Rukmabāhu—a son of Bhīsmaka.

Bhā. X. 52, 22,

Rukmamālin—a son of Bhīsmaka.

Bhā. X. 52. 22.

Rukmaratha (1)—a son of Bhīsmaka.

Bhā. X. 52. 32.

Rukmaratha (II)—a son of Mahāpaurava (nandana).

M. 49. 73; Vā. 99. 187.

Rukmarāţ (n)—see Pravisṭa Agni; son of Arkāgni.

Br. II. 12. 43; Vā. 29. 40.

Rukmavatī—a daughter of Rukmi, and wife of Pradyumna; mother of Aniruddha.

Bhā. X. 61. 18 and 23 [9]; Vi. IV. 15. 38-9.

Rukmi-first son of the Vidarbha king, Bhīsmaka; brother of Rukmini, and enemy of Krsna; capital Bhojakata; wanted to give his sister Rukmini to Caidya, though his brothers were for Kṛṣṇa.¹ Followed Kṛṣṇa running with his sister and near the Narmada fought with him. On an appeal from Rukmini to spare his life, Rukmi was put to shame by the removal of his locks of hair and moustache and tied to his chariot; could not reconcile himself with Kṛṣṇa's action and resolved to kill Krsna and then enter Kundina. Released by Balarāma, he built and lived in Bhojakata without going back to Kundina.2 Was met by Śālva at Kundina; was stationed by Jarāsandha at the western gate of Mathurā and on the eastern side during the siege of Gomanta.3 Gave his daughter to Pradyumna in marriage to please his sister, but continued to hate Kṛṣṇa; prayed to Śiva who gave him a bow saying that it would not harm Hari; went back to