Śākinī—a śakti in Kiricakra.

Br. IV. 20. 16.

Śāktam (1)—one of the six darśanas.

Vā. 104. 16.

Śāktam (11)—the tip of the tongue of the personified Veda.

Vā. 104. 82.

Śākya—a son of Sanjaya, and father of Śuddhoda (na).

Bhā. IX. 12. 14; M. 271. 12; Vā. 99. 288; Vi. IV. 22. 8.

Śākram—of the Yajurvedins, to be recited in rituals connected with the digging of tanks.

M. 58. 35; 93. 132.

 $\hat{S}\bar{a}k\bar{u}$ —a mind-born mother.

M. 179. 10.

Śākha—a son of Agni and brother of Kumāra,¹ an amśa of Skanda.²

¹ Br. III. 3. 25; **M.** 5. 26; Vā. 66. 24; Vi. I. 15. 115. ² Vā. 101. 280.

Śākhāvatī—a R. of the Bhadrā continent.

Vā. 43. 26.

 $S\bar{a}khis$ —parents of Māriṣā, mother of Dakṣa in Cākṣuṣa-antara

Br. II 13. 70; Va. 30. 61.