n. N. of wks. — devī, f. N. of a princess, Hcar. — nitya-pūjā-paddhati, f., -paddhati, f. N. of wks. — pūjā, f. the worship of Šyāmā or Durgā (on the new moon of the month Kārttika), W.; -paddhati, f. N. of wk — prakaraṇa, n., -pradīpa, m., -prayoga-vidhi, m., -mantra, m. pl., -mā-nasârcana, n., -ratna, n., -rahasya, n. N. of wks. — ruta, n. the song of the bird Šyāmā, Cat. — reana-candrikā (mār), f. N. of wk. — latā, f. (prob.) = syāma-lo, VarBṛS. — vatī, f. N. of a woman, Divyâv. — saparyā-krama, m., -saparyā-vidhi, m., -sahasra-nāman, n., -stotra, n. N. of wks.

Syāmāka, m. akind of cultivated millet (Panicum Frumentaceum; pl. grains of it), VS. &c. &c.; N. of a man, Divyâv.; pl. N. of a people, VarBṛS.; (°māká), mf(ī)n. made of Pan° Frum°, TS.; ŠṛS.; MBh.; m. a patr., g. vidâdi; gopa-vanâdi (pl.)—taṇḍulá, m. a grain of Panicum Frum°, ŠBr.—mushṭim-paca, mfn. cooking (a mere) handful of millet i. e. living very frugally, Bālar. Syāmā-kâgrayaṇa, n. the firstlings of millet; °nêshṭi, f. an oblation of the firstlings of millet, KātyŚr. Paddh. Syāmākâshṭi, f. an oblation of millet, ĀpŚr.; KātyŚr. Paddh. Syāmākândana, m. rice with millet, KātyŚr.

**Syāmāya**, Nom. Ā. °*māyate*, to assume a dark colour (°*māyita*, mfn. become dark), Kāv.; Sāh.

**Syāmāyana,** m. a patr., g. ašvādi; N. of a son of Visvā-mitra, MBh.

Syamayani, m. patr. of a teacher, Cat.

**Šyāmāyanin**, m. pl. N. of a school, Pāņ. iv, 3, 104, Sch.

**Syāmāyanīya,** m. pl. N. of a school of the Black Yajus, Hcat.; Caran.

syāmita, mfn. blackened, darkened, Kir.

**Syāmī**, in comp. for *syāma*. —  $\sqrt{kri}$ , P.-*karoti*, to darken, Kāv. —  $\sqrt{bh\bar{u}}$ , P.-*bhavati*, to become dark-coloured, Kir.; Naish.; Hear.

Syameya, m. a patr., g. subhrâdi.

**Syāvá,**  $mf(\hat{a})n$ . (connected with  $\dot{s}y\bar{a}ma$ ) darkbrown, brown, dark-coloured, dark, RV.; AV.; Br. &c.; drawn by brown or bay horses (said of chariots, Ved.), MW.; pungent and sweet and sour, L.; m. a brown horse, RV.; brown (the colour), W.; a partic. disease of the outer ear, Susr.; pungent and sweet and sour taste, L.; N. of a man, RV.; pl. the horses of the Sun, Naigh.; (\$\bar{\epsilon}\$), f. a brown or bay mare, RV.; night, ib. (Naigh. i, 7); (syāva) m. N. of a man, RV. - ta, f. brownness, Susr.; SarngS. -taila, m. the mango-tree, L. -da (w.r.) = next, Apast. - dat (syāvá-, AV.; TS.; TBr. &c.) or -danta (Kāth.; MārkP.; -tā, f. Mn.; Sušr.), or -dantaka (Mn.; Yājñ.; Sušr.; ŠārngS.), mfn. having dark or discoloured teeth (accord, to some 'having a little tooth growing over the two front teeth'). - nāya, m. N. of a man, g. kurv-ādi. - nāyīya, mfn., g. utkarddi. - nāyya, m. patr. fr. -nāya, g. kurv-ādi. - putra, m. N. of a man, g. kurv-ādi; otrya, m. patr. fr. it, ib. - ratha, m. N. of a man, ib.; othya, m. patr. fr. that N., ib. - vartman, n. a partic. disease of the eyelid, Susr.; ŚārṅgS. 🕏 🛪 vaksha, mfn. brown-eyed, VarBrS. Syavasva, mfn. having brown horses, AV.; ŠānkhŠr.; TĀr.; m. N. of a Vedic Rishi (having the patr. Atreya; he was the supposed author of various hymns in the 5th, 8th, and 9th Mandalas; "vasvasya prahitau, N. of two Sāmans), RV.; AV. &c.; n. the story of Švāvasva. ŠānkhŠr.; N. of various Sāmans, SV.; Br.: Lātv.; (°vâšvá)-stuta, mfn. praised by Šyāvâšva, RV.; ovāsvi, m. patr. of the Vedic Rishi Andhīgu, RAnukr. Šyāvāsya, mfn. brown-faced (-tā, f., Sušr.), PārGŗ.

Syāvaka, mfn. brown, dark-coloured, MW.; m. N. of a man, RV.; pl. the horses of the Sun, MW. Syāvaya, Nom. P. syāvayati, to embrown, make

brown, Car.

Syāvala, m. patr. fr. next, g. vidâdi.

Syāvali, m. N. of a man, ib.

Syāvyā, f. (prob.) darkness, RV. vi, 15, 17.

श्याल syāla. See syāla.

ञ्याच syāva. See above.

इयंत syetá, mf(syénī or syetā)n. (prob. connected with sveta, q.v.) reddish white, white, AV.; SBr.; SrS.; m. white (the colour), L.; (syenī), f. a white cow (see syaineya); a woman with a lily-white iv, 9-11.

complexion (= kumuda-pattrābhā), L. - kolaka, m. the Saphara fish, Cyprinus Saphore (commonly called Puṇṭī), L. Syetākshá, mf(ī)n. having reddish-white eyes, VS.; ŠBr.; Kāṭh.

**šyetī-√kṛi**, Ā. -*kurute*, to master, overcome, TS.; TBr. (Sch.)

Syená, m. a hawk, falcon, eagle, any bird of prey (esp. the eagle that brings down Soma to man), RV. &c. &c.; firewood laid in the shape of an eagle, Sulbas.; a kind of array (in battle), MBh.; Kām.; a partic. part of the sacrificial victim, Kaus.; a partic. Ekâna, ShadvBr.; KātyŠr.; a horse, L.; N. of a Rishi (having the patr. Agneya and author of RV. x, 188), Anukr.; (with or without *Indrasya*) N. of a Sāman, ArshBr.; Lāṭy.;  $(\bar{\sigma})$ , f. a female hawk, L.; (i), f. a female hawk, L.; N. of a daughter of Kasyapa (regarded as the mother of hawks), MBh.; Hariv.; Pur.; a kind of metre, Ping.; mfn. eaglelike, AitBr.; coming from an eagle (as 'eagle's flesh'), Krishnaj. (prob. w. r. for syaina). - kapotīya, mfn. (the story) of the hawk and the pigeon (cf. sibi), MBh. - karana, n. acting like a hawk, acting with precipitation, W.; burning on a separate funeral pile, ib. - gāmin, m. 'flying like a hawk,' N. of a Rākshasa, R. - ghanta, f. a kind of plant, L. - cit, mfn. piled in the shape of a hawk, Sulbas.; m.a hawkfeeder, falconer, W. - cita, mfn. = prec.; m. a partic. Agni, MBh. - citra, m. N. of a man, ib. - jit, m. N. of a man, ib.; (-jid)-ākhyāna, n. 'hawk-story,' N. of an episode in the Mahā-bhārata. - jīvin, m. one who lives by selling or training hos, a falconer, Mn. iii, 164. - jūta (syená-), mfn. swift as an eagle, RV. - pattrá, n. an eagle's feather, SBr.; KātySr. - patvan (syená-), mfn. flying by means of eagles, borne or drawn along by eagles, RV. - pāta, m. an eagle's flight (a favourite feat of jugglers), Das. (cf. Pān. vi, 3, 71); mfn. flying along like an eagle, MBh. - brihat, m. N. of a Sāman (cf. -wrishaka). - bhrita, mfn. brought by the eagle (Soma), RV. - yāga, m. a kind of sacrifice, Col. - vrishaka, n. N. of a Sāman, ĀrshBr. - hṛita (syená-), mfn. brought by the eagle (Soma or some similar plant), ŠBr.; KātyŠr. Syenākhya, m. Ardea Sibirica, L. Syenâbhrita, mfn. = syena-bhrita, RV. Syenâvapātam, ind. swooping down like an eagle or hawk, Prab. Syenâsva-syena or -syaina, n. N. of a Sāman, ArshBr. Syenāhrita, m. = syenahrita, L. Syenôpadesa, m. injunction to women to burn on a separate funeral pile (cf. syena-karana), W.

**Syenikā**, f. a female hawk or eagle (said to be a N. of two metres), Ping., Sch.; Ked.

**Syenī.** See *syeta* and *syena* above.

**šyaitá**, m. (also pl.), a patr., AV.; ĀšvŠr.; n. N. of a Sāman, ĀrshBr.

**Syaina**, mfn. coming from a hawk &c. (see *syena*). **Syainampāta**, mf  $(\bar{a})$  n. (fr. *syena-pāta*) any place fit for the flying of hawks (=syena-pāta) syām vartate; with mrigayā, f. 'hawking, hunting with hawks'), Pān. iv, 2, 58, Sch.

**Šyainika,** mfn. relating or belonging to the Ekâha Śyena, PañcavBr., Sch.

**Syaineyá**, mfn. (fr. *syenī*) descended from a white cow, MaitrS.; metron. of Jaṭāyu, Mcar.

syai, cl. I. P. syāyati, to cause to congeal or freeze, SBr.; (Ā.) syāyate (Gr. also pf. sasye; aor. asyāsta; fut. syātā, syāsyate), to go, move, Dhātup. xxii, 67: Pass. sīyate, to congeal, freeze, be cold, TS.; TBr.: Caus. syāpayati, Gr.: Desid. sisyāsate, ib.: Intens. sāsyāyate, sāsyeti, sāsyāti, ib.

**Sīta.** See p. 1077, col. 3. **Sīna.** See p. 1078, col. 2.

**Syāna**, mfn. shrunk, become dry (see below); viscous, sticky, adhesive (as clarified butter), W.; coagulated, congealed, W.; gone, ib. [Cf. accord. to some, Lith. szēnas; Slav. sēno.] — pulina, mfn. having dry sandbanks (as a river in the hot season), Bhartr.

স্থায়াক syonāka or syonāka, m. Bignonia Indica, Car.; Susr.; VarBṛS.

श्रंश srans, srans, w.r. for √srans.

সহ śrańk (also written ślańk, srańk), cl. i. Ā. śrańkate &c., to go, move, creep, Dhātup. iv, 9-11.

স্কৃ srang (also written slang, svang, svang), cl. I.P. srangati &c., to go, move, Dhātup.v, 43-45.

知順 śraņ (only in vi-√śraņ, q.v.), cl. 1. P. (Dhātup. xix, 36) śraṇati, or cl. 10. P. (xxxii, 42) śrāṇayati (aor. aśiśraṇat or aśaśrāṇat, Siddh.; Vop.), to give, grant, present.

সৌ śrát or সৈ śrád, ind. (accord. to Naigh. iii, 10 = satya, 'truth, faithfulness;' prob. allied to Lat. credo for cred-do; cor, cord-is; Gk. καρδία, κραδίη, Eng. 'heart;' only in comp. with √kṛi and dāna and √dhā and its derivations, see below).

Srat-√kṛi, P.-karoti, to make secure, guarantee, RV. viii, 75, 2 (cf. Pāṇ. v, 4, 57, Sch.)

**Srad-dádhāna**, mfn. having faith, trustful, believing, RV. &c. &c. - tā, f. belief, faith, Mn. vii, 86. - vat, mfn. trustful, believing, VP.

**Śrad-đāna**, n. faith, belief, faithfulness, Sarvad. **Śrad-đha**, mfn. having faith, believing in, trusting, faithful, having confidence, Kāṭh.; TS.; (ā), f., see below; n. = *śraddhā*, W.

**ˈśrad-dhayat**(?),mfn.=*śrad-dadhāna*,MuṇḍUp. **ˈśrad-dhayita**, mfn. trustful, believing in (gen.), Divyâv.

**Šrad-** vidhā, P.Ā.-dadhāti, -dhatte (pr. p. srad-dadhāt, srad-dádhāna; Ved. inf. sraddhé, cf. srát above), to have faith or faithfulness, have belief or confidence, believe, be true or trustful (with na, 'to disbelieve' &c.), RV. &c. &c.; to credit, think anything true (two acc.), MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to believe or have faith in or be true to (with dat., and in later language with gen. of thing or person, or with loc. of thing), RV. &c. &c.; to expect anything (acc.) from (abl.), MBh.; to consent, assent to, approve, welcome (with acc.; with na, 'to disapprove'), Kathās.; to be desirous of (acc.), wish to (inf.), ib.; BhP.: Caus. -dhāpayati, to make faithful, render trustful, inspire confidence, RV. x, 151, 5.

Śraddha, f. faith, trust, confidence, trustfulness, faithfulness, belief in (loc. or comp.; sraddhayā √gam, 'to believe in,' with gen., Divyâv.), trust, confidence, loyalty (Faith or Faithfulnesses is often personified and in RV.x, 151 invoked as a deity; in TBr. she is the daughter of Praja-pati, and in SBr. of the Sun; in MBh. she is the daughter of Daksha and wife of Dharma; in MarkP, she is the mother of Kāma, and in BhP, the daughter of Kardama and wife of Angiras or Manu), RV. &c. &c.; wish, desire (*sraddhayā*, ind. 'willingly, gladly'), longing for (loc., acc. with prati, inf., or comp.), MBh.; Kav. &c.; desire of eating, appetite, Susr.; the longing of a pregnant woman, Car.; curiosity (sraddhām ākhyāhi nas tāvat, 'just satisfy our curiosity and tell us'), Kathās.; purity, L.; respect, reverence, W.; calmness or composure of mind, MW.; intimacy, ib.; a term for the fem. nouns in  $\bar{a}$ , Kat.; (with  $K\bar{a}m\bar{a}$ yanz) N. of the authoress of RV. x, 151 (cf. above); du. (with Prajā-pateh) N. of two Sāmans, ĀrshBr. - krita, mfn. done with faith or faithfulness, W. -jādya, n. blind or obstinate adherence to one's f°, MW. - deya, n. trust, confidence, Divyav.; also w.r. for next. - deva (sraddha-), mfn. trusting in the deity, faithful, believing, TS.; Br.; ChUp. (cf. srāddha-d°). - "nusārin (sraddhan"), m. 'a follower or observer of faith,' one who acts faithfully, a Śrāvaka at a partic. stage of his religious life, Divyâv. - onvita(sraddhânvo), mfn. endowed with f°, believing, W. - prakarana, n., -balâdhāna, n. N. of wks. - manas (¿raddhá-), mfn. truchearted, faithful, RV. - manasyá, ind. (instr.) faithfully, RV. - maya, mf(i)n. full of faith, believing, Bhag. - yukta, mfn. having fo, believing, W. - rahita, mfn. deprived of faith, disbelieving, ib. - vat, mfn. = -yukta, Bhag.; MarkP.; consenting, assenting, Kathās.; (vatī), f. N. of a mythical town on mount Meru, BhP., Sch. - vitta (sraddhā-), mfn. possessed of faith or belief, faithful, believing, SBr. - vimukta, m. released from faith, a Šrāvaka at a partic. stage of his religious life, Divyav. - virahita, mfn. = -rahita, MW. - samanvita, mfn. = sraddhânvita, ib. Sraddhêndriya, mfn. the faculty of believing, Lalit.

**Śraddhātavya**, n. (impers.) it should be believed, MBh.

**Šraddhātri**, mfn. one who has belief or is faithful, MW.