

Ratnākara—ocean personified.

Br. IV. 15. 21.

Ratnāni (I)—of kings; are seven in number; cakra, ratha, maṇi, queen, nidhi, horses and elephants.

Br. II. 29. 74-5; M. 217. 37; Vā. 57. 68.

Ratnāni (II)—the essence got by mountains by milking the cow-earth;¹ seven gems in the epoch of Svāyam-bhuva; generally gems.²

¹ M. 10. 25. ² Vi. III. 12. 2.

Ratni—a measurement of 21 angula parvas.

Br. II. 7. 98; IV. 2. 122. M. 16. 25; 58. 7. Vā. 101. 122.

Ratha—of the moon, description of; sprang out of waters with ten horses, charioteer, etc., has three wheels.

Vā. 52. 50-4.

Rathakṛcchra—a grāmaṇi with the sun in spring.

Vā. 52. 4.

Rathakṛt (I)—the yakṣa presiding over the month of Madhu.

Bhā. XII. 11. 33; Br. II. 23. 3.

Rathakṛt (II)—one of the seven Prānins of the king.

Vā. 57. 70, Br. II. 29. 76.

Rathacitra (I)—with the sun in the months of Śuci and Śukra (in the month of Āṣāḍha Vi. P.).

Br. II. 23. 7; Vi. II. 10. 8.

Rathacitra (II)—a grāmaṇi with the sun in summer.

Vā. 52. 7.