

Rantibhāsa—a son of Ṛteyu, and father of Sumati and two other sons.

Bhā. IX. 20. 6.

Randhrakarakas—a kingdom of the West watered by the Sindhu.

Br. II. 18. 48.

Rabhasa—a son of Rambha, and father of Gambhira.

Bhā. IX. 17. 10.

Rabhasā—a mind-born mother.

M. 179. 26.

Ramaṇa—a son of Dhara.

M. 5. 24.

Ramaṇaka (I)—An upadvīpa to Jambūdvīpa: a territorial division of Śālmālidvīpa:¹ The island where Kāliya originally lived. Here the serpents agreed to give *bali* every fortnight to Garuḍa, except Kāliya.² South of Śveta and north of Nīla. People live here for thousands of years (10150 years *Vā. P.*) by drinking the juice of the fruit of the banyan tree, Rohaṇa in the island; people living there, pleasant to look at, devoid of disease and difficulties.³

¹ Bhā. V. 19. 30; 20. 9. ² Ib. X. 16. 63; 17. 1-4. ³ Br. II. 15 62-5; M. 113. 61; Vā. 45. 2-5.

Ramaṇaka (II)—son of Vitihotra of Puṣkaradvīpa.

Bhā. V. 20. 31.

Ramaṇā—the Goddess enshrined at Rāmatīrtha.

M. 13. 40.