10. 18 and 25. <sup>5</sup> Bhā. X. 14. 32. <sup>6</sup> Ib. X. 16. 12-22; 17. 15-18. <sup>7</sup> Ib. X. chh. 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28 (whole). <sup>8</sup> Ib. X. 34. 4-18; 36. 24. (31). <sup>9</sup> Ib. X. 38. 41-43; 39. 10-12, 35; 41. 8; 42. 38; 44. 32; 45. 20-25; Vi. V. 11. 3; 15. 18; 20. 28 and 83. <sup>10</sup> Bhā. X. 46. 14 to the end. <sup>11</sup> Ib. X. 52. 32-35. <sup>12</sup> Ib. X. 84. 59-69. <sup>13</sup> Ib. I. 14. 32; II. 7. 31; X. 13. 3.

Nanda (v)—a king of the Nanda dynasty;¹ from Parīkṣit to Nanda the period was 1115 years; At the time of Nanda the Saptarṣis moved from Magha to Pūrvāṣāḍha.²

<sup>1</sup> Bhā. XII. 1. 9. <sup>2</sup> Ib. XII. 2. 26-7, 32.

Nanda (vI)—the fourth son of Medhātithi and founder of the Nanda Kingdom.

Br. II. 14. 36-9.

Nanda (VII)—a Vānara chief.

Br. III. 7, 234.

Nanda (VIII)—a son of Śūra and Bhojā.

M. 46. 3.

Nanda (Ix) city; Uragapati, in the third Tala or Vitalam.

Vā. 50. 29.

Nanda (x)—an Ajitadeva.

Vā. 67. 34.

Nandas—the Royal dynasty preceding the Mauryas;<sup>1</sup> commence their line when the Seven Rsis reach Pūrvāṣāḍha, and after 1065 years from Parīkṣit.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Bhā. XII. 1. 8-10. <sup>2</sup> Vi. IV. 24. 104 and 112.

Nandaka (1)—Viṣṇu's sword; reached Kṛṣṇa during Jarāsandha's siege of Mathurā.

Bhā. X. 50. 11. [14].