

Candanas—a group of 33 Devas who drink the moon's *kalas* in the dark half of the month.

Br. II. 28. 26.

Chandāmsi—the Vedas—Ṛg, Yajus and Sāma;¹ Gāyatri and others, sons of Vinata;² created by Vāmadeva;³ served as vessel for sages milking the earth.⁴

¹ Vā. 3. 16. ² Br. II. 7. 30. ³ M. 247. 7. ⁴ Br. II. 36. 104.

Chandoga—a Sāmaga; Sāmans in connection with the rituals in founding a new temple.

Bhā. XII. 6. 53; M. 93. 133; 265.28; Vā. 83. 54.

Chandogas—a Devagaṇa; 33 are distinguished among them.

Vā. 31. 5.

Chandogeya—an Ātreya gotrakara.

M. 197. 5.

Chando(u)gha—the chanting of the Vedas, being practised in a hermitage.

Br. III. 21. 46.

Chāga—the goat, as the riding animal of Agni; its flesh pleasing to Pitrs.

M. 148, 83; 17. 32.

Chāgala—a peak on the top of the Himalayas where Śveta the sage-lord appeared with four disciples in the Vārāha kalpa.

Vā. 23. 116.

Chāgalāṇḍam—a *tīrtham* sacred to Pracandā and to Pitrs.

M. 13. 43; 22. 72.

Chāyā (1)—a daughter of Viśvakarman,¹ a servant-maid of Samjñā engaged by the latter for her husband. Hence