comprehension, Samk. Sukhavaha, mfn. bringing or conferring pleasure, delightful, R. Sukhâvrita, mfn. filled with joy or delight in (comp.), BhP. Sukhasa, m. pleasant food, L.; cucumber, Cucumis Sativus (also osaka), L.; mfn. eating dainty food (applied to Varuna), L. Sukhasaya, w. r. for sukhāsraya. Sukhāsā, f.the hope of plo or enjoyment, Pañcat.; (su-kh°) expectation which exists only in empty space (or is very remote). Sukhâsraya, mfn. connected with plo, pleasant, gratifying, Pañcat.; Sāh. Sukhâsakta, m. 'devoted to happiness,' N. of Šiva, MBh. Sukhasana, n. a comfortable seat, Sinhas. Sukhasika, f. well-being, comfort, ease, Rājat. Sukhāsīna, mfn. comfortably seated, R.; BhP.; Hit. Sukhasukha, n. sg. pleasure and pain, Mn. xii, 19. Sukhasparsa, mfn. = sukha-sparša, MW. Sukhasvada, mfn. pleasantly flavoured, delightful, agreeable, Hit.; m. pleasant flavour, W.; enjoyment, ib. Sukhâhara, mfn. = sukhavaha, MW. Sukhahara, n. ease and food, ib. Sukhêcchā, f. hope or desire of happiness, W. Sukhêta, mfn. affected by joy, Pān. vi, 1, 89, Vartt. 6, Pat. Sukhêtara, mfn. other than happy, unfortunate, MW.; n. pl. joys and sorrows, SvetUp. Sukhêpsu, mfn. desirous of ease, MW. Sukhe-shtha, mfn. (loc. of sukha + stha) living in joy (applied to Siva), Sivag. Sukhaikayatana, n. sole abode of joy, MW. Sukhaidhita, mfn. one who has grown up or lived in easy circumstances, MBh. Sukhaishin, mfn. one who seeks (another's) happiness, wishing well to (comp.), MBh. Sukhôcita, mfn. accustomed to comfort or happiness, MBh.; Car. Sukhôcchedya, mfn. to be cut up or destroyed with ease, to be exterminated easily, Kām.; Rājat. Sukhôtsava, m. 'pleasure-feast,' a husband, L. Sukhôdaka, n. = sukha-salila, Sušr. Sukhôdadhi, m. N. of a Comm. on the Kāvyaprakāša (usually called Sudhā-sāgara). Sukhôdaya, mfn. resulting in joy or happiness, Mn.; MBh. &c.; m. an intoxicating drink (made from honey or from the blossoms of the Bassia Latifolia), L.; realization or occurrence of pleasure, W.; N. of a son of Medâtithi, MārkP.; n. the Varsha ruled by Sukhôdaya, ib. Sukhôdarka, mfn. having happiness as a consequence, causing ho, Mn.; MBh. &c. Sukhôdya, min. to be uttered easily or agreeably, Mn. ii, 33. Sukhôpagamya, mfn. easy to be approached or reached, easy of access, Kām.; Mricch. Sukhôpadhāna, n. = upakaraņa, L. Sukhôpavishţa, mfn. comfortably seated, MBh.; R. &c. Sukhôpasarpya, mfn. easy to be approached, W. Sukhôpâya, m. an easy means, BhP.; (ena, instr. 'easily,' 'without pains or trouble,' Pañcat.);  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . easy to be obtained, Pancat. Sukhôrjika, m. natron ( = sarjikā-kshāra). Sukhôshita, mfn. (also with rajanīm) one who has spent the night pleasantly, comfortably lodged, MBh.; R. &c; (ā), f. Sanseviera Roxburghiana, L. Sukhôshna, mfn. 'pleasantly warm,' tepid; n. tepid water, L. Sukhôshya, mfn. pleasant to be dwelt in, Hariv.

Sukhana, n. (used in explaining \( \sqrt{mrid} \),

Sukhanīya, mfn. causing ease or comfort, Kāty-Šr., Sch. Sukhaya. See \sukh, p. 1220, col. 3.

Sukhayitri, m. one who gladdens or makes happy (gen.), Inscr.

Sukhayu, mfn. (used in explaining samyu), Nir. iv, 21.

Sukhāya, Nom. A. vate, to feel happy or pleased, be at ease or comfortable, Das.; Kād.; to be pleasant or agreeable, Kād.

Sukhāvala, m. N. of Nri-cakshus (cf. sukhī-

nala), VP.

Sukhi, in comp. for sukhin. - ta, f. (Sak., v. 1.), -tva, n. (Vedântas.) ease, comfort, happiness. - svabhāva, m. a happy or contented disposition, Hit. Sukhita, mfn. pleased, delighted, comforted

(am, ind.), Kāv.; Kathās. &c.; n. happiness, MW. Sukhin, mfn. possessing or causing happiness or pleasure, happy, joyful, pleasant, comfortable, easy, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; m. a religious ascetic, W.

Sukhī, mfn. (prob.) one who loves pleasure, Vop. iii, 61.

Sukhīnala, m. N. of a son of Su-cakshus (cf. sukhāvala), BhP.

Sukhīlalita (?), f. N. of a virgin, Buddh. Sukhīvala, m. = sukhāvala, VP.

I. Sukhya, min. belonging to pleasure, pleasurable, MW.

2. Sukhya, Nom. P. vati (see \sukh).

सुखंसुण sukhaṃsuṇa or sukhaṃghuṇa (?), m. a kind of staff with a skull at the top considered as a weapon of Siva (=khatvanga, q.v.), L.

स्म 1. su- $g\acute{a}$ ,  $mf(\tilde{a})n$ . (i. e. 5. su + 2. ga; √gam) going well or gracefully, having a graceful gait, W.; easily passed, easy to traverse, RV.; AV.; TBr.; Lāṭy.; easy of access, Kathās.; Hcat.; easy to obtain, RV.; TS.; Pancat.; easily understood, intelligible, MW.; n. a good path; easy or successful course. RV.; VS.; fæces, L. Suge-vridh, mfn. rejoicing in good progress, RV.

सुग 2. su-ga, mfn. (i. e. 5. su + 3. ga:  $\sqrt{gai}$ )

singing well or beautifully, BhP. Su (to be similarly prefixed to the following): -gan, mfn. (a word formed artificially, see Pān. iii, 2, 75, Sch.) counting well or easily or eo to be calculated. - gaṇa, mfn. = ugaṇa, Pat. on Pāṇ. vi, 1,9, Vārtt. 4; m. N. of a Rāja-putra, Kathās.; (ā), f. N. of one of the Matris attending on Skanda, MBh.; onôkti (?), f. N. of wk. - ganaka, m. a good calculator or astronomer, Cat. - ganita, mfn. easily or accurately calculated, MW. - gata, mfn. going well, VarBrS.; one who has fared well, Hit.; well-bestowed, MW.; m.a Buddha (-tva, n.), Kathās.; Jātakam., Introd.; a Buddhist, Budo teacher, Hcat.; -cetanā, f. N. of a Buddhist nun, Buddh.; -mitra, m. N. of a man, ib.; -sāsana, n. the Budo doctrine, Kathās.; °tayatana, n.a Budo temple or monastery, ib.; °tâlaya, m. id., L.; °tâvadāna, n. N. of a Bud° Sütra wk. - gati, f. a good or happy condition, welfare, happiness, bliss, MBh.; Hariv.; MarkP. &c.; a secure refuge, Chandom.; mfn. having a good or auspicious position (as a planet), VarBrS.; m. N. of a son of Gaya, BhP.; of an Arhat (prob. w.r. for su-mati), L.; -sopāna, n. N. of wk. - gantva, mfn. easily passed, Laty. - gandha, m. a fragrant smell, fragrance, R.; a perfume, Yājñ.; VarBr. &c.;  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . fragrant, MBh. &c. &c.; m. sulphur, L.; the chick-pea, ib.; Andropogon Schænanthus, ib.; marjoram, ib.; a red-blossomed Moringa, ib.; = tumburu, ib.; a fragrant ointment (made of various substances), L.; N. of a mountain, Gol.; a trader, dealer, MW.; (ā), f. the ichneumon plant, L.; Curcuma Zedoaria, ib.; a fragrant grass, MW.; a sort of lime, ib.; sacred basil, Susr.; Car.; N. of various other plants and trees (= vandhyā, karkotakī, rudra-jatā &c.), L.; a form of Dākshāyaņī, Cat.; N. of an Apsaras, MBh.; Hariv.; of a Tirtha, Vishn.; MBh.; of a woman, Rājat.; (ī), f. the small Banana, L.; N. of a female servant of Vasu-deva, VP.; n. small cumin seed, L.; the blue lotus, ib.; sandal, ib.; the Granthi-parna plant, ib.; = kat-tṛiṇa, ib.; = pattrânga, ib.; = gandha-trina, ib.; civet, ib.; N. of a Tīrtha, MBh.; -tā, f. fragrance, perfume, MW.; -taila-niryāsa, n. (?) civet, L.; a partic. perfume made from roses &c., MW.; -pattrā, f. a kind of plant  $(=jat\bar{a})$ , L.; = rudra- $jat\bar{a}$ , ib.; - $bh\bar{u}$ trina, n. a kind of fragrant grass, ib.; -mukha, m. N. of a Bodhi-sattva, Kāraņd.; -mūlā, f. Averrhoa Acida, L.; Hibiscus Mutabilis, ib.;  $=r\bar{a}sn\bar{a}$ , ib.; -yukti, f. preparation of perfumes (one of the 64 arts), BhP., Sch.; -vat, mfn. fragrant, MBh.; -vanamāhātmya, n. N. of wk.; odhadhya, mfn. rich in fragrance, R.; (ā), f. Jasminum Sambac, L.; odhāditya, m. N. of a man, Rājat.; odhāmalaka, m. a kind of mixture of various herbs, L.; odhesa, m. N. of a temple erected by Su-gandhā, Rājat.; an image of the tutelary deity of Su-go, MW. - gandhaka, m. 'having fragrance,' a kind of grain (perhaps of rice), Susr.; a kind of culinary herb, ib.; the orange, L.: Momordica Mixta, ib.; red-blossomed basil, ib.; a kind of bulbous plant (= dharanī-kanda), ib.; sulphur, ib.; (ikā), f. a kind of plant, Susr.; n. a kind of medicinal herb, L. - gandhaya, Nom. P. vati, to make fragrant, scent, Sis. -gandhāra, m. N. of Siva (accord. to Nīlak. = sobhano gandhāra-desôdbhavah), MBh. - gándhi (or -gandhi), mfn. sweet-smelling, fragrant, RV.; MBh.; Hariv. &c.; virtuous, pious, MW.; m. a perfume, fragrance, MW.; the supreme Being (=paramâtman), ib.; a lion, L.; a sort of Mango, L.; a sort of Cyperus, L.; Ocimum Pilosum, L.; the root of Scirpus Kysoor, L.; n. sandal, L.; N. of various perfumes or fragrant plants (accord. to L. = elavāluka; = kaseru; = gandha-trina &c.), Bhpr.; -kusuma, n. a fragrant flower, MW.; m. yellow oleander, L.; -kusumā, f. Trigonella Corniculata,

ib.; -tā, f. fragrance, VarBrS.; Šiš.; -tejana, m. or n. a kind of fragrant grass, TS.; Kāth.; Br. &c.; -triphalā, f. nutmeg, areca nut, and cloves, L.; -mustaka, n. a sort of Cyperus, Bhpr.; -mūtra-patana, m. a civet cat, L.; -mūla, n. a radish, L.; the root of Usira, MW.; -mūlā, f. Curcuma Zedoaria, L.; = rāsnā, ib.; -mūshikā, f.the musk rat, ib.; -sīha, m. N. of a man, Rajat. - gandhika, mfn. fragrant, Vishn.; m. a kind of grain (perhaps 'of rice'), Vagbh.; Car.; olibanum, L.; sulphur, L.; a lion, L.; n. the white lotus, L.; the root of Andropogon Muricatus, L.; the root of Costus Speciosus or Arabicus, L.; a partic. medicinal herb, = sura-parna, L. = gandhin, mfn. fragrant, sweet-smelling, MBh.; R.; (inī), f. Pandanus Odoratissimus, L.; a kind of plant with fragrant leaves ( $=\bar{a}r\bar{a}ma-\bar{s}\bar{\imath}tal\bar{a}$ ), ib. =ganman, mfn., Vop. xxvi, 68. - gabhasti (sú- or sugábho), mfn. having skilful hands (said of Tvashtri), RV. - gama,  $mf(\tilde{a})n$ . easy to be traversed, BhP.; Kathās.; easy of access, Kathās.; Kuval.; easy to be ascertained or understood, obvious, MBh.; BhP. &c.; easy, practicable, MW.; m. N. of a Dānava, Kathās.; omânvayā, f. N. of Comm. - gamana,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . easy of access, Nir. vi, 2; proceeding well, Sāy. on RV. i, 165, 8. – gambhīra,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . very deep, MBh. - gamya,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . easily traversed or passed, easy of access, Pañcar. - gara, n. cinnabar, L. - garhita, mfn. very blamable, R. - galā, f. N. of a woman, Rājat. - gava, m. a vigorous bull, MBh.; (-gáva), mfn. having fine cows, abounding in cattle, RV. - gavi, m. N. of a son of Prasusruta, VP. - gávya, n. the possession of good or much cattle, RV.; mfn. =  $-g\acute{a}va$ , MW. – gahana, mf $(\bar{a})$ n. very thick or close or impervious, L.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. an enclosure round a place of sacrifice, W.; onavriti, f. id., MW. - gānga, m. or n. N. of a palace, Mudr. - gátu, m. welfare, prosperity, AV. vi, I, 3. - gãtuya, f. (the same form for instr.) desire of welfare or prosperity, RV. -gātra, mf(z)n. fair-limbed, graceful, Kathās.; (ī), f. a beautiful woman, Vcar.; (am), n. a fine or graceful figure, MW. - gātriyā, w.r. for -gātuyā. - gādhá, mfu. easily fordable, RV. - gārhapatyá, m. a good householder, AV.; TBr. - gīta, n. good singing, BhP. - gīti, f. 'id.,' N. of a kind of Āryā metre, Col. - gītha, m. N. of a Rishi, Bālar. - gú, mfn. = -gáva, RV.; AV.; TBr. - guna,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . very virtuous or excellent, Caurap. - gunin, mfu. id., Bhartr. - gupta (su-), mfn. well guarded, SBr.; R.; well hidden or concealed, kept very secret, Kāv.; Pañcat.; (ā), f. Mucuna Pruritus, L.; (am), ind. very secretly or privately, Pañcat.; very carefully, MBh.; -tara, mfn. well hidden, Pañcat.; -bhānda, mf(ā)n. looking well after the household utensils (-ta, f.), Vishn.; -lekha, m.a very private letter or one written in cipher, MW. -gupti, f. good protection, great secrecy (acc. with  $\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{dh}\bar{a}$ , 'to observe gr° s°'), Hit. - guptī- $\sqrt{kri}$ , P. -karoti, to keep well, guard carefully, Pañcat. -guru, mfn. very heinous (as a crime), Mn. xi, 256; a good teacher, Jain. – gulpha,  $mf(\tilde{a})n$ . having beautiful ancles, Pān. iv, 1, 54, Sch. - gūdha, mfn. well guarded or concealed, very secret, MBh.; Pañcat.; (am), ind. very secretly, Das. - griddha,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . intensely longing for (loc.), MBh. -grihá, m. having a good or beautiful house or abode, AV.; m. 'having a good nest,'the taylor-bird, Sylvia Sutoria, L.; (i), f. a partic. bird (reckoned among the Pratudas), Susr. - grihapatí, m. a good householder (said of Agni), VS. - grihin, mfn. well-housed, having a good nest (as a bird), Pañcat. - grihīta, mfn. held fast or firmly, seized, grasped, clung or adhered to, Sis.; well apprehended or learnt, ib.; mentioned auspiciously (cf. next); -nāman (or cma-dheya), mfn. one whose name is invoked auspiciously (also said of Yudhi-shthira and others who are invoked early in the morning to secure good luck), Kad.; Mudr. &c.; otâbhidha, mfn. having an auspicious name, Rajat. - ge-vridh, see under I. su-ga, col. 2. -geshna, f. 'singing well,' a Kim-nari, L. -gehini, f. a good housewife, Balar. - go, f. an excellent cow, Pan. v, 4, 69, Sch. - gocara, w.r. for sva-go, Bcar. i, 13. - gopa, m. a good protector, RV.; mfn.well protected (superl.-tama), ib. - gopya, mfn. to be kept quite secret, Pancar. - gautama, m. 'the good Gautama,' N. of Go Buddha, Lalit. -gaurava, mfn. very heavy or ponderous, L. -gmya (sú-), mfn. (\sqrt{gam}) advancing well, RV.; increasing, ib.; (am), n. happiness, prosperity, Naigh. iii, 6. - grathita (sú-), mfn. well fastened, ib. - granthi, min. well knotted, MW.; having beautiful joints, ib.;