प्रविचिन् pra-vi- $\sqrt{cint}$ , P. -cintayati, to think about, reflect upon (acc.), MBh.; R. °vicintaka, mfn. reflecting beforehand, foreseeing, Hariv.

प्रविचेतन pra-vicetana, n. ( $\sqrt{4}$ . cit) comprehending, understanding, Hariv.

प्रविचेष्ट् pra-vi-√cesht, Ā. -ceshtate, to rove about, Veṇīs.

মবিন  $pra-\sqrt{vij}$  (only A. 3. pl. pf. -vivijre), to rush forth, RV. x, 111, 9: Caus. -vejayati, to drive away, MBh. °vikta (prd-), mfn. trembling, quaking, RV. °vejita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) hurled, thrown, shot off, MBh.

प्रविजय pra-vijaya, m. pl. N. of a people, MārkP.

प्रविज्ञ pra-vi-jahya, mfn. (fr. √jah; ef. pra-vi-√3. hā) to be given up or abandoned, L.

प्रविज्ञास pra-vi- \( jrimbh, A.-jrimbhate, to open or expand (intr.), appear in full vigour or splendour, Bālar.

মবিরা  $pra-vi-\sqrt{jna}$ , P. -janati, to know in detail or accurately, Susr.

प्रवितत pra-vi-tata, mfn. ( $\sqrt{tan}$ ) spread out, expanded, wide, Hariv.; Kāv. &c.; undertaken, begun, MBh.; arranged, Kathās.; dishevelled, W.

प्रवितंत्र pra-vi-tapta, mfn. ( $\sqrt{tap}$ ) scorched up, pained with heat, Kām.

understand, RV.; AV.; MBh.: Caus. -vedayati, °te, to make known, communicate, relate, TUp.; MBh.; (P.) to know or understand right, MundUp. °vid, f. knowledge, science, RV. (cf. Pān. iii, 2, 61). °vidvás, mfn. knowing, wise, RV.; AV.; TBr. °vettri, m. a knower, R. °veda, m. (see á-praveda); -krit, mfn. (prob.) making known, AV. °vedana, n. making known, proclaiming, Pān. iii, 3, 153. °vedin, mfn. knowing well or accurately, Mn.ix, 267. °vedya, mfn. to be made known, MBh.

प्रावद pra- $\sqrt{3}$ . vid, P. A. -vindati, ote, to find, find out, invent, RV.; to anticipate, SBr.: Intens. -vevidīti, to attain, partake of (acc.), RV.

प्रविदलन pra-vidalana, n. pounding, crushing, Mcar.

प्रविदार  $pra-vi-d\bar{a}ra$ , m.  $(\sqrt{dri})$  bursting asunder, Var. °vidāraņa, n. (fr. Caus.) causing to burst asunder, L.; war, battle, L.; tumult, crowd, L.

प्रविदित्सु pra-vi-ditsu, mfn. (fr. Desid. of  $\sqrt{1. d\bar{a}}$ ) wishing to perform, Harav. (w. r. for -dhitsu?).

मिन्द्रह  $pra-vi-\sqrt{duh}$  (only P. 3. pl. pr. -du-hanti), to milk or drain out completely (fig.), RV. मिन्द्र pra-viddha. See  $pra-\sqrt{vyadh}$ .

प्रविद्धत pra-vi-druta,  $mfn.(\sqrt{dru})$  running or flowing asunder, scattered, dispersed, MBh.

मिंच्या pra-vi-√1. dhā, P. Ā. -dadhāti, -dhatte, to place apart, divide, Sušr.; (Ā.) to meditate, think upon, R.; Rājat.; to place in front, put at the head, pay attention to, Sukas. ovidhāna, n. a means employed, Vishņ.

प्रविध्वस्त pra-vi-dhvasta, mfn. ( $\sqrt{dhvans}$ ) thrown away, R.; tossed about, agitated, Hariv.

प्रविनञ्ज pra-vi-√2. nas (only Ā. 2.sg. fut. -nankshyase), to perish utterly, be destroyed, R. onashṭa, mfn. utterly destroyed, ib.

মবিনিখুন pra-vi-nir- $dh\bar{u}ta$ , mfn.  $(\sqrt{dh\bar{u}})$  thrown or flung away or towards or at, MBh.

म्बिपल pra-vipala, m. or n.(?) a partic. minute division of time, a small part of a Vipala, Siddhântas.

**知行** pra-vi-√bhaj, P. -bhajati, to separate, divide, distribute, apportion, PrašnUp.; Mn.; MBh. &c. °vibhakta, mfn. separated, divided, distributed &c., Mn.; MBh. &c.; one who has received his share, Mn. viii, 166; (ifc.) divided into or consisting of, Kull.; divided or distinguished by (instr. or comp.), Bhag.; Šaṃk.; variously situated, scattered, R.; -rašmi, mfn. having the rays distributed, distributing rays, Šak.

Pravibhaga, m. separation, division, distribution, classification, Mn.; MBh. &c.; a part, portion, Uttarar. — vat, mfn. having subdivisions, subdivided, MBh. — sas, ind. separately, singly, MBh.; Hcat.

ম্বিমাৰক pra-vibhāvaka, mfn.  $(\sqrt{bh\bar{u}})$  causing to appear, representing, Bhar.

দ্বিभिन्नpra-vi-bhinna, $mfn.(\sqrt{bhid})$ broken or torn off, wounded, R.

प्रविभुज्ञ pra-vi-√1. bhuj, P. -bhujati, to bend back, Sušr.

pfaga pra-vi-\(\sqrt{muc}\), P. A. -muñcati, ote, to set free, liberate, R.; to give up, relinquish, abandon, MBh.; Kathās. &c.: Pass. -mucyate, to be freed from or rid of (abl.), Sušr.

प्रविनुश pra-vi-\/mris(only ind. p.-mrisya, w. r. -mrishya), to think upon, ponder, reflect, de-liberate, MBh.; R.

प्रवियुत pra-vi-yuta, mfn. ( $\sqrt{2}$ . yu) completely filled, crammed, Nir. ix. 26.

प्राचर pravira, m. yellow sandal, L.

प्रविदत pra-vi-rata, mfn.  $(\sqrt{ram})$  one who has desisted from (abl.), Rājat.

ম্বিকে pra-virala,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . separated by a considerable interval, isolated, few, very rare or scanty, Var.; Ragh.; Kathās. &c.

प्रविष्ट pra-vi- $r\bar{u}dha$ ,  $mfn.(\sqrt{ruh})$  sprouted, grown, Divyâv.

प्रांवलभ्  $pra-vi-\sqrt{labh}$ ,  $\bar{A}$ . -labhate, to regain, recover, MBh. xiv, 1732 (prob. w.r. for  $prati-l^{\circ}$ ; B.  $vi-pra-l^{\circ}$ ).

pra-vi-√lamb, only pr. p. A.-lam-bamāna, hanging, suspended, Divyâv.: Caus. (ind. p.-lambya) to hang up, Pañcat. (v.l. prati-l°). vilambita, mfn. hanging forwards, projecting (ati-pra-vil°), Sušr.; n. loitering, delaying, ŠārṅgP. vilambin, mfn. projecting, prominent, Var.

प्रविलय pra-vilaya. See pra-vi-√lī.

प्रावलस् pra-vi-√las, P. -lasati, to shine forth brightly, BhP.; to appear in full strength or vigour, Git., Sch.

प्रविलंसन pravila-sena or pravilla-sena, m. N. of a prince, VP.

प्रविलापन pra- $vil\bar{a}pana$ &c. See pra-vi- $\sqrt{l\bar{\imath}}$ . प्रविलापिन pra- $vil\bar{a}pin$ , mfn.  $(\sqrt{lap})$  grieving, lamenting, Kathās.

pra-vi-  $\sqrt{li}$ ,  $\bar{A}$ . or Pass. -liyate (°ti), to become dissolved, melt or vanish away, MuṇḍUp.; MBh. &c.: Caus. -lāpayati, to cause to disappear or dissolve itself into (loc.), Śaṃk.; BhP., Sch.; to dissolve, melt (trans.), Suśr. °vilaya, m. melting, Suśr.; = next, Śaṃk. °vilayana, n. complete dissolution or absorption, Car. °vilāpana or °vilāpitatva, n. (fr. Caus.) complete absorption or annihilation, Śaṃk. °vilāpayitavya or °vilāpya, mfn. to be completely annihilated, ib.

प्रावित्रुप् pra-vi- $\sqrt{lup}$ , Caus. -lopayati, to give up, abandon, Kāv. ovilupta, mfn. cut away, removed, destroyed, vanished, gone, Kum.; Kathās.

प्रविलोक pra-vi- $\sqrt{lok}$ , P.-lokayati, to look forwards or about, R.; to perceive, notice, consider, Kathās.; (in astron.) to observe, Gol.

प्रविलोल pra-vilola, mfn. very unsteady, Caurap.

प्रविचिति pra-vi-vardhita, mfn. ( $\sqrt{vridh}$ ) very much increased, Rājat.

प्रविवाद pra-vivāda, m. altercation, quarrel, dispute, Vet.

प्रविचिक्ष pra-vivikshu. See under pra-√viš.

to test, examine, Cat. °vivikta, mfn. separate, solitary, lonely (loc. pl. 'in a solitude'), MBh.; R.; fine, delicate, SBr. &c. &c.; sharp, keen, MBh.; -cakshus, mfn. sharp-sighted, MBh.; -tā, f. keeping away from worldly objects or desires, Jātakam; -bhuj, mfn. eating delicate food, MāṇḍUp.; °tâhāra, mfn. id., SBr. °viveka, m. complete solitude, L.

प्रविवेषित pra-vi-vepita, mfn. ( \( \sqrt{vep}, \text{Caus.} \) caused to tremble, R.

प्रवित्रजिषु pra-vivrajishu and pra-vivrājayishu. See under pra-√vraj.

ম্বিস pra- vis, P. A.-visati, ote, to enter, go into, resort to (acc. or loc.), RV. &c. &c. (with agnim, agnau, madhyam agneh, vahnau, ot citayam, 'to ascend the funeral pyre;' with karnayoh, 'to come into the ears i.e. be heard;' with ātmani or cittam, 'to take possession of the heart;' in dram. 'to enter the stage'); to reach, attain, Sarvad.; to have sexual intercourse with (acc., applied to both sexes), MBh.; Susr.; to enter upon, undertake, commence, begin, devote one's self to (acc., rarely loc.), MBh.; Hariv.; R. &c. (with pindim or tarpanam, 'to accept or enjoy an oblation'); to enter into i.e. be absorbed or thrown into the shade by (acc.), Hariv. (with [svāni] angāni or gātrāni, 'to shrink, shrivel,'R.;Kathās.): Caus.-vešayati,"te, to cause or allow to enter, bring or lead or introduce to, usher into (acc. or loc.), AV. &c. &c. (without an object, 'to bring into one's house &c.,' esp. 'to bring on the stage'); to lead home as a wife, i.e. marry, MBh.; to lay or store up, deposit in, put or throw into (loc. or acc.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; to enter i.e. commit to paper, write down, Yājñ., Sch.; to initiate into (acc.), Prab.; to instil into (loc.) = teach, impart, Kathās.; to spend (money), Pañcat.; to enter, come or be brought into (acc.), Var.; BhP.: Desid. -vivikshati, to wish to enter into (acc.), MBh.; R. vivikshu, mfn. (fr. Desid.) wishing or being about to enter (acc.), MBh.; Kām.

Prá-vishţa, mfn. entered, R.; Ragh.; one who has entered or gone or come into, being in or among (loc., acc. or comp.; cf. madhya-prav°), RV. &c. &c. (in dram. 'one who has entered the stage'); sunk (as an eye), Sušr.; appeared or begun (as an age), Vet.; one who has entered upon or undertaken, occupied with, intent upon, engaged in (loc. or comp.) BhP.; Rājat.; initiated into (acc.), Prab.; agreeing with (loc.), MBh.; made use of, invested (as money), Yājñ.; Rājat.; (ā), f. N. of the mother of Paippalādi and Kaušika, Hariv. (prob. w.r. for sravishṭhā). vishṭaka, n. entering the stage (only kena, ind. in stage directions), Mṛicch.; Sak.; Pracanḍ. &c. vishṭakāya, Nom. Ā. yate, to appear in person, Kād.

**Pra-vesa,** m. (ifc. f.  $\vec{a}$ ) entering, entrance, penetration or intrusion into (loc., gen, with or without antar, or comp.), MBh.; Kāv. &c. (acc. with \( \section kri, to make one's entrance, enter); entrance on the stage, Hariv.; Mālav.; the entrance of the sun into a sign of the zodiac, Var.; coming or setting in (of night), L.; the placing (e.g. of any deposit) in a person's house or hand, Pañcat.; interfering with another's business, obtrusiveness, Kathās.; the entering into i.e. being contained in (loc.), Pān. ii, 1, 72, Sch.; Sāh.; employment, use, utilisation of (comp.), Kull.; Inscr.; income, revenue, tax, toll (cf. -bhāgika); intentness on an object, engaging closely in a pursuit or purpose, W.; manner, method, Lalit.; a place of entrance, door, MBh.; Kav. &c.; the syringe of an injection pipe, Susr.; -bhāgika, m. (prob.) a receiver or gatherer of taxes, Rajat. ovesaka, isc. = veša, entering, entrance, Kathās.; m. a kind of interlude (acted by some of the subordinate characters for the making known of what is supposed to have occurred between the acts or the introducing of what is about to follow), Kālid.; Ratnav.; Dasar.; Sāh. &c. (cf. vishkambhaka and IW. 473); N. of wk. vesana, n, entering, entrance or penetration into (loc., gen. or comp.), KātyŠr.; Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; sexual intercourse, ParGr.; a principal door or gate, L.; conducting or leading into (loc.), introduction, KātyŚr.; MBh. &c.; driving home (cattle), Gobh. ovesanīya, mfn. (fr. prec.), g. anupravacanādi. °veiayitavya, mfn. (fr. Caus.) to be introduced, Sak. (v.l.) ovesita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) caused to enter, brought or sent in, introduced, MBh.; Kav. &c.; thrown into (any condition, as sleep &c.), Ragh.; appointed, installed, BhP.; (a), f. impregnated, pregnant (darakam, 'with a boy'), Divyav.; n. causing to appear on the stage, BhP. ovesin, mfn. (ifc.) entering into, MBh.; having sexual intercourse with, Car.; (fr. veša), having an entrance accessible over or through (comp.), Hariv. ovesya, mfn. to be entered, accessible, open, MBh.; Hariv.; Sak.; to be played (as a musical instrument), Ragh.; to be let or conducted into,