of the author of the Kāla-jhāna, a medical work. - Malla-dvādasī, f., N. of the twelsth day in a particular half month. - Malladvādasī-vrata, am, n., N. of a particular religious observance. - Malla-nāga, as, m. a N. of Vātsyāyana, author of the Kāma-sūtras (a work on amorous topics); Indra's elephant; a letter-carrier. - Malla-pura or malla-pura, am, n., N. of a city. - Malla-bandhantara (odha-ano), a particular posture with wrestlers. - Malla-bhū, ūs, f. a wrestling ground, place for athletic contests, a palæstra or arena; the site of any conflict, a field of battle. - Malla-bhūmi, is, f. a wrestling ground. arena for athletic contests; N. of a country. - Malla-yātrā, f. a train or procession of wrestlers, a wrestling match. - Mallayuldha, am, n. 'a prize-fight,' pugilistic encounter, wrestling or boxing match, athletic contest. - Mallarāshtra, am, n., N. of a kingdom. - Malla-vāstu, u, n., N. of a place, see Pan. IV. 2, 120; [cf. mallavāstava.] - Malla-vidyā, f. the art of boxing or wrestling. - Malla-veśa, as, m. a wrestler's dress. - Malla-śālā, f. a room for wrestling or boxing, wrestling place, gymnasium. - Mallari (°la-ari), is, m. 'the enemy of the Asura Malla,' an epithet of Krishna; of Siva; N. of a commentator on the Graha-lāghava (his commentary appears to be called Mallari). - Mallari-mahalmya, am, n., N. of a portion of the Adhyatma-ramayana. - Mallarjuna (°la-ar°), as, m., N. of a king. - Mallasura, as, m. the Asura Malla, N. of an Asura.

Mallaka, as, m. a tooth; a lamp-stand, lamp, any vessel made out of a cocoa-nut shell for holding oil (whether for culinary purposes or for burning as a lamp), an oil vessel; a cup or leaf in which anything is wrapped; N. of a Brāhman;  $(\tilde{a}s)$ , m. pl., N. of a people;  $(ik\bar{u})$ , f. Jasminum Zambac (both the plant and the flower); an earthenware vessel of a peculiar form; a lamp-stand, oil-lamp; a species of fish; N. of a metre, four times - - - - - - ; of another metre, four times 0-00-00-00-00-00-0 - Mallikā-gandha, am, n. a kind of Agallochum; [cf. malli-gandhi.] - Mallikā-chad, t, ot mallikā-chadana, a shade for a lamp. - Mallikāpushpa, as, m. Citrus Decumana; Wrightia Antidysenterica.

मझव mallava, ās, m. pl., N. of a people; (also read ballava.)

मलानकग्राम mallanaka-grāma, as, m., N. of a village.

महार mallara, as, m. epithet of one of the six musical Rāgas or scales; (i), f. epithet of a Rāgiņī, wife of the Rāga Vasanta, also of the Rāga Megha; [cf. mallari under malla.]

मांच malli, is, m. (fr. rt. mall), having, holding; N. of the nineteenth Arhat of the present Ava-sarpinī; (also i), f. (=mallikā), Jasminum Zambac; [cf. bhūri-m°, madhu-mallī.] - Malli-gandhi, is, is, i, smelling like Jasminum Zambac; (i), n. a kind of Agallochum. - Malli-nālha, as, m., N. of a poet and celebrated commentator on the Raghu-vanéa, Kumāra-sambhava, Megha-dūta, Siśupāla-badha, and Kirātārjunīya, (be probably lived in about the fourteenth or fifteenth century.) - Mallipattra, am, n. a mushroom or fungus. - Mallibhūshana-deva, as, m., N. of a man.

मिल्लक mallika, as, m. a kind of goose with dark-coloured (malina) or brown legs and bill; a shuttle; the month Māgha. - Mallikapūrva, as, ā, am, preceded by the word mallika (e. g. matlika-pūrva arjuna = mallikārjuna). - Mallikāksha (°ka-ak°), as, m. epithet of a particular breed of horses (with white spots on the eyes); a kind of goose; (i), f. a female dog with white spots on the eyes. - Mallikakhya ('ka-akh'), as, m. (probably for mallikāksha above), a kind of goose; (a), f. a species of jasmine; [cf. mallika.] - Mallikarjuna ('ka-ar'), as, m. 2 form of Siva;

(am), n. epithet of a Linga consecrated to Siva on the Srī-śaila. - Mallikārjuna-śringa, N. of a place.

मिल्लिका mallikā. See under mallaka, col. 1.

मिल्लिनी mallinī, f. Gærtnera Racemosa.

मिल्लवार mallivura, N. of a place.

मली malli. See under malli, col. 1.

मह्नीकर mallikara, as, m. a thief.

मह्य mallu, us, m. a hear; [cf. bhalla.]

महार mallura (probably a corruption of mandūra), rust of iron; see Unādi-s. IV. 90.

मल malva, as, ā, am, Ved. unwise, foolish, silly; [cf. mālvya.]

मल्ह malha, as, ā, am, Ved. having soft excrescences in the dew-lap (as a cow?).

मल्हण malhana, as, m., N. of a man (son of Dāmodara); of a poet.

मव् mav (connected with rts. mavy, 1. mū), cl. 1. P. mavati, mavitum, to bind: Intens. mammavyate, māmavyate, māmoti, māmavīti.

Mavita, as, a, am, bound, strung, tied.

मवर mavara, (with Buddhists) a particular high number.

Hay mary (connected with rt. mar above), cl. 1. P. mavyati, mavyitum, to

mas, cl. 1. P. masati, masitum, to hum, buzz, sound, make a noise; to be angry; [cf. rt. mis.]

Masa, as, m. a hum, humming, buzzing; anger; a gnat, musquito; [cf. maksha.] - Masa-cchada, as, m. Andropogon Serratus. - Masa-harī, f. a musquito-curtain (= masaka-harī, q. v.).

Maśaka, as, m. (incorrectly spelt masaka), a gnat, musquito, any fly that bites or stings [cf. makshika]; a particular skin disease (causing dark beanlike pustules or eruptions); a leather water-bag; N. of a preceptor with the patronymic Gargya (the composer of a Kalpa-sūtra); N. of the district in Sāka-dvīpa inhabited by Kshatriyas. - Maśaka-kuţi, is, or masaka-kuţī, f. a whisk for scaring musquitoes ; [cf. jangama-kufī.] - Masaka-jambhana, as, i, am, Ved. driving away musquitoes. - Masaka-varana, a whisk for scaring musquitoes. - Maśaka-hari, f. a bed-curtain for protection against musquitoes, musquito-curtains; [cf. masa-hari.] - Maśakārtha ('ka-ar'), as, a, am, used for musquitoes, employed on account of musquitoes; masakartho dhamah, smoke employed for driving off musquitoes,

Maśakāvatī, f., N. of a district or of a river. Masakin, i, m. Ficus Glomerata.

मञ्जार maśarśāra, as, m., Vcd., N. of a man in Rig-veda I. 122, 15.

मञ्जन masuna, as, m. a dog.

मञ्जल बर maśu-labara, N. of a place.

mash (connected with rt. 1. mush), cl. 1. P. mashati, mashitum, to kill,

मपराण masharāņa or mashurāņa, N. of a

मिष mashi, mashi. See masi, masi, col. 3.

Hog mashk. See rt. mask, p. 753.

Hunt mashnara, N. of a tract of country.

मप्पपा mashmashā, ind. (an onomatopoetic word, also read masmasa). - Mashmasha-kri, Ved, to reduce to dust, grind to powder.

I. mas, cl. 4. P. masyati, &c., to measure, weigh; mete; to change form, become decomposed (?).

Masa, as, m. measure, weight.

Masana, am, n. meting, measuring; hurting [cf. rt. mash]; a species of medicinal plant (= soma-

1. masla, as, ā, am (for 2. see p. 753, col. 1), measured; [cf. perbaps Gr. μεστός.]

Masti, is, f. meting, measuring, weighing.

 $HH = mas = m\bar{a}s$ , in  $\acute{c}andra-m^{\circ}$ .

मसक masaka. See maśaka, col. 2.

मसमसा masamasā, an onomatopoetic word allied to masmasa.

मसरा masarā, f. a sort of lentil or pulse (=masūra).

मसार masāra or masāraka, as, m. a sapphire, an emerald; N. of a place.

Hit masi, is, m. f. or masi, f. (often written mashi, mashi; said to be fr. rt. I. mas, to measure, but thought by some to be connected with matsya, a fish, ink being originally made from cuttle-fish), ink, a black liquid made from burnt bones &c. and used for ink; a black powder (used to beautify the eyes), soot, lampblack; the stalk of the Nyctanthes Arbor Tristis; [cf. masikā.] - Masikūpī, f. an ink-bottle. - Masi-jala, am, n. ink. - Masi-dhāna, am, ī, n. f. an ink-bottle, ink-stand. - Masi-panya, as, m. a writer, clerk, accountant. - Masi-patha, as, m. 'ink-path,' a pen. - Masi-prasū, ūs, f. an ink-bottle; a pen. - Masi-mani, is, f. an ink-bottle. - Masi-vardhana, am, n. myrrh. - Musi-jala, am, n. ink. - Masi-dhāni, f. an ink-bottle, ink-stand. - Masi-varna, as, a, am, ink-coloured, black as ink. - Masy-ādhāra, as, m. an ink-receptacle, ink-bottle, ink-stand.

Masika, as, m. a serpent's hole; (ā), f. Nyctan-

thes Arbor Tristis; [cf. masī.]

Masina, as, a, am (said to be fr. rt. I. mas, Unādi-s. 11. 49), pounded, well ground (=supishta), finely pounded; (am), n. alliance by the right of presenting the Pinda to a common progenitor (= sa-pindaka).

मसीना masīnā, f. linseed, Linum Usitatissimum.

मसुर masura, as, m. (said to be fr. rt. 1. mas, Unādi-s. I. 44), a sort of lentil or pulse, Ervum Hirsutum; (a), f. a lentil; a harlot. - Masurakarna, as, m. a proper N.

Masūra, as, m. a sort of pulse or lentil, Ervum Hirsutum, Cicer Lens (=mangalyaka); a pillow;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. the preceding lentil; a harlot;  $(\bar{i})$ , f. eruption of piniples or pustules, a kind of small-pox; Ipomœa Turpethum (= tri-vrit); = rakta-trivrit. - Masūra-karņa, as, m., N. of a man; (ās), m. pl., N. of his posterity. - Masūra-bidalā or masūra-vidalā, f. Ipomœa Turpethum; Ichnocarpus' Frutescens (the seeds of which resemble a split lentil); (perhaps) a split lentil. - Masūra-sanghārāma, as, m., N. of a Buddhist monastery.

Masūraka, as, m. a pillow; (ikā), f. eruption of lentil-shaped pustules, small-pox; a procuress; a musquito-curtain; (am), n. a kied of omament on Indra's banner.

मस्दित masu-rakshila, as, m., N. of a

मस्य masūsya, am, n., Ved. a kind of grain growing in some northern country.

मस्य musrina, as, ā, am (said to be fr. rt. 1. mas), soft, tender, smooth; bland, mild, unctuous, shining; (= karkasa), hard?; (a), f. linseed, Linum Usitatissimum.

Masrinita, as, ā, am, softened, smoothened, polished.