

Vakras—a group of Piśācas; able to take any form they desired.

Br. III. 7. 388; Vā. 69. 269.

Vakramukhas—a group of Piśācas.

Br. III. 7. 381.

Vakra (mukhī)—one of the 16 classes of Piśācas, with crooked hands and feet.

Br. III. 7. 376 and 388.

Vaggranthayas—Ekārṣeyas.

M. 200. 4.

Vanga (I)—born of Dirghatamas and Bali's wife;¹ Hence a son of Bali, after whom came the Vanga country.² A Kṣetraja son of Bali.³

¹ Bhā. IX. 23. 5. ² Br. III. 74. 27 and 87; Vā. 99. 85; Vi. IV. 18. 13-14. ³ M. 48. 25; Vā. 99. 28.

Vanga (II)—a son of Dharmavarman and father of Nandana.

Vi. IV. 21. 56.

Vangas (I)—enlisted by Jarāsandha against the Yadus;¹ an eastern country;² kingdom of the.³

¹ Bhā. X. [50 (v) 3]. ² Br. II. 16. 51; 18. 51; III. 74. 213. ³ M. 114. 44; 121. 50; 163. 72.

Vangas (II)—a Janapada of the Ketumālā country;¹ a tribe.²

¹ Vā. 44. 14. ² Ib. 47. 49; 99. 402.

Vangas (III)—the Brāhmaṇa caste of Śākadvīpa.

Vi. II. 4. 69.