Virūpā—came out of the face of Mahādeva.

Vā. 23. 5.

Virūpākṣa (1)—a son of Danu, and a follower of Vrtra in his battle with Indra.

Bhā. VI. 10. [20]; Br. III. 6. 11; Vā. 68. 11.

Virūpākṣa (II)—another name for Śiva having the sun, moon and fire for eyes.

Br. II. 25, 64.

Virūpākṣa (III)—a Śiva gana.

Br. III. 41. 27.

Virūpākṣa (IV)—one of the 11 Rudras; as a lokapāla.

M. 5. 29; 153. 19; 194. 19; 266. 27.

Virūpākṣa (v)—a Bhārgava gotrakartā.

M. 195. 19.

Virūpākṣa (vɪ)—the lord of the south-west direction-Vā. 34. 87.

Virūpāśva—an Angirasa and mantrakṛt.

Br. II. 32, 109.

Virocana (1)—a son of Prahlāda, and father of Bali. Took part in the Devāsura war between Bali and Indra, and fought with Savitā;¹ the Daitya king residing in the fifth talam: served as calf for the Asuras to milk the earth: killed by Indra in the Tārakāmaya war.² Laughed at by Śukra: in the sabhā of Hiranyakaśipu.³

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Bhā. V. 24. 18; VI. 18. 16; VIII. 10. 20 and 29; M. 6. 10; Vi. I. 21. 1. <sup>2</sup> Br. II. 20. 35; 36. 210; III. 5. 41; 72. 79 and 105; M. 10. 21; 47. 48 and 72; 172. 14: 178. 67; 245. 12 and 45. <sup>3</sup> Ib. 61. 4-5; 72. 6-10; 161. 78.