Akrūra (11)—a kādraveya nāga.

Br., III. 7. 36.

Akrūra (III)—Mahāsena: a varamūrti.

Br. IV. 44, 50.

 $Akr\bar{u}ra$ (IV)—a son of Jayanta, married Ratnā, Śaibya's daughter; father of eleven powerful sons.

M. 45, 27-8.

Akrodhana (1)—a son of Tvaritāyu or simply Āyu. M. 50, 37.

Akrodhana (11)—a son of Ayutāyu and father of Devātithi.

Vā. 99, 232.

Ak $\mathfrak{s}a$ (1) 1 —the game of dice. Rtuparna, an expert in it. Taught the game to Nala; to be avoided by a king. 2

¹ Bhā. IX. 9. 17; M. 220. 8; Vā. 88. 174; Vi. IV. 4. 37; Br. III. 63. 173. ² M. 154. 520; 220. 8.

Akṣa (11)—a dānava.

Br. III. 6, 11.

Aksa (III)—a son of Satyabhāmā and Kṛṣṇa.

Br. III. 71. 247; Vā. 96. 238.

Akṣapāda—a son of Somaśarman, the avatār of the Lord at Prabhāsa, contemporary with the 27th Vyāsa.

Vā. 23. 216.

Akṣamālā—of Śeṣa; see Akṣasūtra.

Vā. 50, 50.