Kapi (v)—a sage of the Tāmasa epoch.

M. 9. 15.

Kapi (vI)—a son of Raivata Manu.

M. 9. 21.

Kapi (VII)—a rājaṛṣi becoming a Brāhmaṇa.

Vā. 91. 115.

Kapi (VIII)—a son of Viśālā.

Vā. 99. 163.

Kapi (IX)—a son of Duruksaya, became a Brāhmaņa (Matsya P. speaks of three branches of Kavi Brāhmaņas).

Vi. IV. 19. 25, 26.

Kapiñjala (1)—a sage.

M. 200. 8.

Kapiñjala (11)—the king of kings to the Gandharvas in the Hemakūta hill.

Vā. 39. 52.

Kapiñjala (III)—a Mt.; between this hill and Nāga Śaila are many fine orchards.

Vā. 38. 66-70; 42. 67.

Kapi $\tilde{n}$ jal $\tilde{i}$  (Ghṛtāc $\tilde{i}$ )—wife of Vasisṭha, and mother of Indrapramati (Indrapratima— $V\bar{a}$ . P.)

Br. III. 8. 97; Vā. 70. 88.

Kapittha—illustrative of the world which is compared to the shape of an egg.

Vi. II. 7, 22.