jealous of (comp.), Prab.; Kathās.; (am), ind. enviously, jealously, Pañcat.; BhP.

सेल sel, v.l. for √sel, q.v.

सेल sela, m. or n. (prob. Prākrit for saila) a kind of weapon, Kād. (B.); a partic. high number (cf. selu), Buddh.

Sella, m. or n. (?) a kind of weapon, Pañcad.

सेलग sélaga, m. (perhaps fr. sela = saila + ga) a waylayer, robber, AitBr.; SBr.; ĀsvSr.

सेलिस selisa, m. a kind of white deer, L. सेल selu, m. = selu, Cordia Myxa Susr.

सेलु selu, m. = selu, Cordia Myxa, Susr.; a partic. high number (cf. sela), Buddh.

सेव्हार selhāra, m. N. of a family, Cat.

सव sev, cl. 1. A. (Dhātup. xiv, 30) sevate (rarely 'ti; pf. sisheve, 'va, MBh. &c.; fut. sevitā, Gr.; sevishyate, ib., 'ti, MBh.; aor. asishevat, asevishta, Gr.; inf. sevitum, MBh. &c.; ind. p. sevitvā, -sevya, ib.), to dwell or stay near or in (loc.), SBr.; to remain or stay at, live in, frequent, haunt, inhabit, resort to (acc.), Mn.: MBh. &c.; to serve, wait or attend upon, honour, obey. worship, ib.; to cherish, foster (a child), Kathās.; to present with (instr.), Ragh.; to enjoy sexually, have sexual intercourse with (acc.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; to refresh by soft breezes, fan (said of the wind), R.; Kālid.; Pañcat.; to devote or apply one's self to, cultivate, study, practise, use, employ, perform, do, RV. &c. &c.; to exist or be found in anything (acc.), R.; Hariv.; Kathās.: Pass. sevyate, to be followed or served &c., MBh.: Caus. sevayati (aor. asishevat), to attend upon, serve, honour, Hit.; to tend, cherish (plants), Bhartr.: Desid. of Caus., see sisevayishu: Desid. sisevishate, oti, Gr.: Intens. seshevyate, ib.

Seva (either fr. \( \sev \) or siv), g. pacadi; n. = 1. sevi, an apple, L.

1. Sevaka, mfn. (for 2. see col. 2) dwelling in, inhabiting (comp.), MBh.; practising, using, employing (comp.), Kāv.; Kathās.; revering, worshipping (mostly comp.), Yājñ.; BhP.; m. a servant, attendant, follower, R.; VarBṛS.; Rājat.; a votary, worshipper, Hariv.; Pañcar. Sevakâlu, m. a kind of plant (= niša-bhaṅga; commonly called Dugdhapeyā), L. Sevakôttama, m. (and ā, f.) best of servants, MW.

I. Sevana, n. (for 2. see col. 2) the act of frequenting or visiting or dwelling in or resorting to (comp.), Kāv.; Pañcat.; BhP.; waiting upon, attendance, service, Mn.; MBh. &c.; honouring, reverence, worship, adoration (also ā, f.), Kāv.; VarBṛS. &c.; sexual enjoyment, intercourse with (comp.), Mn. xi, 178; devotion or addiction to, fondness for, indulgence in, practise or employment of (gen. or comp.), Mn.; R. &c. — bhāvanā-kāvya, n. N. of wk.

Sevanin, m. a ploughman (?), Hariv. (Nīlak.)

1. Sevanīya, mfn. (for 2. see col. 2) to be followed or practised, Bhartr.; to be served or waited

upon or honoured, Hariv.; BhP. Sevā, f. going or resorting to, visiting, frequenting, Can.; Subh.; service, attendance on (loc., gen., or comp.; sevām \( \lambda kri, \) with gen., 'to be in the service of'), Mn.; MBh. &c.; worship, homage, reverence, devotion to (gen. or comp.), ib.; sexual intercourse with (comp.), Hit.; Subh.; addiction to, indulgence in, practice or employment or frequent enjoyment of (comp.), Nir.; Mn.; MBh. &c. -kāku, f. change of voice in service (i.e. sometimes speaking loudly, sometimes softly, sometimes angrily, sometimes sorrowfully), Vikr. - kaumudī. f. N. of a wk. on Bhakti. - jana, m. a servant, attendant, VarBrS. - "njali ("vanj"), m. a servant's reverential salutation with hollowed hands (see anjali), Bhartr. - tīrtha, m. N. of an author, Cat. -daksha,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . skilled in service, Mālav. -dharma, m. the duties or functions of s°, Bhartr. -phala-stotra, n. N. of a hymn by Vallabhacarya; -vivriti, f.; °lôkti-vivriti, f. N. of Comms. - obhirata (ovâbho), mfn. rejoicing in or fond of so, VarBrS. - bhrit, min. maintaining so, serving, honouring (comp.), R. - valamba ( $vav^{\circ}$ ), mfn. depending on another's so, Bhartr. - vasara (ovavo), m. opportunity for worship or adoration, Kum. -vicāra, m. N. of a wk. on Bhakti. - vilāsinī,

f. a female servant, Nalac. - vritti, f. a livelihood

gained by service, L. - vyavahāra, m. the practice of service, MW.

I. **Sevi**, n. the jujube (=badara), L.; an apple (in this sense prob. fr. Persian seb), L.

2. Sevi, in comp. for sevin. -tā, f. service, attendance, MārkP. -tva, n. seeking, resorting to (comp.), BhP.; honouring, deference towards (comp.), Kām.; the state of one who dwells in of inhabits, MW.

Sevikā, f. a partic. sweetmeat (a kind of vermicelli made of wheat-flour and boiled in milk and sugar), BhP.

Sevita, mfn. dwelt in, visited, frequented, followed, served &c. (see \sqrt{sev}); furnished or endowed with, abounding in (comp.), R.; n. = 1. sevi, L. - manmatha, mfn. addicted to love or amorous enjoyments, MW.

1. Sevitavya, mfn. (for 2. see below) to be frequented or inhabited, Hariv.; to be followed or practised, TUp.; Mn. &c.; to be tended or taken care of, Cān.; Mricch.

Sevitri, mfn. (only ifc.) one who honours or worships, MBh.; one who follows or pursues, ib.; m. a servant, attendant, Mālav. iv. 12.

Sevin, mfn. (only ifc.) going or resorting to, frequenting, inhabiting, MBh.; R. &c.; attending on, serving, a servant, Kālid.; Kir.; VarBrS.; honouring, revering, deferential to, Mn.; MBh. &c.; having sexual intercourse with, Subh.; addicted to, fond of, enjoying, practising, employing, MBh.; Kāv. &c.

Sevya, min. to be resorted to or frequented or inhabited by (gen.), Hariv.; Pañcat.; Kathās.; to be followed (as a path), Rājat.; to be approached, Can.; to be waited upon or served or obeyed, a master (as opp. to 'a servant'), R.; Kālid. &c.; to be honoured, honourable, Yājn.; MBh. &c.; to be enjoyed carnally, Subh.; to be practised or used or employed, MBh.; R. &c.; to be studied, Cat.; to be kept or hoarded, Hit.; to be taken care of or guarded, W.; m. the Asvattha tree, Ficus Religiosa, L.; Barringtonia Acutangula, L.; a sparrow, L.; an intoxicating drink made from the blossoms of the Bassia Latifolia, L.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. the parasitical plant Vandā, L.: Emblic Myrobolam, L.; a kind of wild grain or rice, L.; (am), n. the root of Andropogon Muricatus, Susr.; red sandal-wood, L.; sea-salt, L.; the thick middle part of curds, L.; water, L. - ta, f., -tva, n, the state of being liable or worthy to be served or honoured or revered or followed or pursued, Kāv.; Rājat.; Sarvad. - sevakau, m. du. master and servant, Hit.

**Sevyamāna**, mfn. being dwelt in or served or used &c.

संवक 2. sevaka, m. (fr.  $\sqrt{siv}$ ; for 1. sevaka see col. 1) one that sews, a sewer, L.; a sack, L.

2. **Sevana**, n. (for I. see col. I) the act of sewing, darning, stitching, Sušr.; Vop.;  $\tilde{A}$ pŠr., Sch.; a sack, L.;  $(\bar{\imath})$ , f. a needle, L.; a seam, L.; a suture or peculiar seam-like union of parts of the body (seven in number, viz. five of the cranium, one of the tongue, and one of the glans penis), Br.; Sušr.;  $(\bar{\imath})$ , f. a kind of small jasmine, L.

2. Sevanīya, mfn. (for I. see col. I) to be sewn or stitched together, MW.

2. Sevitavya, mfn. (for I. see above) to be sewn, Nir.

सेवती sevatī, f. the Indian white rose, L. सेवधि seva-dhi, w.r. for seva-dhi.

सेविन्तकापरिशय sevantikā-pariņaya, m. N. of a Nāṭaka or a Kāvya, Cat.

सेवालिन् sevālin, mfn. (fr. savāla, see šev°), g. suvāstv-ādi (Kāš. secālin).

सेवासी sevāsī, ind. (with  $\sqrt{1.kri}$ ), g.  $\bar{u}ry$ -ādi (v. l.)

संश्वर sēšvara, mfn. (7. sa+īšvara) having a god, theistical (see next). — sāṃkhya, n. the theistical branch of the Sāṃkhya school of philosophy, Sarvad.

Hg séshu, mfn. (7. sa + ishu) having an arrow (see next).—dhanvan, mfn. having a bow and arrow, ŚāńkhŚr.

Sêshuka,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . having an arrow, KātyŠr.

सिष्टि séshți, mfn. (7. sa+3. ishți) provided with a sacrifice, ĀpŚr.

Sêshtika, mfn. id., ApSr., Sch.

सेष्मीयाण seshmiyāṇa. See Vsmi, Intens. g. kulālādi.

सहान sehāna. See V1.sah, p.1192, col.3.

सह sehu, m. a partic. dry substance, AV.; a partic. organ in the body, Kāth.

सहराड sehuņda, m. Euphorbia Ligularia (cf. sīh°), Kāšīkh.; (ā), f. id., Bhpr.

सहोक sehnoka or sehloka, m. N. of a poet (cf. sohnoka), Cat.

 $\Re$  sai (cf.  $\sqrt{3}$ . sā, 1. so), cl. 1. P. sāyati, to waste away, decline, Dhātup. xxii, 18.

संह sainha, mf(i)n. (fr. sinha) belonging to lions, leonine, lion-like, MBh.; Hariv. &c.

Sainhakarona, m. (cf. ajaka-ro), Pat. on Pān. i, I, 72, Vārtt. 14.

Sainhakarna, mfn. coming or derived from Sinha-karna, g. takshasiladi.

Sainhakāyana, mfn. (fr. sinhaka), g. pakshādi. Sainhala, mf( $\bar{\imath}$ )n. (fr. sinhala) belonging to or produced in Ceylon, Singhalese, Satr.; ( $\bar{\imath}$ ), f. a kind of pepper, L.; n. Laurus Cassia, L.

Sainhādrika, m. pl. (fr. sinha-adri) N. of a

people, Inscr.

Sainhika, mfn. (fr. sinha) lion-like, leonine, W.; m. (fr. sinhikā), metr. of Rāhu or the personified ascending node (cf. next), L.

Sainhikeya, mfn. descended from Sinhikā, Hariv.; m. a child of S° (also pl.; applied to a class of Dānavas), ib.; metr. of Rāhu (cf. prec.), Kāv.; Var-BṛS.; BhP.

Him saîka, mfn. added to one, plus one, Yājñ.; VarBṛS. — dvi-saptaka, mf $(ik\bar{a})$ n. plus one (and) two (and) seven, Jyot. Saikâvali, mf $(\bar{i})$ n. having a necklace consisting of a single string of pearls, VarBṛS.

gravelly, consisting or made of sand, SBr. &c. &c.; m. pl. N. of a family of Rishis, MBh.; n. (ifc. f. ā) a sandbank, sandy shore or soil, any bank or shore, MBh.; Kāv.&c. — vat, mfn. possessing sandbanks, MW. Saikatêshṭa, n. 'liked by sandy soil,' ginger, L.

Saikatika, mfn. belonging or relating to sand-banks, MW.; living in doubt and error (= bhrānti-jīvin or samdeha-j°), L.; m. an ascetic or religious mendicant, L.; n. a thread worn round the wrist or neck to secure good fortune (= mangala-sūtra), L.; = mātri-yātrā, L.

Saikatin, mfn. having sandbanks or sandy shores, Kālid.

सेक्यत saikayata, m., g. kraudy-ādi. - vi-dha, mfn. inhabited by Saikayatas, g. bhauriky-ādi.

Saikayatyā, f. of saikayata, g. kraudy-ādi.

सैका saikya, mfn. (fr. seka) connected with or dependent on sprinkling or watering, VarBrS.

सेद्याव sâikshava, mfn. (7. sa + aikshava) sugared, sugary, Bhpr.

सेचालिन saicālina, mfn. (fr. secālin), g. suvāstv-ādi (Kāš. saivālin).

सेत saita, m. N. of a family of princes, Buddh.

सैतकेय saitakeya, mfn. (fr. setakī), g. nadyādi.

सत्व saitava, mfn. (fr. setu) consisting of a dam or bridge, Kāv.; m. N. of a preceptor, SBr.

सैतवाहिनी saitavāhinī, f. (perhaps for sita v°) N. of the river Bāhu-dā. L.

सहानिक saiddhāntika, mf(i)n. (fr. sid-dhânta) connected with or relating to an established truth &c., W.; m. one who knows an established truth or is versed in a Siddhânta (q. v.), Sinhâs.

संध्रक saidhraká, mfn. (fr. sidhraka) made of the wood of the Sidhraka tree, TBr.

Saidhrakāvata, mfn. (fr. sidhrakā-vat), Pān. iv, 2, 72, Kāš.

Saidhrika, n. a kind of tree, Sāy. — maya, mf( $\bar{\imath}$ )n. made of Saidhrika wood, SāmavBr.

सैनक sainaka, n. (fr. senā; saṃjñāyām),