Palam—a measurement: thirteen palas make one Māgadha measure, (jalaprastha- $V\bar{a}$. P.): [N.B. 40 palas make at present one Madras measure.]

Br. IV. 1. 217; Vā. 100. 219; Vi. VI. 3. 8.

Palalaka—a son of Hālāhala and father of Pulindasena; a King.

Vi. IV. 24, 47,

Palāṇḍu—a Śrutaṛṣi.

Br. II. 33, 6,

Palāśā—a R. of the Ketumālā country.

Vā. 44, 18,

Palāśinī--a R. of the Suktimat.

Br. II. 16. 38; Vā. 45. 107.

Pallavas—a southern tribe.

M. 114. 40; Br. II. 16. 47.

Palhavas (Pahlavas)¹—defeated by Sagara; allowed to escape with moustaches.².

¹ Vā. 88, 122; 136; 45. 118; 58. 82, 93, 107. ² Br. III. 48. 26, 19, 44.

Pavana (1)—a Mt. on the west of Meru

Bhā. V. 16. 27.

Pavana (II)—a name of Vāyu;¹ in Indraś host, with Ankuśa for his weapon.²

¹ Bhā. VI. 3. 14; Vi. V. 21. 16. ² M. 148. 83.