

Rk— (Rc) of the Vedas;1 learnt by the Asuras.2

¹ Bhā. X. 7. 14; 53. 12; XII. 11. 47; 12. 62.

² Br. II. 33. 36; IV. 12. 17.

Rk—one of the names in the fourth Marut gaṇa. Vā. 67. 127.

Rkāra—8th face of the fourteen-faced god; Sāvarṇi Manu from.

Vā. 26, 40.

Rkṣa (1)—followed Rāma in his Lankā expedition. Took the shield when Bharata carried the Pāduka.¹ A son of Suka; took Virajā as wife given by Prajāpati. Rakṣā, mother of Jāmbavān, was his sister.²

¹Bhā. IX. 10. 19 & 44. ²Br. III. 7. 210-17; 51. 11.

Rkṣa (II)—a son of Ajamīḍha and Dhūminī, and father of Samvaraṇa; pañcārṣeya.

Bhā. IX. 22. 3; M. 50. 19; 196. 50; Vā. 99. 214; Vi. IV. 19. 74-5.

Rkṣa (III)—the name of Vyāsa in the 24th (25th-Vi. P.) dvāpara; Sūli, the avatār of the Lord.

Vā. 23. 206; Vi. III. 3. 18.

Rkṣa (IV)—the son of Devātithi.

Vā. 99. 233.

Rkṣa (v)—a son of Purañjaya and father of Haryaśva. Vi. IV. 19. 57-8.