parshat, pārishat; irregular Impv. 2nd sing. A. pipiprihi?), to fill, fill up; to fulfil; to sate, satisfy, refresh (e.g. pitrîn apārīt, he satisfied or refreshed the Manes); to cherish, nourish, nurture, foster, rear, bring up; to protect; to bestow bountifully, grant abundantly, give plentifully, lavish (with acc. of the thing and dat. of the person, Ved.); to collect, accumulate; (A.) to fill or sate one's self; cl. 4. A. (properly Pass. but ep. also P.), pūryate (-ti), Aor. apūri, apūrishta, to be filled, become full, to be fulfilled; to be sated or satisfied: Caus. pārayati, -yitum [cf. Caus. of rt. 1. pri], to fill, fulfil (Ved.); pūrayati, -te, -yitum (sometimes regarded as derived fr. a separate rt. pur, q.v.), to fill, fill up, replenish; to fulfil (a wish, hope, promise, &c.); to make full, fill out, intensify, strengthen (a sound); to fill with wind, blow, wind (a conch-shell or other wind instrument); to draw (a bow, or an arrow to the ear); to cover completely, cover up, surround, envelop; to load or enrich (with gifts); to spend the whole (of a period of time): Desid. piparishati, piparishati, pupūrshati, pupūrshate: Intens. popūryate, pāparti, popūrti; [cf. rt. 1. prā, 3. pur, pura, puru, pulu: Zend par, 'fill;' perena, 'full:' Gt. πί-μ-πλη-μι, πλή- θ - ω , $\pi\lambda\dot{\epsilon}$ - ω -s, $\pi\lambda\dot{\eta}$ - ρ - ηs , $\pi\lambda\eta$ - θ - $\dot{\upsilon}$ -s, $\pi\lambda\dot{\eta}$ - θ -o s, $\pi\lambda o \hat{\upsilon}$ το-s: Lat. im-ple-o, plē-nu-s, plē-be-s, pŏ-pul-u-s, multus said to be for pūrtas, am-plu-s: Goth. full-8, 'full;' fullo, 'fulness;' full-yan, 'to fill:' Old Germ. fol, folo: Angl. Sax. fytl-an: Mod. Germ. voll=Eng. full: Slav. plŭ-nŭ, 'full;' plŭkŭ, 'people;' ple-me, 'a tribe:' Lith. pil-ti, 'to fill;' pìl-na-s, 'full;' pùl-ka-s, 'crowd:' Hib. pailt, 'abundant, plentiful, copious.']

पेचक pećaka, as, m. (said to be fr. rt. 1. pac), an owl; the tip or the root of an elephant's tail; a couch, bed; a louse; a cloud; (ika), f. a kind of owl.

Pećakin, ī, m. an elephant; (also read pićakin.) Pecila, as, m. an elephant.

पेच् peću, u, n. or pećulī, f. a species of bulbous plant with esculent roots, Colocasia Antiquorum.

पंज peja in tila-peja, q. v.; (ā), f. = peyā. पेइय penjusha, as, m. the wax of the ear $(=pinj\bar{u}sha).$

पेट peta, as, ā or ī, am, m. f. n. (said to be fr. rt. pit, q. v.), a basket, a large basket, bag; a chest; a multitude; a retique; (as), m. the open hand with the fingers expanded (=pra-hasta).

Petaka, as, ikā, am, m. f. n. [cf. piṭaka], a basket for holding clothes, books, &c.; (am), n. multitude, company, quantity; (ikā), f. a species of plant (=kulingākshī, kuverākshī, krishna-vrintikā).

Petāka, as, m. a basket.

 $Ped\bar{a}$, f. a basket, large basket (= $pet\bar{a}$, for which it is perbaps only a wrong reading).

पेट्टिभट्ट pețți-bhațța, as, m., N. of a man the father of the commentator Viśveśvara.

पेढाल pedhāla, as, m., N. of the eighth Arhat of the future Ut-sarpini,

पर्या pen [cf. rts. pain, prain, lain], cl. I.P. penati, &c., to go; to send (?); to grind (?); to embrace.

पत्व petva, as, m. (fr. rt. 1. pā?), a ram, sheep (Ved.); a small part; (am), n. nectar, Amrita; ghee or clarified butter.

पेट pedu, us, m., Ved., N. of a man (under the especial protection of the Asvins, by whom he was presented with a white horse that killed serpents).

पेपीयमान pepiyamāna, as, ā, am (fr. Intens. of rt. 1. $p\bar{a}$), drinking repeatedly.

प्व peb, cl. 1. A. pebate, a various reading for rt. sev, q. v.

पेय peya, as, ā, am (fr. rt. 1. pā), to be drunk or quaffed, fit to be drunk, drinkable, potable; tastable, sapid; (as), m., scil. yajña-kratu, a drink offering, libation (Ved.); (ã), f. rice gruel; any drink with a small quantity of boiled rice; the decoction of anything after straining; a species of anise, = miśreyā; (am), n. a drink, beverage

1. peru, us, us, u, Ved. (according to Mahī-dhara) drinking; (us), m. the sun; fire; the ocean; the golden mountain.

पेयुष peyūsha, as, am, m. n. (= pīyūsha, q.v), the milk of a cow that has calved within seven days, biestings; fresh butter; nectar, Amrita.

पेरज peraja or peraja, am, n. a turquoise (=Pers. 8).

पे perā, f. a kind of musical instrument.

पेर 2. peru, us, us, u (fr. rt. 1. pri; for 1. peru see above), Ved. drawing through, carrying across; leading through, delivering, rescuing; (Say. = pūraka, as if fr. rt. prī.)

पेर 3. peru, us, us, u (fr. rt. pyai), Ved. swelling; causing to ferment; (Say. = sarvasya rakshaka, as if fr. rt. 3. pā); (us), m. a limb, member (?).

पेहक peruka, as, m., Ved., N. of a man.

pel, cl. 1. 10. P. pelati, pelitum, pelayati, -yitum, to go, move.

Pela, as, m. going; a small part; (am), n. a testicle.

Pelaka, as, m. a testicle.

Pelava, as, a, am, delicate, fine, soft, tender; thin, slim, slender. - Pelava-pushpa, am, n. 2

Peli, (perhaps) = pelin, see Gana to Pan.VI. 2, 86. Pelin, i, m. a horse. - Peli-śālā, f. a horse-stable.

पेलोन peloja, as, m., N. of one of the attendants of Siva,

pev [cf. rt. peb], cl. 1. A. pevate, pevitum, a various reading for rt. sev, q. v.

पेश peśa, as, m. (fr. rt. 1. piś), Ved.= pesas, q.v.; [cf. puru-p°.]

Pesana, as, ī, am, Ved. well formed, well made;

decorated, adorned.

Pesala, as, ā, am, artificially formed, adomed, decorated; beautiful, charming, lovely, pleasant; soft, smooth, tender; skilful, dexterous, expert, clever, ingenious; fraudulent, deceitful, crafty; (am), n. beauty, loveliness; [cf. Gr. ποικ-ίλο-ε, ποικίλλ-ω: Lat. ping-o, pic-tor, pic-tura: Old Germ. feh, 'variegated:' Slav. pistrü, 'variegated;' pis-ati, 'to write:' Lith. pisz-nu-s, 'splendid.'] — Peśalatva, am, n. dexterity, skill. — Peśala-madhya, as, ā, am, slender-waisted, having a delicate or slender waist.

Pesas, as, n., Ved. shape, form; an artificial figure, omament, decoration, embroidery; variety of colour, brilliance; gold; [cf. aśva-p°, rita-p°.] - Peśas-kārī, f., Ved. a woman who weaves artistically or embroiders. - Peśas-krit, t, m. 'the artist,' an epithet of the hand; a species of insect, a kind of wasp. - Peśas-vat, an, atī, at, Ved. decorated, adorned, omamented.

Pesi, is, m. a thunderbolt (for peshi); (is), f. an egg; split pease.

Peśikā, f. (fr. peśi), rind, shell (of fruit).

Pesitri, tā, m., Ved. one who cuts in pieces or carves, a carver.

Pesī, f. a piece of flesh or meat [cf. piśita]; a ball or mass of flesh; the fetus shortly after conception; a muscle (of which there are said to be five hundred in the human body); the peel or rind (of fruit); a kind of drum; a sheath, scabbard; a shoe; the egg of a bird; spikenard, Valeriana Jatamansi; a blown bud; N. of a Piśāćī; of a Rākshasī; of a river. - Pesī-kri, cl. 8. P. A. -karoti, -kurute.

-kartum, to cut into pieces, to carve. - Pesī-kośa or pesī-kosha, as, m. a bird's egg. - Pesy-anda, am, n. a bird's egg; a piece of flesh; the fetus shortly after conception.

Peśvara, as, ā, am (? for peshvara fr. rt. pish), who or what grinds.

प्र pesh [cf. rt. yesh], cl. 1. A. peshate, peshitum, to exert one's self or strive diligently.

पेष pesha, as, m. (fr. rt. pish), pounding, grinding; [cf. śilā-p°.]

Peshaka, as, ikā, am, one who pounds or grinds, a grinder, grinding, pounding, pulverizing, masti-

Peshana, am, n. pounding, grinding, crushing, trituratiog, pulverizing by means of a mill, (peshanam $y\bar{a}$, to be ground); a threshing-floor; a hand-mill, a stone and muller, any apparatus for grinding or pounding; a plant, a species of Euphorbia with three lobes, Euphorbia Antiquorum (= śata-guptā, Bengālī tekātosija). - Peshaņa-vat, an, atī, at, a word formed for the explanation of pipishvat.

Peshani, is, i, f. a stone slab on which condiments are ground, a muller, mill-stone, grind-stone.

Peshaniya, as, a, am, to be ground or pounded, fit to be ground or pulverized.

Peshāka, as, m. a small slab for grinding anything upon, a grind-stone.

Peshi, is, m. a thunderbolt.

Peshṭṛi, ṭā, ṭrī, ṭṛi, one who pounds or crushes, one who grinds, a grinder.

Peshya, as, a, am, to be pounded or ground, to be triturated or pulverized.

पेपल peshala, as, ā, am, = peśala, q. v. पेपी peshi, f., Ved. (according to Say.)=

hinsikā, pišāćikā, a malevolent spirit, female Piśāća; (perhaps) a nurse; spikenard (in this sense a various reading for pesī, q.v.). - Peshī-kṛi, a various reading for pesi-kri, q.v.

पष्ट peshtra, am, n. (perhaps fr. rt. 1. piś), Ved. a bone.

पस pes (=rt. pis), cl. 1. P. pesati, pesitum, to go, move.

Pesuka, as, ā, am (fr. rt. pis), Ved. spreading, extending.

Pesvara, as, ā, am, going, moving; destructive; spleodid.

पेसल pesala = peśala, q. v.

pai, cl. 1. P. pāyati, pāyitum, to dry, wither.

पेङ्ग painga, as, ī, am (fr. pinga), belonging or relating to a rat or mouse; derived from or composed by Pain-gya (as a book); acknowledged by the Paingins; (am), n., N. of 2 work; (as), m., N. of a teacher (in this sense perhaps a wrong reading for paingya). - Painga-rāja, as, m., Ved. a kind of bird.

Paingi, is, m. (fr. pinga), a patronymic of Yāska. Paingin, i, ini, i, derived from Paingya; (i), m. a follower of Paingya.

Paingya, as, m. (a patronymic fr. pinga), N. of a teacher; (am), n. the doctrine or the manual of Paingya. = Paingī-putra, as, m. (fr. paingī, f. of paingya, + putra), Ved., N. of a teacher.

पेङ्गल paingala, ās, m. pl. a patronymic from Pingala.

Paingalāyana, as, or paingalāyani, is, m. 2 patronymic from Pingala.

Paingalya, am, n. the treatise of Pingala; brown or tawny colour.

पैच्छिल्प paićéhilya, am, n. (fr. pićéhila), sliminess, mucilaginousness.

पंजवन paijavana, as, m. (fr. pijavana), a patronymic of Su-das.

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