dew-drop, an icicle, hoar frost. — Tushāra-kāla, as, m. winter, the cold season. — Tushāra-kīraṇa, as, m. the moon ('having cold rays'). — Tushāra-giri, is, m. the snowy mountain, the Himālaya. — Tushāra-gaura, as, ī, am, white as snow, white with snow; camphor. — Tushāra-raśmi, is, m. the moon; [cf. tushāra-tiraṇa.] — Tushārādri ('ra-ad'), is, m. or tushāra-parvata or tushāra-saila, as, m. the Himālaya mountain.

तुर्वित tushita, tushii, &c. Sec under rt. tush. तृष्ट्र tushiu, us, m. a jewel worn in the ears.

TH tus, cl. 1. P. tosati, &c., to sound.

तुस tusa, as, m. the husk of corn or rice, = tusha, q.v.

नुस्त tusta, as, am, m.n. dust; husk; (a various reading for busta); [cf. tūsta; Angl. Sax. and Eng. dust.]

तुह tuh, cl. 1. P. tohati, &c., to hurt, pain, kill.

तुहर tuhara, as, m., N. of one of the attendants of Skanda; (also written tuhāra.)

Then tuhina, as, ā, am (said to be fr. rt. tuh), cold, frigid, frosty; (am), n. mist, dew, snow, frost, cold; moonlight, moonshine; camphor; (ā), f., N. of a tree, = śuka-nāsa; [cf. tushāra; Hib. deigh, 'ice.'] — Tuhina-haṇa, as, m. a dew-drop; snow-flake. — Tuhina-haṇa, as, m. 'cold-rayed,' the moon. — Tuhina-kirana-putra, as, m. the son of the moon, the planet Mercury. — Tuhina-dyuti, is, m. or tuhina-raśmi, is, m. 'cold-rayed,' the moon. — Tuhina-sarkarā, f. a piece of ice, ice. — Tuhina-saila, as, m. asnowy mountain, a snowy peak, the Himālaya. — Tuhinānsu (°na-an²), us, m. 'cold-rayed,' the moon; camphor. — Tuhinānsu-taila, am, n. oil of camphor. — Tuhinānādala (°na-ac²), as, m. or tuhinādri (°na-ad²), is, m. a snow mountain, a snowy peak, the Himālaya.

तुहुएड tuhunda, as, m., N. of a Dānava; of a son of Dhrita-rāshṭra.

त्व tūkha, as, m., N. of a man.

नूड tūḍ (=tuḍ), cl. 1. P. tūḍati, &c., to split; to slight, disrespect.

tūn [cf. kūn and cūn], cl. 10. P. tūnayati, -yitum, to shrink, contract, close as the eyelids, wink; A. tūnayate, to fill, fill up.

Two tuna, as,  $\bar{\imath}$ , m. f. (this word appears to be connected with the preceding root, which may perhaps be formed from it), a quiver; ( $\bar{\imath}$ ), f. an internal disease by which the anus and the bladder become painfully affected; the Indigo plant; [cf. Slav.  $t\bar{u}l$ , 'quiver.'] —  $T\bar{u}na$ - $dh\bar{a}ra$ , as, m. a quiver-bearer (a kind of officer). —  $T\bar{u}na$ -nukha, am, n. the mouth or opening of a quiver. —  $T\bar{u}na$ -vat,  $\bar{u}n$ ,  $at\bar{\imath}$ , at, furnished with a quiver.

Tūṇi, is, m. a quiver [cf. tūṇa and tūṇī]; N. of a prince, father of Yugan-dhara.

Tūnika or tūnika, as, m., N. of a tree, = nandī-vriksha.

 $T\bar{u}nin$ ,  $\bar{i}$ ,  $in\bar{i}$ , i, having a quiver, quivered;  $(\bar{i})$ , m., N. of a tree, =  $nand\bar{i}$ -vriksha.

Tūnīra, as, am, m.n. a quiver. - Tūnīra-vat, ān, atī, at, provided with a quiver.

নুয়ক tūnaka, as, m. a kind of metre consisting of four lines of fifteen syllables each.

त्याच tūṇava, as, m., Ved. a wind instrument, a flute (?). — Tūṇava-dhma, as, m., Ved. a flute-player (?).

तूरिक tūṇika, tūṇīka. See above.

त्तक tūtaka, am, n. = tuttha, blue vitriol.

तूत्रान tūtujāna, as, ā, am (fr. rt. 2. tuj), Ved. hastening, quick, eager, ardent.

Tūtuji, is, is, i, Ved. quick, swift; (a various reading has tūtujit.)

त्रुम tūtumu, as, ā, am, Ved. granting much (?); (Sāy.) quick, active; [cf. tumra.]

तृह  $t\bar{u}da$ , as,  $m. = t\bar{u}la$ -vriksha, the cotton tree; also =  $\tilde{v}$ , the mulberry tree; Thespesia Populacoides; (i), f., N. of a district,

त्पर tupara, as, ā, am, Ved. hornless, (often applied to a goat, and sometimes used alone to denote 'a hornless goat.')

तूनर tūbara, see tūvara; tūbarikā, tubarī, and tūbarīkā, f.=tubarikā, a kind of earth.

त्य  $t\bar{u}ya$ , as,  $\bar{a}$ , am (fr. rt. 2. tu), Ved. strong, powerful; (Sāy.) quick, not delaying; ( $\alpha m$ ), n. water; ( $\alpha m$ ), ind. quickly, swiftly.

1. tūr [cf. rt. 1. tur and tvar], cl. 4. A. tūryate, &c., to go quickly, make haste; to kill, hurt, injure.

तूर 2. tûr, r, r, r (fr. tvar), hastening; a courier; (r), f. speed, swift motion, swiftness; [cf. 2. tur.]

 $\pi$   $t\bar{u}ra$ , am,  $n = 1 \cdot t\bar{u}rya$ , any musical instrument; ( $\bar{i}$ ), f. a thom-apple; [cf. ardha- $t\bar{u}ra$ .]

त्री tūrghna, am, n., N. of the northern part of Kuru-kshetra.

au tūrņa, as, ā, am (fr. rt. turv and tvar), quick, expeditious; fleet; (am), n. rapidity, quickness; (am), ind. quick, swift, quickly, speedily, in haste; [cf. Hib. tonn, 'quick.] — Tūrņa-vani, quickly honouring or serving, (a word made by Yāska to explain the etymology of turvani, q.v.) — Tūrņo-dila ('na-ud'), as, ā, am, spoken quickly, uttered rapidly.

Türnaha, as or am, m. or n. (?), a sort of rice which ripens quickly.

 $T\bar{u}rn\bar{t}$ , is, is, i, Ved. quick, swift, expeditious; clever, zealous; (is), m. f. speed, velocity, expedition; (is), m. the mind; a Sloka; dirt, excrement.  $-T\bar{u}rny$ -artha, as,  $\bar{a}$ , am, Ved. pursuing an object with zeal, eager to accomplish a purpose; (Sāy.) going quickly.

Tūrta, as, ā, am, Ved. quick, speedy.

तूणाञ turṇāśa, am, n., Ved. water; a waterfall (?).

THE I. tūrya, am, n., Ved. an abstract noun of 2. tur, occurring at the end of comp. [cf. aptūrya under apta, &c.]; (as, am), m. n. a musical instrument, of which four kinds are sometimes reckoned, (wind instruments, stringed instruments, &c.); sa-tūrya, accompanied by music; sa-tūryam, with music; [cf. mangala-t°, mrityu-t°, yāma-t°, taurya.] — Tūrya-khaṇḍa, as, m. a musical instrument, a sort of tabor. — Tūrya-maya, as, ĭ, am, representing music, musical. — Tūryaugha (°yaogha), as, m. a band of instruments.

तूर्य 2. tūrya, as, ā, am (for turya), a fourth, a quarter.

त्रयोग tūrvayāṇa, as, ā, am (fr. rt. turv), Ved. overpowering; (Sāy.) going quickly, having a rapid course (as if tūrva-yāna); (as), m., N. of a man.

Tūrvi, is, is, i, Ved. excelling, superior; (Sāy.) quick, rapid.

tūl [cf. tul], cl. 1. P. and according to some cl. 10. P. A. tūlati, tūlayati,

-te, &cc., to ascertain quantity or weight; to weigh, measure; to fill; [cf. rt. tūn.]

त्ल tūla, am, n. a tuft of grass or reeds &c.; the panicle of a flower or plant; (as, am), m. n. cotton; (am), n. the mulberry, Morus Indica; the thorn-apple; the sky, air, atmosphere;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. the cotton tree; the wick of a lamp, cotton twisted into that form for applying unquents &c.; (1), f. cotton; the wick of a lamp; a weaver's fibrous stick or brush, a painter's brush &c.; the Indigo plant; [cf. indra-tūla &c.] - Tūla-kārmuka or tūla-čāpa, am, n. or tūla-dhanus, us, n. 'cotton-bow,' i. e. a bow or similarly shaped instrument used for cleaning cotton. - Tula-nālī or tula-nālikā, f. 'cotton-tube,' i.e. a thick roll of cotton which is drawn out in spinning. - Tūla-piću, us, m. = tūla or piću, cotton. - Tūla-mūla, N. of a district on the Candra-bhāgā. - Tūla-vriksha, as, m. the cotton tree. - Tūla-śarkarā, f. a pod or seed of the cotton plant, any seed yielding a similar substance. —  $T\bar{u}l\alpha$ -secana, am, n. the act of spinning (' sprinkling or moistening the cotton').

Tūlaka, am, n. cotton.

 $T\bar{u}li$ , is, f. a painter's brush or pencil or a fibrous stick so used and for other purposes; [cf.  $t\bar{u}l\bar{\imath}$  under  $t\bar{u}la$ .] —  $T\bar{u}li$ - $phal\bar{a}$ , f. the silk-cotton tree.

Tūlikā, f. a pencil, a brush, a painter's brush or stick with a fibrous extremity used as one; a wick or twist of cotton either for a lamp or for applying unguents, a whisk of any soft substance, &cc.; a kind of probing-rod; a mattress or quilt filled with cotton, a bed, a down or cotton bed; an ingot mould.

 $T\bar{u}lin\bar{i}$ , f. the silk-cotton tree; a kind of bulbous plant, =  $lakshman\bar{a}$ -kanda.

त्वर tūvara, as, ā, am, = tuvara, astringent; (as), m. an astringent taste; a bull without homs [cf. tūpara] though of an age to have them; a beardless man; a eunuch; (ī), f. a fragrant earth, = tuvarī.

Tūvaraka, as, ā, am, unmanly; a eunuch; (used as a taunt or abusive epithet.)

Tūvarikā, f. = tuvarikā, a kind of earth.

tūsh (= tush), cl. 1. P. tūshati, &c., to be satisfied or pleased; to satisfy.

त्य tüsha, as, am, m. n., Ved. a lappet, the border or fringe of a garment.

Tush tūshnīm, ind. (fr. rt. tush with the termination nīm, as in idānīm, tadānīm, &c.; cf. josham fr. rt. 1. jush), silent, in silence, silently, quietly, still, sofily, without speaking, without noise. — Tūshnīm-sansa, as, m., Ved. silent recitation, certain formulas or verses to be recited; [cf. Russ. tishtna, 'silence, tranquillity: Lith. tylà, 'silence;' tylà, 'to be silent: Hib. tosa, 'silence, taciturnity;' tosdadh, 'silencing, confutation.'] — Tūshnīm-sīla, īm. (a place) where the Ganges flows silently. — Tūshnīm-bhāva, as, m. the being silent, silence, taciturnity; (rarely spelt tushnī-bhāva.) — Tūshnīm-bhūta, as, ā, am, being silent, silent. — Tūshnīm-bhūya, as, ā, am, become silent.

 $T\bar{u}sh_n\bar{\imath}ka$ , as,  $\bar{a}$ , am, silent, taciturn;  $(am \text{ or } \bar{a}m)$ , ind. silently, quickly.

तूस tūsta, am, n. (said to be fr. rt. tus), a braid of hair, matted or clotted hair; dust; sin; an atom, any very minute or delicate substance.

तृ tṛi, tā, m. (for stṛi), Ved. a star; [cf. tāra.]

तृह trinh. See rt. trih, p. 383, col. 2.

Trinhana, am, n. crushing, bruising, burting, killing.

Trinhaniya, as, ā, am, to be crushed, killed, &c.

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