or apuspharat), to stretch, draw or bend (a bow), Bhatt.; to adduce an argument, Samk., Sch.; to cause to shine, eulogize, praise excessively, Pañcad.; sphurayati, to fill with (instr.), Lalit.: Desid. pusphurishati, Gr.: Intens. posphuryate, posphorti. [Cf. Gk. σπαίρω, σφυρόν; Lat. sperno; Lith. spirti; Germ. sporo, spor, Sporn; Eng. spur, spurn.

2. Sphur, (ifc.) quivering, trembling, throbbing, Siš. ii, 14.

Sphura, mfn. id., Pañcat.; m. quiver, throb &c. (in sa-sphura, 'throbbing,' i.e. 'living'), Bhatt.; = (and v. l. for) sphara, a shield, L.

Sphurana, mfn. glittering, sparkling, VarBrS.; n. the act of trembling, throbbing, vibration, pulsation (also \tilde{a} , f.), Dhātup.; L.; quivering or throbbing of parts of the body (as indicating good or bad luck), MW.; springing or breaking forth, starting into view, expansion, manifestation, Sah.; BhP.; Sarvad.; flashing, coruscation, twinkling, glittering, Megh.; Mālatīm.

Sphurat, mfn. (pr. p. P.) trembling, shaking &c. (see root and cf. comp.) -taramga-jihva, mfn. having tongue-like tremulous waves (said of a river), Rājat. - prabhā-maṇḍala, mfn. surrounded by a circle of tremulous light (said of a dart), Ragh.

Sphurad, in comp. for sphurat. - adhar'oshtha, mfn. having quivering lips (am, ind.), MW. - ulkā, f. a shooting meteor, aerolite, ib.; °kākṛiti, mfn. having the form of a sho meteor, ib. - oshtha, mf(i)n, with quivering lip, MBh. - oshthaka, mfn. id., L. - gandha, m. a diffused odour, Bhartr.

Sphuran, in comp. for sphurat. - mīna, mfn. having glittering fishes, gleaming with fishes, Rājat.

Sphuramāņa, mfn. (pr. p. A.) trembling, quivering &c. Sphuramananshtha, mfn. having quivering lips, R.

Sphurita, mfn. quivering, throbbing, trembling, palpitating, flashing &c., Kav.; VarBrS.; Pañcat.; struggling, Vas.; glittered, flashed (n. impers. 'it has been flashed by'), Hariv.; Kālid.; BhP.; broken forth, burst into view, suddenly arisen or appeared, Kathās.; Sarvad.; plainly displayed or exhibited, Sis.; swelled, swollen, W.; (am), n. a tremulous or convulsive motion, quiver, throb, twitch, tremor, convulsion, Kālid.; Bhartr.; agitation or emotion of mind, MW.; flash, gleam, glittering, radiance, sheen, MBh.; Kathās.; sudden appearance, coming into being, Rājat. - satahrada, mfn. having flashing lightning (said of a cloud), ib. Sphuritadhara, mfn. having lips trembling with (comp.), Kum. Sphuritôttarâdhara, mfn. having trembling upper and under lip, ib.

Sphurta, mfn. (accord. to some) throbbed, throbbing, MW.; suddenly risen into remembrance, ib.

Sphurti, f. quivering, throbbing, throb, palpitation, tremor, vibration, Bhpr.; breaking forth visibly, sudden appearance or display, manifestation, Kav.; Rājat.; bragging, boasting, Pañcad. - mat, mfn. throbbing, thrilling (with joy or excitement), tremulous, agitated, W.; tender-hearted, ib.; m. a follower or worshipper of Siva (=pāsupata), L.

Sphorana, n. throbbing, quivering $(=sph\bar{a}ra)$, Vop.

sphurch, sphurj. See $\sqrt{sph\bar{u}rch}$, sphūrj.

स्फूल sphul (later collateral of \sqrt{sphur} ; only with prep., see ni-, -nih-, and vi-√sphul; cf. √sphal), cl. 6. P. (Dhātup. xxviii, 96) sphulati (pf. pusphola, fut. sphulitā &c., Gr.), to tremble, throb, vibrate, Dhātup.; to dart forth, appear, ib.; to collect, ib.; to slay, kill, Naigh. ii, 19. [For cognate words see under \sphal.

Sphula, n. atent (= vastra-vesman), L. = mañjarī, f. Achyranthes Aspera, L.

Sphulana, n. trembling, throbbing, vibration (=sphurana), L.

Sphulinga, m. (accord. to L. also n. and \tilde{a} , f.; perhaps for sphulam-ga) a spark of fire, MBh.; R. &c.; a fire-brand, ApSr., Sch. - vat, mfn. scattering sparks, Sis.

Sphulingaka, m. a spark of fire, Yājñ.; BhP. Sphulingaya, Nom. A. "rate, to be or burn like sparks of fire, Kav.

Sphulingin, mfn. having sparks of fire, sparkling, MW.; (inī), f. N. of one of the seven tongues of Agni or fire, MundUp.; MarkP.

Spholana, n. = $sph\bar{a}la$, Vop.

स्पूर्क sphurch (also written svurch), cl. 1. P. sphūrchati, to spread, extend, Dhātup. vii, 33;

Sphurchita, min. spread, Gr.; forgotten, ib. 1. Sphurna, id., ib.

स्पूर्न sphūrj, el. 1. P. (Dhātup. vii, 61) sphūrjati (only in pres.; Gr. also pf. pusphūrja, fut. sphūrjitā &c.), to rumble, roar, thunder, crash, Kāv.; Kathās.; to burst forth, be displayed, appear, ib.; Rājat.; Sāh.: Caus. sphūrjáyati (aor. apusphūrjat, to crash, crackle, AV.; AitBr.: Desid. pusphūrjishati, Gr.: Intens. posphūrjyale, posphūrkti, ib. [Ci. Gk. σφαραγέομαι.]

Sphurja, m. the crashing sound of thunder, thunder-clap, W.; Indra's thunderbolt, ib.; sudden outbreak (cf.narma-spho); N.ofa Rākshasa, BhāgP.; a kind of plant $(=sph\bar{u}rjaka)$, L. Sphūrjā-vat, mfn. thundering, Bhatt.

Sphürjaka, m. a kind of plant (Diospyros Embryopteris, Strychnos &c., L.), SBr.; Car.; Suir.

Sphurjathu, m. thunder, a thunder-clap, Mcar.; Amaranthus Polygonoides, L.

Sphurjana, m. = sphūrjaka, L.; n. thundering, explosion, crash (Gk. σφάραγος), W.

Sphūrji. See visva-spho.

Sphürjita, mfn. thundering; n. thunder, a thunder-clap, crash, roar &c., Käv.

2. Sphūrņa, mfn. (?) thundered, MW.

स्फ्रेमन spheman &c. See p. 1270, col. 1.

स्फेनायनि sphaijāyani, mfn. (fr. sphij), g. karnadi.

Sphaijika, mfn. (fr. id.) g. vetanâdi.

स्कोट sphota, otaka &c. See p. 1270, col. 3.

स्कय sphyá, n. an implement used in sacrifices (described as a flat piece of wood shaped like a sword for stirring the offerings of boiled rice, or, accord. to some, for trimming the mound used as an altar), AV.; TS.; Br.; GrSrS.; Mn.; MBh.; a spar or boom (of a ship's sails), SBr.; (also n.) a kind of oar, R. [Cf. accord. to some, Gk. σφήν; Germ. spân, Span.] - kṛit, mfn. making a Sphya, ĀpSr.; m. N. of a man (cf. sphaiyakrita). - krita, m. (prob. w.r. for prec.), g. dvārādi. - vartani, f. the furrow or line made by the Sphya (in marking out the sacrificial ground), AitBr. Sphyagra, mfn. having a point like the Sphya (said of a sacrificial

Sphaiyakrita, m. patr. fr. sphya-krit or sphyakrita (cf. above), Kas. on Pāņ. vii, 3, 4.

सब् $sbr\bar{\imath}$. See $\sqrt{svr\bar{\imath}}$, p. 1285, col. 3.

sma, smā (or shma, shmā), ind. a particle perhaps originally equivalent to 'ever,' 'always;' and later to 'indeed,' 'certainly,' 'verily,' 'surely (it is often used pleonastically, and in earlier language generally follows a similar particle [esp. ha, na], or relative, or prep. or verb, while in later language it frequently follows iti, na and må [cf. 1. må]; it is also joined with a pres, tense or pres, participle to give them a past sense [e.g. pravisanti sma. they entered']; this use of sma is also found in the Brahmanas and is extended to veda and aha, cf. Vam. v, 2, 46), RV. &c. &c.

स्मत् smát, ind. (prob. connected with prec.; accord. to $Say. = sum \acute{a}t$, q. v.) together, at the same time, at once (as a prep. with instr. = 'together or along with; 'often in comp. = 'having,' 'possessing,' 'provided with'), RV. - puramdhi (smát-), mfn: having abundance, munificent (said of Indra), RV.

Smad, in comp. for smat. -abhīżu (smád-), mfn. having (beautiful) reins, RV. - ibha (smád-), n. 'having followers (?),' N. of a man (the enemy of Kutsa), ib. - ishta (småd-), mfn. having an errand, ib. - udhnī (smád-), f. (see ūdhas) having a full udder, always giving milk (said of a cow), ib. - dishti (smád-), mfn. well trained or practised, ib. - rātishac (smád-; strong form oshāc), mfn. attended by givers or liberal men, ib.

सन् smán, m. (meaning unknown), MaitrS.

समय smaya &c. See col. 3.

स्मर smara &c. See p. 1272, col. 1.

स्नाते smārta &c. See p. 1272, col. 2.

smi, cl. 1. A. (Dhātup. xxii, 51) smayate (m. c. also oti; pf. sismiye or sishmiyé [p. sishmiyāṇá, cf. upa-\smi], ep. also -smayām-āsa; aor. asmeshta, Bhatt. 259; asmayishthās, MBh.; fut. smetā, smeshyate, Gr.; inf. smetum, ib.; ind. p. smitvā, Sāh.; -smitya, -smayitya, MBh.), to smile, blush, become red or radiant, shine, RV.; TS.; Kāth.; to smile, laugh, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to expand, bloom (as a flower), Kāv.; to be proud or arrogant, BhP.: Pass. smiyate (aor. asmāyi), Gr.: Caus. smāyayati, ote (aor. asismayat; also smāpayati in vi-√smi, q.v.), to cause to smile or laugh &c.; (A.) to laugh at, mock, despise, Dhātup. xxxii, 37 (v.l. for smit, q.v.): Desid. sismayishate, Gr.: Intens. seshmiyate (p. vamāṇa, Nir. viii, 11), seshmayīti, seshmeti, ib. [Cf. Gk. φιλομμειδής for φιλο-σμειδης; μείδος, μειδάω; Lat. mirus, mirari; Slav. smijati; Eng. smile.]

Smaya, m. (ifc. f. \bar{a}) smiling at anything, wonder, surprise, astonishment, MBh.; Bhartr. (v.l.); arrogance, conceit, pride in or at (comp.), Ragh.; Das.; BhP.; Pride (personified as the son of Dharma and Pushți), BhP. - dana, n. an ostentatious donation, Heat. - nutti, f. the driving away or pulling down of pride, MW. Smayadika, mfn. beginning with (i.e. based chiefly on) arrogance, MBh.

Smayana, n. a smile, gentle laughter, AsvSr. Smayanīya, mfn. to be smiled (n. impers.), MW. Smayaka, m. Panicum Miliaceum, L.

Smayin, mfn. smiling, laughing (in antah-smo,

'laughing inwardly'), Sukas.

Smita, mfn. smiled, smiling, MBh.; R. &c.; expanded, blown, blossomed, Sis.; Pañcat.; n. a smile, gentle laugh (otam Vkri, 'to smile'), MBh.; Kāv. &c. - dris, f. 'having a smiling look,' a handsome woman, W. - pūrva, mfn. 'preceded by a smile,' with a smile, smiling (am, ind.), MBh.; °vâbhibhāshin, mfn. addressing with a smile (oshi-tā, f.), Kād. - mukha, mfn. having a smiling face, R. - vāc, mfn. speaking with a smile, Kām. - sālin, mfn. having smiles, smiling, laughing, W. - sobhin, mfn. smiling beautifully, MW. Smitôjjvala, mfn. (an eye) bright with a smile, Mālatīm.

Smiti, f. smiling, a smile, laughter, MW. Smetavya, mfn. to be smiled, TAr.

Smera, $mf(\bar{a})n$. smiling, friendly, Hariv.; Kālid.; Kathās. &c.; expanded, blown (as a flower), Vās.; Sah ; proud (see comp.); evident, apparent, W.; (ifc.) gay, abounding in, full of, Hcar.; m. a smile, laugh (in á-smera, sa-smeram, qq. vv.); manifestation, appearance, W. - ta, f. smiling, a smile, Sāh. — mukha, mfn. having a smiling face, Kum.; Git. - vishkira, m. 'proud bird,' a peacock, L.

स्मिट् smit, cl. 10. P. smeṭayati, to despise ('to go,' Šākat.), Dhātup. xxxii, 37; to love, xxxii. 3б (Vop.)

सील smīl, v.l. for √smīl, q v.

स्म 1. smri, v.1. for √spri, q.v.

2. smri, cl. 1. P. (Dhātup. xxii, 35) smárati (m. c. also ote; pf. sasmāra, sasmartha, sasmaruh, MBh.; R. &c.; aor. asmārshīt, oshuh, ib.; fut. smartā, smarishyati, ib.; inf. smartum, ib.; ind. p. smritvā, GrŠrS.; smaritvā, MBh.; -smritya, smāram [q. v.], ib. &c.), to remember, recollect, bear in mind, call to mind, think of, be mindful of (gen. or acc.; the action remembered is expressed by a p. p. or an impf. with yad, 'that,' or by a fut. without yad; the fut. may stand with yad, if there are two actions; cf. Pāņ. ii, 3, 52; iii, 2, 112 &c.), RV. &c. &c.; to remember or think of with sorrow or regret, MBh.; to hand down memoriter, teach, declare, RPrāt.; Kās.; Pañcat.; to recite, Hcat.: Pass. smaryáte (aor. asmāri; Prec. smrishīshta or smarishīshta), to be remembered or recorded or declared (as a law) or mentioned in the Smriti (with na, 'to be passed over in silence'), Br.; Rājat.; Sarvad.; to be declared or regarded as, pass for (nom. or loc.), Apast.; Kāš.: Caus. smārayati (rarely smarayati; m. c. also A.; aor. asasmarat; Pass. smāryate), to cause to remember or be mindful of or regret, MBh.; R. &c. (cf. Pān. i, 3, 67, Sch.); to remind any one of (two acc. or acc. and gen. or rarely gen. of person), MBh.; Kāv. &c.: Desid. susmūrshate (Pāņ. i, 3, 57), to wish to remember, Bhatt.: Intens. sāsmaryale or

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