Anīkα—a son of first Sāvarṇa Manu

Br. IV. 1. 65.

Anīkavān—a son of Arka Agni.

Vā. 29. 40; Br. II. 12. 43.

Anīcakam—the continent lying round Syāma hill.
M. 122, 23.

Anīha—a son of Devānīka and father of Pāriyātra. Bhā. IX. 12. 2.

Anu (1)—a son of Sväyambhuva Manu. Knows the power of the yoga of Hari.

Bhā. II. 7. 44.

Anu (II)—a son of Yayāti and Sarmiṣthā. Refused to part with his youth to his father. Became overlord of the north part of the kingdom. Had three sons Sabhānara, Caksu and Parākṣa. Cursed to die in youth suffering from diarrhoea. Originator of several mleccha groups.

¹ Bhā. 1X. 18. 33 & 41; Br. I. 1. 133; III. 68. 16-17, 51-79; IV. M. 24. 54; 32. 10; Vi. IV. 10. 10-15. ² Bhā. IX. 19. 22. Br. III. 68. 90; 73. 126; Vā. I. 156; 93. 17; Vi. IV. 10. 32. ³ Bhā. IX. 23. 1; Br. III. 74. 12; M. 48-10; ⁴ M. 33. 21-24; 34. 30.

Anu (III)—the son of Kuruvaśa (Kuravaśa-Burnouf) and father of Puruhotra.

Bhā. IX. 24. 5-6.

Anu (IV)—the son of Kapotaroman and father of Andhaka. His friend was Tumburu.

Bhā., IX. 24. 20.

Anu (v)—(alias Vaina) a pupil of Laugākṣi.

Br. II. 35, 41.