great injury upon, harm, distress, perplex (krita- or -bhūta, mfn. mutilated, injured, harmed), Sis.;

विकल्प vi-kalpa &c. See under vi- √klṛip. विकल्प vi-kalya, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. (v.l. vi-kalpa).

विकम्बर vi-kasvara, vi-kashā, vi-kashvara, incorrect for vi-kasvara &c.

विकस vi-√kas (also incorrectly written vi-kas), cl. 1. P. -kasati, to burst, become split or divided or rent asunder, Susr. (cf. vi-kasta); to open, expand, blossom, bloom, MBh.; Kav. &c. (cf. vikasita); to shine, be bright, beam (with joy &c.), Kāv.; VarBrS.; to spread out, extend, increase, MBh.; Kav.; Susr.: Caus. -kāsayati, to cause to open or blow or expand or shine, Kāv.; Kathās.

Vi-kasa, m. the moon, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. Bengal madder (also written vikashā), L.; = mānsa-rohinī, L. kasat, mfn. opening, blown, expanding, shining, bright, Kāv.; Pur. 'kasana, n. ('ne-\kri), g. sākshādādi. "kasita, mfn. (Pān. vii, 2, 54) opened, open, expanded, budded, blown, MBh.; Kav. &c.; -kumudêndīvarālokin, mfn. looking like the expanded white and blue lotus, MW.; -nayana-vadana-kamale, mfn. opening (her) lotus-like eyes and mouth, Pancat.; -vadana, mfn. with opened mouth, BhP. °kasuka (ví-), m. a partic. Agni, AgP. °kasta (vi-), mfn. (Pān. vii, 2, 34) burst, split, rent asunder, RV.; VS.; Kaus. okasti (vi-), f. the act of bursting, TS. okasvara, mfn. opened (as eyes), Kathās.; expanded, blown, Šiš.; clear (as sound), Daš.; candid, L.

Vi-kāsa, m. expanding, budding, blowing (of flowers), Kum.; Sis.; opening (of the mouth or eyes), VarBrS.: Pañcat.; opening (of the heart), cheerfulness, serenity, Das.; Sis.; expansion, development, growth, Sis.; Pur.; Sarvad.; -bhāj or -bhrit, mfn. expanded, blown, Kav. okasaka, mfn. opening, expanding (the mind i.e. making wise), Dhurtas. kasana, mfn. causing to blow or expand, Kav.; n. developing, Samk. kasita, mfn. caused to expand, expanded, blown, Amar. ** kasin, mfn. blossoming, blooming, Sis.; opened, open (as the eyes or nose), Dašar.; Sāh.; open = candid, sincere, L.; expanding, developing, Šiš.; extensive, great, Kāv.; Kām.; (ifc.) rich or abounding in, Rājat.; dissolving, relaxing, paralysing, Susr.; si-tā, f. expansion, development, Samk.; -si-nīlôtpala, Nom. P. °lati, to resemble a blossoming blue lotus-flower, Sāh.

विकस्तरूप vikasva- $r\bar{u}pa$ (?), m. N. of a man, Samskārak.

विकाङ्ग $vi-\sqrt{k\bar{a}nksh}$, P. Ā. $-k\bar{a}nkshati$, $\circ te$, to have anything in view, aim at (acc.), Hariv.; to tarry, linger, hesitate, TăndBr. okanksha, f. (cf. vi-kānksha, p. 950, col. I) hesitation, irresolution, indecision as to (inf. or gen.), MBh.; R.

विकार 1. vi-kāra. See p. 950, col. 1.

বিকাম 2. vi- $k\bar{a}ra &c$. See under vi- $\sqrt{1. kri}$. विकाल vi-kāla &c. See p. 950, col. 1.

বিকায় $vi-\sqrt{k\bar{a}\dot{s}}$ (in derivatives sometimes confounded with vi-Vkas), cl. I. A. -kāšate, to appear, become visible, shine forth, R.: Caus. -kāšavati, to cause to appear or shine forth, illuminate, make clear, publish, MBh.: Intens., see vi-cākašat below. 2. kāsa, m. (for I. see p. 950, col. I) brightness, radiance, Inscr.; appearance, display, manifestation, L.; = prasara and vishama-gati, Kir. xv, 52 (Sch.); -ta, f., -tva, n. appearance, display, MW. okāsaka, okāsana, okāsita, incorrectly for vi-kāsana &c. above. okāsin, mfn. shining, radiant, (ifc.) illumining, illustrating, explaining, Kav.; (inī), f. N. of one of the Matris attending on Skanda, MBh.

Vi-cakasat, mfn. (fr. Intens.) shining, radiant, RV.; looking on, seeing, beholding, perceiving, ib.

विकापिन vi-kāshin for vi-kāsin and vikāsin.

विकास vi-kāsa &c. See above.

विकार vi-kira, vi-kiraņa, vi-kīrņa &c., see under $vi - \sqrt{kr\bar{i}}$.

विकिरिड vikirida (Kāth.), orida (TS.), oridra (VS.), mfn. applied to Rudra (accord. to Sch. 'averting wounds' or 'sending off arrows').

বিক্লাম্ভি vi-kukshi, vi-kuja &c. See p. 950,

विक्रधास vikughāsa, g. krišāsvādi (v.l. vikutyāsa).

विकृचित vi-kucita, n. (Vkuc) a partic. mode of fighting, Hariv.

विकुच vi- Vkuñc, Caus. -kuñcayati, to contract, draw back (the ears), R. okuñcita, mfn. contracted, crisped, curled, knitted (as the brow), MBh.; Kāv.; -bhrū-latam, ind. with contracted eyebrows, frowning, Kum.; -lalāta-bhrit, mfn. having a scowling brow, MBh.

विकुट्यास vikuṭyāsa. See vikughāsa.

चिक्का राउत vi-kunthita, mfn. (\sqrt{kunth}) blunted, obtuse, Ragh.

विकृत्सा vi-kutsā, f. (Vkuts) violent abuse or reviling, MBh.

विकुप vi-√kup, only Caus. -kopayàti, to disturb, Divyâv.

विकृतिस vi-kurvaṇa, °vāṇa. See col. 3. विनुसुक vikusuka, m. a partic. Agni, ĀpŠr. (cf. ví-kasuka).

विक्स vikusra or vikrasra, m. the moon, Un. ii, 15 (prob. for vi-kasra).

चिक् $vi-\sqrt{k\bar{u}j}$, cl. 1. P. $-k\bar{u}jati$, to chirp, sing, hum, warble (as birds), R. okujana, n. rumbling (see antra-vik°). *\bar{ujita}, n. humming, chirping, singing (of birds), MBh.; Ragh.

चिक्रण $vi-\sqrt{k\bar{u}n}$, to contract, wrinkle (the face), VarBrS. okunana, n. contraction (mukhavo, wrinkling the face), L.; a side-glance, leer, wink, W. okunika, f. the nose, L.

विक vi-VI. kṛi, P. A. -karoti, -kurute, to make different, transform, change the shape (or the mind), cause to alter or change (esp. for the worse), deprave, pervert, spoil, impair, RV. &c. &c.; (Pass. and A., rarely P.) to become different, be altered, change one's state or opinions, Mn.; MBh. &c. (cf. Pāņ. i, 3, 35); to develop, produce (esp. variously), RV.; MBh.; to embellish, decorate (in various manners), MBh.; to distribute, divide, RV.; SBr.; to destroy, annihilate, RV.; MBh.; to represent, fill the place of (acc.), KatySr., Sch.; (A.; cf. above) to move to and fro, wave, shake (hands or feet), R.; Suir.; to be or become restless (with netrābhyām, 'to roll the eyes'), Susr.; to utter (sounds), Pān. i, 3, 34; to become unfaithful to (loc.), Mn. ix, 15; to act in a hostile or unfriendly way towards (gen. or loc.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to contend together, AV.; MBh.; to act in various ways, Bhatt.; Pass. -kriyate, to be changed &c. (cf. above): Caus. -kārayati, to cause to change or be changed, Hit.

2. Vi-kara, m. (for I. see p. 950, col. I; for 3. see vi-vkṛī) disease, sickness, L.; a partic. mode of fighting, Hariv. (v.l. vishkara).

2. Vi-karana, m. (for I. see p. 950, col. I) 'producing a change,' (in gram.) a term for the affix or conjugational characteristic which is placed between the root and terminations, the inserted conjugational affix (according to Pāṇini these affixes are sap, sapo luk, slu, syan, snu, sa, snam, u, snā, yak, and cli [with its substitutes], tāsi, sya, sip, the first nine of which are added in the Pres., Impf., Imperative, and Potential, and before a Krit which contains a mute palatal s, in the case of Active verbs; yak is added in the case of the Karman or Bhāva, i.e. Passives or Neuters; cli is added in the Aorist, tāsi in the 1st Future, sya in the 2nd Future and Conditional, and sip before Let.; lug-vikarana, 'having luk for its Viko' [said of rts. of cl. 2]; ākhyāta-pada-vikaranāh, 'words which modify the finite verb,' i.e. make it accented); (ī), f. a partic. Šakti, Hcat.; n. change, modification, Nir.; a disturbing influence, Sarvad. okartri, m. a transformer, SBr. &c. &c.; an insulter, offender, R.; MBh. (v.l. nikartri). °karman &c., see p. 950, col. I.

2. Vi-kāra, m. (for I. see p. 950, col. I) change of form or nature, alteration or deviation from any natural state, transformation, modification, change (esp. for the worse) of bodily or mental condition,

emotion, agitation, passion, SrS.; MBh. &c.; an apparition, spectre, Kathās.; extravagance, ib.; a product, Gaut.; (in Sāmkhya) a production or derivative from Prakriti (there are 7 Vikāras, viz. buddhi, 'intellect,' aham-kāra, 'the sense of individuality,' and the 5 tan-mātras, q.v.; these are also producers, inasmuch as from them come the 16 Vikāras which are only productions, viz. the 5 mahā-bhūtāni, q.v., and the II organs, viz. the 5 buddhîndriyani or organs of sense, the 5 karmendriyani or organs of action, and manas, 'the mind'), IW. 82 &c.; the derivative of a word, Nir.; contortion of the face, grimace, Kathās.; change of sentiment, hostility, defection, MBh.; Rājat.; -tas, ind. from or through change, MW.; -tva, n. the state of change, transformation, Vedântas.; -maya, mf(i)n. consisting of derivatives (from Prakriti), Up.; -vat, mfn. undergoing changes, Kām.; -hetu, m. 'cause of perturbation,' temptation, seduction, Kum. "kārita, mfn. changed, rendered unfavourable or unfriendly, Hit. okārin, mfn. liable to change, changeable, variable, VPrāt.; MBh.; Sušr.; undergoing a change, changed into (comp.), Bhag.; feeling emotion, falling in love, Mālatīm.; inconstant, disloyal, rebellious (see a-v°); altered or changed for the worse, spoiled, corrupted, Suir.; producing a change for the worse, corrupting (the mind), Hit.; m. n. the 33rd year in Jupiter's cycle of 60 years, VarBrS.; "ri-tā, f. (Kām.), "ritva, n. (Vedântas.) change, alteration. °kārya, mfn. to be changed, liable to change, Bhag.; m. N. of Aham-kāra (the sense of individuality), BhP.

Vi-kurvana, m. (prob. for vi-kurvāna) N. of Siva, MBh. xiii, 1244; n. and (\bar{a}) , f. the ability to assume various shapes, Buddh. **\text{kurva}, f. id., ib. okurvāņa, mfn. undergoing a change, modifying one's self, Mn. i, 77; rejoicing, being glad, L. okurvita, n. the assuming of various shapes, ib.

Ví-kṛita, mfn. transformed, altered, changed &c.; (esp.) deformed, disfigured, mutilated, maimed, unnatural, strange, extraordinary, Mn.; MBh. &c.; unaccomplished, incomplete, RV. ii, 33, 6; ugly (as a face), MBh.; estranged, rebellious, disloyal, hostile, ib.; decorated, embellished, set with (comp.), ib.; (with vadha, m.) capital punishment with mutilation, Mn. ix, 291; sick, diseased. L.; m. the 24th year in Jupiter's cycle of 60 years, VarBrS.; N. of a Prajā-pati, R. (v. l. vi-krīta and vi-krānta); of a demon (the son of Pari-varta), MärkP.; (\bar{a}) , f. N. of a Yogini, Heat.; n. change, alteration, Vop.; disgust, aversion, W.; misshaped offspring, abortion, Mn. ix, 247; untimely silence caused by embarrassment, Sāh. (v.1. vi-hrita); -janana-sānti-vidhāna, n. N. of a ch. of the Padma-purāna; -tva, n. the state of being changed, transformation, Samk.; -danshtra, m. N. of a Vidyā-dhara, Kathās.; -darsana, mfn. changed in appearance, MBh.; R.; -buddhi, mfn. changed in mind, estranged, made unfriendly or ill-disposed, MW.; -rakta, mfn. dyed red, red-stained (as a garment), Bhpr.; -locana, mfn. having troubled eyes, MW.; -vadana, mfn. having a distorted face, ugly-faced, W.; -veshin, mfn. having an unusual dress, BhP.; otakāra, mfn. changed in form or appearance, misshaped, distorted in form, MBh.; otakriti, mfn. having a deformed shape or aspect, Mn. xi, 52; °tâksha, mfn. blind, Pān. vi, 3, 3, Vārtt. 2, Pat.; °tânga, mfn. changed in form, having misshaped limbs, deformed, W.; °tanana, mfn. = ota-vadana above, MBh.; -mūrdhuja, mfn. having a disturbed face and dishevelled hair, ib.; otôdara, m. N. of a Rākshasa, R.

Vi-kriti, f. change, alteration, modification, variation, changed condition (of body or mind; acc. with \sqrt{gam} , $y\bar{a}$, vraj, or $pra-\sqrt{pad}$, to undergo a change, be changed), MBh.; Kav. &c.; sickness, disease, L.; perturbation, agitation, emotion, MBh.; Kathās. &c.; alienation, hostility, defection, Kām.; Pañcat.; a verse changed in a partic. manner, SBr.; KātyŠr.; an apparition, phantom, spectre, Kathās.; any production (ifc. anything made of), MBh.; Suir.; (in Sāmkhya) = $2.vi-k\bar{a}ra$; (in gram.) a derivative, Nir.; formation, growth, development, AitBr.; abortion, Suir. (v. l. vaikrita); = dimba, L.; = pralāpa, Harav., Sch.; N. of a class of metres, Ping.; m. N. of a son of Jimūta, VP.; -kaumudī, f., -pradīpikā, f. N. of wks.; -mat, mfn. liable to change, Sak.; indisposed, ill, Nalod.; -hautra, n. N. of wk.

Vi-kriyā, f. transformation, change, modification, altered or unnatural condition, Kāv.; Pur.; Susr.; change for the worse, deterioration, disfigurement, disease, sickness, hurt, injury, (or) perturbation, I deformity, R.; ailment, indisposition, affection, R.;