nosed alligator. - Amhu-kirāta, as, m. an alligator. - Ambu-kīśa or ambu-kūrma, as, m. a porpoise, especially the Gangetic, Delphinus Gangeticus. - Ambu-kesura, as, m. lemon tree. - Amba-kriyā, f. a funeral rite = jalu-kriyā. - Ambu-ga, as, ā, am, water-goer, living in water. - Ambu-ghana, as, m. hail, frozen rain. - Ambu-cara, as, i, am, moving in the water, aquatic. - Ambu-camara, am, n. waterchowrī, an aquatic plant, Valisneria. - Ambu-cārin, ī, inī, i, moving in water, as a fish, &c. - Am-bu-ja, as, ā, am, produced in water, water-bom, aquatic; (us), m., N. of a plant, Barringtonia Acutangula Gærtn.; a lotus, Nymphæa Nelumbo; the thunderbolt of Indra. - Ambu-janman, a, n. a lotus, Nymphæa Nelambo. - Ambuja-bhū, ūs, m. the god Brahmā. - Ambuja-stha, as, a, am, sitting on a lotus. - Ambu-taskara, as, m. water-thief, the sun. - Ambu-tāla, as, m. the plant Valisneria. - Ambuda, as, ā, am, shedding or giving water; (as), m. a cloud; the plant Cyperus Hexastychins Communis. - Ambu-dhara, as, m. 2 cloud. - Ambu-dhi, is, m. (receptacle of waters), the ocean; the number 'four.' - Ambudhi-sravā, f., N. of a plant, Aloes Perfoliata. - Ambu-nidhi, is, m. (treasury of waters), the ocean. - Ambu-pa, as, ā, am, drinking or imbibing water; (as), m. a plant, Cassia Tora or Alata. - Ambu-pattrā, f., N. of a plant, Cyperus Hexastychius Communis Nees. - Ambu-paddhati, is, f. or ambu-pāta, as, m. current, stream, flow of water. - Ambu-prasāda, as, m. or ambu-prasādana, am, n. the clearing nut tree, Strychnos Potatorum: the nuts of this plant are generally used io India for purifying water; they are rubbed upon the inner surface of a vessel, and so precipitate the impurities of the fluid it contains. - Ambu-bhrit, t, m. a cloud; the ocean (?); a grass, Cyperus Pertenuis; talc. - Ambu-mat, an, ati, at, watery, having or containing water; (ti), f., N. of a river. - Ambu-mātraja, as, a, am, produced only in water; (as), m. a bivalve shell. - Ambu-muć, k, m. a cloud. - Ambu-rāja, as, m. the ocean; N. of Varuṇa. - Amburāśi, is, m. (heap of waters), the ocean. - Amburuha, am, n. the lotus; (ā), f. Hibiscus Mutabilis.

- Ambu-rohinī, f. the lotus. - Ambu-vācī, f. four days in Ashādha, the tenth to the thirteenth of the dark half of the month, when the earth is supposed to be unclean, and agriculture is prohibited. - Ambuvācī-tyāga, the thirteenth of the same. - Amburāci-prada, am, n. the tenth in the second half of the month Ashādha. - Ambu-vāsinī or ambu-vāsī, f. the trumpet flower, Bignonia Snaveolens. - Ambuvāha, as, m. a cloud; the grass Cyperus Pertenuis; a water-carrier; tale; the number 'seventeen.' - Ambuvāhin, ī, inī, i, carrying or conveying water; (inī), f. a wooden baling vessel; N. of a river. - Ambu-vetasa, as, m. a kind of cane or reed growing in water. - Ambu-śirīshikā, f., N. of a plant. - Ambusītā, f., N. of a river. - Ambu-sarminī, f. a leech. - Ambu-sećanī, f. a wooden baling vessel.

Ambū-kṛita, as, ā, am, pronounced indistinctly, so that the words remain too much in the mouth; sputtered (as speech, accompanied with emission of saliva).

अम्ब्य ambya, as, m., Ved. a chanter.

श्राम् ambh, cl. 1. A. ambhate, -bhitum, to sound.

splendor, fmitfulness; a philos. term = tushti: (the etymology is doubtful; perhaps connected with obs. rt. ap, or fr. bhā, 'to shine,' with prefix am.)

PAPA (2. ambhas, n. (said to be fr. rt. āp; perhaps connected with 1. ambhas or with ap, abbhra, ambu), water; the sky; the fourth sign of the zodiac; collective N. for gods, men, manes, and Asura; mystical name of the letter v [cf. δμβρος, imber]. — Ambhaḥ-sāra, am, n. a pearl. — Ambhaḥ-sū, ūs, m. smoke; cloudiness. — Ambhaḥ-stha, as, ā, am, what holds or contains water; abiding in water. — Ambhaṣā-kṛita, as, ā, am, done by water. — Ambho-ja, as, ā, am, produced in water, water.

bom, aquatic; (as), m. the moon; the sārasa or Indian crane; (am), n. the lotus. — Ambhojakhanda, am, n. a group of lotus flowers. — Ambhoja-janjanman, ā, m. or ambhoja-jani, is, m. or ambhoja-yoni, is, m. an epithet of Brahmā, being bom secondarily from a lotus. — Ambhojinī, f. an assemblage of lotus flowers or a place where they abound. — Ambho-da, as, m. a cloud; the plant Cyperus Hexastychius Communis Nees. — Ambhodhara, as, m. a cloud. — Ambho-dhi, is, m. (receptacle of waters), the ocean. — Ambhodhi-vallabha, m., m. a pool, the ocean. — Ambho-rah, is, m. a pool, the ocean. — Ambho-rah, i, n. or ambho-ruha, am, n. the lotus; (as), m. the Indian crane.

सम्भिणी ambhinī, f., Ved., N. of an instructress, who transmitted the white Yajur-veda to Vāć (speech).

πρί 1. ambhrjņa, as, ā, am (connected with 1. ambhas), Ved. powerful, great, violent [cf. δβριμος, δμβριμος].

अभृष 2. ambhṛiṇa, as, ā, am (fr. rt. bhran?), crying violently, roaring terribly.

am?), Ved. a vessel used in preparing the Soma juice; N. of a Rishi, the father of Vāc. See ām-bhṛiṇī.

अस्मय am-maya, as, ī, am (for ap-maya), formed from or consisting of water, watery.

अम्यक् amyak, ind., Ved. (rt. ać with am, being inserted), towards, here (?).

सम amra, as, m. (fr. rt. am?), the mango tree. See āmra.

Amrāta or amrātaka, as, m. a species of Spondias or hog-plum, Spondias Magnifera. See āmrāta.

अस amla, as, ā, am (fr. rt. am, to make sick), sour, acid; (as), m. sourness; acidity; vinegar; wood sorrel, Oxalis Coroiculata; (i), f. Oxalis Corniculata; (am), n. sour curds. - Amla-kāṇḍa, am, n., N. of a plant. - Amla-keśara, as, m. citron tree. - Amla-ćukrikā, f. or amla-ćūda, as, m. a kind of sorrel. - Amla-jambira, as, m. lime tree. - Amla-tā, f. sourness. - Amla-nāyaka, as, m. sorrel. - Amla-nimbūka, as, m. the lime. - Amla-nisā, f., N. of a plant, Curcuma Zerumbet, Roxb. - Amlapańćaka or amla-pańća-phala, am, n. a collection of five kinds of sour vegetables and fruits. - Amla-pattra, as, m., N. of the plant Oxalis, and other plants. - Amla-panasa, as, m. a tree, Artocarpus Lacucha, Roxb. - Amla-pitta, am, n. acidity of stomach. - Amla-phala, as, m. the tamarind tree, Magnifera Indica; (am), n. the fruit of this tree. - Amla-bhedana, as, m. sorrel. - Amla-meha, as, m. a urinary disease. - Amla-rasa, as, a, am, sour, having a sour taste; (as), m. sourness, acidity. - Amla-ruhā, f. a kind of betel. - Amla-lonikā or amla-lonī or amla-lolikā, f. wood sorrel, Oxalis Corniculata. - Amla-varga, as, m. a class of plants with acid leaves or fruits, as the lime, orange, pomegranate, tamarind, sorrel, and others. - Amla-valli, f., N. of a plant, Pythonium Bulbiferum Schott. - Amla-vāṭaka, as, m. hog-plum, Spondias Magnifera. - Amla-vāttkā, f. a sort of betel. - Amla-vāstūka, am, n. sorrel. - Amla-vriksha, as, m. the tamarind tree. - Amla-vetasa, as, m. a kind of dock or sorrel, Rumex Vesicarius. - Amla-śāka, as, m. a sort of sorrel, commonly used as a pot-herb. - Amla-sāra, as, m. the lime; a sort of sorrel; (am), n. rice water after fermentation. – Amla-haridrā, f. the plant Curcuma Zerumbet, Roxb. – Amlākta (°la-ak'), as, ā, am, acidulated. - Amlānkuśa (la-an), as, m. a kind of sorrel. - Amlādhyushita ('la-adh'), am, n. a disease of the eyes. - Amlodyara ('la-ud'), as, m. sour eructation.

Amlaka, as, m. the plant Artocarpus Lacucha.

Amlikā or amlīkā, f. a sour taste in the mouth, acidity of stomach; the tamarind tree; wood sorrel,

Oxalis Corniculata. - Amlikā-vaṭaka, as, m. a sort of cake.

Amliman, ā, m. sourness.

Amli-bhūta, as, ā, am, become sour. Amvla, as, m. sourness.

समान a-mlāna, as, ā, am (rt. mlai), not withered, clean, clear; bright, unclouded; (as), m. globe-amaranth, Gomphræna Globosa L.

A-mlāni, is, f. vigour, freshness, verdure; (is, is, i), vigorous, unfading.

A-mlānin, ī, inī, i, clean, clear; (inī), f. an assemblage of globe-amaranths.

श्र्य ay (connected with rt. i, q. v.), el. 1.
A. ayate, -yitum, to go.

Aya, as, m. (fr. n. i), going; a move towards the right at chess; good luck, favourable fortune; a die; N. of a Prajāpati; (as, ā, am), going, moving.—Ayatā, f. good luck.—Aya-vat, ān, atī, at, happy.—Aya-śobhin, ī, inī, i, bright with good fortune.—Ayānvita (aya-an), as, ā, am, fortunate, lucky. Ayatha, am, n., Ved. a leg, foot(?).

Ayana, as, ā, am (fr. rt. i), going; especially at the end of a compound, e. g. samudrayana, going to the ocean; (am), n. going, walking, walk; a road, a path; a place, a site (?); course, circulation, period; final emancipation; a commentary, treatise; N. of certain sacrificial performances; the sun's road north and south of the equator, the half year; the equinoctial and solstitial points; way, progress, manner; a Sastra or inspired writing. - Ayana-kāla, as, m. the interval between the equinoxes. - Ayana-devatā, f. a deity or an idol placed near a road (?). - Ayana-bhāga, as, m. or ayanānsa ('na-an'), as, m. the arc between the vernal equinoctial point and the beginning of the fixed zodiac or first point in Aries. - Ayana-valana, am, n. deviation of the ecliptic. - Ayana-vritta, am, n. the ecliptic.

अयस a-yakshma, as, ā, am, Ved. not consumptive; not sick, healthy; causing health; (am), n. health.— Ayakshma-karanu, as, ī, am, Ved. producing health.— Ayakshma-tāti, is, f. or ayakshma-tva, am, n., Ved. freedom from consumption; health.

अयस्यमाण a-yakshyamāṇa, as, m. not wishing or not about to sacrifice.

अयमुष्क a-yajushka, as, ā, am, Ved. without a sacrificial formula or verse.

अयज्ञ a-y $aj\dot{n}a$, as, m. no sacrifice; a bad sacrifice; (as, \bar{a}, am) , not offering sacrifice. — A-y $aj\dot{n}a$ - $s\ddot{a}c$, k, k, k, Ved. not performing a sacrifice, performing worthless sacrifices.

A-yajiaka, as, ā, am, unfit for sacrifice.

A-yajniya, as, ā, am, not fit for sacrifice; not worthy of sacrifice, profane, common.

A-yajyu, us, us, u, Ved. not sacrificing, impious, profane, wicked.

A-yajvan, ā,ā,a,Ved. not offering sacrifice, profane.

ম্বার্থন a-yajnadatta, as, m. not Yajnadatta, i. e. the vile Yajnadatta.

अयत् a-yat, t, t, t (rt. yam), not making

A-yata, as, ā, am, unrestrained, uncontrolled, unchecked.

A-yatin, i, ini, i, of unsubdued appetite; incontinent.

Ayatna, as, m. absence of effort or exertion; ayatnena or ayatnāt or ayatnatas, without effort or exertion. — A-yatna-kārin, ī, inī, i, making no exertion, indifferent, idle. — A-yatna-kṛita or ayatna-ja, as, ā, am, easily or readily produced, spontaneous. — Ayatna-vat, ān, atī, at, inactive, indifferent, idle.

सयपा a-yathā, ind. not as it should be; unfitly, unsuitably. — A-yathām, Ved. without effort. — A-yathā-tatha, as, ā, am, not so as it should be,