Rtu (III)—wife Samatti; with the sun in the Hemanta Va. 28, 31; 52, 16.

Rtu (IV)—one of the twenty Sutapa ganas. Vā. 100. 15.

Rtus—six in number;¹ due to the movements of the sun;² representation of pitṛs and pitāmahas,³ sons of Brahmā;⁴ sons of Nimi;⁵ fathers of five ārtavas; considered as pitāmahas while ārtavas are pitṛṣ,⁶ duration of each, two months;¹ three ṛtus make one ayanam;³ their locale, māsa and ardhamāsa,⁵ are Agni;¹⁰ prayed to in śrāddha,¹¹¹ sang and danced at the marriage of Umā;¹² characteristics of.¹³

¹ Vā. 30. 4; Br. II. 13. 4. ² Vā. 3. 14; 23. 106; 31. 26; 62. 48; 66. 38; Br. II. 21. 126, 153; 24. 57. ³ Br. II. 13. 8; 23. 76; 28. 16-17; III. 1. 59; 72. 30; Vā. 30. 7. ⁴ Br. II. 13. 12. ⁵ Br. II. 13. 18. ⁶ Br. II. 13. 18, 20, 23; Vā. 30. 18, 24-25. ⁷ Br. II. 13. 17. ⁸ Br. II. 13. 114. ⁹ Vā. 30. 12. ¹⁰ M. 141. 14 and 57. ¹¹ M. 16. 39. ¹² M. 154. 492. ¹³ M. 229. 13-26.

Rtukalpa—the sixth kalpa.

Vā. 21. 30.

Rtukulyā-a R. of the Mahendra hill.

Vā. 45. 106.

Rtudhāman (1)—Sujyoti Agni; in audambari.

Br. II. 12. 24; Vā. 29. 23.

Rtudhāman (11)—Indra of the XIIth epoch of Manu.

Vi. III. 2. 33.

Rtudhvaja-a surname of Rudra.

Bhā. III. 12. 12.

Rtuparna—the son of Ayutāyus, and a friend of Nala. Taught Nala the secret of gambling and was in turn instruct-