Śankuśirodhara—a son of Danu.

M. 6. 17.

Śankoddhāra—a tīrtha sacred to Dhvani and the Pitrs.

M. 13. 48; 22. 69.

Śankha (1)—a mountain on the base of Meru.

Bhā. V. 16. 26.

Śankha (11)—an eminent Nāga of Pātāla;¹ a Kādraveya nāga;² a thousand-hooded snake.³

¹ Bhā. V. 24. 31; Vā. 69. 70. ² Br. III. 7. 34. ³ M. 6. 39.

Śankha (III)—to be killed by Kṛṣṇa.

Bhā. X. 37. 16.

Śankha (IV)—a mind-born son of Jaigīṣavya and Ekapāṭalā; attained heaven by tapas.

Br. II. 30. 40; Va. 72. 19.

Śankha (v)—a Yakṣa; a son of Puṇyajanī and Maṇi-bhadra.

Br. III. 7. 123.

Śankha (vI)—one of the eight nidhis of Kubera.

Vā. 41. 10.

Sankha (VII)—the conch of Viṣṇu;¹ in Rāma's abhiṣeka;² sounded by Kṛṣṇa on the eve of his battle with Indra.³ Was invoked to protect the baby Kṛṣṇa.⁴ Blowing of it indi-