**Bhitta**, n. a fragment, section, Sānkh $G_{7}$ .; = bhitti, a partition, wall, Inscr.

Bhittí, f. breaking, splitting, Kāth.; a mat (made of split reeds), SBr.; a wall (of earth or masonry), partition, panel, MaitrUp.; Inscr. &c.; (ifc. with parts of the body) a wall-like surface (cf. kapola-, ganda-bho); a fragment, bit, portion, L.; a place, spot, Mudr.; a rent, fissure, L.; a flaw, deficiency, W.; an opportunity, occasion, L. - khātana, m. 'wall-digger,' a rat, L. - caura, m. 'wall-burglar,' a house-breaker, L. - pātana, m. 'wall-destroyer,' a kind of rat, L.

**Bhittika**, mf( $\bar{a}$ )n. (ifc.) = *bhitti*, breaking, splitting, Hcat.; a wall, ib.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. a partition, wall, L.; a small house-lizard, L.; Asparagus Racemosus, L.

**Bhitra**, n. (for *bhit-tra*?) a kind of dance, Samgit.

2. Bhid, mfn. (ifc.) breaking, splitting, piercing, destroying, Kāv.; Kathās.; Pur. (cf. asma-, giri-, tamo-, pura-bhid &c.); f. a wall (= bhitti), RV. i, 174, 8; separation, distinction, BhP.; a sort, kind, species, L.

Bhidaka, m. 'cutter' or 'wounder,' a sword, L.; Indra's thunderbolt, L.

Bhidā, f. splitting, bursting, destroying, destruction, Kāv. (cf. dur-bhida); separation (see -bhrit); distinction, difference, Kav.; BhP.; a kind or species, Sāh.; coriander, L. - bhrit, mfn. 'broken' or 'enduring separation, Sis. vi, 5.

Bhidapana, n. (from an irreg. Caus. bhidapaya) causing to break or pound or trample on, BhP.

Bhidi, m. a thunderbolt, Un. iv, 142, Sch.

**Bhidira**, n. id., ib. i, 52, Sch.

**Bhidu,** m. id., ib. i, 24, Sch.

**Bhidura**, mfn. (ifc.) breaking, splitting, piercing, destroying, Hcar.; easily split or broken, fragile, brittle, Mālatīm. (cf. Vām. v, 2, 60); divided, variegated, mingled or mingling with, Sis.; m. a chain for an elephant's feet, L.; n. a thunderbolt, Un. i, 52, Sch. -svana, m. 'making a piercing noise,' N. of an Asura, Hariv.

Bhidelima, mfn. easily broken, brittle, fragile, Sadukt. (cf. Pāņ. iii, 1, 96, Vārtt. 1, Pat.)

Bhidya, m. a rushing river or N. of a ro, Ragh.; Bhatt. (cf. Pān. iii, 1, 115); n. splitting, breaking, destroying (cf. pūr-bhídya and sīrsha-bhídya).

Bhidra, n. a thunderbolt, Un. ii, 13, Sch. **Bhid-vat,** mfn. containing the  $\sqrt{bhid}$ , Kāth.

Bhindú, m. a breaker, destroyer, RV. i, 11, 4; a bubble on liquids, TS.; ApSr. (cf. bindu); f. a woman who brings forth a still-born child, L. (cf. nindu).

Bhindura, m. Ficus Infectoria, L.

**Bhinddhi-lavaṇā**, f. (fr. 2. sg. Impv. +  $l^{\circ}$ ) constant sprinkling of salt, g. mayūra-vyansakādi (cf. paca-lavanā).

Bhinná, mfn. split, broken, shattered, pierced, destroyed, RV. &c. &c.; leaky (as a ship), MBh.; broken through, transgressed, violated, Mn.; MBh. &c.; divided into parts, anything less than a whole, Yājñ.; Kāv. &c.; opened, expanded, blown, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; detached, disjoined, loosened, ib.; interrupted, disturbed, Bhartr.; disclosed, betrayed, R.; disunited, set at variance, MBh.; seduced, bribed, Kām.; Hit.; changed, altered, Yājñ.; Sušr.; distinct, different from or other than (abl. or comp.), GrSrS.: Kāv. &c.; deviating, abnormal, irregular, Kāv.; mixed or mingled with (instr. or comp.), ib.; cleaving to (loc. or comp.), ib.; = bhinna-karata, MBh. i, 7006; m. (in arithm.) a fraction, Līlāv.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. Sanseviera Roxburghiana, L.; n. a fragment, bit, portion, W.; a wound from a pointed weapon, a stab, Sušr.; a partic. mode of fighting, Hariv. - kata (Ragh.), -karata (MBh.), mfn. a rutting elephant having a fissure in the temples (from which fluid exudes). - karîndra - kumbha - muktā - maya,  $mf(\bar{i})n$ , consisting of pearls fallen from the crack in the frontal protuberances of a chief elephant, SarngP. - karna, mfn. having divided ears (said of partic. animals), Pān. vi, 3, 115. - kalpa, mfn. having different rites, SrS. - kāla, mfn. one who does not keep to the right time, SankhGr. - kumbha, m. a person who has regained his liberty by redeeming his pledge, L. - kūta, mfn. each employing a different stratagem, Kām. (Sch.); n. an army whose inferior officers have perished, L. - xrama, mfn. out of order or place, displaced, Kuval.; TāndyaBr., Comm. &c. - klesa, mfn. one in whom the (Buddhistic) Klesas (s. v.) are destroyed, L.; -tva, n., ib.

- ganda-karata, mfn. = -karata, Bhartr. - gati, mfn. going with great strides or quickly, Sak. - garbha, mfn. disunited in the centre, disorganised (said of an army), Kām. - gātrikā, f. Cucumis Usitatissimus, L. - gunana, n. multiplication of fractions, Col. - ghana, m. the cube of a fraction, ib. - jāti, mfn. pl. of different rank, Yājñ., Comm.; -mat, mfn. id., MārkP. - jātīya, mfn. of a different kind, ApSr., Comm.; of a do tribe or caste, MW. - tantra, mfn. occurring or happening in different actions, KātyŠr. - tva, n. the state of being different from (comp.), Sāh. - darsin, mfn. seeing diffo things, so a difference, making a do (opp. to sama-do), partial, BhP. - dala, f. Sanseviera Roxburghiana, L. - dris, mfn. = -darsin, BhP. -desa, mfn. occurring or happening in various places; -tva, n., Sak. - deha, mfn. 'whose body is pierced,' wounded, MW. - nau or -nauka, mfn. 'whose ship is broken,' shipwrecked, ib. - parikarman, n. anarithmetical operation with fractions, Col. - prakāra, mfn. of a different kind or sort, MW. - bhāga-hara (prob. w.r. for -hāra), m. division of fractions, Lil. - bhājana or -bhānda, n. a broken pot or vessel, potsherd, MW. - bhinnâtman, m. chick-pea, Cicer Arietinum, L. - mantra, mfn. one who has betrayed a plan, R. - marman, mfn. pierced in the vital organs, mortally wounded, MW. - maryāda (Cān.; Uttarar.) or -maryādin (MārkP.), mfn. whose course is broken, separated from the right way, uncontrolled, unrestrained, regardless, disrespectful. - mastakapindaka or odika, mfn. whose skull and forehead are cloven, (an elephant) whose frontal prominences have fissures, MW. - yojanī, f. Plectranthus Scutellarioides, Bhpr. (w. r. -yājanī). - ruci, mfn. having a different taste, Ragh.; Mālav. - linga, n. incongruity of gender in a comparison, Pratap. -lingaka,  $mf(ik\bar{a})n$ . containing words of different gender, ib. – vacana,  $mf(\tilde{a})n$ , containing words of do number, ib.; n. incongruity of number in a comparison, ib. - vat, mfn. one who has divided, MW. - varga, m. the square of a fraction, Col. -varcas, mfn. voiding excrement, Susr.; Car. (also oska); having thin evacuations (-tva, n.), Car. - varna, mfn. changed in colour, discoloured, pale, Megh.; of a different caste or tribe, MW. - vartman, mfn. separated from the right way, Kām. - vitka, mfn. (fr. 3. vish) = -varcas, Susr.; Bhpr.; -tva, n. = -varcas-tva, SārngS. (Sch. 'change of colour in the faeces'). - vritta, mfn. one who has abandoned the path of duty, leading a bad life, MBh.; Yājā.; containing a metrical fault, Cat. - vritti, mfn. having different occupations, Bhatt.; ho a do profession, Yājñ., Comm.; leading a bad life, following evil courses ( = -vritta; -tā, f.), Mn.; MBh.; w. r. for -vritta, Cat. -vyavakalita, n. subtraction of fractions, Col. - sakrit, mfn. = -varcas, Car. - samhati, mfn. whose union is broken, disunited, MW. - samkalana (MW.) or 'kalita (Col.), n. addition of fractions. - svara, mfn. having a broken or changed voice, Susr.; discordant, MW.; -mukha-varṇa, mfn. ho a bro or cho voice and complexion, Pancat. - hriti. f. division of fractions, Lil. - hridaya, mfn. pierced through the heart, Ragh. Bhinnañjana, n. divided antimony or collyrium mixed (with oil &c.), eye-ointment, Kav.; Sušr.; -cayôpama, mfn. like a quantity of pounded antimony, Hariv.; -varna, mfn. having the colour of po ao (-ta, f.), Sis.; -samnibha, mfn. similar to p° a°, Ritus.; °nakāra (Hariv.) or °nabha (MW.), mfn.appearing like po ao. Bhinnabhinna, mfo.distinct and not do, separate and not so, MW. Bhinnârtha, mfn. having different aims, ApŚr., Comm.; having a clear or distinct meaning, clear, perspicuous, Sak.; -tā, f. clearness, intelligibleness, ib. Bhinnôdara, m. 'born from a different womb,' a brother by a different mother, a half brother, MW.

Bhinnaka, mfn. broken, MantraBr.; m. 'a seceder,' a Buddhistic mendicant, L.; N. of a musical mode or Rāga, Vikr.;  $(\bar{i})$ , ind. with  $\sqrt{kri}$ , to divide, separate, Šiš.

Bhettavya, mfn. to be broken or split, R.; to be betrayed or divulged, Hariv.

Bhettri, min. breaking, splitting, bursting through, piercing; a breaker &c., RV. &c. &c.; a conqueror, Cat.; an interrupter, disturber, frustrator, Kām.; a divulger, betrayer, MBh.; Yājñ.; a factious or seditious man, MW.; m. N. of Skanda, Mricch.: N. of a partic, magical spell recited over weapons, R. Bheda, odana &c. See p. 766.

भिन्द bhind, v.l. for  $\sqrt{bind}$ , q.v.

भिन्दिपाल bhindipāla or olaka, m. a short javelin or arrow thrown from the hand or shot through a tube (others 'a stone fastened to a string' or 'a kind of sling for throwing stones'), MBh.; R. &c. (v.1. bhindapāla, bhindimālā, bhindomāla, bhindimālā or 'laka, bhindumāla').

भिन्दु bhindu, bhinna &c. See col. 1.

भियस bhiyás &c. See p. 758, col. I.

भिरिगिटका bhirintikā, f. a species of plant ( = śveta-guñjā), L. (v. l. bhrintikā).

ਮਿੱਲ bhiru, m. N. of a man (also oruka), Divyâv. - kaccha, n. N. of a town, ib.

ਮਿਲ੍  $bhil = \sqrt{bil}$ , q. v.

भिल्म bhilma, n. a word used to explain bllma, Nir. i, 20.

THল bhilla, m. N. of a wild mountain race, (prob.) the 'Bheels' (who live in the Vindhya hills, in the forests of Malwa, Mewar, Kandesh, the Dakhin), Kāv.; Kathās. &c. (ifc. f.  $\bar{a}$ ); a king of the Bhillas, Kathās.; the son of a Sabara and an Andhrī (who was previously married to a Nishthya), L.; a species of Lodhra, L.; (1), f. a Bhilla woman, Sārng P.; Symplocos Racemosa, L. - gavī, f. =  $gavay\bar{i}$ , the female of the Bos Gavaeus, L. - taru, m. Symplocos Racemosa, L. - bhūshanā, f. the seed of Abrus Precatorius, L.

Bhillin, m. Symplocos Racemosa, L.

Bhillī, f. of bhilla, in comp. - cakrêsvara, m. N. of Vishnu, Pañcar. – nātha. m. N. of an author, Cat.

Bhillota or otaka, m. a species of plant (prob. = bhilla-taru), Sušr.

শিষ্মা bhiscā, f. N. of a woman, Rājat.

भिषज् 1. bhishaj (prob.  $= abhi + \sqrt{saj}$ , to attach, plaster'), only 3. sg. pr. bhishákti, to heal, cure, RV. viii, 68, 2.

Bhishak, in comp. for 2. bhishaj. - cakracittôtsava, m., -cakra-nidāna, n. N. of wks. **-- tama** ( ${}^{\circ}sh\acute{a}k$ -), mfn. most healing; m. du. the best physicians, the Asvins, RV.; AV.; BhP. - tara ("shák-), mín. more healing, AV. -tva, n. the state or condition of a physo, Say. - pasa, m. an inferior phys<sup>o</sup>, quack doctor, Vop. (cf. under  $p\bar{a}sa$ ). - priyā, f. 'dear to a physo',' Cocculus Cordifolius, L.

Bhishag, in comp. for 2. bhishaj. -jita, n. 'subdued by physicians' any drug or medicine, Car. **- bhadrā**, f. a species of Croton, L.(v.l.  $visha-bh^{\circ}$ ). - rāja-mišra, m. N. of an author, Cat. - vatī, f. pl. N. of partic, verses containing the word bhishaj, ApSr. - vara, m. du. 'best of physicians,' the Asvins, Var. - vid, m. 'knowing remedies,' a physician, Car.

Bhishan, in comp. for 2. bhishaj. - mātri, f. Gendarussa Vulgaris, L.

2. Bhisháj, mfn. curing, healing, sanative, RV. &c. &c.; m. a healer, physician, ib.; a remedy, medicine, RV.; AV.; Car.; N. of a man with the patr. Atharvana, L.; of a son of Sata-dhanvan, Hariv. - avarta, m. N. of Krishna, MBh.

Bhishaja, m. N. of a man, g. gargadi (Kāš.) 1. Bhishajya, Nom. P. ojyáti (g. kandv-ādi)

to heal, cure, possess healing power, RV. &c. &c.; to be physician to any one (dat.), Balar.; to be a physician or remedy for, i.e. to gain the mastery over anything (loc.), ib.

2. **Bhishajya**,  $mf(\tilde{a})n$ . sanative, healing, healthful, Kāṭh.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. healing, cure, remedy, ŠāṅkhBr.

Bhishajyitá, mfn. healed, cured, SBr. (w.r. bhishajyayitá &c.)

Bhishnaja, m. N. of a man, g. gargadi (cf. bhishaja).

Bhishnajya, Nom. P. vati (g. kandv-ādi), 3. sg. impf. abhishnak, to heal, refresh, RV. x, 131, 5.

भिषय bhishaya, "yati. See  $\sqrt{bh\bar{\imath}}$ .

भिषायक bhishāyaka, m. a Yaksha, Rājat. -pura, n. N. of a town, ib.

भिष्मा bhishmā, v.l. for bhissā.

Bhishmikā, omitā, mishtā, v.l. for bhissatā or bhissitā.

भिसाटा bhissață or bhissiță, f. cooked rice, J.. Bhissa, f. boiled rice, L.