Sāvarņi (Manu) (1)—s.v. 8th Manu of the future;¹ Aśvatthāman and others are sages; he would have ten sons like Dhṛti, Varīyan etc;² a son of Vivasvān; engaged in penance in Meru;³ Sukra Predicted Bali, a grandson of Prahlāda as king in Savarṇi's Kingdom.⁴

¹Bhā. V. 19. 10. ²M. 9. 31. ³Ib. 11. 9, 38. ⁴Ib. 47. 218; 247. 72;

Sāvarņi (Srutaśrava) (II)—a son of Mārtaṇḍa and Chāyā;¹ pupil of Sūki, became Manu Prajāpati; had his residence on the slopes of Meru.²

¹ Bhā. VIII. 13. 10. ² Vā. 84. 31; 100. 19.

Sāvarņi (III)—a student of Atharva Samhītā.

Bhā, XII, 7, 3,

Sāvarņi (IV)—a Paurāņika: learnt the mūla samhitā from the disciple of Vyāsa.

Bhā. XII. 7. 5 and 7;) Br. II. 35. 64 and 66.

Sāvarņi (v)—one of the sages of the Naimisa; learned in Śruti; an able speaker, addressed Vāyu; wife Sāmudrī.

Vā. 1. 123; 21. 1; 30. 36; 34. 62.

Sāvarņi (v1)—of syāma colour; represents Ŗkāra.

Vā. 26, 40,

Sāvarni (VII)—a pupil of Romaharsana.

Vi. III. 6. 17.

Sāvarṇimanu—14th Manu from ओ of Kārbūra varņa. Vā. 26. 46.

Savarņika (1)—a Bhārgava gotrakāra.

M. 195, 19.

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