Bharata (v)—also Bhāratavarṣa—a country adjacent to Meru: north of the sea and south of the Himālayas: nine divisions of; S. to N. 1000 Yojanas, from Kumarī to the Ganges' source: E. to W. 9000 Yojanas: the Kirātas were on the East and the Yavanas on the West: slowly the four castes grew; seven Kulaparvatas; was peopled by the Aryas and the Mlecchas and fed by a number of rivers of ever flowing waters like the Ganges, Sindhu: contains a number of kingdoms and tribes: four Yugas in.

Br. II. 15. 50; 16. 4-69; 29. 23; Vā. 34. 57; 41. 85.

Bharata (vi)—a kingdom in the east, watered by the Ganges.

Br. II. 18. 50.

Bharata (VII)—born from the middle of the hand of Brahmā.

M. 3, 11,

Bharata (VIII)—the famous author of the Nāṭyaśāstra; got Menakā, Ūrvaśī and Rambhā to enact Lakṣmīsvayamvara before Indra and Purūravas when Ūrvaśī fell in love with the latter and forgot her abhinaya, for which Bharata cursed her.

M. 24. 27-33.

Bharata (IX)—a son of Karandhama.

M. 48. 2.

Bharata (x)—a son of Tālajangha and father of Vṛṣa. Vi. IV. 11. 24-5.

Bharatavamśa--the family of Bharata, who was the first of the line.

M. 4. 19, 23.