A-bhāvanā, am, f. n. absence of judgment or right perception.

A-bhāvanīya, mfn. not to be inferred or contemplated.

A-bhāvayitri, mfn. not perceiving, not inferring, not comprehending.

A-bhāvin, mfn. what is not to be or will not be, not destined to be.

A-bhāvya, mfn. id.

सभवदीय a-bhavadīya, mfn. not belonging to your Honour, Das.

खभस्त्र a-bhastra, mfn. without bellows.

A-bhastrakā or a-bhastrikā, f. a badly made or inferior pair of bellows (i. e. small), said to mean also (a woman) who has no bellows, Pāņ. vii, 3, 47.

ষ্ঠান a-bhāgá, mf(ā)n. having no share, RV. x, 83, 5, &c.

A-bhāgin, mfn. having no share; not participating in, excluded from (gen.)

A-bhāgya, mfn. unfortunate, wretched.

सभाषण a-bhāshaṇa, am, n. not speaking, silence.

মানি abhi, ind. (a prefix to verbs and nouns, expressing) to, towards, into, over, upon.

(As a prefix to verbs of motion) it expresses the notion of moving or going towards, approaching, &c.

(As a prefix to nouns not derived from verbs) it expresses superiority, intensity, &c.; e.g. abhi-tāmra, abhi-nava, q. v.

(As a separate adverb or preposition) it expresses (with acc.) to, towards, in the direction of, against; into, SBr. & KātyŚr.; for, for the sake of; on account of; on, upon, with regard to; by, before, in front of; over. It may even express one after the other, severally, Pāṇ. i, 4, 9I, e. g. vṛikshaṃ vṛiksham abhi, tree after tree [cf. Gk. ἀμφί; Lat. ob; Zend aibi, aiwi; Goth. bi; Old High Germ. bī].

Abhika, mfn. (Pāṇ. v, 2, 74) lustful, libidinous, Ragh. xix, 4; (cf. 1. abhīka and anuka); (as), m. a lover, Naish.

Abhi-tarám [MaitrS.] or abhi-tarám [ŠBr.; AitBr. (see 2. abhî)], ind. nearer.

Abhi-tas, ind. near to, towards, MBh.&c.; near, in the proximity or presence of (gen.), Bhag. &c.; (with acc.) on both sides, SBr. &c.; (with acc.) before and after, AsvSr.; KātySr.; Gaut.; (with acc.) on all sides, everywhere, about, round; entirely, MBh.; quickly, L. Abhitah-sara, mfn. running on both sides, Up. Abhitas-cara, ās, m. pl. the attendants, retinue, MBh. &c.

Abhito (in Sandhi for abhitas). — deva-yajanamātra-deša, mfn. whose space on all sides suffices for a sacrificial ground, KātyŚr. — bhāvin, mfn. being on both sides, Pāṇ. vi, 2, 182. — rātrám, ind. near (i. e. either just at the beginning or end of) the night, ŚBr. — 'sthi (abhitó-), mfn. surrounded by bones (as the eyes), ŚBr.

श्वभिकम् abhi-√kam (fut. -kamishyate) to desire, love, TBr.: Caus. -kāmayate, id., MBh.; BhP.

Abhi-kāma, as, m. (ifc. f. \bar{a}) affection, desire, N.; BhP.; (mf(\bar{a})n.), affectionate, loving, desirous (with acc. or ifc.); (am), ind. with desire, L.; (cf. $\bar{a}bhik\bar{a}mika$.)

श्रीकम्प्abhi-√kamp,-kampate, to tremble vehemently, MBh. iii, 15721: Caus. -kampayati, to stir, allure, KātyŠr.

মনিকাফ abhi-√kāṅksh, -kāṅkshati, ote, rarely Caus. -ayate, to long for, desire; to strive.

Abhi-kāṅkshā, f. longing for, desire (with acc.

Abhi-kānkshita, mfn. longed for, wished, desired.
Abhi-kānkshin, mfn. longing for, desiring (with acc. [BhP.] or ifc. [Mn. iv, 91, &c.]).

सभिकाल abhi-kāla, as, m., N. of a village, R. ii, 68, 17.

सभिकाश abhi- $\sqrt{k\bar{a}\dot{s}}$, Intens. -cākasīti (1. sg. °sīmi; Imper. 2. sg. °sīhi; impf. 1. sg. -acāka-sam) to illuminate, irradiate, VS.; to look on, to perceive, RV.; ŠBr. xiv.

सभिकृत्स abhi-\/kuts, to revile, inveigh against, R. ii, 75, 2.

श्राभकुष abhi-√kush, -kushņāti, to tear, pull at, pinch, Sušr.

स्रभिकूज् $abhi-\sqrt{k\bar{u}j}$, to twitter, warble, R.

স্থানিক abhi- v1. kri, to do with reference to or in behalf of, SBr.; (perf. 2. pl. -cakrá) to procure, effect, AV. iii, 9, 1; (with nivesam) to settle.

Abhi-karana. See svapnābhikārana. Abhi-kriti, is, f., N. of a metre (containing one hundred syllables), RPrāt. &c.

Abhi-kritvarī, f. 'producing (diseases),' a female demon, AV. ii, 8, 2.

स्रभिकृष् abhi-√krish, -karshati, to overpower, MBh. iii, 15064.

অণিক্ abhi-√1. kṛi, -kirati, to pour over, throw over, cover.

सभिकूप abhi-√klrip, A. (p. -kálpamāna) to be adequate to, be in accordance with (acc.), VS. xiii, 25: Caus. -kalpayati, to put in order, R.

Abhi-klripta, mfn. being adequate to, in accordance with, SBr.; Up.

स्त्रिम्म् abhi-knūyam, ind. (√knūy), so as to bemoisten, SBr. xiv.

सभिक्रत् abhí-kratu, mfn. insolent, haughty, RV. iii, 34, 10.

shout at, roar at, neigh or whinny at, RV.; AV.; Lāṭy.: Caus. (aor. -acikradat), id., RV. ix, 68, 2 & 82, 1: Intens. (p. -kánikradat), id., RV.

Abhi-kranda, as, m. a shout, MBh.; indrasyâ-bhikranda, m., N. of a Sāman.

wina中 abhi-√kram (aor. -akramīt; ind. p. -krámya) to step or go near to, approach, RV. &c.; to attack, overpower, RV. vi, 49, 15 & ix, 40, 1; to step upon; to undertake, begin, RPrāt.; (with gamanāya) to get on one's way, R. i, 77, 18: Caus. -kramayati, to bring near, TS.

Abhi-krama, as, m. stepping near, approaching; assault, attack, L.; overpowering, PBr.; Gaut.; ascending; undertaking, attempt, beginning. — nāša, m. unsuccessful effort, Bhag.

Abhi-kramana, am, n. stepping near, approaching, Gaut. &c.

Abhi-krānta, mfn. approached; attacked; begun; (am), n. = abhi-krānti, PBr.

Abhí-krānti, is, f., Ved. overpowering, bringing into one's possession, TS.; AitBr. &c.
Abhi-krāntin, mfn. one who has undertaken

(the study of), i. e. conversant with (loc.), Laty.

Abhi-krāmam, ind. so as to step near, KātyŚr.

মানিরী $abhi-\sqrt{kri}$, to buy for a special purpose, SBr.

श्राभिक्र्य abhi-√krudh, to be angry with (acc.), Pāṇ. i, 4, 38, Sch.; Vikr.

Abhi-kruddha, mfn. being angry, MBh.; BhP.

what abhi- $\sqrt{kru\dot{s}}$, to cry out at, call out to, to call to (in a scolding manner), AV. &c.; to lament with tears, bemoan, R. iv, 24, 22.

Abhi-króšaka, as, m. a reviler (nindaka), VS. অনিস্থাই abhi-kshattṛi,tā,m.(\sqrt{kshad}), one who carves and distributes (food), an host, RV. ii, 29, 2 & vii, 21, 8; ['a destroyer,' Sāy.]

श्रभिद्धाः a-bhiksha-dā [Padap. abhi-ksha-dā], mfn. giving without being asked, RV. vi, 50, 1; [according to the Padap. (cf. abhi-kshattri) 'destroying, a destroyer,' Sāy.]

A-bhikshita, mfn. not asked for alms, SBr.

मिस्म abhi-√ksham (Opt. -kshameta; Imper. 2. pl. -kshámadhvam) to be gracious, propitious to (dat. or loc.), RV.; to pardon (perf. Opt. 2. sg. -cakshamīthāḥ), RV. ii, 33, 7.

श्राप्त abhi-√kshar (aor. 3. sg. -akshāḥ, RV. ix, 97, 45) to flow near or round, RV.; ŠBr.; to pour on, AV.

सिंशि abhi- \sqrt{kship} (only P., Pāṇ. i, 3, 80; pr. p. -kshipát) to fling at (as the lash of a whip at a horse), RV. v, 83, 3; to excel, Bhaṭṭ.

श्राभिसन् abhi-√khan, to dig up, turn up (the soil), SBr. &c.

श्रीमञ्जा 1. abhi-√khyā (Subj. 1. 2. 3. sg. | -khyam, -khyas & -khyás, -khyát; impf. 3. sg. abhy

ákhyat; ind. p. -khyáya) to see, view, perceive, RV.; to cast a kind or gracious look upon any one, to be gracious, RV.; (impf. 3. pl. abhí ákhyan) TS.: Caus. -khyāpayati, to make known, Mn. &c.

2. Abhi-khyá, f. a gracious look, RV. x, 112, 10; splendour, RV. i, 148, 5 & viii, 23, 5; beauty, Ragh. &c.; fame, glory, Kathās.; telling, L.; 'calling, addressing,' a name, appellation.

Abhi-khyāta, mfn. become known, manifested, MBh.; (neg. an-) Yājñ. iii, 301.

Abhi-khyātrí, tá, m. a supervisor (N. of Indra), RV. iv, 17, 17.

Abhi-khyana, am, n. fame, glory, L.

whit abhi-√gam, -gacchaii, to go near to, approach (with acc.); to follow, Kāṭh.; R.; to meet with, find; to cohabit (said of men and women), Yājñ. ii, 205, &c.; to undertake; to get, gain, obtain, AV.; ŚBr. &c.; (with niánasā or medháyā or hrídayena) to understand, RV. iii, 60, 1; TS.; ŚBr.: Caus. -gamayati, to study, MBh.i, 1295.

Abhi-gacchat, mfn. approaching, &c. Abhi-gata, mfn. approached, &c.

Abhi-gantrí, tā, m. one who understands, SBr.; one who pursues, insidious, Kāth.; one who has intercourse with a woman.

Abhi-gama, as, m. (gaṇa anusatikādi, q. v.), approaching; visiting, Megh.; Ragh. v, 11; sexual intercourse, Yājñ. ii, 291.

Abhi-gamana, am, n. = abhi-gama; the act of cleansing and smearing with cowdung the way leading to the image of the deity (one of the five parts of the updsana with the Rāmānujas), Sarvad.

1. Abhi-gamya, mfn. to be visited, Kum. vi, 56, &c.; accessible, tempting (for a visit), Ragh. i, 16.

2. Abhi-gamya, ind. p. having approached.
Abhi-gamin, mfn. having sexual intercourse with (in comp.), Mn. iii, 45; Yajñ. ii, 282, &c.

खभिगरabhi-gará. See abhi-√1.grī below.

स्राभिगर्जे abhi-√garj, to roar at, bawl at, raise savage or ferocious cries, MBh. &c.

Abhi-garjana, am, n. ferocious roaring, uproar, R.

Abhi-garjita, am, n. a savage cry, uproar, R. স্থানিনা $abhi-\sqrt{1.g\bar{a}}$, $-jig\bar{a}ti$ (impf. $-ajig\bar{a}t$; aor. Subj. $-g\bar{a}t$) to go near to, to approach, arrive at, RV. &c.; to get, gain.

स्राभगाइ $abhi-\sqrt{g\bar{a}h}$, \bar{A} . (p. $-g'\bar{a}ham\bar{a}na$) to penetrate into (acc.), RV. x, 103, 7.

सभिगुप्त abhi-gupta, mfn. guarded, protected.

Abhi-gupti, is, f. guarding, protecting, SBr. &c. Abhi-goptri, mfn. guarding, protecting, SBr.

खिनगुम्मित abhi-gumphita, min. strung together, interwoven, Sis.

wing abhi-√gur (Subj. -jugurat; Opt. 2. sg. -juguryās) to assent, agree, approve of, RV. Abhi-gūrta, mfn. approved of, RV. i, 162, 15; TS. Abhi-gūrti, is, f. song of praise, RV. i, 162, 6&12. Abhi-gūryā, (Ved.) ind. p. having approved of,

RV. ii, 37, 3. सभिगृभ abhi-gridhna,mfn. Seemithyâbhigridhna.

[17] abhi-√1. grī, -griņāti, to call to or address with approbation; to join in (acc.); to welcome, praise; to approve of, accept propitiously, allow.

Abhi-gará, as, m. a calling out in approbation (part of the sacrificial ceremony), VS.; KātyŚr.; the priest who calls out approvingly (to the other priests), MaitrS.; Lāty.; (cf. apagara.)

समिगे abhi- \sqrt{gai} (Imper. 2. sg. $-g\bar{a}ya$ or $-g\bar{a}ya$; 2. pl. $-g\bar{a}yata$) to call or sing to (acc.), RV.; to enchant, AitBr.; to sing (a hymn, &c.), SBr.&c.; to fill with song, R.; to celebrate in song, R.

Abhi-gīta, mfn. addressed or praised in song, RV. ix, 96, 23.

Abhi-geshna, mfn. calling to, AitBr.

सभिग्रस abhi-grasta, mfn. =: abhi-panna (overcome), L.

जियह abhi- \(grah, -grihṇāti\), to take hold of, take up (from the soil), TS. &c.; to accept, receive, MBh.; to set (as a blossom), BhP.; to lay together, to fold (the hands), see abhigrihīta-pāṇi below: