Sānta (III)—a sage: His son went on a pilgrimage on his way to Sāligrāma, he wished to see Gandhamādana, Badarikāśrama and others: got frightened by a Gandharva in the form of a tiger which was killed by Paraśurāma. Him followed the sage.

Br. III. 25. 66-77

Śānta (IV)—a son of Apa.

M. 5. 22; Va. 23. 84; 66. 23; Vi. I. 15. 111.

Śāntakarni (1)—a son of Pūrnotsanga, ruled for 56 years.

M. 273. 4.

Śāntakarņi (II)—a son of Kṛṣṇa and father of Pūrṇotsaṅga.

Vi. IV. 24. 45.

Śāntakarņi (III)—a son of Ahimān and father of Sivaśrita.

Vi. IV. 24. 48.

Śāntabha(ha)ya—a son of Medhātithi and founder of the Śāntabha(ha)ya kingdom in Plakṣadvīpa.

Br. II. 14. 36. 8; Vā. 33. 32; Vi. II. 4. 3 and 5.

Śāntabhayam—the Gomedavarṣa of Plakṣadvīpa.

Vã. 49. 13.

*Śāntaraya*—a son of Trikakut (Dhamasārathi). He realised the Ātman.

Bhā. IX. 17. 12.