Apa-marga, as, m. (fr. apa-mrij), wiping off, cleaning, removing.

Apa-rakta; add-disaffected.

Apa-ranj, Pass. -rajyate, to become disaffected. Apara-vaktrā, f., p. 51, read apara-vaktra, am, n. Apa-rush, t, t, free from anger.

Aparokshaya; add—to have ocular proof of.
Apartu; add—(us), m. improper season, unusual

Apa-sūla, as, ā, am, spearless, having no spear. Apa-śruti, is, is, i, from which the ear is turned away, unpleasant to hear.

Apa-sphur; for 'ūs, ūs, ūs' read ūr, ūr, ūr. Apa-smaya, as, a, am, free from pride or haughti-

Apa-harta, as, m. = apa-hartri, one who takes

away, a destroyer. Apa-hasta; add-as, m. the back of the hand (= hasta-prishtha).

Apa-hastaya; add-to drive away (with the back of the band).

Apā-kriti; add-evil conduct.

Apantara-tamas (apa-ano), as, m., N. of an ancient sage (identified with Krishna-dvaipāyana) I. a-para; correct thus—not the opposite bank,

this side of a river, the near bank.

Apā-vrittaka, as, ā, am, rnnning away, fugitive. Api-dhāna; add—a bolt, bar, lock. Api-vat. See rt. 2. vat; [cf. sv-api-vāla.] Apobdha, as, ā, am, bound.

Apombhana, am, n. binding, a bond, fetter.

A-prātirūpya, am, n. dissimilarity.

2. abja, Nom. P. abjali, &c., to become a lotus flower.

Abhi-kshattri; add-one who carves food, a host. Abhi-gridhna, as, ā, am, eagerly desiring, greedy for.

Abhi-devana, am, n. a gambling-table, dice-table. Abhi-pāla, as, m. a protector, watcher. Abhi-pālana, am, n. protection, watching.

Abhi-pradharshana, am, n. assault, ill-treatment.

Abhi-pravesa, as, m. entering, entrance. Abhi-marutam, ind. against the wind.

Abhi-mukha; add—face to face, opposed to. Abhi-mukhaya, Nom. P. -mukhayati, &c., to face, encounter.

Abhi-yajna-gāthā, p. 66, to be erased. Abhi-rāma; add—(as), m. pleasure, pleasure in. Abhi-sanjnita, as, a, am, called, named.

Abhi-sara; add-an assailant.

Abhy-ākarsha; add-putting on clothes, dressing. Abhy-ucchraya, as, m. height.

Abhyucchraya-vat, an, ati, at, high, lofty.

Amata-parartha-ta, f. the having an unacceptable second meaning.

A-mānusha; add-(as, ā, am), destitute of men. A-minat; add-not failing.

Amū-driksha; for 'a' read ī.

Ambarishaka, as, m. = ambarisha, a frying-pan. Ambu-ia insert—(am), n. before 'a lotus,' &cc. Ambu-ja; insert-(am), n. before 'a lotus, Ambu-mué, k, m. 'water-discharger,' a cloud.

A-yudhvin to be erased. A-yuva; add-undivided, strong; free from destruction, (Say. = marana-rahita.)

A-yuvamārin, ī, inī, i, Ved. (according to B. R.)

not dying in youth; [cf. yuva-mārin.] Argheya, as, ā, am, = arghya, having a fixed price, valuable.

Arnasa, as, ā, am, Ved. watery, full of water, (Say. = udaka-vat); floating, billowy (according to B.R.). Artu=ritu, a season.

Arthantara-nyāsa; add-transition to another matter or subject, the turning aside from a parrative to introduce a moral reflection, &c.

Arthāpatti; add-a disjunctive hypothetical syllogism.

Ardha-nārī, Siva and Pārvatī conjoined. Armaka, doubtful and probably to be erased, B.R.

Arvan; read arvut or arvan. Arvāktana, as, ā or ī, am, being on this side, not reaching to the other side.

Arhat; after 'a Buddha' add-who is still a candidate for Nirvana.

Alambusha; for 'vomiting' read a kind of plant (= chardana).

Alābu; add—(u), n. the fruit of the Alābu.

Ava-hilaka, as, m. a peg, nail. Ava-ćūlaka; for 'as, m. read am, n. Ava-jūli, is, f. conquering, conquest.

Ava-dola, as, m. shaking, swinging. Ava-dyat, an, ati, at, breaking off.

Avana; add-(as, ī, am), protecting, sheltering,

Ava-pha to be erased, B. R.

Ava-močana; add-a place of abode.

Avara-silā to be erased, B. R.

Ava-ropana; add—the act of planting (trees). A-varsha; for 'as, m.' read am, n.

Ava-lekhā, f. drawing, painting.

Ava-lopa, as, m. breaking off, destruction.

Ava-sarpin; add - descending gradually; the Jaina Ava-sarpinī is a 'descending cycle' divided into six stages, (viz. good-good, good, good-bad, bad-good, bad, bad-bad.)

Ava-sāyaka, as, ikā, am, destructive, fatal, deadly. Ava-secana; add-bathing; strewing, scattering. Ara-seya; add-to be accomplished; to be ascertained.

Ava-skanda; erase—'a camp.'

Ava-hārika, am, n. spoil, booty, plunder.

A-vyavastha, as, ā, am, irregular, without rule. A-vyākrita; add—undeveloped, unexpanded.

A-vyutpanna; add-underived.

A-śankya, as, ā, am, not to be feared or doubted. Asanin, ī, inī, i, having a thunderbolt.

A-slona; read a-slona [cf. slona, srona].
Asva-shangava; correct thus—asva-shadgava. Aśva-sukti; read-aśva-suktin, ī, m.

2. ashti; for 'rt. I. as' read rt. I. as. 3. ashti, is, f. (fr. rt. 2. as), seed (= ashthi).

A-sakta; add-uninterrupted; (am), ind. uninterruptedly.

A-saśćivas; for 'as' read at. A-sāra; under (am), n. add-chaff.

Asi-riddhita, as, ā, am, increased or extended by the sword (=khadga-balena riddhim prāpita). Asthi-danta-maya, as, i, am, made of bone or

of ivory, (Mann V. 121.) A-srāma; add-not withered (Ved.). Ahan-karana, am, n. = ahan-kāra.

Ahan; for 'and ahas' read-ahar, which is the proper form of the Nominative.

Ahar-dala, mid-day.

Ahas-triyama, am, n. day and night.

A-kekara, as, ī, am, slightly looking askance. Angārika, as, m. one having to do with charcoal, a charcoal-burner.

A-car; add—to examine (a witness).

Anjana; add-(as, ī, am), having the colour of ointment.

Adambara; add-noise, din; bombastical language; tumult, confusion.

Atma-santana, as, m. 'own offspring,' a son. 2. āda or ādaka, as, ā, am (fr. rt. ad), eating (at the end of comps.).

I. ādāya to be erased.

Adāra-bimbī to be erased.

A-dipaka, as, m. one who sets fire to anything, an incendiary.

Adhidaivika; add-proceeding from the influence of the atmosphere or planets, proceeding from divine or supernatural agencies.

Adhina = adhina, depending on (with loc.). Adhyātmika; add-proceeding from bodily or

mental causes within one's self. Aparapakshiya (fr. apara-paksha), belonging or relating to the second half of a month.

Aptor-yāma, as, m. = aptor-yāma, q. v.

Abdam (ā-ab°), ind. for a whole year.

Apvan to be erased. Apsarasa, as, ī, am, coming from an Apsaras. A-phalaka, a fence made of planks, palisade. A-bharita, as, ā, am, ornamented, adorned. Amisha; add-prey.

Āmisha-tā, f. the being a prey.

A-mris; add—Pass. mrisyate, to be devoured or eaten (= bhakshyate, Raghn-v. V. 9).

A-rata; add—(am), n. a kind of coitus. A-recin, i, ini, i, emptying.

Ā-rodha, as, m. a siege, blockade. Ārjavin, ī, inī, i (fr. ārjava), having honesty, upright, honest, straightforward.

Arjīka; 'milk' to be erased.

A-varjana, am, n. victory, conquest (=jaya). A-vigna; add-as, ā, am (fr. ā-vij), terrified. Avir-mandala, as, a, am, manifesting the form of a circle.

A-vedha, as, m. (fr. ā-vyadh), shaking about.

Asir; for 'is' read ir.

Āśishtha, as, ā, am (superl. of āśu), quickest. Āsīyas, ān, asī, as (compar. of āśu), quicker.

Ashtamika, as, ī, am, taught in the eighth book (of Pāṇini).

A-samsriteh, ind. till the end of the world, as long as the course of this world lasts.

Āsidhāra, am, n. (fr. asi-dhārā), scil. vratam, a vow as difficult as standing on the edge of a sword. Asura; under (i), f. add—an epithet of buddhi

in the Sankhya philosophy. Ahankarika, as, i, am (fr. ahan-kara), belong-

ing or relating to Ahankāra. Ikshu-sākaļa; for 'kind' read field.

Ida; add-N. of a particular artery on the left side of the body.

Indi-vara; add - (as), m. a bee [cf. indindira].

Indra-gopa; to (as), m. add—a fire-fly. Indra-putrā; correct thus—'having Indra for a son,' i. e. the mother of Indra.

Indra-maha; add—(according to a commentator) a feast in honour of Iodra [cf. maha].

Ibhya-tilvala; read ibhya-tilvila.

Irvāruka to be erased, B.R. [cf. mrigervāruka]. Iksha, as, ā, am, looking [cf. tiryag-īksha]; an opening, hole, mesh, (in kshudreksha, having small meshes.)

Inkhana, am, n. shaking about, swinging.

Tyivas; for 'as' read at. Ira, as, m. the wind. - Ira-ja or ira-putra, as,

m. 'son of the wind,' Hanu-mat. Irana; add—(am), n. the act of publishing, pro-

claiming.

Uć-chotha (ud-5°), as, m. (fc. rt. śvi with ud),

swelling, intumescence.

Uć-ćhvasita; add-unsastened, untied. Uć-ćhvāsita; add-raised, lifted up.

Ujjh; add-to let out, discharge (water), emit. Uncha; add-also as, in.

Un-ādi, a class of Krit affixes beginning with un. Utkaća; add-hairless; full-blown.

Utkuṭakāsana; add—sitting with the legs bent

underneath. Uttāna-pāṇi-draya, as, ā, am, having the two

hands with the concave of the palms turned upwards. Utthāyi-tva, am, n. effort, energy, activity. Ut-thayin; add-exerting one's self, active.

Ut-prabāla, as, ā, am, shooting out fresh foliage. Ut-sarpinī; add-'ascending scale,' divided into six stages (beginning with bad-bad, and rising upwards

in the reverse order to ava-sarpinī, q. v., col. 2).

Ut-srotas, ās, ās, as, having the flow of life or current of nutriment upwards (opposed to areak-

srotas, q. v.). Udasaya (°da-ās°), as, am, m. n. a lake, tank Ud-gāra; add-swelling, heaving [cf. sāgared-

gāra] Ud-dīpaka; add—(as), m. a kind of bird.

Ud-dharma, as, m. an erroneous doctrine, neresy. Ud-bhārana, am, n. the act of raising up, eleva-

Udya, as, ā, am (fr. rt. vad), to be spoken, (udya, 'a river,' is incorrect for uddhya.)

Ud-yamita, as, ā, am, excited, instigated.