Kausalikā, f. a present, respectful gift, Kathās. Kausalya, as, m. a kind of pavilion, Vāstuv.; (am), n. (gaṇa brāhmaṇādi) welfare, well-being, prosperity, MBh.; R.; cleverness, skilfulness, experience (ifc.), SaddhP.; Bhpr.; (ā), f., see kausalya.

নাসাস্থ্য kausāmba, mfn. (fr. kuš°), belonging to Kausāmbī (as a territory, maṇḍala), Inscr.; (ī), f. (g. nady-ādī), N. of an ancient city (now represented by the village of Kosam, on the Jumnā, near Allahābād; also called vatsa-pattana), R. i, 34, 6; Divyâv. xxxvi f.; Pāṇ. iv, 2, 68, Kāš.; Kathās. iv, 18; ix, 5; lxvi, 193; MatsyaP.; Hit.

Kausāmbi, is, f. = ${}^{\circ}b\bar{i}$, VarBṛS. xvi, 3. Kausāmbikā, f., N. of a woman, Ratnav.

Kausāmbīya, mfn. coming from Kausāmbī, ib. Kausāmbeyá, as, m. (gana subhrādi) patr. fr. kusāmba, ŠBr. xii, 2, 2, 13; GopBr. i, 4, 24; mfn. fr. kausāmbī, gana nady-ādi.

Kausāmbya, as, m. a prince of Kausāmbī, Hariv. 5017 & 5498.

कौशाश्वी kaušášvī, v. l. for °šāmbī, R.

कारिज के 3. kaušiká, mfn. relating to Kušika (or to Kausika), MBh. xiii, 2719; (as), m. (gaņa bidddi) patr. of Visvā-mitra (who was the son or grandson of Kušika), interpolation after RV. x, 85; MBh.; R.; of Gādhi, Hariv. 1457; of Bhadra-sarman, VBr.; N. of a teacher (author of the Kausikasūtra, brother of Paippalādi), BṛArUp.; Kauś.; Pāņ. iv, 3, 103; Hariv. 11074; N. of a grammarian, Hariv. 5501; of one of Jarasandha's generals, MBh. ii, 885; N. of Indra (as originally perhaps belonging to the Kusikas or friendly to them), RV. i, 10, 11; SBr. iii, 3, 4, 19; ShadvBr.; TAr.; AsvSr.; MBh. &c.; of Sūrya, TBr. i, 5, 10, 2, Sch.; of a son of Vasu-deva, VP.; of Siva, L.; of an Asura, Hariv. 2288; Vatika robusta, L.; (in music) N. of a Rāga; (for kaisika) love, passion, L.; (ās), m. pl. the descendants of Kušika, Hariv. 1770 ff.; (of Kuša) R. i, 35, 20; (i), f. (in music) N. of a Ragini; N. of Durgā, Hariv. 3260 & 3270; N. of a Šikshā; of a river in Bahar (commonly Kosi or Koosa, created by Visvā-mitra, or identified with Satyavatī, the sister of Visvā-mitra), MBh.; Hariv.; R. &c.; N. of a Buddhist female beggar, Mālav.; for kaišikī, q. v., Sāh. – $t\bar{a}$ (° $k\dot{a}$ -), f., see I. kausika. – $tv\dot{a}$, n., see ib.; the state of being a descendant of Kušika, Hariv. 1774; the state of being Kausika (i. e. Indra), 12489. -priya, m. 'dear to Kausika,' N. of Rāma, L. - phala, m. the cocoa-nut (said to have been created by Visvā-mitra, i. e. Kausika, when endeavouring to form a human being in rivalry of Brahma, the nut being the rudiment of a head, W.), L. Kauśikatmaja, m. 'Indra's son,' N. of Arjuna, L. Kaušikāditya, n., N. of a Tīrtha, SkandaP. Kaušikayudha, n. 'Indra's bow,' the rainbow, L. Kaużikaranya, n. 'Kaušika's wood,' N. of a town, Hariv. iii, 44, 48.

Kausikāyaní, is, m. patr. fr. kausiká, N. of a teacher, ŚBr. xiv, 5, 5, 21 & 7, 3, 27.

Kausikin, inas, m. pl. the pupils of Kausika, Pāņ. iv, 3, 103; iv, 2, 66, Kās.

Kausikī (f. of ka, q. v.) - putra, m., N. of a teacher, BrĀrUp. vi, 5, 1.

Kausila, as, m. a familiar N. for Kausika, Vām. v, 2, 63.

Kausilya, as, m. patr. of the prince Hiranya-

nābha, VāyuP.

कौशिन kausija, ās, m. pl., N. of a people, MBh. vi, 349 (v. l. kosala).

कोशिल kaušila, °lya. See 3. kaušiká.

कौशोधान्य kaušī-dhānya. See 2. kauša.

कौशीरकेय kaušīrakeya, mfn. fr. kušīraka, gaņa sakhy-ādi.

कोशिलव kaušīlava, am, n. (fr. kuš^o), the profession of an actor or dancer, Gobh. iii, 1, 19. **Kaušīlavya**, am, n. id., Mn. xi, 65.

कौशेय kauseya, °yaka. See 2. kausa.

को इय kausya. See 1. kausa.

कौश्रय kausreya, as, m. patr. fr. kusri, Kāṭh. xx, 8 & xxi, 9.

कौबाद kaushārava, as, m. patr. fr. Kushāru, AitBr. viii, 28 (N. of Maitreya); BhP. i, 13, 2; iii.

Kaushāravi, m. id., BhP. ii, 10, 49; iii, 10, 3. को पीत क kaushītaka, as, m. patr. fr. kusho, N. of Kahoḍa, ĀṣvGṛ.; (ī), f. patr. of Agastya's wife, L.; N. of a Śākhā of the RV.; (am), n., N. of a Brāhmaṇa, ŚāṅkhBr.; ŚāṅkhŚr.; Bādar. iii, 3, 1, Sch.

Kaúshītaki, is, m. (Pāṇ. iv, 1, 124, Kāš.) patr. fr. kushītaka, ŠBr. ii; TāṇḍyaBr. xvii (pl.); Šāṅkh-Śr.; ChUp.; Pravar. — brāhmaṇa, n., N. of a Brāhmaṇa (=ŚāṅkhBr.); = KaushUp., Bādar. i, 4, 16, Sch. & iii, 3, 10, Sch.; °ṇôpanishad, f. id., i, 1, 28, Sch. — rahasya, n. id., iii, 3, 26, Sch.; -brāhmaṇa, n. id., Comm. on Mn. iv, 23. Kaushītaky-upanishad, f., N. of an Up.

Kaushītakin, inas, m. 'the pupils of 'ka,' N. of a school, ĀsvGr. i, 23, 5; Bīdar., Sch.

Kaúshītakeya, as, m. = ${}^{\circ}ka$, N. of Kahoda, SBr. xiv, 6, 4, 1; of a Kāsyapa, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 124.

कौषीद्य kaushīdya. See kausīdya.

को षेय kausheya, as, m. (fr. koshá), N. of a Rishi, R. vii, 1, 4; also v. l. for kaušeya (q. v.), R. iii, iv; MārkP. xv, 27.

Kaúshya, as, m. patr. fr. koshá, Kāth. xxii, 6f.; SBr. x, 5, 5, 1.

कोष्टिनक kaushtacitka, mfn. fr. kushta-cit, gana kathadi (Kāš.), v.l. for °shthavitka.

কাষ kaushthá, mfn. (fr. koshtha), being in the stomach or abdomen, Sarvad.; being in a storeroom, SBr. i, 1, 2, 7.

1. Kaushthika, v. l. for 2. kausika.

Kaushthya, mfn. being in the abdomen, Yājñ. iii, 95; extremely rich (?), TĀr. vi, 5, 2.

कौरिष्ठक 2. kaushthika, mfn. (fr. kushtha), treating of leprosy, Car. ii, 5 & vi, 18.

Kaushthavitka, mfn. (fr. kushtha-vid), useful for the knowledge of leprosy [Gapar. 337, Sch.], g. kathâdi; (cf. kaushtacitka.)

कौष्ठि kaushthila, &c. See mahā-k°.

कोषार kaushmāṇḍa, mfn. addressed to the demons called Kūshmāṇḍa (as a Mantra), VarBṛS. Kaushmāṇḍika, mfn. id., AV. Paris. xlii, 2.

कौष्प kaúshya. See kausheya.

belonging to the Kosalas (a country), Divyâv. vii, xii; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people, VarBṛS. x, 14; Romakas.; SSaṃkar.; of a dynasty, BhP. xii, I, 33; v. l. for kos°, q. v.; (ā), f., N. of one of Kṛishṇa's wives, x, 83, 6; (ī), f., N. of one of Vasu-deva's wives, VP.

Kausalaka, ās, m. pl. (spelt kausal^o), N. of a people, VarBṛS.; (mfn.) belonging to the Kosalas, ib.

Kausaleya, as, $m = ^{\circ}lyeya$, L.

Kaúsalya, mfn. (often spelt kaus^o) belonging to the people of the Kosalas; (as), m. (Pāṇ. iv, I, 171) a prince of the Kosalas, ŚBr. xiii; ŚāṅkhŚr.; PraśnUp.; Hariv. &c.; (ā), f. 'daughter of a prince of the Kosalas,' N. of the wife of Pūru and mother of Janam-ejaya, MBh. i, 3764; of the wife of Satvat, Hariv. 1999; of Daśa-ratha's wife (mother of Rāma-candra), MBh. iii, 15879; R.; of the mother of Dhṛita-rāshṭra, L.; of the mother of Pāṇḍu, L.

Kausalyā (f. of °lya, q. v.) – nandana, m. 'son of Kausalyā,' Rāma, L. – mātri, m. 'having Kausalyā for his mother,' Rāma, MBh. iii, 16572.

Kausalyāyani, is, m. patr. fr. °lya, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 155; metron. fr. °lyā (or patr. fr. kosala), N. of Rāma, Bhaṭṭ. vii, 90.

Kausalyeya, as, m. metron. fr. °lyā, N. of Rā-ma-candra, Prasannar.

कौसित kausitá, as, m., N. of a pool (mentioned in connection with kusitáyī, q.v.), MaitrS. ii, 1, 11; MānGr. i, 6.

Kausida, as, m. (spelt kos°) id., Kāth. x, 5. **Kausīda**, mf(i)n. (fr. kus°), connected with or relating to a loan, usurious, Mn. viii, 143.

Kausidya, am, n. sloth, indolence, Lalit. (printed ed. kaush^o); the practice of usury, L.

कोसुन kausuma, mf(i)n. (fr. kuso), coming from or belonging to flowers (as pollen), Sāh.; made of flowers, Naish. vii, 28; AgP. xliii, 10; Kathās. civ, 13; Bālar.; (am), n. (=kusumāñjana) the ashes of brass (used as a collyrium), L.

Kausumâyudha, mfn. (fr. kus^o), relating to the god of love, Vet. xx, 19.

कासुम kausumbha, mf(i)n. prepared with safflower, Sušr.; (Pāṇ. iv, 2, 1, Kāš.) dyed with safflower, orange, Raṭnàv.; (as), m. wild safflower, L.; (am), n. (with $s\bar{a}ka$) safflower prepared as a potherb, VārP.; anything dyed with safflower, Cāṇ.

Kausumbhaka, mfn. dyed with safflower, AgP.

कोसुरुविन्द kausurubinda, as, m. patr. fr. kus°, GopBr. i, 4, 24; N. of a Dasa-rātra ceremony, KātyŠr. xxiii f.; Drāhy. xxx, 3.

Kaúsurubindi, is, m. patr. fr. kusurubinda, SBr. xii, 2, 2, 13.

कौसृतिक kausritika, as, m. (fr. ku-sriti), a juggler, conjurer, Pāṇ. v, 2, 75, Kāš.

N. of a celebrated jewel (obtained with thirteen other precious things at the churning of the ocean and suspended on the breast of Krishna or Vishnu), MBh.; Hariv.; R. &c.; (as), m. a manner of joining the fingers, Tantras.; = kimtughna, AV. Jyot.; (am), n. a kind of oil (sarshapôdbhava), KātyŚr. i, 8, 37, Sch.; N. of a work. — dhāman, m. 'abode of the Kaustubha,' Vishnu, Prasannar. — bhrit, m. 'wearing the Kaustubha,' id., Kpr. — lakshaṇa, m. 'whose mark is the Kaustubha,' id., W. — vakshas, m. 'whose breast is decorated with the Kaustubha,' id., L. Kaustubhôras, m. id., Gal.

Kaustubhīya, mfn. relating or belonging to the Kaustubha jewel, Bālar.

कौद्धि kaustra, am, n. the state of being a bad wife (ku-strī), gaņa yuvâdi.

कौहड kauhaḍa, as, m. patr. fr. koho, gaṇa sivâdi; Pāṇ. ii, 4, 58, Kāš.

Kauhadi, is, m. id., ib.

Kauhala, as, m. patr. fr. koh°, VBr. Kauhalīputra, m. 'son of a female descendant of Kohala,' N. of a grammarian, TPrāt. ii, 5.

Kauhaliya, ās, m. pl., N. of a school, Gobh. iii. कोहित kauhita, as, m. patr. fr. koho, gaṇa sivâdi.

क्रंस् knans, cl. 1. 10. P. °sati, °sayati, Dhā-tup. xxxiii, 90; (cf. \sqrt{kuns} , kuns, knas, krans.)

新叹 knath, cl. 1. P. othati, to hurt, Dhātup. xix, 38; (cf. ~krath, klath.)

in mind or body), Dhātup. xxvi, 26; to shine, ib.: Caus. knasayati, to shine, Dhātup. xix, 65; Vop.; (cf. \sqrt{knans} .)

Knasa, mfn. shining (?), Vop. xxvi, 30; (cf. ca-knasa.)

Anu or knū, cl. 9. P. A. knunāti, onīte or knūnāti, onīte, to sound, Dhātup. xxxi, 10.

tvā, Vop. xxvi, 207), to be wet, Dhātup. xiv, 14; to make a creaking sound, ib.; to stink, L.: Caus. P. knopayati (Pāṇ. vii, 3, 36 & 86), to make wet, Nir. vii, 14 (Sāy. on RV. i, 1, 1).

Knūta, mfn. stinking, W.; noisy, W.; wet, W. **Knūyitri,** mfn. stinking, Pāṇ. iii, 2, 152, Kās. **Knopana.** See $a-kn^{\circ}$.

Knopam, ind. ifc. See cela-k°, vastra-k°.
কার kmar, cl. 1. P. kmarati, to be crook

কাই kmar, cl. I. P. kmarati, to be crooked (in body or mind), be fraudulent, Dhātup. xv, 47; (cf. $\sqrt{hvri.}$)

क्य kyà, am, n (fr. 3. ká), anything agreeable to Prajā-pati, SBr. x, 3, 4, 2 & 4; 4, 1, 4 & 15 ff.

कात ky at = kiyat (q. v.), how much? TBr. iii, 2, 9, 7.

क्याकु kyāku, u, n. a fungus, Āp.; Gaut.

काम् $ky\acute{a}mb\ddot{u}$, $\ddot{u}s$, $f. = kiy\acute{a}mbu$, AV. xviii, 3, 6; $T\ddot{A}r$. vi, 4, 1 ($ky\ddot{a}mb\acute{u}$).

ক্স krans, cl. 1. P. (?) °sati, to illuminate, Nir. ii, 25; (cf. \sqrt{knans} , knas.)

新春号 krakaca, as, am, m. n. a saw, MBh. &c.; (as), m. a kind of musical instrument, MBh. vii, 1676; ix, 2676; Ardea virgo, Npr.; N. of a plant (Capparis aphylla, L.), Kād.; of a hell, PadmaP.; of a Kāpālika priest, SSaṃkar.; (ā), f. =-cchada, L.—cchada, m. 'saw-leaved,' Pandanus odoratissimus, L.—tvac, m. id., Npr.—pattra, m. the teak