

śravaṇa and placed in Dhruva;³ in the shape of a circle; the lord of the world.⁴

¹ Vā. 53. 54, 61. ² Ib. 53. 104. ³ Ib. 53. 111. ⁴ Ib. 53. 118.

Savitri—a son of Aditi, married Pṛṣṇi in the Vaivasvata and became father of Sāvitri and others. Fought with Virocana in a Devāsura war; Āditya of the month Āṣāḍha; the fifth Vyāsa; milkman of gods on the earth;² heard the Purāṇa from Brhaspati and narrated it to Mrtyu.

¹ Bhā. VI. 6. 39; 18. 1; VIII. 10. 29; X. 58. 20; XII. 6. 68: Br. II. 23. 24; 24. 76 and 99; III. 7. 288 and 93. Vā. 53. 79. ² Br. II. 24. 34 and 39; 35. 118; 36. 206; III. 24. 78; 57. 22. ³ Br. IV. 4. 59-60; 24. 59.

Savitṛmānam—time reckoned by the sun's movement.

Br. III. 3. 38.

Savitara—a son of Akrūra.

M. 45. 29.

Savaileya—Ātreya gotrakāra.

M. 197. 4.

Savya (I)—a son of Agnisamsya.

Br. II. 12. 13.

Savya (II)—a Saimhikeya asura.

Br. III. 6. 19.

Savyasāci—Arjuna, in the disguise of a hunter killed Mūka and three crores of Maṇivartana country;¹ slew the Dānavas known as Paulomas and Kālakeyas.²

¹ Br. III. 5. 36; 6. 28; Vā. 67. 73. ² Ib. 68. 27.