out rain, 300 dew, 300 heat—all for the benefit of man and gods.

Br. II. 24. 11, 24, 33; Vā. 53, 7, 17, 20-21; 62. 188.

Suci (xI)—a Rsika who became a sage by satya.

Br. II. 32, 102.

Śuci (XII)—a Sudhāmāna god.

Br. II. 36, 27.

Suci (XIII)—a Vaikuntha god.

Br. II. 36. 57.

Suci (xiv)—a son fo Raivata Manu.

Br. II. 36. 63.

Śuci (xv)—a son of Bhṛgu, and a deva.

Br. III. 1. 89.

Śuci (xvI)—a son of Satyaka.

Br. III. 71, 116.

Suci (xvII)—a Bṛhadratha; ruled for 58 years.

Br. III. 74. 115; Vā. 99. 302.

Suci (xVIII)—(Angirasa) a son and sage of the 14th epoch of Bhautya Manu.

Br. IV. 1. 113-4; Vā. 100. 116.

Śuci (xix)—a daughter of Tāmrā and Kaśyapa; mother of swans, cranes, ducks, etc.; in the chariot of Tripura.2

¹ M. 6. 30; Vi. I. 21. 15, 17. ² M. 133. 27.