brought near, HParis. - apa, mfn. do to be attained or approached, inaccessible, SBr.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; m. N. of a Dānava, Hariv. - āpaná, mfn. do to be overtaken, RV. x, 95, 2. - apadana, mfn. do to be brought about, BhP. iii, 23, 42. - apura, mfn. do to be filled or satisfied, vii, 6, 8. - abadha, mfn. not to be assaulted with impunity (Siva), MBh. xiii, 724. - āmoda, m. bad scent, stench, Kathās. lxxxii, 22. - amnaya, mfn. d° to be handed down, MBh. xiv, 1441. - **āyya**, v. l. for $-\bar{a}v\bar{\iota}$. - **āraksha** or oshya, mfn. do to be protected, R. ii, 52, 72. - aradha or odhya, mfn. do to be propitiated or won or overcome, Kāv. - āri-han (for aro), m. 'killing wicked enemies, N. of Vishnu, MBh. xiii, 7032. - aruha, mfn. do to be ascended or mounted, MBh.; R.; m. a cocoa-nut tree or Aegle Marmelos, L.; (ā), f. Phoenix Sylvestris, L. - arūdha, mfn. ascended with difficulty, MW. - aropa, mfn. do to be strung (bow), Bālar. i, $\frac{46}{47}$. — **āroha**, mfn. do to be ascended, MBh.; R. (-tā, f. Kād.); m. the palm or date tree, L.; (a), f. the silk-cotton tree, L.; hanīya, mfn. do to be ascended, MW. - alakshya, mfn. do to be perceived, MBh.; Kav. - alabha, mfn. do to be handled, W.; a, (f.) Alhagi Maurorum, Susr. - Blamba, mfn. do to be laid hold of or attained, R. v, 73, 6. - Alambha, mfn. do or unfit to be touched or handled, MBh. xiii, 4707; (\bar{a}) , f. = $-\bar{a}la$ bhā, L. - ālāpa, m. curse, imprecation, abuse, L. - aloka, mfn. do to be perceived, Kav.; not to be looked at, painfully bright; m. dazzling splendour, W. - **avara**, v.l. for vara, R. (B.) - **avarta**, mfn. do to be turned (from an opinion &c.), MBh. xii, 597. - **āvaha**, mfn. do to be brought or led towards (comp.), MBh. xii, 12459. - avara, min. do to be covered or filled up, R. ii, 105, 3; do to be restrained, invincible, MBh. vii, 1480. - avasin, mfn. having a bad dwelling, $C\bar{a}n = \bar{a} v i(acc.^{\circ} vy \partial m)$, mfn. d° to be passed through, Rv. ix, 41, 2. - 1. - asa, m. N. of an Ekâha,ŠāṅkħŚr. 🗕 2. -āśa, mfn. having bad expectations, Prab. iii, 5; (\bar{a}) , f. bad expectation, vain hope, despair, Rājat.; BhP. - āsansin, min. foreboding evil, Vrishabhân. - asaya, mfn. evil-minded, malicious, Prab. ii, 28; BhP.; m. the subtle body which is not destroyed by death, Sch. -āsir (dúr-), mfn. badly mixed (Soma), RV. viii, 2, 5. - āsis, mfn. having evil wishes or intentions, BhP. - asraya, mfn. do to be practised, TejobUp. 2. - I.-asa, mfn. do to be driven out or expelled, W. - 2. -asa, mfn. do to be abided or associated with, Sis. v, 19. - asada, mfn. do or dangerous to be approached, MBh.; Kāv.; Pur.; do to be found or met with, unheard of, unparalleled, MBh.; R.; difficult to be accomplished (v.1.°saha); m. N. of Šiva, mystical N. of a sword, MBh. xii, 6203. - asaha, mfn. do to be accomplished, MBh. iii, 12255 (v.l. osada); m. mystical N. of a sword (v. prec.), Gal. - asita, n. a bad manner of sitting, MBh. iii, 14669; xii, 3084. - Eseva, mfn. do to be dealt with or associated with, R. iii, 23, 15. - Thara, mfn. do to be offered (sacrifice), MBh. ii, $664. - \hat{\mathbf{a}} h \bar{\mathbf{a}}$, ind. (opp. to $sv - \bar{a}h\bar{a}$) ill luck, misfortune, AV. $-\sqrt{1}$, cl. I. A. dur-ayate or dul-ayate, Siddh., only in deriv. - itá (dúr-, RV. i, 125, 7), n. bad course, difficulty, danger, discomfort, evil, sin (also personified), RV.; AV.; Hariv.; Kāv. &c.; mfn. difficult, bad, AV. xii, 2, 28; wicked, sinful, L.; -kshaya, m. destruction of sin, BhP.; N. of a man, ib.; -damanī, f. Mimosa Suma, L.; otalman, mfn. evil-minded, malicious, Subh. 147; °târi, f. 'enemy of sin,' N. of a Jaina goddess; otârnava, m. 'ocean of sins,' N. of a king, Kautukar. -iti, f. bad course, difficulty, distress, TBr. - 1.-ishta, n. (√3. ish) 'bad wish,' curse, sorcery, $(cf.^{\circ}ishan\bar{a})$; -krit, mfn. performing a magic spell to injure another, VP. = 2. -ishta $(d\hat{u}r$ -), mfn. (\sqrt{yaj}) badly sacrificed (opp. to sv-ishta). Br. = ishti(dur-). f. defect or failure in a sacrifice, AV.; VS. - iksha, mfn. difficult to be seen; -tā, f. Šiš. xvii, 10. - īša, m. a bad master, Prab. v, 18. - Ishanā (for esho), f. imprecation, L. (cf. -ishti). - Tha, mfn. illmeant, SSamkar. - uktá, mfn. 'badly spoken,' harsh, injurious; harshly addressed, Pañc. i, 100; n. bad or harsh word, Br.; GS.; MBh. &c.; ktôkta, mfn. ill spoken of, AitBr. ii, 17, 6. - ukti, f. harsh or injurious speech (personified as a daughter of Krodha and Hinsa and sister and wife of Kali), BhP. - uc**cheda**, mfn. d° to be extirpated or destroyed, Prab. iv, $\frac{10}{36}$; °dya, mfn. id., Pañc.; d° to be cut through (knot), Prab. v, $\frac{2}{2}$. - uta, mfn. badly woven, L. - I. -uttara, mfn. (fr. I. uttara) unanswerable, W. - 2. -uttara, mfn. (fr. 2. uttara or Prākrit for | xiii, 72; disparity, impropriety, W. - jāti, f. mis-

dus-tara) do to be crossed or overcome, Kathas. xxvi, 1 10; Kull. on Mn. ix, 161. - utsaha or °sāha, mfn. do to bear or resist, MBh. &c. - udaya, mfn. appearing with difficulty, not easily manifested, BhP. iii, 15, 50. - udarka, min. having bad or no consequences, Naish. v, 41. - udāhara, mfn. do to be pronounced or uttered, Sis. ii, 73. - udvaha, mfn. hard to bear, MBh. &c. - upakrama, min. do of access or approach, W.; do of cure, Susr. - upacāra, mfn. id., Pañc.; Car. - upadishţa, mfn. badly instructed. - upadesa, m. bad instruction, Pat. - upapāda, mfn. do to be performed, Kād.; do to be demonstrated, Sarvad. - upayukta, mfn. wrongly applied, DaivBr. iv. - upalaksha, mfn. do to be perceived, Das. - upasada, mfn. do of approach, Kir. vii, 9. - upasarpin, mfn. approaching incautiously, Mn. vii, 9. - upasthana, mfn. = -upasada, W. - upapa, mfn. do of attainment, SBr. - upâya, m. a bad means or expedient, MW. - Tha, mfn. do to be inferred or understood; -tva, n. Sch. - 6va, mfn. ill-disposed, malignant; m. evildoer, criminal, RV.; AV. - ókam, ind. unpleasantly, RV. vii, 4, 3; °ka-šocis, mfn. glowing unpleasantly (too bright or hot), ib. i, 66, 5. - osha and oshas, infn. slow, lazy, RV. - ga, see Durga (p. 487). - $g\bar{a}$, see $Durg\bar{a}$ (p. 487). - gata, mfn. faring ill, unfortunate, miserable, MBh. &c.; N. of a poet, Cat.; -tā, f. ill luck, misery, Pañc. i, 297. - gati, mfn = -gata, R. vii, 88, 3; f. misfortune, distress, poverty, want of (gen.), MBh.; Kav. &c.; hell, L.; -nāsinī, f. 'removing distress,' N. of Durgā, BrahmavP. - gandha, m. bad smell, stink, Kaus.; mfn. ill-smelling, stinking, Hariv.; Susr.; m. the mangotree $(=\bar{a}mra)$, L.; an onion, Bhpr.; n. sochal-salt, L.; -kāra, m. the anus, Car.; -tā, f. badness of smell, Susr. - gándhi, mfn. ill-smelling, stinking, AV.: ChUp.: Mn. &c. - gama, mfn. difficult to be traversed or travelled over, impassable, inaccessible, unattainable, MBh.; Hariv.; Kav.; m. or n. a do situation; m. N. of a son of Vasu-deva and Pauravī, VP.; of Dhrita, ib., &c.; -mārga-nirgama, mfn. of do access and issue, Pañc. i, 427; durgamāšu-bodhinī, f. N. of a Comm. - gamanīya (Sch.) & -gamya (R.), mfn. = -gama. - gaya, m. $(\sqrt{ji?})$ N. of an author. — gala, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh. vi, 359. – gáha, n. $(\sqrt{g\bar{a}h})$ an impassable or impervious place, difficulty, danger, RV.; m. N. of a man, ib. viii, 54, 12. -gādha (Hariv.), -gādha (Sušr.), and -gāhya (-tva, n. Pañc. i, 317), mfn. unfathomable. - gríbhi, mfn. difficult to be seized or laid hold of, RV. i, 140, 6; -svan, mfn. continually swelling, RV. i, 52, 6. - gribhīya, Nom. A. vate, to be seized with difficulty, RV. v, 9, 4. - goshthī, f. evil association, conspiracy, Rājat. vi, 170. - graha, m. 'seizing badly,' the evil demon of illness, spasm, cramp, Susr.; Kathās.; obstinacy, insisting upon (loc.), whim, monomania, Kathās. lviii, 62 &c.; Naish. ix, 41; mfn. do to be seized or caught or attained or won or accomplished or understood, Kāth. xxxi, 15; MBh.; Kāv. &c. - grāhya, mfn. = -graha, mfn., MBh.; Hariv. &c.; -tva, n. Pañc. i, 317; -hridaya, mfn. whose heart is do to be gained, R. ii, 39, 22. - ghata, mfn. hard to be accomplished, difficult, Rājat.iv, 364; BhP. (-tva, n. vii, 15, 58); m. or n. N. of a gram. work; °ta-kāvya, n. N. of a poem; °ta-ghātana, m. or n., °ta-vritti, f., °tartha-prakāsikā, f., otôdghāta, m. N.of Comms. - ghosha, m. harshsounding, roaring,' a bear, L. - jana, m. 2 bad man, villain, scoundrel, Mn.; Kav. &c.; m. pl. bad people, Sch.; mfn. malicious, wicked, Kathās.; $-t\bar{a}$, f. & -tva, n. wickedness, villainy, L.; -nindā, f., -mukha-capeţikā, f., -mukha-padma-pādukā, f., -mukhamahā-capetikā, f. N. of wks.; -malla, N. of a prince, Inscr. - janāya, Nom. A. vate, to be a wicked man, Panc. i, 5. - jani- /kri, 'to make into a bad man, insult, wrong, Ratn. iii, $\frac{1}{18}$; iv, $\frac{19}{20}$. - jaya, mfn. d° to be conquered or won, invincible, irresistible, Mn.; MBh. &c.; m. N. of a Danava, MBh.; of an assemblage of Dos, Sak. vi, 38; of a Rakshas, R.; of sev. heroes, MBh.; Pur.; (\bar{a}) , f. N. of a place, MBh. iii, 8540. - jayanta, m. N. of a mountain, VP. - jara, mfn. not decaying or mouldering, BhP. x, 6, 10; 64, 32; indigestible, Susr.; do to be enjoyed, Rājat. v, 19; m. or n. N. of a place, Kall. - jala, n. bad or noisome water, Bhpr, -jata, mfn. badly born, illstarred, miserable, wretched, MBh.; R.; wicked, bad, wrong, false, Rajat. iii, 142; with bhartri false lover, paramour, ib. 507; n. misfortune, calamity, Ragh.

fortune, ill condition, Malav. v, 11; mfn. badnatured, wicked, MBh. &c.; "tīya, mfn. id., Hariv. -jīva, mfn. difficult to live; n. impers. a do life, R. ii, 57, 20 &c. -jeya, mfn. do to be conquered, BhP. x, 72, 10. -jnana, mfn. do to be known, MBh.; -tva, Kull. on Mn. iv, 1. - jñeya, mfn. d° to be understood or found out; m. N. of Siva, MBh., Hariv. - naya, w. r. for -naya. - nasa, mfn. unattainable, inaccessible, AV. v, 11, 6 (cf. dū-n°, dūnāša). - nashta, mfn. unattained, MW. - nāmacatana, mfn. driving away the demons called Durņāman, AV. viii, 6, 3. — ņāman, $mf(mn\bar{i})$ n. having a bad name; m. N. of partic. evil demons causing diseases (or according to Nir. vi, 12, N. of a worm; cf.-nāman), RV.; AV.; oma-hán, mfn. destroying the Dur-nāmans. - nihitaishin, mfn. tracing out what is badly kept, AV. xi, 9, 15. - nīta & cti, see -nīta & oti. - dagdha, mfn. burning or cauterising badly, Susr. - datta, mfn. badly given, Pān. vii, 4, 47, Sch. - dama, mfn. hard to be subdued, MBh. xii, 3310; m. N. of a son of Vasu-deva and Rohint, Hariv.; of a prince, son of Bhadra-srenya, ib.; Pur.; of a Brāhman, VP. -damana, mfn. =-dama; m. N. of a prince, son of Satânīka, BhP. -damya. mfn. indomitable. obstinate, MBh. xii. 2951. - dara, mfn. tearing badly, distressing, W.; m. battle, Gal. (cf. duro-); a kind of drug, W. -darsa, mfn, difficult to be seen or met with, KathUp.; Apast.; MBh.; R. &c.; disagreeable or painful to the sight, MBh.; Hariv. &c.; -ta, f. MBh. viii, 861; "satāya, Nom. A. "yate, to have a bad or disgusting appearance, MW. - darsana, mfn. = -darša, Sušr.; BhP. - dašā, f. bad situation, misfortune, Kathās. - dānta, mfn. badly tamed, untamable, uncontrolled, MBh.; Hariv.; m. a calf, L.; strife, quarrel, L.; N. of a lion, Hit. - daru, n. bad wood, Car. - dina, n. a rainy or cloudy day, bad weather, Kaus. 38; MBh.; Kāv.; mfn. cloudy, rainy, dark, MBh. viii, 4771; R.; Hariv.; -grasta-bhāskara, mfn. having the sun obscured by dark clouds, MW.; durdināya, Nom. A. vate, to become covered with clouds, Pān. iii, 1, 17, Vārtt. 1, Pat. -divasa, m. a bad or rainy day, Pañc. -durūta, m. an abusive word, Ganar. (v.l. -duruta, cf. -dhur $\bar{u}ta$); atheist; = karata, L. - duhā, f. difficult to be milked (cow), MBh. v, 1128. - durânta, mfn. very long (path), Sch. - dris, mfn. seeing badly, BhP. iv, 3, 17. - drisa, mfn. = -darsa, MBh. - drišīka, mfn. looking bad, RV. vii, 50, 1. - drishta, mfn. ill-seen (lit. & fig.), ill-examined or unjustly decided (lawsuit), Yājñ. ii, 305; looked at with an evil eye, W. - desa, m. a bad or unwholesome place; -ja, mfn. coming from it (water), Bhpr. - daiva, n. bad luck, misfortune, Hit.; -vat, mfn. unfortunate, ib. - dolī, f. a knot difficult to be undone, Sch. on Hāla, 149. - dohā, f. difficult to be milked, ApSr. - dyūta, n. a bad or unfair game; -devin, mfn. playing unfairly, cheating at play, MBh. iv, 532; -vedin (prob. w. r. for devin), m. N. of Sakuni, Gal. - druma, m. a green onion, L. -dhára, mfn. difficult to be carried or borne or suffered, unrestrainable, irresistible, RV. i, 57, 1; MBh.; Hariv. &c.; do be administered (punishment), Mn. vii, 28; do to be kept in memory or recollected, MBh. xiii, 3618; inevitable, absolutely necessary (suffix), Vam. v, 2, 51; m. quicksilver, L.; N. of two plants (rishabha & bhallātaka), L.; a kind of hell, L.; N. of a son of Dhrita-rāshtra (cf. -dharsha), MBh.; of one of Sambara's generals, Hariv.; of Mahisha, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. N. of a partic, constellation (cf. durudharā); of Candra-gupta's wife, HParis.; "rā-yogadhyāya, m. N. of a ch. of the Mīna-rāja-jātaka. - dhárītu & -dhártu, mfn. unrestrainable, irresistible, RV. - dharuta = -dhurūta, W. - dharma, mfn. having or obeying bad laws, MBh. viii, 2066. - dharsha, mfn. do to be assaulted or laid hold of, inviolable, inaccessible, unconquerable, dangerous, dreadful, awful, MBh.; R. &c. (-tā, f. MBh.; -tva, n. BhP.); haughty, distant, W.; m. N. of a son of Dhrita-rāshtra (cf. -dhara), MBh. i: of a Rākshasa, R. v: of a mountain in Kuša-dvipa, MBh. vi, 451; (\bar{a}) , f. N. of two plants (= nāga-damanī & kanthārī), L.; -kumārabhūta, m. 'one who has become an inviolable youth, N. of a Bodhi-sattva. - dharshana, min. inaccessible, dangerous, R. iv, 9, 55 &c. - dha, f. bad order, disarrangement, RV. x, 109, 4 (cf.-dhita). - dhārya, mfn. difficult to be borne, MBh. iii, 99, 41; with manasā, do to be recollected, ib. xiii, 4483. -dhava, mfn. do to be cleaned or purified, Pat.