त्वर् tvar.

L.; m. Siva, L. - angulá, n. 3 fingers' breadth, SBr. iii, 3, 2, 4 & 7, 1, 25; xiv; KātyŠr. vii; -àng°, mfn. 3 fingers broad, SBr. i, 2, 5, 9; KātySr. ii, vi. - angya, mfn. belonging to the -angá portions, SBr. iii. — añjana, n. the 3 kinds of collyrium ($k\bar{a}$ lanjo, pushpanjo, rasanjo), L. - anjala, n. 3 handfuls, Pān. v, 4, 102. - añjali, in. a handful belonging to 3 persons, 102, Kāš.; mfn. bought for 3 handfuls, ib. - adhipati, m. the lord of the 3 Gunas or of the 3 worlds (Krishna), BhP. iii, 16, 24 (v. l.) - adhishthāna, mfn. having 3 stations, Mn. xii, 4. - adhîsa, $m = {}^{\circ}dhipati$, BhP. iii f., viii. - adhvagā, f. = tri-patha- $g\bar{a}$, W. - anīká, mfn. threefaced, RV. iii, 56, 3; Kāth. xxx, 2; triple-arrayed, AitBr. iii, 39, 2; Pān. iv, 1, 21, Siddh. (f. \bar{a}); (\bar{a}) ; f. N. of a ceremony, ApSr. xxi, 14. - anta, n. with Tvāshtrī-sāman, N. of a Sāman. - abda, n. 3 years, Mn. viii; $mf(\bar{a})n$. 3 years old, L.; (am), ind. during 3 years, xi; -pūrva, mfn. existing for 3 years, ii, 134; cf. Ap. i, 14, 13. - ambaka, m. 'threeeyed' (originally probably 'three-mothered' fr. the threefold expression ambe ambiké 'mbālike, VS. &c.; cf. tri-mātri & traimātura) Rudra or (later on) Siva, RV. vii, 59, 12; VS. &c. (triy-, Kapishth. viii, 10; R. vii; Kum. iii, 44; cf. Pān. vi, 4, 77, Vartt., Pat.); N. of one of the II Rudras, MBh. iii; Hariv.; VP. i, 15, 123; NarasP. v, 9; pl. $(=traiy^{\circ})$ the cakes sacred to Rudra Try-ambaka, TS. iii; TBr. i: Kāth.; ŠBr.; ŠānkhBr.; KātyŠr.; AšvŠr.; sg. the ceremony in which those cakes are offered, SankhSr. xiv, 10, 21; n. N. of a Linga, SivaP. i, 38, 19; mfn. knowing the 3 Vedas or pervading the 3 worlds, TejobUp. 6; (a), f. Parvatī, DeviP.; -parvata, m. N. of a mountain, Vaidyaj.; -māhātniya, n. N. of part of PadmaP.iv; -vrishabha, m. Siva's bull, Kad.; -sakha, m. 'Siva's friend,' Kubera, L.; 'kësvarapurī, f. = saiva-nagara. - ambuka, a kind of fly, Buddh. L. - ara, mfn. having 3 fellies, AV. x, 2, 32. - aratni, mfn. 3 arms long, Kaus. - aruna, m. N. of a man, RV. v, 27, 1f.; TāṇḍyaBr. xiii, 3; later on called $trayy\bar{a}r^{\circ}$, q.v. — **arusha**, $mf(\bar{i})n$. marked red in 3 places, RV. viii, 46, 22. - artha, mfn. having 3 meanings, L. - alinda, N. of a village, Pan. vii, 3, 3, Kar., Pat. - avanata, see tri-vin°. -avara, mfn. pl. at least 3, Mn. iii, viii; Yājñ. ii, 69; (am), ind. at least thrice, Gaut.; Mn. xi, 81; orardhyam, ind. id., ApŠr. iii, 16,9; ApGr. xxi, 9. - avi, m. '3 sheep times old,' a calf 18 months old, RV. iii, 55, 14; VS. (f. vi, xviii, 26); MaitrS.; cf. $p \dot{a} \tilde{n} c \dot{a} v i$. - asīta, mf(\tilde{i})n. the 83rd (chs. of MBh. & Hariv.) - ašīti, f. 83, Pāņ. vi; -tama, mfn. the 83rd (chs. of R.) - asra, mfn. triangular, Susr. iv, 2, 3; n. a triangle, RāmatUp. i, 52; m. a triplet, Sah. vi, 283; a kind of jasmine, L.; -kunda, n. N. of a mystical diagram, Tantr.; -phalā, f. Boswellia thurifera, L. - ashţaka, mfn. containing 3 Ashţakā days, Gobh. iii, 10, 7; n. N. of a vessel, Susr. i, 45. **— ashta-varsha**, mfn. 3×8 years old, Mn. ix, 94. - asra, = -asra. - ahá, m. 3 days, SBr.&c. [chiefly (am), ind. 'during 3 days,' (āt, e, ena), ind. 'after 3 days']; mín. = 'hīna, R. i, 13, 43; m. a performance lasting 3 days, SBr. iv, xii; AsvSr.; KātySr.; -vritta, mfn. happened 3 days ago, Pān. iii, 2, 115, Pat.; -sparša, m., -spriša, n. = tri-dina-spriš, Jyot.; $^{\circ}h\Omega hika$, mfn. furnished with food for 3 days, Mn. iv, 7. - ahīna, mfn. lasting 3 days, Lāty. viii. -ahna, mfn, happened after 3 days, Vop. vi, 38 f. - Ayushá, n. (Pāṇ. v, 4, 77) threefold vital power ('threefold period of life, i. e. childhood, youth, and old age,' Sch.), VS. iii, 62; cf. SBr. xii, 9, 1, 8. - Eruni, see trayyāruna. - Ersheya, mfn. having 3 sacred ancestors, ManSr. xi; Pravar.; m. pl. a blind, a deaf, and a dumb person, W. - alikhitá, mfn. indented or marked in 3 places (a brick), TS. v; ŠBr, vi; Šulbas.; °tá-vat, mfn, consisting of bricks so marked, SBr. viii. - avrit, mfn. consisting of 3 series, xii f.; TBr. ii, I. - asir, mfn. mixed with 3 products of milk, RV. v, 27, 5. - ahala, m. 'triplecrower (cf. āhálak), a cock, Sušr. i, 46. - āhāva, mfn. having 3 watering-places, g. dhūmddi. - ahi**ka,** mfn. = tri-divasa, Aparāj.; = -ahaihika, Yājñ. i, 128 (v. l. -aih°). — uttarī-bhāva, m. progression by 3, Laty. vi, 5, 17. — udâyá, m. thrice approaching the altar (at dawn, noon, and sunset), RV. iv, 37, 3. - uddhi, mfn. having a triple stand, TS. v; MaitrS. i, 6, 8; ApŚr. v, 22, 6. - udhán, mfn. threeuddered, RV. iii, 56, 3. - unnata, mfn. having 3 elevations, TS. vi. - upasat-ka, mfn. containing 3 *upasád* ceremonies, $ApSr.xv. - ushana, n. = -\bar{u}sh^{\circ}$, L. - tishana, n. = tri-katu, Sust. - rica, n. = tri- | thas. xviii, 7; lxxxv, 11; to flare, Vcar. xviii, 81.

cá, Mn.; Yājñ. - enī, f. (the salali bristle) being variegated in 3 places, KātyŠr. v; ApSr. viii & ApGr. (trenī); AsvGr. i, 14, 4; PārGr. i, 15, 4; ii, 1, 10. - enī, f. id., SBr. ii, 6, 4, 5. - aihika, see. $-\bar{a}h^{\circ}$.

Tryakshāyana, for tryāksho, Ganar. 269, Sch. Tryāksh°, m. fr. try-aksha, g. aishukāry-ādi.

ন I. tva, mfn(tvad). one, several, RV.; tva-tva, one-the other, RV.; AV. viii, 9, 9; tvad. partly, RV. x, 72,9; SānkhBr. xvii, 4; tvadtvad, partly—partly, RV. vii, 101, 3; SBr.

Tvadānīm, ind. sometimes, MaitrS. iv, 2, 2.

ৰ 2. tvá, base of the 2nd personal pron.: nom. tvám, acc. tvám, instr. tváyā [& tvá, RV., also in comp., see tvā-datta, -dāta, -vridha &c.], dat. túbhyam [& °bhya, RV.; PārGṛ. i, 6, 2], abl. tvát or tvád [& tvat-tas, MBh, &c.], gen. táva, loc. tvé [RV.; cf. RPrāt. i, 19 & g. câdi], tváyi [AV. &c.]; enclitic forms are acc. tvā [RV.; AV.], gen. dat. te [RV. &c.; =τοι]; [cf. Lat. tu &c.] - yata $(tv\acute{a}$ -), mfn. given by thee, vii, 20, 10.

3. Tvá, mfn. thy, your, ii, 20, 2. **Tvam**, for *tvam*. - kāra, m. addressing with 'thou' (disrespectfully), Mn. xi, 205. – kṛitya, ind. addressing with 'thou,' Yājā, iii, 202.

Tvakat, dimin. for tvat, in comp. - pitrika, mfn. = tvát-pitri, Pāņ. i, 1, 29, Pat.

Tvakam, familiar dimin. for *tvám*, ib.; Bhadrab. i, 64 & (instr. *tvayakā*) iv, 9.

Tvat, in comp. for 2. tva. - krita, mfn. made or composed by thee, R. i, 2, 40; made like you, 44, 47. - tanāt, abl. ind. from you, TāndyaBr. xiv. - tara, mfn. Compar. more yours, Pāņ. vii, 2, 98, Kāš. — tas, see s. v. 2. $tv\acute{a}$. — pitri $(tv\acute{a}t$ -), m(pl. otāras)fn. having thee as a father, TS. i. - pratikshin, mfn. waiting on thee, Nal. xvii, 37. - prasuta (tvát-), mfn. instigated by thee, SBr. iv, 1, 4, 4. - samgama, m. union with thee.

Tvatka, = tvakat. - pitrika, = tvakat-, Pat. Tvad, = tvat. - anya, mfn. other than thee, Nal. i, 20; xii, 14; Ragh. iii, 63.—artham, othe, ind. on thy account, about thee. - griha, n. thy house. -devatyà, mfn. having thee as deity, SBr. viii, 4. - dhita, mfn. suitable (hita) for thee, Pān. vii, 2, 98, Kāš. - bhaya, n. dread of thee, MBh. iii. - /bhū, to become thou, Pāņ. i, 4, 108, Pat. - yoni (tvád-), mfn. proceeding from thee, AV. xiii, 1, 2. - vidha, mfn. like thee, MBh. iii; R. ii f.; Kathās. cix. - viyoga, m. separation from thee. - vivācana (tvád-), mfn. having thee as an umpire, TS. i. Tvadīya, mfn. thy, your, thine, yours, MBh.&c.

Tvadya, Nom. vati, to wish thee, Pan. vii, 2, 98, Kāš.; vate, to act like thou, ib. Tvadrík, ind. towards thee, RV.v, 3, 12; x, 43, 2. **Tvan**, =tvat. - manya, mfn. thinking to be

thou, Pān. vi, 3, 68, Kāš. - maya, mfn. consisting of thee, Hariv.; Vcar. - ta, f. identity with thee, Naish. Tvám-kāma, mfn. longing for thee, RV. viii, 11,7. **Tvātputra,** m. pl. the pupils of $(tvat-p^{\circ})$ your son, Pān. i, 1, 74, Pat.

Tvā-datta, mfn. given by thee, RV. ii, 33, 2; viii, 92, 18. Tvā-dāta, mfn. id., i, 10; iii, v. Tvāduta, mfn. having thee as a messenger, ii, v. Tvadris, nom.-drik, mfn. like thee, of thy kind, Kath-Up.; MBh. v; BhP. i, 17. **Tvā-dṛisa**, $mf(\bar{i})$ n. id., MBh.; R. &c. Tvā-drišaka, mfn. id., MBh. v, 4399. Tva-nid, mfn. hating thee, RV. viii, 70, 10. Tvám-āhuti, mfn. offering oblations to thee, TS. i, 5, 10, 2. **Tvāyát**, mfn. = tvām-kāma, RV. Tvāyā, ind. out of love towards thee, for thee, i-viii. Tvāyú, mfn. = $^{\circ}y\acute{a}t$, i, iii f., vi-viii, x. Tvá-vat, mfn. (Pāņ. v, 2, 39, Vārtt.) similar to thee, as rich or mighty or great as thou, worthy of thee, RV. Tva-vasu, mfn. having thee as a possession, vii, 32, 14. Tvā-vridha, $mf(\tilde{a})n$. favoured by thee, i, x. Tveshita, mfn. sent by thee, viii, 77, 10. Tveta, mfn. helped or protected or loved by thee, i-vi, viiiff.; cf. *indra*-. **Tvőti**, mfn. id., v, 65, 5; ix, 66 & 76.

নেষ tvaksh (= \sqrt{taksh} & related to 2. tvác), cl. 1. °kshati, to create, produce, Nir. viii, 13; to pare, Dhatup.; to skin, ib.; to cover, ib.; [cf. pra-tvakshīṇά; Zend thwakhsh, τυκ, τυχ.]

Tvákshas, n. energy, vigour, RV. i, 100, 15; iv, 27, 2; vi, 18, 9; viii, 20, 6. Tvákshīyas, mfn. very vigorous, ii, 33, 6; cf. Zend thwakhshista.

নিক্র tvang, cl. 1. gati, to wave, tremble, jump, leap, gallop, Das. x, 36; Bālar. viii, 77; Ka-

त्वच् 1. tvac, cl. 6.°cati, to cover, Dhatup. Tvak, in comp. for 2. tvác. - kandura, m. a skin-wound, sore, L. - kshīrā, f. 'bark-milk,' bamboo manna (Tabāshīr), L. - kshīrī, f. id., Sušr. i, 44, 14. - chada, m. Lipeocercis serrata, L. - cheda, m. a skin-wound, cut. - chedana, n. cutting the skin. - taramgaka, m. 'skin-wave,' a wrinkle, Npr. - to-bila, see tvag-b°. - tra, n. 'skin-fence,' armour, Bhatt. xiv, 94; cf. nish-tvo. - trāṇa, n. protection of the skin, Pāņ. i, 2, 45, Vārtt. 11, Pat. - pattra, m. Laurus Cassia, MBh. xii; n. = ottraka, Sušr.; (\bar{i}), f. hingu-pattr \bar{i} , L.; Malabathron, Npr. - pattraka, n. the bark or leaf of Laurus Cassia, Bhpr. vii, I, 202. - pariputana, n. desquamation, Sušr. i, 17, 3; ii, 12, 5. - parņī, f. = -pattrī, L. - palita, n. leprosy, Gal. - pāka, m. 'skin-inflammation,' N. of a disease, 14, 1 & 11. - pārushya, n. roughness of the skin, 5, 1; iv, 5, 2. - pushpa, n. = tvag-ankura, L.; blotch, scab, L.; $(\bar{\imath})$, f. id., L. - pushpikā, f. id., L. - sūnyatā, f. want of sensation in the skin, Bhpr. - sāra, mfn. having an excellent or sound skin, Laghuj. ii, 16; Sušr. i, 35; m. a bamboo, MBh.; R.; Sušr. &c.; Laurus Cassia (the plant and the bark), L.; Bignonia indica, L.; (a), f. Tabāshīr, L.; -bhedinī, f. the plant kshudra-cañcu, L.; -vyavahāra-vat, mfn. occupied with bamboo work, Mn. x, 37. - sugandha, m. an orange, Bhpr.; (\hat{a}) , f. the bark of Feronia elephantum, L. - sraja, n. sg. skin and wreath, Pān. v, 4, 106, Laghuk. - svādvī, f. = -sugandha, Npr.

Tvag. = 2. tvác. - ankura, m. 'skin-bristling,' horripilation, L. - asthi-bhuta, min. become mere skin and bones, MBh. xiii, 29, 6. - indriya, n. the sense of touch, W. - uttarasanga-vat, mfn. having an upper garment made of bark, Kum. v, 16. - utthā, f. 'skin-produced,' chyle, Gal. - ela, n. Cassia bark and cardamoms, Susr. i, 44. - gandha, m. = tvak-sug^o, L. -ja, n. 'skin-born,' the hairs on the body, L.; blood, L. - jala, n. 'skin-water,' sweat, Gal. - dosha, m. skin-disease, leprosy, MBh. v, 5064; Suir. i, 45; Say.; Hcat.; "shapaha, f. 'leprosy-curer,'Vernonia anthelminthica, L.; 'shâri, m. 'leprosy-enemy,' N. of a bulb, L. - doshin, mfn. having skin-disease, leprous, MBh. v, 5056. - bila, $mf(\bar{a})n$, having the cavity on the bark side (a ladle), KātyŠr. i, 3; $tvak-to-b^{\circ}$, ApŠr. i. – bheda, m. the chapping of the skin, Susr. ii, I. -- bhedaka, m. one who scratches the skin, Mn. viii, 284. - roga, m. = -dosha. - vat, mfn. furnished with a skin or bark, Pāņ. v, 3, 65, Kāš.

Tvagā-kshīrī, $f = tvak-ksh^{\circ}$, L.

Tvan, = 2. $tv \dot{a}c$. - maya, mfn. made of skin or bark, viii, 4, 45, Vārtt., Sch.; iv, 3, 144, Siddh. **— ma** la, n. the hairs of the body, L. - mānsāsthi-maya, mfn. consisting of skin, flesh and bones, Bhartr. i, 77. 2. Tvác, f. skin (of men, serpents &c.), hide (of

goats, cows &c.), RV. &c. (krishna, 'the black man. i, 130, 8); a cow's hide (used in pressing out the Soma), i, iii, ix; VS, xix, 82; a leather bag, RV, v, 33, 7; (fig. 'a cloud') i & ix; bark, rind, peel, RV. &c.; Cassia bark, VarBrS. lxxvii, 6; 12; 24; 32; cinnamon, cinnamon tree, L.; a cover (of a horse), RV. viii, 1, 32; surface (of the earth), i, 145, 5; x, 68, 4; AV. vi, 21, 1; TBr. i, 5, 5, 4; with krishnā or ásiknī, 'the black cover,' darkness, RV. ix, 41, 1 & 73, 5; a mystical N. of the letter ya, Rāmat Up. i, 77.

Tvaca, n. skin (ifc. see mukta-, mridu-), Un. ii, 63, Sch.; cinnamon, cinnamon tree, R. iii, 39, 22; Sušr.; Cassia bark, L.; (ā), f. skin, L.; cf. guda-; tanu-& prithak-tvacā.°cana,n.skinning,Dhätup. xvii, 13. °caya, Nom. 'yati, to skin, Pan. iii, 1, 25. °cas, see sá-, sūrya-, hiranya-. °casya, mfn. being in the skin, AV. ii, 33, 7. °cā-pattra, n.Cassia bark, L. °cāyani, m. patr. fr. °c, Pāņ. iv, i, 95, Vārtt. I. Pat. °cita, mfn. skinned, HParis. ii, 23. °cishtha, mfn. having the best or an excellent skin, Pāṇ. v, 3, 65, Kāš. °ci-sāra, m. (vi, 3, 9, Kāš.) = tvak-s°, a bamboo, Bhpr. v, 3, 153. °cīyas, mfn. having a better skin, Pan. v, 3, 65, Kas. cya, mfn. conducive to healthiness of skin, Susr. i, 45, 7, 3; 46, 2, 11.

Tvāca, mfn. relating to (tvác) the skin, L. নেৰ tvanc = 1. tanc, cl. 1. to go, Dhatup.; (=2. tanc) cl. 7. tvanakti, to contract, Kavikalpat.

न्वत tvát (or tvád) &c. See col. 2.

न्दर tvar, cl. 1. tvárate (ep. also oti; pf. tatvare, Ragh.; aor. 2. pl. atvaridhvam, °ridhvam, oriddhvam, Vop.; Subj. 2. sg. tvarishthas, Pan. i, 3, 21, Siddh.) to hurry, make haste, move with speed,