

Vṛtraripu—an epithet of Indra.

Vi. V. 1. 58.

Vṛtrahā—is Indra;¹ got frightened at the prolonged love of Umā and Śankara and asked Agni to disturb their sport.²

¹ Br. III. 10. 23. ² Vā. 72. 21.

Vṛddhagarga—taught Atri the consequences of disastrous signs in a state.

M. 229. 2.

Vṛddhagārgya—a contemporary of Mucukunda; told the latter that towards the end of Dvāpara he would have the darśan of Kṛṣṇa Viṣṇu.

Vi. V. 23. 258.

Vṛddhaśa(dha)man—of Kārūṣa line, married Śrutadevā, sister of Vasudeva. She gave birth to Dantavaktra;¹ son of Āyu.²

¹ Bhā. IX. 24. 37; Br. III. 71. 156; Vā. 96. 155; Vi. IV. 14. 39.
² M. 24. 34.

Vṛddhasena—a queen of Sumatī and mother of Devatājit.

Bhā. V. 15. 2.

Vṛddhāveśā—the goddess following Bhavamālīnī.

M. 179. 71.

Vṛddhiśrāddham—done prior to *maṅgala* occasions such as festivals, sacrifices, marriages, etc.; here prayers offered first to *mātṛs*, then to *pitṛs*, maternal grandfather, and Viśvedevas; in it yava is used for tila and prefaced by Nāndi śabda;¹ a house-holder is eligible to perform it after the *sapindi karaṇam* of the deceased.²

¹ M. 17. 65 9; Vā. 110. 17. ² M. 18. 16.