

Dakṣa (iv)—a son of Uśinara.

Bhā. IX. 23. 3.

Dakṣa (v)—created from Prāṇa, half *tejas* of Pracetas and half of Soma; created creatures, two-legged and four-legged, in the Vaivasvata epoch;¹ Lord of Prajāpatis.² Got Prācetasatvam in the epoch of Cākṣuṣa by the curse of Trayambaka; father-in-law of the seven sages.³

¹ Br. I. 5. 70; Vā. 63. 35-48; 65. 121-158. ² Vā. 70-5; 101. 35, 49. ³ Br. II. 13. 40-69.

Dakṣa (vi)—an Asura, and a son of Bāṣkala.

Br. III. 5. 38.

Dakṣa (vii)—Heard the *Purāṇa* from Tṛṇabindu and narrated it to Śakti.

Br. IV. 4. 65.

Dakṣa (viii)—a son of Devātīthi.

M. 50. 37.

Dakṣa (ix)—a son of Bhṛgu; one of the twelve Viśve-devas.

M. 195. 13; 203. 13; Vā. 66. 31.

Dakṣa (x)—a son of Angirasa;¹ through his daughter a son, Priyāya.²

¹ M. 196. 2; Vā. 65. 105. ² Vā. 100. 24.

Dakṣa (xi)—a pravara sage.

M. 196. 30.

Dakṣa (xii)—with the sun in the months of Māgha and Phālguna.

Vā. 52. 23.

Dakṣa (xiii)—a son of Jambha.

Vā. 67. 78.