

Asipa—a dānava.

Br. III. 6. 5.

Asipatravana—one of 28 hells. Intended for those who leave the Vedic path to that of the *Pākhanda*s; here their bodies are torn to pieces by the sharp edges of *asipatra* leaves (lit. forest where leaves are swords);¹ in it fall those who cut and deal in camels and hunters who cut off animals, besides those fallen from karma.² Those that cut trees for no reason also fall into this.³

¹ Bhā. V. 26. 7 & 15; Br. II. 28. 84; IV. 2. 149 and 173; 33. 61; M. 141. 71; Vā. 101. 170; Vi. I. 6. 41; II. 6. 3. ² Vā. 56. 79; 110. 43. ³ Vi. II. 6. 3 and 26.

Asiparninī—an apsaras.

Br. III. 7. 6.

Asiloman (I)—a dānava, a son of Danu.

Br. III. 6. 9; M. 6. 20; Vā. 68. 9.

Asiloman (II)—a son of Śambhu.

Vā. 67. 81.

Asīmakṛṣṇa—the son of Aśvamedhaja, and the father of Nemicakra;¹ was king when the *Vāyu Purāṇa* was uttered.²

¹ Bhā. IX. 22. 39. ² Vā. 1. 12.

Asisāhārītāyanas—Kaśyapagotrakaras.

M. 199. 9.

Asura—a deity personified; to be worshipped in house-buildings.

M. 253. 26; 268. 16.