Asita (1)—a siddha—called on dying Bhīṣma.¹ Invited for Yudhṣṭhira's sacrifice.² Came to Syamanta-pañcaka to see Kṛṣṇa.³ One of the sages who left Dvārakā for Piṇḍāraka.⁴ Went with Kṛṣṇa to Mithilā.⁵ Acted as Purohita at Kṛṣṇa's sacrifice in Kurukṣetra.⁶ Identified with Hari.⊓ A place in the Sarasvatī sacred to Asita.8

 $^{1}$  Bhā. VI. 15. 12; I. 9. 7.  $^{2}$  Ib. X. 74. 7.  $^{3}$  Ib. X. 84. 3.  $^{4}$  Ib. XI. 1. 12.  $^{5}$  Ib. X. 86. 18.  $^{6}$  Ib. X. 90. 46 [2].  $^{7}$  Ib. XI. 16. 28.  $^{8}$  Ib. III. 1, 22.

Asita (II)—a gotrakara son of Kaśyapa, married Ekaparṇā, daughter of Himavān: Father of Devala, the best among Śāṇḍilyas and Brahmiṣtha ( $V\bar{a}$ . P.). A Brahmavādin. Not to marry with members of Kaśyapa and Devala. A  $yog\bar{a}carya$ ; Ekaparṇā, his wife, gave birth to Devala by her mind.

<sup>1</sup> Br. II. 32. 112; III. 8. 29; 10. 18. M. 145. 107; Vā. 59. 103; 70. 25. <sup>2</sup> M. 199. 19. <sup>3</sup> Vā. 72. 17.

Asita (III)—the sacred hill fit for Śrāddha;¹ the residence of the sage Asita.²

<sup>1</sup> Br. III. 13. 39. <sup>2</sup> Vā. 77. 39.

Asita (IV)—the sage to whom the earth revealed the ignorance of worldly kings; this he reported to Janaka.

Vi. IV. 24, 127.

Asitam—same as Kusumotkaram.

M. 122, 24.

Asitā—an apsaras.

Br. III. 7. 7.

Asitānga—a Bhairava on the sixth parva of Geyacakra.

Br. IV. 19. 77-8.

Asitodam-a lake in Ilāvṛta.

Vi. II. 2. 26.