sthana, am, n. accumulation of wealth; treasury. - Artha-sangraha, as, m. accumulation of wealth; treasure. - Artha-sańćaya, as, m. acquisition of wealth; wealth, property. - Artha-sambandha, as, m. connection of the sense with the word or sentence. - Artha-sādhaka, as, m. bringing any matter to a conclusion; N. of a minister of king Dasaratha. - Artha-sāra, as, m. a considerable property. - Artha-siddhaka, as, m., N. of the plant Vitex Negundo L. - Artha-siddhi, is, f. success. - Arthahara, as, a, am, inheriting or taking wealth. - Artha-hīna, as, ā, am, unmeaning, nonsensical; poor, deprived of wealth; failing. - Arthagama ("tha-ag"), as, m. receipt or collection of property; income, acquisition of wealth. - Arthadhikara (otha-adho), as, m. office of treasurer, charge of money or property. - Arthādhikārin (°tha-adh°), ī, m. a treasurer, a paymaster. - Arthantara (otha-ano), am, n. another matter, a different or new circumstance, a new affair; a different meaning; opposite or antithetical meaning, difference of meaning or purport. - Arthantara-nyasa, as, m. antithesis. - Arthanvita ('tha-an'), as, a, am, possessed of wealth, rich; significant. - Arthapatti (otha-apo), is, f. an inference from circumstances; one of the five arguments of the Mīmānsakas; presumption, supposition. - Artharthin ("tha-ar"), i, ini, i, one who solicits wealth, or endeavours to gain any object. - Arthet (otha-it), t, t, t, Ved. active, industrious; hasty. - Arthepsu (otha-ipo), us, us, u, desirous of wealth. - Arthepsutā, f. desire of wealth. - Arthehā (tha-ihā), f. desire of wealth. - Arthopama ("tha-up"), am, n. a simile in which the object of comparison is stated without any particle of comparison, e. g. 'he is a dog.' - Arthopārjana (ctha-upc), am, n. acquisition of wealth or property. - Arthoshman ("tha-ush"), a, n. wealth, the glow or pride of wealth, the condition of being wealthy; (so, Anglice, 'a warm man'). - Arthaugha (°tha-ogh°), as, m. a treasure.

Arthanā, f. request, begging, asking, entreaty. Arthanīya, as, ā, am, to be requested, asked, &c. Artham or arthe, ind. (generally at the end of com-

pounds) on account of, in behalf of, for the sake of. Arthat, ind. according to the state of the case, according to the circumstances, as a matter of fact; in fact; that is to say.

Arthapaya, nom. P. arthapayati, -yitum. See rt. arth.

Arthaya, ind. on account of, for the sake of.

Arthika, as, m. a crier, a watchman, a minstrel, a servant, whose duty it is to announce, by song or music, fixed periods of the day, such as the hours of rising and going to rest.

Arthita, as, a, am, asked, desired, requested;

(am), n. wish, desire, supplication, petition. Arthitavya, as, a, am, to be asked, requested.

Arthin, i, ini, i, one who seeks to effect or gain a purpose or object; one who asks or begs for anything (with inst.); desirous of (with inst.); snpplicating or entreating any one (with gen.); a beggar, a petitioner, suitor; a plaintiff, a prosecutor; a servant; a follower, a companion or partizan. — Ar-thi-ta, f. the condition of a beggar, asking, wishing; begging. - Arthi-tva, am, n. the condition of a suppliant. - Arthi-sat, ind. with kri, to dispose of anything in favour of one who asks or begs for it.

Arthiya, as, ā, am, (as last member of a compound) destined for; relating to.

Arthe, ind. on account of; see artham. - Arthekri, to act on behalf of (?).

Arthya, as, a, am, proper, fit; rich; to be asked or sought for; intelligent, wise; (am), n. red chalk.

अर्द ard cl. 1. P. ardati, ānarda, ārdi-shyati, ārdit, arditum, Ved. 3 pl. impv. ridantu and cl. 7. P. rinatti, to move; to be moved; to be scattered as dust; to dissolve; to go; to ask, beg; to torment, hurt, kill: Caus. ardayati, -yitum, to make agitated or restless; to stir up, shake vehemently; to distort; to torment, distress; to strike, hurt, kill: Desid. ardidishatt [cf. Lat. ardeo].

Ardana, as, a, am, moving restlessly; disturbing, distressing; (ā), f. going; asking, begging, giving pain, killing; (am), n. pain, trouble, excitement, dis-

Ardani, is, m. sickness, disease; asking, begging;

Ardita, as, a, am, gone; asked, requested, begged; killed, injured, pained, afflicted; (am), n. a disease, spasm of the jaw-bones; trismus, tetanns; or hemiplegia, i. e. paralysis of the muscles on one side of the face and neck.

Arditin, i, int, i, having spasms of the jaw-bones. Ardyamāna, as, ā, am, being distressed.

अर्थ 1. ardha, as, m. (said to be fr. rt. ridh), Ved. side, part; place, region, country [cf. Lat. ordo, Germ. ort]. The accent is on the first syllable.

2. ardha, as, ā, am, half, halved, forming a half [cf. Osset. ardag]; ardha ardha, one part, the other part; (as, am), m. n. the half; one part of two, a part, a party; half a short syllable. The accent is on the last syllable. (Ardha may be compounded in a peculiar way with an ordinal, e.g. ardha-tritiya, containing (two and) the third (only) half, i.e. two and a half; ardha-caturtha, three and a half, &c.) - Ardha-kāla or ardha-kūţa, as, m. an epithet of Siva. — Ardha-krita, as, a, am, half-done, half-performed. — Ardha-ketu, us, m., N. of a Rudra. - Ardha-koţī, f. half a crore, five millions .- Ardha-kosha, as, m. a moiety of one's treasure.

- Ardha-krośa, as, m. half a league. - Ardhakhāra, am, ī, n. f. a measure, half a khārī. - Ardhagangā, f., N. of the river Kāverī. - Ardha-garbha, as, \tilde{a} , am, Ved. in the middle of the womb. - Ardha-guécha, as, m. a necklace of twenty-four strings. - Ardha-gola, as, m. a hemisphere. - Ardha-éakravartin or ardha-éakrin, i, m. half a ćakravartin; N. of the nine black Vāsudevas and the nine enemies of Vishnu. - Ardha-ćandra, as, m. half-moon; the semicircular marks on a peacock's tail: the semicircular scratch of the finger nail; an arrow, the head of which is like a half-moon; the hand bent into a semicircle or the shape of a claw, as for the purpose of seizing or dutching anything; (\tilde{a}) , f., N. of the plant Convolvulus Torpethum; (as, a, am), crescent-shaped, of a semilunar form. - Ardhacandrākāra (°ra-āk°), as, ā, am, or ardha-candrākriti, is, is, i, half-moon-shaped, crescentshaped; (as), m. or (is), f. a meniscus. - Ardhacandrika, f., N. of a climbing plant. - Ardhaćolaka, as, m. a short bodice. - Ardha-jāhnavī, f., N. of the river Kaveri. - Ardha-tanu, us, f. half a body. – Ardha-tikta, as, m., N. of a plant. – Ardha-tūra, as, m. a particular kind of musical instrument. - Ardha-dagdha, as, a, am, half-burnt. - Ardha-divasa, as, m. half a day, midday; a day containing one half of a whole day, a day of twelve hours. - Ardha-deva, as, m., Ved. demi-god. - Ardha-dhāra, am, n. a knife or lancet with a single edge, the blade two inches long, the handle six. - Ardha-nārāyaṇa, as, m. a form of Vishņu. - Ardha-nārīsa (rī-īsa), as, m. one of the forms of Siva (half male and half female). - Ardha-nāva, am, n. half a boat. - Ardha-nisā, f. midnight. - Ardha-pancasat, f. twenty-five. - Ardha-pana, am, n. a measure containing half a pana. - Ardha-patha, am, n. half-way; (e), ind. midway. - Ardha-pādika, as, a, am, having only half a foot. - Ardha-paravata, as, m a kind of pigeon. - Ardha-pulāyita, am, n. a half-gallop, canter. - Ardha-pūrņa, as, ā, am, half-full. - Ardha-prahara, as, m. half a watch, one hour and a half. - Ardha-brihati. f., Ved. half the usual breadth. - Arctha-bhaga, as, m. a half; a part. - Ardha-bhāgika, as, ī, am, or ardha-bhāgin, i, ini, i, taking or sharing half .- Ardha-bhāj, k, k, k, taking or sharing half; (k), m. a sharer, companion. - Ardha-bhāskara, as, m. midday. - Ardha-bhotikā, t. a kind of cake. - Ardha-māgadhi, f. a variety of the Magadhi dialect. - Ardhamāṇava or ardha-māṇavaka, as, m. a necklace of twelve strings. - Ardha-mātrā, f. half a short sylla-

ble. - Ardha-marge, ind. half-way, midway. - Ardha-māsa, as, m. half a month; ardhamāsa-sas, ind. every half month, or fortnight. - Ardhamāsatama, as, ā, am, or ardhamāsika, as, ā, am, done or happening every half month; lasting half a month, or a fortnight. - Ardha-mushti, is, m. f. a half-clenched hand. - Ardha-yānia, as, m. half a watch, an hour and a half .- Ardha-ratha, as, m. a warrior who fights on a car along with another. - Ardha-rātra, as, m. midnight; a night containing half a whole day of twenty-four hours. - Ardharatra-samaya, as, m. the time of midnight. - Ardharātrārdhadivasa ("rātra-ardha"), am, n. the equinox. - Ardharca (odha-rica), as, am, m. n. half a verse or hemistich. - Ardharća-śas, ind. in every hemistich. - Ardha-vastra-samvīta, as, ā, am, clothed or enveloped in half-garments. - Ardhavisarga, as, m. the sound Visarga before k, kh, p, ph, so called because its sign (x) is the half of that of Visarga (9). - Ardha-vikshana, am, n. a sidelook, a glance, a leer. - Ardha-vriddha, as, ā, am, middle-aged. - Ardha-vaināsika, as, m., N. of the followers of Kaṇāda ('argning half-perishableness'). - Ardha-vyāsa, as, m. the radius of a circle. - Ardha-śata, am, n. fifty; one hundred and fifty. - Ardhasana, am, for ardhasana (°dhaaso), am, n. half a meal .- Ardha-saphara, as, m. a kind of fish. - Ardha-sabda, as, a, am, having a low voice. - Ardha-śesha or ardhavasesha (°dha-av°), as, a, am, having only half left. - Ardha-syāma, as, ā, am, half-clouded. - Ardhaśloka, as, m. half a Sloka. - Ardha-sanjāta-śasya, as, ā, am, having its crops half-grown. - Ardhasīrin, ī, m. a cultivator, a ploughman, who takes half the crop for his labour. - Ardha-hāra, as, m. a necklace of sixty-four or of forty strings. - Ardha-hrasva, am, n. half a short syllable. - Ardhānsa (°dha-an°), as, m. a half, the half. - Ardhānsin (odha-ano), i, ini, i, sharing a half. - Ardhākāra (°dha-a°), as, m. half the letter a; another name for avagraha, q.v. - Ardhanga ('dha-an'), am, n. half the body. - Ardhārdha ("dha-ar"), as, m, half of a half, a quarter; half and half. - Ardhāvabhedaka (°dha-av°), as, m. pain in half the head, hemicrania; (am), n. dividing in equal parts. - Ardhāvasesha (°dha-av°), as, ā, am, having only one half left. - Ardhāsana (°dha-as°), am, n. half a meal. - Ardhāsana (°dha-ās°), am, n. half a seat (it is considered a mark of high respect to make room for a guest on the same seat with one's self); greeting kindly or with respect; exemption from censure. - Ardhendu (°dha-in°), us, m. a halfmoon or crescent; the semicircular impression of a finger nail; an arrow with a crescent-shaped head; the hand expanded in a semicircular form like a claw. - Ardhendu-mauli (odha-ino), is, m. Siva, whose diadem is a half-moon. - Ardhendra ("dha-in"), as, ā, am, that of which a half belongs to Indra. - Ardhokta (odha-uko), as, a, am, half-uttered, said imperfectly or indistinctly. - Ardhokti (odha-uko), is, f. speaking indistinctly or incompletely, broken or interrupted speech. - Ardhodaya (odha-udo), as, m. the rising of the half-moon. - Ardhodita (°dha-ud'), as, a, am (rt. i with ud), half-risen; (rt. vad), half-uttered. - Ardhoruka (°dha-uru), as, a, am, reaching to the middle of the thighs; (am), n. a short petticoat.

Ardhaka, as, am, m. n. the same as ardha. - Ardhaka-ghātin, ī, m., N. of Rudra.

Ardhan-kri, cl. 8. P., Ved. -karoti, -kartum, to prefer, to favour.

Ardhika, as, i, am, measuring a half, relating to

Ardhin, i, ini, i, entitled to half or sharing a half. अधन ardhuka, as, ā, am (fr. rt. ridh), Ved. succeeding, prospering.

Ardhya, as, a, am, to be accomplished; to be obtained.

अपेय arpaya, Caus. of rt. ri; arpayati,