towards him when he fled to a cave. Yavana followed him and in the cave saw somebody sleeping; thought it was Kṛṣṇa and kicked him, when he woke up and burnt the asura to ashes by his energy. The sleeping person was Mucukunda (s.v).¹ Thus he was vanquished by Kṛṣṇa.²

¹ Bhā. X. 50. 44; 51. 1-23, 42. ² Ib. II. 7. 34; X. 37. 16; Br. III. 73. 102; Vā. 98. 102.

Yavanas—a tribe on the west of India; a northern kingdom west of Bhāratavarṣa noted for horses; attacked Bāhu and was defeated by Sagara; escaped with their moustaches (heads $Vi.\ P.$) shaved and lived in hills and caves; vanquished by Bharata; unsympathetic false and unrighteous; no right for abhiseka; eight kings ruled for eighty years $(V\bar{a}.\ P.)$ (eighty seven $M.\ P.$); after the Sakas; purified of sin by devotion to Hari; originated from Turvasu a son of Yayāti.

¹ Br. II. 16. 12 and 47; 18. 44; 31. 83; IV. 16. 17; 29. 131. M. 114. 11. 41; 121. 43; 144. 57; Vā. 88. 122; 45. 82, 116; 47. 42; 58. 82; 98. 107; Vi. II. 3. 8.

² Bhā. IX. 8. 5; 20. 30; Br. III. 48. 23-6, 44-9; 63. 120-134.

³ Bhā. XII. 1. 30; Br. III. 74. 172-5, 200; M. 273. 19-20, 25; Vā. 99. 268, 360, 362, 388; Vi. IV. 3. 42, 47-8. 4 Bhā. II. 4. 18; IV. 27. 27; 28. 4-5; Vi. IV. 24. 53.

⁵ M. 34. 30; 50. 76.

Yavaneśa—had no son, and hence appointed Gārgya to bless him with one; this son was Kālayavana.

Vi. V. 23, 4-5.

Yavasa (1)—(Yaśasya) one of the seven divisions of Plakṣadvīpa.

Bhā. V. 20. 3.

Yavasa (11)—a son of Sāvarņi Manu.

M. 9. 33.

Yavika—a son of Manibhadra.

Vā. 69. 154.