ŠānkhŠr.: Caus. yaváyati or yāváyati, to cause to separate or remove or keep off &c., RV.; AV.; VS.; ŠBr.: Intens. yoyavīti (impf. áyoyavīt; p. yóyuvat), to retreat back, recede, RV.; to be rent, gape asunder, ib.; to keep off from (abl.), MaitrS.

2. Yāvana, n. (fr. Caus.; for I. see p. 852, col. 3; for 3. below) keeping off, removing, Nir.; Sāy.

**Yāvayat**, mfn. (fr. Caus.) warding off, protecting (see comp.) - sakhá, m. a protecting friend or companion, RV.

Yāvayád-dveshas, mfn. (cf. prec.) driving away enemies. ib.

1. Yut, mfn. (for √2. yut see s.v.) keeping off, in dvesho-vút, q, v.

1. Yuta, mfn. (for 2. see below) kept off, removed (see comp.); separate (= prithak), L. - dveshas (yutá-), mfn. delivered from enemies, RV.

I. Yutaka, n. = yautaka (q.v.), L.

Yúyuvi or yűyuvi, mfn. setting aside, removing, RV.

3. yu (cf.  $\sqrt{yuj}$ ), cl. 2. P. (Dhātup. xxiv, 23) yauti (Ved. also A. yuté and cl. 6. yuváti, te; accord. to Dhatup. xxxi, 9 also cl. 9. yunāti, yunīte; pf. yuyāva, 2. sg. yuyavitha, l'ān. vi, 4, 126, Sch.; yuyuvé, RV.; aor. -yāvishṭam(?), ib.; ayavishta, Gr.; Prec. yüyät, ib.; fut. yuvitā, ŠBr.; yavitā, yavishyati, ote, Gr.; ind. p. yutvā, Pān. vii, 2, 11, Sch.; -yūya, RV.; -yutya, GṛŚrS.), to unite, attach, harness, yoke, bind, fasten, R.V.; to draw towards one's self, take hold or gain possession of, hold fast, AV.; TS.; SBr.; to push on towards (acc.), AV.; to confer or bestow upon (dat.), procure, RV.; (yauti), to worship, honour, Naigh. iii, 14: Pass. yūyate (aor. ayāvi), Gr.: Caus. yāvayati (aor. ayīyavat), ib.: Desid. of Caus. yiyāvayishati, ib.: Desid. yúyüshati (RV.). viyavishati (Gr.), to wish to unite or hold fast: Intens. yoyūyate, yoyoti, yoyavīti &c. (see ā-, ni-√yu). 3. Yavana, n. (fr. Caus.) uniting, joining, mixing (see  $a-y^{\circ}$ ).

Yāvayitri, mf(trī)n. procuring, bestowing, Sāy. Yāvya, mfn. to be joined or mixed &c., Pān. iii, 1. 126; = yāpya, unimportant, insignificant, L.

**Yiyavishā**, f. (fr. Desid.) the wish to mix or blend, W. shu, mfn. wishing to mix or fill or cover with (instr.), Bhatt.

2. Yuta, mfn. (for I. see above) attached, fastened (ifc.), Bhartr.; added, Sūryas.; united, combined, joined or connected or provided or filled or covered with, accompanied by, possessed of (instr. or comp.), Mn.; MBh.&c.; (ifc.) standing in conjunction with, VarBṛS.; made or consisting of, R.; (with instr.) occupied in, performing (sacrifices), L.; (ifc.) connected with, concerning, R.; BhP.; n. a partic. measure of length (= 4 Hastas), L.

2. Yutaka, mfn. (for I. see above) joined, connected, L.; n. (only L.) a pair; a sort of cloth or dress; the edge of a cloth or dress; the edge of a winnowing basket; doubt or an asylum (saṃṣaya or saṃṣraya); friendship or forming friendship.

Xuti, f. uniting, junction, union or meeting with (in astron. 'conjunction'), Sūryas.; VarBṛS.; the being furnished with or obtaining possession of (instr. or comp.), VarBṛS.; the sum, total number, Sūryas.; the number to be added, Bījag.

**y** 3.  $y\hat{u}$ , mfn.  $(\sqrt{y}\bar{a})$  going, moving, RV. i, 74, 7; x, 176, 3 (viii, 18, 13?).

**3** 4. yu, the actual base of the du. and pl. numbers of the 2nd pers. pron. (see yushmad).

युक् yuk or yut (?), ind. badly, ill, W.

युक्त yukta, yukti &c. See cols. 2, 3.

युग yuga, yugma, yugya &c. See p. 854. युगत् yugat, v.l. for dyu-gat (q.v.), Naigh.

मुख्यन yugvan, See abhi-, sa-, sva-yo.

35 yung, cl. 1. P. yungati, to desert, relinquish, abandon, Dhātup. v, 50.

युक्त yunga. See á-yunga.

युद्धित yungin, m. N. of a partic. mixed caste, BrahmavP.

yuch (cf. √1. yu), cl. 1. P. (Dhātup. vii, 35) yucchati, to go away, depart, keep aloof,

vanish, RV. (Dhātup. 'to err, be negligent;' cf. pra- \( yuch \).

युज् 1. yuj (cf. 12. yu), cl.7. P.Ā. (Dhātup. xxix, 7) yunákti, yunkté (ep. also yuñjati, °te; Ved. yojati, °te; yuje, yujmahe, 3. pl. yujata, Impv. yukshvá; Pot. yuñjīyāt, R.; pf. yuyója, yuyujé, RV. &c. &c., 3. sg. yuyojate, RV. viii, 70, 7; aor. Class. P. ayokshīt, ayaukshīt or ayujat; Ved. also A. áyuji; Ved. and Class. ayukshi, ayukta; fut. yokta, Br.; yokshyati, ib.; te, AV. &c. &c.; inf. yoktum, Br.; yuje, RV.; ind. p. yuktvá, ib. &c. &c.; yuktváya, RV.; Br.; -yujya, MBh. &c.), to yoke or join or fasten or harness (horses or a chariot), RV. &c. &c.; to make ready, prepare, arrange, fit out, set to work, use, employ, apply, ib.; to equip (an army), R.; to offer, perform (prayers, a sacrifice), BhP.; to put on (arrows on a bow-string), MBh.; to fix in, insert, inject (semen), SBr.; to appoint to, charge or intrust with (loc. or dat.), MBh.; VP.; to command, enjoin, BhP.; to turn or direct or fix or concentrate (the mind, thoughts &c.) upon (loc.), TS. &c. &c.; (P. A.) to concentrate the mind in order to obtain union with the Universal Spirit, be absorbed in meditation (also with yogam), MaitrUp.; Bhag. &c.; to recollect, recall, MBh.; to join, unite, connect, add, bring together, RV. &c. &c. (A. to be attached, cleave to, Hariv.); to confer, or bestow anything (acc.) upon (gen. or loc.), BhP.; MārkP. (A. with acc., to become possessed of, MBh.; with ātmani, to use for one's self, enjoy, Mn. vi, 12); to bring into possession of, furnish or endow with (instr.), Mn.; MBh.; R. &c.; to join one's self to (acc.), RV.; (in astron.) to come into union or conjunction with (acc.), VarBrS.: Pass. yujyáte (ep. also oti; aor. ayoji), to be yoked or harnessed or joined &c., RV. &c. &c.; to attach one's self to (loc.), Hit.; to be made ready or prepared for (dat.), Bhag.; to be united in marriage, Gaut.; MBh.; to be endowed with or possessed of (instr. with or without saha), Mn.; MBh. &c.; (in astron.) to come into conjunction with (instr.), VarBrS.; to accrue to, fall to the lot of (gen.), Pañcat.; to be fit or proper or suitable or right, suit anything (instr.), be fitted for (loc.), belong to or suit any one (loc. or gen.), deserve to be (nom.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; (with na) not to be fit or proper &c. for (instr.) or to (inf., also with pass. sense='ought not to be'), Kav.; Kathas.; Pañcat.: Caus. yojayati (m. c. also ote; aor. ayūyujat; Pass. yojyate), to harness, yoke with (instr.), put to (loc.), Kaus.; MBh. &c.; to equip (an army), draw up (troops), MBh.; R. &c.; to use, employ, set to work, apply, undertake, carry on, perform, accomplish, Mn.; Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; to urge or impel to, Bhartr.; Prab.; to lead towards, help to (loc.), Sarvad.; to set (snares, nets &c.), MBh.; Hit.; to put or fix on (esp. arrows), AsvGr.; MBh. &c.; to aim (arrows) at (loc.), R.; to fasten on or in, attack, adjust, add, insert, Kaus.; Kav.; Pur.; (with manas, ālmānam &c.) to direct the thoughts to, concentrate or fix the mind upon (loc.), MBh.; Hariv.; Pur.; to join, unite, connect, combine, bring or put together (also = write, compose), R.; Var.; Rājat. &c.; to encompass, embrace, MBh.; to put in order, arrange, repair, restore, Rajat.; to endow or furnish or provide with (instr.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to mix (food) with (instr.), Mn. vii, 218; to confer anything upon (loc.), BhP.; (in astron.) to ascertain or know (jānāti) the conjunction of the moon with an asterism (instr.), Pān. iii, I, 26, Vārtt. II, Pat.; (A.) to think little of, esteem lightly, despise, Vop. in Dhatup. xxxiii, 36: Desid. yuyukshati, to wish to harness or yoke or join &c.; to wish to appoint or institute, MBh.; to wish to fix or aim (arrows), BhP.; (A.) to wish to be absorbed in meditation, devout, Bhatt.: Intens. yoyujyate, yoyujīti or yoyokti, Gr. [Cf. Gk. ζεύγνυμι, ζυγόν; Lat. jungere, jugum; Lith. jùngus; Slav. igo; Goth. juk; Germ. joh, Joch; Angl. Sax. geoc; Eng. yoke.]

Tuktá, mfn. yoked or joined or fastened or attached or harnessed to (loc. or instr.), RV. &c. &c.; set to work, made use of, employed, occupied with, engaged in, intent upon (instr., loc. or comp.), ib.; ready to, prepared for (dat.), MBh.; absorbed in abstract meditation, concentrated, attentive, RV. &c. &c.; skilful, clever, experienced in, familiar with (loc.), MBh.; R.; joined, united, connected, combined, following in regular succession, RV.; ŠānkhŠr.; Var.; BhP. (ám, ind. in troops, ŠBr.); furnished or endowed or filled or supplied or provided with, accom-

panied by, possessed of (instr. or comp.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; come in contact with (instr.), R.; (in astron.) being in conjunction with (instr.), AsvGr.; (ifc.) added to, increased by (e.g. catur-yuktā viņšatiķ, twenty increased by four, i.e. 24), VarBiS.; (ifc.) connected with, concerning, KatySr.; (ifc.) subject to, dependent on, MBh.; fitted, adapted, conforming or adapting one's self to, making use of (instr., e.g. yuktah kälena yah, one who makes use of the right opportunity), Kām.; fit, suitable, appropriate, proper, right, established, proved, just, due, becoming to or suitable for (gen., loc. or comp., e.g. āyati-yukta, suitable for the future; or ibc., see below; yuktam with yad or an inf. = it is fit or suitable that or to; na yuktam bhavatā, it is not seemly for you), Mn.; MBh. &c.; auspicious, favourable (as fate, time &c.), Mn.; R.; prosperous, thriving, R.; (with tatha) faring or acting thus, MBh.; (in gram.) primitive (as opp. to 'derivative'), Pāṇ. i, 2, 51; m. N. of a son of Manu Raivata, Hariv.; of a Rishi under Manu Bhautya, ib.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. N. of a plant, L. (cf. yukta-ras $\bar{a}$ ); n. a team, yoke, SBr.; junction, connection, Pāṇ. ii, 3, 4; 8 &c.; fitness, suitableness, propriety (am, ind. fitly, suitably, justly, properly, rightly; ena, properly, suitably, RV. v, 27, 3; buddhi-yuktena, conformably to reason, Rājat.) **— karman,** mfn. invested with any office or function, MW.; serving the purpose, suitable, appropriate (°ma-tā, f.), Bhpr. - kārin (Kam.),'-krit (BhP.), mfn. acting properly or suitably. - gravan (yuktá-), mfn. having set the stones (for bruising the Soma) in motion, RV. - ceshta, mfn. behaving properly, Bhag. - tama, mfn. most fit or intent upon, devoted to, BhP. -tara, mfn. more fit &c. (also oraka, L.); very much on one's guard against any one (loc.), Mn. vii, 186. - tva, n. application, employment, KātyŠr.; fitness, propriety (a-yo), Vedântas. - danda, mfn. applying punishment, punishing justly, R.; Kam.; -ta, f., R. - mada, mfn. intoxicated, Mālav. - manas (yuktá-), mfn. fixing the mind, ready-minded, attentive, SBr. - mānsala, mfn. properly stout or fleshy, Var-BrS. -yoga, m. (in astrol.) being in conjunction, Laghuk. - ratha, m. N. of a partic. kind of purging enema, Sušr.; n. a sort of elixir, ib. - rasā and -rāsnā, f. a kind of plant, L. - rūpa, mfn. suitably formed, fit, proper (with loc. or gen.), MBh.; Hariv.; Kāv.; (am), ind. suitably, MBh. - rūpaka, n. an appropriate metaphor, Kāvyad. - vat (yuktá-), mfn. containing a form of  $\sqrt{1}$ . yuj, SBr. - vādin, mfn. speaking properly or suitably, Venīs. - sītôshna, mfn. of moderate cold and heat, R. - sena, mfn. one whose army is ready (for marching), Susr.; °*nīya*, mfn. relating to him, ib. **– svapnāvabo**dha, mfn. moderate in sleeping and waking, Bhag. Yuktatman, mfn. concentrated in mind, Bhag.; (ifc.) wholly intent upon, Pañcat. Yuktâyas, n. 'bound with iron,' a sort of spade or shovel, W. Yuktâyukta, n. the proper and improper, right and wrong, MW. Yuktarohin, mfn., Pan. vi, 2, 81. Yuktārtha, mfn. having a meaning, sensible, significant, rational, R. Yuktâsva, mfn. having (or 'brought by') yoked horses (as wealth), RV. v, 41, 5. Yuktahara-vihara, mfn. moderate in diet and pleasure, Bhag.

Yuktaka, n. a pair, Pat.

Yukti, f. union, junction, connection, combination, AitBr.; TāndBr.; preparation, going to, making ready for (loc. or comp.), R.; application, practice, usage, Kathās.; Sušr.; trick, contrivance, means, expedient, artifice, cunning device, magic, Kav.; Kathās.; Pañcar. (yuktim Vkri, to find out or employ an expedient; yukti, ibc.; 'tyā, 'tibhis, and oti-tas, ind. by device or stratagem, artfully, skilfully, under pretext or pretence;  $yukty\bar{a}$  &c. ifc. = by means of); reasoning, argument, proof, influence, induction, deduction from circumstances, Kap.; Kav.; Var. &c. (-tas, by means of an argument); reason, ground, motive, BhP.; MarkP.; suitableness, adaptedness, fitness, propriety, correctness, MBh.; Kav. &c. (yuktyā and °ti-tas, properly, suitably, fitly, justly, duly); meditation on the supreme being, contemplation, union with the universal spirit, Samk. (cf. IW. 111, 3); (in law) enumeration of circumstances, specification of place and time &c., Yājñ. ii, 92; 212; (in rhet.) emblematic or mystical expression of purpose, W.; (in dram.) connection of the events in a plot, concatenation of incidents, intelligent weighing of the circumstances, Dasar.; Sah.; Pratap.; (in astron.) conjunction, Jyot.; (in gram.) connection of words, a sentence, Nir.; connection of letters,