-prakarana, n., -pradaršana, n., -vidhvansana, n., -samgraha-tīkā, f. N. of wks. - māhātmya, n., -muktāvali, f., -mukha-bhanga, m., -mukha-mardana, n., -vansāvalī, f., -vijaya, m., -vidhvansana, n., -vedânta, m., -sahasra-nāma-bhāshya, n., -siddhânta, m. (and 'ta-bhanjana, n., 'ta-sāra, m.), -stuti, f. N. of wks. Madhvacārya, m. = madhva-guru, W. Madhvartha-dhvansinī, f., Madhvâhnika, n. N. of wks.

Madhvaka &c. See p. 781, col. 3. Madhv-aksha &c. See p. 781, col. 2.

man, cl. 8. 4. Ā. (Dhātup. xxx, 9; xxv, 67) manuté, mányate (ep. also °ti; 3. pl. manvaté, RV.; pf. mene, Br.&c.; mamnathe, onate, RV.; aor. ámata, ámanmahi, Subj. manāmahe, mananta, p. manāná, q.v., RV.; mansi, amansta, Subj. mansate, Prec. mansīshta, 1. pers. m. c. masīya, ib.; mānsta, AV., stām, TĀr.; mandhvam, Br.; amanishta, Gr.; fut. mansyate, Br., ti, MBh.; mantā, manitā, Gr.; manishyate, RV.; inf. mantum, MBh. &c., mántave, otavaí, RV., mántos, Br.; ind. p. matvá, Up. &c.; manitvā, Gr.; -matya, Br. &c.; -manya, MBh. &c.), to think, believe, imagine, suppose, conjecture, RV. &c. &c. (manye, I think, methinks, is in later language often inserted in a sentence without affecting the construction; cf. g. câdi and Pan. iv, 1, 106); to regard or consider any one or anything (acc.) as (acc. with or without iva, or adv., often in -vat; in later language also dat., to express contempt [cf. Pan. ii, 3, 17], e g. rājyam trināya manye, I value empire at a straw,' i.e. I make light of it, = laghu \sqrt{man} and opp. to bahu or sādhu \sqrt{man} , to think much or well of, praise, approve), ib.; to think one's self or be thought to be, appear as, pass for (nom.; also with iva), ib.; to be of opinion, think fit or right, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to agree or be of the same opinion with (acc.), MBh.; to set the heart or mind on, honour, esteem (with na, disdain), hope or wish for (acc. or gen.), RV. &c. &c.; to think of (in prayer &c., either 'to remember, meditate on,' or 'mention, declare,' or 'excogitate, invent'), R.V.; AV.; to perceive, observe, learn, know, understand, comprehend (acc., Ved. also gen.), RV. &c. &c.; to offer, present, MBh.: Caus. (Dhātup. xxxiv, 36) mānayati (ep. also ete; aor. amīmanat; Pass. mānyate), to honour, esteem, value highly (also with uru, bahu and sādhu), AV. &c. &c.; (A.) stambhe, Dhatup. xxxiii, 35; garvake, ib., Vop.: Desid. (Dhātup. xxiii, 3) mīmānsate (rarely oti; amīmānsishthās, SBr.; mīmānsyáte, AV.; mimansate, mimanishate, Gr.), to reflect upon, consider, examine, investigate, AV.; Br. &c.; to call in question, doubt ('with regard to,' loc.), ib.: Desid. of Desid. mīmānsishate, Gr.: Intens. manmanyate, manmanti, ib. [Cf. Zd. man; Gk. μένω, μέμονα; Lat. meminisse, monere; Slav. and Lith. mineti; Goth. ga-munan; Germ. meinen; Eng. mean.

Matá, mfn. thought, believed, imagined, supposed, understood, RV. &c. &c.; regarded or considered as, taken or passing for (nom. or adv.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; thought fit or right, approved, Yajñ.; Kāv.; Kām.; honoured, esteemed, respected, liked (with gen., Pan. iii, 2, 188), Ragh.; Kam.; desired, intended, R.; m. N. of a son of Sambara, Hariv. (v. l. mana); n. a thought, idea, opinion, sentiment, view, belief, doctrine, MBh.; Kav. &c.; intention, design, purpose, wish, MBh.; BhP.; commendation, approbation, sanction, L.; knowledge, W.; agallochum. L. - khandana-stotra, n. N. of wk. - mga, see s. v. - catushtaya-pariksha, f. N. of wk. -jña, mfn. knowing a person's intention, Sringar. - parîkshā, f. N. of wk. - bheda, m. difference of opinion between (gen. and instr. with saha), VarBrS., Sch. - bhedana, n. N. of wk. - yogisa, m. N. of a man, L. - vacas, mfn. heeding words or prayers (said of the Asvins), RV. (cf. mātavacasa). - vat (matá-), mfn. having an aim or purpose, ib. Mataksha, mfn, one well skilled in dice (as Šakuni), MBh. Matânujñā, f. admission of a fault in one's own reasoning while insisting on a similar one in that of the opponent, Nyāyas. Matântara, n. another opinion or creed or sect, MW. Matâvalambana, n. the embracing a particular doctrine, ib. Matavalambin, mfn. holding the doctrines of a particular sect, ib.

Matamga, m. 'going wilfully' or 'roaming at |

will, an elephant, MBh.; Šrutab.; a cloud, L.; N. of a Dānava, Hariv.; of a Muni and (pl.) his family, MBh.; Kāv. — ja, m. an elephant (-tva, n.), Kālid.; Kir.; (ā), f. (in music) a partic. Mūrchanā, Samgīt. — tīrtha, n. N. of a sacred bathing-place, Cat. — deva, m. N. of a fabulous being, Kathās. — pā-ramēšvara, m. N. of wk. — pura, n. N. of a city, Kathās. — yajñāgni, m. fire from the sacrifice of Mataṃga, Mcar. — vāpī, f. N. of a sacred tank or bathing-place, Vishņ.; MBh. — vritti, f. N. of wk. — sarasa, m. N. of a lake, R. — hataka, m. N. of a man, Cat. Mataṃgânúcara, m. the keeper or driver of an elephant, Suparņ.

Matamginī, f. N. of a daughter of Mandara, Kathās.

Matí (in SBr. also máti), f. devotion, prayer, worship, hymn, sacred utterance, RV.; VS.; thought, design, intention, resolution, determination, inclination, wish, desire (with loc., dat. or inf.), RV. &c. &c. (matyā, ind. wittingly, knowingly, purposely; matim \sqrt{kri} or dha or dhri or \alpha \sqrt{dha} or samā- \dha or \alpha - \stha or \sam-\alpha - \stha, with loc., dat., acc. with prati, or artham ifc., to set the heart on, make up one's mind, resolve, determine; matim with Caus. of ni-\vertarrit and abl. of a verbal noun, to give up the idea of; āhita-mati, ifc. = having resolved upon; vinivritta-mati with abl. = having desisted from); opinion, notion, idea, belief, conviction, view, creed, SrS.; Mn.; MBh. &c. (matya, ind. at will; ifc., 'under the idea of,'e.g. vyāghra-mo, 'under the idea of its being a tiger'); the mind, perception, understanding, intelligence, sense, judgment, SBr. &c. &c. (in RV. also 'that which is sensible,' intelligent, mindful, applied to Aditi, Indra and Agni); esteem, respect, regard, Kir.; memory, remembrance, L.; Opinion personified (and identified with Subalâtmajā as one of the mothers of the five sons of Pāṇḍu, or regarded as a daughter of Daksha and wife of Soma, or as the wife of Viveka), MBh.; Hariv.; Prab.; a kind of vegetable or pot-herb, L.; m. N. of a king, Buddh. [Cf. Lat. mens; Angl. Sax. ge-mynd; Eng. mind.] - karman, n. a matter of the intellect, Kam. - gati, f. 'mental course,' mode of thought, Kav. -garbha, mfn. 'filled with intelligence,' clever, intelligent, Sis. - citra, m. N. of Asva-ghosha, Buddh. - datta, m. N. of a man, Cat. -darsana, n. the act or faculty of seeing into the thoughts or intentions (of others), R. - da, f. Cardiospermum Halicacabum or = simridī, L. - dvaidha, n. difference of opinion, MBh. - dhvaja, m. N. of a nephew of Saskya-pandita, Buddh. - nāra, m. N. of a king, MBh.; Hariv.; Pur. - nirnaya, m. N. of wk. - niścaya, m. a firm opinion, L. -patha, m. the path of reflection; otham \nī, to think over, Kav. - pura, n. N. of a town, Buddh. - pūrva or °vaka, mfn. purposed, intended, Mn.; (°vam, °ve and °vakam) ind. purposingly, wittingly, ib.; Gaut. - prakarsha, m. superiority of mind, cleverness, talent, Hit. - bhadra-gani, m. N. of a scholar, Cat. - bheda, m. change of opinion, MBh. -bhrama, m. (Sak.), -bhranti, f. (L.) confusion of mind, perplexity, error, misapprehension. - mat, min. clever, intelligent, wise, MBh.; Kav. &c.; m. N. of a son of Janam-ejaya, Hariv. - mānusha (?) and -mukura, m. N. of wks. - ratna-muni, m. N. of an author, Cat. - raja, m. N. of a poet, ib. -vat, w.r. for -mat. -vardhana, m. N. of an author (also ona-gani), Cat. - vid, mfn. knowing (one's) devotion or mind, VS.; TS.; AitBr. - viparyaya, m. an erroneous opinion, illusion, Vcar. - vibhransa, m. failure or infatuation of mind, L. -vibhrama, m. = -bhrama, R. -vibhrānti, f. id., L. - salin, mfn. 'possessing intelligence,' clever, wise, Pañcat. - hīna, mfn. deprived of sense, stupid, Hit. Matîsvara, m. 'lord of mind,' the wisest of the wise (Visva-karman), Hariv.

- 2. Matya, n. (for 1. see p. 776, col. 2) the means of acquiring knowledge (=jnānasya kāranam), Kāš. on Pāņ. iv, 4, 97.
- I. Mana, m. Indian spikenard, Nardostachys Jatamansi, L.; N. of a son of Sambara, Hariv. (v. l. mata)
- 2. Mana, in comp. for manas. —āpa, mfn. gaining the heart, attracting, beautiful, L. (cf. Pāli manāpa). ringa (mána-), mfn. (prob. fr. √2. rinj) directing or guiding the mind, RV. x, 106, 8 (Sāy. manasā prasādhanam yasya saḥ). nī, see mananya below. —ranjana, mf(ī)n. delighting the mind of (comp.), Subh. —vasas(?), m. N. of a

prince, VP. - hansa, m. (w.r. for ono-ho?) a kind of metre, Col. Manapa, mfn. = mana-āpa, Lalit. Manah, in comp. for manas. - kanta, mfn., see manas-k°. - kshepa, m. mental perplexity or confusion, Sāh. - pati, m. 'lord of the heart,' N. of Vishnu, Pancar. - paryaya, m. (with Jainas) 'the state of mental perception which precedes the attainment of perfect knowledge,' N. of the last stage but one in the perception of truth, Sarvad. - pīdā, f. pain of mind, mental agony, MW. - pūta, mfn. pure in heart, mentally pure, Mn. vi, 46. - pranita, mfn. dear to the heart or mind, MBh. xiii, 3503. - prasada, m. serenity or peace of mind, MBh.; Sāh.; Sušr. - priya, $mf(\bar{a})$ n. dear to the heart, Kir. - prīti, f. gladness of heart, delight, Kathās. - siksha, f. N. of wk. (containing the Caitanya doctrine), Cat. - silā, f. (L. also °la, m.; cf. comp.) realgar, red arsenic, MBh.; Kav. &c.; -giri, v.l. for olôccaya, R.; -guhā, f. a cave of red ao, MBh. (°la-guhā, Mricch. i, 12); -candana-dhāvana, n. a fluid prepared from ro ao and sandal, MW.; -vicchurita, mfn. inlaid with ro ao, Kum.; olôccaya, m. a quantity of red arsenic, R. - sīghra, mfn. swift as thought, Kathās. - sūka, n. anguish of mind, Divyav. -shashtha (manah-), min. having the mind for a sixth organ (said of the 5 organs of sense), AV. - samvara, m. coercion of the mind, Lalit. - samkalpa, m. desire of the heart, R. - sanga, m. attachment of the mind, fixing the thoughts (on a beloved one; second stage of love), Pratap. - samcetanahara, m. one of the 4 kinds of food (in a material and spiritual sense), Buddh. - sád, mín. seated or dwelling in the mind, VS. - samtapa, m. mental anguish or grief, Sak. - samunnati, f. high-mindedness, R. - samridahi, f. heart's content, BhP. - sāra-maya, $mf(\bar{\imath})n$, forming the substance of the heart or mind, Hariv. - siddhi, f. N. of a goddess, Sinhâs. - silā, w.r. for -silā. - sukha, min. agreeable to the mind, of pleasant taste, Suir.; n. joy of the heart, BhP. - stha, $mf(\bar{a})n$. abiding or dwelling in the heart, R. - sthirī-karana, n. the act of strengthening or confirming the mind, Cat. -sthairya, n. firmness of mind, Kav. - sparsa, mfn. touching the heart, BhP. - svāmin, m. N. of a Brāhman, Kathās.

Manaka, m. N. of a man, HParis.

Manána, mfn. thoughtful, careful, RV.; n. thinking, reflection, meditation, thought, intelligence, understanding (esp. intrinsic knowledge or science, as one of the faculties connected with the senses; Nir. viii, 6 = manman), Hariv.; Saṃk.; Sarvad. (°nā, ind. thoughtfully, deliberately, RV.); homage, reverence, Sāy. on RV. i, 165, 4.—grantha, m., -prakaraṇa, n. N. of wks. —yukta and -vat, mfn. attended with homage, Sāy. Mananādi-nighaṇtu, m. N. of wk.

Mananīya, mfn. (prob.) containing homage or praise (as a hymn), Nir. x, 5 (others 'estimable').

Mananya, mfn. deserving praise, RV. x, 106, 8 (Sāy. = stiltya, others 'fr. mana-nī, directing the mind').

Manayitri, mf $(tr\bar{t})$ n., Sāy. on RV. i, 124, 3. Manas, in comp. for manas. — 1. -oft, mfn. ($\sqrt{1}$. ci) piled up or constructed with the mind (=manasā citah), SBr. — 2. -oit, mfn. ($\sqrt{2}$. cit) thinking or reflecting in the mind, RV. ix, 11, 8 (others 'knowing the heart').

Mánas, n. mind (in its widest sense as applied to all the mental powers), intellect, intelligence, understanding, perception, sense, conscience, will, RV. &c. &c. (in phil. the internal organ or antah-karana of perception and cognition, the faculty or instrument through which thoughts enter or by which objects of sense affect the soul, IW. 53; in this sense manas is always regarded as distinct from ātman and purusha, 'spirit or soul' and belonging only to the body, like which it is—except in the Nyāya considered perishable; as to its position in the various systems see for Nyāya and Vaišeshika, 1W. 63; 67; 76, for Samkhya and Vedânta, ib. 84; 109; 117; in RV. it is sometimes joined with hrid or hridaya, the heart; Mn. vii, 6 with cakshus, the eye); the spirit or spiritual principle, the breath or living soul which escapes from the body at death (called asu in animals; cf. above), ib.; thought, imagination, excogitation, invention, reflection, opinion, intention, inclination, affection, desire, mood, temper, spirit, ib. (ifc. after a verbal noun or an inf. stem in otu =having a mind or wishing to; cf. drashtu-m° &c.; manah Vkri, to make up one's mind; with gen.,