mfn. uttered with the same accent, Laty. vii, 10, 20. Tathôtsaha, mfn. making so great efforts, W. Tathôpama, mfn. similar to that, MBh. xii, 285 ff. Tathya, mfn. 'being really so,' true, MBh.; R.; Pañcat.; n. truth, Sak.; Bhartr.; (ena), ind. according to truth, Mn. viii, 274. - tas, ind. id., Rājat.

i, 325. - vacana, n. a promise, Pañcat. Introd. 19. - vādin, mfn. speaking the truth, BhP. viii, 11, 11. Tád, (nom. & acc. sg. n. of and base in comp. for 2. tá from which latter all the cases of this pron. are formed except nom. sg. m. sás or sá & f. sā; instr. pl. tals, AV. &c.; Ved. tebhis, RV.; AV. &c.) m. he, f. she, n. it, that, this (often correlative of yá generally standing in the preceding clause, e.g. vasya buddhih sa balavan, 'of whom there is intellect he is strong'; sometimes, for the sake of emphasis, connected with the 1st and 2nd personal pronouns, with other demonstratives and with relatives, e.g. so 'ham, 'I that very person, I myself' [tasya = mama, Nal. xv, 10]; tav imau, 'those very two'; tad etad ākhyānam, 'that very tale,' AitBr. vii, 18; yat tat kāranam, that very reason which,' Mn. i, 11; yā sā srī, 'that very fortune which,' MBh. vii, 427), RV. &c.; (tad), n. this world (cf. idam), R. vi, 102, 25; = Brahma, see tat-tva; (tád), ind. there, in that place, thither, to that spot (correlative of yátra or yátas), AV.; AitBr. ii, 11; SBr. i, x, xiv; ChUp.; then, at that time, in that case (correlative of yadā, yád, AV.; of yatra, SBr. xiv; of yadi, Nal.; Bhag. &c.; of cêd, Sak. &c.), RV. iv, 28, 1; AV. &c.; thus, in this manner, with regard to that, ix, xiii; SBr.; AitBr.; (tad etau slokau bhavatah, 'with reference to that there are these two verses') PrasnUp.; on that account, for that reason, therefore, consequently (sometimes correlative of yatas, yad, yena, 'because,' Das.; Pañcat.; Kathās. &c.), Mn. ix, 41; MBh. &c.; now (clause-connecting particle), AV. xv; SBr.; AitBr.; so also, equally, and AV. xi, xv; tad tad, this and that, various, different (e.g. tam tam desam jagāma, 'he went to this and that place'; tāsu tāsu yonishu, 'in different or various birth-places,'Mn. xii, 74); respective, BrNarP. xiii, 88; tenaiva tenaiva pathā, on quite the same path, R. iii, 50, 28; yad tad, whosoever, which soever, any, every (also with  $v\bar{a}$ , Mn. xii, 68 [yad  $v\bar{a}$  tad vā, 'this or that, any']; Hariv. 5940; Dhūrtas.; Sak., Sch.; often both pronouns repeated or the interrogative pron. with cid added after the relative, e.g. yad-yat para-vasani karma tat-tad varjayet, 'whatever action depends on another, that he should avoid,' Mn. iv, 159; yat kim-cid—tad, 'whatever—that,' Mn.); tan na, see s. v. cêd; tad (ind.) api, 'even then,' nevertheless, notwithstanding, Sak. (v. l.); Bhartr.; Prab.; Sinhas, tad (ind.) yathā, 'in such a manner as follows,' namely, viz., Buddh. (cf. Pāli seyyathā; sá yáthā, ŠBr.); Jain. (in Prākrit tam jahā; cf. sejjahā); Pat.; Sak.; [cf.  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\tau \dot{\delta}$ ; Goth. sa,  $s\bar{o}$ , that-a; Lat. (is-)te, (is-)ta,(is-)tud, tam, tum, tunc.] - atipāta, mfn. transgressing that, W. - anantara,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . nearest to any one (gen.), Nal. xxii, 16; (am), ind. immediately upon that, thereupon, then (corresponding to prāk, 'before,' Šak. vii, 30; to prathamam, 'first, Mn. viii, 129), MBh. &c. - anu, ind. after that, afterwards, Megh.; Ratnav.; Amar.; Srut.; Subh. - anukriti, ind. conformably to that, accordingly, AitBr. vi, I, 2. - anusarana, n. going after that, Sah. i, \(\frac{2}{3}\), 58; -kramena, instr. ind., see s.v. kráma. - anta (tád-), mfn. coming to an end by that, TBr. i, 5, 9, 3; Hit. - anna  $(t \acute{a} d$ -), mfn. accustomed to that food, RV. viii, 47, 16; eating (that i. e.) the same food, R. ii, 103, 30 & 140, 13. - anya, mfn. other than that, L. - anvaya, mfn. descended from him, VP. iv, 2, 2. - apatya, mfn. having offspring from him, Mn. iii, 16 (-tā, f. abstr.); -maya, mfn. thinking of one's offspring only, Subh. — apas  $(t \dot{a} d_{-})$ . mfn, accustomed to that work or to do that, RV. ii, 13, 3 & 38, 1; viii, 47, 16; ind. in the usual way, v, 47, 2. - apêksha, mfn. having regard to that, Gaut. - artha, mfn. intended for that, Ap. ii, 14, 3; Pāņ. ii, 1, 36; i, 3, 72, Kāš.; serving for that, Jaim. i, 2, 1 (a-, neg.); having that or the same meaning, Pān. ii, 3, 58; m. (its or) their meaning, Vedântas. 200; (am), ind. on that account, with that object, for that end, therefore, Pan. v, 1, 12; R.i, 73, 4; VarBrS. Ixxiv; Kāš.; VP. iv;  $-t\bar{a}$ , f. =  $t\bar{a}da^{\nu}thya$ ,  $\hat{\mathbf{A}}$ śv $\hat{\mathbf{S}}$ r. iii, 4, 12, Sch. – arthaka, mf $(ik\bar{a})$ n. denoting that, Naish. iv, 52. - arthiya, mfn. intended for that, undertaken for that end, Bhag. xvii,

27. - ardhika, mfn. half as much, Mn. iii, I. -arpana, n. delivery of that, W. -arha, see  $\alpha$ -. -avadhi, ind. from that time, Bhām. ii, 50; up to that period, W. - avastha, mfn. so situated, thus circumstanced, in that condition, MBh. iii, 69, 31; Ratnav.; being in the same condition (as before), undamaged, iv, 19. - ahe, loc. ind. on that day, Hemac. - ākāra, mfn. having that appearance, W. -parijnāna, n. N. of an art, Gal. - atmaka, mfn. constituting its nature, Car. vi, 12; Sarvad. xv. - ādi, ind, from that time forward, Sis. i, 45; Dharmasarm. - amukha, n. beginning of that, L. - id-artha, mfn. intent on that particular object, RV. viii, 2, 16; (cf. ii, 39, 1; ix, 1, 5; x, 106, 1). - id-āsīya, n. the hymn RV. x, 120, SānkhSr. xi. - ishti (tád-), mfn. accompanied by such offerings, AV. xi, 7, 19. -eka-citta, mfn. having all the thoughts fixed on that (person or thing), Hit, - evôpanishad, f. N. of an Up. (beginning with the words tad eva). - okas (tád-), mfn. rejoicing in that, RV. i, 15, 1; iii, 35, 7; iv, 49, 6; vii, 29, 1. - ojas (tád-), mfn. endowed with such strength, v, I, 8. - gata, mfn. directed towards him or her or them or that, R. i f.; Kathās. iii, 68; ifc. intent on, Vet. iv, 22; m. (?) the continued multiplication of 4 or more like quantities, W. - guna, mfn. possessing these qualities, KātySr. xiv f.; m. the quality of that or those, xii f.; xvi; xxiii f.; the virtue of (that or) those (persons), Ragh. i, 9; (in rhet.) transferring the qualities of one thing to another (a figure of speech), Sah. x, 90; Kuval.; Kpr. x, 51; also a-, neg. 'a figure of speech in which a quality expected in any object is denied,' 52; -tva, n. the having its qualities, Jaim. vi, 7, 16 (a-, neg.); -samvijnāna, n. (a Bahuvrihi compound) in which the qualities implied are perceived along with the thing itself (e.g. dīrghakarna, 'long-ear'; opposed to a-, e.g. drishtasāgara, 'one who has seen the ocean'), Bādar. i, 1, 2, Sch.; Sarvad. - dina, n. that day, W.; (am), ind. on a certain day, W.; during the day, W.; every day, W. - duhkha, n. grief for that or of that, W. -devata, mfn. having that deity, KātySr. xxiv, 6; ApŠr. vii; PārGr. iii, 11, 10. – devatāka, mfn. id., RV. x, 18, Say. - devatya, mfn. id., Laty. iv, 4, 21. - desya, mfn. coming from the same country, (m.) a fellow-countryman, MBh. xii, 168, 41; Kām. xiii, 77. - daivata, mfn. = -dev°, Nir. vii, I; PārGŗ. iii, 11, 10. — daivatya,  $mf(\tilde{a})n$ . id., VarBrS. ic, 3. - dvitīya, mfn. doing that for the 2nd time, Pān. vi, 2, 162, Kās. - dhana, mfn. niggardly, L. -dharman, mfn. practising that, iii, 2, 134; accomplishing his business, KātySr. i, 6, 12; Jaim. vi, 3, 26; (cf. tāddharmya); ma-tva, n. the having his or its peculiarity, KapS. i, 52 (a-, neg.) - dharmin, mfn. obeying his laws, BhP. iii, 15, 32. - dharmya, mfn. of that kind, v, 14, 2. - dharana, n. N. of an art, Gal. - dhita (hita), n. sg. & pl. his welfare, Ap. ii; BhP. ii, 9, 7; m. (scil. pratyaya) an affix forming nouns from other nouns (opposed to I. krit), noun formed thus, derivative noun (tad-dhita, mfn. good for that or him, is one of the meanings peculiar to derivative nouns, cf. maudakika &c.), Nir.ii, 2; Prāt.; Pāņ.; SānkhGr.; PārGr.; Gobh. ii, 8, 15 (also a-, ueg. mfn. having no Taddhita affix'); -dhundhī, f. N. of a gloss on the Taddhita chapter in Hemac.'s grammar by Anandagani. - bandhu (tád-), mfn. belonging to that family or race, RV. x, 61, 18. - bala, m. or 15, f. a kind of arrow, L. - bahu, mfn. doing that often, Pān. vi, 2, 162, Kāš. - bahula-vihārin, mfn. id., Divyâv. xvii, 182; 463; 482. — **bhava**, mfn. = tajja, Mn. iv, 232, Medhāt. - bhāva, m. the becoming that, KātyŠr. iv, 3, 13; Bādar. iii, 4, 40 (a-, neg, 'the becoming [not that i. e.] something else'); his intentions, Kām, xi, 29; xviii, 3; ifc. 'becoming, see a-bhūta-. - bhinna, mfn. different from that. - bhūta, mfn. being in that, Jaim. i, 1, 25. - rasa, m, the spirit thereof, W. - raja, m. (scil. pratyaya) an affix added to the N. of a race for forming the N. of its chief, Pan. ii, 4, 62; iv, 1, 174; v, 3, 119. -rūpa,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ , thus shaped, so formed, looking thus, KapS. v, 19 & Jaim. vi, 5, 3 (-tva, n. abstr.); Pañcat.; Pān. vii, 3, 86, Sch.; of the same quality, Sarvad. xv, 354; Vām. iv, 3, 9 (a-, neg. 'of different | quality'); a-, 'reverse,' Bādar. iii, 4, 40. - vacaḥpratîta, mfn. believing his words. - vat, mfn. having or containing that, VPrāt.; Pāņ. iv, 4, 125; KapS. i, v; Tarkas. &c.; ind. like that, thus, so (cor-

relative of yad-vat, Mn. x, 13; Bhag.; Pancat.;

MBh. i, vii &c.), SānkhGr. v, q, 3 &c.; in like manner, likewise, also, Śrut.; Kathās. vi, xxvi; -tā, f. conformity, Vedântas.; Bhāshāp. - van, m. pl. N. of a class of Rishis (cf. yad-van, tarvan, yarvo), Pat, Introd. on Vartt. q. - vayag, mfn. of the same age, KātySr. xxv, 9, 1. - vasá, mfn. longing for that, RV. ii, 14, 2 & 37, 1. - vasati, mfn. dwelling there.  $-v\bar{a}$ , ind. =-vat, q.v.  $-v\bar{a}caka$ , mfn. signifying that. — **vikāra**, m. a-, neg. no variety of that, Jaim. vi, 5, 47. - víd, mín. knowing that, familiar with that, AV. ix, 1, 9; SBr. xiv; Gobh.; Mn. &c. (also a-, neg., xii, 115; MBh. v; BhP. iv; na-, neg., v, 4, 13); m. = -vidya, VarBrS. ii, 20; Sarvad.; f. the knowledge of that, KaushUp. i, 2. - vidya, mfn. a connoisseur, expert, Nyāyad. iv, 2, 47; Car. i, 25; iii, 8. – vidha,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . of that kind, conformable to that, Mn. ii, 112; his (or their) like, Susr. i, 34; Ragh. ii, 22; Kum. v, 73; Mālav.; -tva, n. conformity with that, Mn. vii, 17, Sch. - vishaya,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . belonging to that category, Pān. iv, 2, 66; having that for its object, BrArUp., Sch. - vishayaka, mfn. attending to that business, W. - vīrya-vidvas, mfn. a-, neg., not knowing his manliness, BhP. vi, 17, 10. - vritti, mfn. living conformably to that, Gaut. - vrata, mfn. performing all duties towards (him or) her, Mn. iii, 45; performing the same religious observance, Gaut. Tadam, ind. ifc. for tad, g. sarad-ādi.

Tadá, ind. (Pāņ. v, 3, 15 & 19 ff.) at that time, then, in that case (often used redundantly, esp. after tatas or purā or before atha, MBh. &c.; correlative of yád [AV. xi, 4, 4], yatra [ChUp. vi, 8, 1], yadā [Mn.; MBh. &c.], yadi [Git.; Vet.; Hit.], yarhi [BhP. i, 18, 6], yatas, 'since' [MBh. xiii, 2231], cêd [Sak. v (v.l.); Kathās. xi; Srut.]); dā-tadā, then and then, Sāy. on RV. i, 25, 8; dā-pra**bhriti,** from that time forward (correlative of  $yad\bar{a}$  $pr^{\circ}$ , R. iii, 17, 21; of  $yad\bar{a}$ , Sak. vi,  $\frac{4}{8}$ ), R.; Ragh. ii, 38; Kathās. ii, 62; tarhi tadā, (correlative of yadi) then, Vet. iv,  $\frac{24}{25}$ ; yadā—tadā (both repeated or the verb being repeated), at any time when then, Hit.; yadā-tadā, at any time whatsoever, always, MBh. i, 6373; Naish. viii, 39. - tva, n. (opposed to  $\bar{a}$ -yati) 'state of then,' the present time, Mn. vii; MBh. iif, v, vii; R. v, 76, 16&90, 1.

Tadanim, in comp. for onim. - tana, mfn. then living, Uttarar. i, \(\frac{2}{3}\). - dugdhá, mfn. (then i. e.) just milked, SBr. xi, 1, 4, 3.

Tadánīm, ind. (Pāņ. v, 3, 19) at that time, then (cf.  $id^{\circ}$ ), RV. x, 129, 1; AV.; MBh. &c. (correlative of yadā, VarBṛS. liv; of yatra or yadi, Srut.)

Tadīya, mfn. (Pān. i, I, 74, Kās.) belonging or relating to or coming from him or her or that or them, his, hers, its, theirs, MBh. viii, 675; R. iv, 21, 35; Ragh. &c.; such, Das.; BhP. viii, 20, 33 (na 'yam anv api, 'not even as little as that, not a bit') &c. - sanga, m. a meeting with her, Pancat.

**Tadriyanc**, m(nom. yan) fn. extending thither, TS. v, 5, 1. °dryañc, mfn. id., Pāņ. vi, 3, 92, Kās. **Tan,** in comp. for t dd. —  $n \bar{a} m i k a$ ,  $m \bar{m}$ . named thus, iv, I, II4, Vartt. 6. - nāša, m. destruction of that. — **nimitta**,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . caused by that, Gaut.; Das.; relating to that, R. ii, 64, 5; conformable to that, MBh. iii, 135, 48; -tva, n. the being its cause, Jaim. i, 1, 25; α-, neg., 24. - madhya, n. 'the midst thereof,  $(\bar{a}t)$ , abl. ind. from among them; -stha, mfn, situated in the midst of that. - manas, mfn. absorbed in mind by that, Car. i, I. - maya, mfn. made up of that, absorbed in or identical with that, MundUp.; SvetUp.; PārGr.; MBh. &c.; -ta, f, the being absorbed in or identical with that, Kād.; BhP.; Rājat. iii, 498; -tva, n. id., MBh. v, 1622 &c.;  $^{\circ}y\bar{i}$ -bhāva, m.id., Sāh. — mātra, mfn. =  $^{\circ}traka$ , MBh. ix, 1806; Pañcat.; = otrika, BhP. iii, 10, 15; n. merely that, only a trifle, Kathas. v, 15; lxiii, 60; Rājat. vi, I; a rudimentary or subtle element (5 in number, viz. sabda-, sparša-, rūpa-, rasa-, gandha-, from which the 5 Mahā-bhūtas or grosser elements are produced, cf. RTL. p. 31 & 33), Yājñ. iii, 179; MBh. i, xiii; Sāmkhyak.; KapS. &c.; -tā, f. the state of a Tan-mātra, MārkP. vl. 46; -tva, n. id., BhP. iii, 26, 33 ff.; -sarga, m. (in Samkhya phil.) creation of the subtle elements, rudimentary creation. - mātraka, mfn.merely that, only so little, Mcar. v, 25. - mātrika, mfn. consisting of Tan-mātras, Sāmkhyak., Sch.; BhP.xi, 24, 8. - mānin, mfn. implying that (which the base indicates, e.g. Nom. P. aghāya, 'to act wickedly,' fr. aghá), APrāt, iv, 29. - mukhikayā, instr. ind. for this reason, Divyav. - mula, mfn. rooted in (i. e. of yathā, 'as,' ŠvetUp. ii, 14 [v. l. for tad-vā];