as, m. a species of parasitical worm; (a), f. the plant Hemionitis Cordifolia. – Mahā-grishṭi, is, f. a cow with a large hump. – Mahā-godhūma, as, m. large wheat, a particular kind of wheat. - Mahāgauri, f. one of the nine forms of Durga; N. of a river. - Mahā-granthika, as, ā, am, (in medicine) forming great knots. - Mahā-graha, as, m. 'the great planet,' an epithet of Rahu. - Mahā-grāma, as, m. a great multitude (Ved.); a great village; N: of the ancient capital of Ceylon (said to be the Μαάγραμμον of Ptolemy and the modern Magama). - Mahā-grīva, as, ā, am, 'long-necked,' having a long neck; (as), m. epithet of Siva; a camel; N. of one of Siva's attendants; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people. - Mahā-grīvin, ī, m. 'long-necked,' a camel. - Mahā-ghaṭa, as, m. a great pitcher; a proper N. = Mahā-ghasa, as, m. 'great eater,' N. of one of Siva's attendants. = Mahā-ghāsa, as, ā, am, abounding with grass or fodder; (as), m. = mahato mahatyā vā ghāsah, Pān. VI. 3, 46, Vārttika I. = Mahā-ghūrnā, f. ardent spirits, spirituous liquor. - Mahā-ghrita, am, n. ghee kept a long time (used for medicinal purposes). - Mahāghora, as, a, am, very terrible or formidable, very horrible; (as), m., N. of a hell. - Mahā-ghosha, as, m. a loud noise; (as, a, am), making a loud noise, loud-sounding, noisy;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. a species of plant (= karkata-śringi = śringi); gum olibanum tree, Boswellia Thurifera; (am), n. a market, fair. - Mahāghosha-svara-rāja, as, m., N. of a Bodhisattva. – Mahāghoshānugā (°sha-an°), f., N. of a particular Tantra deity. – Mahāghoshesvara (°shaiso), as, m., N. of a king of the Yakshas. - Mahānga (°hā-an°), as, ī, am, 'large-bodied, largelimbed,' having a great body or limbs, bulky, big; (as), m. epithet of Siva; a camel; a kind of rat = mahā-mushika); Asteracantha Longifolia, Plumbago Zeylanica. - Mahā-ćakra, am, n. a great wheel; (as), m. 'having a great wheel or circle,' N. of a Dānava. - Mahā-ćakra-praveśa-jnānamudrā, f. epithet of a particular Mudrā, q. v. - Mahā-ćakravarti-tā, f. the rank of a great Cakra-vartin or universal monarch. - Mahā-ćakravartin, ī, m. a great emperor or universal monarch. - Mahā-ćakravāda or mahā-ćakravāla, as, m., N. of a mythical mountain. - Mahā-ćanćū, ūs, f. a species of culinary plant. - Mahā-ćanda, as, m. a very violent or passionate man; N. of one of Yama's two servants; N. of one of Siva's attendants; (a), f. epithet of Camunda. - Maha-éaturaka, as, m., N. of a jackal (in the Panca-tantra). - Mahā-capalā, f. a kind of Āryā metre. - Mahā-ćamū, ūs, f. a large army, a great battalion. - Mahā-ćampā, f., N. of a country or kingdom. - Mahā-ćaryā, f. the great course of life (applied to the life of a Bodhisattva). – Mahāćala (°hā-ać°), as, m. a great mountain. – Mahāćārya (°hā-āć°), as, m. 'the great teacher,' epithet of Siva. - Mahā-citta, see Gaņa Sutangamādi to Pāņ. IV. 2, 80; (ā), f., N. of an Apsaras. - Mahāćit-tva, am. n. (fr. mahā + 5. cit), the state of great thoughtfulness or intelligence (?). - Mahā-citrapāṭala, a species of plant. - Mahā-cīna, ās, m. pl. the inhabitants of Great China. - Mahā-ćunda, as, m., N. of a Buddhist mendicant. - Mahā-ćūdā, f., N. of one of the Mātris attending on Skanda. - Mahā-ćhada, as, m. Lipeocercis Serrata. - Mahā-chāya, as, m. the Indian fig-tree. - Mahā-chidrā, f. a species of plant (=mahā-medā). - 1. mahāja (°hā-oja), as, m. a large he-goat. - 2. mahā-ja, as, ā, am, high-born, nobly born, aristocratic, noble. - Mahā-jaṭā, f. a great braid or coil of hair, the matted or twisted hair of Rudra or Siva; (as), m. 'wearing a great braid or coil of matted hair,' epithet of Siva. — Mahājatru, us, us, u, having a great collar-bone; (us), m. epithet of Siva. - Mahā-jana, as, m. a great multitude of men, the populace, (mahājane, in the presence of a great number of men, in public); a great or eminent man, great persons; the chief or head of a trade or caste; a merchant, banker, trades-man; [cf. māhājānīha.] — Mahājanīya, as, ā, am, garbha, as, m. a kind of meditation. — Mahā-taila,

mercantile, commercial, = mahān jano yasya, see Pāṇ. V. 1, 9, Vārttika 10. = Mahā-jambu, us, or mahā-jambū, ūs, f. a species of plant (=vṛihatphala). - Maha-jambha, as, m., N. of one of Siva's attendants. = Mahā-jaya, as, ā, am, very victorious (Ved.); (as), m., N. of a Nāga; (ā), f. epithet of Durgā. - Mahā-java, as, ā, am, very impetuous, very swift, very fleet, exceedingly rapid; (a), f., N. of one of the Matris attending on Skanda, (also read mano-javā.) - Mahā-jāti, is, f. Gærtnera Racemosa. - Mahā-jātīya, as, ā, am, rather large, tolerably big, moderately large; of an excellent sort or species. - Mahā-jānu, us, m. 'large-kneed,' N. of a Brāhman; of one of Siva's attendants. - Mahājābāla, as, m., see Pāņ. VI. 2, 38. - Mahā-jālī, f. a species of Ghoshā with yellowish flowers (= raktakośātakī). - Mahā-jihva, as, m. 'long-tongued,' epithet of Siva; N. of a Daitya. - Mahā-jinānagītā, f., N. of a particular Tantra deity. - Mahājiana-yuta, f. epithet of the goddess Manasa. - Mahā-jnānin, ī, m. a great sage or soothsayer; epithet of Siva. - Mahā-jyaishṭhī, f. epithet of a night of full moon coinciding with certain phenomena in the heavens in the month Jyaishtha. - Mahājyotishmatī, f. a species of plant, (in Hindī vadīmālakangunī.) - Mahā-jyotis, is, is, is, having great splendor, very splendid or brilliant; (is), m. an epithet of Siva. - Mahā-jvāla, as, ā, am, blazing or shining greatly, very brilliant; (as), m. an epithet of Siva; a sacrificial fire; N. of a hell; (a), f. one of the Vidyā-devīs or goddesses of learning peculiar to the Jainas (for sarvāstra-m°?). – Mahāijana (°hā-añ°), as, m. (=aijana), N. of a mountain. - Mahānji (°hā-an°), is, is, i, Ved. having broad spots. - Mahātavi (°hā-at°), ayas, m. pl., N. of a people. - Mahāṭavī (°hā-aṭ°), f. a great forest. - Mahā-dakara, as, m., N. of a commentator. - Mahāḍhya (°hā-āḍh°), as, ā, am, very rich, very wealthy; (as), m. Nauclea Cadamba. - Mahānagnī, see mahā-nagnī. - Mahā-tattva, am, n. the great principle,' the intellect (or second of the Sānkhya Tattvas, see mahat); (a), f., N. of one of Durgā's attendants. - Mahā-tantra, am, n., N. of a Saiva work. - Mahā-tapah-saptamī, f. 'the seventh (day in a particular half month) of severe penance,' a particular festival. - Mahā-tapana, as, m. 'greatly burning,' N. of a hell. - Mahā-tapas, ās, ās, as, doing severe penance, performing great religious austerities, very austere, rigidly ascetic; (as), m. a great ascetic; an epithet of Vishnu; N. of a Muni. - Mahā-tamaḥ-prabhā, f. 'having thick darkness for its light,' N. of the lowermost of the twenty-one Narakas or hells (where great darkness is the only light). - Mahā-tamas, as, n. 'gross (spiritual) darkness, N. of one of the five degrees of A-vidya. - Mahataru, us, m. 'large tree,' Tithymalus Antiquorum; Euphorbia of various kinds. — Mahā-tala, am, n. very deep,' N. of the sixth of the seven lower worlds or regions under the earth inhabited by the Nagas or serpent-demons, &c.; see pātāla. - Mahā-tāpaśćita, um, n., Ved., N. of a Sattra. - Mahā-tārā, f., N. of a Buddhist goddess. - Mahā-tālī, f. a species of plant (= āvartakī). - Mahā-tikta, as, ā, am, very bitter; (as), m. the large Nimb tree, Melia Sempervirens; (ā), f., N. of two plants (= yava-tiktā, = pā(hā). - Mahā-tiktaka, as, ā, am, extremely bitter; (with sarpis) a particular medicinal compound. - Mahā-titibha, (with Buddhists) a parti-cular high number. - Mahā-tithi, is, f. the great lunar day, the sixth day of a lunation. - Mahātikshna, as, a, am, exceedingly sharp (said of weapons, perception, &c.); very pungent (said of flavours); (a), f. the marking-nut plant (see bhallātaka). - Mahā-tushti-jaāna-mudrā, f. epithet of a particular Mudrā, q. v. - Mahā-teja, as, a, am, or mahā-tejas, ās, ās, as, having great energy or vigour, very vigorous, of great splendor, full of fire, very bright; (as), m. a hero, demigod; N. of Agni or fire; of Skanda; of a warrior; of a king of the

am, n. any valuable or precious oil, (or perhaps) N. of a particular kind of oil. - Mahātodya (°hā-āt°), am, n. a great drum. - Mahātman ("hā-āt"), ā, ā, a, 'high-souled,' magnanimous, having a great or noble nature, noble-minded, high-minded, loftyminded, generous, noble, highly gifted; eminent, distinguished, mighty, powerful; (a), m. the Supreme Spirit, great soul of the universe (= paramātman); the great principle, i. e. Intellect (=mahātattva, q.v.); scil. gana, N. of a class of Manes. - Mahātma-vat, an, atī, at, 'high-souled,' magnanimous, highly gifted. - Mahātmya, as, ā, am (fr. mahātman above), magnanimous. - Mahātyaya ("hā-at"), as, m. great pain, great destruction, any great evil or calamity; (as, a, am), causing great pain or destruction, very pernicious. - Mahātyāga, as, m. great liberality or generosity; (as, ā, am), extremely liberal, very generous. - Mahātyāgamaya, as, i, am, consisting of great liberality. - Mahā-tyāgin, ī, inī, i, making great sacrifices, extremely liberal or generous; (i), m. epithet of Siva. - Mahā-trikakud, t, or mahā-trikakubh, p, m., Ved., N. of a Stoma. - Mahā-tripura-sundarī-kavaća, am, n., N. of a kind of magical spell or incantation. - Mahā-triśūla, am, n. a great trident. - Mahā-danshṭra, as, ā, am, having great tusks or fangs; (as), m., N. of a Vidyā-dhara; of a man. - Mahā-daṇḍa, as, m. a great staff; a long arm; severe punishment; (as,  $\bar{a}$ , am), carrying a long staff; (as), m., N. of a servant or officer of Yama. - Mahā-danta, as, m. a great tooth, especially the tusk of an elephant; (as, a, am), having large teeth or tusks; (as), m. epithet of Siva; an elephant with large tusks. - Mahā-damatra, am, n., N. of a work. - Mahā-dambha, as, ā, am, practising great deceit, very deceitful; (as), m. an epithet of Siva. - Mahā-daridra, as, ā, am, extremely poor. - Mahā-daśā, f. the influence of a predominant planet. - Mahā-dāna, am, n. a great gift, epithet of certain valuable gifts or the giving of different kinds of valuable presents to the priests (sixteen such gifts are particularly enumerated); (as,  $\bar{a}$ , am), accompanied by valuable presents (said of a sacrifice &c.). - Mahā-dāru, u, n. (= deva-dāru), Pinus Deodora, the Deodar tree. - Mahādi-kaṭabhī, f. a species of plant (= sveta-kinihi; also read mahālikatabhī). - Mahā-divākīrtya, am, n., N. of a Sāman. - Mahā-dundu, us, m. a great military drum; (also read mahā-dvandva.) - Mahā-durga, as, a, am, very difficult to be crossed; (am), n. a great calamity or danger. - Mahā-dūta (?), N. of a Buddhist Sütra work. - Mahā-dūshaka, as, m. a species of grain. - Mahā-driti, is, m. a great leather bag or pouch. - Mahā-deva, as, m. 'the great deity,' especially as an epithet of Rudra or Siva (the third deity of the Hindū triad); epithet of Vishņu; N. of various persons; of the father of the poet Jaya-deva; of a commentator on the Nyāya-siddhāntamuktāvalī; of the son of Mukunda (author of the Ātmatva-jāti-vićara and Sādriśya-vāda); of a son of Somanātha, a commentator on the Hiranya-keśikalpa-sūtra; of a poet; of a mountain; (i), f. 'the great goddess,' especially as an epithet of Durga or Pārvatī, the wife of Siva; N. of Dākshāyaṇī in Sāla-grāma; epithet of Lakshmī the wife of Vishņu; the first wife of a king; N. of various women; (am), n., N. of a Tantra; [cf. siva-tantra.] - Mahadeva-tantra, am, n. the Maha-deva Tantra. - Mahadeva-tva, am, n. the state or dignity of 'the great deity.'-Mahādeva-pandita and mahādeva-hhatta and mahādeva-bhatta-dinakara and mahādevavādīndra and mahādeva-sarasvatī, N. of certain learned men and authors. - Mahādeva-pura, am, n., N. of a city. - Mahādeva-maņi, is, m. a species of plant. - Mahādevī-tva, am, n. the rank of first wife of a king. - Mahādevīya, as, ā, am, belonging to or composed by Mahā-deva. - Mahā-daitya, as, m. 'the great Daitya,' N. of a Daitya in the Manv-antara of Bhautya; of the grandfather of the second Candra-gupta. - Mahā-dairgha-tamasa, am, n., N. of a Sāman. - Mahādbhuta (°hā-ad°),