a very sacred hill in the Dravida country (in the district of North Arcot, about 80 miles from Madras; it reaches an elevation of about 2,500 feet above the sea-level, and on the summit is the celebrated temple dedicated to Krishna or Vishnu in his character of 'Lord of Venkata,' also called Sri-pati or Tirupati, whence the hill is sometimes popularly known as Tri-pati; it is annually thronged with thousands of pilgrims, RTL. 267), BhP.; of a king of Vijaya-nagara (the patron. of Appaya Dīkshita), Cat.; (also with adhvarin, ācārya, kavi, bhatta, yajvan, yogin &c.) N. of various authors and teachers, ib. - kavīya, n. N. of a poem. - krishņa, m. N. of an author, Cat.; oniya, n. N. of his wk. - giri, m. the Venkata hill, Cat.; -nātha, m. N. of a preceptor, Cat.; -māhātmya, n. N. of wk. -nātha, m. N. of various authors, Cat. -pati, m. king Venkata, Kuval. - bhet, N. of wk. -rāma, -rāya, and -subhā-sāstrin, m. N. of authors, Cat. Venkaţâcala, m., °la-māhātmya, n. = °ta-giri, °ri-māhātmya, Cat.; -sūri, m. N. of an author, ib.; °lesa, m. Vishnu as worshipped on the hill Venkata, ib.; °lesvara-mangalasasana, n. N. of wk. Venkaţâdri, m. = 'ta-giri, Cat.; (with bhatta, yajvan, rāyasa) N. of authors, ib.: -nāthīya-graha-tantra, n., -māhātmya, n. N. of wks. Venkatêsa, m. 'lord of Venkata,' N. of Krishna, RTL. 267; N. of various authors (also -kavi, -dīkshita, -pandita &c.), Cat.; -kavaca, n., -dvādaša-nāman, n., -namaskārâshṭaka, n., -pañcāšat, f., -prahasana, n., -mangala, n., -mangaldsāsana, n., -mālā-mantra, m., -māhātmya, n., -rahasya, n., -sataka, n., -sahasra-nāman, n., -su-prabhāta, n., -stotra, n.; osashtaka, n., osashtôttara-sata-nāman, n. N. ofwks. Venkatêsvara, m. 'lord of Vo,' N. of Krishna or Vishnu (see above), Cat.; N. of various authors (also -kavi, -dīkshita &c.), ib.; -cātur-bhadrikā, f., -mangala-stotra, n., -māhātmya, n., -sahasra-nāman, n., -stotra n.; "svarīya, n. N. of wks.

वेड्डाप्प venkappa, m. N. of a dramatic poet,

वेङ्कप्पय venkappayya, m. N. of an author,

वेङ्कस्य venkayya, m. (with prabhu) N. of a

चेङ्कि vengi or vengi, f. N. of a town, Vcar.

वेङ्कर venghara, m. pride of beauty, L.

वेचा vecā, f. (said to be fr. \(vic \) hire,

Vecā-rāma and Vecu-rāma, m. N. of two authors, Cat.

वेजानी vejānī, f. Vernonia Anthelmintica, L. वंट्र vet, ind. an exclamation used in sacrificial ceremonies, VS. - kārá, m. the exclamation

वेड veța, m. a kind of tree (= pīlu-vriksha), Ganar.; (\bar{a}) , f. the abode of the Vaisya tribe (?), W.; (\bar{i}) , f. a boat, L.

Vetaka, m. N. of a man, Naigh., Introd. Vețā-vat, mfn. (fr. veța), Gaņar.

वेद्य vety (v.l. vedy), cl. 1. P. vetyati, 'to be wicked' or 'to sleep' (dhaurtye svapne ca), g. kandv-ādi.

वेड veda, n. a kind of coarse sandal (=sāndra-vicchinna-candana), L.; (\bar{a}) , f. (also written bedā) a boat, L. (cf. $vet\bar{i}$).

वेढिमिका vedhamikā, f. a kind of bread or cake, L.

वेण ven (prob. artificial; cf. \(\square\), to go, move; to know; to think; to discern; to play on an instrument; to hold or take, Dhātup. xxi, 13.

Vena., m. (cf. *venu* and $v\bar{i}n\bar{a}$) a worker in reed, Vishn., Sch.; a musician (by caste, the son of a Vaideha and an Ambashthi), Mn. x, 19; 49 (cf. vaina); the son of an Ugra and a Kshatriya (who lives as a necromancer and conjuror), L.; v. l. for vena, q. v.; (\bar{a}) , f., see next.

Venā, f. N. of a woman, HParis.; of a river,

Venkata, m. (Prākrit for vyankata) N. of Venā, Mricch.; m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. (AV. Paris. vena-tata).

> चेशि veni, f. (fr. √1. ve) weaving, braiding, L.; braided hair or a braid of hair, hair twisted into a single unornamented braid and allowed to fall on the back (so worn by widows and women who mourn for absent husbands, cf. eka-veni; the water of a river is often compared to such a braid, but in these meanings the form venī is more common, see below), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; the confluence or meeting of two or more rivers or streams in a common point of union (as at Prayaga or Allahabad, cf. triv°), W.; property re-united after it has been before divided, Vas.; a cascade, L. - mādhava, m. a partic. square-shaped stone idol having four hands at Prayāga, L. (cf. venī-mādhava-bandhu). — rāma, m. N. of an author, Cat. - vedhanī, f. 'hair-penetrating,'a leech, L. - vedhinī, f. 'hair-piecer,' a comb,

> Venika, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. (B. vetrika); (\bar{a}) , f = veni, a braid of hair &c., L.; (met.) a continuous line, uninterrupted stream, Hcar.; Kād.; a twisted stripe or band, Hcat.; Susr. - vāhin, mfn. flowing or causing to flow in an uninterrupted stream,

> **Venin**, m. 'having a hood like braided hair,' N. of a serpent-demon, MBh.; $(in\bar{i})$, f. a woman with braided hair, L.

> Venī, f. = veni, a braid of hair &c., MBh.; Kāv. &c.; a stream, current, L.; an abridgement of the title veņī-saṃhāra (see below), Sāh.; Lipeocercis Serrata, Car.; a dam, bridge, L.; a ewe, L.; N. of a river, Hariv.; N. of wk., Cat. - ga-mulaka, n. the root of Andropogon Muricatus, L. - datta, m. (also with bhatta, sarman &c.) N. of various authors and other men, Cat. — dāna, n. a ceremony performed at Prayaga (cutting off a braid of hair and offering it to the Ganges with gifts to the priests), RTL. 375. - dāsa, m. N. of a man, Cat. - bhūta, mfn. (hair) forming a braid, BhP. - mādhava, m. N. of an author, ib.; -bandhu, m. N. of the father of Ranga-nātha, ib. - rāma (with sāka-dvīpin and dharmadhikārin), m. N. of authors, ib. - rūpa, n., -vilāsa, m. N. of two poems. -samvaraņa or -saṃharaṇa, n. = next. — saṃhāra, m. 'binding up of the braided hair,' N. of a wellknown drama by Bhatta-nārāyaņa (who probably lived in the 9th century; its subject is taken from an incident narrated in the 2nd and 8th books of the Mahā-bhārata, in which is described how Yudhishthira gambled away all his possessions, including Draupadī, and how Duḥ-sāsana then insulted Draupadī by loosening her braided hair and dragging her away by her dishevelled locks, and how Bhīma, who witnessed the insult, swore that he would one day kill Duh-sāsana and drink his blood; this threat he fulfilled, and Draupadi's hair was then bound upagain; cf. MBh. ii, 2229-2235, viii, 4235). - skandha, m. N. of a serpent-demon, MBh.

वेगोर venīra, m. Sapindus Detergens (=arishta), L.

चेणु veņú or véņu, m. (prob. connected with √1. ve) a bamboo, reed, cane, RV. &c. &c.; a flute, fife, pipe, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; N. of a deity of the Bodhi tree, Lalit.; of a king of the Yādavas, MBh.; of a son of Sata-jit, VP.; of a mountain, MārkP.; of a river, L.; (pl.) the descendants of Venu, ĀsvŠr. (Venor višāle, N. of two Sāmans, ĀrshBr.) - karkara, m. Capparis Aphylla (a species of thorny plant = karīra, commonly called Karir or Karil), L. - kāra, m. a flute-maker, Lalit. - gīta, n. N. of wk. -gulma, m. n. a bamboo-thicket, BhP. -gopāla-pratishthā, f. N. of wk. -ja, mfn. 'reed-born,' produced in or from a reed (as fire), BhP.; m. bo seed or fruit, L.; n. pepper, L. - jangha, m. N. of a Muni, MBh. - jāla, n. = -gulma, Vet. (v.l.) - datta, m. N. of a man, Cat. (v.l. vainya-d°). - dala, n. a split b°, Mn. viii, 299. - dāri, m. N. of a king, MBh.; Hariv. &c.-dārin, mfn. bo-splitting, Sis.; m. N. of a demon, ib. -dhma, m. a flute-player, piper, L. - nisruti, m. the sugarcane, W. - nrityā, f. N. of a Tantra deity, Kālac. - pa, m. N. of a people, MBh. (v. l. renu-pa). - pattra, n. a bamboo leaf, Cat.; (1), f. a kind of grass, L. - pattraka, m. a kind of snake, Susr.; $(ik\bar{a})$, f. = -pattrī, ib. - bīja, n. b° seed, L. -bhārá, m. a load of bamboo, SBr. - mandala, n. N. of a MBh.; Kav. &c. - tata, m. the bank of the river | Varsha in Kusa-dvīpa, MBh. - mat, mfn. provided |

with bamboo, Yājñ.; m. N. of a mountain, Hariv.; of a son of Jyotish-mat, VP.; (atī), f. N. of a river, VarBrS.; n. N. of a mountain, Hariv.; of the Varsha ruled by Venu-mat, VP. - maya, $mf(\bar{z})n$. made or consisting of bamboo, VarBrS.; Heat. - mudrā, f. a partic. position of the fingers, Pancar. - yava, m. pl. b° seed, GṛŚrS.; Susr.; (i), f. an oblation of b° s°, ŚāńkhŚr. — yashtí, f. a b° staff, ŚBr. — vana, n. a forest of b°, Rājat.; N. of a forest, Divyâv. — vāda or -vādaka, m. a flute-player, piper, L. - vādana, n. playing on the flute, Hcat. - vadya, n. id.; -visārada, mfn. skilful in playing the flute (said of Krishna), Pañcar. - vidala, n. split bo, Gaut. -vīnā-dharā, f. N. of one of the Mātris attendant on Skanda, MBh. - vaidala, mfn. made of split bamboo, Mn. viii, 327. - sayya, f. a couch of reed, R. - haya, m. N. of a descendant of Yadu, Hariv.; BhP. - hotra, m. N. of a son of Dhrishta-ketu, Hariv.; VP.

Venavin, mfn. furnished with a flute (said of

Šiva), MBh. (v. l. *vaiņavin*).

Venuká, m. a flute, pipe, Hariv.; amomum, L.; N. of a mythical being, Suparn.; pl. N. of a people, MarkP. (cf. venu-pa); (\bar{a}) , f. a kind of plant with poisonous fruit, Suir.; amomum, BhP., Sch.; n. a goad with a bamboo handle (used for driving an elephant), L.

Venukīya, mfn. (fr. venu), g. nadadi; (\bar{a}) , f. a place where bamboos grow, Pan. vi, 4, 153, Sch. Venugradha (?), m. a species of plant, MärkP. Venuna, n. black pepper, L.

वेग्ड ventha, n. a place where Vitas congregate (viidsraya), L.

चेषा vennā, venyā, venvā. See krishņa-vo.

चेत veta, m. (prob. corrupted fr. vetra; but see Un. iii, 118) a cane, reed, L.; (\tilde{a}) , f. = vetana, L.

चेत्राड vetanda, m. (cf. vitanda, vedanda, vega-danda) an elephant, Hcar.; Kād.; Bhām.; (ā), f. a form of Durgā, Vās. (v. l. for vetālā).

वंतन vetana, n. (accord. to Un. iii, 150 fr. √vī, but rather connected with √vrit; cf. vartana) wages, hire, salary, subsistence, livelihood, Mn.; MBh. &c.; price, Rājat.; silver, L. -jīvin, mfn. subsisting by wages, stipendiary, MW. - dana, n. the paying of wages, hiring, Pān. i, 3, 36, Sch. -bhuj, m. 'earning wages,' a servant, Pancar. Vetanâdāna, n. non-payment of wages, Mn.

Vetanin, mfn. receiving wages, stipendiary (mostly ifc., e. g. $kupya-v^0$, receiving bad pay), MBh.

वंतस vetasá, m. (cf. veta and vetra) the ratan (Calamus Rotang) or a similar kind of cane, a reed, rod, stick, RV. &c. &c.; the citron (Citrus Medica), MW.; N. of Agni, ib.; (i), f. the ratan, cane, reed, Kathās. (osī-taru, Sāh.); n. a lancet shaped like a pointed leaf of the ratan, Vāgbh.; N. of a city, Kathās. [Cf., accord. to some, Gk. lτέα; Lat. vitis; Germ. wida, Weide; Eng. withy.] - griha, n. an arbour formed of reeds, Sak. - pattra, n. the leaf of the ratan, MarkP.; a lancet, W. - parikshipta, mfn. (an arbour) fenced or enclosed by reeds, Sak. - pushpa, n. the blossom of the ratan, VarBrS. - maya, mf(i)n. consisting of reeds, Hear. - mālin, mfn. wreathed with reeds, Ml. -vritti, mfn. acting or pliant as a reed, Pañcat. - sākhá, f. a branch of reed, SBr. Vetasâmla, m. Rumex

Vetasaka, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. (v. l. cet°); (ikā), f. N. of a place, ib.

Vetasinī, f. N. of a river, VP. (cf. vedasinī). Vetasú, m. N. of a man or of an Asura (pl. his descendants), RV.

Vetas-vat, mfn. abounding in reeds, Pan. iv, 2, 87; N. of a place, PañcavBr.

वेताल vetāla, m. (of doubtful derivation) a kind of demon, ghost, spirit, goblin, vampire (esp. one occupying a dead body), Hariv.; Kāv.; Kathās. &c.: N. of one of Siva's attendants, KālikāP.; of a teacher, BhP.; of a poet, Cat.; a door-keeper (?), L.; (\bar{a}) , f. a form of Durgā, Vās.; (\bar{i}) , f. N. of Durgā, Hariv. - karma-jña, mfn. knowing the doings of a Vetāla, VarBrS. - kavaca, n. N. of a Kavaca (q. v.), Cat. - jananī, f. N. of one of the Mātris attendant on Skanda, MBh. - panca-vinsati or otika, f. a collection of 25 tales or fables told by a