

Manmathā—a goddess enshrined at Hemakūṭa.

M. 13. 50.

Manyu (I)—a name of a Rudra.

Bhā. III. 12. 12.

Manyu (II)—the son of Vitatha (Bharadvāja); father of Bṛhadkṣatra and four other sons.

Bhā. IX. 21. 1; Vi. IV. 19. 20, 21.

Manyumān—the son of Jāṭharāgni; see Vidvānagni.

Br. II. 12. 34; Vā. 29. 32.

Manvantaras—periods of Manus; seven in number and seven to come, of Svāyambhuva, Svārociṣa, Auttama, Tāmasa, Raivata, Cākṣuṣa, Sāvārṇi (after Vaivasvata in *M. P.*), *Raucya* (*Br. P.*); Vaivasvata present according to the *M. P.*) Ruci, Bhautya, Merusāvarṇi, Rta, Ṛtadhāmān and Viṣvaksena; the last seven are future Manus;¹ one of the five characteristics of the Purāṇa;² calculation of the duration of the epochs of Manus;³ constitutes 71 yugas at the end of which comes Kṣaya⁴ according to Mānuṣa and Divyavat-sara.⁵

¹ Br. II. 6. 6, 20; 36. 1-4; M. 2. 22; 9. 2-36; Vā. 21. 11, 14, 19, 38, 44; 57. 33-6; Vi. I. 3. 18. ² M. 53. 65; Br. I. 1. 37; Vā. 4. 10. ³ M. 142. 30. ⁴ Vā. 10. 12; 32. 41. ⁵ Ib. 61. 138-144; 150. 176.

Manvantara of Svāyambhuva Manu—the Gods of three worlds, sages, pitrs, and people help him; but finding the diminished powers, go to Maharloka.

Vā. 61. 149-51.