Apāsya—a sage by tapas.

Br. II. 32, 99.

 $Aptory\bar{a}mam$ —a  $y\bar{a}ga$ , from the fourth face of Brahmā.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Vā. 9. 51. <sup>2</sup> Br. II. 8. 53.

Aprakāśas—a deva gaņa with Yama as their lord.

Br. III. 1. 52.

Apratīpī—son of Śrutaśravas, ruled for 36 years.

M. 271. 21.

Apratima—a son of Uttama Manu.

Br. II. 36, 39; Vā. 62, 34

Apratiman—the son of Diti; also known as Ariṣṭanemi. Vā. 65. 112.

Apratimauja—a sage of the Xth epoch of Manu.

Vi. III. 2, 27.

Apratiratha—the son of Rantibhāra (Antimāra-Vi. P.) and father of Kaṇva and Ailīna.

Bhā. IX. 20. 6; Vi. IV. 19. 4, 5, 8.

Apramāda—a son of Buddhi.

Br. II. 9. 60; Vā. 10. 36.

Apratistha—a hell under the earth; the fourth one below the earth; ever in motion.

Br. IV. 2. 150 & 182-4; Va. 101. 149, 179 and 181.

Apsaras—Divine dancers born of Muni and Kasyapa. Joined Gandharvas in milking the cow Earth; worship Barhisad pitrs. Love sports with Gandharvas over the Hima-