$Sukh\bar{a}$  (II)—one of the three Devaganas of the first Sāvarni Manu: 20 in number.

Br. IV. 1. 12, 18-19.

Sukhā (III)—Ŗ. a mahānadī between the Nīlā and Kumuñja hills; on its shores is ɛ tālavana.

Vā. 37. 23.

Sukhī—a R. in Plakṣadvīpa.

Br. II. 19. 19.

Sukhīnala—a son of Nṛcakṣu and father of Pariplava.

Bhā. IX. 22. 41. 2.

 $Sukh\bar{\imath}bala$ —a son of Nṛcakṣu (Tricakṣu- $V\bar{a}.P.$ ), (Nṛpa-cakṣu-Vi.P.) and father of Pāriplava.

M. 50. 82; Vā. 99. 274; Vi. IV. 21. 12.

Sukhodaya—a son of Medhātithi and founder of the Sukhodayam kingdom (Sukhānu kingdom in Plakṣadvīpa).

Br. II. 14. 36-8; Vā. 33. 32; Vi. II. 4. 4 and 5.

Sukhodayam—a varṣa adjoining the Nārada hill of Plakṣa;¹ same as the Kaumāram.²

<sup>1</sup> Br. II. 14. 38; 19. 15; Vā. 49. 14; <sup>2</sup> M. 122. 22.

Sugati—a son of Gaya and Gāyantī.

Bhā. V. 15. 14.

Sugativratam—leads to the world of Indra.

M. 101. 56.