mfn. waterless, dry, BhP. - udaka, mf(\bar{a})n. id., SānkhGr.; Apast.; BhP. - upadrava, mfn. undisturbed by any misfortune, not liable to unlucky accidents, Susr. - upavita, mfn. devoid of the sacred thread, Prâyasc. = I. -upasama, m. (for 2. see vyupa- \sigma sam) non-cessation, not ceasing or desisting, Mālatīm.; Sāh.; inquietude, MW. - upaskara, mfn. without appurtenance, MBh. - ūdhnī, f. having a large udder, TāṇḍyaBr. - urdhva-bhāj, w.r. for vy-riddha- $bh\bar{a}j$, Jaim. - eka, $mf(\bar{a})n$. deficient by one, VarBrS. - enas, mfn. guiltless, RV. iii, 33, 13. - enī, f. (of vy-eta) variously-tinted (said of the dawn), RV. v, 80, 4. - allaba, mfn. making various noises, AV. - okas, mfn. dwelling apart, Br. - odana (s, ind., accord. to Say. = vividhe 'nne labdhe sati), RV. viii, 52, 9. - 1. -oman, mfn. (for 2. see s.v.) one who cannot be saved (?), Käth.

of a-vyaya) a technical symbol for indeclinables such as ni, cit, svar &c., Vop. iii, 17.

चंश vy-ansa, vy-ansaka. See p. 1028, col. 2.

vy-\ans, P. -ansayati, to cheat, deceive, Divyav. -ansaka, m. a cheat, rogue, juggler, L. -ansana, n. cheating, deceiving, MBh. -ansanīya, to be cheated or deceived, W. -ansayitavya, mfn. id., Pañcat. -ansita, mfn. cheated, deceived, disappointed, W.

चक्ड vyakṛiḍa, mfn. (applied to Rudra), MaitrS.

यक vy-akta, vy-akti. See cols. 2, 3.

यह्य vy- Vaksh, P. -akshati or -akshnoti= vy- Vai, to pervade, &c., MW.

व्यक्ष vy-aksha. See p. 1028, col. 2.

অনু vy-agra, $mf(\bar{a})$ n. not attending to any one partic. point (opp. to ekâgra), distracted, inattentive; bewildered, agitated, excited, alarmed, MaitrUp.; MBh.; Kav. &c.; diverted from everything else, intent on, engrossed by, eagerly occupied with or employed in (instr., loc., or comp.; sometimes said of hands and fingers), MBh.; Hariv.; Kav. &c.; tottering, unsteady, exposed to dangers (see a-vy°); being in motion (as a wheel), BhP.; m. N. of Vishņu, MW.; (am), ind. in an agitated manner, with great excitement, VarBrS.; -ta, f. intense occupation, eagerness, intentness (ifc.), Sak.; Pancat. &c.; perplexity, confusion, MW.; -tva, n. distraction; confusion, agitation, MaitrUp.; Pancat.; (ifc.) intentness on, Kull. on Mn. viii, 65; -puramdhri-varga, mfn. having companies of matrons zealously occupied, MW.; -manas, mfn. perplexed or bewildered in mind, ib.; -hasta, mfn. having the hands occupied with (comp.), Divyav.

Vyagraya, Nom. P. 'yati, to divert or distract any one's thoughts, Car.

व्यङ्गर vyankaṭa, older form of venkaṭa.

चाङ्का vy-ankusa. See p. 1028, col. 2.

without limbs, limbless, deficient in limb, deformed, crippled, AV.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; having no wheels, BhP.; lamed, lame, MW.; bodiless, ib.; ill-arranged, ib.; m. a cripple, ib.; m. or n. a kind of cat's eye (a precious stone), L.; (n., w.r. for try-anga, tripartite army, MBh.); -tā, f., -tva, n. deficiency of limb, crippled condition, mutilation, MBh.; VarBrS.; Pañcat.; gartha, m. (in rhet.) suggested sense or meaning, MW.

Vy-angaya, Nom. P. oyati, to deprive of a limb, mutilate, ApŚr.; Pañcat. ogita, mfn. mutilated (karnayor vyo, perforated in the ears, MBh. [Nīlak.]; otakekshana, mf [ā]n. defective in an eye, one-eyed, Sis.)

Vyangin, mfn. deficient in limb, deformed, crippled, MBh.; MarkP.

Vyangī-√kṛi, P. -karoti = vyangaya, MBh.; Hariv.

चङ्गार vy-angāra &c. See p. 1028, col. 2.

याङ्ग्य vy-angya &c. See col. 3.

tical with 2. vy-\(\sigma c\), cl. 6. P. (Dhātup. xxviii, 12) vicati (only in cl. 3. pr. vivyakti, 3. du.

viviktás, Subj. vivyácat, RV.; impf. avivyak, 3. pl. avivyacus, ib.; pf. vivyāca, 2. sg. vivyáktha, ib.; Br.; Gr. also aor. avyācīt; Prec. vicyāt; fut. vyaeitā, vicitā; vyacishyati; inf. vyacitum; ind. p. vicitvā), to encompass, embrace, comprehend, contain, RV.; AitBr.; (vicati), to cheat, trick, deceive, Dhātup.: Caus. vyācayati (aor. avivyacat), Gr.: Desid. vivyacishati, ib.: Intens. vevicyate, vāvyacīti, vāvyakti, ib.

Vyácas, n. expanse, capacity, compass, RV.; AV.; VS.; wide space, free scope, room, RV.; AV.; SBr. (vyacas-\/kri, to dilate, expand, open, Kaus.) - kāma, mfn. desirous of wide space, Kaus. - vat (vyácas-), mfn. spacious, expansive, RV.; VS.

Vyácishtha, mfn. (superl.) most spacious or expansive, RV.

वाच 2. vy-√ac (or añc), P. Ā. -aeati, ote, to bend asunder, make wide, extend, RV.; AV.

व्यक्त vyaccha. See go-vyacchá.

(Pass. $vy-\sqrt{aj}$, RV. x, 85, 28; to go through or across, furrow, ib. v, 54, 4.

1. Vy-aja, Pāņ. iii, 3, 119.

বাস 2. $vyaj (= \sqrt{vij}$, only in vyajeta, Susr.; for vivyajuh see \sqrt{vij} , to fan, ventilate.

2. Vyaja, m. a fan, W.

Vyajana, n. (ifc. f. ā) fanning, Kād.; a palmleaf or other article used for fanning, fan, whisk (often du.), Mn.; MBh. &c. - kriyā, f. the act of fanning, Kād. - cāmara, n. the tail of the Bos Grunniens used as a whisk or fan, a chowry (cf. vyajanacāmara).

Vyajanaka, n. = vyajana, a fan, VarBrS.
Vyajanin, m. the Yak (Bos Grunniens), L.
Vyajanī, in comp. for vyajana. - \sqrt{kri}, P.-karoti, to make into (or use as) a fan, Kād. - \sqrt{bhū},

P. -bhavati, to become or be a fan, Ragh. অৰ্থ vyañe. See unu-vyáñe.

व्यञ्चन vyañcana, w. r. for vy-añjana, Hariv.

यचनदेत vyañcana-vat, mfn. (a word used to explain vyáoas-vat), Nir. viii, 10.

vy-\(\sigma \tilde{n}j\), P. \(\bar{A}\).-anakti, -ankte, (\(\bar{A}\).\) to anoint thoroughly, RV.; to decorate, adorn, beautify, ib.; (P. \(\bar{A}\).\) to cause to appear, manifest, display, RV. &c. &c.: Pass. -ajyate, to be manifested or expressed, RV.; Ragh.; Pa\(\tilde{n}\)cause. Caus. -a\(\tilde{n}\)jayati, to cause to appear, make clearly visible or manifest, Mn.; MBh. &c.

Vy-akta, mfn. adorned, embellished, beautiful, RV.; caused to appear, manifested, apparent, visible, evident (am, ind. apparently, evidently, certainly) MBh.; Kāv. &c.; developed, evolved (see below); distinct, intelligible (see -vac); perceptible by the senses (opp. to a-vyakta, transcendental), MBh.; BhP.; specified, distinguished, L.; specific, individual, L.; hot, L.; wise, learned, Lalit.; m. heat, L.; a learned man, L.; an initiated monk, Sil.; 'the manifested One,' N. of Vishnu, MW.; of one of the 11 Ganadhipas (with Jainas); n. (in Sāmkhya) 'the developed or evolved' (as the product of a-vyakta, q.v.), Samkhyak. (cf. IW. 82); -kritya, n. a public action or deed, Rājat.; -ganita, n. calculation with known numbers, arithmetic, IW. 176, n. 3; -gandhā, f. (only L.) long pepper; jasmine; a species of Sanseviera; Clitoria Ternatea; -ta, f., or -tva, n. distinctness, manifestation (instr. clearly, distinctly; acc. with \(gam, 'to appear'), Up.; Kathās.; -tāraka, mfn. having clear stars, MW.; -darsana, mfn. one who has attained to right knowledge, R.; -drishtartha, mfn. perceiving or witnessing a transaction with one's own eyes, a witness, L.; -bhuj, mfn. consuming all manifested or visible things (said of time), MW.; -maya, mf(i)n. relating to what is perceptible by the senses, MBh.; -maricika, mfn. much peppered, Car.; -rasa, mfn. having a perceptible taste (-tā, f.), Sušr.; -rāši, m. (in arithm.) known or absolute quantity; -rūpa, m. 'having a manifested form,' N. of Vishnu, MW.; -rūpin, mfn. having a discernible shape, ib.; -lakshman, mfn. having evident signs or marks, clearly characterized, W.; -lavana, mfn. much salted, Car.; -vāc, f. a clear or distinct speech, Pān. i, 3, 48; -vikrama, mfn. displaying valour, MW.; otavadhūta, min. one who has publicly shaken off worldly ties (opp. to guptavo, q.v.), W.; otôdita, mfn. spoken clearly or plainly, MW.

Vy-akti, f. visible appearance or manifestation, becoming evident or known or public (acc. with \(\shai, \bar{a} - \sqrt{gam}, \) and \(\bar{a} - \sqrt{y\bar{a}}, \) to appear, become manifest), MBh.; K\(\bar{a}v. &c.; \) specific appearance, distinctness, individuality, ib.; an individual (opp. to \(j\bar{a}ti), \) Bhag.; VarBrS. &c.; (in gram.) gender, P\(\bar{a}n.i., 2, 51; \) case, inflection, the proper form of any inflected word, W.; a vowel(?), MW.; \(-t\bar{a}, f., -tva, n. \) distinctness, individuality, personality, ib.; \(-vi-veka, m. N. \) of wk.

Vyaktī, in comp. for vy-akta. - karaņa, n. the act of making manifest or clear or distinct, Dhātup.; Jātakam. - Vkri, P.-karoti, to make m° or clear or d° (-krita, mfn. made m° or clear or d°), Kathās. - bhāva, m. the becoming m° or clear or d°, Saṃk. - Vbhū, P.-bhavati, to become m° or clear or d° (-bhūta, mfn. become manifest or clear or distinct), MBh.; VarBrS.; Rājat.

2. **Vy-ànga**, mfn: (for I. see col. I) spotted, speckled, AV.; m. freckles in the face, Susr.; a blot, blemish, stain, Hariv.; a frog, L.; steel, L.

Vy-angya, mf(ā)n. that which is manifested or indicated or made perceptible, Samk.; Sāh.; (in rhet.) indicated by allusion or insinuation, implied, suggestive, Kpr.; "gyartha-kaumudī, f., "gyartha-dīpikā, f., "gyartha-dīpinī, f. N. of wks.; "gyôkti, f. covert language or insinuation, MW.

Vy-añjaka, mf(*ikā*)n. making clear, manifesting, indicating (gen. or comp.), Mn.; BhP.; (in rhet.) indicating by implication, suggesting (-tva, n.), Sāh.; Pratāp.; m. indication of passion or feeling, Mālatīm.; a sign, mark, symbol, W.; figurative expression or insinuation, ib.; **ckârtha*, m. (in rhet.) suggested or implied sense.

Vy-anjana, mfn. manifesting, indicating, Hariv. (v.l. vyañcana); m. (once for n.; cf. below) a consonant, VPrāt.; Pandanus Odoratissimus, L.; = vāditra-karman, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. (in rhet.) implied indication, allusion, suggestion, Sāh.; Pratāp.; a figurative expression (onā-vritti, f. figurative style), W.; n. decoration, ornament, RV. viii, 78, 2; manifestation, indication, Susr.; Rājat.; allusion, suggestion ($=\bar{a}$, f.), Sāh.; ĀsvSr., Sch.; figurative expression, irony, sarcasm, W.; specification, Nir.; a mark, badge, spot, sign, token, ApSr.; R.; Kathās. &c.; insignia, paraphernalia, Kav.; symptom (of a disease), Cat.; mark of sex or gender (as the beard, breasts &c.), the private organs (male or female), GrSrS.; MBh. &c.; anything used in cooking or preparing food, seasoning, sauce, condiment, MBh.; R. &c.; a consonant, Prāt.; SrS. &c.; a syllable, VPrāt. (cf. hīnavy'; the letter (as opp. to artha, 'meaning'), Mahāv.; a limb, member, part, L.; a day, L.; purification of a sacrificial animal (also m. and \bar{a} , f.), L.; a fan, L. (w.r. for vyajana); -kāra, m. the preparer of a sauce or condiment, MBh.; -guna (?), m. N. of a wk. on condiments in cookery; -samgama, m. a collection or group of consonants, MW.; -samdhi, m. (in gram.) the junction of consonants, ib.; -samnipāta, m. a falling together or conjunction of consonants, ib.; -sthane, ind. in the place of sauce or seasoning, ib.; -hārikā, f. N. of a female demon supposed to remove the hair of a woman's pudenda, MarkP.; onôdaya, mfn. followed by a consonant, MW.; onopadha, mfn. preceded by a co, ib. anjanika, n. (with svarānām) N. of a Paris, of the VS.

Vy-anjijishu, mfn. (fr. Desid.) wishing to make clear or manifest, W.

Vy-anjita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) clearly manifested or made visible; -vritti-bheda, mfn. having various actions manifested, MW.

व्यड vyaḍa, m. N. of a man, Vop. (cf. vyāḍi).

व्यड चुक vyaḍambaka or obana, n. the castoroil plant, Ricinus Communis, L.

আৰু vyadda, m. N. of a man, Rājat. (also -maṇḍala, ib.)

चात vy-áti, m. (fr. 3. vi and $\sqrt{2.at}$; but not dissolved in Padap.) a horse, RV.

चातिक vy-ati- vi. kri, only Pass. -kriyate, to be greatly changed or moved, BhP.

I. Vy-atikara, mfn. acting reciprocally, reciprocal, W.; m. reciprocity, reciprocal action or relation, ib.; contact, contiguity, union (ifc. = joined with, spreading through or over, pervading), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (ifc.) taking to, accomplishing, performing, Amar.; Das.; Rājat.; incident, opportunity, Nalac.; reverse,