The sam- $\sqrt{5}$. i, P. -eti, to go or come together, meet at (acc.) or with (instr. or dat.), encounter (as friends or enemies), RV. &c. &c.; to come together in sexual union, cohabit (acc. or sardham, saha), MBh.; R.; to come to, arrive at, approach, visit, seek, enter upon, begin, RV. &c. &c.; to lead to (acc.), RV. iii, 54, 5; to consent, agree with (instr. 'it is agreed between,' with gen. of pers. and loc. of thing), SBr.; MBh.: Pass. -īyate, to be united or met or resorted to &c.: Intens. -īyate, to visit, frequent, RV.; to appear, be manifested. BhP.

fested, BhP. **Sam-ayá**, m. (ifc. f. \bar{a}) coming together, meeting or a place of meeting, AV.; SBr.; intercourse with (instr.), Mn. x, 53; coming to a mutual understanding, agreement, compact, covenant, treaty, contract, arrangement, engagement, stipulation, conditions of agreement, terms (ena or āt or -tas, 'according to agreement, conditionally;' tena samayena, 'in consequence of this agreement;' samayam, acc. with \sqrt{kri} , to make an agreement or engagement, 'agree with any one [instr. with or without saha], 'settle,' 'stipulate;' with sam- \sqrt{vad} , id.; with $\sqrt{d\bar{a}}$, 'to propose an agreement,' 'offer terms;' with $\sqrt{br\bar{u}}$ or \sqrt{vac} or $abhi-\sqrt{dh\bar{a}}$, 'to state the terms of an agro,' 'make a promise;' with \sqrt{grah} or $prati-\sqrt{pad}$, 'to enter into an agro,' 'make or accept conditions of an agro;' with \sqrt{pal} or \raksh or pari-\raksh &c., 'to keep an agro,' 'keep one's word;' with \(\sqrt{tyaj}\) or \(\sqrt{bhid}\) or \(vy-abhi-\) √car &c., 'to break an agro;' abl. with √bhrans, id.; loc. with $\sqrt{sth\bar{a}}$, 'to keep an engagement,' 'keep one's word;' acc. with Caus. of \sqrt{stha} or of $ni-\sqrt{vis}$, to fix or settle terms, 'impose conditions'), TS. &c. &c.; convention, conventional rule or usage, established custom, law, rule, practice, observance, MBh.; R.; BhP.; order, direction, precept, doctrine, Nir.; MBh.; Samk.; Sarvad.; (in rhet.) the conventional meaning or scope of a word, Kusum.; appointed or proper time, right moment for doing anything (gen. or Pot., Pān. iii, 3, 68), opportunity, occasion, time, season (ifc. or ibc. or e, ind., 'at the appointed time or at the right moment or in good time for,' or 'at the time of,' 'when there is;' tena samayena, 'at that time'), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; juncture, circumstances, case (iha samaye, 'under these circumstances,' 'in this case'), Pancat.; Hit.; an ordeal, Vishn.; sign, hint, indication, W.; demonstrated conclusion, ib.; limit, boundary, ib.; solemn address, harangue, speech, declaration, Vishin.; (in gram.) a Vedic passage which is the repetition of another one, RPrät.; (in dram.) end of trouble or distress, Bhar.; Dasar.; Sāh.; N. of a son of Dharma, VP.; (with Saktas) N. of the author of a Mantra, Cat. - kamalakara, m., -kalpa-taru, m. N. of wks. - kāma (samayá-), mfn. desiring an agreement, TS. - kāra, m. making an agro or appointment or engagement, fixing a time, W.; = sailī, samketa, L. - kriyā, f. making an agro or compact or engagement, MW.; enjoining certain duties or obligations, Mn. vii, 202; preparation of an ordeal, Vishn. - cyuti, f. neglect of the right time, Bhartr. - jña, mfn. knowing the right time (said of Vishnu), MBh. -dharma, m. a duty based on agreement, covenant, stipulation, Pancat.; Yājn., Sch. - naya, m., -nirnaya, m. N. of wks. - pada, n. pl. any matters or points agreed upon, Apast. - parirakshana, n. the observance of a compact, Kir. - prakāsa, m., -pradīpa, m. N. of wks. - bandhana, mfn. bound by an agreement, MarkP. - bheda, m. breaking an agro; odôparacana-cakra, n. N. of wk. -bhedin, mfn. breaking an agro, Mn. viii, 218. - mayūkha, m., -mātrikā, f., -ratna, n., -rahasya, n. N. of wks. - vajra, m. N. of a man, Buddh. - vidyā, f. 'science of right moments,' astrology, Das. - vidhāna, n. N. of wk. - viparîta, mfn. contrary to agreement, not performing engagements, Bk. - velā, f. a period of time, Sringār. -vyabhicara, m. transgression or violation of a compact, MW. - vyabhicārin. mfn. breaking an agreement, Mn. viii, 220; 221. - sāra, N. of wk. -sundara-gani, m. N. of an author, Cat.-sûkta, n. pl. N. of wk. - setu-vārita, mfn. restrained by the barrier of custom, MW. Samayâcāra, m. conventional or established practice, R.; (with Tantrikas) N. of partic. orthodox wks.; -tantra, n., -nirūpana, n. N. of wks. Samayā-tantra, n. N. of wk. Samayadhyushita, mfn. half-risen (as the sun), Grihyās.; Mn. &c.; n. a time at which

neither stars nor sun are visible, MW. Samayânanda-saṃtosha, m. N. of an author, Cat. Samayânuvartin, mfn. following established rules, observant of duties, MW. Samayânusāreņa, ind. according to the occasion, suitably to the time or season, ib. Samayârṇa-mātrikā, f., 'yâloka, m., 'yâshṭa-nirūpaṇa, n. N. of wk. Samayôcita, mfn. suited to the occasion or time or to an emergency, seasonable, opportune, BhP.; (am), ind. suitably to the occ', MW.; -śloka, m. N. of wk. Samayôddyota, m. N. of wk. Samayôllai-ghita-tva, n. the violating of contracts or agreements, MW.

2. Samayā (for I. samayā see p. 1153, col. 2), in comp. for samaya. - √kṛi, P. -karoti, to pass time, let time pass, lose time (=kāla-kshepaṃ √kṛi), Pāṇ. v, 4, 60.

Samayī- / kṛi, P. -karoti, to stipulate, make incumbent or necessary, R.

Sam-āya, m. a visit, arrival, W. °āyín, mfn. occurring together or simultaneously (cf. a-s°), SBr. **Sam-it**, f. (for samit see below) hostile encounter, conflict, battle, war, MBh.; Kāv. &c.;

Sam-ita, mfn. (for sa-mita see below) come together, assembled, joined or united or combined with (instr. or comp.), RV.; MBh.; promised, agreed, assented to, MW.; finished, completed, ib.

-sajja, mfn. ready for war or battle, Rājat.

I. Sám-iti, f. (for 2. see below) coming together, meeting, assembling, an assembly, council, RV.; AV.; MBh.; BhP.; a flock, herd, Kir.; association, society (personified as daughter of Prajā-pati), BhP.; a league, plot, RV.; AV.; encounter, hostile meeting, war, battle, Br.; MBh.; R.; sameness, likeness (cf. 2. samá), L.; (with Jainas) rule of life or conduct (five are enumerated, viz. īryā-, bhāshā-, eshaṇā-, ādāna-, and utsarga-so), Sarvad. - mgama (°tim-), mfn. assisting a council, SBr. - mjaya (otim-), mfn. 'victorious in battle' or 'eminent in an assembly' (also N. of Yama and Vishnu), MBh.; Hariv.; BhP.; m. N. of a warrior, MBh. -mardana, mfn. crushing or harassing in battle, ib. - sālin, mfn. warlike, brave, BhP. - sobhana, mfn. conspicuous in fight or battle, MBh.; R.

Sam-ithá, m. hostile encounter, conflict, collision, RV.; fire, L.; offering, oblation, ib.

समिक 2. samika, n. (for 1. see p. 1153, col. 2) a pike, javelin, dart, L.

समिङ्ग sam-\square, Caus.-ingayati, to cause to move or throb, agitate, shake about, RV.

measured, meted out (opp. to a-mita), Kpr.; (= sam-mita) commensurate, equal to (comp.), MBh.; Sušr.; (am), ind. continually, always, Kāraṇḍ.; (\bar{a}), f. wheat-flour, Bhpr.; Divyâv.

सामात 2. sam-iti, ind. (for 1. see above) a sacred verse beginning with sam, MW.

सामतृ samitți, w.r. for samitți, q.v.

মনির sa-mitra, mfn. attended by a friend, along with friends, MBh.

समियुन sá-mithuna, $mf(\bar{a})n$. together with the pair or couple (or 'with the mate'), SBr.

समिद्ध 1. sam-iddha, mfn. (for 2. see col. 3), Prākṛit for sam-yiddha, perfect, full, complete, HirGṛ.

समिन samin, m. N. of a son of Rājâdhideva (v.l. samin), Hariv.

सनिहा sam-inaksh (see inaksh), -inak-shati, to wish to attain, strive to reach, be desirous of, RV.

(once in Br. 3. pl. impf. -aindhan; cf. Nir. x, 8; Ved. inf. -idham and -idhe), to set fire to, set alight, light up, kindle, ignite, inflame (lit. and fig.), RV.; AV.; Br.; Mn.; to take fire, RV. vii, 8, 1; to swell, increase, exhibit, show, betray (skill), Bhatt.: Pass. -idhyate, to be kindled, take fire, break out into flame, RV. &c. &c.

Samit, in comp. for samidh (for sam-it see above). - kalāpa, m. a bundle of firewood, IndSt. - kāshṭha, n. pl. logs of wood, fuel, ŠBr. - kuša, n. fuel and Kuša grass, Ragh. - tvá, n. the state of (being) fuel, TBr.; Bālar. - pāṇi (samit-), mfn.

holding fuel in the hands, SBr.; m. N. of a pupil of Sankaracarya, Cat. — pantha, m. fire, Gal. — pula, m. a bundle of firewood, ManGr. — samaropanapratar-aupasana-prayoga, m., and -samaropana-vidhana, n. N. of wks.

Samid, in comp. for samidh. — anta, mfn. ending with the word samidh, KātyŠr. — ādhāna, n. the placing on of wood or fuel (for the oblation to fire), Mn. ii, 176. — āharaṇa, n. fetching fuel, Šak. — idhma-vrašcana, n. splitting firewood of various kinds, Mcar. — drishadá, n. f° and a stone, Pāṇ. v, 4, 106, Sch. — dhārá (for -hāra), mfn. fetching f° (nom. with \sqrt{gam} , 'to go to fetch f°'), Āpast. — dhoma (for -homa), m. an oblation of f° (to fire), MW. — vat (samid-), mfn. provided with f°, Šak.; containing the word samidh (samid-vatī, f. a verse containing the word samidh), TS.; 'Vait.

2. Sám-iddha, mfn. (for 1. see col. 2) set alight or on fire, lighted, kindled, ignited, inflamed, RV. &c. &c. — darpa, mfn. inflamed with pride, MW. — vat, mfn. containing the word samiddha, KātyŚr. — sarana, mfn. having (its) habitations set on fire (as a town), MW. — homá, m. a libation poured out upon lighted wood, SBr. Sámiddhâgni, mfn. one who has kindled his fire, RV. Samiddhârcis, n. a blazing flame, MW. Samiddhârthaka, m. N. of a man, Mudr.

Samidh, mfn. igniting, flaming, burning, RV.; f. firewood, fuel, a log of wood, faggot, grass &c. employed as fuel (7 Samidhs, or sometimes 3×7 are mentioned, as well as 7 Yonis, 7 flames &c.), RV. &c. &c.; kindling, flaming, RV.; VS.; $\dot{S}Br.$; = samid-ādhāna, $\dot{S}rS.$ idha (ifc.) = samidh, fuel, wood, R.; m. fire, L.; (\bar{a}), f. an oblation to fuel or firewood, Grihyās.

Samidham, oidhe. See above under verb. Sam-idhya, Nom. P. vati (fut. -idhyitā or -idhitā), to wish for fuel, Pāņ. vi, 4, 50, Sch.

Sam-idhyamāna, mfn. (pr. p. Pass.) being kindled or ignited; -vat, mfn. containing the word samidhyamāna, KātyŠr.

Sam-indhana, m. N. of a man, Cat.; n. the act of kindling, Nir.; fuel, firewood, Bhatt.; a means of swelling or increasing of (gen.), MBh. xii, 4385.

Sam-eddhrí, mfn. one who kindles, kindling, RV.

सिन्द sam- \sqrt{inv}, P. -invati, to impart, bestow, RV.; to put together, restore, ib.

समिर sam-ira, m = sam-īra, wind, air (see sam- $\sqrt{i}r$), L.; N. of Šiva, L.

समिश्र sa-misra, mfn. mixing, mingling, undergoing mixture or combination (in a-sam^o), BhP.

समिष् sam-ish, f. (🗸 I. ish) a dart, javelin,

Sam-ishanya, Nom. P. 'yati, to drive to-gether, RV.

together, sacrificed; n. sacrifice (see next); -yajus, n. sacrificial formula and sacrifice, VS.; SBr.; KātyŚr. Sám-ishti, f. a complete sacrifice or oblation,

TS.; TBr.
समीक samīka. See samy-añc, p. 1181.

समान samika. See samy-anc, p. 1101.

समीकरण samī-karaņa, samī-√kri &c. See p. 1153, col. 2.

enter sam-\(\sigma ksh, \bar{A}\). -ikshate, to look at or inspect thoroughly, investigate closely, view, perceive, see, VS. &c. &c.; to become aware of, ascertain, R.; to find out, contrive, invent, MBh.; to think of, aim at, have in view, bear in mind, MBh.; to consider well, inquire into, investigate, examine, contemplate, Mn.; MBh. &c.; to look closely at in order to choose or destine for (two acc.), R.: Caus. -ikshayati, te, to cause to look at or view or perceive, AV.; KātyŠr.; to let one's self be seen, show one's self, appear, AV.

Sam-īksha, n. 'complete investigation,' N. of the Sāṃkhya system of philosophy, L.; (\tilde{a}) , f. thorough or close inspection, perceiving, beholding (dat. 'within the range of any one's [gen.] sight'), Apast.; desire or wish to see, MBh.; a glance, BhP.; view, opinion in regard to (with *prati*), MBh.; deep insight, understanding, intellect, BhP.; investigation, search, W.; the Mīmānsā philosophy or any work examining or explaining Vedic ritual, ib.;