and Gr. apa]. - Aran-kri and aran-gam, see p. 80, col. 2. - Aramanas, ās, ās, as (for aramm°), Ved. ready to serve, obedient, devoted to the worship of God; (according to native interpreta-tion) having hostile intentions. - Aramati, is, f. (for aram-mo), Ved. readiness to serve, obedience, devotion; a goddess, described in the Vedas as protecting the worshippers of the gods and pious works in general; (according to others) not resting, active, going everywhere; splendor. - Aram-ish, t, t, t, Ved. hastening near (?).

ञ्चरमण a-ramaṇa, as, ī, am (rt. ram), not gratifying, not pleasing.

A-ramaniya, as, a, am, unpleasant, disagreeable. - Aramanīya-tā, f. disagreeableness.

A-ramamāṇa, as, ā, am, not gratifying; Ved. unremitting, unceasing.

A-ramayitri, tā, trī, tri, not causing gratification. अरम्डि aramudi, is, m. a king of Nepāl.

अरर arara, am, n. a covering, a sheath; (as, i, am), m. f. n. the leaf of a door, a door; the sheath of the shoot of a bamboo; (as), m. an awl; a part of a sacrifice; fighting, war.

Arari, is, i, m. n. a door; a door-leaf.

अर्रका ararakā, f., N. of the ancestress of a celebrated Hindū family.

Ararakya, as, m. a descendant of Ararakā.

अरास्ति ararinda, am, n., Ved. water; a vessel used in preparing the Soma juice (?).

अरोरवस a-rarivas, vān, ushī, m. f. (rt. rā), Ved. not offering; envious, hard, cruel, unfriendly; an epithet of evil spirits, who strive to disturb the happiness of man; an enemy.

I. a-raru, us, m. = the preceding; N. of an Asura; (us), m. f. (?) a weapon.

अरह 2. araru, us, us, u (rt. ri), Ved. moving.

अरो arare, ind. a vocative particle, expressing haste.

अर्पे ararya, nom. P. araryati, -yitum, to work with an awl; to try, put to the proof (?).

अरल aralu, us, or araluka, as, m. a plant, Bignonia Indica.

अर्व a-rava, as, ā, am (rt. ru), noiseless.

सर्विन्द aravinda, am, n. (fr. a, 'like,' and ravinda, q.v., for ravi-da?), a lotus, Nelumbium Speciosum or Nymphæa Nelumbo; (as), m. the Indian crane; copper.—Aravinda-dala-prabha, am, n. copper.—Aravinda-nābhi, is, m. Vishnu, from whose navel sprung the lotus that bore Brahmā at the creation. - Aravinda-sad, t, m., N. of Brahma, sitting on a lotus."

Aravindini, f. an assemblage of lotus flowers.

अर्भन a-rasman, ā, ā, a, Ved. having no ropes or reins.

अरस a-rasa, as, ā, am, sapless, tasteless; weak, effectless, having no strength; dull, flat; insipid; (as), m. no juice, absence of juice. - Arasāsa (°sa-āśa), as, m. the eating of sapless food; maceration of the body. - Arasāśin (°sa-āś'), ī, inī, i, eating sapless food; macerating the body.

A-rasika, as, a, am, devoid of taste, unfeeling, dull; insipid, flavourless.

अरहस् a-rahas, as, n. absence of secrecy. Arahāyu, nom. A .- yate, -yitum, to become public. अर्दित a-rahita, as, ā, am, not deprived

of, possessed of, having.

सराग a-rāga, as, ā, am, or a-rāgin, ī, iṇī, i, unimpassioned, cool.

अराजक a-rājaka, as, ā, am, having no king or governor, anarchical.

A-rājan, ā, m., Ved. not a king.

A-rājabhogīna, as, ā, am, not fit for the enjoyment or use of a king.

A-rājasthāpita, as, ā, am, not allowed or licensed by government.

A-rājin, ī, inī, i, Ved. having no splendor; unchecked, uncontrolled.

अराटकी arāṭakī, f., Ved., N. or epithet of the plant Ajasringi.

अराति a-rāti, is, f. (rt. rā), Ved. the nonoffering (of sacrifices); stinginess, hardness, disfavour, severity; malignity, malevolence; failure; adversity; malignity personified; particular evil spirits, who frustrate the good intentions and disturb the happiness of man; (is), m. an enemy; the number 'six.' - Arātidūshana, as, ī, am, or arāti-dūshi, is, is, i, or arāti-ha, as, ā, am, Ved. destroyiog enemies or adversity. - Arāti-bhanga, as, m. defeat of a foe.

Arātiya or arātīya, nom. P., Ved. -yati, -yitum, to desire not to offer; to act like an enemy. - Arātīyat, an, antī, at, Ved. envious, unfriendly, not offering; behaving like an enemy, striving to cause adversity.

Arātīyu, us, us, u, Ved. not in the habit of offering. Arātī-van, ā, m., Ved. not offering, not giving; unfriendly, malicious.

अरादि a-rāddhi, is, f., Ved. transgression, sin, envy.

स्राथस a-rādhas, ās, ās, as, Ved. too poor to perform sacrifices, not making oblations, unkind, hard, stingy, selfish.

अराय a-rāya, as, m., Ved. too poor to make oblations, obstructing a sacrifice; niggard, stingy; (as, ī), m. f. any evil spirit. - Arāya-kshayaṇa, as, i, am, Ved. overpowering malignant spirits; (am), n. destruction of malignant spirits. - Arāya-cātana, as, ī, am, Ved. destroying evil spirits; (am), n. destruction of evil spirits.

अराल arāla, as, ā, am (connected with ara, fr. rt. ri; Intens. for arara?), crooked, curved; spreading like the spokes of a wheel; (as), m. a bent or crooked arm; the resin of the plant Shorea Robusta; an elephant in rut; (\bar{a}) , f. a disloyal or unchaste woman; a modest woman. - Arāla-pakshmanayana, as, a, am, whose eyelashes are curved.

अरावन् a-rāvan, ā, vņī, a, Ved. not offering, envious, inimical, odious; an epithet of evil spirits.

अराष्ट्र a-rāshtra, am, n., Ved. loss of royal power or of a kingdom.

आर 1. ari, is, is, i (fr. rt. ri), Ved. going, moving; reaching, obtaining, making an effort to get; aspiring after; desiring, sacrificing, devoted to; (18), m. the wind; a lord, a master; a pious man. - Arigūrta, as, m., Ved. praised by devoted men or by worshippers; (according to others) ready for the destruction of enemies. - Ari-dhāyas, ās, ās, as, Ved. willingly yielding milk (as a cow); (according to others) to be held by lords only, very precious. - Ari-shtuta, as, ā, am, Ved. praised with zeal.

भरि 2. a-ri, is, m. (rt. rā; but by some written ari, and identified with I. ari), Ved. ungenerous, malicious; not worshipping; inimical, hostile; an enemy; a species of Khadira or Mimosa; N. of the numeral 'six;' N. of a condition in astronomy. - Ari-karshana, as, m. tamer of enemies. - Ari-kula, am, n. family of an enemy. - Arikshipa, as, m., N. of a son of Svaphalka. - Arighna, as, m. a destroyer of enemies. - Ari-cintana, am, n. or ari-cintā, f. a plot directed against an enemy, administration of foreign affairs. - Ari-ta, f. or ari-tva, am, n. enmity. - 1. ari-tra, as, a, am, protecting from enemies (for 2. see next col.) .- Aridanta, as, m. enemy-subdued; N. of a man. - Arinandana, as, ā, am, gratifying an enemy, affording triumph to an enemy; an enemy's joy. - Ari-nipāta, as, m. an invasion made by enemies. - Ari-nuta,

as, a, am, praised even by enemies. - Arin-dama, as, ā, ani, conquering, victorious; (as), m. a conqueror of enemies; N. of a man; N. of a Muni. - Ari-pura, am, n. an enemy's town or country. - Ari-marda, as, m., N. of a plant. - Ari-mardana, as, ā, am, foe-trampling, enemy-destroying; (as), m., N. of a son of Svaphalka. - Ari-mitra, as, m. an ally or friend of an enemy. - Arim-ejaya, as, m., N. of a son of Kuru, or of Svaphalka. - Ari-meda, as, m. a fetid Mimosa, Vachellia Farnesiana; N. of a country. - Ari-medaka, as, m., N. of an insect. - Ari-rāshṭra, am, n. an enemy's country. - Ariloka, as, m. a hostile tribe or an enemy's country. - Ari-shthanaka, am, n. consternation, defeat. - Ari-sūdana or ari-hinsaka, as, m. destroyer of foes. - Art-ha, as, m. a son of Avāćīna, a son of Devātithi.

अरिक्त a-rikta, as, ā, am, not empty.

खरिक्यभाज a-riktha-bhāj, k, k, k, not entitled to a share of property, not an heir.

A-rikthīya, as, \bar{a} , am = the preceding.

अरिणिन् arinin, ī, m. a cock.

सरित aritri, tā, m. (fr. rt. ri), Ved. a rower; a helmsman [cf. Gr. ἐρέτης, ἐρετμόν, &c.; Lat. ratis, remex, &c.].

2. aritra, as, ā, am, Ved. propelling, driving; (am), n. an oar; a rudder, helm; a ship, a boat; a part of a carriage; a Soma vessel; (as), m. a Soma vessel; N. of a person. [For 1. see under 2. a-ri; also cf. Lat. aratrum.] - Aritra-gādha, as, ā, am, oar-deep, shallow. - Aritra-parana, as, ī, am, Ved. passing over by means of oars.

सरिन् arin, i, n. a wheel, a discus.

सार्प a-ripu, us, m. the father of Nala.

आर्प a-ripra, as, ā, am, Ved. spotless, clean, clear; faultless, blameless.

अरिफित a-riphita, as, ā, am, not changed to r, said of Visarga.

A-repha, as, ā, am, without the letter r.

अरिषस्य a-rishanya, as, ā, am (rt. rish), Ved. not hurting, defending from injury.

A-rishanyat, an, antī, at, Ved. not being hurt. A-rishta, as, a, am, unhurt; unharmed; perfect; secure, safe; (as), m. a heron; a crow; N. of several plants, the soap-berry tree, Sapindus Detergens Roxb.;. Azadirachta Indica; garlic; a distilled mixture; N. of an Asura, son of Bali, slain by Krishna (Vishnu); N. of a son of Manu Vaivasvata; (ā), f. a bandage; a medical plant; N. of a daughter of Daksha and one of the wives of Kasyapa; (am), n. bad or ill-luck, misfortune; a natural phenomenon boding misfortune; sign or symptom of approaching death; good fortune, happiness; buttermilk; vinous spirit; a woman's apartment, the lying-in chamber. - Arishta-karman, \bar{a} , m., N. of a king of the Andhra dynasty. - Arishta-gātu, us, us, u, Ved. having a secure residence. - Arishta-gu, us, us, u, Ved. whose cattle are nnhurt. - Arishta-griha, am, n. a lying-in chamber. - Arishta-grāma, as, m., Ved. whose troop is complete in number (said of the Maruts). - Arishtatati, is, f., Ved. safeness, security; (is, is, i), auspicious, making fortunate or happy. — Arishta-dushta-dhī, īs, īs, i, apprehensive of death, alarmed at its approach. — Arishta-nemi, is, is, i, Ved. the felly of whose wheel is unhurt; an epithet of Tarkshya; the twenty-second of the twenty-four Jaina Tirthakāras of the present Avasarpiņī. - Arishta-pura, am, n., N. of a town. - Arishta-bharman, a, m., yielding security. - Arishta-mathana, as, m. Vishnu (Siva?) as killer of the Asura. - Arishta-ratha, as, m., Ved. whose carriage is unhurt. - Arishta-vira, as, m., Ved. whose heroes are unhurt. - Arishta-sayyā, f. a lying-in couch. - Arishta-sūdana, as, m. or arishtu-han, a, m. Vishpu as killer of the Asura. - Arishtā-śrita-pura (°ta-āś°), am, n., N. of a town. - Arishtāsu (°ta-asu), us, us, u, Ved. whose vital power is unhurt.