisting in sight, depending on or produced from sight, proper or belonging or relating to the sight, VS. xiii, 56; SBr. xiv; KathUp.; Mālav. i, 4; (α-, neg.) Sarvad. x, 112; (with vidyā, a magical science) conferring the power of seeing anything, MBh. i, 6478; perceptible by the eye, KaushUp.; Susr.; Pān. iv, 2, 92, Kās.; (a-, neg.) KapS. i, 61; relating to Manu Cākshusha, Hariv. 279; BhP. iv, 30, 49; m. patr., AV. xvi, 7, 7; N. of Agni (author of several Samans); of an author, Ragh. v, 50, Mall.; of the 6th Manu (with 5 others descending from Manu Sväyambhuva, Mn. i, 62; son of Visvakarman by Akriti, BhP. vi, 6, 15; son of Cakshus, viii, 5, 17), MBh. xiii, 1315; Hariv.; BhP.; N. of a son of Ripu by Brihati (father of a Manu), Hariv. 69; of a son of Kaksheyu (or Anu, VP. iv, 18, 1) and brother of Sabhā-nara, Hariv. 1669; of a son of Khanitra, BhP. ix, 2, 24; m. pl. a class of deities in the 14th Many-antara, viii, 13, 35; n. = -jñāna, W. -jñāna, n. knowledge which depends on vision, W. - tva, n. perceptibility of sight, Tarkas. 105.

ਵਾਲਮ $c\bar{a}kshm\acute{a}$, mfn. (\sqrt{ksham}) for bearing, gracious (Brahmaṇaspati), RV. ii, 24, 9.

चाखायितृ $c\bar{a}kh\bar{a}yitri$, mfn. (Intens. \sqrt{khan}), Pāņ. vi, 4, 22, Vārtt. 11.

বাক্ক cānga, m.=°gerī, L., Sch.; n. (fr. canga) whiteness or beauty of the teeth, W.

Cangeri, f. wood-sorrel, Hariv. 4652; Susr. vi.

चाचपुट cāca-puṭa,=caccat-p°.

चाचरि $c\bar{a}cari$, m. (Intens. \sqrt{car}) 'moving quickly,' N. of a wrestler, Rājat. vii, 1514.

चार्चाल cācali, mfn.(Intens. \sqrt{cal}) moving much or repeatedly, Vop. xxvi, 154; (cf. á-vi-).

Cancalya, n. (fr. cancala) unsteadiness, transitoriness, Rājat. vii, 162.

चাল্লৰ cāñcava, n. (fr. cañcu) celebrity for (in comp.), Das. i, 223 (v.l.)

বাত cāṭa, m. a cheat, rogue, Yājñ. i, 335 (Pancat.); Mricch. (Prākrit); VarYogay.; Hcat.; BhavP. - bhata, m. for cara-bhoo(?), Inscr. (? 940

Cāṭaka-desa, m. N. of a country, Kālakâc. Cāṭakāyana, m. patr. fr. cataka, g. I. nadādi. Cātakaira, m. (fr. catakā, Pān. iv, I, 128) a young sparrow, Hear. viii.

चार्टालका cāṭalikā, f. N. of a locality, Rā-