misfortune, calamity, accident, fatality, Hcar.; Pañcat.; Kathās.; destruction, end, BhP. oatikrita, mfn. pervaded, MW.

चातिक् vy-ati- \sqrt{kri} , Pass. -kiryate, to be mixed or blended together, Samk.

2. **Vy-atikara**, m. mixing or blending together, mixture, MBh.; BhP.; a confusing (or striking) resemblance, Jātakam.; -vat, mfn. mixed, of contrary kind or nature, Mcar.

Vy-atikarita, mfn. mixed or joined with (instr. or comp.), Mcar.; Mālatīm.

Vy-atikirna, mfn. scattered about in different directions, MBh.; mixed together, confused, MW.

व्यक्तिक्रम् vy-ati-√kram, P. Ā. -krāmati, -kramate (ind. p. -kramya), to go or pass by, step over or beyond (lit. and fig.), MBh.; R.; Pañcat.; to pass away, elapse, be spent (as time), ib.; BhP.; to excel, surpass, conquer, R.; to neglect, omit, violate, ib. oatikrama, m. going or passing by, Susr.; gaining the start, MBh.; passing away, lapse (of time), R.; leaping or passing over, avoiding, escaping, getting rid of (gen.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; overstepping, transgressing, neglect, violation, non-performance, disregard of (gen. or comp.), Gaut.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; violation of established order, transgression, crime, vice, fault, sin against (gen. or comp.), Apast.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; inverted order, reverse, contrary, SrS.; Das. atikramana, n. (ifc.) committing a sin against, wronging, Kaus. atikramin, mfn. (ifc.) sinning against, wronging, Apast.; passing over, deviating, transgressing, MW. oatikrānta, mfn. passed over &c.; reversed, inverted, W.; one who has wrongly taken to (acc.), MBh. xii, 6492; n. transgression, sin, fault, R. atikrānti, f. (ifc.) committing a sin against, harming, wronging, Sāh.

चातिस्प vy-ati-kshepa, m.(\sqrt{kship}) mutual exchange or permutation, Apast.; mutual altercation, strife, contest, MBh. (v.l. vy-adhi-kshepa).

वातगम् vy-ati- \sqrt{gam} , P. -gaechati, to go against each other, Pāṇ. i, 3, 15, Sch. oatigata, mfn. passed by, elapsed (as time), MBh.

चातिमा vy-ati- $\sqrt{g\bar{a}}$, P. - $jig\bar{a}ti$ (only aor. vy-aty- $ag\bar{a}t$), to pass by, Ragh.

यातचा vy-ati-√car (only 1. sg. pr. Ā. -care), to transgress against, offend (acc.), R. °ati-cāra, see a-vyaticāra.

याति चुमित vy-ati-cumbita, mfn. (\sqrt{cumb}) touched closely, in immediate contact with, Naish.

चातज्ञ vy-ati-√jalp, P. -jalpati, to chatter together, gossip, Pāṇ. i, 3, 15, Vārtt. 1, Pat.

चितिज्ञ vy-ati- \sqrt{ji} (only 3. sg. pf. $\bar{\mathbf{A}}$. -jigye), to conquer, surpass, excel, Bhatt.

यातितन् vy-ati- \sqrt{tan} (only 3. du. impf. \bar{A} . vy-atanv $\bar{a}t\bar{a}m$), to vie with each other in extending or spreading out, Bhatt.

चितित् vy-ati- \sqrt{tri} (only 3. sg. du. fut. P. -tarishyati), to pass completely across, overcome, Bhag.

चातनी vy-ati- $\sqrt{n\bar{\imath}}$, P. -nayati, to let pass (time), \bar{A} sv \bar{S} r.

चातिपद vy-ati- \sqrt{path} , P.-pathati, to recite mutually, Pāṇ. i, 3, 15, Vārtt. I, Pat.

चितिपाक vy-ati- $p\bar{a}ka$, m. (\sqrt{pac}), $P\bar{a}$ ņ. iii, 3, 43, $V\bar{a}$ rtt. 1.

partic. astronomical Yoga (when sun and moon are in the opposite Ayana and have the same declination, the sum of their longitudes being = 180°), Var.; Heat. &c. (cf. vy- $at\bar{i}$ - $p\bar{a}ta$); -janana- $s\bar{a}nti$, f., -prakarana, n., -vrata-kalpa, m. N. of wks.

चातभा vy-ati- $\sqrt{bh\bar{a}}$, \bar{A} . - $bh\bar{a}te$ (pf. -babhe), to shine forth fully or brightly (used impers.), Viddh.

यातिभन्न vy-ati-bhinna, mfn. (\sqrt{bhid}) in-separably joined or connected with, Nyāyas., Sch.

Vy-atibheda, m. bursting forth together or simultaneously, Sāh.; pervading, penetration, Nyāyas.

चातिभू vy-ati-\darkarrow bhū, Ā. -bhavate (3. sg. prec. -bhavishīshṭa, Pāṇ. vii, 3, 88, Sch.), to vie

with any one (acc.), contend for precedence or superiority, Vop.

चातम श्रे vy-ati-marša, m.(\sqrt{mris}) a partic. kind of Vihāra (mutual transposition of the several Pādas or half verses or whole verses of the first and second Vālakhilya hymns which are repeated in sets, two always taken together), MW. atimaršam, ind. so as to encroach, ĀŝvŠr.; so as to skip or take alternately, MW.

चातिमञ्ज vy-ati-misra, mfn. mixed or confounded with one another, MBh.; VarBrS.

चातमूद vy-ati-mūḍha, mfn.(\sqrt{muh}) excessively perplexed or embarrassed, utterly distracted, Hariv. oatimoha, see á-vyatimoha.

चितिया vy-ati- $\sqrt{y\bar{a}}$, P. $-y\bar{a}ti$, to go completely through, penetrate, pervade, R.; to pass by, flow on (as time), Hariv.

Vy-atiyāta, mfn. gone by, elapsed, ib.

चातिषु vy-ati-√2. yu, P.-yauti (only 2. du. pr. -yutas), to unite mutually, mix together, mingle, Bhatt.

याँतरा vy-ati- $\sqrt{r\bar{a}}$, Ā. -rāte, Siddh. (vy-aty-are, Pāṇ. vi, 4, 64, Sch.)

reach far beyond, leave behind, surpass, excel (acc. or abl.), Hariv.; Ragh.; to be separated from (abl.), BhP.; to differ from, ib.; Samk.

Vy-atirikta, mfn. reaching beyond, excessive, immoderate(ifc. = abundantly furnished with), MBh.; separate, different or distinct from, other than (abl. or comp.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; (ifc.) free from, Sarvad.; left remaining from, Ragh., Sch. (v. l.); withdrawn, withheld, W.; excepted, ib.; (am), ind. with the exception of, except, without (e.g. svara-vo, except the accent'), MW.; -tā, f. (BhP.), -tva, n. (Sarvad.) distinction, difference. atiriktaka, n. a partic. manner of flying, MBh.

Vy-atireka, m. distinction, difference, separateness, separation, exclusion, Lāty.; Kāv.; Pur. &c. (bhāvo vyatireka-tas, a separate or particular existence; vîta-vyatireka, not separate or particular; ena or āt, ind. [or vyatireka ibc.], with exception of, without); negation, Kap.; contrariety, contrast to (comp.), Kām. (e, ind., on the contrary supposition); logical discontinuance (opp. to anvaya, q.v.), Bhāshāp.; (in rhet.) a partic. figure of speech (the contrasting of things compared in some respects with each other), Kāvyâd.; Sāh. &c.; N. of wk.; -tas, ind., see above; -vyāpti, f. 'pervasion of difference or dissimilitude,' a comprehensive argument derived from negation or non-existence of certain qualities, MW.; *kâlamkāra, m. the rhetorical figure called Vyatireka, ib.; okavalī, f. N. of wk.

Vy-atireki, in comp. for oatirekin; -pūrva-paksha-rahasya, n., -rahasya, n. N. of wks.; -linga, n. an exclusive mark, negative property (excluding its subject from the class possessing the corresponding positive property), MW.; -siddhânta-rahasya, n. N. of wk.; oky-udāharana, n. illustration by contrast or negation (of certain properties), W.

Vy-atirekin, mfn. distinguishing, excluding, excepting, negative, Tarkas.; different, reverse, W. **Vy-atirecana**, n. contrasting, pointing out a

व्यतिहह vy-ati- \sqrt{ruh} , P. -rohati, to grow, MBh.; to attain to (another state, acc.), ib.

contrast or difference (in a comparison), Sāh.

Vy-atiropita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) ejected, expelled, dispossessed, ib.

यातिलङ्किन् vy-ati-laṅghin, mfn. $(\sqrt{laṅgh})$ falling or slipping away, Ragh.

चित्र vy-ati- $\sqrt{l\bar{u}}$, \bar{A} . - $lun\bar{i}te$ (or P. -lu- $n\bar{a}ti$, if joined with $itar\hat{e}tarasya$ or anyo'nyasya), to cut mutually, $P\bar{a}n$. i, 3, 14; 16, Sch.

चितिवह vy-ati- \sqrt{vah} , Ā. -vahate, to bear mutually or reciprocally, Vop.

व्यतिविद्ध vy-ati-viddha, mfn. (\sqrt{vyadh}) pierced, transfixed, MBh. (B.); put through, entwined, Šiš.

चातिन्त vy-ati- \sqrt{vrit} , Ā. -vartate, to go over, pass through, R.; to escape, avoid, MBh.; to glide or pass away, elapse, ib.; R.; Hariv.; to depart from (abl.), leave, quit, abandon, R.

थतिव्रज् vy-ati-√vraj, P. -vrajati, to go past, Āpast.; to stride over, overstep, Pañcat. (v. l.)

चातशिक्कत vy-ati-sankita, mfn. (√sank) 'suspecting' or 'suspected' (in mithyā-v°), Hariv.

व्यतिशी vy-ati- $\sqrt{\dot{s}i}$, \bar{A} . - $\dot{s}ete$, to extend or pass beyond, surpass, Kāṭh.

चातिज्ञ vy-ati- $\sqrt{\dot{s}r}$, P. - \dot{s} iryate (pr. p. - \dot{s} ir-yat), to burst into many pieces, MBh.

ग्रात्मञ्ज vy-ati-shañj (√sañj), P. Ā. -shajati, °te, (P.) to join or unite in opposite places, connect mutually, intertwine, TBr.; Uttarar.; to implicate, involve in (a game), Das.; (Ā.) to change, MW.: Pass. -shajyate, to be mutually connected, ib.

Vy-atishakta, mfn. mutually connected or joined or related, intertwined, mixed together, TBr. &c. &c.; intermarried, intermarrying, MW.

Vy-atishanga, m. mutual connection, reciprocal junction or relation, PañcavBr.; KātyŠr.; entanglement, Šiš. v, 61; hostile encounter, MBh.; exchange, barter, BhP.; absorption, MW.; -vat, mfn. having mutual connection, connected, united, mixed, ib.

Vy-atishángam, ind. so as to join or connect mutually, SBr. °atishangin, mfn. (ifc.) hanging or sitting on, Sis. °atishanga, ind. seizing each other by the hand, PancavBr.

 \mathbf{Vy} -atishañjita, mfn. = vy-atishakta, Siŝ., Sch. व्यतिसंदह vy-ati-sam- \sqrt{dah} , P. -dahati, to burn up entirely, ChUp.

चातिस् vy-ati-√sri, only ind. p. -sritya, prob. 'in each case,' 'on every occasion,' MBh. xii, 4402 (gurum anu-sritya, Nīlak.): Caus. -sārayati (with kathām), to converse, Divyâv.

व्यतिसृष् vy-ati-\sirip, P. -sarpati (Pan. i, 3, 15), to move to and fro, fly in every direction (as arrows), MBh.

व्यतिसेव् vy-ati-\sev, Pass. -sevyate, to be well furnished or provided with (instr.), MBh. vii, 7207.

चातिहन vy-ati- √han, P. -hanti, to strike back or in return, MBh.; Bhatt.; to strike each other, fight together, Pāṇ. i, 3, 15: to kill together, Pat.

व्यक्तिहस् vy-ati-\sqrt{has}, P. -hasati, to laugh at each other, Pāṇ. i, 3, 15, Vārtt. 1, Pat.

व्यतिहिंस vy-ati-\sqrt{hins, P.-hinsati, to hurt or injure each other, Pan. i, 3, 15, Sch.

चातिह vy-ati- \sqrt{hri} , Ā. -harate (Vop.), to transpose mutually, Gobh.

Vy-atihāra, m. interchange, alternation, reciprocity, Pāṇ.; Vop.; exchange, barter, Kāṭh.; exchange of blows or abuse, W.

away, elapse, MBh.; R. &c.; to take an irregular course, PañcavBr.; to depart or deviate or swerve from (abl.), R.; Ragh.; to go past or beyond or through (acc.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to surpass, overcome, conquer, MBh.; to disregard, neglect, Bhag.

Wyatîta, mfn. passed away, gone, Mn.; MBh. &c.; departed, dead, MBh.; left, abandoned, Prab.; (ifc.) having disregarded or neglected, R.; tardy, negligent, ib.; -kāla, mfn. one whose time is past, unseasonable, inopportune, Ragh.

Vy-atyaya, m. transposition, transmutation, change, reverse, inverted order, contrariety (with karmanām, inverted or reverse occupation; e, in the opposite case; am, alternately; āt and ena, against the usual rule or order), Lāty.; Yājū.; Kāv. &c.; -ga, mfn. moving in the opposite direction, VarBṛS.

चतीकार vy- $at\bar{i}$ - $k\bar{a}ra$, m. = 1. vy-atikara, contact, hostile encounter, Hariv.

च्यतीक्षा vy-atîkshā, f. (vy-ati-īkshā), Pāņ. iii, 3, 43, Vārtt. 4.

Aryabh. (here also = vaidhrita); Hcat.; a great calamity or any portent indicating it, L.; disrespect, contempt, W.; the day of new moon (when it falls on Ravi-vāra or Sunday, and when the moon is in certain Nakshatras), ib.

चातीहा vy-atîhā, f. (fr. vy-ati-√īh), Pāṇ. iii, 3, 43, Vārtt. 4.