daughters, Samrāt and Kukṣī besides ten sons; to this line belong the Manus, Svārociṣa, Uttama, Tāmasa and Raivata.<sup>6</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Bhā. III. 12. 55; 21. 2; IV. 1. 9; XI. 2. 15; IV. 8. 7; M. 4. 34; Vā. 33. 6; 57. 57; Vi. I. 7. 18. <sup>2</sup> Bhā. V. 1. (whole); 16. 2; VIII. 1. 23; XI. 2. 15; <sup>3</sup> Ib. V. 6. 14; ch. 15 (whole). <sup>4</sup> Ib. IV. 21. 28; 31. 26; Br. II. 14. 6; 29. 63; 30. 39; 36. 65; Vi. III. 1. 24-5. <sup>5</sup> M. 143. 38; Vi. I. 11. 1. <sup>6</sup> Ib. II. 1. 3-6.

Priyavrata (11)—a son of Śatarūpā.

Br. I. 1. 57; Vā. 62. 59.

Priyavrata (III)—a son of Vairāja Manu;¹ married Kāmyā;² had ten sons and two daughters.³

<sup>1</sup> Br. II. 9. 41; Vā. 1. 66; 10. 16. <sup>2</sup> Ib. 28. 28. <sup>3</sup> Br. II. 11. 33.

Priyavrata (IV)—a god of the Ādyā group.

Br. II. 36. 69

Priyavrata (v)—heard the Viṣṇu Purāṇa from Rbhu and narrated it to Bhāguri.

Vi. VI. 8. 43.

Priyavratānvayas,—the dynasties of Priyavrata; Svārociṣa, Uttama, Tāmasa, and Raivata Manus.

Vā. 62. 56.

Priyā— a daughter of Dakṣa.

Vā. 1. 122.

Priyākāriņisarvādyā—a Mudrādevī.

Br. IV. 44. 114.

Prīta—a Carakādhvaryu.

Br. II. 33. 13.