

Purañjaya (III)—the last of the Bārhadhratha line; was killed by his minister Śunaka who placed his own son on the throne.

Bhā. XII. 1. 2-3.

Purañjaya (IV)—the son of Sṛñjaya, (Sanjaya- M.P.) a hero equal to Indra, and whose glory was sung in heaven;¹ father of Janamejaya.²

¹ Br. III. 74. 14-15; M. 48. 12; Vā. 99. 14. ² Vi. IV. 18. 4-5.

Purañjaya (V)—a son of Medhāvi.

M. 50. 84.

Purañjaya (VI)—the son of Suśānti and father of Ṛkṣa.

Vi. IV. 19. 57.

Purañjaya (VII)—the son of Vindhyaśakti and father of Ramacandra.

Vi. IV. 24. 56.

Purandara (I)—Indra of the Vaivasvata epoch; 1000 eyed.

Bhā. VIII. 13. 4; IX. 8. 8; X. 77. 36-7; XII. 8. 15. Br. II. 36. 205. Vā. 34. 75; 62. 178; 64. 7; 67. 102. Vi. III. 1. 31 and 43; V. 21. 16.

Purandara (II)—Indra observed *Ādityaśayanam*,¹ one of the authors on architecture;² the abode of.³

¹ M. 55. 32; 178. 65; 246. 69; 248. 14. ² Ib. 252. 2. ³ Ib. 274. 78.

Purandhrāṣ—a Northern tribe.

M. 114. 40.

Puram—city; began with Pṛthu;¹ its evacuation by the people for the woods during periods of anarchy.²

Br. II. 36. 197; III. 50. 9; 56. 24; 63. 165; 69. 40; IV. 38. 44; Vi. I. 6. 18-19; V. 36. 6; Vā. 34. 10; 48. 7. ² M. 6. 13, 10. 32; 47. 257; 143. 3.