Mātrā—the shortest period of time.

Vi. VI. 3. 6.

Mātsya—a son of Vasu.

Vi. IV. 19. 81.

Mātsyas—a tribe.

Vā. 47. 48.

Mātsyanyāya—the small fish being eaten by big fish; the rule of might.

M. 225. 9.

Mātsyam (Purānam)—originally told by Gadādhara;¹ told by Janārdana in the guise of a fish to Manu consisting of a description of Narasimha and an account of the seven kalpas and consisting of 14,000 verses; he who gives it along with a golden fish and a cow on the first day of the Caitra month gets the benefit of the gift of the whole world.²

<sup>1</sup> M. 1. 10. <sup>2</sup> Ib. 53. 50-2; **V**ā. 104. 3.

 $M\bar{a}tsya$   $R\bar{u}pa$ —(Matsya  $avat\bar{a}r$ ) of Viṣṇu, being the tenth  $avat\bar{a}r$  during the deluge in the epoch of Cākṣuṣa manvantara for the protection of Vaivasvata Manu.

Bhā. I. 3. 15.

Māthuras—a tribe; ended their lives by killing their own men.

Bhā. X. 1. 27; XI. 30. 18.

Māthailya—one of the seven sons of Vidyoparicara. a Vasu and Girika.

Vā. 99. 222.