प्रतीबोध pratī-bodha, as, m. (fr. pratibudh), Ved. watchfulness, vigilance.

प्रतीमान prati-mana, am, n. a measure of capacity (= prati-māna, q. v.).

प्रतीयमान pratiyamāna. See pratī, p. 623.

प्रतीर् pratīr (prati-īr), Caus. P. -īrayati, -yitum, Ved. to put on, fix on (Say .= prati-dha).

प्रतीर pra-tīra, as, m., N. of one of the sons of Manu Bhautya; (am), n. a shore, bank.

प्रतीराध prati-rādha = prati-rādha, q. v.

प्रतीवते pratī-varta, as, ā, am (fr. prativrit), Ved. circular.

प्रतीवाप prati-vāpa, as, m. (fr. prati-vap), inserting (as an ingredient); adding to (especially in mixing medicines); throwing into; calcining or fluxing metals; an epidemic disease, pestilence, plague.

प्रतीवाह pratī-vāha, as, m. (fr. rt. vah with prati), Ved. harnessed or yoked at the side (?).

प्रतीची prati-vi, is, is, i, Ved. receiving, accepting with pleasure; (is), m. f. acceptance; (Say.) = yajna.

प्रतीवश pratī-veśa, as, m. = prati-veśa,

Prati-vesin, i, ini, i, = prati-vesin, q.v.

प्रतीष् 1. pratish (prati-ish; see rt. 3. ish), cl. 6. P. praticchati, praty-eshitum, praty-eshitum, to strive after, seek (Ved.); to receive; to receive (a command), follow, attend to, observe, obey.

Pratischaka, as, m. one who receives, a receiver. Pratishya, ind., Ved. striving after, seeking.

प्रतीप 2. pratish (prati-ish, see rt. ish), cl. I. A. pratishate, pratishitum, to stretch out

प्रतोह pratiha, as, m. (fr. rt. ih with prati), N. of a prince, a son of Parameshthin; (also read prati-hāra.)

प्रतीहार prati-hāra, as, m. = prati-hāra, q. v. - Pratīhāra-tā, f. or pratīhāra-tva, am, n. the office of porter, duty of gate-keeper.

प्रतोहास prati-hasa, as, m. fragrant oleander, Nerium Odornm (=prati-hāsa).

प्रतृद pra-tud, cl. 6. P. A. -tudati, -te, -tottum, to strike at, strike, cut, pierce: Caus. -todayati, -yitum, to pierce; to push on, instigate.

Pra-tuda, as, m. 'pecker,' epithet of a class of birds (including the falcon, bawk, owl, parrot, crow, raven, peacock, &c.); an instrument for pricking.

Pra-toda, as, m. a goad; a long whip; an instrument of torment; Angirasam pratodah and Kasyapasya pratodah, N. of two Samans.

Pra-todin, i, ini, i, striking; piercing.

प्रतुष pra-tush, cl. 4. P. -tushyati, -toshtum, to delight in, take pleasure in (with inst.): Caus. P. -toshayati, -yitum, to give pleasure, gratify.

Pra-tushti, is, f. gratifying, satisfying, satisfaction. - Pratushți-da, as, ā, am, giving satisfaction. Pra-tosha, as, m. 'gratification,' N. of one of the twelve sons of Manu Svāyambbuva.

प्रतिष्यु pra-tushtushu. See under pra-stu.

मत्यी pra-tūṇi, f. a kind of nervous disease (in which pain is felt to extend itself from the rectum and organs of generation towards the bowels; in the disease called tuni the pain takes an opposite direction, whence perhaps pra-tuni is an incorrect form for pratt-tuni).

प्रत्य pra-tūrņa, pra-tūrta, &c. See under pra-trar, p. 629, col. 1.

प्रतृद् 1. pra-trid, cl. 7. P. A. -trinatti, -trintte, -tarditum, Ved. to thrust through with a spit, spit, pierce.

2. pra-trid, t, t, t, Ved. splitting up, piercing; (t), m. an expression substituted for the name of Tritsu.

प्रत्प pra-trip, Caus. P. -tarpayati, -yitum, to satisfy, sate, satiate; to refresh, invigorate, strengthen.

प्रत pra-trī, cl. 1. P. (ep. also A.), 6. P. -tarati (-te), -tirati, -taritum, -taritum, to cross over, pass over, be ferried across; to come forwards, advance, thrive, prosper (Ved.); to lead forwards, lead, conduct; to promote, further, cause to thrive or prosper; to augment, aggrandize, enhance, raise, elevate; to lengthen, prolong, extend (frequently with ayus, in the sense of 'prolonging life'); (A. with ayus), to live longer: Caus. -tarayati, -yitum, to lengthen, spread, extend; to mislead, misguide, cheat, deceive; to lead astray, seduce; to induce, persuade.

Pra-tāra, as, m. ferrying over or across, carrying over; crossing over; deception, deceit, fraud.

Pra-tāraka, as, ikā, am, deceiving, deceitful, cheating, imposing upon, insidious, perfidious; a deceiver, cheat, impostor.

Pra-tāraņa, am, n. ferrying over or across, carrying over, crossing over; deceiving, cheating, overreaching, deception, deceit, fraud, trick.

Pra-tāraņīya, as, ā, am, to be deceived or misled, to be cheated (=vancanīya), deceivable.

Pra-tarita, as, a, am, deceived, misled, cheated, imposed upon.

प्रतोद pra-toda. See under pra-tud, col. 1.

प्रतोली pra-toli, f. a broad way, high street, principal road through a town or village; a kind of bandage applied to the neck and to the penis. Pra-tolikā, f. an upper room (?).

Pratolika, as, ā, am, (at the end of a comp.) having a high street.

प्रत pra-tta, &c. See under pra-da, p. 630.

प्रत pratna, as, ā, am (fr. 1. pra), former, preceding, anterior; old, primeval, ancient; hitherto prevalent, traditional, customary; (am), n. 2 kind of metre. - Pratna-vat, an, atī, at, Ved. containing the word pratna; (vat), ind. as formerly, in the usual manner.

Pratna-thā, ind., Ved. as formerly, as of old, in the usual manner.

प्रत्येश praty-anśu, us, m., see Scholiast to Pān. VI. 2, 193.

प्रत्यक् pratyak. See under praty-ané, p.625,

प्रत्यक्ष praty-aksha, as, ā, am, perceptible to the eye, being present before the eyes, in sight, perceptible, sensible, cognizable by any of the organs of sense (opposed to paro'ksha, q. v.); clear, distinct, evident, undoubted, express, explicit, actual, real; corporeal; immediate; having before the eyes, keeping in view, discerning; (am), n. perceptibility, ocular evidence, clearness, distinctness, explicitness; superintendence; (in philosophy) apprehension by the senses, sensation, perception, intuition; (in rhetoric) a kind of style descriptive of impressions derived from the senses; (am, at, ena), ind. before the eyes, in the sight of; with direct personal knowledge, distinctly, clearly; in the face of, in the presence of, before; publicly; immediately, directly, explicitly, really; literally; personally; at first sight, at sight; (e), ind. in the sight of, before the eyes of. - Praty-aksha-kritā, f., Ved., scil. rik, a hymn or verse in which a deity is addressed directly or in the second person (e.g. O Indra, thou &c.). - Pratyaksha-khanda, as, am, m. n., N. of the first part of the Tattva-ćintā-maņi a Nyāya work by Gangeśa.-Pratyaksha-jnana, am, n. knowledge obtained by per-

ception. - Pratyaksha-tamām or pratyaksha-tamāt, ind., Ved. most perceptibly; most directly; most evidently. - Pratyaksha-tas, ind. before the eyes, in presence of, visibly, perceptibly, (pratyakshatah srutam, heard perceptibly or with the ears); evi3 dently, clearly, plainly. - Pratyaksha-ta, f. or pratyaksha-tva, am, n. visibility, perceptibility, perception by the senses, ocular demonstration; the standing face to face; explicitness; addressing in the second person (Ved.); pratyakshatayā, visibly. - Pratyaksha-darsana, am, n. seeing with one's own eyes, witnessing or seeing in person; the power of discerning the godhead present (in the sacrifice); (as), m. an eye-witness, witness. - Pratyakshadarsin, i, ini, i, seeing with one's own eyes, one who has seen with his own eyes, an eye-witness. - Pratyaksha-darsivas, an, m. one who has seen anything with his own eyes, an eye-witness; seeing anything clearly as if before the eyes. - Pratyaksha-dris, k, k, k, seeing distinctly, one who sees anything clearly as if before the eyes. - Pratyaksha-drisya, as, ā, am, to be seen with the eyes, visible, perceptible. - Pratyaksha-drishta, as, ā, am, seen with the eyes. - Pratyaksha-parikshana, am, n. real observation or examination. - Pratyaksha-pramā, f. correct or certain knowledge obtained through the senses. - Pratyaksha-pramana, am, n. ocular or visible proof, the evidence of the senses; an organ or faculty of perception. - Pratyakshaphala, am, n. a visible consequence. - Pratyakshabrihati, f., Ved. a real or original Brihati, an evident Brihati. - Pratyaksha-bhaksha, as, m., Ved. real or actual eating. - Pratyaksha-bhūta, as, ā, am, become visible, manifested. - Pratyakshabhoga, as, m. enjoyment or use of anything in the presence of or with the knowledge of the owner. - Pratyaksha-vādin, ī, inī, i, 'asserting perception by the senses,' one who admits of no other evidence than perception by the senses; (i), m. a Buddhist. - Pratyaksha-vihita, as, ā, am, expressly enjoined. - Pratyaksha-vritti, is, is, i, having a form which is visible to the eye; composed clearly or intelligibly. - Pratyaksha-siddha, as, ā, am, determined by the evidence of the senses. - Pratyakshī-karaṇa, am, n. looking at, viewing; making manifest or apparent. - Pratyakshi-kri, cl. 8. P. A. -karoti, -kurute, -kartum, to make visible or evident; to inspect, look at with one's own eyes, see. - Pratyakshī-krita, as, ā, am, seen with the eyes; made present or visible; manifested, displayed. Pratyakshaya, Nom. P. pratyakshayati, -yitum,

to make visible or perceptible, manifest, display.

Pratyakshin, i, inī, i, seeing or perceiving with one's own eyes, perceiving by the senses, witnessing. in person; (1), m. an eye-witness.

प्रत्यक्षरम् praty-aksharam, ind. at each syllable, syllable by syllable, letter by letter, literally.

प्रतिन praty-agni, ind. towards the fire; at or near or in every fire.

प्रत्य praty-agra, as, ā, am, fresh, recent, new, young; repeated, reiterated; pure (as), m., N. of a son of Vasu Upari-cara and prince of the Cedis. - Pratyagra-ksharat, an, antī, at, fresh-flowing, flowing freshly. - Pratyagra-gandhā, f. a species of shrub, Rhinacanthus Communis. - Pratyagra-tā, f. or pratyagra-tva, am, n. newness, freshness. - Pratyagra-prasavā, f. recently delivered, having lately brought forth. - Pratyagravayas, ās, ās, as, young in age, youthful, young; (as), n. youth. - Pratyagra-sodhita, as, ā, am, recently purified, pure.

प्रत्यग्रह pratyagraha, as, m., N. of a son of Vasu and king of the Cedis (=praty-agra; probably a contracted form for pratyag-graha).

प्रत्यक्क praty-anka, as, ā, am, recently marked.

प्रत्यक्त praty-anga, am, n. a minor or secondary member of the body (as the forehead, nose,