Pindaya, °yati. See \pind.

Pindaraka, m. or n. a bridge, MW. (cf. next). Pindala, m. a bridge, causeway; a passage over a stream or a raised path across inundated fields, L. (cf. pindana, pindila).

Pindasa, m. a beggar, mendicant living on alms (cf. pindâsa under pinda).

Pindata, m. incense, L.

Pindāra, m. a beggar, religious mendicant, L.; a bussalo-herdsman or cowherd, L.; Trewia Nudiflora, Var.; an expression of censure, L.; N. of a Nāga, MBh.; n. a kind of vegetable, Bhpr. raka, m. N. of a Nāga, MBh.; of a Vrishņi, MBh.; of a son of Vasu-deva and Rohini, Hariv.; n.N. of a sacred bathing-place, MBh.; Hariv.; Pur.

Pindi, f. the nave of a wheel, L. (cf. pindi, odika). - tailika, m. incense, Gal. (cf. pindatailaka). - pāla, w. r. for bhindipāla.

Pindika,n. the penis, LingaP.; (a),f., see pindaka. Pindita, mfn. rolled into a ball or lump, thick, massy, densified, MBh.; Kav. &c.; mixed, mingled with (comp.), Var.; heaped, collected, united, added, MBh.; R.; (ifc. after a numeral) repeated, counted, numbered, Var.; multiplied, L. - druma, mfn. full of trees, R. -mulya, n. a payment in a lump sum, Divyav. - sneha, mfn. containing a thick fatty substance (as the brain), Kull. on Mn. v, 133. Pinditârtha, m. the condensed i.e. abridged meaning, the chief point or matter, Malav. i, 16.

Pindin, mfn. possessing or receiving the Śrāddha oblations, L.; m. an offerer of balls of rice &c. to the Pitris, L.; a beggar, L.; a male creature (lit. 'having a body'), JaimBhar.; Vangueria Spinosa, Bhpr.; (int), f. N. of an Apsaras, VP.

Pindila (only L.), mfn. having large calves; skilled in calculations; m. a skilful arithmetician, an astrologer or astronomer; a bridge, causeway, mound; (a), f. Cucumis Maderaspatanus.

1. Pindī, f. (g. gaurādi) a ball, lump, lump of food, ApSr.; a pill, L.; the nave of a wheel, L.; a kind of tree, Das. (Tabernaemontana Coronaria or a species of date tree, L.); Cucurbita Lagenaria, L.; performance of certain gesticulations accompanying the silent repetition of prayers &c. in meditation on real or divine knowledge, W.; N. of a woman, g. kurv-ādi. - khanda, m. or n. a small wood of Tabernaemontana Coronaria trees (or 'of Asoka trees,' W.), Das. - jangha, m. N. of a man; pl. his descendants, g. yaskadi. - tagara or oraka, m. a species of Tabernaemontana Coronaria, L. - taru, m. a thorny Gardenia, L. -pushpa, m. Jonesia Asoka, L. -lepa, m. a kind of unguent. - sūra, m. 'cake-hero,' a cowardly boaster, poltroon, L.

2. Pindī, ind. in comp. for pinda. - karaņa, n. making into a lump or ball, Kull. on Mn. i, 18. - Vkri (ind. p. -kritya), to make into a 1° or b°, press together, join, unite, concentrate, MBh. &c.; to identify with (saha), Samk. - krita, mfn. made into a lo or bo, heaped, collected, joined, united, MBh.; Kav. &c. - bhava, m. the being rolled together into a bo, Tarkas. - Vbhū, to be made into a lo or bo, to become a solid body, L. - bhūta, mfn. lumped, heaped, joined, united, VPrāt.

Pindītaka, m. Vangueria Spinosa (n. the fruit). Bhpr.: Tabernaemontana Coronaria, L.; a species of basil, L.

Pindīra, mfn. sapless, arid, dry, L.; m. the pomegranate tree, Hariv.; = hindīra, L.

Pindola, m. N. of a man, Buddh.

Pindoli and olika, f. leavings of a meal, L.

पिरिडपाल piṇḍipāla, w.r. for bhindipāla,

पिएया pinyā, f. Cardiospermum Halicacabum, L.

Pinyāka, m.n. oil-cake, Mn.; Apast.; MBh. &c.; Asa Foetida, L.; incense, L.; saffron, L.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. a species of plant, L.

**Tun** pit. See 1. 2. a-pit.

पितरिश्रर pitari-sūra, pitā-putra &c. See under pitri.

ਧਿਰ $pit\acute{u}$ , m., once n.  $(\sqrt{pi}, pyai)$  juice, drink, nourishment, food, RV.; AV.; TS.; VS.; AitBr. (cf. Naigh. ii, 7. - krit, mfn. providing food, RV. -bhaj, mfn. enjoying food, ib. -bhrit, mfn. bringing food, ib. - mát, mfn. abounding in or

AitBr.; TBr. - sháni (sh for s), mfn. bestowing | a for s name, MW. - paksha, m. the half month of food, RV. - stoma, m. 'praise of food,' N. of RV.

Pitūya, Nom. P. vati (only p. gen. vatás), to desire food, RV.

पितु:पुत्र pituḥ-putra &c. See under pitri.

पितृ pitrí, m. (irreg. acc. pl. pitaras, MBh.; gen. pl. pitrinām, BhP.) a father, RV. &c. &c. (in the Veda N. of Brihas-pati, Varuna, Prajā-pati, and esp. of heaven or the sky; antarā pitaram mātaram ca, 'between heaven and earth,' RV. x, 88, 15); m. du. (°tarau) father and mother, parents, RV. &c. &c. (in the Veda N. of the Aranis [q. v.] and of heaven and earth); pl. (°taras) the fathers, forefathers, ancestors, (esp.) the Pitris or deceased ancestors (they are of 2 classes, viz. the deceased father, grandfathers and great-grandfathers of any partic. person, and the progenitors of mankind generally; in honour of both these classes rites called Śrāddhas are performed and oblations called Piņḍas [q.v.] are presented; they inhabit a peculiar region, which, according to some, is the Bhuvas or region of the air, according to others, the orbit of the moon, and are considered as the regents of the Nakshatras Maghā and Mūla; cf. RTL. 10 &c.), RV. &c. &c.; a father and his brothers, father and uncles, paternal ancestors, Mn. ii, 151 &c.; R.; Kathās.; a partic. child's-demon, Susr. [Origin fr.  $\sqrt{3}$ .  $p\bar{a}$  very doubtful; cf. Zd. pita; Gk. πατήρ; Lat. pater, Jup-piter; Goth. fadar; Germ. Vater; Eng. father.] - karman, n. a rite performed in honour of the Pitris, obsequial rites, ŠāúkhŠr.; Mn. - kalpa, m. precepts relating to rites in honour of the Pos, Hariv.; N. of a partic. Kalpa (s.v.), Brahmā's day of new moon, L. - kāṇḍa, m. or n. N. of wk. - kānana, n. 'ancestor-grove,' place frequented by the Pitris, place of the departed, R.; Kathās. - kārya, n. = -karman, Mn.; MBh. &c. - kilbishá, n. an offence committed against the Pos, SBr. - kulyā, f. 'rivulet of the Pos,' N. of a river rising in the Malaya mountains, MarkP. -krita ("tri-), mfn. done against or by a father, AV.; committed against the Pos, VS. - kritya, n. (Hariv.),-kriyā, f. (Ragh.) = -karman. - gaṇa,m. a group or class of Pos. Mn. iii, 194; (a), f. N. of Durga(?), L. - gatha, f. pl. 'songs of the Pos,' N. of partic. songs, MarkP. - gamin, mfn. belonging or pertaining to a father, W. - gīta, n.pl. = -gāthā, VP., Sch.; °tā-kathana, n. N. ofwk. - griha, n. house of the fathers, place of the dead, L. - graha, m. 'Podemon,' a partic. demon causing diseases, MBh. -grāma, m. 'P's village,' place of the dead, L. - ghātaka (Kathās.), -ghātin (Rājat.), -ghna (RāmatUp.), m.a parricide. - ceta(?), m.N.ofa man, Buddh. - tama (°tri-tama), m. (with pitrīnām) the most fatherly of fathers, RV. iv, 17, 17. - tarpana, n. the refreshing of the Pos (with water thrown from the right hand), offering water &c. to deceased ancestors, Mn. ii, 171 &c. (cf. RTL. 394, 1; 410); the part of the hand between the thumb and forefinger (sacred to the Pos), L.; sesamum, L. -tas, ind. from the father, on the fors side, AsvGr. - tithi, f. the day of new moon (sacred to the Pos), L. - tīrtha, n. 'Tirtha(s.v.) of the Pos, 'N. of the place called Gaya, L.; a partic. part of the hand (=-tarpana), KātyŠr., Sch.; -māhātmya, n. N. of ch. of ŠivaP. - tva, n. fatherhood, paternity; the state or condition of a Pitri or deified progenitor, MBh.; R. &c. - datta, mfn. given by a father (as a woman's peculiar property), MW.; N. of a man (-ka, endearing form; cf. pitrika), Pān. v, 3, 83, Vārtt. I, Pat. - dayitā, f. N. of wk. - dana or onaka, n. an oblation to the Pos, L. - daya, m. property inherited from a father, patrimony, R. - dina, n. the day of new moon (cf. -tithi), A. - deva, m.pl. the Pos and the gods, Mn. iii, 18; a partic. class of divine beings, R. (= kavyavāhanādayah, Sch.); mfn. worshipping a father, TAr.; connected with the Pos and the gods, BhP. - devata,  $mf(\tilde{a})n$ . having the Pos for deities, sacred to them, AsvGr.; (a), f. pl. the Pos and the gods, R. - devatyà, mfn. = prec. mfn., TS.; Br.; Kauś.; n. = -daivatya, Pan.v, 3, 45, Vartt.9, Pat. - daivata, mf(i)n. relating to the worship of the Pos, SankhGr.; R.; n. N. of the 10th lunar mansion Magha (presided over by the Pos), Var.; = next, R. - daivatya, n. a sacrifice offered to the Pos on the day called Ashtaka, R. - dravya, n. 'father's substance,' patrimony, Yājñ. ii, 118. - drohin, mfn. plotting accompanied by meat and drink, nourishing, RV.; against one's fo, Das. -naman, mfn. called after

the Pos, N. of the dark half in the Gauna Asvina (particularly dedicated to the performance of the Śrāddha ueremonics), RTL. 388; the paternal side or party or relationship, MBh.; pl. the fathers or ancestors, Hariv.; mfn. being on the fo's side, Kull. on Mn. ii, 32. - pankti-vidhana, n. conferring the rights of a Sa-pinda (s.v.), Gal. - pati, m. 'lord of the Pos,' N. of Yama, MarkP.; pl. the Pos and the Praja-patis, BhP. - pada, n. the world or state of the Pos, W. - paddhati, f. N. of wk. - pana, w.r. for -yana. - patra, n. a cup or vessel used at Srāddha rites, W. - pitri, m. a fo's father, L. - pīta (pitri-), mfn. drunk by the Pos, TS.; TBr. -pūjana, n. worship of the Pos, Mu. iii, 262. - paitāmaha,  $mf(\bar{i})n$ . inherited or derived from father and grandfather, ancestral (with nāman, n. the names of fo and gofo), MBh.; R. &c.; m.pl. (and ibc.) fos and gofos, ancestors, ib. (mostly m.c. for -pitāmaha). - paitāmahika, mfn. = prec. mfn., Panc. - prasu, f. a fo's mother, W.; 'mo of the Pos,' twilight (the time when the Pos are abroad), L. - prapta, mfn. received from a fo, inherited patrimonially, W. - priya, m. 'dear to the Pos,' Eclipta Prostrata, L. - bandhu, m. a kinsman by the fors side, L.; (11), n. relationship by the fors so, AV. -bandhava, m. = prec. m., L. -bhakta, mfn. devoted to a fo, A. - bhakti, f. filial duty to a fo, W.; N. of wk.; -taramginī, f. N. of wk. - bhūti, m. N. of Sch. on KātyŠr. - bhogīņa, mfn. (fr. -bhoga), Pān. v, I, 9, Sch. -bhojana, n. a fo's food, W.; m. Phaseolus Radiatus, T. - bhrātri, m. a fo's brother, W. - mát (AV. pitri-mat), mfn. having a fo, MBh.; R. &c.; having an illustrious f°, VS.; SBr.; accompanied by or connected with the Pos, AV.; VS. &c.; mentioning the Pos (as a hymn), AitBr. - mandira, n. = -griha, MārkP.; W. - mātri-guru-susrūshā-dhyānavat,mfn. only intent on obeying father and mother and teacher, SamhUp. - mātri-maya,  $mf(\bar{i})n$ , one who thinks only of f° and m°, Subh. -mātri-hīna, mfn. destitute of fo and mo, orphan, MW. - matrartha, mfn. one who begs for his fo and mo, Mn. xi, 1. - medha, m. oblation made to the Pos, SrS.; Mn.; MBh.&c.; N.ofwk.; -sāra, m., -sūtra, n. N. of wks. - yajñá, m. = -medha, RV.&c.&c. - yána (Ved.) and -yāna, mfn. trodden by or leading to the Pos(path), RV.; AV.; ChUp.; m. (with or scil. pathin) the path leading to the Pos, RV.; AV.; MBh. &c.; n. (-yāna), id.; BhP.; the vehicle of the Pos, a car to convey virtuous persons after their decease to heaven, W. -rāj, -rāja, or -rājan, m. 'king of the Pos,' N. of Yama, MBh. -rupa, mfn. appearing in the shape of an ancestor, ApSr.; m. N. of a Rudra, MBh. - linga, m. (scil. mantra) a verse or formula addressed to the Pos, L. -loká, m. a fo's house, AV xiv, 2, 52; the world or sphere of the Pos, AV.; SBr.; MBh. &c. (cf. RTL. 28). - vansa, m. the paternal family, GrS.; 'sya, mfn. belonging to it, Kav. - 1. -vat, mfn. having a fo living, W. -2. -vát, ind. like a father, Mn. vii, 80; like the Pos, as if for the Pos &c., RV.; GrSrS. -vadha, m. murder of a fo, parricide, RāmatUp. - vana, n. = -kānana, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; one-cara, m. 'haunting the groves of the dead,' N. of Siva, W.; a demon, goblin, Vetāla &c., L. - vartin, m. 'staying with ancestors,' N. of king Brahma-datta, Hariv. -vasati, f. 'abode of Pos,' place of the dead, L. - vak-para, mfn. obedient to (the voice of) parents, W. - vittá, mfn. acquired by ancestors, RV.; n. patrimony, Var. - vesman, n. a fo's house, Pañc. -vrata, m. a worshipper of the Pos, Bhag.; n. worship of the Pos, W. -sarman, m. N. of a Dānava, Kathās. - srávaņa, mfn. bringing honour to a fo, RV. - sraddha, n. N. of the rites in which the Pos are worshipped, W. - shád, mfn. living unmarried with a fo, RV.; 'dwelling with the Pos,' N. of Rudra, PārGṛ. - shádana, mfn. inhabited by the Pos, AV.; VS. - shvasri, f. a fors sister, MBh.; osamātula (ibc.), paternal aunt and maternal uncle, ib.; °srīya, m. a f°'s sister's son, ib. - samyukta, mfn. connected with (the worship of) the Pos, ApGr. - samhita, f. N. of wk. - sadman, n. = -vasati, MBh. - samnibha, mfn. like a fo, fatherly, L. -sāmānya, n. the Pos collectively, W. -sū, f. =-prasū, L. = sûkta, n. N. of a Vedic hymn, Cat. -sthana, m. 'one who takes the place of a fo,' a guardian (also oniya), W.; the sphere of the Pos, ib. - svasri, oriya, incorrect for -shvasri, oriya. - hatyā, f. = -vadha, MW. - han, m. a parricide,