Pūrņiman—a son of Marīci and Kalā; had two sons Viraja and Viśvaga, and a daughter Devakulyā.

Bhā. IV. 1. 13-14.

Pūrņimā (1)—a śakti on the sodaśa-patrābjā. Br. IV. 32. 12.

Pūrnimā (II)—the meeting of the night at the Full Moon day; here both the Devas and Pitrs see it; ety.

¹ Vā. 56. 39, 43. ² M. 141. 39.

Pūrņimāgatika—one of the Bhārgava gotrakāras.

M. 195, 28,

Pūrņotsanga—the son of Śrī Mallakarni (Śāntakarni-Vi. P.) who ruled for 18 years. Father of Śatakarni.

M. 273. 3; Vi. IV. 24. 45.

Pūrņodarī—a svara śakti.

Br. IV. 44, 55.

Pūrya—a Pravara Ŗși.

M. 199, 16.

Pūrvacitti—a divine damsel sent by Brahmā to serve Agnīdhra as his spouse. After giving birth to nine sons she went back to Brahmā. Apsaras presiding over the month of Puşya.

Bhā. V. 2. 3-5, 19-20; XI. 16. 33; XII. 11. 42; Br. II. 23. 18; IV. 33. 19. Vi. II. 10. 14

Pūrvacī—an Apsaras.

Vā. 69. 49; Br. III. 7. 15.