Buddhi (IV)—a deity, attendant on Vināyaka. M. 260. 55.

Buddhi (v)—is four-fold; jñānam, vairāgyam, aiśvaryam and dharma.

Vā. 4. 34; 59. 74.

Buddhi (v1)—a term for mahat.

Vā. 102. 21.

Buddhisamkīrņa—a maņţapa with 54 pillars.

M. 270. 3 and 9.

Buddhindriyas—the ear, the skin, the eyes, the tongue and the nose; to attain knowledge.

Vā. 4. 60, 62.

Budbudā-a R. from the Himālayas.

Br. II. 16. 26.

Bṛndāvanam—the Gopas left Bṛhadvana and settled here as it was quite suitable for their cattle; nearby was Govardhana as also the Yamunā;¹ Agha's form as a boaconstrictor mistaken for the landscape of Bṛndāvana by the cowherd boys; his skin used as an artificial cavern by the cowherds;² made holy by Kṛṣṇa's rambles;³ a description of; here summer presented the appearance of the spring season; description of winter and spring at the place;⁴ music of the Lord at; Gopis met Kṛṣṇa at the place and enjoyed his presence;⁵ Gopis searched for Kṛṣṇa at.⁶

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Bhā. X. 11. 28, 36.  $^2$  Ib. X. 12. 18-23. 36; 13. 59.  $^3$  Ib. X. 15. 1.  $^4$  Ib. X. 15. 5-8; 18. 2-8; 20 (whole).  $^5$  Ib. X. 21 5 and 10.  $^6$  Ib. X. 30. 23; 47. 43.