hinder part of a carriage; mechanism to stop a carriage (?).

स्पालि apāli (apa-ali), is, is, i, free from ali or bees, &c.

wurq apā-vri (apa-ā°), cl. 5. P., Ved. -vrinoti, -varitum, -rītum, to open; to cover; (in the first sense apāvri is said to be for apa-vri, the final of apa being lengthened.)

Apā-vrita, as, ā, am, open, laid open; covered, concealed, enclosed; nnrestrained, self-willed.

Apā-vrīti, is, f. or apā-varana, am, n. laying open, enclosing, surrounding; covering, concealing, screening.

अपार्त apā-vṛit (apa-ā°), cl. 1. A. -vartate, -titum, to turn away, to return, to abstain from, to come to nought.

Apā-vartana, am, n. turning away or from; retreat, returning; repulse.

Apā-vrit, t, t, t, Ved. returning.

 $Ap\bar{a}$ -vritta, as, \bar{a} , am, (with abl.) turned away from; averted; abstaining from, rejecting, despising; reversed, repelled; (am), n. the rolling on the ground (of a horse).

Apā-vritti, is, f. retreat, returning; repulse.

अपाइया a-pāśyā, f. no great number of nooses or fetters (i. e. a few).

স্বাস্থ 1. apāśraya (apa-āś°), as, ā, am, helpless, destitute.

अपाधि 1. apā-śri (apa-ā°), cl. 1. P. -śra-yati, -yitum, to resort to; to use, practice.

2. apā-śraya, as, m. refuge, recourse, the person or thing to which recourse is had for refuge; an awning spread over a court or yard.

Apā-śrita, as, ā, am, resting on; resorting to.

सपाष्टि apāshṭi, is, f., Ved. the heel.

NOTE apā-shṭha, as, m., Ved. barb of an arrow; (am), n. what remains of the Soma plant after it has been pressed out.—Apāshṭha-vat, ān, atī, at, Ved. baving barbs; (vat), ind. like the remainder of the Soma plant (?).

sure apās (apa-as), cl. 4. P. apāsyati,
-situm, to fling away, throw away or off, to discard;
to scare, drive away; leave behind, leave in a deserted
condition; to desert, to take no notice of, disregard;
reject.

Apasana, am, n. throwing away; quitting, fore-

going, discarding; killing, slaughter.

Apāsita, as, ā, am, thrown or cut down, injured, destroyed.

Apāsta, as, ā, am, thrown off, set aside; driven away, expelled; abandoned, discarded; disregarded, contemned.

Apāsya, ind. having thrown away or discarded, having left, having disregarded, having excepted. Apāsyat, an, antī, at, discarding, throwing off, &c.

अपासङ्ग apā-sanga, as, m. (rt. sanj), a

quiver; also upāsanga. सपासरण apā-saraņa, am, n. (rt. sṛi), de-

parting, departure, removal.

Apā-srita, as, ā, am, gone, departed, gone away.

अपासि apāsi (apa-asi), is, is, i, having a bad or no sword.

अपास apāsu (apa-asu), us, us, u, lifeless.

जपाहा apā-hā (apa-ā°), el. 3. P. -jahāti, -hātum, to leave, omit, reject.

Apā-hāya, ind. excepting; except.

with api, or sometimes pi (as a particle or preposition prefixed to verbs and nouns), expresses placing near or over, uniting to, annexing, reaching to, proximity, &cc. [cf. Gr. $\ell\pi i$; Zend api; Germ. and Eng. prefix be]; in later Sanskrit its place seems frequently supplied by abhi.

(As a separable adv.) and, also, moreover, besides, assuredly, surely; api api or api-ća, as well as; na vāpi or na apivā or na nacāpi, neither, nor; cāpi, (and at the beginning of a sentence) api-ća, moreover.

Api is often used to express emphasis, in the sense of even, also, very; e. g. anyad api, also another, something more; adyāpi, this very day, even now; tathāpi, even thus, notwithstanding; yady api, even if, although; yadyapi tathāpi, although, nevertheless; na kadācid api, never at any time: sometimes in the sense of but, only, at least, e. g. muhūrtam api, only a moment.

Api may be affixed to an interrogative to make it indefinite, e. g. ko'pi, any one; kutrāpi, anywhere. Api imparts to numerals the notion of totality, e. g. caturaām api varnānām, of all the four castes.

Api may be interrogative at the beginning of a sentence.

Api may strengthen the original force of the potential, or may soften the imperative, like the English 'be pleased to;' sometimes it is a mere expletive.

Api tu, but, but yet.

Api-tva, am, n., Ved. having part, share. - Api-tvin, i, inī, i, Ved. having part, sharing.

Api-nāma, perhaps, in all probability.

स्पिकश api-kaksha, as, m., Ved. the region of the arm-pits and shoulder-blades, especially in animals; N. of a man; $(\bar{a}s)$, m. pl. the descendants of this man.

Api-kakshya, as, ā, am, Ved. connected with the region of the arm-pits, or that which binds to the kaksha.

अपिकरो api-karṇa, am, n., Ved. the region of the ears.

अपिकृत api-krit, cl. 6. P. -krintati, -kartitum, to cut off.

अपिधि api-kshi, Caus. -kshāpayati, -yi-tum, to annihilate, to make away with.

खिपगम् api-gam, cl. 1. P. -gabéhati, -gantum, to go into, enter, approach, join; to approach a woman.

Api-gata, as, ā, am, gone into, entered, come near, approached, joined.

अपिगा api-gā, cl. 3. P. -jigāti, -gātum, to enter, get into, mingle with.

ऋषिगीर्के api-gīrņa, as, ā, am, praised, celebrated.

wite, api-grah, cl. 9. P. A. -grihnāti, nīte, -grahītum, to receive; to stop; to close (the mouth, nose, &c.).

Api-grihya Ved., or api-grāhya, as, ā, am, to be received.

अपियस api-ghas, cl. 1. P. -ghasati, -ghastum, to eat off or away.

संपिचिल a-piććhila, as, ā, am, clear, free from sediment or soil.

खाँपन api-ja, as, m. born after, born again; epithet of several divinities.

ऋषिगाड a-piṇḍa, as, ā, am, without funeral cakes.

अपित् 1. a-pit, t, t, t (rt. pi), Ved. not swelling, dry; waterless.

अपित 2. a-pit, t, t, t, (in gram.) not having the it or Anu-bandha p.

अपित a-pitri, tā, m. not a father.

A-pitrika, as, ā, am, not ancestral or paternal, uninherited; fatherless.

A-pitrya, as, \bar{a} , am, uninherited, not ancestral or aternal.

अपिदह api-dah, cl. 1. P., Ved. -dahati, -dagdhum, to singe.

अपिदृभ् api-dribh, cl. 6. P., Ved. -dribhati or -drimbhati, -darbhitum, to rely upon.

अपिदो api-do, cl. 4. P., Ved. -dyati, -dātum, to cut off.

संपिधा api-dhā, cl. 3. P. A. -dadhāti, -dhatte, -dhātum, to put to, shut, close, cover, conceal.

Api-dhāna or pi-dhāna, am, n. covering, concealment; a cover, a lid, a cloth for covering. — Apidhāna-vat, ān, atī, at, Ved. having a cover; concealed.

Api-dhi, is, m. concealment.

Api-hita or pi-hita, as, ā, am, shut, covered, concealed.

अपिनह api-nah or pi-nah, cl. 4. P.-nahyati, -naddhum, to tie on, fasten.

Api-naddha or pi-naddha, as ā, am, tied on; clothed, accourted.

अपिनी api-nī, cl. 1. P. -nayati, -netum, to lead towards or to, bring to a state or condition.

सपिपद् api-pad, cl. 4. A.-padyate, -pattum, to go in, enter.

स्तिपपास a-pipāsa, as, ā, am, free from thirst; satisfied.

अपिपृच api-prić, cl. 7. P. A., Ved. -prinakti, -prinkte, -parcitum, to mix with.

अपिप्राण api-prāṇa, as, ī, am, Ved. breathing upon, vivifying, animating (?).

अपिबद्ध api-baddha, as, ā, am, fastened; connected with.

ज्ञिपभाग api-bhāga, as, ā, am, Ved. having part in, sharing in.

अपिमृष् api-mrish, cl. 4. P. A. -mrishyati, -te, -marshitum, to forget, neglect.

अपिवृ api-vṛi, cl. 5. P. -vṛiņoti, -varitum, -rītum, to conceal.

Api-vrita, as, a, am, concealed, covered.

अपित्रत api-vrata, as, m. sharing in the same religious acts, related by blood.

सिपश्चिर api-sarvara, as, ā, am, Ved. contiguous to the night; being at the beginning or end of the night; (am), n. evening-time or morning-time.

अपिशल apiśala, as, m., N. of a man; (ās), m. pl. the descendants of Apiśala.

अपिशस api-śas, f. (only used in abl.), Ved. slitting, ripping up.

अपिशुन a-piśuna, as, ā, am, unmalicious, upright, honest.

अपिष्टुत api-shṭuta, as, ā, am (rt. stu), praised.

जिपसिच् api-sić, cl. 6. P. -sinćati, -sektum, to sprinkle with.

स्रपिहित api-hita. See api-dhā.

सपो apī (api-i), cl. 2. P. apy-eti, -tum, to go in or near, to enter into or upon; to come near, approach; to partake, have a share in; to suffer; to join; to pour out (as a river); to dissolve; to enter the other world, to die.

Api-yat, an, atī, at, coming near.

apīta, as, ā, am, gone into, entered, approached.
 Apīti, is, f., Ved. entering into, encountering, joining battle, junction; dissolving.

Apy-aya, coming near, union. See s. v.

अपीच्य apīćya, as, ā, am (fr. api-anć), Ved. secret, hidden (incorrectly for apīvya, q.v.).