PBr.; ŠvetUp.; NṛisUp.; ugly, ill-formed, R. — jña (á-rūpa-), mfn. not distinguishing the shape or colour, ŠBr. xiv. — tā, f. ugliness. — tva, n. id., Kathās.; want of any characteristic quality, Jaim. — vat, mfn. ugly.

A-rupaka, mfn. shapeless, immaterial, MBh. iii, 12984; (in rhetoric) without figure or metaphor, literal.

A-rūpaņa, am, n. not a figurative expression, Kāvyād.

A-rupin, mfn. shapeless, R. i, 23, 15.

স্থাভাষ arūsha, as, m. (for arusha, m., q.v.) the sun, Un.; a kind of snake, L.

sit are, ind. interjection of calling, VS.; SBr. &c. (cf. arare, arere, and re).

gods and their cars and roads), RV.; not earthly, celestial, RV. i, 56, 3; (ávas), m. pl. the gods, RV. x, 143, 2.

स्रोतस् a-retás, mfn. not receiving seed, SBr. xiv.

A-retás-ka, mfn. seedless, SBr.

स्रोपस्a-repás,mfn.spotless,RV.;VS.;AV.

स्रोफ a-repha. See a-riphita.

arere, ind. (probably are 're, repetition of are, q. v.), interjection of calling to inferiors or of calling angrily, L.

सरोक a-roka, mfn. (\sqrt{ruc}), not bright, darkened, L. — dat or -danta, mfn. having black or discoloured teeth, Pāṇ. v, 4, 144.

A-rocaka, mfn. not shining, Kaus.; causing want of appetite or disgust, Susr.; (as), m. want or loss of appetite, disgust, indigestion, Susr. &c.

A-rocakin, mfn. suffering from want of appetite or indigestion, Sušr.; Hcat.; (in rhetoric) having a fastidious or cultivated taste.

A-rocamāna, mfn. not shining, Mn. iii, 62; not pleasing; (as), m. (gana cārv-ādi, q. v.)

A-rocishnu, mfn. dark, L.; disagreeable, L. A-rocuká, mfn. not pleasing, MaitrS.

HIN a-roga, $mf(\bar{a})n$. free from disease, healthy, well, Mn. &c.; (as), m. health, Hit.; (\bar{a}) , f., N. of Dākshāyaṇī in Vaidyanātha, MatsyaP. — tā, f. health, Bhpr. — tva, n. id., R. vii, 36, 16.

A'-rogana, mfn. freeing from disease, AV. ii, 3, 2. A-rogin, mfn. healthy, L. Arogi-ta, f. healthiness, health, Hit.; Vet.

A-rogya, mfn. healthy, L. - ta, f. health, R. ii, 70, 7.

खरोदन a-rodana, am, n. not weeping.

सरोध्य a-rodhya, mfn. ($\sqrt{2}$. rudh), not to be hindered or obstructed, unobstructed.

सरोपण a-ropaṇa, am, $n.(\sqrt{ruh})$, not planting or fixing.

श्राम a-roma, $mf(\bar{a})n$. hairless, MBh. i,

A-romasa, mfn. id., VarBrS.

hiņī, Kathās.

स्रोध a-rosha, as, m. freedom from anger, gentleness, MBh, x, 712.

A-roshana, mfn. not inclined to anger, MBh. স্থাহিতীক a-rohini-ka, mfn. without Ro-

अरोद्र a-raudra, mfn. not formidable.

ञ्चर्क ark. See arkaya, col. 2.

sa arká, as, m. (\sqrt{arc}), Ved. a ray, flash of lightning, RV. &c.; the sun, RV. &c.; (hence) the number 'twelve,' Sūryas.; Sunday; fire, RV. ix, 50, 4; ŠBr.; BrĀrUp.; crystal, R. ii, 94, 6; membrum virile, AV. vi, 72, 1; copper, L.; the plant Calotropis Gigantea (the larger leaves are used for sacrificial ceremonies; cf. arka-kośi, -parná, -pa-lāśá, &c. below), ŠBr. &c.; a religious ceremony, SBr.; BrĀrUp.; (cf. arkāšvamedha below); praise, hymn, song (also said of the roaring of the Maruts and of Indra's thunder), RV. & AV.; one who praises, a singer, RV.; N. of Indra, L.; a learned

man (cf. RV. viii, 63, 6), L.; an elder brother, L.; N. of a physician, BrahmavP. (cf. arka-cikitsā below); (as, am), m. n. (with agneh, indrasya, gautamasah, &c.) N. of different Samans; food, Naigh. & Nir. (cf. RV. vii, 9, 2). - kara, m. sunbeam, Naish. - kāntā, f. the plant Polanisia Icosandra, W. - kāshtha, n. wood from the Arka plant, KatySr. - kunda-tīrtha, n., N. of a Tirtha, SkandaP. - koší, f. a bud of the Arka plant, SBr. x. - kshīra, n. the milky juice of the Arka plant, Suir. - kshetra, n. 'the field of the sun,' N. of a sacred place in Orissa. - graha, m. eclipse of the sun, VarBṛS. - grīva, m., N. of a Sāman. - candana, n. red sanders, L. - cikitsā, f. Arka's (see arka, m. at end) 'medical art,' i. e. work on medicine. - ja, mfn. 'sun-born,' coming from the sun; (as), m. the planet Saturn, VarBrS. &c.; (au), m. du., N. of the Asvins, L. - tanaya, m. (=-ja), the planet Saturn, VarBr.; N. of Karna, L.; of Manu Vaivasvata and Manu Sāvarņi, MBh.; (\bar{a}) , f., N. of the rivers Yamunā and Tapatī, MBh. - tvá, n. brightness, SBr. x. - tvish, f. the light of the sun. - dina, n. a solar day. - dhānā, ās, f. pl. seeds of the Arka plant, SBr. x. - nandana, m. (=-ja, q.v.) N. of the planet Saturn, VarBrS.; N. of Karna, L. - nayana, n., N. of an Asura, Hariv. - pattra, n. the leaf of the Arka plant, MBh. i, 715; (as), m. the Arka plant; (\bar{a}) , f. a kind of birth-wort (Aristolochia Indica), L. - parná, n. the leaf of the Arka plant, ŠBr.; KātyŠr.; (as), m. the Arka plant; N. of a snake demon, MBh. i, 2551. — pādapa, m. the tree Melia Azadirachta Lin., L. - putra, m. (=-ja, q. v.) the planet Saturn, VarBrS. & VarBr.; N. of Karna, L.; of Yama, L. - pushpadya, m., N. of a Saman. -pushpikā, f. the plant Gynandropsis Pentaphylla, L. - pushpī, f. the plant Hibiscus Hirtus, Susr. - pushpôttara, n., N. of a Saman. - pra**kāša**, mf(\bar{a})n. bright like the sun, MBh. ii, 313; (as), m., N. of a medical work (cf. -cikitsā above); of a work on jurisprudence. - prabhā-jāla, n. (a multitude of) sun-beams, MBh. iii, 12541. **– priyā,** f. the plant Hibiscus Rosa Sinensis, L. - bandhu or -bāndhava, m. a N. of Buddha Sākya-muni, L. - bhaktā, f. = $-k\bar{a}nt\bar{a}$, q. v. - mandala, n. the disc of the sun. - maya, mfn. composed of the Arka plant, ApSr. — mūlá, n. the root of the Arka plant, ŠBr. x; (\bar{a}) , f. $(=-pattr\bar{a}, q. v.)$ Aristolochia Indica, L. - ripu, m. 'enemy of the sun,' Rāhu, Kād. - reto-ja, m. 'son of Sūrya,' Revanta, L. -lavana, n. saltpetre, L. -lūsha, m., N. of a man,(gaṇa *karṇādi & vid-ādi*, q.v.) **– vat** (*arká-*), mfn. possessing or holding the thunderbolt, TS.; containing the word arká, PBr.; receiving the oblation in the Arka ceremony, MaitrS. — varsha, m. a solar year. — vallabha, m. the plant Pentapetes Phœnicea, L. - vidha (arká-), mfn. Arka-like, SBr. x. - vedha, m., N. of a plant, L. - vrata, n. the rule or law of the sun (i. e. levying taxes, subjecting the people to imposts, or drawing their wealth as imperceptibly as the sun evaporates water), Mn. ix, 305. - saši-satru, m. 'enemy of sun and moon,' Rāhu, VarBṛS. (cf. -ripu above). - siras, n., N. of a Saman. - soká, m. the heat of rays, RV. vi, 4, 7. - samudgá, m. the tip of an Arkabud (see -koši), ŠBr. x. - sāti (arká-), f. invention of hymns, poetical inspiration, RV. i, 174, 7; vi, 20, 4 & 26, 3. - suta, m. (=-tanaya, q. v.)N. of Karna, L.; (\bar{a}) , f., N. of the river Yamunā, L. $-\sin u$, m. (=-ja, q. v.) the planet Saturn; N. of Yama, L. - sôdara, m. Indra's elephant Airāvata. - stubh, mfn. singing hymns, ŠānkhŠr. - hitā, f. = $-k\bar{a}nt\bar{a}$, q. v. Arkânsa, m. a digit or the twelfth part of the sun's disc, L. Arkagra, f. the sun's measure of amplitude, Sūryas. Arkasman, m. heliotrope, girasol, crystal, L. Arkâsvamedha, n. [Pāṇ. ii, 4, 4, Kās.] or odhaú, m. du. [AV. xi, 7, 7, & SBr.], the Arka ceremony and the Asvamedha sacrifice; odhá-vat, mfn. containing the two, TS.; odhin, mfn. performing the two, TS. Arkashthīlā, f. a grain of the fruit of the Arka plant, SBr. x. Arkahuti, ayas, f. pl., N. of five sacrificial offerings, ApSr. Arkahva, m. 'named (after) Arka,' the stone Sūryakānta, L.; the plant Pinus Webbiana, L. Arkêndu-samgama, m. the instant of conjunction of the sun and moon. Arkôpala, m.

(= arkāhva above) Sūryakānta, Naish.

Arkaya, Nom. P. °yati, to heat, L.; to praise, L.

Arkin, mfn. radiant with light, RV. viii, 101,
13; praising, RV. i, 7, 1; 10, 1 & 38, 15.

Arkīya, mfn. belonging to Arka, (gaņa utkarādi, q. v.)

Arkya, am, n., N. of a Sastra and of a Saman, TS.; SBr.; PBr.

स्रो arga, as, m., N. of a Rishi of the SV. (with the patron. Aurava).

सर्गेट argața, as, m., N. of a poet, Sarng.; the plant Barleria Cærulea.

स्रगेड argada (in the word sárgada, q.v.) v. l. for argala, SBr. xiv.

ষ্ঠান argala, mfn. a wooden bolt or pin for fastening a door or the cover of a vessel, Ragh. &c.; a bar, check, impediment, ib.; a wave, L.; (as or am), m. or n., N. of a hell, PadmaP. v. Argalā-nirgama, m., N. of an astrological treatise. Argalā-stuti, f. or -stotra, n. a hymn introductory to the Devīmāhātmya.

Argalikā, f. a small door pin, L.

Argalita, mfn. fastened by a bolt, Kad.; Kathās. Argaliya or argalya, mfn. belonging to a bolt, (gaņa apūpādi, q. v.)

अर्घ् argh, cl. 1. P. arghati, to be worth, be of value, Pancat.; (cf. \sqrt{arh} .)

ष्मधे argha, as, m. (\sqrt{arh}), worth, value, price, Mn.; Yājñ.; (often ifc., cf. dhanarghá, mahârgha, satârghá, sahasrârghá); (ás), m. respectful reception of a guest (by the offering of rice, durvagrass, flowers, or often only of water), SBr. xiv, &c. (often confounded with arghya, q.v.); a collection of twenty pearls (having the weight of a Dharana), VarBrS. - dana, n. presentation of a respectful offering. - pātra, n. (for arghya-pātra) the small vessel in which water is offered to the guest on his arrival, Kathās. - balabala, n. rate of price, proper price, the cheapness or dearness of commodities, Mn. ix, 329 (cf. arghasya hrāsam vriddhim vā, Yājh. ii, 249). - samsthapana, n. fixing the price of commodities, appraising, assize (it is the act of a king or ruler, in concert with the traders, and should be done once a week or once a fortnight), Mn. viii, 402. Arghapacaya, m. 'diminution of price,' (ena), instr. ind. cheaper, Gaut. Argharha, min. worthy of or requiring a respectful offering, a superior. Arghé**svara**, m., N. of Siva; (cf. arghisa.)

Arghisa, as, m. ('arghin' for argha) = arghê-svara, q. v., L.

Arghya, mfn. 'valuable,' see an-arghya; (gaṇa daṇḍadi, q. v., 'argham arhati') deserving a respectful reception (as a guest), PārGṛ.; Yājñ. &c.; belonging to or used at the respectful reception of a guest, Gobh.; Yājñ. &c.; (am), n. (Pāṇ. v, 4, 25) water offered at the respectful reception of a guest, ĀŝvGṛ. &c.; (probably for ārghya, q. v.) a kind of honey, L. — pātra, n., see argha-p°. Arghyārha, m. the plant Pterospermum Suberifolium, L.

জাইট arghaṭa, am, n. ($=p\bar{a}rghaṭa$, q.v.) ashes, L.

अर्च 1. arc, cl. 1. P. árcati (Subj. árcāt; impf. árcat; aor. ārcīt, Bhaṭṭ.; perf. ānarca, 3. pl. ānarcuḥ [MBh. iii, 988, &c.], but Ved. anricuh [RV.]; perf. A. (Pass.) anarce [Bhatt], but Ved. sam anrice [RV. i, 160, 4]; fut. p. arcishyat [Mn. iv, 251]; ind. p. arcya [Mn. &c.; cf. Pāņ. vii, 1, 38, Sch.] or arcitvā [R. iii, 77, 15]; Ved. Inf. ricase [RV. vi, 39, 5 & vii, 61, 6]) to shine, be brilliant, RV.; to praise, sing (also used of the roaring of the Maruts and of a bull [RV. iv, 16, 3]), RV.; AV; SBr.; to praise anything to another (dat.), recommend, RV.; to honour or treat with respect. MBh. &c.; to adorn, VarBrS.: exceptionally A. (1. pl. arcāmahe) to honour, MBh. ii, 1383: Caus. (2. sg. arcayas) to cause to shine, RV. iii, 44, 2: P. A. to honour or treat with respect, Ma.; MBh. &c.: Desid. arcicishati, to wish to honour, Pān. vi, 1, 3, Sch.: Ved. Pass. ricyáte (p. ricyámāna) to be praised, RV.

2. Arc, m(instr. arca) fn. shining, brilliant [Gmn.], RV. vi, 34, 4.

Arcaka, mfn. honouring, worshipping, Mn. xi, 224; (as), m. a worshipper, BhP.

Arcat, mfn. (pr. p.) shining, RV.; praising, RV.; (an), m., N. of a Rishi (son of Hiranyastūpa), Nir. x, 32 (commenting on RV. x, 149, 5). Arcaddhūma, mfn. whose smoke is shining, RV. x, 46,7.