injury, Bhpr. - vrata, mfn. one who has violated a vow or religious engagement, L. - sarpana, n. loss of the faculty of moving, Susr. - hara, n. 'removing sores,' Agallochum or Aloe wood, L. Kshatâbhyanga, m. 'mutilated portion of a Havis,' i.e. the portion from which anything has been taken away, KātySr. iii, 3, Paddh. Kshatari, mfn. 'one whose enemies are destroyed, victorious, triumphant. **Kshatôttha**, mfn. produced by injury (as cough), Susr. **Kshatôdara**, n. injury of the bowels by any indigestive substance, flux, dysentery, Bhpr. Kshatôdbhava, mfn. produced by injury, Susr.; (am), n. (=kshata-ja) blood, MBh. xiii, 2797. **Ksha**tanjas, mfn. 'of diminished power,' impaired, weakened, reduced.

Kshati, is, f. injury, hurt, wound, MBh. &c.; loss, want (of the means of living, cf. kshata-vritti), Hit.; damage, disadvantage, MBh. &c.; defect, fault, mistake, Sah.; destruction, removal of (in comp.), Kum. ii, 24; Rājat. v, 234; Šāntis. - mat, mfn. wounded, Sis. xix, 78.

Eshatin, mfn. wounded, injured, Car. vi, 17; (for kshata-kāsin) one who has a cough produced by an injury, Bhpr. i.

खन 2. kshan, aor. Subj. 3. pl. \(ghas, q. v. \)

ञ्चनाच्य kshantavya, ontri. See √ksham.

1. kshap, cl. 1. P. Ā. kshapati, ote (pr. p. kshapamāna; inf. kshapitum, BhP. iii, 23,6), to be abstinent, fast, do penance, SV.; Kaus.; Mn. v, 69; MBh. &c.; (for /kship, Ritus.

Kshapa, mfn., v. l. for kshama, q. v.

Kshapaka, mfn. one who is abstinent, HParis. 1. Kshapana, as, m. 'fasting,' a religious mendicant, Jaina (or Buddhist) mendicant, L.; N. of a Samādhi, Kārand.; $(\tilde{a}s)$, m. pl., N. of a Buddhist school, L.; (\bar{a}) , f., N. of a Yogini, Heat.; (am), n. abstinence, chastisement of the body ['pause, interruption (of study), defilement, impurity,' Comm.; cf. 2. kshapana], PārGr.; Gaut.; Mn. iv, 222; v, 71; MBh. xiii, 5145.

Kshapanaka, as, m. a religious mendicant, (especially a) Jaina mendicant who wears no garments, MBh. i, 789; Cān.; Pañcat.; Kād. &c.; N. of an author supposed to have lived at the court of king Vikramâditya (perhaps the Jaina astronomer Siddha-sena). - vihāra, m. a Jaina monastery, Das.

Kshapani-bhuta, mfn. one who has adopted the habit or appearance of a religious mendicant, Das. I. Kshapayishnu, mfn. one who intends to

efface or do penance for (acc.), BhP. x, 82, 6. खप्2.kshap, cl. 10. P. kshapayati, to throw,

cast, Dhātup. xxxv, 84; (cf. \(\ship. \)) **Kshapaņī**, $f = kshep^{\circ}$, W.

ষ্বাব্ 3. kshap=Caus. $\sqrt{4.kshi}$, q. v.

2. Kshapana, mfn. ifc. (cf. aksha-ksho) one who destroys, destructive, BhP.; (as), m., N. of Siva; (am), n. destroying, diminishing, suppressing, expelling, MBh.; Susr.; BhP.; 'passing (as time), waiting, pause,' = I. kshapana, q. v.

Kshapanyu, us, m. an offence, L.

2. Kshapayishnu, mfn. destroying, BhP. x. 37, 22.

Kshapita, mfn. destroyed, ruined, diminished, suppressed, Ragh. viii, 46; BhP. iv, 31, 6.

Kshapitavya, mfn. to be passed away or finished, Kād.

खप 4. ksháp, p, f. night, RV.; a measure of time equivalent to a whole day of twenty-four hours, RV.; darkness, RV. i, 64, 8; water, Naigh. i. 12; kshápah, kshapáh, 1. kshapá, acc. pl., gen. sg., instr. ind. at night, RV.; [cf. Gk. κνέφας; Lat. crepus-culum.]

2. Kshapá, f. (Naigh. i, 7; for 1. ksho see 4. kshap) night, RV. iv, 53, 7 (instr. pl. °pabhis); AitBr. i, 13; MBh. &c.; a measure of time equivalent to a whole day of twenty-four hours, Jyot.; turmeric, L. - kara, m. 'making the night,' the moon, VarBrS.; VarBr.; Das.; Kad. - krit, m. id., Šiš. xiii, 53: - ghana, m. a dark cloud or dark nocturnal clouds. - cara, m. 'night-walker,' a Rakshas, goblin, MBh.; R.; HYog.; any animal that goes out for prey in the night (as owls, jackals, &c.), VarBrS. vli, 66. - jala, n. night-dew, Kād. Kshapata, m. 'night-walker,' a Rakshas, goblin, Bhatt. ii. 30. Kshapatyaya, m. end of the night,

dawn, R.; Ragh.; Das. Kshapā-nātha, m. 'lord of the night,' the moon, VarBr. v, 2; Šis. iii, 22. **Kshapandhya**, n. night-blindness (= kshanadandhya), Sušr.vi, 17, 23. Kshapā-pati, m. = $-n\tilde{a}tha$, L.; camphor, L. Kshapapaha, m. 'removing night,' the sun, R. vii, 23, 2, 12. Kshapā-ramaņa, m. 'night-lover,' the moon; -sekhara, m. 'wearing the moon on his head,' N. of Siva, Rajat. iii, 269. Kshapardha, n. midnight, Sūryas. Kshapavasana, n. end of the night; (e), loc. ind. on the following morning, Das. Kshapa-vritti, mfn. going out for food in the night, VarBrS. Kshapavyapáya, m. = ${}^{\circ}p\hat{a}tyaya$, R. v, 19, 35. Kshapāsaya, mfn. lying on anything (in comp.) during night, MBh. iv, 597. Kshapaha, n. aday and night, Mn. i, 68. **Kshapêsa**, m. = $kshap\bar{a}$ - $n\bar{a}tha$, Vāsant.

खपण kshapaṇa, see 🗸 I. & 3. kshap; (ī), ind., see I. kshapana; f., see 🗸 2. kshap.

Kshapanyu, payishnu. See $\sqrt{1.8c}$ 3. kshap.

ख्पा kshapā. See 4. ksháp.

खपावत ksha-pavat. See 2. kshám.

स्त्रापतव्य kshapitavya. See √3. kshap.

हाम 1. ksham, cl. 1. Ā. kshámate (ep. also P. oti; Ved. cl. 2. P. kshamiti, Pāņ. vii, 2, 34; cl. 4. P. kshāmyati [cf. Impv. A. 3. sg. kshamyatām, BhP. vi, 3, 30], Pān. vii, 3, 74; perf. cakshame, MBh. &c., 3. pl. omire, SBr.; 1. du. cakshanvahe & 1. pl. onmahe, Pan. viii, 2, 65, Sch.; fut. 2nd kshansyate, oti, kshamishyati; aor. 2. sg. akshansthās, Bhatt.; inf. kshantum, MBh. &c.), to be patient or composed, suppress anger, keep quiet, RV. x, 104, 6; MBh.; R. &c.; to submit to (dat.), SBr. iii; iv; to bear patiently, endure, put up with (acc.), suffer, MBh.; R.; Ragh.; to pardon, forgive anything (acc.) to (gen. or dat.), MBh.; R. &c. (e. g. kshamasva me tad, forgive me that, Ragh. xiv, 58); to allow, permit, suffer, Sāh. (Kuval.); (with Pot.) Das.; to bear any one, be indulgent to, MBh. iii, 13051; R. iv, 27, 22; VarBrS.; Pañcat. (Pass.); Hit.; to resist, Pān.i, 3, 33, Sch.; to be able to do anything (inf.), Sis. i, 38 & ix, 65; to seem good, Divyâv. iv: Caus. P. A. kshamayati, kshāmayate, to ask any one (acc.) pardon for anything (acc.), MBh.; Bhag.; Pañcat.; (perf. kshamayām āsa) to suffer or bear patiently, R. v, 49, II; (cf. $ksham\bar{a}paya$); [cf. Goth. hramja(?); Angl. Sax. hremman, 'to hinder, disquiet.']

Kshantavya, mfn. to be borne or endured or suffered or submitted to patiently; to be pardoned or forgiven, Mn.; MBh.; R. &c.; (am), n. impers. pardon to be given by any one (gen.) for (abl.), MBh. i, 40, 53; Kathās. cxix, 53.

Kshantri, mfn. one who pardons or bears pa-

tiently, MBh. xiii, 4873.

2. Kshám, f. (nom. kshás, acc. kshám, instr. kshamá, once jmá [RV. vi, 52, 15], dat. kshe [?RV. iv, 3, 6], gen. abl. gmás, jmás, once kshmás [RV. i, 100, 15], loc. kshámi; du. nom. kshámā [RV. ii, 39, 7; x, 12, 1; cf. $dy\bar{a}v\bar{a}$ - $ksh\bar{a}m\bar{a}$]; pl. nom. kshāmas [RV. viii, 70, 4; kshāmīs fr. omi, SV.], kshás [RV. iv, 28, 5], acc. kshás [RV. x, 2, 6], loc. kshāsu, RV. i, 127, 10 & v, 64, 2) the ground, earth, χθών, RV.; AV.; VS.; ŠBr. vi; [cf. kshmā; cf. also Gk. χαμαί, χθαμαλός; Lat. humus, homo.] Ksha-pavat & ksha-po, m. 'earth-protector,' ruler, governor, RV. i, 70, 3 & x, 29, 1; (kshá-p°) iii, 55, 17; vii, 10, 5 & viii, 71, 2.

Kshamá, mf(a)n. (g. pacadi) patient (said of the earth, perhaps with reference to 2. kshám), AV. xii, 1, 29; ifc. (Pāņ. iii, 2, 1, Vārtt. 8) enduring, suffering, bearing, submissive, resisting, MBh.; Sak.; Kum. v, 40; adequate, competent, able, fit for (loc. or inf. or in comp., e. g. vayam tyaktum kshamāh, 'we are able to quit, 'Santis.), Nal.; R.; Ragh. &c.; favourable to (gen.), R. ii, 35, 31; bearable, tolerable, Sak.; Pañcat. (=Subh.); fit, appropriate, becoming suitable, proper for (gen., dat., loc., inf. or in comp.), MBh. (e.g. kshamam Kauravānām, 'proper for the Kauravas,' iii, 252); R. (e. g. na sa kshamah kopayitum, 'he is not a fit object for anger,' iv, 32, 20) &c.; (as), m. 'the patient,' N. of Siva; a kind of sparrow, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. patience, forbearance, indulgence (one of the sāmānya-dharmās, i. e. an obligation to all castes, Vishu.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; kshamām Vkri, to be indulgent to, have patience or bear with (prati, MBh. iii, 1027; orgen., Santis.); 'Patience' (personified as a daughter of Daksha and wife of Pulaha, VP.), Hariv. 14035; Prab.; tameness (as of an antelope), R. iii, 49, 25; resistance, Pan. i, 3, 33, Sch.; (=2. kshdm) the earth, VarBrS.; Pañcat. &c.; (hence) the number 'one;' N. of Durga, DeviP.; the Khadira tree (Acacia Catechu), L.; N. of a species of the Atijagati metre; N. of a female shepherd, BrahmaP.; of a Sākta authoress of Mantras; of a river (=vetravatī), Gal.; for kshapā (night), L.; (am), n. propriety, fitness, W. [cf. Hib. cam, 'strong, mighty; power; 'cama, 'brave.'] - ta, f. ability, fitness, capability. - tva, n. id. (with loc. or ifc.), Sah.; Sarvad.; Comm. on KapS. & on Mn. ix, 161. - vat, mfn. knowing what is proper or right, R. v, 89, 68; for $ksh\bar{a}m^{\circ}$, q. v.

Kshamaniya, mfn. to be suffered or patiently borne, R. v, 79, 9; vii, 13, 36.

I. Kshamá (instr. of 2. kshám, q. v.), ind. on the earth, on the floor, gana svar-ādi; [cf. Gk. $\chi a\mu \hat{a}$ - $\{\epsilon, \chi a\mu \hat{a}$ - $\theta \epsilon \nu.\}$ - cará, mfn. being in the ground or under the earth, VS. xvi, 57.

2. **Kshamā** (f. of $^{\circ}m\acute{a}$, q. v.) – **kara**, mfn. 'one who has patience with any one or is indulgent,' N. of a Yaksha, Gal. - kalyana, m., N. of a pupil of Jinalābha-sūri (who composed 1794 A.D. a Comm. on the Jiva-vicāra). Kshamâcārya, m., N. of a Sākta author of Mantras. Kshamā-tanaya, m. 'son of the earth,' the planet Mars, VarBrS. vi, II. Kshamā-tala, n. the surface of the earth, ground, Bālar. iii, 79. Kshamā-dansa, m. Moringa pterygosperma, L. Kshamanvita, mfn. endowed with patience, patient, forgiving (with loc.), Mn. vii, 32, &c. Kshamā-pati, m. 'lord of the earth,' a king, Rajat. v, 126. Kshamapanna. $mfn. = {}^{\circ}manvita$. **Kshamā-para**, mfn. very patient, forbearing. Kshamā-bhuj, m. patient, W.; (k), m. 'earth-enjoying,' a prince, king, W. Kshamā-bhrit, m. 'earth-supporter,' a mountain, Kād.: a prince, Sis. xix, 30. Kshamā-mandala, n. the orb, whole earth, Prab. Kshamā-yukta, mfn. = °*mânvita*. **Kshamā-lingātma-pīdā-vat**, mfn. (anylegal affair) in which testimonies for patience practised and an estimate of one's damage or loss are given, Comm. on Yājñ. ii, 6. Kshamā-vat, mfn. patient, enduring, forbearing, MBh.; R. &c.; tame (as elephants), MBh. ii, 1878; $(t\bar{i})$, f., N. of the wife of Nidhi-pati. Kshamavarta, m. 'whirlpool of patience, N. of a son of Devala, VP. Kshamā-sīla. mfn. practising patience, patient, MBh. Kshamāsramana, m. a Jaina ascetic, HParis. Kshamāshođašī, f., N. of a work.

Kshamāpaņa, am, n. the begging pardon, Bhām. Kshamapaya, Nom. P. A. vati, vate, to ask any one's (acc.) pardon, BhP. iv; v, 10, 16; ix, 4, 71.

Kshamita, mfn. pardoned, MBh. ii, 1582. Kshamitavya, mfn. to be endured or patiently borne or pardoned, R. v, 24, 7.

Kshamitri, mfn. enduring, patient, L.

Kshamin, mfn. (Pāņ. iii, 2, 141) id. (with loc.), Yājñ. i, 133; ii, 200; MBh.; BhP.; Bhartr.; Vet.

Kshamī-√bhū, to become able to do anything (dat.), HPariš. i, 229.

Kshámya, mfn. being in the earth, terrestrial. χθόνιος, RV. ii, 14, 11 & vii, 46, 2.

Ksha, f. (derived fr. some forms of 2. ksham) the earth, ground, Naigh, i, 1; Nir, ii, 2; Say.

I. Kshānta, mfn. (gaņa priyādi) borne, endured (= sodha), L.; pardoned, MBh.; Pañcat.; (Pān. iii, 2, 188, Kār.) enduring, patient, Mn. v, 158; Yājñ.; R.; Ragh. (compar. -tara); (as), m. (gana utkarddi) N. of a man, gana asvadi; of a hunter, Hariv. 1206; of Siva (cf. kshama); (a), f. 'the patient one,' the earth, L.; (am), n. patience, indulgence, R. i, 34, 32 & 33.

Kshāntāyana, as, m. patr. fr. °ta, g. asvadi. Kshānti, is, f. patient waiting for anything. Vop. xxiii, 3; patience, forbearance, endurance, indulgence, Mn. v, 107; MBh.; R. &c.; the state of saintly abstraction, Divyav. vi, xii, xviii; (in music) N. of a Sruti; N. of a river, VP. - paramita. f. the Pāramitā or accomplishment of indulgence, Kārand. - pala, m., N. of a prince, Buddh. - priya. f., N. of a Gandharva girl, Kärand. i. - mat, mfn. patient, enduring, indulgent, Rajat. v, 4. - vādin, m., N. of a Rishi, Kārand. x. - sīla, m., N. of a man, Kathās, lxxv, 23.

Kshāntīya, mfn. fr. ota, gana utkarādi. Kshāntu, mfn. patient, enduring, Un.; (us), m. a father. L.

Kshāman, a, n. earth, soil, ground, RV.