work, carpentry; (oma)-krit, m. a carpenter, architect, R.; -visārada, mfn. skilled in carpentry, ib. -kāra, m. a weaver or spinner (see patta-so); a carpenter, R.; = next, MBh.; Ragh.; Sarvad. - krit, m. = -kartri, TPrāt., Sch. - kritangavritti, f. N. of wk. -- kona or -konaka, m. a small drum shaped like an hour-glass and struck by a string and button (= damaru), L. - kosa, m. a skein of yarn, L. - krīdā, f. a partic. game with strings (mentioned among the 64 Kalās), Cat. - gaņita, N. of an astron. wk. by Bhāskaracarya. - gandika, f, a kind of stick used by weavers in spinning threads, L. - grantha, m. a book of aphorisms, Sūtra work, Kāty., Sch. - graha, mfn. holding a thread, Pān. iii, 2, 9, Vārtt. 2, Pat. - grāha, mfn. seizing a thread (but not holding it), ib. - carana, n. N. of a class of Caranas or Vedic schools who introduced various Sūtra works, MW. - jāla, n. a net made of yarn or coarse string, MBh. - tantu, m. (once n.) a thread, string, line, Gobh.; SānkhGr.; Hariv.; perseverance, energy, L. - tarkuțī, f. a distaff, spindle, L. - daridra, mfn. threadbare (-ta, f.), Mricch. - dīpikā, f. N. of wk. -dhara, mfn. wearing a string of (comp.), MBh.; m. one versed in the Sütras, L. = next, L. -dhara, m. 'rule or thread-holder,' an architect, carpenter, MBh.; VarBrS.; a stage-manager (or principal actor who superintends the whole performance; accord to some he was originally so called from holding the strings of puppets; his assistants are the pāripārsvika and sthāpaka, qq.vv.), Bhar.; Sāh. &c.; N. of Indra, L.; (1), f. the wife of a stagemanager (also called grihini), Mricch.; Mudr.; mf(i)n. being the chief or leading person at any performance (comp.), Bālar.; -mandana, m. (also simply called Mandana) N. of an author (son of Srikshetra and client of Kumbha-karna, king of Medapāta), Cat. - dhrik, m. an architect (see visvα-s°); a stage-manager, Sāh. - nada, m. N. of a man (cf. sautranādi), g. anušatikādi. - nyāsa, m. N. of a gram. wk. - pattra-kara or -pattrin, mfn. liable to be made into threads or thin leaves, L. - padī, f. having feet as thin as thro, g. kumbhapady-ādi. - pāthanukrama, m. N. of wk. - pāta, m. applying the measuring line (otam- whri or car, 'to measure, compare one thing with another'), Kathās. - pāda, m. N. of wk. - piṭaka, m. n. the basket or collection of Buddhist Sutras (cf. tri-pitaka). - pushpa, m. 'having thread-like flowers,' the cotton plant, L. - prakāsa-bhāshya, n., -prakāsikā, f., -prasthāna, n. N. of wks. - prôta. mfn. fastened with wires (as puppets), MBh. - bhāshya, n. N. of wk. (also °shya-vyākhyā, f.) - bhid, m. 'thread-cutter,' a tailor, L. - bhrit, m. = -dhāra,a stage-manager, Dašar. - madhya-bhū, mfn. 'produced amid threads or fibres,' the resin of Shorea Robusta, L.; incense, W. - mantra-prakāsaka, N. of wk. — maya,  $mf(\bar{i})n$ . consisting of threads, Hcat. - muktā-kalāpa, m. N. of a Vaishnava wk. - yantra, n. a net (made) of yarn or coarse string, MaitrUp.; a weaver's loom, L.; a shuttle, W. - rāja, m. 'Sūtra-king,'a Sūtra of the first order, Kārand. - vāpa, m. weaving (threads), L. - vikrayin, m. a dealer in yarn, R. - vid, m. 'Sūtraknower, one versed in Sūtras, L. - vīṇā, f. a kind of lute  $(=l\bar{a}buk\bar{i})$ , L. - veshtana, n. a weaver's shuttle, L.; the act of weaving, MW. - sākha, n. the body, Gal. - samgraha, m. one who grasps or holds the reins, L.; collection of Sūtras (in next); -dīpikā, f. N. of wks. - samuccaya, m. N. of wk. -sthana, n. (in medic. wks.) the first general section (treating of the physician, disease, remedies, diet &c.) Sutratman, m. 'thread-soul,' the soul which passes like a thread through the universe, Vedântas. (IW. 114). Sütrânta, m. (formed like vedânta, siddhânta &c.) a Buddhist Sūtra or the doctrines contained in it, SaddhP.; Divyav. Sutrantaka, mfn. versed in the Buddhist Sūtras, Divyav. Sūtrârtha, m. N. of a gram. and of a Vedânta wk.; -candrikā, f., -darpana, m. N. of wks. Sūtrâlamkāra, m. N. of wk.; -tīkā, f., -bhāshya, n. N. of Commentaries. Sutrali, f. a string of beads &c. worn round the neck, necklace, L. Sutrôta, mfn. filed on a string, ApGr. Sūtrôpanyāsa, m. N. of a Vedânta wk.

**Sūtraka**, n. =  $s\bar{u}tra$ , a thread, string &c., Pāṇ. i, 1, Vārtt. 8, Pat.;  $(ik\bar{a})$ , f. a kind of macaroni or vermicelli (shaped like thread), Pañcat. v,  $\frac{34}{35}$ ; a necklace (see urah- $s\bar{u}trik\bar{a}$ ).

Sūtraņa, n. the act of stringing together &c.; arranging in aphorisms, Suir.

Sūtraya, oyati. See  $\sqrt{sūtr}$ , p. 1241, col. 3. Sūtrayitavya, mfn. to be composed or arranged in the form of Sūtras, Šaṃk.

Sūtralā, f. a spindle, distaff, L.

**Sūtrika**, in sāmgraha-s°, q.v.;  $(ik\bar{a})$ , f., see sūtraka, col. I.

Sūtrita, mfn. strung, arranged &c.; directed or declared in a Sūtra, prescribed or delivered in aphorisms or axioms, MBh.; Śamk. — tva, n. the being said or enjoined in a Sūtra, Sāy.

Sūtrin, mfn. having threads or lines &c., Kālac.; m. a stage-manager, Dašar.; a crow, L.

Sütrī-Vkri, P. -karoti, to make or spin into thread, ApSr., Sch.

Sutriya, min. relating to or concerning the Sutras,

išr.

सूत्रामन् sū-trāman, m.=su-tro, N. of Indra, Rājat.

I. sūd (prob. connected with  $\sqrt{svad}$ ), cl. I. Ā. (Dhātup. ii, 24) sūdate (occurring only in the reduplicated forms sushūdima, RV.; súshūdati or °dat, ib.; sushūdáta, AV.; Gr. also fut. sūditā, °dishyati), to put or keep in order, guide aright, RV.; AV.: Caus. or cl. 10. (cf. Dhātup. xxxiii, 43) sūdáyati, °te (p. sūdayāna, MBh.; aor. asūshudat, °ta), id.; RV.; AV.; VS.; to manage, arrange, prepare, effect, contrive, RV.; to settle, i. e. put an end to, kill, slay (also inanimate objects), MBh.; R. &c.; to squeeze, press, destroy, Šiš.: Desid. susūdishate, Gr.: Intens. sosūdyate, sosūtti, ib.

2. Sūd. See havya-sūd.

Sūda, m. a well, RV. (Naigh. iii, 25); the mud of a dried-up pool (others, 'sweetness, sweet drink,' esp. 'milk'), ib.; Br.; Kath.; (prob.) a hot spring, Rājat.; a kind of sauce or broth (cf. sūpa), Kām.; Rājat.; a cook, MBh.; R. &c.; N. of a country in Kasmīra (?), Rājat.; (ī), f., g. gaurādi. - karman, n. a cook's work, cooking, MBh.; Kathās. - tā, f., -tva, n. the condition or business of a cook, ib. -dohas (sūda-), mfn. yielding milk like a well, RV.; f. N. of a partic. verse, SBr.; SankhSr. - vat (sūda-), mfn. containing the remains of liquids, MaitrS.; ApSr. - sala, f. cooking-room, akitchen, Kathās. - sāstra, n. the science or art of cooking (also N. of a wk. on cookery), Cat. Sūdâdhyaksha, m. a superintendent of cooking, director of the kitchen, MatsyaP.

Sūdaka, mfn. destroying, killing &c. Sūdana, mf( $\bar{a}$  or  $\bar{i}$ )n. putting in order, guiding aright, RV.; AV.Paipp.; (generally ifc.) killing, destroying, MBh.; R. &c.; n. the act of killing or slaying, destruction, Hariv.; the act of assenting or promising ( $=ang\bar{i}-karana$ ), L.; the act of ejecting or throwing away (=nikshepana), L.

Sūdayitnú, mfn. flowing, yielding sweetness (as

waters), RV.

Sūdā-vatsa, m. N. of a man, Virac. Sūdi or sūdin, mfn. streaming, overflowing (cf.

sūda-vat), Kath.
Sūdita, mfn. wounded, destroyed, killed, slain,
MBh.; R. &c.

Sūditri, mfn. one who kills or destroys, Pān. iii, 2, 153.

**Sūdya,**  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . relating or belonging to a pool, VS.; TS.

मूद्या sūdayā, f. (=súd°?) a herb, Divyâv.

सूदर súdara, mfn. having a well-formed belly, Pāṇ. vi, 2, 107, Vārtt. 1, Pat.

सूज्ञातृ súdgātri, m. an excellent Udgātri (q.v.), TS.

स्न sūna. See p. 1240, col. I.

सूनर sū-nára, mf(ī)n. (for su-nara, cf. sun-dara) glad, joyous, merry, RV.; delightful, MaitrS.

**Sū-nṛita**, mf( $\bar{a}$ ) n. joyful, glad, RV.; friendly, kind, Mn. (iii, 150); MBh. &c.; pleasant and true (in this sense supposed to be fr. 5. su + rita), Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; ( $\bar{a}$ ), f., see below; (am), n. joy, gladness, delight, RV.; AV.; (with Jainas) pleasant and true speech (one of the five qualities belonging to right conduct), Sarvad. — vāc, mfn. truth-speaking, speaking politely and truthfully, MW. Sūnṛitānṛita, n. du. truth and falsehood, MBh.

sū-nṛitā, f. gladness, joy, exultation, song of joy, glee (instr. pl. 'joyfully'), RV.; TS.; PārGr.; ployed, Jātakam.

kindness, friendliness, kind and true speech, KathUp.; MBh. &c.; truth (opp. to an-rita) personified as a goddess, RV.; AV. &c.; the wife of Dharma, BhP.; a daughter of Dharma and wife of Uttāna-pāda, Hariv.; VP.; of an Apsaras, L.—vat (sūnritā-), mfn. glad, joyous, RV.—varī, f. id. (said of Ushas), ib.

स्ना  $s\bar{u}n\dot{a}$ , f. (prob. fr.  $\sqrt{siv}$ , 'to sew,' and connected with sūci and sūtra; cf. sūna, p. 1240, col. 1) a woven wicker-work basket or vessel of anykind, RV.; AV.; GrSrS.; a place for slaughtering animals, slaughter-house, butchery (wrongly sūnā; cf. sūdanā), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; the sale of flesh or meat, MW.; any place or utensil in a house where animals are liable to be accidentally destroyed (see pañca-sūnā); a stick fixed to an elephant's hook, L.; killing, hurting, injuring, BhP.; imminent death, danger of life (sūnāyām api, 'even in the last extremity'), ib.; the uvula or soft palate (in this and the next sense perhaps connected with sūna), L.; inflammation of the glands of the neck (commonly called 'mumps'), W. (accord. to some also, 'a zone, girdle;' 'a ray;' 'a river'). — cakradhvaja-vat, m. one who has a slaughter-house (and) an oil-press (and) a vintner's sign, Mn. iv, 84. - tati (?), f. a sloho, L. - dosha, m. the guilt incurred by destroying animals in any of the 5 Sūnās (see pañca-sūnā), Mu. iii, 71. - paricara, mfn. flying around a slaughterhouse (as a vulture), Mālav. - stha, mfn. being in a slaughter-house or in any place where animals are destroyed, Mn. xi, 155.

Sūnika, m. a butcher, flesh-seller, hunter, VarBrS. Sūnin, m. id., Yājñ.

सृतु 1.2.3.  $s\bar{u}nu$ . See under  $\sqrt{1.2.s\bar{u}}$ , and p. 1241, col. 3.

स्नृत sū-nṛita. See col. 2.

सूत्रीय  $s \tilde{u} n n \bar{i} y a$ , mfn. (for  $s \tilde{u} n n e y a$ ; see  $u n - \sqrt{n \bar{i}}$ ) to be well or easily ladled out or drained out, TS.

सून्मद् sűnmada or sűnmāda, (prob.) w.r. for sônm° (q.v.)

स्प  $s\bar{u}pa$ , m. (of doubtful derivation, ef. sūda; in Up. iii, 26 said to be fr \( \square\) 3. su, 'to distil') sauce, soup, broth (esp. prepared from split or ground pease &c. with roots and salt), MBh.; R.; Susr. &c.; a cook, L. (ī, f., g. gaurddi); a vessel, pot, pan, L.; an arrow, L. - kartri or -kara (MBh.), -krit (Kathās.), m. 'sauce-maker, 'a cook. - gandhi, mfn. containing only a little sauce, Pan. v, 4, 136, Sch. -dhupaka or -dhupana, n. 'flavouring sauce,' Asa Fetida, L. - parnī, f. Phaseolus Trilobus, L. - prati, ind. nothing but so, Pat. on Pan. ii, 1, 9. - rasa, m. the taste or flavour of so, Kav. - sastra, n. of a wk. on cookery (also called pāka-so, by Bhīmasena). - sreshtha, m. Phaseolus Mungo, L. - samsrishta, mfn. mixed with so, Apast. Supanga, n. 'sauce-ingredient,' Asa Fetida, L. Supandanashashthī-pūjā, f. N. of wk.

Sūpika, m. or n. (?) =  $s\bar{u}pa$ , sauce, soup &c., L. Sūpīya, mfn. =  $s\bar{u}pya$ , g.  $ap\bar{u}pddi$ .

Supe-sana, m. (loc. of  $supa + s^{\circ}$ ), Pan. vi, 2, 64, Sch. (Kās.  $stupe-s^{\circ}$ ).

Sūpya, mfn. fit for a sauce or soup &c., Car.; Vāgbh.; n. food consisting of soup, ib.

**HUTI** súpacára, mfn. easily accessible, complaisant, kind to (dat.), ŠBr.; easy to be had or got, ĀpŚr. (superl. -tama, KātyŚr., Sch., in a quotation); easily treated or cured, Sušr.

Sûpacaraná,  $mf(\tilde{a})$ n. easy of access or approach,

Sûpacāra, mfn. easy to be dealt with, easily satisfied, MBh.

स्पत sūpat, ind. (cf. kūpat), g. câdi.

सूपतीर्थ  $s \hat{u} p a t \bar{t} r t h a$ ,  $mf(\bar{a}) n$ . having good steps for bathing, MBh.

Sûpatīrthya, mf(a)n. id., Lalit.

स्पद्धश súpadvaṇṣa, m. good spice or condiment, R.

सूपद्वार súpadvāra, mfn. having beautiful side-doors, R.

सूपयुक्त súpayukta, mfn. well used or em-