

Śankukarṇa (I)—the Asura in Tatvalam (Atalam-Vā. P.);¹ one of Danu's sons.²

¹ Br. II. 20. 16; III. 6. 4; Vā. 50. 16. ² Ib. 68. 4.

Śankukarṇa (II)—(Vighneśvara); informed Maheśvara of the medicinal tank of waters created by Maya.

Br. IV. 44. 66; M. 136. 48, 51.

Śankukarṇas—created by Dakṣa.

M. 4. 52.

Śankukarṇam—a place sacred to Śiva.

M. 181. 27.

Śankukarṇī—a mother goddess.

M. 179. 31.

Śankukūṭa—(Śankhakūṭa) a Mt. north of the Mahābhadrā lake.

Vā. 36. 31; 42. 65.

Śankunirāśa (ma)ya: one of Danu's sons.

Vā. 68. 4.

Śankuratha—a Dānava.

Br. III. 6. 4.

Śankuroman—a thousand-hooded snake.

M. 6. 41.

Śankuśiras—a son of Danu; a follower of Vṛtra in his battle with Indra; joined Bali in the Devāsura battle.

Bhā. VI. 6. 30; 10. 19; VIII. 10. 21; Vi. I. 21. 4.