Pravīra (II)—a son of Vindhyaśakti and a great hero: capital at Kāncanaka: performed the Vājapeya and other Yajñas, father of four sons: ruled for 6 years.

Br. III. 74. 184-6; Vā. 99. 371-2.

Pravīra (III)—a son of Upadānavī. M. 49. 10.

Pravīra (IV)—a son of Trasyu. Vā. 99. 133.

Pravīra (v)—a king of the dynasty of Vindhyaśakti. Vi. IV. 24. 56.

Pravīraka—a ruler of Kilikilā.

Bhā. XII. 1. 33.

Pravṛttikālas—at the time of creation men full of rajas attain the bhūtas and indriyas through the favour of gods; by the meditation of the Lord the three guṇas get their respective guṇas defined; all of common dharmas attain vikāra for creation; happiness and misery, dharma and adharma, truth and untruth reach each according to his inclination; separation of Guṇas.

Vā. 103. 25-33.

Praśānta—Agni Pracetas.

Br. II. 12, 29,

Praśusruka—(Prasuśruta- Bhā. P.) a son of Maru and father of Susandhi.

Vi. IV. 4, 111. Bhā. JX. 12, 7.