अप्रसिद्ध a-prasiddha, as, ā, am, not settled or established; unknown, uncelebrated; unusual, uncommon, of no real existence, not current or generally known. - Aprasiddha-pada, am, n. an obsolete

अप्रस्तृत a-prastuta, as, ā, am, unconnected with, irrelevant, unsuitable to the time or subject; not principal, not being the chief subject-matter; accidental or extraneous; not ready.

A-prastāvika, as, ī, am, irrelevant to the subject-

अप्रहत a-prahata, as, ā, am, unhurt, intact: untilled, waste; uncultivated.

A-prahan, ā, ā, a, or a-prahantri, tā, trī, tri, not burting.

अप्रहित a-prahita, as, ā, am, Ved. not stirred up, not sent out, unassailed (by foes).

अप्राकृत a-prākrita, as, ā, am, not principal; not original; special, particular; not vulgar.

अप्राप्त a-prāgrya, as, ā, am, secondary, subordinate.

अप्राचीन a-prāćīna, as, ā, am, modern, recent; not eastern, western.

अप्राज्ञ a-prājāa, as, ā, am, unlearned, ignorant; unconscious. - Aprājia-tā, f. ignorance, unconsciousness.

अप्राण a-prāṇa, as, ā, am, or a-prāṇin, ī, inī, i, inanimate, lifeless.

अप्राधान्य a-prādhānya, am, n. inferiority,

अमाभ a-prāpta, as, ā, am (rt. āp with pra), unobtained; unarrived; unproved. - Aprāpta-kāla, as, a, am, out of season, inopportune, ill-timed; under age; (am), n. an irregular debate. - Aprāptayauvana, as, ā, am, not arrived at puberty. — A-prāpta-vyavahāra or aprāpta-vayas, ās, ās, as, a minor in law; under age, not of years to engage in law or public business. - Aprāptāvasara (°ta av°), as, \tilde{a} , am, unseasonable, inopportune.

A-prāpti, is, f. non-attainment, non-acquisition, scarcity.

A-prāpya, ind. not having found; (as, ā, am), unobtainable, unattainable, scarce.

अप्रामाणिक a-prāmāņika, as, ī, am, unauthentic, unwarranted, unauthoritative, unworthy of being trusted or believed.

A-prāmānya, am, n. absence or insufficiency of proof or authority.

अप्रामिसत्य a-prāmi-satya, as, ā, am (rt. mī with pra), Ved. of unimpaired truthfulness; unalterably true.

अप्रायत्य a-prāyatya, am, n. impurity, ungovernableness.

अप्राय a-prāyu, us, us, u, Ved. assiduous, unceasing, not going forth (?).

A-prāyus, us, m., Ved. not ceasing; with undeparted life, with unimpaired or ever brilliant vigour.

अप्रिय a-priya, as, ā, am, disagreeable, disliked; unkind, unfriendly; (as), m. a foe, an enemy; N. of a Yaksha; (a), f. a sort of skeat fish, Silurus Pungentissimus. - Apriya-kara, as, ā or ī, am, or apriya-kārin, ī, iņī, i, doing an unkindness; unfriendly, ill-disposed. - Apriya-bhāgin, ī, inī, i, unfortunate. - Apriya-vādin, ī, inī, i, or apriyam-vada, as, ā, am, speaking unkindly or

A-prīti, is, f. dislike, aversion, unfriendliness, enmity; pain. - Aprīti-kara, as, ī, am, unkind, adverse; disagreeable, offensive. - Aprīty-ātmaka, as, ikā, am, consisting of pain.

अप्रतराहासी apreta-rākshasī, f., N. of a plant, Ocimum Sanctum; see apeta-rākshasī, p. 56.

अप्रेमन् a-preman, a, n. dislike, aversion; (\bar{a}, \bar{a}, a) , unfriendly.

स्रोप a-praisha, as, ā, am, not invoked with a praisha (q. v.) mantra.

सप्रोपिवस् a-proshivas, -vān, -shushī, -vat (rt. vas, perf. part.), Ved. not gone away, staying.

अप्रांढ a-praudha, as, ā, am, not arrogant, timid, gentle; (a), f. an unmarried girl, or one very recently married and not come to womanhood.

অসৰ a-plava, as, ā, am, without a ship; not swimming .- A-plavesa (°va-īsa), as, ā, am, unable to swim.

अप्ना apvā, f. (fr. apa or fr. obs. rt. ap?), disease; danger; the region of the throat or neck.

अस 1. ap-sa, as, m., Ved. giving or yielding (ap) water [cf. ap-sā below].

अप 2. a-psa, as, m., Ved. not destroying.

असर ap-sara, as, m. water-goer, any aquatic animal (see etym. of next).

अपास apsaras, as, or apsara, f. (fr. ap, q. v., and rt. sri, 'going in the waters or between the waters of the clouds'); certain female divinities, who reside in the sky and are the wives of the Gandharvas; they have the faculty of changing their shapes, are very fond of bathing, and are said to have been produced at the churning of the ocean. - Apsarah-pati, is, m. Indra, lord of the Apsarasas. - Apsaras-tirtha, am, n. a pool in which the Apsarasas bathe. — Apsarā-pati, is, m. lord of the Apsarasas; N. of the Gandharva Sikhandin.

Apsarāya, nom. A. apsarāyate, -yitum, to behave like an Apsaras.

समाव apsava, as, ā, am, Ved. (if from apsas) possessed of form or shape; (if from ap) giving water.

Apsavya, as, ā, am, fit for water, being in the

समस apsas, as, n. (fr. obs. rt. ap), Ved. cheek; shape, beauty (?).

अपा ap-sā, ās, m. (fr. ap and rt. san), Ved. giving water.

अस् 1. a-psu, us, us, u, Ved. without food; not beautiful (?).

अप 2. apsu (loc. pl. of ap, q. v.), in the water or waters. This word forms the first member of various compounds, thus:—apsu-kshit, t, m., Ved. dwelling within the clouds, in the region between heaven and earth. - Apsu-cara, as, ī, am, Ved. going in the waters. — Apsu-ja, as, ā, am, or apsu-jā, ās, ās, m. f., Ved. born in the waters. — Apsu-jit, t, t, t, Ved. vanquishing between the waters or in the region of the clouds. — Apsu-mat, ān, atī, at, possessed of what is in the waters; not losing one's nature in the water (e. g. the lightning does not lose his fiery nature in the clouds); containing the word apsu. - Apsu-yoga, as, m. the connecting power in water. - Apsu-yoni, is, m., Ved. born from the waters. - Apsu-vāh, t, m., Ved. driving in water. - Apsu-shad, t, t, t, Ved. dwelling in the waters. - Apsu-shoma, as, m. Soma in water; a cup filled with water. - Apsu-samsita, as, a, am, Ved. raised or excited in the waters.

ञ्जफल a-phala, as, ā, am, unfruitful, barren; vain, unproductive; deprived of virility; (as), m., N. of a plant, Tamarix Indica; (a), f. the Aloe plant, Aloes Perfoliata; another plant, Flacourtia Cataphracta. - A-phala-kānkshin, ī, inī, i, disinterested, not looking to beneficial consequences. - Aphala-tā, f. or aphala-tva, am, n. barrenness, unprofitableness. -A-phala-prepsu, us, us, v, one who desires no recompense.

अफल्म a-phalgu, us, us, u, not vain, productive, profitable.

अफुल a-phulla, as, ā, am, unblown.

अफन 1. a-phena, as, ā, am, frothless, without scum or foam.

अफेन 2. a-phena, am, n. (corruption of ahi-phena, foam of a snake?), opium.

স্থাৰ্ভ a-baddha, as, ā, am, or a-baddhaka, as, tkā, am (rt. bandh), unbound, at liberty; unmeaning, nonsensical. - Abaddha-mukha, as, ā, am, foul-mouthed, scurrilous; mendacious.

1. a-badhya, as, ä, am, unmeaning, nonsensical. A-bandhaka, as, ikā, am, not binding; (as), m., N. of a man; (as), m. pl. the descendants of this

A-bandhana, as, \(\bar{a}\), am, without fetters, free. A-bandhya. See s.v. below.

A-bandhra, as, a, am, Ved. without bonds or ligatures, falling asunder.

अवध a-badha, as, m. (rt. badh), not killing; (\bar{a}) , f. a segment of the base of a triangle, see avadha. - Abadhārha (°dha-ar°), as, ā, am, not

2. a-badhya, as, a, am, not to be killed, inviolable; see also a-vadhya. - Abadhya-bhava, as, m. immunity, sacredness of character, as that of an

अवन्ध a-bandhu, us, us, u, without kindred, without companions, friendless. - Abandhu-krit, t, t, t, Ved. causing want of companions.

A-bandhava, as, a, am, having no relation or kindred, lone, unacknowledged, unowned.

अवन्ध्य a-bandhya, as, ā, am, not barren, not unfruitful, fruitful, productive.

अवल a-bala, as, ā, am, weak, feeble, infirm; (as), m., N. of a plant, Tapia Cratæva; N. of a king of Magadha; (a), f. a woman; one of the ten Buddhist earths; (am), n. want of strength, weakness [with abala bave been compared, Goth. ubils, Them. ubila; Mod. Germ. uebel; Eng. 'evil']. - Abala-dhanvan, ā, ā, a, possessing a weak bow. - Abalabala (°la-ab°), as, m. 'neither powerful nor powerless; an epithet of Siva.

A-balāsa, as, ā, am, not consumptive.

Abaliyas, ān, asī, as, weaker. A-balya, am, n. weakness, sickness.

अबह् a-bahu, us, us, or vī, u, not many, few. - Abahv-akshara, as, ā, am, or abahv-ać, é, é, é, having not more than two syllables.

सबाध a-bādha, as, ā, am, unobstructed, unrestrained; free from pain; (a), f. segment of the base of a triangle [cf. a-badhā under a-badha above]. A-bādhaka, as, ikā, am, or a-bādhita, as, ā, am, unimpeded, unobstructed; unrefuted.

A-bādhya, as, ā, am, improper to be opposed or

अवान्धव a-bandhava. See a-bandhu.

अवालिश a-bāliśa, as, ā, am, not childish. अवालन्द a-bālendu (°la-in°), us, m. full-

अवाह्य a-bāhya, as, ā, am, not exterior,

internal; without an exterior. सविन्धन ab-indhana, as, m. 'having (ap)

water for fuel,' snbmarine fire. अविभोवस् a-bibhīvas, ān, bhyushī, at, or

a-bibhyat, at, ati, at, Ved. fearless, confident.

सब्द a-buddha, as, ā, am, unwise, foolish. - A-buddha-tva, am, n. foolishness.

A-buddhi, is, f. want of understanding; ignorance; stupidity; (is, is, i), ignorant, stupid. - A-buddhipūrva or a-buddhi-pūrvaka, as, ā, am, not