iv, 3, 23) matutinal, early, Bālar.; relating to the next day, future, L.; -niša, mfn. one who (sleeps) in the early morning as (if it were) night, MBh.; -šaya, mfn. asleep early in the morning, ib.

प्रापण pra-gayaṇa, n. an excellent answer, Das. (w. r. for -gāmana?)

प्राची pra- \sqrt{garj} , P. -garjati, to begin to thunder, MBh. ogarjana, n. roaring, roar (cf. sinha-). ogarjita, n. a roar, noise, din, L.

प्रगरिन pra-gardhín, mfn. (\sqrt{gridh}) pressing or hastening onwards, eager, RV.

प्रगल pra-√gal, Caus. -gālayati, to cause to fall off, Car. °galita, mfn. dripped down, Megh.

प्रगत्भ $pra-\sqrt{galbh}$, \bar{A} . -galbhate, to be bold or confident, behave resolutely, Sis.; to be capable of or ready to (loc. or inf.), Balar.; Vcar.; to be equal to or fit to pass for (nom.), Sarvad.; to be arrogant or proud, W. "galbha, $\inf(\bar{a})$ n. bold, confident, resolute, brave, strong, able, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; proud, arrogant, impudent, Ragh.; skilful, Kād.; illustrious, eminent, W.; mature (as age), MW.; m. N. of the fire employed at the Jatakarman, Grihyas.; (with acarya) N. of an author (called also Subham-kara), Cat.; (\bar{a}) , f. a bold and confident woman (esp. one of the classes of heroines in dram, composition), Sāh.; N. of Durgā, L.; (am), ind. courageously, resolutely, Mricch.; -kulāla, m. a skilful potter, Bhartr.; -ta, f. (Kum.), -tva, n. (W.) boldness, wilfulness, resolution, energy, strength, power; -manas, mfn. resolute-minded (a-), Amar.; -lakshana, n. and ona-prakāsa, m. N. of wks.; -vāc, mfn. speaking confidently or proudly, Kum. galbhita, mfn. proud, arrogant, MW.; eminent, conspicuous, ib.; shining or resplendent with (instr.),

Uni $pra-\sqrt{g\bar{a}}$, P. -jigāti, to go forwards, proceed, advance, move, go, RV.; MBh. 1. "gāṇa, n. (for 2. see under $pra-\sqrt{gai}$) access, approach, see prithu-prag".

प्रगाद pra-gāḍha &c. See pra-√gāh below.

प्रगाप pra-gātha. See pra-√gai, col. 2.

penetrate, pervade, RV. "gāḍha, mfn. dipped or steeped in, mixed with, soaked, impregnated (ifc.), Suir.; much, excessive, MBh.; rich in, full of (ifc.), Kām.; advanced, late (hour), Dai.; hard, difficult, L.; (am), ind. much, exceedingly, greatly, Kāv.; Suir.; tightly, firmly, W.; n. a crowd, MBh. iv, 1977 (= sani-kaṭa, Nīlak.); pain, privation, penance, W.; -tā, f.,-tva, n. abundance, excessiveness, MW.; hardness, ib. "gāhana, n. dipping or plunging into (gen.), ĀpŚr.

प्रगोत pra-gīta, °ti. See pra-√gai.

fig.), right, correct, honest, upright, Mālatīm.; Hcar.; being in a good state or condition, excellent, Ragh.; Mālatīm.; -racanā, f. = next, Dašar. 'guṇana, n. putting straight, arranging, Mālatīm. 'guṇaya, Nom. P. 'yati, to put straight, set right, Dhanani.; to develop, exhibit, manifest, Nyāyam. 'guṇita, mfn. made even or smooth or straight, put in order, properly arranged, Bālar.; Pañc. 'guṇin, mfn. smooth or even i.e. friendly towards (loc.), MBh.

Pra-guṇi, in comp. for oguṇa. - karaṇa, n. putting straight, arranging properly, KātyŚr., Sch. - Vkṛi, to put straight or in order, make smooth or even, Car.; Pañc.; to make amenable to (loc.), Mudr.; to nourish, bring up, A. - Vbhū, to make one's self fit or ready for (dat.), Kuv.

Pragunya, mfn. more exceeding, excellent, W.

uju pra-\(\sqrt{gup}\), Caus. -gopayati, to protect, guard, Pañc.; Bhatt.; to conceal, keep secret, Hcat. \(^{o}gopana\), n. protection, preservation, salvation, W.

HIG $pra-\sqrt{gur}$ (only aor. $-g\bar{u}rta$), to cry aloud, RV. i, 173, 2 (Say. to make great efforts').

M¶ pra-√1. gṛī, P. -gṛiṇāti, to proclaim, announce to (loc.), RV. i, 152, 5; to extol, praise, BhP.

म्रगे pra-ge. See under pra- \(\square gam. \)

प्राप्त $pra-\sqrt{gai}$, P. $-g\bar{a}yati$ (ep. also A. $\circ te$), to begin to sing, sing, celebrate, praise, extol; to sound, resound, RV.; MBh.; BhP. 2. gana, n. (for 1. see pra-gā) singing, song, L. ogātri, m. a singer, MBh. ('excellent singer,' L.) 'gathá, m. a kind of stanza (the combination of a Brihati or Kakubh with a Sato-brihati so as to form a triplet), VS.; RPrāt. &c.; N. of a Rishi with the patr. Kānva and Ghaura, the author of RV. viii, 1, 2; 10; 48; 51-54; (pl.) N. of RV. viii (which contains a great many Pro stanzas); -kāram, ind. combining into a Pro stanza, Laty. gayin, mfn. beginning to sing, singing, Hariv. ogīta, mfn. recited in a singing tone, sung, Sarvad.; resonant with singing, vocal, MBh.; R.; singing, one who has begun to sing, Kathās.; n. song, Ritus.; Caur.; a sing-song or drawling recitation (regarded as a fault), Siksh. gīti, f. a kind of metre, Col.

म्बर्ग pra- \(grath, P. -grathnāti \) or -grathati, to string together, join, connect, Nyāyam., Sch. ograthana, n. connecting or stringing together, intertwining, Sāy.

मग्रस् pra-√gras, P. -grasati, to eat up, devour, swallow, MBh.

प्रग्रह pra-√grah, P. Ā. -gṛihṇāti oṇīte, to hold or stretch forth, hold, AV. &c. &c.; to offer, present, SBr.; SänkhSr.; to seize, grasp, take hold of, take, SrS.; MBh, &c.; to accept, receive, Sak.; Var.; to draw up, tighten (reins), stop (horses), Šak.; to befriend, favour, further, promote, MBh.; Hariv.; R.; to keep separated or isolated (cf. below): Caus. (inf.-grāhitum) to receive, accept, MBh. grihīta, mfn. held forth or out, taken, accepted &c., R.; Hariv. &c.; lofty, Divyav.; joined, united with (ibc.), BhP.; kept separate, pronounced without observing the rules of Samdhi; -pada, $mf(\tilde{a})n$. having the words pronounced separately, RPrat. 1. ogrihya, mfn. to be seized or taken or accepted, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (in gram.) to be taken or pronounced separately, not subject to the rules of Samdhi (as the final \bar{i} , \bar{u} , and eof the dual terminations, e.g. kavī etau, 'these two poets'), Prat.; Pan. &c. 2. ogrihya, ind. having taken or grasped, carrying away with, with, MBh.; Kāv. &c. graha, m. (ifc. f. ā) holding in front, stretching forth, MBh.; seizing, clutching, taking hold of (oham gatah, seized, taken), ib.; Hariv.; a partic.manner of fighting, MBh. (= satror uttānapātanartham pādakarshanam or = gala-hastakah, Nīlak.); the seizure of the sun or moon, beginning of an eclipse (cf. graha), Sūryas.; friendly reception, kindness, favour, MBh.; Hariv.; obstinacy, stubbornness ("ham gatah, obstinate, stubborn), MBh.; a rein, bridle, KathUp.; MBh. &c.; a ray of light (like all words meaning 'rein' or 'bridle'), L.; a rope, halter, cord, string, thong, MBh.; the cord or string suspending a balance, L.; a guide, leader, ruler (also as N. of Vishnu-Krishna), MBh.; a companion, satellite, ib.; binding, L.; taming, breaking (a horse), L.; the arm, L.; a species of plant, Car. (Cassia Fistula, L.); a vowel not subject to the rules of Samdhi, TPrāt. (-tva, n., Sch.; cf. 1. pra-grihya); N. of a partic. sacrificial rite (also -homa, KātySr., Sch.); mf(ā)n. receiving, kind, hospitable (with sabhā, f. a hall of reception, an audience hall), R. (B.); = $\bar{u}rdhva$ $b\bar{a}hu$ (?), R., Sch. (cf. $pr\hat{a}\tilde{n}jali-pragr^{\circ}$); -vat, mfn. (ifc.) one who has seized, holding, MBh.; receiving kindly, obliging, R. (Sch. 'keeping down the wicked' or 'controlling the organs of sense'); "hadi-darpana, m. N. of wk.; ohin, mfn. guiding the reins, BhP. **°grahana,** m. a leader, guide (only ifc. [f. \tilde{a}] 'led by'), MBh.; stretching forth, offering, ŚāńkhŚr.; taking, seizing, holding, ib.; the seizure of the sun and moon, commencement of an eclipse, VarBrS.; Suryas.; a means for taming or breaking in, MBh.; the being a leader or guide, authority, dignity, ib.; a rein, bridle, MW.; a check, restraint, ib. grahītavya, mfn. to be checked or controlled, Vajracch. ogrāha, m. (only L.) seizing, taking, bearing, carrying (cf. Pān. iii, 3, 46); a rein, bridle (cf. ib. 53); the string of a balance (cf. ib. 52); -vat, mfn. having the string of a balance, MW. ogrāham, ind. taking the words separately, not pronouncing them according to the rules of Samdhi, AitBr.

मग्रीच pra-grīva, m. n. (g. ardharcâdi; also -ka, ifc., Hcar.) a wooden balustrade or fence round a building, Rājat.viii, 328; a window, lattice, balcony (projecting like a neck; cf. grīvā), L.; a

summer-house, pleasure-house, L.; a painted turret, L.; a stable, L.; the top of a tree, L.

प्राते pra-\(\square\) glai, P. -glāyati, to fade, wither away, Bhatt. (Sch. -mlāyati): Caus. -glāpa-yati, Vop. gla, mfn. wearied, fatigued, exhausted, W.

Tate pra-√ghat, Ā.-ghaṭate, to exert one's self, devote one's self to (loc.), Bhaṭṭ.; to commence, begin, ib. °ghaṭaka, (ifc.) a precept, rule, doctrine, Cat. °ghaṭā, f. the rudiments or first elements of a science; -vid, m.=sāstra-gaṇḍa, L.; a general reader(but not a profound one), W. (cf. chāttra-g°).

प्रशृक्त pra-ghattaka, m. (\sqrt{ghatt}) a precept, rule, doctrine, Kap., Sch. (cf. pra-ghataka).

HUU pra-ghaṇa, m. n. (√han) a place or a terrace before a house, Hcar. (also °ghāna), L.; an iron mace or crowbar, L.; a copper pot, L. °ghaṇa, m. = prec.; also v.l. for prathana, Phaseolus Mungo, L. °ghāṇa, m. n. = or v.l. for °ghaṇa, Hcar.; L.; the trunk of a tree, L. °ghāṭa, m. a blow, stroke, TS., Sch.; a battle, fight, L.; the edging of a garment, SBr. °ghāna, see °ghaṇa.

प्रथम pra-ghasa, m. (\sqrt{ghas}) a devourer (pl. N. of false gods), L. (cf. Pāṇ. ii, 4, 37; 38); N. of a Rākshasa, MBh.; of a monkey follower of Rāma, R.; (\bar{a}), f. N. of one of the Mātṛis attending on Skanda, MBh. ${}^{\circ}$ ghāsa, see Varuna-praghāsa. ${}^{\circ}$ ghāsin (VS.), ${}^{\circ}$ ghāsyà (TS.), mfn. voracious.

प्रधातय pra-ghātaya, P.°yati (Caus.of pra-√han), to strike, kill, Divyâv.

प्रमुख praghuṇa, m. a guest, visitor, L. (prob. w.r. for prāghuṇa).

ray pra-\(ghush\), Caus. -ghoshayati, to cause to announce aloud, proclaim, MBh. ghushta, mfn. sounding forth, Var. ghosha, m. sound, noise, BhP. (also -ka, L.); N. of a son of Krishna, BhP. ghoshin, m. 'roaring,' N. of the 9 classes of the Maruts, MW.

प्रमुख $pra-gh\bar{u}rna$, mfn. ($\sqrt{gh\bar{u}rn}$) turning round or rolling violently, W.; wandering, roaming, ib.; m. a guest, visitor, L. (prob. w.r. for $pr\bar{a}gh^{\circ}$).

प्रयु pra-\squareful ghri, P. -gharati, to ooze out, Divyâv.

ngu pra-\(ghrish\), P. -gharshati, to rub to pieces, Kaus.; to rub into, anoint, Susr. \(\forall gharsha, m.\), rubbing, anointing, Car. \(\forall gharshana, m.\) grinding, crushing, destroying, Kav.; n. rubbing, a remedy for rubbing in or anointing, Car. \(\forall ghrishta,\) mfn. rubbed in, embrocated, anointed, Susr.

प्रचpraca. See $acyuta-pr^{\circ}$ and $nakha-pr^{\circ}$.

प्रचित्तpra-cakita, $mfn.(\sqrt{cak})$ trembling, shuddering, terrified, Pañc.

ম্বর pra-cakra, n. an army in motion, L.

ITE pra-√caksh, Ā. -cashṭe, to tell, relate, declare, MBh.; Ragh.; to suppose, regard or consider as (acc.), Mu.; MBh. &c.; to name, call, Mn.; BhP.: Caus. -cakshayati, to irradiate, illumine, RV. °cakshaṇam, ind.(after a fin. verb), g gotrādi. °cakshas, m. N. of the regent of the planet Jupiter, Bṛihas-pati, W.

प्रवङ्गशा pra-cankasa. See a-pr°.

प्रचराड pra-canda, $mf(\bar{a})$ n. excessively violent, impetuous, furious, fierce, passionate, terrible, direful, formidable, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; great, large, hot, burning, sharp (see comp. below); m. a species of oleander with white flowers, L.; N. of a Danava, Kathās.; of a goblin, MārkP.; of a son of Vatsa-prī and Su-nandā, ib.; (\tilde{a}) , f. a species of Dürvā with white flowers, L.; a form or Sakti of Durga, Cat. -ghona, mfn. large-nosed, having a long or prominent nose, MBh. - candika, f. a form of Durga; -sahasra-nāma-stotra, n. N. of a Stotra. -tarī-√bhū, to become fiercer or more passionate, Kād. - ta, f. great violence or passion, Uttarar. - deva, m. N. of a prince, W. - pāndava, n. 'the wrathful sons of Pāndu,' N. of a drama by Rāja-šekhara (= Bāla-bhārata). - bhairava, (prob.) m. N. of a Vyāyoga (kind of drama). - bhairava-rasa, m. N. of a partic. medicinal preparation, L. - madhava, m. (with Kāšmīra) N. of a poet, Cat. - mūrti, m. Crataeva Roxburghii, L. – vadana, $mf(\bar{a})n$, having