Parā (III)—a Śakti.

Br. IV. 35, 99.

Parā (IV)—the fourth stage of Kāmākṣī, of four arms with Pāśa, Ankuśa, Ikṣukodaṇḍa, and Pañcabāṇa, in this form Lalitā got established at Kāñci.

Br. IV. 39. 13; 44. 141.

Parā (v)—a R. rising from the Rksa hill of the Bhāratavarsa.

Vā. 45. 98.

Parāksa—a son of Anu.

Br. III. 74, 13,

Parācaka—a Janapada of the Bhadra.

Vā. 43, 20.

Parātparā—is Lalitā.

Br. IV. 13. 1 and 5.

Parāparā—the third stage of Kāmākṣī, the second being Suddhaparā.

Br. IV. 39, 11,

Parāmkuśā—a name of Lalitā.

Br. IV. 18, 14,

Parāmbikā-a Śakti.

Br. IV 6, 15; 36, 22,

Parārdhakalpa—the preceding kalpa as opposed to Aparārdhakalpa of which the first one is the present Varāhakalpa.

Vā. 7. 11.