potter, Pat. on Pān.iv, 1, 14, Vārtt. 5 & 48, Vārtt. 8. Kaumbhakārya, as, m. = ${}^{\circ}k\bar{a}ri$, Pan.iv, I, I53,

Sch. (not in Kāš.)

Kaumbhāyana, mfn. fr. kumbha, gaņa pakshâdi.

Kaumbhāyani, mfn. fr. kumbhī, gana karnādi. Kaumbheyaka, mfn. fr. kumbhī, gaņa kattryādi.

Kaumbhya, mfn. (gana samkāšādi) put into a pot (ghrita), SāmavBr. ii, 2, 3 & 8, 4; (as), m. patr. of Babhru, TāṇḍyaBr. xv, 3, 13.

कोरम kaurama, as, m., N. of a man (v.l. °ruma), AV. xx, 127, I.

कौरपाण kaúrayāṇa, as, m.(fr.kur°?), patr. of Pāka-sthāman, RV. viii, 3, 21 (Nir. v, 25).

कार्य kaurava, mf(i)n. (=°vaka, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 130; ganas utsadi and kacchadi) relating or belonging to the Kurus, MBh.; VarBrS.; (kshetra= kuru-ksh°) Megh.; (as), m. patr. fr. Kuru, descendant of Kuru (generally used in pl.), MBh.; Hariv. &c. (ifc. f. a, MBh. i, 7961); (i), f. Trigonella fœnum græcum, Gal. - pandavīya, mfn. relating to the Kauravas and Pāṇḍavas, Pracāṇḍ.

Kauravaka, mfn. fr. kúru, Pāņ. iv, 2, 130; gana kacchâdi.

Kauravāyaņi, is, m. patr. fr. kúru, g. tikādi. Kauraveya, ās, m. the descendants of Kuru, MBh. i, 5689 f.; iii, 313 & 14744; iv, 1136.

Kauravyá, as, m. (gaṇas tikâdi and bhargâdi) patr. fr. Kuru, descendant of Kuru, AV. xx, 127, 8 (kaúravya); SBr. xii; SānkhSr.; MBh.&c.; N. of a Nāga (father of Ulūpi), MBh. i; (ās), m. pl. = pāṇḍavās, MBh.; N. of a people, MBh. vi, 362.

Kauravyāyaṇa, as, m. patr. fr. °vyá, descendant of Kauravya, Pravar.; (i), f. of kauravyá, Pān. iv, I, 19. Kaúravyāyanī-pútra, m. 'son of a female descendant of Kuru,' N. of a teacher, SBr. xiv, 8, 1, 1.

Kauravyāyani, is, m. patr. fr. °vyá, g. tikādi. Kaurukātya, as, m. patr. fr. kuru-kata, gaņa

Kaurukullaka, ās, m. pl. (fr. kuru-kullā), N. of a Buddhist school.

Kaurujangala or 'jangala, mfn. fr. kuru-

jangala, Pān. vii, 3, 25, Kās. Kaurupancāla, for pānc, SBr. xi, 4, 1, 2. Kaurupathi, is, m. patr. fr. kuru-patha, N.

of a Rishi, Kaus. Kaurupāncāla, mfn. (gana anusatikadi) belonging to the race of the Kurus and Pancalas, SBr. i,

कोरुम kauruma. See kaurama.

7, 2, 8.

कोपेर kaurpara, mfn. (fr. $k\bar{u}rp^{\circ}$), being at the elbow, Suir.

कौषि kaurpi, is, m. (borrowed fr. Gk. σκορπίος) the sign Scorpio, VarBr. i, 7 (v. l.) Kaurpya, as, m. id., ib.

कोमें kaurma, mfn. (fr. kūrma), relating or belonging or peculiar to a tortoise, Pañcat.; (as). m. (scil. avatāra) the Avatāra of Vishņu as a tortoise, BhP. xi, 4, 18; N. of a great period or Kalpa (the day of full moon of Brahmā); (am), n. (scil. āsana) a particular manner of being seated, NārP.; (scil. purana) N. of a Purana (on the subject of Vishņu's descent as a tortoise), Sarvad. Kaurmôpapurāņa, n., N. of an Upa-purāņa.

कौवेत kaurvata, mfn. fr. kurvat, Pāņ. iii, 2, 124, Vārtt. 3, Pat.

कोल kaula, $mf(\bar{\imath})n$. (fr. $k\acute{u}la$), relating or belonging to a family, extending over a whole family or race, R. iv, 28, 9; heritable in a family, BhP. xii, 3, 36; sprung from a noble family, L.; belonging or particular to the Kaulas, Kularn.; (as), m. a worshipper of Sakti accord. to the left-hand ritual, ib.; a kind of weight (kola), Gal.; (i), f. noble descent, VarYogay.; (am), n. the doctrine and practices of the left-hand Saktas, Kulârn. - marga, m. (= kul^) the doctrine of the Kaulas, Tantr. - rahasya, n. 'esoteric doctrine of the Kaulas,' N. of a work. -vrata, n. living accord. to the traditional rule of a family. Kaularcana-dīpikā, f., N. of a work. Kaulavaliya, n., N. of a Tantra, Tantras. Kau-

Kaumbhakāreya, as, m. the son of a female | lêsa-bhairavī, f. a form of Durgā, ib. Kaulêšvara, m. (with Šāktas) N. of an author of Mantras, Tantr. Kaulôpanishad, f., N. of an Up.

Kaulakeya, mfn. sprung from a noble family, L.; (as), m. for kaulateya, q. v., L.

Kaulattha, $mf(\bar{i}, P\bar{a}n. iv, 4, 4)n. (fr. <math>kul^{\circ}$), made or prepared with Dolichos uniflorus, Suir.; (am), n. a drink prepared with Kulattha, ib.

Kaulatthīna, mfn. sown with Dolichos uniflorus (as a field), Pāņ. v, 2, 1, Kās.

Kaulapata, mf(i)n. fr. kula-pati, gaņa asvapaty-ādi.

Kaulapatya, am, n. (fr. kula-pati), the state of the head of a family, R. vii, 59, 2, 38 f. & 47.

Kaulaputra, am, n. (fr. $kula-p^{\circ}$), the state of a son of a good family, Hear.

Kaulaputraka, am, n. id., gana manojñadi. Kaulika, mfn. belonging to a family or race, ancestral, customary or heritable in a family, W.; (as), m. a weaver, VarBrS. lxxxvii, 20; Pañcat.; a follower of the left-hand Sakta ritual, Kulârn.; Tantras.; (hence) a heretic, L. -tantra, n., N. of a Tantra, Tantras.

Kaulīna, $mf(\bar{a})n$. belonging or peculiar to a noble family, R. v, 87, 12; (as), m. a follower of the left-hand Sākta ritual, W.; (=kaulakeya) the son of a female beggar, W.; $(\bar{a}s)$, m. pl. the pupils of Kaulīni, Pān. iv, 1, 90, Vārtt. 4, Pat.; (am), n. rumour, report, evil report, detraction, Sak.; Ragh. xiv, 36 &84; Megh.; Kathās. (ifc. f. \bar{a}); family scandal, W.; disgraceful or improper act, Kad.; high birth (fr. kulīna), Kathās. lii, 182(?); combat of animals or birds or snakes &c., cock-fighting &c., gambling by setting animals to fight together, L.; the pudenda, privities (for kaupīna?), L.

Kaulīni, is, m. patr. fr. kulīna, Pāņ. iv, 1, 90, Vārtt. 4, Pat.

Kaulinya, am, n. high birth, nobility, Pañcat.; family honour, W.; family trouble or scandal, W.

Kauleya, mfn. sprung from a noble family, Comm. on L.; of the left-hand Sakta sect, W.; (as), m. 'a domestic animal,' i.e. 'a dog,' see -kutumbinī. - kuṭumbinī, f. 'a dog's wife,' bitch, Kād.

Kauleyaka, mfn. sprung from a noble family, Pāņ. iv, 1, 140; pertaining to a family, W.; (as), m. (Pān. iv, 2, 96) 'domestic animal' (or 'of good breed'?), a dog (esp. a hunting dog), Kad.; Hear.

Kaulya, mfn. sprung from a noble family, Comm. on L.; of the left-hand Sakta sect, W.; (am), n. noble descent, MBh. v, 1240.

कालक kaulaka, mfn. fr. kūla, gaņa dhūmadi. Kaulakavatí, nom. du. m. (fr. kúla and āvát?), N. of two Rishis, MaitrS. ii, 1, 3.

Kaulaki, is, m. patr., Pravar. Kauli, is, m. (Pāņ. Siddh.) patr., Pravar.

कोलकेय kaulakeya. See kaula.

कोलिटिनेय kaulațineya, as, ī, m. f. (fr. kulata, the son or daughter of a female beggar (or of

a disloyal wife, L.), Pāņ. iv, I, 127, Kāš. Kaulateya, as, ī, m. f. id., ib.

Kaulațera, as, \bar{a} , m. f. the son or daughter of a disloyal wife, ib.; of a female beggar, Comm. on L.

कौलन्य kaulattha, &c. See kaula.

कौलब kautaha, as, m., N. of the third Karana or astronomical period, VarBrS. ic, 4 & 6.

Kaulava, as, m. id., Koshthipr. Kaulavarnava, m., N. of a Tantra.

कोलाल $kaul\bar{a}l\acute{a}, as, m.$ (Ved. $= k\acute{u}l^{\circ}, P\bar{a}n$. v, 4, 36, Vārtt. 1) a potter ['the son of a potter,' Comm.], VS. xxx, 7; (am), n. (fr. kill), potter's ware, pottery, AsvGr. iv, 3, 19. - cakrá, n. a potter's wheel, SBr. xi, 8, 1, 1.

Kaulālaka, am, n. anything made by a potter, earthenware, porcelain, Pan. iv, 3, 118.

कौलास kaulāsa, mfn. fr. kūlo, gaņa samkalâdi.

कोलि kauli. See kaulaka.

कौलिक kaulika. See kaula.

कोलितर kaulitará, mfn.? (said of the demon Sambara), RV. iv, 30, 14.

कालिन्द kaulinda, ās, m. pl., N. of a peo-

ple, VarBrS. (v. 1. for kauninda); (as), m. a prince of that people, iv, 24.

कौलिशायनि kaulisāyani, mfn. fr. kuliša,

Kaulišika, $mf(\bar{i})n$. resembling a thunderbolt, gaņa anguly-ādi.

कौलीक $kaulik\acute{a}$, as, m. ($=kulik\bar{a}$) a kind of bird, VS. xxiv, 24; MaitrS. iii, 14, 5.

कॉलीन kaulina, &c. See kaula.

कौलौरा kaulīrā, f. (fr. kulīra), N. of a plant (= karkata-sringi), L.

कौलूत kaulūta, ās, m. pl., N. of a people, VarBrS. x, 11; (as), m. a prince of that people (v. l. °lūbha), Mudr.; (mfn.) fr. kul°, g. kacchâdi (vv. ll. °lūtara, °lūna [Kāš.] & ulūpa [Gaņar. 327, Sch.]).

Kaulūtara, °lūna. See °lūta.

कौलेय kauleya, °leyaka. See kaula.

कौल्मलबहिष kaulmalabarhisha, am, n., N. of several Samans (called after kulmala-bo), Tandya-Br. xv, 3, 20; Lāty. iv, 5, 26 & vii, 2, 1; 13 & 15.

कौल्माधिक $kaulm\bar{a}shika$, $mf(\bar{i})n$. (fr. kul $m\bar{a}sha) = kulm\bar{a}she s\bar{a}dhu, gaņa guḍādi.$

Kaulmāshī, f. a day of full moon on which Kulmāsha is eaten, Pāņ. v. 2, 83.

Kaulmāshīņa, $mf(\bar{a})n$. sown with or fit for Kulmāsha (as a field), Comm. on L.

कोल्प kaulya. See kaula.

कावल kauvala, am, n. (=kuv°) the jujube, Pat. on Pān. iv, 3, 140, Vārtt. 1 & 156, Vārtt. 3.

कौविदाये kauvidārya, mfn. fr. ko-vidāra, gana *pragady-ādi*.

कोविन्दी kauvindī, f. (fr. kuvinda), the wife of a weaver, SkandaP.

कौश 1. kaus \acute{a} , $\mathrm{mf}(\ddot{\imath})$ n. \mathbf{made} of Kus \ddot{a} grass, $\dot{S}Br. v$; $K\bar{a}ty\dot{S}r.$; $\dot{S}\bar{a}\dot{n}kh\dot{S}r.$; MBh.; (as), m. = kuša-dvīpa, VP.; (am), n. (scil. nagara) 'the town of Kuša,' N. of Kānyakubja, L. Kaušâmbhas, n. water in which Kusa grass has been boiled, Devîm.

I. Kausika, mfn. (fr. kušā or kuši), 'having paws,' an owl, Susr.; VarBrS.; Pañcat. &c.; an ichneumon, L.; (mfn.) coming from an owl, Susr. **- tā.** (${}^{\circ}k\dot{a}$ -), f. the state of being kept together by two pins (and 'the state of being Sūrya [see 3. kausika]),' TBr. i, 5, 10, 2. - 1. -tvá, n. id., MaitrS. iv, 5, 7. Kausikânguli, m. 'having paws like an owl,' N. of a teacher, Pravar. Kausikarāti, m. 'enemy of owls,' a crow, L. Kausikari, m. id., L. Kausiky-oja, m. 'abode of owls' (oja = ojas), N. of a tree $(= \dot{s}akhota)$, L.

Kaużya, mfn. made of Kusa grass, MBh.; (as), m. patr. fr. Kuša (=kańshya), SBr. x, 5, 5, 1, Sch.

কীয়া 2. kauša, mfn. (fr. kóša), silken, BhP. iii, 4, 7; Buddh. L.

Rausakī, f. (for osikī?), N. of one of the eight A-kulas, Kulârn.

2. Kausika, mfn. forming a receptacle (as a wound; see koša-vat), Bhpr. vi, 35 (v. l. kaushthika); sheathed (a sword), MBh. iii, 11461; silken, MBh. iii; (as), m. one who is versed in dictionaries, L.; a lexicographer, L.; one who catches snakes, L.; the fragrant substance bdellium, L.; marrow, L.; a kind of seed, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. a drinking-vessel (v. l. košikā), L.; (i), f., N. of a goddess sprung from the body of Pārvatī, MārkP. lxxxv, 40; KālP.; DeviP.; (am), n. silk, silk cloth, Yājñ. i, 186; MBh. xiii, 5502; a silk garment, BhP. x, 83, 28. Kausi-kāra. See koša-kāra.

Kausī-dhānya, am, n. = $kosa-dh^{\circ}$, q. v., Baudh.

(Comm. on KātyŠr. ii, 1, 10). Kauseya, mfn. silken, MBh. &c.; (am), n. silk,

silk cloth, silk petticoat or trowsers, a woman's lower garments of silk, Pān. iv, 3, 42; Mn.; Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; N. of a locality, Romakas.

Kauseyaka, am, n. silk cloth, VarBrS. xxvii, 27. कौ शल kausala, n.(fr. kuso; g. yuvadi) wellbeing, welfare, good fortune, prosperity, MBh. iv, 486; BhP.; skilfulness, cleverness, experience (with loc. or ifc.), Sušr.; Mricch.; Pañcat. &c.; (i), f. friendly inquiry, greeting, salutation, L.; a respectful present, Nazr, L.; (see also kausala.)

Kausali, is, m. metron. fr. kušalā, g. bāhv-ādi.