Karambhi, is, m., N. of a son of Sakuni and father of Devarāta.

Karambhin, ī, iņī, i, Ved. having groats.

करवी karavi, f. the leaf of the plant Asa Fœtida; [cf. karvarī, kavarī, kāvarī.]

करवीक karavika, as, m., N. of a mountain; [cf. kara-vīra.]

करस् karas. See under 1. kara.

करस karasna. See under 1. kara.

काहचा karahanćā, f., N. of a metre of four lines, each consisting of seven syllables.

करहार karahāṭa, as, m. the tree Vangueria Spinosa; the fibrous root of a lotus; N. of a region. Karahāṭaka, as, m. the tree Vangueria Spinosa; N. of an heretical prince.

कराङ्गरण karāngaņa, as, m. a market or fair visited by many men; [cf. angana.]

करायिका karāyikā, f. a bird, a small kind

कराल karāla, as, ā, am, opening wide, cleaving asunder, gaping (as a wound); having formidable projecting teeth, formidable, dreadful, terrible (especially as an epithet of the Rākshasas, of Siva, of Kāla, of Vishņu, and of a certain Devagandharva); great, large, high, lofty; spacious, wide; deformed; (as), m. a certain species of animal; resin, pitch, or a mixture of oil and the resin of the tree Shorea Robusta; N. of a region; (a), f. the plant Hemidesmus Indicus; an epithet of Durga; N. of a certain woman; (i), f. one of the seven tongues and nine Samidhs of Agni; (am), n. a kind of Ocimum. - Karāla-kara, as, ā, am, having a powerful arm or hand; having a large trunk, as an elephant. - Karāla-keśara, as, m., N. of a lion in the Pancatantra. - Karāla-tripuṭā, f. a species of corn. - Karāla-danshṭra, as, ā, am, having ternific teeth. - Karāla-loćana, as, ā, am, terrific. - Karāla-vadanā, f. an epithet of Durgā. - Karālānana (°la-ān°), as, ā, am, terrific.

Karālaka, am, n. a kind of Ocimum.

Karālika, as, m. a tree; a sword; (\bar{a}) , f. an epithet of Durgā.

Karālita, as, ā, am, rendered formidable; afraid of, alarmed by or at; magnified.

Til kari, &c. See under 1. kara.

after karibha, as, m. the tree Ficus Religiosa.

करिर karira, as, am, m. n. the shoot of a bamboo. See karīra.

कारिष्ठ karishtha, as, ā, am (superlative fr. 1. kara), doing most, doing very much.

Karishnu, used in comp. See alan-karishnu and nir-ākarishņu.

Karishya, as, ā, am (?), Ved. to be done (?). Karishyat, an, atī or antī, at, willing to do, about to do.

Karishyamāṇa, as, ā, am, about to do, going

Kariyas, an, asī, as (comparative fr. 1. kara), doing more; one who does much.

करोक karī-kri. See under 2. kara.

करीति karīti, ayas, m. pl., N. of a people.

करोर karīra, as, am, m. n. (said to be fr. rt. 1. kri), the shoot of a bamboo; (as), m. a waterjar; a thomy plant, described as growing in deserts and fed upon by camels, Capparisaphylla; (am), n. the fruit of this plant; (ā or ī), f. the root of an elephant's tusk; a cricket, a small grasshopper. - Karīra-kuṇa, as, m. the fruit season of Capparisaphylla. - Karira-prastha, as, m., N. of a town; (a various reading has kariri-praetha.)

Karīrikā, f. the root of an elephant's tusk.

करीरक kariraka, am, n. fight, battle.

करीलदेश karīla-deśa, as, m., N. of a region.

करीय karīsha, as, am, m. n. (fr. 1. krī), rubbish, refuse, dung; dry cow-dung; N. of a mountain; [cf. ākhu-karīsha.] - Karīsha-gandhi, is, m., N. of a man. - Karishan-kasha, as, a, am, sweeping away dung; (ā), f. a strong wind, a gale. - Karī-shāgni (°sha-ag°), is, m. a fire of dry cow-dung; (this substance is very generally used as fuel in Hindustan.)

Karishaka, as, m. pl., N. of a people. Karīshin, ī, inī, i, abounding in dung; (inī), f.

a region abounding in cow-dung; N. of a river.

किंग karuna, as, ā, am (said to be fr. rt. 1. krī, but in some of its meanings fr. 1. kri), mournful, miserable, lamenting; (am), ind. mournfully, wofully, pitifully, in distress; (as), m. that which causes pity, sorrow, affliction, tenderness, pity, compassion; one of the nine Rasas or sentiments of a poem, the pathetic sentiment; a fruit tree, the pamplemouse, Citrus Decumana; N. of a Buddha; a Jaina saint; N. of an Asura; (ā), f. pity, compassion; (ī), f., N. of a plant, also called grīshmapushpī, cāriņī, &c.; (am), n., Ved. an action, a holy work. — Karuṇa-dhvani, is, m. a cry of distress. — Karuṇa-puṇḍarīka, am, n. title of a Ruddhict work. — Karuṇa-mallī f. the plant legmine. Buddhist work .- Karuna-malli, f. the plant Jasminum Sambac; also read karuņā-mallī. - Karuņavedi-tva, am, n. compassion, sympathy. - Karunavedin, i, ini, i, knowing affliction or distress, sympathising, pitiful. - Karunākara (ona-āko), as, m. the father of Padmanabha. - Karunatmaka (°na-āt°), as, ā, am, compassionate, tender-hearted. - Karunātman (ona-āto), ā, ā, a, kind. - Karuṇā-para, as, ā, am, compassionate, tender. Karunā-maya, as, ī, am, gentle, compassionate.
 Karunārambha (°na-ār°), as, ā, am, engaging in deplorable actions. - Karuṇārdra (°ṇa-āro), as, ā. am. tender-hearted, soft, sensitive. - Karunārdhita (°na-ar°), as, ā, am, kind. - Karuṇā-vat, ān, atī, at, being in a pitiful state, pitiable. - Karuņāvipralambha, as, m. grief of separation with the uncertainty of meeting again, fears occurring in absence. - Karunā-vritti, is, is, i, disposed to pity. - Karunā-veditā, f. charitableness, kindliness, sympathy. Karunāya, nom. P. A. -nāyati, -te, -yitum, to

be in a pitiful condition.

Karunin, ī, inī, i, being in a pitiful condition,

कहायाम karutthāma, as, m., N. of a prince, a son of Dushyanta and father of Akrīda; [cf. aśvatthāman.]

कहन्यक karundhaka, as, m., N. of a son of Sura and brother of Vasu-deva.

करम karuma, as, ā, am, Ved. an epithet of certain spectral or ghost-like appearances.

किकर karūkara, am, n., Ved. the joint of the neck and the chine.

कहळितिन karūļatin,ī,inī,i,Ved.onewhose teeth are decayed and broken; [cf. the next.]

कर्प karūsha, ās, m. pl., N. of a people descended from a son of Manu Vaivasvata, (a prince of this people is named Danta-vakra.)

Karūshaka, as, m., N. of a son of Manu Vaiva-svata; (am), n., N. of a species of fruit.

करेंट kareta, as, m. a finger-nail.

करिया karetavyā, f. or karetu, us, m. the numidian crane; [cf. karaţu, karkaţa, &c.]

करण karenu, us, m. f. (said to be fr. rt. 1. kri; cf. 1. kara), a male or female elephant, generally used for the latter; according to some also kareņū; (us), m. the tree Pterospermum Acerifolium; (us), f., N. of a plant used as a drug and supposed to grow in Kāsmīra. - Kareņu-pāla, as,

m. the groom or keeper of a female elephant; N. of a man; [cf. kāreņupāli.] - Kareņu-bhū, ūs, m. an epithet of Pālakāpya. - Kareņu-matī, f., N. of the wife of Nakula, daughter of a king of Cedi. - Karenu-varya, as, m. a large or powerful elephant. - Karenu-suta, as, m. an epithet of Pālakāpya.

Karenuka, am, n. the poisonous fruit of the plant Karenu.

Karenu, us, m. f. a male or female elephant.

करेनर karenara, as, m. benzoin or storax. See karevara.

करेन्ट्रक karenduka, as, m. a species of grass, = bhū-trina.

करेवर karevara, as, m. benzoin or storax.

करोड karota, as, m. f. a basin, a cup; the bones of the head, the skull.

Karotaka, as, m., N. of a Naga.

Karoți, is, or karoți, f. a basin, a cup; the skull.

करोत्कर karotkara, karotpala, &c. See under 1. and 2. kara.

fig. kark, to laugh; a Sautra root, or one occurring in grammatical Sūtras but not in the Dhātu-pātha.

ৰূপ karka, as, ā, am (said to be fr. 1. kri), white; good; excellent; (as), m. a white horse; a crab; the sign Cancer; a water-jar; fire; a mirror; N. of various plants, = karkata, karketana, and karketila; beauty; N. of a commentator on Kātyāyana's Srauta-sūtras; (i), f., Ved. a white cow (?). - Karka-khanda, ās, m. pl., N. of a people. - Karka-cirbhitī (?), f. a small cucumber. - Karkaphala, am, n., N. of a plant. - Karka-sāra, am, n. flour or meal mixed with curds. - Karki-prastha, as, m., N. of a town.

Karkata, as, m. a crab; the sign Cancer; a kind of bird, the numidian crane, Lanius Excubitor; N. of a plant with poisonous tubers, the fibrous root of a lotus; the curved end of the beam of a balance (to which the strings supporting the scale are attached); a kind of coitus; the radius of a circle; compass, circuit; (ā), f. the plant Momordica Mixta; (ī), f. a female crab; a snake (?); a kind of cucumber, Cucumis Utilissimus; the fruit of the plant Bombax Heptaphyllum; the curved end of the beam of a balance &c.; a small water-jar; [cf. karkara, karkaśa: cf. also Gr. καρκινος; Lat. caneer.] - Karkata-pura, am, n., N. of a town. - Karkata-śringa, am, n. the claw of a crab. - Karkata-sringikā or karkata-sringi, f. a plant, the fruit of which is compared to the claw or feelers of a crab, the horn of a goat &c., see aja-sringi; other names of this plant are kāma-nāstnī, kaulīrā, kulingī, &c.
—Karkaṭāksha (°ṭa-ak°), as, m. the plant Cucumis Utilissimus.—Karkaṭākhyā (°ṭa-ākh°), f. the plant Karkaṭa-śringī. – Karkaṭāngā (°ṭa-an°), f. the same plant. – Karkaṭāsthi (°ṭa-as°), n. the shell or crust of a crab. - Karkatāhva (°ta-āh°), as, m. the plant Ægle Marmelos; (a), f. the plant Karkataśringi. - Karkateśa (ota-iśa), as, m., N. of a sanctuary

Karkataka, as, m. a crab; the sign Cancer; the plant Momordica Mixta (?); a kind of sugar-cane; a hook shaped like the claw of a crab; N. of a Naga; (i), f. a female crab; (am), n. a poisonous root; a particular fracture of the bones. - Karkataka-rajju, us, m. a rope with a hook attached to it, shaped like the claw of a crab. - Karkatakāsthi (°ka-as°), n.

the shell or crust of a crab. Karkați, is, f. a sort of cucumber, Cucumis Uti-

Karkaţikā, f., N. of a plant, a kind of gourd; a

Karkațini, f. the plant Curcuma Xanthorrhiza. Karkatu, us, m. the numidian crane; [cf. karatu,

कर्न स karkandhu, us, ūs, m. f. (considered