dark half of the month, beginning with 15 at the full moon until the quantity is reduced to o at the new moon, and then increasing it in like manner during the formight of the moon's increase: if this penance begins with the full moon, it is called Pipīlikā-madhya, i.e. having the middle thin like an ant; if with the new moon, beginning with o and increasing to 15, it is called Yava-madhya or Yava-madhyama, i. e. having the middle thick like a barley-corn); (ās), m. pl., N. of various persons. - Candrayana bhakta, am, n. the country inhabited by the Candrayanas. - Candrayana-vidhāna or ćāndrāyana-vrata, am, n. the penance called Candrayana.

Candrayanika, as, i, am, performing or a per-

former of the Candrayana, q. v.

चान्धनायन ćāndhanāyana, as, m., N. of an ancient preceptor.

चाप ćāpa, as, am, m. n. (perhaps fr. rt. kap = kamp), a bow; (in geometry) an arc or portion of a circle; the sign of the zodiac Sagittarius; a rainbow [cf. indra-ćāpa and śakra-ćāpa]; N. of a particular constellation; [cf. dhanus.] - Capadāsī, f., N. of a river. - Cāpa-paṭa, as, m. the tree Buchanania Latifolia (piyāla); [cf. dhanu and pata.

Cāpin, ī, inī, i, armed with a bow; (ī), m. the

sign of the zodiac Sagittanus.

चापल ćāpala, am, n. (fr. ćapala), fickleness, unsteadiness, mobility, quick movement, swiftness, transitoriness; agitation, tremour; inconsiderate conduct, impertinence, inconsiderateness. - Capalaśraya (°la-āś°), am. n. (?) unsteadiness.

Capalya, am, n. fickleness; unsteadiness, transitoriness; quickness, agitation, flurry; inconsiderate

conduct, inconsiderateness.

चापाल cāpāla, as, m., N. of a Buddhist Caitya.

चान्का ćābukā, f. a small circular pillow.

चामर cāmara, am, ā or ī, as, n. f. m. a chowrie, the bushy tail of the Bos Grunniens, used as a fly-flap or fan, and as one of the insignia of royalty; also used for a kind of streamer or plume on the heads of horses; (am), n., N. of a metre consisting of four lines of fifteen syllables each. - Cāmaragrāha, as, m. a person who carries a Cāmara. grauda, do, in a personal plants, — Cāmara-pushpa, as, m., N. of several plants, Magnifera Indica [cf. āmra]; the betel-nut tree, Areca Faufel or Catechu [cf. pūga]; the Pandanus Odoratissimus [cf. ketuka]; a kind of grass, Saccharum Spontaneum [cf. kāśd]. – Cāmara-pushpaka, as, m. or ćāmara-sāhvaya, as, m. a kind of grass, Saccharum Spontaneum; [cf. kasa.]

Cămarika, as, m. a person who carries a Cămara. Camarin, i, m. a horse (either from his bushy tail which he uses to whisk off flies or from his having a Camara as his crest; see above).

चामीकर camikara, am, n. gold; the thornapple. - Cāmīkara-prakhya, as, ā, am, like gold.

चामुखा camunda, f. a form of Durga; one of the seven Mātris; (as), m., N. of an author.

चाम्पिला ćāmpilā, f. a river.

चाम्पेय campeya, as, m. (fr. campa), N. of two trees, Michelia Champaka and Mesua Ferrea; a stamen or filament, especially of the lotus flower; a prince of Campa; N. of a son of Viśvā-mitra; (as, am), m. n. gold.

Campeyaka, am, n. a stamen or filament.

चाम्प ćāmya, am, n. (fr. rt. ćam), food.

चाय éay, cl. 1. P. A. éayati, -te, to observe, discern, perceive; to worship, revere; [cf. 4. ci.]

'Cāyamāna, as, m., Ved. a patronymic of Abhyā-

wartin.

Cāyitri, tā, trī, tri, Ved. observing, seeing. Cāyu, us, us, u, Ved. showing respect or reverence,

चार *ćāra*, as, m. (fr. rt. *ćar*), = *ćara*, a spy, scout, secret agent or emissary, messenger; going, motion, progression, course; wandering about, travelling; proceeding; performing, practising; binding, a bond, fetter; a prison, a house of confinement; the tree Buchanania Latifolia, = piyāla; (am), n. a factitious poison, (for vāra); [cf. Lat. carcer.] - Cara-kanda, am, n. ascensional difference (in astronomy). - Cāra-ćakshus, us, us, us, spy-eyed, i.e. a king or minister who uses spies as his eyes, one who employs spies or agents and sees through their medium; (us), n. espionage. - Căra-cana, as, ā, am, graceful in gait or motion. - Cāra-cancu, us, us, u, graceful in walking, of graceful carriage. - Cāra-jyā, f. the sine of the ascensional difference. - Cāra-patha, as, m. a place where two roads meet. - Cara-bhata, as, m. a valorous warrior. - Cāra-vāyu, us, m. summer air, zephyr. - Cārāntarita (°ra-an°), as, m. a secret emissary or spy. - Cārekshaṇa (°ra-īk°), as, m. a statesman, a minister or king (who employs spies).

Cāraka, as, ikā, am, acting, setting to work, proceeding; composed by Caraka; (as), m. a spy, a secret agent or emissary; a driver, a herdsman, a leader; an associate, a companion; a groom, a horseman, a cavalier; a wandering Brāhmanical student; a fetter, a bond, a prison; the plant Buchanania Latifolia (= cara); N. of a man; (ika), f. a female attendant; a cock-roach. - Cāraka-trirātra,

as, m., N. of a festival.

Cārakīņa, as, ā, am, fit for a wandering Brāh-

manical student.

Cāraṇa, as, m. a wanderer, a pilgrim; a wandering actor or singer, an actor of note, a dancer, a mime, a bard, a herald; a celestial singer, a panegyrist of the gods; a reader of scripture; a spy; N. of a place. - Carana-tva, am, n. dancing (the art). - Cārana-dārā, ās, f. pl. female dancers, actresses, &c. - Cāraṇa-vidya or ĉāraṇa-vaidya or ĉāraṇāvidya, ās, m. pl., N. of a branch of the Atharva-veda.

Cāratha, as, ā, am, Ved. going, wandering or

moving about, going in a carriage.

Cārayitvā, ind. having enjoined or prescribed, having caused to observe; having made to go &c.

Cārāyaṇa, as, ī, m. f. a patronymic from Cara; (as), m., N. of the author of the Sadharanadhikarana.

Cārāyaṇaka, as, ikā, am, derived from the C'ārāyaṇas.

Cārāyanīya, ās, m. pl. the pupils of Cārāyana. Cartta, as, a, am, caused to go; distilled, &cc. Caritarthya, am, n. (fr. curitartha), attainment

of an object.

Cāritra, as, m., N. of a Marut; (ā), f. the tamarind tree; (am), n. proceeding, manner of acting, conduct; good conduct, behaviour; good name or character, reputation; peculiar observance or practice, peculiarity of customs or conditions; a ceremony. - Cāritra-kavaća, as. ā, am, cased in the armour of chastity. - Cāritra-vatī, f., N. of a Samādhi.

Cāritrya, am, n. becoming or honourable practices, moral conduct, instituted observance.

Carin, ī, iņī, i, (generally at the end of a comp.) moving, walking or wandering about, living, being (e. g. pāda-ćārin, going on foot; nimeshāntaracarin, going in an instant, arriving after a short interval &c.), [cf. ambu-carin, eka-co, kha-co, &c.]; acting, proceeding, doing, practising; living on; (i), m. a foot soldier; (ini), f., N. of a plant, = karuni.

चारिका éāraţikā, f. a kind of perfume,

चारते carați, f., N. of two plants, = padma-carini and bhumy-amali.

चारभट cārabhaṭa, as, m. a courageous man, a hero, a chief, a warrior; (i), f. courage; [cf. ārabhata.]

चारिवाच carivac, k, f., N. of a plant, = karkata-śringi.

चार caru, us, vi, u (said to be fr. rt. car, perhaps connected with 2. ean), agreeable, welcome, approved, esteemed, beloved, dear (with dat. or loc. of the person, e. g. varunāya or varune ćāruh, dear to Varuna), pleasing, lovely, beautiful, pretty, elegant; (us), m. an epithet of Brihaspati; N. of a son of Krishna and Rukminī; of a Cakra-vartin; (vī), f. a beautiful woman; splendor; moonlight; intelligence; N. of the wife of Kuvera; (u), n. a various reading for vara, saffron; [cf. Eng. fair; Brit. kaer.] - Cāru-karņa, as, ā or ī, am, having beautiful ears. - Caru-kesara, f. a kind of grass, Cyperus, = nāgara-mustā; a kind of tree, = tarunī. - Cārugarbha, as, m., N. of a son of Krishna and Rukminī. - Cāru-gīti, is, f. a kind of metre, a sort of Gīti, containing 29 + 32 syllabic instants. - Cāru-gupta, as, m., N. of a son of Krishņa and Rukmiņi. - Cāru-ghoṇa, as, ā, am, handsome-nosed. - Cārucitra, as, m., N. of a son of Dhrita-rāshtra. - Cārutā, f. or čāru-tva, ám, n. loveliness, beauty. - Cārudatta, as, m., N. of a Brāhman. - Cārudatta-nāman, ā, m. named Caru-datta. - Cāru-danta, as, m. ' having beautiful teeth,' N. of a merchant's son. - Cāru-darśana, as, ā, am, good-looking. - Cāru-deva, as, m., N. of a man. - Cāru-deshna, as, m., N, of a son of Gandusha; also of a son of Krishna by Rukminī. - Cāru-dhāman, ā, m., N. of a plant. - Cāru-dhāmā or ćāru-dhārā, f. an epithet of Sacī, the wife of Indra .- Cāru-dhishnya, as, m., N. of one of the Saptarshayas in the eleventh Manvantara. - Cāru-nālaka, am, n. a kind of lotus with red flowers. - Caru-netra, as, a, am. having beautiful eyes; (ā), f., N. of an Apsaras. - Cāru-pada, as, m., N. of a son of Namasyn. - Caru-parni, f., N. of a plant, = pra-sāraņī. - Cāru-puṭa, as, m. a particular time in music. - Cāru-pratīka, as, ā, am, Ved. of lovely appearance. - Cāru-phalā, f. a vine, a grape. - Caru-bahu, us, or caru-bhadra, as, m., N. of a son of Krishna by Rukmini. - Cāru-mat, ān, atī, at, lovely, beautiful; (ān), m., N. of a Cakra-vartin; (tī), f., N. of a daughter of Krishna by Rukmini. - Caru-mukha, as, ī, am, handsome-faced, fair, beauteous; (i), f., N. of a metre consisting of four lines of ten syllables each. - Caruyaśas, ās, m. ' of fair fame,' N. of a son of Krishna by Rukmini; [cf. caru.] = Caru-ratha, as or am, m. or n. (?), N. of a forest = Caru-rava, f. an epithet of Saci, the wife of Indra. - Caru-locana, as, a, am, lovely-eyed, having beautiful eyes; (as), m. a deer, antelope; (a), f.a woman with fine eyes. - Caru-vaktra, as, m. 'handsome-faced,' N. of one of Skanda's attendants. - Cāru-vardhanā, f. a woman. - Cāruvinda, as, m., N. of a son of Krishna by Rukmini. - Caru-veśa, as, m. 'well-dressed,' = the preceding. - Cāru-vratā, f. a female who fasts for a whole month. - Cāru-śīlā, f. 'beantiful stone,' a jewel, a gem. - Cāru-sīrsha, as, m., N. of a man. - Cārusīla, as, ā, am, of a lovely nature, beautiful. - Cāruśravas, as, m., N. of a son of Krishna by Rukmini. - Cāru-sarvānga-darsana (°va-an°), as, ā, am, having a beautiful appearance in all the limbs. - Caruhāsin, ī, inī, i, smiling sweetly; (inī), f., N. of a metre, containing 4 x 14 syllabic instants. - Cārvangī, f, a beautifully formed woman. - Cārv-āghāṭa or carv-aghata, as, a, am, destructive of beauty. Cāruka, as, m. the seed of Saccharum Sara.

चाचिक ćārćika, as, ī, am (fr. ćarćā), conversant with the repetitions (in the recitation of the

Careiliya, am, n. perfuming the person, smearing it with sandal &c.; unguent; [cf. éaréikya.]

चामें carma, as, i, am (fr. carman), made of hide or leather, leathern; covered with leather (as a car &c.); defended by a hide or skin; shielded, having a shield.

Carmana, as, i, am, covered with skin or leather; (am), n. a multitude of hides or of shields &c.

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