Heat. &c.; (i), f. a species of grass, L. = giri, m., N. of a mountain. = bija, m., N. of a mountain, MBh.; Hariv.

Usīraka, am, n. the above root, L.

Ušīrika, mf(ī)n. trading in or selling Ušīra, Pāņ.

Usenya, mfn. to be wished or longed for, desirable, RV. vii, 3, 9.

उश्रती usatī, f., incorrect for rusatī, q. v. उश्रायुस् usrāyus, us, m., N. of a son of Purūravas, VP.

vas, q. v.) oshati, oshām-cakāra, and uvo-sha (Pāṇ. iii, 1, 38; 3. pl. ūshuḥ, Kāš. on Pāṇ. vi, 4, 78), oshitā, oshishyati, aushit, Dhātup. xvii, 45: cl. 9. P. (p. ushnát, RV. ii, 4, 7) to burn, burn down (active), RV.; AV.; SBr.; Mn. iv, 189; Siš.; to punish, chastise, Mn. ix, 273: Pass. ushyate, oshām-cakre, to burn (neuter), Sušr.; Car.; Bhatt.

2. **Ush**, f. (only ás, gen. sg.) early morning, dawn, RV.; AV. xvi, 6, 6; (ushás tisráh, f. pl. morning, midday, and evening, RV. viii, 41, 3.)

1. Usha, as, m. (for 2. see s.v.) early morning, dawn, daybreak, L.; bdellium; saline earth, L.; (a), f., see below; (am), n. fossile salt, L.; (cf. ūsha.) — m-gu, us, m., N. of a Rishi, MBh. xiii, 7667; of a king, MBh.; of Siva, MBh. xiii, 1219.

Ushah (in comp. for ushás below). - kala, m. 'crying at daybreak,' a cock, L.

**Ushana**, am, n. black pepper; the root of Piper Longum;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. Piper Longum; Piper Chaba; dried ginger; (cf.  $\bar{u}shana$ .)

Ushat, an, m., N. of a son of Su-yajña, Hariv.; (tī), f. (scil. vāc) a harsh speech (v.l. ušatī; erroneous for rušatī?), MBh. Ushad-gu, us, m., N. of a son of Svāhi, Hariv.; VP. Ushad-ratha, as, m., N. of a son of Titikshu, ib.

Ushapa, as, m. fire, L.; the sun, L.; Ricinus Communis, L.

Ushar (in comp. for ushás below). - búdh (nom. -bhut), mfn. awaking with the morning light, early awaked (a N. esp. applied to Agni as kindled in the early morning), RV. - búdha, mfn. id., RV. iii, 2, 14; vi, 15, 1; fire, L.; a child, L.; Ricinus Communis, L.

Ushás, ās, f. (nom. pl. ushásas and ushásas; instr. pl. ushádbhis, RV. i, 6, 3; see Kāš. on Pāṇ. vii, 4, 48) morning light, dawn, morning (personified as the daughter of heaven and sister of the Ādityas and the night), RV.; AV.; SBr.; Sak. &c.; the evening light, RV. x, 127, 7; N. of a wife of Bhava (=Φοίβοs) or Rudra, VP.; (ushásau, °ásā, and °ásā), f. du. night and morning, RV.; VS. &c.; (sī), f. the end of day, twilight, L.; (as), n. daybreak, dawn, twilight, Uṇ. iv, 233; L.; the outer passage of the ear, L.; the Mālaya range, L.; [cf. Gk. ἡώs; Lat. aurora; Lith. ausz-ra; Old High Germ. δs-tan.]

1. Ushasya, mfn. sacred to the dawn (Pān. iv, 2, 31), VS. xxiv, 4; ĀsvSr.

2. Ushasya, Nom. (fr. ushas, gana kandv-ādi, Pān. iii, 1, 27 [not in Kās.]) P. ushasyati, to grow light, dawn.

Ushā, f. morning light, dawn, morning, RV.; AV. xii, 2, 45; VS. &c.; night, VP.; Car.; a cow, L.; N. of a daughter of Bāṇa and wife of A-niruddha, AgP.; burning, scorching, Suir.; (ā), ind. at daybreak, L.; at night, L.—kara, m. 'night-maker,' the moon, VarBṛS.—kala, m. a cock; (cf. ushah'.)—pati, m. 'Ushā's husband,' N. of A-niruddha, AgP.—ramaṇa, m. id., L.—rāgôdaya, m. 'appearance of the morning light,' N. of a drama. Ushêṣa, m. 'the night's husband,' the moon, VarBr.; 'Ushā's husband,' N. of A-niruddha, L.

Ushāsā (in Dvandva comp. for ushās above, Pāṇ. vi, 3, 31). — naktā, f. du. dawn and night, RV.; AV. — sūrya, n. dawn and sun, Kāš. on Pāṇ. vi, 3, 31.

I. Ushita (for 2. see s.v.), mfn. burnt; quick, expeditious. L.

Usho (in comp. for ushás above). — jala, n. pl. 'the Dawn's tears,' dew, Kathās. — devatya, mfn. one whose deity is the dawn. — rāga, m. the morning light, dawn, Daš.

Ushta, mfn. burnt, L.

Ushṇá, mf(ã, rarely ī)n. (Un. iii, 2) hot, warm; ardent, passionate, impetuous, RV. x, 4, 2; AV. vi, 68, 1; viii, 9, 17; SBr.; ChUp.; Sušr.; Mn. &c.; pungent, acrid; sharp, active, L.; (as), m. onion,

L.; N. of a man, VP.; (as, am), m. n. heat, warmth, the hot season (June, July), Mn. xi, 113; Sak.; Das. &c.; any hot object, MBh.; N. of certain positions in the retrograde motion of the planet Mars, VarBrS.; N. of a Varsha, VP.; (ā), f. heat, L.; consumption, L.; bile, L.; N. of a plant, Nigh.; (am), ind. hotly, ardently, R.; (ushnam kritvā or ushnam-kritya, ind. p. having made hot or heated, Pān. i, 4, 74.) - kara, m. 'hot-rayed,' the sun, Kād. - kāla, m. the hot season, Susr.; Pancat.; Hit. - kirana, m. 'hot-rayed,' the sun, VarBrS. - krit, m. 'causing heat,' the sun, L. - ga, m. (with and without  $k\bar{a}la$ ) the hot season, R. -gandha, f., N. of a plant. -gu, m. 'hot-rayed,' the sun, BhP. -ghna, n. 'heat-destroyer,' a parasol, L. - m-karana, mfn. causing heat, heating, Vartt. on Pan. vi, 3, 70. - ta, f., -tva, n. heat, warmth. -tīrtha, n., N. of a Tirtha. - didhiti, m. 'hot-rayed,' the sun, L. - nadī, f. 'the hot river,' N. of Vaitaranī the river of hell, L. -pa, see ūshma-pa. -phalā, f. a species of plant, Nigh. - bhas, -bhrit, -mahas, -rasmi, -ruci, m. the sun, MBh.; Ragh.; Kum.; Kir. &c. - vāta, m. a particular disease of the bladder, SarngS. - varana, n. 'keeping off the heat,' a parasol, chattar, Kum. - vidagdhaka, m. a particular disease of the eyes, SarngS. - vīrya, mfn. possessing warming power, Car.; Delphinus Gangeticus, L. - vetālī, f., N. of a witch, Hariv. - samaya, m. the hot season. - sundara, m., N. of several plants. - sparša-vat, mfn. anything which feels hot (as fire), Tarkas. Ushnansu, m. 'hotrayed, the sun. Ushnagama, m. approach of the heat, beginning of the hot season, L. Ushnanta, m. end of the hot season, R. Ushnabhigama, m. approach or beginning of the hot season, L. Ushnabhipraya, mfn. tending to heat (as a fever), Car.; prāyin, mfn. suffering from the above fever, ib. Ushnasaha, m. (scil. kala) 'the time in which heat is tolerable,' the winter, L. Ushnôdaka, n. hot water, water boiled and so reduced in quantity (said to be wholesome to drink and healing when used for bathing), Bhpr. Ushnopagama, m. the beginning of the hot season, L. Ushnôshna, mfn. very hot, Sis. v, 45.

Ushnaka, mfn. hot, warm; sick of fever, feverish, L.; sharp, smart, active, L.; warming, heating, L.; (as), m. heat, hot season (June and July), L.; fever, L.; blight, blast, L.; the betel-nut, Nigh.

Ushņāju, Nom. P. ushņayati, to make hot, heat. Ushņālu, mfn. suffering from heat, Kāty. on Pāņ. v, 2, 122; Vikr.

Ushni, mfn. burning; see ásny-ushni, p. 114, col. 1.

Ushņikā, f. (Pāņ. v, 2, 71) rice-broth, L. Ushņiman, ā, m. heat, ChUp.

Ushņī (in comp. for ushņa). - √kri, to make warm or hot, heat, Sušr.; Mricch. - krita, mfn. heated, hot, boiled, Subh. - ganga, n., N. of a Tīrtha, MBh. iii, 10698. - nābha, m., N. of a divine being, MBh.

Ushnisha, as, am, m. n. (ushnam īshate hinasti, sakandhv-ādi [Vārtt. on Pāṇ. vi, 1, 94] para-rūpam, T.) anything wound round the head, turban, fillet, AV. xv, 2, 1-4; ŠBr.; ĀsvŠr.; KātyŠr.; MBh. &c.; a diadem, crown, L.; a kind of excrescence on the head of Buddha.—paṭṭa, m. a turban, fillet, Ratnāv.—bhājaná, n. anything serving for a turban, ŠBr. iii. Ushnīshārpaṇā, f., N. of a goddess (Buddh.)

Ushnīshin, mfn. furnished with or wearing a turban, VS. xvi, 22; R.; N. of Siva, MBh. xiii.

1. Ushma, as, m. heat, L.; the hot season, L.; spring, L.; passion, anger, L.; ardour, eagerness, L.

2. Ushma (in comp. for ushman below). — ja, mfn. produced from vapour. — tā, f. heat, MBh. — pa, see ūshma-pa. — vat, mfn. heated, burning, smoking, Susr. — sveda, m. a vapour bath, Susr. Ushmagama, m. beginning of the hot season, L. Ushmanvita, mfn. filled with rage, L. Ushmayana, n. the hot season. Ushmopagama, m. beginning of the hot season, L.

Ushmaka, m. the hot season, L.

Suir. &c. (in many cases, where the initial u is combined with a preceding a, not to be distinguished from  $\bar{u}shman$ , q.v.); the hot season, L.; anger, wrath, L.

Ushmāya, Nom. Ā. ushmāyate, = ūshmāya, q. v.

**J**♥ 2. usha (for 1. see col. 1), as, m. (probably for usa, fr. √vas; cf. usa-dah), a lover, L.

उपस्त ushastá, as, m., N. of a Rishi, ŠBr. Ushasti, is, m. id., ChUp.

उदिज ushija, as, m., N. of a son of Uru, VP.

उपित 2. ushita (for 1. see col. 1), mfn., p. of  $\sqrt{5}$ . vas, q. v.

Ushitavya, ushitvā, ushṭvā. See √5. vas. उद्योग ushīra, v.l. for usīra, q. v.

fr. Vuksh and connected with ukshan), a bull drawing a plough, RV. x, 106, 2; TS. v; KātyŠr.; Kauš.

U'shtra, as, m. ( ush, Un. iv, 161; but probably connected with the above), a buffalo, RV.; AV. xx, 127, 2; 132, 13; VS.; SBr.; AitBr.; a camel, MBh.; Mn.; Pañcat. &c.; a cart, waggon, L.; N. of an Asura, Hariv.; (1), f. a she-camel, Susr.; Pañcat. &c.; an earthen vessel in the shape of a camel, L.; N. of a plant, Nigh. - karnika, ās, m. pl., N. of a people, MBh. - kandī, f. Echinops Echinatus, L. - krośin, mfn. making a noise like a camel, Kās. on Pāņ. iii, 2, 79. - khara, n. camel and donkey, gana gavāsvādi, Pān. ii, 4,11. - grīva, m. hemorrhoids, Susr. -jihva, m., N. of a being attending on Skanda, MBh. -tva, n. the state of being a camel, Hcat. - dhūsara-pucchikā or ochi, f. the plant Tragia Involucrata, L. - nishadana, n. a particular posture among Yogins, Sarvad. - pādikā, f. Jasminum Sambac, L. - pāla, m. a driver of camels, L. - bhaksha or okshika, f., N. of a plant, L. - yana, n. a camel-carriage, vehicle drawn by camels, L. - vāmi, n. (?), Kās. on Pān. vi, 2, 40. - vāmī-sata, n. a hundred of camels and mares, Ragh. v, 32. - vāhin, mfn. drawn by camels (as a car). – śaśa, n. camel and hare, Pāṇ. ii, 4, 11. - sirodhara, n. hemorrhoids. - sādi, n. (?), Kāš. on Pān. vi, 2, 40. - sthāna, n. a stable for camels: (mfn.) born in a stable for camels, Comm. on Pān. iv, 3, 35. Ushtrakriti, m. having the shape of a camel, the fabulous animal called Sarabha, L. Ushtraksha, m. 'camel-eyed,' N. of a man.

Ushtrikā, f. a she-camel, Pañcat.; an earthen vessel shaped like a camel, L.; N. of a plant, L.

on Pān. iii, 2, 59), N. of a Vedic metre (consisting of twenty-eight syllabic instants, viz. two Pādas with eight instants, and one with twelve; the varieties depend on the place of the twelve-syllabled Pāda), RPrāt. 888 ff.; AV. xix, 21, 1; VS.; a brick sacred to the above metre, KātyŚr.; N. of one of the Sun's horses, VP.

**Ushnig** (in comp. for ushnih above). — garbhā, f. (with  $g\bar{a}yatr\bar{i}$ ) N. of a Vedic metre (consisting of three Pādas of six, seven, and eleven instants), RPrāt. 887.

VS.; ( $\bar{a}s$ ), f. pl. the nape of the neck, RV. x, 130, 4; YS.; ( $\bar{a}s$ ), f. pl. the nape of the neck, RV. x, 163, 2; AV.

उष ushya. See  $\sqrt{5}$ . vas.

उपल úshyala, am, n. a frame of á bed [BRD.], AV. xiv, 1, 60.

जस् usri, f. (12. vas), morning light, daybreak, day (acc. pl. usrás), RV. vii, 15, 8; viii, 41, 3; (instr. usrá), RV. iv, 45, 5.

Usrá, ā, f. (Un. ii, 13) morning light, daybreak, brightness, RV.; (personified as a red cow); a cow, RV.; AV. xii, 3, 73; MBh. xiii; Nir. &c.; N. of a plant, L.; (as), m. a ray of light, RV. i, 87, 1; Ragh.; Kir. &c.; the sun; day; an ox, bull, RV. vi, 12, 4; VS. iv, 33; N. of the Asvins, RV. ii, 39, 3; iv, 62, 1; vii, 74, 1. —yāman, mfn. moving towards brightness or the day, RV. vii, 74, 1.

U'sri, is, f. morning light, brightness, RV. ix, 65, 1; 67, 9.

Usriká, as, m. a small ox, RV. i, 190, 5. Usríya, mfn. reddish, bright (said of a cow and bull), RV.; (as), m. a bull, RV.; (a), f. light,

brightness; a cow, RV.; AV.; any product of the cow (as milk), RV.; AV. **Usriyā-tvá**, n. the state of being a cow, MaitrS. **Usrīya**, Nom. P. usrīyati, to wish for a cow,

Comm. on Pāṇ. vi, 1, 95.

32 uh, cl. 1. P. ohati, uvoha, auhīt, &c

Ję uh, cl. 1. P. ohati, uvoha, auhīt, &c., to give pain, hurt, kill, L.; (cf. 1. ūh.)