Matsya (v)—the image of.

M. 259. 2.

Matsya (v1)—the disciple of Śākalya.

Vā. 60. 64.

Matsya (VII)—also Matsya Purāṇa; a Mahā Purāṇa consisting of 14000 ślokas,¹ styled as Purāṇa Samhita with details of Sānkhya, Yoga and Karma narrated by Matsya Hari to king Satyavrata during the deluge.²

<sup>1</sup> Vi. III. 6. 23; Bhā. XII. 7. 24; 13. 8. <sup>2</sup> Ib. VIII. 24. 54-5.

Matsyas—a tribe; country of the;¹ placed on the East of the Gomanta hill by Jarāsandha;² enlisted by Jarāsandha against the Yadus;³ followed Bhīma in his conquests;⁴ rose against Śiśupāla;⁵ heard of Kṛṣṇa going to Mithilā and met him with presents;⁶ their king was Virāṭa;⁻ he went to Syamantapañcaka for the solar eclipse.³

<sup>1</sup> M. 114, 35. <sup>2</sup> Bhā, X. 52. 11[7]. <sup>3</sup> Ib. X. 52. 50 (V) 2. <sup>4</sup> Ib. X. 72. 13. <sup>5</sup> Ib. X. 74. 41. <sup>6</sup> Ib. X. 86. 20. <sup>7</sup> Ib. X. 52. 11[7]. <sup>8</sup> Ib. X. 82. 13.

Matsyakāla--a son of Vidyoparicara.

Vā. 99, 222.

Matsyagandha—an Ārṣeya Pravara (Bhārgava).

M. 195. 43.

Matsyadagdha—not to marry with Angiras or Mudgalas.

M. 196. 42.

Matsyanadi-a R. sacred to the Pitrs.

M. 22, 49.

Matsyamāmsa—for manes.

Vi. III. 16. 1.