निशरण ni-saraṇa &c. See ni-sṛī.

निशास ni-sāṇa, ni-sāta. See ni-so.

निज्ञातय ni-sātaya (cf. √sad), Nom. P. °yati, to cut down, MārkP.

নিমাই ni-sāda, m. a man of low easte, L. (=ni-shāda). —tva, n. the state or condition of a m° of 1° c°, W. °dā-putra (?), m. a pestle, L. °dāsilē, f. a mortar, L.

निशादन nisādana, m. = nisāvana, L.

निशायिन ni-sāyin ($\sqrt{2}$. sī), mfn. prob. lying down, sleeping, g. grahādi.

निशावन nisāvana, m. hemp, L. (cf. sana).

নিয়াম $ni-\sqrt{\dot{s}as}$, P. $-\dot{s}asti$ (aor. $-a\dot{s}ishat$), to order off, order to go off, separate from (instr.), AV.; to take anything (acc.) from (abl.), TS.; to adjudge or present to (dat.), RV. iv, 2, 7.

fafa 2.ni-√si (for 1. see p. 560), P.-sisāti (Ā.p.-sisāna), to sharpen, whet; to excite, strengthen; prepare or present (food &c.) for strengthening, RV. (cf. ni-so). °sita (ni-), mfn. sharpened, sharp (lit. and fig.), KaṭhUp.; MBh. &c.; stimulated, excited, eager for (loc.); strengthened; prepared, presented, RV.; n. iron, steel, L.; -nipāta, mfn. sharp-falling (arrow), Śak.; °tânkuša, m. or n. a sharp or pointed hook, Bhartṛ. °siti (ni-), f. exciting, stimulating, refreshing, RV.

निशिता nísitā, f. night, TS. (cf. nis, a-ni-sita, and next).

নিজিম nisitha, m. (m.c.) = next; N. of one of the 3 sons of Doshā (night), BhP. (v.l. 'sītha').

নিয়ীখ ni-sītha, m., rarely n. $(\sqrt{s\bar{\imath}})$ midnight, night, MBh.; $-d\bar{\imath}pa$, m. night-lamp, Ragh.; $-pary\bar{a}ya$, m. N. of wk. "thikā, f. = svā-dhyāya, L. "thinī, f. night; $-n\bar{a}tha(L.)$ and -pati (Vcar.), m. 'husband of n°,' the moon. "thyā, f. night, L.

নিয়ুৰ ni-suc, P. -socati (impers.), to be burning hot, ChUp.

fany ni-√subh (or sumbh), P. -sumbhati, to tread down, Bălar. viii, 53. 'sumbha, m. killing, slaughter, Mālatīm.; N. of a Dānava (brother of Sumbha), Hariv.; Pur. (also -ka, R.); -mathanī and -mardinī, f. 'destroyer of Ni-sumbha,' N. of Durgā, L. 'sumbhana, n. killing, Bālar. 'sumbhin, m. N. of Vajra-tīka, L.; an inferior deity of the Buddhists, W

निशुस्त ni-sushma, mfn. cracking down-wards or not cracking (said of fire, opp. to uc-chushma), TS.

निश्चम ni-sṛimbhá, mfn. (√srambh) treading or proceeding firmly, RV. vi, 55, 6.

বিয় ni-√srī (ind. p. -sīrya), to break off, VS. °sāraṇa, n. killing, slaughter, L. °sāruka, m. (in music) a kind of measure.

fani ni-\sio, P.-syati(A.p.-syāna or-sāna, AitBr.; ŠānkhŠr.), to sharpen, whet, Nir. iv, 18 (cf. ni-si). sāta, mfn. sharpened, polished, whetted, sharp, Kāv.; Pur. &c. sāna, n. sharpening, whetting, Dhāt.; Vop.; observing, perceiving, Sušr.; L. (w.r. nišāna); -paiṭa, m. a whet-stone, Dharmaš.

নিয়ানা ni-sotrā, f. ($\sqrt{\dot{s}\bar{u}}$?) Ipomoea Turpethum, Bhpr. (cf. ni-s $\gamma it\bar{a}$).

নিম্বন niż- vcat, Caus. -cātayate, to scare or drive away, AV.

নিশ্বমৰ nis-ca-pra-ca, prob. backwards and forwards, g. mayūra-vyansakādi (cf. āca-parāca and ācôpaca).

निश्चय niŝ-caya &c. See niŝ-ci.

fract nis-\(\sigma car\), P. -carati (pf. 3. pl. -cerur, inf. -caritum), to come forth, go out, issue out, proceed, appear, rise (as sounds), RV. &c. &c.: Caus. -cārayati, to cause to issue or come forth, Lalit. \(^\colon cara\), m. N. of one of the Saptarshis in the 2nd Manv-antara, Hariv. \(^\colon caraka\), m. (only L.) voiding excrement; air, wind; obstinacy, wilfulness. \(^\colon carayitavya\), mfn. to be issuedormade known, Car.

নিম্মি niś- V2. ci, P. -cinoti (Impv. -cinu, Hariv.; pf. -cikāya, Bhatt.; aor. A. nir-aceshta, Šis.; Pass. nir-acāyi, ib.; Bhatt.; ind. p. nis-citya, MBh. &c.), to ascertain, investigate, decide, settle, fix upon, determine, resolve, MBh.; Kav. &c. ocaya, m. inquiry, ascertainment, fixed opinion, conviction, certainty, positiveness (iti niscayah, 'this is a fixed opinion;' 'yam \/jna,' to ascertain the certainty about anything;' 'yena or 'yāt, ind. certainly), Mn.; MBh.; R. &c.; resolution, resolve, fixed intention, design, purpose, aim ("yam \langle kri, to resolve upon, determine to [dat., loc. or inf.]), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (in rhet.) N. of a partic. figure, Sāh.; -krit, mfn. giving a certain meaning, Sarasv.; -datta, m. N. of a merchant, Kathās.; -rūpa, mfn. having the form of certainty, being certain, MW. ocayin, mfn. of firm opinion or resolution, HParis. (cf. krita-nisc°). °cāyaka, mfn. who or what ascertains and determines, determining, decisive (-tva, n.), TPrāt., Sch. ocita, mfn. one who has come to a conclusion or formed a certain opinion, determined to, resolute upon (dat., loc., artham ifc. or comp.), MBh.; Kāv.; Sušr. &c.; ascertained, determined, settled, decided, Up.; MBh. (superl. -tama); R. &c.; (am), ind. decidedly, positively, Kāv.; Kathās.; Pañc.; n. certainty, decision, resolution, design, R.; (\bar{a}) , f. N. of a river, MBh.; VP.; otartha, mfn. one who has formed a certain opinion about (loc.), judging rightly (compar. -tara), R. (B.) ociti, f. ascertainment, fixing, settling, L. (cf. pātha-nisco). ocitya, ind. having ascertained or decided, feeling assured or convinced or resolute, MBh.; Kāv. &c. °cīyamāna, mfn. being in the course of ascertainment, being under investigation or concluded, W. ocetavya, mfn. to be ascertained or established, Nyāyam., Sch. $^{\circ}$ ceya, see *a-nisc* $^{\circ}$ (add.)

নিস্থিত niscira, m. N. of a Rishi in the 2nd Manv-antara (v. i. for °cara); (\bar{a}) , f. N. of a river (v. l. for °citā).

निश्चकण nis-cukkaṇa, n. (vcukk?) a sort of tooth-powder which destroys the tartar but blackens the teeth, L. (also written -cūkvaṇa and -cunkaṭa).

নিস্থান ni-√scut, A. -scotate, to ooze, drop, Mālatīm.: Caus. (ind. p. -scotya) to cause to ooze or drop, Kāšīkh. °scutita, mfn. oozed or dripped from (comp.), Sušr.

निश्वत $ni\dot{s}$ - \sqrt{crit} (ind. p. -critya), to loosen, untie, AitBr.

নিম্ম nišna, g. brāhmaṇādi (not in Kāš.)

নিম্ন ni- \sinath (Impv. -sinathihi; Caus. 201. -sisnathat), to push or strike down, RV.

निष्मश्र nismasru, w. r. for niḥ-sm°.

নিস্থ ni-√srath, only ind. p. -srathya, having fastened or harnessed, Nir. vi, 4.

निश्रम ni- $\dot{s}rama$, m. ($\sqrt{\dot{s}ram}$) labour bestowed upon anything, continued practice, MBh.

निश्रय ni-sraya &c. See ni-sri.

निम्राचिन् niŝrāvin, mfn. (√ŝru), g.gṛahādi.

নিসি ni-√sri, P.-srayati (aor.-asret), to lean on or against, SBr.; to lay or cast down, RV. 'sraya, m. refuge, resource (=āsraya), L. (the 4 resources of a Buddhist, see MWB. 80). 'srayaṇi, f. a ladder, staircase, SBr.; KātyŚr. (also written niḥ-srayaṇī or 'yiṇī). 'sritya, ind. going to, Divyâv. 'sreṇī, f. id., MBh.; Ragh. &c. (also written ni-sreṇi, niḥ-sreṇī).

निष्ठीक niśrīka, w.r. for niḥ-śro.

নিছিম্ ni-√slish, Caus. -sleshayati, to fasten, paste on or up, SBr. slish, mfn. clinging, sticking, MantraBr.

first ni-\svas, P.-svasiti, ep. also osati (pf. -sasvāsa, aor. or impf. ny-asvasat, MBh.; osvasīt, Das.; ind.p.-svasya), to draw in the breath, inspire; to hiss, snort &c., MBh.; Kāv. &c. (often v.l. nih-svo). osvasīta (ni-), n. breath, expiration or inspiration, SBr.; Sis. osvāsa, m. id.; a sigh, R.; Sāh.; Susr. (opp. uc-chvāsa).

निष् 1. nish for nis in comp. See p. 542,

निष् 2. nish, cl. 1. P. neshati, to moisten, sprinkle, Dhātup. xvii, 49.

निषच ni-shac (\sqrt{sac}), Ā. -shacate, to be closely connected or associated, RV. viii, 25, 11.

sakta, to hang or put on, RV.; Pass. -ashangi, to hang i.e. be fastened on, SBr. 'shakta (ni-), mfn. hung or hanging on, fixed in, fastened to (loc. or comp.), SBr.; Kālid.; Var. 'shanga, m. clinging to, attachment, L.; a quiver, MBh.; Kāv. ('gī-\dhū, to become a quiver, Das.); a sword, L.; -dhi, m. the sheath of a sword, VS. (Mahīdh.) 'shangathi (L.), mfn. embracing; m. an embrace; a bowman; a charioteer; a car; the shoulder; grass. 'shangin, mfn. having a quiver (or sword?), AV. &c. &c.; cleaving, clinging, sticking, attached to, Sis. v, 39; xii, 26; m. a bowman, warrior, L.; N. of a son of Dhṛitarāshṭra, MBh. 'shanja, see ku-nish'.

निषठ nishatha, w. r. for ni-satha.

निषद्ध ni-shad (\sqrt{sad}), P. -shīdati, Ved. also -shadati (impf. ny-ashīdat or ny-asīdat; Ved. also -asadat; pf. P. -shasāda, -shedur, A. -shedire, RV. &c. &c.; aor. P. -shatsi, -shatsat; Pass. ny-asādi, RV.; ind. p. -shadya, ib.; Ved. inf. -sháde, ib.; for s and sh cf. Pān. viii, 3, 66 &c.), to sit or lie down or rest upon (loc.), RV. &c. &c.; to sink or go down (as a ship), Hariv.; to be afflicted, suffer pain, MW.; to perform or celebrate by sitting (sattram), Br.; (P. A.) to set, found, establish, appoint, RV.: Caus. -shādayati, ote, to cause to sit down, set down, appoint, RV. oshanná, mfn. sitting, seated, sitting or lying or resting or leaning upon (loc. or comp.), SBr.; Hariv.; R. &c.; performed by sitting (as a Sattra), TS.; sat upon (as a seat), R.; sunk down, afflicted, distressed, MW. **shannaka**, mfn. sitting, seated, W.; n. a seat, L.; a kind of pot-herb, L. shattá (or ní-sho), mfn. sitting, seated, RV. shatti (n/-), f. sitting, resting, RV. iv, 21, 9. "shatsnú, mfn. sitting fast, ib. x, 162, 3. °shad, mfn. sitting inactive, SankhSr.; sitting (esp. near the altar at a sacrificial rite), RV.; SBr.; N. of a kind of literary composition, MBh. xii, 1613. "shada, m.a musical note $(=ni-sh\bar{a}da)$, L.; w.r. for nishadha. shádana, n. sitting down, dwelling, residing, RV. &c. (cf. ushtra-nish, kraunca-nish). shadyā, f. a small bed or couch, L.; the hall of a merchant, L.; a market-place, Šis. xviii, 15. oshadvará, mfn. sitting (near the altar), VS.; sitting lazily, AitBr.; SānkhSr.; m. mud, mire (in which one sinks), L.; the god of love, L.; (ā or ī), f. night, L. shādá, m. N. of a wild non-Aryan tribe in India (described as hunters, fishermen, robbers &c.), VS.; Br.; MBh. &c.; = bhilla, 'the Bheels,' Kathās.; Mahidh.; a man of any degraded tribe, an out-caste (esp. the son of a Brāhman by a Sūdra woman), Mn. x, 8; the progenitor of the Nos (said to have sprung from the thigh of Vena), MBh.; Hariv.; (in music) N. of the first (more properly the last or 7th) note of the gamut, MBh. xiv, 1419; N. of a Kalpa, VāyuP.; (i), f. N. of a female of the N° tribe (-tva, n.), MBh.; Kathās.; -karshu (or \bar{u} ?), N. of a region, Pān. iv, 2, 119, Sch.; -grāma, m. a village of the No, Laty.; KatySr.; -tva, n. state or condition of a No, R.; -rāshṭra, n. the country of the Nos (to the south-east of Madhya-desa), Var.; -vat, m. = nishāda (in music), MBh. xii, 6859; -sangha, m. multitude or tribe of the Nos, Var.; -sthapati, m. chief of the Nos; -strī, f. a No woman, Mn. x, 39. shādita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) made to sit or kneel down, Malatim.; otin, min. = nishāditam anena, g. ishtadi. oshadin, mfn. sitting down, sitting or lying or resting on or in, Ragh.; Kathās.; m. an elephant-keeper or driver, Sis. v, 41 (cf. oshādita); N. of Eka-lavya, VP.

chain of mountains (described as lying immediately south of Ilavrita and north of the Himalaya), MBh.; Pur.; m. (pl.) N. of a people and their country governed by Nala, ib.; the sovereign of the Nishadhas (N. of a son of Janam-ejaya; of Kuša the father of Nala; of a grandson of Kuša &c.), ib.; a partic. position of the closed hand, Cat.; a bull, L.; (in music) a partic. note (cf. ni-shāda); (ā), f. N. of Nala's capital, L.; of a river, VP.; mfn. hard, W. — vanša, m. the race of Nishadha, MBh. Nishadhadhipa or odhipati or odhêndra or