

Uśija (II)—a son of Āṅgīrasa; hence a branch of Āṅgīrasa.

Vā. 65. 100, 106.

Uśiti—a son of Atharvan Āṅgīras.

Br. III. 1. 105.

Uśīnara—Had Śibi, grandson of Yayāti for son. A son of Mahāmana; had five queens of rājaṛṣi families, each of whom bore a son; (four sons, Śibi and others, *Br. P.*).

Bhā. I. 12. 20; IX. 23. 2-3; Br. III. 74. 17; M. 42. 19; 48. 15-18; Vā. 99. 18-19; Vi. IV. 18. 8-9.

Uśīnaras (I)—a sage who went to Syamantapañcaka for solar eclipse.

Bhā. X. 82. 13.

Uśīnaras (II)—a tribe of which Suyajña was a king.

Bhā. VII. 2. 28; X. 82. 13.

Uśīrabindu—a mt. near Mandara hill; people here felt the influence of Hiraṇyakaśipu.

M. 163. 87.

Uṣas (I)—the wife of Vibhāvasu; mother of Vyūṣṭa and two other sons.

Bhā. VI. 6. 16.

Uṣas (II)—Night: a mind-born mother.

M. 179. 20; Vā. 50. 161.

Uṣas (III)—created by Brahmā from his feet;¹ camels belonging to the Tāmra line.²

¹ Vi. I. 5. 49. ² Vi. I. 21. 17.