MBh.; to embrace, Mn.; MBh.; BhP.; Sak.; R.; Pañcat.; Kathās. &c.: Caus. -sleshayati, to affix, stick on, Lāty.; KātyŠr.; to embrace (see ā-sleshita).

A-slishţa, mfn. adhering, clung to, SBr.; Ka-thās.; embracing, Hariv.; R.; Sis.; embraced, surrounded; twisted round, MBh.; Kathās.; Ragh. &c.

A-slesha, as, m. intimate connection, contact; slight contact, L.; embracing, embrace; intwining, MBh.; BhP.; Megh.; Amar. &c.; adherence, clinging to, Nyāyam.; (a), f. and (as), f. pl., N. of the seventh Nakshatra, AV.; TS.; Suŝr.; MBh.; VarBṛS.

A-sleshana, am, n. adherence, hanging on, Nyāyam.

A-sleshita, mfn. embraced, R. v, 13, 58.

মাম $\bar{a}\dot{s}va$, mf($\bar{\imath}$)n. (fr. $a\dot{s}va$), belonging to a horse, equestrian, Nir.; Susr.; drawn by horses (as a chariot), Comm. on Pāṇ.; (am), n. a number of horses, Pāṇ.; the state or action of a horse, Comm. on Pāṇ.; N. of several Sāmans.

Aśvaghná, m. (fr. aśva-ghna), N. of a man, RV. x, 61, 22.

Asvatara, m. (fr. asva-tara), N. of Budila or Bulila, AitBr. Asvatarasvi, m. id., SBr.; ChUp.

Asvattha (or otthi or otthika), mf(i, gaṇa gau-radi, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 41) n. belonging to the Asvattha tree (Ficus Religiosa), AitBr.; TS.; KātyŚr.; ŚBr. &c.; relating to the fruit-bearing season of this tree, Comm. on Pāṇ.; belonging to the Nakshatra Asvattha, L.; (am), n. the fruit of the Ficus Religiosa, Pān. & L.

Āśvapata, mfn. belonging to Asva-pati, Pāņ. Āśvapālika, m. f. a descendant of Asva-pālī, Pāņ. Āśvapeyin or opejin, m. followers or pupils of Āśva-pey(j)in, Pāņ.

Āsvabala, $mf(\bar{i})n$. coming from or made of the plant Asva-balā, Susr.

Aśvabhārika, mfn. (fr. aśva-bhāra), carrying a horse-load, Pāņ.

Asvamedhá, m. a descendant of Asva-medha, RV. viii, 68, 15 & 16.

Āsvamedhika, mfn. (fr. id.), belonging to a horse-sacrifice, SBr.; KātyŚr.; Āp.; (āšva-medhikam parva is the N. of the fourteenth book of the Mahā-bhārata.)

Aśvayuj, m. (fr. aśva-yuj), the month Aśvinā,

Āśvayuja, mf(ī)n. (fr. id.), born under the constellation Aśvayuj, Pāṇ. iv, 3, 36; belonging to or occurring in the month Āśvina, VarBṛS.; (as), m. the month Āśvina, Suśr.; Mn.; (ī), f. (sc. paurnamāsī) day of full moon in that month, ĀśvGṛ.; Pār-Gṛ.; KātyŚr. — karman (āśva-yujī-), n. a Pāka-yajña or 'small sacrifice' [see Indian Wisdom, p. 197, note] to be performed on the day called Āśvayujī, ĀśvGṛ.; ŚāńkhGṛ.; Gaut.

Aśvayujaka, mfn. sown on the day called Aśvayuji, Pāņ. iv, 3, 45.

Asvaratha, mfn. (fr. asva-ratha), belonging to a chariot drawn by horses, Comm. on Pan.

Asvalakshanika, mfn. (fr. asva-lakshana), knowing the marks of horses, Comm. on Pān.

Asvavāra and vāla, mfn. made of the cane

Asva-vār(l)a, SBr.; KātySr.; MaitrS.

Āśvasūkta, n., N. of a Sāman, = aŝva-o, q.v. Āśvasūkti, m. a descendant of Aśva-sūktin, Tāņ-dvaBr.

Āśvāyana, as, m. a descendant of Aśva, Pāņ. iv, I, 110.

Āśvika, mfn. equestrian; relating to a horse; carrying a load of horses, Pāņ.

1. **Asvina**, $mf(\bar{i})n$. like riders or horsemen, RV. ix, 86, 4; (am), n. a day's journey for a horseman, AV. vi, 131, 3.

2. Āśviná, mfn. (fr. aśvin), belonging or devoted to the Aśvins, VS.; TS.; ŚBr.; KātyŚr.; Āśv-Śr.; (as), m., N. of a month in the rainy season (during which the moon is near to the constellation Aśvini); (ī), f., N. of a kind of brick (ishṭakā), ŚBr.; KātyŚr.; (am), n. the Nakshatra Aśvini, Var-BṛS.—cihnita, n. the autumnal equinox, L.—pā-trá, n. the vessel belonging to the Ašvins, ŚBr. iv, 1, 5, 19.

Asvineya, as, m. (fr. asvin), N. of Nakula; of Saha-deva, MBh.; (fr. asvinī), N. of either of the two Asvins, Naish.

Āṣvīna, mfn. as much as can be passed over by a horse in one day (as a way or road), Pāṇ. v, 2, 19;

(am), n. a day's journey for a horse, AitBr.; Tān-dvaBr.

Āsveya, as, m. (gana subhrâdi, Pān. iv, I, I23), a descendant of Asva.

भाग्रपस् āsv-apas, &c. See under āsu.

आश्रायन āsvalāyana, as, m. (fr. asvala, gaṇa naḍādi, Pāṇ. iv, I, 99), N. of a pupil of Saunaka's, author of Sūtra or ritual works (relating to the Rig-veda) and founder of a Vedic school; (mf(i)n.) relating or belonging to Āsvalāyana; (ās), m. the school of Āsvalāyana. —gṛihya-kārikā, f. and -brāhmaṇa, n., N. of works. —sākhā, f. the school of Āsvalāyana. (Āsvalāyanasākhin, mfn. belonging to the school of Āsvalāyana.)

(Impv. 2. sg. -svasihi and -svasati (Impv. 2. sg. -svasihi and -svasa [MBh. vi, 490]; impf. -asvasīt [Bhaṭṭ.] and -asvasat [Kathās. xxxiii, 129]), Ā. -svasate, to breathe, breathe again or freely; to take or recover breath, take heart or courage; to revive, MBh.; R.; Kathās.; BhP. &c.: Caus. -svāsayati, to cause to take breath; to encourage, comfort; to calm, console, cheer up, MBh.; Sušr.; Ragh.; Kum. &c.

A-svasya, ind. p. taking heart or confidence, MBh.

A-śvāsa, as, m. breathing again or freely, taking breath; recovery, Suśr.; cheering up, consolation; relying on, Kathās.; a chapter or section of a book, Sāh.

Ā-svāsaka, mfn. causing to take breath or courage, consolatory, comforting, L.

A-svāsana, am, n. causing to revive, refreshing, reviving; consoling, encouraging, cheering up, MBh.; R.; Pañcat.; Kathās.; refreshment, recreation, consolation, comfort, Bālar.; Veṇīs. &c.

A-śvāsanīya, mfn. to be refreshed or cheered up, Uttarar.

Ā-śvāsita, mfn. encouraged, animated, comforted, consoled, Das.; BhP.; Pañcat. &c.

Asvāsin, mfn. breathing freely, reviving, becoming cheerful, Sak. 35 a.

Ā-svāsya, mfn. to be acquiesced in, Megh.

आषाढ āshāḍha, as, m. (fr. a-shāḍhā), N. of a month (corresponding to part of June and July) in which the full moon is near the constellation Ashāḍhā, Suśr.; VarBṛS.; Megh.; Kathās. &c.; a staff of the wood of the Palāsa (carried by an ascetic during certain religious observances in the month Ashādha), Pāņ.v, I, I 10; Kum. &c.; N. of a prince, MBh.; the Malayamountain, L.; a festival (of Indra), Ap.i, 11, 20; (\bar{a}) , f. (for a-s $h\bar{a}dh\bar{a}$, q.v.) the twentyfirst and twenty-second lunar mansions (commonly compounded with pūrva and uttara), L.; (i), f. the day of full moon in the month Ashāḍha, KātyŠr.; Vait.; (mfn.) belonging to the month $ar{\mathbf{A}}$ shādha, VarBrS. - pura, n., N. of a mythical mountain, Kathäs. - bhava, mfn. produced in the month Ashāḍha; (as), m. the planet Mars, L. - bhūti, m., N. of a man, Pancat. Ashādhadri-pura, n., N. of a mythical mountain, Kathas. Ashadhabhū, m. produced in the month Ashādha; the planet Mars, L.

Āshāḍhaka, as, m. the month Āshāḍha, L.; N. of a man, Kathās.; (ikā), f., N. of a Rākshasī, R. Āshāḍhi, is, m. a descendant of Ashāḍha, ŚBr. Āshāḍhīya, mfn. born under the constellation Ashāḍhā, Kāty. on Pāṇ. iv, 3, 34.

ভাতৰ āshṭaka, am, n., N. of a district, Pat. on Kāty. Varf. 31 on Pāņ. iv, 2, 104.

Ashtakiya, mfn. belonging to or coming from the above country, ib.

আছ্ম āshṭama, as, m. (fr. ashṭama), the eighth part, Pān.

Ashṭamika, mfn. taught in the eighth (book of Pāṇini), Pat.

ether, sky, atmosphere; (\bar{a}) , f. a prick or goad for driving cattle (= $ashtr\bar{a}$, q. v.), Kāṭh.; (i), f. an extensive forest [Sāy.], RV. x, 165, 3.

সায়া āshṭhā, f. region, quarter, L.

आस 1. ās, ind. (an interjection implying

joy, anger, menace, pain, affliction, recollection) Ah! Oh! &c.

श्राम् 2. ās, el. 2. Ā. āste (and āsate, AV. xi, 8, 32, &c.; Impv. 2. sg. ās-sva, āsva, and āsasva; 2. pl. ādhvam; p. āsāná, āsat [R.], and asina [see below]; asam-cakre [Pan. iii, 1, 87]; āsishyate; āsishta; āsitum) to sit, sit down, rest, lie, RV.; AV.; SBr.; Mn.; MBh.; Sak. &c.; to be present; to exist; to inhabit, dwell in; to make one's abode in, RV.; AV.; VS.; MBh. &c.; to sit quietly, abide, remain, continue, RV.; AV. &c.; to cease, have an end, Pañcat.; Das.; Hit. &c.; to solemnize, celebrate; to do anything without interruption; to continue doing anything; to continue in any situation; to last; (it is used in the sense of 'continuing,' with a participle, adj., or subst., e.g. etat sāma gāyann āste, 'he continues singing this verse;' with an indeclinable participle in tvā, ya, or ım, e.g. uparudhya arim āsīta, 'he should continue blockading the foe; with an adverb, e.g. tūshnīm āste, 'he continues quiet;' sukham āsva, 'continue well;' with an inst. case, e.g. sukhendste, 'he continues well;' with a dat. case, e. g. āstām tushtaye, 'may it be to your satisfaction'): Caus. āsayati, to cause any one to sit down, Comm. on Pan.: Desid. A. āsisishate, ib.; [cf. Gk. ħ(σ)-μαι, ħο-ται: Lat. âsa changed to ara; a-nus for as-nus.]

1. **Asa**, as, m. seat (in sv-āsa-sthá, q.v.), RV.; TS.; SBr. &c.; the lower part of the body behind,

posteriors, ChUp.

I. Ksana (but āsanā, SBr.), am, r. sitting, sitting down, KātyŠr.; Mn.; sitting in peculiar posture according to the custom of devotees, (five or, in other places, even eighty-four postures are enumerated; see padmdsana, bhadrdsana, vajrdsana, vīrāsana, svastikāsana: the manner of sitting forming part of the eightfold observances of ascetics); halting, stopping, encamping; abiding, dwelling, AV. xx, 127, 8; Mn.; Yijñ.; Hit. &c.; seat, place, stool, KātySr.; SBr. xiv; Kum.; Mn. &c.; the withers of an elephant, the part where the driver sits, L.; maintaining a post against an enemy; (\bar{a}) , f. stay, abiding, L.; (\bar{i}) , f. stay, abiding, sitting, L.; a shop, a stall, L.; a small seat, a stool, Kaus. - bandha, m. the act of sitting down, Ragh. ii, 6. - mantra, m. a Mantra or sacred formula to be spoken at taking a seat, T. - vidhi, m, the ceremony of offering a seat to a visitor. -stha, mfn. abiding on a seat, sitting, Mn.; Ratnāv. - I. kri, to make a seat of anything (e. g. of a lotus), Kād.

Asikā, f. turn or order of sitting, Comm. on Pāņ.;

sitting, ib.

Asita, mfn. seated, being at rest; one who has sat down, one who is seated or dwells, Kathās.; R. &c.; (am), n. sitting, sitting down, Sāh.; MBh.; a seat; a place where one has lived, an abode, R.; way or manner of sitting (cf. dur-°); N. of several Sāmans.

Asitavya, only *am*, n. (used impersonally) to be seated, BhP.

Āsīna, mfn. sitting, seated. — pracalāyita, n. nodding when seated, falling asleep on a seat, Rājat. Āsyā, f. sitting, Sušr.; abiding, abode; state of

upon, lay or put upon, TBr.; Kāth.: Ā. (Impv. 2. pl. äsyadhvam) to cause to flow in, pour in, RV. x, 30, 2; SBr. i; to put or throw on for one's self, MaitrS.

with $4.\bar{a}s$, n. (?) mouth, face, (only in abl. & instr.) $\bar{a}s\dot{a}s$ (with the prep. \bar{a}), from mouth to mouth, in close proximity, RV. vii, 99, 7; $\bar{a}s\dot{a}$ and $\bar{a}say\dot{a}$ (generally used as an adv.), before one's eyes; by word of mouth; personally; present; in one's own person; immediately, RV. vi, 16, 9, &c. — patra, n. a vessel fit for the mouth, a drinking vessel, SBr.

1. Asán, n. (defective, Pān. vi. 1, 63), mouth, jaws, RV.; AV.; VS.; ŠBr.; TBr. — ishu (āsánn-), mfn. having arrows in the mouth, RV. i, 84, 16. — vát, mfn. having a mouth (?); showing the mouth; present, AV. vi, 12, 2.

Asanya, mfn. being in the mouth, SBr. xiv, 4, 1, 8.

Asya, am, n. [ifc. $mf(\bar{a})$ n.] mouth, jaws, RV.; Λ V.; VS.; MBh. &c.; face, Yājñ.; (mfn.) belonging to the mouth or face, belonging to that part of