

Maunideśa (c)—a kingdom after Muni.

Br. II. 14. 26.

Mauneyas—Devagandharvas; 16 in number; (24 Vā. P.) Apsarasas were their younger sisters; had six daughters.

Br. III. 7. 1-2; Vā. 69. 1, 4, 10.

Mauryas—(Maurvyas-Vi. P.) succeeded the Nandas. The Purāṇa speaks of ten kings ruling for 137 (173 Vi. P.) years. Only nine kings are mentioned from Candragupta to Bṛhadratha; were succeeded by the Śungas.¹ M.P. mentions Śatadhanva, Bṛhadratha, Śaka and his grandson Daśa-ratha and his son; the first four are missing.²

¹ Bhā. XII. 1. 12 and 15; Br. III. 74. 149; Vā. 99. 336; Vi. IV. 24. 27, 32-3. ² M. 272. 22, 26.

Mauli (I)—a Tripravara.

M. 196. 33.

Mauli (II)—a son of Maṇibhadra.

Vā. 69. 156.

Maulikas—a southern country.

Br. II. 16. 58.

Mausala—the battle with clubs after the Mahābhārata war.

M. 70. 11.

Manuhūrtikī—the *gati* of the sun; when the sun is in Māgha it moves past southward; returning from the south