to allow to rest: Desid. sisayishate: Intens. sasuyyate, sesayiti, seseti; [cf. Gr. κεί-μαι (κείσαι = seshe, κείται = sete); κοί-τη, κοι-μά-ω, κω-μο-ε, κῶμα, κώ-μη: Lat. qui-e-s, qui-e-sc-o, civi-s: Goth. hai-m-s, he-thyô, haithi, heiwa, 'house,' in comp. heiva-franja: Old Island. hei-mr, 'house:' Old Germ. haim, heim, hi-wi, hi-wo, 'husband;' hiwa, 'wife;' hijan, hiwjan, 'to marry;' hirāt: Mod. Germ. Heirath: Angl. Sax. ham, haman: Lith. szétra, 'a tent;' kiema, 'a village.']

S'ayaniya, sayita, &c. See p. 994, col. 1.

Soyaka. See s. v.

Sisyana, as, a, am, lying, reclining.

2. \$1, is, f. sleep, repose; tranquillity, devotion, complete absorption in religious worship.

sik (also written sik, and per-haps connected with rt. 1. sic), cl. 1. A. sīkate, sisīke, sīkishyate, asīkishta, sīkitum, to sprinkle, wet, moisten; to go gently, move; cl. 1. 10. P. sikati, sikayatl, to bear ill or Impatiently, be angry; to bear patiently, be patient; to touch (=rt. cik); to speak (cl. 10); to shine (cl. 10).

Sikara, as, m. thin or drizzling rain, drizzle, spray, mist, rain driven by wind; a drop of rain or water, (also written sikara); (am), n. the resin of the Sarala pine or the tree itself. - Sikaraugha (°ra-ogha), as, ā, am, abounding with mist, having much spray or thin rain.

Sikarin, ī, inī, i, sprinkling, drizzling.

शोध śighra, as, ā, am (etymology doubtful), quick, speedy; (as), m. (in astronomy) conjunction; (according to others) parallax; N. of a king; (a), f., N. of a river; a particular plant,= danti; (am), ind. quickly, rapidly, swiftly; [cf. Gr. κιχάνω; Angl. Sax. higian.] - Sighra-karman, a, n. (in astronomy) the calculation of the conjunction (of a planet). - Sighra-karin, i, ini, i, acting speedily or expeditiously. - Sighra-kritya, as, a, am, to be done quickly, what must be done quickly. - Sighra-kendra, am, n. (in astronomy) the distance from the conjunction (of a planet), commutation. - Sighra-kopin, i, ini, i, quickly angry, irritable. - Sighra-ga, as, ā, am, going quickly; (as), m., N. of a king. - Sighra-gantri, ta, tri, tri, or sighra-gamana, as, a, am, going quickly. - Sighra-gāmin, ī, inī, i, going or moving quickly, swift, expeditious. - Sighra-cetana, as, a, am, having quick intellect, very sagacious; (as), m. a dog. - Sighra-janman, a, m. having quick birth, the plant Cæsalpinia Bonducella; another plant (= karanja). - Sighra-tara, as, ā, am, more quick, very swift; (am), ind. as swiftly as possible. - Sighra-tā, f. or sīghra-tva, am, n. quickness, speed, rapidity. - Sighra-paridhi, is, m. (in astronomy) the epicycle of a conjunction, - Sighra-pushpa, as, m. 'quick-flowering,' a kind of plant (=agastya). -Sighra-phala, am, n. (in astronomy) the equation of a conjunction. - Sighra-buddhi, is, is, i. quickwitted, having quick apprehension, acute, sharp. - Sighra-yana, am, n. rapid motion. - Sighra-langhana, as, ā, am, springing or jumping quickly, moving rapidly. - Sighra-vega, as, ā, am, having a rapid course, impetuous. - Sighra-vedhin, ī, m. 'quickly piercing (the mark),' a good archer. - Sighra-śrotas, ās, ās, as, having a rapid current (said of a river) -Sighrocca ("ra-ue"), as, m. the apex of the swiftest motion,' a conjunction (in astronomy).

Sighraya, Nom. A. sighrayate, -yitum, to be-

come quick or rapid; to hasten. Sighrāyamāņa, as, ā, am, becoming quick,

going rapidly, hastening. Sighrin, i, ini, i, speedy, one who is quick or

expeditions. Sighriya, as, a, am, quick, fleet; (as), m. an epithet of Siva; of Vishnu; the fighting of cats.

Sighriya, as, ā, am, quick, speedy, rapid, swift. Sighrya, am, n. quickness, speed, rapidity.

शोत sit, ind. [cf. sit], a sound made by drawing in the breath to express any sudden thrill of pleasure or pain (but especially pleasurable sensations during sexual enjoyments, = rati-kāla-dhvani). -Sit-kara, as, m. making the above sound sit; a frown. - Sit-krita, am, n. the sound sit, a sound made by drawing in the breath to express pleasurable

शीत sita, as, ā, am (according to some fr. rt. syai or fr. rt. I. si; according to others an old pass. part. fr. rt. so), cold, chilly, frigid; dull, apathetic, stupid, sluggish, sleepy, (in this sense connected with rt. 1. si); idle, lazy, stupid; decocted, boiled; (am), n. cold, coldness; cold weather, the cold season; water; bark or cinnamon, = tvaća; (as), m. a small tree, Cordia Myxa; a kind of ratan. Calamus Fasciculatus; the plant Marsilea Quadrifolia; the Nimb tree; another plant (=parpata); camphor; (ā), f. a furrow; N. of the wife of Rāma, (in these last two tenses more usually written sitā, q. v.; but derived according to Unadi-s. Ill. 90. fr. rt. 1. si.) - Sita-kāla, as, m. the cold season, winter. - Sītakālīna, as, ā, am, belonging to the cold season, produced in winter, wintry. - Sita-kumbha, as, m. the fragrant oleander, = karavīra; (ī), f. an aquatic plaut; [cf. sītalā.] - Sītakriechra, as, m. a particular religious penance (consisting in drinking cold water for three days, cold milk for three days, cold ghee for three days, and eating air or fasting for three days). - Sita-kshāra, am, n. refined borax. - Sita-gandha, am, n. having cool fragrance,' white sandal. - Sita-gu, us, m. 'having cold rays,' the moon. - Sita-campaka, as, m. a lamp; a mirror; pleasing, satisfying (?). - Sitajvara, as, m. a cold fever, ague. - Sita-tā, f. or sīta-tva, am, n. coldness, cold. - Sīta-dīdhiti, is, m. 'cold-rayed,' the moon. - Sīta-parņī, f. 'coolleaved,' the plant Cleome Pentaphylla; another plant (=arka). - Sita-pallava, as, m. 'cool-blossomed,' a kind of plant, Ardisea Solanacea; (ā), f. another plant (=bhūmi-jambu). - Sita-pākinī, f. a kind of medicinal root $(=k\bar{a}kol\bar{i})$; another plant $(=mah\bar{a}\text{-}samang\bar{a})$. $=Sita\text{-}p\bar{a}k\bar{i}$, f. a medicinal root = kākolī); the plant Sida Cordifolia; another plant (=gunjā). - Sita-pitta, am, n. increase of bile or phlegm caused by cold. - Sita-pushpa, as, m. 'coolflowered,' the Sirisha tree; (a), f. a kind of plant, = ati-balā; (am), n. a fragrant grass, Cyperus Rotundus. - Sita-pushpaka, as, m. a kind of plant, = arka; (am), n. storax or benzoia. - Sita-pūtanā, f. epithet of a particular Graha or disease of children, (see graha, pūtanā.) - Sīta-prabha, as, m. 'having cool radiance,' camphor. - Sita-priya, as, m. 'fond of cold,' a plant (= parpata). — Situ-phala, as, m. 'having cool fruit,' the tree Ficus Glo-merata; another tree (= sela). — Sita-balā, f. a kind of plant (= mahā-samangā). - Sita bhānu, us, m. cool-rayed,' the moon. - Sita-bhiru, us, us, u, afraid of cold; (us), m. Arabian jasmine, Jasminum Zambac. - Sita-bhojin, ī, inī, i, eating cold viandi. - Sita-manjari, f. a particular plant (= sephāli). - Sita-mayūkha, as, or sita-marići, is, m. 'coolrayed,' the moon; camphor. - Sita-mūlaka, as, a, am, having a cool root; (am), n. the root of the Uśira. - Sita-ramya, as, ā, am. pleasant in cold weather; (as), m. 2 lamp. - Sita-rasmi, is, m. 'cool-rayed,' the moon; camphor. - Sita-ruć, k, or sita-ruci, is, m. 'having cool light,' the moon. -Sita-valka, as, ā, am, having cool bark; (as), m. the Udumbara tree. -Sita-viryaka, as, m. having cold seed,' the fig-tree (=plaksha). - Sitasiva, as, ā, m. f, a kind of fennel (= madhurikā, miśreyā); the Samī tree; (am), n. a sort of resin, storax or benzoin; rock-salt. - Sita-sūka. as. m. ' having cold awns or beards,' barley. - Sita-sparsa, as, a, am, cool to the touch or feeling, cooling, refreshing, pleasant. - Sita-saha, as, a, am, bearing or enduring cold; (as), m. the Pilu tree (growing in the Himalaya incantains); (o), f. a small tree, Vitex Negundo: another phint (= vāsantī). - Sita-hara, us, ā, am, reinoving cold. - Sitānsu ('ta-an'), us, m. 'cool-rayed,' the moon; camphor. - Silansu-ta, f.

coldness of ray, chilliness .- Sitangu-talla, am, n. camphor oil, camphor linament. - Sîtākula (°taāk°), as, ā, am, benumbed with cold, frozen. - Sitānga (°ta-an°), as, ā, am. cold-bodied, having cold limbs; (as), m. a kind of fever (supposed to arise from a vitiated state of one of the humors of the body); (i), f. a particular plant (=hansa-padi). -Sitāda ("ta-ada), as, m. scorbutic affection or otherwise diseased state of the gumz. - Sitadri ("taado), is, m. the snowy mountains, the Himalayas. -Sitābalā (°tā-ab°), a kind of plant (= mahā-samangā). -Sitārta (°ta-ār°), as, ā, am, pained or pinched with cold, suffering from cold, chilled, shivering, cold. - Sitāsman ("tu-as"), ā, m. a cold stone; the moon-gem, crystal. - Sîtî-bhava, as, m. cold state, coldness, cold, coolness; composure; final emancipation. — Siti-bhū, cl. 1. P. -bhavati, &c., to be or become cold. - Sitottama (ota-uto), am, n. 'the best of cold things,' water. - Sitoda ('ta-uda), 'having cool water,' N. of a lake; (ā), f., N. of a river.

Sitaka, as, m. cold weather, the cold season, winter; a lazy or dilatory man, a dull person; a happy or contented man, one without cares or anxieties (= su-sthita); the plant Marsilea Den-

tata; a scorpion.

Sitala, as, ā, am, cool, cold, frigid, chilly; (as), m. the moon; the plant Marsilea Quadrifolia; a particular Jina or Arhat, (the tenth of the twentyfour Tīrthakāras); a religious ceremony observed upon the sun's entering Aries; the small tree Cordia Myxa; the Campaka tree; a sort of camphor; turpentine or the resin of Shorea Robusta; (a), f. small-pox (= masūrikā); the goddess presiding over or inflicting small-pox; a kind of aquatic plant (perhaps the Phrynium Dichotymum, from the split stems of which a cool mat is made; = sīta-kumbhī, śukla-pushpā); other plants, = kuṭumbinī; = ārā $ma\text{-}sital\bar{a}$; $=b\bar{a}luk\bar{a}$; (\bar{i}), f. 2 kiod of aquatic plant, see above; small-pox; (am), n. cold, coldness, coolness, cold weather; the cold season; green sulphate of iron (=pushpa-kāsīsa); benzoin or storax; sandal, white sandal; a lotus; a pearl; the root of the Andropogon Muricatus. - Sitala-cchada, as, m. a white leaf; (as, a, am), having white leaves; (as), m. the Campaka tree. - Sitala-jala, am, n. cold water; a lotus. - S'îtala-tara, as, a, am, more cool, colder. - Sitala-ta, f. or sitala-tva, am, n. coldness, coolness, frigidity, chilliness; insensibility, apathy (= jada-tā). - Sītala-prada, as, ā, am. giving or producing coolness; (as), m. sandal. - Sitala-prasada, as, m. a proper N. - Sitala-vata, as, m. a cool breeze, cold wind. - Sitalavātaka, as, ā, am, having cool breezes; (as), m. the plant Marsilea Quadrifolia (= asana-parni). - Sitala-shashthi, f. or sitala-shashthi, the sixth of the light half of the month Magha (when only cold food is eaten). - Sītalā-pūjā, f. worship of the goddess Sītalā (a festival on the eighth day of the second half of the month Phalguna).

Sitalaka, as, m. 2 kind of plant, - maruvaka;

(am), n. a white lotus (= sitotpala). Sitālu, us, us, u, suffering from cold, shivering

with cold, chilled, cold. Sitikā, f., Ved. coldness, cold. - Sitikā-vat, an,

atī, at, Ved. possessing coldness.

Sitya, as, ā, am, to be cooled or chilled; ploughed, tilled, (in this sense more usually sitya.)

शोत्कार śil-kāra, śit-krita. Sec śit, col. 1.

The sidhu, us, u, m. n. (according to Unadi-s. IV. 38. fr. rt. 1. sī, but also written sīdhu), a spirit distilled from molasses, any intoxicating liquor, rum; wine. - Sidhu-gandha, as, m. 'smelling of spirits,' the Vakula tree, Miniusops Elengi. Sidhu-pa. as, i, am, drinking spirits, a drinker of spirits, dram-drinker.

शीन śina, as, ā, am (fr. rt. śyai, cf. śila), congealed, thick (as oil or butter); (as), m. a fool, blockhead; a large snake.