nomy) ascensional equivalents in respirations. - Lag- | nāha ('na-aha), as, m. = lagna-dina.

Lagnaka, as, m. a (fixed) surety or security, one who is responsible; a bondsman, bail.

Lagnikā, f. incorrect for nagnikā, q. v.

लग laga, (in prosody) an iambus. Lagālikā, f. a kind of metre, four times o-o-.

ਲਾਭ lagada, as, ā, am, beautiful, handsome; [cf. ladaha.]

लगत lagata or lagadha, as, m., N. of the author of a work on astronomy.

लगुड laguda, as, m. (perhaps connected with rt. lag), a stick, staff; a club, iron club. - Laguda-hasta, as, m. 'staff-in-hand,' a man armed with a stick or mace, a staff-bearer.

Lagura, as, m. = laguda above.

लग्न lagna, &c. See p. 858, col. 3.

लघर laghat, t, or laghati, is, m. (according to Unadi-s. I. 134. fr. rt. langh), air, wind. Laghanti, f., N. of a river, (also read langhati.)

लघ्य laghaya, laghiman. See p. 860.

लघु laghu, us, -ghvī or us, u (a later form of raghu, q.v.; according to Unadi-s. I. 30. fr. rt. langh), quick, swift, fleet, rapid, light, nimble, active; epithet of a particular mode of flying (pe-culiar to birds); epithet of the Nakshatras Hasta, Aśvini, and Pushya; light, easy, not difficult or heavy; easy of digestion; (in prosody) short or light (i. e. a light vowel as opposed to a guru or heavy, the proper term for a short vowel being hrasva); lightly pronounced (said of the pronunciation of va, as opposed to madhyuma and guru); little, small, narrow, diminutive, slight, unimportant, trivial, insignificant, trifling, of little worth or esti-mation; weak, feeble, wretched, low, lowly, humble, mean, contemptible, vain, frivolous; sapless, pithless; young, younger; soft, low, gentle (as sound; opposed to a-laghu, loud); pleasing, agreeable, pleasant, handsome, beautiful; clean, pure; (u), ind. quickly, rapidly, swiftly; lightly, easily, &c.; con-temptibly, (laghu man, to thiak lightly of, despise); (us), f. Trigonella Corniculata; (ghvi), f. a slender or delicate woman; a light carriage; Trigonella Corniculata; (u), n. a particular measure of time (= 15 Kāshthās = 15 Nāḍikā); Agallochum, a particular kind of Agallochum; the root of Andropogon Muricatus; [cf. Gr. έλαχύ-ε, έλαφρός, λαγώς: Lat. levi-s, levi-ta-s, levare, lepus (for old lephus): Goth. leihts: Old Germ. lîhti: Angl. Sax. lîght: Slav. lig-u-ku: Lith. lengva-s: Hib. lag, 'weak, feeble, faint;' lagudhadh, 'diminution, weakening;' laguighthe, 'weakened, lessened;' laghad, 'fewness, weakness;' lagaighim, 'I weaken;' laigidh, laigse, laigsinn, 'weakness, infirmity;' lugh, 'little, swift, active; 'lughad, 'littleness.'] - Laghu-kankola, as, m. Pimenta Acris. - Laghu-kantakā, f. Mimosa Pudica. - Laghu-karkandhu, us, m. f. a small kind of Zizyphus. - Laghu-karņī, f. a species of plant (= Marāṭhī moravela). - Laghu-kāya, as, ā, am, light-bodied; (as), m. a goat. - Laghukāsmarya, as, m. a kind of tree. - Laghu-koshtha, as, ā, am, having a light stonach, having little in the stomach. - Laghu-kaumudī, f. 'the short Kaumudī,' N. of an epitome of the Siddhanta-kaumudī by Varada-rāja. - Laghu-krama, as, ā, am, having a quick or rapid step, going quickly, hastening; (αm) , ind. with quick step, quickly, hastily. $-L\alpha$ ghu-kriyā, f. a small event, trifle. - Laghu-khatvikā, f. a small bedstead or couch, easy chair. - Laghu-khartara, N. of a family. - Laghugangādhara, as, m. a particular powder or medicine (used in diarrhœa). - Laghu-garga, as, m. a species of fish (probably a variety of the Pimelodus). - Laghu-godhūma, as, m. a small kind of wheat. - Laghu-graha-manjari, is, f., N. of an astrological work. - Laghu-ćandrikā, f., N. of a com-

mentary by Brahmananda-sarasvatī on the Advaitasiddhi (described as a refutation of the Nyāya theory from the point of view of the Vedanta). - Laghucitta, as, a, am, light-minded, little-minded, having little thought, thoughtless, frivolous, fickle, unsteady. - Laghućitta-tā, f. light-mindedness, thoughtlessness, fickleness. - Laghu-citra-hasta, as, a, am, light and ready-handed. - Laghu-cintana, am, n., N. of an epitome of the Mīmānsā Sūtras by Rāghavadeva. - Laghu-cintamant-rasa, as, m. epithet of a particular fluid mixture. - Laghu-cirbhita, f. colocyuth. - Laghu-cetas, as, as, as, little-minded, low-minded, frivolous. - Laghu-cchada, f. a kind of asparagus. - Laghu-cchedya, as, a, am, easy to be cut, easy to be extirpated, easily annihilated or destroyed. - Laghu-jangala, as, m. a sort of quail (=lābaka). - Laghu-jātaka, am, n., N. of a short work by Varāha-mihira on horoscopes. - Laghujātiviveka, as, m. 'the short Jāti-viveka,' N. of a work. - Laghu-tara, as, a, am, more quick, lighter, easier, &c. (= laghīyas). - Laghu-tā, f. or laghutva, am, n. quickness, rapidity, agility, activity; lightness, levity, ease, facility; shortness; smallness, littleness, lowness, meanness, insignificance, unimportance, thoughtlessness, levity, frivolity; wantonness; want of rank or dignity, humbleness of origin; disregard, disrespect. - Laghu-danti, f. a small kind of Croton. - Laghu-dipikā, f., N. of a commentary. - Laghu-dundubhi, is, m. a small drum. - Laghu-drākshā, f. a small stoneless grape (commonly called Kishmish). - Laghu-drāvin, ī, iņī, i, fusing or liquefying easily, flowing rapidly (said of quicksilver) .- Laghu-dvāravatī, f. the young or recent Dvara-vatī, i. e. the more modern part of the town. - Laghu-nābha-mandala, am, n., N. of a particular mystical circle. - Laghu-nāman, a, a. Agallochum. - Laghu-nāradīya, am, n. the short Nāradīya. - Laghu-nyāya-sudhā, f., N. of a commentary on the Sata-śloki. - Laghu-nyāsa, as, m., N. of a grammatical treatise. - Laghu-pancamula, am, n. the smaller Pańća-mūla, q. v. - Laghu-paṇ-dita, as, m., N. of an author. - Laghu-patanaka, as, m. 'quickly flying, lightly falling,' N. of a crow (in the Hitopadeśa). - Laghu-pattraka, as, m. a kind of plant (=rocanī). - Laghu-pattra-phalā, f. = laghūdumbarikā. - Laghu-pattrī, f. a species of plant. - Laghu-paddhati, is, f., N. of a work. Laghu-parāśara, as, m. the shorter Parāśara.
 Laghu-paribhāshā-vṛitti, is, f., N. of a short commentary on the grammatical Paribhāshās. - Laghu-parnī, f. = laghu-karnī. - Laghu-pāka, as, m. easy digestion, digestibility; (as, a, am), easy of digestion, easily digested. - Laghu-pākin, ī, inī, i, easily digested. - Laghu-pātin, ī, inī, i, quickly flying, lightly falling or alighting; (i), m., N. of a crow. - Laghu-picchila, as, m. Cordia Myxa. - Laghu-pulastya, as, m. the shorter or lesser Pulastya. - Laghu-pushpa, as, m. a kind of Kadamba. - Laghu-prayatna, as, a, am, using little effort, indolent, impotent; pronounced with slight articulation. - Laghu-badara, as, ī, m. f. a kind of jujube tree. - Laghu-buddha-purāņa, anı, n., N. of an epitome of the Lalita-vistara. - Lanhubodha, as, m. 'easily understood,' N. of a grammar. - Laghu-brahmavaivarta, am, n., N. of an epitome of the Brahma-vaivarta. - Laghu-brāhmī, f. a species of plant. - Laghu-bhava, as, m. a low station, humble birth. - Laghu-bhāgavata, am, n. the short Bhagavata. - Laghu-bhava, as, m. light state, lightness, ease, facility. - Laghu-bhuj, k, k, k, eating little. - Laghu-bhūshana-kānti, is, f., N. of a commentary. - Laghu-bhojana, am, n. a light repast, slight refreshment. - Laghu-manjūshā, f., N. of a commentary. - Laghu-mantha, as, m. = kshudrāgnimantha, Premua Spinosa. - Laghumansa, as, m. 'having light (i.e. easily digested) flesh, 'a kind of partridge; (i), f. a kind of Valeriana.

- Laghu-mānasa, N. of an astronomical work. - Laghu-mitra, am, n. a slight or weak friend, an ally of little power or value. - Laghu-mūla, am, n.

(in algebra) the lesser root of an equation, the least

root with reference to the additive quantities; (as, ā, am), having a small root or beginning, easily commenced. - Laghu-mūlaka, am, n. a radish. - Laghu-yama, as, m. 'the short Yama,' N. of a particular recension of Yama's law-book. - Laghurāśi, is, is, i, (in arithmetic) composed of fewer terms (as a side in an equation; opposed to bahu-rāśi, q. v.). - Laghu-laya, am, n. the root of a fragrant Andropogon Muricatus. - Laghu-lalita-vistara, N. of an extract from the Lalita-vistara. - Laghuvasishṭha-siddhānta or laghu-vāsishṭha-siddhānta, as, m., N. of an epitome of the Vasishtha-sid-dhānta. - Laghu-vākya-vritti, is, f., N. of certain Vedānta precepts by Sankarāćārya. - Laghu-vārttika, am, n., N. of the last eight books of the Tantra-vārttika; of a metrical epitome of the MImānsā Sūtras by Kumārila. - Laghu-vāsas, ās, ās, as, thinly or lightly dressed; wearing clean or pure clothing. - Laghu-vikrama, as, m. a quick step; (as, a, am), having a quick step, quick-footed, with hasty step, hastening. - Laghu-vivara-tva, am, n. the state of having a narrow opening. - Laghu-vishnu, us, m. 'the short Vishnu,' N. of a particular recension of Vishnu's law-book. - Laghu-vritti, is, f. a short commentary; N. of a particular commentary; (is, is, i), badly behaved, illconducted, ill-conditioned, of low practices, low, vile; ill-done, mismanaged; having a light nature, light. - Laghuvritti-ta, f. insignificance, meanness; bad conduct, mismanagement. - Laghu-vedhin, i, ini, i, easily piercing, cleverly hitting. - Laghu-vaiyā-karaṇa-siddhānta-manjūshā, f., N. of an epitome of the Vaiyākarana-siddhānta-manjūsha. - Laghusabdaratna, am, n., N. of an epitome of the Sabda-ratna. - Laghu-sabdendu-sekhara, as, m., N. of a commentary on the Siddhānta-kaumudī (being an epitome of the Sabdendu-śekhara). – Laghu-samī, f. a kind of Acacia. - Laghu-sāntipurāna, am, n. an epitome of the Santi-purana. - Laghu-sikhara-tāla, as, m., N. of a particular time in music. - Laghu-sivapurāna, am, n. the short Siva-purāna. - Laghu-saunakī, f. ' the shorter Saunakī,' N. of a work. - Laghu-sangraha, as, m. and laghn-sangrahiņi-sūtra, am, n., N. of two works. - Laghu-sattva, as, ā, am, 'weak-natured,' having a weak or fickle character, having an easy disposition. - Laghusattva-tā, f. weakness of character, fickleness. - Laghu-sankhya-vritti or laghu-sānkhya-sūtra-vritti, is. f., N. of an epitome of the Sānkhya-pravaćaoa-bhāshya. - Laghu-sāra, as, a, am, of little importance, insignificant, unimportant, worthless. - Laghu-siddhanta-kaumudī, f. = laghu-kaumudī, q. v. - Laghu-siddhāntaćandrikā, f., N. of a commentary. - Laghu-sudarsana, am, n. a particular medicinal powder. - Laghu-syada. as, ā, am, = raghu-shyad, going quickly. - Laghu-hasta, as, a, am, light-handed, readyhanded, active, nimble, expert, clever; (as), m. 2 good archer. - Laghuhasta-ta, f. or laghuhastatra, am, n. ready-handedness, activity, expertness. - Laghuhasta-vat, ān, atī, at, = laghu-hasta. - Laghu-hārīta, as, m. 'the short Hārīta,' N. of a particular recension of Harīta's law-book. - Laghuhridaya, as, ā, am, light-hearted, fickle. - Laghuhema-dugdhā, f. Ficus Oppositifolia. - Laghū-karana, am, n. the act of making light, making less, lessening, diminishing, diminution; thinking little of, contemning. - Laghū-kṛita, as. ā, am, made light, reduced in weight, made easier or shorter, abbreviated; lessened, reduced in importance, made insignificant; thought lightly of. - Laghükti (oghu-), is, f. a brief mode of expression. - Laghutthana (oghu-uto) or laghu-samutthana, as, a, am, making active efforts, doing work rapidly. - Laghūdumbarikā (°yhu-ud°), f. Ficus Oppositifolia. - Laghv-anjīra, am, n. a small fig. - Laghv-atri, is, m. 'the short Atri,' N. of a particular recension of Atri's law-book. — Laghv-ādy-uḍnmbarāhvā (°ra-āh°), f.= laghūdumbarikā. - Laghv-āryasiddhanta, as, m. an abbreviation of the Arya-siddhanta. - Laghv-āsin, ī, inī, i, or laghv-āhāra,