

Sutamitra—a Marut of the second gaṇa.

Br. III. 5. 93.

Sutalam (I)—an under world and the residence of Bali: represents the two knees of the Lord;¹ Built by Viśvakarman. Bali was sent to this as punishment but was pleased with it: the great cave which Bali and Prahlēda entered;² reached by Kṛṣṇa and Rāma to recover their brothers killed by Kamsa; Bali then as Indrasena welcomed them;³ Pātālam, assigned to Bali by Vāmana.⁴

¹ Bhā. II. 1. 27; 5. 40; V. 24. 7 & 18; VIII. 13. 14. ² Ib. VIII. 22. 32; 23. 3 & 9, 11-12. ³ Ib. X. 85. 34-38. ⁴ M. 246, 69, 75-9; Vi. II. 5. 2-3.

Sutalam (II)—the second world of white soil: residence of Brahmanas;¹ here is the town of Mahājambha and other Asuras and Nāgas.²

¹ Br. II. 20. 11, 14, 25; Vā. 50. 11, and 13. ² Vā. 50. 20-25.

Sutahotra—a son of Svarbhānu; had three sons Kāśa, Śala, and Gṛtsamada.

Vā. 92. 2.

Sutāpī (I)—a daughter of Devakī and one of the seven wives of Vasudeva.

M. 44. 73.

Sutāpī (II)—the avatār of the Lord in the second dvāpara.

Vā. 23. 120.

Sutāra (I)—an Yakṣa gaṇa.

Vā. 69. 39.