Krauñca (1)—a dvīpa, twice the Ghṛtoda in size and surrounded by Kṣīroda (sea of milk) (milk of ghee-Mat. P.). It takes its name from the Krauñca hill. Greatly despoiled by the arms of Guha but protected by Varuṇa. Its ruler was Ghṛtapṛṣṭha, a son of Priyavrata. He divided it among his seven sons and retired to a life of meditation; Hari is worshipped here in the form of waters. (Rudra-Vi. P.). Divided among seven Janapadas; twice in size to Kuśadvīpa. Described. According to Viṣṇu P. Dyutimat was the first king; the four castes here are Puṣkara, Puṣkala, Dhanya and Tītikhyas.

<sup>1</sup> Bhā. V. 1. 32; 20. 18-23; M. 13. 7; 122. 78. <sup>2</sup> Br. II. 14. 13-26; 19. 64-77; Vā. 49. 59-73. <sup>3</sup> Vi. II. 1. 14; 2. 5; 4. 45-57.

Krauñca (II) The hill in Krauñcadvīpa, despoiled by the arms of Guha (Kumāra): <sup>1</sup> Son (brother-Vā. P.) of Maināka hill.<sup>2</sup> The dvīpa takes its name from this.<sup>3</sup> Residence of Śankara; <sup>4</sup> Skanda sent his śakti against.<sup>5</sup>

Bhā. V. 20. 18-19; Br. II. 19. 66 and 139; 25. 18; Vi. II.
60. Br. III. 10. 7 and 48. Br. II. 13. 35; M. 122. 81; 123. 37;
89; 219. 19; Vā. 30. 32. Vā. 39. 42; 49. 61. 5 Ib. 41. 39.

Krau $\tilde{n}$ ca (III)—(c) a Janapada of the Ketumāla continent; Dyutimān first consecrated in; surrounded by ocean of ghee; a vanam surrounding the hill.

<sup>1</sup> Vā. 44, 10. <sup>2</sup> Ib. 33, 13. <sup>3</sup> Ib. 30, 32; 54, 21; 111, 53, <sup>4</sup> Ib. 41, 37, 49, 59.

Krauñca (IV)—a son of Himavat; the Krauñca hill and dvīpa take their name after him.

M. 13. 7.

Krauñca (v)—a pupil of Śākapūrna.

Vi. III. 4. 24.

Krauñcapāda—a place in Gayā when the sage performed austerities in the form of a Krauñca.

Vā. 108. 75, 83; 109, 16; 111, 44