गोराडिकरी gondakiri or gondakri, f., N. of a Rägini.

गोतम gotama, as, m., N. of a Rishi belonging to the family of Angiras, with the patronymic Rāhūgaņa, author of several hymns of the Vedas; N. of a lawyer; N. of a sage, the founder of the Nyāya philosophy; N. of the twentieth Vyāsa in the Vishņu-Purāņa; of a king of Potāla, son of Karnika; (ās), m. pl. the descendants of Gotama. - Gotama-stoma, as, m., N. of an Ekäha sacrifice. - Gotama-svāmin, i, m., N. of a Jaina saint; [cf. gautama-svāmin.] - Gotamānvaya (°ma-an°), as, m. a descendant of Gorama, epithet of S'akya-muni, the founder of the Buddhist religion. - Gotamiputra, as, m., N. of a prince; (also gomati-putra.)

गात go-tra. See under go, p. 207.

गोद 3. goda, am or as, n. m. the brain;

[cf. 1. go-da, p. 297, and gorda.]

2. godana, am, n. the part of the head close to the right ear: (for 1. qo-dana see under go.) - Godanavidhi, is, m. or godana-mangala, am, n. a ceremony performed by anointing that part of the head of a youth of sixteen or eighteen years, when he has attained the age of puberty, and shortly before marriage.

Godanika = gaudanika, q. v.

गोदावरी go-dāvarī. See under go, p. 297.

गोधा ga-dhā, f. (fr. go and rt. dhā), a sinew; a chord; a leathern fence wound round the left arm to prevent injury from the bow-string; an Iguana, either the Gosamp or the alligator, commonly Gosāpa. - Godhā-padikā or godhā-padī, f. the plant Cissus Pedata. - Godhā-vīṇākā. f. a kind of stringed instrument. - Godhā-skandha, as, m. a kind of Mimosa; [cf. vit-khadira.]

Godhāya, nom. P. godhāyati, -yitum, to be

curved as the leathern fence of archers.

Godhi, is, m. the forehead; the Gangetic alligator;

an Iguana.

Godhikā, f. a kind of lizard or alligator, Lacerta Godica: [cf. āgāra-godhikā and griha-go.] — Godhikātmaja (kā-āto), as, m. a kind of lizard; [cf. gaudhāra, gaudheya, gaudhera.]
Godhinī, f. a kind of Solanum; [cf. kshavikā.]

गोध्म go-dhūma, godhūmaka. See under go.

गोधर godhera, as, m. a guardian, a protector, a preserver; [cf. guhera.]

गोनाडीक gonādīka, as, m. a kind of plant; (other authorities have gonādīća.)

गोप go-pa, as, m. (fr. go and rt. pā), a cowherd, a herdsman, a milkman, considered as a man of mixed caste; the chief of a cow-pen or station; a protector, a guardian, a preserver, a cherisher, a helper, a friend or patron; the superintendent of several villages, the head of a district; a king; the chief herdsman, i. e. Krishna; N. of a Gandharva [cf. go-pati]; N. of a Buddhist Arhat; N. of a mountain; myrrh, = gopa-rasa; (a), f. = gopa, the plant Ichnocarpus Frutescens; N. of one of the wives of Sakya-muni; (i), f. the wife of a cowherd, see below; [cf. go-pā, ahi-gopa, indra-go, kula-g°, tridasa-g°, surendra-g°.] - Gopa-kanyā, f. the daughter of a cowherd; a nymph of Vṛindāvana; the plant Ichnocarpus Frutescens. - Gopa-karkatikā, f. = gopāla-karkatī. - Gopa-ghontā, f., N. of a plant, = haxtikali, commonly seyākula, a wild nort of jujube, Zizyphus Nepeca or Zizyphus Œnoplia. - Gopa-jīvin, ī, m., N. of a mixed caste. - Gopatā, f. the office of a herdsman. - Gopa-datta, as, m., N. of a Buddhist author. - Gova-dala, as. m. the betel-nut or areca tree. - Gopa-badhū or gopavadhū, ūs, f. a cowherd's wife; the plant Ichnocarpus Frutescens (śārivā); [cf. gopa-kanyā.] - Gopa-badhūţī, f. the youthful wife of a cowhetd. - Gopabhadra, am, n. the fibrous root of a water-lily (sālūka); (ā), f. the plant Gmelina Arborea, [cf.]

kāsmarī]; also gopa-bhadrikā. - Gopa-rasa, as, m. gum myrrh, myrrh; [cf. go-pa and rasa.] - Goparāshtra, ās, m. pl., N. of a people. - Go-parīnas, ās, ās, as, Ved. abundantly furnished with cattle or milk. - Gopa-vana, as, m., N. of a Rishi of the family of Atri. - Gopa-valli, f. the plant Ichnocarpus Frutescens (anantā); Sanseviera Zeylanica (mūrvā). - Gopa-vesa or gopa-vesha, as, ā, am, dressed as a herdsman. - Gopāļavika, as, m. a cowherd (fr. gopa, a herd, and āṭavika, a forester?). - Go-pāditya (°pa-ād°), as, m., N. of a king of Kasmīra; N. of a poet. = Gopādhyaksha (°pa-adh°), as, m. an overseer of herdsmen, the chief of herdsmen. - Gopānasī (opa-ano), f. the wood of a thatch, a curved beam which supports it; the baniboo frame-work on which it rests. - Gopendra (opaino), as, m. the chief of the herdsmen, an epithet of Krishna or Vishnu. - Gopesa (°pa-isa), as, m. a chief herdsman, the keeper or owner of kine; an epithet of Krishna; also of Nanda, the foster-father of Krishna; also of Sakya-muni.

Gopaha, as, a, am, one who guards or protects; (as), m. the superintendent of a district; myrrh; (ika), f. the wife of a cowherd, a cowherdess; a

protectress.

Go-pā, ās, m., Ved. a herdsman, a protector, a guardian; [cf. go-pa, deva-gopā, rāta-go, vāyu-go, saha-g°, su-g°, soma-g°.] - Gopā-jihva, as, ā, am, Ved. one who has the tongue, i. e. the voice of a cowherd; (Say.) an epithet of Indra. - Gopā-vat, an, ati, at, Ved. granting protection.

Gopī, f. a cowherd's wife (especially applied to the cowherdesses of Vrinda-vana, the companions of Krishna's juvenile sports, who are considered sometimes as holy or celestial personages); a milkmaid; a protectress; nature, elementary nature; the plant Ichnocarpus Frutescens. - Gopi-éandana, am, n. a species of white clay said to be brought from Dvārakā and used by Vishnu's worshippers for smearing their face. - Gopi-candanopanishad (naup°), t, f. title of an Upanishad.

गोपन gopana, &c. See under rt. gup. गोपालव gopālava, ās, m. pl., N. of a warrior-tribe; (for gopālaka!).

गोपुटा gopuță, f. large cardamoms; [cf. putikā.]

गोभिल gobhila, as, m., N. of an author of certain Grihya-sūtras and of grammatical Sūtras. Gobhiliya, as, ā, am, relating to or proceeding from Gobhila.

गोमाय go-mäyu. See under go, p. 298.

गोयोचन्द goyīćandra, as, m., N. of a scholiast of the Sankshipta-sāra; (for gopi-ćandra?).

गोरट gorața, as, m. a kind of Acacia; [cf. dushkhadira.]

गोरण gorana, am, n. effort, exertion, =

गोदे gorda or gordha, am, n. the brain; [cf. goda and godhi.]

गोल gola, as, ā, am, m. f. n. (connected with guda, q.v.), a ball, a celestial or terrestrial globe; a circle, anything round or globular, a sphere, =mandala [cf. guda]; (as), m. the tree Vangueria Spinosa; myrrh; a widow's bastard [cf. hunda]; the conjunction of all the planets or the presence of several in one sign; N. of a son of \bar{A} krīḍa; (\bar{a}) , f. a wooden ball with which children play; a large globular water-jar; red arsenic; ink; a woman's female friend; a N. of the goddess Durga; N. of a river, = golā or go-dāvarī; [cf. galagolin.] - Golagrāma, as, m., N. of a village situated on the Godavarī; (the right reading may be golā-grāma.) - Gola-yantra, am, n. 2 kind of astronomical instrument. - Golanka (gola-ano), as, m., N. of a man. - Golādhyāya (°la-adh°), as, m. title of a chapter of Bhāskara's Siddhānta-Siromani treating of the terrestrial and celestial globes.

Golaka, as, m. a ball or globe; a wooden ball for playing with, anything globular, a sphere &c.; a species of pease; gum myrrh; a globular water-jar; a widow's bastard; the conjunction of all the planets or the presence of several in one sign; N. of a pupil of Veda-mitra; (am), n. = go-loka, the heaven of Krishna.

गोलन्द golanda, as, m., N. of a man.

गोलास golāsa, as, m. a mushroom, a kind of fungus springing from cow-dung; [cf. gomaya-ééhattrikā.]

गोव gova, as or am, m. or n. (?), N. of a country; (also read kuva.)

गोवय govaya, nam. P. (a corruption fr. gopaya), govayati, -yitum, to keep back, to prevent from approaching.

गोवाल govāla, as, m., N. of a man; (perhaps a corruption fr. go-pāla); [cf. also gobāla.]

गोविचन्द्र govićandra, as, m., N. of a prince; (the names of the other princes of the same dynasty ending in éandra, this word may be a comp. fr. govi and candra, govi being probably contracted fr. go and avi.)

गोविन्द ga-vinda. See under go, p. 200. गोश्रय gośarya, as, m., N. of a man.

गोशे gośe, ind. a word belonging to one of the provincial dialects, according to some also a Sanskrit word; perhaps = gose (loc. of gosa), at day-break.

गोपक goshaka, as, m., N. of a Buddhist author.

gosht, cl. 1. A. goshtate, to assemble, to collect, to heap together; (probably a nom. fr. goshtha and more correctly spelt goshth.)

गाष्ठ go-shtha. See under go, p. 209.

गोस gosa, as, m. gum myrrb, myrrh, =gopa-rasa; the last watch of the night, early morning or day-break, = go-sarga; [cf. gose.]

गोसगृह gosa-griha, am, n. (?) the inner part of a house, an inner or sleeping-room, a bedchamber.

गोसज्ञाज्ञ gosaśaśa, as, m. myrrh,=goparasa: [cf. also gosa and sasa.]

गोसिल gosila, as, m., N. of a man.

गोसल gosvalu, us, m., N. of a pupil of Sākalya; [cf. guhalu and gosila.]

मोह goha, as, m. (fr. rt. guh), Ved. a hiding-place, a lair; a secret place for hiding refuse

Gohana, as, ā, am, covering, hiding; [cf. avadya-qohana.]

Gohira, am, n. the heel; (' hidden part ?'). Gohya, as, a, am, to be covered or concealed; to be kept secret; [cf. a-gohya and guhya.]

माइन gaungava, am, n. (fr. gungu), N. of several Samans.

गौन्त्रिक gaunjika, as, m. (fr. gunjā), a goldsmith.

गोंड gauda, as, ī, am (fr. guda), prepared from sugar or molasses; (i), f. rum or spirit distilled from molasses; one of the Raginis, the wife of the Raga Megha; a style of poetry, the bold and spirited