प्रस्ट pra-khid, cl. 6. P. -khidati, -khettum, Ved. to thrust away; to harass, afflict.

Pra-khidat, an, anti, at, Ved. thrusting away; harassing, afflicting (according to Mahi-dhara = pra-karshena khedayat).

**TEM** pra-khyā, cl. 2. P. -khyāti, -khyātum, to see (Ved.); to aonounce, report; to praise, extol, celebrate: Pass. -khyāyate, to be recognised or acknowledged, to be known; to shine: Caus. -khyāpayati, -yttum, to make generally known, to be published.

Pra-khya, as, ā, am, visible, clear, distinct; looking or appearing like, resembling, like (at the end of comps., cf. sasānka-kiraṇa-p°); (ā), f. look, appearance; perceptibility, visibility; making

manifest, disclosure.

Pra-khyas, ās, m. = Prajā-pati, q. v.; the planet

Jupiter.

Pra-khyāta, as, ā, am, celebrated, renowned, famous, noted, notorious; recognised, acknowledged; bespoken, forestalled, claimed by right of pre-emption; pleased, happy. — Prakhyāta-bhānda, am, n. a commodity the pre-emption of which is claimed by a king. — Prakhyāta-vaptrika, as, ā, am, having a celebrated father. — Prakhyāta-sad-bhartri, tā, m. known as a good husband.

Pra-khyāti, is, f. perceptibility; publicity, notoriety, celebrity; praise, culogium, fame; a-prakhyātim i or gam, to become imperceptible, vanish,

disappear.

Pra-khyāna, am, n. perception, the being perceived or being known; the making known, reporting, communicating; a report, information.

Pra-khyānīya, as, ā, am, to be celebrated or made known.

Pra-khyāpana, am, n. the making known, publishing; reporting, communicating; report, information.

Pra-khyāpanīya, as, ā, am, to be made generally known, to be published.

Pra-khyāyamāna, as, ā, am, being celebrated, being praised.

प्रस्पाल pra-khyāla, probably a wrong reading for pra-khyāta above.

प्रग pra-ga. See under pra-gam below.

प्रगण pra-gan, el. 10. P. -ganayati, -yitum, to reckon up, calculate.

प्रगाड pra-ganda, as, m. the upper part of the arm from the elbow to the shoulder [cf. pra-kāṇḍa]; (i), f. an outer wall or tampart.

मगिद्रत pra-gadita, as, ā, am (fr. rt. gad with pra), spoken, speaking, beginning to speak.
Pra-gādya, as, ā, am, see Scholiast on Pāṇ. III.

1, 100.

**TITE** pra-gam, cl. 1. P. (ep. also A.) -gac-chati (-te), -gantum, to go forward, advance, proceed; to set out towards, start for; to stride towards, go to; to reach, attain (Sāy. =  $pr\bar{a}p$ ).

Pra-ga, as,  $\bar{a}$ , am, going before or in advance, preceding; (e), ind. early in the moming, at dawn, at day-break ('when the sun goes forth?'). — Prage-ana, as,  $\bar{\imath}$ , am, relating or belonging to the morning, to be performed in the morning, matutinal. — Prage-aisa, as,  $\bar{a}$ , am, 'one to whom it is night early in the morning,' i. e. one who is asleep early in the morning. — Prage-saya, as,  $\bar{a}$ , am, sleeping early in the moming, asleep at day-break.

Pra-gata, as, ā, am, gone forward, gone forth, started; separate, apart; gone with difficulty.—Pra-gata-jānu, us, us, u, or pragata-jānuka, as, ī, am, having the knees far apart, bandy-legged, bow-legged.

Pra-gama, as, m. the first manifestation of affection in conversation, first advance.

Pra-gamana, am, n. progress, advance; going apart; the first manifestation of affection in the

course of conversation; difficult progress (?); disputing (?).

Pra-gamaniya, as, ā, am, see Scholiast on Pān. VIII. 4, 34.

Pra-gāman, walk, gait, step; [cf. prithu-p°.] Pra-gāmin, i, inī, i, setting out, being about to depart.

प्रमुखण pra-gayana, am, n. a various reading for pra-gamana, q. v.

प्रगर्ने pra-garj, cl. 1. P. -garjati, -garjitum, to roar; to begin to thunder.

Pra-garjana, am, n. roaring, roar; [cf. stnha-p°.] Pra-garjita, am, n. a roar, noise, din.

प्रगिष्टिन pra-gardhin, ī, inī, i (fr. rt. gridh with pra), Ved. pressing onwards, pressing forwards; eager (Sāy. = prakarsheṇābhikānkshan).

pra-galbh, cl. I. A. -galbhate, -galbhètum, to act with spirit or resolution, behave resolutely, act in a determined manner, be determined; to be arrogant or proud; to be ready or able to (with inf.).

Pra-galbha, as, ā, am, bold, confident; resolute, energetic; pronipt, ready; spirited, courageous, brave, intrepid, daring; audacious, proud, arrogant; impudent, shameless; strong, able; eminent, illustrious; mature (as age); (as), m. an epithet of the fire employed at the Jāta-karman; N. of a philosophical writer; (ā), f. a bold or confident woman, a woman who courts her husband's caresses, a wanton woman; a scolding woman, shrew; an epithet of Durgā; (am), n. in a spirited or determined manner, resolutely.— Pragalbha-kulāla, as, m. a skilful potter.— Pragalbha-tā, f. or pragalbha-tva, am, n. boldness, confidence; energy, resolution, resoluteness; audacity, arrogance; power, eminence, consequence; perverseness, wilfulness.

Pra-galbhita, as, ā, am, rendered proud, arrogant; eminent, conspicuous.

मार्गा pra-gā, cl. 2. 3. P. -gāti, -jigāti, -gātum, to go forwards, proceed, go away, move.

1. pra-gāna, am, n. (for 2. see under pra-gai, col. 3), access, approach; [cf. prithu-p°.]

RITE pra-gāh, cl. 1. A. -gāhate, -gāhitum, -gāḍhum, Ved. to dive into, enter, penetrate, pervade. Pra-gāḍha, as, ā, am, dipped into, steeped, soaked, impregnated [cf. lavana-p]; much, excessive; hard, difficult; hard, firm; (am), n. pain, privation, penance; (am); ind. much, exceedingly; earnestly, forcibly; tightly, firmly; in due proportion. — Pragāḍha-tā, f. or pragāḍha-tva, am, n. abundance, excessiveness; hardness.

Pra-gāhana, am, n., Ved. dipping or plunging into.

In pra-guṇa, as, ā, am, having excellent qualities, being in a good state or condition, being in the right state or order, straight; honest, upright.—Pragunī-kṛi, cl. 8. P. A. -karoti, -kurute, -kartum, to make straight, put in order, arrange, place in rank and file, array; to spread, make smooth or even.

Pra-gunana, am, n. putting straight.
Pragunaya, Nom. P. pragunayati, -yitum, to

make straight.

Pra-gunita, as, ā, am, made straight or even, made smooth, smoothed.

Pra-gunin, i, ini, i, straightened, made smooth or even, smoothed.

Pra-gunya, as,  $\bar{a}$ , am, having excellent qualities, excellent; more, exceeding.

मनुष् pra-gup, cl. 1. P. -gopayati, -yitum, to seek to protect, to guard.

Pra-gopana, am, n. protection, preservation, salvation.

**HIC** pra-gur, cl. 6. P. -gurati, -guritum, Ved, to cry aloud, exclaim loudly; to make great efforts, make strenuous exertions (Say. = atyartham udyuj).

un pra-grī (see rt. 1. grī), cl. 9. P. A. -grīnāti, -grīnīte, -garttum, -garītum, to announce, praise, extol, celebrate.

प्रमे pra-ge. See under pra-gam, col. 1.

भगे pra-gai, cl. 1. P. -gāyati, -gātum, to begin to sing, sing of, sing, celebrate; to sound, resound.

2. pra-gāṇa, am, n. (for I. see under pra-gā, col. 2), singing, song.

Pra-gātrt, tā, trī, trt, a singer, excellent singer. Pra-gātha, as, m. a strophe, a combination of two verses (viz. of a Bṛihati or Kakubh followed by a Sato-bṛihati which by an intermixture of the several Pādas is changed into a triplet); (as), m., N. of a man with the patronymics Kāṇva and Ghaura, the author of the hymns Rig-veda VIII. 1, 2, 10, 48, 51-54; (ās), m. pl. an epithet of the hymns of the eighth Maṇḍala of the Rig-veda.

Pra-gāyin,  $\bar{i}$ ,  $in\bar{i}$ , i, singing, beginning to sing. Pra-gīta, us,  $\bar{a}$ , am, sung; one who has begun to sing, singing; resonant with singing, vocal; (am), n. song; a sing-song or drawling recitation (regarded as a fault).

Pra-gīti, is, f. a kind of metre, containing 30+29 syllabic instants.

प्रयूपन pra-grathana, am, n. the act of connecting or stringing together, intertwining.

मग्रस् pra-gras, cl. 1. P. A. -grasati, -te, -grasitum, to eat up, devour, swallow, swallow up; to eclipse.

ragrah, cl. 9. P. A. -grihņāti, -grihņāti, -grihņāte, -grahītum, to hold forth, hold out, stretch forth; to offer; to seize, grasp, clutch, take hold of, take; to receive, accept; to draw up, stop; to draw towards one's self, unite with; to give a friendly reception to, act in a friendly manner towards favour; to keep separate or isolated (as words &c. not subjected to the rules of Sandhi): Caus. -grāhayati, -yitum, to receive, accept.

Pra-grihita, as, ā, am, held in front, held out; received, accepted, admitted; pronounced separately without observing the usual rules of Sandhi [cf. 1. pra-grihya]; collected, strung together (?).—Pragrihita-pada, as, m., scil. sandhi, a suspension of Sandhi in which the yowels remain unaltered.

I. pra-grihya, as,  $\bar{a}$ , am, to be taken or accepted, to be admitted; (in grammar) to be taken or prononned separately, not subject to the rules of Sandhi or euphony (as the final  $\bar{i}$ ,  $\bar{u}$ , and e of the dual terminations whether of nouns, pronouns, or verbs, e. g. kavē etau, 'these two poets;' bandhū etau, 'these two relations').

 pra-grihya, ind. having taken or grasped, carrying away with; with.

Pra-grihyamāṇa, as, ā, am, being taken or seized.

Pra-graha, as, m. holding in front, holding forth, holding out, stretching forth; taking, taking or laying hold of, grasping, clutching, seizing (e.g. , the seizing of the limbs [by a demon pain in the limbs); the seizing or grasping of the sun or moon, beginning of an eclipse [cf. graha]; kind or friendly reception, kindness, favour; a rein, bridle, rope or halter for horses, lash, thong, whip, scourge; the cord or string suspending a balance; a guide, leader, ruler; a ray of light; a prisoner, captive, either man or beast in confinement; binding; taming, breaking (a horse); the arm; a species of plant, Cassia Fistula; (in grammar) a vowel not subject to the rules of Sandhi; epithet of a particular sacrificial rite (more fully written pragraha-homa); an epithet of Vishņu or Krishņa. — Pragraha-vat, an, atī, at, (at the end of a comp.) having seized, holding; giving a friendly reception, receiving kindly, obliging, kind.

Pra-grahana, am, n. taking, seizing, holding, assuming; shutting up, confining; the seizure of sun and moon, i.e. the commencement of an eclipse;