us, m. a lion's whelp or cub. - Sinha-samhanana, am, a. the killing or destroying of a lion; (as, \tilde{a} , am), lion-shaped, well-shaped, handsome; strong as a lion.-Sinha-skandha, as, a, am, 'lion-shouldered,' having the shoulders of a lion. - Sinha-stha, as, m. being in the lion, epithet of the planet Jupiter when in the constellation Leo. - Sinhadhya (chaāḍh°), as, ā, am, abounding in lions. - Šinhāvalokana ("ha-av"), am, n. a lion's look (applied to the habit of constantly pausing and looking back). - Sinhāsana ('ha-ās'), am, n. 'lion-seat,' a throne (said to be so called as supported by golden lions); (as), m. a particular kind of sexual union. - Sinhāsana-ćakra, am, n., N. of three astrological diagrams shaped like a man and marked with the twenty-seven Nakshatras. - Sinhāsana-dvātriņšat, t, or sinhāsanadvātrinsat-puttrikā-vārttā, f., N. of a work consisting of thirty-two stories in praise of Vikramāditya (= vikrama-čarita). - Sinhāsanabhrashta, as, a, am, fallen from a throne, dethroned. - Sinhāsana-rana, as, am, m, n, a strife or struggle for the throne. - Sinhāsana-stha, as, ā, am, sitting on a throne. - Sinhāsya (cha-āsc), as, ā, am, lionfaced; (as), m. a kind of plant (=vasaka); a particular position of the hands. - Sinhoddhatā ("haud°), f. a kind of metre. - Sinhonnatā (cha-unc), f, a kind of metre.

Sinhala, am, n. tin; brass; bark, rind; Cassia bark; (am, ā), n. f. the island or country of Ceylon, (perhaps so called as abounding in lions); (ās), m. pl. the people of Ceylon.—Sinhala-dvīpa, as, m. the island of Ceylon.—Sinhala-stha, as, ā, am, being or dwelling in Ceylon; (ā), f. a kind of plant (= sarpa-daṇā, sainhalī).—Sinhalā-sthāna, as, m. a kind of palm tree.

Sinhalaka, am, n. the island of Ceylon.

Sinhāya, Nom. A. sinhāyate, -yitum, to be or become like a lion, act like a lion.

Sinhikā, f., N. of the mother of Rāhu, (she was one of the thirteen daughters of Daksha and wife of Kaśyapa); N. of a daughter of Kaśyapa (wife of Vipracitti). — Sinhikā-sūnu, us, m. 'son of Sinhikā,' epithet of Rāhu or the Ascending Node personified.

Sinhikeya, as, m. 'son of Sinhika,' epithet of Rahu.

 $Sinh\bar{i}$, f. a lioness; N. of the mother of Rāhu; of various plants $(=v\bar{a}rt\bar{a}k\bar{i};=kuntak\bar{a}r\bar{i};=v\bar{a}-saka;=brihat\bar{i};=mudga-parn\bar{i})$. $-Sinh\bar{i}-lat\bar{a}$, f. a kind of plant $(=brihat\bar{i})$.

सिंहाण sinhāṇa, am, n. (probably for singhāṇa; also written singhāṇa), rust of iron; the mucus of the nose.

Sinhāṇaka, as, am, m. n. = sinhāṇa above, (also written singhāṇaka, singhāṇaka, sanghāṇaka.) Sinhāna, am, n. = sinhāṇa above.

sik, a Sautra rt. meaning 'to scatter about, sprinkle;' [cf. rts. 1. sić,

Sikata, ās, m. pl. (said to be fr. the Sautra rt. above; probably fr. rt. 1. sié), sand; N. of certain Rishis, (part of the hymn Rig-veda IX. 86. is attributed to Sikatāh); (ā), f. sandy soil; sand; gravel or stone (the disease). Sikatā-maya, as, ī, am, consisting of sand, full of sand, sandy; (am), n. a sand-bank; an island with sandy shores. Sikatā-renu, us, m. a grain of sand. Sikatā-vat, ān, att, at, possessed of sand, abounding in sand, sandy. Sikatīla, as, ā, am, sandy (as a soil, country, &c.).

सिक्त sikta, siktha, &c. See col. 2.

सिस्प sikshya, as, m. erystal, glass.

सिङ्गापिदि singāpidi, is, m., N. of a poet.

सित्य singhaṇa or singhāṇa, am, n. (probably for śinghaṇa, śinghāṇa, fr. rt. śingh, q. v.; also written sinhāṇa; cf. sanghāṇaka), the mucus of the nose.

Singhanaka, am, n. = singhana above.

Singhini, f. the nose, (see singhin, p. 1005, col. 2.)

1. sić, cl. 6. P. A. sinčali, -tc, asičata or asikta, sektum, to sprinkle, scatter in small drops; to besprinkle, soak, moisten, water (plants &c.); to pour out, discharge, emit, shed, effuse; to pour in; to impregnate: Pass. sićuate, Aor. aseći, to be sprinkled, &c.: Caus. sećayati, yitum, Aor. asīshićat or (according to some) asīsićat, to cause to sprinkle: Desid. sisikshati, -te: Intens. sesićyate, sesekti; [cf. Gr. kr.μά(δ)-s, krμαλλέο-s, krμαίν-ω, krμα-το-s, στίλη, σίκυs: Lat. stilla (for stic-la): Old Germ. siĥ-u, seich, 'urine;' seihjan, seo, gissich: Goth. (probably) saivs: Lith. sunk-iu, séli-s, sek-ti.]

Sikta, as, ā, am, sprinkled, besprinkled, bespattered, watered; wetted, moistened, soaked, wet; poured out, effused; impregnated, engendered.

Sikti, is, f. sprinkling; effusion; emission. Siktvā, ind. having sprinkled, having poured out or effused.

Siktha, as, m. boiled rice; a lump of boiled rice or a monthful of boiled rice kneaded into a ball; (am), n. bee's-wax; indigo (=nili).

Sikthaka, am, n. bee's-wax.

2. sic, k, f. clothes; the skirt of a dress, (Say. = vastra-pranta); (au), f. du., Ved. (according to

vastra-prānta); (au), f. du., Ved. (according to some) the two wings (of an army); heaven and earth.

Sicaya, as, m. a robe, raiment, cloth, clothes; old or ragged raiment.

Sicyamāna, as, ā, am, being sprinkled; being poured out,

Sincat, an, ati or anti, at, sprinkling, wetting, scattering water.

Seka, as, m. sprinkling, besprinkling, moistening, watering (of plants &c.); aspersion; pouring out, effusion, emission; seminal effusion, impregnation; that which is poured out, a libation, offering; seminal fluid; a drop of anything, — Seka-pātra, am, n. a vessel for pouring out or holding water; a watering-pot, baling-vessel, bucket, — Sekānta ("ka-an"), as, m. the end or conclusion of the process of watering (plants &c.).

Sekima, am, n. a radish (= mūlaka).

Sektavya, as, \bar{a} , am, to be sprinkled or poured out, &c.

Sektṛi, tā, trī, tri, sprinkling, who or what sprinkles or impregnates; (lā), m. a sprinkler; a water-carrier; a husband.

Sektra, am, n. a vessel for holding or pouring ont water, a watering-pot, bucket, baling-vessel.

Secalea, as, ā, am, sprinkling, a sprinkler; (as), m. a cloud.

Schana, am, n. the act of sprinkling or watering, aspersion, effusion, pouring; dripping, oozing out; (am, i), n. f. a bucket, baling-vessel.

Secaniya, as, ā, am, to be sprinkled or watered, to be poured out or effused.

Seéya, as, ā, am, to be sprinkled; to be moist-ened, &ce.

सिचिता sincitā, f. long pepper (= pippalī). सिच्चा sinjā, f. (for śinjā, q.v.), the jingling

sound of metallic omaments.

Sinjita, am, n. tinkling (= sinjita, q. v.).

Sinjini, f. = sinjini, q. v.

Rec., to disregard, despise.

some to be fr. 2. asita, q.v.; apparently connected with sitt, p. 1005, cf. svita, sveta, p. 1031, and see sira; for 1. see under rt. si, for 3. see under rt. 1. so), white; (as), m. the colour white; the light half of the month from new to full moon; the planet Venus or its regent, = sukra; (a), f. candied sugar, sugar; moonlight; a handsome woman; spirituous liquor; white Dūrvā grass; Arabian jas-

mine; a sort of Clitoria; a kind of Aparājitā plant (growing on mountains); various other plants or trees, = śveta-kantakārī; = vākućī; = vidārī; = kutumbinī; = pingā; = trāyamānā; = tejanī; (am), n. silver; sandal; a radish (= mūlaka). - Sita-kanţā or sita-kanţārikā, f. a kind of plant (= śveta-kantakārī). - Sita-kantha, as, ā, am, white-throated, having a white neck; (as), m. a gallinule. - Sita-kara, as, m. 'white-rayed,' the moon; camphor. - Sita-karnī, f. a kind of plant (=vāsaka). - Sita-karman, ā, ā, a, pure in deeds or actions. - Sita-kunjara, as, m. a white elephant; N. of Indra's elephant; 'having a white elephant,' epithet of Indra. - Sita-gunjā, f. 2 kind of plant (= śveta-gunjā). - Sita-cihna, as, m. whitemarked, a sort of fish (=bālukā-gada). - Sitaéchattra, am, n. a white umbrella (especially as one of the emblems of royalty); $(\bar{a} \text{ or } \bar{\imath})$, f. a sort of fennel (= sata-pushpā). - Sita-cchatrita, as, m. having a white umbrella, possessed of all the insignia of royalty, (according to the Scholiast on Naishadha I. I. = svetātapatrī-krita, made into a white umbrella.) - Sita-cchada, as, m. 'white-feathered,' a goose; (a), f. white Dūrva grass. - Sita-turaga, as, m. 'white-horsed,' epithet of Arjuna. - Sita-darbha, as, m. white Kuśa grass. - Sita-didhiti, is, m. 'white-rayed,' the moon. - Sita-dipya, as. m. white cumin. - Sita-dūrvā, f. white Dūrva grass. - Sita-dru, us, m. 'white tree,' a species of Morața plant. - Sita-dhātu, us, m. a white mineral; chalk. - Sita-paksha, as, m. a white wing; the light half of a lunar month; 'white-winged,' a goose; [cf. dhavala-paksha.] - Sita-parni, f. 'white-leafed,' a kind of plant (=arka-pushpikā). - Sita-pātalikā, f. the white Pātalā tree. - Sitapunkha, f. the white Sara-punkha plant. - Sitapushpa, as, m. the Tagara tree; a kind of grass = $k\bar{a}sa$); a kind of tree, = sveta-rohita; (\bar{a}) , f. Arabian jasmine; (i), f. a kind of white Aparajita plant; (am), n. a sort of grass, Cyperus Rotundus. - Sita-mani, is, m. a white precious stone, a crystal. - Sitamani-maya, as, ī, am, consisting of crystals or jewels, made of crystal. - Sita-marića, am, n. white pepper. - Sita-māsha, as, m. a sort of bean (=raja-masha). - Sita-rakla, as, a, am, white and red. - Sita-ranjana, as, m. 'whitetinged,' yellow (the colour). - Sita-rasmi, is, m. 'white-rayed,' the moon. - Sita-varshābhū, ūs, m, a kind of plant (= punar-navā). - Sita-vājin, ī, m. 'having white horses,' epithet of Arjuna. - Sitaśarkarā, f. candied sugar. - Sita-śāyakā, f. the white Sara-purkhā plant. - Sita-sinsapā, f. the white Sinsapa tree. - Sita-simbika, as, m. 'whiteawned, wheat, (also read siti-simbika.) - Sitaśiva, am, n. rock-salt, (also read śita-śiva, sitasiva, sīta-siva, sīta-siva.) - Sita-sūka, as, m. white-awoed, barley; [cf. sita-sūka.] - Sita-sūrana, as, m. the plant Vana-śūrana. - Sita-śmaśru, us, us, u, having a white beard, silverybearded. - Sita-sapti, is, m. 'having white horses. epithet of Arjuna. - Sita-sarshapa, as, m. white mustard. - Sita-sara or sita-saraka, as, m. having white pith, the Sălinca plant. - Sitα-sinhī, f. the white Kantakārī plant. - Sitα-sindhu, us, f. white river,' the Ganges. - Sita-siva, see sita-siva. - Sitānśu (°ta-an°), us, m. 'white-rayed,' the moon; camphor. – Sitānśuka (°ta-an°), as, ā, am, dressed io a white mantle or garment. - Sitansu-taila, am, n. camphor oil or ointment. - Sitā-khanda, as, m. a kind of clayed or refined sugar (said to be prepared from honey). - Sitagra (°ta-ag°), as, m. = sitāgra, a thom. - Sitānka (°ta-an°), as, m. 'white-marked,' the Baluka-gada fish. - Sitanga (°ta-an°), as, m. the Sveta-rohita tree. - Sitānga-rāga (°ta-an°), as, m. a white cosmetic or decoration for the limbs or body. - Sitājājī ("ta-aj"), f. white cumin. - Sitātapa-vāraņa (°ta-āt°), am, n. a white umbrella (especially as a symbol of royalty). – Sitādi (°ta-ādi i), is, m. treade, mo-lasses (=guḍa). – Sitānana (°ta-ān°), as, ī, am, white-faced; (as), m. epithet of Garuda. - Sita-