a magician, conjurer, W.; a partic. mixed caste, Cat. (v.l. yungin); an orange tree, L.; natron, alkali, L.; N. of Yājňavalkya, Cat.; of Arjuna, L.; of Vishnu, MBh.; of Siva, L.; of a Buddha, L.; (inī), f., see next.

Yogini, f. a female demon or any being endowed with magical power, a fairy, witch, sorceress (represented as eight in number and as created by Durga and attendant on her or on Siva; sometimes 60, 64 or 65 are enumerated), Hariv.; Kathās. &c. (cf. RTL. 188, 189); N. of Durgā, L.; (with Tāntrikas) a partic. Sakti: (with Buddhists) a woman representing any goddess who is the object of adoration. - cakrapūjana, n., -jātaka, n., -jāla-sambara, n., -jñānārnava, m., -tantra, n. N. of wks. - dasā, f. state or condition of a Yogini; -krama, m., -cintāmaņi, m., -jnāna, n., -odhyāya (osadho), m., -prakarana, n., -vicāra, m. N. of wks. - pura, n. N. of a city, Sinhas. - bhairava-tantra, n., -sadhana, n., -stava-rāja, m., -hṛidaya, n. and **°ya-setu-bandha,** m. N. of wks.

Yoginy, in comp. for yogini. - ashta-dasakrama, m., -ādi-pūjana-vidhi, m. N. of wks. Yogiya, Nom. A. vate, to regard or treat as Yoga, Cat.

Yógya, mfn. (fr. yoga and $\sqrt{1.yuj}$) fit for the yoke, Pān. v, I, 102; belonging to a partic. remedy, SārngS.; useful, serviceable, proper, fit or qualified for, able or equal to, capable of (gen., loc., dat., inf. with act, or pass, sense, or comp.), KātyŠr.; MBh.; Kāv. &c.; perceptible, Kap.; fit for Yoga, proper for religious meditation, L.; m. a draught animal, AV.; SBr.; a calculator of expedients, W.; the constellation Pushya, L.; (a), f. preparation, contrivance, RV.; exercise, practice, (esp.) bodily exercise, gymnastics, drill, MBh.; Kāv.; Sušr.; (pl.) the straps with which horses are attached to the yoke of a carriage, traces(?), RV. iii, 3, 6; the earth, L.; N. of Bharani, L.; of the wife of Sūrya, L.; n. (only L.) a vehicle or any machine; a cake; sandal; a kind of drug. - ta, f. suitableness, fitness, propriety, ability, R.; Kathās. &c.; -grantha rahasya, n., -pūrvapaksha-rahasya, n., -rahasya, n., -vāda, m., -vicāra, m. N. of wks. - tva, n. = -tā, Kap.; Vedântas. - višesha-guņa-vicāra, m. N. of wk. Yogyânupalabdhi-rahasya, n. or odhi-vada, m. N. of wks. Yogyā-ratha, m. a carriage employed in military exercises, L.

Yojaka, m. a yoker, harnesser, MBh.; BhP.; a user, employer, Kāv.; an arranger, preparer, contriver, effecter (cf. yuddha-y); N. of Agni (as the nuptial fire), Grihyas.

Yójana, n. joining, yoking, harnessing, PārGr.; Hariv.; that which is yoked or harnessed, a team, vehicle (also applied to the hymns and prayers addressed to the gods), RV.; course, path, ib.; (sometimes m.; ifc. f. \bar{a}) a stage or Yojana (i.e. a distance traversed in one harnessing or without unyoking; esp. a partic, measure of distance, sometimes regarded as equal to 4 or 5 English miles, but more correctly = 4 Krosas or about 9 miles; according to other calculations = 2½ English miles, and according to some = 8 Krosas), RV. &c. &c.; instigation, stimulation, San.; mental concentration, abstraction, directing the thoughts to one point $(=y \circ g a)$, Up.; the Supreme Spirit of the Universe (= paramatman), L.; a finger, L.; n. and (\bar{a}) , f. use, application, arrangement, preparation, RV.; KātyŠr.; MBh.; Sāh.; erecting, constructing, building, Rajat.; Kathas.; junction, union, combination, Sāh.; Vedântas.; (\bar{a}) , f. application of the sense of a passage, grammatical construction, Samk. - gandha, f. diffusing scent or fragrance to the distance of a Yojana, musk, L.; N. of Satya-vatī (mother of Vyāsa), MBh.; Kād. (also odhikā, L.); of Sītā, L. - parņī, f. Rubia Munjista, L. - bāhu, m. 'having arms a Yo long,' N. of Rāvaņa, Mcar.; Kād. - bhāj, mfn. effective at the distance of a Yo, AV. Paris. - vallikā or -valli, f. Rubia Munjista, L. - sata, n. a hundred Yojanas.

Yojanaka, mfn. (ifc., f. $ik\bar{a}$) = next (cf. padayojanikā).

Yojanika, mfn. (ifc. after a numeral) so many Yojanas long, measuring so many Yojanas, R.

Yojanīya, mfn. to be joined or united with (instr.; with karmanā, to be set at work, Kām.; with mrishā-doshaih, to accuse falsely, Bālar.); to be used or employed, Kav.; to be grammatically corrected or arranged, MaitrUp., Sch.; n. it is to be connected

with or thought of in connection with (instr.),

Yojanya. See shashti-yojanya.

Yojayitavya, mfn. (fr. Caus. of $\sqrt{1. yuj}$) to be joined or connected or furnished with (instr.), Sāmkhyak., Sch.; to be made use of or chosen or selected, VarB₁S.

Yojayitri, mfn. one who joins or connects &c.; m. a setter (of precious stones), Pañcat.

Yojita, mfn. yoked, harnessed, BhP.; used, employed, applied, performed, MBh.; undertaken, begun, Yājň.; appointed to, charged with (loc.), BhP.; tied or fastened to, put or placed in (loc.), ib.; joined, connected, put together, arranged, composed, MBh.; R.; supplied or furnished with (instr. or comp.), VarBṛS.; Rājat.

Yojitri, mfn. $(\sqrt{1}, yuj)$ one who joins or unites or connects, VarBrS.

Yojya, mfn. $(\sqrt{1}, yuj)$ to be joined or united &c.; to be fixed on or directed to (loc.), Pañcat.; (ifc.) to be appointed to or entrusted with, Pañcat.; (ifc.) to be led towards or urged to, R.; to be used or employed or set to work, Yajñ.; Var. &c.; to be pronounced or uttered, Sak. (v.l.); to be added to (loc.), Sūryas.; Kām.; to be supplied or furnished with (instr.), MBh.; R.; to be shared in, MW.; to be connected or construed, Ml.; one on whom the mind is to be fixed or concentrated, MBh. (Nīlak.)

योदक yotaka, m. a combination of stars &c., constellation, L.

योतवे yótave, °tavaí, °tos. See √1. yu.

योतिमत्सक yotimatsaka, m. pl. N. of a people, MBh.

योत् yotu, m. ($\sqrt{2}$. yu?) = parimāņa, L.; (1. yu?) cleaning, purifying, W.

यात्र yotra, n. $(\sqrt{2}, yu) = yoktra$, a fastening, tie, rope, R.; the cord that fastens the yoke of a plough to the neck of an ox, L.

योत्रप्रमाद yotra-pramāda, m. (= yo 'tra pr° ?) a proper N., Cat.

योद्धव्य yoddhavya, yoddhri. See p. 855, col. 2.

योध yodhá, m. (accord. to Ganar. ii, 26 also n.) a fighter, warrior, soldier, RV. &c. &c. (with vrishah, a bull trained or fit for war, VarBrS.); battle, war (see dur- and mitho-yo); a kind of metre, Col.; pl. the third astrological mansion, VarYogay. -dharma, m. the law of soldiers, duty of the Kshatriya caste, Mn. vii, 98. - mukhya, m. a chief warrior, leader, Bhag. - wīra, m. a hero, warrior, ib. - samrāva, m. challenging to battle, mutual defiance of combatants, L. - hara, mfn. carrying soldiers, W. Yodhagara, m. a soldier's dwelling, barrack, MBh.

Yodhaka, m. = yodha, a fighter, warrior, MBh.; R. Yodhana, n. the act of fighting, battle, war, MBh.: Pur.; battle-cry, L. - pura-tīrtha, n. N. of a Tirtha, Cat.

Yodhani-pura, n. N. of a town, Cat.

Yodhaniya, mfn. to be fought or overcome, Balar. Yodhika, n. a partic, mode of fighting, Hariv. (v. l. yaudhika).

Yodhin, mfn. (ifc.) fighting, combating, MBh.; R.; m. a warrior, conqueror, ib.

Yodhi-vana, n. N. of a place, R.

Yódhīyas, mfn. more warlike or martial, RV. Yodheya, m. a warrior, combatant, L.; N. of a race, Hariv. (v. l. yaudheya).

Yódhya, mfn. to be fought or overcome or subdued, RV.; MBh. (cf. $a-y^{\circ}$); m. pl. N. of a people,

योनल yonala, m. = yava-nāla, L.

योनि yóni, m. f. (in RV. only m.; f. sometimes also $yon\bar{i}$; fr. $\sqrt{2}$, yu) the womb, uterus, vulva, vagina, female organs of generation, RV. &c. &c. (together with the *linga*, a typical symbol of the divine procreative energy, RTL. 224); place of birth, source, origin, spring, fountain (ifc. = sprung or produced from), ib.; place of rest, repository, receptacle, seat, abode, home, lair, nest, stable, RV.; AV.; SBr.; family, race, stock, caste, the form of existence or station fixed by birth (e.g. that of a man, Brāhman, animal &c.; ifc. = belonging to the caste of), Mn.; N. of a Saman, ArshBr.

MBh. &c.; seed, grain (cf. yoni-poshana); a partic. part of a fire-pit, Hcat.; a mine, L.; copper, L.; water, Naigh.; the regent of the Nakshatra Pūrvaphalgunt, VarBrS.; N. of the sound e, Up.; of a partic. verse or formula, KātySr.; (i), f. N. of a river in Salmala-dvīpa, VP. - kunda, n. N. of a partic. mystical diagram, Cat. - gāna, n. N. of the first part of the Sāma-samhitā, Nyāyam., Sch. - guņa, m. the property of a womb, quality of a place of origin, MW. - grantha, m. = -gana, Nyayam., Sch. - cikitsā, f. N. of wk. - ja, mfn. produced from the womb, viviparous, MBh.; R. &c. - tantra, n. N. of wk. - tás, ind. out of a place of rest or stable, MaitrS. - tva, n. the being an origin or source, NrisUp.; Kum.; (ifc.) the arising from or being based on, Sušr.; Sarvad. — dushtā, f. pl. sexually defiled (said of women), Hariv. - devata, f. N. of the Nakshatra Pūrva-phalgunī, L. - deša, m. the region of the womb or the generative organs, MW. - dosha, m. sexual defilement, Hariv.; a defect of the female organ; -cikitsā, f. N. of wk. - dvāra, n. the orifice of the womb, Susr.; N. of a sacred bathing-place, MBh. -nāsā, f. the upper part of the female organ, W. - niraya, m. the womb compared to a hell, Hcat. - poshana, n. the growing of seed or grain, Vishn. - bhransa, m. fall of the wo, prolapsus uteri, Sušr. – mat (yóni-), mfn. connected with the womb, TBr.; Kāth.; sprung from a womb, MaitrS.; descended from a good race, Heat. - mantra, m. the text VS. viii, 29, Hcat. -mukta, mfn. released from birth or from being born again, SvetUp. - mukha, n. the orifice of the womb, Susr. - mudra, f. N. of a partic. position of the fingers, L. - rañjana, n. the menstrual excretion, W. - roga, m. disease of the female organs of generation, Susr. - linga, n. the clitoris, L. - vyapad, f. N. of wk. - sas, ind. fundamentally, thoroughly, Lalit.; wisely, Divyav. - sastra, n. N. of a class of wks., VP. - samvarana, n. (Bhpr.), -samvriti, f. (W.) contraction of the vagina. - samkata, n. 'passage through the womb, 're-birth, MBh. - samkara, m. 'confusion of births,' mixture of caste by unlawful marriage, misalliance, Mn.; R. - sambandha, m. a blood-relation, Apast. - sambhava, mfn. = -ja, Cat. - ha, mfn. injuring the womb, MantraBr. Yony-arsas, n. a fleshy excrescence in the female organ (=kanda), L.

Yonika. See a-yonika.

Yonin (ifc.) = yoni, MBh.; Hariv. (cf. $n\bar{i}ca-y^o$); n. (Gritsamadasya yoninī dve) N. of Sāmans.

Yonyá, mfn. forming a womb or receptacle, RV.

योपन yopana, yoyupana. See p. 855, col. 2.

योष्णा yóshanā (once yoshánā), f. (prob. fr. $\sqrt{2.yu}$; cf. yuvan) a girl, maiden, young woman, wife, RV. (accord. to Say. also = stuti, a hymn, praise).

Yóshan, f. id., ib. (also applied to the fingers). Yóshā, f. = yoshanā, RV. &c. &c. (esp. applied to Ushas; accord. to Say. also 'a mare'); (with dāru-mavī) a wooden doll, MBh.

Yoshij-jana, m. (fr. $yashit + j^{\circ}$) womenfolk. women, Ratnav.

Yoshit, f. = yoshanā (also applied to the females of animals and to inanimate things, e.g. yoshito mantrāh, 'female magical texts'), RV. &c. &c. - krita, mfn. done by a woman, contracted by a female, W. - prativatana, f. the image or statue of a woman, Ragh. - priya, f. turmeric, Bhpr. - sarpā, f. a serpent-like woman, MW.

Yoshita, f. a woman, wife, MundUp., Sch. Yoshitvā, ind. (a kind of ind. p. fr. yoshā or yoshit) having made into a woman, BhP.

Yoshid, in comp. for yoshit. - graha, m. one who takes the wife of a deceased man, Yajn. - ratna, n. a jewel of a woman, a most excellent woman, MBh.

Yoshin-maya, $mf(\bar{z})n$, formed like a woman, representing a woman, BhP.

योस yós, ind. (only in sám yóh and sám ca yós ca) welfare, health, happiness, RV.

योहिभाष्य yohi-bhāshya,n.and yohi-sikshā, f. N. of wks.

योहल yohula(?), m. N. of a man, Pravar. योक्सीय yaukariya, mfn. (fr. yūkara), g. krišašvādi.

यौक्तसूच yauktasruca, n. (fr. yukta + sruc)