काराटकार kāṇṭakāra, as, ī, am, made of the wood of Kaṇṭakāra.

काराउविद्धि kantheviddhi, is, i or ya, m. f. a patronymic fr. kanthe-viddha.

काराड kāṇḍa, as, am, m. n. (said to be fr. rt. 2. kam), a section, part; a single joint of the stalk or stem of a plant, i. e. the portion from one knot to another (e. g. ishus tri-kāndā, an arrow made of a cane with three knots; but by Pan. IV. 1, 21, the fem. should be tri-kandī); any part, portion or division of a work or action; any distinct portion or division of a sacrificial rite (as that belonging to the gods or to the manes); the section or chapter of a book, a separate department or subject (e. g. karmakānda, the department of the Veda treating of sacrificial rites); a stalk or stem, a branch, a switch; the part of the truok of a tree whence the branches proceed; a cluster, a bundle; a multitude, heap, quantity (at end of comp.); an arrow; a long bone, a bone of the arms or legs (e. g. kānda-bhagna, fracture of a bone); a cane, a reed (Saccharum Sara); a particular measure; water; opportunity, occasion; a private place, privacy, a secret place; praise, flattery; a horse. (At the end of a compound kanda may sometimes imply depreciation or deficiency, = vile, low, bad, sinful, wicked, &c.) - Kānḍa-kaṭuka, as, m. the plant Momordica Charantia, = kāravella. - Kāṇḍa-kāṇḍaka, as, m. a species of grass. - Kānda-kāra, am, n. the Areca or betel-nut tree, commonly Guvāka; the betel-nut. - Kānda-kīlaka, as, m. the tree Symplocos Racemosa. - Kāndakushku, us, m. (?), N. of a man. - Kānda-gunda, as, m. a species of grass. - Kānda-gočara, as, m. an iron arrow. - Kānda-tikta and kānda-tiktaka, as, m. a kind of gentian, Gentiana Cherayta. - Kāndadhāra, as, m., N. of a country; (as, am), coming from or relating to this country. - Kānda-nīla, as, m. the plant Symplocos Racemosa. - Kānda-paṭa, as, i, m. f. or kānda-paṭaka, as, m. (?) an outer tent, a screen surrounding a tent, a curtain. - Kāndapatita, as, m., N. of a serpent-king. - Kānda-pāta, as, m. an arrow's fall or flight. - Kanda-punkha, f., N. of a plant, = śara-punkhā. - Kānda-pushpa, am, n. the flower Artemisia Indica, commonly Dona. - Kāṇḍa-prishṭha, as, ā, am, 'arrow-backed,' one who carries arrows on his back, one of the military profession, a soldier; (as), m. the husband of a Vaisyā female; an adopted son, any other than one's own son; (am), n. the bow of Karna; the bow of Kāma; [cf. kānda-sprishṭa.] - Kānda-bhagna, am, n. a fracture or dislocation of the bones or limbs, complete fracture of a limb. - Kāṇḍa-maya, as, ī, am, consisting of pieces of cane; (i), f. = kānda-vīnā, q. v. - Kānda-ruhā, f. a medicinal plant, = kaṭuhī. - Kandarshi (°da-rishi), is, m. a Rishi or divine saint of a peculiar class, as Jaimini and others, who teach a peculiar Kāṇḍa or section of the Vedas. - Kāṇḍalava, as, a, am, cutting a cane or branch, intending to do so. - Kāṇḍa-vat, ān, atī, at, armed with an arrow, an archer. - Kānda-vīnā, f. a musical instrument composed of joints of reed, a reed-pipe (?) played by the Căndălas; [cf. kandola-vīṇā.]

- Kānda-sandhi, is, m. a knot, a joint in the stem of a tree or of a reed. - Kanda-sprishta, as, a, am, living by the military profession, living by arms, a soldier; (as), m. a Brāhman who lives by arms; [cf. kāṇḍa-prishtha.] - Kāṇḍa-hīna, am, n. a fragrant grass, Cyperus Pertenuis. - Kandanukrama (°daan°), as, m. or kāndānukramanikā or kāndānukramani, f. an index of the Kandas of the Taittirīya-Samhitā. - Kāndekshu (°da-ik°), us. m. the plant Asteracantha Longifolia and the plant Saccharum Spontaneum. - Kande-ruha, f., N. of a plant, = kānda-ruhā.

Kāṇḍanī, f., N. of a plant, = sūkshma-parņī and rāma-dūtī.

Kāndāla or kāndola, as, m. 2 reed-basket.

Kāndikā, f. a kind of corn (see lankā); a kind of gourd, Cucumis Utilissimus.

Kāndin, ī, inī, i, Ved. reed-shaped, hollow.

Kāndīra, as, ā, am, armed with arrows, an archer; (as), m. the plant Achyranthes Aspera and the plant Momordica Charantia; (ā and ī), f. the plant Rubia Munjista.

Kanderi, f. the plant Tiaridium Indicum.

कार्या kāṇḍaṇī, (?) f. a plant, commonly Rāmadūti; [cf. sūkshma-parṇī.]

काराडोल kāṇdola, see above; [cf. kaṇdola.]

Anva, as, ī, am (a patronymic fr. kanva), 2 descendant of Kanva; 2 follower of Kanva. — Kānva-sākhīn, ī, m. 2 follower of the Kānva branch of the Veda. — Kānvī-putra, as, m., N. of a teacher.

Känvaka, am, n., N. of a Saman.

Kānvāyana, as, ā, am, a patronymic fr. kānva.

कातन्त kā-tantra, am, n. title of a grammar (=kalāpa, q.v.); there are several appendices to and commentaries on this grammar, called Kātantra-gaṇadhātu, catushṭayapradīpa, candrikā, dhātughoshā, &c.—Kātantra-paṇitkā, f. title of a commentary by Trilocana-dāsa.

white $k\bar{a}tara$, as, \bar{a} , am (fr. katara?), cowardly, discouraged, timid, depressed, perplexed, shrinking, afraid; confused, agitated, disordered; (as), m. a large kind of fish, Cyprinus Catla, $=k\bar{a}tala$. $-K\bar{a}tara$ - $t\bar{a}$, f. or $k\bar{a}tara$ -tva, am, n. cowardice, timidity, agitation.

Kātarāyaṇa, as, m. a patronymic fr. kātara. Kātarya, am, n. timidity, fear, dejection, depression of spirits.

নানল kātala, as, m. a large kind of fish, Cyprinus Catla; N. of a man; [cf. kātara.] Kātalāyana, as, m. a patronymic fr. kātala.

कारित kāti, is, is, i (fr. 2. kā = kan), wishing, desiring (in the compounds rina-kāti and hāma-kāti).

कातीय kātīya, as, ā, am (fr. kātya below), composed by Kātya (e. g. in kātīya-grīhyasūtra, kātīya-sūtra); a N. of Kātyāyana (?); a pupil of the same; also kātyā-yanīya (?).

 $K\bar{a}tya$, as, m. 2 patronymic fr. kata; also = $k\bar{a}$ - $ty\bar{a}yana$ (?).

Kātyāyana, as, m. (a patronymic fr. kati or kātya), N. of the author of several treatises on ritual, grammar, &c.; he is generally identified with Vararući, the author of the Prākrita-prakāśa. He is also the author of the Vārttikas or supplementary rules to Pāṇini, of the Yajur-veda Prātiśākhya, and the Srauta-sūtras; (ī), f., N. of one of the two wives of Yājṇavalkya; an epithet of Durgā; a middle-aged widow dressed in red clothes. — Kātyāyana-sūtra, am, n. the Srauta-sūtras of Kātyāyaoa. — Kātyāyana-sūtra-paddhati, a commentary on the last by Yājṇi-ka-deva. — Kātyāyanasūtra-bhāshya, am, n. a commentary on the same by Karka. — Kātyāyanī-putra, as, m., N. of a teacher. — Kātyāyanī-māhātmya, am, n. a part of the Skanda-purāṇa.

Kātyāyanīya, as, ā, am, composed by Kātyāyana; e. g kātyāyanīya-śāstram, 'the law-book composed by him;' (as), m. 2 pupil of Kātyāyana.

कात kātu, us, m. a cave; a well (?); [cf. kāta.]

कातृण kā-tṛiṇa, am, n. a species of grass, Rohisha-tṛiṇa; [cf. kat-tṛiṇa.]

काल् kāt-kṛi, cl. 8. P. A. -karoti, -kurute, -kartum (fr. kāt, an exclamation of abuse, and 1. kṛi), to insult, dishonour.

Kāt-krita, as, ā, am, dishonoured, insulted.

सञ्चयक kāttreyaka, as, ī, am (fr. kat-tri), produced from or belonging to any combination of three inferior articles.

कात्पक kātthakya, as, m. (a patronymic fr. katthaka), N. of a commentator.

कात्पायन kātyāyana. See under kātīya.

কাথক kāthaka and kāthakya, patronymics from Kathaka.

कायिक kāthancitka, as, ī, am (fr. kathancid), accomplished with difficulty.

कार्यिक kāthika, as, ī, am (fr. 1. kathā), belonging to a tale, told in one; knowing stories; (as), m. a narrator of stories.

নাহের kādamba, as, m. (said to be fr. rt. 1. kad), a kind of goose with dark-grey wings (kala-hansa); a drake or (according to some) a teal; an arrow; the plant Nauclea Cadamba; (ā), f., N. of a plant, = kadamba-pushpī; (am), n. the flower of the plant Nauclea Cadamba.

Kādambaka, as, m. an arrow.

Kādambinī, f. a long line or bank of clonds.

काद्वार kādambara, as, am, m. n. the surface or skim of coagulated milk; (am, ī), n. f. a spirituous liquor distilled from the flowers of the Cadamba; the rain-water which collects in clefts or hollow places of the tree Nauclea Cadamba when the flowers are in perfection, and which is supposed to be impregnated with the honey; wine, spirituous liquor in general; the fluid which issues from the temples of a rutting elephant; (ī), f. the female of the Kokila or Indian cuckoo; the female of another bird, esārikā, i. e. Turdus Salica; an epithet of Sarasvatī; N. of a danghter of Citra-ratha and Madirā; a celebrated work of Vāṇa-bhaṭṭa, called 'Kādambarī,' derives its name from her.—Kādambarī-vija, am, n. ferment, yeast, whatever occasions fermentation.

Kādambarya, as, m. = kadamba, Nauclea Cadamba.

कादाचिक kādāćitka, as, ī, am (fr. kadāćid), appearing now and then, produced sometimes, occasional, incidental. — Kādāćitka-tā, f. the state of occurring occasionally.

कादिक्रमस्तृति kādi-krama-stuti, a work attributed to Sankarāćārya.

Kādi-mata, a Tantra work.

काद्र्य kādraveya, as, m. (fr. kadrū), epithet of the Nāgas or serpents supposed to people the lower regions; an epithet of Arbuda; also of Kasamūra.

कानक kānaka, as, ī, am (fr. kanaka), golden; (am), n. the seed of Croton Jamalgota.

कानद kānada, as, m., N. of a son of Dhimarana.

कानन 1. kānana, am, n. (said to be fr. rt. kan), a forest, grove; a house. — Kānanāri (°naari), is, m. a species of the Mimosa tree, Samī. — Kānanaukas (°na-ok°), ās, m. the inhabitant of a forest, a monkey; [cf. vanaukas.]

कानन 2. $k\bar{a}nana$ ($ka-\bar{a}n^{\circ}$), am, n. the face of Brahmā.

कानीत kānīta, as, m. a patronymic of Prithu-śravas.

कानीन kānīna, as, ī, m. f. (fr. kanīna), the son or daughter of a young or unmarried woman; an epithet of Vyāsa, Karna, and Agniveśya; (as, ā, am), suitable to or designed for the eye-ball; [cf. kanīnaka.]

Kānīyasa (fr. kanīyas), less in number (used only in plur.).

कान्त kānta, as, ā, am (fr. 2. kam), desired, loved, dear; pleasing, agreeable; lovely, beautiful; (as), m. a lover, a husband; any one beloved; the moon; spring; the plant Barringtonia Acutangula [cf. hijjala]; iron; stone; a precious stone (in