able preceptors he instructed that the boy should never mutter 'Nārāyaṇāya namah' but should on the other hand mutter 'Hiranyaya namah' only. Not only that, he wiped out the name of Nārāyana from the land altogether. Prahlada stayed in the house of the preceptor and studied his lessons. One day Prahlada went to see his father along with his preceptor. Hiranyakasipu was drunk then. Prahlada went and prostrated before his father and Hiranyakasipu lifting the boy up from the ground asked him with affection to repeat to him all the good things he had learned so far and Prahlada quickly repeated thus:—"I bow down to Mahavisnu, the root cause of all things seen and unseen, the protector of this visible universe, who is without beginning, centre and end and who is without origin,

growth and decay."

The words of Prahlada struck his father like a thunderbolt. With his lips trembling with anger Hiranyakasipu stared with his blood-red eyes at the preceptor. The frightened Guru again and again submitted that he had never taught him any of the kind the boy had repeated before his father. Then who must have taught him those things? the emperor enquired. Then Prahlada said that all those things were put into his mind by Mahavisnu himself. A hot discussion then took place between Prahlada and his father and in the end Hiranyakaśīpu ordered the preceptor to take away Prahlada and make another earnest attempt to correct him and bring him round to the emperor's liking. Prahlada stayed for another period with the Guru serving him with devotion and studying well. After a long time Prahlāda was again taken before his father and the latter as before asked him to repeat what he had studied so far. To the shocking disappointment of Hiranyakasipu Prahlada again repeated verses in praise of Mahavisnu. The emperor's rage knew no bounds and he ordered his men to kill his son. (Chapter 17, Amsa 1, Vișnu Purana).

5) Torturing Prahlada. On hearing the order of Hiranyakasipu many armed soldiers surrounded Prahlada. Prahlāda addressed them thus: "Oh daityas, Mahāvișnu resides in your weapons, in you all and in me also. Since that is the real truth your weapons will not injure me." The daityas struck him hard with their wea-

pons but Prahlāda did not feel pain at all. Hiraņyakasipu then sent thousands of poisonous serpents led by great ones like Taksaka. When they started thrusting their venomous fangs into his body, Prahlada stood cheerfully meditating on Mahavisnu and he did not even feel the bitings. On the other hand the fangs of the serpents dropped out from their mouths and the gems on the heads of the big ones burst out and all the

snakes felt sorry for their action.

Hiranyakasipu then sent the astadiggajas (the eight elephants who bear the burden of this earth) to kill Prahlada. The huge animals bigger than the biggest of mountains threw the boy to the ground and struck him with their long and pointed tusks. Prahlada lay meditating on Mahavisnu and the tusks that hit the body of Prahlada were broken to bits. Prahlada was then thrown into a pit of fire. But the wind-blown ferocious fire was not able to burn him and as he lay in the firepit meditating on Mahāviṣṇu he felt he was lying on a bed of lotuses.

When things progressed so far the astonished priests of the palace advised the emperor to put a stop to torturing Prahlada. Their consoling words alleviated his rage and he sent Prahlada again to his Guru for another term of study. He stayed with his Guru and continued his studies. Whenever he got leisure he taught the other inmates of the āśrama lessons in Visnumārga. Hiranyakasipu was informed of this and obeying orders from him the asuras gave poison to Prahlada. That too was of no avail. The royal priests got angry and they created a devil as ferocious as the flames of fire. The devil with mighty thumpings on earth dashed towards Prahlada and hit him on his breast with its spike. The spike broke into pieces and the devil turning back cursed the priests. Then the daityaraja took him to the top of a mountain twentyfour miles high and pushed him down from there. The boy fell down meditating on Mahāvisnu and the goddess of earth received him with extended hands and prevented a painful impact with the ground. The father became furious and sent Sambarāsura to kill his son. Sambara tried many magical attacks. Prahlāda without any ill-feeling towards Sambara sat meditating on Mahavisnu and then Visnu sent his Sudarsana wheel against the demon and he was forced to retreat. Then by orders from Hiranyakasipu the wind god entered the body of Prahlada. Prahlada knew it and he sat meditating on Visnu and the latter entering the body of Prahlada drank the wind inside him. When Hiranyakasipu was defeated in all his attempts to kill Prahlada he sent his son again to his Guru. Then the preceptor taught him everything that was needed for a king and also the science of justice written by Sukrācārya. When Prahlāda completed his education and the Guru felt the boy had become humble he took him back to Hiranyakasipu.

Once again Hiranyaka ipu entered into a discussion on god with his son and dissatisfied with his continued devotion to Visnu decided again to kill his son. He was thrown into the ocean bound hand and foot. With every movement of Prahlada the ocean became turbulent and water rose on all sides. There was a deluge on earth. Hiranyakasipu called the daityas to his side and said: "Oh daityas, bring all the mountains on earth and create a barrier round the ocean so that my wicked son cannot get outside the ocean. Fire does not kill this boy; he is not wounded by any of the weapons; wind. poison, devils, magic, falls from heights and even the diggajas could not kill him. So let him remain in water for thousands of years together and then he

will die.'

The daityas and danavas brought mountains and dropped them over Prahlada lying inside the ocean. The mountains lay spread over thousands of miles. Lying thus in the ocean the pious boy prayed to Mahavisnu and the latter appeared before him and granted him boons. Escaping from the ocean Prahlada went to his father and prostrated before him. Hiranyakasipu was astounded to see him alive and taking him in his arms embraced him and with tears rolling down his cheeks for having tortured him so far asked him "My son, you are still alive, are you not?" After that he started treating him as his son. (Chapter 20, Amsa 1, Vișnu

6) The incarnation of Narasimha. But as days went by Hiranyakasipu got wild again. He could not bear his son's increasing devotion to Visnu. He hated to hear Prahlada's chantings of Visnu's name and so one dar