अभुषे 2. abhy-upe (abhi-upa-ā-i), cl. 2. P. । -upaiti, -tum, to go towards, approach.

अभ्यपेक्ष abhy-upeksh (abhi-upa-īksh), cl. 1. A. -upekshate, -shitum, to leave, abandon.

abhy-usha or abhy-usha or abhy-osha, as, m. (rt. ush), a kind of cake of grain &c. half dressed, slightly scorched, or parched so as to be eaten from the hand; bread.

Abhyushiya or abhyūshiya or abhyushya or abhyūshya or abhy-oshiya or abhy-oshiya, as, ā, am, consisting of, or belonging to, or fit for the above

cake or preparation of parched grain.

अभूषित abhy-ushita, as, ā, am (rt. 1. vas), dwelling near to, dwelling with.

अभूद 1. abhy-ūḍha, as, ā, am (fr. rt. vah with abhi), brought near.

अभूगों abhy-ūrnu (abhi-ūrnu), cl. 2. P. A. -ūrnoti, -nute, -ūrnavitum or -nuvitum, to cover, hide, conceal; to cover one's self (?).

ati, -te, -ūhitum, to cover over, to clothe; A. -ūhate, Ved. -ohate, to watch for, to form a plot against; to infer, to guess.

2. abhy-ūdha, as, ā, am, reasoned upon, concluded, inferred.

Abhy-ūha, as, m. discussion, reasoning, deduction, inference; supplying an ellipsis; understanding.

Abhy-ūhitavya or abhy-ūhya, as, ā, am, to be

inferred or guessed.

Abhy-uhya (the u being shortened after abhi before the ya of the ind. part., but sometimes wrongly written with long \ddot{u}), ind. having concluded or inferred, having reasoned; having supplied an ellipsis.

সম্ব abhy-ri (abhi-ri), cl. 3. 5. P. abhiyarti,
-rinoti, -artum, -ritum, rītum, to go to, to pervade.
Abhy-arna. See s. v., p. 71, col. 2.

সমূত abhy-rich (abhi-rich), cl. 6. P. -ricchati, -chitum, to come to, to visit or afflict with; to strive against, to strive to overpower.

क्षेत्रम् abhy-rinj (abhi-rinj), cl. 6. P. A. -rinjati, -te, -jitum, to stretch out the hand for, to hasten to or towards.

सम्प् abhy-rish (abhi-rish), cl. 1. P. -arshati, shitum, to flow or run towards a place; to let flow or run towards a place.

स्म abhye (abhi-ā-i), cl. 2. P. -aiti, -tum, to go near, to come to.

Abhy-etya, iod. having approached, having come to.

अभेषण 1. abhy-eshana, am, n. (rt. 3: ish), desiring, wishing for.

Abhy-eshaniya, as, a, am, to be desired.

अभ्यम् 2. abhy-eshana, am, n. (rt. 1. ish), going towards, attacking.

abhr, cl. 1. P. abhrati, abhritum, to go; to err or wander about.

THE abhra (sometimes spelt abbhra, according to the derivation ab-bhra, 'water-bearer'), am, n. cloud; sky, atmosphere, ether, heaven; dust (?); talc, mica; gold; camphor; the ratan (Calanus Rotang); Cyperus Rotundus; (in arithmetic) a cypher; [cf. Gr. δυβροs and Lat. èmber.] — Abhramtiha, as, ā, am, cloud-licking; what touches or sweeps the clouds; sky-scraper; (as), nn. wind. — Abhra-yhana, as, ā, am, thickly covered with clouds. — Abhran-kasha, as, ā, am, grazing (hurting) the clouds, very high; (as), m. air, wind, a mountain. — Abhran-kāsha, ās, ās, am, Ved. born from clouds, caused by vapours. — Abhran-nāga, as, m. one of the elephants supporting the globe. — Abhra-pīsāca or abhra-pīsācaka, as, m. sky-demon, N. of Rāhu, the descending node personified. — Abhra-pushpa, as, m.,

N. of a cane, Calamus Rotang; (am), n. water; a flower in the clouds, castle in the air, anything impossible. - Abhra-prush, t, f., Ved. the sprinkling of the clouds, rain. - Abhra-mānsī, f., N. of a plant, Valeriana Jatāmānsī. - Abhra-mātanga, as, m. Airāvata, Indra's elephant. - Abhra-mālā, f. a line or succession of clouds. - Abhra-roha, am, n. Lapis Lazuli. - Abhra-Upta, as, a, am, overspread with clouds. - Abhra-varsha, as, ā, am, Ved. pouring water from the clouds. - Abhra-vāţika, as, m., N. of a plant, Spondias Magnifera. - Abhra-siras, as, n. a head formed of the sky. - Abhrāvakāśa (raavo), as, m. fall of rain, clouds as the only shelter. - Abhrāvakāsika, as, ā, am, or abhrāvakāsin, ī, inī, i, exposed to the rain (and so doing penance), not seeking shelter from the rain, having the clouds for shelter, open to the sky. - Abhrottha ("ra-ut"), as, m. sky-born, i. e. Indra's thunderbolt.

Abhraka, am, n. talc, mica; the same as abhra, q. v.—Abhraka-bhasman, a, n. calx of talc.—A-bhraka-sattva, am, n. steel.

Abhrāya, nom. A. abhrāyate, -yitum, to create clouds, make cloudy.

Abhrita, as, \bar{a} , am, clouded, covered with clouds. Abhriya, as, \bar{a} , am, belonging to or produced from clouds; (as), m. lightning; (am), n. a collection of thunder-clouds.

Abhrya, as, m. a naked ascetic, who is clothed only by the air.

সমন a-bhrama, as, ā, am, not blundering; steady, clear; (as), m. steadiness, composure.

A-bhramu, us, f. the female elephant of the east, the mate of Airāvata. — Abhramu-priya or abhramu-vallabha, as, ni. the male elephant of the east or Airāvata.

মধানু a-bhrātṛi, tā, trī, Ved. or a-bhrātṛika, as, ā, or a-bhrātṛi-mat, ān, atī, m. f. brotherless. — A-bhrātṛi-han, hā, ghnī, m. f., Ved. not killing a brother.

সমান্য a-bhrātṛivya, as, ā, am, having no rival, without an enemy.

অধান a-bhrānta, as, ā, am, unperplexed, not mistaken or in error, clear, composed.

A-bhranti, is, f. absence of perplexity or error.

সামি abhri or abbhri, is, or abhrī, f. (fr. rt. abhr), a wooden scraper or shovel for cleaning a boat, a spatula, a spadula, a pointed stick. — Abhri-khāta, am, n., Ved. dug up with the above instrument, as a ploughed field.

অশ্বৰ a-bhresha, as, m. non-deviation, fitness, propriety.

प्रभव a-bhva, as, \bar{a} , am (etymology doubtful, bhva = bhava or bhuva?), Ved. huge, immense, nighty; monstrous, terrible; (as), m. a powerful man, applied to an enemy; (am), n. immense power, monstrosity, the great pervading principle of the universe; embarrassed state, great calamity; sultriness (?); a monster; offspring; water, a cloud.

अम् 1. am, ind. quickly, a little.

2. am, cl. 1. P. amati, -mitum, Ved. amiti or amīti, to go; to go to or towards; to serve or honour; to sound: Caus. āmayati, -yi-tum, to afflict with sickness or pain from disease; to be afflicted of sick.

1. ama, as, m., Ved. going, pressure, heavy weight, violence, strength, power, depriving of sensation, fright, terror; disease, siekness; a servant; companion; (as, ā, am), unripe; unfortunate (?). — Ama-vat, ān, atī, at, Ved. impetuous, violent, strong; powerful, bold, persevering, constant; attended by ministers, attended by diseases, possessed of self; (vat), ind. impetuously. — Ama-hata, as, ā, am, injured by disease, &c. — Ama-han, hā, ghnī, ha, destroying diseases, &c. 1. amata, as, m. sickness; disease; death; time. 1. amatī, is, nı. moon, time; (is), f., Ved. form,

shape, a splendid shape; splendor, glitter; (is, is, i), Ved. poor, indigent; (is), f. want, indigence.

1. amatī-van, ā, m., Ved. poor, indigent. Amatra, amani, amavishņu. See s. v.

অম 2. ama, as, m. (connected with amu), this; self; (ā), f. soul.

this; self; (\bar{a}) , f. soul. $Am\bar{a}$, ind., Ved. at home, in the house; with; together with; near: see also p. 75, col. 3. — $Am\bar{a}$ k_Ti , to take or carry with one's self.

1. amāt, ind., Ved. from near at hand, from the neighbourhood. (For 2. see p. 75, col. 3.)

अम 3. a-ma, as, m. or a-mā, f. (rt. mā), unmeasured state.

2. a-mati, is, is, i, Ved. of unmeasured lustre (the sun).

মদদ্ধত a-mangala or a-mangalya, as, ā, am, inauspicious, unlucky, evil; (las), m. the castor oil tree, Ricinus Communis; (am), n. inauspiciousness, ill-luck.

স্থান্ত amanda, as, m. the castor oil tree, Ricious Communis.

अमग्डित a-maṇḍita, as, ā, am, unadorned.

समत 2. a-mata, as, ā, am (rt. man), not felt, not perceptible by the mind; (for 1. amata, see under 2. am.) — Amata-parārtha, as, ā, am, incompatible with the principal subject or subject-matter.

समिति 3. a-mati, is, f. unconsciousness, ignorance, feebleness of intellect, absence of fore-thought, knowledge or intention; (is, is, i), evil-minded, unworthy of credit, depraved.—Amatipūra, as, ā, am, unconscious, unintentional, without forethought.

2.amati-van, a, m., Ved. evil-minded, weak-minded.

अमद amatra, as, ā, am (rt. am), Ved. overpowering, overcoming, strong, violent, impetuous; (am), n., Ved. strength, power; a vessel, a utensil.

Amatrin, i, ini, i, Ved. strong, powerful; having a drinking-vessel.

अमत्सर a-matsara, as, ā, am, unenvious, charitable.

अमद a-mada, as, ā, am (rt. mad), cheerless, grave, sorrowful.

A-matta, as, \bar{a} , am, not inebriated, sober, sane, not mad.

जनधन्य a-madhavya, as, ā, am, not worthy of the sweetness (of the Soma).

ज्ञमधुपन्ये a-madhuparkya, as, ā, am, not worthy of the madhu-parka, q. v.

अमध्यम a-madhyama, as, ā, am, non-eentral, not being in the middle.

जनधारा a-madhyastha, as, ā, am, not indifferent.

समनस a-manas, as, n. not the organ of desire, non-perception, want of perception; (ās, ās, as), = the next.

A-manaska, as, ā, am, without the organ of desire, without perception; without intellect, unconscious,

A-manasvin, ī, inī, i, unintelligent, inhuman (as a Rākshasa).

अमनाक् a-manāk, ind. not little, much, greatly.

समिन amani, is, f. (fr. rt. am), a road, a way. समनुष्य a-manushya, as, ā, am, not human, unfrequented by men; (as), m. not a man, a demon. — Amanushya-tā, f. unmanliness. — A-manushya-

nishevita, as, ā, am, not inhabited by men. समनोगत a-manogata, as, ō, am, unthought

अमनोज्ञ a-manojńa, as, ā, am, unwelcome to the mind, disagreeable, disliked.