disappearing, Cat.; -prayoga, m. N. of wk. okramanita, mfn. (a child) taken out for the first time, g. tārakādi. okrānta, mfn. gone out, departed, come forth, MBh. &c.; (dram.) exit, exeunt.

to buy off, redeem or ransom from (abl.; \tilde{A} . also one's self,' with or sc. $\bar{a}tm\bar{a}nam$), TS.; AV.; Br. kraya, m. redemption, ransom, Suparn.; Kav.; compensation, equivalent (in money), GobhŚrāddh., Comm.; price, reward, hire, wages, Mn.; MBh. &c.; return, acquittance, Šiš. i, 50. kráyana, mfn. redeeming, ransoming (ifc.), Br.; n. redemption, buying off, Mricch.; ransom, TS. krīti (nish-), f. redeeming, redemption, ŠBr.

निम्क्रोध nish-krodha, nish-kleša &c. See under nish, p. 543, col. I.

নিজ্জাথ nish-\lambda kvath, Caus. -kvāthayati (only ind. p. -kvāthya), to boil down, thicken by boiling, Sušr. okvātha, m. a decoction, broth, soup, ib.

निष्यत् nish-\sqrt{khan, P. A. -khanati, ote, to dig out or up, SBr.

निष्यिह nish- Vkhid, P. -khidati (inf. -khi-dam, AV. v, 18, 7), to loosen, get loose, Kāṭh.

निष्टञ्चन् nish-ṭakvan, $mf(var\bar{\imath})n. (\sqrt{tak?})$ prob. 'running away,' AV. v, 22, 6.

নিচন্ধ nish-ṭaṅk (only Pass.aor.nir-aṭaṅki), to express one's self, express in words, Sarvad. (cf. to 'coin' words).

নিম্ন ni-shṭan (for niḥ-shṭan?, √stan; cf. VPrāt. iii, 68), P.-shṭanati (rarely Ā.; p.-shṭanat), to roar, thunder, sound or cry loudly, RV.; MBh. &c. °shṭana, m. groan, sigh, R. °shṭānaka, mfn. speaking loud, R.; m. roar, murmur, rustling, MBh.; N. of a serpent-demon, MBh. (v.l. °shṭhānaka).

MBh.; to heat thoroughly, melt (as gold, according to Pāṇ. viii, 3, 102 nis-tap, if the action is repeated), anneal, purify by heat, free from impurities, TBr.; MBh.; R. &c.; to roast, fry, R.; Hariv. 'tapana, n. burning, L. 'tapta (nish-), mfn. burnt, scorched, heated thoroughly, melted (as gold), well cooked or dressed, VS.; TBr.; MBh. &c.

निष्टकी nish-ṭarkyà, mfn. (\sqrt{tark}; ef. tarku) to be opened by unscrewing or loosened by untwisting, TS,; Kāṭh.; ĀpŠr. &c.

निष्टवेश्य nishṭa-vaisya (?), m. N. of a man, Rājat.

fafe nishți, f. = $gr\bar{i}v\bar{a}$ -bandha, TĀr., Sch. ° $gr\bar{i}$, f. ($\sqrt{2}$. $gr\bar{i}$?) N. of Indra's mother, RV. x, 101, 12.

निष्टु ni-shṭu (√stu), P.-shṭauti (ny-ashṭaut and -astaut), Pāṇ. viii, 3, 70.

निष्ट्र nish-túr, mfn. (\sqrt{tri}) throwing down, overthrowing, RV.

iv, 2, 104; viii, 3, 101) external, foreign, strange, RV.; AV.; VS.; SBr.; m. a Caṇḍāla or Mleccha, L.; (\bar{a}) , f. N. of a lunar mansion $(=sv\bar{a}ti)$, TBr.; $\bar{A}pGr$.

निष्ट्ये ni-shṭyai (√styai), Ā. -shṭyāyate, oshṭyāyatām; ind. p. -shṭyāya), to stick to by coagulation or condensation, to grow or crowd together, VS.; TS.

निष्ठा ni-shṭhā (\sthā; aor, ny-ashthāt, pf. ni-tasthau, Vop.): Caus. (201. ny-atishthipat) to fix in (loc.), SBr.; to give forth, emit, yield, HPar. "shtha, mfn. (in some senses = or w.r. for nih + stha) being in or on, situated on, grounded or resting on, depending on, relating or referring to (usually ifc.), Mn.; MBh. &c.; intent on, devoted to, ib. (cf. dharma-, satya-); conducive to, effecting (dat.), Bālar. v, 51; -loka, m. pl. dependent people i.e. servants, Rajat. vii, 114. 1. shtha, f. (ifc. f. \bar{a}) state, condition, position, Bhag.; firmness, steadiness, attachment, devotion, application, skill in, familiarity with, certain knowledge of (loc.), MBh.; Kāv.; Pur.; decision about (gen.), Rājat.; decisive sentence, judgment, Gaut.; Ap.; completion, perfection, culminating or extreme point, Mn.;

Ap.; MBh. &c.; conclusion, end, termination, death (ifc. 'ending with'), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; asking, begging, L.; trouble, distress, L.; (in gram.) N. of the p.p. affixes ta and tavat; (in dram.) the end or catastrophe, W.; -gata, mfn. gone to or attaining perfection; m. pl. a class of Buddh. deities, Lalit.; -nta (°thanta), m. end, conclusion, MBh.; BhP. (v.l. dishtânta); -va, min. concluding, deciding, AitBr.; -vat, mfn. perfect, complete, consummate, R.; -sūnya, mfn. devoid of firmness, unsteady, irresolute, Mālatim. 2. shtha (Padap. nih-shtha), mfn. excelling, eminent, RV. oshthana, n. sauce, condiment, L. oshthanaka, w.r. for ni-shtanaka. oshthita (ní-, sometimes for níh-), mfn. being in or on (loc.), R.; BhP.; fallen from the hand, HPar.; grown forth, RV.; complete, perfect, consummate, SBr.; attached or devoted to, conversant with, skilled in (loc.), MBh.; R. &c.; firm, fixed; certain, ascertained, W.; -cīvara(?), mfn., Divyav.

(impf. ny-ashthīvat, MBh.; pf. ni-tishthīvati (impf. ny-ashthīvat, MBh.; pf. ni-tishthīvuh, Bhatt.; ind. p. -shthīvya, Mn.), to spit, spit out, eject from the mouth. 2. shthīta(!), mfn. spit upon, BhP. shthīva, m. n. spitting, spitting out, L. shthīvana, n. spitting, saliva, MBh.; Sušr.; -sarāva, m. spitting-box, spittoon, Bhartr. shthīvitā, f. (Car.), shthīvitā, n. (Gaut.; Var.; tā, f., Hariv.), shtheva, m. (and vana, n., L.) shthīva. shthūta and shthūti, w.r. for shthy (see next). shthūta, mfn. spit out, ejected from the mouth, emitted, sent forth, KātyŠr.; Kāv. &c.; n. spittle, Mn.; Yājñ. shthyūti, f. spitting, spitting out, L.

rough, harsh, severe, cruel (said of persons and things, esp. words), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; -tā, f. (Mn.; Kāv. &c.), -tva, n. (Caurap.) harshness of speech, coarseness; -bhāshin, mfn. speaking harshly, Cāṇ.; -mānasa, mfn. cruel-minded, MārkP. °shṭhuraka, m. N. of a man, Kathās. °shṭhurika, m. N. of a Nāga, MBh. (v.l. °shṭhūr²). °shṭhūrin, mfn. rough, coarse, L.

निष्म nishthya, n. making a cracking noise with the fingers, Apast.

निष्ट्रत ni-shthyūta, oti. See ni-shthiv.

Taul ni-shṇā ($\sqrt{sn\bar{a}}$), only Pot. -shṇāyāt, to be absorbed in (loc.), BhP. 'shṇa, mfn. clever, skilful, versed or experienced in (comp.), Bhaṭṭ. (cf. ni-sna, nadī-shna, and next). 'shṇāta, mfn. deeply versed in, skilful, clever, learned (with loc. or ifc.), MBh.; Kāv.; Pur.; agreed upon, Yājñ.; Mālatīm.; -tva, n. skill in, familiarity with (prati), Kull. x, 85. Mi-snāta, mfn., see Pāṇ. viii, 3, 89.

निष्पक्ष nísh-pakva &c. See p. 543, col. 1.

faun nish-\pat, P. -patati (pf. 3. pl. -petur, ind. p. -patya), to fly out of (abl.), rush out, jump out, fall out, issue, depart, hasten away, RV. &c. &c.: Caus. -pātayati, to cause to fall out, ruin, destroy, AV.; R. patana; n. rushing out, issuing quickly, R. patita, mfn. flown or fallen out &c., Hariv. patishņu, mfn. rushing or running or hastening out, MBh. pāta, m. throbbing, any short or quick motion, BhP. pātita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) caused to fall, ruined, destroyed, R.

निष्पद nish-\pad, A. -padyate, to fall out (Subj. -padyātai), ŠBr.; to come forth, issue, arise, be brought about or effected, become ripe, ripen, Mn.; MBh. &c.: Caus. -pādayati, cte, to bring about, accomplish, perform, do, make (with rājyam, 'to reign'), cause to ripen, MBh.; R.; Var. &c. opatti, f. going forth or out, being brought about or effected, completion, consummation, Hariv.; R.; Var.; coming or being derived from (dhātoh), Sarvad.; a partic. state of ecstasy, Cat. opád, f. excrement, ordure, RV.; TS. opanna, mfn. gone forth or sprung up, arisen, descended from (abl., rarely instr.), R.; Var.; (in gram.) derived from (abl.), Sarvad.; brought about, effected, succeeded, completed, finished, ready, Kathās.; Rājat.; Hit. &c. °pādaka, mf(ikā)n. (fr. Caus.) accomplishing, developing, effective (-tva, n.), Sāh. opādana, n. effecting, causing, producing, L. opādanīya, mfn. to be effected or brought about or achieved, Hcat. opadita, mfn. done, effected, prepared, achieved, Pur.; Vet. opa-

ditavya, mfn. = °pādanīya, MW. °pādya, mfn. id., Sāh.; -tva, n., TPrāt., Comm.

নিম্পন্ত 2.ni-shpanda (for 1. see p. 543), m. (\sqrt{spand}) motion; -hīna, mfn. motionless, MBh.

निष्मलाय nish-palây (=nish-parā-√ay or i), P. °yati, to run away, Divyâv.

out or up, drink from (abl.), TS. "pāna, n. drinking out or up, Pān. viii, 4, 35. "pīta, mfn. drunk out or up, SBr.; emptied by drinking, dried or sucked up, exhausted, R.; Kathās. "peya, mfn. being drunk out or up, L.

faut $nish-\sqrt{3}$. $p\bar{a}$, P. $-p\bar{a}ti$, to protect from (abl.), RV. x, 126, 2.

निष्णि गांडो nish- $\sqrt{pi\dot{s}}$, P. -piṇṣati, to tear the flesh of an animal from the skin, RV. i, 110, 8.

sheyam, MBh.; pf. -pipesha, ib.; ind. p. -pishya, ib.; -pesham, Bālar. iv, 65), to stamp or beat (linen with stones in washing), SBr. (inf. nish-peshtavai); to pound, crush, rub, grind (sva-caraṇau, to stamp one's feet; karaṃ reṇa, to rub the hands together; dantair tān or dantān teshu, to gnash the teeth), MBh.; Hariv.; R. &c.: Caus. -peshayati, to crush, destroy, Prab. ii, 33 (v.l. niḥ-sesh). pishṭa, mfn. stamped, ground, pounded, crushed, beaten, oppressed, MBh. &c. pesha, m. rubbing together, grinding, striking or clashing and the sound produced by it, MBh.; Kāv. &c. peshana, n. id., MBh.

निष्पोड nish- \sqrt{pid} , P. -pidayati (ind. p. -pidya; Pass.-pidyate), to press or squeeze out, press together or against, ĀsvGṛ.; MBh.; Suśr. &c.; to contract(in pronouncing), Šiksh. °pida (R.ii, 62, 17), w.r. for nish-pita. °pidana, n. pressing, squeezing, Mālatīm.; wringing out (of a cloth), AV. Pariš.

frug nish- $\sqrt{p\bar{u}}$, P.-punāti, to winnow, fan, purify, SBr.; KātyŚr.; Suśr. &c. °pavaṇa, n. winnowing, fanning, KātyŚr., Sch. °pāva, m. id., L.; the wind caused by the winnowing sieve, L.; Dolichos Sinensis or a similar species, Bhpr.; straw, chaff, L.; (\tilde{t}) , f. a species of pulse (perhaps Dolichos Lablab), L.; mfn. = nir-vikalpa, L. °pāvaka, m. a species of pulse, L. °pāvaka, mfn., g. sidhmâdi.

निष्पूर्त nish-pūrta, mfn. (\sqrt{pri}) poured out,

fam nish- $\sqrt{1}$. pri, P. -piparti (2. pl. -pi-prithah, Impv. -pipartana, Subj. 201. -parshat), to bring out, rescue or deliver from (2. pl.), RV.; to come out (Impv. nish-para, v.l. nishvara), TS.: Caus. -pārayati, to help out, rescue, RV.

निष्मार ni-shphāra, m. (\sphar), see jṛimbha-nishpāra (add.)

निष्मुर ni-shphur or ni-sphur (√sphur), see Pāṇ. viii, 3, 76.

निष्मुल ni-shphul or ni-sphul (√sphul), ib.

नियन्द् ni-shyand &c. See ni-syand.

निष्पृत ni-shyūta. See ni-shiv.

নিচ্ছ ni-shvañj (√svañj), Ä. -shvajate (impf. ny-ashvajata or ny-asvajata, Pāṇ. viii, 3, 70 &c.; aor. ny-ashvankta or ny-asvankta, Vop.)

निष्यप ni-shvap. See ni-svap.

निष्पित् nish-shapin, mfn. (fr. nis+sapa = pasa) libidinous, lustful, RV. i, 104, 5.

निष्पह nish-shah (or -shāh, nom. -shāṭ), mfn. (\sqrt{sah}) overpowering, mighty, RV.

निष्य nish-shidh, f. ($\sqrt{1}$. sidh) granting, bestowing, gift, donation, RV. — shidhvan, mf(varī)n. granting, presenting, ib.

निस् nis. See p. 543, col. 2.

निसंक्ष ni-saṃkaksha, w. r. for niḥ-s°.

निसंज्ञ ni-samjña, w. r. for nih-so.

निसन्दि nisandi, m. N. of a Daitya, R.

निसंपात ni-sampāta, m. = niḥ-so, L.

निसर ni-sará (√sri), VS. xxx, 14.