anxiety, MBh.; -locana, mfn. one who has unsteady or rolling eyes, MBh.; BhP.; -sâlasânga, $mf(\bar{\imath})n$. one whose body is exhausted and languid, Caurap.; -hridaya, mfn. (=-cetana), BhP.; °lâksha, mf $(\bar{\imath})$ n. $(= {}^{\circ}la\text{-}locana)$, ib.; ${}^{\circ}l\hat{a}\dot{n}ga$, mfn. $(= {}^{\circ}la\text{-}tanu)$ MārkP.; Pañcat.; °lâtman,mfn.(=°la-cetana), BhP. ohvalita, mfn. = ohvala, MBh.; Kav. &c.; -sarvanga, mfn. trembling with the whole body, MBh.

Vihvalī-kṛita, mfn. made confused or agitated,

MW.; fused, liquid, ib.

विद्ध vi- Nvri (cf. vi- Nru), to stagger stumble, fall, TAr. (cf. a-vihvarat): Caus. (only aor. Subj. -iihvarah), to cause to fall, overthrow,

Vi-hvarita, mfn. staggered, fallen (Vedic, accord. to Kāš. on Pāņ. vii, 2, 33).

Vi-hvaruka, mfn. tumbling, falling, MaitrS.

विद्धे vi-\langle hve, A. -hvayate (cf. Pāṇ. i, 3, 30), to call in different places, call, invoke, vie in calling, contend for anything, RV.; TS.; Br.

Vi-havá, m. invocation, RV.; AitBr. ohavīya, n. 'containing the word vihava,' N. of the hymn RV. x, 128. havya or havya, mfn. to be invoked or invited or desired, RV.; AV.; VS.; m. (with Angirasa) N. of the supposed author of RV. x. 128, Anukr.; of a son of Varcas, MBh.; (\bar{a}) , f. N. of partic. bricks, TS.; (scil. sûkta) N. of RV. x, 128 (cf. °havīya), TS.; Kāth.; Lāty.

at 1. vī, cl. 2. P. (Dhātup. xxiv, 39) veti (accord. to some in the conjug. tenses substituted for \sqrt{aj} ; 2. sg. vėshi also as Impv., RV.; 3. pl. vyánti, RV.; AV.; Br.; Subj. 2. 3. sg. ves, RV.; Impv. vihi, vitāt, ib.; 3. pl. viyantu, TS.; p. A. vyāná, RV.; pf. vivāya, vivye, ib.; aor, avaishīt, Gr.; 3. pl. aveshan, Subj. veshat, RV.; fut. vetā, veshyati, inf. vetum, Gr.), to go, approach (either as a friend, i.e. 'seek or take eagerly, grasp, seize, accept, enjoy,' or as an enemy, i.e. 'fall upon, attack, assail, visit, punish, avenge'), RV.; AV.; TS.; Br.; to set in motion, arouse, excite, impel, RV.; to further, promote, lead or bring or help any one to (two acc.), ib.; to get, procure, ib.: Pass. -vīyāte &c., AV.; Br.: Caus. vāyayati or vāpayati (aor. avīvayat), to cause to go or approach &c.; to impregnate, Pan. vi, 1, 55: Desid. vivīshati, Gr.: Intens., see \bar{a} - $\sqrt{v\bar{\iota}}$ and $\sqrt{vev\bar{\iota}}$. [Cf., accord. to some, Lat. ve-nari; Germ. weida, Weide, weiden.]

2. Ví, mfn. going to, eager for, desirous or fond of (gen.), RV. i, 143, 5 (cf. deva-vi, pada-vi); set in motion (see parna-vi); m. the act of going,

motion, L.

1. Vitá, mfn. gone, approached &c.; desired, liked, loved, pleasant, RV.; SānkhSr.; straight, smooth, RV. iv, 2, 11; ix, 97, 17; trained, quiet, Rājat.; (\bar{a}) , f. a line, row $(=r\bar{a}ji)$, AsvGr.; n. a wish, desire, TAr.; the driving or guiding of an elephant (with a goad) &c., Sis. v, 47. - tama (vītá-), mfn. most acceptable or pleasant, RV. - prishtha $(v\bar{\imath}t\acute{a}-)$, $mf(\bar{a})n$, straight-backed (as a horse), ib. -vat, mfn. containing the word vita or other forms fr. $\sqrt{v\bar{\imath}}$, ĀsvŠr. - vāra ($v\bar{\imath}t\acute{a}$ -), mfn. straight-tailed (as a horse), ib. - havya (vītá-), mfn. one whose offerings are acceptable, ib.; m. N. of a man with the patr. Angirasa (author of RV. vi, 15), Anukr.; of a man with the patr. Srāyasa, TS.; PañcavBr.; of a king who obtained the rank of a Brahman, MBh.; of a son of Sunaka and father of Dhriti, Pur.; of Krishna, Pancar.; pl. the sons of Vita-havya, MBh.; ovyôpakhyana, n. N. of a ch. of the Vāsishtha-rāmâ-

1. Vīti, f. (dat. vītaye often used as inf.) enjoyment, feast, dainty meal, full draught &c., RV.; advantage, profit, ib. (L. also light, lustre, = gati, prajana, dhāvana); m. a partic. Agni, AitBr. - rādhas (vītí-), mfn. affording enjoyment, RV. -hotra (vīti-), mfn. inviting to enjoyment or to a feast, ib.; invited to a feast (as gods), VS.; m. fire or the god of fire, Rajat.; BhP. (pl. the worshippers of fire in any form, Cat.); the sun, L.; N. of a king, MBh.; of a son of Priya-vrata, BhP.; of a son of Indra-sena, ib.; of a son of Su-kumāra, ib.; of a son of Tāla-jangha, ib.; VP. (pl. his descendants); of a priest, Cat.; -dayitā or -priyā, f. 'beloved of Vīti-hotra i.e. Agni, N. of a Svāhā, Pañcar.

वी 3. vî (vi-√5. i), P. vy-eti (3. pl. viyanti; impf. vy-ait; pf. vîyāya; inf. vy-etum; for vyayati, vyayayati, see \(vyay \), to go apart

or in different directions, diverge, be diffused or scattered or distributed or divided or extended, RV. &c. &c.; to be lost, perish, disappear, Up.; MBh. &c.; to go through, traverse, RV.; VS.; AitBr.: Intens. (or cl. 4) A. viyate, to pass through, traverse, RV.

2. Vîta, mfn. gone away, departed, disappeared, vanished, lost (often ibc. =free or exempt from, without, -less), Up.; Mn.; MBh. &c. - kalmasha, mfn. freed from taint or sin, Mn. xii, 22. - kāma, mfn. free from desire, W. - ghrina, mfn. one from whom mercy has departed, merciless, MW.; -ta, f. mercilessness, ib. - cinta, mfn. free from anxiety about (loc.), Šak. - janma-jarasa, mfn. not subject to birth or old age, Kir. - trasarenu, mfn. =-rāga, free from passions or affections, Balar. iv, 14 (printed -trāso). - trishna, mfn, free from all passions or desires, L. - dambha, mfn. free from pride, humble, L. - bhaya, m. 'fearless, undaunted,' N. of Siva, Sivag.; of Vishnu, L. - bhī, mfn. free from fear, intrepid, Mn. vii, 64. - bhīti, mfn. id., Sis. xviii, 84; m. N. of an Asura, Kathās. - matsara, mfn. free from envy or passion, Mn. xi, III. - manyu, mfn. free from resentment or anger, KathUp.; exempt or free from sorrow, MBh. - mala, mfn. free from obscurity or darkness, clear, pure, MW. -moha, mfn. freed from illusion, MW.; °hôpâkhyāna, n. N. of wk. - rāga, mfn. free from passions or affections, dispassionate, desireless, calm, tranquil, MBh.; Kāv. &c. (also applied to 8 partic. Bodhi-sattvas and their attributes); not attached to (loc.), HParis.; colourless, bleached, W.; m. a sage with subdued passions (esp. applied to a Buddhist or Jaina saint), L.; -bhaya-krodha, min. free from passions and fear and anger, Bhag.; -bhūmi, f. one of the 7 stages in the life of a Sravaka, Buddh.; -stuti, f. N. of a Jaina wk. - viruddha-buddhi, mfn. one whose hostile feelings have passed away, peaceable, W. - visha, mfn. free from impurities, clear (as water), Dhanami. - vrīda, mfn. shameless, Bhartr. - sanka, mfn. fearless, intrepid (am, ind.), Sis. - soka, mfn. free from sorrow, SvetUp.; MBh.; m. the Asoka tree, Jonesia Asoka, MBh.; (\bar{a}) , f. N. of a town, HParis.; ${}^{\circ}ka$ - $t\bar{a}$, f. freedom from sorrow, Yājñ.; oka-bhaya, mfn. free from sorrow and fear, Mn. vi, 32; °ka-bhayabadha, mfn. free from the disturbance of sorrow and fear, MW. - spriha, mfn. free from wish or desire, W. - hiranmaya, mfn. one who does not possess any golden vessels (-tva, n.), Ragh. v, 2. Vîtârci (or cis), mfn. one whose flame is extinguished, ApSr. Vîtâsoka, m. a proper N. (=vigatâsoka), Buddh. Vîtôccayabandha, mfn. having the fastening of the knot gone, Kir. Vîtôttara, mfn. having no answer, unable to reply (am, ind.), Amar.

2. Vîtí, f. separation, TS.

ৰী 4. vi, mfn. (weak form of \sqrt{vye}) covered (cf. hiranya-vi).

3. Wītá, mín. covered, hidden, concealed, RV. (cf. kritsna-v°); covered or wrapped in, girt with (instr.), ib.; BhP. -sūtra, n. the sacred thread or cord, Vikr. v, 10 (cf. ni- and upa-vīta).

Vitaka, n. a vessel for camphor and sandal powder, L.; (in $a-v^{\circ}$) = vi-vita, an inclosed spot of ground,

Yājñ. ii, 291.

Wītin, m. N. of a man (pl. his family), Samskārak. नौ 5. vi, m. = 1. vi, a bird (see takva-vi);

f. a female bird, L. Wika, m. a 'bird' or 'wind,' Un. iii, 47, Sch.; = manas, L.

वी 6. $v\bar{i}$, in comp. = 3. vi (in $v\bar{i}$ - $k\bar{a}\dot{s}a$, -cayana, -tansa, -nāha, -barha, -mārga, -rudh, -vadha, -vāha, -vidha, -vṛita, -sarpa, -hāra, qq. vv.)

वीकाश $v\bar{\imath}-k\bar{a}\dot{s}a$, m. =1. $vi-k^{\circ}, L.$; =2. $vi-k^{\circ}$ ko, brightness, light, lustre, Das.

वीकड vikrida, mfn. (applied to Rudra), MaitrS. (v. l.)

বীষ্ধ viksh (vi-Viksh), Ā. vikshate (ep. also P.), to look at, see, behold, SBr. &c. &c.; to look upon, regard (pitri-vat, as a father), R.; (with hridi) to see in the heart, ponder, R.; to consider, observe, discern, ascertain, understand, Mn.; MBh. &c.; to think fit or proper, Susr.; to look over, peruse, study, VarBrS.: Pass. vikshyate, to be looked at &c.; to look like, appear, Vikr.

Vîksha, m. sight, seeing, W.; (\bar{a}) , f. id., R.; investigation, Cat.; knowledge, intelligence, BhP.;

unconsciousness, fainting, L.; n. surprise, astonishment, W.; any visible object, ib.; okshapanna (or okshapo), mfn. astonished, surprised, ib.; oksharanya-māhātmya, n. N. of wk. Vîkshana, n. (ifc. f. \bar{a}) looking at, seeing, inspection, investigation, SrS.; MBh. &c.; a glance, gaze, Kāv.; VarBrS.; BhP.; the eye, Sis. xviii, 30; (in astrol.) aspect of the planets, Var BrS. Vîkshanīya, mfn. to be looked at or regarded or considered, visible, observable, Kav.; Kathas. Vikshita, mfn. looked at, seen, beheld, regarded, VS. &c. &c.; n. a look, glance, Kālid.; Bhartr. Vîkshitavya, mfn. = vikshaniya (n. impers. it should be looked &c.), Kathās. Vîkshitri, mfn. one who looks at or sees (ifc.), BhP. Vîkshya, mfn. = vîkshanīya, L.; astonishing, wonderful, W.; m. a dancer, actor, L.; a horse, L.; n. wonder, surprise, wonderful object, L.

वादा vīkhā, f. (cf. vînkhā) a partic. motion, Sinhâs.

वीड्ड vinka, n. N. of various Samans, ArshBr.

বীক্ক vînkh (vi-√inkh), Caus, vînkhayati (only 3. du. impf. vy-ainkhayatām), to toss to and fro, swing, PañcavBr.

Vînkhā, f. a partic. mode of moving, dancing &c. (also 'one of a horse's paces'), L.; = samdhi, L.; Carpopogon Pruriens, L.

वीङ्गि vingita, mfn. (fr. vi-√ing) tossed, moved to and fro, TBr. (w. r. vînkita).

वीच vīca. See under vīci.

वीचयन vi-cayana, n = vi- c° (see $vi - \sqrt{2}$. ci), research, inquiry, W.

वाचि vici, f. (prob. fr. vi+2. añc) going or leading aside or astray, aberration, deceit, seduction, RV. x, 10, 6; also m. (L.) and (i), f. (ifc. ci or °cika) a wave, ripple, Kav.; VarBrS. &c.; 'wave' as N. of a subdivision of a chapter (called pravaha, 'river'), Sadukt.; (prob. for a-vīci) a partic. hell, R. (L. also = sukha, $avak\bar{a}\dot{s}a$, svalpa, alpa, $\bar{a}li$, hirana). - kshobha, m. agitation or roughness of waves, Megh. - taramga-nyāya, m. wave-undulation-method (or the rule by which sound reaches the ear, a term used to denote successive operation), Bhāshāp. - mālin, m. 'wave-garlanded,' the ocean, L.

Vica, prob. for vici (in ambu-vica, N. of a king, MBh. i, 7476).

Vīcī-kāka, m. a partic. bird, MārkP.

वीज vīj (cf. VI. vij), cl. I. P. Ā. vījati, ote (pf. vivyajuh), to fan, cool by blowing upon or fanning, Hariv.; to sprinkle with water, MBh. (according to Dhatup. vi, 24 only A. 'to go'): Caus. or cl. 10 (Dhātup. xxxv, 84), vijayati (Pass. vijyate), to fan, blow, kindle (fire), MBh.; R. &c.; to stroke, caress, Susr.

Vijana, m. N. of two kinds of bird (=koka) and jīvam-jīva), L.; n. fanning, wafting, Kāv.; Kathās. &c.; a fan, Bhpr.; =vastu, L.

Vijita, mfn. fanned, cooled &c.; sprinkled with water, wetted, Hariv. (v. l. vejita).

Vijya. See sukha-v°.

वीज vīja &c. See bīja.

वीट vīta, n. (only in Siddh.) or vīṭā, f. a small piece of wood shaped like a barley-corn and about a span long (it was struck with a stick or bat in a kind of game, like tip-cat, played by boys; accord. to some it was a kind of metal ball; others say it was held in the mouth as a form of penance), MBL. i, 5050 (Sch.) &c. - mukha (vīţā-), mfn. holding the Vita in the mouth, VP.

ৰাকৈ vīṭaka, n. (also written bīṭaka) a preparation of the Areca nut with spices and lime rolled up together in a leaf of the betel plant (commonly called betel or Pan), Pancad.; (ika), f. id., Das.; Kathās. &c.; a tie or fastening (of a garment), Amar. Vīți or vīțī, f. the betel plant, Piper Betel, L.

ats vid (accord to some connected with √vish), only Caus. vīḍáyati or vīļayati, ote, (P.) to make strong or firm, strengthen, fasten, RV. viii, 45, 6; (A.) to be strong or firm or hard, ib. ii, 37, 3 &c.

Vídita or vílita, mfn. made strong, strengthened, firm, hard, RV.