

Mārkaṇḍeyas—the sages, descendants and sons of Pīvarī and Vedaśiras.

Vā. 28. 6.

Mārkaṇḍeyam—a Mahā Purāṇa told by Mārkaṇḍeya; containing 9000 ślokas; he who copies it and makes a gift of it in the month of Kārttika attains the fruits of Puṇḍarīka *yajña*.

Bhā. XII. 7. 24; 13. 5; Vā. 104. 4; Vi. III. 6. 21; M. 53. 26-7.

Mārkaṇḍeyī—the wife of Rakṣa (Rajas Vā. P.) her son was Ketumān.

Br. II. 11. 42; Vā. 28. 37.

Mārkati—an Ārṣeyapravara. (Angiras).

M. 196. 22.

Mārgas—highways and byways; diśāmārga, grāma-mārga, rājapatha, sākhāratyas, gr̥harathyas, uparathyas, ghaṇṭāpatha, grahāntaram, vṛttimārga and prāgvamśa with their respective measurements. Avaskaram and Parīvāham are other dispositions of open spaces.¹

1. dik — 20 dhanus in breadth.
2. Grāma „
3. Sīma 10 „
4. Rājapatha 10 „
5. Śākhāratyas or streets 4 dhanus.
6. Rathyoparathyas 3 „
7. Upārathya rathas 2 „

¹ Vā. 7. 118-22.