snós; and in instr. loc. pl. snúbhis, snúshu) the level summit or edge of a mountain, table-land, surface, height, RV.; VS.

= 4. snu, f. $= sn\bar{a}yu$, a sinew, tendon, muscle (only occurring in snu-tas, from the sinews or muscles'), BhP.

5. snu, a Krid-anta affix to roots forming adjectives expressive of an aptitude to do what is implied by the root, Vop.

स्राधका snughnikā (?), f. natron, mineral alkali, L.

सुच snuc (prob. for \sqrt{stuc}), cl. 1. A. snocate, to be bright or clear, L.

च्या snushā, f. (accord. to some connected with sūnu) the son's wife, a daughter-in-law, AV. &c. &c.; the spurge plant (= $snuh\bar{i}$), L. [Cf. Gk. vuos; Lat. nurus; Slav. snucha; Angl. Sax. snoru; Germ. snura, snur, Schnur.] - ga, mfn. having sexual intercourse with a daughter-in-law, Ml. - tva, n. the condition of a do-in-law, Rajat. - vat, ind. like (with) a do-in-law, Mn. viii, 62. - svašurīyā, f. (scil. ishti) a sacrifice intended to subdue an adversary as a daughter-in-law is subject to a father-in-law,

सुस snus (v.l. snas), cl. 4. P. snusyati, to eat, Dhātup. xxvi, 5; to disappear, ib.; to take, ib.

चुह 1. snuh, cl. 4. P. snuhyati, to vomit, Dhātup. xxvi, 90; to be moist $(=\sqrt{snih}$, see $sn\bar{u}han)$. Snuk, in comp. for 2. snuh. - chada, m. a kind of reed, Lipeocercis Serrata, L.

2. Snuh, mfn. (nom. snuk or snut) vomiting, one who vomits, MW.; f. a kind of spurge, Euphorbia Antiquorum (its milky juice is used as an emetic &c.; it has 17 synonyms, cf. sīhunda &c.), Car.; Sušr.

Snuhā and snuhi, f. id., Hcar.

Snuhī, f. id., Sušr.

Snuhan, m. the mucus of the nose, ApSr.

स्रेय sneya. See p. 1267, col. 1.

चिह sneha &c. See p. 1267, col. 2.

स्र snai (v.l. stai), cl. 1. P. snāyati, to clothe, wrap round, envelop, adorn, Dhātup. xxii, 25.

संग्य snaigdhya, snaihika. See p. 1267, col. 3.

स्पन्द spand (often confounded with √syand), cl. 1. Å. (Dhātup. ii, 13) spandate (rarely oti; only in pres. base and inf. spanditum; Gr. also pf. paspande; fut. spanditā, spandishyate; 20r. aspandishta), to quiver, throb, twitch, tremble, vibrate, quake, palpitate, throb with life, quicken (as a child in the womb), ParGr.; Car.; MBh. &c.; to kick (as an animal), Br.; AsvSr.; to make any quick movement, move, be active, Hariv.; to flash into life, come suddenly to life, BhP.: Caus. spandayati (aor. apaspandat), to cause to quiver or shake, MBh.; to move (trans.), AsvSr.: Desid. pispandishate, Gr.: Intens., see panishpadá. [Cf. Gk. σφενδύνη, σφαδασμός, σφεδανός, σφοδρός; perhaps also Lat. pendo, pondus.]

Spanda, m. throbbing, throb, quiver, pulse, tremor, vibration, motion, activity, Kāv.; Rājat.; BhP.; N. of a Saiva wk. by Abhinava-gupta. - kārikā, f. N. of a metrical version of the Spandasūtra (q.v.) - caritra, n. N. of a wk. on twitching of the limbs (regarded as a branch of the science of augury or prognostication; see spandana). - nirnaya, m., -nilaya, m., -pradīpa, m., -pradīpikā, f., -vivaraņa, n., -vivriti, f., -sāstra, n., -samdoha, m., -sarvasva, n. N. of wks. - sūtra, n. (also called siva-sūtra) N. of aphorisms on the Saiva philosophy by Vasu-gupta; -vimarsini, f. N. of a Comm. on the above wk. Spandartha-sūtravalī, f. N. of wk. (prob. the spanda-kārikā).

Spandaná, mf(a)n. making a sudden movement, kicking (as a cow), AV.; m. a kind of tree (the wood of which is made into bedsteads, chairs &c.), Var BrS.; n. throbbing, pulsation, palpitation, quivering, twitching (twitchings and quiverings of the body are supposed to prognosticate good or bad luck, and are therefore minutely described in certain wks.; see above), trembling, agitation, AsvGr.; Mricch. &c.;

womb), Yājñ.; Sušr.; quick movement, motion, Kathās.; w.r. for syando, RV. iii, 53, 19.

Spandita, mfn. quivering, trembling, Sah.; (fr. Caus.) set in motion, produced, Prab.; n. a pulsation, throb, trembling, Vikr.; movement or activity (of the mind), Prab.

Spandin, mfn. quivering, throbbing, pulsating, tremulous, Megh.; Rājat.

Spandolikā, f. (cf. syand^o) swinging backwards and forwards, rocking one's self to and fro (as in a swing), BhP.

Spandana, mfn. derived from the tree Spandana, made of it &c., g. *palāšādi*.

स्पर spara, °rana &c. See col. 3.

स्परित sparitri. See p. 1269, col. 3.

स्परिश spariša. See p. 1269, col. 1.

स्पर्धे spardh (or spridh ; cf. √sprih), cl. 1. A. (Dhatup. ii, 2) spardhate (m. c. also P. oti; Subj. [prá]-spūrdhán, RV. vi, 67, 9; pf. paspridhė, odhāná, apaspridhethām, RV.; paspardha, MBh. &c.; aor. aspridhran, spridhānā, RV.; aspardhishta, Gr.; fut. spardhitā, spardhishyate, ib.; inf. spardhitum, AV.; Br.; spurdháse, RV.; ind. p. -spridhya, ib.), to emulate, compete, rival, vie or cope with (instr. with and without saha, or acc.), contend or struggle for (loc.), RV. &c. &c.: Caus. spardhayati, Gr.: Desid. pispardhishate, ib.: Intens. pāspardhyate, pāsparddhi, ib. (apāspāh, Pān. viii, 3, 14, Sch.)

Paspridhāná. See above. Spardha, mfn. emulous, envious (-tā, f.), W.;

 (\bar{a}) , f., see below. Spardhana, n. emulation, rivalry, envy, MW. Spardhaniya, mfn. to be competed for, striven after, desirable, Nir.

Spardhas. See vi-shpardhas.

Spardha, f. emulation, rivalry, envy, competition for or with (instr. with and without saha, gen., loc., or comp.; odhayā, 'in rivalry or emulation'), MBh.; R. &c.; desire for (comp.), Bhartr. (v. l.) **- kara,** mf(i)n. emulating, competing or vying with (comp.), Dhurtan. - vat, mfn. id., Balar.; Viddh.

Spardhita, mfn. contending or competing together, emulating, envious, jealous, MBh.; contended with, challenged, defied, R.

Spardhin, mfn. emulating, rivalling, vying with (comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; proud, W.; superb, gorgeous, W.

Spardhya, mfn. to be competed for, desirable, valuable, MBh.; R. Spardhyastarana-vat, min. covered with a valuable carpet, MBh.

Spurdháse. See root.

Spridh, f. contest, competition, battle, fight, RV.; a rival, adversary, ib.; m.a rival, enemy, BhP.; mfn. emulous, vying with (comp.), ib.; desirous of, ib.

Spridhāná. See root. Spridhya. See mitha-spro.

स्पर्श spars. See 14. spas, col. 3.

स्पशे sparša, °šana &c. See p. 1269.

स्पर्धे sparsh, cl. 1. A. sparshate (snehane); see √parsh.

स्पञ्च 1. spaš (cf. 🗸 1. paš; only occurring in pf. paspaše, p. paspašāná; aor. áspashta), to see, behold, perceive, espy, RV.: Caus. spāšavati (ApŠr.) and spāšavate (RV.), to make clear, show; to perceive, observe. [Cf. Gk. σκέπ-τομαι, σκοπ-ή; Lat. spicio; Germ. spëhôn, spähen; Eng. spy.]

2. Spás, m. one who looks or beholds, a watcher, spy, messenger (esp. applied to the messengers of Varuna), RV.; AV.; VS. [Cf. Lat. spex in auspex; Gk. σκώψ.]

Spasa, m. = prec., ShadvBr.; Mn.; MBh.; Pañcat.; a fight, war, battle, L.; a kind of gladiator who fights with a savage animal for a reward, W. [Cf. Gk. σκοπός.]

1. Spashtá, mfn. clearly perceived or discerned, distinctly visible, distinct, clear, evident, plain, intelligible, TS. &c. &c.; straight (opp. to 'crooked'), VarBrS.; Kathās.; real, true, correct, Ganit.; Gol.; one who sees clearly, MW.; (am), ind. clearly, distinctly, Kav.; Rajat.; straight out, openly, boldly, throbbing with life, quickening (of a child in the Amar.; Sukas. - garbha, f. a woman who shows

clear signs of pregnancy, MW. - tara, mfn. more or most evident or clear or intelligible, MBh. - ta, f. clearness, distinctness, evidence, Vishn. - tāraka, mfn. having stars distinctly visible (said of the sky), MW. - pratipatti, f. clear perception or ascertainment, ib. - bhashin or -vaktri, mfn. speaking clearly or distinctly, plain-spoken, ib. Spashtakshara, mfn. 'containing distinct sounds or syllables,' distinctly pronounced or spoken, Ratnav. Spashtartha, mfn. clear in meaning, distinct, obvious, perspicuous, intelligible, Cāņ.; Yājñ., Sch. Spashtêtara, mfn. 'other than clear,' indistinct, unintelligible, L.

Spashtaya, Nom. P. vati, to make clear, elucidate, AsvSr., Sch.; Kull.; to make straight (cure a

hump-back), Kathās.

Spashtī, in comp. for 1. spashta. - karaņa, n. making clear or intelligible, W.; =-kriti, Ganit. - √kri, P. -karoti, to make distinct or clear, Sāy.; to rectify, correct (by calculation), Ganit. - krita, mfn. made clear, elucidated, exposed, W. - kriti, f. rectification, correction (by calculation), Ganit.

- bhūta, mfn. become plain or evident, MW. Spāsana, n. (fr. Caus.), see Nir. v, 3 and prati-

Spāsita, mfn. = 2. spashta, Pān. vii, 2, 27.

स्पञ्च 3. spas (cf. √3. pas), cl. r. P.Ā. spašati, cte (p. paspāša, paspaše; fut. spašitā &c.), to bind, fetter, stop, hinder, Dhatup. xxi, 22: Caus. spāsayati (aor. apaspašat), Gr.: Desid. pispašishati, ote, ib.: Intens. pāspašyate, pāspashti, ib.

Spasa, f. girding a wife (at a sacrifice performed by her husband), L.

2. Spashta, mfn. (for I. see col. 2) bound, fettered &c., Pāņ. vii, 2, 27.

स्पश् 4. spas (v.l. spars; connected with VI. spris), cl. 10. P. spāsayati, to take or take hold of, Dhatup. xxxiii, 7; to unite, join, embrace, ib.

स्पाइोन spāršana. See p. 1269, col. 2.

स्पार्ह spārha &c. See p. 1269, col. 2.

स्पर्ध spurdh, collateral of \sqrt{spardh} , q. v.

1. spri (v.l. stri and smri), cl. 5. P. (Dhātup. xxvii, 13) sprinóti (in Veda also sprinuté; pf. paspāra, Br.; aor. aspar, Subj. sparat, Impv. spridhi, RV.; aspārsham, ib.; fut. spartā, sparishyati, Gr.; inf. spárase, RV.; ind. p. spritva, Br.), to release, extricate or deliver from (abl.), save, gain, win, RV.; TS.; Br.; TUp.: Caus. spārāyati, to attract to one's self, win, TBr.; to preserve, save, rescue, ib.; to gladden, delight, gratify, bestow, Dhatup.

Spára, n. N. of partic. Saman days and the texts and sacrifices connected with them (-tvá, n.), TBr.

Spárana, $mf(\bar{i})n$. saving, delivering, AV.; TS. Spárase. See under root.

Spartri. See ava-spo.

Sprit, mfn. (only ifc.) delivering one's self from, removing, avoiding (see kilbisha-sprit); gaining, winning (see dhana- and loka-sprit); f. a kind of

Sprita, mfn. saved, gained, won, PancavBr. Spriti, f. = spara, SBr.; KatySr.

स्य 2. spri, incorrect for \sqrt{spri} . Sparitri, mfn. See p. 1269, col. 3.

स्पञ्चा sprikkā, f. Trigonella Corniculata, Susr.; VarBrS.

स्प्रध् spridh. See \sqrt{spardh} , col. 2.

1. spris, cl. 6. P. (Dhātup. xxviii, 128) sprisáti (m.c. also ote; pr. p. sprišāna, MBh.; impf. asparšat, BhP.; pf. pasparša, pasprisuh, pasprise, ib. &c.; Subj. paspáršat, RV.; aor. asprikshat, AV.; Br.; asprākshīt, Br.; MBh.; aspārkshīt, Gr.; Prec. sprišyāt, MBh.; fut. sprashtā or sparshtā, Gr.; sparkshyati, ib.; sprakshyati, MBh.; inf. sprashtum, ib. &c.; -sprise, RV.; -sprisas, Br.; ind. p. sprishtvā, -sprisya, ib. &c.), to touch, feel with the hand, lay the hand on (acc. or loc.), graze, stroke, RV. &c. &c.; to handle, take hold of (anyo'nyam hastau sprisatah, 'they mutually touch or shake hands'), MBh.; Kav. &c.; (with apáh, udakam, jalam; or adbhis &c.) to touch or sip water, wash or sprinkle certain parts of the body with water, GrSrS.; Mn. ii, 60; MBh. &c.; to