Bhavas—an Apsarasa clan from the earth.

Vā. 69. 57.

Bhavānī—Umā;¹ Parāśakti; enshrined at Sthāneśvara.²

 1 Bhā. III. 23. 1; IV. 5. 1; Br. III. 9. 1; 41. 42; 43. 1 and 23 2 M. 13. 31; 101. 16; Vā. 71. 2.

Bhavānīvratam—the vow in honour of Śivā.

M. 101. 77.

Bhaviṣya-Purāṇa (Bhaviṣyam)—one among the Mahā-purāṇas; comprises 14,500 ślokas; narrated by Brahmā to Manu containing the māhātmyam of the sun, and the account of Aghora kalpa with the characteristics of Bhūtagrāma; he who makes a gift of it with a kumbha on the Full Moon day of the Puṣya month gets the fruits of the Agniṣṭoma; Lomaharṣaṇa revealed it to the sages.

Bhā. XII. 7. 24; 13. 6. M. 50. 68, 73-77; 53. 31-33. Vā. 104. 3; Vi. III. 6. 22.

Bhavya (1)—a son of Dhruva and father of Sambu.

Vi. I. 13. 1.

Bhavya (II)—a son of Priyavrata; became king of Śākadvīpa.

¹ Vi. II. 1. 7. ² Ib. II. 1. 14.

Bhavya (III)—a sage of the IX epoch of Manu.

Vi. III. 2. 23.

Bhavyas—a group of gods of the Cākṣuṣa epoch.

Vi. III. 1, 27.