Sādhyas (II)—the twelve sons of Dharma and Sādhyā; superior to Gods; first created as Jayādevas from the face of Brahmā, again born in Svāyambhuva epoch as Jitas, in Tāmasa epoch as Harayas, in Raivata epoch as Vaikunthas, Svārociṣa epoch as Tuṣitas, in Uttama epoch as Satyas, in Cākṣuṣa epoch as Chāndajas, and in the Vaivasvata epoch as Sādhyas; Vasus are their brothers; Gods of Cākṣuṣa and Vaivasvata epochs; their names are Mana, Anumanta, Prāṇa, Nara, Apāna, Vīryavān, Vīti, Naya, Haya, Hamsa, Nārāyaṇa, Vibhu, and Prabhu; live in Bhuvarloka; Nārāyaṇa, their overlord; worship gau, the mind-born daughter of the Mānasa manes; requested Soma to give up Jārā to Brhaspati; with Angirasa's sons spread themselves in the world of Marici Garbha.

¹Br. III. 3. 4-20, 58, 67; 4. 33. 8 6; 10. 88; IV. 2. 28; 15. 24, 20. 46; 30. 8.; M. 36. 1; 132. 3; 171. 42; 293. 10-12; 246. 54; 247. 10; Vā. 66. 4-12; 101. 30; Vi. I. 9. 64 and 70. ²M. 15. 15. ³Ib 23. 35. ⁴Vā. 73. 38. ⁵Ib V. 1. 17.

Sādhyā (1)—a daughter of Dakṣa and one of the 10 wives of Dharma: mother of Sādhya gaṇa.¹

¹ Bhā. VI. 6. 4 and 7; Br. III. 3. 3 and 8. M. 5. 16-17; 171. 42; 203. 10; Vā. 66. 2; Vi. I. 15. 105.

Sādhyā (11)—one of the mind-born daughters of Brahmā.

M. 171. 32.

Sādhyā (III)—the mother of Vaikuṇṭhas. Vā. 67, 41.

Sānandam (Saunanda-Wilson)—the musala or club of Hari.

Vi. V. 22, 7.