

the earth as Kṛṣṇa.⁵ He was invited for the Rājasūya of Yudhiṣṭhira.⁶

¹ Bhā. X. 8. 1-20. Vi. II. 5. 26: V. 6. 8. 9. ² Bhā. X. 46. 23. ³ Ib. 26. 15-23. ⁴ Ib. 45. 26-29. ⁵ Ib. 51. 45. ⁶ Ib. 74. 8.

Garga (III)—an Angirasa and a mantrakṛt.

Br. II. 32. 107: M. 145. 101.

Garga (IV)—the Purohita of Haiha.

Br. III. 28. 39.

Garga (V)—a son of Pratardana.

Br. III. 67. 69: Vā. 92. 65.

Garga (VI)—the preceptor of the seven sons of Kauśika who tended his cow, killed and made a meal of it in a famine. For this sin they were cursed to have five rebirths; no marriage alliance with Bṛhaspati.

M. 20. 3: 196. 24.

Garga (VII)—an author of architecture.

M. 252. 3.

Garga (VIII)—a ṛtvik at Brahmā's sacrifice.

Vā. 106. 35.

Gargabhūmi—the son of Gārgya; of Vatsa line.

Br. III. 67. 78.

Gargeśvaram—a tirtham on the Narmadā.

M. 191. 82. 3.

Garjanam—a tirtham near Yantreśvara on the Narmadā.

M. 190. 3.