Medhāvin (11)—a son of Sutapā.

M. 50. 84.

Medhyas—the snow-making rays of the sun.

Vā. 53. 21.

Mena—the father of Menaka.

Br. III. 7. 17; Vā. 69. 52.

Menakā (1)—the mother of Śakuntalā; she abandoned the child in the forest and went away.

Bhā, IX. 20. 13.

Menakā (II)—the Apsaras presiding over the month of Śukra and Śuci; coupled with Sahajanyā;¹ with the sun in the summer.²

 1 Bhā. XII. 11. 35; Br. II. 23. 6; III. 7. 14; IV. 33. 18; Vā. 69. 49; Vi. II. 10. 7. 2 Vā. 52. 7.

Menakā (III)—one, who was asked to dance along with Ūrvaśī and Rambhā;¹ in the sabhā of Hiranyakaśipu.²

¹ M. 24. 28. ² Ib. 126. 7; 161. 75.

Menakā (IV)—the Apsaras wife of Vindhyāśva (Badhyaśva Vā. P.): gave birth to twins, Divodāsa and Ahalyā.

M. 50. 7; Vā. 99. 200.

Menakā (v)—a mind-born mother.

M. 179. 20.

 $Men\bar{a}$ (1)—a Pitṛkanyā; mind-born daughter of Agniṣvātta Pitṛs; queen of Himavān; had two sons Maināka and Kraunca (son of Maināka- $V\bar{a}.P.$) and three daughters, Umā,