Rāma (v1)—son of Senājit.

Vā. 99. 173.

Rāmacandra—son of Puramjaya; and father of Dharmavarmā.

Vi. IV. 24, 56,

Rāmaṇa—a son of Sāraṇa.

Vā. 96, 165.

Rāmakṛṣṇau—the nineteenth avatār of Hari born among the Vṛṣṇis.

Bhã. I. 3. 23.

Rāmathas—a northern tribe.

M. 114, 42,

Rāmatīrtha—a R.; the mahānadī touching the hill of Prabhāsa where Rāma bathed with his wife; all sins committed in a hundred generations vanish as a result of a bath in this tīrtha; the mantra for bathing in; sacred to Ramanā and the Pitṛs³ in Ayodhyā.

¹ Vā. 108. 16-18. ² Ib. 108. 20. ³ M. 13. 40; 22. 70. ⁴ Ib. 191. 93.

Rāmeśvara—is Kṛṣṇa.

Br. III. 33. 12.

Rāmeśvaram—a tīrtha sacred to Pitṛs; one visiting it after bath at Gayā has no rebirth.

Vā. 108. 27.

Rāmopākhyānam—narrated by Vālmīki; originally narrated by Brahmā in a hundred crore of verses to Nārada who gave it to Vālmīki.

M. 53. 71-2.