लोट्य lotya. See letya, p. 905, col. 3. लोड lotha, lothaka &c. See p. 904, col. 1. लोड् lod. See 🗸 I. lot.

लोडन lodana, lodita. See p. 904, col. 2. लोड्य lodya. See anka-l°, anga-l° &c.

लोग lona, in comp. for lavana. - trina, n. a species of grass, L. Lonamia, f. Oxalis Pusilla, L. Lona, f. = lonamla, L.

Lonara, m. a kind of salt, L.

Lonikā, f. Portulacca Oleracea, L.; = londmlā, L. Loni. See amla-lo.

Lonikā, f. = lonikā, Car.

लोगितक lonitaka, m. N. of a poet (cf. lothitaka, p. 904, col. 1).

लोत lota, m. tears, Un. iii, 86, Sch. (cf. leta); a mark, sign, ib.; n. = loptra, plunder, booty, L. Lotra, n. tears, L.; plunder, booty, Un.iv, 172, Sch. लोदी lodi, N. of a family or race, Cat.

लोध lodha, m. (prob.) a species of red animal, RV. iii, 53, 23 (cf. rudhira; Nir. and Say. = lubdha); m. = next, L.

**Lodhra**, m. = rodhra, Symplocos Racemosa, MBh.; Kāv. &c. - tilaka, n. (in rhet.) a species of Upamā (subdivision of the Samsrishti), Vām. iv, 3, 23. - pushpa, m. Bassia Latifolia, L. - prasava-rajas, n. pollen of Lodhra blossoms, Ml.

Lodhraka, m. Symplocos Racemosa, Bhpr.

लोप lopa, lopaka &c. See p. 904, col. 3. लोभ lobha, lobhana &c. See p. 905, col. r.

लोमन् loman, n. (later form of roman, q.v.) the hair on the body of men and animals (esp. short hair, wool &c.; not so properly applicable to the long hair of the head or beard, nor to the mane and tail of animals), RV. &c. &c.; a tail, L.; du. (with Bharad-vājasya), N. of Sāmans, ĀrshBr.

I. Loma, in comp. for loman. - karanī, f. a species of plant, L. - karna, m. 'hair-eared,' a hare, L. - kīṭa, m. 'hair-insect,' a louse, Kālac. - kūpa (Pañcar.) or **-gartá** (SBr.), m. 'hair-hole,' a pore of the skin. - ghna, n. 'hair-destruction,' loss of hair through disease, L. - tás, ind. on the hairy side (of a skin; opp. to mānsa-tas), MānŠr. - dvīpa, m. a species of parasitic worm, Car. - pada, m. N. of a king of the Angas, MBh.; R.; -pur or -purī, f. N. of Campa, the capital of Loma-pada, L. - pra**vāhin**,  $mfn = loma - v\bar{a}hin$ , MBh = phala, n. the fruit of Dillenia Indica, L. - mani, m. an amulet made of hair, Kauš, -yūka, m. a hair-louse, Kālac. - randhra, n. =  $-k\bar{u}pa$  above, A. - rāji, f. =  $lom\hat{a}$ vali below, A. = ruha,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . (any surface) having short hair growing (on it), Car. - latadhara, m. the belly, Gal. - vat (lóma-), mfn. having hair, hairy, TS.; AV.; SBr. - vahana, mfn. (cf. next) sharp enough to cut a hair, MBh. (v. l.) - vāhin, min, either 'bearing or having feathers, feathered,' or 'sharp enough to cut a hair' (said of an arrow), MBh. - vivara, n. 'hair-hole,' a pore of the skin, Pañcar.; N. of partic. mythical regions (=  $roma \cdot v^{\circ}$ ), Kāraņd. - visha, mfn. having poisonous hair, L. - vetāla, m. N. of a demon, Hariv. - satana, n. 'hair-remover,' a depilatory, Cat. - samharshana, mfn. causing the hair of the body to bristle or stand erect, MBh. - sātana, w.r. for -sātana above, L. - sāra, m. an emerald, L. - harsha, m. the bristling or erection of the hair of the body, thrill or shudder (caused by excessive joy, fear &c.), MBh. (cf. roma $h^{\circ}$ ); N. of a Rākshasa, R. - harshana, mf( $\bar{a}$ )n. causing the hair to bristle, exciting a thrill of joy or terror, thrilling, MBh.; Hariv.; R.; Uttarar.; m. N. of Sūta (the pupil of Vyāsa), MBh.; VP.; of the father of So, Cat.; n. the bristling of the hair, horripilation, thrill or shudder, L.; "naka, mf(ikā)n., w.r. for laumah, q.v., Cat. - harshin, mfn. = -harshana, mfn., above, R. - hārin, mfn. = -vāhin, MBh. - hrit, mfn. hair-removing, depilatory; n. yellow orpiment, L. Lomânca, m. = românca, curling or erection of the hair, a thrill of rapture or terror, shudder &c., W. Lomâda, m. a species of parasitic worm, Car. Lomâli or lio, f. = lomâvali, A. Lomalika, f. a fox, L. Lomavali or oli, f. the line of hair from the breast to the navel, MW.

2. Loma (ifc.) = loman (see  $aja-lom\acute{a}$ ); n. a hairy tail, tail, L.

**Lomaka**(ifc.) =  $loman(see a-, prati-, mridu-l^{\circ})$ . Lomaka-khanda, m., Pan. vi, 3, 63, Sch.

Lomaka-griha, n. ib.

Lomakin, m. a bird, L. Lomataka, m. a fox, Sil.

Lomadhi, m. N. of a prince, BhP.

Lomana, m. n., g. ardharcddi (v.l.) **Lomašá**,  $mf(\tilde{a})n$ . hairy, woolly, shaggy, bristly, covered or mixed with hair, made of hair, containing hair, TBr. &c. &c.; consisting in sheep or other woolly animals (as property), TUp.; overgrown with grass, Kāth.; GrŠrS.; m. a ram, sheep, L.; N. of a Rishi, MBh.; of a cat, ib.; m. or n. N. of a partic. plant or its root, Car.; (a), f. (only L.) a fox; a female jackal; an ape; N. of various plants (Nardostachys Jatamansi; Leea Hirta; Carpopogon Pruriens &c.); green vitriol, L.; N. of a Sākinī or female attendant of Durgā, L.; (i), f. spikenard, L.; (with or scil.  $siksh\bar{a}$ ) =  $lomasa-siksh\bar{a}$ ; n. a kind of metre, Nid. - karna, m. a species of animal living in holes, Susr. - kāndā, f. Cucumis Utilissimus, L. - pattrikā, f. a species of gourd, L. - parninī or -parnī, f. Glycine Debilis, L. - pushpaka, m. Acacia Sirissa, L. - mārjāra, m. the civet cat, L. -vakshana,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ , covered with hair on the body, shaggy, AV. - sikshā, f. N. of a Šikshā attributed to Garga. - samhita, f. N. of wk. - saktha (lomasá-) or -sakthi, mfn. having hair or bristles on the thighs or hind feet, VS.; SBr. (Mahidh.,

Lomašya, n. hairiness, woolliness, MW.; n. 'roughness,' N. of a partic. pronunciation of the

sibilants, RPrāt.

'having a hairy tail').

Lomāyayaņi(?), patr., Pravar. Lomāša, m. a jackal or fox, VarBrS. (cf. lomašā,

(cf. rolamba).

Lomāšikā, f. the female of the jackal or fox, ib. क्रोराय lorāya, Nom. P. oyati (said to be vilocane), g. kandv-ādi (Ganar.)

लोल lola, lolita &c. See p. 905, cols. 1, 2. लोलच्च lolamba, m. a large black bee, L.

लोलिका lolikā, f. a sort of sorrel, Oxalis Pusilla, L. (cf. loţikā and lonikā).

लोलिस्राज lolimba-rāja, m. N. of an author, Cat.

लाल्प lolupa,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . (fr. Intens. of  $\sqrt{1}$ . lup) very destructive, destroying, MW.; (prob. corrupted fr. lolubha) very desirous or eager or covetous, ardently longing for (loc. or comp.), MBh.; Kav. &c.:  $(\bar{a})$ , f. eager desire, appetite, longing for (loc.), MBh.; N. of a Yogini, Hcat. - ta, f., -tva, n. eager desire or longing for (comp.), greediness, cupidity, lust, Kāv; Pur.; Sušr.

ਲੀਲ੍ਮ lolubha,  $mf(\bar{a})$ n. (fr. Intens. of  $\sqrt{lubh}$ ) very desirous, eagerly longing for or greedy after (comp.), Kathās. (cf. lolupa).

लोलुच loluva, loluya &c. See p. 905, col. 3. लोलोर lolora, n. N. of a town, Rājat.

लोझर lollata, m. (also with bhatta) N. of an author, Cat.

लोशशरायि losasarāyaņi (?), m. N. of an author, Cat.

लोष्ट् losht (prob. artificial), cl. 1. A. loshtate, to heap up, gather into a heap or lump, Dhātup. viii, 5.

Loshtá, m. n. (prob. connected with  $\sqrt{1. ruj}$ ; said to be fr.  $\sqrt{1$ .  $l\bar{u}$ , Un. iii, 92) a lump of earth or clay, clod, TS. &c. &c.; a partic. object serving as a mark, VarBrS., Sch.; n. rust of iron, L.; m. N. of a man, Rājat. - kapāla, mfn. having a lump of earth serving as a cup, KātyŚr. - gutikā, f. a pellet of clay, Mricch. - ghāta, m. a blow with a clod, Hāsy.; ( $^{\circ}tam \sqrt{han}$ , to kill with clods, i.e. stone to death, Mudr.) - ghna, m. an agricultural instrument for breaking clods, harrow, L. - cayana, n., -citi-prayoga, m. N. of wks. - deva, m. N. of an author, Cat. - dhara, m. N. of a man, Rajat. -bhañjana, m., -bhedana, m. n. = -ghna, L. - maya, mf(i)n. made of clay, earthen, Mn. viii,

280. - mardin, mfn. crushing or breaking clods, ib. iv, 71. - 1. -vat, ind. like a clod, BhP. - 2. -vat, mfn. containing or mixed with lumps or particles of earth, Susr. - sarva-jña, m. N. of a poet, Cat. Loshtâksha, m. N. of a man, Samskārak.

**Loshtaka**, m. = loshta, a clod, MBh.; Mricch. (°kah kritah = 'hewn down,' 'cut up,' Rājat.); m. or n.(?) a partic. object serving as a mark, VarBrS., Sch.: m. N. of various men, Rajat.

Loshtan, m. or n. (only in instr. pl. loshtabhis) = loshta, a clod, MBh. iii, 2559.

Loshţasa, m. N. of a man, Rājat.

Loshţāya, Nom. A. oyate, to resemble a clod of earth (i.e. to be quite valueless), Alamkāras.

Loshtu, m. a clod, L.

Loshtra, loshtha, loshthaka, incorrect for loshta, °taka.

लोस्तानी lostānī or lostonī, f. a proper N.,

ਲੀਵ lohá, mfn. (prob. fr. a  $\sqrt{ruh}$  for a lost  $\sqrt{rudh}$ , 'to be red;' cf. rohi, rohina &c.) red, reddish, copper-coloured, SrS.; MBh.; made of copper, SBr. (Sch.); made of iron, Kaus.; m. n. red metal, copper, VS. &c. &c.; (in later language) iron (either crude or wrought) or steel or gold or any metal; a weapon, L.; a fish-hook, L.; blood, L.; m. the red goat (cf. lohâja), Gaut.; Mn.; Yājñ.; (prob.) a kind of bird, MārkP.; N. of a man, g. nadādi; (pl.) N. of a people, MBh.; (i), f. a pot, Divyav.; n. any object or vessel made of iron, Kav.; aloe wood, Agallochum, L. - kataka, m. or n. (?) an iron chain, KātyŚr., Comm. - kantaka, m. Vanguiera Spinosa, L. - kānta, m. or otaka, n. magnetic iron, L. - kāra, m. a worker in iron, smith, blacksmo, R.; Hit.; (1), f. N. of the Tantra goddess Atibalā, Kālac.; °ra-bhastrā, f. a blacksmith's bellows, Pañcat. - kāraka, m. = - $k\bar{a}ra$ , m. (q.v.), L. - kārshāpana, m. a partic. coin or weight (= 20 Māshas), L. - kiţţa, n. rust of iron, Susr. - kīla, m. an iron bolt, KätySr., Comm. – giri, m. N. of a mountain, Cat. - gola-khandana, n. N. of wk. - ghātaka, m. 'iron-striker,' a blacksmith, Un. i, 62, Sch. — carma-vat, mfn. covered with plates of iron or metal, MBh. - cāraka, m. N. of a hell, Mn. iv, 90 (v.l. -dāraka). - cāriņī, f. N. of a river, VP. (v.l. -tāraņī, oriņī, and lohitāraņī). - cūrņa, n. rust of iron, VarBrS. - ja,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ , iron, made of i°, Šiš.; n. steel (from Damascus), L.; brass, bell-metal, L.; rust of i°, L. - jangha, m. N. of a Brāhman, Kathās.; pl. N. of a people, MBh. - jāla, n. an iron net, a coat of mail, Hariv.; Kām. - jit, m. 'conquering iron (in hardness), a diamond, L. - tāraņī (MBh.; VP.) or orini (MBh.), f. N. of a river (cf. -cāriņī). - daņda, m. an iron staff, Gaut.; a battleaxe, L. – dāraka, m., see -cāraka). – drāvin, mfn. melting copper or iron, fusing metal, L.; m. borax, L. - nagara, n. N. of a town, Kathās. - nāla, m. an iron arrow, L. - paţţikā, f. an iron plate, KātyŠr., Paddh. - pāsa, m. an io chain, Hariv. - pura, n. N. of a place, Cat. - prishtha, m. 'ironbacked,' a species of bird reckoned among the Pratudas, Car.; a heron, L. - pratimā, f. an io image, L.; an anvil, W. - baddha, mfn. studded with iron (as a war-club), MBh. - bhāraka, v. l. for -cāraka, q.v. - máya, mf(i)n. made of iron or copper, SBr.; ChUp.; Susr. &c. - mala, n. rust of i°, L. - mātra, m. a spear, L. - māraka, mfn. calcining metal, L.; m. Achyranthes Triandra, L. - mālaka, m. N. of a partic, tribe (the son of a Maitreya and a Sūdrā or Nishādī), L. - muktikā, f. a red pearl, Buddh. - mukha, m. pl. N. of a people, R. - mekhala, mfn. wearing a metal girdle;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. N. of one of the Mätris attending on Skanda, MBh. - yashtī, f. N. of a place, Cat. - rajas, n. iron-dust, rust of io or io filings, Susr. - ratnakara, m. N. of wk. - rajaka, n. silver, W. - 1inga, n. a boil or abscess filled with blood, Buddh. - lekhya, mfn. liable to be scratched with iron, Sāmkhyas., Sch. - vat, mfn. a little reddish, AsvGr. - wara, n. the most precious metal, gold, L. - varman, n. iron armour, mail, W. - vāla, m. a kind of rice, Car.; Vāgbh. - sanku, m. an iron stake or spike, MW.; 'iron-spiked,' N. of a hell, Mn.; Yājñ. - sayana, n. an iron bed, Gaut. - sastra, n. N. of wk. - suddhi-kara, m. borax, L. - srinkhala, m. an iron chain for elephants, L. - sleshana, mfn. uniting metals; m. = next, L. - samsleshaka, m. borax, L. - samkara, m. composition or union of various metals, L.; n. steel (from Damascus), L. = sinhanika (?), f. rust of