Dakṣā (1)—a Mind-born son of Brahmā, born of his thumb, and father of Murti. A progenitor and guardian of the world, born for the creation of worldly beings.1 Married Prasūtī, daughter of Svāyambhuva Manu. Had sixteen daughters of whom he gave thirteen to Dharma, one to Agni, one to Pitrs, and one to Śiva.3 To the Satra of Viśvasrk Dakṣa came and was welcomed by all standing, except Brahmā and Śiva. On this Dakṣa burst into anger against Siva and insulted him saying he had eyes like a monkey, was a breaker of law and convention, lord of the Bhūtas and Ganas; he then cursed that Siva should have no more share in sacrifices and went away. Nandi got enraged at this and imprecated a curse on Daksa that he would lose all knowledge of Ātman, and assuming the face of a sheep, would become dull-witted. Bhrgu then pronounced a counter-curse that those propitiating Siva shall become Pākhaṇḍas.3 Appointed by Brahmā as the overlord of all Prajāpatis, Daksa began the sacrifice of Brhaspatisava to which all gods went in groups. Satī also expressed her desire to go and requested permission of Siva, who reminded her of the insult offered to As she was persistent, she was allowed to attend. Going, she found that she was not properly welcomed by her The enraged Sati sat facing the northern direction in yoga and cast off her body by means of the fire of Samādhi to the distress of gods and others. On this the Gana followers of Satī attacked Dakṣa, when Bhṛgu created a class of gods, Rbhus who vanquished these Ganas.⁵ Having heard of all this from Nārada, Śiva grew angry; out of his anger sprang Virabhadra who was ordered to ruin Daksa's sacrifice. The beard of Bhrgu was cut off, and Daksa's head was severed from his body and thrown into the Daksināgni.6 The Gods waited upon Brahmā who proceeded to Kailāsa. He conciliated Siva and pleaded for the revival of Daksa and continuation of his Yajña promising a share to him.7 Siva agreed but