daughter of Viraṇa and wife of Daksha; N. of the river Akesines (afterwards Candra-bhāga) in the Panjāb. — Asita-kešānta, as, ā, am, having black locks. — Asita-grīva, as, ā, am, Ved. having a black neck. — Asita-pin, us, ūs, u, Ved. having black knees. — Asita-nayana, as, ā, am, black-eyed. — Asita-bhrū, ūs, ūs, u, haviog black eyelids. — Asita-mriga, as, m., N. of a family. — Asitābhra-sekhara (cta-abho), as, m., N. of a Buddha. — Asitāmburuha (cta-amo), as, m. the blue lotus. — Asitārcis (cta-aro), is, m. fire. — Asitālu (cta-ālo), us, m., N. of a plant. — Asitāsman (cta-aso), ā, m. the lapis lazuli; aoy black or dark-blue stone. — Asitotpala (cta-uto), an, n. the blue lotus, Nymphæa Cærulca. — Asitopala (cta-upo), am, n. lapis lazuli.

Asiknikā, f. a woman-servant [cf. asiknī]. Asitakī, f., N. of a plant.

र्षासञ्च a-siddha, as, ā, am, imperfect, incomplete; unaccomplished, uneffected; unproved; unipe.

A-siddht, is, f. imperfect or incomplete accomplishment, failure; (in logic) want of proof, conclusion not warranted by the premises.

असिन्य a-sinva, as, ā, am, or a-sinvat, an, atī, at, Ved. insatiable.

असिर asira, as, m. (fr. rt. 2. as, to throw), Ved. a beam, a ray; an arrow, a bolt.

Asishtha, as, \tilde{a} , am, (superl.) Ved. most skilful in shooting (arrows &c.).

स्रसी asī, f., N. of a river, = asi.

ससीमकृष्ण asīma-kṛishṇa, as, m., N. of a prince.

अस asu, us, m. (fr. rt. 1. as, to be), breath, life, spiritual life; life of the spiritual world or departed spirits; water?; [cf. ἀάζω, ἄσθμα]; (asavas), nom. pl. the five vital breaths or airs of the body; animal life; (u), n. reflection, thought or the heart as the seat of it; grief. - Asu-dhārana, am, n. life, existence. - Asu-nīta, am, n., Ved. the world of spirits, or (as), m. the lord of the spirits. - Asu-nīti, is, f., Ved. the life or the world of spirits; that life personified as a female deity invoked for the preservation of life, or as Yama, lord of the dead. - Asubhanga, as, m. breaking of life; fear about life; danger of life. - Asu-bhrit, t, m. breathing, living, a creature. - Asu-mat, an, atī, at, living, breathing; (man), m. life, the principle of vitality, the portion of spirit connected with the attributes of existence. - Asusama, as, ā, am, dearly loved, as dear as life; (as), m. a husband, a lover.

Asura, as, ā, am, Ved. living, alive, spiritual; an epithet of the supreme spirit; Varuna; incorporeal, superhuman, divine; (as), m. spirit; an incorporeal being of an evil kind; an evil spirit, a demon; a ghost or spectre; a general name for the chief of the Asuras [these Asuras are often regarded as the children of Diti by Kasyapa, see daitya; as such they are demons of the first order in perpetual hostility with the gods, and must not be confounded with the Rākshasas or imps who animate dead bodies and disturb sacrifices]; the sun; Rāhu; an elephant; N. of a warrior-tribe; (according to Say.) a cloud?; (a), f. night; a zodiacal sign; a prostitute; (i), f. a female demon, the wife of an Asura; N. of the plant Sinapis Racemosa Roxb. [Observe, in later Sanskrit, sura has been formed from asura, as sita from asita, q.v.] - Asura-kumāra, ās, m. pl. a class of deities belonging to the Bhavanādhīśas. - Asura-kshayana, as, ā, am, or asura-kshiti, is, is, i, Ved. destroying the Asuras.— Asura-tra, am, n., Ved. spirituality, supernatural or divine dignity. — Asura-māyā, f., Ved. demoniacal magic. — Asura-rakshasa, āni, n. pl., Ved. the Asuras and Rākshasas; (am), n. sing. a demoniacal being, partaking of the qualities of both the classes of evil spirits. - Asura-raj, t, m. king of the Asuras, epithet of the Asura Baka.— Asura-ripu, us, m. enemy of the Asuras, epithet of Vishņu.— Asura-sūdana, as, m. destroyer of the Asuras, epithet of Vishņu.— Asura-han, ā, ghnī, a, Ved. destroying the Asuras, epithet of Agni, Indra, &c.— Asurā-ćārya (°ra-āć), as, m. teacher of the Asuras; epithet of the regent of the planet Venus.— Asurā-dhipa (°ra-adh'), as, m. lord of the Asuras; N. of Bali Vairoćani and of Māyādhara.— Asurāhva (°ra-āh'), am, n. bell-metal, named after an Asura.

Asurya, as, ā, am, Ved. incorporeal, spiritual, divine; demoniacal, belonging to the Asuras; (am), n. spirituality, divine nature; the incorporeal, the collective body of spiritual beings; (according to Sāy.) the water of the clouds.

अमुकर a-sukara, as, ā, am, not easy to be done, difficult, arduous.

अमुख्य asukshaṇa, a various reading for asūkshaṇa, q.v.

THE a-sukha, as, ā, am, unhappy, sorrowful, melancholic; (am), n. sorrow, pain, affliction.

— Asukha-jīvikā, f. a joyless life. — Asukha-jīdita, as, ā, am, pained with grief. — Asukhāvaha (°kha-āv°), as, ā, am, producing unhappiness. — Asukhāvishṭa (°kha-āv°), as, ā, am, afflicted with grief, pain, or unhappiness. — Asukhodaya (°kha-ud°), as, ā, am, causing or ending in unhappiness. — Asukhodarka (°kha-ud°), as, ā, am, productive of or ending in unhappiness.

A-sukhin, ī, inī, i, unhappy, sorrowful, afflicted.

असुगम a-sugama, as, ā, am, difficult of attainment or accomplishment, hard, unattainable; difficult to be understood.

असुत 1. a-suta, as, ā, am (rt. 2. su), Ved. not pressed out, not cleared or purified, not ready (as the Soma juice).

A-sunva, as, ā, am, or a-sunvat, an, atī, at, or a-sushvi, is, is, i, Ved. not pressing out the Soma juice, not worshipping the gods, wicked.

असुत 2. a-suta, as, ā, am (rt. 1. su), childless. See a-sā.

असुतर a-sutara, as, ā, am (rt. tri), not to be easily passed.

ञ्चमृत्य a-sutrip, p, p, p, Ved. insatiable, not easily satiated.

अमुनिरस a-sunirasa, as, ā, am, disagreeable, unpleasant, offensive.

असुन्दर a-sundara, as, ā or ī, am, plain, ugly; improper, unbecoming.

असुप्त a-supta, as, \bar{a} , am, not asleep. — A-supta-dris, k, k, k, never closing the eyes in sleep, ever-seeing.

समुझ a-sumna, as, ā, am, Ved. contrary, adverse.

असुर asura. See under asu.

अमुरक्ष a-suraksha, as, ā, am, perishable, volatile, transitory.

A-surakshya, as, \bar{a} , am, difficult of retention or preservation.

समुरसा a-surasā, f. the plant Basilicum Pilosum Benth.

অনুত্ৰ a-sulabha, as, ā, am, difficult of attainment.

समुच्यि a-sushvi. See under 1. a-suta.

अनुस्य a-sustha, as, ā, am, unwell, indisposed, not well placed, uncomfortable. — Asustha-tā, f. indisposition, sickness.

अमुहृत् a-suhrid, t, m. not a friend, an enemy.

असू a-sū, ūs, ūs, m. f. (rt. 1. su, to bring forth), Ved. not bringing forth, barren.

A-sūta or a-sūtīka, as, ā, am, Ved. one who has not brought forth, barren.

A-sūti, is, f. non-production; obstruction, removal; barrenness.

A-sūsu, us, us, u, Ved. not bringing forth, barren.

ञ्चम्हारा asūkshaņa or asukshaņa or asurkshaņa or asūrkshaņa or astarkshaņa, am, n. (etymology doubtful), disrespect.

असूट्स a-sūkshma, as, ā, am, not fine, not minute, large, thick, gross.

सस्य asūya (fr. asu), nom. P. A. asūyati, -te, -yitum, to murmur at, to detract from, depreciate; to envy, scorn, be displeased or discontented with, or grumble at (with dat. or acc.): Caus. asū-yayati,-yitum, to cause to murmur or be displeased or discontented.

Asūyaka, as, ikā, am, detracting, envious, calumnious, discontented, displeased; (by some written asūka i).

Asūyana, ant, n. calumny, detraction.

Asūyayitvā, ind. having scorned, having cursed. Asūyā, f. displeasure, indignation, especially at the merits or the happiness of another, envy, jealousy; calumny, detraction; aversion; N. of the wife of Atri.

Asūyitṛi, tā, trī, tṛi, murmuring, detracting, displeased.

Asūyu, us, us, u, envious, displeased; (us), m. calumny.

असूर a-sūra, am, n., Ved. absence of a person to press out the Soma juice; (Sāy.) a place or country devoid of praise or worship.

समूद्या asūrkshaṇa, am, n. disrespect. See asūkshaṇa.

असूते a-sūrta, as, ā, am, Ved. not moving, remote (?).

ञ्चसूर्य a-sūrya, as, ā, am, Ved. sunless.

A-suryam-pasyā, f. the wife of a king who being shut up in the inner apartments never sees the sun; a chaste and loyal wife.

सम्ज asrij, k, n. (said to be fr. rt. srij with a, which may stand for ava or \bar{a}), blood; saffron; (k), m. a kind of religious abstraction; [cf. Lat. sanguis.] - Asrik-kara, as, m. the essence of the body, lymph, serum, &c. - Asrik-pa, as, m. a Rākshasa or imp of malicious propensities, who drinks blood. - Asrik-pāta, as, m. the falling of blood; (ās), m. pl. drops of blood, as from a wound. - Asrik-pāvan, ā, ā, a, Ved. drinking blood. - Asrik-śrāva, as, m. bleeding, letting blood. - Asrik-śrāvin, ī, inī, i, bleeding, who or what takes away blood. - Asrigdara, as, m. irregular or excessive menstruation, mœnorthagia. – Asrig-doha, as, ā, am, shedding blood, bleeding. – Asrig-dharā, f. the skin. – Asrig-clhārā, f. a stream of blood; the skin. - Asrigvahā, f. a blood-vessel. - Asrig-vimokshana, am, n. blood-letting, bleeding. - Asrin-miśra, as, ā, am, mixed or covered with blood. - Asrin-mukha, as, i, am, Ved. whose face is bloody. - Asri-pāṭa, as, ī, m. f. (for asrik-pāta), a stream of blood.

अस्पि a-srini, is, is, i, unrestrained.

সমূত a-srishta, as, ā, am (rt. srij), uncreated; undistributed, not presented; continued.

— Asrishtānna (°ta-an°), as, ā, am, one who does not distribute food.

समंचन a-seéana or a-seéanaka, as, ā, am, that on which one cannot look enough; charming, lovely [cf. ā-seéanaka].

असेन्य a-senya, as, ā, am, Ved. not worthy of an army; not striking, not wounding (?).

असवन a-sevana, am, n. or a-sevā, f. (rt.