दुगचल drig-añcala &c. See 2. dris.

दृश्च  $drigbh\bar{u}$ , f. a thunderbolt, L.; the sun, L.; a serpent, L. (cf.  $drinph\bar{u}$ ,  $drimph\bar{u}$ ,  $drimbh\bar{u}$ ,  $drimbh\bar{u}$ ).

दुङ्गीरन dṛiṅ-nīraja &c. See 2. dṛiś.

दुडक dridaka, m. a fire-place or hole made in the ground for cooking, W.

दूड dridu, m. or f. (mus.) a kind of dance. दूढ dridha. See under  $\sqrt{drinh}$  &c.

**c** fn dríti, m. (fr.  $\sqrt{dri}$ ) a skin of leather, a leather bag for holding water and other fluids (fig. = a cloud), skin, hide, a pair of bellows, RV.; AV.; Br.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; a fish, L.; N. of a man with the patr. Aindrôti or °drôta, TāṇḍyaBr. [cf. dārteya; Gk. δέρμα]. — kuṇḍa-tapaścit (only °citām ayana, n.), N. of a Sattra, ŚrŚ. — dhāraka, m. a kind of plant, L. — vātavata (only °vator ayana, n.), N. of a Sattra, ŚrŚ. — hari, mfn. carrying a leather skin or bags (said of cattle), Pāṇ. iii, 2, 25; m. a dog, L. — hāra, mfn. id. (but not said of cattle), Pāṇ. ib.; m. a carrier of skins and bags, a watercarrier &c., W.

রূম $dridhr\acute{a}$ , mfn.  $(\sqrt{dhri})$  seizing or fastening tightly, RV. iv, 1, 15.

दून drin, ind. an interjection (prob.made to explain  $drinbh\bar{u}$ ), L.

दृन्फू drinphū, m. a kind of snake, Uņ. i, 93, Sch. (v.l. drimphū).

**7.** Arinbhū, m. (Pāņ. vi, 4, 84, Vārtt. 1, Pat.) a thunderbolt, L.; the sun, L.; (f., W.) a snake; L.; a wheel, L. **Dṛimbhū**, id., Uņ. i, 93, Sch. (cf. drigbhū &c.)

**τυ** 1. drip or driph, cl. 6. P. dripati or drimp°; driph° or drimph°, to pain, torture, Dhātup. xxviii, 28.

2. drip, cl. 4. P. dripyati (darpati only ApDh. i, 13, 4; fut. drápsyati or darpishyati, Br.; darpitā, ptā, and draptā, Pāṇ. vii, 2, 45; pf. dadarpa; aor. adripat, Br.; adrāpsīt, Pāṇ. iii, 1, 44, Vārtt. 7; adarpīt and adārpsīt, Vop.) to be mad or foolish, to rave, Br.; to be extravagant or wild, to be arrogant or proud, to be wildly delighted. MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to light, kindle, inflame (darpati or darpayati, Dhātup. xxxiv, 14, v.l. for chrid): Caus. darpayati, to make mad or proud or arrogant, Pañc.; Kathās.

**Dripta,** mfn. mad, wild, proud, arrogant (-tara, compar.), MBh.; Kāv.&c. (cf. d-d° and a-dripitá). — bālakí, m. N. of a man with the patr. Gārgya, SBr. **Driptatman**, mfn. 'haughty-minded' (Kṛish-na), MBh. xii, 1661.

**D**ripti. See  $pr\acute{a}$ - $d^{\circ}$ .

**Dripyat,** mfn. being proud or arrogant, W. (cf.  $d-d^{\circ}$ ).

**Dripra,** mfn. strong, Un. ii, 13, Sch. (cf. dūpra); proud, arrogant, W.

दूभ 1. dribh, cl. 1. 10. P. darbhati and darbhayati, to fear, be afraid, Dhātup. xxxiv, 15.

7. dribh, el. 6. P. dribháti (SBr.); 1. 10. P. darbhati and darbhayati (Dhātup. xxxiv, 16), to string or tie together, tie in a bunch.

**Dribdha**, mfn. strung, tied, L. (cf. sam-d°). bdhi, f. stringing together, arranging, L.

दूभीक dṛibhīka, m. N. of a demon slain by Indra, RV.

दृष्टिचराडेश्वर drimicandesvara, n. N. of a Linga, MatsyaP. (v.l. krim°).

दृम्प drimp or drimph. See 1. drip.

दृम्प drimphū or obhū. See drinphū &c.

दृवन  $driv\acute{an}(\sqrt{dri?})$ , mfn. piercing (arrow), VS. x, 8.

šivas, q.v.; A. dádrišāna, RV.; fut. P. drakshyáti, Br. &c.; A. °shyate and fut. 2. drashtä, MBh.; aor. P. adarsam, °sas, °sat, 3 pl. °sur, Br.; 1 pl. adarsma, TS.; adrisma, JaimBr.; Subj. darsam, °sat, °sathas, RV.; AV.; Ā. 3 pl. ádrisran, VS.; AV.; Br.; ośram, RV.; p. drišāná or drišāna [cf. s.v.], RV.; P. drisan, 3 pl. ádrisan, Br.; Pot. driśćyam, RV.; ośema, AV.; P. adrākshit and adrāk, Br.; A. 3 pl. ádrikshata; Subj. 2 sg. dríkshase, RV.; inf. drisé and drisáye, RV.; dráshtum, AV. &c.; ind. p. drishtvā, AV. &c. [MBh. also drisya], °tvāya, RV.; -drišya, RV.; -daršam, Daš.) to see, behold, look at, regard, consider, RV.; AV.; SBr.; MBh. &c.; to see, i.e. wait on, visit, MBh.; R.; to see with the mind, learn, understand, MBh.; Kav. &c.; to notice, care for, look into, try, examine, Yājn.; Panc.; to see by divine intuition, think or find out, compose, contrive (hymns, rites, &c.), Br.; Nir. ii, 11: Pass. drišyáte (ep. also oti), aor. adársi, RV. &c. to be seen, become visible, appear, RV.; AV.; SBr.; MBh. &c.; to be shown or manifested, appearas (iva), prove, Mn.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.: Caus. P. A. daršayati, ote, AV. &c.; aor. adīdrišat, Br.; adadaršat, Pāņ. vii, 4, 7, to cause to see or be seen, to show a thing (A. esp. of something belonging to one's self) or person (P. and A. with or scil. ātmānam, also one's self), to (acc., AV. iv, 20, 6; SBr. &c.; gen., Mn. iv, 59; MBh. &c.; dat., R. ii, 31, 33; Ragh. &c.; instr. after A. refl., Pan. i, 4, 53, Kāš.); to show = prove, demonstrate, Mn.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to produce (money), i.e. pay, Mn. viii, 155; (a witness), 158: Desid. A. didrikshate (ep. also oti) to wish to see, long for (acc.), RV. iii, 30, 13; SBr.; MBh. &c.: Desid. of Caus. didarsayishati, to wish to show, Samk.; adidarsayishīt, Nid.: Intens. darīdrišyate, to be always visible, Bhojapr.; daridarshti or dardo, Pan. vii, 4, 90; 91. [Cf. Gk. δέρκομαι, δέδορκα, έδρακον; Goth. tarhjan.

Drik, in comp. for 2. dris. Drik-karna, m. 'eye-eared,' a snake, L. **– karman,** n. an operation by which any planet of a certain latitude (vikshepa) is referred to the ecliptic, Sūryas. - kāṇa, m. see drikana. - krodha, m. the wrathfulness of the aspect (of a planet), Sūryas. - kshatra, prob. w.r.for-chattra, q.v. - kshaya, m. decay of sight, growing dim-sighted, MW. - kshepa, m. the sine of the zenith-distance of the highest or central point of the ecliptic at a given time, Sūryas. - chattra, n. 'eye-cover,' eye-lid, Rājat. viii, 133. - tulya, mfn. (astron.) being in accordance with an observed spot, Süryas.;  $-t\bar{a}$ , f. ib. **– patha**, m. range of sight;  $^{\circ}$ tham  $\sqrt{i}$  or gam, to appear, become visible, Kālid.; Rājat. - pāta, m. the letting fall a glance, a look, esp. a downward l°, Var.; Rājat. **- prasādā,** f. 'eye-cleaner,' a blue stone used for a collyrium (= kulatthā), L. - priyā, f. 'eye-delight,' beauty, splendour, L. - sakti, f. (with the Pāsupatas) a supernatural power of sight, Sarvad. - **sruti**, m. = -karna, L. - samgama, m. sight of and meeting with (gen.), Pañc. iv, 35.

Drig, in comp. for 2. dris. - ancala, m. a sidelong glance, Prasannar. (cf. nayanâñco and  $locan \hat{a} \widetilde{n} c^{\circ}$ ). **– adhyaksha,** m. 'sight-ruler,' the sun, L. - anta, m. the outer corner of the eye, Prasannar. - gati, f. the cosine of the zenith-distance or the sine of the highest or central point of the ecliptic at a given time, Aryabh.; Sūryas.; -jīvā, f. (Sūryas.); -jyā, f. (Schol. on Āryabh.) id. -gocara, m. range of sight, horizon, Rājat. - gola, m. a small circle on the axis of the earth within the greater circles of the armillary sphere and accompanying each planetary circle, W.; -varnana, n. N. of wk. -jala, n. 'eye-water, 'tears, L. - jyā, f. the sine of the zenithdistance or the cosine of the altitude, Sūryas. - drisya-prakarana, n., -drisya-viveka, m. N. of wks. - bhakti, f. look of love, Dhūrtas. - bhū, see drighhū. - ruj, f. disease of the eye, L. - rudh, mfn. obstructing the sight, Sis. xix, 76. - lambana, n. vertical parallax, Süryas.; Sch. - visha, mfn. having poison in the eyes, L.; m. a Naga or serpent, W. (cf. drig-). - vihīna, mfn. 'deprived of sight,' blind, Gal. - vritta, n. vertical circle, Süryas.; Sch.

**Dṛin**, in comp. for 2. dṛis. — nīraja, mfn. whose eyes are like the lotus, MW. — maṇḍala, n. vertical circle, Azimuth, Āryabh.

2. **Dṛis**, m. (nom. k, Ved. ii, Pāṇ. vii, I, 83) seeing, viewing, looking at; knowing, discerning, Yājñ.; MBh. &c. (ifc., cf. āyurveda-d°, dishta-d°, prithag-d°, mantra-d°, sama-d°, sarva-d°, sūrya-

 $d^{\circ}$ ); f. sight, view (dat.  $dris\acute{e}$  as inf., cf.  $\sqrt{1.dris}$ ); look, appearance (in  $\bar{i}$ - $d^{\circ}$ ,  $k\bar{i}$ - $d^{\circ}$ ,  $t\bar{a}$ - $d^{\circ}$ ); the eye, R.; Var. &c. (also n., BhP. iv, 4, 24); theory, doctrine, Vcar.; (astrol.) the aspect of a planet or the observed spot. [Cf. Gk. δρα for δρακ in ὑπόδρα.]

**Driša**, m. look, appearance (cf.  $\bar{\imath}$ -d°,  $k\bar{\imath}$ -d°,  $t\bar{a}$ -d° &c.); (am), ind. = 2. dris, ifc. (g. sarad-ādi); ( $\bar{a}$ ), f. the eye, L. **Drišākānkshya**, n. 'desirable to the eye,' a lotus, L. **Drišāsphuta-mālā** (or ° $\bar{s}\bar{a}$ -sph°?), f. N. of wk. **Drišõpama**, n. 'resembling the eye,' Nelumbium Speciosum.

Drišatí, f. look, appearance, RV. vi, 3, 3.

**Drisāna**, m. (cf. 1. dris) a Brāhman or spiritual teacher, L.; N. of a Rishi with the patr. Bhārgava, Kāṭh.; of a demon, L.; n. light, brightness, L.

Drišālu, m. the sun, L.

**Dṛisi,** f. seeing, the power of seeing, Vedântas. (dat. °sáye as inf., cf. 1. dṛis); the eye, BhP. (also °sī, L.); a Śāstra, W. — mat, mfn. seeing, beholding, BhP.

Dríšīka, mfn. worthy to be seen, splendid, RV.; (a), f. look, appearance, ib. (cf. citra-, dur-, su-). kú, m. beholder, TS.

Drišenya, mfn. = drišika, RV. x, 88, 7.

Dṛisna. See ánati- (add.)

1. Drišya, mfn. visible, conspicuous, RV.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; to be looked at, worth seeing, beautiful, pleasing, Hariv.; Kāv.; Pur.; m. (arithm.) a given quantity or number; n. any visible object, Mālav. i, 9; the v° world, RTL. 119; N. of a town = -pura, Brahmap. —jāti, f. (arithm.) reduction of a given quantity with fractions affirmative or negative. — tā, f. (Dašar.), -tva, n. (Var.) visibility, vision, sight. —pura, n. N. of a town (see above). —šravya, mfn. being seen or heard; -tva, n. Šāh. —sthāpita, mfn. placed conspicuously, Kathās. xxiv, 92. Drišyâdrišya, mfn. visible and invisible; (ā), f. N. of Sinīvālī, MBh. iii, 14126. Drišyêtara, mfn. 'other than visible,' invisible; -tā, f. Naish.

2. **Dṛisya**, ind. (for *dṛishṭvā*) having seen, MBh. **Dṛisvan**, mf(°*varī*)n. seeing or having seen, familiar with (ifc.), Kām.; Ragh. — °**va-tva**, n. Bhaṭṭ.

Drishtá, mfn. seen, looked at, beheld, perceived, noticed, Mn.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; visible, apparent, AV.; VS.; considered, regarded, treated, used, Sak. iii, 7; Pañc. i, 481; appeared, manifested, occurring, existing, found, real, Kav.; Panc.; Hit.; experienced, learnt, known, understood, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; seen in the mind, devised, imagined, MBh.; R.; allotted, destined, ib.; settled, decided, fixed, acknowledged, valid, Mn.; Yājñ.; MBh. &c.; n. perception, observation, Sāmkhyak.; Tattvas.; (scil. bhaya) a real or obvious danger. - karman, mfn. whose actions are seen or proved, tried by practice, MBh.; Rājat.; who has seen the practice of others, Susr.; Bhpr. - kashta, mfn. who has experienced calamity, Rājat. —  $k\bar{u}ta$ , n. riddle, enigma, W. — cara,  $mf(\bar{i})n$ . seen before, not quite unknown, Jātakam. - tas, ind. as something seen, Gobh. iii, 5, 27. - tva, n. the being seen or learnt or examined, Var.; Kap. - duhkha, mfn. = -kashta, R. - dosha, mfn. found out faulty or sinful or guilty, Mn.; Yājñ. &c. - drashtavya, min. who has seen what was to be seen, Dhanami,  $\frac{73}{4}$ . - dharma, mfn. who has seen Dharma; m. this world, mundane existence, the present, Divyav.; omika, mfn. belonging to it, Buddh. - dharman, v. l. for-sarman. - nashta, mfn. seen and (at once) disappeared, Kathās. &c.;  $-t\bar{a}$ , f. Rājat. (cf. kshaṇa-dṛ°-n°). - pushpā, f. a girl arrived at puberty (having experienced the menses), Gal. - pūrva, mfn. seen before, MBh.; ovin, mfn. having known by sight before, HParis. - pratyaya, mfn. having confidence manifested, Pañc. i,  $\frac{182}{83}$ . - bhakti, mfn. whose service has been beheld, Megh. - mātra, mfn. just or merely seen, Ratn. ii,  $\frac{9}{1}$ . - rajas (L.) and  $^{\circ}$ skā (Gal.), f. = -push $p\bar{a}$ . - ratha, m. N. of a king, MBh. xiii, 7678 (v.l. dridha- and dhrishta-). - rūpā, f. N. of a female attendant on Devi, W. - vat, mfn. having seen or beheld, MBh. - vīrya (drishtá-), mín. of tried strength, RV. ii, 23, 14. - vyatikara, mfn. who has experienced misfortune, Hit. - sarman, m. N. of a prince, VP. (v.1. -dharman). - sruta, mfn. seen and heard, Mn. viii, 75. — sāra, mfn. = -vīrya, Kām. - hāni, f. disparagement of the evidence of the senses, Sāmkhyas. Drishţâdrishţa, mfn. visible and invisible, relating to the present and future life, Rājat. i, 130; n. as subst., MBh. i, 6170; Pañc. iii, 242. Drishtanta, m. (n. only R. ii, 109, 37)