Yajña (v)—the son of Brahmadhana.

Vā. 67. 28; 69. 132.

 $Yaj \tilde{n} a ket u$ —resented Śāmba's action in seizing Lakṣmaṇā. (s.v.).

Bhā, X. 68, 5,

Yajñatrayam—are Graha yajñam, Lakṣahoma and Koṭi homa.

M. 239, 40.

Yajñadravyas—yūpa, samit, sruk, sruva, pavitram and paridhi.

Vā. 97. 28.

Yajñapati (1)—an Ārṣeya pravara; (Bhārgava). M. 195, 43.

Yajñapati (11)—Viṣṇu;¹ method of meditating on, prescribed by the sages to Dhruva.²

¹ M. 246. 10; Vi. I. 11. 47. ² Ib. I. 11. 52-5.

Yajñapatnis—(wives of sacrificers) attain salvation by satsanga.

Bhā. XI. 12. 6.

Yajñapiṇḍāyana—a Bhārgava gotrakāra.

M. 195. 23.

Yajñapuruṣa—is Viṣṇu.

Vi. V. 17. 6; VI. 4. 42.