Sakaţās—of the Agastya family.

M. 202. 1.

Sakaţāsurabhañjana—is Kṛṣṇa.

Br. III. 36, 24.

Śakavarṇa—a son of Śiśunāka; ruled for 36 years; conquered Girivraja.

Vā. 99. 315, 316.

Śakuna(i) (1)—an Asura follower of Hiranyakaśipu, and a son of Hiranyakṣa.

Bhā. VII. 2. 5 and 18; Br. III. 5. 30; M. 6. 14; Vā. 67. 67; Vi. I. 21. 3.

Śakuna (11)—a Pṛthuka god.

Br. II. 36. 73.

Śakunajñānam—the science of birds, etc;<sup>1</sup> in connection with founding temples.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> M. 215. 9; <sup>2</sup> Ib. 240. 15; 264. 9.

Sakuni (1)—(saubala) a prince of Gāndhāra and an evil adviser to Duryodhana; joined him in insulting Vidura; attacked the northern gate of Mathurā, and the eastern gate of Gomanta when they were besieged by Jarāsandha.

Bhā. III. 1. 14; 3. 13; VII. 2. 18; X. 50. 11 [7]; 52. 11. [6].

Śakuni (11)—father of Asura Vṛka; took part in the Devāsura war between Bali and Indra.

Bhā. VIII. 10. 20; X. 88. 14.