

Śrītaḷam—of rocky earth; here are cities of Kesari, Suparvaṇa, Vāsuki, the king of the Nāgas.

Vā. 50. 12, 38-40.

Śrīdaṇḍanāthā—the leader of Lālītā's hosts against Bhaṇḍa; also Potrinī; her march described; in Kiricakra-ratha: Her mount was the lion Vajraghoṣa;¹ hit Kuṭalākṣa, the chief commander of Bhaṇḍa: consulted Mantrinī: helped Kumārī in her expedition against sons of Bhaṇḍa: ascended Geyacakra and fought with Viṣaṅga: became happy at the end.²

¹ Br. IV. 16. 31; 17. 8, 27; ch. 21. ² Ib. IV. 26. 1-113; 27. 45 and 58; 28. 14-20; 34. 55.

Śrīdāman—a playmate of Kṛṣṇa in his Hariṇākāḍana sport. Expressed to Kṛṣṇa the desire to rid the palmyra grove of Asura Dhenuka. Being victor in a game, he had the honour of being borne on the back by Kṛṣṇa;¹ was placed by Śiva on his lap as a token of affection.²

¹ Bhā. X. 15. 20; 18. 23-4; 22. 31; Vi. V. 9. 13-14. ² Br. III. 42. 55; 43. 29.

Śrīdevā—a daughter of Devaka; a queen of Vasudeva and mother of six sons of whom Nandaka was one.

Bhā. IX. 24. 23 & 51; Br. III. 71. 131, 162 and 181; IV. 29. 2; Vā. 96. 130; Vi. 14. 18.

Śrīdhara—a name of Viṣṇu.

Vā. 111. 21.

Śrīnagaram—is Śrīpuram.

Br. IV. 37. 98; 38. 28.

Śrīpati tīrtham—sacred to the Pitṛs.

M. 22. 74.