

Paitritanu—of Prajāpati; gave rise to sages and men, the latter with *rajas*.

Vā. 9. 16.

Paippala—a Pravara Ṛṣi.

M. 199. 18; 200. 15.

Paila (I)—a pupil of Vyāsa, Parāśarya and in charge of the Ṛg Veda;¹ was taught Bahvr̥ca (Ṛg Veda). He taught it to Indrapramati and to Bāṣkala;² was invited for the Rāja-sūya of Yudhiṣṭhira.³ A Śrutarṣi.⁴ He took the flating Ṛks and classified them into two parts each of which was given to two disciples, Indrapramati and Bāṣkala.⁵

¹ Bhā. I. 4. 21; Vā. 60. 13; Vi. III. 4. 8. ² Bhā. XII. 6. 36, 52 and 54. Vi. III. 4. 16. ³ Bhā. X. 74. 8. ⁴ Br. II. 33. 2; 34. 13. ⁵ Vā. 60. 19, 24-25.

Paila (II)—a disciple of Parāśara.

Bhā. IX. 22. 22.

Paila (III)—a pupil of Rathītara.

Br. II. 35. 4.

Paila (IV)—a Bhārgava gotrakṛt.

M. 195. 18; 196. 18.

Pailamaulis—Kaśyapa gotrakāras.

M. 199. 6.

Pailava—one of the five pupils of Vyāsa.

Vā. 108. 42.

Paiśāca-vivāha—one of the eight forms of marriage.

Vi. III. 10. 24.