Lambākṣa—a son of Ugra, the avatār of the Lord. Vā. 23. 153.

Lambāyanas—a tribe.

M. 200. 10.

Lambodara (1)—a son of Paurņamāsa, and father of Cibilaka.

Bhā. XII. 1. 24.

Lambodara (11)—a name of Vighneśvara.

Br. III. 42. 34; IV. 44. 67.

Lambodara (III)—a son of Śāntikarņi (Śatakarņi-Vi. P.), ruled for 18 years; father of Pilaka.

M. 273. 4; Vi. IV. 24. 45.

Lambodara (IV)—a son of Ugra, the avatār of the Lord.

Vã. 23. 153.

Lambodarī—a Varņa śakti.

Br. IV. 44. 58.

Laya—the dissolution pertaining to Prakṛti; a state in which there is no rain for a century, famine rages and the fire of deluge consumes all spaces, accompanied by violent winds and so on. It is of four kinds; nitya, naimittika, prā-kṛtika, and ātyantika; deluge, when the universe merges when the guṇas are in a balanced state.

Bha. XII. 4. (whole); M. 1. 33; Va. 5. 9.