INTRODUCTION

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Narada Pancha Katra.

The Nárada-pancha-rátra is one of the oldest, if not the very first, specimen of Vaishṇava literature in Sanscrit. The only work which can contest the palm of seniority with it is the Bhágavata Puráṇa, commonly known by the name of the S'rí Bhágavata. Without stopping to decide this contest, we may safely declare that each has in its own way done much to recommend the Vaishṇava doctrine to the Brahmins and give a turn, till then unknown, to the worship of Vishṇu as the supreme ruler of the universe.

Vishnu is a name not unknown to the Vedas. His divinity is recognized in those ancient writings and he is even styled a great god. But he was not considered supreme. The word parama stands in some places as his predicate, but, as shown by Professor Max Muller, not in the sense of supreme.

श्रिय वे देवानामवमो विष्णुः परमस्तद्न्तरेण सर्वा श्रन्था देवताः।
"Agni is the first among the gods, Vishnu the last,
between them stand the other divinities."

The last, however, became in process of time, not the least in the devotional conceptions of the Hindus. Three of the gods had from a remote period been selected as