Parīkṣit (II)—a son of Kuru, childless.

Bhā. IX. 22. 4, 9; M. 50. 23; Vā. 99. 218.

Parīkṣit (III)—a son of Tāmasa Manu.

Br. II. 36, 49,

Parūṣaka—a commander of Bhanda.

Br. IV. 21. 84.

Parūṣakasthali—between the hills Samku, Kūṭa and Vṛṣabha; Kinnaras, Caraṇas etc. live there.

Vā. 38. 63-5.

Parokṣa—a son of Anu.

Bhā. IX. 23. 1.

Parjanya(m) (1)—a name of Indra: God of rain (or simply rain); created by Vāmadeva; to be worshipped in house building.²

¹ Bhā. I. 10. 4; II. 6. 7; IV. 14. 26. VI. 14. 35; X. 20. 5; XII. 4. 7; M. 4. 29. ² Ib. 253. 24.

Purjanya (II)—An Āditya and Lokapāla; the name of the sun in the month of Tapasya (Phālguna): father of Hiranyaroma.

Bhā. XII. 11. 40; Br. II. 21. 157; 23. 12; 30. 40; III. 3. 68; 8. 20; Vā. 50. 206; 66. 66; Vi. II. 10. 12.

Parjanya (III)—one of the important clouds raining dew for the growth of corns; overlords of seas, rivers, clouds, rains besides Aditya; they are under the control of wind, Parivaha; they also carry the heavenly Gangā.

¹ Br. II. 22. 49. ² Ib. III. 8. 14; Vā. 70. 13. ³ Ib. 51. 43-6.