

Śṛṅga—a Mt. three hillocks of jewels, gems and gold.

M. 113. 68-9.

Śṛṅgavat (I) (c)—a kingdom north of Śvetam, of Kuru.

Br. II. 14. 51; 15. 34; Vā. 33. 44.

Śṛṅgavat (II)—a Mt. in Jambūdīvīpa, noted for gold and gems, abode of Pitrs, north of the Śveta.

Br. II. 15. 22, 28, 69-70; 17. 36. 21. 138-41; M. 113. 23; Vā. 34. 20, 25; 45. 2; 114. 84.

Śṛṅgavat (III)—a varṣa, next to Hiraṇmaya.

Vā. 34. 30.

Śṛṅgāranāyikā—a name of Lalitā.

Br. IV. 18. 17.

Śṛṅgi (I)—a Rṣika.

M. 145. 96.

Śṛṅgi (II)—the country to its north formed a division of Jambūdīvīpa;¹ north of Jambūdīvīpa;² contains three peaks, resembling horns.³

¹ Vi. II. 1. 22. ² Ib. II. 2. 11. ³ Ib. II. 8. 73.

Śṛṅginas—a group of gods doing śrāddha.

Br. III. 10. 109.

Śṛṅgiputra (I)—a sage and author of Sāmaveda.

Br. II. 35. 43.

Śṛṅgiputra (II)—a Kauthuma, composed three *samhitās*.

Vā. 61. 39, 40.