

Hamsapādī—a Laukikya Apsaras.

Br. III. 7. 10.

Hamsaprapatanam—north of Pratiṣṭhāna and west of the Bhāgīratī; a Kṣetram in Prayagā.

M. 106. 32.

Hamsabhāga—an Eastern Kingdom.

Br. II. 16. 51.

Hamsamārgas—a hilly country;¹ watered by the Nalinī;² an eastern tribe.³

¹ Vā. 45. 120, 135; 47. 56. ² Br. II. 18. 59; M. 121. 58. ³ Br. II. 16. 67; Vā. 45. 120.

Hamsamukha—a son of Sudāsa.

Vā. 88. 176.

Hamsasvāran—a Śiva god.

Br. II. 36. 32.

Hamsā—a Laukikya Apsaras.

Br. III. 7. 10.

Hamsonārāyaṇa—Brahmā; comes out of the Ekārṇava; the same as what the Āraṇyakas and the Upaniṣads say of Puruṣoyajña; being a Vedamaya he introduces 16 Ṛtviks required for a Yajña from the different limbs of a body; Mārkaṇḍeya came out of his face and saw the world plunged in waters and wondered at it. Once again he entered the body of the Lord, and coming out again he saw a child sleeping on a branch of the banyan tree. He got afraid of his loneliness when the baby Lord asked him not to be afraid of him and told him that he was his father and Hṛṣikeśa, etc; con-