Prātastana—when the sun passes three muhūrtas commencing with the Lekha, that time is the fifth part of the day; the first six nālikas.²

¹ Vā. 50. 170. ² Ib. 56. 46.

Prātimedhī—a Brahmavādini.

Br. II. 33, 19.

Prādeśa—eight angulas by the index finger, tāla by the middle finger and gokarņa by the third finger and vidasti by the little finger;¹ ten angula parvas.²

Vā. 8. 103. ² Br. II. 7. 96.

Prādyotas—five kings from Pradyota to Nandivardhana; ruled for 138 years.

Br. III. 74. 127.

Prādhānikī—creation from Pradhāna or māyā (Sān-khya).

Vā. 102, 133.

, Prāntadeśa—noted for horses.

Br. IV. 16. 18.

Prāpana--an Asura.

Br. III. 6. 7.

Prāpti (1)—a daughter of Jarāsandha and queen of Kamsa. After Kamsa's death she went to her father's house and reported the circumstance under which he was killed.

Bhā. X. 50. 1-2; Vi. V. 22. 1.

Prāpti (11)—a siddhi devi.

Br. IV. 19. 4; 44, 108.