for learning  $n\bar{\imath}t\bar{\imath}$ , oranged about in the Mahākālavana with Pārvatī; in his name Gārgya performed penance for a son. Avatārs of, were in Kali and not in the previous yugas; his mānasītanu, Candra; wife Rohinī and son Budha.

Mahādevābhiṣeka—from the anointment of Mahādeva to the birth of Parīkṣit 1050 years lapsed; Parīkṣit to Mahāpadma, 836? Mahāpadma to Andhras 836?

Vā. 99. 415.

Mahādevā—a daughter of Devakā and Vasudeva. Vā. 96. 130.

Mahādevī—a mother Goddess; a name of Lalitā, as originating from Agnikuṇḍa of Indra and gods who propitiated Devī to get rid of Bhaṇḍa.¹ The goddess enshrined at Śālagrāma.²

<sup>1</sup> Br. IV. 6. 3; 12. 74; 13. 29; 14. 26; 15. 3; 18. 15; 36. 4; M.179. 31. <sup>2</sup> Ib. 13. 33.

Mahādyuti—a Yakṣa, and a son of Punyajanī.

Br. III. 7, 124.

 $Mah\bar{a}druma$  (1)—(c) a kingdom of Śākadvīpa adjoining Keśava (ra- $V\bar{a}$ . P.) hill.

Br. II. 14. 21; 19. 93; Vā. 49. 87.

Mahādruma (II)—a continent around the Vibhrāja hill.

M. 122, 25,