Nrga (III)—a son of Vaivasvata Manu.

Br. II. 38. 30; III. 60. 2; Vi. III. 1. 33; IV. 1. 7.

Nṛga (IV)—a son of Uśinara and Nṛgā (Bhṛśā, M. P.); his capital, Yaudheya; became lord of the Kekayas.

Br. III. 74. 19, 21; M. 48. 18, 20, 20; Vi. IV. 18. 9.

 $Nrg\bar{a}$ —one of the wives of Uśinara and mother of Nrga. Br. III. 74. 18-9.

Nṛcakṣus—a son of Sunītha and father of Sukhīnala. Bhā. IX. 22. 41; M. 50. 82.

Nrtya—dancing; part of $Vi\acute{s}okadv\bar{a}da\acute{s}ivrata;^1$ in connection with tree rituals;^2 in connection with Vāstu for palace building.³

¹ M. 82. 29. ² Ib. 232. 15. ³ Ib. 268. 34.

Nrdeva—the father of Pramati, God incarnate. M. 144, 59.

Nrpacakṣu—son of Sunitha and father of Sukhibala. Vi. IV. 21, 12.

Nṛpañjaya (1)—the son of Medhāvin and father of Dūrva.

Bhā. IX. 22, 42.

Nrpañjaya (11)—a son of Sunitha (Suvīra-Vā. P.). M. 49. 79; Vā. 99. 193.

Nṛmahiṣā—the daughter of Hamsakīla. Vā. 66. 73.