unfit, unsuitable; useless, unprofitable, vain; (am),] ind. unfitly, unsuitably. - A-yathā-tathya, am, n. unsuitableness, unprofitableness, incompatibility. - Ayathā-dyotana, am, n. intimation of something unexpected. - A-yathā-pūrva or a-yathā-pura, as, ā, am, unprecedented. - A-yathā-balam, ind. not according to one's power. - A-yathā-mātra, as, ā, am, not according to measure. - A-yathāmukhīna, as, ā, am, having the face turned away. - A-ya-thārtha (cthā-arc), as, ā, am, not according to the sense or object, incongruous, unmeaning, nonsensical; improper, unfitting. - A-yathā-vat, ind. inaccurately, erroneously. - A-yathāśāstra-kārin, ī, ini, i, not acting in accordance with the scripture. -A-yatheshta (°thā-ish°), as, ā, am, not as wished; disliked, disapproved of; insufficient, not enough. - A-yathoćita (°thā-uć'), as, ā, am, unworthily, unsuitably.

अयदीधित aya-dīkshita, as, m., N. of an author.

अयन ayana, &c. See under ay, p. 78.

अयन्त a-yantra, am, n., Ved. non-restraint, not a means of restraining; having no restraint; a powerful weapon for restraining enemies.

A-yantrita, as, ā, am, unhindered, unrestrained, self-willed.

अयमित a-yamita, as, ā, am, unchecked, untrimmed, unpaired, unclipped.

अपन 1. ayava, as, ā, am, deficient; (as), m., N. of a worm bred in the intestines.

अयव 2. a-yava, as, m. or a-yavan, ā, m. or a-yavas, as, n. the dark half of the month.

स्यव 3. a-yava, as, ā, am, or a-yavaka, as, ikā, am, having worthless or no barley.

A-yavya, as, ā, am, unfit for barley.

अयशस a-yasas, as, n. infamy; (ās, ās, as), infamous, disagreeable.— Ayasas-kara, as, ā or ī, am, disgraceful, degrading.

A-yasasya, as, ā, am, infamous.

अयस ayas, ās, ās, as (fr. rt. i), going, nimble; (as), n. iron, steel, gold, metal [cf. Lat. es, er-is for es-is; Goth. ais, Them. aisa; Old Germ. êr, 'iron;' Goth. eisarn; Mod. Germ. Eisen]; (ās), m. fire. — Ayaḥ-pāna, am, n. a particular hell. - Ayah-pratimā, f. iron image. - Ayahsanku, us, m., N. of an Asura. - Ayah-saya, as, ā, am, Ved. lying in iron, made of iron (said of fire). - Ayah-sipra, as, ā, am, Ved. having jaws or a nose of iron. - Ayah-siras, as, m., N. of an Asura. - Ayah-sirshan, a, a, ved. having a head of iron. - Ayah-śūla, am, n. an iron lance; fraudulent or cunning artifice. - Ayah-sthuna or ayas-sthūņa or aya-sthūņa, as, ī, am, Ved. having iron pillars or spikes; (as), ni., N. of a Rishi. - Ayasdūrņa, am, n. iron filings. - Ayas-kansa, as, am, m. n. an iron goblet. - Ayas-kānda, as, am, m. n. an iron arrow. - Ayas-kānta, as, m. a precious stone, the loadstone. - Ayas-kāra, as, m. a blacksmith; the upper part of the thigh (?). - Ayas-kīṭa, am, n. rust of iron. - Ayas-kumbha, as, ī, m. f. an iron pot or boiler. - Ayas-kuśā, f. a rope partly consisting of iron. - Ayas-kriti, is, f. preparation of iron. - Ayas-tāpa, as, ā, am, making iron red-hot. - Ayas-pātra, am, n. an iron vessel. - Ayas-maya, as, i, am, Ved. made of iron or of metal; (as), m., N. of a son of Manu Svāroćisha; (1), f., N. of one of the three residences of the Asuras.

For compounds beginning ayo, see s.v. ayo-guda. Ayasa may be used for ayas at the end of compounds, as kṛishṇāyasa, q.v.

अया $ay\bar{a}$, ind. (fr. pronominal base $a = anay\bar{a}$), Ved. in this manner, thus.

अयाचक u-yāćaka, as, ikā, am (rt. yāć), one who does not ask or solicit.

A-yāćita, as, ā, am; unasked, unsolicited; ayā-

citam, ind. without being asked; (as), m., N. of the Rishi Upavarsha. — Ayācita-vritti, is, f. or ayācita-vrata, am, n. subsisting on alms without begging.

A-yāćin, ī, inī, i, not soliciting.

स्थान्य $a-y\bar{a}jya$, as, \bar{a} , am (rt.yaj), a person or thing for whom or for which one must not offer sacrifices; outcast, degraded; not competent to offer sacrifice; incapable of or inadmissible to religious ceremonies. — $Ay\bar{a}jya-tva$, am, n. the state of an outcast. — $Ay\bar{a}jya-y\bar{a}jana$ or $ay\bar{a}jya-samy\bar{a}jya$, am, n, sacrificing for an outcast.

ञ्चयातपूर्व a-yāta-pūrva, as, ā, am, following, subsequent to, succeeding.

स्थातयाम a-yātayāma, as, ā, am, Ved. not weak; not worn out by use; fresh; (am), n., N. of certain texts of the Yajur-veda, revealed to Yājnaval-kya. — Ayātayāma-tā, f., Ved. unweakened strength, freshness.

A-yātayāman, ā, mnī, a, Ved. not weak, fresh.

स्यातु a-yātu, us, us, u, Ved. not demoniacal; free from evil spirits; (us), m. not a demon, the opposite of an evil spirit.

स्यायाचिक a-yāthārthika, as, ī, am, improper, unjust; not genuine, not real, incongruous, absurd. A-yāthārthya, am, n. impropriety, unfitness, absurdity, nonsense.

अयान a-yāna, am, n. not moving, halting, stopping; natural disposition or temperament: (in the last sense the etymology is doubtful.)

अयानय ayānaya (°ya-an°), am, n. good and bad luck; (as), m. a particular position of the pieces on a chess or backgammon board.

Ayānayīna, as, m. a piece at chess or backgammon so moved.

अयावक a-yāvaka, as, ā, am, unstained with lac-dye, naturally red.

अयावन a-yāvana, am, n. not causing to unite.

ञ्जयाञ्च a-yāśu, us, us, u, Ved. unfit for copulation.

भ्रयास् a-yās (?), ās, m. (rt. yas), Ved. agile (without effort), dexterous, nimble; (ās), ind. fire (?). A-yāsya, as, ā, am, Ved. not to be obtained by effort, indefatigable; valiant; enterprising; (as), m., N. of an Angiras; mystical name of the chief vital air.

अयासोमीय ayāsomīya, am, n., N. of some verses of the Sāma-veda.

ञ्जरि ayi, ind. a vocative particle; a particle of encouragement or introducing a kind enquiry.

खाँचन ayin, ī, inī, i (rt. i), at the end of compounds, going, e. g. atyayin, q.v.

अपुन्त a-yukta, as, ā, am (rt. yuj), not yoked, not joined, not united, not married; not hamessed; not connected; not suited, unfit, unsuitable; not attentive, not devout; negligent, not dexerous, unpractised, untrue, wrong; indecent.— A-yukta-krit, t, t, t, committing wrong acts.— Ayukta-cāra, as, m. (a king &c.) who does not appoint spies.— Ayukta-tā, f. or ayukta-tva, am, n. the not being used.— Ayukta-padārtha, as, m. the sense of a word to be supplied.— Ayukta-rūpa, as, ā, am, unfit, unsuitable.

A-yukti, is, f. disunion, separation; unreasonableness, want of conformity to correct principles or to analogy; impropriety, unfitness.

A-yuga or a-yugala, as, ā, am, separate, single, odd. - Ayugārćis (°ga-ar°), is, m. fire.

A-yugapad, ind. not at once, gradually, seriatim.

- Ayugapad-grahana, am, n. apprehending gradually and not simultaneously. - Ayugapad-bhāva, as, m. successiveness.

A-yugma, as, ā, am, not in couples, separate, single; odd, uneven.— Ayugma-&hada, as, m., N. of the plant Alstonia Scholaris.— Ayugma-netra, as, m., N. of Siva.— Ayugma-sara, as, m., N. of the god of love ('having an odd number of arrows').

A-yuj, k, k, k, not existing in couples; odd, uneven. — Ayuk-chada, as, m., N. of a plant, Alstonia Scholaris. — Ayuk-palāša, as, m., N. of a tree. — Ayuk-pāda-yamaka, am, n. a kind of alliteration, viz. the same syllables in the first and third Pāda of a word in a different sense. — Ayuk-sakti, is, m., N. of Siva. — Ayug-ishu, us, m., N. of Kāma, from his having five arrows; see pančeshu. — Ayug-dhātu, us, us, u, having an odd number of elements. — Ayug-vāna, as, m., N. of Kāma. — Ayun-netra or ayug-aksha, as, m., N. of Siva, from his having three eyes; see tri-netra.

A-yuja, as, ā, am, Ved. without a companion, not having an equal; not existing by pairs, separate,

odd.

A-yoga, as, m. separation, disjunction; interval; unfitness, unsuitableness, unconformity; inefficacy of a remedy; medical treatment counter to the symptoms; non-application or mis-application of remedies; vigorous effort, exertion; a widower, an absent lover or husband; inauspicious conjunction of the planets; a conjunction of two planets; (as, ā, am), unconnected with; indistinctly connected with; making vigorous efforts.—Ayoga-vāha, as, m. a term for Anusvāra, Visarjanīya, Upadhmānīya, and Jihvāmūlīya, as standing between vowels and consonants. (For ayo-ga, hammer, see ayo-'gra below.)

A-yogya, as, ā, am, unfit, unsuitable, useless; immaterial; (in phil.) not ascertainable &c. by the senses. - Ayogya-tā, f. or ayogya-tva, am, n. un-

fitness, unsuitableness.

A-yojana, am, n. disunion, separation. A-yauktika, as, ī, am, not conformable to, in-

consistent with.

A-yaugapadya, am, n. uncontemporaneous ex-

istence, unsimultaneousness.

A-yaugika, as, ī, am, having no regular derivation.

अयुङ्ग a-yunga, as, ā, am, Ved. not existing in couples; odd, uneven.

NUT 1. a-yuta, as, ā, am (rt. 2. yu), Ved. not disturbed or interrupted; (as), m., N. of a son of Rādhika. — Ayuta-siddha, as, ā, am, proved to be not separated or interrupted, proved to be inherent. — Ayuta-siddhi, is, f. proof that certain things or notions are not separable.

A-yuva, as, a, am, Ved. undisturbed, unshaken.

myn 2. a-yuta, as, ā, am (rt. 1. yu, to mix), disjoined, detached, not counted; (am), n. ten thousand, a myriad. — Ayuta-jit, t, m., N. of a son of Bhajamāna. — Ayuta-nāyin, ī, m., N. of a king. — Ayuta-šas, ind. by myriads. — Ayuta-homa, as, m. a kind of sacrifice. — Ayutādhyāpaka ('ta-adh'), as, m. a good teacher. — Ayutāyus ('ta-āy'), us, m., N. of a son of Jayasena Ārāvin; of a son of Srutavat. — Ayutāśra ('ta-as'), as, m., N. of a son of Sindhu-dvīpa.

अपुड a-yuddha, as, ā, am (rt. yudh), Ved. unconquered; not fighting; (am), n. not war, absence of war, peace.—A-yuddha-sena, as, m., Ved. whose arrows or armies are unconquered, irresistible.

A-yuddhvī, ind., Ved. without fighting. A-yudha, as, m. a non-fighter.

A-yudhya, as, ā, am, unconquerable.

A-yudhvin, ī, m., Ved. not conquering, not a valiant warrior.

A-yoddhri, dhā, m. no warrior, a bad fighter; unmatched by other warriors.

A-yodhya, as, ā, am, Ved. not to be warred against, irresistible; (ā), f. the capital of Rāma, the modern Oude, on the river Sarayu. — Ayodhyādhipati (vā-adh'), is, m. the sovereign of Ayodhyā. — Ayodhyā-vāsin, ī, inī, i, inhabiting Ayodhyā. A-yaudhika, as, m. not a warrior.