Vamśankasārā—a R. on the banks of which is the forest Surabhī.

M. 121. 61.

Vaya—crows, to eat the pinda in srāddha.

M. 16, 53; 39, 6; Vi. I. 5, 47.

Vayas-a name of Hari.

Bhā. VII. 12. 26.

Vayasa—a sūktam of the Sāma, recited in tank ritual.M. 58. 37.

Vayuna—a son of Dhişanā, and Kṛśāśva.

Bhā. VI. 6, 20.

Vayunā-a daughter of Svadhā, married Pitrs.

Bhā. IV. 1. 64.

Vara (1)—a Vasu, son of Dharma and Sudevi.

M. 171. 46.

Vara (II)—a son of Viraksa.

Vā. 68, 33.

Varatri—a son of Sukra, and father of Rajata, Prthuwith flowers like kimśuka, karnikāra, mañjau, and with raśmi, Vidvat, and Brhamgira, all sacrificial priests for Daityas; approached Manu with a view to ruin his sacrifice and when they approached the Vedi, they were burnt.

Br. III. 1. 78 and 84.

Varada—a name of Vighneśvara.

Br. IV. 44, 69.