निसर्गे ni-sarga, m. ( $\sqrt{srij}$ ) evacuation, voiding excrement, MBh.; giving away, granting, bestowing, a favour or grant, Mn.; MBh. &c.; relinquishing, abandoning, W.; creation, MBh.; Hariv.; natural state or condition or form or character, nature (nisarga ibc., °gena, °gāt or °ga-tas, ind, by nature, naturally, spontaneously), MBh.; Kāv. &c. -ja, mfn. innate, inborn, produced at creation, natural, Mn.; MBh. - nipuna, mfn. naturally clever, Mālav. — **padva**,  $mf(\vec{i})n$ ,  $n^{o}$  inclined to, feeling attracted towards (loc.), Das. - bhava, m. natural state or condition, Var. - bhinna, mfn. naturally distinct, MW. - vinīta, mfn. no discreet, ib. - sālīna, mfn. no timid or modest, Mālav. -siddha, mfn. effected by nature, natural, Bhartr. - sauhrida, n. natural friendship, fo from infancy, Mālatīm.

**Mi-srishţa**, mfn. hurled, thrown, cast, R.; Hariv.; BhP.; sent forth, dismissed, set free, Mn.; MBh.; allowed, authorized, ib.; kindled (as fire), BhP.; intrusted, committed, transferred, granted, bestowed, MBh.; Hariv.; R.; fabricated or made of (instr.), BhP.; = madhya-stha, L. - vat, mfn. one who has granted or bestowed, MBh. **Misrishţârtha**, mf(ā)n. intrusted with something, authorized, Mālatīm.; m. a chargé d'affaires, agent, messenger, Kām.; Sāh.

निसर्पे ni-sarpa. See naisarpa.

निसार ni-sāra ( $\sqrt{sri?}$ ) = saṃgha, sāra or nyāya-dātavya-vitta, L. (prob. w. r. for ni-kara).

निसिन्धु ni-sindhu or odhuka, m. Vitex Negundo, L. (cf. sindhu, sindhu-vāra).

निसुन्द ni-sunda, m. N. of an Asura slain by Krishna, MBh.; Hariv. (cf. sunda, upa-s°).

निसुम्भ ni-sumbha. See ni-so.

निसुसूच ni-sus $\bar{u}sh$ ,  $mfn. (\sqrt{3}.su)$ ,  $P\bar{a}n. viii$ , 3, 117, Sch. (cf. abhi-s°).

निस्दक ni-sūdaka, odana. See ni-shūd.

বিদান ni-srita, mfn. (prob. m. c. for niḥ-so, √sri) gone away, disappeared, Rājat.; come forth i.e. unsheathed (as a sword), Vcar.; (ā), f. Ipomoea Turpethum, L.; N. of a river, VP. (v.l. nis-citā).

निसृष्ट ni-srishta. See above.

निसेवितव्य ni-sevitavya, w. r. for ni-sho.

নিক্ত nis- \sqrt{taksh}, P.-takshati (2. pl. aor. -atashta), to carve out, fashion, create, form, make from (abl.), RV.; AV.; ŠāńkhŚr.; to cut, wound (by insults), MW.

निस्तनो ni-stanī, f. (fr. stana, 'breast?') a pill, bolus, a sort of force-meat ball, L.

निस्तप nis- \sqrt{tap. See nish-tap.

निस्तय ni-stabdha, mfn. ( $\sqrt{stabh}$ ) paralyzed, numbed; stopped, fixed, W. (see a-nist°). **Mi-stambha**, see niḥ-st°.

निस्तर्णnis-taraṇa,nis-tāra &c. See nis-tṛī. निस्तई nis-tarha, m. (Gal.), °haṇa, n. (L.) crushing, destroying ( $\sqrt{trih}$ ).

निस्तुति ni-stuti. See nih-stuti.

निस्तुद nis- $\sqrt{tud}$ , P.-tudati (Pass.-tudyate), to pierce, prick, sting, Car.; Susr. otoda, m., otodana, n. piercing, pricking, stinging, Susr.

निस्तृ ni-√stri (only 3. sg. aor. -ástar), to throw down, overthrow, RV. (cf. a-nishtrita).

inf. -tartum), to come forth from, get out of, escape from (abl.), MBh.; to pass over or through, cross (sea &c.), pass or spend (time); to overcome or master (an enemy), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to fulfil, accomplish, perform (promise, vow &c.), ib.; to suffer for, expiate (acc.), R.; BhP.; (with abhiyogam) to clear one's self from an accusation, Yājñ.: Caus. -tārayati, to rescue, save, deliver from (abl.), Mn. iii, 98; to overcome, overpower, Cat.; Desid. -titīrshati &c., to wish to cross or pass over (acc.), BhP. "tarana, n. passing over, going forth, coming out (of danger), rescue, deliverance, Kull.; a means of success or rescue, L. "taranīya (Das.), "tartavya (MBh.; Kād.), mfn. to be passed over or overcome or con-

quered. \*tāra, m. crossing, passing over, rescue, deliverance, Bhartṛ.; acquittance, requital, payment, discharge of a debt, Hit.; means, expedient, W.; final liberation, ib.; -bīja, n. a means of crossing (the ocean of life), a cause of final liberation, BrahmavP. \*tāraka,mf(ikā)n.rescuing, delivering, a saviour, MW. \*tāraņa, n. (fr. Caus.) crossing, passing over, overcoming, BhP.; rescuing, liberating, MW. \*tārayitri, mfn. = \*tāraka, Jātakam. \*ti-tīrshat, mf(antī)n. desirous to cross (the ocean of life), wishing for salvation or liberation, W. \*tīrṇa, mfn. crossed, passed over, spent, gone through, fulfilled, accomplished; escaped, rescued, delivered, saved, MBh.; Kāv. &c.

निस्त्यज nis- \(\sqrt{tyaj}\) (only -tyakta-vat, mfn.), to drive away, expel, R.

निस्त्रस् nis-√tras (only impf. nir-atrasan), to fly, run away, RV. viii, 48, 11.

निस्तुरी nis-truțī, f. cardamoms, L. (cf. nish-kuti).

निस्त्रिणपुष्पक nistraiņa-pushpaka, m. a species of thorn-apple, L. (prob. w.r. for niḥ-sreņi-pushpaka).

निस्नात ni-snāta. See ni-shṇā.

निसाय ni-snāva, m. ( $\sqrt{snu}$ ?) residue of articles &c. after a sale or market, W.

निस्नह ni-sneha, w.r. for niḥ-sneha.

निस्पन्द ni-spanda = 1.2. ni-shpanda; also w.r. for ni-syanda.

निस्पृज्ञ ni-√spṛis, P. -spṛisati (Vedic inf. -spṛise), to touch softly, caress, fondle, RV.

निस्पृह ni-sprih, mfn. ( $\sqrt{sprih}$ ) greedy for, desirous of (loc.), RV. x, 95, 9 (nom. -sprik).

निस्पृह ni-spṛiha, w. r. for niḥ-spṛiha.

fire ni-\syand, \bar{A}.-syandate (or -shy°; cf. Pāṇ. viii, 3, 72), to flow or trickle down, flow into (loc.), BhP.; to make any fluid drop or drip or trickle down (only -syandate, Pāṇ. ib.; Vop.) syanda (or shy°), mfn. flowing or dripping down, Ragh.; Siś.; m. a flowing or trickling down or forth, issuing, stream, gush, a discharge (of any fluid), MBh.; Kāv.; Sušr.; necessary consequence or result, Buddh. syandin (or shy°), mfn. flowing or dripping down or out, (ifc.) flowing with, Kāv.; Sušr.

fag ni-\sru, \bar{A}.-sravate (also for ni\hat{n}-sr^\circ), to flow down or forth, spring or arise from (abl.), Can.: Caus. to make water flow down from (acc.) upon (loc.), Baudh. "srava (also for ni\hat{h}-sr^\circ), m. flowing down or out, stream, torrent, MBh. "srava, m. id., Hariv.; the scum of boiled rice, L. (cf. ni\hat{h}-sr^\circ). "sruta (or ni\hat{h}-sr^\circ?), mfn. flowed down or out, Susr.

निस्तन ni-√svan, P. -svanati, to make a noise in eating, Vop. 1. °svana, m. (ifc. f. ā) sound, noise, voice, Yājñ.; MBh.; R. &c. (cf. niḥ-sv°). °svanita, n., °svāna, m. id., MBh.

2. Mi-svaná, m. N. of Agni (v. l. for ni-svara), TĀr

facturi-\(\svap\) (Impv.-svapa; pf.-sushupur), to fall asleep (also = meet death, die, vii, 18,
14),RV.: Caus.-svāpayati(-shv^), to cause to sleep,
lull asleep, RV.; AV.; SBr.; to kill, RV. vii, 19, 4.

নিবে ni-svará, mfn. soundless, noiseless; (am), ind. noiselessly, RV.; m. N. of Agni, AV.; TĀr. (v.l. ni-svaná).

निह nih, m.=ni-hantri, AV.; VS. (Mahīdh.)

fire ni-√han, P. -hanti (Impv. -jahi, RV.; p. -ghnat, TS. &c.; 3. sg. Ā.-jighnate, RV.; p. -jighnamāna, MBh.; pf. -jaghāna, RV. &c.; 3. pl. -jaghnur, onire, MBh.; R.; fut. -hanishyati, ote, -hansyati, MBh.; p. -hanishyát, RV.; ind. p. -hatya, KātyŚr. [cf. a-nihatya]; inf. -hantave, RV.; -hantum, R.), to strike or fix in, hurl in or upon or against (loc.), RV. &c. &c.; to make an attempt upon, attack, assail (acc., loc. or gen.), AV.; KātyŚr.; MBh.; to strike or hew down (also = mow, L.), kill, overwhelm, destroy, RV. &c. &c. (also applied to planets, Var.); to hit, touch (lit.)

and fig.), MBh.; BhP.; to beat (a drum), Bhatt.; to punish, visit, afflict, Kav.; Pur.; to attach to (Pass. -hanyate, to be fixed upon, with loc.), AV.; to drop, lower, let sink (hands, wings &c.), AV.; VPrat.; to speak with the unaccented tone i.e. with the Anudatta, RPrat.; AsvSr.; (in arithm.) to multiply, Aryabh., Comm.: Caus., see ni-ghāta, otaya. ohata (ni-), mfn. hurled, thrown, RV.; hit, touched (lit. and fig.), MBh.; Kāv.; struck down, smitten, slain, killed, destroyed, lost, gone, ib. &c.; having the unaccented tone or Anudatta (-iva, n.), TPrat.; -bhūyishtha, mfn. having the greater number killed, R.; -sena, mfn. having (their) armies smitten or destroyed, MW.; otartha, mfn. (word) whose meaning is out of use or obsolete (-tā, f., -tva, n.), Sāh.; otôshtra, mfn. having the camels killed, whose camels have been slain, MW. han, m. a killer. destroyer (ifc.), MBh.; R. ohanana, n. killing, slaughter, L. ohantavya, mfn. to be struck down or killed or destroyed, MBh.; Pañc. hantri, m. a killer, destroyer, Mn.; MBh. &c.; one who removes or expels or hinders, Vikr.; Susr.; N. of Siva, MBh.

निहव ni-hava. See ni-hve.

নিহা ni-  $\sqrt{2}$ . hā, Ā. -jihīte (3. pl. Impv. -jihatām), to descend, stoop, yield, RV.; ĀsvŠr.: Desid. jihīshate, to wish to stoop or yield, AV.

Wihākā, f. 'coming down,' a storm, whirlwind, RV.; an iguana, the Gangetic alligator, L. (according to Un. iii, 42 fr. next).

far  $ni-\sqrt{3}$ .  $h\bar{a}$ , only Pass. - $h\bar{i}yate$ , to be deficient or wanting or lost, RV.; to be deprived of (instr.), Jātak. 'hīna, mfn. low, vile, mean, MBh.; Kāv.; -tara, mfn. lower, worse, Apast.; -varna, mf( $\bar{a}$ )n. of low caste or origin, MBh.

निहार ni-hāra &c. See ni-√hṛi.

निहिंसन ni-hipsana, n. ( $\sqrt{hips}$ ) killing, slaughter, L.

for ni-hita, mfn. ( $\sqrt{1.dh\bar{a}}$ ) laid, placed, deposited, fixed or kept in (loc.), RV. &c. &c.; delivered, given, bestowed, intrusted, ib.; laid down or aside, removed (see below), laid (as dust by rain), Ghat.; encamped (as an army), Bhatt.; uttered in a deep tone, VPrāt. (cf. ni-hata). — danda, mfn. one who has laid aside the rod, who shows elemency, MW. — nayana, mf( $\bar{a}$ )n. having the eyes fixed or directed upon (loc.), Megh. — bhāga  $(nih^0)$ , mfn. one whose share has been laid aside, MaitrS.

निहीन ni-hīna. See ni-√3. hā.

f可度  $ni-\sqrt{hri}$ , P. -harati (ind. p. -hāram), to offer (as a gift or reward), VS.; AV.; TāṇḍyaBr. ohāra, m. excrement, Vishṇ. (cf.  $nir-h^\circ$ ); mist, L. (cf.  $n\bar{i}-h^\circ$  under 5.  $n\bar{i}$ ). ohārin, w.r. for  $nir-h^\circ$ .

निह्नम् ni-  $\sqrt{hrish}$ , P. -hrishyati, to sink down (as a flame), AitBr. (opp. to ud-dhrish).

निह ni-√hnu, A. -hnavate (rarely P. °ti), to make reparation or amends to (dat.) for (acc.); to beg pardon for (cf. below), Br.; GrSrS.; to disown, deny, dissimulate, conceal, evade, Mn.; MBh.; Kāv. &c. hnava, m. begging pardon, making amends or reparation (a kind of ceremony at which the Ritvij lay their hands upon the Prastara and recite VS. v, 7), Sāy. on AitBr. i, 26 (also ohnavana, Gobh.); atonement, expiation, amends for (gen.), Mn. ix, 21; denial, concealment, secrecy, mistrust, suspicion, Yājñ.; MBh.; Kāv.; contradiction, MBh.; eclipsing, obscuring, surpassing, Kavyad.; wickedness, W.; N. of a Saman, ArshBr.; -vadin, m. a defendant or witness who prevaricates or tries to hide the truth, W.; vôttara, n. an evasive reply or defence, ib. ohnuta, mfn. denied, disowned, concealed, hidden, secreted, given out for something else, Ratnav.; Kathas.; Rajat. ohnuti, f. denial, dissimulation, reserve, secrecy, concealment, Kav. ohnuvana, n. id., Gobh.; v.l. for ohnavana, ib. ohnuvana, mfn. dissimulating, prevaricating, insinuating, W.

বিহাই ni- \langle hrād, Caus. -hrādayati, to cause to sound, beat (as a drum), MaitrS. (cf. nir-hr°). 
hrāda, m. sound, noise, Ragh.; BhP. (cf. nir-hr°); 
-vat, mfn. sounding, pealing, Kir. hrādita, n. roaring, BhP. hrādin, mfn. sounding, pealing, MW.

निद्ध ni-√hve, Ā. -hvayate (Pāṇ. i, 1, 30;