mfn. having ornaments, adorned, decorated, Pañcat.; Kathās.; "rakam, ind. with love, passionately, tenderly, Mricch. - sesha, mfn. having a remainder, not entirely emptied or exhausted, incomplete, unfinished, KätyŠr.; -tva, n. the having a remainder (-tvād āyushah, 'because life had not yet run out'), MBh.; °shânna, mfn. one who eats up the remnants of food (= 'having a good appetite'), Suir. = sailavana-kanana, mfn. having mountains and woods and groves, MBh.  $-\dot{s}oka$ , mf( $\bar{a}$ )n. sorrowful, sad (am, ind.), R.; Kālid. &c.; -tā, f. sorrow, sadness, MBh. - smasru, mfn. having a beard, bearded, L.; f. a woman with a beard, L. - syaparna, mfn. attended by the Syaparnas, AitBr. -  $\dot{s}$ raddha, mf( $\ddot{a}$ )n. trustful, frank, confident, Kathās. — **srama**, mf( $\bar{a}$ )n. feeling fatigue, wearied, W. - srī, mfn. like, similar to (comp.), Kāšīkh. - srīka, mf( $\bar{a}$ )n. having beauty, lovely, splendid (-tā, f., -tva, n.), Vikr.; Ratnav.; having prosperity, prosperous, fortunate, Sis., Sch. - srī-vriksha, mfn. marked with a circular tuft or curl of hair on the breast (as a horse), Kathās. - slagham, ind. boastfully, pompously, Vikr.; Prab.; with praise, eulogistically, MW. - slesha, mfu. ambiguous, having a double meaning (-tva, n.), Kāvyâd. - svāsa, mfn. having breath, breathing, living, Rājat.

**ময়** saṡc (only saṡcat). See √sac.

सञ्यान sasyāna, w. r. for sam-sāna, GopBr.

समोडिशिक sa-shodasika, mfn. connected with the 16 partite Stotra, PancayBr.

H下木 sashki(?), g. sidhmûdi (Kāš. sakthi). Sashkila, mfn., ib.

सप्न sa-shṭúbh, f. a kind of metre (cf. anu-, pari-shṭubh &c.), TS.

sas, cl. 2. P. (Dhātup. xxiv, 70) sásti (in TS. also sasásti and in VS. sásasti, pr. p. sasát, RV.; AV.; Gr. also pf. sasāsa; aor. asāsīt; fut. sasitā, sasishyati), to sleep, RV. &c. (cf. above); Naigh. iii, 22; to be inactive or idle, RV.: Caus. sāsayati (aor. asīshasat), Gr.: Desid. sisasishati, ib.: Intens. sāsasyate, sāsasti, ib.

Sasá, mín. sleeping, Naigh. iv, 2; m. N. of an Atreya (author of RV. v, 21); m. or n.(?) herb, grass, corn (cf. sasyá), RV.

ससंरम sa-samrambha, mfn.(i.e.7.sa+s°) enraged, angry, Kathās.; (am), ind. angrily, Prab.; hastily, hurriedly, very briefly, Sarvad.

Sa (to be similarly prefixed to the following): - samvāda,  $m(\bar{a})n$ . agreeing (am, ind.), Kathās. - samvid, mfn. one with whom an agreement has been made, ib. - samsaya,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . doubting, doubtful, uncertain, MBh.; Kathās.; dubious, R.; (in rhet.) ambiguity (regarded as a fault), Kāvyad. - samhara, mfn. having the means of restraint (said of magical weapons which can only be made to return to the owner by repeating certain Mantras), MW. - sakhi, ind. similar to a friend, Pān. ii, 1, 6. - sakhīkā, f. together with female friends, Kathās. - sakhī-gaṇā, f. with all the company of fo fro, ib. - samkata, mfn. containing difficult passes or defiles (as a road), Samkar. - samketa, mfn. one with whom an agreement has been made or who is privy to any secret compact, Kathās. - sanga, mfn. adhering, attached (-tva, n. 'adhesion, contact'), Kap. - samgraha, mfn. one who studies the Samgraha (q.v.) together (i.e. subsidiarily), Pat. on Pan. iv, 2, 60. - saciva, mfn. along with (his) minister or ministers, MBh. - samjña, mfn. having sense, sensible, conscious, R. - sata, mfn. very shaggy, VarBrS. - sattrin (or sá-so), m. a companion at a sacrifice or festival,  $\dot{S}Br.$  - sattva,  $mf(\bar{a})n.$  possessing energy or vigour, MBh.; containing living creatures or animals, Mn.; Ragh.; (ā), f. 'containing an embryo,' a pregnant woman, Ragh. iii, 9. - satya (sá-), mfn. accompanied with truth, MaitrS. - sadbhāva, mín. acco with affection, Kād. - samtatika (Kull.), -samtāna (Mn. iii, 15), mfn. together with offspring. - samdeha, mfn. having doubt or hesitation, Kathas.; (in rhet.) a kind of indirect praise, Kāvyâd. ii, 358. — saṃdhya,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . having or relating to the period called Samdhya, vespertine, R.; odhyansa, min. with the period called Samdhyansa, Mn. i, 70. - samnāma, mfn. bending down, submissive, humble, Nalod. - saptaka, mfn. containing a heptade, Jyot. - sapta-dvīpa,  $mf(\tilde{a})n$ , with the

seven Dvipas (q.v.), NrisUp. - sabhya, mfn. along with assessors or judges, Yājñ., Sch. - samid-gaņa, mfn. with a heap of fuel, R. - sampad, mfn. possessing happiness or prosperity, happy, Sis. - sampada, mfn. happy, delighted, W. - sampātin, mfn. together with (the Rākshasa) Sampātin, R. - sampráisha, mfn. with a summons or invitation (to the officiating priest to commence a ceremony), Cat. - sambhāra-yajushka, mfn. with the Yajus called Sambhāra, ApSr. — sambhrama,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . filled with confusion or bewilderment, bewildered, flurried, agitated (am, ind.), R.; Kālid. &c. - sarpa,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ , having serpents, infested by s°, MBh. — sasya,  $mf(\bar{a})$ n, grown with corn, Hariv. — sahâya, mfn. along with associates, having companions or accomplices, Mn. viii, 193. - sakshika, mfn. (happening) before witnesses (am, ind.), Yājñ. - sāgara, mfn. together with the oceans, Ratnav. - satyaka, mfn. with Sātyaka, Hariv. - sādi, mfn. with charioteers, MBh. - sādhana, mfn. having means, MBh.; with materials or instruments (of war &c.), Kām.; onôpavarga-nirūpana, n. N. of ch. of a wk. - sadhvasa, mfn. dismayed, terrified, alarmed, timid (am, ind.), Sis.; Ratnav. - sadhvika, mfn. with Arundhati, VarBrS. - samnayyaka, mfn. with the oblation called Samnayya, KatySr., Sch. - sara, mfn. possessing strength or energy (-tā, f.), Kum.; Sis.; with curds, Susr.; -vāna, mfn. possessing both strength and sound, MW. - sārathi, mfn. with the charioteer, Kauš. – sartha,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . with a caravan, Kathās.; containing goods, laden (as a ship), R. - sāvarņa, mfn. with the Samhitā Sāvarņikā, Cat. - sita, mfn. with sugar, Suir.; otôpala, mfn. id., Pañcar.; °tôtpala-mālin, mfn. wreathed with white lotus flowers, VarBrS. - sīta, mfn. with Sītā, R. - sīmaka, mfn. with the limit or boundary, Pān. i, 1, 7, Vartt. 8, Pat. - sīman, mfn. having the same boundary, conterminous, near, L. - sugandha, mfn. having a pleasant smell, fragrant, VarBrS.; odhi-gātra, mfn. accompanied by perfumed men, Vishn. - suta,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ , having a son, together with sons or children, MBh. - sutvan, mfn. accompanied by Soma-offering priests, MW. - sudarsana, mfn. armed with Vishnu's discus (called Sudo), Heat. - sundarīka, mfn. with a beautiful woman or wife, Sinhas. - suparna, mfn. with the Supo texts, IndSt. -subrahmanya, mfn. with the Subrahmanya, ĀpŠr., Sch. - I. -sura, mfn. along with the gods, Sis.; -cāpam, ind. with Indra's bow, MW. - 2. -sura, mfn. with liquor, having liquor, Sis.; intoxicated, Cat. - suvarna, mfn. with gold, Vishn. - suhrid, mfn. having friends or kinsfolk, MBh.; ohrij-jana, mfn. id., MW.; ohrin-mitra-bandhava, mfn. with friends and companions and relatives, Pañcar. - suka (of unknown meaning), HParis. -sūta, mfn. with the charioteer, MBh. - sūti (sá-), w.r. for sákūti, MaitrS. - sūnu (sá-), w.r. in AV. v, 27, I. -sena, mfn. with an army, commanding an army, MW. - sainya, mfn. id., R.; -bala-vāhana, mfn. with guards and armies and equipages, MW. - soma (sá-), mfn. with Soma, ŠBr. (-tva, n., TāṇḍBr.); -pītha, mfn. partaking of a draught of Soma equally with another (instr.), AitBr. - saurabha, mfn. having perfume, fragrant, Sis. - saurāshṭra, mfn. with the Sauro, Kathās. - stara, m. having leaves strewn so as to form a bed, W. - stuta-sastra, mfn. joined with a Stotra and Sastra, ApSr. - strīka, mfn. attended by a wife, ib.; having a wife, married, Kav. - sthandilaka, mfn. with the sacrificial places, Pāņ. i, 1, 7, Vārtt. 8, Pat. - sthāņu-jangama, mfn. along with immovables and movables, MBh. -sthana, mfn. occupying the same position as (gen.), ArshBr.; produced in the same part of the mouth or with the same organ as (gen. or comp.), Prāt. - sthavan, mfn. standing or fixed together, RV. viii, 37, 4. - sthāsnu-cārin, mfn. = sthāņujangama, MBh. vii, 372 (w.r. sam-stho and samsthāna-cārin). - sthūna (sá-), mfn. together with the pillar, SBr.; -cchinna, mfn. hewn down with the stump, Kām. – sneha,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . oily, greasy, Mn.; MBh. &c.; affectionate (am, ind.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; -bahumāna, mfn. with affection and esteem, Kathās. -spriha, mfn. filled with desire or longing, longing for, desirous of (loc. or inf.), Ratnav.; expressing a desire, Kad.; (am), ind. lovingly, Sis.; enviously, Ragh. - sphura, mfn. throbbing, i. e. living, Bhatt. -sphulinga, mfn. emitting sparks, Nar.; MBh.; R - smaya,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . haughty, arrogant (am, ind.), Sis. - smita,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . accompanied with smiles,

smiling, laughing (am, ind.), Ratnav.; Šiš.—sme-ram, ind. smilingly, Hāsy.—syád =-srút.—sraj, mfn. wreathed, garlanded, ŠāńkhŚr.—srút, mfn. flowing, streaming, RV.—srotas (sá-), mfn. id., VS.—svadha, m. pl. 'having the Svadhā (q. v.),' a partic. class of deceased ancestors, MW.—svana, mf(ā)n. sounding, loud (am, ind.), MBh.—svara, mfn. sounding, having the same sound with (instr. or comp.), Prāt.; having accent, accentuated, IndSt.; (am), ind. loudly, VP.—svāhā-kāra, mfn. accompanied with the exclamation Svāhā, AitBr.; ĀpŚr.—sveda, mfn. moist with sweat, perspiring, exuding, MBh.; Kathās.; Rājat.; (ā), f. a girl who has been recently deflowered, L.

ससर्परी sasarpari, f. (prob. fr.  $\sqrt{srip}$ , of unknown meaning, accord. to Sāy. =  $v\bar{a}c$ ; accord. to others = 'war-trumpet,' or 'N. of a mystical cow'), RV. iii, 53, 15; 16.

ससदस sasavas. See √1. san, p. 1140.

HTG sásni, mfn.(fr.  $\sqrt{1.san}$ ) procuring, bestowing; gaining, winning, RV.; = sam- $sn\bar{a}ta$ , Nir. v, I.—tama, mfn. most bountiful (fr.  $\sqrt{1.san}$ ), or cleanest, purest (fr.  $\sqrt{sn\bar{a}}$ ), or most firmly joined (fr.  $\sqrt{snai}$ ), SBr.

सस्पिञ्चर saspínjara, mfn. = sasp°, TS.

सस्य 1. sasyá, n. (of unknown derivation; also written  $\dot{s}asya$ ; ifc. f.  $\bar{a}$ ) corn, grain, fruit, a crop of corn (also pl.), AV. &c. &c. - krenī, f. buying corn, Un. iv, 48, Sch. - kshetra, n. a corn-field, Hit. - pāla, m. a field-guarder, Rājat. - pūrņa, mfn. full of or grown with corn, Hit. - prada, mfn. yielding co, fertile, Mn. vii, 212. - pravriddhi, f. the growth of co, VarBrS. - manjari, f. an ear of co, L. - mārin, m. 'corn-destroying,' a kind of rat or large mouse, L. - mālin, mfn. 'corn-wreathed,' abounding in corn or crops (as the earth), R. - rakshaka, m. =  $-p\bar{a}la$ , Hit. - rakshā, f. guarding the fields, L. - vat, mfn. bearing a rich crop, Hariv.; R.; Mārk. - veda, m. the science of agriculture, Heat. - sālin, mfn. = -pūrņa, R.; Heat. - sīrshaka, n. = -mañjarī, L. - sūka, n. an awn of grain, L. - samvara or -samvarana, m. Vatica or Shorea Robusta, L. - han, mfn. destroying crops, MBh,; m. N. of an evil demon (the son of Duhsaha), MārkP. - hantri, m. = prec., ib. Sasyakara-vat, mfn. (prob.) producing abundant crops, Kām. Sasyad, mfn, eating corn or fruit, AV. Paipp. Sasyânanda, m. N. of wk. Sasyânte, ind. when the grain is at an end, i.e. eaten up, Mn. iv, 27. Sasyavapa, m. sowing of crops, Yājñ., Sch. Sasyêshti, f. sacrifice offered on the ripening of new grain, W.

सस्य 2. sasya, m. (perhaps incorrect for sasya) a sort of precious stone, L.; n. a weapon, L.; virtue, merit, L.

Sasyaka, mfn. possessed of good qualities, perfect in its kind, Kāš. on Pāņ. v, 2, 68; m. a sword, L.; m. n. a kind of precious stone, L.

सस  $sasr\acute{a}$ ,  $mf(\acute{a})$  n. (fr.  $\sqrt{sri}$ ) flowing, streaming, RV.

Sásri, mfn. running rapidly, speeding along, ib. समृत sa-srut, sa-srotas. See above.

संस्र sasvár, ind. (of unknown derivation), secretly, RV. (cf. Naigh. iii, 25). Sasvártā, ind. id., ib.

सह 1. sah, cl. 1. A. (Dhātup. xx, 22) sáhate (Ved. and ep. also oti and exceptionally sāhati, once in MBh. 1. sg. sahyāmi; p. sáhat, sáhamāna [q.v.]; pf. sche, sasāha; Ved. also sasāhé and sāsāha; sāsáhat; sāsahīshṭāḥ, sāsahyāma; p. sehāná, sāsahāná, sāsahvás and sāhvás [q.v.]; aor. asākshi, sākshi, sākshate, R.V.; sākshīt, GopBr.; sakshati, AV.; sakshat, sākshāma, RV.; Impv. sakshi, sakshva, ib.; p. sakshat, ib.; ásahishta, RV.; Prec. sahyās, sāhyāma, ib.; sākshīya, AV.; sāhishīmáhi, RV.; fut. sodhā, MBh. &c.; sahitā, Gr.; sakshyati, MBh., ote, Br.; sākshye [?], AV.; sahishyati, te, MBh.; Cond. asahishvat, ib.; inf. sáhadhyai, RV.; Kath.; sadhyai, MaitrS.; sodhum, sahitum, MBh.; ind. p. sodhvā, ĀpŠr., Sch.; sādhvā, sahitvā, Gr.; -sáhya, RV. &c.; sáham, Br.), to prevail, be victorious; to overcome, vanquish, conquer, defeat (enemies), gain, win (battles), RV.; AV.; Br.; R.; Bhatt.; to offer