Encouraged by the straight speech of Vrtra, Indra took up his Vajra and cut off his other arm. Vrtra swallowed him; but Indra, the vanquisher of Bala, got out of his stomach and cut off his head. Indra's regret at the murder of another Brāhmaṇa. The sin of brahmicide, says the legend, took the disguise of a Caṇḍāla woman and ran towards him in a terrific form when he entered the lake Mānasa and lived in the lotus stalks for a thousand years. Invited by Brāhmaṇas, he performed an Aśvamedha and got rid of his sins.²⁹

Father of three sons Jayanta and others through Paulomī. Getting to know that his mother Diti was observing a vow to get a child to slay him he offered to do service to her. Once he found her slack in her duty. He entered the womb and cut the child into seven pieces and each of these again into seven. At her request he offered to her to give them the rank of gods, by name Maruts, who were allowed to share in the $yaj\tilde{n}as$. Diti thought of another son Vajrānga who bound Indra and placed him before her. Was released on mediation from Brahmā and Kaśyapa.

The God of rain: Sent torrents of showers on Gokula when Kṛṣṇa protected his friends by holding up the hill

^{4-11. &}lt;sup>29</sup> Ib. VIII. 10. 13-33; 11. 10-27; 12. 3-33; 13. 4-21. ³⁰ Ib. VI. 18. 7, 37, 54, 56-77; M. 7. 50-65; 69. 60; 146. 20, 28-44, 45-55; Br. III. 5. 55-79; IV. 20. 44. ^{30a} M. 146. 45-55. ³¹ Bhā. X. 59. 1 [1] and 2, 22 [3]; Vi. V. 29. 1-15. ³² Ib. V. 37. 16; Bhā. X. 59. 38-39;