

exist and all finally immerse;³ is three-fold made up of the three energies of Hari.⁴

¹ Vi. II. 7. 31-2. ² Ib. II. 7. 33-9. ³ Ib. II. 7. 42-3. ⁴ Ib. VI. 8. 7.

Śakti (xI)—of Guha, created by Viśvakarma from the Vaiṣṇava effulgence of Sūrya.

Vi. III. 2-12.

Śaktimārga—leads all to prosperity and heaven irrespective of caste or sex.

Br. IV. 43. 79-81.

Śaktirāja—a Śrutarṣi.

Br. II. 33. 8.

Śaktivardhana—(Śakti); a sage by tapas; a Brahma-vādin.

M. 145. 93, 109.

Śaktisena—a son of Nighna.

M. 45. 3.

Śakyama—a king of Māhiṣas.

Vā. 99. 374.

Śakra (I)—(Śatakratu) a son of Aditi, and surname of Indra (s.v.); his brother Upendra;¹ deceived Rāji accepting him to be his son in the first instance and finally contrived to oust him from Indrahood.²

¹ Bhā. VI. 6. 39; 10. 18; Br. II. 6. 11; Vā. 30. 95, 109; 61. 30; 96. 196; 97. 23. ² Vā. 92. 88.