

Sahasvāsa—a Vānara chief.

Br. III. 7. 243.

Sahānandī—(Mahānandī?) ruled for 43 years; father of Mahāpadma born of a Śūdra woman.

Br. III. 74. 134.

Sahāyas—king's advisers and servants; a commander-in-chief either a Brahman or a Kṣatriya; Pratihāra, dūta, rakṣiṇs or bodyguards; a nārī or nurse; a sāndhivigrahika; desarakṣita; a revenue minister; swordsmen and other soldiers; a charioteer; sūdādyakṣa; judges; members of assembly; Lekhaka; dauvārika; dhanādhyakṣa; vaidya; ācārya; gajādhyakṣa; śśvādhyakṣa; durgādhyakṣa; sthapati; astrācārya; Purādhyakṣa; āyūdhāgārādhyakṣa; mantrins; upadhās; cārās.

M. ch. 215.

Sahiṣṇu—(Paulaha) a son of Pulaha and Gatī (Kṣamā-Vā. P.); a sage of the Cakṣuṣa epoch.

Bhā. IV. 1. 38; Br. II. 11. 31; 36. 78; Vā. 28. 26. 62. 66; Vi. 1. 10. 10; III. 1. 28. M. 9. 22.

Sahiṣṇu (II)—the *avatār* of the Lord of the 26th dvāpara in the holy Rudravaṭa with four sons.

Vā. 23. 212.

Sahūdakas—a hilly country.

Vā. 45. 136.

Sahaiṣikas—a southern country;¹ a tribe.²

¹ Br. II. 16. 57. ² M. 114. 47.

Sahotkaca—a Janapada of the Ketumālā.

Vā. 44. 12.