Tripuram—a Tirtham sacred to Pitrs.

M. 22. 43.

Tripurasundarī—is Lalitā.

Br. IV. 18. 14; 39. 76, 96 ff; 40. 1, 43 ff.

Tripurā—a name of Lalitā; worship of.

Br. IV. 5. 31.

Tripurāntaka—(Tripuradhvamsa): see Šiva.

Br. III. 23, 32; 25, 13.

Tripurāmbikā—a mother Goddess, see Lalitā.

Br. IV. 7. 72; 11. 1.

Tripurārī—an epithet of Rudra; Šiva with 16 hands danced in joy at the ruin of the city, Tripuram (s.v.).

M. 179. 38; 259. 11.

Tripureśī—a Guptayogini.

Br. IV. 36. 72.

Tripuropākhyāna—deals with the construction of Tripura by Maya; trouble to the world by the Asuras; Gods wait on Rudra; the war chariot of Śiva; Nārada's mediation; Maya gets ready for war; the war; the efforts of gaṇas, especially Nandi's part in the battle; death of Tāraka; the second day of the battle; Śiva's victory by burning the city.

M. Chh. 129-141.

Triplakṣa (1)—near the Dṛṣadvatī;¹ like Syāmaka and Ikṣu being created by Gods;² to be propitiated at the Parva and at the Tithis.³

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Br. III. 13. 69 <sup>2</sup> Ib. 14. 8. <sup>3</sup> Ib. 17. 6.