style; the Bengal dialect; (am), n. sweetmeats; (as), m., scil. desa, or (am), n., scil. rāshṭra, the sugar country; N. of a country, 'the district of Gaur,' the central part of Bengal, extending from Vanga to the borders of Orissa, (the ruins of its capital called by the same name are still extensive); (ās), m. pl. the inhabitants of this country; (as), m., N. of a Rāga; N. of a lexicographer.— Gauda-desa, s., m. the country Gauda.—Gauda-pāda, as, m., N. of a commentator on several Upanishads and on the Sārkhya-kārikā.—Gauda-pura, am, n., N. of a town.—Gauda-bhritya-pura, am, n., N. of a town.—Gauda-bhrinanda or gaudābhinandana (°da-abh°), as, m., N. of a poet.

Gaudaka, ās, m. pl., N. of a people living to the east of Madhya-deśa. – Gaudaka-mṛiga, as, m. a

wild horse; [cf. gaura-khara.]

Gaudika, as, i, am, relating to sugar or molasses, fit for the preparation of sugar, prepared with sugar or molasses; (am), n. rum.

Gaudiya, as, i, am, relating to Gauda or Bengal.

गांडन gaudana = godana, q. v.

nu gauna, as, ī, am (fr. guna), subordinate, secondary, unessential; metaphorical, figurative; secondary as applied to the month reckoned from full moon to full moon; having qualities, attributive, adjective; relating to multiplication or enumeration; gaunam karma, the less immediate object of an action in a sentence. — Gauna-tva, am, n. the state of an adjective or subordinate word. — Gauna-paksha, as, m. the minor or weaker side of an argument &c.

1. gaunika, as, i, am, relating to the three qualities (of sattva, rajas, and tamas), having qualities, relating to or connected with qualities; subordinate.

Gaunya, am, n. subordination; the state of being upessential &cc.

गौणिक 2. gauņika, as, ī, am (fr. goṇī), resembling a sack.

TITH gautama, as, ī, am (fr. gotama), relating to Gotama (e. g. with pada-stobhāḥ, N. of a Sāman); (as), m., N. of Bnddha or Sākya-muni the founder of the Buddhist religion; N. of a teacher of ritual; N. of a grammarian; of a legislator; a patronymic of Kuśri, of Aruṇa, of Uddālaka, of Saradvat, of Satācanda; the father of Ekata, Dvita, and Trita (Mahā-bh. IX. 2073); N. of the first pupil of the last Jina; a kind of poison, one of the fixed kinds; (ī), f. a patronymic of Kripī and other women; an epithet of Durgā; N. of a Rākshasī or female goblin; N. of a river, =gomatī; a kind of yellow pigment or dye, =go-rodanā; turmeric; (am), n., N. of a Sāman; fat; [cf. medas, and bhāradvāja, 'bone.'] — Gautama-sambhavā, f. an epithet of the river Godāvarī. — Gautama-saras, as, n., N. of a lake. — Gautama-svāmin, ī, m., N. of a Jaina teacher; [cf. gotama-svāmin.]

Gautamaka, as, m., N. of a king of the Nagas.

Gautami, a patronymic = gautama.

Gautamīya, as, ā, am, belonging to Gautama, coming from him &c.

गोतमस gautamasa, as, ī, am (fr. go-tamas?), epithet of two verses of the Sāma-veda.

गौदानिक gaudānika, as, ī, am, relating to the ceremony called Godāna (q. v.), performing it.

THAT gaudhāra, as, m. (fr. godhā), an Iguana (considered as the offspring of the alligator on account of its smaller size and similar shape); also gaudheya and gaudhera.

Gaudheraka, as, m. a kind of small venomous animal.

गौधूम gaudhuma, as, ī, am (fr. go-dhuma), coming from wheat, made of it.

गौधूम gaudhūmra, a various reading for gautama, q.v.

गोपत gaupatya, am, n. (fr. go-pati), Ved. the possession of cattle.

Gaupavana, a patronymic from Gopa-vana; (am), n., N. of a Sāman.

n., N. of a Sāman.

Gaupāyuna, as, m. a patronymic from Gopa.

Gaupika, as, m. (fr. gopikā), the son of a herdsmar's wife.

Goupuccha, as, ī, am (fr. go-puccha), like a cow's tail.

Gaupucchika, as, ī, am, of or belonging to a cow's tail, bought for a cow's tail &c.

Gaumata, as, ī, am (fr. go-matī), being in the river Gomatī; (ī), f., N. of a river; (the latter being a wrong reading for gautamī.)

गौर qaura, as, ī, am (said to be fr. rt. 3. gu), white, yellowish, reddish, pale red; shining, brilliant, pure, clean, beantiful; (as), m. white, yellowish, &c. (the colour); a kind of buffalo, the Bos Gaurus, often classed with the Gavaya; white mustard, the seed of it used as a weight, = 3 Rāja-sarshapas [cf. gaura-sarshapa]; the plant Grislea Tomentosa (=dhava); the moon; the planet Jupiter; N. of a Yoga teacher, a son of Suka and Pivari; an epithet of the saint C'aitanya; (i), f. the female of the Bos Gaurus; the Vac or voice of the middle region of the air; turmeric, = rajani, and N. of several other plants, = priyangu, manjishthā, &c.; a yellow pigment or dye, = go-roćanā; a girl eight years old, any young girl prior to menstruation, a maid, a virgin; the earth; 'the brilliant goddess, N. of the goddess Părvatī or daughter of Himālaya and wife of Siva; N. of the wife of Varuna; N. of the mother of Sākya-muni [cf. māyā]; N. of one of the sixteen Vidya-devis; N. of the wife of Prasenajit (or Yuvanāśva), who incurring the curse of her husband was changed into the river Bāhu-dā; N. of the wife of Vi-rajas and mother of Su-dhaman: N. of a river; N. of a Rāgiņī, the wife of the Rāga Mālava; N. of several metres, one consisting of four lines of twelve syllables each; another consisting of four lines of thirteen syllables each; another consisting of four lines of twenty-six long syllables each; (am), n. white mustard; the filament of a lotus; saffron; gold; [cf. Lat. gilvus; Lith. geltonas, giele; Russ. schiltyi; Germ. gelb?] .- Gaura-khara, as, m. a wild donkey; [cf. gaudaka-mṛiga.] - Gaura-grīva, ās, m. pl., N. of a people in Madhya-deśa. - Gauragrīvīya, as, ī, am, belonging to this people. - Gaura-candra, as, m. an epithet of the saint Caitanya. - Gaura-jīraka, as, m. white cumin. - Gaura-tittiri, is, m. a kind of partridge. - Gauratvac, k, m. the plant Terminalia Catappa; [cf. inguda.] - Gaura-prishtha, as, m., N. of a prince. - Gaura-mukha, as, m., N. of a pupil of Samīka, a Phrohita of king Ugra-sena. - Gaura-mriga, as, m., Ved. the Bos Gaurus. - Gaura-vāhana, as, m., N. of a prince. - Gaura-śāka, as, m., N. of a plant, a kind of Madhūka. - Gaura-siras, ās, m., N. of a Muni. - Gaura-sarshapa, as, m. white mustard, Sinapis Glauca; the white mustard seed considered as a measure of weight. - Gaura-suvarna, am, n. a kind of vegetable; [cf. pattrasāka-višesha,= katu-śringāla and gandha-śāka.] - Gaurānga (°ra-an°), as, m. an epithet of the saint Caitanya; [cf. gaura and gaura-candra.] - Gaurājājī (raajo), f. white cumin. - Gaurārdraka (ora-āro), as, m. a kind of poison. - Gaurāvaskandin (°ra-av°), ī, m. an epithet of Indra. - Gaurāsva (°ra-as°), as, m., N. of a prince. - Gaurāsya (°ra-ās°), as, m. a kind of black monkey with a white face. - Gaurāhika (°ra-ahi), as, m. a kind of serpent. - Gaurivīti, is, m. (for gaurī-v°), N. of a Rishi, a descendant of Sakti. - Gauri-kalpa, as, m., N. of a Kalpa, the thirteenth day of the dark half in Brahma's month. - Gaurī-kānta, as, m., N. of a commentator on the Tarka-bhāshā. - Gaurikānta-sārvabhauma, as, m., N. of a commentary called Ananda-laharItarl. - Gauri-guru, us, m. the father of Gauri, an epithet of the Himālaya. - Gaurī-ja, as, m. an epithet of Karttikeya; (am), n. talc. - Gauri-nātha,

as, m. the husband of Gauri, an epithet of Siva. - Gauri-patta, as, m. the horizontal plate of the Linga, typical of the female organ. - Gauri-pati, is, m. the husband of Gauri, an epithet of Siva; N. of the father of the scholiast Vatesvara. - Gauri-putra, as, m. son of Gauri, an epithet of the deity Karttikeya. - Gauri-pushpa, as, m., N. of a plant, = gauri or priyangu. - Gauri-pūjā, f. the adoration of Gauri, N. of a festival on the fourth day in the last half of month Magha. - Gauri-bhartri, ta, m. the husband of Gauri, an epithet of Siva. - Gaurimantra, as, m. a prayer to Gauri. - Gauri-lalita, am, n. yellow orpiment. - Gauri-vara, as, m. the lover of Gauri, an epithet of Siva. - Gaurivita, am, n. (fr. gauri-vīti, q.v.), N. of a Saman. - Gaurivivāha, as, m. the marriage of Gauri. - Gaurivrata, am, n. the vow of Gauri, a kind of rite in honour of Ganri. - Gaurisa (°rī-isa), as, m. the lord of Gauri, an epithet of Siva.

Gaurika, as, m. white mustard; a metronymic of Māndhāṭri; (\tilde{a}) , f. a virgin, a young girl, one eight years old or in whom menstruation has not yet commenced.

Gaurila, as, m. white mustard; iron or steel filings or dust.

गोरस्य gaurakshya, am, n. (fr. go-raksha), the office of a herdsman, breeding cattle.

rited gaurava, as, $\bar{\imath}$, am (fr. guru), relating or belonging to a Guru or teacher; (am), n. weight, heaviness; length in prosody; importance, high value or estimation; cumbrousness; gravity, respectability, venerableness; dignity; respect shown to a person (e. g. mātri-gauravāt, out of respect for one's mother). — Gaurava-vat, ān, atī, at, important. — Gauravāsana ("va-ās"), am, n. a seat of honour. — Gauraverita ("va-īr"), as, ā, am, praised, famed, celebrated.

Gauravita, as, ā, am, highly esteemed or valued, venerable, respectable.

गौरि gauri, is, m., N. of a man.

गोहतां चाक gaurutalpika, as, m. (fr. gurutalpa), the violator of the bed of a Guru or religious preceptor.

गोलस्पिक gaulakshanika, as, m. (fr. golakshana), one who knows the good marks of a cow. Gaulomana, as, ī, am (fr. go-loman), resembling cow's hair.

गोला gaulā, f. = gaurā = gaurī, N. of the daughter of Himālaya and wife of Siva.

गौलिक gaulika, as, m., N. of a plant, =gaulika and gauliḍha.

गोल्मिक gaulmika, as, m. (fr. gulma), a single soldier of a troop, one of a hody of soldiers.

गोल्प gaulya, am, n. (fr. gula = guḍa), syrup; spirituous liquor.

নায়কাটক gauśakaţika, as, ī, am (fr. go-śakaţa), possessing a carriage drawn by oxen.

Gausatika, as, ī, am (fr. go-satam), possessing hundred oxen or cows.

Gaustinga, am, n. (fr. go-śringa), N. of a Sāman. Gaushūkta, am, n. (fr. goshūktin), N. of a Sāman. Gaushūkti (fr. gaushūkta), N. of a man. Gaushihīna, am, n. (fr. goshiha), the site of an

old and abandoned cow-pen.

Gausahasrika, as, ī, am (fr. go-sahasra), possessing a thousand cows.

ਇਬ gdhi, is, f. (fr. ghas), Ved. eating, consuming; [cf. sagdht.]

रना $gn\bar{a}$, f. (generally used in plur., but according to some in Rig-veda IV. 9, 4, the nom. sing. $gn\bar{a}s$ occurs; the word seems to be derived from $jn\bar{a}$ rather than from jan, and to mean originally 'a wise female.' In the Nighantavas it is enumerated among the synonyms of $v\bar{a}c$, 'the voice.' By Yāska

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