Yuyudhāna—(see Sātyaki) the grandson of Sini, and son of Satyaka, and father of Jaya.¹ Learnt the dhanurveda from Arjuna. Approved of Draupadī's suggestion to release Aśvatthaman: accompanied Kṛṣṇa to Hāstinapura;² took active part in the Rājasūya of Yudhiṣṭhira: was sent to Dvārakā for defence;³ went with the sacrificial horse of Kṛṣṇa.⁴

¹ Bhā. IX. 24. 14; Br. II. 71. 101; M. 45. 23; Vā. 96. 100; Vi. IV. 14. 2. ² Bhā. I. 7. 50; III. 1. 31; X. 58. 1; 63. 3. ³ Ib. X. 75. 6; 76. 7[5]. ⁴ Ib. X. 89. 22[2].

Yuvatyas—one of the 14 ganas of apsaras born of the sun's rays.

Br. III. 7. 19.

Yuvana—a god of the Lekha group.

Br. II. 36. 76.

Yuvanāśva (1)—a son of Candra, (Indu) and father of Śrāva.

Bhā. IX. 6. 20-21; M. 12. 29.

Yuvanāśva (II)—a righteous king and a son of (Pra) Senājit: Issueless though he had a hundred wives of whom Gaurī was one; went to the forest, where he got up the Aindra Iṣṭi, a sacrifice in honour of Indra. One night he felt thirsty and drank the consecrated water from the sacrificial pot. In due time a son was born splitting open the right side of his stomach. He lived for some time and went to Heaven. This son was the great Māndhāta (s.v.).

Bhā. IX. 6. 25-32; 7. 1; Br. III. 63. 66; Vā. 88. 65; Vi. IV. 2. 48-63.

Yuvanāśva (III)—An Angirasa and Mantrakrt. By his curse half the Ganges came out.

Br. II. 32, 108; III. 66, 29; Va. 59, 99.