स्रपनीति apa-kīrti, is, f. infamy, disgrace. संपक्ति apa-kukshi, is, m. a bad or illshaped belly (?), Pāņ. vi, 2, 187; (also used as a Bahu-vrīhi and Avyayī-bhāva.)

अपकु झ apa-kuñja, as, m., N. of a younger brother of the serpent-king Sesha, Hariv.

श्रपक $apa-\sqrt{1. kri}$, to carry away, remove, drag away; (with gen. or acc.) to hurt, wrong, injure: Caus. -kārayati, to hurt, wrong.

Apa-karana, am, n. acting improperly; doing wrong, L.; ill-treating, offending, injuring, L.

Apa-kartri, mfn. injurious, offensive.

Apa-karman, a, n. discharge (of a debt), Mn. viii, 4; evil doing, L.; violence, L.; any impure or degrading act, L.

Apa-kāra, as, m. wrong, offence, injury, hurt; despise, disdain. - gir [L.], f. or -sabda [Pān. viii, 1, 8, Sch.], m. an offending or menacing speech. - tā, f. wrong, offence. Apakārârthin, mfn. malicious, malevolent.

Apa-kāraka or apa-kārin, mfn. acting wrong, doing ill to (with gen.); offending, injuring.

Apa-krita, mfn. done wrongly or maliciously, offensively or wickedly committed; practised as a degrading or impure act (e.g. menial work, funeral rites, &c.); (am), n. injury, offence.

Apa-kriti, is, f. oppression, wrong, injury. Apa-kritya, am, n. damage, hurt, Pañcat. Apa-kriyā, f. a wrong or improper act; delivery,

clearing off (debts), Yājñ. iii, 234; offence. श्रपकृत apa-√2. kṛit, cl. 6. P. -kṛintati, to

cut off, Kaus. **अपक**ष $apa-\sqrt{krish}$, cl. 1. P. -karshati, to draw off or aside, drag down, carry away, take away,

remove; to omit, diminish; to put away; to anticipate a word &c. which occurs later (in a sentence); to bend (a bow); to detract, debase, dishonour: Caus. -karshayati, to remove, diminish, detract.

Apa-karsha, as, m. drawing or dragging off or down, detraction, diminution, decay; lowering, depression; decline, inferiority, infamy; anticipation, Nyāyam.; (in poetry) anticipation of a word occurring later. - sama, as, \bar{a} , m. f. a sophism in the Nyāya (e.g. 'sound has not the quality of shape as a jar has, therefore sound and a jar have no qualities in common').

Apa-karshaka, $mf(ik\bar{a})n$. drawing down, detracting (with gen.), Sah.

Apa-karshana, mfn. taking away, forcing away, removing, diminishing; (am), n. taking away, depriving of; drawing down; abolishing, denying; anticipation, Nyāyam.

Apa-krishta, mfn. drawn away, taken away, removed, lost; dragged down, brought down, depressed; low, vile, inferior; (as), m. a crow, L. -cetana, mfn. mentally debased. - jāti, mfn. of a low tribe. - ta, f. or -tva, n. inferiority, vileness.

अपक apa-√1. kṛī, Ā. apa-s-kirate (Pāņ. vi, 1, 142) to scrape with the feet, Uttarar.; (cf. $ava-\sqrt{s-kr\bar{\imath}}$: P. apa-kirati, to spout out, spurt, scatter, Pan. i, 3, 21, Comm.; to throw down, L.

खपिक a-pakti, is, f. (\sqrt{pac}), immaturity; indigestion.

A-pakva, $mf(\bar{a})n$. unripe, immature; undigested. - ta, f. immaturity; incompleteness. - buddhi, mfn. of immature understanding. Apakvāsin, mfn. eating raw, uncooked food.

खपक्रम $apa-\sqrt{kram}$, to go away, retreat, retire from, RV. x, 164, 1, &c.; to glide away; to measure off by steps, Kaus.: Caus. -kramayati, to cause to run away, PBr.: Desid. -cikramishati, to intend to run away or escape (with abl.), SBr.

Apa-kramá, as, m. going away, SBr. &c.; flight, retreat, L.; (mfn.), not being in the regular order (a fault in poetry).

Apa-krámana, am, n. or apa-krāma, as, m. passing off or away, retiring.

Apa-kramin, mfn. going away, retiring. **Apa-krānta,** mfn. gone away; (am), n. $(=at\hat{i}$ -

tam) that which is past, Balar. Apa-krānti, is, f = apa-krámana, MaitrS.

Apa-krāmuka, mfn. = apa-kramin, TS.; PBr. खपक्री apa-√krī, to buy, AV.; SBr. (see $ava-\sqrt{kri}$).

अपक्रश apa-√krus, to revile. Apa-krosa, as, m. reviling, abusing, L.

স্থাম a-pakshá, mfn. without wings, AV.

&c.; without followers or partisans, MBh.; not on the same side or party; adverse, opposed to. - ta, f. opposition, hostility. - pāta, m. impartiality. - pucchá, mfn. without wings and tail, SBr. &c.

च्चपिक्ष apa- 🗸 4. kshi, Pass. -kshiyate, to decline, wane (as the moon), TS.; SBr.

Apa-kshaya, as, m. decline, decay, wane, VP.

Apa-kshita, mfn. waned, BhP. Apa-kshīna, mfn. declined, decayed, L.

सपिक्षप apa-√kship, to throw away or down, take away, remove.

Apa-kshipta, mfn. thrown down or away. Apa-kshepana, am, n. throwing down, &c.

खपगम् $apa-\sqrt{gam}$, to go away, depart; to give way, vanish.

Apa-ga, $mf(\bar{a})n$. going away, turning away from (abl.), AV. i, 34, 5; (cf. an-apaga); (\bar{a}) , f. = $\bar{a}pa-apaga$ gā, L.

Apa-gata, mfn. gone, departed, remote, gone off; dead, diseased. - vyādhi, mfn. one who has recovered from a disease.

Apa-gama, as, m. going away; giving way; departure, death.

Apa-gamana, am, n. id.

स्रपगर apa-gara, as, m. $(\sqrt{1. qri})$, reviler (special function of a priest at a sacrifice), PBr.; Lāṭy. &c.; (cf. abhigará.)

स्रपगर्जित apa-garjita, mfn. thunderless (as a cloud), Kathās.

स्रपगस्भ apa-galbhá, mfn.wanting in boldness, embarrassed, perplexed, VS.; TS.

खपगा $apa-\sqrt{1.9a}$, to go away, vanish, retire (with abl.), VS. &c.

स्रपगुर $apa-\sqrt{gur}$, to reject, disapprove, threaten, RV. v, 32, 6, &c.; to inveigh against any one: Intens. part. apa-járgurāna (see s. v. apa-

Apa-garam or apa-goram, ind. disapproving, threatening (?), Pāņ. vi, 1, 53.

Apa-gorana, am, n. threatening, Comm. on TS. खपगृह apa-√guh (Subj. 2. sg. P. -gūhas, Ā.-gūhathās; impf. 3. pl. ápágūhan; 201. -aghukshat) to conceal, hide, RV.; AV.

Apa-gudha, mfn. hidden, concealed, RV.

Apa-guhamana, mfn. hiding, AV. xix, 56, 2; (ápa gắh°) RV. vii, 104, 17.

Apa-gohá, as, m. hiding place, secret, RV. ii, 15,7. अपग् $apa-\sqrt{2}.gr\bar{\imath}$, Intens. part. -járgur $\bar{a}na$,

mfn. (Gmn. & NBD.) devouring, RV. v, 29, 4. खपगोपुर apa-gopura, mfn. without gates

(as a town). सप्नै $apa-\sqrt{gai}$, to break off singing, cease

to sing, GopBr.; Vait.

सपग्रह $apa-\sqrt{grah}$, to take away, disjoin, tear off.

सपघर apa-√ghat, Caus. -ghāṭayati, to shut up.

भ्रपंयन 1. apa-ghana, as, m. (√han), (Pān. iii, 3, 81) a limb or member (as a hand or foot), Naish. Apa-ghata, as, m. striking off, warding off, SBr.; (cf. Pāņ. iii, 3, 81, Sch.)

Apa-ghātaka, mf $(ik\bar{a})$ n. (ifc.) warding off. **Apa-ghātin,** mfn. id. See $apa-\sqrt{han}$.

अपधन 2. apa-ghana, mfn. cloudless.

স্বাদ্ a-paca, mfn. not able to cook, a bad cook, Pāņ. vi, 2, 157 seq., Sch.

स्रपचर $apa-\sqrt{car}$, to depart; to act wrongly.

Apa-carita, mfn. gone away, departed, dead; (am), n. fault, offence, Sāk.

Apa-cāra, as, m. want, absence; defect; fault, improper conduct, offence; unwholesome or improper regimen.

Apa-carin, mfn. departing from, disbelieving in, infidel, Mn.; doing wrong, wicked.

सपचाय apa-cay, to fear, TBr.; to respect, honour, SBr.: TBr.

Apa-cāyita, mfn. honoured, respected, Pān. vii, 2, 30, Sch.

Apa-cāyin, mfn. not rendering due respect, showing want of respect, MBh.; vriddhapacāyitva, n. the not rendering due respect to old men, MBh. xiii, 6705.

स्रपचि 1. $apa-\sqrt{2}$. ci (Imper. 2. sg. - $cik\bar{i}hi$) to pay attention to, to respect, AV. i, 10, 4.

1. Apa-cita, mfn. (Pān. vii, 2, 30) honoured, respected, SBr. &c.; respectfully invited, BhP.; (am), n. honouring, esteeming.

I. Apa-citi, is, f. honouring, reverence, Sis. - mat (ápaciti-), mfn. honoured, TS.; SBr.; KātyŠr.

अपाच 2. $apa-\sqrt{1.ci}$, -cinoti, to gather, collect: Pass. -cīyate, to be injured in health or prosperity; to grow less; to wane; (with abl.) to lose anything, MBh.

Apa-caya, as, m. diminution, decay, decrease, decline; N. of several planetary mansions.

2. Apa-cita, mfn. diminished, expended, wasted; emaciated, thin, Sāk. &c.

2. Apa-citi, is, f. loss, L.; expense, L.; N. of a daughter of Marīci, VP.; (for 3. ápa-citi, see below.)

Apa-cī, f. a disease consisting in an enlargement of the glands of the neck, Susr.

Apa-cetri, tā, m. a spendthrift, L.

अपचिकोिंग apa-cikīrshā, f. (√1. kṛi Desid.), desire of hurting any one.

सर्पाचत 1. apa-√cit, Caus. Ā. (Subj. -cetáyātai) to abandon, turn off from (abl.), VS. ii, 17: Desid. -cikitsati, to wish to leave or to abandon any one (abl.), AV. xiii, 2, 15.

2. Apa-cit, t, f. a noxious flying insect, AV. Apa-cetas, mfn. not favourable to (with abl.), TBr.

सपिचिति 3. ápa-citi, is, f. (= $d\pi \acute{o}\tau \iota \sigma \iota s$, $\sqrt{3}$. ci), compensation, either recompense [TS. &c.] or retaliation, revenge, punishing, RV. iv, 28, 4, &c.

ञ्जपच्छद्ध apa-cchad (√chad), Caus. -cchādayati, to take off a cover, ApSr.

Apa-cchattra, mfn. not having a parasol, Kathās.

अपद्धाय apa-cchāya, mfn. shadowless, having no shadow (as a deity or celestial being); having a bad or unlucky shadow; (\bar{a}) , f. an unlucky shadow, a phantom, apparition.

सपिंदा. apa-cchid (\sqrt{chid}), to cut off or away, SBr. &c.

2. Apa-cchid, t, f. a cutting, shred, chip, SBr.; PBr.

Apa-ccheda, as, am, m. n. cuttting off or away; separation.

Apa-cchedana, am, n. id.

ञ्जपच्य $apa-\sqrt{cyu}$ (aor. \bar{A} , 2, sg. -cyoshth $\bar{a}h$) to fall off, go off, desert, RV. x, 173, 2: Caus. (aor. -cucyavat) to expel, RV. ii, 41, 10.

Apa-cyavá, as, m. pushing away, RV. i, 28, 3. स्रपनात apa-jāta, as, m. a bad son who has turned out ill, Pañcat.

अपान $apa-\sqrt{ji}$, to ward off, keep off or out, SBr.; Kāth.; PBr.

Apa-jaya, as, m. defeat, discomfiture, L. Apa-jayya, mfn. See an-apajayyám.

संपंजियांसु apa- $jigh\bar{a}\underline{n}su$, mfn. (\sqrt{han} Desid.), desirous of keeping off, wishing to avert, AitBr.

अपजिही पुँapa-jihīrshu,mfn.(√hṛi Desid.), wishing to carry off or take away, Rajat.

सपदा $apa-\sqrt{j\tilde{n}\tilde{a}}$, $-j\bar{a}n\tilde{i}te$, to dissemble, conceal, Pāṇ. i, 3, 44.

Apa-jñāna, am, n. denying, concealing, L.

अपन्य apa-jya, mfn. without a bowstring,

ञ्जपन्त्रीकृत a-pañcī-kṛita, am, n. (in Vedānta phil.) 'not compounded of the five gross elements,' the five subtle elements.