

saltish, etc., and of various colours;¹ liquor with Kaca's powdered body mixed in it taken by Śukrācārya and thus deceived by the Asura; hence he ordained that no Brahman should thereafter take liquor, and if he did he would fall from his status and commit a sin equal to brahmicide and would be despised by the world at large.²

¹ Br. IV. 28. 71-6; Vā. 101. 162. ² M. 25. 39, 60, 62-3; 76. 12.

Surā (III)—the sea of liquor.

M. 2. 34.

Surā (IV)—the wife of Kali; son of Mada.

Vā. 84. 9.

Surasena—a son of Karna.

Vā. 99. 112.

Surasenāpati—is Skanda.

Vā. 53. 31.

Surahantā—an Asura in the sabhā of Hiranyakaśipu.

M. 161. 79.

Surānganā—a daughter of Nāgnajit.

Vā. 96. 243.

Surādevī—issued from the milk ocean when it was churned.

M. 250. 3.

Surānandā—a Devī on the Geyacakra.

Br. IV. 19. 75.

Surānta—a Rākṣaṣa who was killed in Lankā war.

Bhā. IX. 10. 18.