Alakādhipa—is Kubera.

Vā. 47. 1; 69. 196.

Alatā-a daughter of Irā, and mother of trees.

Br. III. 7. 460-1.

Alabdhas—Ekārsevas.

M. 200, 3.

Alamkāras—depend on varņa, sthānayoga and nātya: Three places of origin—neck, head and mind: 4 varnas, eight vikalpas, and sixteen deities: Different kinds of, described: 1 300 varieties distinguished.2

¹ Br. III. 62. 2-23. ² Vā. 87. 1-3, 10-21.

Alambākṣi—a mindborn mother.

M. 179. 22.

Alambuṣā—an Apsaras.

Br. III. 7. 6; IV. 33. 18; Vā. 69. 5.

(A)lambuṣā—the queen of Tṛṇabindu;¹ an apsaras and mother of Viśāla.²

¹ Br. III. 8. 37; Bhā. IX. 2. 31. ² Vi. IV. 1. 48-9.

Alarka (1)—a pupil of Dattātreya: a sage who realised the force of Harimāyā.

Bhā. I. 3. 11; II. 7. 44.

Alarka (II)—a son of Dyumat, and father of Sannati. He retained his youth and ruled for 66,000 years. The Br. Purāna and the Viṣnu Purāna make him the son respectively