

Viṣeṇa—a commander of Bhaṇḍa.

Br. IV. 21. 84.

Viṣkambha—a son of Viśveśā.

M. 171. 50.

Viṣkambhaparvatas—hills round about Meru; these are Mandara, Gandhamādhana, Tilācala, (Vipula) and Supārśva.

M. 83. 11, 19, 36; 113. 45.

Viṣṭarāśva—a son of Pṛthu; and father of Cāndra-yuvānāśva.

Vi. IV. 2. 35-6.

Viṣṭākīrṇa—also Viḍbhuk—a hell.

Br. IV. 2. 148 and 170.

Viṣṭi (I)—a daughter of Vivasvān and Chāyā; became Kāla of cruel deeds.

M. 11. 9, 39.

Viṣṭi (II)—a yugādi for śrāddha.

M. 17. 3.

Viṣṇu (I)—the name of the sun in the month of Ūrja (Kārtika);¹ an Āditya and Lord of Ādityas;² in the sun's chariot in Phālguna.³

¹ Bhā. XII. 11. 44; Br. II. 23. 20; Vā. 66. 61, 66. ² Br. II. 24. 34; III. 3. 68; M. 6. 4; 171. 56. Vi. I. 15. 130. ³ Ib. I. 22. 3; II. 10. 18.

Viṣṇu (II)—a god of Ābhūtaraya group.

Br. II. 36. 56.

Viṣṇu (III)—(Uttamaśloka) worshipped for dharma. His abode above the position of seven sages, where is found the great Dhruva with others;¹ different forms of; as Trivikrama broke aṇḍakaṭāha and let the Ganges in; as Sankar-