of the Satapatha-brāhmaņa. — gāna, n. =  $\bar{a}ranya$ -  $g\bar{a}na$ , q. v.

স্থানে  $\bar{a}$ -rata, &c. See  $\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{ram}$ .

স্থারে āraddha as, m., N. of a man, (gaṇa tikâdi, Pāṇ. iv, I, 154.)

Āraddhāyani, is, m. a descendant of the above. স্থারের āradvat, ān, m., N. of a king, VP.

भारनाल āranāla, am, n. sour gruel made from the fermentation of boiled rice, Sušr.

Āranālaka, am, n. id., L.

মাথে  $\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{rap}$ , P. (p. - $r\acute{a}pat$ ) to whisper towards, VS. xx, 2.

bhmá, RV. viii, 45, 20) Ā. -rabhate (pf. -rebhe, &c.; Inf. -rábham and -rábhe, RV.) to lay or take hold of, keep fast, cling to, RV.; AV.; SBr. &c.; to gain a footing; to enter, reach, attain, RV.; to undertake, commence, begin, TBr.; SBr.; MBh.; Ragh.; Kathās. &c.; to make, produce; to form, compose, BhP. &c.: Intens. (pf. á-rárabhe) to cling to, RV. i, 168, 3.

A-rabdha, mfn. begun, commenced, undertaken, AitBr.; MBh.; R.; BhP.; Kathās. &c.; one who has begun or commenced, beginning, commencing, R.; BhP.; (as), m., N. of a king.

**Ā-rabdhavya**, mfn. to be begun or undertaken, MBh.

Ā-rabdhi, is, f. beginning, commencement, Rājat. Ā-rabhaṭa, as, m. an enterprising man, courageous man, L.; (i), f. boldness, confidence, heroism, Rājat.; (in dram.) the representation of supernatural and horrible events on the stage.

**Ā-rabhamāṇa,** mfn. beginning, commencing resolutely (with a determination to finish).

Ā-rabhya, mfn. ifc. = ā-rabdhavya, q. v.
 Ā-rabhya, ind. p. having begun; beginning with.

Ā-rabhyamāṇa, mfn. being commenced.

Ā-rambhá, as, m. undertaking, beginning, Mn.; Pañcat.; Megh. &c.; a thing begun; beginning, origin, commencement, SBr.; KātyŚr.; Megh. &c.; (in dram.) the commencement of the action which awakens an interest in the progress of the principal plot, Sāh. 324 & 325; haste, speed; effort, exertion; pride; killing, slaughter (erroneous for ālambha, see Zachariæ, Beiträge, p. 20, l. 9), L. -tā, f. the condition of beginning or commencing, Kathās. -ruci, mfn. enjoying new undertakings; enterprising; -tā, f. spirit of enterprise, Mn. xii, 32. - siddhi, f., N. of a work.

A-rambhaka, mfn. causing to begin or commence; ifc. commencing, beginning, BhP. &c.

A-rámbhaṇa, am, n. the act of taking hold of, seizing, using; the place of seizing, a handle, ChUp.; AitBr.; KātyŚr.; beginning, undertaking, commencement. — vat, mfn. seizable, ŚBr. iv, 6, 1, 2.

A-rambhanīya, mfn. to be undertaken; that with which one must begin, forming the commencement, AitBr.; SBr.; AsvGr.

A-rambhita, mfn. begun, undertaken.

Arambhin, mfn. enterprising, one who makes many new projects, Yājñ.

**Ā-ripsu**, mfn. (fr. Desid.), intending to undertake, Nyāyam.

site ā-√ram, P. -ramati (Pāṇ. i, 3, 83), to pause, stop; to leave off, AitBr.; ĀŝvŚr.; Mn.; MBh.; Kathās. &c.; to delight in; to enjoy one's self, take pleasure, Mn.; Das.; Kathās. &c.

**A-rata**, mfn. ceased, quiet, gentle; (am), n. a kind of coitus, Mall. on Kirāt. v, 23.

**A-rati**, is, f. stopping, ceasing, L.

A-rámana, am, n. pleasure, delight, enjoyment, TS.; SBr.; sexual pleasure, Gaut. xxiv, 4; cessation, pause; resting-place, L.

Ā-rāmá, as, m. delight, pleasure, SBr.; TUp.;
Bhag.; Bhartṛ.; place of pleasure, a garden, grove,
Mn.; Yājñ.; MBh.; R.; Mṛicch.; Kathās. &c.; N. of a particular Daṇḍaka metre; [cf. ἠρέμα and ἔρημος.]
— šītalā, f., N. of a plant with fragrant leaves, L.
Ārāmika, as, m. a gardener, Rājat.

ভারে ā-rambaṇa (for ā-lambana), am, n. ifc. support, ChUp.

सारव  $\bar{a}$ -rava. See 1.  $\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{1}$ . ru.

श्रास्  $\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{1. ras}$ , P. -rasati, to roar towards, shout to, Nalod.

A-rasa, as, m. a scream, shout, Mālav. Ā-rasita, am, n. roaring, screaming, Hariv.

आरस्य ārasya, am, n. (fr. a-rasa, Pāņ. v, 1, 121), insipidity; want of flavour or spirit.

सारा ārā, ārā-mukha, &c. See 2. āra.

স্থায়েন  $\bar{a}$ - $r\bar{a}ga$ , as, m. (v.l. for  $\bar{a}$ -roga, q.v.), Comm. on VP. vi, 3.

স্থায়েরী ā-rājñī, f. (fr. rājan with 3. ā), N. of a region, (gaṇa dhūmādi, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 127.)

Ārājnaka, mfn. belonging to the above region,

স্থাটোর ārāḍa, as, m., N. of a teacher of Sākya-muni, Lalit.

आरादि ārāḍhi or ārāļhi, is, m. a patronymic of a teacher named Saujāta, AitBr. vii, 22, 1.

FILT ārāt, ind. (abl. of an ideal base āra fr. ā- \( ri \); cf. ār\( e)\$ from a distant place; distant; to a distant place; far from (with abl.), RV.; AV.; Ap.; MBh.; Kathās.; near, Gaut.; Ragh.; directly, immediately, Prab.; Kathās.; Šak. 131\( a \); (t), m., N. of a village, L.

Ārātīya, mfn. remote; near, proximate, L. Ārātka, mfn. belonging to the village Ārāt, L. Ārāt-tāt, ind. from a distant place, RV.

স্থানে árāti, is, m. enemy (=arāti, q.v.), MaitrS.

**आरादिक** ā-rātrika, am, n. the light (or the vessel containing it) which is waved at night before an idol; N. of this ceremony.

Ārātri-vivāsam, ind. 'till night's departure,' till daybreak, L.

conciliate, propitiate; to strive to obtain the favour of or gain a boon from; to solicit; to honour, worship; to deserve, merit, MBh.; R.; Megh.; Šak.; Kathās. &c.: Pass.  $-r\bar{a}dhyate$ , to be effected or accomplished, Daš.

**Ā-rādha,** as, m. gratification, paying homage. **Ā-rādhaka**, mfn. worshipping, a worshipper, L.

Ā-rādhana, mfn. propitiating, rendering favourable to one's self, Kum.; Kathās.; (am), n. gratifying, propitiation, homage, worship, adoration, MBh.; R.; Kathās.; Kum. &c.; effecting, accomplishment, Sak.; acquirement, attainment, L.; cooking, L.; (ā), f. worship, adoration, propitiation of the deities, L. — prakāra, m., N. of a work.

**A-rādhanīya,** mfn. to be worshipped or adored; to be propitiated or conciliated, Ragh.; Kād.

Ā-rādhaya, mfn. propitiating, doing homage, (gana brāhmaṇâdi, Pāṇ. v, 1, 124.)

A-radhayitri, mfn. one who propitiates or conciliates, doing homage, Sak. 125, 6.

A-rādhayishņu, mfn. wishing or endeavouring to conciliate, propitiatory, R.

A-radhayya, am, n. the act of conciliating or propitiating, Pāṇ. v, 1, 124.

**A-rādhita**, mfn. propitiated, pleased, solicited for a boon; worshipped, honoured, revered; accomplished, effected.

**Ā-rādhya**, mfn. to be made favourable; to be worshipped, Kathās.; Bhartṛ.; Pañcat.; to be accomplished, Sāh.; Kpr.

Ā-rādhyamāna, mfn. being worshipped, receiving worship; being in course of fulfilment, being accomplished.

**Ā-rirādhayishu**, mfn. endeavouring to gain one's favour, desirous of worshipping, MBh.

স্থানে ārāla, mfn. (gaṇa tārakâdi, Pāṇ. v, 2, 36), a little curved or crooked, T. (?)

Ārālita, mfn. (ib.) id., T. স্থায়ান্তিক ārālika, as, m. (fr. arāla, 'crooked, deceitful,' T.), a cook, MBh. xv, 19.

স্থাবাৰ  $\bar{a}$ - $r\bar{a}va$ . See  $1.\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{1.ru}$ .

आरावली ārāvalī. See 2. āra.

ষাবৈ ā- $\sqrt{ric}$ , P. (Subj. 3. sg.  $\acute{a}$ -rinak, RV. ii, 19, 5; pf.  $\acute{a}$ -rireca, AV. xviii, 3, 41) to give or make over to.

A-reka, as, m. emptying; doubt, L.

A-recita, mfn. emptied; contracted, mixed. - bhrū, mfn. having contracted eye-brows, Kum.; Daš.

A-recin, mfn. emptying.

आरितिक āritrika, mf(ā and ī)n. (fr. aritra, gaņa kāšy-ādi, Pāņ. iv, 2, 116), belonging to or being on an oar.

सारिंदिमिक āriṃdamika, mf(ā and ī)n. (fr. ariṃ-dama, gaṇa kāṣy-ādi, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 116), belonging to or being on Ariṃ-dama.

ञ्चारिष, ā-√riph, P. (p. -rephat) to snore, SānkhBr. xvii, 19.

সাহিম্  $\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{ri\dot{s}}$ ,  $\bar{A}$ . (1. pl. - $ri\dot{s}\dot{a}mahe$ ) to eat up (grass as a cow in grazing), RV. i, 187, 8 & x, 169, 1; (cf.  $\bar{a}$ - $li\dot{s}$ .)

श्वारिष् ā-√rish, Caus. (aor. Subj. 2. sg. á-rīrishas) to hurt, destroy, RV. i, 104, 6.

श्वारह  $\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{rih}$ , P. - $r\acute{e}dhi$ , to lick up, RV. x, 162, 4; (cf.  $\bar{a}$ -lih.)

Ā-réhaṇa, am, n. licking, kissing, AV. vi, 9, 3. সার্থ  $\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{r\bar{\imath}}$ , P.  $(\hat{a}$ -riṇanti, RV. ix, 71, 6) to pour, let drop:  $\bar{A}$ .  $\hat{a}$ -riyate, to trickle or flow upon; to flow over, RV.

সাহ 1.ā- 1.ru, P.-rauti or -ravīti(Impv. á-ruva, RV. i, 10, 4) to shout or cry towards; to cry out, VarBṛS.; R.; Bhaṭṭ.; to praise, L.: Intens. -roravīti, to roar towards or against, RV.

**Ā-rava**, as, m. (Pāṇ. iii, 3, 50) cry, crying, howling; crash, sound, R. &c.; noise; thundering, Sis. vi, 38; Kathās.; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people, Var-BṛS. — diṇḍima, as, m. a kind of drum, Gīt. xi, 7.

A-rāva, as, m. (Pān. iii, 3, 50) cry, crying out, howling; crash, sound; humming (as bees &c.), N.; MBh.; Hit. &c.

**Ā-rāvin**, mfn. ifc. tinkling or sounding with, Mālav.; ( $\bar{\imath}$ ), m., N. of a son of Jaya-sena, VP. **Ā-ruta**, am, n. cry, crying, R.

সাই 2. āru, us, m. a hog; a crab; the tree Lagerstræmia Regina, L.; (us), f. a pitcher, L.

মাইক aruka, mfn. hurting, injuring,  $T\bar{A}r$ . i, 5, 2; (am), n. the fruit of a medicinal plant growing on the Himālaya mountains, L.

ষাহ্ৰ ā-√ruc, Ā. (Subj. 3. pl. á-rucayanta, RV. iii, 6, 7) to shine near or towards.

**A-roká**, as, m. shining through; small points of light (appearing through the threads of worn cloth &c.), RV.; SBr.; an interstice (as between the teeth &c.), MantraBr.

A-rocana, mfn. shining, bright, Nir.

शाहिन 1.  $\bar{a}$ - $\sqrt{ruj}$ , P. -rujati (Inf. -ruje, RV. iv, 31, 2) to break up, loosen; to pull down, tear out; to shatter, demolish, RV.; AV.; MBh.; R. &c.

2. **Ā-ruj**, mfn. ifc. breaking, destroying. **Ā-rujá**, mfn. breaking, destroying, RV. viii, 45, 13; (as), m., N. of a Rākshasa attendant on Rāvaņa, MBb

A-rujatnú, mfn. breaking, RV. i, 6, 5.

 $\bar{\mathbf{A}}$ -roga, as, m. one of the seven suns at the end of a period of the world,  $\bar{\mathbf{T}}\bar{\mathbf{A}}\mathbf{r}$ .; Ait $\bar{\mathbf{A}}\mathbf{r}$ .; (cf.  $\bar{a}$ -r $\bar{a}$ ga.)

In  $\bar{a}$   $\bar{a}$  runa,  $mf(\bar{i})n$ . coming from or belonging to Aruna;  $(\bar{i})$ , f. a reddish mare [Sāy.], RV. i, 64, 7. — **ketuka**, mfn. belonging to the Arunāh Ketavah (see under aruna),  $T\bar{A}r$ . — **parājin**,  $\bar{i}$ , m., N. of an ancient Kalpa work on the ritual of the Brāhmaṇas.

Āruņaka, mfn. belonging to the country Aruņa, (gaņa dhūmādi, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 127.)

Āruņi, is, m. (fr. aruņa), N. of Uddālaka (a renowned Brāhmaņa teacher, son of Aruņa Aupaveši and father of Šveta-ketu), ŠBr.; AitBr.; MBh.; N. of Auddālaki (=Šveta-ketu), KaṭhUp.; N. of Suparņeya, a son of Prajāpati, TĀr.; of Vainateya, MBh.; of Taṭāyu, Bālar. —hotŗi, mfn. having Āruņi as Hotri priest, TāṇḍyaBr. xxiii, 1, 5.

Āruņin, inas, m. pl., N. of a school derived from Vaisampāyana Āruņi, L.

Āruņīya, mfn. belonging to Āruņi.

Āruņeyá, mfn. id.; (as), m., N. of Švetaketu as Āruņi's son, ŠBr. — pada, n., N. of an Āraņyaka.

Āruņya, am, n. redness, Comm. on Nyāyam. Āruņyaka, mfn. belonging to the Aruņas.