√svid, Caus., to foment) until the dough swells, Sāmav-Br. Pishtada, mfn. eating flour, BhP. Pishtanna, n. food prepared from flour, Susr.; -dana, n. N. of wk. Pishtôdaka, n. water mixed with fo, MBh. Pishţôdvapanī, f. a partic. sacrificial vessel, L.

Pishtaka, m. a cake or anything made of flour, pastry, L.; a disease of the eyes, opacity of the cornea, Susr.; (ikā), f. a sort of grit, Bhpr.; Tamarindus Indica, L.; n. flour or meal, Subh.; pounded sesamum-seeds, L. - samkranti, f. N. of a partic. festival, W.

Pishțāta and otaka, m. perfumed powder or dust (which the Hindus sprinkle over each other at the Holl or spring festival), Ratnav.; Kad.; Rajat. (cf. RTL, 430).

Pishți, f. powder, Rasêndrac.

Pishtika, n. a cake made of rice flour, L.

Pishtī, f. flour, meal, Bhpr. - rasa, m. a partic. medicinal preparation, Rasêndrac.

Pishţī-√kṛi, to grind down, Nīlak.

Pishtaundi, f. Tamarindus Indica, L. (cf. under

पिष्टप pishtapa, v. l. for vishtapa, q. v.

पिष्यल pishyala, w. r. for pippala, q. v.

पिस् pis, cl. 4. P. (Naigh. ii, 14) pisyati (pf. 3. pl. pipisuh), to stretch, expand, SBr.; cl. 1. pesati, to go, move, Dhatup. xvii, 69; cl. 10. pesayati, id.; to hurt; to be strong; to give or to take; to dwell, xxxii, 32 (cf. pish, Caus.)

पिस्पृक्ष् pispṛikshu, mfn. (√spṛis) wishing or being about to touch; (with jalam or salilam) being about to rinse the mouth or to perform ablutions, MBh.; R.

पिहित pi-hita, pi-hiti. See pi-√dhā.

पिहुलि pihuli, m. N. of a serpent-demon, L.

पो $1. p\bar{i}$ (connected with $\sqrt{1. p\bar{a}}$, to which belong pass. pīyáte, pp. pīta, pītvā &c.), cl. 4. A. pīyate, to drink, MBh.; Dhatup. xxvi, 32.

 \mathbf{u} 2. pi or pi (connected with \sqrt{pyai}), cl. 1. A. páyate (cl. 2. A. pr. p. píyāna, cl. 3. P. Impv. pīpihi; imps. apīpet, apīpayat; Subj. pipyatam, tām; pīpayat, A. vanta; p. A. pipyāna; ps. P. pīpāya, 2. sg. pīpetha, 3. pl. pipyur; p. A. pīpyāná), to swell, overflow, be exuberant, abound, increase, grow; (trans.) to fatten, cause to swell or be exuberant, surfeit, RV.

पीठ pitha, n. (rarely i, f.; possibly corrupted fr. pi-sad, to sit upon) a stool, seat, chair, bench, GrS.; MBh. &c.; a religious student's seat (made properly of Kusa grass), W.; case, pedestal (esp. of an idol), Rājat.; Var., Sch.; royal seat, throne, RāmatUp.; place, office (cf. pīthadhikāra); N. of various temples (erected on the 51 spots where the limbs of Parvati fell after she had been cut to pieces by the discus of Vishņu), L.; a district, province, Pañc.; a partic. posture in sitting, Cat.; (in geom.) the complement of a segment, Col.; m. a kind of fish, L.; the sun, Gal.; N. of an Asura, MBh.; of a minister of Kansa, Hariv. - keli, m. a male confidant, parasite, L. -ga, m. moving about in a wheel-chair, lame, crippled, MBh. -garbha, m. the cavity in the pedestal of an idol, Var., Sch. - cakra, n. a chariot with a seat, AsvGr. - cintāmani, m. N. of wk. - nāyikā, f. a girl of fourteen (before menstruation) who impersonates Durga at the festival of that goddess, L. - nirupana, n., -nirnaya, m. N. of wks. -nyāsa, m. N. of a partic. mystical ceremony, Tantras. - bhū, f. a basis, basement, L. - marda, mfn. very impudent, L.; m. a companion, parasite, MBh. iv, 674 (= rājapriya, Nilak.); the companion of the hero of a drama in any great enterprise, Dasar.; Säh.; a dancing master who teaches courtezans, L.; (ikā), f. a lady who assists the heroine of a drama in securing her lover, Mālav. i, 13. - lakshana, n. N. of wk. - vivara, m. = -garbha, Var., Sch. - sakti-nirnaya, m. N. of wk. - sarpa (MBh.; Nilak. 'a boa'), -sarpin (VS.), mfn. = -ga. - sūtra, n. N. of wk. - sthana, n. N. of a city (= prati-shthana), Sinhas. Pīthadhikara, m. appointment to a place or office, Rajat. Pīthôpapāli, mfn. one whose ear-lobes have been entirely cut off, Susr.

Pīthaka, m. or n. a stool, chair, bench, BhP.; a kind of palanquin, Kārand.; (ikā), f. a stool, bench,

idol, Kathās.), Kāraņd.; Var., Sch. (cf. pūrvapīthikā).

Pīṭhāya, Nom. A. oyate, to become a stool, L.

पाँड pid (prob. fr. $pisd = pi - \sqrt{sad}$), pf. pipīdė, to be squeezed or pressed out (as Soma), RV. iv, 22, 8; cl. 10. P. or Caus. pidayati (ep. also ete; aor. apipīdat or apīpidat, Pāņ. vii, 4, 3), Dhātup. xxxii, 11; to press, squeeze (kālam kālena pīdayan, 'pressing time against time,' i.e. 'leaving everything to time,' Mn. i, 51), AV. &c. &c.; to hurt, harm, injure, oppress, pain, vex, Mn.; MBh. &c.; to beleaguer (a city), R.; to break (a vow), Yājñ.; to neglect (one's family), MBh.; (in astrol.) to cover (esp. with something inauspicious), to eclipse, obscure, Var.: Pass. pidyate, to be pressed or pained or afflicted, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to cause pain, hurt, Pañcad.

Pīda, m. n., in tila-po, triņa-po.

Pīdaka, m. an oppressor (cf. tālu-p°).

Pidana, mfn. pressing, afflicting, molesting, paining (cf. cakshu-po); n. the act of pressing or squeezing, R.; Kathās.; Gīt.; an instrument for pressing, press (= pīdana-dravya), Sušr.; the act of oppressing or suppressing, paining, harassing, afflicting, R.; Kam.; Rajat; devastation, laying a country waste, W.; misfortune, calamity, Mn.ix, 299; obscuration, eclipse (of a planet, cf. graha-po), Suisr.; suppression (of sounds, a fault in pronunciation), RPrāt.

Pidaniya, mfn. used for pressing, serving for a press, Susr.; = next, MBh.

Pidayitavya, mfn. to be oppressed or harassed or molested or pained, MBh.

Pida, f. pain, suffering, annoyance, harm, injury, violation, damage (aya, ind. with pain, i.e. unwillingly), Mn.; MBh.&c.; devastation (cf. pīdana), W.; restriction, limitation, KātyŚr., Sch.; obscuration, eclipse (of a planet, cf. graha-po), Var.; pity, compassion, L.; a chaplet or garland for the head, L. (cf. apīda); Pinus Longifolia, L.; a basket, L.; w.r. for pitha. - kara, mfn. pain-causing, afflicting, tormenting, Yajn. - karana, n. the causing of pain, torturing, W. - krit, mfn. = -kara, Var. - krita, n. the infliction of pain or disadvantage, Gaut. -griha, n. torture-chamber, house of correction, Say. - bhaj, mfn. showing wavy marks of pressure or indentations, Kir. - yantra-griha, n. = pīdāgriha, Sāy. -sthāna, n. (in astrol.) an unlucky position, inauspicious distance (of a planet), Var.

Pīdāya, Nom. A. vate, to feel pain, be uneasy, Sămkhyak., Sch.

Pidita, mfn. squeezed, pressed, Mn.; MBh. &c.; hurt, injured, afflicted, distressed, troubled, badly off, ib.; covered, eclipsed, obscured, Var.; laid waste, W.; bound, tied, ib.; suppressed; badly pronounced, APrat.; (am), ind. closely, R.; n. damage, Gaut.; harassment, annoyance, MBh. (v. l. pīdana); a kind of coitus, L. - tā, f., -tva, n. the being pressed or afflicted or distressed, Susr.

Fidin, mfn. annoying, distressing (ifc.), Naish.

पीत 1. $p\bar{\imath}t\acute{a}$, mfn. $(\sqrt{1.p\bar{a}})$ drunk, sucked, sipped, quaffed, imbibed, RV. &c. &c.; ifc. having drunk, soaked, steeped, saturated, filled with (also with instr.), Mn.; MBh. (cf. g. āhitāgny-ādi); n. drinking, L. - koša, mfn. one who has ratified a treaty by drinking from a cup, Rajat. (cf. under kosa). - taila, mfn. one who has drunk oil, filled with oil (cf. taila-pīta); (ā), f. Cardiospermum Halicacabum and some other species, L. - dugdhā, f. a cow whose milk has been pledged (lit. already drunk), L.; a cow tied up to be milked, any milch cow, W.; a kind of shrub (=kshīrinī), L. -nidra, min. immersed in slumber, BhP. - pratibaddha-vatsa, f. a cow whose calf has drunk milk and been tied up, Ragh. - madya, mfn. one who has do wine or any other intoxicating liquor, MW. - maruta, m. a kind of snake, Car. - rasa, m. whose juice is do, ib. - vat, mfn. one who has do, Susr.; containing √1. pā, AitBr. - vipīta, mfn., g. šāka-pārthivādi (cf. bhukta-vibhukta). - sesha, mfn. left from drinking; m. remainder of anything drunk, Gobh.; R. - sonita, mfn. (a sword) that has do blood, bloody, Kathās. - soma-pūrva, mfn. (a Brāhman) who has do before the Soma-juice (at a sacrifice), Mn. xi, 8. Pītābdhi, m. 'by whom the ocean was do,' N. of the Muni Agastya (s.v.), L. Pītavasesha, mfn. drunk up with the exception of a small remainder, Kam. Pītôdaka, mfn. one who has R.; Mālav.; Kathās.; a base, pedestal (esp. of an | do water or whose wo has been do, KathUp.

1. Pītí, f. drinking (with acc. or gen.), a draught, RV.; a tavern, L.; m. a horse, L.

1. Pītin, mfn. drinking, one who has drunk (see soma-po); m. a horse, L.

Pītu, m. 'who drinks or dries up,' the sun or fire, Un. i, 71, Sch.; the chief elephant of a herd, L. - daru (pitu-), m. a kind of tree (= deva-daru or = khadira), SBr.; Kāth. (cf. pīta-dāru).

Pitvá, ind. having drunk or quaffed, RV. &c. &c. -sthiraka, mfn. somewhat refreshed by a draught, g. mayūra-vyansakādi.

Pitvi (RV.) and pitvinam (Kāš. on Pāņ. vii, I, 48), ind. having drunk or quaffed.

1. Pītha, m. a drink, draught (cf. go-po, surā-po, soma-p°); n. water, L.; melted butter, L.

Pīthi, m. a horse, L. (cf. pīti).

Pīthin, mfn. drinking up, exhausting (cf. koša-p°).

पोत 2. $p\bar{\imath}ta$, mf(\bar{a})n. (possibly fr. $\sqrt{2}$. $p\bar{\imath}$ or Viyai, the colour of butter and oil being yellowish) yellow (the colour of the Vaisyas, white being that of the Brahmans, red that of the Kshatriyas, and black that of the Sūdras), GrS.; Up.; MBh. &c.; m. yellow colour, W.; a yo gem, topaz, L.; a yo pigment prepared from the urine of kine, L.; N. of sev. plants (Alangium Hexapetalum, Carthamus Tinctorius, Trophis Aspera), L.; of the Vaisyas in Salmala-dvipa, VP.; (a), f. N. of sev. plants (Curcuma Longa and Aromatica, a species of Dalbergia Sissoo, a species of Musa, Aconitum Ferox, Panicum Italicum, = mahā-jyotishmatī), L.; a kind of y° pigment (=go-rocanā), L.; a mystical N. of the letter sh, Up.; n. a yo substance, ChUp.; gold, L.; y° orpiment, L. - kadalī, f. a species of banana, L. - kanda, n. Daucus Carota, L. - karavīraka, m. oleander with yo flowers, L. - kavera, n. saffron, L.; bell-metal, L. - kāshtha, n. y° sanders, L.; Chloroxylon Swietenia, L. - kīlā, f. a species of plant (=āvartakī), L. -kushtha, n. y° leprosy, L. - kedāra, m. a species of rice, Gai. - kauseyavāsas, mfn. dressed in yo silk; m. N. of Krishna, MW. - gandha, n. y° sandal, L. - ghoshā, f. a species of creeper with yo flowers, L. - cañcu, m. 'yo-beak,' a kind of parrot, Gal. -candana, n. yo sandal, L.; saffron, L.; turmeric, L. - campaka, m. 'yo as the Campa,' a lamp, L.; a looking-glass, Gal. - tandula, m. Panicum Italicum, Gal.; (a), f. id. (also olikā), L.; a species of Solanum, L. - ta, f. yellowness, MBh. - tunda, m. 'yo-beak,' Sylvia Sutoria, L. - tva, n. = -tā, MW. - dāru, m. Pinus Deodora and Longifolia, L.; Curcuma Aromatica, L.; Chloroxylon Swietenia, L. - dīptā, f. N. of a Buddh. deity, Kālac. - dru, m. Pinus Longifolia or Curcuma Aromatica, L. - nīla, mfn. 'yellow-blue,' green, L. - parnī, f. 'yo-leaved,' Tragia Involucrata, L. - pādaka, m. a tree similar to the Bignonia, L. - pada, f. 'yo-footed,' Turdus Salica, L. - pura, n. 'yo-town,' N. of a town, Sinhâs. - pushpa, m. 'yo-flowered,' N. of sev. plants (Pterospermum Acerifolium or some other species, Michelia Champaka, Tabernaemontana Coronaria, a species of y° Barleria), L.; (\bar{a}) , f. the colocynth, L.; a kind of shrub, L.; Cajanus Indicus, L., (1), f. Andropogon Acicularis, L.; the colocynth and other kinds of gourd, L.; a Barleria with yo flowers, L.; n. Tabernaemontana Coronaria, L. - prasava, m. = -karavīraka, L. - phala, m. 'having yo fruits,' Trophis Aspera, L. (also olaka); Averrhoa Carambola, L. - bījā, f. 'having yo seed, Trigonella Foenum Graecum, L. - bhasman, m. a partic preparation of quicksilver, L. - bhringarāja, m. an Eclipta with yo flowers, L. - mani, m. 'yo gem,' a topaz, L. - mandūka, m. a kind of y° frog, L. - mastaka, m. 'y°-head,' Loxia Philippensis, L. - mākshika, n. yo pyrites, L. - māñjishtha, mfn. yellowish-red, MW. -- munda, m. =-mastaka, L. - mudga, m. a yo variety of the Phaseolus Mungo, W. -musta, f. a species of Cyperus, L. - mūlaka, n. Daucus Carota, L. - yūthī, f. yo jasmine, L. - rakta, mfn. yellowishred, orange (-cchāya, mfn. orange-coloured), L.; m. = next, L. - ratna, m. = -mani, L. - ratnaka, m. a species of yo gem (=go-meda), Bhpr. -rambhā, f. a kind of Musa, L. -rāga, mfn. of a yo colour; m. yellowness, W.; m. or n. the fibres of the lotus &c., L.; n. wax, L. -rohini, f. Gmelina Arborea, L. -loha, m. yo metal, queen's m° or a mixed m° resembling gold, W. -varna, m. 'yo-coloured,' a species of parrot, Gal. -varnaka, m. Pimelodus Gagora, L. (cf. gargara).