intermediate space, having no intervening space, granting no room or free space, having no intervening space, granting no room or free space, having no interval, closely contiguous, close; closely connected, continuous; nninterrupted, continual, constant; without interstices, completely filled, compact, dense, coarse, gross; persevering, faithful, true (as a friend); unconcealed, not hidden from view; not other or different, similar, identical; (am), ind. without intervening space, without interval, without interruption, constantly, incessantly, continually; closely, tightly, firmly; immediately.—Nirantarābhyāsa ('ra-abh'), as, m. constant repetition or study, continual reading to one's self; diligent and uninterrupted exercise or practice.

নিনোনে nir-antarāla, as, ā, am, without an intervening space, without intervals or interstices; close, contracted, narrow.—Nirantarāla-tā, f. close contiguity, closeness, compactness, narrowness.

निरन्धस् nir-andhas, ās, ās, as, foodless, without food, hungry.

নিবে nir-anna, as, ā, am, foodless, wanting food, hungry, starving; giving no food.

offspring or descendants, childless; unconnected with, unrelated; not agreeing with the context (of a sentence); without logical connection, without regular order or sequence, unmethodical; without being seen or observed, out of sight, not visibly committed (Manu VIII. 332).

निर्प nir-apa, as, ā, am, waterless, destitute of water.

निर्पत्रप nir-apatrapa, as, ā, am, shameless, impudent; bold, confident.

ratulu nir-apurādha, as, m. faultlessness, innocence; (as, ā, am), unoffending, inoffensive, innocent, faultless, guiltless, blameless.—Niraparādha-tā, f. faultlessness, innocence.—Niraparādha-vat, ān, atī, at, faultless, innocent.

facuan nir-apavarta, as, ā, am, not returning or turning back; (in arithmetic) leaving no common measure, not to be divided by a common divisor, reduced to the lowest terms.

निर्पवाद nir-apavāda, as, ā, am, free from censure, without reproof, blameless.

निर्पाय nir-apāya, as, ā, am, free from destruction or decay, imperishable, eternal, free from detriment or loss, free from harm or evil; infallible.

ing, not taking notice of (with loc.); careless, negligent, without desire, indifferent; not expecting anything from another; independant of, unconnected or unconcerned with; (often without any object) regardless, indifferent (to praise or blame); without purpose or hope; (ā), f. indifference; disregard, the absence of expectation; (am), n. without regard, regardlessly, accidentally. — Ntrapelsha-tā, f. or nirapelsha-ta, am, n. disregard, indifference; independance; relationlessness.

Nir-apekshita, as, ā, am, disregarded; regardless. Nir-apekshin, ī, iṇī, i, disregarding, indifferent, not expecting anything.

Nir-apekshya, as, a, am, not to be regarded.

निर्मिभव nir-abhibhava, as, ā, am, not subject to defeat or humiliation, not disgraced; not to be surpassed.

निर्भिमान nir-abhimāna or nir-abhīmāna, as, ā, am, exempt from pride, free from self-conceit, devoid of egotism; unconscious.

निर्मिलाप nir-abhilāsha, as, ā, am, having no desire for, not intent apon, indifferent.

নিম্ম nir-abhra, as, ā, am, cloudless; (e), ind. in a cloudless sky, when the sky is unclouded.

िनरम् ni-ram, cl. I. A. -ramate, -rantum, Ved. to delight in, be delighted; to rest, repose, desist: Caus. -rāmayati, -yitum, Aor. -arīramat, Ved. to gladden; to cause to rest or abide.

Ni-rata, as, ā, am, engaged or interested in; attached or devoted to; pleased, delighted; rested,

eased.

Ni-rati, is, f. delighting in; attachment to.
Ni-ramana, am, n. delighting in; resting; (in
Sata-patha-Brāhmaṇa XIII. 4, 2, 5, ni-ramana is
by some separated into ni-ramana and explained to
mean 'exhausted,' 'worn out.')

निरमर्प nir-amarsha, as, ā, am, not impatient; patient, apathetic, devoid of energy.

निर्मिस nir-amitra, as, ā, am, without foes, free from enemies; (as), m., N. of several persons; of a son of Nakula; of a king of Tri-garta; of a son of Khaṇḍa-pāṇi or Daṇḍa-pāṇi, (also nir-āmitra); of a son of Ayutāyus; of a sage, considered as a son of Siva, (also nir-āmitra.)

निस्त्र nir-ambara, as, ā, am, undressed, naked.

निर्ञ्च nir-ambu, us, us, u, abstaining from water, not drinking; waterless, destitute of water.

fituri-aya, as, m. without happiness,' hell [cf. tiryan-niraya]; Niraya or Hell personified as a child of fear and death; (according to some nir-aya, in the sense of 'hell,' is fr. nir-i and means 'exit,' egress from life.')

Nir-ayana, am, n., Ved. egression.

without a bolt or hindrance, unobstructed, unrestrained, unimpeded; irresistible; (am), ind. without bolt or bar; without restraint or constraint, freely.

fनर्षे nir-artha, as, m. loss, detriment; nonsense; (as, ā, am), destitute of wealth, poor; useless; meaningless, unmeaning, nonsensical, purposeless, vain; (a consonant is called nir-artha, not fulfilling its purpose if it is not followed by a vowel.)

— Nirartha-tā, f. senselessness, nonsense.

Nir-arthaka, as, ā or ikā or akī (?), am, not fulfilling one's aim or object, purposeless, useless, vain, unprofitable; having no reasonable sense, unmeaning, nonsensical; a consonant which is not followed by a vowel; (am), ind. without a purpose, uselessly, in vain. — Nirarthaka-tva, am, n. uselessness, vanity.

निर्दे nir-ard, cl. 1. P. -ardati, -arditum, Ved. to stream forth, flow out.

निर्वेद nir-arbuda, as, m.? (with Buddhists) N. of a hell in which the wicked are punished by excessive cold.

first nir-ava, as,  $\bar{a}$ , am? (occurring only in the gen. sing. nir-avasya, which might be the ind. part. of it. so with preps. nir and ava; said by others to be = ni = nis + rava, as, m. loss of voice; but according to Sāy.) Ved. having no protector or uttering praise.

नियमाश nir-avakāśa, as, ā, am, without free space; haviog no room for moving freely, wanting an opportunity, without leisure.

िनरवग्रह nir-avagraha, as, ā, am, without obstruction or obstacle, unrestrained, unchecked, uncontrolled; irresistible; free, independant; self-willed, unmanageable, headstrong.

नियत्त nir-ava-tta, nir-ava-tti. See under nir-ava-do, col. 3.

निरवदय् nir-ava-day, cl. 1. A. -dayate, Ved. to distribute, allot a share or shares.

निरवदो nir-ava-do [cf. 3. dā], cl. 2. 4. P.,

Ved. -dāts and -dyats, -dātum, to distribute, allot a share, give any one his share, to satisfy a claim; to divide completely among.

Nir-ava-tta, as,  $\bar{a}$ , am, distributed, completely divided or allotted.

Nir-ava-tti, is, f., Ved. allotment or distribution of shares.

ficiel nir-avadya, as, ā, am, unblamable, blameless, faultless, unobjectionable, unexceptionable; (am), n. (or ā 1), f. unblamableness, blamelessness, faultlessness; (as or am), m. or n. (?), a particular high number. — Niravadya-tva, am, n. blamelessness, unblamableness, excellence. — Niravadya-vat, ān, atī, at, unblamable, blameless.

निरविध nir-avadhi, is, is, i, without hounds or boundaries, unlimited.

निर्वय nir-avayava, as, ā, am, without limbs or members, without component parts, not consisting of parts, indivisible. — Niravayava-tra, am, n. indivisibility.

निरवरोध nir-avarodha, as, ā, am, unrestrained, unobstructed, unopposed.

निरवलस् nir-avalamba, as, ā, am, having no prop or stay; unsupported; not affording support; not depending or relying on.

Nir-avalambana, am, n. want of a prop, want of reliance, want of a person or thing to depend

নিবেয়াৰ nir-avasesha, as, ā, am, without a residue, complete, whole; (ena), ind. completely, totally, fully, particularly, circumstantially. — Niravasesha-tas, ind. completely, &c. (=niravaseshapa).

निरवसाद nir-avasāda, as, ā, am, not cast down, cheerful, good-humoured.

निरवस्कृत nir-avaskrita, as, ā, am, cleansed, dean?; [cf. avas-kara, an-avaskara.]

नियस्तार nir-avastāra, as, ā, am, without a bed or coverlet; not strewn (with leaves &c.), bare.

निरवहालिका nir-avahālikā, f. a fence, a hedge, an outer wall; [cf. avahālikā.]

निर्विन्द niravinda, as, m., N. of a mountain.

निरवेद्य nir-aveksh (-ava-īksh), cl. 1. A. - īkshate, -īkshitum, to perceive.

Nir-avekshya, ind. having perceived or observed. निर्वाय nir-avyaya, as, ā, am, undecaying,

निरञ्ज nir-as, cl. 9. P. -asnāti, &c., Ved. to eat up, consume entirely.

Nir-asita, as, ā, am, eaten up, completely consumed.

निर्शन nir-asana, as, ā, am, abstaining from food; (am), n. going without food, fasting.

निरष्ट nir-ashta, as, ā, am (fr. rt. 1. aś or ahsh with nis), Ved. deprived of vigour, exhausted; (Sāy.) = nir-āhṛita, driven away, scattered, dispersed.

cast out, throw away, drive away, banish, expel, evict, drive back, send back; to keep off; to turn out (of doors); to reject, repudiate, decline, refuse; to remove; to tear out, strip off; to stretch out (e. g. hastau nirasyati or -te, he stretches out the hands); to annihilate, destroy, subdue.

Nir-asana, as, i, am, expelling, removing, rejecting; vomiting, spitting out; (am), n. expelling, ejecting; expulsion, removal, rejection, denial, contradiction, refusal, disallowance; vomiting forth, spitting out; suppressing, checking; killing, destroying destruction, extermination.

ing, destruction, extermination.

Nir-asanīya, as, ā, am, to be thrown out, to be driven away or expelled.