preceded by intelligence; beginning with non-intelligence; (am), ind. ignorantly.—Abuddhi-mat, ān, atī, at, unwise, ignorant, foolish.

A-budh, bhut, t, t, or a-budha, as, a, am, stu-

pid, foolish; (as), m. a fool.

A-budhya, as, \bar{a} , am, Ved. not to be perceived; not to be awakened.

A-budhyamāna, as, ā, am, not being awake. A-bodha, as, m. ignorance, stupidity; (as, ā, am), ignorant, stupid; puzzled, perplexed. — A-bodha-ga-

mya, as, ā, am, incomprehensible.

A-bodhanīya, as, ā, am, unintelligible; not to

be awakened or aroused.

bottom or root,' the air or intermediate region.

अन ab-ja, as, ā, am (fr. ap and rt. jan), born in water; (as), m. the conch; the moon; the tree Barringtonia Acutangula; Dhanvantari, physician of the gods, produced at the churning of the ocean; N. of a son of Visala; (am), n. a lotus; a large number of millions. - Abja-ja, as, m. an epithet of Brahmā (sprung at the creation from the lotus, which arose from the navel of Vishnu). - Abja-dris, k, k, k, or abja-nayana, as, ā, am, or abja-netra, as, a, am, lotus-eyed, having large fine eyes. - Abjabandhava, as, m. the sun (friend of the lotus). - Abja-bhava, as, m. Brahmā, a Brāhman. - Abjabhoga, as, m. the root of a lotus. - Abja-yoni, is, m. epithet of Brahmā [cf. abja-ja]. - Abja-vāhana, as, m. epithet of Siva, 'carrying the moon' on his forehead. - Abja-hasta, as, m. the sun (represented as holding a lotus in one hand).

Ab-jā, ās, m., Ved. born in water.

Abjinī, f. a multitude of lotus flowers. - Abjinīpati, is, m. the sun.

अञ्चर abjas, as, n. shape, beauty [cf. apsas].

सजित ab-jit, t, t; t (fr. ap and rt. ji), Ved. conquering waters.

Ne. ab-da, as, ā, am (fr. ap and rt. dā), giving water; (as), m. a cloud; a year; the grass Cyperus Rotundus; N. of a mountain. — Abda-tantra, am, n., N. of an astronomical work. — Abda-vāhana, as, m., N. of Siva (? borne on a cloud or bearing the clouds). — Abda-sata, am, n. a century. — Abda-sahasra, am, n. a thousand years. — Abda-sāra, as, m. a kind of camphor. — Abdārdha (°da-ar°), am, n. a half year.

Abdayā, ind., Ved. out of desire of giving water.

Abdi, is, m., Ved. a cloud.—Abdi-mat, ān, atī, at, Ved. possessed of clouds, giving water, im-

pregnating (?).

अन्त्री ab-durga, am, n. (see ap), a fortress surrounded by a moat or lake.

अस्ताक ab-devatāka or ab-daivata, as, ā, am (see ap), having the waters as divinities, praising the waters.

will ab-dhi, is, m. (fr. ap and rt. dhā), a pond, lake; the ocean; sometimes used to denote the numerals 4 or (?) 7.—Abdhi-kapha, as, m. cuttle fish bone, being considered as the froth of the sea.—Abdhi-ja, as, ā, am, bom in the ocean; (au), m. the Aśvins; (ā), f. spirituous liquor.—Abdhi-jhasha, as, m. a sea-fish.—Abdhi-dvīpā, f, earth; an island surrounded by the ocean.—Abdhi-nagarī, f, N. of Dvārakā, the capital of Krishna.—Abdhi-navanītaka, as, m. the moon.—Abdhi-phena, as, m. cuttle fish bone.—Abdhi-maṇḍūkī, f. the pearl oyster.—Abdhi-sayana, as, m., N. of Vishņu, sleeping on the ocean at the periods of the destruction and renovation of the world.—Abdhi-sāra, as, m. a gem.—Abdhy-agni, is, m. submarine fire.

स्रभाव ab-bhaksha, as, ā, am (fr. ap and rt. bhaksh), living upon water; (as), m. a snake.
Ab-bhakshaṇa, am, n. living upon water, a kind

অভ্য ab-bhra. See abhra, &c.

सब्द्राचर्य a-brahmacarya, as, ā, am, un-

A-brahma-caryaka, am, n. incontinence, coition.

roper for a Brahman; an unbrahmanical or sacrilegious act; in theatrical language an exclamation, meaning 'help!' to the rescue!' 'a disgraceful deed is perpetrated!'

A-brahman, \(\bar{a}\), \(\bar{a}\), \(\alpha\), \(\alpha\), wanting in knowledge or divine wisdom; separated from the Brahmans. \(-Abrahma-t\bar{a}\), \(\frac{1}{2}\), \(\frac{1}{2}\), want of devotion or true divine knowledge. \(-A-brahma-vid\), \(t, t, t\), not knowing Brahma or the supreme spirit.

A-brāhmana, as, m. not a Brāhman; (as, a,

am), without Brāhmans.

A-brāhmanya, am, n. violation of sanctity, or of the duty of a Brāhman.

अद्भवत a-bruvat, an, atī, at, not speaking, silent.

सन्दा $abr\bar{u}$ -krita, am, n. making $(abr\bar{u})$ a growling; indistinctness of speech caused by shutting the lips.

अन्ति क्र ab-linga, am, n. (see ap), a Sukta or verse addressed to the waters.

सञ्चिन्द् ab-vindu, us, m. (see ap), a tear.

अभ abh. See ambh.

ম্পান I. a-bhakta, as, ā, am, unbelieving, not devoted, not worshipping; not attached to, detached, unconnected with; not accepted.

A-bhakti, is, f. want of devotion to, want of faith, unbelief, incredulity. — Abhakti-mat, ān, atī, at, undevoted to, unbelieving.

ম্পন্ন 2. a-bhakta, as, ā, am, not eaten.
— A-bhakta-cchandas, as, n. or a-bhakta-ruc,
k, f. want of appetite.

सभद्य a-bhaksha, as, m. or a-bhakshaṇa, am, n. not eating anything, fasting.

A-bhakshya, as, ā, am, not to be eaten.—A-bhakshya-bhakshana, am, n. eating of prohibited food.—Abhakshya-bhakshin, ī, inī, i, eating forbidden food.

স্থান্য a-bhaga, as, ā, am, without enjoyment, unfortunate.

अभाग a-bhagna, as, ā, am, unbroken, entire; uninterrupted.

A-bhangura, as, ā, am, unbroken; firm; un-

A-bhajyamāna, as, ā, am, not being detached, associated, attended with.

सभद्र a-bhadra, as, ā, am, not good, bad, wicked; (am), n. badness, sin, wickedness.

स्रभय a-bhaya, as, ā, am, unfearful, not dangerous, secure; fearless, undaunted; (as), m., N. of Siva; a son of Dharma; (ā), f. a plant, Terminalia Citrina; (am), n. absence or removal of fear, peace, safety, security; N. of a sacrificial hymn; the root of a fragrant grass, Andropogon Muricatum.

- Abhaya-giri-vāsin, ī, m. dwelling on the mountain of safety; N. of a division of Kātyāyana's pupils. - Abhaya-giri-vihāra, as, m. Buddhist monastery on the Abhayagiri. - Abhayan-kara, as, ā, am, or abhayan-krit, t, t, t, causing peace or safety.

- Abhaya-jāta, as, m., N. of a man. - Abhayadindima, as, m. a war-drum. - A-bhaya-da or abhayan-dada or abhayam-prada, as, ā, am, giving fearlessness or safety; (as), m. an Arhat of the Jainas; N. of a king, the son of Manasyu and father of Su-dhanvan. - Abhaya-dakshinā, f. promise or present of protection from danger; a gift to a Brāhman, which he may receive even from a Sūdra. !

- Abhaya-dāna or abhaya-pradāna, am, n. giving assurance of safety or protection. - Abhaya-pattra, am, n. (a modern term), a written document or paper granting assurance of safety, a safe conduct. - Abhaya-vaćana, am, n. or abhaya-vāć, k, f. assurance of safety, encouragement. - Abhaya-sani, is, is, i, Ved. giving safety. - Abhayānanda (°ya-ān°), as, m., N. of a man.

सभृति a-bhartṛikā, f. an unmarried woman; a widow.

স্থাৰ a-bhava, as, m. non-existence; destruction, end of the world.

A-bhavanīya or a-bhavitavya, as, ā, am, what is not to be, what will not be.

A-bhavan-mata-yoga or a-bhavan-mata-sambandha, as, m. (in rhetoric) a defect in composition; want of harmony between the ideas, which are to be expressed, and the words by which they are expressed.

A-bhavya, as, ā, am, not to be, not predestined; what ought not to be, improper, inauspicious.

A-bhastrakā or a-bhastrikā or a-bhastrākā, f. a badly made or inferior pair of bellows. The former two are said to mean also, 'a small woman who has no bellows.'

सभाग a-bhāga, as, ā, am, or a-bhāgin, ī, inī, i, not sharing or dividing.

A-bhāgya, as, ā, am, unfortunate, wretched.

স্থান a-bhāva, as, m. non-existence, absence; non-entity, negation, nullity, the seventh category in Kaṇāda's system; annihilation, death.

A-bhāvanā, am, f. n. absence of judgment or right perception; absence of religious meditation or contemplation.

A-bhāvanīya, as, ā, am, not to be inferred or contemplated, inconceivable.

A-bhāvayītri, tā, trī, tri, not perceiving, not inferring, not comprehending.

A-bhāvin, ī, inī, i, or a-bhāvya, as, ā, am, what is not to be or will not be, not destined to be.

जभाषण a-bhāshaṇa, am, n. not speaking, silence.

WHH abhi, ind. (a prefix to verbs and nouns, expressing) to, towards, into, over, upon.

(As a prefix to verbs of motion) it expresses the

notion of moving or going towards, approaching, &c. (As a prefix to nouns not derived from verbs) it expresses superiority, intensity, &c.; e. g. abhi-tāmra, abhi-nava, q. v.

(As a separable adverb or preposition) it expresses (with acc.) to, towards, in the direction of, against; in, into, to; for, for the sake of; on account of; on, upon, with regard to; by, before, in front of; over. It may even express one after the other, severally; e.g. wriksham wriksham abhi, tree after tree [cf. Gr. &µµl; Lat. ob; Zend aibi; Goth. bi; Old High Germ. bī].

Abhika, as, a, am, lustful, libidinous; (as), m. a lover, a husband. Some regard this as derived from abhi-kam [cf. anuka].

Abhi-taram, abhi-tas. See s. v.

अभिकम् abhi-kam, perf.-ćakame, -kamitum, to desire, love.

Abhi-kāma, as, m. affection, desire; (as, ā, am), affectionate, loving, desirous, with obj. in acc. or gen.; (am), ind. with desire.

Abhi-kāmika, as, ā, am, voluntary.

सभिकम्प् abhi-kamp, cl. 1. A. -kampate, -pitum, to tremble vehemently, to shake: Caus.-kampayati, -yitum, to stir, allure.

अभिकाङ्क abhi-kānksh, cl. 1. P.-kānkshati,

-shitum, to ask, request, long for, desire; to strive.

Abhi-kānkshā, f. longing, wish, desire.

Abhi-kānkshita, as, ā, am, longed for, wished, desired.