arrangement, disposition, management, accomplishment, performance, preparation, production, fabrication, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a literary production, work, composition, VarBrS.; Sah.; style, Sah.; putting on, wearing (of a garment), Mricch.; arrangement (of troops), array, Pañcat.; contrivance, invention, Kathās.; BhP.; a creation of the mind, artificial image, Jaim.; fixing the feathers on an arrow, L.; dressing the hair (cf. kesa-ra), L.; stringing flowers or garlands, W. (often ifc. with concrete meaning, e.g. nivāsa-racanā, a building, Mricch.; gīti-racanā, a song, Rājat.; kūṭa-racanā, an artifice, trick, Kathās.; accord. to L. also = pari-spanda or parisyanda, prati-yatna, granthana, gumpka, vyūha, $nive\dot{s}a$, sthiti; also = $p\bar{a}\dot{s}a$, $bh\bar{a}ra$ &c., abundance, quantity, ifc. after a word meaning 'hair;' cf. Pāņ. ii, 3, 44, Sch.); (a), f. N. of the wife of Tvashtii,

Racayitri, m. an author, composer, Cat.

Racita, mfn. produced, fashioned, constructed, performed, arranged, prepared, made of (instr. or comp.), Kāv.; Var.; BhP.; made or chosen for (nom.), Bhatt.; placed, inserted, inlaid, fixed on or in (loc.), Kāv.; Kathās.; BhP.; set out, displayed in (loc. or comp.), Kälid.; directed towards (loc.), BhP.; furnished, provided, set or studded with (instr. or comp.), Hariv.; Kālid.; Sušr.; (ifc.) occupied with, engaged in, Bālar.; (with mrishā) invented, Kathās.; m. N. of a man, g. bidddi. - tva, n. the being composed or written, Sarvad. - dhī, mfn. one whose mind is directed to (loc.), intent upon, BhP. - pankti, mfn. forming a line, MW. - purva, mfn. what has been prepared or performed before, Sak. (v. l.) - mangala, mfn. one who has performed an auspicious ceremony, Kathas. - sikhara, mfn. having the summit adorned, Megh. - zvāgata, mfn. one who has offered a welcome, Kathas. Racitatithya, mfn. one who has shown hospitality, ib, Racitànati. mfn. one who has made his obeisance, ib.

Racitârtha, mfn. one who has obtained his object, ib. Racitôtsava, mfn. one who has celebrated a festival, ib.

रन् raj. See \sqrt{ra} nj.

Raja, rajani &c. See p. 863, col. I.

dued by Indra, RV. vi, 26, 6 (Sāy. 'a maiden or a kingdom called Raji'); of an Angirasa, ArshBr.; of a son of Ayu, MBh.; ubhā raji (RV. x, 105, 2), 'heaven and earth' or 'the sun and moon,' Sāy.

रिज 2. ráji, f. (cf. riju) direction, RV. x, 110, 12.

Rájishtha, mfn. (superl. of *riju*; cf. *rijishtha* and Pāņ. vi, 4, 162) straightest, RV.; most honest or upright, ib.

Rajiyas, mfn. (compar. of riju) = rijiyas, Pān. vi, 4, 162.

रजीकृ rajī-kṛi, rajo-gātra &c. See p. 863,

र का rájju, f. (ifc. sometimes m.; in earlier language also rajjū, f.; Ved. acc. rajjvam; gen. raj*jvās*, Mn. xi, 168; probably fr. an unused √*rasj* or rajj; cf. $rasan\bar{a} = rasan\bar{a}$) a rope, cord, string, line, RV. &c. &c. (rajjum ā-\sthā, to have recourse to the rope, to hang one's self, MBh.); N. of partic. sinews or tendons proceeding from the vertebral column, Suir.; a lock of braided hair, braid (=veni), L.; N. of a partic, constellation, VarBrS.; Caryota Urens, L.; a measure of 8 Hastas or 192 inches, L. [Cf. Lith. rezgù, 'I plait.'] - kantha, m. N. of a preceptor, g. saunakādi. - kriyā, f. rope-work, rope-maker's work, ApGr., Sch. - dala (rájju-), m. Cordia Myxa Latifolia, SBr.; = next, Vishn.; Mn. - dālaka, m. a kind of wild-fowl, Yājñ. - dhāna. n. the part of the neck of a domestic animal around which a rope is fastened, Kaus. - vithika, f. a stool or bench suspended by ropes, Kathas. - peda, f. a rope-basket, ib. - bandha, m. binding with ropes, tying with cords (odhena bandh, to bind with ropes), ib. - bhara, m. N. of a teacher, g. saunakddi. - maya, $mf(\bar{i})$ n. consisting of ropes, ApSr. - matra-tva, n. the condition of being merely a rope, MW. - yantra, n. a contrivance with cords, any mechanism worked with strings (as a doll), Kathās. -lamba, m. a hanging ro, ib. - vartana, n. the twisting of ros, Jātakam. - vāla, v.l. for -dāla, Mn. v, 12. - sārada, mfn. newly drawn up by a ro (as water), Pāņ. vi, 2, 9, Sch. - samdāná, n. rope and foot-fetter, $\dot{S}Br.$ — sarjá, m. a rope-maker, VS. Raj-jûta, $mf(\bar{a})n.$ twisted or plaited out of $r^{\circ}s$, $K\bar{a}ty\dot{S}r.$ Rajjûddhrita, mfn. drawn up by means of a rope, Un. i, 16, Sch. Rajjv-avalambin, mfn. hanging by a string, MW.

Rajjuva, n. material for a rope, ŠBr.

Rajjuka (ifc.) = rajjū, Kathās.

Rajjū-√kṛi, P. -karoti, to use as a rope, A.

▼京 ranch. See ni-ranchana.

T 📆 ranj or raj, cl. 1.4. P. Ā. (Dhātup. xxiii, 30; xxvi, 58) rajati, ote (only Gr.; -ranjati, R. vii, 99, 11) or rajyati, ote (Gr. also pf. P. rarañja, 31d du . rarajatuh ot rarañjatuh ; A. raranje; aor. arānkshīt, arankta; Prec. rajyāt, rankshīshṭa; fut. ranktā; rankshyati, ote; inf. ranktum; ind. p. raktvā or ranktvā), to be dyed or coloured, to redden, grow red, glow, AV.; Kav.; to be affected or moved, be excited or glad. be charmed or delighted by (instr.), be attracted by or enamoured of, fall in love with (loc.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (rajati, ote), to go, Naigh. ii, 14: Caus. rajayati (only AV.) and ranjayati, te (aor. arīrajat or araranjat; Pass. rajyate; 201. aranji or arānji), to dye, colour, paint, redden, illuminate, AV. &c. &c.; to rejoice, charm, gratify, conciliate, MaitrUp.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; to worship, Naigh. iii, 14 (rajayati mrigān = ramayati mrigān, Pān. vi, 4, 24, Vartt. 3, Pat.): Desid. rirankshati, ote, Gr.: Intens, rārajīti (Gr. also rārajyate and rārankti), to be greatly excited, exult, RV. ix, 5, 2 (others 'to shine bright'). [Cf. Gk. ρέζω, 'to dye,'

Rakta, nif(a)n.coloured, dyed, painted, Br.; GrŚrS.; Mn. &c. (cf. Pān. iv, 2, 1); reddened, red, crimson, SānkhGr.; MBh.; Kav. &c. (said of 5 or 7 parts of the body which ought to be red, MBh. iv, 253; VarBrS. lxviii, 84); 'coloured or modified by nasalization,' nasalized (said of a vowel), RPrāt. (cf. ranga); excited, affected with passion or love, impassioned, enamoured, charmed with (instr.), attached or devoted to, fond of (loc., gen. or comp.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; beloved, dear, loyely, pleasant, sweet, Kāv.; fond of play, engaging in pastime, sporting, L.; m. red colour, L.; safflower, L.; Barringtonia Acutangula, L.; N. of Siva, MBh.; of the planet Mars, VarBrS., Sch.; (\bar{a}) , f. lac $(=l\bar{a}ksh\bar{a})$, Susr.; Abrus Precatorius (or its seeds as a measure or weight, = raktikā), Car.; Rubia Munjista, L.; Echinops Echinatus, L.; N. of one of the 7 tongues of fire, L.; (in music) N. of a Sruti, Samgit.; n. blood, Mn.; Hariv. &c.; a partic, disease of the eyes, Heat.; the menstrual fluid, L.; copper, L.; vermilion, L.; cinnabar, L.; saffron, L.; the fruit of Flacourtia Cataphracta, L.; = padmaka, L. - kangu, m. Panicum Italicum, L. - kanta, m. a species of Celastrus, L. - kantha, $mf(\bar{i})n$, sweet-voiced (said of a bird), BhP.; m =kokila, the Indian cuckoo, ib., Sch. - kanthin, mfn. = -kantha, MBh.; R. - kadamba, m. a redflowering Kadamba, Vikr. - kadalī, f. a species of Musa or plantain, L. - kanda, m. coral, L.; Dioscorea Purpurea, L.; a kind of bulbous plant $(=r\bar{a}ja$ palandu), L. - kandala, m. coral, L. - kamala, n. a red lotus flower, L.; "linī, f. a group of red lotus $f^{\circ}s, Vas.$ - kambala, n. = -kamala, L. - karavīra or or Nericum Odorum Rubro-simplex, L. - kallola, m. N. of a man, Hasy. - kañcana, m. Baubinia Variegata, L. - kāndā, f. a red-flowering Punarnava, L. - kala, n. a species of earth, L. - kāshtha, n. Caesalpina Sappan, L. - kundala or -kumuda, n. the flower of Nymphaea Rubra, red lotus, L. - krimijā, f. red lac, L. - krishņa, mfn. dark red, ŠānkhGr. - kesara, m. Rottleria Tinctoria, L.; the coral-tree, L. - kairava or -kokanada, n. = -kumuda, L. - košātakī, f. a species of plant $(=mah\bar{a}-jal\bar{i})$, L. - khadira, m. a redflowering Khadira, L. - khādava, m. a species of foreign date, L. - gandhaka, n. myrrh, L. - garbha, f. Lawsonia Alba, L. - gulma, m. a particular form of the disease called gulma, GarudaP.; ominī. f. a female suffering from it, Susr. - gairika, n. a kind of ochre, L. - gaura, mfn. reddish yellow or white, DhyanabUp. - granthi, m. a kind of Mimosa, L.; a partic. form of urinary disease, Car. -graha, m. a kind of demon, L. -grīva, m. 'red-necked,' a kind of pigeon, L.; a Rākshasa, L. -ghna, m. 'blood-corrupting,' Andersonia Rohitaka, L.; (i), f. a kind of Dürvä grass, L. -candana, n. red sandal, Bhpr.; Caesalpina Sappan, ib.;

saffron, L. - citraka, m. Plumbago Rosea, L. - cillikā, f. a kind of Chenopodium, L. - cūrņa, n. vermilion, L. - curnaka, m. the red powder on the capsules of Rottleria Tinctoria, L. - cchada. mfn. red-leaved (-tva, n.), Subh. - cchardi, f. vomiting or spitting blood, SārngS. - ja, mfn. produced from blo, Suir. - jantuka, m. a kind of worm, an earth-worm, L. - jihva, mfn. red-tongued; m. a lion, L. - taxa, mfn. more red or attached &c. (see rakta); n. = rakta-gairika, L. - ta, f. redness, MBh.; the nature of blood, SarngS.; the being affected by passion, MW. - tunda, m. 'red-beaked.' a parrot, L. - tundaka, m. a kind of worm, L. - trina, f. a species of grass, L. - tejas, n. flesh, L. - trivrit, f. a red-flowering Ipomoea, L. - tva, n. redness, Bhartr.; $=-t\tilde{a}$, f., W.—dat or-dant, mfn. having red or discoloured teeth, Apast. - dantika (MarkP.) or -danti (L.), f. 'red-toothed,' N. of Durgā. - dalā, f.a species of small shrub, L.; = nalikā, L. - dūshaņa, mfn. corrupting or vitiating the blood, Sušr. - dris or -drishti, m. 'red-eyed, a pigeon, L. - druma, m. a red-flowering Terminalia, L. - dhātu, m. red chalk or opiment, earth, ruddle, L.; copper, L. - nayana, mfn. red-eyed; m. Perdix Rufa, L. - nādī, f. a fistulous ulcer on the gum caused by a bad state of blood, SārngS. - nāla, m. or n. a kind of lotus, L.; = jīvantī, L. - nāsika, m. 'red-beaked,' an owl, L. - niryāsaka, m. = -druma, L. - nīla, mfn. blue-red, L. - netra, mfn. red-eyed, Pañcat.; Susr.; -tā, f. (Susr.), -tva, n. (SārngS.) the state of having red or blood-shot eyes. - pa, mfn. blood-drinking, bloodsucking, L.; m. a Rākshasa, L.; f. a leech, L.; a Dākinī or female fiend, L. - paksha, m. 'redwinged,' N. of Garuda, L. - pata, m. 'wearing red garments,' a kind of mendicant (= sāmkhya-bhikshu), Var.; -maya, $mf(\bar{\imath})n$. made of red cloth, Vas.(v.l.); -vrata-vāhinī, f. a Buddhist nun, Kād.; °ţīkrita, mfn. changed into a Rakta-pata mendicant, Bhartr. (v. l.) - patana, n. a flow of blood, VarBrS. - pattra, m. a kind of bulbous plant, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. Boerhavia Erecta Rosea, L.; ottranga, n. a kind of red sandal, L.; ottrikā, f. = -parņa, L.; = nākulī, L. - padī, f. a species of plant, L. - padma, n. a red lotus flower, VarBrS. — parņa, m. or n. (?) a redflowering Punarnavā, L. - pallava, m. Jonesia Asoka, L. - pākī, f. the egg-plant, L. - pāta, m. bloodshed, spilling of blood, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. a leech, L. - pada, mfn. red-footed; m. a bird with red feet, Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; a parrot, L.; an elephant, L.; a war-chariot, L.; (\bar{z}) , f. Mimosa Pudica, L. - $p\bar{a}$ yin, mfn. blood-drinking; m. a bug, L.; (inī), f. a blood-sucker, leech, L. - parada, m.n. cinnabar, L. - piţikā, f. a red boil or ulcer, SārngS. - pinda, m. Hibisous Rosa Sinensis, L.; n. its flower, L. (W. also 'discharge of blood from the nose and mouth; a red pimple; the plant Ventilago Madraspatana'). — **piṇḍaka** or -**piṇḍâlu,** m. = *raktālu*. - pitta, n. 'bile-blood,' a partic, disturbance of the blood caused by bile, plethora, spontaneous hemorrhage from the mouth or nose, Suir. &c.; -kara, mfn. causing the above disease, ib.; -kāsa, m. the cough connected with it, Car.; -hā, f. 'removing it,' a kind of Dürvā grass, ib.; ottika or ottin, mfn. subject to or suffering from it, Car. - pītāsita-syeta, mf(nī)n. red-yellow-blackish white; m. ro-yo-blo whiteness, L. - pucchaka, $mf(ik\bar{a})n$, red-tailed; $(ik\bar{a})$, f. a kind of lizard, L. - punarnavā, f. a redflowering Punarnava, L. - pushpa, n. a red flower, Vet.; mfn. red-flowered, bearing red flowers, VarBrS.: m. (only L.) Bauhinia Variegata Purpurescens; Nerium Odorum; the pomegranate tree; Rottleria Tinctoria; Pentapetes Phoenicea; Andersonia Rohitaka; = baka; (\bar{a}) , f. Bombax Heptaphyllus, L.; (i), f. (only L.) Grislea Tomentosa; Bignonia Suaveolens; Hibiscus Rosa Sinensis; the senna plant; Artemisia Vulgaris or Alpinia Nutans; Echinops Echinatus; = $karun\bar{i}$. - pushpaka, m. (only L.) Butea Frondosa; Salmalia Malabarica; Andersonia Rohitaka; Oldenlandia Herbacea; (ikā), f. (only L.) Mimosa Pudica; a red-flowering Punarnavā; Bignonia Suaveolens; = $bh\bar{u}$ - $p\bar{a}tal\bar{t}$. - $p\bar{u}ya$, n. N. of a hell, Cat. - pūraka, n. the dried peel or integument of the Mangosteen, L. - pūrna, mfn. field of blood (-tva, n.), MW. - paitta or -paittika, mfn. relating to rakta-pitta (q.v.), Susr. - pradara, m. a flow of blood from the womb, SarngS. - prameha, m. a disease of the bladder, the passing of blood in the urine, MW. - pravāha, m. a stream of blood, Ragh. - prasava, m. Nerium Odorum