

Puṇyajanas—(Yakṣas): sons and grandsons of Puṇyajañī who married Maṇibhadra;¹ worshipped for protection.² Sacked Kuśaṣṭhali during the absence of Kakudmi in Brahmaloṇa.³

¹ Vā. 69. 157; 88. 1. ² Bhā. II. 3. 8; Br. III. 7. 162, ³ Ib. III. 68. 1; Vi. IV. 2. 1.

Puṇyajānī—the wife of Maṇibhadra; gave birth to 24 sons, who in their turn gave birth to a number of sons and grandsons.

Br. III. 7. 121, 126; Vā. 69. 153.

Puṇyavān—a son of Vṛṣabha.

M. 50. 29.

Puṇyaśloka—a name of Yudhiṣṭhira.

Bhā. I. 8. 32.

Puṇyā—a daughter of Kratu and Sannati and daughter-in-law of Parvaśa.

Br. II. 11. 38; Vā. 28. 33.

Puṇyāhavācanam—preliminary to religious observances; (see Brāhmaṇavācanam).

M. 275. 3.

Puṇyeyu—a son of Bhadrāśva.

M. 49. 6.

Puṇyodā (I)—a R. aerial river, springing from the moon; circumambulates Meru and flows in four directions; one goes round the Mandara and the Caitraratha hills and enters the Aruṇoda lake.

Vā. 42. 3, 8, 15.