Urvaśīpulinam—A tīrtha sacred to Pitṛs.

M. 22, 66.

Urvaśīramaņa—a kṣetram in Prayāga.

M. 106. 34.

Urvī—see Bhūmī or Pṛthvī; extent 500 million yojanas; foremost of all elements and mother of all beings; depth below the surface is 70,000 yojanas consisting of the seven regions of Pātāla.

Vi. II. 4. 96-7; 5. 1-2.

Urvīśa—Bhārabhūti; a varamūrti.

Br. IV. 44. 49.

Ulūka (1)—the son of Bala, and a righteous person; Father of Vajranābha.

Br. III. 63, 205.

Ulūka (11)—a son of Hiraņyākṣa.

M. 6. 14.

Ulūka (III) —a son of Sahiṣṇu of the 26th dvapara.

Vā. 23. 213.

Ulūka (IV)—a son of Somaśarma; an avatār of the Lord.

Vā. 23. 216.

Ulūka (v)—a Vidyādhara chief in the Veņumanta hill. Vā. 39. 38.

 $Ul\bar{u}kas$ —son of Bhāsi, owls as children of Śukī;¹ of Tāmrā line.²

¹ Br. III. 7, 455; M. 6, 31; 237, 12; 240, 18. ² Vi. I. 21, 16.