Yuvanāśva (IV)—a son of Andhra.

Br. III. 63. 27; Vā. 88. 26.

Yuvanāśva (v)—the son of Ambarīṣa, wife Narmadā, and son Sambhūta (Harita- $V\bar{a}$ . P. and Vi. P.).

Br. III. 63. 73; Vā. 88. 73; Vi. IV. 3. 2-3.

Yuvanāśva (vi)—during his yajña, there were differences as to the division of Paśu. Brahmā interfered and appeared while Sakti got angry.

Br. IV. 6. 59.

Yuvanāśva (vii)—a son of Raṇāśva and father of Mandhāta; a Mantrakṛt.

M. 12. 34; 145. 102.

Yuvanāśva (VIII)—a son of Śūli of the 24th dvāpara. Vā. 23. 207.

Yuvarāja—the Crown Prince;<sup>1</sup> his initiation against a King, an instance of antahkopa;<sup>2</sup> the residence of, to consist of five wings as that of the Kings.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Vā. 96. 219. <sup>2</sup> M. 223. 8. <sup>3</sup> Ib. 254. 17.

Yuṣitāśva—the son of Śankhaṇa and father of Viśva-saha.

Vi. IV. 4. 106.

 $Y\bar{u}k\bar{a}$ —a measurement; eight times the likhyā (s.v.), (liksā).

Br. IV. 2. 121; M. 258. 18; Vā. 101. 121.

Yūthapāş—Dhūmra Parāśaras.

M. 201. 38.