$Rasaj\tilde{n}a$ —a companion of Puramjana, allegorically the organ of taste. See mukhy \bar{a} .

Bhā. IV. 25. 49; 29. 11.

Rasadhenu—fit for gift during the Viśokadvādaśi vrata.

M. 82. 19.

Rasana—a son of the Rākṣasa Vidyuta.

Br. III. 7. 95.

Rasapāsara—son of Kuthumi.

Vā. 61. 38.

Rasarāja—one of the eight saubhāgyams.

M. 60. 8, 28.

Rasasiddhi—is a yoga siddhi.

Br. IV. 36. 52; 44. 108.

Rasātala—(also Pātālam) the underworld of rocky soil. Here live Paṇis, Nāgas, Nivātakavacas and Kāleyas; all dānavas of great strength and enterprising spirit and afraid of Hari and Sarama, the messenger of Indra.¹ Visited by Arjuna in search of the dead child of the Dvārakā Brahmana;² burnt by Pralaya;³ the Asuras entered it helpless;⁴ Vasu, cursed by the sages to live there, for his decision against the killing of Paśu in sacrifices;⁵ of 10,000 Yojanas in extent; other talams are Atala, Sutala, Vitala, Gabhastala, Mahātala, Sritala, and Patāla with the characteristics of black, white, pītam, chunam, rocky and gold they are in groups of earth, water and space.⁵

¹ Bhā. V. 24. 7 and 30; Br. II. 19. 171; 20. 10 and 12, 39-40; 30. 31; M. 47. 63; Vā. 49. 163; 97. 95; 100. 157; Vi. IV. 3. 4 and 8; V. 1. 28. ² Bhā. X. 89. 44. ³ Br. III. 53. 1; 72. 96. 73. 46 and 48; IV. 1. 153. ⁴ M. 47. 212-13, 233. ⁵ Ib. 143. 24-25; 166. 3; 248, 4, 11, 53, 67ff; Vā. 57. 110. ⁶ Ib. 6. 25; 50. 9-14.