m., -vinoda, m., -viveka, m., -saṃskāra, m., -sûkta, n., -setu, m. N. of wks.

Dīkshitá, mf(ī, GopBr. i, 5, 24)n. consecrated, initiated into (dat., loc., instr., or comp.) AV.; TS.; Br.; SrS.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; prepared, ready for (dat., instr. or comp.), MBh., R. (otam-\sqrt{kri}, to initiate, instruct, Kathās. xx, 198); performed (as the Dīkshā ceremony), W.; m. a priest engaged in a D° (-tva, n. Jaim.); a pupil of (affixed, and rarely prefixed to the N. of a teacher, and given as a N. to a Brahman to denote his being a pupil of that to, e.g. Bhattoji-, Sam-kara-; sometimes the teacher's N. is dropped and Do is used alone). - dhundhi-rāja, m., -bāla-krishna, m., -yajñadatta, m. N. of men, Cat. - vasana, n. the garment of an initiated person, SBr. - vādá, m. the statement that a person is initiated, TS. - vimitá, n. a temporary dwelling for a person about to be initiated, Kāth. xiii, 1; AitBr. 1, 3 (cf. prācīna-vaņša). - vrata, n. the vow of an initiated person, KātySr. iv, 6, 13. - sāmarāja, m. N. of the author of Dhurta-nartaka. Dikshitave**dana**, n. = ${}^{\circ}ta$ - $v\bar{a}da$, Vait. xi, 12.

Dīkshitāyanī, f. N. of the wife of Dīkshitayajñadatta, L. otīya, mfn. written by a Dīkshita; n. N. of such a work.

Dīkshitṛi, m. a consecrator, Pāṇ. iii, 2, 153. **Dīkshin,** mfn. (ifc.) one who has been initiated (cf. gaṇa-).

होदी dīdī or dīdi. See $\sqrt{2}$. dī.

रोधो 1. $d\bar{\imath}dh\bar{\imath}$ (connected with $\sqrt{2}$. $d\bar{\imath}$), cl. 2. \bar{A} . $d\bar{\imath}dh\bar{\imath}te$, to shine, be bright, Dhātup.xxiv, 68; P. $dd\bar{\imath}dhet$, 3. pl. $ad\bar{\imath}dhayur$, to appear as, resemble (nom.), RV. v, 40, 5; x, 98, 7.

1. Dīdhiti, f. brightness, splendour, light, a ray, Naigh.i,5; MBh.; Kālid. &c.; majesty, power, Bhartr. ii, 2; N. of wks., esp. ifc. — prakāša, m., -pratyaksha-tīkā, f., -māthurī, f., N. of Comms. — mat, mfn. having splendour, shining, brilliant, SānkhGr. vi, 3; m. the sun, Kum. ii, 2; vii, 10; N. of a Muni, Kathās. lix, 93. — raudrī, f., -vyā-khyā, f. N. of wks.

civi 2. dīdhī (cf. $\sqrt{1}$. dhī and \sqrt{dhyai}), cl. 2. A. didhīte, 1. sg. dīdhye (RV. v, 33, 1), p. Pres. dīdhyat (RV. ii, 20, 1) and dīdhyāna (RV., often with manasā) to perceive, think, be intent upon; to wish, desire. 2. Dīdhiti, f. religious reflection, devotion, inspiration, RV. i, 186, 11 &c.

दौन $din\acute{a}$, mfn. See under $\sqrt{3}$. di.

gold coin or a certain weight of gold (variously stated as 2 Kāshṭhas, I Pala of 32 Rettis or the large Pala of 108 Suvarṇas), Pañc.; Rājat. iv; a gold ornament, L.; a seal, L. °raka, m., °rikā, f. (Hariv.), and dīnnāra, m. (Rājat.) id.

dīp, cl. 4. Ā. dīpyate (dīpyáte, TBr., dīpyati, MBh., pf. didīpe, Ragh. v, 47; fut. dīpishyate, dīpitā; aor. adīpi, adīpishţa, inf. dīpitum, Pāņ. vii, 2, 8, Sch.; iii, 1, 61) to blaze, flare, shine, be luminous or illustrious, AV.; Br.; Mn.; MBh.; Kālid. &c.; glow, burn (also with anger, Bhaṭṭ.): Caus. dīpáyati, te, aor. adīdīpat or adidīpat (Pāṇ. vii, 4, 3) to kindle, set on fire, inflame, TāṇḍyaBr. xvi, 1; ĀśvGr. iv, 6; Kauš. 60 &c.; illuminate, make illustrious, MBh.; Hariv. &c.; excite, rouse, ib.: Desid. didīpishate: Intens. dedīpyate, to blaze fiercely, shine intensely, be very bright, MBh.; BhP.; p. dedīpyantī, MBh.vii, 8138.

Dīpa, m. a light, lamp, lantern, AsvGr.; Mn.; MBh. &c. - karpūra-ja, m. a kind of camphor, Gal. - kalikā, f. N. of a Comm. on Yājā. - kitta. n. lamp-black, soot, L. - kūpī, f., -khorī, f. the wick of a lo, L. - m-kara, m. 'light-causer,' N. of a mythical Buddha, MWB. 136; -jñāna, m. having the knowledge of a Bo, N. of a man, Buddh. -da, mfn. one who gives a lamp, Mn. iv, 229. -dana, n. 'giving light,' N. of a ch. of the PSarv.; -paddhati, f., -ratna, n., -vidhi, m. N. of wks. - dhvaja, m. 'lamp-sign, 'soot, L. - pādapa, m. 'lotree, 'a candlestick, L. - pushpa, m.'1°-flower,' Michelia Campaka, L. - pūjā, f., -vidhāna, n., -prakāsa, m. N.ofwks. - bhājana, n. 'light-receptacle,' alamp, Ragh. xix, 51. - mallī, f.a lo, Gal. - mālā, f. a row of los, an illumination, MBh. xiii, 4727; Caurap. 18. - mālikā, f. id.; N. of wk.; °kôtsava, m. 'the feast of lights,' N. of the 125th ch. of the BhavP. ii. - māhātmya, n. 'the glory of the festival of lights,'

N. of a ch. of the BhavP. i. - vat, mfn. containing lights,' illuminating; (\tilde{i}) , f. N. of a river, KälP. - varti, f. the wick of a lamp, Das. - vidhana, n., -vidhi, m. N. of wks. - vriksha, m. = $-p\bar{a}$ dapa; lantern, light, MBh.; R.; Pinus Longifolia or Devadaru, L. - vyākaraņa, n. N. of wk. - satru, m. 'lamp-foe,' a moth, L. - sikhā, f. the flame of a lo, Kathas. xviii, 77; the point of a shining body, Lil. 95; 1°-black, soot, L.; °khôpanishad, f. N. of an Up. - srinkhalā, f. a row of lamps, L. – śrāddha-vidhi, m., -sāra, m., -stambhadevatā-pūjā, f. N. of wks. Dīpânkura, m. the flame or light of a lo, Bhartr. iii, 81. Dîpânvitā, f. (sc. tithi) 'furnished with los,' N. of the Diwāli festival, BhavP. Dīpārādhana, n. worshipping an idol by waving a lo before it, MW. Dīpâlī, f. 'a row of los,' a festival with illuminations on the day of new moon in the month Asvina or Karttika (Diwālī), RTL. 432; °lika-kalpa, m. N. of wk. Dîpâloka, m. lamp-light, a burning lo or torch, SārngP. Dīpāvali, f. a row of lights, nocturnal illumination, BhP. iv, 21, 4, also = dīpālī; valīprayoga, m. N. of wk. Dīpāsura, m. N. of an Asura, Vīrac. xvi. Dīpôcchishţa, n. '1°-sediment, soot. **Dīpôtsava**, m. a festival of lights, BhavP.

Dīpaka, mfn. kindling, inflaming, illuminating, Pañc. iii, 27, 222; exciting, stimulating (digestion), Sušr.; skilful in managing a lamp (g. ākarshādi); m. a light, lamp, Hariv., Bhartr., BhP.; the shining body, Līlāv.; N. of two plants having digestive properties, Ptychotis Ajowan or Celosia cristata, L.; a bird of prey, L.; (in music) N. of a Rāga; a kind of measure; N. of Kama (the inflamer), L.; of a son of Garuda (MBh. v, 3596) &c.; m. or n. saffron, L.; (ikā), f. a light, lamp, lantern, Hariv.; Kav. &c.; moonlight, W.; 'illustrator' or 'illustration' at the end of titles of books (cf. kula-, gūdhârtha-, trailokya-) and also alone, N. of wks. (see below); Ptychotis Ajowan or the root of Calmus, L.; (in music) N. of a Rāgiņī; n. a partic. class of rhet. figures (throwing light upon an idea), Sah.; Kuval.; N. of a metre. - mālā, f. N. of a metre. - vyākaraņa, n. N. of wk.

Dīpana, $mf(\bar{i})$ n. kindling, inflaming, setting on fire, MBh.; Hariv.; Kālid.; digestive, stimulating (cf. agni- and anala-), Susr.; m. N. of certain digestive plants (= mayūra-sikhā, sālincasāka or kāsa-marda), L.; an onion, L.; (ī), f. Trigonella Fænum Græcum, Bhpr.; Ptychotis Ajowan; Clypea Hernandifolia, L.; a mystical formula described in the Tantra-sāra; (in music) a kind of composition; N. of a female attendant of Devi, W.; n. the act of kindling &c., R.; Pañc.; Das.; promoting digestion, Susr.; a digestive or tonic, Susr.; the root of Tabernæmontana Coronaria (cf. dina), L.; a partic. process to which minerals are subjected, Sarvad.; a partic. procedure with a magic formula, ib. Dīpanīya, mfn. to be kindled or lighted or excited or stimulated; relating to tonic medicines; promoting digestion, Susr.; Car.; m. Ptychotis Ajowan, L.; n. a digestive, Susr. Dīpayat, mfn. illuminating, inflaming, W.

Dīpikā, f. of dīpaka, q.v. — ṭīkā, f. N. of a Comm. — taila, n. the oil of Ptychotis Ajowan, Sušr. — dhāriņī, f. a female lamp-carrier, Kād. — prakāša, m., 'šikā, f., -vivaraņa, n., -vyā-khyā, f. N. of Comms.

Dīpita, mfn. set on fire, inflamed, excited, illuminated, manifested, MBh.; R. &c. **Dīpitṛi**, m. an illuminator, enlightener, Pāṇ. iii, 2, 153.

Dīpin, mfn. kindling, inflaming, exciting (ifc. Kathās. lxxxii, 29); (inī), f. a mystical formula (cf. dīpana, f.).

Dīpta, mfn. blazing, flaming, hot, shining, bright, brilliant, splendid; MundUp. ii, I, I; MBh., R. &c.; excited, agitated (krodha-, MBh. v, 7207); (in augury) exposed to the sun (also aditya-, MBh. iii, 15669); being on the wrong side, inauspicious (opp. to santa), Hariv., Susr., VarBrS.; clear, shrill (?applied to the inauspicious voice of an animal and opp. to purna), VarBrS. lxxxviii, 11; xci, 1; Susr.; m. a lion (from his bright colour), L.; the citron tree, L.; inflammation of the nose, Susr.; (\bar{a}) , f. Methonica Superba, L.; Cardiospermum Halicacabum, L.; = sātalā, L.; red arsenic, L.; (in music) a partic. tone; a partic. Šakti, Hcat. i, 5; n. Asa Fætida, L.; gold, L. - kirana, mfn. 'hot-rayed,' the sun, Mricch. viii, 23. - kīrti, mfn. 'brightfamed; N. of Skanda, MBh. iii, 14630. - ketu, m. 'bright-bannered,' N. of a king, MBh. i, 231; of a

son of Manu Daksha-savarni, BhP. viii, 13, 18. -jihvā, f. 'red-tongued,' a fox, L. -tapas, mfn. fervent in devotion, of glowing piety, BrahmaP. - tejas, mfn. radiant with glory, ib. - tva, n. flaming, shining, Sah. - nayana, m. 'having glittering eyes,'N. of an owl, Kathas. - pingala, m. 'bright and yellowish,' a lion, L. - pushpa, f. 'brightflowered,' Tragia Involucrata, L. - rasa, m. 'having a yellow liquid,' an earth-worm, L.; -tva, n. the predominance of fiery passions, Vam. iii, 2, 14. - rūpin, m. a partic. personification, Gaut. - roman, m. 'red-haired,' N. of one of the Visve Devas, MBh. xiii, 4356. - locana, m. 'having glittering eyes, a cat, L. -loha, n. the shining metal, brass. L. - varna, mfn. 'red-coloured,' N. of Skanda, MBh. iii. - vīrya, mfn. of fiery strength, MBh. i. 2915. - sakti, m. 'having a glittering spear,' N. of Skanda, ib. - sikha, mfn. 'bright-flamed' (fire), Kathās. lxxiii, m. N. of a Yaksha, ib. - svāmin, m. N. of the father of Sabara-svāmin, Cat. Dīptânsu, m. 'hot-rayed,' the sun. Dīptâksha, $mf(\bar{i})n$. having bright or glittering eyes, MBh. iii, 16138; m. a cat, L.; a peacock, W.; N. of an owl, Panc.; pl. N. of a people, MBh. v. Dīptagni, m. blazing fire, MBh. iii, 706; N. of Agastya, L. (cf. dahragni and satyagni); mfn. having the gastric fire well kindled, i.e. digesting well, Susr., Heat.; -tā, f. goodness of digestion, ib. Dīptânga, m. 'having a brilliant body,' a peacock, L. Dîptâtman, mfn. having a fiery nature, MBh.v, 7040. Dīptasya, mfn. 'having fiery jaws,' a serpent, ib. 7169. Dîptôda, n. 'having brilliant water,' N. of a Tirtha, MBh. iii, 8685. Dîptôpala, m. 'brilliant stone, the sun gem $(=s\bar{u}rya-k\bar{a}nta)$; a crystalline lens, L. **Diptaujas**, mfn. glowing with energy, VarBrS. xxxii, 15.

Dīptaka, m. or n. a kind of disease of the nose, L.; n. gold, L.

Dipti, f. brightness, light, splendour, beauty, SBr.; Mn. (cf. griha-)&c.; the flash-like flight of an arrow, L.; lac, L.; brass, L.; m. N. of one of the Visve Devās. — kara, $mf(\bar{a} \text{ or } \bar{i})$ n. irradiating, illuminating, MW. — ketu, m. N. of a son of Manu Daksha-sāvarņi (cf. dipta-), VP. — mat, mfn. bright, splendid, brilliant, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; m. N. of a son of Krishņa, Hit.; (\bar{i}), f. (in music) N. of a Sruti.

Dīptika, mfn. (ifc.) = dipti; m. a species of plant, L. °kêsvara-tīrtha (°kêsv°?), n. N. of a Tīrtha, ŠivaP.

Dīpya, mfn. to be kindled or inflamed or stimulated, W.; promoting digestion, L.; m. Celosia Cristata; Ptychotis Ajowan; cumin-seed, L.; n. white cumin-seed, L. Dīpyaka, m. a species of plant, Sušr.; m. Celosia Cristata, m. or n. Ptychotis Ajowan; n. Apium Involucratum, L.; n. a figure of rhetoric, L.

Dîpra, mfn. flaming, shining, radiant, Kathās. xxv, 135; m. fire, L.

दोघे dīrghá, mf(ā)n. (compar. drághīyas, superl. draghishtha [qq. vv.]; rarely dirghatara [Pañc. iv, $\frac{13}{14}$] and ctama [BhP. vii, 5, 44]) long (in space and time), lofty, high, tall; deep, RV.; AV.; Br. &c.; long (in prosody), Prāt., Mn. &c.; $(\acute{a}m)$ ind. long, for a long time (superl. atamam, BhP.iii, 1, 37); m. a long vowel, Gobh. ii, 8, 15, Kāty Śr. &c.; a camel, L.; Saccharum Sara; Shorea Robusta, = utkaṭa, rāma-sara &c. L.; a mystical N. of the letter a, Up.; the 5th or 6th or 7th or 8th sign of the zodiac, Jyot.; N. of a prince of Magadha, MBh. i, 4451; of Siva, MBh. xiii, 1158; (\tilde{a}) , f. an oblong tank (cf. oghika), R. v, 16, 27; a kind of plant = -pattrā, L.; a mystical N. of the letter n, Up.; n. a species of grass, L.; N. of a Saman, ArshBr. [Fr. \(\sqrt{dragh} \); cf. also Gr. δυλιχύς; Sl. dhugu.] - kaṇā, f. white cumin, L. - kanta, taka, m. 'long-thorned,' N. of a plant (= var vūra), L. - kantha, m. 'lo-necked,' N. of a Dānava, Har. (v. 1. -bāhu). - kanthaka, m. Ardea Nivea, L. - kandaka, n. 'having long bulbs, 'a kind of radish ($= m\bar{u}laka$); ($ik\tilde{a}$), f. Curculigo Orchioides (= mushalī), L. - kam-dharā, f = -kanthaka, L. - karna, m. 'l'-ear,' N. of a cat, Hit. - karshana, n. a sort of Svara, SamhUp., Pushpas. - kāṇḍa, m. 'having lo joints,' the root of Scirpus Kysoor, L.; (ā), f. a sort of creeper, L. - kāya, mfn. 'l°-bodied,' tall, MW. - kāla, m. a l° time, Mn. viii, 145, MBh.; -jīvin, mfn. l°-lived, MW. - kāshtha, n. a lo piece of timber, spar, beam, W. - kīla or olaka, m. 'lo-stemmed,' Alangium Hexapetalum (=ankota), L. - kūraka, n. 'lo