

Giri—worship of: Instituted by Kṛṣṇa as a substitute for Indra worship among the Gopas.¹ *Ety.* of; precious stones and herbs in.²

¹ Bhā. X. 24. 25-32. ² Br. II. 7. 11; 19. 137; M. 10. 25-6.

Girika (I)—a son of Balarāma.

Br. III. 71. 167.

Girika (II)—a son of Sāraṇa.

Vā. 96. 165.

Girikaṇikā—a R. sacred to Pitṛs.

M. 22. 39.

Girikā—the wife of Caidyoparicara (*Vidyoparicara-Vā. P.*).

M. 50. 26; Vā. 99. 221.

Girikṣatra—see *Giri* and *Kṣatropakṣatra*.

Vi. IV. 14. 9.

Girigahvara—a northern kingdom.

Br. II. 16. 47.

Girijā(*mantras*)—sacred to Umā.

Bhā. I. 15. 12. Br. IV. 38. 7.

Girijāśiva—represent Brahman.

Br. IV. 43. 75 and 86.

Giritanayāvrataṁ—sacred to Umā—performed for twelve months with different flowers for each month—also *Amantatṛiyavratam*.

M. 62. 39.