the Amara-kosha, is, m.), 'cloud-light,' a flash of | lightning, the fire produced from lightning. - Meghadambara, as, m. thunder; [cf. meghadambara.] - Megha-taru, us, m., Ved. 'cloud-tree,' a particular form of cloud. - Megha-timira, am, n. 'clouddarkness,' darkness resulting from a clouded sky, cloudy or rainy weather. - Megha-tva, am, n. the being a cloud, the state of a cloud, cloudiness; meghatvam upa-gam, to become a cloud. - Meghadipa, as, m. 'cloud-light,' lightning. - Megha-dundubhi, is, m., N. of an Asura. - Megha-dundubhisvara-rāja, as, m., N. of a Buddha. - Megha-dūta, as, m. 'cloud-messenger,' N. of a celebrated poem by Kālidāsa. — Meghadāta-pāda-eamasyā, f., N. of a work. — Meghadātābhidha ("ta-abh"), as, ā, am, entitled 'cloud-messenger.'-Megha-dvara, am, n. 'cloud-gate,' heaven, the sky, ether. - Meghanāda, as, m. 'cloud-noise,' sound of rain, thunder; (as, a, am), sounding or rumbling like thunder, making a noise like thunder; (as), m. an epithet of Varuna; N. of one of the attendants of Skanda; of a Dānava; of a son of Rāvaņa, afterwards called Indra-jit, as having conquered Indra (see Rāmāyaṇa, Uttara-kāṇḍa XXXIV); of a frog; Amaranthus Polygonoides; the Palāśa tree, Butea Frondosa. - Meghanāda-jit, t, m. 'conqueror of Megha-nāda or Indra-jit, son of Rāvaņa,' an epithet of Lakshmaņa, the favourite brother of Rama (the account of his fighting and killing Indra-jit is in Rāmāyaṇa, Yuddha-kāṇḍa LXVII-LXX).—Meghanāda-tīrtha, am, n., N. of a sacred bathing-place on the Narmada river. - Meghanādānudāsln (°da-an°), ī, m. 're-joicing in the rumbling of thunder-clouds,' a peacock. - Megha-nādin, ī, inī, i, sounding or making a noise like thunder; crying with joy at the appearance of clouds; (i), m., N. of a Dānava. - Meghanāman, ā, m. 'cloud-named,' a fragrant grass, Cyperus Rotundus. - Megha-nirghosha, as, m. the rumbling of clouds, thunder; (as, ā, am), sounding or making a noise like thunder. - Megha-pankti, is, f. a line or succession of clouds. - Megha-parvata, as, m., N. of a mountain. - Megha-pālī, f. a proper N. - Megha-pushpa, am, n. 'cloudblossom,' water; river-water; hail; (as), m., N. of one of the four horses of Vishnu or Krishna. - Megha-prishtha, as, m., N. of a son of Gbritaprishtha. - Megha-pradipa, as, m., N. of a work. - Megha-pravāha, as, m., N. of one of the attendants of Skanda. - Megha-prasava, as, m. 'cloud-offspring,' water. - Megha-baddha, as, m. epithet of a particular formula. - Megha-bala, as, m. a proper N. - Megha-bhagiratha-thakkura, as, m., N. of an author. - Megha-bhūti, is, m. a thunderbolt. - Megha-manjari, f., N. of a daughter of king Vijaya-pāla. - Megha-matha, as, m., N. of a monastery or college built by and named after Megha-vāhana. - Megha-mandala, am, n. the sphere of the clouds, region of the clouds, firmament, atmosphere. — Megha-maya, as, i, am, formed or consisting of clouds, cloudy. — Megha-māla, as, ā, am, 'cloud-wreathed, cloud-capt,' crowned with clouds; (as), m., N. of a mountain; of a Rākshasa; of a son of Kalki by Ramā; (ã), f. a line or succession of clouds, gathering of clouds; N. of a work by Ketali-kirtti treating of the astrological significance of various kinds of clouds; of one of the Mātris attending upon Skanda. - Megha-mālin, i, ini, i, cloud-wreathed; (i), m., N. of one of Skanda's attendants; of an Asura; of a king. - Megha-yoni, is, n. 'cloud-source,' smoke, fog.—Megha-rara, as, m. 'cloud-noise,' thunder; (as, \bar{a}, am) , thundering like a cloud; (\bar{a}) , f., N. of one of the Mātris attending upon Skanda. - Megha-rāga, as, m. the musical scale Megha (being supposed capable of bringing down rain from heaven). - Megha-raja, as, m., N. of 2 Buddha. - Megha-rāji, is, or megha-rājī, i. 2 line of clouds. - Megha-rāva, as, m. 'cloud-sounding,' a kind of water-bird. — Megharekhā or megha-lekhā, f. a line of clouds. — 1. megha-vat, an, ati, at, enveloped in clouds, overcast with clouds; (an), m., N. of a mountain. - 2. me-

gha-vat, ind. like a cloud. - Megha-vana, N. of an Agra-hāra named after Megha-vāhana. - Meghavapus, us, m. 'cloud-form,' a mass of clouds which appear to assume some shape. - Megha-varna, as, ã, am, 'cloud-coloured,' having the hue of a cloud; (as), m., N. of a man; of a crow in the Hitopadesa; (a), f. the indigo plant. - Megha-vartman, a, n. 'cloud-path,' the atmosphere, sky. - Megha-vahni, is, in. 'cloud-fire,' lightning. - Megha-vāsas, ās, ās, as, 'cloud-robed,' dad in clouds; (ās), m., N. of a Daitya. - Megha-vāhana, as, ā, am, 'having clouds for a vehicle, riding upon the clouds; (as), m. an epithet of Indra; of Siva; N. of a king; of a king of Kaśmira; of the twenty-second Kalpa. - Megha-vāhin, ī, inī, i, riding upon a cloud; (inī), f., N. of one of the Mātṛis attending upon Škanda, (also read mesha-vāhinī.) - Megha-vitāna, as, m., Ved. 'cloud-canopy,' an expanded mass of clouds, a sky overcast with clouds; (am), n. a particular metre, four times ou-ou-ou--.- Megha-visphūrjita, am, n. the rumbling of clouds, thundering; thunder; (a), f., scil. vritti, a particular metre, four times 0 ----, 00000-----, (in this sense also am, n.) - Meghavrinda, am, n. a mass of clouds. - Megha-vega, as, m. a proper N. - Megha-vesman, a, n. 'cloudabode,' the sky, atmosphere. - Megha-syāma, as, ā, am, dark as a cloud. - Megha-sakha, as, m. 'cloud-friend,' N. of a mountain. - Megha-sanghāta, as, m. an assemblage or multitude of clouds. - Megha-sandeśa, as, m. = megha-dūta, q. v. - Megha-sandhi, is, m., N. of a king of Magadha. - Megha-sambhava, as, m. 'cloud-produced,' N. of a Naga. - Megha-sara, as, m. 'cloud-essence,' a kind of camphor (= cīna-karpūra). - Megha-suhrid, t, m. 'cloud-friend,' a peacock (described as delighting in the rainy season). - Megha-stanita, am, n. 'cloud-rumbling,' thunder. - Meghastani-todbhava ('ta-ud'), as, m. Asteracantha Longifolia. - Megha-svana, as, a. am, 'cloud-sounding,' loud as a (thunder) cloud; (a), f., N. of one of the Matris attending upon Skanda. — Megha-svara or meghasvara-raja, as, m., N. of a Buddha. - Megha-svāti, is, m., N. of a king. - Megha-hrāda, as, ā, am, shouting or roaring like a thunder-cloud. - Meghākhya (°gha-ākh°), as, m., N. of a Persian king, (also read meghāksha; = Prākrit mehākkho); (am), n. Cyperus Rotundus; talc. - Meghāgama ("gha-āg"), as, m. 'approach of clouds,' the rainy season. - Meghāćchanna or meghāćchādita (°gha- $\tilde{a}e^{\circ}$), as, \tilde{a} , am, overspread with clouds, covered with clouds, clouded. - Meghātopa (°gha-āt°), as, m. 'cloud-swelling,' a dense cloud. - Meghādambara (°gha-ād°), as, m. 'cloud-drum,' thunder; [cf. megha-dambara.] - Meghananda (°gha-an°), f. 'rejoicing in clouds,' a kind of crane. - Meghā-nandin ('gha-ān'), ī, m. 'rejoicing in clouds,' a peacock; [cf. megha-suhrid.] - Meghanta (oghaan"), as, m. 'coming at the end of the rainy season,' the autumn. - Meghāri ('gha-ari), is, m. 'cloud-enemy,' the wind. - Meghāvatata ('gha-av'), as, ā, am, overspread with clouds, overcast. - Meghāvalī ('gha-āv'), f., N. of a princess. — Meghāsthi ('gha-as'), i, n. cloud-bone, hail. — Meghāspada ('ghaās°), am, n. 'cloud-region,' the atmosphere, sky, ether, heaven. - Meghesrara-tirtha (°gha-is°), am, n., N. of a Tirtha on the Reva or Narmada river .- Meghodaka (°gha-ud°), am, n. 'cloudwater,' rain. - Meghodaya ('gha-ud'), as, m. 'cloud-rising,' rising clouds. - Meghaunmukhya (°gha-au°), am, n. the act of looking up eagerly or longing for clouds (said of a peacock). Meghaya, Nom. P. meghayati, -yitum, to make

cloudy, cause cloudy weather.

Meghayat, an, anti, at, Ved. making cloudy; (anti), f., N. of one of the seven Krittikas.

Meghāya, Nom. A. meghāyate, -yitum, Ved. to form clouds, become cloudy.

Meghya, as, ā, am, Ved. being in the clouds; according to Pan. meghya at the end of a comp. = megham arhati or megha ira.

Maigha, as, i, am, belonging to the clouds, cloudy; descended from clouds (Ved.).

महनाथ menga-nātha, as, m., N. of a race (?). - Menganātha-bhatta, as, m. a proper N.

मेच meća, as, m., N. of a poet; [cf. megha.]

मेचक mećaka, as, ā, am (said to be fr. rt. maé), dark-blue, dark-coloured, black; (as), m. dark-blue colour, black; blackness; an eye of a peacock's tail; a teat, nipple; smoke; a cloud; Moringa Pterygosperma; a kind of gem; (am), n. darkness; sulphuret of antimony. - Mećakāpagā (°ka-ap°), f. 'dark-blue river,' an epithet of the Yamuuā. - Mećakābhidhā (°ka-abh°), f. a species of creeper (=pātāla-garudī).

मेचकचातनी mećakaćātanī, f. a various reading for maćakaćātanī, q. v.

मेच्हिंद mećurudi (?), N. of a place.

मेर met (= rt. mret), cl. 1. P. metati, metitum, to be mad.

मेंद्रला mețulā, f. the myrobalan tree (= āmalaki).

मेठ metha, as, m. an elephant keeper [cf. menda]; an elephant driver (= yantri); a ram [cf. medhra].

मेडि methi, methī. See methi below.

मेड् med, cl. 1. P. medati, &c.,=rt. met

मेडि medi or meli, is, m., Ved. crackling, emitting sparks, rustling (said of wind, fire, &c.); any jingling or murmuring sound; (a reading medavas is given for the pl. medayas.)

मंदी medhī, f. Sec methi below.

मेद्र medhra, am, n. (fr. rt. 1. mih + tra; according to native lexicographers also as, m.), membrum virile, the penis; (as), m. a ram; [cf. mi-dhvas, mendha, mesha.] - Medhra-éarman, a, n. or medhra-tvać, k, f. the fore-skiu, prepuce. - Medhra-ja, as, m. an epithet of Siva. - Medhraroga, us, m. venereal disease. - Medhra-śringi, f. Odina Pennata (= mesha-śringi, said to be a milky plant, the fruit of which is crooked and therefore like a ram's horn).

Medhraka, as, m. the penis; a ram.

Mendha, as, m. (formed fr. medhra above), a

Mendhaka, as, m. a ram; a proper N. Mendhra, as, m. = mendha above; membrum

मेराढ mentha, as, m. an elephant keeper or feeder (= metha); N. of a poet (= bhartri-men-

Menda, as, m. an elephant keeper.

मताये metarya, as, m. (with Jainas) N. of one of the eleven Ganadhipas.

मेत् metri, tā, m. (fr. rt. 1. mi), Ved. one who erects a column; (but according to Say. on Rigveda IV. 6, 2, metā is f. and = sthūnā, a column, pillar.)

meth (connected with rt. mith, q. v.), cl. 1. P. A. methati, -te, methtum, to meet; (A.) to meet one another, associate; to reproach, revile; to strike, hurt, kill; to know, understand.

Methi, is, m. (perhaps connected with rt. I. mi), a pillar, post; a pillar in the middle of a threshingfloor to which oxen are bound, any central body, (also written medhi, medhi, medhi, methi, methi, f.; medhī-bhūta or medhī-bhūta, forming a solid pillar or centre); a post to which cattle are tied; a prop for supporting the shafts of a carriage; (i), f.=