author (-muhūrta, m. or n. N. of his wk.), ib.

Matsyėšvara-tīrtha, n. N. of a Tīrtha, Cat.

Matsyôtthā, f. 'sprung from a fish,' N. of Satyavatī, Gal. (see under matsya above). Matsyôdarīn, m. N. of Matsya or Virāṭa (as the brother of Matsyôdarī), Cat. Matsyôdarī, f. 'sprung from a fish-belly,' N. of Satya-vatī, L. (see under matsya above); N. of a sacred bathing-place in Benares, Cat. Matsyôdarīya, mfn. relating to a fish-belly; m. N. of Vyāsa (son of Matsyôdarī, q. v.), MBh.

Matsyôpajīvin, m. 'living by fish,' a fisherman, MBh.; R. (cf. matsya-jīvat, 'vin).

Matsyaka, m. a little fish, MBh.

मत्सर matsara, orin. See p. 776, col. 2.

मह्य matsya &c. See p. 776, col. 3.

मत्यग्रिका matsyandikā, f. inspissated juice of the sugar-cane, Mālav.; Car.; Sušr.

Matsyandī, f. id., Bhpr.

सथ 1. math or manth (q. v.), el. 1. 9. P. (Dhatup. xx, 18, iii, 5 and xxxi, 40) mdthati, mánthati, mathnáti (Ved. and ep. also A. máthate, mánthate and mathnīte; Impv. mathnadhvam, MBh.; pf. mamātha, AV.; 3. pl. mamathuh, Vop.; methuh, methire, Br.; mamantha, °nthuḥ, MBh.; aor. mathīt, RV.; amanthishṭām, ib.; amathishata, Br.; fut. mathishyati, ote; manthishyati, Br. &c.; mathitā, MBh.; inf. mathitum. MBh. &c.; otos, Br.; mánthitaval, MaitrS.; ind. p. mathitvá, -máthya, Br. &c.; manthitvá, Pāņ. i, 2, 33; -manthya and -mātham, MBh. &c.), to stir or whirl round, RV. &c. &c.; (with agnim), to produce fire by rapidly whirling round or rotating a dry stick (arani) in another dry stick prepared to receive it, ib.; (with aranim), to rotate the stick for producing fire, MBh.; Kav.; Pur.; (with ūrum, hastam &c.), to use friction upon any part of the body with the object of producing offspring from it, Hariv.; BhP.; to churn (milk into butter), produce by churning, TS. &c. &c. (also with two acc., e.g. sudhām kshīra-nidhim mathnāti, 'he churns nectar out of the ocean of milk,' Siddh. on Pan. i, 4, 51); to mix, mingle, Susr.; to stir up, shake, agitate, trouble, disturb, afflict, distress, hurt, destroy, AV. &c. &c.: Pass. mathyáte (ep. also °ti), to be stirred up or churned &c., RV. &c. &c.: Caus. manthayati (Lāṭy.), māthayati (MBh.), to cause to be stirred up or churned &c.: Desid. mimathishati, mimanthishati, Gr.: Intens. māmathyate, māmantti &c., ib. [Cf. Gk. μίνθη; Lat. mentha, menta; Lit. menture; Germ. minza, Minze; Angl. Sax. minte; Eng. mint.

2. **Math**, (ifc.) destroying, a destroyer (cf. madhumath); m., see mathin.

Matha, m. = mātha, g. jvalādi.

Mathaka, m. N. of a man; pl. his descendants, g. yaskâdi (v.l. for manthaka).

Mathan (only instr. $mathn\bar{a}$), a piece of wood for producing fire by attrition, BhP.

Mathana, $mf(\bar{i}, once \bar{a})n$. rubbing, stirring, shaking, harassing, destroying (with gen. or ifc.), MBh.; R. &c.; m. Premna Spinosa (the wood of which is used to produce fire by attrition), L.; n. the act of rubbing, friction, BhP.; stirring or whirling round, churning or producing by churning, MBh.; R.; Pur.; hurting, annoying, injury, destruction, R.; Ratnâv. Mathanâcala, m. the mountain (Mandara, q.v.) used as a churning-stick (by the gods and Dānavas in churning the ocean of milk), BhP. (cf. mantha-saila).

Mathāya, Nom. P. váti, to produce fire by friction, RV.; to tear off (a head), ib.; to shake, AV.

Mathi (ifc.; cf. Pān. iii, 2, 27), see urā-, vastra- and havir-máthi (mathīnām, RV. viii, 53, 8 prob. w. r. for matīnām; cf. mathin).

Mathita, mfn. stirred round, churned or produced by churning, RV.; shaken, agitated, afflicted, hurt, destroyed, MBh.; R.; Hariv.; dislocated, disjointed, Sušr.; m. N. of a descendant of Yama (and supposed author of RV. x, 19), RAnukr.; n. buttermilk churned without water, Kauš.; MBh. &c. —pādapa, mfn. (a wood) whose trees are damaged or destroyed, Hariv. Mathitôrasa, mfn. one whose breast is pierced or wounded (by arrows), ib. (v.l. vyath^o).

Mathit; i, mfn. (ifc.) crushing, destroying, Anand. Mathin, m. (strong stem mánthan, older mánthā; middle mathin or mathi [q.v.]; sg. nom.

mánthās, acc. mánthām [for manthānam see manthāna under \(\sqrt{manth} \); instr. mathā, du. mathibhyām, pl. mathibhyas &c., [cf. pathin and Pāṇ. vii, 1, 83 &c.]; for mathīnām see mathi above) a churning-stick, any stick or staff for stirring or churning, RV. &c. &c.; the penis, L.; a thunderbolt, L.; wind, L.

Mathina, onati (artificial Nom. fr. mathin), Siddh. on Pan. vi, 4, 13.

Mathná (only mathná, RV. i, 181, 5), prob. w. r. for mathrá.

Mathya, mfn. to be rubbed out of (see ulmuka-m°); to be extracted or produced from (see sindhu-m°).

Mathrá, mfn. shaken, agitated, whirling, RV. (cf. mathná).

Mantha, manthya &c. See under √manth. मण्ड्य mathavyà, prob. w.r. for madho, AV. मणा mathā, ind. a Nidhana formula, Lāṭy. मणात mathāta. See māthāta.

मपु mathu, m. a proper N. (= madhu; cf. māthavá).

HYI mathura, m. $(\sqrt{math?})$ N. of a man (cf. māthura); (\bar{a}) , f., see next.

Mathura, f. N. of various towns (esp. of an ancient town now called Muttra and held in great honour as the birthplace of Krishna; situated in the province of Agra on the right bank of the Yamuna or Jumnā; described in VP. xii, 1 as having been founded by Satru-ghna; accord. to Kull. on Mn. ii, 19 it forms part of a district called Brahmarshi, belonging to Sūra-sena), AVParis.; Hariv.; Pur. &c. - kāṇḍa, n. -guhya-varnaṇa, n., -campū, f., -tīrtha-māhātmya, n. N. of wks. -dāsa, m. N. of the author of the drama Vrishabhanuja. - nataka, n. N. of a drama. - natha (also ora-no), m. 'lord of Mathura,' N. of Krishna, Pañcar.; N. of various men and authors (also with sukla, cakravartinand tarka-vāg-īša); -jāti-mālā, f. N. of wk.; -rāya, m. N. of a man, Cat.; othīya, n. N. of wk. — mahiman, m., -māhātmya, n., -māhātmyasamgraha, m., -setu, m. N. of wks. Mathurêsa, m. 'lord of Mathura,' N. of Krishna, L.; of various authors (also with vidyalamkara), Cat.

Mathurā, f. = $mathur\bar{a}$ above, L. मद्भ 1. mad, base of the first pers. pron. in the sg. number (esp. in comp.) - artha, m. my purpose; (am), ind. for the sake of me, Bhag. - deha, m. my body, ib. - bandhana-samudbhava, mfn. caused by the binding of me i.e. by my bondage, ib. - bhakta, mfn. devoted to me, ib. - bhāva, m. my essence, ib. - \sqrt{bhu}, P. -bhavati, to become I, ib. - vacana, n. my word, my order; $(\bar{a}t)$, ind. in my name, from me, ib. - 1. -vat, ind. (for 2. see p. 779, col. 2) like me, Kathās. — vargīņa or -vargīya or -vargya, mfn. belonging to my class or party, connected with or related to me, Siddh. -vidha, mfu. like me, equal to me, of my sort or kind, MBh.; Kāv.; Pur. - viyoga, m. separation from me, Bhag. - vihīna, mfn. separated from me, ib.

Mac, in comp. for 1. mad. — citta, mfn. having the mind (fixed) on me, thinking of me, Bhag. — charira $(mad + iar^{\circ})$, n. my body, ib.

Mat, in comp. for I. mad. — krita (mát-), mfn. done by me, RV.; MBh. — tara, mfn., compar., Pān. vii, 2, 98, Sch. — para, —parama or —parâ—yaṇa, mfn. devoted to me, Bhag. — putra, m. the son of me, my son, MW. — pūrva, mfn. one who has lived before me, MārkP.; m. my elder brother, R. — prasūta, mfn. produced from me, MW. — sakāše, ind. in my presence, ib. — sakhi (mát-), m. my companion, my friend, RV. — saṃsthā, f. union with me, Bhag. — saṃdeša, m. news or tidings of me, ib. — samastham, ind. in my sight or presence, ib. — samastva or —sādrišya, n. likeness or resemblance of me, ib.

2. Matka, mfn. (for 1. see p. 776, col. 2) mine, my, Bālar.; Bhatt.

Madīya, mfn. my, my own, belonging to me, MBh.; Kāv. &c.

I. Madya (for 2. see p. 779, col. 1), Nom. P. vati, Pān. vii, 2, 98, Sch.

Madrik, ind. (fr. next) to me, towards me, RV. Madryaño, mfn. directed towards me, RV.; (àk), ind. towards me, ib. (cf. asmadryaño).

Madryadrik, ind. = madrik.

Man, in comp. for I. mad. — manasa, $mf(\bar{a})n$. thinking of me, PārGr. — maya, $mf(\bar{i})n$. consisting

of or proceeding from me, full of me, like me, Bhag.; Hariv.

H € 2. mad (cf. √mand), cl. 4. P. (Dhātup. xxvi, 99) mådyati (ep. also ote; Ved. also I. P. A. madati, 'te; 3. P. mamatti, 'ttu, mama-dat, amamaduh; Ved. Impv. matsi, 'sva; pf. mamāda; 201. amādishuḥ, amatsuḥ, amatta; Subj. mátsati, osat; fut. maditā, madishyati, Gr.; Ved. inf. maditos), to rejoice, be glad, exult, delight or revel in (instr., gen., loc., rarely acc.), be drunk (also fig.) with (instr.), RV. &c. &c.; to enjoy heavenly bliss (said of gods and deceased ancestors), RV.; TBr.; to boil, bubble (as water), RV.; TS.; SBr.; Hariv.: to gladden, exhilarate, intoxicate, animate, inspire, RV.: Caus. madayati, te (Dhatup. xxxiii, 31, xix, 54; aor. ámīmadat or amamadat; Ved. inf. mādayddhyai), to gladden, delight, satisfy, exhilarate, intoxicate, inflame, inspire, RV. &c. &c.; (A.) to be glad, rejoice, be pleased or happy or at ease, RV.; VS.; Kaus.; (A.) to enjoy heavenly bliss, RV.; TBr.; BhP.: Desid. mimadishati, Gr.: Intens. māmadyate, māmatti, ib. [Perhaps orig. 'to be moist;' cf. Gk. μαδάω; Lat. madere.]

Mattá, mfn. excited with joy, overjoyed, delighted, drunk, intoxicated (lit. and fig.), AV. &c. &c.; excited by sexual passion or desire, in rut, ruttish (as an elephant), MBh.; R. &c.; furious, mad, insane, ib.; m. a buffalo, L.; the Indian cuckoo, L.; a drunkard, L.; a ruttish or furious elephant, L.; a madman, L.; a thorn-apple, L.; N. of a Rākshasa, R.; (\bar{a}) , f. any intoxicating drink, spirituous or vinous liquor, L.; N. of a metre, Col. [cf. Lat. mattus, drunk]. - kāla, m. N. of a king of Lāta. Das. - kāsinī, f. 'appearing intoxicated,' a bewitching or wanton woman (esp. used in address), MBh.; Kāv. &c. (also written -kāsinī or -kāshinī). -kīsa, m. an elephant, L. -gāminī, f. 'having the gait of an elephant in rut,' a woman with a rolling walk, a bewitching or wanton woman, L. - dantin. m. a furious or ruttish elo, W. - nāga, m. id., L.; N. of an author, Cat. - mayura, m. a peacock intoxicated with joy or passion, L.; m. N. of a man, L.; pl. = next, Nilak.; n. a kind of metre, Col. - mayuraka, m. pl. N. of a warrior-tribe, MBh. - mātamga-līlākara, m. or n. (?) N. of a metre, Col. - vān-mauna-mūlikā, f. N. of wk. - vārana, m. = -dantin, Vas. (-vikrama, mfn. having the might of a mad elephant, Ml.); m. or n. = mattalamba, L.; n. a turret, pinnacle, pavilion, Vās.; a peg or bracket projecting from a wall, L.; a bedstead, L. - vāraņīya, mfn. attached to the turret (of a car), Balar. - vilasini, f. N. of a metre, L. - hastin, m. = -dantin, Mālav. Mattakrīdā, f. N. of a metre, Col. Mattalamba, m. a fence or hedge round the house of a rich man, L. Mattebha, m. = matta-dantin; -kumbha-parināhin, mfn. round as the frontal globes of an elephant in rut, Pañcat.; -gamanā, f. = matta-gāminī, L.; -vikrīdita, n. N. of a metre, L.; obhāsya (?), n. N.

Mattaka, mfn. somewhat drunk or intoxicated, MW.; somewhat proud or overbearing, Hariv.; m. N. of a Brāhman, Rājat. vi, 339 (perhaps sumanomo in one word).

Máda, m. hilarity, rapture, excitement, inspiration, intoxication, RV. &c. &c.; (du. with madasya. N. of 2 Samans, ArshBr.); ardent passion for (comp.), MBh.; (ifc. f. ā) sexual desire or enjoyment, wantonness, lust, ruttishness, rut (esp. of an elephant), MBh.; Kav. &c.; (ifc. f. a), pride, arrogance, presumption. conceit of or about (gen. or comp.), ib.; any exhilarating or intoxicating drink, spirituous liquor, wine, Soma, RV. &c. &c.; honey, Ragh.; the fluid or juice that exudes from a rutting elephant's temples. MBh.; Kāv. &c.; semen virile, L.; musk, L.; any beautiful object, L.; a river, L.; N. of the 7th astrol. mansion, Var.; Intoxication or Insanity personified (as a monster created by Cyavana), MBh.; N. of a son of Brahmā, VP.; of a Dānava, Hariv.; of a servant of Siva, BhP.; (i), f. any agricultural implement (as a plough &c.), L.; n. N. of 2 Samans, ArshBr. - kara, $mf(\tilde{i})n$. causing intoxication, intoxicating, Susr. - karin, m. an elephant in rut. Rajat. - kala, mfn. sounding or singing softly or indistinctly (as if intoxicated), MBh.; Kav.; drunk, intoxicated (with liquor or passion), ruttish, furious, mad, Kālid.; m. an elephant, L.; -kokilakūjita, n. the warbling of Kokilas during the breeding season, Vikr.; -yuvati, f. a young woman in-