

there were no husband;³ killing a woman a heinous crime; Hari cursed to be born on earth for having slain Bhrgu's wife.⁴ No śīla or *vrata*; but fond of wine and meat in the Kali age;⁵ conditions making her unfit for intercourse;⁶ to be honoured and not to be fully confided.⁷

¹ Bhā. I. 17. 38. ² Ib. VII. 11. 25. 29; 12. 7-9. ³ Br. II. 31. 51 and 54; IV. 14. 15. ⁴ Ib. II. 36. 181 and 182; III. 72. 138-40. ⁵ Vā. 58. 43. ⁶ Vi. III. 11. 115-17. ⁷ Ib. III. 12. 30.

Strī (II)—in Kali age; personal charm in the possession of hair; deserts her husband for power; a wealthy man, considered as husband; fickle, short of stature, and gluttonous, speaks lies, is indecent and immoral; child bearing at the age of 5 or 6;¹ by honouring her husband she is elevated.²

¹ Vi. VI. 17-18, 28-31, 41. ² Ib. VI. 2. 28-9.

Strīrāstra—a Janapada.

Vā. 99. 387.

Strīrāṣṭrabhojakas—under Kanaka.

Br. III. 74. 199.

Strīvadham—a heinous offence;¹ Viṣṇu slew Śukra's mother and was cursed to be born as man on earth seven times for the progress of the world;² a rule in wars that the women of the enemy's side must not be molested; but Bāṇa's women were molested by the fire of Tripura.³

¹ Vā. 62. 155. ² M. 47. 103. ³ Ib. 188. 49.

Sthaṇḍilā—one of the 10 Pīṭhas for images, square and with no *mekhala*; this leads to health, wealth and happiness.

M. 262. 6, 8, 16.