

Garjinī—a Varna śakti.

Br. IV. 44. 60.

Garta—a son of Vasīṣṭha and Ūrjā.

Br. II. 11. 41.

Gardabhas—the asses of the Tāmasa line.

Vi. I. 21. 17.

Gardabhākṣa—a son of Bali.

Vā. 67. 83.

Gardabhins(la)—ten rulers of this line are distinguished; see Maunas.¹ Seven of them ruled for 72 years (94, M. P.) after Ābhiras.²

¹ Bhā. XII. 1. 29. Vi. IV. 24. 51. ² Br. III. 74. 172 and 4: M. 273. 18-20: Vā. 99. 359.

Gardabhī—a mind-born mother.

M. 179. 18.

Gardabhimukha—a Pravara sage.

M. 199. 16.

Garbha (I)—a son of Turvasu.

M. 48. 1.

Garbha (II)—the child in embryo;¹ a union of Śukra—springing from *majja* which is from bone which is due to *medas*, which again results from flesh, that is due to *śoṇitam*, emerging from Rasa or waters, Śukra constitutes of Soma and *śoṇitam* of Agnī. The former resides in Kaphavarga and the latter in Pittavarga. The place of *kapha* is heart, and that of *pitta* is the navel region. Stages in the *garbha* and formation described.²

¹ Bhā. III. 31. 1-10. Vā. 97. 46-57. ² Br. III. 72. 45-57. Vā. 14. 18-26.