Padma (II)—the name of the 7th kalpa.

Vā. 21. 12.

Padma (III)—a son of Bhadra; gave birth to eight kinds of elephants; vehicle of Ailavila.²

¹ Vā. 69. 213, 217. ² Br. III. 7. 329, 331.

Padma (IV)—the forest of Padma between the Lauhitya and the Sindhu.

Br. III. 7, 358.

Padma (v)—a Nāga (serpent) chief.

Br. IV. 20, 53.

Padmaka—a palace with three bhūmikas and sixteen sides; also Śrivrkṣaka; the toraṇa is of 20 hastas.

¹ M. 269. 39, 43. ² Ib. 269, 49.

Padmakarā—a goddess following Revatī.

M. 179, 73,

Padmagulma—a son of Mrga elephant.

Br. III. 7, 332.

Padmacitra—a Nāga.

Vā. 69. 73.

Padmadala—the vessel of the lotus leaf wherein the Gandharvas milked the cow-earth.

M. 10, 24,

Padmadvayam—a snake used as balabandham for Tripurāri's chariot.

M. 133, 33,