Urdhvapundram—a caste mark on the forehead.

Br. IV. 38, 22,

Ūrdhvabāhu (1)—a sage of the Raivata epoch; a son of Vasiṣṭha and Ūrjā.

Bhā. VIII. 5. 3; Br. II. 11. 41; 36. 62; Vi. III. 1. 22.

Ūrdhvabāhu (II)—a son of Ūrja and Vasistha.

Vi. I. 10. 13.

 $\overline{U}rdhvabh\bar{a}ga$ of Anda—above Brahmaloka 4 crores, 11 niyutas.

Vā. 101. 143.

Urdhvamaru—a region of the west watered by Sindhu.

Br. II. 18. 49; Va. 47. 46.

Ūrdhvaroman—a hill of Kuśadvīpa.

Bhā. V. 20. 15.

Ūrdhvasrotas—relates to creation of *Bhauta sarga*, after *Tiryak srotas*; the seventh *mānuṣa sarga*, the sixth being daivata.

Br. I. 5. 57; III. 7. 474; Va. 6. 48-51.

Ūrdhvāyanas—a class of people in Plakṣadvīpa.

Bhā, V. 20, 4,

Ūrmimāli—an elephant.

Br. III. 7. 346.

 $\bar{U}rmisadkam$ —the six $\bar{u}rmis$ or waves as obstructing the knowledge of Brahman—hunger, thirst, sorrow, stupefaction, decay and death.

Vi. I. 15, 37,