Keśava (III)—a tīrtham in Benares.

M. 185, 68.

Keśi-an Asura.

Vi. V. 29, 4.

Keśidhvaja-son of Kṛtadhvaja and skilled in devotion; banished in hostility Khāṇdikya from his kingdom; ence a tiger slew his milch cow; to find out the prāyaścitta he went to consult Kaśeru who sent him to Sunaka and he commended the name of Khāṇḍikya. So he went to the forest clad in deer-skin like a religious student and demanded the form of penance. Khāṇḍikya thought at first that he had come there to kill him, took up his bow, but laid it aside; instruction was received and the penance was over. Keśi felt that some fee was due to Khāndikya and once more called on him; though his councillors advised him to take back the kingdom, his mind hankering after the other world; he requested for his fee for his instruction on the doctrine of soul; after imparting instruction on yoga to Khāndikya retired to a life of peace and attained liberation; father of Bhānumat.

Bhā. IX. 13. 20-21. Vi. VI. 6. 5-50; 7. 101-06.

 $Ke\acute{sin}$ (1)—a son of Vasudeva and Kauśalya; the family of.

Bhā. IX. 24. 48.

Keśin (II)—an asura friend of Kamsā. Set up by him, Keśin appeared in Vraja as a huge horse and attacked Kṛṣṇa with his feet. Being thrown off by Kṛṣṇa, he fell at a distance. Recovering his consciousness, he once again attacked Kṛṣṇa when the latter thrust his arm into his mouth until he was suffocated to death.

Bhā. X. 2. 1; 36. 20; 37. 1-8, 25; 43. 25; II. 7.34; Vā. 98. 100; Vi. V. 1. 24; 4. 1-2; 12. 21.