Muni (vI)—one of the twenty Amitābha gods.

Br. IV. 1. 17; Vā. 100. 17.

Muni (VII)—a sage of the Raivata epoch;¹ a Viśvedeva.²

¹ M. 9. 9. ² Ib. 203. 13; Br. III. 3. 30.

Muni (VIII)—one of the wives of Kaśyapa; gave birth to Apsarasas.

Vi. I. 15. 125; 21. 25.

Munis—those who delight in the Ātman, after many births, and renounce even the region of Brahmā; realise the Supreme Spirit by shaking off the three dreamy stages—bhāvādvaita, kriyādvaita, and dravyādvaita.

Bhā, III. 27, 27; VII. 15, 62-5; X. 2, 25.

Munika—the minister of Ripumjaya; killed his king, Vitahotra and enthroned his son Pradyota on the throne.

Vā. 99. 310; Vi. IV. 24. 1-2.

Munideśa (Munirdeśa)—a kingdom in the Krauñca-dvipa.

Br. H. 14, 26; 19, 73; M. 122, 86; Va. 49, 67.

Mura—an Asura of five heads; got up from sleep under waters on hearing the sound of Pāñcajanya (s.v): His head was cut off by Kṛṣṇa. His seven sons rose with Pīṭha, their commander, and were put to death by Garuḍa in charge of the outskirts of the city of Prāgjyotiṣa; father of 7000 sons.

Bhā. X. 59, 6-19; 37, 16; III, 3, 11; IV, 26, 24; Vi, V. 29, 17-18.

Muraripu (Murāri)—is Viṣṇu.

Bhā. IV. 26, 24; X. 14, 58; Br. III, 36, 34; M. 54, 19 etc.

Murāsura—an Asura in the disguise of Visnu.

Br. IV. 29, 125.