कवक kavaka, am, n. a fungus, mushroom, Mn.; Yājñ.; Hcat.; a mouthful, L.

कवच kávaca, as, am, m. n. (√3. ku, Uņ. iv, 2; Nir. v, 25) gana ardharcadi, armour, cuirass, a coat of mail, SBr. xii, 2, 2, 7; KātyŚr. xiii, 3, 10; MBh.; R. &c.; any covering; a corset, jacket, Kāth. xxxiv, 5 [ifc. f. a]; Pan. iii, 2, 129; bark, rind,  $\hat{S}aring.;(as), m.a war-drum, a kettle-drum, L.;(am),$ n. a piece of bark or birch-leaf or any substance inscribed with mystical words and carried about as an amulet, any amulet, charm, W.; a mystical syllable (such as hum or hum) forming part of a Mantra used as an amulet [cf. bija], W.; (as), m. the tree Oldenlandia herbacea, Bhpr.; the tree Hibiscus populneoides, L. -dhara, mfn. = -hara below. -pattra, n. a birch-leaf, L.; a species of birch. L.; (cf. bhūrja-pattra.) - pāsá, m. the fastening of a coat of mail, AV. xi, 10, 22. - hara, mfn. wearing a coat of mail or jacket, W.; wearing an amulet, W.; (as), m. a Kshatriya youth when arrived at the age suitable for martial training, Kās. on Pān. iii, 2, 10.

Kavacita, mfn. covered with armour, Lalit.

Kavacín, mfn. covered with armour, mailed, AV. xi, 10, 22; VS. xvi, 35; SBr.; MBh.; R.; (ī), f., N. of Siva; of a son of Dhrita-rāshtra, MBh.

कवटी  $kavat\bar{i}$ , f. ( $=kav\bar{a}ta$ ) the leaf or panel of a door, L.

कवड kavada, as, m. a mouthful of water &c., water for rinsing the mouth, Susr.; [cf. kavala.]

कवत् ka-vat, mfn. having the word ka, TāṇḍyaBr.

कवत् kavatnú, mfn. (fr. 2. kava), avaricious, stingy, RV. vii, 32, 9.

कवन kavana, as, m., N. of a man; (am), n. water, Nir. x, 4.

कवनाक kavantaka, as, m., N. of a man; (ās), m. pl. his descendants, gaņa upakādi.

कवन्ध kávandha and kavandhín. See kában°.

कवपथ kava-patha. See I. kava.

कविषतृ kavayitri. See  $\sqrt{kav}$ .

कवयो kavayī, f. the fish Cojus Cobojus (commonly Kavay or Kay, said to go by land from one piece of water to another), L.; (cf. kavikā.)

क्वर kavara, mf.  $(\bar{a})$ n.  $(\sqrt{3}. ku, Un. iv,$ 154) mixed, intermingled, variegated, Sis. v, 19; (as), m. a lecturer, L.; (as, i), m. f. (Pān. iv, 1, 42; Vop. iv, 26; also n. according to a Sch.) a braid, fillet of hair, BhP.; Git.; Sah.; Sis.; (am), n. salt, L.; sourness, acidity, L.; (ā), f. (Sch. on Pān. iv, 1, 42) the plant Ocimum gratissimum, L.; (1), f. id., L.; Acacia arabica or another plant, Npr. **- puccha,**  $mf(\bar{z})n$ , having a twisted tail or one resembling a braid, Pān. iv, 1, 55, Vārtt. 2. - bhāra, m. a fine head of hair, BhP. v, 2, 6.

**Kavarī** (f. of °ra, q. v.) - bhara, m. a fine head ofhair, Git. xii, 26. - bhāra, m.id., Pañcar. - bhrit, mfn. wearing a fillet of hair, Sis.

कवरकी kavarakī, f. a captive, a prisoner, L.; (cf. vandi.)

कवर्ग ka-varga, as, m. the class of guttural letters, TPrāt.; (cf. varga.)

कवल kavala, as, m. (am, n.?) a mouthful (as of water &c.); a morsel, MBh.; R.; Ragh.; Mn.; Bhartr.; a wash for cleansing the mouth, gargle, Susr.; a kind of fish (commonly Baliya), L. -graha, m. the taking a mouthful of water for swallowing; water for rinsing the mouth, Bhpr.; a weight = karsha, SārngS. - grāha, m. water enough for swallowing or for rinsing the mouth, gargle, Car. - ta, f. the state of being a mouthful, a morsel, Vcar. - prastha, m., N. of a town, gana karkyādi. Kavalī-Vkri, to swallow or eat up, devour, Nāg.; Bālar.

Kavalana, mfn. swallowing by the mouthful; (am), n. swallowing, gulping down, eating, Vam.; putting into the mouth, Balar.

Kavalaya, Nom. P. vati, to swallow or gulp down, devour, Hear. &c.

Kavalika, f. a piece of cloth over a sore or wound, a bandage, Susr.

Kavalita, mfn. swallowed by the mouthful, eaten, devoured, Pañcat.; Kathās.

Kavalī-√kri. See kavala.

कवप् kavásh, mfn. (according to Mahīdhara fr.  $\sqrt{3}$ . ku) 'emitting sound,' 'creaking' (said of the leaves of a door), open, yawning (faulty?), VS. xxix, 5 = MaitrS. iii, 16, 2. (Instead of kaváshas the TS. v, II, I, 2 (cf. kavi) and the Kāth. have *kaváyas*.)

Kavásha, mf(2)n. opened (as the legs), AitBr.; (as), m. a shield, L.; (or Kavasha Ailūsha) N. of a Rishi (son of Ilūsha by a slave girl, and author of several hymns in the tenth Mandala of the Rig-veda; when the Rishis were performing a sacrifice on the banks of the Sarasvati he was expelled as an impostor and as unworthy to drink of the water, being the son of a slave; it was only when the gods had shown him special favour that he was readmitted to their society), RV. vii, 18, 12; AitBr. ii, 19; N. of a Muni, BhP.; N. of the author of a Dharma-sāstra.

Kavashin, ī, m., N. of a Rishi, R. vii, I, 4.

कवस kavasa, as, m. (fr.  $\sqrt{3}$ . ku, Uņ. iv, 2) armour, mail, L.; a prickly shrub; (cf. kávaca.)

कवारिन kavágni. See I. kava above.

कवाट kavāṭa, as, ī, am, mfn. (for kapāṭa) the leaf or panel of a door, a door, R.; Naish. &c.; (ifc. kavātaka; cf. kavatī.) - ghna, m. 'doorbreaking,' a thief. - vakra, n., N. of a plant (commonly kavāṭa-veṭu or kavāḍa-veṇṭuyā), L.

Kavātaka, ifc. = kavāta, Kathās.

कवातियेच् kávā-tiryañc (fr. 1. kava+t°) mfn. arranged or directed a little across, TS.; TAr.

कवार kavāra, as, m. the bird Tantalus falcinellus, W.; (am), n. a lotus, L.; [cf. kavela.]

कवारि kavārí, mfn. (fr. 2. kava), selfish, stingy, RV. x, 107, 3.

Kavā-sakhá, mfn. 'having a selfish man for companion, being the companion of a selfish man, selfish, RV. v, 34, 3; Nir. vi, 19.

कवि kaví, mfn. ( $\sqrt{1.}$  kū, ef. 2. kava, ākūta, ākūti, kāvya, Naigh. iii, 15; Nir. xii, 13; Un. iv, 138) gifted with insight, intelligent, knowing, enlightened, wise, sensible, prudent, skilful, cunning; (is), m. a thinker, intelligent man, man of understanding, leader; a wise man, sage, seer, prophet; a singer, bard, poet (but in this sense without any technical application in the Veda), RV.; VS.; TS.; AV.; SBr. i, 4, 2, 8; KathUp. iii, 14; MBh.; Bhag.; BhagP.; Mn. vii, 49; R.; Ragh.; N. of several gods, (esp.) of Agni, RV. ii, 23, 1; x, 5, 4, 3; iii, 5, 1; i, 31, 2; 76, 5; of Varuna, Indra, the Asvins, Maruts, Adityas; of the Soma; of the Soma priest and other sacrificers; (probably) N. of a particular poet; cf. A'ngiras (Mn. ii, 151) and Usánas (Bhag. x, 37); of the ancient sages or patriarchs (as spirits now surrounding the sun); of the Ribhus (as skilful in contrivance); of Pushan (as leader or guider); N. of a son of Brahma, MBh. xiii, 4123, 4142-4150; of Brahmā, W.; of a son of Bhrigu and father of Sukra, MBh. i, 2606 (cf. 3204; BhagP. iv, 1, 45 and Kull. on Mn. iii, 198); that of Sukra (regent of the planet Venus and preceptor of the demons), Rājat. iv, 495; of the planet Venus, NBD.; of the sons of several Manus. Hariv.; BhagP.; VP.; of a son of Kausika and pupil of Garga, Hariv.; of a son of Rishabha, BhagP.; of Vālmīki, L.; a keeper or herd, RV. vii, 18, 8; (fig.) N. of the gates of the sacrificial enclosure. TS. v, 11, 1, 2 (cf. kavásh); the sun, W.; of various men; the soul in the Samkhya philosophy, Comm.; a cunning fighter, L.; an owl, L.; (is or  $\bar{i}$ , W.), f. the bit of a bridle, L.; the reins (cf.  $kavik\bar{a}$ ), W.; a ladle (cf. kambi), L. - kantha-hāra, m. 'poet's necklace,' N. of a work on rhetoric, L. - kamala-sadman, m. 'lotus-seat of poets.' N. of Brahmā (cf. kamala) as the supporter of poets, Prasannar. - karņa-pūrņa, m., N. of a poet. - karpatī, f., N. of a work on prosody. - kalpadruma, m., N. of a metrical collection of roots written by Vopa-deva. - kalpa-lata. f., N. of a work on rhetoric by Devêndra. - kratu (kavi-), |

mfn. having the insight of a wise man, full of discernment, wise (said of Agni and the Soma), RV.; VS.; AV.; one who possesses wisdom or sacrifices, Sāy. - cakra-vartin, m., N. of Pürņānanda. -candra, m., N. of various authors (of the Kavyacandrikā; of the Dhātu-candrikā; of the Ratnāvalī; of the Rāmacandra-campū; of the Šānti-candrikā; of the Sārala-harī grammar; of a book named Stavāvali). - cchád, mfn. delighting (cf. /chad) in wise men ['causing pleasure to the wise,' Say.], RV. iii, 12, 15. - jana-vinoda, m. 'delight of wise men,' N. of a work. - jyeshtha, m. 'oldest of poets,' N. of Vālmīki (author of the Rāmāyaņa), L. - tama (kavi-), mfn. wisest, RV. - tara (kavi-), mfn. wiser, RV.; AV. -ta, f. poetry, ornate style (whether of verse or prose), Bhartr.; Prasannar.; a poem, W.; "tâmrita-kūpa, m. 'well of nectar of poetry,' N. of a modern collection of verses; -rahasya, n. 'the secret of style,' N. of a work on rhetoric; -vedin, mfn. 'understanding poesy,' wise, learned; a poet, genius, W.; -sakti, f. poetic talent, MW. - tārkika-sinha, m. 'lion of poets and philosophers,' N. of Venkata-natha. - tri, v.l. for kavayitri, L. - tvá, n. intelligence, RV. x, 124, 7; poetic skill or power or gift, Das.; Sāh.; Vet.; -ratnākara, m, 'jewel-mine of poesy,' N. of a modern work on rhetoric. - tvaná, n. wisdom, RV. viii, 40,3. - darpaṇa, m. 'poet's mirror,' N. of a work by Raghu. - putra, m., N. of adramatic author, Mālav. - prasastá, mfn. esteemed or praised by sages, RV. v. 1.8. -priyā, f., N. of a work on rhetoric by Kesavadāsa. - bhatta, m., N. of a poet. - bhūma, m., N. of a man. - bhushana, m., N. of the son of Kavi-candra. - mandana, m., N. of Sambhubhatta. - ratna-purushôttama-misra, m., N. of a man. - ratha, m., N. of a prince (son of Citraratha). - rahasya, n. 'secret of the learned,' N. of a collection of roots by Halayudha. - raja, m. a king of poets, Vām. iv, 1, 10; N. of the author of the Rāghavapāṇḍavīya, Bālar. viii, 20; -kautuka, m., N. of a work; -bhikshu, m., N. of a man; -yati, m., N. of a man; -vasumdhara, m., N. of a man. - rāmāyaṇa, m., N. of Vālmīki (for rāmâyana-kavi). - lāsikā (W.) or -lāsikā (L.), f. a kind of lute. - vallabha, m., N. of the son of Kavi-candra. - vridhá, mfn. prospering the wise, RV. viii, 63, 4. - vrishan, m. an eminent poet, Bālar. vii, 7. - sastá (and ovi-sasta, SBr. i, 4, 2, 8), mfn. (gana pravriddhadi) pronounced by wise men, RV.; praised by wise men, RV.; AV. - sikshā, m. instruction for poets. Kavîndu, m. 'moon of poets,' N. of Valmiki, Sarng. Kavîndra, m. a prince among poets, Prasannar.; -kalpa-taru, m., N. of a work. Kavîsvara, m. 'lord among poets,' N. of a poet.

Kavika, am, n. the bit of a bridle or the reins, L.;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. the bit of a bridle, Mudr.; N. of a flower (= kevikā-pushya), L.; a sort of fish (commonly Kay), Bhpr.; [cf. kavayī.]

Kavita, as, m., N. of a Rishi.

Kaviya, as, am, m. n. the bit of a bridle or the reins, W.

Kavila, gana pragady-ādi (for kaliva according to Kāš.)

Kavīya, as, am, m. n. the bit of a bridle or the reins, W.; [cf. kaviya.]

Kavīyát, mfn. (pr. p. P.) acting like a wise man, RV. ix, 94, 1. Kavīyámāna, mfn. (pr. p. A.) making pre-

tension to wisdom, RV. i, 164, 18. **Kávíyas,** mfn. compar. (=kavitara) wiser, v. l.

of SV. for RV. ix, 94, 1; (see kavīyát above.)

I. Kavyá, mfn. (=kavi, Kās. on Pān. v, 4, 30)wise, RV. x, 15, 9 (at VS. xxii, 2 read kavyah); a sacrificer, sacrificial priest, RV. ix, 91, 2; N. of a class of deities associated with Angiras and Rikvan [Gmn.; a class of manes], RV. x, 14, 3; AV.; N. of one of the seven sages of the fourth Manv-antara, Hariv.; (am), n. (generally in connection with havya, see havya-kavya) 'what must be offered to the wise,' an oblation of food to deceased ancestors, MBh.; Mn. - tā (kavyá-), f. the state of a sage, wisdom, RV. i, 96, 2. - bhuj, -bhojana, m. pl. 'oblation-eaters,' the manes or a class of manes, L. - vah, nom. vat, -vada, mfn. = -vahana below. - vāla, mfn. a corrupted form of -vāda, which is derived fr. the nom. -vāt of -vah. - vāhana, mfn. (Pān. iii, 2, 65) conveying oblations to the manes (said of fire), RV. x, 16, 11 [Sāy.]; VS.; TS.; AV.;