

Bhāgavitti (II)—a son of Kuthumi.

Vā. 61. 38.

Bhāgila—an Ārṣeya Pravara of the Bhārgavas.

M. 195. 37.

Bhāgīrathī—(Gaṅgā): so-called on account of Bhāgīratha having brought her; a sacred river;¹ Indra worshipped Lalitā on the banks of the;² to its east lay Hamsaprapatanam, a sacred spot;³ the seventh stream of the Gaṅgā flowing towards the south in Himāhvavarṣa;⁴ fit for śrāddha.⁵

¹ Br. II. 18. 42; III. 13. 100; 54. 51; 63. 168-9; M. 12. 44; 163. 60; Vā. 88. 169; Vi. III. 18. 57; IV. 4. 35; V. 35. 30. ² Br. IV. 12. 44. ³ M. 106. 32. ⁴ Ib. 121. 41; Vā. 47. 40. ⁵ Ib. 77. 92.

Bhāguri—a seer;¹ heard the *Viṣṇu Purāṇa* from Priyavrata and narrated it to Stambhamitra.²

¹ Vā. 34. 62. ² Vi. VI. 8. 44.

Bhājaras (Bhājiras)—one of the five Deva gaṇas of the 14th Bhauta Manu; are seven rivers.

Vā. 100. 111, 112.

Bhāṇḍīraka—a banyan tree whose shade is fit for playing games; near Brndāvana.

Bhā. X. 18. 22; 19. 13.

Bhāṇḍīravatam—in the vicinity of Brndāvana where lived Pralamba, the demon;¹ the sporting ground of the cowherds.²

¹ Vi. V. 9. 2. ² Ib. V. 9, 3-15.

Bhādrapada (*Trītiya*)—a Manvantarādi for śrāddha;¹ a nakṣatra.²

¹ M. 17. 6. ² Ib. 54. 11; 55, 10; Vā. 66. 52.