Kasāyagana—articles of, detailed.

M. 217. 75-81.

Kaṣāyiṇas—people in ascetic robes.

Vā. 58. 64.

Kaseru—one of the nine divisions of the Bhāratavarşa.

Vā. 45. 79, 119; Vi. II. 3. 6.

Kahoda—a madhyamādhvaryu.

Br. II. 33, 16.

Kāmsyam—fit to be a milking vessel and for a gift with a cow.

M. 16. 26 & 32; 57. 20; 205. 2.

Kāka (1)—(Mt.) a hill touching the sea.

Br. II. 18, 76.

Kāka (11)—a bird; a vāhana of Sūcīmukha.

Br. III. 7. 455; IV. 24. 44.

Kākabali—the vāyasa in Aindra, Vāruṇa, Vāyavya and Nairrta directions.

Vā. 111. 40.

Kākavarna—son of Śiśunāga, (bha) and father of Ksemadharman. Ruled for 36 years (26 years-Matsya P.).

Bhā. XII. 1. 5; Br. III. 74. 129; M. 272. 7; Vi. IV. 24. 10. 11.

Kākaśilā-in Gayā, releases one from debts.

Vā. 108. 76.

Kākaḥrdam—a place fit for performing śrāddha.

Br. III. 13. 85.